Biological-Statistical Census of the Species Entering Fisheries in the Cape Canaveral Area

by William W. Anderson and Jack W. Gehringer

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BUREAU OF COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

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Ву

WILLIAM W. ANDERSON and JACK W. GEHRINGER

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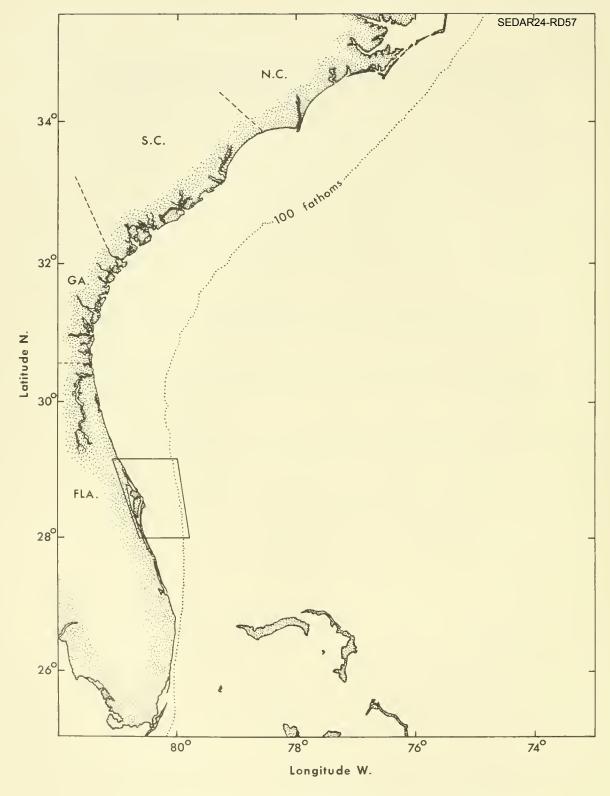


Figure 1.--South Atlantic coast of United States, with Cape Canaveral Area outlined.

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ABSTRACT

For its size, the Cape Canaveral Area is one of the most productive of any along the south Atlantic coast of the United States. A great deal of this productivity relates to the unique river-lagoon complex.

Material is presented under six sections: The commercial fisheries, recreational fishery, fish taken incidental to shrimp trawling, fish and general invertebrate groups taken during exploratory fishing, zooplankton organisms, dip net and trolling collections.

The commercial fisheries produced an average of over 6 million pounds, valued at about \$1 million over the 4-year period 1959-62. Eight species (shrimp, black mullet, spotted sea trout, red snapper, blue crab, spot, pompano, and king whiting) contributed 91 percent of the weight and 94 percent of the value--shrimp, the most valuable fishery, was 23 percent of the weight and 54 percent of the value.

We estimate that the annual sport fishery catch is about 3 million fish weighing a total of about 3.2 million pounds. Nine species (in decreasing order of importance), spotted sea trout, pinfish, puffers, sea trout (other), catfish, king whiting, sheepshead, bluefish, and croaker, account for 76 percent of the total numbers of fish taken and 73 percent of the pounds. Spotted sea trout, the most important sport fish, represented 20 percent of the total numbers of fish and 33 percent of the weight. Estimates of annual total effort of sports fishermen are about 754,000 fishermen fishing about 2,749,000 hours. Fishing effort during spring, summer, and fall is about equal, but is reduced in winter to about half the value for other seasons. Total catch is highest during winter and spring, and lowest in summer.

Summaries of life histories are given for several of the more important species.

INTRODUCTION

The U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, because of concentrated activities related to missile and rocket firings and experimentation at Cape Canaveral, Fla., desired knowledge of the various species entering both the commercial and recreational fisheries including seasonal abundance, value, effort, summaries of available knowledge on life histories, and related information. The Bureau of Commercial Fisheries was requested to do the work, and this was accomplished under Agreement AT (49-7)-2239 with the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission.

The study area, designated the Cape Canaveral Area, is on the central east coast of Florida and extends from approximately 28000' N. (Melbourne) to 29010' N. (just north of Ponce de Leon Inlet) (fig. 1). It embraces most of Brevard and Volusia counties and includes a small portion of Halifax River, Mosquito Lagoon, upper portion of the Indian River, Banana River, and coastal waters from the coastline to the edge of the Continental Shelf (100 fathoms). Ponce de Leon Inlet, at the northern end of the area, is the only opening between the ocean and the inside waters. Location, configuration, and extent of Halifax River, Mosquito Lagoon, Indian River, Banana River, and land masses containing them are shown in figure 2.

¹Cape Canaveral was renamed Cape Kennedy after this report was completed.



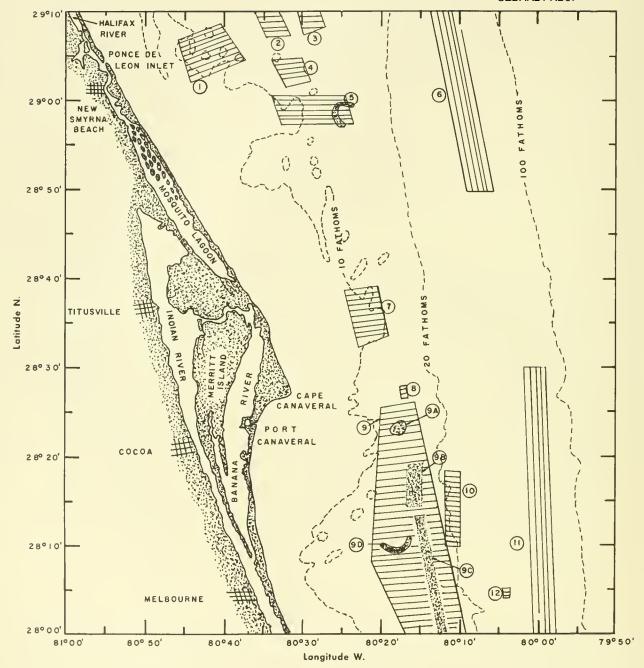


Figure 2,--Cape Canaveral Area, offshore fishing reefs (see table 6 for list of reef areas by numbers shown on chart).

In the Atlantic Ocean there are two divisions of major interest: A narrow strip of water within a few miles of the coast; and the reef areas lying approximately between 10 and 50 fathoms.

This report is organized under six sections. The Commercial Fisheries -- The basic data for this section were furnished by the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries Statistical Center, Miami, Fla.

Fish Taken Incidental to Shrimp Trawling--These are unpublished data resulting from operations of the U.S. Bureau of Fisheries' vessel Launch 58 during the midthirties.

Fish and General Invertebrate Groups Taken During Exploratory Fishing--These are unpublished data resulting from exploratory fishing operations by the U.S. Bureau of Fisheries vessel M/V Pelican in 1940 and subsequent exploratory fishing operations of

the Bureau-operated Motor Vessels <u>Combat</u>, <u>Pelican</u>, and <u>Silver Bay</u>.

Zooplankton Organisms of the Cape Canaveral Area-These data were abstracted from published and unpublished material resulting from cruises of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service M/V Theodore N. Gill during 1953 and 1954.

Dipnet and Troll Collections -- These few records were taken from published reports of Theodore N. Gill cruises.

Recreational Fishery of the Cape Canaveral Area--The basic data were obtained during field surveys conducted from February to October 1963.

THE COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

Landings for the commercial fisheries in the Cape Canaveral Area during 1959-62 varied from a low of 5,319,200 pounds in 1959 to a high of 6,931,900 pounds in 1961, with a 4-year average of 6,048,300 pounds. Value was also lowest in 1959 at \$690,381 and highest in 1961 at \$1,219,948--the 4-year average value was \$1,006,977. In table 1 are the weights and values of all landings for 1959-62, by species, by year, with 4-year averages. (The poundages of finfishes are in round weight as landed; shellfish, including shrimp, are given in round weight with the exception of oysters, scallops, and clams which are reported as pounds of meat; dollar values are ex-vessel.)

Operating units (fishermen, vessels, boats, and gear) are tabulated in table 2 by years, with a 4-year average. Fishing craft of 5 net tons and over are listed as vessels, and those under 5 net tons are classified as boats with motors or as boats, other. Fishermen on boats

are divided into two categories: Regular fishermen--those who receive half or more of their annual income from fishing; and casual fishermen--those who receive less than half their annual income from fishing.

In the Cape Canaveral Area about 31 whole-sale producers buy or handle the production of the area fishermen: (1) 4 producers of blue crabs and crab meat, (2) 7 producers of shrimp and fish (mostly from the ocean), (3) 8 producers of oysters, and (4) 12 producers of fish from both the inside waters and the ocean (largely from gill net fishing).

Four-year averages of production by gear show the runaround gill nets to be the most productive with catches of 2,557,075 pounds; followed by otter trawls with 1,622,625; crab pots with 1,251,250; and handlines with 463,100 pounds. In value of production the otter trawls are first with \$568,240; followed by runaround gill nets, \$236,291; handlines, \$98,161; and

Table 1.--Commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area, 1959-62, in pounds and dollars, by species, by year, with 4-year averages

Species	1959			960	196		19	162	4-year average		
	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	
Amberjack	39,400	1,970	29,100	1,164	1,500	59	3,600	94	18,400	822	
Barracuda	100	. 4	100	4					50	2	
Bluefisb	7,700	816	6,600	694	13,900	1,310	20,400	1,938	12,150	1,190	
Blue runner	100	6			200	14			75	5	
Cabio	1,300	130	700	63	1,400	122			850	79	
Crevalle (Common jack)	2,500	80	12,600	390	800	54	1,400	35	4,325	132	
Dolphin	1,100	143	400	52	500	58			500	63	
Drum, black	8,100	706	12,300	1,069	9,900	789	14,700	986	11,250	888	
Drum, red	65,500	9,629	70,300	10,332	68,300	9,357	82,200	11,921	71,575	10,310	
Flounders	26,700	4,406	44,900	7,184	39,400	5,770	32,400	5.282	35,850	5,661	
Groupers	58,600	6,856	75,800	8,716	63,300	6,900	75,200	8,272	68,225	7,686	
Grunts	12,100	908	5,000	400					4,275	327	
Jewfish	500	40	500	40	2,000	157	800	45	950	71	
King mackerel	47,400	5,452	49,700	6,213	83,100	10,807	98,400	14,366	69,650	9,210	
King whiting	116,200	10,226	294,500	25,917	375,400	30,253	202,300	17,398	247,100	20,949	
Menhaden	19,100	439	53,100	1,434	50,200	1,255	4,100	106	31,625	809	
Mojarra (Sand perch)	300	20	2,100	168	900	77	300	23	900	72	
Mullet, black	1,736,900	86,845	1,100,600	51,729	1,741,600	83,597	1,902,100	93,202	1,620,300	78.843	
Mullet, silver	1,300	110				- 5,7771			325	28	
Pigfish	1,200	96	8,800	880	3,000	300	1,500	202	3,625	370	
Pompano	16,200	9,105	64,500	42,570	55,000	38,500	32,500	23,302	42,050	28,369	
Sea bass, black	18,900	2,174	9,400	1,034	5,400	550	16,400	1,772	12,525	1,383	
Sea catfisb	1,000	70	700	35	100	6	100	7	475	30	
Sea trout, gray	5,500	637	6,500	650	700	74	400	43	3,275	351	
Sea trout, spotted	458,700	110,088	486,600	114,353	483,400	115,527	375,700	91,295	451,100	107,816	
Sheepshead	2,800	232	3,600	303	9,000	612	13,600	993	7,250	535	
Snapper, red	306,200	85.124	240,200	70,859	201,600	55,986	257,900	76,854	251,475	72,206	
Snapper, other	1,600	230	1,400	251	1,000	190	4,200	622	2,050	323	
Spanish mackerel	168,500	15,165	11,700	1,147	96,500	9,940	61,400	5.762	84,525	8.004	
Spot	302,700	27,545	360,500	33,166	229,000	26,564	198,700	23,856	272,725	27,783	
Tenpounder	800	25	500,700	55,200	22,,000		190,100	-5,000	200	6	
Triggerfisb	1,900	704	1,000	60	600	36	2,200	145	1,425	86	
Warsaw	900	81	1,300	104	800	56	1,300	98	1,075	85	
Unclassified, food	,00		1,500		101,300	6,889	77,500	5,307	44,700	3,049	
Unclassified, bait	3,600	187	2,300	115	16,500	363	900	19	5,825	171	
Crabs, blue, bard	1,027,600	52,409	1,272,600	63,630	1,569,700	72,176	1,154,400	63,492	1,256,075	62,927	
Crabs, blue, soft	2,021,000)_,	300	150	400	200		05,170	175	88	
Crabs, atone	12,900	4,257	10,300	3,399	1,100	380	4,300	1.780	7,150	2,454	
Shrimp	833,600	251,378	2,048,900	688,934	1,661,000	728,443	967,100	518,112	1,377,650	546,717	
Oysters	6,600	2,020	9,200	2,760	36,100	10,612	31,500	9,450	20,850	6,211	
Squid	3,100	668	900	135	3,700	555	2,900	432	2,650	448	
Scallops, calico	3,200				3,600	1,440	400	168	1,000	402	
Clams, hard					3,000	1,740	300	96	75	24	
oromo, mura							200	90	15	24	
Totals	5,319,200	690,381	6,299,000	1,140,104	6,931,900	1,219,948	5,643,100	977,475	6,048,300	1,006,977	

Ite	1959	1960	1961	1962	4-year average
Fishermen:					
On vessels	258	290	273	191	
On boats and shore:					
Regular	246	240	149	151	147
Carnel	428	265	157	62	
Total	832	695	579	404	526
Vessels, motor	106	130	125	85	11.3
Gross tonnage	1,719	4,789	4,182	<+732	3,356
Boats:					
Motor	201	171	186	198	194
Other	66	4.6	47	15	lah
Gear:					
Otter travis, shrimp	124	188	526	146	173
Yards at mouth	2,5.0	3,508		2,140	5,870
Crab pote and trape	1,980	2,120		1,265	1,209
Gill nets:					
Drift	ži.	5			
Square yards	B,400	4,200			3,15
Punkround	95	90.	1.21	30:	127
Square yards	139,200	88,800	124,150	65,550	102,175
Trummel acts					
Square yards		1,370	1,650	2,400	1,355
Lines:					
Hand	500	295	194	114	570
Rooks	536	305	224	161	
Troll	lala lala	17	41	18 18	34
Hooks		31	43		34
Trot with baits	3	2 1 20		7	2 70.0
Baits	4,800	1,400		600	1,700
Dip nets, common	9	~-			2
Cast nets		5	8	15	
Dredges, scallop			1	2 7	7
Yards at mouth			1		
Tongs, oyster			7	9 Nen	
By hand, oyster	t Nea	7 Men		y Neo	b Mer

crab pots, \$64,887. In table 3 are shown the complete 1959-62 landings in pound and dollar value by gear, by year, by subarea, with 4-year averages.

Of the numerous species entering the fisheries, eight dominate the landings. These are shrimp, black mullet, spotted sea trout, red snapper, blue crab, spot, pompano, and king whiting-together representing a 4-year average of 91 percent of the annual poundage and 94 percent of the dollar value. In table 4 are given the landings of these eight dominant species, allother species combined, and 4-year average pound and dollar values by month, 1959-62.

The commercial fisheries can be divided into three major geographic subdivisions: (1) Those prosecuted in the inside waters-principally in the Indian and Banana Rivers but to a lesser degree in Halifax River, (2) those carried out in the Atlantic Ocean within a few miles of the coast, and (3) those which are worked from about 10 to 50 fathoms off the coast. These three geographic subdivisions and the dominant species taken therein will be discussed separately.

INSIDE WATERS

Of the inside waters, Indian and Banana Rivers are of greatest importance to the fisheries. These shallow bodies of water, or lagoons--maximum depth about 14 feet but generally less than 5 feet--have extensive shallow flats, particularly adjacent to the shorelines. Large areas of the bottom are covered with vegetation, providing ideal habitat for many fish and a wide variety of other organisms. The Intracoastal Waterway, with a controlling depth of about 12 feet, runs south through Mosquito Lagoon into the north end of Indian River and thence through Indian River to the southern end of the work area.

SEDAR24-RD57

These lagoons represent some of the most productive inside waters in Florida. Man, with his constant dredging and filling, is rapidly changing the nature of the lagoons—and these changes are not an improvement to the habitat.

Commercial fishermen feel that the tremendous building boom and related dredging and filling, together with a fantastic increase in the numbers of pleasure craft using the rivers, have affected the fish movements and disturbed the areas of fish concentrations.

A side effect of the growth of the missile base and related industries on the fisheries is that young men from fishing families are not becoming fishermen. Good earnings from fishing do not seem to be the deciding factor—many of these young men apparently prefer employment in the newly developed industry in the area.

Of the eight dominant species mentioned previously, five (black mullet, spotted sea trout, blue crab, spot, and pompano) are taken by inside fisheries—three of these (black mullet, blue crab, and pompano) are taken exclusively in inside waters, and about 95 percent of the spotted sea trout and spot are taken from inside waters. In table 5 are shown the complete commercial fishery landings, Cape Ganaveral Area, 4-year pound and dollar value averages by species for subareas and the entire area, by months, 1959-62.

Black Mullet

The mullet fishery, despite the impressive landing figures, is economically hard pressed. Mullet is a "cheap" fish, bringing the fisherman an average of only about 5 cents per pound. East coast of Florida mullet are also smaller than mullet from the Florida west coast and in less demand in the very competitive mullet market. Because of these conditions, only a portion of the mullet available are netted and sold each year--on many occasions buyers place the fishermen on catch limits or restrict entirely the landing of mullet.

This is a year-round fishery with important poundage every month. The heaviest landings occur during July-November, and peak production on the average is in October and November. Mullet ranks first in volume of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 1,620,300 pounds) and third in value (4-year average of \$78,845), being exceeded by shrimp and spotted sea trout (tables 4 and 5). Most of the production is taken in runaround gill nets.

Anderson (1958a) described early life history stages (4-116 mm.) of striped or black mullet along the U.S. south Atlantic coast. He stated that striped mullet appear to spawn along the coast from lower Florida to North Carolina over a broad area extending from about the 20-fathom line into the Gulf Stream. The data indicate that spawning occurs from October to

Table 3.--Commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area, 1959-62, pound and dollar values by gear, by year, by subarea. with 4-year averages

0.0	Shrimp and fish otter trawls			Drift Crab pots gill nets				Runaround gill nets Tra			Trammel nets Hand 1			34-4-
Subareas 1959	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds			nets Do <u>llars</u>	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Hallfax River	977,500 	266,408 	984,100		15,100 5,000 	1,239 1,200 	180,000 1,610,200 501,100 359,500	15,092 150,070 44,416 30,348			467,100 23,700 50,000 17,800	103,183 4,398 7,218 1,493	56,600	6,205
Total	977,500	266,408	1,030,80	0 56,171	20,100	2,439	2,650,800	239,926			558,600	116,292	56,600	6,205
1960														
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	2,352,100 	718,817	1,231,20 45,50		2,500	588	30,800 1,546,600 352,200 122,300	1,904 176,846 30,202 15,965	20,000	13,200	408,700 65,900 35,600 9,300	88,407 10,164 5,432 1,065	56,100	7,087
Total	2,352,100	718,817	1,276,70	0 67,130	2,500	588	2,051,900	224,917	20,000	13,200	519,500	105,068	56,100	7,087
1961														
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	2,007,900	757,368 	1,103,80 467,40	0 21,830			97,100 1,939,300 430,100 338,700	9,954 176,772 31,222 32,565	38,200 21,700	24,888 14,068	301,900 29,500 10,200 10,400	66,465 4,965 1,303 2,169	85,600	11,094
Total	2,007,900	757,368	1,571,20	0 72,756		~ ~	2,805,200	250,513	59,900	38,956	352,000	74,902	85,600	11,094
1962														
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	1,153,000	530,368	857,60 268,70	0 48,173			72,400 1,981,200 312,800 354,000	6,681 165,881 27,244 30,002	23,100	14,587 9,432	376,700 28,400 10,000 7,200	89,496 4,298 1,237 1,350	96,800	13,976
Total	1,153,000	530,368	1,126,30	0 63,490			2,720,400	229,808	38,500	24,019	422,300	96,381	96,800	13,976
4-Year Averages														
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	1,622,625	568,240	1,044,17 184,02 23,050	5 54,436 5 9,287	3,775 1,875 	310 447 	95,075 1,769,325 399,050 293,625	8,408 167,392 33,271 27,220	20,325	13,169 5,875	388,600 36,875 26,450 11,175	86,888 5,956 3,798 1,519	73,775	9,591
Cape Canaveral Area	1,622,625	568,240	1,251,25	0 64,887	5,650	757	2,557,075	236,291	29,600	19,044	463,100	98,161	73,775	9,591
Subareas 1959	Tr. Pou	ot with ba		Cast nets	Scars Pour	allop dr	edges Ton	gs, oyste	ars	By hand, Pounds D	oyster Ollars	Pounds	Total Do	llars
Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	9,	700		500	425			~-				1,690,300		2,127 9,882
Total		100	495							6,600	2,020	2,631,500 551,100 440,300	5	1,634 5,738
3000	9,	700									2,020	551,100	5:	1,634
1960	9,									6,600	2,020	551,100 440,300	5:	1,634 5,738
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River			495 8,	500			17			6,600	2,020	551,100 440,300	5: 3: 69: 81: 26: 3:	1,634 5,738
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Eslifax River	٥,	700	495 8, 325 4,	500	425 212		 1- 4		120	6,600 6,600	2,020	551,100 440,300 5,319,200 2,847,700 2,886,400 387,800	5: 3: 69: 81: 26: 3:	1,634 6,738 0,381 6,215 8,950 5,634 9,305
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Eslifax River	٥,	700 500 	495 8, 325 4,	500	 		 1- 4		120	6,600 6,600 8,800	2,020	551,100 440,300 5,319,200 2,847,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100	5; 30 69 81: 26 33	1,634 6,738 0,381 6,215 8,950 5,634 9,305
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Eslifax River Total 1961 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River	٥,	700 500 	495 8, 325 4, 325 4,	500 2	 425 212 	 	4 4 1,440		120	6,600 6,600 8,800	2,020 2,020 2,640 2,640	551,100 440,300 5,319,200 2,847,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100	5 3 69 81 26 3 1 1,14 844 26 6	1,634 6,738 0,381 6,215 8,950 5,634 9,305
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Balifax River Total Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River	٥,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4,	500 3		500 :	4 4 1,440		120	8,800 8,800 12,200	2,640 2,640 3,586	551,100 140,300 5,319,200 2,847,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 3,152,500 929,400	5 3 69 81 26 3 1 1,14 844 26 6	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 0,3950 5,634 0,305 0,104 5,321 5,432 5,423 6,772
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Balifax Biver Total Atlantic Ocean Indian Biver Banana River Halifax River	٥,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4,	500 3		 	1,440		120	8,800 8,800	2,640 2,640 3,586	551,100 440,300 5,319,200 2,884,7,700 2,886,400 387,900 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 3,152,500 929,400 353,900	53 369 81 26 31 1,144 844 26 6	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 0,3950 5,634 0,305 0,104 5,321 5,432 5,423 6,772
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Balifax Fiver Total 1501 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River Total 1962 Atlantic Ocean	6,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4, 5, 4,	500 1 500 2 500 3 600 2, 400 2,		 	1,440 23,9 1,440 23,9		120	8,800 8,800	2,020 2,020 2,640 2,640 3,586	551,100 440,300 5,319,200 2,884,7,700 2,886,400 387,900 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 3,152,500 929,400 353,900	5 3 3 69 81: 266 3 1: 1,14 844 266 3 3 1,21: 64-24 5 5	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 0,3950 5,634 0,305 0,104 5,321 5,432 5,423 6,772
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Elifax Biver Total 1901 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River Total 1962 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River	6,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4, 325 4, 5, 10,	500 : 500 : 500 : 600 : 400 2, 500 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7	225 2212 2212 2212 2212 2338 307 3,6	5600 :	1,440 23,9 1,440 23,9	7, 700 7,	120	8,800 8,800 12,200	2,020 2,020 2,640 2,640 3,586 3,586	551,100 140,300 5,319,200 2,884,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 37,152,500 37,152,500 37,152,500 37,152,500 6,931,900 1,699,300 2,951,000 6,665,900	55 3 69 81: 26 33 1: 1,14: 26 3 3 1,21:	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 3,950 5,634 0,305 0,104 5,321 3,423 5,772 0,948 0,689 1,585 1,
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Belifax River Total 1961 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River Total 1962 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River Banana River Halifax River	6,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4, 325 4, 5, 10, 10,	500 : 500 : 500 : 600 : 400 2, 500 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7,00 7	225 2212 2212 2212 2212 23038 3007 3,6	5500 :	1,440 23,9 1,68 12,7	7, 700 7,	120	8,800 8,800 12,200	2,020 2,020 2,640 2,640 3,586 3,586	551,100 140,300 5,319,200 2,884,7,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 353,900 6,931,900 1,699,300 2,951,000 375,900	55 3 69 81: 26 33 1: 1,14: 26 3 3 1,21:	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 3,950 5,634 9,305 0,104 5,321 3,432 3,423 5,772 9,948 0,689 0,689 0,585 5,230 6,971
Atlantic Ocean Indlan River Banana River Ealifax River Total 1961 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Banana River Halifax River Total 1962 Atlantic Ocean Indian River Ealifax River Ealifax River Total	6, 6, 32, 32,	700	495 8, 325 4, 325 4, 325 4, 5, 10, 14, -,782 21,	500 1 500 2 500 3 600 2 400 2, 700 7, 275		5500 :	1,440 23,9 168 12,7 168 12,7	7, 	120 120	8,800 8,800 12,200	2,020 2,020 2,640 2,640 3,586 3,586	551,100 140,300 5,319,200 2,884,7,700 2,886,400 387,800 177,100 6,299,000 2,496,100 353,900 6,931,900 1,699,300 2,951,000 375,900	55 3 69 81: 26 33 1: 1,14: 26 3 3 1,21:	1,634 5,738 0,381 5,215 3,950 5,634 9,305 0,104 5,321 3,432 3,423 5,772 9,948 0,689 0,689 0,585 5,230 6,971

February, but is confined largely to January, with the peak in December.

Young mullet apparently remain at sea until they are from 18 to 28 mm. long (mostly 20 to 25 mm.), at which time they move to the coast and then into the estuarine waters.

Growth has been estimated for the species in south Georgia (and should equal or exceed these rates in the Cape Canaveral Area). Growth is slower during the colder winter months, but speeds up with the warming of the waters in spring. From about March to October the size

Table 4.--Commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area, for eight dominant species, all others combined; four-year average pound and dollar values by month, 1959-1962

					2 >				inant spec			,		
Month		imp	Black Pounds		Spotted Pounds	sea trout Dollars	Red sn			Dollars	Spo Pounds			pano Dollars
	Pounds	Dollars	Founds	DOLLARS	rounds	DOLLAIS	rounds .	DOLLARS	rounds	DOLLARS	rounds	DOLLARS	rounds	DOLLARE
January	285,050	95,686	107,850	5,629	70,050	15,892	28,100	8,311	76,525	4,147	50	5	1,000	750
February	34,425	11,923	111,800	5,687	45,600	10,769	27,075	7,607	69,775	3,678	825	85	475	340
March	12,525	5,013	122,725	5,993	40,000	9,769	25,475	7,127	81,700	4,089	3,450	344	1,900	1,327
April	5,825	2,611	96,425	4,701	35,000	8,438	25,325	7,661	91,075	4,614	10,375	1,071	825	567
May	4,125	2,041	114,000	5,612	33,050	8,074	29,100	8,299	118,575	5,985	17,025	1,729	4,125	2,774
June	9,950	3,809	116,575	5,678	36,100	8,847	33,500	8,918	129,225	6,388	37,400	3,910	6,925	4,647
July	24,375	9,672	147,475	6,988	30,325	7,443	18,050	5,137	138,525	6,699	20,925	2,200	8,325	5,363
August	22,250	8,816 11,345	171,175	7,994 8,140	31,600	7,751 5,513	12,350	3,641 3,820	145,525	7,052 5,520	45,725 58,800	4,797 5,964	8,525	5,656
September October	26,550 173,525	66,783	181,100	8,850	26,850	6,568	7,125	2,175	104,800	5,272	61,300	5,875	5,025 3,150	3,406
November	329,300	144.841	184,525	8,839	31,250	7,495	12,600	3,778	97,250	4,924	11,675	1,209	1,425	1,062
December	449,750	184,178	99,150	4,734	48,675	11,257	19,575	5,732	89,975	4,560	5,175	595	350	260
December	4473170	10-19110	2/3-24	19151	10,017		-/9/1/	7,15-	-/3/1/	1,,,,,,,	79-17	///	37-	204
Total	1,377,650	546,718	1,620,300	78,845	451,100	107,816	251,475	72,206	1,256,075		272,725	27,784	42,050	
				Tot					All other				All sp	ecies
				fo		Perce				Percent				
Month		whiting			species	total	catch		tal		atch	77	Tota:	
	Pounds	Dollars		Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds D	ollars	Pou	ınds	Dollars
January	63,075	5,192		631,700	135,612	93	95	47,100	6,700	7	5	678,	800-	142,312
February	45,250	3,677		335,225	43,766	92	91	29,850	4,255	8	9	365,	075	48,021
March	9,275	814		297,050	34,476	91	90	29,275	3,815	9	10	326,		38,291
April	3,050	270		267,900	29,933	86	86	44,450	4,880	14	14	312,		34,813
May	775	70		320,775	34,584	82	82	72,725	7,345	18	18	393,		41,929
June	1,925	170		371,600	42,367	87	89	55,075	5,172	13	11	426,		47,539
July	4,175	373		392,175	43,875	90	91	44,400	4,344	10	9	436,		48,219
August	2,075	249		439,225	45,956	91	92	42,400	4,115	2		481,		50,071
September	900	90		407,700	43,798	95	95	22,875	2,287	5 5	5	430, 596,		46,085
October	8,500	735 3,668		566,350 710,225	98,478	95 94	97 97	43,150	3,540 5,729	6	3	753,		181,545
November December	65,900	5,643		778,550	216,959	92	96	68,425	9,231	8	h	846,		226,190
ресещрег	07,900	2,043		10,000	210,979	90	90	رےبوں	73674	0		040,	217	220,150

94 529,825 61,413

increase is about 17 mm. a month. Mullet from the earliest spawning (October) would reach a minimum length of about 160 mm. standard length by the end of the first year.

20,951

5,518,475 945,620

Spotted Sea Trout

The fishery for spotted sea trout is also year-round--the heaviest average landings occur from December through March, with the lowest period of production during September and October. Spotted sea trout ranks fourth in volume of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 451,100 pounds), exceeded by black mullet, shrimp, and blue crab, and second in value (4-year average of \$107,816), exceeded only by shrimp (tables 4 and 5). Gill nets are the principal gear, but trolling is also used. Tabb (1960) said, "Spotted seatrout netters rely upon the seasonal movements of the species and produce their heaviest catches during winter when the fish are concentrated in small areas by cold weather or during the concentration of fish at spawning time."

A study of the biology of the spotted sea trout in the Indian River was conducted and reported by Tabb (1961). He summarized his findings as follows:

"This species exhibits a rapid growth rate. Average growth rates of 16, 8, 7, 6, and 6 centimeters were obtained by the scale calculation method for the first five years of life. Growth rates for the species were found to be slightly higher in the Indian River area than in other portions of its range.

"Sexual dimorphism in growth and life span is exhibited with females growing faster and living longer than males. Few males live longer than six years. The maximum age observed was 10 years and the maximum weight 13 pounds, 12 ounces. The species is carnivorous and will eat any prey available. In the brackish lagoons pink and brown shrimp, mysid shrimp, and small fishes make up the bulk of the diet. The species feeds sporadically and can ingest relatively large prey. Spotted seatrout 15 inches long produced 15,000 eggs; those 20 inches long, 150,000 eggs; 23 inches long, 400,000 eggs and 28 inches long, 1,100,000 eggs. Spawning takes place in the deeper holes and channels of the Indian and Banana River lagoons. The spawning season appears to be shorter in the Indian River system than in other parts of the range (mid-April to late July compared with mid-April to October of other authors). Adult spotted seatrout exhibit local movements and concentration during the spawning season and are subject to intensive fishing pressure at that time."

9 6 6,048,300 1,007,033

Blue Crab

Blue crabs support a year-round fishery. The months of highest average production are May through September, and the lowest, January through March. Blue crab is third in poundage of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 1,256,075 pounds), exceeded by black mullet and shrimp, and fifth in value (4-year average of \$62,928),

Month of January

Species		ntic Ocean		an River		na River	Esl in	fax River	4-year Cape Canav	average	
	Pounds	Dollars				s Dollars		s Dollars	Pounds	Dollar	
Amberjack											
Barracuda					-						
Bluefish Blue runner	425	41							625	58	
Cabio											
Crevalle (Common jac		6							175	6	
Dolphin Drum, black	25 725	14 56		48	40				25	14	
Drum, red	1,625	230	5,700				2,475		1,925	153 1,446	
Flounders Groupers	8,850	1,435			-		25		8,875	1,439	
Grunts	5,250 2,650	617 201							5,250	617	
Jewfish		**	150						2,650 150	201	
King mackerel King whiting	3 7 5 51,800	51							375	51	
Menhaden	125	4,256					100 150		63,075	5,192	
Mojarra (Sand perch)	75	6	275	22	150) 12	170		2,200	56 40	
Mullet, black Mullet, silver			75,950	3,960			12,175		107,850	5,629	
Pigfish			1,225	131			525		1 750	100	
Ротрапо			700	524			757		1,750	187 750	
Sea bass, black Sea catfish	1,075	126							1,075	126	
Sea trout, gray	25	3									
Sea trout, spotted	775	178		11,351	10,479		8,775		25 70,050	15,892	
Sheepshead Spanner red	08 100	0 222	225	17	179	12			400	29	
Snapper, red Snapper, other	28,100 150	8,3 <u>11</u> 23							28,100	8,311	
Spanish mackerel	25	2	~=						150 25	23 2	
Spot			50	5					50	5	
Tenpounder Triggerfish	125	8									
Warsaw									125	8	
Unclassified, food			2,825	183	325		850		4,000	258	
Unclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard			63 500	2 1.25	25				50	1	
Crabs, blue, soft			63,500	3,435	11,500		1,525	89	76,525	4,147	
Crabs, stone			2,025	666	~-				2,025	666	
Shrimp Oysters	284,475	95,438	1, 000	7 100			575	247	285,050	95,686	
Squid	75	11	4,000	1,189			350	107	4,350	1,296	
Scallops, calico									75	11	
Clams, hard			25	8					25	8	
Total	386,925	111,007	216,800	23,046	47,325	4,703	27,750	3,558	678,800	142,312	
Month of February											
mberjack	75	3					~ =		75	3	
Marracuda Bluefish		1.0									
Slue runner	325	42	150	16	125	14			600	72	
abio											
revalle (Common jack) Olphin		. 5							150	5	
rum, black	125 525	16 44	450	41	100				125	16	
rum, red	675	98	3,100	426	100 300	44	250 1,350	23 185	1,325	115 754	
lounders	2,250	350	~ -						2,250	350	
roupers runts	4,700	546 20							4,700	546	
ewfish	75	5	50	4					250 125	20	
ing mackerel	375	51							375	51	
ing whiting enhaden	.39,150 100	3,143	4,300 850	378	1,700	148	100	9	45,250	3,677	
ojarra (Sand perch)	50	4	125	23 10	200 50	6	75	2	1,225 225	33 18	
ullet, black			78,425	3,980	20,100	1,031	13,275	676	111,800	5,687	
ullet, silver igfish			100								
ompano			350	10 251	125	89	50	5	150 475	15 340	
ea bass, black	1,475	162							1,475	162	
ea catfish ea trout, gray	25	3	50								
ea trout, gray ea trout, spotted heepshead	775	3 184 2	32,450		6,650	1,574	25 5,725	3 1,354	100	10,769	
heepshead	25	2	125	10	125	10	7,142		45,600 275	23	
napper, rea	27,075	1,001							27,075	7,607	
panish mackerel	50	8							50	8	
pot	75	8	700	71			50	7	825	85	
enpounder riggerfish	475	28		- ~							
arsaw	100	28 8							475	28	
nclassified, food			3,325	215	375	24	975	63	100 4,675	8 302	
nclassified, bait			رعد	3	50	1		==	175	4	
rabs, blue, hard rabs, blue, soft			57,450	3,028	10,900	569	1,425	81	69,775	3,678	
rabs, stone			1,250	416	150	55			4,675 175 69,775 1,400 34,425	472	
nrimp	34,200	11,817	~ -				225	106	34,425	11,923	
ysters luid	50		3,700	1,106			350	107	4,050	1,214	
callops, calico									50	8	
lams, hard			25	8					25	8	
otal	113,150	24,165	187,100	17,659	40,950	3,577	23,875	2,621	365,075	48,021	
							-5,-17	-,	2073017	.0,021	

Man	4%	-0	3.6-	
Mon	60	OT	Take 1	LCC

Part	Month of March									4-year	average
Barranduda	Species			Indian Pounds	River Dollars						
### Miller Finds	Amberjack	200	8							200	8
Silver runner	Barracuda										
Cablo Crewelle (Common Josek) 1,000						200	25				
Dalphin Nack	Cabio										
Drim, plack 350 88 300 26 25 2 125 11 800 67 https://doi.org/10.1001/j.com/10.1001/j.c											
Drm. red											
Groupers 6,490 721 6,490 721 6,490 721 721 6,490 721 721 721 721 721 722 723 723 723 723 723 723 723 723 723	Drum, red	800	118	1,850	266					3,550	513
Grants											
King withing T,925 666 850 7h 500 hh 9,9275 8h Magnara Manhadem T,925 6 1,757 2h 1,575 ho Magnara Manhadem T,925 6 1,757 2h 1,757 ho Manhadem T,925 1 1	Jewfish										
Membaden 225		1,750									
Mogharra (Sead perch) Mullet, latek	Menhaden	225									
Mallet, silver	Mojarra (Sand perch)			~-							
Pigrish	Mullet, black			86,725	4,233			14,475			
Peigagno 1,250 871 650 456 - 1,900 1,357 136 682 kase, black lick 1,250 135 1,250 135 682 kase, black lick 1,250 135 1,250 135 682 kase, black lick 1,250 135 1,250 135 682 kase, black lick 1,250 135 684 28,775 7,031 6,025 1,467 4,850 1,187 40,000 9,769 682 krouts popular and the second lick 1,250 135 684 28,775 7,031 6,025 1,467 4,850 1,187 40,000 9,769 682 krouts popular and the second lick 1,250 135 684 28,775 7,031 6,025 1,467 4,850 1,187 40,000 9,769 682 pages and the second lick 1,250 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135 135				125	14			150			
Same attriah Same trout, grayy Sol	Pompano					650	456			1,900	1,327
Sea trout, spotted 350 84 28,775 7.021 6,025 1,467 4,890 9,759 80 through spotted 350 84 28,775 7.021 6,025 1,467 4,890 1,287 40,000 9,759 80 the personnel of 25,475 7,127 15 6 150 3 1,287 1,297 7,127 15 5 6 150 3 1,287 1,297 7,127 15 5 6 150 3 1,287 1,297 7,127 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15											
Sea trout, spotted 350 84 88,775 7.031 6,025 1,467 4,850 1,187 40,000 9,759 Sheepshead											
Sampper, red				28,775			1,467	4,850	1,187	40,000	9,769
Saapper, other 75 12											13
Spanish mackerel											
Spot 125 13 2,900 290 300 29 125 14 3,150 344 Triggerfish 150 9 1.50 9 Triggerfish 150 9 1.50 9 Marsaw Mars	Spanish mackerel									~ =	
Triggerfish Mareaw Mareaw Mareaw Unclassified, food Unclassified, batt		125	13					125		3,450	
Mareian		150	9							150	
Unclassified, bait	Warsaw		8								8
Crabs, blue, hard	Unclassified, food			1,975		225		575			
Crabs, blue, soft						17: 000				1,475	
Crabs, stone 950 325 150 5k 1,100 379 Oysters 2,000 821 1,150 558 12,592 5,013 Oysters 2,000 821 325 100 3,125 920 Scallops, calico 100 42 100 42 Scallops, calico 100 42 25 6k Scallops, calico 100 42 25 6k Total 60,600 14,064 197,600 17,551 43,925 3,834 24,200 2,849 326,325 38,291 Month of April Amberjack Amber											, -
Oysters 2,800 821 325 100 3,125 920 Seallops, calico 100 42 25 48 Clams, hard 25 8 100 42 Clams, hard 25 8 100 42 Clams, hard 25 8 100 42 Acheer, ack 50 2 50 3 100 5 Blueriand 1 1,900 189 Blueriand 1 1,300 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 189 Blueriand 1 1,300 14 25 1	Crabs, stone			950	325	150					
Squid 25		11,375									
Scallops, caltice 100		25									
Total 60,600 14,064 197,600 17,551 43,925 3,834 24,200 2,849 326,325 38,291 Month of April Amberjack 50 2	Scallops, calico									100	42
Month of April Amberjack 50 2 50 3 100 5 Barracuda 50 3 100 5 Barracuda 1 -	Clams, hard			25	8						
Amberjack 50 2 50 3 100 55 Barracuda 50 2 50 3 100 55 Barracuda 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 169 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 160 Bluerinner 50 136 325 31 225 32 35 7 476 38 Brum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Flounders 950 157 5,375 615 Grunts	Total	60,600	14,064	197,600	17,551	43,925	3,834	24,200	2,849	326,325	38,291
Barracuda Bluerish 1,350 136 325 31 225 22 1,900 189 Bluernner Cabio Crevalle (Common jack) 450 14 25 1 25 1 500 16 Dolphin 100 12 25 1 500 16 Dolphin 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Frum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Frum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Frum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Frum, red 750 117 57 5,375 615 Grunts 5,375 615 Grunts	Month of April	FO	0					50	2	300	-
Bluerinsh											
Cabio Crevalle (Common jack) 450 1th 25 1 25 1 500 16 Dolphin 100 12 100 12 Drum, black 275 21 100 8 25 2 75 7 475 38 Brum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 429 Flounders 950 157 5,375 615 615 5,375 615 Grunts	Bluefish					225	22			1,900	
Crevalle (Common jack)											
Dolphin 100 12											
Drum, red 750 111 1,575 221 50 7 650 91 3,025 125 150 100 157	Dolphin	100	12							100	12
Flounders 950 157											
Groupers 5,375 615	Flounders										
Jewfish	Groupers	5,375									
King mackerel 10,775 1,417											
King whiting 2,425 215 350 31 275 24 3,050 270 Menhaden 300 8 1,275 32 325 8 125 3 2,025 50 Mojarra (Sand perch) 67,675 3,300 17,675 847 11,075 555 96,425 4,701 Mullet, black 67,675 3,300 17,675 847 11,075 555 96,425 4,701 Mullet, black 67,675 3,300 17,675 847 11,075 555 96,425 4,701 Mullet, black 625 427 200 140 825 567 Sea bass, black 1,450 170 625 427 200 140 825 567 Sea bass, black 1,450 170 1,450 170 8ea catfish 75 4 50 3 25 1 150 16 8ea trout, gray 125 13 25 3 150 16 8ea trout, spotted 225 55 24,950 6,016 5,525 1,330 4,300 1,038 35,000 8,438 Sheepshead 75 5 125 9 25,325 7,661 8anpper, red 25,325 7,661 25,325 7,661 Shapper, other 125 18 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 2,550 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 240 Unclassified, food 2,550 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 240 Unclassified, beit 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, hard 600 199											
Mojlarra (Sand perch) Mullet, black	King whiting	2,425	215							3,050	270
Mullet, black 67,675 3,300 17,675 847 11,075 555 96,425 4,701 Mullet, silver 67,675 3,300 17,675 847 11,075 555 96,425 4,701 Mullet, silver 625 427 200 140 825 567 828 bass, black 1,450 170 1,450 170 82 catfish 75 4 50 3 25 1 150 8 82 5 atrout, gray 125 13 25 3 150 16 82 5 atrout, spotted 225 55 24,950 6,016 5,525 1,330 4,300 1,038 35,000 8,438 81 629 8 60				1,275							
Mullet, silver Plagfish Plagfi				67,675							
Pempano	Mullet, silver										
Sea bass, black 1,450 170 1,450 170 Sea catfish 75 4 50 3 25 1 150 8 Sea trout, gray 125 13 25 3 150 16 Sea trout, spotted 225 55 24,950 6,016 5,525 1,330 4,300 1,038 35,000 8,438 Sheepshead 75 5 125 9 200 14 Shapper, red 25,325 7,661 125 18 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 9,475 864 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 9,475 864 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 15 100 6 Warsaw 125 10 15 100 6 Warsaw 125 10 15 100 6 Warsaw 125 10 15 100 Galassified, food 12 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 1 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 1- 25 13 600 199 600 199 Shrimp 5,400 2,390 455 221 5,825 2,610 Oysters 1- 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 50 20 Clams, hard 1					1.07	000					
Sea catfish 75		1-450	170								
Sea trout, spotted 225 55 24,950 6,016 5,525 1,330 4,300 1,038 35,000 8,438 Sheepshead 75 5 125 9 200 14 Shapper, red 25,325 7,661 25,325 7,661 Shapper, other 125 18 125 18 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 15 100 6 Shapper of the seaw 125 10 15 100 6 Shapper of the seaw 125 10 15 100 Gassified, food 125 10 15 100 Gassified, beit 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 25 13 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 600 199 Shrimp 5,400 2,390 45 221 5,825 2,610 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 50 20 Clams, hard 50 20 Clams, hard 50 20 Clams, hard	Sea catfish	75	Ł,			25	1				8
Sheepshead 75 5 125 9 200 14 Shaapper, red 25,325 7,661 25,325 7,661 Shaapper, other 125 18 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 100 6 Tengounder 100 6 Warsaw 125 10 Unclassified, food 125,50 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 240 Unclassified, bait 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, sort 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 45 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 45 221 5,825 2,611 Scallops, calico 50 20 5 - 50 20 Clams, hard 50 20 50 20 Clams, hard	Sea trout, gray										
Snapper, red 25,325 7,661 25,325 7,661 Snapper, other 125 18 25,325 7,661 Snapper, other 125 18 125 18 Spanish mackerel 9,475 864 9,475 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 100 6 Marsaw 125 10 125 10 6 Marsaw 125 10 125 10 Maclassified, food 2,550 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 240 Maclassified, beit 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, bard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 25 13 25 13 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20 Clams, bard						125	1,330				
Shapper, other 125 18 125 18 Spanish mackerel 9, 175 864 9, 175 864 Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071 Tenpounder 100 6 6 100 6 Marsaw 125 10 125 10 Unclassified, food 2,550 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 2 10 Unclassified, bait 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, stone 600 199 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 600 199 Crabs, stone 1,100 328 425 221 5,825 261 00 Cysters 1,100 328 425 221 5,825 3618 Squitd 25 4 1,100 328 50 20 Clams, hard	Snapper, red	25,325	7,661							25,325	7,661
Spot 375 38 7,100 742 1,975 193 925 99 10,375 1,071	Snapper, other	125	18								
Tenpounder											
Triggerfish 100 6 100 6 Marsaw 125 10 100 6 Marsaw 125 10 125 10 Unclassified, food 2,550 169 300 20 775 51 3,625 240 Unclassified, beit 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 25 13 600 199 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20	Tenpounder										
Unclassified, food	Triggerfish										
Unclassified, bait 1,350 28 600 13 75 2 2,025 42 Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 25 13 25 13 crabs, blue, soft 600 199 600 199 600 199 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 1,100 328 25 4 Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20											
Crabs, blue, hard 76,150 3,867 12,850 641 2,075 107 91,075 4,614 Crabs, blue, soft 25 13 25 13 Crabs, stone 600 199 600 199 Shrimp 5,400 2,390 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 Squid 25 4 25 4 Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20	Unclassified, bait	1,350	28	600	13	75	2			2,025	42
Crabs, stone 600 199 600 199 Shrimp 5,400 2,390 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 Squid 25 4 25 4 Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard 50 20	Crabs, blue, hard			76,150	3,867	12,850				91,075	
Shrimp 5,400 2,390 425 221 5,825 2,611 Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 Squid 25 4 25 4 Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard					13						
Oysters 1,100 328 1,100 328 Squid 25 4 25 4 Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard	Shrimp	5,400								5,825	2,611
Scallops, calico 50 20 50 20 Clams, bard	Oysters									1,100	328
Clams, bard											
Total 67,025 13,989 185,175 15,409 39,650 3,246 20,500 2,176 312,350 34,813	Clams, bard										
	Total	67,025	13,989	185,175	15,409	39,650	3,246	20,500	2,176	312,350	34,813

	Month	of	Ma:
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Month of May									1	
Species	Atlant	ic_Ocean Dollars	India Pounds	n River Dollars		River		ax River Dollars	Cape Canav Pounds	eral Area Dollars
Amberjack									825	38
Berracuda	675	31					150 25	1	25	1
Bluef ish	1,150	106	275	27	300	27			1,725	159
Blue runner			25	2	25	2			50	4
Cabio Crevalle (Common jack)	75	7							75	7
Dolphin	25	3							25	3
Drum, black	125	9	50	4					175	13
Drum, red	1,375	195	2,125	314	100	15	950		4,550	665
Flounders	750	125							750	125
Groupers Crunts	11,400	1,191							11,400	1,191
Jewfish										
King mackerel	10,950	1,364							10,950	1,364
King whiting	600	5 5 8	150	13	25	2	105		775	70
Menhaden Mojarra (Sand perch)	275		1,825	47	350	9	125	3	2,575	66
Mullet, black			80,425	3,968	19,625	945	13,950	700	114,000	5,612
Mullet, silver			75	7					75	7
Pigfish	50	4	75	6		ent.	125	10	250	20
Pompano Sea bass, black	2,050	209	3,350	2,240	775	534			4,125 2,050	2,774 209
Sea catfish	2,000								-,0,0	207
Sea trout, gray	300	30	225	25	225	24			750	79
Sea trout, spotted	175	43	23,625	5,772	5,175	1,261	4,075	997	33,050	8,074
Sheepshead	20.300	8 000	300	21	175	12			475	8 200
Snapper, red Snapper, other	29,100 225	8,299							29,100 225	8,299
Spanish mackerel	32,500	3,048							32,500	3,048
Spot	375	38	12,775	1,303	2,750	270	1,125	119	17,025	1,729
Tenpounder										
Triggerfisb Warsaw	150 225	9 18							150 225	9 18
Unclassified, food		10	1,425	96	175	12	450	30	2,050	138
Unclassified, bait	300	7	200	5	75	2			575	14
Crabs, blue, bard	10 Mg		98,675	4,984	17,600	886	2,300		118,575	5,985
Crabs, blue, soft			75 100	38					75 100	38 33
Crabs, stone Shrimp	3,250	1,577	100	33			875	464	4,125	2,041
Oysters			50	15					50	15
Squid	25	14							25	l ₄
Scallops, calico	25	10							25	10
Clams, hard Total	96,150	16,424	225,825	18,920	47,375	4,001	24,150		393,500	41,929
Month of June	50,170	20,424	22),02)	10,720	719317	4,001	,-,0	-,,,	373,700	72,72
	0.575	108	175	5			400	22	3,150	135
Amberjack Berracuda	2,575	100	-10						2,270	
Bluefish	225	21	150	14	100	10			475	45
Blue runner									0.00	
Cabio	275	26							275	26
Crevalle (Common jack) Dolpbin	50	7							50	7
Drum, black	100	8	25	2					125	10
Drum, red	400	59	1,100	162			475	70	1,975	292
Flounders	1,075	182							1,075	182
Groupers Grunts	11,600	1,274								+1-1-
Jewfish										
King mackerel	2,625	351							2,625	351
King whiting	1,625	143	250	22	50 75	4 2	25	1	1,925	170 37
Menhaden Mojarra (Sand perch)	450	12	850	23	75					
Mullet, black			82,075	3,976	20,325	1,002	14,175	700	116,575	5,678
Mullet, silver							25	2	25	2
Pigfisb		~-		2 560	2 000	1,087			6,925	4,647
Pompano Sea bass, black	1 650	175	5,375	3,560	1,550	1,001			1,650	175
Sea catfish	1,650	112			25	2			25	2
Sea trout, gray	375	38	725	81	725	81	50	6	1,875	205
Sea trout, spotted	225	56	25,900	6,343	5,325	1,308		1,141	36,100	8,847
Sheepshead	225 33,500	9 019	50	4	100	7			150 33,500	10 8,918
Snapper, red Snapper, other	33,500	25							175	25
Sea trout, spotted Sheepshead Snapper, red Snapper, other Spanish mackerel Spot Tenpounder	23,000	2,019	~ e8			40.00			23,000	2,019
Spot	450	45	29,675	3,116	5,350	539	1,925	210	37,400	3,910
	175								175 23,000 37,400 	11
Triggerfish Warsaw	175								175	14
Unclassified, food			2,725 300	185	325		750	52	3 800	250
Unclassified, bait	525		300	7	225	5			1,050	24
Crabs, blue, hard				5,366	17,825	899	2,600		129,225 75	6,388 38
Crabs, blue, soft Crabs, stone			75	38					12	30
Shrimp	9,400	3,593					550	216	9,950	3,809
Oysters										
Squid	125	19 10							125 25	19 10
Scallops, calico Clams, hard	25									
Total	90,800	17,126	258,250	22,904	52,000	4,968	25,625	2,544	426,675	47,539
2000	70,000		-/-,-/-	,,,	,,,,,,,	,,,,,,		- , ,	7-17	,,,,,,

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Species		ic Ocean		River	Вапапа		Halifax		Cape Canave	
	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds D	ollars	Pounds D	ollars	Pounds	Dollars
Amberjack	4,075	188	450	18			1,100	57	5,625	263
Barracuda	25	1	275	21.	205				25	100
Bluefish Blue runner	725 25	77	375	34	125	13		~-	1,225 25	123 2
Cabio	250	22							250	22
Crevalle (Common jack)										
Dolphin	75	10							75	10
Drum, black	150	11	50	1,	50	2,			250	18
Drum, red	1,425	210	2,175	337	75	11	1,075	167	4,750	724
Flounders Groupers	875 8,175	143 926							875 8 ,17 5	143 926
Grunts	50	4							50	4
Jewfisb										
(ing mackerel	3,525	510							3,525	510
(ing whiting	3,275	295	425	37	475	40			4,175	373
Menhaden	2,075	44	1,900 50	49	350	10	125	4	4,450 50	106
Mojarra (Sand perch) Mullet, black			104,025	4,937	25,700	1,206	17,750	845	147,475	6,988
fullet, silver				-1001			25	2	25	2,500
Pigfish			300	30			175	17	475	47
ompano	~ -		6,550	4,185	1,675	1,127	100	51	8,325	5,363
Sea bass, black	1,200	131							1,200	131
Sea catfish	225	16							225	16
Sea trout, gray	175	42	50 21,675	6 5,322	25 4,650	3 1,140	3,825	939	75 30,325	7,443
Sea trout, spotted Sheepshead	T12		175	15	175	14	3,02)	737	350	50
Snapper, red	18,050	5,137	717		+17				18,050	5,137
Snapper, other	150	21							150	21
Spanish mackerel	9,125	956				-1-			9,125	956
Spot	50	5	17,100	1,802	2,425	245	1,350	149	20,925	2,200
Penpounder	125	7							125	
Priggerfish Marsaw	25	5							25	2
Inclassified, food	50	3	2,000	134	225	15	675	44	2,950	199
Inclassified, bait										
Crabs, blue, bard			116,100	5,634	19,500	922	2,925	143	138,525	6,699
Crabs, blue, soft										
Crabs, stone	22.005	0.510					450	153	ol. 276	9,672
Shrimp Dysters	23,925	9,519					470	123	24,375	7,014
Squid	225	34		~-				~ ~	225	31
Scallops, calico	100	40							100	Ĭ4(
Clams, hard		~ =								
7.1.3	ED 150	19 356	072 100	00 51.2	55 1.50	1. 750	00 575	0 577	436,575	48,219
Potal	78,150	18,356	273,400	22,547	55,450	4,750	29 ,57 5	2,571	430,010	40,617
Month of August										
mherjack	5,425	236	625	25			975	47	7,025	30
Barracuda										-
Bluefish	800	64	200	16	200	15			1,200	9
Slue runner	150	14							150	1
abio Crevalle (Common jack)	400	13	25	1					425	1
olphin	50	-6					25	3	75	3
rum, black	50	2	50	l ₄	50	3			150	
rum, red	1,050	167	2,025	305	25	l ₄	850	128	3,950	60
lounders	900	149	~-						900	14
roupers	4,000	458							4,000	45
runts Tewfisb					100	8			100	
ing mackerel	4,450	601			100				4,450	60
ing whiting	1,625	209	350	32	100	8			2,075	24
lenhaden	1,450	36	2,175	56	475	12	175	4	4,275	10
lojarra (Sand perch)	25	2			25	. 3			50	
								988	171,175	7,99
mllet, hlack			120,300	5,623	29,825	1,383	21,050			,,,,
bllet, black bllet, silver			125	11	29,825		75	6	200	3
billet, black billet, silver 'igfish			125 75	11			75 50	6	125	3
millet, hlack millet, silver Pigfish Compano			125	11			75	6	125 8,525	: : 5,65
millet, black Millet, silver Eigfish Compano Sea bass, black	1,025		125 75 6,800	11 8 4,465	1,650	1,148	75 50 75	6 5 43	125	: : 5,65 :11
hillet, black hillet, silver Pigfish Pompano dea bass, black dea catfish	1,025	110	125 75 6,800	11 8 4,465	1,650	1,148	75 50 75	6 5 43	125 8,525 1,025 25	: 5,65 : :
billet, black ullet, silver igfish ompano dea bass, black dea catfish dea trout, gray dea trout, spotted	1,025 25 25	110 2 36	125 75 6,800 22,675	11 8 4,465 5,565	1,650	1,148	75 50 75 3,975	6 5 43 973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600	5,65 5,65 11
hilet, black bilet, silver igfish compano sea bass, black sea catfish sea trout, gray sea trout, spotted cheepshead	1,025	110 2 	125 75 6,800 22,675 75	11 8 4,465 5,565 6	1,650 4,800 25	1,148	75 50 75 3,975	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100	5,65 5,65 11
milet, black billet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea trout, gray lea trout, spotted beepshead mapper, red	1,025 25 25 150	110 2 36 3,641	125 75 6,800 22,675 75	11 8 4,465 5,565 6	1,650 4,800 25	1,148	75 50 75 3,975	6 5 43 973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350	5,65 5,65 13 7,75
hilet, black bilet, silver igfish compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted beepshead chapper, red chapper, other	1,025 25 25 150 12,350 275	110 2 36 3,641	125 75 6,800 22,675 75	11 8 4,465 5,565 6	1,650 4,800 25	1,148	75 50 75 3,975	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350 275	5,65 13 7,75 3,6h
milet, black billet, silver igfish ompano tea bass, black ea catfish ea trout, gray tea trout, spotted theepshead onapper, red inapper, other panish mackerel	1,025 25 25 150	110 2 36 3,641 44,936	125 75 6,800 22,675 75	11 8 4,465 5,565 6	1,650 4,800 25	1,148 1,178 2	75 50 75 3,975	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600	7,75 3,6h
hillet, black billet, silver igfish compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted chapper, red imapper, other imapper, other imaple a december of lea before of lea before of lea before of lea before lea bef	1,025 25 25 150 275 8,600 900	110 2 36 3,641 44 936 83	125 75 6,800 22,675 75	11 8 4,465 5,565 6	1,650 4,800 25 6,900	1,148 1,178 2 679	75 50 75 75 3,975 3,450	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725	7,75 3,6h
hillet, black billet, silver rigfish compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted bbeepshead inapper, red inapper, other spanish mackerel spot leapounder briggerish	1,025 25 25 150 12,350 275 8,600 900	110 2 36 3,641 44 936 83	125 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475	11 8 4,465 5,565 6 3,664	1,650 4,800 25 6,900	1,148 1,178 2 679	3,975 	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725	7,75 3,64 4,75
hilet, black bilet, silver igfish compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted bbeepshead shapper, red shapper, other ipanish mackerel ipot fenpounder friggeriish farsav	1,025 25 25 150 12,350 275 8,600 900 50	110 2 3,641 44, 936 83	125 75 6,800 22,675 75 -34,475	11 8 4,465 5,565 6 3,664	1,650 4,800 25 6,900	1,148 1,178 2 679	3,975	973	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 12,350 275 8,600 45,725 50	7,75 3,64 4,75
milet, black billet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea trout, gray ea trout, spotted beepshead mapper, red mapper, other ppanish mackerel spot enpounder briggerfish arsaw helassified, food	1,025 25 25 150 12,350 275 8,600 900 50 75	3,641 936 83 -3 3,7 6	125 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 33,000	11 8 4,465 	1,650 4,800 25 6,900 325	1,148 	75 50 75 75 3,975 3,950	973 973 371 59	125 8,525 1,025 2- 31,600 100 12,350 8,600 45,725 50 75 4,325	5,66, 13,77, 3,61, 93,4,75
hillet, black hillet, silver igfish ompano isea bass, black isea catfish isea trout, gray isea trout, spotted ibeepshead ibapper, red imapper, other ipanish mackerel ipot 'enpounder Triggerfish larsaw Inclassified, food inclassified, bait	1,025 25 25 150 12,350 275 8,600 900 50	3,641 44 936 83	125 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000	11 8 4,465 5,565 6 3,664	1,650 4,800 25 6,900	1,148 	75 50 75 75 3,975 3,450	973 973 371 372	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725 75 4,325	7,75 3,64 4,75
milet, black milet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea trout, gray ea trout, spotted beepshead napper, red napper, other panish mackerel pot enpounder riggerfish arsaw nclassified, food nnclassified, bait rabs, blue, hard	1,025 25 25 150 275 8,600 900 75 100	3,641 936 83 -3 3,7 6	125 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 33,000	11 8 4,465 	1,650 4,800 25 6,900 325	1,148 	75 50 75 75 3,975 3,950	973 973 371 59	125 8,525 1,025 2- 31,600 100 12,350 8,600 45,725 50 75 4,325	5,66 11 7,77 3,61 93 4,73
uilet, black uilet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea trout, gray ea trout, spotted beepshead napper, red napper, other panish mackerel pot enpounder riggerfish arsav nclassified, food inclassified, bait rabs, blue, soft	1,005 25 1,505 25 12,350 900 900 75 100	3,641 44 936 83 37 6	125 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000	5,565 6 3,664 205 5,839	1,650 	1,148 	3,975 3,975 3,950 2,650	973 973 371 59 1333	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 100 12,350 8,600 45,725 50 75 4,325	7,773 3,64 4,73
hillet, black billet, silver figfish Compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted disapper, red imapper, other hyanish mackerel spot leapounder briggerfish larsaw Inclassified, food Inclassified, food Inclassified, batt brabs, blue, bard brabs, blue, soft brabs, stone shrimp	1,005 25 25 25 275 8,600 900 75 100	3,641 936 3,641 44,936 63 77 6	125, 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000 120,175	11 8 4,465 5,565 6 6 3,664 205 5,839	1,650 4,800 25 6,900 325 22,700	1,148 	3,975 	6 5 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 44 44	125 8,525 1,025 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725 50 75 4,325 -145,525	7,75 3,64 93 4,75
milet, black milet, silver Eigfish Compano bea bass, black bea catfish bea trout, gray bea trout, spotted bbeepshead shapper, red shapper, other Spanish mackerel Spot Teappounder Triggerfish Warsaw Juclassified, food Juclassified, bait Trabs, blue, bard Trabs, blue, soft Trabs, stone Sharimp Systems	1,005 25 150 275 8,600 900 75 100 	3,6k1 936 8,673	125, 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000 120,175	11, 465 4,465 	1,650 	1,148 	3,975 3,975 3,975 3,450 900 2,650	6 5 43 3 3 7 1 4 4 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 5 9 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725 145,525 145,525 22,250	1 5,65 11 7,75 3,64 4,79 4,79
milet, black billet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea catfish beepshead mapper, red mapper, other ppanish mackerel ppot enpounder briggerfish arsaw mclassified, food mclassified, bait brabs, blue, bard brabs, blue, soft trabs, blue, soft trabs, stone thrimp mysters iguid	1,025 25 25 150 275 8,600 900 75 100 21,900	3,641 44,936 63 76	125, 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000 120,175	11, 4,465 	1,650 4,800 25 6,900 325 22,700	1,148 	3,975 	6 5 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 44 44	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 275 8,600 45,725 50 74,325 145,525 22,250	7,75 3,64 4,75 7,75 8,81
hillet, black billet, silver figfish Compano lea bass, black lea catfish lea trout, gray lea trout, spotted bbeepshead shapper, red dhapper, other spanish mackerel loot Vapounder Triggerfish larsav Inclassified, food Inclassified, bait brabs, blue, hard brabs, blue, soft trabs, stone shrimp lysters squid could	1,005 25 150 275 8,600 900 75 100 	3,641 44 936 83 -3 7 6 6 8,673 280	125, 75 6,800 22,675 75 34,475 3,000 120,175	11, 465 4,465 	1,650 	1,148 	3,975 3,975 3,975 3,450 900 2,650	973 973 371 59 133 144	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 100 12,350 275 8,600 45,725 145,525 145,525 22,250	7,75 3,64 4,79 7,75 3,68 4,79 7,05
milet, black billet, silver igfish ompano ea bass, black ea catfish ea catfish beepshead mapper, red mapper, other ppanish mackerel ppot enpounder briggerfish arsaw mclassified, food mclassified, bait brabs, blue, bard brabs, blue, soft trabs, blue, soft trabs, stone thrimp mysters iguid	1,025 25 25 150 275 8,600 900 75 100 	3,641 44,936 63 76	125,6,800	11, 4,465 4,465 5,565 6 6 	1,650 4,800 25 6,900 325 22,700	1,148 	3,975 3,975 3,975 900 2,650 350 	973 973 371 133 1144 	125 8,525 1,025 25 25 31,600 100 2,350 275 8,600 45,725 50 75 4,325 145,525 22,250 700	1 5,65 11 7,75 3,64 93 4,79 - 7,05 - 8,81

			of			

Month of gebremper										
Species		tic Ocean		an River		a River		ax River	Cape Cana	r average veral Area
	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars
Amberjack	950	43					400	18	1,350	60
Barracuda Bluefish	200		200	2.0						
Blue runner	200	19	100	10					300	29
Cabio	50	5							50	5
Crevalle (Common jack)	275	9	225	5					500	14
Dolphin Drum, black	25 350	3 27	100						25	3
Drum, red	1.250	187	2,475	7 365	125 200	9 28	175 1,075	15 1 58	750	59
Flounders	1,250 875	144	-, ., ,				±,017	170	5,000 875	738 144
Groupers	3,250	389							3,250	389
Grunts Jewfish										
King mackerel	1,100	151							1,100	151
King whiting	425	42	250	25	225	24			900	90
Menhaden	675	17	1,125	28	75	2	25	1	1,900	47
Mojarra (Sand perch) Mullet, black	50	4	119,250	5,823	08 250	7 207	10.000		50	4
Mullet, silver					28,350	1,357	19,900	960	167,500	8,140
Pigfish				~-			125	13	125	13
Pompano			3,650	2,465	1,375	941			5,025	3,406
Sea bass, black Sea catfish	325	75							325	38
Sea trout, gray										
Sea trout, spotted	100	25	16,025	3,913	3,550	864	2,925	713	22,600	5,513
Sheepshead			225	14	125	8			350	21
Snapper, red	13,200	3,820							13,200	3,820
Snapper, other Spanish mackerel	275 150	14 17							275	44
Spot	1,600	144	42,475	4,378	9,600	912	5,125	530	150 58,800	17
Tenpounder			125	4			7,42	230	125	5,964
Triggerfish	75	5							75	5
Warsaw Unclassified, food	75 50	6	4,175	309	1.70		3 205		75	6
Unclassified, bait			 	309	475	35	1,325	100	6,025	447
Crabs, blue, hard			94,300	4,630	16,525	774	2,300	116	113,125	5,520
Crabs, blue, soft										
Crabs, stone Shrimp	26,550	11,345							06 550	
Oysters			125	38					26,550 125	11,345 38
Squid	75	1.1							75	11
Scallops, calico										
Clams, hard Total	E1 050	16,496	001.000	00 22	(0.605	1 oct				
	51,950	10,490	284,625	22,014	60,625	4,954	33,375	2,624	430,575	46,085
Month of October										
Amberjack	50	2							50	2
Barracuda										
Bluefisb Blue runner	225	25	1.75	19	~-				400	1,1,
Cabio										
Crevalle (Common jack)	725	22	25	1					750	23
Dolphin										
Drum, black Drum, red	475	35	150	11	250	18	100	8	975	72
Flounders	1,850 3,725	275 570	3,150 50	458 8	250 25	36 4	1,450	205 4	6,700	974
Groupers	1,500	185					< 7 		3,825 1,500	585 185
Grunts										
Jewfisb King mackerel	25	2 83							25	2
King whiting	625 6,950	600	1,025	91	475	41			625	83
Menhaden	1,775	46	2,350	66	25	1	50 	_5	8,500 4,150	735 113
Mojarra (Sand perch)		~ -								
Mullet, black Mullet, silver			127,900	6,232	31,775	1,566	21,425	1,052	181,100	8,850
Pigfish			275	28			200	20	475	48
Pompano		~~	2,725	1,944	425	276	==		3,150	2,220
Sea bass, black	350	42							350	42
Sea catfish Sea trout, gray	25	ī							25	1
Sea trout, spotted	25 150	36	19,225	4,704	4,150	1,014	3,325	814	25	6 5 6
Sheepshead			775	59	500	38	, Je		26,850 1,275	6,568 96
napper, red	7,125	2,175	~ -						7,125	2,175
Snapper, others Spanisb mackerel	75 150	10 18							75	10
Spot	2,150		42,900	4,185	11,850	1,079	4,400	426	150	18
Tenpounder			75	3		- 5 V 1 7	-,400	420	61,300 75	5,8 7 5
Triggerfisb										
Marsaw Inclassified food	175	13	2 505	060	1.00				175	13
Unclassified, food Unclassified, bait	25 225	2 5	3,525	262	400 150	30 4	1,050	79	5,000	373
Crabs, blue, hard			88,850		13,450	659	2,500	128	475 104,800	11 5,272
rabs, blue, soft								120	104,000	5,272
rabs, stone	172 (60	66 739	250	92	75	29			325	121
Shrimp Dysters	173,450	66,738	1,975	503			75	45	173,525	66,783
quid	575	86	7,910	593			75 50	23 15	2,050 625	616 102
Scallops, calico								7.5	02)	105
lams, hard										
otal	202,425	71,159	295,500	23,244	63,800	4,795	34,725	2,824	596,450	102,018
					-,	7,77	J 11-7	_,	770,770	100,010

Month of November										
Species		ic Ocean		River	Benana	River	Halifa)	River	Cape Canav	
	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars	Pounds I	Oollars	Pounds I	ollars	Pounds	Dollars
imberjack										
Barracuda										
Bluefish	375	39	100	10	75	8	50	6	600	63
due runner Cabio										
revalle (Common jack)	125	3							125	3
olphin										
rum, black	1,150	86	550	46	500	37	475	36	2,675	204
rum, red	1,925	276	4,800 50	677 8	425	60 4	2,200 25	309 4	9,350 7,550	1,322 1,185
lounders	7,450 2,450	1,169 288	50		25		27		2,450	288
roupers	200	16	50	14			50	2,	300	24
ewfisb	25	2							25	2
ing mackerel	4,450	602				- 0-			4,450	602
ing whiting	34,100	2,971	5,900	507	2,100	181	100	9	42,200 3,025	3,668
enhaden ojarra (Sand perch)	675	18	1,700	41	475	11	175		3,027	74
ullet, black			131,075	6,255	31,000	1,503	22,450	1,081	184,525	8,839
ullet, silver			-5-7-17						//	
igfish										
ompano			1,250	933	175	129			1,425	1,062
ea bass, black	125	14							125	14
ea catfish					75	8			75	8
ea trout, gray ea trout, spotted	200	48	22,125	5,302	4,950	1,188	3,975	957	31,250	7,495
heepshead			1,525	116	1,050	78	3,717	221	2,575	193
napper, red	12,600	3,778							12,600	3,778
napper, others	75	12							75	12
panish mackerel	1,425	135	0						1,425	135
pot	375	34	8,075	858	2,075	196	1,150	122	11,675	1,209
enpounder										
riggerfish arsaw										
nclassified, food			2,500	166	300	20	850	57	3,650	242
nclassified, bait										
rabs, blue, hard			80,650	4,099	14,925	739	1,675	86	97,250	4,924
rabs, blue, soft										
rahs, stone			900	324	250	105		==	1,150	429
hrimp	329,200	144,783	0 1.75	700			100 200	58 61	329,300 2,675	144,841 7 83
ysters Quid	725	108	2,475	722			125	38	850	146
callops, calico	127	100								
lams, hard										
otal	397,650	154,382	263,725	20,068	58,400	4,267	33,600	2,832	753,375	181,545
				-						
Month of December										
Amberjack										
Barracuda		80				10			2 105	202
Bluefish Blue runner	950		225	19	225	19	25	3	1,425	121
Cahio	50	5							50	
Crevalle (Common jack)	125	14							125	
Dolphin										-
Drum, black	575	46	475	40	300	24	275	22	1,625	13
Drum, red	2,100	315	7,175	1,018	575	76	3,175	444	13,025	1,85
Flounders	6,850	1,032 478	25	4			25	14	6,900 4,075	1,03
Groupers Grunts	4,075 875	66	75	6			75	6	1,025	7
Jewfish	325	23	125	10	75	6	12		525	3
Ming mackerel	28,650	3,797	~ ~						28,650	3,79
(ing whiting	55,225	4,754	7,000	566	3,525	310	150	13	65,900	5,64
Menhaden	525	14	2,100	60	150	3	75	2	2,850	7
fojarra (Sand perch)			70,125	3,337	25 17,575	2 852	11,450	545	25 99,150	4,73
Mullet, black Mullet, silver			10,12)	1000	±19717		11,770	747		7 1 5
Pigfish										
Pompano		~-	275	204	75	56	~-		350	260
Sea bass, black	550	73							550	7.
Sea catfish					205	2.2			350	7.4
Sea trout, gray Sea trout, spotted	25	180	21, 725	8 058	7 000	1 603	6 125	1 1/16	18 675	11 25
Sheensheed	25	100	525	38	400	28	رعدوب	1,710	950	6
Snapper, red	19,575	5,732							19,575	5,73
Sheepsbead Snapper, red Snapper, other	400	74		~~					400	71
Spanish mackerel	75	73 180 2 5,732 74							19,575 400 75	
Spot			4,175	480	275		725	83	400 75 5,175 	59
Tenpounder										
Tenpounder Triggerfish				87	150	10	425	27	1,825	12
Tenpounder Triggerfish Varsaw			1.250						,	
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsaw Unclassified, food			1,250							
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsaw Jnclassified, food Jnclassified, bait			1,250	3,881	11,600	575	2,025	104	89,975	4,56
Tenpounder Triggerfish Varsav Jnclassified, food Jnclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Trabs, blue, soft			76,350	3,881	11,600	575	2,025	104	1,825	4,56
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsaw Unclassified, food Unclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Crabs, blue, soft			76,350	3,881	11,600	10			450	156
Tenpounder Triggerfish Varsav Jnclassified, food Jnclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Trabs, blue, soft			76,350	3,881 146	25	10			450	150
Tenpounder Triggerfish Varsav Jnclassified, food Jnclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Trabs, blue, soft			76,350	3,881 146 896	25	10	100	50 107	450 449,750 3,325	156 184,176 1,00
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsaw Unclassified, food Unclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Crabs, blue, soft Crabs, stone Shrimp Oysters Squid			76,350	146 896	25	10	100	50 107 46	450 449,750 3,325 400	156 184,178 1,003
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsav Unclassified, food Unclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Crabs, blue, soft			2,975	3,881 146 896	25	10	100 350 150	50 107 46	450 449,750 3,325 400	156 184,178 1,003
Tenpounder Triggerfish Warsaw Unclassified, food Unclassified, bait Crabs, blue, hard Crabs, blue, soft Crabs, stone Shrimp Oysters Squid Scallops, calico Clams, hard	449,650	184,128	2,975	3,881 146 896 	25	10	100 350 150	50 107 46	450 449,750 3,325 400	156 184,176 1,00 8

exceeded by shrimp, spotted sea trout, mullet, and red snapper (tables 4 and 5). The principal gear is Chesapeake Bay-type crab traps. The area is reported to produce fine blue crabs that yield an average of 14-17 percent meat.

Biology of the blue crab has not been studied in the Cape Canaveral Area. There follow some general statements regarding the biology of the blue crab in Chesapeake Bay (Van Engel, 1958) which we believe would apply, at least partly, to the Cape Canaveral Area. Mating of blue crabs begins in the spring and continues until fall. Spermatozoa will live in the female receptacles at least a year and are used as often as spawning occurs -- which may be twice or more. "Spawning is delayed at least two months after mating, and occurs from early May through September. Eggs are carried on the abdomen of the female for about two weeks before hatching." Numbers of eggs in the sponges may vary from about 700,000 to over 2 million. "Many of the eggs do not hatch, and still fewer larvae and very small crabs live to become adults. On the average only one ten-thousandth of one percent (0.000001) of the eggs survive to become mature crabs."

"There are two larval stages--four or five zoeal molts and the megalops--lasting about a month. Adult size may be reached in one year to a year and a half, shedding 18 or more times after the last larval stage.

"The diet of blue crabs includes fresh and decaying fish or meat, and vegetation. Young sets of clams and oysters may occasionally be destroyed, but on ground in open waters the blue crab is not generally considered a serious pest."

Spot

The fishery for spot is more seasonal than the fisheries for black mullet, spotted sea trout, and blue crab. The months of highest average landings are August, September, and October, and the lowest, December through March. Spot ranks fifth in poundage of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 272,725 pounds), exceeded by mullet, shrimp, blue crab, and spotted sea trout; and seventh in value (4-year average of \$27,784), exceeded by shrimp, spotted sea trout, mullet, red snapper, blue crab, and pompano (tables 4 and 5). Most of the catch is made with gill nets. Little research has been done on the biology of the species.

Pompano

The pompano fishery can be considered seasonal, with highest production in the months of May through September and lowest during the winter. Pompano ranks eighth in poundage of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 42,050 pounds) and sixth in value

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(4-year average of \$28,372) (tables 4 and 5). Fishing is by gill nets and hook and line. This is a specialty fishery, and the species brings a very high price per pound. Most of the production comes from Indian River.

Our knowledge of the biology of the species is scant. Fields (1962) described the larval and jevenile stages and presented some data in support of the belief that the common pompano (<u>Trachinotus carolinus</u>) spawns in the open ocean near the Gulf Stream. In southern Georgia the young pompano first appear on the beaches in late April or early May at a length of about 11-20 mm.--recruitment of young continues until October.

Shrimp

There is no commercial fishery for shrimp in the inside waters of the Cape Canaveral Area. However, a major bait shrimp fishery exists but is unrecorded in any statistical tabulations. De Sylva (1954) indicated there were probably 400 to 600 bait shrimp fishermen in the Cape Canaveral Area catching more than \$250,000 worth annually. The principal types of gear are push nets, dip nets, and cast nets. A few of the fishermen are regular fishermen, but the majority are casual.

Miscellaneous

Two species not included in the dominant group are worthy of special mention.

Although the production of oysters is not large (4-year average production of 20,850 pounds of meats worth \$6,211), the species grows well on many small, natural oyster reefs in the inland waterway section. The state has granted several private leases in the past 2 years, and these leased grounds have been planted. Few oysters have been harvested from them as yet, but the planters' interest is high.

The red drum or redfish (4-year average landings of 71,575 pounds worth \$10,310) is an important species in the sport fishery in addition to the commercial catch (which is made largely with trammel nets).

ATLANTIC OCEAN ADJACENT TO COAST

The fishing grounds in this geographic subdivision lie within a few miles of the coast and are most productive near Ponce de Leon Inlet and south of Cape Canaveral to Melbourne. Sand and shell bottoms predominate with some areas of mud or clay off Ponce de Leon Inlet and south of Cape Canaveral.

Of the eight dominant species in the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries, shrimp and king-whiting comprise fisheries in this geographic subdivision. The commercial shrimp fishery is carried on exclusively in these waters, and over 80 percent of the king whiting are captured here (table 5).

Shrimp

The shrimp fishery, while producing some poundage the year round, can be considered seasonal. The great bulk of the landings are made during the months of October through January, and the fishery is at low ebb from April through June. Shrimp ranks second in poundage of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 1,377,650 pounds), exceeded only by black mullet, and first in value (4-year average of \$546,718)--the dollar value of shrimp is more than the value of all other species combined (tables 4 and 5). Fishing is done from shrimp trawlers employing shrimp or otter trawls.

Three species of shrimp--white, brown, and pink--are landed by shrimp vessels fishing in the Cape Canaveral Area. These shrimp are all members of genus Penaeus of the family Penaeidae. On the east coast of Florida the white shrimp is of greatest importance and comprises about 80 percent of the landings; brown shrimp account for about 19 plus percent; and pink shrimp for probably less than 1 percent. In the Cape Canaveral Area the percentage of white shrimp is at least this high, and perhaps higher.

Bureau of Commercial Fisheries research has provided a great deal of knowledge about the biology of the white shrimp. A resume based on Anderson (1958b) and Lindner and Anderson (1956) follows.

- (1) Habitat. -- The white shrimp is most aboundant in areas characterized by having an inland, brackish marsh connected by passes with an adjacent shallow, offshore area of relatively high salinity and mud or clay bottoms.
- (2) Spawning.--Eggs are laid directly into the water and are apparently fertilized on emission by spermatozoa contained in a capsule called a spermatophore which the male had attached to the body of the female. A female will produce 500,000 1 million eggs at a spawning--some females probably spawn more than once in a season. Most, if not all, spawning takes place at sea and occurs mainly from late March or early April to the end of September.
- (3) Eggs and larvae.--The eggs are about 0.3 mm. in diameter and demersal. Eggs hatch in 20 to 24 hours, and the nauplius emerges and becomes planktonic. Larval development requires from 2 to 3 weeks. After 15 to 20 days and two postlarval stages, the young shrimp is only about 5 to 6 mm. long. During this period of early development the young shrimp moves from the saline offshore spawn-

ing areas to the brackish inside marshes and estuaries -- which serve as nursery grounds.

- (4) Young shrimp.--As the young grow, they move from the shallow waters of the marsh into the deeper creeks, rivers, and bays, making their first appearance on the inside fishing grounds in June or July (depending upon the area) when about 50 mm. (about 2 inches) long. By July or August they begin to appear in outside waters.
- (5) Growth.--Growth is rapid during spring, summer, and early fall, and slow or negligible during winter. There is evidence that shrimp reach 75 mm. (about 3 inches) in total length approximately 2 months after spawning. A shrimp spawned on May 1 would reach a length of over 150 mm. (about 6 inches) by November 1, grow little over the winter, resume growth in the spring, and be about 178 mm. (7 inches) long by May 1. It would mature and spawn during the spring season, at about 1 year of age.
- (6) Migrations.--In the south Atlantic area, the bulk of the white shrimp migrate from inshore to offshore waters but do not move into very deep water far from the coast. Instead, they move parallel to the shoreline with the seasons, moving southward during the fall and early winter and northward in late winter and early spring. Hence, many of the shrimp taken in the Cape Canaveral Area during late fall and winter have migrated there from the Carolinas, Georgia, and north Florida--and any remaining after the winter move northward again to those areas.
- (7) Longevity.--Mortality of shrimp is apparently high, and the number that live more than 1 year is only a small part of the total population, and probably of minor importance. Some shrimp live as long as 16 months and possibly longer, but as far as the fishery is concerned, the common or white shrimp can be considered an annual.

King whiting

The fishery for king whiting is, to a large extent, incidental to the shrimp fishery and therefore seasonal. As with shrimp, the bulk of the landings are made from late fall through the winter and lowest landings occur during spring and summer. King whiting ranks seventh in poundage of the Cape Canaveral fisheries (4-year average of 247,100 pounds) and eighth in value (4-year average of \$20,951), tables 4 and 5.

We have limited knowledge of the life history of the species--no research has been done in the Cape Canaveral Area on this fish.

ATLANTIC OCEAN, 10 to 50 FATHOMS

In this geographic subdivision the fishing grounds are principally reef areas. These reefs fall into two general categories: (1) Those lying between 10 and 20 fathoms and (2) those on the outer slope of the Continental Shelf from about 30 to 50 fathoms.

Moe (1963) made a detailed study of these reefs and their utilization in relation to fishing. Based on his work, figure 2 shows the location and extent of the principal reefareas, which we have numbered. Table 6 gives Moe's description of each (from his tables 1 through 5).

Only one of the eight dominant species in the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries, red snapper, is taken in this geographic subdivision.

Red Snapper

The red snapper fishery operates year round, but the period of highest production is January-June -- the lowest production occurs August-November. Red snapper ranks sixth in poundage of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries (4-year average of 251,475 pounds) and fourth in value (4-year average of \$72,206), exceeded by shrimp, spotted sea trout, and mullet (tables 4 and 5). Fishing is by handlines and exclusively on the reef grounds (fig. 2). Red snappers normally inhabit banks, reefs, and lumps where small fish, crabs, shrimp, etc., provide abundant food. They seem to move from one location to another, and this movement is probably related to food supply. We know little of the life history of the species.

Closely associated with the red snapper, and taken by the same fishery, are several members of the sea bass family. The most important of these are black sea bass and groupers. During the 4-year period 1959-62 the average catch of black sea bass was 12,525 pounds worth \$1,383, and of groupers, 68,225 pounds worth \$7,686.

Scallops

Bureau of Commercial Fisheries explorations off the central Florida east coast have found an extensive bed of calico scallops off the Cape Canaveral Area in about 10 to 40 fathoms (fig. 3). Bullis and Cummins (1961) reported catch rates with modified 8- and 10-foot Georges Bank sea-scallop dredges as high as 78 bushels per hour, but average production during simulated commercial production trials was about 20-40 bushels per hour. While no large commercial operation exists at the time of this report, fishing interests are working on mechanical shuckers, and a valuable fishery could soon evolve.

PELAGIC

Three species of fish of interest to both commercial and sport fisheries are worthy of special note. These are, in order of importance in the commercial fishery: King mackerel, 4-year average of 69,650 pounds worth \$9,210; Spanish mackerel, 4-year average of 84,525 pounds worth \$8,004; and bluefish, 4-year average of 12,150 pounds worth \$1,190. These species are captured largely by trolling and by gill nets in the open ocean, mainly inside of 10 fathoms. Heaviest commercial landings are in the spring and winter for king mackerel, spring and early summer for Spanish mackerel, and in the spring for bluefish (table 5).

King Mackerel

Little is known of the life history of this important game fish. King mackerel are migratory, apparently concentrating on the east coast of Florida in the winter and expanding their distribution northward and westward along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts in spring and summer.

Spanish Mackerel

We know little of the biology of Spanish mackerel, which is also an important game fish. The species is schooling in habit and migratory. Spanish mackerel appear to concentrate during the winter along the east coast of Florida, and beginning in the spring and continuing through the summer expand their distribution northward and westward along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts. During the fall they begin to return to the wintering grounds along the Florida east coast. We believe that Spanish mackerel spawn in the open ocean during the summer migrations.

Bluefish

The biology and habits of the bluefish are not well known. Bluefish sometimes travel in dense schools and feed voraciously on small fish. Their migrations are erratic. In general, bluefish appear to move northward in the spring and southward in autumn, being taken in the winter in southern Florida, off the Carolinas in the spring, off Massachusetts in late spring and early summer, back in the Carolinas by about November, and again on the east coast of Florida by late November or December. We believe that bluefish spawn about May or June in offshore waters, and the young come inshore shortly after.

Table 6.--Reef areas in Cape Canaveral Area utilized as fishing grounds. Area numbers refer to locations shown on figure 2. Except for the area numbers, these data are extracts from tables 1 through 5 of Moe (1963)

Ares	Local Name	Location	Depth	Bottom composition, topography	Fishes taken*	Most	Most productive season	Fishing effort**
1		29°02° to 29°08° N. 80°37° to 80°44° W.	9 to 12 fathoms	Large area of gently rolling bottom and scattered low flat rock and shell; heavy invertebrate growth.	Red snapper Sea bass Spanish mackerel King mackerel Bonito	Summer	Summer	Heavy Occasionally fished by commercial vessels.
2	Party Grounds	29°07' to 29°11' N. 80°33' to 80°37' W.	13 to 14 fathoms	A ridge of rock with a 1 to 2 fathom drop facing the S.W. Surrounding bottom of sand and shell; coral growth on the rocks.	Red scapper Sea bass Red grouper Black grouper	Summer	Summer	Heavy
3	East Ridge	29°07' to 29°13' N. 80°31' W.	13 to 14 fathoms	Length of exposed rock reef lying parallel to the 100 fathom contour; steep cliff facing offshore at N. and S. end. Sand and shell surround the area and are found in breaks in the reef.	Red snapper Sea bass Red grouper Black grouper	Summer	Spring Summer	Heavy
Ļ	Half North and Fast "ll" Grounds	29°02° to 29°05° N. 80°29° to 80°33° W.	11 to 13 fathoms	Several cliffs in the area. They face the S.W. and drop from 1 or 2 fathoms. The longer ridges are about 2 miles long. Reefs are surrounded by sand and shell bottom.	Sea bass Red snapper Red grouper Black grouper	Summer	Summer	Heavy
5	Turtle Mound Grounds	28°57° to 29°01° N. 80°24° to 80°33° W.	8 to 14 fathoms	Extensive area of rolling sand bottom with many scattered low rocks. The main reef forms a semicircle facing the S.E.	Sea bass Red snapper Red grouper Black grouper Grunt	Summer	Summer	Heavy
6		28°50° to 29°35° N. 80°11° W.	23 to 34 fathoms	Long reef of limestone rock that lies parallel to the 100 fathom contour in about 26 fathoms; this reef has meny crevices and cliffs and is stronger with fever interrup- tions in this area than elsewhere along the cmast.	Red snapper Red grouper Black grouper Grunt	Winter Spring	Winter Spring	Heavy
7	Kingfish Grounds	28°32' to 28°38' N. 80°17' to 80°24' W.	3 to 11 fathoms	Shallow areas with grass bottom merging into sand and shell; few low rocks, uneven bottom.	King mackerel Bonito Spanish mackerel Dolphia	Summer	Summer	Moderate
8	Party Grounds	28°27' W. 80°17' W.	16 to 17 fathoms	Small cliff about 1/2 mile long, 1 fathom drop facing toward the N.E.; sand and shell surrounding rock; coral growth.	Small cliff about 1/2 mile long, Red snapper Summer l fathom drop facing toward the Red grouper N.E.; sand and shell surrounding Grunt		Summer	Slight
9	Inshore Grounds Melbourne Grounds	27°50' to 28°27' N. 80°08' to 80°21' W.	11 to 19 fathoms	Hard sand bottom with shell and gravel. Coral rock relief up to 10' with a few 15' ledges-highest relief in 14 fathoms, low scattered rock in the 12 and 16 fathom depths.	Red snapper Red grouper Vermilion snapper Black grouper	Summer	Summer	Heavy
91	A The Wreck	28°23' N. 80°17' W.	7 fathoms	Shipwreck on hard sand bottom with scattered coral rock.	Red snapper Red grouper Cobia Amberjack	Winter	Summer	Heavy
91	H First Ridge, Pelican Grounds	28°13' to 28°19' N. 80°16' W.	12 to 13 fathoms	Generally a flat bottom of sand and low coral rock; many corals and other invertebrates present. A coral rock reef with ledges up to 5 and 7 feet is present on the weatern edge of the area.	Red snapper Red grouper Black grouper Grunt King mackerel	Summer	Summer	Moderate
9	72 foot ridge	27°59' to 28°13' N. 80°12' to 80°15' W.	12 to 14 fathoms	Reef of coral rock lying parallel to the coast in 72 feet of water; the inshore side has a steep cliff of 2 fathoms and the offshore side slopes downward more gradually; heavy coral growth, ragged relief.	Red snapper Red grouper Grunt Triggerfish Vermilion snapper	Summer	Summer	Moderate
9	D Horseshoe Ridge	28°09' N. 80°16' to 80°19' W.	12 to 13 fathoms	A crescentric ridge of sand and low coral rock with the horns pointing N. Generally flat hottom of sand and shell.	Red anapper Red grouper Grunt Sea bass Triggerfish	Summer	Summer	Moderate
1	O Second Ridge	28°09° to 28°18° N. 80°11° W.	19 to 21 fathoms	Irregular hard bottom of sand and shell; a reef of coral rock with 6 to 10 foot ledges lies parallel to the coast in this area. High coral growth.	Red snapper Red grouper Grunt Sea hass Vermilion snapper	Summer	Summer	Moderate
1	1	28°00' to 28°30' N. 80°00' W.	35 to 50 fathoms	Ridge of highly irregular coral rock lying parallel to the 100 fathom contour. The reef has many steep cliffs and ledges. 15 to 20 feet is the usual relief. Slopes steeply toward deep water. High coral grouth.	Red snapper Vermilion snapper Red grouper Trigger fish	Winter	Winter	Moderate
1	2	28°05' N. 80°04' W.	29 to 30 fathoms	Small area of flat coral rock bottom with a sharp 2 fathom drop on the offshore side; sponge and coral growths.	Red snapper Vermilion snapper Black grouper Red grouper	Winter	Winter	Slight

^{*} Fishes retained by the boat listed in relative order of abundance in the total catch. ** Four levels: Intense; Heavy; Moderate; Slight.

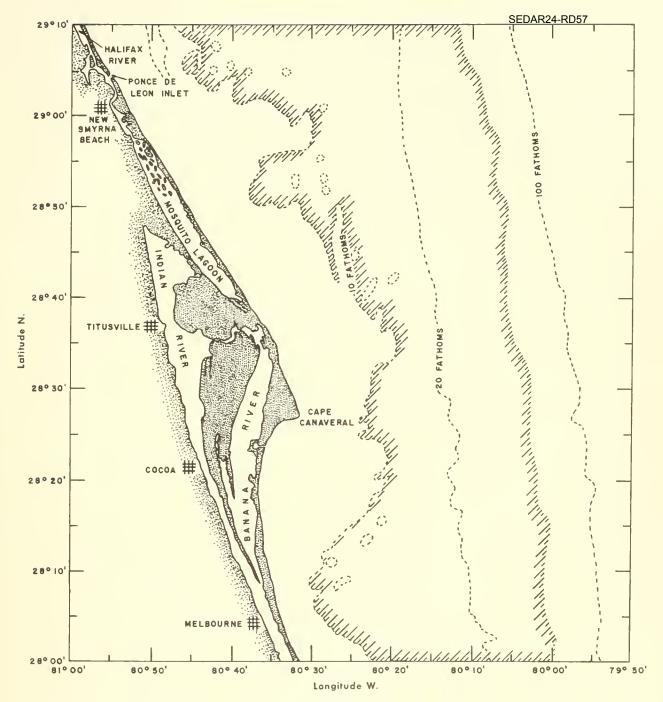


Figure 3.--Cape Canaveral Area. Extent of scallop beds shown as area enclosed by hatched lines (area between about 10 and 40 fathoms).

GENERAL

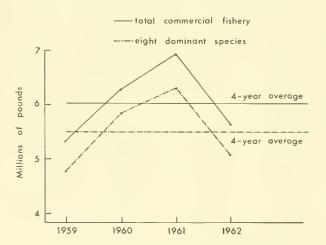
Figure 4 shows, for the 4 years, the total landings and value of the Cape Canaveral Area commercial fisheries and the same information for the combined landings and values for the eight dominant species. These figures do not show any definite trends, as 1959 and 1962

are below the 4-year average and 1960 and 1961 are above it. Although 1962 was not so productive a year as either 1960 or 1961, it was above 1959—the same general condition prevailed with regard to the combined figures for the eight dominant species.

Considering the landings individually for the eight dominant species (fig. 5 and table 4), we

find that shrimp, blue crab, whiting, and pompano follow the pattern of the total fishery--1960 and 1961 above the 4-year average, 1959 and 1962 below it, but with 1962 having greater landings than 1959. For black mullet, 3 years (1959, 1961, and 1962) had landings greater than the 4-year average, and the largest landings occurred in 1962. Landings of spotted sea trout were above the 4-year average in 1959, 1960, and 1961 and below it in 1962. Spot landings were above the 4-year average in 1959 and 1960 and below it in 1961 and 1962. Landings of red snapper were above the 4-year average in 1959 and 1960 and lelow it in 1960 and 1961.

Of the eight dominant species only one, red snapper, had the highest landings in 1959. Greatest landings for shrimp, spotted sea trout, spot, and pompano occurred in 1960; for blue crab and king whiting in 1961; and for black mullet in 1962. Lowest landings by year were: shrimp, blue crab, whiting, and pompano in 1959; black mullet in 1960; red



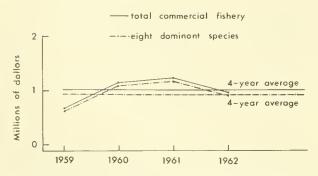


Figure 4.--Commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area, pound and dollar values by years, with 4-year averages, for total fishery and for eight dominant species combined.

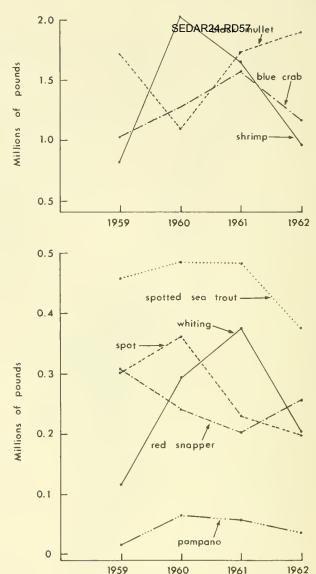


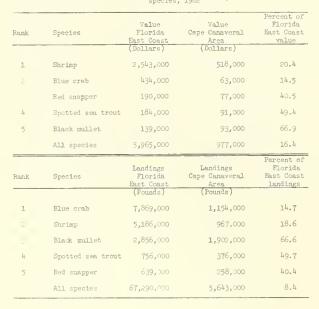
Figure 5.--Commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area, in pounds by years, for eight dominant species.

snapper in 1961; and spotted sea trout and spot in 1962.

Figure 6 shows, by 5-year intervals from 1940 to 1960 and for 1962, the commercial landings of five leading species on the Florida east coast.

From a high in 1945, production of shrimp and black mullet has generally declined to the 4-year period 1959-62 for which we have detailed data for the Cape Canaveral Area-and we assume that the Cape Canaveral Area fishery for these two important species reflects this lower level of availability or demand, as the Cape Canaveral Area contributes about 19 percent of the shrimp and 66 percent of the mullet taken on the Florida east coast.

The blue crab fishery has undergone steady growth on the Florida east coast from 1940 to



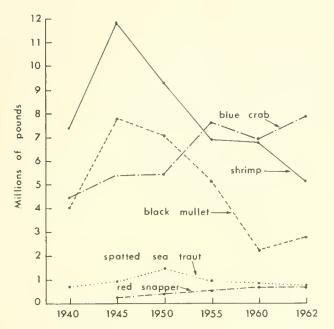


Figure 6.--Commercial fishery landings, Florida east coast, 5-year intervals from 1940 to 1960, and 1962, for five leading species.

the present, and we believe crab production in the Cape Canaveral Area reflects this.

Production of spotted sea trout on the Florida east coast has been remarkably steady. Other than in 1950, the commercial production was between about 700,000 and 900,000 pounds. As the Cape Canaveral Area produces almost 50 percent of the poundage taken on the Florida east coast, it appears that the fishery has remained almost stable in recent years, but there is an indication of a gradual decline in productivity during the past several years.

Landings of red snapper, while modest in poundage, have grown steadily on the Florida east coast from 1945 to the present. Since the Cape Canaveral Area produces about 40 percent of the landings, the fishery is apparently in a healthy state.

Table 7 shows the relative value and landings of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries to these values for the entire Florida east coast, with respect to five of the most important species taken on the Florida east coast, and to the total fishery landing for 1962--the last year for which figures are available.

The scientific names for fishes, crustaceans, and mollusks appearing in the commercial fishery landings are given in table 8.

Table 8.--Scientific names of fishes, crustaceans, and mollusks sbown on commercial fishery landings, Cape Canaveral Area

Common names		
as used in report	Other common names	Scientific names
Amberjack		Seriola sp.
Barracuda		Sphyraena sp.
Bluefish	to di	Pomatomus saltatrix
Blue runner	Crevalle, hardtail	Caranx crysos
Cabio	Cobia	Rachycentron canadum
Crevalle	Common jack, jackfish	Caranx hippos
Dolphin		Coryphaena hippurus
Drum, black	Drum	Pogonias cromis
Drum, red	Channel bass, redfish	Sciaenops ocellata
Flounders		Paralichthys sp.
Groupers		Epinephelus sp. and
droupers		Mycteroperca sp.
Grunts	Margate fish	Haemulon sp.
Jewfish	Larkage tran	Epinephelus itajara
	Kingfisb	Scomberomorus cavalla
King mackerel	Whiting	Menticirrhus sp.
King whiting Menhaden		Brevoortia sp.
	Pogy Sand perch, sand bream	GERRIDAE
Mojarra	Striped or jumping mullet	
Mullet, black	Striped or Jumping mullet	Mugil cephalus
Mullet, silver		Mugil curema
Pigfish	**	Orthopristis chrysopterus
Pompano	77 - 1-04 - 1-	Trachinotus sp.
Sea bass, black	Blackfish	Centropristis striatus
Sea catfish	Gafftopsail	Bagre marinus
Sea trout, gray	Gray trout	Cynoscion regalis
Sea trout, spotted	Spotted or speckled trout	Cynoscion nebulosus
Sheepshead		Archosargus sp.
Snapper, red		Lutjanus blackfordii
Snapper, other	Mangrove, vermilion, etc.	Lutjanus sp. and
		Rhomboplites sp.
Spanish mackerel	Mackerel	Scomberomorus maculatus
Spot		Leiostomus xanthurus
Tenpounder	Ledyfish	Elops saurus
Triggerfish	77	Balistes sp.
Warsaw	Black jewfish	Epinephelus nigritus
Crabs, blue		Callinectes sapidus
Crabs, stone	e e	Menippe mercenaria
Shrimp		Penaeus sp.
Oysters		(largely P. setiferus) Crassostrea virginica
Squid		Loligo sp.
Scallops, calico	Overhood	Pecten gibbus
Clams, hard	Quahog	Venus mercenaria

FISH TAKEN INCIDENTAL TO SHRIMP TRAWLING

The U.S. Bureau of Fisheries, during studies on the white shrimp in the Cape Canaveral Area during the 2-year period July 1933-June 1935, maintained a record of the fish captured. The data were obtained from operations of the Bureau's 40-foot shrimp trawler Launch 58, using standard commercial gear. The trawls were 75-foot spread of 1-3/4-inch stretch mesh netting and were hauled at 2 to 3 knots. Duration of individual drags varied between 1 and 1-1/2 hours. Two work areas on the shrimp fishing grounds were sampled monthly, one off Ponce de Leon Inlet and the other just south of Cape Canaveral.

These records contain valuable information regarding relative abundance of the various families and species of fish associated with the shrimp fishing grounds, seasonal abundance, and a good estimate of the average fish catch made incidental to commercial shrimp fishing operations. Many of the larger fishin particular the Sciaenidae (including spot, whiting, croaker, and white sea trout)--are saved by shrimp fishermen and sold or otherwise utilized as food.

In table 9 these data are summarized so that for each month are given, by species: The average numbers of fish taken per hour of trawling, the percent of the total catch for the month, and the actual number of fish captured. A total, by months, for all species combined is given at the end of the table. Figure 7 shows by months the average number of fish per hour of trawling for all species combined. These data show a great seasonal variation in numbers of fish found on shrimp fishing bottoms. From a low of only 200-400 fish per hour of trawling during late spring and early summer,

the numbers taken rose rapidly during the summer and early fall to peak in October and November at 4,500-5,500 fish per hour of trawling. In December the number taken began to decline, and this decline continued through the winter until the low point was reached in the spring.

Considering only those species that contributed 2 percent or more of the yearly total, we find that 11 species representing 4 families account for nearly 93 percent of the catch. Table 10 shows the data for these 11 species by family, by month, for the 2 years and two stations combined.

The croaker family (Sciaenidae), with six species, is by far the most abundant, accounting for nearly 70 percent of the total number of fish captured. On a monthly basis, the percentage ranged from 47.1 to 84.3. One species, the star drum (Stellifer lanceolatus), alone accounted for almost 27 percent of the yearly number, ranging over the months from 0 to over 40 percent of the number caught.

The jacks (Carangidae), with two species, represented 16.5 percent of the yearly catch and ranged over the months from 1.8 to 40.8 percent.

The sea catfish (Ariidae), with two species, contributed 4.6 percent of the yearly catch and ranged monthly from 0.4 to 8.7 percent.

The sea basses (Serranidae), with one species, was 2.4 percent of the yearly take and ranged from 0.3 to 8.9 percent over the months.

There follows by family the status of each of the 11 species with regard to commercial usage and as food for human consumption.

Table 9.--Fisb taken by trawling, Cape Canaveral Area, M/V Launch 58 1933-35, catch-per-unit-of-effort (75-foot shrimp trawl at 2-3 knots) by months for two years combined, for New Smyrna and Cape Canaveral stations combined

[Upper figure, number of fish per hour of hauling; middle figure, percent of total catch; and lower figure, total number of fish; asterisk indicates value of less than 0.05]

Species	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total
Rhizoprionodon terrae	novae		~ =			0.2							* *
Sphyrna tiburo				4.0 0.1 16	14.0 0.3 56	7.5 0.2 41	6.0 0.2 36	0.3 *	0.5 *	0.3 0.1 2	1.5 0.5 3	0.5 0.1 1	2.7 0.1 159
Sphyrna zygaena			0.3	0.5 *	1.8	0.4 * E	0.3 *		0.2				0.3 * 16
Torpedo nobiliana	J.E + 1	0.2 * 1	0.3	1.5			0.3 * 2		1.2 0.1 5			0.5 0.1 1	0.3
Raja eglanteria			1.2			0.7 * 4		0.1 *	0.5 *				0-3 *
Dasyatis americana					1.0			0.3	0.5 * 2			-	0.1 * 8

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Species	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct. N		Dec. Ja	n. Fel	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	To	tal
Dasyatis sabina					1.0								0.1
Gymnura micrura			1.1 * 7	0.5 * 2	1.2 * 5		0.3 * 2	++ &A	0.2				0.3
Rhinoptera bonasus			0.3	0.2			0.9 * 1						0.1 * 4
Brevoortia sp. (tyrannus and smithi)	0.3	2.9 5.1 16		1.0 * 4	1.0	2.2 0.1 12		12.7 1.5 89	108.5 6.7 434	5.2 2.5 34			10.1 0.5 595
Opisthonema oglinum						0.4 * 2		2.3 0.3 16		0.8 0.4 5			0.4 * 23
(All other herrings misc. genera and species)			4.3 0.2 28	1.2 * 5	17.0 0.3 68	3.6 0.1 20			0.5 * 2				2.1 0.1 123
Anchoa sp. (largely mitchilli and hepsetus)			1.8 0.1 12			7.3 0.2 40	10.7 0.4 64	6.1 0.7 43	22.0 1.4 88	14.6 7.1 95	3.5 1.1 7	22.5 6.0 45	6.7 0.3 394
Synodus foetens	1.2 0.1 7	2.9 0.1 16				1.5	1.7 0.1 10	==	0.2 * 1	0.9 0.4 6	2.0 0.6 4	2.0 0.5 4	0.9 * 56
Bagre marinus		⊃• 7 * 4	1.2 *	51.0 1.1 204	292.0 5.3 1,168	92.4 2.8 508	203.0 8.4 1,218	6.3 0.7 44	27.5 1.7 110	0.8 0.4 5	0.5 0.2 1	1.5 0.4 3	55.5 2.6 3,273
Galeichthys felis	6.0 0.6 36	62.5 3.4 344	167.1 5.9 1,086	106.0 2.3 424	76.0 1.4 304	5.1 0.2 28	7.0 0.3 42		43.5 2.7 174	0.8	0.5 0.2 1	0.5 0.1 1	41.4 2.0 2,445
Ophichthus sp.								0.1 * 1		0.2			* * 2
Urophycis sp.		~=						0.7 0.1 5	3.0 0.2 12	0.3 0.1 2			0.3 * 19
Centropristis striatus	2.5 0.2 15	30.5 1.6 168	3.1 0.1 20	3.0 0.1 12	dr an			0.3 + 2	1.5 0.1 6	0.3 0.1 2	1.0		3.8 0.2 227
Centropristis philadelphicus	73.8 6.9 443	173.8 8.9 956	77.2 2.7 502	76.0 1.7 304	61.0 1.1 244	49.8 1.5 274	21.0 C.9 126	2.4 0.3 17	24.5 1.5 98	1.8 0.9 12	12.5 3.8 25	5.0 1.3 10	51.0 2.4 3,011
Pomatomus saltatrix			0.6 * 4					0.1	1.5 0.1 6	-1-3 0-1 2		1.0	0.3 * 15
Caranx crysos	μ=			1.Ů *	2.0	2.2 0.1 12					0.5 0.2 1		0.4 * 25
<u>Jaranx</u> sp.			U. 3.				0.8						0.1 * 7
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	81.2 7.6 487	52.4 2.7 288	172.9 6.1 1,124	608.0 13.5 2,432	358.0 6.4 1,432	1,182.5 36.2 6,504	468.3 19.3 2,810	4.9 9.6 34	23.0 1.4 92	38.8 18.7 252	80.5 24.2 160	65.0 17.5 130	266.9 12.7 15,745
Selene vomer	0.8 0.1 5		pa ==			1.5	10.7 0.4 64					0.5 0.1 1	1.3 0.1 78
Trachinotus sp.					1.0 * 4		D.5 *						0.1 * 6

Table 9. -- Continued

	Table 9Continued												
Species	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total
Trachurus lathami	0.8 0.1 5												0.1 * 5
<u>Vomer</u> <u>setapinnis</u>	0.5 * 3	1.5 0.1 8	17.2 0.6 112	507.0 11.2 2,028	273.5 4.9 1,094	149.8 4.6 824	65.7 2.7 394	10.1 1.2 71	35.5 2.2 142	2.9 1.4 19	1.0 0.3 2	5.0 1.3 10	79.8 3.8 4,707
Bucinostomus sp.	0.5 * 3	1.8 0.1 10			1.0	5.8 0.2 32				0.3 0.1 2	8.5 2.6 17		1.2 0.1 68
Orthopristis chrysopterus	1.0 0.1 6	8.0 0.4 44	22.8 0.8 148	37.0 0.8 148	4.0 0.1 16	1.5 * 8	3.3. 0.1 20	0.3 * 2	9.0 0.6 36	0.9 0.4 6	6.5 2.0 13	0.5 0.1 1	7.6 0.4 448
Bairdiella chrysura	2.3 0.2 14	0.7	1.2	15.0 0.3 60	12.0 0.2 48	2.2 0.1 12	6.7 0.3 40	0.9 0.1 6	1.2 0.1 5	3.4 1.6 22		7.0 1.9 14	3.9 0.2 233
Cynoscion nothus	36.7 3.4 220	120.0 6.2 660	80.0 2.8 520	254.0 5.6 1,016	715.0 12.9 2,860	429.8 13.2 2,364	381.7 15.8 2,290	81.3 9.4 569	193.2 12.0 773	70.2 33.9 456	34.5 10.4 69	110.0 29.6 220	203.7 9.7 12,017
Cynoscion regalis	3.0 0.3 18	15.3 0.8 84	8.8 0.3 57	32.0 0.7 128	84.0 1.5 336	6.5 0.2 36	10.7 0.4 64	11.4 1.3 80	10.0 0.6 40	1.4 0.7 9			14.4 0.7 852
Equetus lanceolatus	gen red					==						0.5 0.1 1	* * 1
Larimus fasciatus	1.3 0.1 8	8.0 0.4 44	12.9 0.5 84	48.0 1.1 192	227.0 4.1 908	64.0 2.0 352	53·3 2·2 320	23.4 2.7 164	34.5 2.1 138	5.1 2.5 33	23.0 6.9 46	25.5 6.9 51	39.7 1.9 2,340
Leiostomus xanthurus	259.7 24.3 1,558	226.5 11.6 1,246	175.4 6.1 1,140	335.0 7.4 1,340	224.0 4.0 896	82.5 2.5 454	216.0 8.9 1,296	277.4 32.2 1,942	199.2 12.4 797	6.8 3.3 44	13.0 3.9 26	17.5 4.7 35	182.6 8.7 10,774
Menticirrhus sp. (largely americanus)	40.0 3.7 240	66.9 3.4 368	273.8 9.6 1,780	680.0 15.1 2,720	377.0 6.8 1,508	43.6 1.3 240	188.3 7.8 1,130	50.3 5.8 352	127.0 7.9 508	2.0 1.0 13	3.0 0.9 6	2.0 0.5 4	150.3 7.2 8,869
Micropogon undulatus	305.0 28.5 1,830	822.5 42.3 4,524	552.6 19.4 3,592	373.0 8.3 1,492	422.0 7.6 1,688	694.5 21.2 3,820	162.3 6.7 974	31.1 3.6 218	24.8 1.5 99	7.7 3.7 50	125.5 37.9 251	62.5 16.8 125	316.3 15.1 18,663
Pogonias cromis	=+			0.5 * 2				0.1					0.1 * 3
Stellifer lanceolatus	211.2 19.8 1,267	233.5 12.0 1,284	1,157.2 40.6 7,522	1,289.0 28.6 5,156	2,236.0 40.2 8,944	226.2 6.9 1,244	482.3 19.9 2,894	263.3 30.6 1,843	649.8 40.4 2,599	21.7 10.5 141		20.0 5.4 40	558.2 26.6 32,934
Lagodon rhomboides	0.2	1.5 0.1 8	1.2	1.0	8.0 0.1 32	6.5 0.2 36	2.3 0.1 14		1.0	0.6 0.3 4	5.0 1.5 10		2.1 0.1 121
Stenotomus sp.	-					1.1	0.7						0.2 * 10
Chaetodipterus faber	0.3			12.0 0.3 48	68.0 1.2 272	95•3 2•9 524	21.3 0.9 128	22.0 2.6 154	14.0 0.9 56	3.5 1.7 23	0.5 0.2 1	1.0	20.5 1.0 1,210
Trichiurus lepturus	10.8 1.0 65	11.6 0.6 64	31.1 1.1 202	38.0 0.8 152	20.0 0.4 80	70.9 2.2 390	53.7 2.2 322	12.3 1.4 86	12.0 0.7 48	5.5 2.7 36		1.0	24.5 1.2 1,447
Scorpaena sp.			0.2			0.2							* * 2
Prionotus sp.	15.2 1.4 91	55•3 2•8 304	9.2 0.3 60	3.0 0.1 12	3.0 0.1 12		0.7 * 4		0.2	0.6 0.3 1	0.5 0.2 1	1.5 0.4 3	8.3 0.4 492

					TERDIT	9Cont	inuea						
Species	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total
Hypsoblennius sp.					es es			0.1					*
Rissola merginata						0.5 * 3							0.1 * 3
Peprilus alepidotus	0.7 0.1 4		0.6	9.0 0.2 36	10.0 0.2 40	4.4 0.1 24	24.7 1.0 148	25.1 2.9 176	6.0 0.4 24	0.5 0.2 3		0.5 0.1 1	7.8 0.4 460
Poronotus triacanthus		8.7 0.4 48	5.5 0.2 36	3.0 0.1 12	1.0 * 4	4.4 0.1 24	3.3 0.1 20	7.0 0.8 49	2.5 0.2 10	6.0 2.9 39	0.5	14.5 3.9 29	4.6 0.2 2 7 2
Ancylopsetta quadrocellata	0.7 0.1 4	1.5 0.1 8							0.5		• **	1.0 0.3 2	0.3 * 16
Citharichthys sp. (largely <u>spilopterus</u>)	1.0 0.1 6	0.7 * 4			1.0	78		0.3 *			0.5 0.2 1	0.5 0.1 1	0.3
Etropus crossotus	7.2 0.7 43	24.0 1.2 132	40.6 1.4 264	16.0 0.4 64	35.0 0.6 140	5.5 0.2 30	12.0 J.5 72	4.3 0.5 30	23.0 1.4 92	1.4 D.7 9	5.0 1.5 10	2.0 0.5 1	15.1 0.7 890
Paralichthys dentatus	1.2 0.1 7	3.6 0.2 20	2.8 0.1 18	5.0 0.1 20	4.0 0.1 16	. -		**		0.2 0.1 1	80 vF		1.4 0.1 84
Scophthalmus aquosus	0.3			4.0			••	es vid		vr =			* * 2
Trinectes maculatus		2.2 0.1 12	16.6 0.6 108	2.0	3.0 0.1 12	ö.7 ○.3 48	6.7 * 4	0.4 +		0.6 5.3		1.5	3.4 0.2 200
Symphurus sp. (largely plagiusa)	3.2 0.3 19	3.6 0.2 20	8.0 0.3 52	1.0	= 4	5.1 0.2 28		5+5 0.4 43	7.5 0.5 30	0.6 0.: 4			3.1 3.1 180
Echeneis naucrates											1.5 D.2 1		* * 1
Balistes sp.).6 * 4										0.1 + 4
Stephanolepis sp.		1.1 0.1 6	0.6 * 4		1.0 * 4		<i></i>				1.0 0.3 2		0.3 *
Acanthostracion (largely quadrisornis)			÷=								0.5),2 1	yer na	* * 1
Chilomycterus schoepfi						0.7 4 4		0.1					0.1 5
Porichthys porosissimus			1.8 0.1 12			0.4 * 2							0. = * 14
Ogcocephalus sp. (largely <u>vespertilio</u>)						3.7 * 4							=.1 * 4
Number of fish per hour of hauling, all species combined 1, Total number of fish			2,852.4 18,543	4,514.4 18,058	5,55 6.5 22,026	3,268.1 17,974	2,42J.3 14,522	861.4 6.032	1,609.7 6,440	207.0 1,345	331.0 663	372.0 ; 744	25,000.0 123,653

SEDAR24-RD57
Table 10.--Fish taken by trawling, Cape Canaveral Area, M/V Launch 58 1933-35, catch-per-unit-of-effort (75-foot shrimp trawl at 2-3 knots) for species representing two percent or more of total catch, by months for two years combined, for New Smyrna and Cape Canaveral stations combined [Upper figure, number of fish per hour of hauling; lower figure, percent of total catch; asterisk indicates value of less than 0.05]

Species	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	Total
SCIAENIDAE Stellifer lanceolatus	211.2	233.5 12.0	1,157.2 40.6	1,289.0 28.6	2,236.0 40.2	226.2 6.9	482.3 19.9	263.3 30.6	649.8 40.4	21.7		20.0	558.2 26.6
Micropogon undulatus	305.0 28.5	822.5 42.3	552.6 19.4	373.0 8.3	422.0 7.6	694.5 21.2	162.3 6.7	31.1 3.6	24.8 1.5	7.7 3.7	125.5 37.9	62.5 16.8	316.3 15.1
Cynoscion nothus	36.7 3.4	120.0 6.2	80.0 2.8	254.0 5.6	715.0 12.9	429.8 13.2	381.7 15.8	81.3 9.4	193.2 12.0	70.2 33.9	34.5 10.4	110.0 29.6	203.7 9.7
Leiostomus xanthurus	259.7 24.3	226.5 11.6	175.4 6.1	335.0 7.4	224.0 4.0	82.5 2.5	216.0 8.9	277.4 32.2	199.2 12.4	6.8 3.3	13.0 3.9	17.5 4.7	182.6 8.7
Menticirrhus spp.	40.0 3.7	66.9 3.4	273.8 9.6	680.0 15.1	377.0 6.8	43.6 1.3	188.3	50.3 5.8	127.0 7.9	2.0	3.0 0.9	2.0	150.3 7.2
Larimus fasciatus	1.3	8.0 0.4	12.9	48.0 1.1	227.0	64.0 2.0	53·3 2·2	23.4	34.5 2.1	5.1 2.5	23.0 6.9	25 .5 6 . 9	39.7 1.9
Total	853.9 79.8	1,477.4 75.9	2,251.9 79.0	2,979.0 66.1	4,201.0 75.6	1,540.6 47.1	1,483.9	726.8 84.3	1,228.5	113.5 54.9	199.0	23 7.5 63.9	1,450.8 69.2
CARANGIDAE Chloroscombrus chrysurus	81.2 7.6	52.4 2.7	172.9 6.1	608.0 13.5	358.0 6.4	1,182.5	468.3 19.3	4.9	23.0	38.8 18.7	80.0	65.0 17.5	266.9 12.7
<u>Vomer</u> <u>setapinnis</u>	0.5	1.5	17.2 0.6	507.0 11.2	273.5 4.9	149.8 4.6	65.7 2.7	10.1	35•5 2•2	2.9	1.0	5.0 1.3	79.8 3.8
Total	81.7 7.6	53.9 2.8	190.1 6.7	1,115.0 24.7	631.5	1,332.3	534.0 22.0	15.0 1.8	58.5 3.6	41.7 20.1	81.0 24.5	70.0 18.8	346.7 16.5
ARIIDAE Bagre marinus		0.7	1.2	51.0	292.0 5.3	92.4 2.8	203.0	6.3	27.5	0.8	0.5	1.5	55.5 2.6
Galeichthys felis	6.0 0.6	62.5 3.2	167.1 5.9	106.0	76.0 1.4	5.1 0.2	7.0 0.3		43.5 2.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	41.4
Total	6.0	63.2 3.2	168.3 5.9	157.0 3.4	368.0 6.7	97.5 3.0	210.0	6.3 0.7	71.0	1.6	1.0	2.0	96.9 4.6
SERRANIDAE Centropristis philadelphicus	73.8 6.9	173.8 8.9	77.2 2.7	76.0 1.7	61.0	49.8 1.5	21.0	2.4	24.5 1.5	1.8 0.9	12.5 3.8	5.0 1.3	51.0 2.4
Grand total	1,015.4	1,768.3	2,687.5 94.3	4,327.0	5,261.5	3,020.2	2,248.9	750.5 87.1	1,382.5 85.8	158.6 76.7	293.5 88.7	314.5 84.5	1,945.4

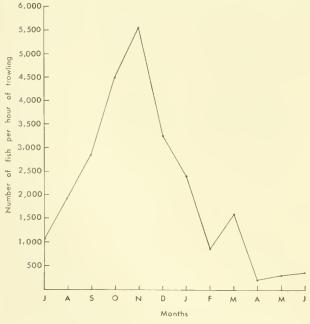


Figure 7.--Numbers of fish taken per hour of trawling incidental to shrimp fishing operations, Cape Canaveral Area, all species by month, for 2 years combined, and two stations combined. See table 9.

SCIAENIDAE - CROAKERS

1. Stellifer lanceolatus - Star Drum

This was the most abundant species taken incidental to shrimp trawling. It is a relatively small fish (maximum size about 6 inches), but the bulk of the fish in the catch are probably more nearly 3 inches. The species is not included in the commercial fishery landings and to the best of our knowledge is not utilized for human consumption. It probably is an important forage fish.

Micropogon undulatus - Croaker

The species is not of commercial importance in the Cape Canaveral Area, although it is of major importance in more northern sections of the Atlantic seaboard. Some of the larger specimens are saved and utilized as food. The species reaches a weight of several pounds and length of about 18 inches, but in the Cape Canaveral Area most specimens would be under 8 inches. It is also taken by sport fishermen in limited amounts.

3. Cynoscion nothus - White or Silver Sea Trout

This is the smallest member of the weakfish or sea trout group occurring on our Atlantic coast and seldom reaches a length of 12 inches. It is not included in the commercial landings, though larger specimens are saved and used for human consumption. Also, it is taken in quantity by sport fishermen.

4. Leiostomus xanthurus - Spot

This species ranks fifth in volume of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries. Specimens over 10 inches in length are seldom found, and most fish caught would not exceed 6 or 7 inches. Larger specimens are saved and used for human food. The species is also important to sport fishermen.

5. Menticirrhus spp. - King Whiting

King whiting ranks seventh of the Cape Canaveral Area fisheries, and much of the production is taken incidental to shrimp fishing operations. The species reaches a maximum weight of 2 to 3 pounds and about 14 to 16 inches in length. Most of the fish taken in the trawl fishery would weigh less than a pound and probably not average over one-half pound. The species is an excellent food fish and important in the sport fishery of the area.

6. Larimus fasciatus - Banded Croaker

This small species is not included in the commercial catch, nor is it important to sport fishermen. We believe it is seldom utilized for human consumption.

7. Chloroscombrus chrysurus - Bumper

This small fish does not enter the commercial landings, is not utilized for human consumption, and is not important to sport fishermen. It is probably an important forage fish.

CARANGIDA SEDAR24-RD57

8. Vomer setapinnis - Moonfish

This small fish does not enter the commercial landings, is not utilized for human consumption, and is not important to sport fishermen. It is probably an important forage fish.

ARIIDAE - SEA CATFISH

9. Bagre marinus - Gafftopsail Catfish

A few hundred pounds of this fish are landed each year, but the species is not of significant commercial importance. It is utilized for human consumption in very limited quantities. Some are taken by sport fishermen, but it is not a prized fish.

10. Galeichthys felis - Sea Catfish

This species has no commercial importance, is seldom utilized for human food, and is not sought by sport fishermen.

SERRANIDAE - SEA BASSES

11. Centropristis philadelphicus - Rock Sea

This small member of the sea bass group reaches a maximum size of about 12 inches, but most of the catch incidental to shrimp trawling is under 8 inches. The larger specimens are used for human consumption. This species is not significant either commercially or for the sport fishery.

FISH AND GENERAL INVERTEBRATE GROUPS TAKEN DURING EXPLORATORY FISHING

Limited explorations in the Cape Canaveral Area with trawling gear--in addition to that carried out during the 1933-35 shrimp studies--were accomplished in two general periods, 1940 and during 1957-63.

During January 1940 and again during March-April 1940 the Bureau of Fisheries M/V Pelican made a series of drags on the Continental Shelf utilizing a 10-foot trynet. These data are presented in table 11 for each of the periods and in two water depth categories (surface to 20 and 20 to 100 fathoms).

JANUARY

Considerably more fish were taken in surface to 20 fathoms than in 20 to 100 fathoms

(62 fish per hour of trawling compared to 15), and about 67 percent of the catch consisted of members of the family Sciaenidae (croakers). Spot (Leiostomus xanthurus) was the most abundant single species and represented about 47 percent of total catch in surface to 20 fathoms of water and 15 percent in 20 to 100 fathoms.

MARCH-APRIL

In this period over twice the number of fish was taken in 20 to 100 fathoms as in surface to 20 fathoms (65 fish per hour of trawling as compared to 31), reversing the condition found in January.

Table 11.--Fish taken by trawling, Cape Canaveral Area, M/V Pelican, 1940, catch-per-unit-of-effort by species, 10-foot trynet at 6 kmots
[Upper figure, number of fish per hour of hauling; lower figure, percent of total catch; asterisk indicates value of less than 0.05]

	Js	anuary 1940	1	Mar	ch-April 1	940		J	anuary 194	0	Ma	rch-April	1940
Species		Wat	er depth	in fatho	ns		Speciea		We	ater depth	in fatho	ns	
	0-20	20-100	0-100	0-20	20-100	0-100		0~20	20-100	0-100	0~20	20-100	0-100
Raja eglanteria				* 0.1		0.1	Leiostomus xanthurus	28.8 47.2	2.3 15.2	23.1 45.1	7.9 22.7	21.2	10.1 25.3
Dasyatis americans	0.7		0.6	0.1		0.1	Menticirrbus sp. (largely americanus	2.2 3.6		1.7 3.3	0.1		0.7
Brevoortia sp.				0.1		* 0.1	Micropogon undulatus	2.1 3.4	0.3	1.7 3.3	0.1	20.5 31.2	4.0 10.1
Anchoa sp.	0.1		0.1	7.4 21.4		6.2 15.7	Stellifer lanceolatus	0.9		0.7	0.1		0.1
Synodus foetens	4.6 7.6	5•3 34•8	4.8 9.3	1.0 2.9	2.5 3.8	1.3 3.2	Lagodon rhomboides	1.3		1.0	0.1	0.2	0.2
Trachinocephalus myops				* 0.1	0.2	0.1	Stenotomus sp.	0.2		0.1			
Galeichthys felis	3.9		3.1 6.0	0.1		0.1	Trichiurus lepturus	**			0.1		0.1
<u>Urophycis</u> sp.		1.7	0.4	0.3	3.0 4.6	0.6	Scomber colias					0.8	0.1
Hippocampus sp.		0.3	0.1	0.1		0.2	Scorpaena sp.	0.1		0.1	* 0.1	1.0	0.2
Syngnathus sp.				0.1		0.1	Prionotus sp.	0.5	1.3	0.7	0.9 2.7	0.2	0.8
Centropristis striatus	0.7	1.0	0.8	*	0.2	0.3	Peprilus alepidotus	0.5		0.4		**	
Centropristis philadelphicus	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.5	Poronotus triacanthus					0.2	0.1
Diplectrum formosum	0.3		0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	<u>Citharichthys</u> sp.	0.9		0.7	0.4	1.2	0.5
Pomatomus saltatrix				0.1		0.1	Etropus sp.	0.8		0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	3.2 5.2		2.5	2.9 8.4		2.4 6.1	Paralichthys dentatus	0.1		0.1	*	0.2	
Decapterus sp.		0.3	0.1	0.1	8.0	2.0 4.9	Syacium sp.		0.3	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1
Trachurus lathami	~ ~			0.1		0.1	Trinectes maculatus				0.1		0.1
Vomer setapinnis	0.9		0.1				Symphurue sp.	0.7		0.6	0.3		0.3
<u>Eucinostomus</u> sp.				0.1		0.1	Alutera schoepfii	0.3		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
Orthopristis chrysopterus	0.3		0.4	0.5		0.4	Acanthostracion sp.			0.1	0.1		0.1
<u>Bairdiella</u> chrysura	0.3		0.2	* 0.1		* 0.1	Opsanus sp.	0.2	0.3	0.1	,		*
Cynoscion nothus	3.3 5.4		2.6 5.0	5.3 15.1	0.2	4.4	Ogcocephalus sp.	0.2	10.9	1.0	0.1	1.2	0.1
Cynoscion regalis	0.3		0.2	0.4		0.4	Halieutichthys sp. Number of fish					1.9	0.5
Larimus fasciatus	3-1		2.4	2.1 6.0	3.0 4.6	2.2 5.6	per hour of hauling, all species combined	61.9	15.1	51.4	31.2	65.2	39.2

GENERAL

In surface to 20 fathoms of water the family Sciaenidae (croakers) represented about 50 percent of the number of fish captured, with spot (Leiostomus xanthurus) accounting for about 23 percent and white sea trout (Cynoscion nothus) about 15 percent. In 20 to 100 fathoms the Sciaenidae represented 68 percent of the number of fish taken, with spot (Leiostomus xanthurus) accounting for 32 percent and croaker (Micropogon undulatus) 31 percent.

Several exploratory fishing vessels operated by the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries during 1957-63 made limited trawling forays on the Continental Shelf in the Cape Canaveral Area. These were the M/V Combat, M/V Pelican, and M/V Silver Bay. In table 12 are the data on species of fish captured, by season and depth of water. These data are a valuable addition to our knowledge of the actual occurrence of species within the Cape Canaveral Area. At the end of the table are given occurrence of the more important invertebrate forms.

[Species arranged in phylogenetic order]

				t.to de	er d	0 = 6 %		Cat 1									Tio +	on d	epth	dn d	Co+h			
		0-2	20	WELL	er a	50 e bru	-100	180	IOMS	Om)	100				0-20	0	W SI LI	er u		100	i er otti		0-10	0
		Seas	ons			Se	ason	ıs		Sea	sons				Seaso	ons			Sea	son	8		Seas	ons
	H	9	Se .		5-4	1 50	l te		- En	100	84		Species	F-4	90	Li di		5-4 43	89	L d		5-e	100	\$40 60
Species	Winter	Spring	Sumer	П	Winter	Spring	Summer		Winter	Spring	umer	Э		Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring	Summer Fall
	¥	S	38	Fall	3	S	Su	Fall	1	Sp	28	Fall		3	S	8	E.	1 1 1	S,	Su	138	M	S	8 8
	T								-	-				$\overline{}$									-	
Galeus arae	35		_				X	X	7/		X	X	Stellifer lanceolatus	X								Х		1
Carcharias taurus Carcharhinus falciformis	X		-	-	X		-	-	X	-	-		Pseudupeneus maculatus	v				_	Х			-	X	
Carcharhinus milberti	-			-	X				X	1			SPARIDAE Lagodon rhomboides	X	-	-			 	Х		X		X
Negaprion brevirostris				X								X	Stenotomus chrysops	X			X	-	-		X	X		X
Squalus sp.	X	-		_	1		_	_	X				Kyphosus incisor							X				X
TORPEDINIDAE Torpedo nobiliana	X	-	-	Х	-	-	-	-	X	-		Х	Kyphosus sectatrix Chaetodipterus faber	X	-		X	-		X	v			X
Raja sp.	X	-		X	_	-		X	X	-	-	X	Trichiurus lepturus	X	-		X		-	\vdash	X	X		X
Raja eglanteria	Х								Х				Scomber colias	-			7.	X		Х		X		X
Dasyatis centroura	X	-		1		-	_	-	X		-		Scomberomorus cavalla	Х								X		
Dasyatis sayi Aetobatus narinari	X		-	X		-		-	X	-	-	X	Scomberomorus maculatus	X			X	- v			35	X	-	X
Myliobatic sp.	X							-	X	-	-		SCORPAENIDAE	- v			-	Х			X	X	-	Х
Rhinoptera bonasus	X				1				X				Pontinus sp	X	Х		Х		X	X	Х	X	Х	XX
CLUPEIDAE	Х							X	X	-		X	Scorpaena brasiliensis						X	Х	Х			XX
Hrevoortia smithi	V	-		X	-			-	-			X	Scorpaena calcarata							X	Х			XX
Brevoortia tyrannus	X		-	X	X	-	-		X			Х	TRIGLIDAE		-				X	v	v		X	X X
Etrumeus sadina Harengula pensacolae	X			X	A		-	-	X	-		X	Reliator sp.	-	-	-		_	X	Х	X	-	X	X X
Opisthonema oglinum	X	Х		Х					X	X		X	Bellator militaris Peristedion sp.	-	+			Х	^	41	X	Х	Α.	X
Sardinella sp.	1 37			7,0			X	X	-		Х	X	Prionotus sp.	X				X		X	X	Х		XX
Anchos sp.	X			X	-				X		-	X	Prionotus carolinus							X				X
Anchos hepsetus Synodus foetens	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Prionetus evolans							X	y	-		XXX
Synodus intermedius						X		-	-	X	-	- "	Prionotus pectoralis Prionotus roseus						X	A	Х		X	X
Trachinocephalus myops						Х		X		X		X	Astroscopus y-graecum	X					-			Х	-	
Chlorophthalmus sp.	v		_,	V	Х				X			7.5	Kathetostoma albigutta							Х	Х			XX
Bagre marinus Galeichthys felis	X	-		X		-			X	-		X	BROTULIDAE	17	-			X		35	76	X	75	35 36
OONGRIDAE	A				X				X	-		Α.	OPHIDIIDAE Lepophidium sp.	X			Х	-	Х	Х	X	X	X	XX
Ophichthus sp.	X			i					X				Ophidion holbrooki		X					Х	X	- /1	Х	
Ophichthus ocellatus	X			X					Х			Х	Otophidium grayı							Х				X
Merluccius sp.	-			-	Х	-	<u> </u>	X	X	-	-	X	Peprilus sp.	X								X		
Phycis sp. Urophycis sp.	-	-		-	Y			X	X	-		Х	Peprilus alepidotus	X	-		v	-	_	\square	v	X		v
Urophycis regius	X			1	X		X	X	X		Х	X	Peprilus paru [?] Poronotus triacanthus	X	-		X	X	-	Х	X	X	-	XX
Fistularia tabacaria						X	X	X		X	X	X	Sphyraena sp.	X			X	-	-		-11	X		X
Hippocempus sp.		X		X	25	L				X		X	Ancylopsetta sp.					Х				Х		
Polymixia lowei	-	-		-	X		-	X	X	-	-	X	Ancylopsetta quadrocellata		1		X							X
Anthias sp. Centropristis sp.	X			X	Α.	X		X	X	X	-	X	Bothus sp.	-	-		Х	X			Х			X
Centropristis ocyurus	X					X	Х		X	X	X		Citharichthys sp. Citharichthys arctifrons	-				- A	-		X	-		- X
Centropristis philadelphicus	X	X			X	X		Х	X	X		Х	Citharichthys macrops	Х								Х		
Centropristis striatus		X		X	Х		X	X	X	X	V	X	Etropus sp.	Х								Х		
Diplectrum sp. Diplectrum formosum	Х	X		X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Etropus crossotus	-	-		Х	v				v		X
Epinephelus niveatus	-				Х		-		X	-			Hippoglossina oblonga			-	X	A	-	-	X	A		X
Hemanthias sp.								X				Х	Paralichthys sp. Paralichthys albigutta	Х	_	-			-			X		
Serranus phoebe		-		-	-	-		X	-	-		Х	Paralichthys albigutta Paralichthys dentatus	X			35					X		- 17
Lobotes surinamensis Lutjanus blackfordii	A	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	-		-	Paralichthys lethostigma	X	-		Х	-	-	\vdash	v	X		X
Rhomboplites aurorubens					X		X	X	X		Х	Х	Paralichthys squamilentus Syscium sp.	X			X	X			X	X		X X
Pomatomus saltatrix	X			X				X	X			X	Poecilopsetta sp.	X			A				- ^	X		A.
Rachycentron canadum	Х								X				Gymnachirus nudus								Х			X
Caranx sp.	X			X			X		X		v	X	Symphurus sp.	X	X						X	X	X	X
Caranx crysos Caranx hippos				X			X			-	X	X	MONACANTHIDAE	X				-	-	X	X	X	-	X X
Caranx ruber							Х				X		Monacanthus sp. Stephanolepis hispidus				X			47	X	34		X
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	X			X					X			Х	Megurinos tracion [uguricornis		X								Х	
Decapterus sp.	-						76	X			v	X	Lactophrys trigonus	X	X		X				X	X	X	X
Decapterus punctatus	-	-			-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	Sphaeroldes sp.	X	-				-	X	X	X		XX
Selene vomer	X		-	X		-	- 1	A	X	-	- 1	X	Opsanus sp. Porichthys sp.	A	X			-			X	Λ.	X	X
Seriola dumerili							Х				Х		Antennarius radiosus								X			X
Trachinotus carolinus	Х			Х				X	X	72	25	X	Histrio histrio		-					X				X
Trachurus lathami	v			-		X	Х	X	-	X	X	X	Halieutichthys aculeatus	-			70	30	-	X	70	177	77	X
Vomer setapinnis Coryphaena hippurus	X	-		X				X	X			X	Ogcocephalus sp.		1		X.	X	X	X	X	X	X	AX
Eucinostomus sr.	X							16	X				Agemones or coral					Х			Х	X		X
Haemulon sp.	X			Х					X			Х	Starfish	X	Х	-	Х	X		Х	X	X	X	X X
Haemulon plumieri	X							Х	X			Х	Sand dollars or sea urchins	X	X		X					X	Х	12
Orthopristis chrysopterus	X								X		-	-	Sea cucumber						4		-	-	-	A
SCIAENIDAE Cynoscion sp.	X	Х		X	-	-	-		X	X		X	Misc. gastro ods Misc. bivalve mollusks	Y	Х		Y	Y	Х	x	x	X	X	XX
Cynoscion nebulosus	X	,,		-					X				Squid or octors	X			X X X X	X	^	X	X	X	A	XX
Cynoscion nothus	X								X				Stomatopod crustaceans	Х	X		X	X	Х	X X X	X	X	X	X X X X
Cynoscion regalis	X	X		X		V			X	X		X		X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	XX
Larimus fasciatus	X	X		Y		X		X	X	X	-	X	Misc. decapod crustacea Misc. invertebrates	X X X X	X X X		X	X X X X	X	X	X X X X X	X	X	X X
Leiostomus xanthurus Menticirrhus sp.	X	X		X		A		A	X	X			MISC. Invertebrates	V	Λ			A			A	Δ	Δ	A
Menticirrhus americanus	X			Х				Х	X			Х	Number of trawl stations	28	2		8	8	5	4	14	36	7	4 22
Menticirrhus saxatilis	Х			Х					X			Х											,	
Micropogon undulatus	X			X		X		Х	X	X	-	X												
Pogonias cromis	X			Х					X	1		Х		_		-		-						

ZOOPLANKTON ORGANISMS OF THE CAPE CANAVERAL SETUPAR24-RD57

Oblique and horizontal plankton tows were made routinely with half-meter nets on T. N. Gill cruises off the southeastern coast of the United States during 1953-54. Information gained to date from the zooplankton data and material from samples taken in the Cape Canaveral Area is given in tables 13-19 and figures 8-10. These data are extracts from Gill cruise reports (Anderson, Gehringer, and Cohen, 1956a and 1956b; Anderson and Gehringer, 1957a, 1957b, 1958a, 1958b, 1959a, 1959b, and 1960) and from a study of chaetognaths from Gill cruise samples (Pierce and Wass, 1962). Several of the organisms identified from these plankton samples and wet volumes of plankton are discussed in detail. Thomas E. Bowman, U.S. National Museum, furnished identifications of copepods in plankton samples from the first four T. N. Gill cruises.

WET VOLUMES OF PLANKTON

Wet volumes of plankton for individual samples ranged from 16 to 672 ml. per 1,000 m.³ of water strained (table 13). Average values, in ml. per 1,000 m.³ of water strained, for surface- to 20-fathom waters (146.3-328.2) were higher than those for 20- to 100-fathom

Table 13.--Wet volumes of plankton, ml. per 1000 m³ of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples (oblique or surface tow, half-meter net), <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises 1953-54, by depth of water and by season

[Individual values are volumes for separate samples]

		0-20 fat	homs	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	87 243 109	220 449 672 193 108 251	430 581 259 326 187 308 101 422 340	401 235 188 110 28 20
Total Average	439 146.3	1,893 315.5	2,954 328.2	982 163.7
		20-100 fa	thoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	111 222	168 188 270 114	216 335 203 483 318 252	16 128 114 151
Total Average	333 166.5	740 185.0	1,807	409 102.3
		0-100 f	athoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
0-20 fathoms 20-100 fathoms	439 333	1,893 740	2,954 1,807	982 409
Total No. of samples Average	772 5 154.4	2,633 10 263.3	4,761 15 317.4	1,391 10 139.1

waters (102.3-301.2), and spring and summer values (263.3-317.4) were approximately double those for the winter and fall (139.1-154.4). Summer values averaged higher than those for the other seasons (table 13 and fig. 8).

FISH EGGS

Numbers of fish eggs per 100 m.3 of water strained for individual samples ranged from to 9,784 (table 14). Average values, in numbers per 100 m.3 of water strained, in surface to 20 fathoms in the spring and summer (2,441.8 and 1,192.7) exceeded by roughly 15 to 100 times those in the fall and winter (23.2 and 84.0). In 20 to 100 fathoms, average winter, spring, and summer values were nearly equal (767.5, 677.8, and 792.5, respectively) and approximately one-third to onehalf the spring and summer values inshore (2,441.8 and 1,192.7) and were four to five times the values for the fall (143.2). Average values for the area as a whole in the spring and summer (1,736.2 and 1,032.6) were approximately 3 to 20 times those for the fall and winter (83.2 and 311.8), table 14 and figure 9.

Menhaden eggs were identified from plankton samples obtained during February on a winter Gill cruise, from 20 to 100 fathoms (Reintjes, 1961). Reintjes (1961) stated, "...menhaden spawn along the south Atlantic coast generally from December to February. Furthermore, the principal spawning areas may be limited to certain localities, namely, Cape Lookout and Cape Canaveral to Jupiter Inlet."

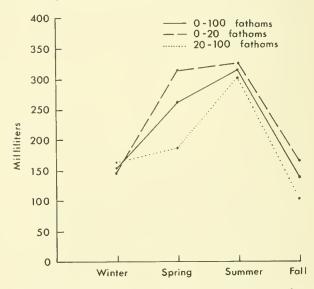


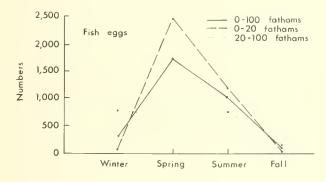
Figure 8.--Wet volumes of plankton, ml. per 1,000 m.³ of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples, <u>T. N. Gill</u> crulses 1953-54, average values by depth of water and by season.

Table 14.--Numbers of fish eggs per 100 m. 3 of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples (oblique or surface tow, half-meter net) T. N. Gill. cruises 1953-54, by depth of water and by season

[Individual values are counts for separate samples]

		0-20 f	athoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	7 21 138 170	656 2,806 9,784 596 529 280	150 2,222 846 85 280 1,998 2 98 5,053	7 6 54 26
Total Average	336 84.0	14,651 2,441.8	10,734	93 23.2
		20-100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	205 1,330	1,310 138 909 354	1,171 249 104 296 2,889 46	360 197 12
Total Average	1,535 767.5	2,711 677.8	4,755 792 .5	573 143.2
		0-100	fathoms	

	0-100 fathoms										
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall							
0-20 fathoms	336	14,651	10,734	93							
20-100 fathoms	1,535	2,711	4,755	57 3							
Total	1,871	17,362	15,489	666							
No. of samples	6	10	15	8							
Average	311.8	1,736.2	1,032.6	83.2							



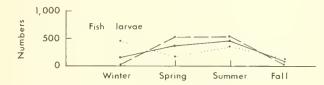


Figure 9,--Numbers of fish eggs and flsh larvae per 100 m.³ of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples, <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises 1953-54, average values by depth of water and by season.

SEDAR24-RD57 FISH LARVAE

Numbers of fish larvae per 100 m.3 of water strained ranged from 2 to 2,728 (table 15). Average values, in numbers per 100 m.3 of water strained, in surface to 20 fathoms for the spring and summer (529.0 and 564.8) were 13 to 33 times those for the winter and fall (16.5 and 41.0). In 20 to 100 fathoms, average winter and summer values (469.0 and 372.5) were about three to four times those in the spring and fall (170.0 and 131.0). Spring and summer values in surface to 20 fathoms (529.0 and 564.8) were one and one-half to three times those in 20 to 100 fathoms. Average values for the area as a whole in the spring and summer (385.4 and 487.9) were approximately three to five times those for the fall and winter (77.0 and 167.3) (table 15 and fig. 9).

Menhaden larvae were identified from samples obtained in February on one winter <u>Gill</u> cruise in the Cape Canaveral Area from surface to 20 fathoms and 20 to 100 fathoms (Reintjes, 1961).

COPEPODS

Numbers of copepods per 100 m.3 of water strained ranged from 960 to 89,720 (table 16). Average values in waters of surface to 20 fathoms were low in the spring (22,222) and increased through the summer (39,308) and fall (43,398) to a high in the winter (48,587). In 20 to 100 fathoms the low also occurred in the spring (18,227), but the high occurred in the summer (38,822). Average values for inshore and offshore were similar in the spring (22,222 and 18,227) and summer (39,308 and 38,822). Average inshore values for the winter and fall (48,587 and 43,398) approximately doubled those for offshore (24,960 and 22,355). For the area as a whole, similar high values (40,712 and 39,113) occurred in the winter and summer, a somewhat lower value (34,981) occurred in the fall, and the low (20,624) occurred in the spring (table 16 and fig. 10).

Species composition identifications by Thomas E. Bowman for one season (with but one sample for inshore during the winter) show 23 species inshore and 22 species offshore during the spring, 17 species inshore and 32 species offshore during the summer, and 11 species inshore and 14 species offshore during the fall. Offshore samples averaged 22 species for the three seasons and inshore samples averaged 17 species. Generally the greatest numbers of species occurred in areas of least numbers of specimens (tables 16 and 17).

Ten species were found in spring samples only, 11 in summer samples only, 1 in the fall only, and 3 in all four seasons. Fourteen

Table 15.-Numbers of fish larvae per 100 m.3 of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples (ohlique or surface tow, half-meter net), T. N. Gill cruises 1953-54, by depth of water and by season

[Individual values are counts for separate samples]

		0-20 f	athoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fa11
	2 38 17 9	55 128 2,728 87 27 149	923 409 426 454 106 1,229 184 1,140	20 4 9 209 2 2
Total Average	66 16.5	3,174 529.0	5,083 564.8	246 41.0
		20-100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fell.
	123 815	84 105 370 121	167 305 570 417 211 565	27 77 348 72
Total Average	938 469.0	680 170.0	2,235 372.5	524 131.0
		0=100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
0-20 fathoms 20-100 fathoms	66 938	3,174 680	5,083 2,235	246 524
Total No. of samples Average	1,004 6 167.3	3,854 10 385.4	7,318 15 487.9	770 10 77.0

Table 16.--Numbers of copepods per 100 m. 3 of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples (oblique or surface tow, half-meter net), <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises 1953-54, by depth of water and by season

[Individual values are counts for separate samples]

		0-20 f	athoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	1,000 89,720 52,020 51,610	31,360 6,250 35,050 3,080 7,460 50,130	77,810 79,090 12,760 21,440 23,400 42,540 1,480 46,890 48,360	46,710 56,510 40,280 74,530 960 41,400
Total Average	194,350 48,587	133,330	353,770 39,308	260,390 43,398
		20-100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
	17,350 32,570	17,840 7,400 23,170 24,500	64,400 42,400 31,420 24,240 40,870 29,600	7,240 56,840 11,620 13,720
Total Average	49,920 24,960	72,910 18,227	232,930 38,822	89,420 22,355
		0-100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
0-20 fathoms 20-100 fathoms	194,350 49,920	133,330 72,910	353,770 232,930	260,390 89,420
Total No. of samples Average	244,270 6 40,712	206,240 10 20,624	586,700 15 39,113	349,810 10 34,981

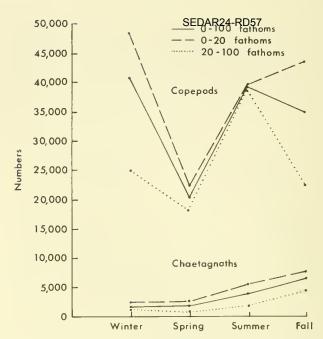


Figure 10.--Numbers of copepods and chaetognaths per 100 m.³ of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples, <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises 1953-54, average values by depth of water and season.

species occurred in all three seasons; spring, summer, and fall samples. Three species were found only in surface to 20 fathoms, and 16 species occurred only in 20 to 100 fathoms (table 17).

CHAETOGNATHS

Numbers of chaetognaths per 100 m.3 of water strained (table 18) ranged from 10 to 17,000. Average numbers for samples in surface to 20 fathoms increased from a low in the winter (2,237.5) through the spring (2,715.0) and summer (5,574.4) to a high in the fall (7,883.3). In 20 to 100 fathoms the low was in the spring (792.5), with the winter next (1,250.0), then the summer (1,868.3), and the high in the fall (4,150.0). Average spring and summer values in surface to 20 fathoms (2,715.0 and 5,574.4) were about three times those for 20 to 100 fathoms (792.5 and 1,868.3), and winter and fall values in surface to 20 fathoms (2,237.5 and 7,883.3) were a little less than twice those in 20 to 100 fathoms (1,250.0 and 4,150.0). For the area as a whole similar low average values (1,908.3 and 1,946.0) occurred in the winter and spring; the average value doubled in the summer (4,092.0); and by the fall the value was approximately three times (6,390.0) those of the winter and spring (table 18 and fig. 10).

Pierce and Wass (1962) presented their identifications and interpretations of occurrences of the adult forms of chaetognaths in plankton samples from <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises in

Table 17. -- Species of copepods identified from plankton samples in Cape Canaveral Area, <u>T. M. Gill</u> cruises 1-4, 1953, by season and depth of water

[Identifications by Thomas E. Bowman]

Species	Wint	er	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Spec occur wint onl	ring er						וו "	Spec occur al seas	ring 1 cons	Spec occur spri summ and f	ring ng er all	one on	rring lepth lv
	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fm6.	0-20 fms.	20-100 fms.
			х		x	х		x														
Acartia danae	X		X		X	Λ.	X	X	-		-				-		X	-				_
Acartia tonsa	Α		Λ			1/2	A	Λ_				-	X	Х	-	-	_^_	-		-		\vdash
Acrocalanus andersoni	_			v	X	X	-	-				-	A	Λ.		-		-			_	
Acrocalanus longicornis	75	-	Х	X	X	X	Х	Х	-	-		_	-	-	-	-	X			-	-	
Calanopia americana	X		X	20	X	Х	A	Α	_							-				_		
Calanus minor			A	X	Α	Λ		-		-		X				-	-	+		-		Х
Calanus robustior		-	-	Х		Х			-			Λ	-	Х		-						X
Calanus tenuicornis		-				V		X					-	V		X	-				-	X
Calocalanus gracilis			v	X	v	Х		Λ			-		-	-	-	Λ	-					Α
Calocalanus pavo			Х	A	X	X	-	-			-		-	Х	-	-	-			_		Х
Calocalanus plumulosus				-				-		-		_	-	X	-		-					X
Calocalanus styliremis						X						_	-	A	-	-		-		-		Λ
Candacia sp. (juvenile)			Х	35	-	Χ		X	-			Х	-	-			-	-		-		Х
Candacia pachydactyla			76	Х	17	36	1/	35	-		-	Α				-			Х	Х		^_
Centropages furcatus			Х	Χ	X	X	X	Х	-	-		- 10	-		-	-		-	Λ	Α		Х
Centropages violaceous				Х		37		35				X			-					-		X
Clausocalanus arcuicornis major			30			X		X		-			-		-	-						Α
Clausocalanus arcuicornis minor		-	X			X		7.5	-			-		-	-	-		-	X	v		-
Clausocalanus furcatus		-	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	-	-	16					-				X	Х	-
Ctenocalanus vanus			Х			3.5	-		-	-	Х		-	Х			-		-	-	Λ.	Х
Euaetidius giesbrechti	-	-				X		-					-	Α	-	-	-	-		-		Α
Eucalanus attenuatus	-	-	Х	Х	-				-		-	-		~	-			-		-		Х
Eucalanus crassus	-		-			X			-					Х	-	-	-			-		Λ
Eucalanus elongatus			Х	X				-			Х	Х				-	-	-		-		\vdash
Bucalanus pileatus			Х	X	X	X	X	Х								-	1		X	X		
Eucalanus subtenuis						Х								Х		-	-			-		Х
Euchaeta marina				X		X		X										-		Х		χ
Labidocera sp.			Х					_			Х					-		-		-	X	\vdash
Labidocera aestiva	X		Х	Х	Х	X	X								-		Х					-
Lucicutia flavicornis			Х		-	X									-	-	-	-		-		
Lucicutia ovalis						X	-				-			Х	-	-	-			-		Y Y
Mecynocera clausi		-				X								X				-	7.5		_	A
Paracalanus aculeatus			Х	X	X	X	Х	X								-	-		_X	X	-	
Paracalanus crassirostris					X		X	Х							-				24	35	-	-
Paracalanus parvus			X	X	X	Х	Х	X										-	X	Х		
Pleuromarma abdominalis			Х	X					-		Х	X	_			-	-	-				1
Pleuromarma gracilis						X			-					Х	-	-	-					X
Pontellina plumata				Х		-		-				X	-		-		-	-				Λ
Rhincalanus cornutus			Х	Х		X				-							-	-		1		
Scolecithrix danae		-	Х	X		X		-	7.0				-				_	-			v	
Temora sp. (juvenile)	X								X						-		-	-	35		Х	
Temora stylifer			Х	X	X	X	X		-				-		-			-	X	30	-	
Temora turbinata			Х	Х	X	X	Х	X							-				X	Х		
Undinula vulgaris				X	X	X							1									L

Table 18.--Numbers of chaetognaths per 100 m.³ of water, Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, from plankton samples (oblique or surface tow, half-meter net), <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises 1953-54, by depth of water and by season

[Individual values are counts for separate samples]

	[Individual values are		-	esj
	Winter	0-20 j Spring	fathoms Summer	Fall
	10 100 4,970 3,870	1,76u 640 1,740 570 2,750 8,830	6,380 2,130 4,780 14,180 10,310 2,870 2,720 2,000 4,800	14,540 5,680 4,500 17,000 1,110 6,470
Total Average	8,950 2,237.5	16,290 2,715.0	50,170 5,574.4	47,300 7,883.3
		20-100	fathoms	
	Winter 1,180 1,320	<u>Spring</u> 900 960 720 590	650 3,723 1,180 1,51 2,780 1,370	Fall 5,800 3,030 4,460 5,310
Total Average	2,500 1,250.0	3,170 792.5	11,210	16,600 4,150.0
		0-100	fathoms	
	Winter	Spring	Summer	Fall
0-20 fathoms 20-100 fathoms	8,950 2,500	16,290 3,170	50,170 11,210	47,300 16,600
Total No. of samples Average	11,450 6 1,908.3	19,460 10 1,946.0	61,380 15 4,092.0	63,900 10 6,390.0

1953 and 1954. Their data which are pertinent to the Cape Canaveral Area are given in table 19 and presented in the discussions concerning individual species as follows.

Of the 12 species discussed by Pierce and Wass, 9 occurred in both surface to 20 and 20 to 100 fathoms, 1 occurred only in 20 to 100 fathoms, 6 most abundantly in 20 to 100 fathoms, and 2 most abundantly in surface to 20 fathoms.

Sagitta enflata, the most abundant and widely distributed chaetognath on the south Atlantic coast (optimum conditions appear to be close to the 20-fathom curve, near the coast and farther offshore the numbers diminish), was most abundant in the Cape Canaveral Area in waters 20 to 100 fathoms.

Sagitta tenuis, most abundant inshore, diminishes rapidly beyond the 10-fathom curve and almost disappears in the Florida Current.

Sagitta helenae, typically a Continental Shelf species along the south Atlantic coast, appeared in approximately equal numbers in Table 19. -- Theotographs per 100 m. of water, from plankton samples, Cape Canaveral Area, I. N. Gill cruises 1953-54, by species, by individual sampling station, by depth of water

[Data are extracts from Pierce and Wass (1962)]

	0	-20 fath	OES	20-100	fathons
Species	R	eg. Sta.	No.	Reg. S	ta. No.
	11	12	13	10	14
Segitte enflate	(3)	(3)	3		
Sezitta tenuis	0	0	0	0	9
Sagitta helenae	0	(3)			0
Seritta serratodentata	\oplus	0	\oplus	0	(1)
Segitte hispids			0	\oplus	0
Segitta minima	0	0	\oplus	0	(2)
Sesitta bitunotata		\oplus	0	0	(2)
Sacitta hexaptera	0	0		\oplus	\oplus
Krohnitta pacifica	\oplus	\oplus	\oplus	0	3
Pterosasitua draco	0	\oplus	0	(3)	0
= per cubic meter					
= <0.1					
= v.1 to 0.9					
= 1.0 to 3.0					
= :-3					

both surface to 20 fathoms and 20 to 100 fathoms off Cape Canaveral.

Sagitta serratodentata, an open ocean species widely distributed over the Continental Shelf, and noticeably absent from most Gill stations bordering the coast, appeared in greater

SEDAR24-RD57

bordering the coast, appeared in greater numbers in 20 to 100 fathoms than in surface to 20 fathoms.

Sagitta hispida, limited to Gill stations nearest the coast, was more abundant at the surface to 20-fathom stations off Cape Canaveral than any other stations along the

south Atlantic coast.

Sagitta minima occurred in maximum abundance along the edge of the Continental Shelf, with only a trace at one station in surface to 20 fathoms.

Sagitta bipunctata, seldom abundant but widely distributed over the outer portion of the shelf and across the Florida Current, is taken consistently in offshore waters.

Sagitta hexaptera, taken occasionally over the outer edge of the shelf, but principally in the Florida Current, appeared in low numbers in 20 to 100 fathoms off Cape Canaveral.

Krohnitta pacifica, never abundant, but widespread from the coast across the Florida Current, appeared in all samples in the Cape Canaveral Area but most abundantly in 20 to 100 fathoms.

Pterosagitta draco, widely distributed, from every Gill station beyond the 10-fathom curve along the south Atlantic coast, appeared in one Cape Canaveral sample inside the 20-fathom curve but in all samples from 20 to 100 fathoms.

Two species identified from <u>T. N. Gill</u> samples off the southeastern coast of the United States, <u>Sagitta lyra</u> and <u>Krohnitta subtilis</u>, did not occur in the samples from the Cape Canaveral Area.

The numbers and species of fishes taken by dip net at the surface in the Cape Canaveral Area during the <u>T. N. Gill</u> cruises in 1953-54 are given in table 20. The specimens of dolphin

Table 20.--Numbers and species of fishes taken by dip net at surface on Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, 2. N. 2111 cruises 1953-54

Species	D	ste			ation W. Long.	in f	iepth athoms
		_		Ale Adave	. W. LOUIG.		21-100
MONACANIHIDAE	0-4	9.3.	1051	009.201	0.00.001	-	
Stephanolepis hispidus Do.	Oct.	124,	1953	29° 001	80°32° 80°10°	1	32
Do.	Sept.			29*00*	8c°321	6	3<
ATHERINIDAE							
Membras martinica	Feb.	18,	1953	28*201	80°331	5	
BELONIDAE							
Strongglura acus	July		1953	29° 30°	80°32°	1	
Do.	Oct.		1953	29° 001	80°10'		5
Do. Ablennes hians	Sept. Oct.	13,	1954	29*00*	80°10'		1 3
AUTHURS HAUR	000.	14,	1773	29 00	00 10		2
CARANGEDAE	Apr.	07	195h	28*20#	80*10#		2
Caranx bartholomaei Caranx ruber	Apr.		195		80*10*		1 2
		,	-,,	-,			_
LUFFIDAE Etrumeus sadina	June	O.F.	205	29°001	80*10*		
Opisthonema oglinum	Sept.			28*41:	80°251	2	
	0-500		-//			_	
CORYPHAENIDAE		07	2051	20101	65°10°		1
Coryphaena hippurus	Apr.	<1,	1954		CO. TO.		Т
EXOCOETIDAE				-00	0-0		
Parexocoetus brachypterus Do.	July Oct.	27,	1953 1953	28"20"	80°10'		1 93
Do.	Feb.	24,	1951	59° 00°			23
Do.	Apr.		1954	28*201	80*10*		1
Do.	June	25,	1954	29° 001	80°32°	~	
Do.	June		1954	29° 00°	80*32*		
Do.	Sept. Oct.	15,	1954	29°001 29°001	80°321 80°101	-	1
Progniththys gibbifrons Cypselurus heterurus	Peb.	, P	1953 1954	29°001	81,101		-
25.	June			29° 001	00°32°		_
EMIRAMPHIDAE							
Hyporhamphus unifasciatus	July	27,	1953	28"10"		1	
20.	Oct.		1953	±9° 301	80°32	-	
Do.	Nov.	17,	195-	29°301	81°32° 80°10°	-	1
Hemiramphus belao	Oct. June		1954	29 001	80° 32°	1	-
Hemirarphus brasiliensis	Oct.	34.	1953	29° 001	61°10°		
Do.	Sept.	12,	1954	25*41	80°25"	1	
WGHLIDAE							
Mugil curens	Apr.	25,	1953	29°001	801551	1	
MILLIDAE							
	Apr.		1953	29°001	501331	10	
	Apr.	27,	1955	28°201	80°10"		3
Pseudupeneus maculatus	Apr.	511	1954	20.21	OC. T.		3
XIPHIIDAE							
Xiphias gladius	Apr.	27,	1954	28°20"	80,19		1
Total						-8	181

(Coryphaena hippurus), swordfish (Xiphias gladius), and silver mullet Mugil curema) are larvae or early stage juveniles. Specimens of the other species are juvenile or adults. All species listed occur commonly in the surface waters off the south Atlantic coast of the United States.

In table 21 are given the fish taken by surface trolling over the Continental Shelf off the Cape Canaveral Area during cruises of the \underline{T} . \underline{N} . \underline{Gill} in 1953 and 1954. These wahoo, dolphin, little tuna, and king mackerel are all pelagic fish common to the area.

Table 21.—Numbers and species of fishes taken by trolling at surface on Continental Shelf off Cape Canaveral Area, T. N. Gill cruises 1953-54

Species	Late	Location N. Let. W. Long.	Water d in fat 0-20 2	coms
Acenthocybir solanderi	Apr. 27, 195h	28*34* 80*22*	1	
Coryphaena hippurus Do.	Apr. 24, 1953 Apr. 27, 1954	28°20' 179°53' 29°01' 80°02'		1
Buthynnus alletteratus Do. Do.	Feb. 11, 1953 Feb. 11, 1953 Feb. 11, 1953	28°35' 80°10' 28°30' 80°05' 28°28' 80°03'		2
Do. Do. Do. Do.	Feb. 19, 1953 Feb. 19, 1953 Feb. 19, 1953 Feb. 19, 1953	28°48' 80°27' 28°57' 80°03' 28°59' 80°31' 29°02' 80°31'	1	-
Do. Do. De.	Peb. 19, 1953 Peb. 19, 1953 Apr. 27, 195 ¹	29°07' 80°34' 29°10' 80°35' 29°30' 80°12' 28°21' 80°17'	1	
Do. Do. Do.	June 24, 1954 June 24, 1954 Aug. 28, 1954 Aug. 28, 1951	28°21' 60°18' 29°07' 80°25' 29°05' 80°24'	1 1 1	
De. Do.	Aug. 28, 1954 Aug. 28, 1954 Aug. 28, 1954	28°50' 80°20' 28°32' 80°16' 28°14' 80°14'	1 2 1	
Scomberomorus cavalla Do. Do.	July 27, 1953 Aug. 28, 1951 Hov. 17, 1951	28°47° 60°29° 28°36° 60°17° 28°38° 80°22°	1 1 1	
Total			17	

RECREATIONAL FISHERY OF THE CAPE CANAVERAL ARESEDAR24-RD57

With the increase in population accompanying the expansion of the activities of Cape Canaveral Missile Base during the past several years, there has been an increase in the use of the natural bodies of water for recreational purposes. The most important use is for fishing. The most recent sport fishery survey including material on the Cape Canaveral Area was conducted in 1955 and 1956 by Ellis, Rosen, and Moffett (1958). The present study was designed to evaluate the current status of this fishery.

A general survey trip was made into the Cape Canaveral Area in January 1963 to familiarize personnel with the physiographical features of the area; to obtain information on the locations of fish camps, fishing piers, fishing bridges, and other facilities and sites where the sports fishery is pursued and where catches might be sampled; and to find out where and when people fished, what baits they used, and what species they caught. Much of the information obtained came from the operators of marinas, fish camps, bait ships, and party and charter boats.

Through the information gained during the trip in January, a system of interviews with fishermen and camp operators was established, to be pursued on 4 consecutive days each month, one weekend and the following 2 weekdays. By the end of the February trip the procedures had been established for the best use of time and personnel. Additional surveys were made during the Fourth of July and Labor Day weekends to determine the effect these particular days might have on the total fishery.

The Cape Canaveral Area was divided into a Southern Section and a Northern Section because of differences in the fisheries themselves between the two sections and because there appeared to be a natural break in physiographical features. From March through June a four- to seven-man crew divided its time equally between the Northern and Southern sections. Beginning on the weekend of July 4, and continuing thereafter, the crew split into two teams, each sampling one section exclusively.

Figures 11 and 12 and table 22 show locations in the Cape Canaveral Area where the sport fishery was sampled. Numerals in squares refer to bridges and causeway locations; numerals in triangles refer to piers, both in the river and on the ocean; numerals in circles refer to fish camps where the rental boat fishery was sampled, and where some bank fishery sampling occurred; numerals in rectangles refer to surf fishery sampling locations; and numerals in hexagons refer to locations from where charter boats operate and where this fishery was sampled. Locations of other areas or facilities where

bank fishing was sampled are designated in the descriptions of sampling locations for the Northern Section. See table 22 for a list of the sampling locations by numeral and symbol.

Location number 17, Sunglow Ocean Fishing Pier; 47, Timmons Fishing Camp; and 48, Inlet Harbor Fish Camp were not sampled during our field survey in 1963. Data pertinent to our studies were extracted from records maintained by these facilities. We are particularly indebted to the following who made records available to us: Gary Bennett, Cocoa; A Williams, Turtle Mound Fish Camps; V. R. Hall, publisher of the newspaper "Day by Day," Daytona Beach; publishers of the newspaper "Pelican," New Smyrna Beach; and Redwood Wharton, Inlet Harbor.

Our interview questions for fishermen included number of fishermen in party, length of time party had been fishing at that particular site that day, and what species of fish and how many of each had been caught. Length and weight estimates of fish were recorded if they were made.

Beginning in March, serially numbered cards in return-addressed envelopes were distributed to fishermen who hadn't completed fishing

Table 22.--List of sampling locations shown on figures 11 and 12, where the

10014 50		fishery of the Cape Canaveral Area was sampled in 1963
Symbol	No.	Pacility site
		Bridges and causeways
Square	1	Bridges and causeway between Melbourne and Indialantic.
Do.		Bridges and causeway between Eau Callie and Canova Beach.
P_{O} .		Mathers Bridge.
Do.	Ĺ.	Bridges and causeway between Cocoa and Cocoa Beach.
Dc.	5	Titusville Bridge and Causeway on Plorida State Highway
		No. 402.
Do.	ь	Bridge at 5th Street at New Smyrna Beach.
Do.	7	South Causeway Bridge at New Smyrna Beach.
Do.	8	Callalisa Creek Bridge,
Do.	9	North Causeway Bridge at New Smyrna Beach.
Do.	10	Bridge on Quay Brenta at New Smyrma Beach.
Do.	11	Bridge on North Causeway at New Emyrna City Docks.
		Pier:
Triangle		Patrick Air Force Base.
Do.	13	Canaveral Pier.
Do.	14	Titusville Pier.
Do.	15 16	Edgewater City fishing and launch site.
Do.	16	Edgewater City fishing and launch site. North Causeway Pier near base of North Causeway Bridge.
Do.		Sungl v Ucean Pishing Pier.
		Pish camps
Circle Do.	19	Mathers Bridge Fish Camp.
Do.	20	Marina at Fatrick Air Force Base.
Do.	21	Gocoa Beach Fish Camp.
Do.	51	Barge Canal Fish Camp. Titusville Marine and Correct Craft Basin.
Do.	22 23 24	J and J Fish Camp.
Do.	20	Pirtles Fish Camp.
Do.	25	Bairs Cove Fish Camp.
Dc.	26	Allenhurst Fish Camp.
Dc.	27	Indian Bead Fish Camp.
Do.	27 28	Beacon 42 Fish Camp.
Do.	29	Le Fils Fish Camp.
Do.		Lopez Fish Camp.
Do.		Bisset Bay Fish Camp.
Do.	32	Turtle Mound No. 2 Fish Camp.
Do.	33	Al Jo Fish Camp.
Do.	32 33 34	El Dora Fish Camp.
Do.	35	Jones Pish Camp.
Do.	36	Turtle Mound No. 1 (Old Turtle Mound) Fish Camp.
Do.	37 38	Joes Fish Camp. Godfreys Fish Camp.
Do.	38	Godfreys Fish Camp.
Do.	39	Dicks Fish Camp.
Do.	40	South Causeway Fish Camp.
Do.	41	North Riverside Bait Fish Camp.
		Surf fishing areas
Rectangle	40	Port Canaveral (South of S. Jetty to Canaveral Fier).
Du 4	43	Ocean beach (3.5 miles north of Bethune Beach to
		opposite Turtle Mound No. 2).
Do.	1,1,	Ponce de Leon Inlet mouth at Coast Guard Station.
		Charter boat locations
Bexagon	45	Port Canaveral.
De,	46	New Smyrna City Dock,
Do.	47	Timmons Fishing Camp.
Do.	48	Inlet Harbor Fish Camp.

at the time of the interview and who indicated willingness to furnish end-of-day information on the hours fished and fish caught. During March-October, 4,643 cards were handed out and 1,268 or about 28 percent were returned. Data on the returned cards were added to the information obtained at the time of the interview, on the respective field interview sheets.

In an attempt to establish the ratio of rental boats fishing to all boats fishing (which we might use to project the catch of the private boat fishery from our sampling of rental boat fishery), flights were made on I weekend day and I weekday in February, April, July, and October, during which observers counted the number of boats fishing in the entire Cape Canaveral Area. Concurrently, ground observers made counts of rental boats out of fishing camps. It was impossible to sample the private boat fishery with the time and personnel available because of the hundred of docks and other private launch sites. Estimates based on aerial-ground survey ratios and our sample of the fish camp rental boats are believed to be representative of the catches by private boat fishermen.

Table 64 lists scientific and common names of all species of fish referenced in this report.

DESCRIPTION OF SOUTHERN SECTION AND ITS FISHERY

The Southern Section, located in Brevard County, extends from Cape Canaveral south to Melbourne (fig. 11). The distance from Cape Canaveral to Melbourne is approximately 26 air miles. Included in this section are: The causeways and bridges between Melbourne and Indialantic, between Eau Gallie and Canova Beach, and between Cocoa and Cocoa Beach, and Mathers Bridge; Canaveral and Patrick Air Force Base ocean piers; Port Canaveral, marina at Patrick Air Force Base; and Barge Canal, Cocoa Beach, and Mathers Bridge fish camps.

Fishing is pursued in the Indian and Banana Rivers, Sykes Creek, Newfound Harbor, Barge Canal, Port Canaveral Harbor, and the ocean (piers, surf, and boats). The causeways and Mathers Bridge are used both day and night, whereas fishing in the other areas is generally limited to the daylight hours. There are several public boat launching sites available, but those most frequently used are on the causeways, at Port Canaveral Harbor, and at Barge Canal Fish Camp. About 40 boats are available for rent from fish camps. Table 22 and figure 11 show locations of these facilities.

Three distinct types of fishing are available at Port Canaveral Harbor: Bank fishing, private boats, and party boats. The bank fishermen have three areas available: (1) Surf, the south jetty and the main ship channel, (2) boat docking areas on the south side of Port Canaveral,

and (3) the turning basing AR242RDB7 site for private boats is available at the southwestern end of the main ship channel. Weather permitting, this facility is used heavily. Private boat fishing from the launch site at Port Canaveral is divided into two units: (1) Inside -the turning basin, main ship channel, north side of the channel, and off the north jetty and (2) ocean waters. Four party boats operate out of Port Canaveral. Weather and number of passengers determine the amount of time these boats are out. Usually boats leave the dock at 8 a.m. and return at 5 p.m. Each boat can accommodate about 50 people. The fishing area covered by the party boats in the Atlantic Ocean extends from north of Cape Canaveral south to about Indialantic. The preferred areas, as reported by boat operators, are about 25 miles east of Port Canaveral and 20 miles east of the Eau Gallie-Melbourne area.

Ocean fishing is done from Canaveral and Patrick Air Force Base ocean piers, from party and private boats out of Port Canaveral, and in the surf. Pier fishing is primarily for bottomfish, and party and private boat fishing is for either bottom or pelagic forms. There is little surf fishing in the Southern Section. Shrimp (live and dead), cut mullet, artificial lures, and squid are the baits most commonly used.

The majority of the inside fishing is done from causeways: Melbourne-Indialantic, Eau Gallie-Canova Beach, and Cocoa-Cocoa Beach, and from Mathers Bridge. There are numerous small private piers on the easternand western shores of the Banana River in the proximity of Mathers Bridge. These private piers are used mainly in the warmer months. Some fishing is done by wading in the shallow river flats. In warm weather a great amount of fishing occurs on the causeways and Mathers Bridge at night. There is little or no night fishing at Port Canaveral Harbor, and the two ocean piers are closed by about 11 p.m. Most people fishing from boats in the rivers finish by dark, but on several warm, calm nights some boat fishing was observed.

The major species sought by the oceanfishermen are bluefish, mackerel, and red snapper. Black sea bass, dolphin, grouper, bonito, cabio, other snappers, triggerfish, black drum, sheepshead, porgies, grunt, croaker, whiting, sea catfish, and black margate are also caught.

The major species sought by the river and Port Canaveral Harbor fishermen are spotted sea trout, red and black drum, bluefish, and sheepshead. Sea catfish, puffers, yellowtail, pigfish, croaker, whiting, pinfish, mangrove snapper, spadefish, and flounder are also caught.

Skin and scuba divers have been observed spear fishing around the jetties at Port Canaveral, the channel buoys, and the old Canaveral Pier.

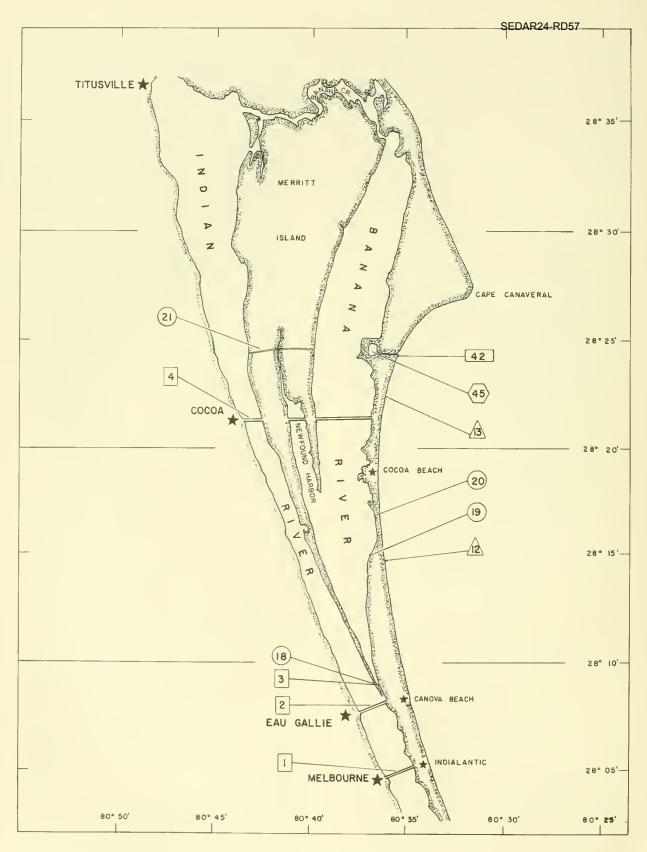


Figure 11.--Cape Canaveral Area, Southern Section. Symbols and enclosed numerals refer to locations where sport fishery catch was sampled in 1963 (see table 22 for list of locations by number and symbol).

Much shrimping was observed at night, generally from the bridges, from April to July, with the bulk of it completed by late July. During April and May the ratio of fishermen after shrimp to those after fish was as high as three to one. A gasoline lantern (Coleman type) is used to attract the shrimp which are dip netted as they move into the lighted area. The quantity of shrimp taken during this period is not known, but from the amount of shrimping done in April and May and from personal conversations with

the shrimpers, indicat SEDAR24RD57 considerable numbers are taken. A large amount of crabbing is done from July to September. Crabbers also use a Coleman-type lantern for attraction. The numbers of crabs taken in this manner are unknown, but several crabbers were seen with one-half bushel or more during some of the interview periods. The night light is also used by fishermen to attract fish, especially spotted sea trout.

Table 23.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Southern Section, bridges and causeways combined; March-October 1963, numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species, by month

Species	Ma	ırch	Ar	ril	Ma	ly	Ju	ne	Ju	ly
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	395	592	5,811	8,716						
Catfish	12,400	12,400	754	754	7,862	7,722	1,653	1,653	10,924	10,738
Croaker					278	139	71	35	1,147	573
Drum, black	1,576	21,670			1,140	15,675	165	2,269	116	1,595
Drum, red					·		464	928	113	226
Flounders										
Grunts			***				390	195	331	165
Jack, crevalle	525	787			278	417			86	129
King whiting	5,482	4,111	174	130	2,131	1,598	7,043	5,282	5,655	4,241
Mullet					131	131			584	584
Pigfish			1,324	331	7,563	1,891	263	66	119	30
Pinfish	3,129	782	3,561	890	8,285	2,071	8,037	2,009	13,711	3,428
Pompano					1,159	579			327	163
Puffers	29,218	14,609	18,098	9,049	35,564	17,782	9,836	4,918	12,243	6,121
Rays	395	395			104	104	1 43	143	227	227
Sea trout, spotted	22,087	38,652	30,804	53,907	32,838	57,466	4,670	8,172	10,191	17,834
Sea trout, other	27,798	27,798	19,170	19,170	10,961	10,961	9,680	9,680	18,272	18,272
Sharks							71	248	29	101
Sheepshead	3,127	3,909	3,487	4,359	1,466	1,832	3,824	4,780	3,414	4,267
Snapper, mangrove					655	327	645	322	304	152
Spadefish					187	93	544	272	875	437
Spot					187	93	2,388	1,194	86	43
Tenpounder	251	251	281	281	589	589			213	213
Yellowtail	13,042	3,260	3,957	989	3,627	907	6,977	1,744	6,893	1,723
Unclassified fish	777	194	16,660	4,165	4,596	1,149	3,696	924	2,785	696
Total	120,202	129,410	104,081	102,741	119,601	121,526	60,560	44,834	88,645	71,958

Species	Au	gust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	61	92					6,267	9,400
Catfish	11,611	11,466	18,490	17,975	1,814	1,771	65,508	64,479
Croaker	1,031	515	1,459	729	2,267	1,133	6,253	3,124
Drum, black	647	8,896	690	9,487	348	4,785	4,682	64,377
Drum, red	28	56	181	362			786	1,572
Flounders	69	86					69	86
Grunts	629	314	479	239	116	58	1,945	
Jack, crevalle	826	1,239	435	652			2,150	3,224
King whiting	11,830	8,872	10,800	8,100	4,091	3,068	47,206	35,402
Mullet	4,236	4,236	1,495	1,495	748	748	7,194	7,194
Pigfish	1,379	345	4,392	1,098	1,148	287	16,188	
Pinfish	14,001	3,500	26,645	6,661	13,207	3,302	90,576	22,643
Pompano	97	48					1,583	790
Puffers	7,406	3,703	37,473	18,736	5,330	2,665	155,168	
Rays	181	181	650	650	57	57	1,757	1,757
Sea trout, spotted	5,428	9,499	8,749	15,311	5,467	9,567	120,234	210,408
Sea trout, other	19,077	19,077	24,250	24,250	27,588	27,588	156,796	156,796
Sharks			1 /	- 0-1			100	349
Sheepshead	3,436	4,295	4,651	5,814	2,324	2,905	25,729	32,161
Snapper, mangrove	367	183	545	272		1.00	2,516	1,256
Spadefish	1,441	720	2,822	1,411	963	481	6,832	3,414
Spot	158	79	1,915	957	544	122	4,978	
Tenpounder	689	689	786	786		(=(2,809	
Yellowtail	9,714	2,428	13,014	3,253	2,626		59,850	
Unclassified fish	2,628	657	8,673	2,168	3,064	766	42,879	10,719
Total	96,970	81,176	168,594	120,406	71,402	59,959	830,055	732,010

Table 24.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Southern Section, bridges SEDAR24-RD57combined; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species

Species	Sp	ring	Su	mmer	Fa	ונ	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	6,206	9,308	61	92			6,267	9,400
Catfish	21,016	20,876	24,188	23,857	30,456	29,619	75,660	74,352
Croaker	278	139	2,249	1,123	5,589	2,793	8,116	4,055
Drum, black	2,716	37,345	928	12,760	1,557	21,408	5,201	71,513
Drum, red			605	1,210	272	543	877	1,753
Flounders			69	86			69	86
Grunts			1,350	674	892	446	2,242	1,120
Jack, crevalle	803	1,204	912	1,368	652	978	2,367	3,550
King whiting	7,787	5,839	24,528	18,395	22,336	16,752	54,651	40,986
Mullet	131	131	4,820	4,820	3,364	3,364	8,315	8,315
Pigfish	8,887	2,222	1,761	441	8,310	2,078	18,958	4,741
Pinfish	14,975	3,743	35,749	8,937	59,778	14,944	110,502	27,624
Pompano	1,159	579	424	211			1,583	790
Puffers	82,880	41,440	29,485	14,742	64,204	32,102	176,569	88,284
Rays	499	499	551	551	1,060	1,060	2,110	2,110
Sea trout, spotted	85,729	150,025	20,289	35,505	21,324	37,317	127,342	222,847
Sea trout, other	57,929	57,929	47,029	47,029	77,757	77,757	182,715	182,715
Sharks			100	349			100	349
Sheepshead	8,080	10,100	10,674	13,342	10,462	13,078	29,216	36,520
Snapper, mangrove	655	327	1,316	657	818	408	2,789	1,392
Spadefish	187	93	2,860	1,429	5,678	2,838	8,725	4,360
Spot	187	93	2,632	1,316	3,238	1,618	6,057	3,027
Tenpounder	1,121	1,121	902	902	1,179	1,179	3,202	3,202
Yellowtail	20,626	5,156	23,584	5,895	23,460	5,864	67,670	16,915
Unclassified fish	22,033	5,508	9,109	2,277	17,606	4,401	48,748	12,186
Total	343,884	353,677	246,175	197,968	359,992	270,547	950,051	822,192

Table 25.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Southern Section, ocean piers com SEBAR244RD57 ober 1963, numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species, by month

Species	Ма	rch	Apr	ril	Ma	зу	Ju	ne	Ju	ly
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Black margate	1,931	1,931			593	593	1,167	1,167	79	79
Bluefish	275	412	455	682					40	60
Catfish	22,827	22,827	1,306	1,306	106	106	62	62	1,790	1,754
Croaker							3,388	1,694	1,709	854
Cutlassfish										
Drum, black					35	481	62	852	53	729
Flounders									16	20
Grunts									231	115
Jack, crevalle	507	760	89	133			'		16	24
King whiting	678	508	2.814	2,310	560	420	2,007	1,505	5,652	4,239
Little tuna							-,	-,,,,,	16	104
Mojarra	42	21								
Pigfish										
Pinfish	381	95			106	26	84	21	970	242
Pompano									910	
Puffers	149	74							42	21
Rays									16	16
Sea bass, black									26	26
Sea bass, rock									152	38
Sea robin							62	15	53	13
Sea trout, spotted	191	334	89	156			84	147	119	208
Sea trout, other	149	149		1,0			7-	741	32	32
Sharks							84	294	283	990
Sheepshead	149	186					259	324	203	990
Snapper, other	177	100					∠J9)E#		
Spadefish		00.00	89	2, 2,			192	96	545	272
Spanish mackerel	42	73					192	90	2 4 2	2/2
Spot	210	105			177	88	947	473		1,608
Tenpounder	210	105			T ()		947	413	3,217	-
Yellowtail									075	60
Unclassified fish	42	10							275	69
ouclassined hau	42	10					306	76	3,302	825
Total	27,573	27,485	4,842	4,431	1,577	1,714	8,704	6,726	18,634	12,338

Species	Au	gust	Sept	ember	Octo	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Black margate	1,017	1,017	1,041	1,041			5,828	5,828
Bluefish	34	51	816	1,224	45	67	1,665	2,496
Catfish	3,372	3,703	2,833	2,757	654	654	32,950	33,169
Croaker	269	134	111	55			5,477	2,737
Cutlassfish			211	264			211	264
Drum, black	192	2,640	179	2,461	263	3,616	784	10,779
Flounders	253	360	137	171			406	551
Grunts							231	115
Jack, crevalle	152	228	144	216			908	1,361
King whiting	1,767	1,325	1,562	1,171	2,061	1,546	17,101	12,824
Little tuna							16	104
Mojarra							42	21
Pigfish	50	12					50	12
Pinfish			94	23	436	19	2,071	426
Pompano	51	25	467	233	354	177	872	435
Puffers	25	12			45	22	261	129
Rays							16	16
Sea bass, black							26	26
Sea bass, rock	25	6	293	73			470	117
Sea robin	175	1414	193	48			483	120
Sea trout, spotted	25	14.74					508	889
Sea trout, other					127	190	308	371
Sharks							367	1,284
Sheepshead	185	231	68	85	654	817	1,315	1,643
Snapper, other	25	75			45	135	70	210
Spadefish	218	109	137	68			1,181	589
Spanish mackerel							42	73
Spot	354	177			45	22	4,950	2,473
Tenpounder			137	137			137	137
Yellowtail	51	13	26	6			352	88
Unclassified fish	252	63	1,370	342			5,272	1,316
Total	8,492	10,269	9,819	10,375	4,729	7,265	84,370	80,603

Table 26.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Southern Section, SEDAR24:RD57combined; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species

Species	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11,	Tot	al
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Black margate	2,524	2,524	2,263	2,263	1,562	1,562	6,349	6,349
Bluefish	730	1,094	74	111	1,292	1,936	2,096	3,141
Catfish	24,239	24,239	5,224	5,519	5,230	5,116	34,693	34,874
Croaker			5,366	2,682	166	82	5,532	2,764
Cutlassfish					316	396	316	396
Drum, black	35	481	307	4,221	663	9,116	1,005	13,818
Flounders			269	380	206	256	475	636
Grunts			231	115			231	115
Jack, crevalle	596	893	168	252	216	324	980	1,469
King whiting	4,052	3,038	9,426	7,069	5,434	4,076	18,912	14,183
Little tuna			16	104			16	104
Mojarra	42	21					42	21
Pigfish			50	12			50	12
Pinfish	487	121	1,054	263	7 95	63	2,336	447
Pompano			51	25	1,232	615	1,283	640
Puffers	149	74	67	33	68	33	284	140
Rays			16	16			16	16
Sea bass, black			26	26			26	26
Sea bass, rock			177	71,71	7470	110	617	154
Sea robin			290	72	290	72	580	144
Sea trout, spotted	280	490	228	399			508	889
Sea trout, other	149	149	32	32	190	285	371	466
Sharks			367	1,284			367	1,284
Sheepshead	149	186	444	555	1,083	1,353	1,676	2,094
Snapper, other			25	75	68	202	93	277
Spadefish	89	44	955	477	206	102	1,250	623
Spanish mackerel	42	73					42	73
Spot	387	193	4,518	2,258	68	33	4,973	2,484
Tenpounder					206	206	206	206
Yellowtail			326	82	39	9	365	91
Unclassified fish	42	10	3,860	964	2,055	513	5,957	1,487
Total	33,992	33,630	35,830	29,333	21,825	26,460	91,647	89,423

Species	Mau	rch	Apr	-11	Ma	ду	Ju	ie.	Ju	Ly
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Founds	Number	Pounds
Barracuda									573	4,584
Black margate										
Bluefish	8,286	12.429	7 95	1,192	58	87				
Catfish	962	962			116	116	37	37	192	192
Croaker	389	194	598	299	2,775	1,387	1.343	671	11,491	5,745
Cutlassfish	407	509	994	1.242	575	719	97	121	662	827
Drum. black	201	2,764		-,	58	797	272	3,740	1,520	20,900
Drum, red	72	144				121		5,,,,,	58	116
Eels		7.44			25	50				
Flounders	257	321	653	816	1,581	1,976	210	262	729	911
	421	221	022	010	84	840	2.10	202	1-7	
Groupers	72	36			04		97	48	2,673	1,336
Grunts				142	461	691	71	40	218	327
Jack, crevalle	1,049	1,573	95	142	401	091			26	26
Jack, other	510	510				408			20	20
King mackerel	260	2,080			51		181			
King whiting	288	216	966	724	182	136		136	2,104	1,578
Little tuna										
Mojarra	187	93							301	150
Mullet	101	101			182	182			51	51
Pigfish									809	202
Pinfish	420	105	5,522	1,380	4,785	1,196	2,283	571	14,140	3,535
Pompano	218	109		~ ~						
Puffers	245	122		~ -						
Rays										
Ses bass, black					25	25	97	97		
Sea bass, rock							144	36		
Ses rohin				~ =	58	2.4				
Sea trout, spotted	204	357	gen 36n.		116	203		~ ~	86	150
Sea trout, other	636	636	330	330					26	26
Sharks	1,284	4.494	350	330	58	203			51	178
Sheepshead	182	227	519	649	83	104			3,081	3,851
	102		ノエラ							3,07
Snapper, red					84	42			436	218
Snapper, mangrove			141	423		72				
Snapper, other			141	423			193	96	340	170
Spadefish							790	90	540	710
Spanish mackerel	17	30	 		893	446		857	4,345	2,172
Spot	2,194	1,097	748	374			1,715	021	4,345	2) I (2
Tenpounder		~-								
Yellowtail									51	13
Unclassified fish	101	25	607	152	109	27	503	126	1,408	352
Total	18,542	29,134	11,968	7,723	12,359	9,649	7,172	6,798	45,371	47,610

Species	Aug	ust	Septe	ember	Octo	ober	To	tsl
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Barracuda							573	4,584
Black margate	530	530	705	705			1,235	1,235
Bluefish	56	84	14	21	56	84	9,265	13,897
Catfish	255	237	962	881	992	992	3,516	3,417
Croaker	706	353	768	384	668	334	18,738	9,367
Cutlassfish	288	360	14	17			3,037	3,795
Drum, black	104	1,430	160	2,200	940	10,925	3,255	44,756
Drum, red	1.6	32	25	50	228	456	399	798
Eels	8	16	25	50			58	116
Flounders	255	319	101	126	98	122	3,884	4,853
Groupers					45	450	129	1,290
Grunts	70	35	258	129	-1-		3,170	1,584
Jack, crevalle	171	256	102	153	243	364	2,339	3,506
Jack, other	71	71		464	280	280	887	887
King mackerel			58				369	2,952
King whiting	186	139	209	157	675	506	4,791	3,592 2,450
Little tuna	342	2,223	35	227 78	2,638		377	
Mojarra	170	85	157		2,030	1,319	3,453	1,725 520
Mullet	161 42	161	25	25 78			1,164	290
Pigfish		10 538	313 2,011	503	1,090	272	32,404	8,100
Pinfish	2,153	20	49	24	56	28	363	181
Pompano	20	10					265	132
Puffers	36	36	63	63			99	99
Rays	30	20	35	35			177	177
Sea bass, black	20		98	24			242	60
Sea bass, rock			25	6			83	20
Sea robin Sea trout, spotted	78	136	317	555			801	1.401
Sea trout, spotted	38	38	35	35	260	260	1,325	1,325
Sharks	20		98	343			1,491	5,218
Sheepshead	472	590	708	885	802	1,002	5,847	7,308
Snapper, red	38	304					38	304
Snapper, mangrove	162	81	565	282	232	116	1,479	739
Snapper, other			14	42			155	465
Spadefish	184	92	578	289	277	138	1,572	785
Spanish mackerel					183	320	200	350
Spot	3,913	1,956	1,389	694	56	28	15,253	7,624
Tenpounder			25	25			25	25
Yellowtail			14	3	158	39	223	55
Unclassified fish	514	135	219	55	591	148	4,079	1,020
Total	11,126	10,297	10,174	9,608	10,568	20,183	127,280	141,002

Table 28. -- Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Southern Section, Port Canaveral inside; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, of species

Species	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Tot	al
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Barracuda			573	4,584	** ***		573	4,584
Black margate			530	530	1,058	1,058	1,588	1,588
Bluefish	9,139	13,708	56	84	105	158	9,300	13,950
Catfish	1,078	1,078	484	466	2,931	2,810	4,493	4,354
Croaker	3,762	1,880	13,540	6,769	2,154	1,077	19,456	9,726
Cutlassfish	1,976	2,470	1,047	1,308	21	26	3,044	3,804
Drum, black	259	3,561	1,896	26,070	1,650	22,688	3,805	52,319
Drum, red	72	144	74	148	380	759	526	1,051
Eels	25	50	8	16	38	75	71	141
Flounders	2.491	3,113	1,194	1,492	299	372	3,984	4,977
Groupers	84	840		-, -,-	-68	675	152	1,515
Grunts	72	36	2,840	1,419	387	194	3,299	1,649
Jack, crevalle	1.605	2,406	389	583	518	776	2,512	3,765
Jack, other	510	510	97	97	420	420	1,027	1,027
King mackerel	311	2,488	7 I		87	696	398	3,184
0	1,436	1,076	2,471	1,853	1,326	994	5,233	3,923
King whiting	1,430	T)0(0	342	2,223	53	340	395	2,563
Little tuna	187	93	471	235	4,193	2,096	4,851	2,424
Mojarra	283	283	212	212	38	38	533	533
Mullet		203	851	212	470	117	1,321	329
Pigfish	7.0 707	2,681	18,576	4.644	4,652	1,162	33,955	8,487
Pinfish	10,727	,	40	20	158	78	416	207
Pompano	218	109		10	150	10	265	132
Puffers	245	122	20 36	36	95	94	131	130
Rays				0 -		52	195	194
Sea bass, black	25	25	117 144	117	53 1 47	36	291	72
Sea bass, rock		~ 1		36			96	23
Sea robin	58	14	2.01	286	38 476	9 832	960	1,678
Sea trout, spotted	320	560	164			032 443		1,473
Sea trout, other	966	966	64	64	443		1,473	5,389
Sharks	1,342	4,697	51	178	147	514	1,540	
Sheepshead	784	980	3,553	4,441	2,265	2,830	6,602	8,251
Snapper, red			38	304			38	304 938
Snapper, mangrove	84	42	598	299	1,196	597	1,878	486
Snapper, other	141	423			21	63	162	
Spadefish			717	358	1,283	640	2,000	998
Spanish mackerel	17	30		\O-	275	480	292	510
Spot	3 , 835	1,917	9,973	4,985	2,168	1,083	15,976	7,985
Tenpounder					38	38	38	38
Yellowtail			51	_13	258	63	309	76
Unclassified fish	817	204	2,452	613	1,215	304	4,484	1,121
Total	42,869	46,506	63,669	64,705	31,124	44,687	137,662	155,898

Species	Jam	uary	Feb	ruary	Maj	rch	Apı	ril	M	ay	Ju	ne
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Founds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack	46	690			14	210			184	2,760	82	1,230
Barracuda												
Black margate												
Bluefish							96	144	26	39		
Cabio	15	135									54	486
Catfish												
Croaker									82	41	133	66
Dolphin									26	208	20	160
Drum, black												
Flounders											14	17
Groupers	124	1,240	9	90	14	140			261	2,610	48	480
Grunts			41	20	86	43						
Jack, crevalle					51	76			15	22		
King mackerel	1,756	14,048			27	216			610	4,880	468	3,744
King whiting							~ ~		53	40		
Little tuna				~ =	136	884						
Pigfish									15	4		
Pinfish	15	4									366	91
Porgies	302	604	100	200	86	172						
Sea bass, black	433	433	2,505	2,505	1,127	1,127			1,717	1,717	20	20
Sea bass, rock		- 55	-,,,,					~ ~			61	15
Sea trout, spotted	** **								53	93		
Sea trout, other												
Sharks									41	143	34	119
Sheepshead					13	16						
Snapper, red	1,996	15,968	56	448	86	688			955	7,640	870	6,960
Snapper, other	1,833	5,499	53	159	14	42			369	1,107	340	1,020
Spadefish	-,055	79 .77		-//							14	7
Spanish mackerel											68	119
Spot												
Tenpounder												
Triggerfish	46	115	165	412					54	135	***	
Yellowtail	23	6	107	710								
Unclassified fish					~ ~						~ =	
Total.	6,589	38,742	2,929	3,834	1,654	3,614	96	144	4,461	21,439	2,592	14,534

Species	Ju	Ly	Aug	ıst	Septe	ember	Octo	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds								
Amberjack	505	7,575	14	210			69	1,035	914	13,710
Barracuda	15	120	54	432					69	552
Black margate	-'		102	102			~-		102	102
Bluefish	15	22	24	36					161	241
Cabio	62	558	29	261	19	171	53	477	232	2,088
Catfish			10	10					10	10
Croaker			2 52	126					467	233
Dolphin	35	280	378	3,024	102	816			561	4,488
Drum, black			15	206					15	206
Flounders	5	6	10	12	5	6			34	41
Groupers	63	630	115	1,150	64	640	191	1,910	889	8,890
Grunts					275	137			402	500
Jack, crevalle	22	33	15	22	53	79			156	232
King mackerel	197	1,576	1,036	8,288	238	1,904			4,332	34,656
King whiting			10	7					63	47
Little tuna	334	2,171	355	2,307	133	864	15	97	973	6,323
Pigfish			~ -						15	4
Pinfish			10	2					391	97
Porgies									488	976
Sea bass, black	3,582	3,582	2,417	2,417	1,299	1,299	84	84	13,184	13,184
Sea bass, rock									61	15
Sea trout, spotted			10	17					63	110
Sea trout, other			49	49					49	49
Sharks			24	84	8	28			107	374
Sheepshead			126	157					139	173
Snapper, red	1,598	12,784	830	6,640	1,056	8,448	4,479	35,832	11,926	95,408
Snapper, other	29	87	105	315	49	147	53	159	2,845	8,535
Spadefish			10	5					24	12
Spanish mackerel			15	26					83	145
Spot			10	. 5					10	. 5
Tenpounder			43	43					43	43
Triggerfisb					138	345			403	1,007
Yellowtail									23	6
Unclassified fish					8	2			8	2
Total	6,462	29,424	6,068	25,953	3,447	14,886	4,944	39,594	39,242	192,164

Species	Spr:	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Tot	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack	198	2,970	601	9,015	104	1,552	903	13,537
Barracuda			69	552			69	552
Black margate			102	102			102	102
Bluefish	122	183	39	58			161	241
Cabio			145	1,305	108	972	253	2,277
Catfish			10	10			10	10
Croaker	82	41	385	192			467	233
Dolphin	26	208	433	3,464	1.53	1,224	612	4,896
Drum, black	, vin		15	206			15	206
Flounders			29	35	8	9	37	1114
Groupers	275	2,750	226	2,260	382	3,825	883	8,835
Grunts	86	43			412	206	498	249
Jack, crevalle	66	98	37	55	80	118	183	271
King mackerel	637	5,096 40	1,701	13,608	357	2,856	2,695	21,560
King whiting	53	884	10 689	1, 1,20		2 1.1.0	63	47
Little tuna	136	004 L	609	4,478	222	1,442	1,047	6,804
Pigfish Pinfish	15		376	94			15 376	4 94
Porgies	86	172	310	94			86	172
Sea bass, black	2.844	2,844	6,019	6,019	2,074	2,074	10,937	10,937
Sea bass, rock	2,044	2,044	61	15		2,014	61	15
Sea trout, spotted	53	93	10	17			63	110
Sea trout, other	73	93 	49	49			49	49
Sharks	41	143	58	203	12	42	111	388
Sheepshead	13	16	126	157			139	173
Snapper, red	1.041	8,328	3,298	26,384	8,302	66,420	12,641	101,132
Snapper, other	383	1,149	474	1,422	153	459	1,010	3,030
Spadefish		-,,	24	12			24	12
Spanish mackerel			83	145			83	145
Spot			10	5			10	5
Tenpounder			43	43			43	43
Triggerfish	54	135			207	518	261	653
Unclassified fish					12	3	12	3
Total	6,211	25,197	15,122	69,912	12,586	81,720	33,919	176,829

Table 31.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area, Southern Section, boat fishery (fish camp rentals combined); March-June 1963, and 1963 spring total, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species, by month

Species	Ma	arch	A:	pril	1	lay	Ju	ıne	T	otal	Sı	pring
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish			gm 100		278	417			278	417	278	417
Catfish	54	54	3,709	3,709	2,470	2,470	13,345	13,345	19,578	19,578	6,233	6,233
Croaker					800	400			800	400	800	400
Drum, red			3,709	7,418					3,709	7,418	3,709	7,418
Jack, crevalle	54	81							54	81	54	81
King whiting	54	40	2,828	2,121			262	196	3,144	2,357	2,882	2,161
Pigfish							112	28	112	28		
Puffers	5,039	2,520	1,994	997			10,121	5,060	17,154	8,577	7,033	3,517
Reys	54	54							54	54	. 54	. 54
Sea trout, spotted	9,555	16,721	6,537	11,440	9,359	16,378	15,594	27,289	41,045	71,828	25,451	44,539
Sheepshead	702	878					13,495	16,869	14,197	17,747	702	878
Snapper, mangrove			278	139					278	139	278	139
Tenpounder							262	262	262	262		
Yellowtail							262	66	262	66		. ==
Unclassified fish			13,955	3,489			~-		13,955	3,489	13,955	3,489
Total	15,512	20,348	33,010	29,313	12,907	19,665	53,453	63,115	114,882	132,441	61,429	69,326

DESCRIPTION OF NORTHERN SECTION AND ITS FISHERY

The Northern Section, located in the southern half of Volusia County and the northern half of Brevard County and extending from Titusville north to the north side of Ponce de Leon Inlet, includes: Indian River north of Titusville and west of the Haulover Canal; Indian River Lagoon (Mosquito Lagoon); Indian River North, island section which extends from Indian River Lagoon north to Ponce de Leon Inlet; and Ponce de Leon Inlet and the ocean beach south of the inlet. Figure 12 and table 22 show locations of facilities in the Northern Section.

Bank Fishery

The Indian River north of Titusville has many access points for waders and bank fishermen, which made sampling difficult. The bottom at the sites where bank fishing was sampled was primarily mud or sand and mud. We observed wading fishermen only at Turtle Mound I Fish Camp. Fish camp operators reported that fishermen wade along the shoreline of north Indian River in the summer, fishing for small school trout, but we never observed this. Bank fishermen use both dead cut mullet and shrimp while fishing on the bottom and live shrimp and fish when using floats.

The category "bank fishery" consists of two groups of fishermen: (1) Those fishing at Titusville Causeway, launch, ramp, bridge, and pier (the Titusville Bridge and pier were placed in this category rather than in "bridge fishery" because of species composition of the catch) -- the bridge and pier contributed the majority of fishermen and most of catch and (2) those fishing at J and J Fish Camp, Bairs Cove Fish Camp, Allenhurst Fish Camp and Haulover Canal, Pirtles Fish Camp, Beacon 42 Fish Camp, Correct Craft Marina Fish Camp, Titusville Basin, Indian Mound Fish Camp, Bisset Bay Fish Camp, Dicks Fish Camp, Turtle Mound I Fish Camp, Turtle Mound II Fish Camp, Joes Fish Camp, Dicks Fish Camp to South Causeway Bridge, New Smyrna Beach launch site, Preyers launch site, and New Smyrna Beach city docks.

Fishing on Titusville Bridge and pier was pursued less vigorously during the day than at night in the hot summer months. Spotted sea trout, shrimp, and crabs were generally sought by night fishermen. The catch of shrimp and crabs was much greater than that of fish some nights during the summer. No attempt was made to evaluate the catch of these crustaceans.

The bank fishery differed from most of the others in that almost all sizes and species of fish caught were saved for eating, including small pinfish and small sea bass.

Bridge Fishery

The "bridge fishery," in the Indian River North between Edgewater and Ponce de Leon Inlet, consisted of the people fishing from all bridges and piers and from the Edgewater city fishing and launch site. In New Smyrna Beach, we sampled at the North Causeway Bridge and pier, bridge on Quay Brenta, bridge at New Smyrna Beach city docks, Callalisa Creek Bridge, and the bridge at 5th Street. The city fishing and launch site at Edgewater was placed in this category rather than in the "bank fishery" because of species composition.

Bridge fishermen were: (1) Family groups, usually tourists; (2) single fishermen or couples, usually natives who fish the entire year regardless of weather; and (3) retired persons residing in area, who fish intensively during the fall, winter, and spring.

The bridge fishermen usually fish with dead shrimp or cut mullet bait on the bottom, but sometimes use floats and live shrimp or fish. This fishery has a specialized, highly skilled group of fishermen who fish for nothing but sheepshead using fiddler crabs as bait. During the summer, fishing from 6 to 10 p.m. is as intense as during the day. However, the bridge fishery at night in this section is not so great as that in the Southern Section.

During spring and summer, a small dip net fishery for shrimp occurs at night off the Edgewater city fishing site, South Causeway Bridge, Callalisa Creek Bridge, and North Causeway pier. We were unable to estimate the catch of shrimp. Also, crabs are taken in small quantities during daylight hours in the summer by fishermen using traps or handlines at Callalisa Creek Bridge, North Causeway pier, and South Causeway Bridge. Again, we were unable to gather sufficient information to estimate the volume of this fishery.

Surf Fishery

Surf fishing is primarily in two areas: From the Coast Guard Station inside Ponce de Leon Inlet to the inlet mouth and from Bethune Beach to a point approximately 4 miles south. Dead shrimp and cut mullet are the most common baits. Many fishermen interviewed stated that the best fishing occurs in deep holes in the surf. The fishes generally sought are red drum, black drum, bluefish, and king whiting. During hot summer days fishing is confined to the early morning or late afternoon.

Boat Fishery

The boat fishery in the Northern Section is comprised of two segments: (1) Rental boats and (2) private boats.

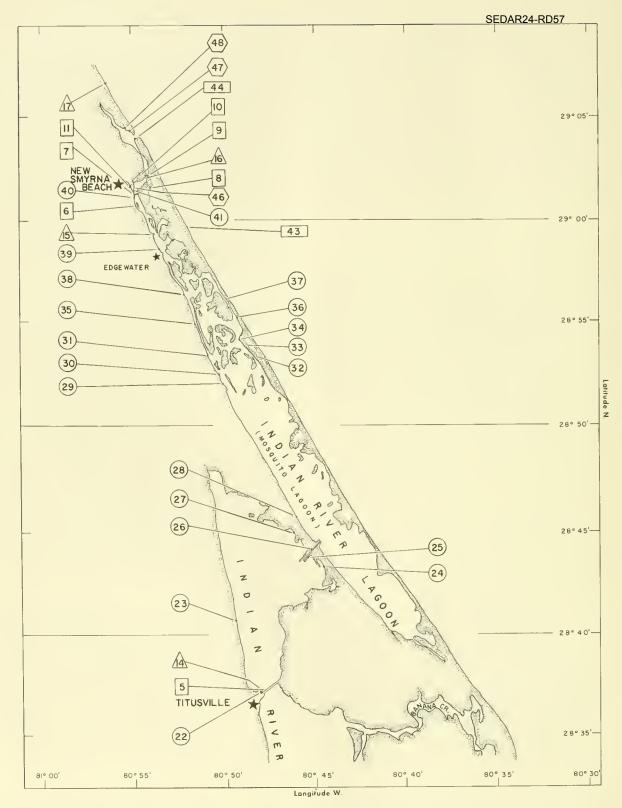


Figure 12.--Cape Canaveral Area, Northern Section. Symbols and enclosed numerals refer to iocations where sport fishery catch was sampled in 1963 (see table 22 for list of locations by number and symbol).

(1) Rental boats.--During our survey, 21 fish camps located in the Northern Section rented fishing boats (table 22 and fig. 12). The 21 camps have 281 boats for rent; the 4 major camps average 39 boats and the 17 minor camps average 8 or 9 boats. Six of these camps are located on land acquired for Project Nova, and two have already terminated business. Unfortunately for the fishery, two of the six camps being closed are considered among the best and are in good locations.

Data on the number of boats rented by month during a 2-year period were made available by a camp operator who owned one fish camp and leased another; 1962 data are for a newly opened camp.

_		
Month	1961 Fish Camp I, Boats rented	1962 Fish Camp II, Boats rented
	No.	No.
January	171	71
February	179	80
March	89	70
April	86	50
May	69	39
June	73	45
July	96	31
August	68	37
September	60	25
October	71	40
November	84	37
December	64	68
Total	1,110	593

The number of boats rented by months by year, compiled by season are:

Season	196 Fish C Boats	_	196 Fish Ca Boats	amp II,
Winter Spring Summer Fall Total	No. 414 244 237 215 1,110	Pct. 37.3 22.0 21.4 19.4 100.0	No. 219 159 113 102 593	Pct. 36.9 26.8 19.0 17.2

The data show a close correlation by season between the two camps in the percentages of the number of boats rented. The winter season had considerably higher numbers of boat rentals than did other seasons.

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Boat fishermen usually rent boats at a camp near the area where fish have been reported to be biting. Many fishermen are from Orlando and come to the coast when radio or television reports good fishing. Usual baits are live shrimp or pigfish or dead cut shrimp. The species most sought are spotted sea trout, red drum, black drum, and sheepshead, taken drifting, trolling, casting with live bait or lures, and bottom fishing with live or dead bait. In February, the catch on lures approached that using live shrimp. In the winter and spring the spotted sea trout and other species usually congregate in deep holes in the river, whereas at other times they move into the shallow, open flats.

(2) Private boats.--In the Northern Section the places where a private boat can be launched are so numerous that it was impossible to sample this fishery adequately. There are launching sites at most fishing camps, on the Titusville Causeway, on Riverside Drive from Dicks Fish Camp to South Causeway Bridge, at Callalisa Creek Bridge, near the Coast Guard Station, at New Smyrna Beach launch site, at Preyers on the North Causeway, and at New Smyrna Beach city docks.

Private boat fishermen fish the same general areas and seasons as those using rental boats.

METHODS FOR ESTIMATING SPORT FISHERY CATCH

Monthly totals of numbers of fishermen, hours fished, and catch are estimates calculated from the data secured in the field survey. Seasonal values are summations of monthly values.

The average weight per fish for each species (table 63) is an average estimated by the several biologists who conducted the field survey. Except for weights for the black drum and the grouper, whose average weights varied considerably between the two sections, the weights in table 63 apply to fish in both sections. Separate monthly estimates of numbers and weights were determined for sea catfish, gafftopsail catfish, gray sea trout, and silver sea trout. These data were then combined under "catfish" and "sea trout, other," respectively.

The weights in table 58, estimated catch by party and charter boats for year 1962 for entire Cape Canaveral Area, are based upon estimates for individual fish in photographs examined, rather than on average weights given in table 63.

Table 32.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section, bank fishSEDAR24RD50ctober 1963, numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species, by month

Species	Febr	uary	Ma,	rch	Apr	ril	Ma	ву	Ju	ne
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish			16,956	25,434	90	144				
Catfish	1,542	1,542	843	843	1,221	1,221	1,728	1,485	1,527	1,52
Croaker			1	- 100			234	108	-1-	
Drum, black			4,992	7,488	1,311	1,974	1.86	279	141	21
Drum, red									 -l:	_
roupers									54 	2
runts			843	1,263			186	279		_
Jack, crevalle			360	270	612	459	1,356	1,017	285	20
King whiting Pigfish			200	210	0,12	+J9	1,500	1,000	207	- ZO
Pinfish			1,422	360	2,016	498			4,071	1,02
Pompano										ے و بد
Puffers	3,084	1,542	11,007	5,502	23,940	11,970	13,860	6,930	11,892	5,94
Rays	J, 00 .		180	180			186	186	,0)-	7,77
Sea bass, black										-
Sea trout, spotted	4,863	8,505	6,357	11,130	11,688	20,454	4,812	8,421	2,136	3,74
Sea trout, other									141	14
Sharks										-
Sheepshead			180	216	90	108	234	288	1,089	1,36
Snapper, mangrove										-
Snapper, other										-
Spadefish										-
Spot					864	432			87	14
l'enpounder	. ==						186	186	87	8
<i>[ellowtail]</i>	10,491	2,622		~-	3,402	846			513	13
Unclassified fish					90	18	720	180	54	1
Cotal	19,980	14,211	43,140	52,686	45,324	38,124	23,688	19,359	22,077	14,46
Species	Jı	ıly	Aug	ust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pound
Bluefish	18	27							17,064	25,60
Catfish	2,154	2,136	2,802	2,739	1,473	1,473	1,716	1,716	15,006	14,68
roaker	1,899	948	174	78	2,196	1,098			4,503	2,23
Drum, black	186	279	63	93			87	129	6,966	10,45
rum, red	90	180			384	768	816	1,632	1,290	2,58
roupers	36	18	162	72					252	1.1
Frunts	69	33	420	210			237	117	726	36
Jack, crevalle	198	297	189	282	186	279			1,602	2,40
King whiting	1,344	1,002	741	561	1,536	1,155	171	129	6,405	4,79

Species	Ju	Ly	Augu	.st	Septe	ember	Ueta	oper	10	CA,L
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	18	27							17,064	25,605
Catfish	2,154	2,136	2,802	2,739	1,473	1,473	1,716	1,716	15,006	14,682
Croaker	1,899	948	174	78	2,196	1,098			4,503	2,232
Drum, black	186	279	63	93	-01		87	129	6,966	10,452
Drum, red	90	180			384	768	816	1,632	1,290	2,580
Groupers	36	18	162	72					252	117
Grunts	69	33	420	210	700	070	237	117	726	360
Jack, crevalle	198	297	189	282	186	279	177	129	1,602	2,400
King whiting	1,344 1,326	1,002 336	741	561 348	1,536 258	1,155 69	171	753	2,991	4,797 753
Pigfish Pinfish		885	8,544	2,127	2,301	570			21,861	5,463
Pompano	3 , 507		90	36	2,501	710			90	36
Puffers	3,960	1,980	2,715	1,356	3,216	1,608	8,202	4,110	81,876	40,944
Rays	69	69	63	63	351	351			849	849
Sea bass, black	198	198							198	198
Sea trout, spotted	1,326	2,319	1,248	2,187	1,281	2,247	2,850	4,986	36,561	63,990
Sea trout, other	36	36							177	177
Sharks	33	11.4	21	72					54	186
Sheepshead	768	960	555	684	114	141	321	402	3,351	4,161
Snapper, mangrove	177	87			312	165			489	252
Snapper, other	36	108							36 264	108
Spadefish	264	132		7 000	2 202	7 (50			6,885	132 3,438
Spot	429	213	2,202	1,092	3,303	1,659			600	600
Tenpounder	33	33	294 1,284	294 321	957	240	2,778	693	20,445	5,115
Yellowtail Unclassified fish	1,020 990	255 243	342	81	423	111	2,110	093	2,619	645
OUCTSSILTED LISH	990	243	342	O,L	423	الململ			2,017	047
Total	20,166	12,888	23,316	12,696	18,291	11,934	17,178	13,914	233,160	190,272

Table 33.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section, bank fishery; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in SEDARS, 4-BP57 pecies

Species	Spr	ring	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Tot	al
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish Catfish Croaker Drum, black Drum, red Groupers Grunts Jack, crevalle King whiting Pigfish Pinfish Pompano Puffers Rays Sea bass, black	17,046 3,792 234 6,489 1,029 2,328 3,438 48,807 366	25,578 3,549 108 9,741 1,542 1,746 858 24,402 366	18 6,483 2,073 390 90 252 489 387 2,370 2,733 16,122 90 18,567 132 198 4,710	27 6,402 1,026 582 180 117 243 579 1,767 684 4,035 36 9,282 132 198 8,247	4,773 3,294 129 1,809 357 279 2,553 396 3,441 17,136 537 6,189	4,773 1,638 192 3,618 177 417 1,920 111 846 8,577 537 10,827	17,064 15,048 5,601 7,008 1,899 252 846 1,695 7,251 3,129 23,001 90 84,510 1,035 1,98 33,756	25,605 14,724 2,772 10,515 3,798 117 420 2,538 5,433 795 5,739 36 42,261 1,035 198 59,079
Sea trout, spotted Sea trout, other Sharks Sheepshead Snapper, mangrove Snapper, other Spadefish Spot Tenpounder Yellowtail Unclassified fish	22,857 504 864 186 3,402 810	40,005 612 432 186 846 198	4,110 177 54 2,412 177 36 264 2,718 414 2,817 1,386	177 186 3,006 87 108 132 1,347 414 714 336	4,965 -5,601 645	807 249 2,490 1,401	33,176 177 54 3,570 654 36 264 8,547 600 11,820 2,841	177 186 4,425 336 108 132 4,269 600 2,961 711
Total	112,152	110,169	65,559	40,044	53,235	38,757	230,946	188,970

Species	Feb	ruary	Ma	rch	Ap	ril	Ma	ау	Ju	ne
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pound
Barracuda										_
Bluefish	320	480	27,016	40,528	2,496	3,744				_
Catfish	320	320	4,240	4,240			792	752	2,088	2,08
Croaker					624	312	160	80	336	16
Cutlassfish									550	
Drum, black	320	480								_
Orum, red	250				624	1,248				
Eels						1,240				
Flounders										·
					624	312				-
Groupers					024	215	400	200		_
Grunts			272	136						
Jack, crevalle			1,032	1,552	624	936	160	540	112	16
King mackerel			272	2,176		1.61	1.0			-
King whiting			1,632	1,224	624	464	1,248	936	1,232	92
Mullet										-
Pigfish	320	80	272	64	1,248	312	1,720	432	232	5
Pinfish	8,432	2,112	11,144	2,784	16,216	4,056	4,392	1,096	6,808	1,70
Pompano							312	160		-
Puffers			704	352			160	80		-
Rays			160	160			72	72	56	5
Sea bass, black	648	648			1,248	1,248	472	472	56	-
Sea bass, rock	320	80	872	216	4,376	1,096	72	16	232	c
Sea robin					-,510	-,000	72	16	56	í
Sea trout, spotted	648	1,136	1,304	2,280			232	408		_
Sea trout, other	040		T,500-	2,200						
							72	256		
Sharks								4,312	448	56
Sheepshead	2,264	2,832	4,128	5,160	3,120	3,904	3,448	4,312		
Snapper, mangrove			592	296					56	3
Spadefish			160	80	3,752	1,872	312	160	232	1.1
Spot			272	136			632	320		-
Tenpounder										-
Yellowtail	648	160	2,176	544						
Unclassified fish	320	80					3,128	784	960	21
Total	14,560	8,408	56,248	61,928	35,576	19,504	17,856	10,792	12,904	6,24
Species	Ju	Ly	Aug	ust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pound
Barracuda							152	1,216	152	1,21
Bluefish	24	32	320	480	128	192		~-	30,304	45,49
Catfish	2,448	2,432	1,480	1,472	1,224	1,216			12,592	12,5
Croaker			576	288	328	160			2,024	1,00
Cutlassfish			88	112	480	600			568	7-
	176	264	88	128	40	64			624	93
Drum, black	112	224	200	400	288	576			1,224	2,4
Drum, red					80				176	3
Eels	64	128	32	64		160				
Flounders	64	80			208	256	2.50		272	3
Groupers	88	48	56	32	64	32	152	80	984	5
Grunts	136	64	288	144	1,056	528	1,224	608	3,376	1,6
Jack, crevalle	152	224	640	960	272	408			2,992	4,4
King mackerel									272	2,1

Table 35.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section, bridges combined; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in SEDAR24-RD57ecies

Species	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Tot	al
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Barracuda					224	1,824	224	1,824
Bluefish	29,512	44,272	344	512	192	288	30,048	45,072
Catfish	5,032	4,992	6,016	5,992	1,840	1,824	12,888	12,808
Croaker	784	392	912	456	496	240	2,192	1,088
Cutlassfish			88	112	720	896	808	1,008
Drum, black			264	392	64	96	328	488
Drum, red	624	1,248	312	624	432	864	1,368	2,736
Eels			96	192	120	240	216	432
Flounders			64	80	312	384	376	464
Groupers	624	312	144	80	320	168	1,088	560
Grunts	672	336	424	208	3,424	1,704	4,520	2,248
Jack, crevalle	1,816	2,728	904	1,352	408	608	3,128	4,688
King mackerel	272	2,176					272	2,176
King whiting	3,504	2,624	4,288	3,216	1,992	1,488	9,784	7,328
Mullet			48	48	2,240	2,240	2,288	2,288
Pigfish	3,240	808	4,248	1,056	13,776	3,440	21,264	5,304
Pinfish	31,752	7,936	16,744	4,184	14,880	3,720	63,376	15,840
Pompano	312	160	56	32	32	24	400	216
Puffers	864	432	344	168	1,032	528	2,240	1,128
Rays	232	232	256	256	432	432	920	920
Sea bass, black	1,720	1,720	440	440	32	32	2,192	2,192
Sea bass, rock	5,320	1,328	328	80	288	72	5,936	1,480
Sea robin	72	16	176	48			248	64
Sea trout, spotted	1,536	2,688	1,552	2,712	784	1,368	3,872	6,768
Sea trout, other	-//-	´			32	32	32	32
Sharks	72	256	80	280			152	536
Sheepshead	10,696	13,376	3,064	3,824	2,424	3,040	16,184	20,240
Snapper, mangrove	592	296	608	312	464	240	1,664	848
Spadefish	4,224	2,112	1,768	880	976	496	6,968	3,488
Spot	904	456	10,320	5,152	5,296	2,656	16,520	8,264
Tenpounder			248	248	464	464	712	712
Yellowtail	2,176	544	384	96	64	16	2,624	656
Unclassified fish	3,128	784	2,912	728	16,064	4,008	22,104	5,520
Total	109,680	92,224	57,432	33,760	69,824	33,432	236,936	159,416

Species	Feb	ruary	Ma;	rch	Ap	ril	M	ay.	June	
	Number	Pounds								
luefish			4,586	6,880	1,028	1,542				
atfish			6,572	6,572	568	450	3,418	3,418	846	846
roaker									164	82
rum, black			2,436	3,654	4,508	6,762	84	126		
rum, red	~~				96	192				
lounders									32	24 (
runts										an r
sck, crevalle			40	60	96	144				
ing whiting	854	640	5,446	4,084	2,624	1,968	4,168	3,126	228	17
igfish										-
infisb					374	94	750	188	164	241
'ompano			40	20	96	48	84	42		-
uffers					96	48				-
ays					96	96				
es trout, spotted			102	178						-
harks	1,344	4,704	102	356					32	112
heepshead					96	120	84	104	98	12
napper, mangrove										-
padefish										
panish mackerel							84	148		
pot							166	84	98	4
enpounder										
ellowtail			~~		96	24	3-			-
nclassified fish							166	42		-
otal	2,198	5,344	19,324	21,804	9,774	11,488	9,004	7,278	1,662	1,46

Species	Ju	ly	Aug	ust	Septe	ember	Oct	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds								
Bluefisb	180	270	86	128	102	152	154	232	6,136	9,204
Catfish	3,668	3,662	594	594	910	870			16,576	16,412
Croaker	266	132	260	130					690	344
Drum, black	158	236	260	390	54	80	780	1,170	8,280	12,418
Drum, red			172	344					268	536
Lounders			86	108	54	68			172	216
Grunts	46	24							46	24
Jack, crevalle			86	128	156	234			378	566
Cing whiting	1,944	1,458	1,968	1,476	1,198	898	2,174	1,630	20,604	15,452
Pigfish					102	26	154	38	256	64
Pinfish	68	16			24	6	1,242	310	2,622	654
Pompano			172	86	78	40			470	236
Puffers									96	148
Rays	22	22							118	118
Sea trout, spotted									102	178
Sharks	22	76							1,500	5,248
Sheepshead	248	310	172	216	102	128	462	578	1,262	1,578
Snapper, mangrove	22	12			24	12			46	24
Spadefish			260	130	78	40			338	170
Spanish mackerel			44 44				7.5		84	148
Spot							308	154	572	286
l'enpounder			86	86					86	86
(ellowtail	46	12			102	26			544	. 62
Unclassified fish			86	22			1,396	348	1,648	412
btal	6,690	6,230	4,288	3,838	2,984	2,580	6,670	4,460	62,594	64,484

Table 37.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section, surf areas combined; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species

Species	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	Tot	al
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	5,614	8,422	266	398	384	576	6,264	9,396
Catfish	10,558	10,440	5,108	5,102	1,364	1,304	17,030	16,846
Croaker			690	344			690	344
Drum, black	7,028	10,542	418	626	1,252	1,876	8,698	13,044
Drum, red	96	192	172	344			268	536
Flounders			118	148	80	102	198	250
Grunts			46	24			46	24
Jack, crevalle	136	507	86	128	234	352	456	684
King whiting	12,238	9,178	4,140	3,106	5,058	3,792	21,436	16,076
Pigfish					384	96	384	96
Pinfisb	1,124	282	232	56	1,900	474	3,256	812
Pompano	220	110	172	86	116	60	508	256 48
Puffers	96	48					96	
Rays	96	96	22	22			118	118
Ses trout, spotted	102	178					102	178
Sharks	102	356	54	188			156	544
Sheepshead	180	224	51.8	648	846	1,060	1,544	1,932
Snapper, mangrove			22	12	36	18	58	30
Spadefish			260	130	116	60	376	190
Spaoish mackerel	84	148					84	148
Spot	166	84	98	48	462	232	726	364
Peapounder			86	86			86	86
fellowtail	96	24	46	12	152	40	294	76
Unclassified fish	166	42	86	22	2,094	522	2,346	586
Total	38,102	40,570	12,640	11,530	14,478	10,564	65,220	62,664

Species	Feb.	ruary	Max	rch	Ap	ril	Ma	ту	Ju	ne
<u>.</u>	Number	Pounds								
Bluefish			943	1,414	383	574				
Catfish			574	554			4,222	4,170	54	54
Croaker						~ =				
Drum, black	488	732	943	1,414	851	1,276	412	618	54	81
Drum, red	1,251	2,502	492	984	255	510			461	922
Flounders					128	160				
Groupers		~ ~								
Grunts										
Jack, crevalle			32.8	492			309	464		
King whiting	547	410	861	646	978	734	790	592	54	40
Mullet										
Pigfish	137	34					790	198		
Pinfish	137	54	697	174	510	128	5,021	755	271	68
Pompano						~ -				
Puffers	313	156	246	123						
Rays			82	82			206	206		~-
Sea bass, black										
Sea bass, rock										
Sea trout, spotted	12,681	22,192	±0,785	36,374	30,747	53,807	26,674	46,680	16,037	28,065
Sharks										
Sheepshead	3,615	4,519	3,608	4,510	4,423	5,529	2,403	3,004	461	576
Snapper, mangrove	20	10								
Spot			410	205						
Tenpounder							893	893		
Yellowtail	215	54								
Unclassified fish						~~	1,202	300		
Total	19,404	30,643	29,769	46,972	38,275	62,718	40,922	57,880	17,392	29,806

Species	Jui	Ly	Aug	ust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Eluefish	58	87							1,384	2,075
Catfish	1,670	1,670	659	650	877	877			8,056	7,975
Croaker	518	259	146	73	155	78	211	106	1,030	516
Drum, black	518	TTT	403	604	1,032	1,548	6,074	9,111	10,775	16,161
Drum, red	288	576	329	658	722	1,444	8,927	17,854	12,725	25,450
Flounders	173	216							301	376
Groupers	115	58			52	26			167	84
Grunts		~ -			2,271	1,136			2,271	1,136
Jack, crevalle	633	950	183	274	206	309	211	316	1,870	2,805
King whiting	1,094	820	476	357	1,445	1,084	1,162	872	7,407	5,555
Mullet			73	73					73	73
Pigfish	403	101	293	73	361	90	3,275	819	5,259	1,315
Pinfish	2,764	691	293	73	4,128	1,032	33,753	8,438	45,574	11,393
Pompano			37	18					37	18
Puffers	115	58	329	164	52	26	2,800	1,400	3,855	1,927
Rays					52	52			340	340
Sea bass, black	58	58	37	37		~ =			95	95
Sea bass, rock			37	9					37	9
Sea trout, spotted	32,357	56,625	26,725	46,769	33,336	58,338	27,414	47,974	226,756	396,824
Sharks	173	606							173	606
Sheepshead	1,188	2,735	476	595	2,425	3,031	6,814	8,518	26,413	33,017
Snapper, mangrove	58	29	73	36	52	26	211	106	414	207
Spot			183	92					593	297
Tenpounder	E30	230	183	183			1,637	1,637	2,943	2,943
Yellowtail	173	43					5,863	1,456	6,251	1,563
Unclassified fish	1,036	259	476	119	2,890	722			5,604	1,400
Total	44,633	66,848	31,411	50,657	50,056	69,819	98,352	98,617	370,403	514,160

Table 39.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section, boat fishery (private and rental combined); 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by species

Species	Spr	ing	Sum	mer	Fa	11	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	1,326	1,988	58	87			1,384	2,075
Catfish	4,796	4,724	2,383	2,374	1,316	1,316	8,495	8,414
Croaker			664	332	549	276	1,213	608
Drum, black	2,206	3,308	975	1,462	10,659	15,988	13,840	20,758
Drum, red	747	1,494	1,078	2,156	14,474	28,947	16,299	32,597
Flounders	128	160	173	216			301	376
Groupers			115	58	78	39	193	97
Grunts					3,406	1.704	3,406	1,704
Jack, crevalle	637	956	816	1,224	626	938	2,079	3,118
King whiting	2,629	1,972	1,624	1,217	3,910	2,934	8,163	6,123
Mullet	-72		73	73			73	73
Pigfish	790	198	696	174	5,454	1,364	6,940	1,736
Pinfish	4,228	1,057	3,328	832	56,822	14,205	64,378	16,094
Pompano		-,-,-	37	18			37	18
Puffers	246	123	444	222	4,278	2,139	4,968	2,484
Rays	288	288			78	78	366	366
Sea bass, black			95	95			95	95
Sea bass, rock			37	9			37	g
Sea trout, spotted	78,206	136,861	75,119	131.459	91,125	159,468	244,450	427,788
Sharks	,-,	-5-,	173	606			173	606
Sheepshead	10,434	13,043	3,125	3,906	13,858	17,324	27,417	34,273
Snapper, mangrove	20,131		131	65	394	198	525	263
Spot	410	205	183	92			593	297
Tenpounder	893	893	413	413	2,456	2,456	3,762	3,762
Yellowtail			173	43	8,794	2,199	8,967	2,242
Unclassified fish	1,202	300	1,512	378	4,335	1,083	7,049	1,761
Total	109,166	167,570	93,425	147,511	222,612	252,656	425,203	567,737

ESTIMATE OF SPORT FISHERY CATCH

Estimates of catch (numbers and weight) have been assembled by section, by facility, by month, by season, by species, and by various combinations thereof to present them in the most usable form.

These detailed presentations will not be discussed individually, but rather our discussions will concern the Cape Canaveral Area as a whole.

Detailed data for the Southern Section appear in tables 23-31, and those for the Northern Section appear in tables 32-39.

In tables 40-48 are presented monthly summaries of catch by species (in numbers and weight), organized by facility, by section, and by sections combined. From these monthly summaries, it is evident that nine species represent the bulk of the catch, in numbers of fish. These are, in order of importance, spotted sea trout, pinfish, puffers, sea trout (other), catfish, king whiting, sheepshead, bluefish, and croaker.

Seasonal summaries of catch (numbers and weight) by species, organized by facility, by section, and by sections combined, are presented in tables 49-51. Spotted sea trout was taken in the greatest numbers, representing 20 percent of the catch for the three seasons for which we have data (spring, 25 percent; summer, 17 percent; and fall, 15 percent). Next is pinfish, with 13 percent of the total catch (spring, 8 percent; summer, 16 percent; and fall, 18 percent). Puffers follow, with

12 percent of the total catch (spring, 16 percent; summer, 8 percent; and fall, 11 percent). Sea trout other than spotted total 8 percent of the catch (spring, 7 percent; summer, 8 percent; and fall, 10 percent). Catfish also represent 8 percent of the total (spring, 9 percent; summer, 8 percent; and fall, 6 percent). King whiting total 6 percent (spring, 4 percent; summer, 8 percent; and fall, 5 percent). Sheepshead total 4 percent (4 percent for each season). Bluefish represent 3 percent (spring, 8 percent; and summer and fall, less than 1 percent). Croaker is last, with 2 percent of the total catch (spring, 1 percent; summer, 4 percent; and fall, 2 percent).

The catch in numbers for these nine species combined represents 82 percent of the 857,485 fish estimated for the spring, 74 percent of the 589,852 fish estimated for the summer, and 72 percent of the 785,676 fish estimated for the fall. Total numbers of fish for these nine species, all seasons combined, represent 76 percent of the total of 2,233,013 fish estimated for all species.

With reference to weights, ranking of the nine dominant species for the three seasons combined is as follows: Spotted sea trout, 33 percent of the total; sea trout other than spotted and catfish, 8 percent each; puffers, 6 percent; bluefish and sheepshead, 5 percent each; king whiting, 4 percent; pinfish, 3 percent; and croaker, 1 percent. The total weight for these nine species, all seasons combined, represents 73 percent of the total of 2,292,455 pounds estimated for all species.

Table 40.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; Northern Section only, February 1963, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by facility, by species

Species	Bank f	isherv	Brid	ges	Surf	areas	Boat f	ishery	To	tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Peunds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish			320	480					320	480
Catfish	1,542	1,542	320	320					1.862	1,862
Drum, black	->/-		320	480			488	732	808	1,212
Drum, red							1,251	2,502	1,251	2,502
King whiting					854	640	547	410	1,401	1,050
Pigfish			320	80			137	34	457	114
Pinfish			8,432	2,112			137	34	8,569	2,146
Puffers	3,084	1,542	,				313	156	3,397	1,698
Sea bass, black			648	648					648	648
Sea bass, rock			320	80					320	80
Sea trout, spotted	4,863	8,505	648	1,136			12,681	22,192	18,192	31,833
Sharks					1,344	4,704			1,344	4,704
Sheepshead			2,264	2,832			3,615	4,519	5,879	7,351
Snapper, mangrove							20	10	20	10
Yellowtail	10,491	2,622	648	160			215	54	11,354	2,836
Unclassified fish			320	80					320	80
Total	19,980	14,211	14,560	8,408	2,198	5,344	19,404	30,643	56,142	58,606

						Southe:	rn Section	n				
Species		es and eways	Ocean	piers	Port Cau		Port Car	naveral side	Boat f	isherv	Sub	total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack							14	210			14	210
Black margate			1,931	1,931							1,931	1,931
Bluefish	395	592	275	412	8,286	12,429					8,956	13,433
Catfisb	12,400	12,400	22,827	22,827	962	962			54	54	36,243	36,243
Croaker					389	194					389	194
Cutlassfish					407	509					407	509
Drum, black	1,576	21,670			201	2,764					1,777	24,434
Drum, red					72	144				~ ~	72	144
Flounders					257	321				~-	257	321
Groupers							14	140			14	140
Grunts					72	36	86	43			158	79
Jack, crevalle	525	787	507	760	1,049	1,573	51	76	54	81	2,186	3,277
Jack, other					510	510					510	510
King mackerel					260	2,080	27	216			287	2,296
King whiting	5,482	4,111	678	508	288	216			54	40	6,502	4,875
Little tuna	7,		- 1 -				136	884			136	884
Mojarra			42	21	187	93	-50				229	114
Mullet					101	101					101	101
Pigfish												
Pinfish	1,129	782	:81	95	420	105					3,930	982
Pompano					21.8	109					218	109
Porgies							86	172			86	172
Puffers	29,218	14,609	149	74	245	122			5,039	2,520	34,651	17,325
Rays	395	:95							54	54	449	449
Sea bass, black	322						1,127	1,127			1,127	1,127
Sea bass, rock											-,	
Sea trout, spotted	22,087	38,652	191	+34	204	357			9,555	16,721	32,037	56,064
Sea trout, other	27,798	27,798	149	149	636	636			78777	2091122	28,583	28,583
Sharks	~13150		4-17		1.284	4,494	7.5				1,284	4,494
Sheepshead	3,127	3,909	149	186	182	227	13	16	702	878	4,173	5,216
Snapper, red) عدور	39202	177	100	102		86	p88	102	010	86	688
								000				
Snapper, mangrove							14	40			14	40
Snapper, other							14				14	7.
Spadefish			42	73	17	30					59	103
Spanish mackerel			210	105	2.194	1,097					2.404	1,202
Spot			510	100	2,194	1,000€					251	251
Tenpounder	251	251									13,042	3,260
Yellowtail	13,042	3,260	42	10	101						920	229
Unclassified fish	777	194	42		101	≥5						229
Total	120,202	129,410	27,573	-7,485	18,542	29,134	1,654	3,614	15,512	20,348	183,483	209,991

						Northe	rn Section	n				
Species	Bank f	ishery	Bri	iges	Surf a	ıreas	Boat f	ishery	Subt	otal	Combine	d total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											14	210
Black margate			~ -								1,931	1,931
Bluefish	16,956	25,434	27,016	40,528	4,586	6,380	943	1,414	49,531	74,256	58,457	87,689
Catfish	843	843	4,240	4,240	5,572	6,572	574	554	12,329	12,209	48,472	48,452
Croaker											389	194
Cutlassfish									~		407	509
Drum, black	4,992	7,488			2,436	3,654	943	1,414	8,371	12,556	10,148	36,990
Drum, red				~			492	984	492	984	564	1,128
Flounders											257	321
Groupers										100	14	140
Grunts			272	136				1	272	136	43C	215
Jack, crevalle	843	1,263	1,032	1,552	40	60	328	492	2,243	3,367	4,429	6,644
Jack, other			4.000	10						1.76	5 1 0	510 4,472
King mackerel			172	_,176			861	646	272	2,176		
King whiting	360	270	1,632	1,224	5,446	4,084	001	040	8,299	6,224	14,801	11,099
Little tuna											136	114
Mojarra											229 101	101
Mullet			100	64					272	64	272	64
Pigfish	2 100	360	272	2,784			697	174	13,263	3,318	17,193	4,300
Pinfish	1,422	300	144.6	104 و ح	40	20	091	714	40	2,510	258	129
Pompano					40	20			40		86	172
Porgles			704	352			246	123	11,957	5,977	46.608	23,302
Puffers	11,007 180	5,502 180	160	160			82	82	422	422	871	871
Rays	100	100	700	100			02	02	422	465	1,127	1,127
Sea bass, black			872	216					872	216	872	216
Sea bass, rock	6,357	11,130	1,304	2,280	102	178	20,785	36,374	28,548	49.962	60,585	106,026
Sea trout, spotted	0,321	000	1,304	2,200	102	710	201100	70,571-	20,70	47,502	28,583	28,583
Sea trout, other Sharks					102	356			102	356	1,366	4,850
Sheepshead	180	216	4,128	5,160	202	3,0	3,608	4,510	7,916	9,386	11,089	15,102
Snapper, red	100			7,100			3,000	-,)10	()	,,,,,,,,,	86	688
Snapper, mangrove			592	296					592	296	592	2,36
Snapper, other			772	250							14	42
Spadefish			160	80					160		160	50
Spanish mackerel											59	100
Spot			272	136			410	205	682	341	1,086	1,543
Tenpounder			212							J-T	251	251
Yellowtail			2,176	544					2,176	544	15,218	3,804
Unclassified fish			==							7	920	-29
Total	43,140	52,686	56,348	61,928	19,324	21,804	29,969	46,972	148,681	185,390	332,164	393,381

Table 42.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; April 1963, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by section, by facility, by species

						Southe:	rn Sectio	n				
Species		es and eways	Ocean	piers	Port Car		Port Ca		Boat f	isherv	Sub	total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	5,811	8,716	455	682	795	1,192	96	244			7,157	10,734
Catfish	754	754	1,306	1,306	122		<i></i>	7-7-7	3,709	3,709	5,769	5,769
Croaker	127	124	1,500	2,300	598	299			3,197	J, 197	598	299
Cutlassfish					994	1,242					994	1,242
Drum, black					774	T) ===					777	T) 292
Drum, red									3,709	7,418	3,709	7,418
Flounders					653	816			3,109	1,410	653	816
Groupers					0)3	010						010
Jack, crevalle			89	133	95	142					184	275
	174	130	2.814	2,110	966	724			2,828	2,121	6,782	5,085
King whiting	1,324	331	2,014	∪ىلىدو ∠	900	124			2,020	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	1,324	331
Pigfish Pinfish		890			5,522	1,380					9,083	2,270
	3,561	090			7,744	1,300					9,003	2,210
Pompano		9.049							1,994			10,046
Puffers	18,098	-, -							,	997	20,092	10,040
Rays												
Sea bass, black												
Sea bass, rock	00 001								(507	22 110	22 1:22	(5 500
Sea trout, spotted	30,804	53,907	89	156					6,537	11,440	37,430	65,503
Sea trout, other	19,170	19,170			330	330					19,500	19,500
Sheepshead	3,487	4,359			519	649					4,006	5,008
Snapper, mangrove					- 1 -				278	139	278	139
Snapper, other					141	423					141	423
Spadefish			89	44	-1.0						89	44
Spot	~=				748	374					748	374
Tenpounder	281	281									281	281
Yellowtail	3,957	989								- 10-	3,957	989
Unclassified fish	16,660	4,165			607	152			13,955	3,489	31,222	7,806
Total	104.081	102,741	4,842	4,431	11,968	7,723	96	144	33,010	29,313	153,997	144,352

Species						Northe	rn Section	a			-	
ppecies	Bank f	ishery	Brio	iges	Surf	areas	Boat f	ishery	Subt	otal .	Combine	d total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	90	144	2,496	3,744	1,028	1,542	383	574	3,997	6,004	11,154	16,738
Catfish	1,221	1,221			568	450			1,789	1,671	7,558	7,440
Croaker			624	312					624	312	1,222	611
Cutlassf ish											994	1,242
Drum, black	1,311	1,974			4,508	6,762	851	1,276	6,670	10,012	6,670	10,012
Drum, red			624	1,248	96	192	255	510	975	1,950	4,684	9,368
Flounders							128	160	128	160	781	976
Groupers			624	312					624	312	624	312
Jack, crevalle			624	936	96	144			720	1,080	904	1,355
King whiting	612	459	624	464	2,624	1,968	978	734	4,838	3,625	11,620	8,710
Pigfish			1,248	312					1,248	312	2,572	643
Pinfish	2,016	498	16,216	4,056	374	94	510	128	19,116	4,776	28,199	7,046
Pompano					96	48			96	48	96	48
Puffers	23,940	11,970			96	48			24,036	12,018	44,128	22,064
Rays					96	96			96	96	96	96
Sea bass, black			1,248	1,248					1,248	1,248	1,248	1,248
Sea bass, rock			4,376	1,096		*** ***			4,376	1,096	4,376	1,096
Sea trout, spotted	11,688	20,454					30,747	53,807	42,435	74,261	79,865	139,764
Sea trout, other											19,500	19,500
Sheepshead	90	108	3,120	3,904	96	120	4,423	5,529	7,729	9,661	11,735	14,669
Snapper, mangrove					91.00						278	139
Snapper, other											141	423
Spadefish			3,752	1,872					3,752	1,872	3,841	1,916
Spot	864	432							864	432	1,612	806
Tenpounder											281	281
Yellowtail	3,402	846			96	24			3,498	870	7,455	1,859
Unclassified fish	90	18							90	i8	31,312	7,824
Total	45,324	38,124	35,576	19,504	9,774	11,488	38,275	62,718	128,949	131,834	282,946	276,186

					South	ern Sectio	on					
Species		es and eways	Ocean	piers	Port Car		Fort Car		Boat f	isherv	Subtotal	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack							184	2.760			184	2,760
Black margate			593	593							593	593
Bluefish					58	87	26	39	278	417	362	54:
Catfish	7,862	7,722	105	106	116	116			2,470	2,470	10,554	10,411
Crosker	278	139			2,775	1,387	82	41	800	400	3,935	1,967
Cutlassfish	-10				575	719					575	719
Dolphin					717	127	26	208			26	208
Drum, black	1,140	15,675	35	481	58	797					1,233	16,953
Eels		T),010	37	701	25	50					25	50
Flounders					1,581	1,976					1,581	1,976
					84	840	261	2,610			345	3,450
Groupers					04	040	201	2,010			347	3,470
Grunts					461						754	
Jack, crevalle	278	417				691	15	22				1,130
King mackerel					51	408	610	4,880			661	5,288
King whiting	2,131	1,598	560	420	182	136	53	40			2,926	2,191
Mullet	131	131			182	182					313	313
Pigfish	7,563	1,891					15	14	-9-77		7,578	1,899
Pinfish	8,285	2,071	106	26	4,785	1,196					13,176	3,293
Pompano	1,159	579									1,159	579
Puffers	35,564	17,782									35,564	17,782
Rays	104	104									104	10
Sea bass, black					25	25	1,717	1,717			1,742	1,742
Sea bass, rock												
Sea robin				~ **	58	7.4					58	12
Sea trout, spotted	32,838	57,466			116	203	53	93	9,359	16,378	42,366	74,140
Sea trout, other	10,961	10,961								,51-	10,961	10,961
Sharks	10,501	10,501			58	203	43	143			99	346
	1,466	1,832			83	104					1,549	1,936
Sheepshead		1,00,2				104	955	7,640			955	7.64
Snapper, red					84	42	777	7,040			739	369
Snapper, mangrove	655	327			-	-					369	1,10
Snapper, other							369	1,107			187	9:
Spadefish	187	93									TOI	
Spanish mackerel					000	1.1.2					1 057	
Spot	187	93	177	88	893	446					1,257	627
Tenpounder	589	589									589	589
Triggerfish							54	135			54	13
Yellowtail	3,627	907						~ ~			3,627	90
Unclassified fish	4,596	1,149			109	27					4,705	1,176
Total	110 601	121,526	1,577	1,714	12,359	9,649	4,461	21,439	12,907	19,665	150,905	173,993

					North	ern Secti	on					
Species	Bank	fishery	Bri	dges	Sur	f areas	Boat	fisherv	Subt	otal	Combine	d total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											184	2,760
Black margate											593	593
Bluefish											362	543
Catfish	1,728	1,485	792	752	3,418	3,418	4,222	4,170	10,160	9,825	20,714	20,239
Croaker	234	108	160	80					394	188	4,329	2,155
Cutlassfish	-5.										575	719
Dolphin											26	208
Drum, hlack	186	279		~ -	84	126	412	618	682	1,023	1,915	17,976
Eels	100	-12								-,5	25	50
Flounders											1,581	1,976
Groupers											345	3,450
Grunts			400	100					400	200	400	200
Jack, crevalle	186	279	160	240			309	464	655	983	1,409	2,113
		-17	T00	240			309			903	661	5,288
King mackerel	2 200				4.168	3,126	790	592	7,562	5,671	10,488	7,865
King whiting	1,356	1,017	1,248	936			190	792	1,702	7,011		
Mullet				1.00							313	313
Pigfish			1,720	432		- 00	790	198	2,510	630	10,088	2,525
Pinfish			4,392	1,096	750	188	3,021	755	8,163	2,039	21,339	5,332
Pompano			312	160	84	42			396	202	1,555	781
Puffers	13,860	6,930	160	80					14,020	7,010	49,584	24,792
Rays	186	186	72	72	~ ~		206	206	464	464	568	568
Sea bass, black			472	472					472	472	2,214	2,214
Sea bass, rock	- **		72	16					72	16	72	16
Sea robin			72	16					72	16	130	30
Sea trout, spotted	4,812	8,421	232	408			26,674	46,680	31,718	55,509	74,084	129,649
Sea trout, other											10,961	10,961
Sharks			72	256					72	256	171	602
Sheepshead	234	288	3,448	4,312	84	104	2,403	3,004	6,169	7,708	7,718	9,644
Snapper, red											955	7,640
Snapper, mangrove											739	369
Snapper, other											369	1,107
Spadefish			312	160					312	160	499	253
Spanish mackerel					84	148	~ =		84	148	84	148
Spot			632	320	166	84			798	404	2,055	1,031
Tenpounder	186	186					893	893	1,079	1,079	1,668	1,668
Triggerfish		100							±,°12		54	135
Yellowtail											3,627	907
Unclassified fish	720	180	3,128	784	166	42	1,202	300	5,216	1,306	9,921	2,482
OHETGOSTITES ITSH	,	100		104						, -		
Total	23,688	19,359	17,856	10,792	9,004	7,278	40,922	57,880	91,470	95,309	242,375	269,302

Table 44.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; June 1963, in numbers of fish and weight SEDAR24-RD57 tion, by facility, by species

Species	Southern Section											
	Bridges and causeways		Ocean piers		Port Canaveral		Port Canaveral		Boat fishery		Subtotal	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
mberjack							82	1,230			82	1,230
lack margate			1,167	1,167							1,167	1,16
abio							54	486			54	48
atfish	1.653	1,653	62	62	37	37			13,345	13,345	15,097	15,09
roaker	71	35	3,388	1,694	1,343	671	133	66			4,935	2,46
utlassfisb					97	121					97	12
olphin							20	160			20	16
rum, black	165	2,269	62	852	272	3,740					499	6,86
rum, red	464	928									464	92
lounders					210	262	14	17			224	27
roupers							48	480			48	48
runts	390	195			97	48					487	24
ack, crevalle												-
ing mackerel							468	3,744			468	3.74
ing whiting	7,043	5,282	2,007	1,505	181	136			262	196	9,493	7,11
igfish	263	66		-,,,-,					112	28	375	9
infish	8.037	2,009	84	21	2,283	571	366	91			10,770	2,69
uffers	9,836	4,918			-,				10,121	5,060	19,957	9,97
ays	143	143									143	14
lea bass, black					97	97	20	20			117	11
lea bass, rock					144	36	61	1 5			205	5
Sea robin			62	15							62	1
Sea trout, spotted	4,670	8,172	84	147	***				15,594	27,289	20,348	35,60
Sea trout, other	9,680	9,680									9,680	9,68
Sharks	71	248	84	294			34	119			189	66
Sheepshead	3,824	4,780	259	324					13,495	16,869	17,578	21,97
happer, red	5,024		-//	J			870	6,960	-5, 55	,	870	6,96
happer, mangrove	645	322									645	32
napper, other	077						340	1,020			340	1,02
bpadefish	544	272	192	96	193	96	14	7			943	47
Spanish mackerel	777						68	119			68	11
pot	2,388	1,194	947	473	1,715	857					5,050	2,52
enpounder		エラエフサ	271	-13	(262	262	262	26
ellowtail	6,977	1,744						~ -	262	66	7,239	1,81
Inclassified fish	3,696	924	306	76	503	126					4,505	1,12
MCTCOSITICA 112H	3,050	724	500	,0	,03	120					,,,,,	
btal	60,560	44,834	8,704	6,726	7,172	6,798	2,592	14,534	53,453	63,115	132,481	136,00

Species	Northern Section											
	Bank :	fishery	Brio	Bridges		Surf areas		fishery	Subtotal		Combined total	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											82	1,230
Black margate											1,167	1,167
Cabio											54	486
Catfish	1,527	1,527	2,088	2,088	846	846	54	54	4,515	4,515	19,612	19,612
Croaker			336	168	164	82			500	250	5,435	2,716
Cutlassfish											97	121
Dolphin				~ ~							20	160
Drum, black	141	210					54	81	195	291	694	7,152
Drum, red							461	922	461	922	925	1,850
Flounders					32	40			32	40	256	319
Groupers	54	27							54	27	102	507
Grunts											487	243
Jack, crevalle			112	168					112	168	112	168
King mackerel											468	3,744
King whiting	285	204	1,232	928	228	172	54	40	1,799	1,344	11,292	8,463
Pigfish			232	56					232	56	607	150
Pinfish	4,071	1,023	6,808	1,704	164	40	271	68	11,314	2,835	22,084	5,527
Puffers	11.892	5,946		-,,					11,892	5,946	31,849	15,924
Rays		7,7.0	56	56					56	56	199	199
Sea hass, black			56	56					56	56	173	173
Sea hass, rock			232	56					232	56	437	107
Sea robin			56	16					56	16	118	31
Sea trout, spotted	2,136	3,741					16.037	28,065	18,173	31,806	38,521	67,414
Sea trout, other	141	141					,-51		141	141	9,821	9,821
Sharks	7-1-	2-12			32	112			32	112	221	773
Sheepshead	1.089	1,362	448	560	98	122	461	576	2,096	2,620	19,674	24,593
Snapper, red	_,00								-,-,-		870	6,960
Snapper, mangrove			56	32					56	32	701	351
Snapper, other				J-							340	1,020
Spadefish			232	112					232	112	1,175	583
Spanish mackerel			232	112							68	119
Spot	87	42			98	48			185	90	5,235	2,614
Tenpounder	87	87		_~					87	87	349	349
Yellowtail	513	138							513	138	7,752	1,948
Unclassified fish	54	12	960	240					1,014	252	5,519	1,378
SHOTOSSILICA LISH)4	12	900	240	_				1901	- /-	191-1	-,0,0
Potal	22,077	14,460	12,904	6,240	1,662	1,462	17,392	29,806	54,035	51,968	186,516	187,975

	Southern Section													
Species	Bridg	es and			Port Ca	naveral	Port Car	naveral						
		eways	Ocean	piers	ins	ide	out	side	Subt	otal				
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds				
Amberjack							505	7,575	505	7,575				
Barracuda					573	4,584	15	120	588	4,704				
Black margate			79	79					79	79				
Bluefisb			40	60			15	22	55	82				
Cabio							62	558	62	558				
Catfisb	10,924	10,738	1,790	1,754	192	192			12,906	12,684				
Croaker	1,147	573	1,709	854	11,491	5,745			14,347	7,172				
Cutlassfisb					662	827			662	827				
Dolphin							35	280	35	280				
Drum, black	116	1,595	53	729	1,520	20.900			1,689	23,224				
Drum, red	113	226			58	116			171	342				
Eels														
Flounders			16	20	729	911	5	6	750	937				
Groupers							63	630	63	630				
Grunts	331	165	231	115	2,673	1,336			3,235	1.616				
Jack, crevalle	86	129	16	24	218	327		33	342	513				
Jack. other					26	26			26	26				
King mackerel							197	1,576	197	1,576				
King whiting	5,655	4,241	5.652	4,239	2.104	1,578	471		13,411	10,058				
Little tuna	7,077	7,272	16	104	2,104		3.24	2,171	350	2,275				
Modarra			20	10-	301	150	227	- 1-1-	301	150				
Mullet	584	584			51	51			635	635				
Pigfish	119	30			809	202			928	232				
Pinfish	13,711	3.428	970	242	14.140	3.535			28,821	7,205				
	327	163	910	272	240	3,732				163				
Powpano Puffers	12,243	6.121	42	21					327	6.142				
		227	16	16					12,285					
Rays	227	221	26				3,582	3,582	243	243				
Sea bass, black			152	26			3,502	3,502	3,608	3,608				
Sea bass, rock				38					152	38				
Sea robin			53	13	86				53	13				
Sea trout, spotted	10,191	17,934	119	208		150			10,396	18,192				
Sea trout, other	18,272	18,272	32	32	26	26			18,330	18,330				
Sharks	29	101	283	990	51	178			363	1,269				
Sheepshead	3,414	4,267			3,081	3,851			6,495	8,118				
Snapper, red							1,598	12,784	1,598	12,784				
Snapper, mangrove	304	152			436	218			740	370				
Snapper, other							29	87	29	87				
Spadefish	875	437	545	272	340	170			1,760	879				
Spot	86	43	:,217	1,608	4,345	2,172			7,648	3,823				
Tenpounder	213	213							213	213				
Yellowtail	6,893	1,723	275	69	. 51	13			7,219	1,805				
Unclassified fish	2,785	696	3,302	825	1,408	352			7,495	1,873				
Total.	88,645	71,958	18,634	12,338	45,371	47,610	6,462	29,424	159,112	161 220				
IU (du	00,045	11,770	10,034	0000	429317	+1,010	0,402	279424	علىل و الارت	161,330				

Species				Norther	n Section							
phecies	Bank f	isherv	Bri	lges	Surf	areas	Boat f	isherv	Subt	otal	Combine	d total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											505	7,575
Barracuda											588	4,704
Black margate			~ =								79	79
Bluefisb	18	27	24	32	180	270	58	57	280	416	335	498
Cabio						~ -					62	558
Catfish	2,154	2,136	2,448	2,432	3,668	3,662	1,670	1,670	9,940	9,900	22,846	22,584
Croaker	1,899	948			266	132	518	259	2,683	1,339	17,030	8,511
Cutlassfisb											662	827
Dolphin											35	280
Drum, black	186	279	176	264	158	236	518	777	1,038	1,556	2,727	24,780
Drum, red	90	180	112	224			288	576	490	980	661	1,322
Eels			64	128					64	128	64	128
Flounders			64	80			173	216	237	296	987	1,233
Groupers	36	18	88	48		~ ~	115	58	239	124	302	754
Grunts	69	33	136	64	46	24			251	121	3,486	1,737
Jack, crevalle	198	297	152	224			633	950	983	1,471	1,325	1,984
Jack, other											26	26
King mackerel											197	1,576
King whiting	1,344	1,002	1,752	1,312	1,944	1,458	1,094	820	6,134	4,592	19,545	14,650
Little tuna											350	2,275
Mojarra											301	150
Mullet			48	48					48	48	683	683
Pigfish	1,326	336 885	1,352	336			403	101	3,081	773	4,009	1,005
Pinfish	3,507		5,160	1,288	68	16	2,764	691	11,499	2,880	40,320	10,085
Pompano		0 -							1 -0-		327	163
Puffers	3,960	1,980	112	56			115	58	4,187	2,094	16,472	8,236
Rays	69	69	88	88	22	22			179	179	422	422
Sea bass, black	198	198	352	352			58	58	608	608	4,216	4,216
Sea bass, rock			64	16				~ -	64 64	16	216	54
Sea robin		0.000	64	16				FC (DF		16	117	29
Sea trout, spotted	1,326	2,319	624	1,088			32,357	56,625	34,307	60,032	44,703	78,224
Sea trout, other	3 6	36 114	48	168	23	76	173	6,16	36 276	36 964	18,366	18,366
Sharks	768	960	936	1,168	248	310	2,188	2,735	4,140	5,173	10,635	2,235 13,291
Sheepshead	100	900	930	T) 100	240	310	2,100	2,(37	4,140	2,113	1,598	12,784
Snapper, red	177	87	176	88	22	12	58	29	433	216	1,173	586
Snapper, mangrove	36	1.08	T(0			75	20	-7	36	1.08	65	195
Snapper, other Spadefish	264	132	376	192					640	324	_,400	1,203
Spot	429	213	2,152	1,072					2,581	1,385	10,229	5,138
Tenpounder	33	33	48	48			230	230	311	311	524	524
Yellowtail	1.020	255	352	88	46	12	173	43	1,591	398	8,810	2,203
Unclassified fish	990	243	1,400	352	40	12	1,036	259	3,426	854	10,921	2,727
Oliciasori ted 1180	230	247	2,700	عرد			1,000	- 25	29460	0)4	10972	1016
Total	20,166	12,888	18,368	11,272	6,690	6,230	44,622	66,848	89,846	97,238	248,958	258,568

	Southern Section													
Species	Bridg	es and			Port Car		Port Ca							
	caus	eways	Ocean	piers	ins	ide	out	side	Subt	otal				
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds				
Amber jack							14	210	14	210				
Barracuda							54	432	54	432				
Black margate			1,017	1,017	530	530	102	102	1,649	1,649				
Bluefish	61	92	34	51	56	84	24	36	175	26				
Cabio							29	261	29	26				
Catfish	11,611	11.466	3,372	3,703	255	237	10	10	15,248	15.41				
Croaker	1,031	515	269	134	706	353	252	126	2,258	1,12				
Cutlessfish	-,				288	360			288	36				
Dolphin							378	3,024	378	3,02				
Drum, black	647	8,896	192	2.640	104	1,430	15	206	958	13,17				
Drum, red	28	56			16	32			44	8				
Cels					8	16			8	10				
Mounders	69	86	253	360	255	319	10	12	587	77				
Groupers							115	1,150	115	1,15				
runts	629	314			70	35			699	34				
Jack, crevalle	826	1,239	152	228	171	256	15	22	1,164	1,74				
Jack, other		-,			71	71			71	7				
Cing mackerel							1,036	8,288	1,036	8,28				
Ging whiting	11,830	8,872	1,767	1,325	186	139	10	7	13,793	10,34				
Little tuna	-,	-,	-,	-,,	342	2,223	355	2,307	697	4,53				
Mojarra					170	85			170	8				
fullet	4,236	4.236			161	161			4,397	4,39				
Pigfish	1,379	345	50	12	42	10			1,471	36				
Pinfish	14,001	3,500			2,153	538	10	2	16,164	4,04				
Pompano	97	48	51	25	40	20			188	9.				
Puffers	7,406	3,703	25	12	20	10			7,451	3,72				
Rays	181	181			36	36			217	21				
Sea bass, black					20	20	2,417	2,417	2,437	2,43				
Sea bass, rock			25	6					25					
Sea robin			175	44					175	1,1				
Sea trout, spotted	5,428	9,499	25	44	78	136	1.0	17	5,541	9,69				
Sea trout. other	19,077	19,077			38	38	49	49	19,164	19,16				
Sharks							24	84	24	8				
Sheepshead	3,436	4,295	185	231	472	590	126	157	4,219	5,27				
Snapper. red	5,150	-,			38	304	830	6,640	868	6,94				
Snapper, mangrove	367	183			162	81	-5-		529	26				
Snapper, other	501		25	75			105	315	130	39				
Spadefish	1,441	720	218	109	184	92	10	5	1,853	92				
Spanish mackerel	2,772				204		15	26	15	2				
Spot	158	79	354	177	3,913	1,956	10	5	4,435	2,21				
Fenpounder	689	689	324	-11	ر کارور		43	43	732	73				
(ellowtail	9,714	2,428	51	13					9,765	2,44				
Inclassified fish	2,628	657	252	63	541	135			3,421	85				
ALLEGA LIGHT	2,020	0)1	- / -	03	7.12	207			3,4.00					
Motel	96,970	81,176	8,492	10,269	11,126	10,297	6,068	25,953	122,656	127,69				
0.00	203710	المومد	0,1/2	20,000			,	279773		1,907				

					Norther	n Section						
Species	Bank f	1chowr	Too f	lzes	Surf	areas	Rost	fisherv	Subt	otel	Combin	ed total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amber jack											14	210
Barracuda											54	432
Black margate							~-				1,649	1,649
Bluefish	~-		320	480	86	128			406	608	581	871
Cabio											29	261
Catfish	2,802	2,739	1,480	1.472	594	594	659	650	5,535	5,455	20,783	20,871
Croeker	174	78	576	288	260	130	146	73	1,156	569	3,414	1,697
Cutlassfish			88	112					88	112	376	472
Dolphin											378	3,024
Drum, black	63	93	88	128	260	390	403	604	814	1,215	1,772	14,387
Drum, red			200	400	172	344	329	658	701	1,402	745	1,490
Eels			32	64					32	64	40	80
Flounders					86	108			32 86	108	673	885
Groupers	162	72	56	32					218	204	333	1,254
Grunts	420	210	288	144			-~		708	354	1,407	703
Jack, crevalle	189	282	640	960	86	128	183	274	1,098	1,644	2,262	3,389
Jack, other											71	72
King mackerel											1,036	8,288
King whiting	741	561	1,304	976	1,968	1.476	476	357	4,489	3,370	18,282	13,713
Little tuna	1	,02		710						5,51-	697	4,530
Mojarra											170	85
Mullet							73	73	73	73	4.470	4,470
Pigfish	1,407	348	2,664	664			293	73	4,364	1,085	5,835	1,452
Pinfish	8,544	2,127	4,776	1,192			293	73	13,613	3,392	29,777	7,432
Pompano	90	36	56	32	172	86	37	18	355	172	543	265
Puffers	2,715	1,356	232	112			329	164	3,276	1,632	10,727	5,357
Rays	63	63	112	112					175	175	392	392
Sea bass, black			32	32			37	37	69	69	2,506	2,506
Sea bass, rock			32	8			37	9	69	17	94	23
Sea robin	48.44		56	16					56	16	231	60
Sea trout, spotted	1,248	2,187	928	1,624			26,725	46,769	28,901	50,580	34,442	60,276
Sea trout, other	-,					~~					19,164	19,164
Sharks	21	72	32	112					53	184	77	268
Sheepshead	555	684	1,680	2,096	172	216	476	595	2,883	3,591	7,102	8,864
Snapper, red											868	6,944
Snapper, mangrove			376	192			73	36	449	228	978	492
Snapper, other						~ **					130	390
Spadefish			1,160	576	260	130			1,420	706	3,273	1,632
Spanish mackerel											15	26
Spot	2,202	1,092	8,168	4,080		~-	183	92	10,553	5,264	14,988	7,481
Tenpounder	294	294	200	200	86	86	183	183	763	763	1,495	1,495
Yellowtail	1,284	321	32	8		~ -			1,316	329	11,081	2,770
Unclassified fish	342	81	552	136	86	22	476	119	1,456	358	4,877	1,213
	3											
Total	23,316	12,696	26,160	16,248	4,288	3,838	31,411	50,857	85,175	83,639	207,831	211,334
	275-	,	-	-			-					

					Souther	Section				
Species		ges and			Port Car		Port Ca			
	. cau		Ocean	piers	insi	ide	out	side	Subt	otal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Black margate			1.041	1.041	705	705			1,746	1,746
Bluefish			816	1,224	14	21			830	1,245
Cabio				-,			19	171	19	171
Catfish	18,490	17,975	2,833	2,757	962	881			22,285	21,613
Croaker	1,459	729	111	55	768	384			2,338	1,168
Cutlassfish			211	264	14	17			225	281
Dolphin							102	816	102	816
Drum, black	690	9,487	179	2,461	160	2,200			1,029	14,148
Drum, red	181	362			25	50			206	412
Eels					25	50			25	50
Flounders			137	171	101	126	5	6	243	303
Groupers							64	640	64	640
Grunts	479	239			258	129	275	137	1,012	505
Jack, crevalle	435	652	144	216	102	153	53	79	734	1,100
King mackerel					58	464	238	1,904	296	2,368
King whiting	10,800	8,100	1,562	1,171	209	157			12,571	9,428
Little tuna					35	227	133	864	168	1,091
Mojarra					157	78			157	78
Mullet	1,495	1,495			25	25			1,520	1,520
Pigfish	4,392	1,098			313	78			4,705	1,176
Pinfish	26,645	6,661	94	23	2,011	503			28,750	7,187
Pompano			467	233	49	24			516	257
Puffers	37,473	18,736				7-			37,473	18,736
Rays	650	650			63	63			713	713
Sea bass, black				to an	35	35	1,299	1,299	1,334	1,334
Sea bass, rock			293	73	98	24			391	97
Sea robin	9 71.0	3.5.03.3	193	48	25	6			218	54
Sea trout, spotted	8,749	15,311			31.7	555			9,066	15,866
Sea trout, other Sharks	24,250	24,250			35 98	35 343	8	28	24,285	24,285
Sheepshead	4,651	5.814	68	85	708	343 885		20	5,427	371 6.784
Snapper, red	4,00±),UI4		0)	100	007	1,056	8,448	1,056	8,448
	545	272			565	282	1,000	0,440	1,110	554
Snapper, mangrove Snapper, other	242	-1-			14	42	49	147	63	189
Spadefish	2,822	1,411	137	68	578	289	77	141	3,537	1,768
Spot	1,915	957	I		1,389	694			3,304	1,651
Tenpounder	786	786	137	137	25	25			948	948
Triggerfish	100	100	7.21	731			138	345	138	345
Yellowtail	13,014	3,253	26	6	14	3		J-7	13,054	3,262
Unclassified fish	8,673	2,168	1,370	342	219	55	8	2	10,270	2,567
	3,013	- ,200	-,510	JC	/	,,		_		-,,,,,,
Total	168,594	120,406	9,819	10,375	10,174	9,608	3,447	14,886	192,034	155,275
	,									

Species					Norther	Section						
obecies	Bank f	ishery	Bri	dges	Surf a	ireas	Boat f	ishery	Sub	total	Combine	d total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Black margate											1,746	1,746
Bluefish			128	192	102	152			230	344	1,060	1,589
Cabio											19	171
Catfish	1,473	1,473	1,224	1,216	910	870	877	877	4,484	4,436	26,769	26,049
Croaker	2,196	1,098	328	160	~~		155	78	2,679	1,336	5,017	2,504
Cutlassfish			480	600					480	600	705	881
Dolphin											102	816
Drum, black			40	64	54	80	1,032	1,548	1,126	1,692	2,155	15,840
Drum, red	384	768	288	576			722	1,444	1,394	2,788	1,600	3,200
Eels			80	160		-0.00			80	160	105	210
Flounders			208	256	54	68			262	324	505	627
Groupers			64	32			52	26	116	58	180	698
Grunts			1,056	528			2,271	1,136	3,327	1,664	4,339	2,169
Jack, crevalle	186	279	272	408	156	234	206	309	820	1,230	1,554	2,330
King mackerel						~ -					296	2,368
King whiting	1,536	1,155	1,016	760	1,198	898	1,445	1,084	5,195	3,897	17,766	13,325
Little tuna											168	1,091
Mojarra											157	78
Mullet			1,496	1,496					1,496	1,496	3,016	3,016
Pigfish	258	69	5,408	1,352	102	26	361	90	6,129	1,537	10,834	2,713
Pinfish	2,301	570	1,904	480	24	6	4,128	1,032	8,357	2,088	37,107	9,275
Pompano			24	16	78	40			102	56	618	313
Puffers	3,216	1,608	536	272			52	26	3,804	1,906	41,277	20,642
Rays	351	351	288	288			52	52	691	691	1,404	1,404
Sea bass, black			24	24					24	24	1,358	1,358
Sea bass, rock			40	8					40	8	431	105
Sea robin											218	54
Sea trout, spotted	1,281	2,247	520	912			33,336	58,338	35,137	61,497	44,203	77,363
Sea trout, other			24	24					24	24	24,309	24,309
Sharks											106	371
Sheepshead	114	141	1,016	1,272	102	128	2,425	3,031	3,657	4,572	9,084	11,356
Snapper, red											1,056	8,448
Snapper, mangrove	312	165	312	160	24	12	52	26	700	363	1,810	917
Snapper, other			1 - 6	-1.0							63	189
Spadefish			496	248	78	40			574	288	4,111	2,056
Spot	3,303	1,659	2,776	1,392					6,079	3,051	9,383	4,702
Tenpounder			312	312					312	312	1,260	1,260
Triggerfish			1								138	345
Yellowtail	957	240.	40	8	102	26			1,099	274	14,153	3,536
Uoclassified fish	423	111	272	64			2,890	722	3,585	897	13,855	3,464
Total	18,291	11,934	20,672	13,280	2,984	2,580	50,056	69,819	92,003	97,613	284,037	252,888

					Southern	Section				
Species	Bridge	es and			Port Car	averal	Port Ca			
	cause	eways	Ocean		ins:	ide	out	side	Subt	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack							69	1,035	69	1,035
Barracuda										
Bluefish			45	67	56	84			101	153
Cabio							53	477	53	47
Catfish	1,814	1,771	654	654	992	992			3,460	3,41
Croaker	2,267	1,133			668	334			2,935	1,46
Drum, black	348	4,785	263	3,616	940	12,925			1,551	21,32
Drum, red					228	456			228	45
Flounders					98	122			98	12:
Groupers					45	450	191	1,910	236	2,36
Grunts	116	58							116	5
Jack, crevalle					243	364			243	36
Jack, other					280	280			280	28
King whiting	4,091	3,068	2,061	1,546	675	506			6,827	5,12
Little tuna					~ =		1 5	97	15	9
Mojarra					2,638	1,319			2,638	1,31
Mullet	748	748							748	74
Pigfish	1,148	287		**					1,148	28
Pinfish	13,207	3,302	436	19	1,090	272			14,733	3,59
Pompano			354	177	56	28			410	20
Puffers	5,330	2,665	45	22					5,375	2,68
Rays	57	57							57	5
Sea bass, black							84	84	84	8
Sea bass, rock										-
Sea trout, spotte	d 5,467	9,567							5,467	9,56
Sea trout, other	27,588	27,588	127	190	260	260			27,975	28,03
Sheepshead	2,324	2,905	654	817	802	1,002			3,780	4,72
Snapper, red						** **	4,479	35,832	4,479	35,83
Snapper, mangrove					232	116			232	11
Snapper, other			45	135			53	159	98	29
Spadefish	963	481	~ -		277	138			1,240	61
Spanish mackerel					183	320			183	32
Spot	544	122	45	22	56	28			345	17
Tenpounder						~ ~				
Yellowtail	2,626	656			158	39			2,784	69
Jnclassified fish	3,064	766			591	148		→ **	3,655	91
Total	71,402	59,959	4,729	7,265	10,568	20,183	4,944	39,594	91,643	127,00

Species					Norther	n Section						
Species	Bank f	ishery	Brid	iges	Surf a	areas	Boat f	ishery	Subt	otal	Combine	ed total
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											69	1,035
Barracuda			152	1,216					152	1,216	152	1,216
Bluefish					154	232			154	232	255	383
Cabio											_ 53	477
Catfish	1,716	1,716							1,716	1,716	5,176	5,133
Croaker	0=						211	106	211	106	3,146	1,573
Drum, black	87	129			780	1,170	6,074	9,111	6,941	10,410	8,492	31,736
Drum, red	816	1,632					8,927	17,854	9,743	19,486	9,971	19,942
Flounders			152	80					152	80	388	2,440
Groupers Grunts	237	117	1,224	608					1,461	725	1,577	783
Jack, crevalle	231	441	⊥,cc+				21.1	316	211	316	454	680
Jack, crevarie					are the		Gullania to m	210			280	280
King whiting	171	129	312	232	2,174	1,630	1,162	872	3,819	2.863	10,646	7,983
Little tuna									3,017		15	97
Mojarra											2,638	1,319
Mullet											748	748
Pigfish			3,776	944	154	38	3,275	819	7,205	1,801	8,353	2,088
Pinfish			8,016	2,000	1,242	310	33,753	8,438	43.011	10,748	57,744	14,341
Pompano										´	410	205
Puffers	8,202	4,110	152	80			2,800	1,400	11,154	5,590	16,529	8,277
Rays						~ ~					57	57
Sea bass, black											84	84
Sea bass, rock			152	40					152	40	152	40
Sea trout, spotte	ed 2,850	4,986					27,414	47,974	30,264	52,960	35,731	62,527
Sea trout, other		1.00			1.60						27,975	28,038
Sheepshead	321	402	600	752	462	578	6,814	8,518	8,197	10,250	11,977	14,974
Snapper, red								100		3.06	4,479	35,832
Snapper, mangrov	==						211	106	211	106	443 98	222
Snapper, other Spadefish			152	80					152	80		294 699
Spanish mackerel									725		1,392	320
Spot			752	376	308	154			1,060	530	1,405	702
Tenpounder			102	310	500		1,637	1,637	1,637	1,637	1,637	1,637
Yellowtail	2,778	693					5,863	1,466	8,641	2,159	11.425	2,854
Unclassified fish			10,440	2,608	1,396	348		1,400	11.836	2,956	15,491	3,870
				_,	-,5)-	3				-1//-	-27.7-	0,-1-
Total	17,178	13,914	25,880	9,016	6,670	4,460	98,352	98,617	148,080	126,007	239,723	253,008

	Southern Section											
Species		es and			Port Ca		Port Ca					
		eways		piers	ins			side		fishery	Subt	
	Number	Founds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack					~-		198	2,970			198	2,970
Black margate			2,524	2,524							2,524	2,524
Bluefish	6,206	9,308	730	1,094	9,139	13,708	122	183	278	417	16,475	24,710
Catfish	21,016	20,876	24,239	24,239	1,078	1.078			6,233	6,233	52,566	52,426
Croaker	278	139			3,762	1,880	82	41	800	400	4,922	2,460
Cutlassfish					1,976	2,470					1,976	2,470
Dolphin							26	208			26	208
Drum, black	2,716	37,345	35	481	259	3,561					3,01.0	41,387
Drum, red					72	144			3,709	7,418	3,781	7,562
Eels					25	50					25	50
Flounders					2,491	3,113					2,491	3,113
Groupers					84	840	275	2,750			359	3,590
Grunts					72	36	86	43			158	79
Jack, crevalle	803	1,204	596	893	1,605	0,400	66	98	54	81.	3,124	4,682
Jack, other					510	510					510	510
King mackerel					311	2,488	637	5,096			948	7,584
King whiting	7,787	5,839	4.052	3.038	1,436	1,076	53	40	2,882	2,161	16,210	12,154
Little tuna	13101	7,000		5,000		2.9010	136	884	-,		136	884
Mojarra			42	21	187	93					229	114
Mullet	131	131			283	283		5 -			414	414
Pigfish	8,887	2,222				200	15	L		-	8,902	2,226
Pinfish	14,975	3.743	487	121	10,727	2,681					26,189	6,545
Pompano	1,159	579			218	109					1,377	688
Porgies		212				209	86	172			86	172
Puffers	82,880	41.440	149	74	245	122		-10	7,033	3,517	90,307	45,153
Rays	499	499	7-42	1					54	54	553	553
Sea bass, black	722	7//			25	25	2,844	2,844	2.		2,869	2,869
Sea bass, rock							_,				-,000	
Sea robin					58	14					58	14
Sea trout, spotted	85,729	150,025	280	490	320	560	53	93	25,451	44,539	111,833	195,707
Sea trout, other	57,929	57,929	149	149	966	966	73	23			59,044	59,044
Sharks	213747	219202		A>	1,342	4,697	41	143			1,383	4,840
Sheepshead	8,080	10.100	149	186	784	980	13	16	702	878	9,728	12,160
Snapper, red	0,000	10,100	177				1,041	8,328	, 02		1,041	8,328
Snapper, mangrove	655	327			84	4.0		-, 520	278	139	1,017	508
Snapper, other		261			141	423	383	1,149		-52	524	1,572
Spadefish	187	93	89	2,2,	171		505				276	137
Spanish mackerel	701	93	42	73	17	30					59	103
Spot	187	93	387	193	3,835	1,917					4,409	2,203
Tenpounder	1,121	1,121	301	193	09000	T 9 7 T 1					1,121	1,121
Triggerfisb	الكندوا	لتنملونا					54	135			54	135
Yellowtail	20,626	5,156					J	T37			20,626	5,156
Unclassified fish		5,508	42	10	817	204			13,955	3,489	36,847	9,211
oucrassified ligh	22,033	7,500	46	10	OTI	204			-39777	2,3407		
Total.	343,884	353,677	33,992	33,630	42.869	46,500	6,211	25,197	61,429	69,326	488.385	528,336

	Northern Section												
Species	Bank f	ichery	Br	idges	Surf	areas	Boat	fishery	Subt	otal	Combine	d total	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	
Amberjack											198	2,970	
Black margate											2,524	2,524	
Eluefish	17,046	25,578	29,512	44,272	5,614	8,422	1,326	1,988	53,498	80,260	69,973	104,970	
Catfish	3,792	3,549	5,032	4,992	10,558	10,440	4,796	4,724	24,178	23,705	76,744	76,131	
Croaker	234	108	784	392					1,018	500	5,940	2,960	
Cutlassfish											1,976	2,470	
Dolphin											26	208	
Drum, black	6,489	9,741			7,028	10,542	2,206	3,308	15,723	23,591	18,733	64,978	
Drum, red	-,		624	1,248	96	192	747	1,494	1,467	2,934	5,248	10,496	
Eels											25	50	
Flounders							128	160	128	160	2,619	3,27	
Groupers			624	312					624	312	983	3,90	
Grunts			672	336					672	336	830	41	
Jack, crevalle	1,029	1,542	1,316	2,728	136	204	637	956	3,618	5,430	6,742	10,11	
Jack, other		-,,-	-,								510	510	
King mackerel			272	1,176					272	2,176	1,220	9.760	
King whiting	2,328	1,746	3.504	2,624	12,238	9,178	2,629	1,972	20,699	15,520	36,909	27,671	
Little tuna		23170	- 9 / 0 - 1	-,00		79-10				-/,/	136	881	
Mojarra											229	11	
hillet											414	412	
Pigfish			3,240	808			790	198	4.030	1,006	12,932	3,232	
Pinfish	3,438	858	31,752	7.936	1,124	282	4,228	1,057	40,542	10,133	66,731	16,67	
ompano	3,430		312	160	220	110	7,220	±3-771	532	270	1,909	958	
			314	200	220				734	210	86	17	
Porgies Puffers	48,807	24,402	864	432	96	48	246	123	50,013	25,005	140,320	70,15	
	366	366	232	232	96	96	288	288	982	982	1,535	1,535	
Rays	300	300	1,720	1,720		50			1,720	1,720	4,589	4,589	
Sea bass, black				1,328					5,320	1,328		7,70	
dea bass, rock			5,320							1,320	5,320	1,328	
Sea robin			72	16 2,688	102	178	26 000	136,861	72		1.30	30	
Sea trout, spotted	48,857	40,005	1,536		178	710	78,206		102,701	179,732	214,534	375,439	
Sea trout, other				056				-1	7.77	(30	59,044	59,04	
Sharks		(2.0	. 72	256	102	356	20 101		174	612	1,557	5,450	
Sheepshead	504	612	10,696	13,376	180	224	10,434	13,043	21,814	27,255	31,542	39,41	
Snapper, red										7.7	1,041	8,32	
Snapper, mangrove			592	296					592	296	1,609	801	
Snapper, other										~ -	524	1,578	
Spadefish			4,224	2,112					4,224	2,112	4,500	2,249	
Spanish mackerel					84	148			84	148	143	253	
Spot	864	432	904	456	166	84	410	205	2,344	1,177	6,753	3,380	
Penpounder	186	186					893	893	1,079	1,079	2,200	2,200	
Triggerfish											54	135	
(ellowtail	3,402	846	2,176	544	96	24			5,674	1,414	26,300	6,570	
Unclassified fish	810	198	3,128	784	166	42	1,202	300	5,306	1,324	42,153	10,535	
Potal.	112,152	110,169	109,680	92,224	38,102	40,570	109,166	167,570	369,100	410,533	857,485	938,869	

					Soutber.	n Section				
Species		es and eways	Ocean	piers	Port Car		Port Car	naveral side	Subt	otal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack							601	9.015	601	9,015
Barracuda		- 4			573	4,584	69	552	642	5,136
Black margate			2,263	2,263	530	530	102	102	2,895	2,895
Bluefish	61	92	74	111	56	84	39	58	230	345
Cabio						~ ~	145	1,305	145	1,305
Catfisb	24,188	23,857	5,224	5,519	484	466	10	10	29,906	29,852
Croaker	2,249	1,123	5,366	2,682	13,540	6,769	385	192	21,540	10,766
Cutlassfish					1,047	1,308			1,047	1,308
Dolphin							433	3,464	433	3,464
Drum, black	928	12,760	307	4,221	1,896	26,070	15	206	3,146	43,257
Drum, red	605	1,210			74	148			679	1,358
Eels					8	16			8	16
Flounders	69	86	269	380	1,194	1,492	29	35	1.561	1,993
Groupers					-,-,-	-, .,-	226	2,260	226	2,260
Grunts	1,350	674	231	115	2,840	1,419		-,-	4,421	2,208
Jack, crevalle	912	1,368	168	252	389	583	37	55	1,506	2,258
Jack, other		-,5		-2-	97	97			97	97
King mackerel		~-					1,701	13,608	1,701	13,608
King whiting	24,528	18,395	9,426	7,069	2,471	1,853	10	7	36,435	27,324
Little tuna		,555	16	104	342	2,223	689	4,478	1,047	6,805
Mojarra					471	235			471	235
Mullet	4,820	4,820			212	212			5,032	5,032
Pigfish	1,761	441	50	12	851	212			2,662	665
Pinfish	35,749	8,937	1,054	263	18,576	4.644	376	94	55,755	13,938
Pompano	424	211	51	25	40	20	5,0		515	256
Puffers	29,485	14,742	67	33	20	10			29,572	14,785
Rays	551	551	16	16	36	36			603	603
Sea bass, black	//-		26	26	117	117	6.019	6,019	6,162	6,162
Sea bass, rock			177	44	244	36	61	15	382	95
Sea robin			290	72					290	72
Sea trout, spotted	20,289	35,505	228	399	164	286	10	17	20,691	36,207
Sea trout, other	47,029	47,029	32	32	64	64	49	49	47,174	47,174
Sharks	100	349	367	1,284	51	178	58	203	576	2,014
Sheepsbead	10,674	13,342	1,1,1,	555	3,553	4.441	126	157	14,797	18,495
Snapper, red				777	38	304	3,298	26,384	3,336	26,688
Snapper, mangrove	1,316	657			598	299		,5	1,914	956
Snapper, other			25	75			474	1,422	499	1,497
Spadefish	2,860	1,429	955	477	727	358	24	12	4,556	2,276
Spanish mackerel							83	145	83	145
Spot	2,632	1,316	4,518	2,258	9,973	4,985	10	- 5	17,133	8,564
Tenpounder	902	902			79713	.,,,,,	43	43	945	945
Yellowtail	23,584	5,895	326	82	51	13			23,961	5,990
Unclassified fish	9,109	2,277	3,860	964	2,452	613			15,421	3,854
	/120/	-,-,1	5,500	,,,,	-,-,-	020			,	3,-7.
Total	246,175	197,968	35,830	29,333	63,669	64,705	15,122	69,912	360,796	361,918
			0,,-0-		- 0,000	,,,,,	,	,	J 717-	J

Species					Norther	n Section						
Species	Bank	fisbery	Bri	dges	Surf	areas	Boat	fishery	Subt	otal	Combine	i_total_
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack											601	9,015
Barracuda											642	5,136
Black margate					84.40						2,895	2,895
Bluefish	18	27	344	512	266	398	58	87	686	1,024	916	1,369
Cabio											145	1,305
Catfish	6,483	6,402	6,016	5,992	5,108	5,102	2,383	2,374	19,990	19,870	49,896	49,722
Croaker	2,073	1,026	912	456	690	3/1/4	664	332	4,339	2,158	25,879	12,924
Cutlassfish			88	113					88	112	1,135	1,420
Dolphin					1 - 0	(-(2 1 6		2 060	433	3,464
Drum, black	390	582	264	392	418	626	975	1,462	2,047	3,062	5,193	46,319
Drum, red	90	180	312	624	172	344	1,078	2,156	1,652	3,304	2,331	4,662
Eels			96	192		a 1.0			96	1 92	104	208
Flounders			64	80	118	148	173	216	355		1,916	2,437
Groupers	252 489	217	144	80	1.0		115	58	511	255	737	2,515 2,683
Grunts			424	208	46 86	24	816		959	475	5,380 3,699	5,541
Jack, crevalle	387	579	904	1,352		128	010	1,224	2,193	3,283	3 , 099	97
Jack, other												
King mackerel					4,140		2 (0)				1,701	13,608
King whiting	2,370	1,767	4,288	3,216		3,106	1,624	1,217	12,422	9,306		6,805
Little tuna											1,047	235
Mojarra			48	48				73	121	121	5,153	5,153
Mullet		684	4,248				73 696	174	7,677	1,914	10,339	2,579
Pigfish	2,733			1,056 4,184	232	56	3,328	832	36,426	9,107	92,181	23,045
Pinfish	16,122	4,035	16,744		172	86	37	18	355	172	870	428
Pompano	90	36 9,282	56 344	32 168	T15	-00	1444	222	19,355	9,672	48,927	24,457
Puffers	18,567		256	256	22	22	4444		410	410	1,013	1,013
Rays	132 198	132 198	440	570	22		95	95	733	733	6,895	6,895
Sea bass, black	730	190	328	80			37	9	365	89	747	184
Sea bass, rock Sea robin			176	48			31	7	176	48	466	120
Sea trout, spotted	4,710	8,247	1,552	2,712			75,119	131,459	81,381	142,418	102,072	178,625
Sea trout, other	177	177	±, , , , , _	عدا وع			1/5-1-		177	177	47,351	47,351
Sharks	54	186	80	280	54	188	173	606	361	1,260	937	3,274
Sheepsbead	2,412	3,006	3,064	3.824	518	648	3,125	3,906	9,119	11,384	23,916	29,879
Seapper, red		J,		J,							3,336	26,688
Snapper, mangrove	177	87	608	312	55	12	131	65	938	476	2,852	1,432
Snapper, other	36	108							36	108	535	1,605
Spadefish	264	132	1,768	880	260	130			2,292	1,142	6,848	3,418
Spanish mackerel			-,								83	145
Spot	2,718	1,347	10,320	5,152	98	48	183	92	13,319	6,639	30,452	15,203
Tenpounder	414	414	248	248	86	86	413	413	1,161	1,161	2,106	2,106
Yellowtail	2,817	724	384	96	46	12	173	43	3,420	865	27,381	6,855
Unclassified fisb	1,386	336	2,912	728	86	22	1,512	378	5,896	1,464	21,317	5,318
Total	65,559	40,044	57,432	33,760	12,640	11,530	93,425	147,511	229,056	232,845	589,852	594,763

					Southern	n Section				
Species		es and eways	Ocean	piers	Port Car		Fort Car	naveral side	Subt	otal
	Number	Founds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Amberjack							104	1,552	104	1,552
Barracuda										
Black margate			1,562	1.56_	1,050	1,.55			,620	,620
Bluefish			1,39%	1,956	1.15	155			1,397	,094
Cabio							108	972	108	972
Catfisb	FU,456	19,619	5,234	5,116	2,951	2,310			30,617	37,549
Croaker	5,589	1,793	166	80	3,154	1, 77			7,909	3,353
Cutlassfish			31.6	:96	.1	-6			337	433
Dolphin							153	1,324	153	1,124
Drum, black	1,557	21,408	663	9,116	1,050	22,688			3,870	53,212
Drum, red	272	543			380	759			652	1,300
Eels					35	75				75
Tounders			.105	355	299	372	5	9	51.3	63
Froupers						675		3,825	453	4,500
Frunts	298	lulun			-87	10%	412	206	1,691	546
Jack, crevalle	862	976	116	4,54	518	776		118	1,466	2,196
Jack, other		7 1			42	400			420	42
Ging mackerel					87	696	357	2,856	կևև	3,55
ding whiting	22,336	16,758	5,434	4,076	1,326	294	J21	2,000	.9,096	21,82
Little tuna		2009125	29757		53	140		1,442	275	1,78
Mojarra					4,19	.,096		L) 445	4,193	-, 290
hillet	3,364	3,364			38	38			3,402	1,40
Pigfish	à,310	3,078			470	117			8,780	2,400
Pinfish	= 1,778	14,944	799	é-	4,692	1,10.				1,19
	729110	Trip 3000			158	78			1,390	10,16
Pompano Puffers	64.204	32,100	1,232	615	100	10				69
			00		√5	94			64,272	72,13
Rays	1,060	1,10				52 52	74		1,155	1,15
Sea bass, black			440	110	53 147		-2 14	2,074	2,127	126 146
Sea bass, rock			290			36				8:
Sea robin	2 201			T:	35				328	
Sea trout, spotted	1,324	37,317	2.00		47. 44:	140			_1,800	30,14
Sea trout, other	77,757	77,757	190				2.0	1.0	78,390	78,48
Sharks	a. 1.00	20.000	2		147	514	1.2	42	159	550
Sheepshead	10,462	13,078	1,083	1,353	551ء 5	1,930		// lan	13,810	17,26
Snapper, red		1 -0					7,302	66,420	8,302	66,42
Snapper, mangrove	818	408			1,1%				2,014	1,00
Snapper, other			68	- 02	-1		153	459	242	72
Spadefish	5,678	2,838	3 No	102	1,283	540			7,167	3,580
Spanish mackerel					=75	460			275	48
Spot	:,238	1,518	60		2,160	1, 253			5,474	2,73
Tenpounder	1,179	1,179	. h	u 15					1,423	1,42
Priggerfish							-07	518	207	51
[ellowtail	23,460	5,864	3	-4					12,757	5,93
Unclassified fish	17,60€	4,401	2,055	513	1,115	304	12	3	10,888	5,22
Total	359,992	270,547	21.825	26.460	31.324	44,687	12,586	81,720	425,527	to a trail

Bank fishery	Combined tot Number Fou 104 1, 224 1, 2,620 2, 1,973 2, 106
Amberjack Barracuda 224 1,224 224 1,824 Black margate Bluefish 122 288 384 576 - 576 864 Cabio Batrisb 4,773 4,773 1,844 1,524 1,564 1,304 1,316 1,316 9,293 9,217 Droaker 3,3294 1,638 496 240 - 549 276 4,339 2,154 Cutlassfish - 720 896 Cutlassfish -	104 1, 224 1, 2,620 2, 1,973 2,
Barracuda 224 1,824 224 1,824 Black margate Bluefish - 122 388 384 576 576 864 Cabio 132 388 1,524 1,324 1,324 1,324 1,324 1,324 1,326 1,3	224 1, 2,620 2, 1,973 2,
Black margate	2,620 2, 1,973 2, 108
Black margate	2,620 2, 1,973 2, 108
Bluefish	1,973 2, 108
Satfish	
2 Troaker 3,294 1,638 496 240 549 276 4,339 2,154 Outlassfish 720 896 720 896 Dolphin 720 896 Drum, black 129 192 64 96 1,252 1,876 10,559 15,188 12,104 16,152 Drum, red 1,809 3,618 432 864 14,474 2,747 16,715 33,439 Eels 120 240 120 240	
2 Troaker 3,294 1,638 496 240 549 276 4,339 2,154 Outlassfish 720 896 720 896 Dolphin 720 896 Drum, black 129 192 64 96 1,252 1,876 10,559 15,188 12,104 16,152 Drum, red 1,809 3,618 432 864 14,474 2,747 16,715 33,439 Eels 120 240 120 240	47,910 46,
Dolphin Drum, black 129 192 64 96 1,252 1,876 10,059 15,388 12,104 18,152 Drum, red 1,809 5,618 432 864 14,474 0,747 16,715 33,429 Eals 120 240 120 240	12,248 6,
Drum, black 129 192 64 96 1,552 1,876 10,559 15,388 12,104 16,152 Drum, red 1,809 5,018 432 864 14,474 2,347 16,715 33,439 Eels 120 240 120 240	1,057 1,
Drum, black 129 192 64 96 1,552 1,876 10,559 15,388 12,104 16,152 Drum, red 1,809 5,018 432 864 14,474 2,347 16,715 33,439 Eels 120 240 120 240	153 1,
Bels 120 240 120 240	15,974 71,
	17,367 34,
	158
Flounders 312 304 80 172 392 486	905 1,
Groupers 320 168 78 39 398 207	848 4,
Grunts 357 177 3,424 1,704 3,406 1,704 7,187 3,585	8,878 4,
Jack, crevalle 279 417 455 608 234 350 626 938 1,547 2,315	3,013 4,
Jack, other	420
King mackerel	444 3,
King whiting 2,553 1,980 1,992 1,488 5,058 3,792 -,910 2,934 13,513 10,134	42,609 31,
Little tuna	275 1,
Moismrs	4,193 2,
Mailet 2,240 2,240 7,240 2,240	5,642 5,
Pigfisb 390 111 13,776 3,440 384 96 5,454 1,364 20,010 5,011	28,790 7,
Pinfish 3,441 846 14,880 3,720 1,900 474 56,822 14,205 77,043 19,245	142,368 35,
Pompano 32 24 116 60 148 84	1,538
Puffers 17.156 8.577 1.032 528 4.278 .139 20.446 11.244	86,718 43,
Rays 537 537 432 432 78 78 1,047 1,047	2,202 2,
Sea bass, black 32 32 32 32	2,159 2,
Sea bass, rock 288 To 288 To	875
Sea mbin	328
Sea trout, spotted 6,189 10,827 784 1,368 91,125 159,468 98,098 171,663	119,898 209,
Sea trout, other 32 32 32 32	78,422 76,
Sharks	2.59
Sheepshead 654 807 2,424 3,040 846 1,060 13,858 17,324 17,782 22,231	31,592 39,
Snapper, red	8,302 66,
Snepper, mangrove 477 249 464 240 36 16 394 198 1,371 705	3,385 1,
Snapper, other	242
Orage 116 60 1,092 556	8,259 4,
Spanish makerel	275
Spot 4,365 2,490 5,290 2,656 462 232 10,723 5,378	16,197 8,
Tenpounder 464 464	4,343 4,
Triggerfish	207
Mallowtail 5,601 1,401 64 16 152 40 8,794 2,199 14,611 3,656	38,368 9,
Unclassified fish 645 177 16,004 4,008 2,094 522 4,335 1,083 22,138 5,790	44,026 11,
original and the state of the s	11,000
Total 55,235 38,757 69,824 33,432 14,478 10,565 222,612 252,656 360,149 335,409	785,676 758,

In table 52 and figure 13 is shown estimated sport fishery catch, all species combined in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by section, by facility, by month. Table 53 and figure 14 present these data as summaries by seasons. Generally, the catch in the Southern Section is consistently higher than that for the Northern Section, both by months and seasons.

As seen in figure 14, SEDAR24RD67 bers and weights of fish occurred in the spring, lowest values appeared in the summer, and those for the fall fell midway between. From information gathered during interviews with fishermen, bait dealers, and camp operators and our few observations in January and February, we are convinced that the winter catch at least equals that for the spring.

Table 52.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; February-October 1963, all species combined in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by section, by facility, by month

Facility	Fel	ruary	Ma	ırch	Aı	ril	M	lay	Ju	ıne
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Southern Section Bridges and										
causeways			120,202	129,410	104,081	102,741	119,601	121,526	60,560	44,834
Ocean piers			27,573	27,485	4,842	4,431	1,577	1,714	8,704	6,726
Port Canaveral			30 cho	00 701	77 0/0	7 700	30 250	o Cho	7 170	6 700
inside Port Canaveral			18,542	29,134	11,968	7,723	12,359	9,649	7,172	6,798
outside			1,654	3,614	96	144	4,461	21,439	2,592	14,534
Boat fishery			15,512	20,348	33,010	29,313	12,907	19,665	53,453	63,115
Subtotal			183,483	209,991	153,997	144,352	150,905	1 7 3 , 993	132,481	136,007
Northern Section										
Bank fishery	19,980	14,211	43,140	52,686	45,324	38,124	23,688	19,359	22,077	14,460
Bridges	14,560	8,408	56,248	61,928	35,576	19,504	17,856	10,792	12,904	6,240
Surf areas Boat fishery	2,198	5,344 30,643	19,324	21,804 46,972	9,77 ⁴ 38,275	11,488 62,718	9,004 40,922	7,278 57,880	1,662	1,462 29,806
Subtotal	56,142	58,606	148,681	183,390	128,949	131,834	91,470	95,309	54,035	51,968
Combined total			332,164	393,381	282,946	276,186	242,375	269,302	186,516	187,975
	Ju	ıly	Aug	ust	Sept	ember	Oct	ober		
Facility	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds		
Southern Section										
Bridges and	00 (),5	Z 050	06.070	91 176	160 col	700 106	77 1.00	E0 0E0		
causeways Ocean piers	88,645	71,958 12,338	96,970 8,492	81,176 10,269	168,594	120,406	71,402	59,959 7,265		
Port Canaveral	20,00	,550	- , . , _	=-,=-,	7,17		191-2	1,1-0/		
inside	45,371	47,610	11,126	10,297	10,174	9,608	10,568	20,183		
Port Canaveral outside	6,462	29,424	6,068	25 , 953	3,447	14,886	4,944	39,594		
Boat fishery Subtotal	159,112	161,330	122,656	127,695	192,034	155,275	91,643	127,001		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Northern Section		0.40								
Bank fishery	20,166	12,888	23,316	12,696	18,291	11,934	17,178	13,914		
Bridges Surf areas	18,368	11,272 6,230	26,160 4,288	16,248 3,838	20,672	13,280 2,580	25,880 6,670	9,016 4,460		
Boat fishery	44,622	66,848	31,411	50,857	50,056	69,819	98,352	98,617		
Subtotal	89,846	97,238	85,175	83,639	92,003	97,613	148,080	126,007		
Combined total	248,958	258,568	207,831	211,334	284,037	252,888	239,723	253,008		

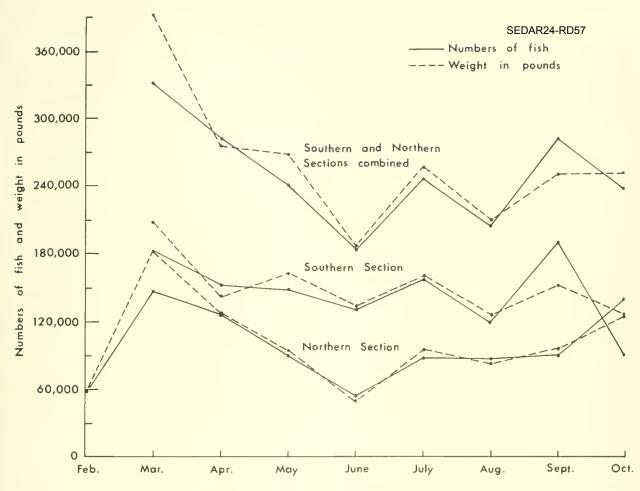


Figure 13.--EstImated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; February-October 1963, all species combined, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by section and totals for the area, by month.

Table 53.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals, all species combined, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds, by section and facility

Facility	Sp	ring	Sur	mmer	F	3]]	To	otal
_ racility	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Southern Section								
Bridges and causeways Ocean piers Port Canaveral inside Port Canaveral outside Boat fishery	343,884 33,992 42,869 6,211 61,429	353,677 33,630 46,505 25,197 69,326	246,175 35,830 63,669 15,122	197,968 29,333 64,705 69,912	359,992 21,825 31,124 12,586	270,547 26,460 44,687 81,720	950,051 91,647 137,662 33,919 61,429	822,196 89,42 155,896 176,826 69,326
Subtotal	488,385	528,336	360,796	361,918	425,527	423,414	1,274,708	1,313,668
Jorthern Section								
Bank fishery Bridges Surf areas Boat fishery	112,152 109,680 38,102 109,166	110,169 92,224 40,570 167,570	65,559 57,432 12,640 93,425	40,044 33,760 11,530 147,511	53,235 69,824 14,478 222,612	38,757 33,432 10,564 252,656	230,946 236,936 65,220 425,203	
Subtotal	369,100	410,533	229,056	232,845	360,149	335,409	958,305	978,78
nbined total	857,485	938,869	589,852	594,763	785,676	758,823	2,233,013	2,292,45

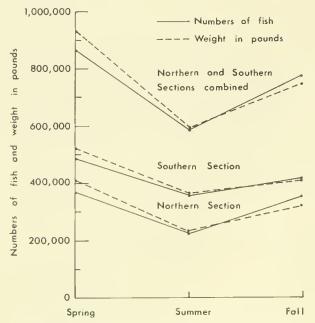


Figure 14.--Estimated sport flshery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; 1963 spring, summer, and fall totals, all species combined, all facilities combined, in numbers of fish and weight in pounds.

FISHING EFFORT

Table 54 presents estimated sport fishery effort in numbers of ASPARATED and hours fished by sections, by facility, by month. It is obvious that about half of the fishermen in the Southern Section are in the category "bridges and causeways" and about one quarter of them are in the "boat fishery." Over a third of the fishermen in the Northern Section are in the category "bank fishery," and a little less than a third are in the "boat fishery." In total, approximately 56 percent of the fishermen in the Cape Canaveral Area fished in the Southern Section and 44 percent in the Northern Section (monthly totals, by section, show higher numbers in the Northern Section than in the Southern Section for the months of February, March, April, and October, see figure 15 and table 54). The monthly estimates of numbers of fishermen during March to October varied between about 55,000 and 86,000 (February figures are incomplete).

Concerning total hours fished in the Southern Section, "bridges and causeways" fishery accounted for a little less than half, and the "boat fishery" for a little more than one-quarter (table 54). In the Northern Section, the "boat fishery" accounted for a little over

Table 54.--Estimated sport fishery effort in numbers of fishermen and hours fished, Cape Canaveral Area, February-October 1963; by section, by facility, by month

		ruary		rch		ril		lay		une
Facility	Number of fishermen	Hours fished	Number of fishermen	Hours fished	Number of fishermen	Hours fished	Number of fishermen	Hours fished	Number of fishermen	Hours fished
Cougham Coopies								-		
Southern Section Bridges and causeways			20,592	67,257	20,684	58,736	21,167	73,597	16,042	55,210
Ocean piers			3,194	10,562	3,161	7,345	1,265	5,855	2,635	11,615
Port Canaveral inside	7,703	10,593	6,263	25,192	4,154	27,002	5,156	11,989	1,883	8,096
Port Canaveral outside	625 2,049	3,120	1,555	7,307	144 8,264	152 46,361	2,488	10,967	2,595 9,813	9,900 37,486
Boat fishery Subtotal	10,377	8,913	3,990 35,594	17,995 128,313	36,407	139,596	7,387 37,463	34,793 137,201	32,968	122,307
00000000	20,511		37377	ريدر و بيد		-57,770	319.03	2319202		
Northern Section										
Bank fishery	8,246	28,560	13,972	62,694	23,369	33,312	7,439	23,660	8,338	24,865
Bridges	3,769	14,699	13,941	54,370	7,891	28,408	4,736	14,682	4,430	11,518
Surf areas	1,357	4,750	5,850 9,446	20,475	3,455 8,626	12,093 42,527	3,607 7,304	11,903	916 7,944	2,015
Boat fishery Subtotal	17,676	19,540	43,209	40,996 178,535	43,341	116,340	23,086	84,574	21,628	65,487
	11,010	01,049	73,607	10,000			23,000	O-1971-		0),401
Combined total	28,053	90,175	78,803	306,848	79,748	255,936	60,549	221,775	54,596	187,794
	July		August		Sont	ember	Oct	ober	п	btal
	Number of	Hours	Number of	Hours	Number of	Hours	Number of	Hours	Number of	Hours
Facility	fishermen	fished	fishermen	fished	fishermen	fished	fishermen	fished	fishermen	fished
Southern Section										
Bridges and causeways	22,807	67,821	24,748	89,435	26,453	84,101	14,593	45,832	167,086	541,988
Ocean piers	3,913	14,630	3,219	14,699	3,505	15,700 21,679	2,328 5,488	9,079	23,220	89,485 170,259
Port Canaveral inside Port Canaveral outside	8,033 4,600	25,542	7,430 4, 1 39	20,361	5,536 1,842	11,165	1,526	7,630	19,514	88,184
Boat fishery	16,541	71,953	17,074	74,272	6,635	28,862	3,734	16.243	75,487	336,878
Subtotal	55,894	200,494	56,610	216,162	43,971	161,507	27,669	98,589	336,953	1,226,795
Northern Section Bank fishery	7 022	00 722	0.000	29,238	7,924	30,118	14,740	43,004	100,281	305,184
Bridges	7,033 7,934	29,733	9,220	28,966	6,100	20,740	5,049	22,216	62,902	217,814
Surf areas	1,824	5,654	3,604	10,812	1,994	7,777	2,830	9,622	25,437	85,101
Boat fishery	10,925	57,574	7,564	36,610	12,075	51,603	11,686	52,821	79,874	363,089
Subtotal	27,716	115,176	29,440	105,626	28,093	110,238	34,305	127,663	268,494	971,188
Combined total	83,610	315,670	86,050	321,788	72,064	271,745	61,974	226,252	605,447	2,197,983

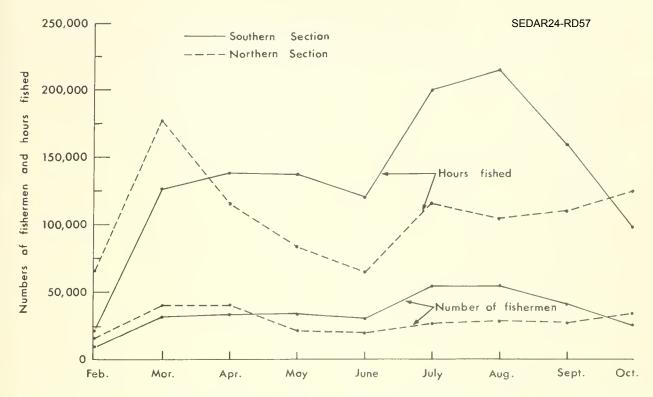


Figure 15.--Estimated sport fishery effort In numbers of fishermen and hours fished, Cape Canaveral Area, February-October 1963; by section (all facilities combined), by month.

one-third of the hours fished, and the "bank fishery" a little less than one-third. Total hours fished in the Southern Section represent about 56 percent of the total for the area, and the Northern Section accounted for about 44 percent (monthly totals by section, figure 15 and table 54, show more hours fished in the Northern Section for the months of February, March, and October). Numbers of hours fished by month during March to October varied between about 188,000 and 322,000 (February figures are incomplete).

CATCH PER UNIT OF EFFORT

Catch-per-unit-of-effort data (numbers of fish per hour of fishing) for all species combined are presented by section, by facility, by month in table 55.

Values for the Southern Section for the period as a whole varied from a low of 0.37 for "Port Canaveral outside" to a high of 1.53 for "bridges and causeways." Over the months, for all facilities combined, the value ranged from 0.86 to 1.45.

Values for the Northern Section for the period as a whole varied from lows of 0.74 for "surf areas" and 0.76 for "bank fishery" to highs of 1.02 for "boat fishery" and 1.05 for "bridges." Over the months, for all facilities combined, the value ranged from 0.78 to 1.16.

Combining all hours and all fish, the catch per unit of effort was 1.17 for the Southern Section and 0.92 for the Northern Section. For all hours and all fish for the entire area the catch per unit of effort was 1.05.

BAIT FISHERY

Northern Section

Fish camp operators in the Cape Canaveral Area provided information on the kinds, amounts, and source of bait which they sell. Live shrimp are dipped by most operators from the Indian River in the spring, summer, and fall, when shrimp are available. During the winter, operators are dependent upon shrimp shipped from the west and south coast of Florida to two wholesalers of live shrimp at Oak Hill. Bait shrimp vary from large

Table 55.--Estimated sport fishery catch-per-unit-of-effort, Cape Canaveral Area, February-October 1963; all species combined, in numbers of fish per hour of fishing, by section, by facility, by month

Facility	Feb.	Mar.	Number Apr.	s of f May	ish per June	hour of July	fishin	ng Sept.	Oct.	Average <u>/l</u>
Southern Section										
Bridges and causeways Ocean piers Port Canaveral inside Port Canaveral outside Boat fishery Average /1	.94	1.79 2.61 .74 .23 .86 1.43	1.77 .66 .44 .63 .71	1.62 .27 1.03 .41 .37	1.10 .75 .89 .26 1.43 1.08	1.31 1.27 1.78 .31	1.08 .58 .55 .35	2.00 .63 .47 .31	1.56 .52 .53 .65	1.53 .94 .80 .37 .84
Northern Section										
Bank fishery Bridges Surf areas Boat fishery Average /1	.70 •99 •46 •99 •83	.69 1.03 .94 .73 .83	1.36 1.25 .81 .90	1.00 1.22 .76 1.19 1.08	.89 1.12 .82 .64 .83	.68 .83 1.18 .78 .78	.80 .90 .40 .86	.61 1.00 .38 .97	.40 1.16 . 6 9 1.86 1.16	.76 1.05 .74 1.02 .92
Cape Canaveral Area										
average /1		1.08	1.11	1.09	•99	1.02	.84	1.17	1.14	1.05

/1 Total number of fish divided by total number of hours fished

eating size to extremely small shrimp, only slightly larger than grass shrimp. For the period we sampled, heads-on shrimp used for bait were estimated to average 90 to the

pound. The estimated numbers, poundages, and values of the live shrimp sold for bait by 22 camp operators and bait dealers in the Northern Section by seasons are:

	Spring	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Numbers sold per week	67,800	98,750	86,250	79,800	332,600
Numbers sold per season Dozens sold	881,400	1,283,750	1,121,250	1,037,400	4,323,800
per season Pounds per season	73,450 9,793	106,979 14,263	93,438 12,458	86,450 11,526	360,317 48,042
Value at 30 cents per dozen	\$22,035	\$32,094	\$28,031	\$25,935	\$108,095

During the winter when fish camp operators and bait retailers are forced to ship in live shrimp, little or no profit is made because of heavy mortality, and dealers handle live shrimp merely for the convenience of fishermen. The retail value of shrimp is estimated to vary, by season, between \$22,000 and \$32,000, with an annual value of \$108,095. The estimated total number of live shrimp sold annually is 4,323,800 or 48,042 pounds. This amounts to \$2.25 per pound to the consumer for whole weight, or about \$4.50 per pound if purchased for tails alone.

Shrimp are taken primarily by dipping when they are abundant and moving, but some operators take considerable numbers using small beam trawls. Shrimp are also taken by persons using push nets.

Juvenile pigfish are preferred bait for trout during June to October. After October the operators believe pigfish have grown too large for trout to be interested in them. Pigfish are captured by fish camp personnel using hook and line, small beam trawls, push nets, and traps. Traps and hook and line are the preferred methods. Pigfish used for bait vary from 2.5 to 4.0 inches total length and average 10 to the pound. Twelve camp operators sell an estimated 224,840 pigfish or 22,484 pounds annually, worth \$28,105. Individual live pigfish are sold by the dealers at 10 to 15 cents each, or approximately \$1.25 per pound.

One bait dealer in Titusville reported he sold squid shipped from Jacksonville, when available, and also sand fleas.

Dead shrimp also are sold for bait by the operators; however, it was not possible to make an estimate of the poundage sold. One major camp operator and a major bait dealer reported selling 10,660 pounds annually worth \$8,162.

The retail price to the sport fishermen averages 70 cents per pound.

One bait dealer at Titusville reported selling 500 pounds of dead mullet per week during October and November and 125 pounds per week the remainder of the year; an annual total of 9,762 pounds at 25 cents per pound is worth about \$2,440. The increase in sales in the fall is attributed to the bluefish fishery. The amount

of dead mullet sold in SEDARZARDS Northern Section is estimated to be at least double that for Titusville.

Southern Section

Estimated bait sales in the Southern Section are:

Bait	Sold per week	Sold per year	Estimated Cost to fishermen per year		
	Pounds	Pounds	Dollars		
Live shrimp Dead shrimp Mullet	800 650-800 1,500-1,600	41,600 33,800-41,600 78,000-83,200	93,600 23,660-29,120 19,500-20,800		

The average buyer purchases 2 to 3 dozen live shrimp, three-fourths of a pound of dead shrimp (heads-on weight), and about one and one-half pounds of mullet. Other bait sold includes: pigfish, squid, sand fleas, yellowtails, fiddler crabs, and needlefish.

Live shrimp for fishing in the Cape Canaveral Area are obtained mostly from Smith and Sutton at Oak Hill, some from Rice at Vero Beach, and occasionally from other places in Florida; and dead shrimp from Oak Hill, Port Canaveral, Jacksonville, Vero Beach, Venezuela, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and India. The other bait used is locally obtained.

MISCELLANEOUS RECORDS

Gary Bennett

Gary Bennett, owner and operator of a large bait and tackle shop in Cocoa, kept partial records of the fish catch in the Cocoa area for several years, which he permitted us to use. A comparison of Bennett's data for 1956, 1957, and 1959 with ours shows that the sea trout (mostly spotted) was the only species reported with enough consistency to reflect trends. Spotted sea trout is the most sought after game fish in the inside waters, and special buttons are given to individuals catching trout weighing 6 pounds or more. Other species of fish were reported to Bennett if they were large specimens, caught in considerable numbers, or incidental to a spotted sea trout catch which was reported.

The catches of sea trout (most or all spotted) from Bennett's records for Indian River, Banana River, Sykes Creek, and Barge Canal were combined (table 56). Sea trout fishing (average monthly catches) was poorest in February and March, generally improved steadily through the spring, and was best in late spring and summer. The catch decreased in late summer (September) and increased through the fall and early winter.

Table 56.--Sea trout (mostly spotted) catcb, Indian River, Sykes Creek, Barge Canal, and Banana River for 1956, 1957, and 1959, in numbers of fish, by month, by year, with averages

[Extracts of records maintained by Gary Bennett, Cocoa, Florida, on fish catches reported to him]

Month	1956	1957	1959	Total	Average
January	877	1,668	1,204	3,749	1,250
February	384	561	436	1,381	460
March	471	697	523	1,691	564
April	1,216	2,228	396	3,840	1,280
May	1,952	2,140	1,566	5,658	1,886
June	2,343	1,940	2,140	6,423	2,141
July August September October November December	1,633	1,661	1,046	4,340	1,447
	1,384	1,880	2,449	5,713	1,904
	856	664	1,695	3,215	1,072
	1,248	1,110	1,328	3,686	1,229
	1,864	1,559	429	3,852	1,284
	1,873	1,255	1,505	4,633	1,544
Total	16,101	17,363	14,717	48,181	16,060

Charter and Party Boat Ocean Fishery

The charter and party boats fishing in the ocean in the Cape Canaveral Area are based at ports from Melbourne to Port Orange. As the vessels from Port Orange and Melbourne fish only a small amount of their time in the study area, they were omitted from the statistics. Also, the erratic and questionable catch records of the vessel Intrepid of Patrick Air Force Base were omitted. The fleet fishing the area the major portion of the time consists of 24 boats:

Port	Number of boats
Port Canaveral New Smyrna Beach Inlet Harbor Safety Harbor	4 2 15 2
Timmons Fish Camp Total	$\frac{1}{24}$

The following methods were used to estimate the total party and charter boat catch in the study area in 1962. We interviewed the major vessel operators from New Smyrna Beach to Safety Harbor (over 80 percent of the vessels operating in the study area). The charter and party boats fished primarily on offshore reefs and trolled between these reefs and the port. When large numbers of mackerel appear in the area and are easily taken by troll gear some vessels fish for them exclusively. Three of the vessels fished solely for reef fish in 1962. The offshore reefs are shown in figure 2.

Vessel operators indicated that boats were out nearly every day in the summer of 1962 and averaged 2 days per week during the winter. We estimate the fleet to average about 11 trips per month per vessel, or a total of

3,168 trips annually.

The boats fishing from Inlet Harbor are considered typical of the fleet and represent 50 percent of the entire fleet in 1962. When the vessels return to port, the catch is hung on racks, and the fishermen and catch are photographed along with the date and the name of the vessel. The number of fishermen and estimates of the number of fish and weight by species were obtained from the photographs. Estimates of numbers and weights are minimums, as the catch beyond the capacity of the fish rack is placed in a large wheelbarrow which sometimes did not show in the photograph, or fish may be hidden behind the backs of the fishermen in the foreground. The large wheelbarrow was said to hold 150 pounds and, when observed in a photo, was recorded as one-fourth, one-half, threefourths, or full for estimates of poundage. No attempt was made to determine the species of fish in the wheelbarrow.

Photographs of catches from 447 trips by 12 boats from Inlet Harbor during February to September 1962 were examined. The catches photographed, by vessel, by month, and numbers of fishermen by month are given in table 57. There were 4,410 fishermen, or an average of about 10 per trip. We estimate the 447 trips photographed to represent about one-seventh of the trips made by the fleet in the Cape Canaveral Area in 1962, and that about 30,870 fishermen participated in the entire fishery.

The actual counts of fish in the photographs and their estimated weights in pounds and the estimated total numbers and weights for the entire fishery for 1962 are given in table 58. The estimated total catch by species in 1962 was arrived at by multiplying the values for the sample by seven.

There are several reasons why the estimated total numbers and weights of fish are believed to be minimum. Fish caught trolling, such as jack crevalle, or certain bottom reef fishes may be discarded because of their inferior food quality. Fishes such as black sea bass may be kept when bottom fishing

Table 57.--Sport fishery catch, Cape Cantral Russ Russ February September 1962, for which photographs were examined for species composition and weight, and numbers of fishermen

Feb. 11 8 5 2 8	Mar. 2	Ar. 5 2 5 8 8	8 12 4 12 11 2	June 15 15 16 20 5 19 8	July 18 14 11 20 8 16	Aug. 3 2 5 5 1 3 1	Sept. 2 1 6 1 2 1	Total 60 55 47 73 15 62
8 5	2	5 8	12 4 12 	15 16 20 5	14 11 20 8 16	5 5 1 3	2 1 6 1 2	55 47 73 15 62
8 5	2	5 8	12 4 12 	15 16 20 5	14 11 20 8 16	5 5 1 3	1 6 1 2	55 47 73 15 62
5	1	5 8	12 11	16 20 5 19	20 8 16	5 5 1 3	6 1 2	47 73 1 5 62
2	1	8	11	20 5 19	20 8 16	5 1 3	6 1 2	73 15 62
2	1	8	11	5 19	8 16	3	2	15 62
	1	_		19				62
							7	20
					2			
				9	18	5		32
					11	í		12
7		3	4	17	14	Ł.		49
				17				17
					1	1	1	3
41	3	31.	53	141	133	31.	14	447
								4,410
	7	7	7 3 41 3 31	7 3 4 	7 3 ¼ 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	7 3 4 17 14 17 17 14 17 17 14 41 3 31 53 141 133	7 3 ¼ 17 1¼ ¼ 17 17 1¼ ¼ 17 17 1¼ ¼ 41 3 31 53 1¼1 133 31	7 3 4 17 14 4 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

/1 Vessel name unknown.

Table 58.--Estimated sport fishery catch, Cape Canaveral Area; charter and party hoat catch for 1962

[Estimation based upon a projection of data obtained from examination of photographs of 447 catches from 12 boats operating out of Inlet Harbor, February-September]

Species	Compositio catches as from photo	determined		Estimated total catch for Cape Canaveral Ares		
	Numher of fish	Estimated weight in pounds	Number of fish	Estimated weight in pounds		
Amberjack	824	21,068	5,768	147,476		
Barracuda	21	152	147	1,064		
Bluefish	1	3	7	21		
Bonito, Atlantic	14	58	98	406		
Cabio	166	3,280	1,162	22,960		
Dolphin	263	1,549	1,841	10,843		
Filefish	9	29	63	203		
Flounders	2	6	14	42		
Groupers	586	8,282	4,102	57,974		
Grunts	5	10	35	70		
Jack, crevalle	2	50	14	350		
Jack, other	1	2	7	14		
King mackerel	3,718	26,796	26,026	187,572		
Little tuna	1,154	11,283	8,078	78,981		
Porgies	214	531	1,498	3,717		
Puffers		6	7	140		
Rays	1	20 400		2,800		
Remoras	96 2	80	672	560		
Sailfish, Atlantic	1,201	2,879	8,407	20,153		
Sea bass, black Sharks	15	904	105	6,328		
Sheepshead	13	74	91	518		
Snapper, mangrove	3	18	21	126		
Snapper, red	11,177	56,141	78,239			
Snapper, vermilion	3,290	4,612	23,030	32,284		
Snapper, other	9	57	63	399		
Spadefish	3	11	21	77		
Spanish mackerel	12	44	84	308		
Toadfish	1,	16	28	112		
Triggerfish	412	1,684	2,884	11,788		
Tuna, other	9	57	63	399		
Wahoo	2	70	14	490		
Unclassified fish	49	96	343	672		
Misc. fish in						
wheelharrows /1	1,472	8,875	10,304	62,125		
Total	24,754	149,143	173,278	1,044,001		

/1 Wheelbarrows of fish--Fish which were excess to what the display rack would hold. Full wheelbarrow estimated to contain 150 pounds of fish. Numbers of fish are conversions of weights at 6.03 pounds per fish.

is average to poor but discarded when bottom fishing for amberjack and snappers is good. Other fishes, such as filefish, puffers, remoras, sharks, rays, and toadfish may be landed to be photographed for their bizarre appearance.

Sunglow Ocean Fishing Pier

There are no ocean fishing piers in the Northern Section. The Sunflow Ocean Fishing Pier, however, is located only a few miles north of the study area. The catches of fish at the pier are compiled weekly and published in "Day by Day." This catch information is valuable as an indicator of the occurrence and abundance of the sport fishes along the beach.

The catch in numbers and estimated weights by species, by month and season are presented in tables 59 and 60. On an annual basis, bluefish represent 44 percent of the total numbers and 54 percent of the total weight, and king whiting represent 35 percent of the numbers and 22 percent of the weight. Peak catches of bluefish occurred during March and April,

and for king whiting the highest catches occurred January to March.

For all species combined, peak catches were recorded in March and April.

Timmons Fishing Camp

A substantial number of fish caught in Ponce de Leon Inlet are landed at Timmons Fishing Camp, Inlet Harbor Fish Camp, Safety Harbor Fish Camp, and several small fish camps where boats may be rented or private boats launched. Several party boats from Inlet Harbor and Safety Harbor fish the inlet only. There are also many places where the inlet may be fished from the bank on the north side.

"Day by Day," published in Daytona Beach, reports weekly catches in numbers and species

Table 59.--Sport fishery catch, Sunglow Ocean Fishing Pier, Daytona Beach, Florida; September 1962-August 1963, numbers of fish and estimated weights in pounds, by species, by month

[Species and numbers of fish are extracts of records appearing in <u>Day by Day</u>, published by V. R. Hall, Daytona Beach, Florida; weights of "<1 pound" were considered as "I pound" in determination of totals]

Species		ember 962		ober 962		ember 962		mber 962	Jant 19	ary 63		ruary 963	Mai 19	reh 963
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	189	284	585	878	660	990	389	584	23	34	7	10	3,255	4,882
Cabio														
Catfish	3	2	3	2	2	2								
Croaker			3	2							1	<1		
Drum, black	519	779	73	110	67	100	71	106	25	38	19	28	3	2,
Drum, red	134	268	92	184	47	94	25	50					3	6
Flounders	68	85	63	79	25	31	5	6	2	2	1	1		
Jack, crevalle	24	6	2	3	6	- 9			15	22			1	2
King mackerel	5	40												
King whiting	1,332	999	473	355	346	260	713	5 35	1,626	1,220	889	667	2,295	1,721
Little tuna														
Pinfish														
Pompano	79	40	68	34	5	2							1	<1
Rays							1	1					1	1
Sea trout, spotted	21	37	132	231	91	159	1	2	7	12	1	2	1	2
Sheepshead	77	96	112	140	25	31	1	1	2	2	14	5	2	2
Snapper, mangrove	3	2												
Spadefish	61	30	17	8	11	6							~-	
Spanish mackerel	136	238	320	560	192	336	50	88					22	38
Spot	5	2	3	2	13	6	13	6	1,	2				
Tenpounder	96	96	22	22				~ ~						
Yellowtail			3	<1										
Unclassified fish			ĩ	<1										
Total	2,732	3,004	1,972	2,612	1,490	2,026	1,269	1,379	1,704	1,332	922	714	5,584	6,659

Species	Apr 19	ril 53		y 963		une 963	Jul 196		Augu 196	ist 3	To-	tal
_	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	7,155	10,732	416	624	214	321	29	1,1,	202	303	13,124	19,686
Cabio							2	18			2	18
Catfish	1	<1									9	7
Croaker			13	6	2	1	132	66			151	76
Drum, black	18	27	68	102	225	338	135	202	245	368	1,468	2,202
Drum, red	5	10	8	16	18	36	7	14	15	30	354	708
Flounders	2	2	10	12	52	65	1.7	21	45	56	290	360
Jack, crevalle	7	10	25	38	ia	18	17	26			89	134
King mackerel			13	104	7	56	26	208	10	80	61	488
King whiting	556	417	222	166	447	335	782	586	684	513	10,365	7,774
Little tuna					i	6	1	6	8	52	10	64
Pinfish			6	2							6	2
Pompano	1	<1	11	6	7	14	13	6	13	6	198	100
Rays										** **	2	2
Sea trout, spotted	. 8	24	44	77	46	80	7	12	18	32	377	660
Sheepshead	19	24	39	49	24	30	35	44	325	406	665	830
Snapper, mangrove											3	2
Spadefish	5	2	112	56	33	16	5	2			244	120
Spanish mackerel	181	317	334	584	24	7	6	10			1,245	2,178
Spot			51	26	333	166	302	151	50	25	774	386
Tenpounder			8	8	8	8	1	1	2	2	137	137
Yellowtail										~ -	3	<1
Unclassified fish					90	22	1	<1			92	24
Total	7,958	11,557	1,380	1,876	1,523	1,509	1,518	1,418	1,617	1,873	29,669	35,959

for Timmons Fishing Camp. From the size of the operations at Safety Harbor, Inlet Harbor Fish Camp, and the small camps, we estimate the landings reported at Timmons for a year to represent about 20 percent of the total numbers of fish landed on the north side of the inlet.

The catch in numbers and estimated weights by species, by month and season for Timmons Fishing Camp are presented in tables 61 and 62.

On an annual basis, sh SEDAR24 RD57 resent 41 percent of the total numbers and 44 percent of the total weight, spotted sea trout represent 7 percent of the numbers and 10 percent of the weight, and red drum represent 7 percent of the numbers and 12 percent of the weight.

For all species combined, peak catches were recorded during October-December and April-May.

Table 60.--Sport fishery catch, Sunglow Ocean Fishing Fier, Daytona Beach, Florida; 1962 fall, 1962-1963 winter, and 1963 spring and summer totals, in numbers of fish and estimated weights in pounds, by species

[Species and numbers of fish are extracts of records appearing in <u>Day by Day</u>, published by V. R. Hall, Daytona Beach, Florida; weights of "<1 pound" were considered as "1 pound" in determination of totals]

Species	Fall 1962		Wi: 1962	nter -1963	Spr: 19		Summ 196		Total	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	1,434	2,152	419	628	10,826	16,238	445	668	13,124	19,686
Cabio					~ ~		2	18	2	18
Catfish	8	6			1	1			9	7
Croaker	3	2	1	<1	13	6	134	67	151	76
Drum, black	659	989	115	172	89	133	605	908	1,468	2,202
Drum, red	273	546	25	50	16	32	40	80	354	708
Flounders	156	195	8	9	12	14	114	142	290	360
Jack, crevalle	12	18	15	22	33	50	29	1414	89	134
King mackerel	5	40			13	104	43	344	61	488
King whiting	2,151	1,614	3,228	2,422	3,073	2,304	1,913	1,434	10,365	7,774
Little tuna							10	64	10	64
Pinfish					6	2			6	2
Pompano	152	76			13	8	33	16	198	100
Rays			1	1	1	1			2	2
Sea trout, spotted	244	427	9	16	53	93	71	124	377	660
Sheepshead	214	267	7	8	60	75	384	480	665	830
Snapper, mangrove	3	2							3	2
Spadefish	89	44			117	58	38	18	244	120
Spanish mackerel	648	1,134	50	88	537	939	10	17	1,245	2,178
Spot	21	10	17	8	51	26	685	342	774	386
Tenpounder	118	118			8	8	21	11	137	137
Yellowtail	3	<1							3	<1
Unclassified fish	ĩ	<1					91	23	92	24
Total	6,194	7,642	3,895	3,425	14,922	20,092	4,658	4,800	29,669	35,959

Table 61.--Sport fishery catch, Timmons Fishing Camp, at Ponce de Leon Inlet, Florida; September 1962-August 1963, numbers of fish and estimated weights in pounds, by species, by month

[Species and numbers are extracts of records appearing in Day by Day, published by V. R. Hall, Daytona Beach, Florida; weights of "<1 pound" were considered as "1 pound" in determination of totals]

Species		ember 162	Octo 19		Nove 19		Dece 19		Janu 19	ary 63		uary 63	Mar 19	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	1	2	20	30	17	26	27	40	1	2	14	6	96	144
Cabio			1	9										
Catfish			3	2					14	3				
Croaker	2	1	10	5	34	17	8	Žą.	1	<1			6	3
Drum, black	58	87	140	210	121	182	134	201	71	106	8	12	36	54
Drum, red	90	180	80	160	163	326	264	528	126	252	21	42	10	20
Eels			1	2	1	2								
Flounders	15	19	12	15	21	26	7	9	4	5			3	14
Groupers	6	3	4	2	14	7	1	<1	1	<1				
Grunts														
Jack, crevalle	21	32	20	30	11	16	1	2					34	51
King whiting	30	22	57	43	34	26	25	19	46	34	15	11	16	12
Pigfish	3	<1	8	2	3	<1	7	2	4	1				
Pinfish	3	<1	38	10	5	1	8	2			1	<1		-
Pompano	5	2	3	2										
Rays													1	3
Sea robin			1	<1					1	<1	1	<1		
Sea trout, spot	ted 49	86	94	164	84	147	36	63	29	51	12	21	41	72
Sea trout, other	r		1	1	17	17	12	12	1	1	47	47	14	14
Sharks	2	7												
Sheepshead	599	749	580	725	609	761	976	1,220	419	524	136	170	159	199
Snapper, mangro	ve 229	114	324	162	140	70	39	20	12	6	1	<1		
Snapper, other			2	6	60	180	5	15				~ -		
Spadefish	2	<1												
Spanish mackere	1				1	2								
Spot			3	2	8	4	6	3						
Tenpounder	1	1	10	10	29	29	1	1						
Yellowtail														
Unclassified fi	sh 117	29	307	77	291	73	236	59	55	14	96	24		
Total	1,233	1,337	1,719	1,670	1,663	1,913	1,793	2,201	775	1,002	342	336	416	574

					Table 61	Contin	ued			SEDA	R24-RD5	57
Species	April 1963			lay 163		ne 63	Ju 19	i <u>ly</u> 163		nst 63		tal
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	492	738	97	146	7	10	7	10	14	21	783	1,175
Cabio											1	9
Catfish	40	31	10	8	1	<1	1	<1			59	46
Croaker	. 6	. 3	2	1	<u>}</u>	5	20	10	26	13	119	60
Drum, black	42	63	79	118	48	72	66	99	79	118	882	1,322
Drum, red	40	80	87	174	54	108	40	80	51	102	1,026	2,052
Eels											2	4
Flounders	21	26	62	78	57	71	38	48	13	16	253	317
Groupers	2	1	1	<1			1	<1			30	17
Grunts			1	<1	2	1	1	<1			4	3
Jack, crevalle	204	306	103	154	37	56	38	57	73	110	542	814
King whiting	68	51	42	32	36	27	51	38	26	20	446	335
Pigfish			7	2	5	1	44	11	56	14	137	35
Pinfish	1	<1	2	<1	5	1	11	3	3	<1	77	22
Pompano			1	<1	1	<1					10	6
Rays			3	3					2	2	8	8
Sea robin											3	3
Sea trout, spot		268	249	436	113	198	93	163	94	164	1,047	1,833
Sea trout, other	r 87	87	12	12	1	1	1	1	8	8	201	201
Sharks	2	7	1	4							5	18
Sheepshead	693	866	624	780	323	404	549	686	519	649	6 ,1 86	7,733
Snapper, mangro	ve 8	1:	22	11	19	10	50	25	2,1,	22	888	445
Snapper, other											67	201
Spadefish			2,	2	2	1	2	1	1	<1	11	6
Spanish mackere	1 2	4									3	6
Spot	1	<1	14	2	1	<1	4	2			27	15
Tenpounder	28	28	161	161	5 3	53	55	22	43	43	348	348
Yellowtail							6	2			6	2
Unclassified fi	sh 117	29	305	76	206	52	92	23	123	31	1,945	487
Total	2,009	2,596	1,879	2,204	975	1,071	1,137	1,284	1,175	1,335	15,116	17,523

Table 62. -- Sport fishery catch, Timmons Fishing Camp, at Ponce de Leon Inlet, Florida; 1962 fall, 1962-1963 winter, and 1963 spring and summer totals, in numbers of fish and estimated weights in pounds, by species

[Species and numbers of fish are extracts of records appearing in <u>Day by Day</u>, published by V. R. Hall, Daytona Beach, Florida; weights of "<1 pound" were considered as "1 pound" in determination of totals]

Species	Fa: 196			nter -1963	Spr:		Sum 196		Total	
	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds	Number	Pounds
Bluefish	38	58	32	48	685	1,028	28	41	783	1,175
Cabio	1	9							1	9
Catfish	3	2	14	3	50	39	2	2	59	46
Croaker	46	23	9	5	14	7	50	25	119	60
Drum, black	319	479	213	319	157	235	193	289	882	1,322
Drum, red	333	666	417	822	137	274	145	290	1,026	2,052
Eels	2	1+							2	4
Flounders	48	60	7.7	14	86	108	108	135	253	317
Groupers	24	12	2	2	3	2	1	<1	30	17
Grunts					1	<1	3	2	14	3
Jack, crevalle	52	78	1	2	341	511	148	223	542	814
King whiting	121	91	86	64	126	95	113	85	446	335
Pigfish	14	4	11	3	7	2	105	26	137	35
Pinfish	46	12	9	3	3	2	19	5	77	22
Pompano	8	1+			ī	<1	1	<1	10	6
Rays					6	6	2	2	8	8
Sea robin	1	1	2	2					3	3
Sea trout, spotted	227	397	77	135	443	776	300	525	1.047	1,833
Sea trout, other	18	18	60	60	113	113	10	10	201	201
Sharks	2	7			3	11			5	18
Sheepshead	1,788	2,235	1,531	1,914	1,476	1,845	1,391	1,739	6,186	7,733
Snapper, mangrove	693	346	52	27	30	15	113	57	888	445
Snapper, other	62	186	5	15					67	201
Spadefish	2	1			4	2	5	3	ii	6
Spanish mackerel	1	2			2	1			3	6
Spot	11	6	6	3	5	3	5	3	27	15
Tenpounder	40	40	1	ĺ	189	189	118	118	348	348
Yellowtail							6	2	6	2
Unclassified fish	715	179	387	97	422	105	421	106	1,945	487
Total	4,615	4,920	2,910	3,539	4,304	5,374	3,287	3,690	15,116	17,523

Considering the size of the area involved and our estimations of fishing use and catch, both commercial and recreational, we believe that the Cape Canaveral Area is one of the most productive of areas along the south Atlantic coast of the United States. A great deal of this productivity relates to the unique riverlagoon complex.

COMMERCIAL FISHERY

Average annual production for the commercial fishery in the Cape Canaveral Area for the 4-year period 1959-62 was a little over 6 million pounds worth about \$1 million. Of this, eight dominant species (shrimp, black mullet, spotted sea trout, red snapper, blue crab, spot, pompano, and king whiting) contributed 91 percent of the weight, 5-1/2 million pounds, and 94 percent of the value, \$945,000. Shrimp, the most valuable of all the Cape Canaveral fisheries, contributed 23 percent of the weight and 54 percent of the value of the entire fishery. Black mullet contributed the greatest poundage, 27 percent of the total, but only 8 percent of the value. Spotted sea trout (the most important sport fish taken in the Cape Canaveral Area) is also an important commercial species, contributing 7 percent of the pounds and 11 percent of the value.

Of the total landings of the five most important commercial species on the Florida east coast, the Cape Canaveral Area contributes, in decreasing order of value, 20 percent of the shrimp, 15 percent of the blue crabs, 41 percent of the red snapper, 49 percent of the spotted sea trout, and 67 percent of the black mullet.

In pursuit of the commercial fishery in the Cape Canaveral Area, an annual average of 628 fishermen, 112 motor vessels, 194 motor boats, and 44 other boats are employed, utilizing a variety of gear, such as shrimp trawls, crab pots, gill nets, trammel nets, and handlines.

RECREATIONAL FISHERY

Catch

For the three seasons, spring, summer, and fall, we estimate the sport fishery catch in the Cape Canaveral Area to total about 2,233,000 fish (spring, 857,000; summer, 590,000; and fall, 786,000) or 2,292,000 pounds (spring, 939,000; summer, 595,000; and fall, 758,000). We estimate the winter season values at least equal those for the spring. Therefore, on an annual basis, we estimate the sport

Table 63.--Estimates of average weight per fish for species entering the sport fishery catch of Cape Canaveral Area. These weights were used to convert numbers and estimates of numbers of fish to estimates of weight in pounds in the several tables in this report

	Average weight		Average weight
Species	in	Species	in
opecies	pounds	ppccrcs	pounds
	pouras		pount
Amberjack	15.00	Pigfish	0.25
Barracuda	8.00	Pinfish	0.25
Black margate	1.00	Pompano	0.50
Bluefish	1.50	Porgies	2.00
Cabio	9.00	Puffers	0.50
Catfisb, gafftopsail	0.75	Rays	1.00
Catfish, sea	1.00	Sea bass, black	1.00
Croaker	0.50	Sea bass, rock	0.25
Cutlassfish	1.25	Sea robin	0.25
Dolphin	8.00	Sea trout, gray	1.50
Drum, black. 1 N.	1.50	Sea trout, silver	1.00
S.	13.75	Sea trout, spotted	1.75
Drum, red	2.00	Sharks	3.50
Eels	2.00	Sheepshead	
Flounders.	1.25	Snapper, red	
GroupersN.	0.50	Snapper, mangrove	
S.	10.00	Snapper, other	
Grunts		Spadefish	
Jack, crevalle	1.50	Spanish mackerel	
Jack, other		Spot	
King mackerel		Tenpounder	
King whiting		Triggerfish	
Little tuna		Yellowtail	
Mojarra	0.50	Unclassified fish	0.25
Mullet	1.00		

Different average weights were used in northern (N.) and southern (S.) sections because of difference in sizes of fish generally observed for species between the two sections.

fishery catch to be 3,090,000 fish weighing 3,231,000 pounds.

We estimate the Southern Section contributes 58 percent of the total numbers and 57 percent of the poundage (based on the total for three seasons). The catch from bridges and causeways in the entire area is estimated to be 53 percent of total numbers of fish and 43 percent of total weight.

The nine dominant species in the sport fishery catch in numbers of fish, in decreasing order of importance, are: spotted sea trout, pinfish, puffers, sea trout (other), catfish, king whiting, sheepshead, bluefish, and croaker. These nine species account for 76 percent of the total numbers taken and 73 percent of the pounds. By seasons, the numbers of these species represent 82 percent of the total for the spring, 74 percent for the summer, and 72 percent for the fall. Spotted sea trout, the most important sport fish, represented 20 percent of the total numbers of fish and 33 percent of the weight.

We estimate the spotted sea trout catch in the commercial and sport fisheries combined exceeds 1-1/2 million pounds annually, over two-thirds of which comes from the sport fishery.

Fishing Effort

Estimates of annual total effort of sports fishermen in the entire area (based upon our data for three seasons and an estimation of half of the spring values for the winter season) are about 754,000 fishermen fishing about 2,749,000 hours. Fishing effort during the spring, summer, and fall is about equal, but is reduced in the winter to about half the value for the other seasons. Greatest fishing effort was expended during July and August. However, peak catches occurred in March, April, and September.

Bait Fishery

SEDAR24-RD57

Shrimp is one of the principal baits used by sport fishermen, and we estimate that about 8 million live shrimp, weighing about 90,000 pounds and selling for about \$200,000, are sold annually by bait dealers alone. Many fishermen secure their own live shrimp with pushnets, dip nets, and cast nets.

	Table 64List of scientific and	common names of species of fish	
Scientific_name	Common name	Scientific name	Cormon name
Elizabeth State Company			
Ablantac hiere (Verencieones)	Flat meedlefish	Etrumous sadina (Mitchill) <u>Nucinostomus</u> sp. <u>Sttynnus alleteratus</u> (Rafinesque) <u>Fistularia tabacaria Linnacus</u> <u>Galeichthys felis (Linnacus)</u> <u>Galeus arae</u> <u>GNRCIDAE</u> Oymnachirus nudus Kaup	Atlantic round harring
Acenth carbina solandari (Curion)	Mahaa	Dicinostomis sp.	Mo io men
Academocybidm Solanderi (Chvier)	WELLOO	Buthrenue allottometus (Basinessus)	Fidel
Acanthostracion sp.	COWITSD	Figure to be series (Nat mesque)	Little tuns
Acanthostracion quadricornis (Linnaeus)	COWIISH	2-1-1-1-1-1-1 CADRONFIR DIMMEUS	Corneti ish
Aetobatus narinari (Euphrasen)	Spotted eagle ray	Galeichthys Telis (Linnaeus)	Sea catfish
Alutera schoepfii (Walbaum)	Orange filefish	Galeus arae (Nichols)	Crested shark
Alutera spp.	Filerish	GERRIDAE	Mojarra; silver perch;
Anchoa sp.	Anchovy		sand perch; sand bream
Anchoa mitchilli (Valenciennes)	Bay anchovy	Gymnachirus nudus Kaup Gymnura micrura (Bloch and Schneider) Baemulon sp.	Naked sole
Anchos hepsetus (Linnaeus)	Striped anchovy	Gymnurs micrurs (Block and Schneider)	Smooth butterfly ray
Ancyloncetts sn	Flounder	Raemulon sp.	Gmint: margate
Ancylopsetta sundrecellate Cill	Ocallated flounder	Raemulon sp. Raemulon plumieri (Lacépède) Halieutichthys sp. Halieutichthys aculeatus (Mitchill)	White grunt; common grunt
Ancyropsecoa quadrocerraca original	Pl	Holioptichthus en	Potest-b
Anisotremus surinamensis (Bloch)	Black margate	Tallender Cherry Sp.	DELLISH
Antennarius radiosus Garman	Singlespot frogfish	malleutichtnys aculeatus (Mitchill)	Spiny batfish
Anthias sp.	Barbier	Harengula pensacolae Goode and Bean	Scaled sardine
APODES	Eel.	Bemanthias sp.	Barbier
Archosargus sp.	Sheepshead; porgy	Bemiramphus sp.	Halfbeak
Astroscopus v-graecum (Cuvier)	Southern stargazer	Hemiramphus balao LeSueur	Balso
Bacre marinus (Mitchill)	Gefftonsmil: see cetfish	Bemiramphus brasiliensis (Linnaeus)	Bellyhoo
Boirdially christma (Lachmada)	Vallouteil: cilver nameh	Hippocampus sp.	Seghorse
Palitatetta citiyatta (Macepeae)	Matanager Silver perch	Hippoglossing obloace (Mitchill)	Founday Cloudday
Ballstes sp.	Triggeriish	Tippogrobsina obionga (ricchill)	rourspot (Lounder
BATOIDEI	Ray	mistrio mistrio (Linnaeus)	Sargassumi isn
Bellator sp.	Sea robin	Hyporhamphus unifasciatus (Ranzani)	Halfbeak
Ablennes hians (Valenciennes) Acanthocybium solanderi (Cuvier) Acanthocyrium solanderi (Cuvier) Acanthocyrium solanderi (Cuvier) Acanthocyrium solanderi (Cuvier) Acanthocyriam solanderi (Dubrasen) Alutera spi. Actobatus narinari (Dubrasen) Alutera spi. Anchon spi. Archon spi. Anchon spi. Anchon spi. Anchon spi. Anchon spi. Anchon spi. Anchon spi. Ballator spi. Ballator spi. Ballator spi. Ballator spi. Brevoortia spi. Brevoortia spi. Brevoortia spi. Brevoortia spi.	Horned sea robin	Remulon plumieri (Lacépède) Ralleutichthys sp. Ralleutichthys sp. Ralleutichthys squlestus (Mitchill) Rarengula pensacolae Goode and Bean Remanthis sp. Remirambhus sp. Remirambhus belao LeSueur Remirambhus brasiliensis (Linnaeus) Rippocampus sp. Rippocampus sp. Rippocampus sp. Rippocampus sp. Rippocampus sp. Rippocampus unifasciatus (Ranzani) Rypschleunius sp. Ristionhorus albicans (Latreille) Rathetostoma albigutta Bean Ryphorus incisor (Cuvier) Ryphosus sectatris (Linnaeus) Lactophrys trigonus (Linnaeus) Larden promobides (Linnaeus) Larden pricaus (Rloch) Lutianus piackfordii Goode and Bean Lutianus pricaus (Linnaeus) Membras martinica (Valenciennes) Menticirrhus sp. Menticirrhus sp. Menticirrhus sp. Menticirrhus sp. Menticirrhus sp.	Blenny
Bothus sp.	Flounder	Istiophorus albicans (Latreille)	A'lantic sailfish
Brevoortis sn.	Menhaden: pogy	Kathetostoma albigutta Bean	Lancer stargazer
Provocatio smithi Hildshand	Valloufin shed	Kychosus incisor (Cuvier)	Yellow chuh
brevoortia Smithi niluebranu	A43-444	Kumbasus saatstriv (Linnaus)	Formudo abub
Bellator militaris (Goode and Bean) Britus sp. Brevoortia sp. Brevoortia smithi Hildebrand Brevoortia turannus (Latrobe) BROTULINE Calamus sp. Caranx bartholomagi Cuvier Caranx pryoss (Mitchill) Caranx hippos (Linnaeus) Caranx puber (Bloch) Carcharhinus sp. Carantanisus falciformis (Miller and Henle)	Attantic menbaden	Tootophase tudes are (files)	Contract of the contract of th
BROTULIDAE	Brotula	Dectophrys trigonus (Linnaeus)	TrunkTish
Calamus sp.	Porgy	Lagodon rhomboides (Linnacus)	Pinfish; sailors choice
Caranx sp.	Jack	Larimus fasciatus Holbrook	Banded drum
Caranx hartholomaei Cuvier	Yellow dack	Leiostomus xanthurus Lacépède	Spot
Coreny crusos (Mitchill)	Blue runner: herdtsil	Lepophidium sp.	Cusk-eel
Cartaix Civaca (Times	Charalla tasks andrellas	Tobates surinamensis (Bloch)	Tripletail
Caranx hippos (himseus)	orevalle jack; crevalle,	Tuttonia on	Cun-ou
	JECKIISh	Duojanus sp.	purhher
Caranx ruber (Bloch)	Bar jack	Lutjanus biackfordii Goode and Bean	Red snapper
Carcharhinus sp.	Shark	Lutjanus griseus (Linnaeus)	Mangrove snapper; gray snapper
Carcharhinus falciformis (Müller and Benle)	Sickle shark	Membras martinica (Valencieanes)	Rough silverside
Carcharhinus milberti (Müller and Renle)	Sendbar shark	Menticirrhus sp.	Whiting
Carcharias taurus Rafinesque	Sand shark	Menticirrhus americanus (Linnaeus)	Southern kingfish; king whiting
Centropristis sp.	Sea hass	Menticirrhus sp. Menticirrhus americanus (Linnaeus) Menticirrhus axaxtilis (Bloch and Schoeider) Merluscius sp.	Northern kingfish: king whiting
Controprietic commic (Torden and Evermann)	Book can here	Schoeider	
Centropristis Coyurus (Sordan and Evermann)	Dalk sea Dass	Managery	T-1
Centropristis philadelphicus (Linnaeus)	ROCK Sea Dass	Meriuscius sp.	nake
Centropristis striatus (Linnaeus)	Black sea bass; blackfish	Micropogon undulatus (Linnaeus)	Atlantic croaker
Chaetodipterus faber (Broussonet)	Spadefish; angelfish	MONACANTHIDAE	Filefish
Chilomycterus sp.	Burrfish	Monacanthus sp.	Filefish
Chilomycterus schoepfi (Walbaum)	Striped burrfish	Mugil sp.	Millet
Chlorophthalmus an-	***	Mugil cephalus Linnaeus	Black mullet: striped mullet:
Chlorogaphmie phrygumic (Idanogue)	Burner		jumming mullet
Citionoscomorus Chrysurus (Dibbaeus)	El avadas	Maril armann Valanciannas	Ctlum mallat
CICEATICHUNYS Sp.	riounder T	Magin Carena valenciennes	Ded
Carany ruber (Bloch) Carchaphinus sp. Carchaphinus sp. Carchaphinus sp. Carchaphinus filediformis (Miller and Henle) Carchaphinus milberti (Miller and Henle) Carchaphinus filediformis (Miller and Henle) Carcharfias taurus Rafinesque Centropristis sp. Centropristis cyurus (Jordan and Evermann) Centropristis phinadelphicus (Linnaeus) Chetodiformis sp. Centropristis striatuc (Linnaeus) Chetodiformis sp. Chilomycterus sp. Chilomycterus sp. Chilomycterus schoenfi (Walbaum) Chlorophthalmus sp. Chlorophthalmus sp. Citharichthys arctifrons Goode Citharichthys arctifrons Goode Citharichthys arctifrons Goode Citharichthys sployterus (Wither CHUFEIDAE CONVENTAB CONVENT	Guli Stream Hounder	Schoeider) Merluscius sp. Misropogon undulatus (Linnaeus) MORACANTHITAE Monacanthus sp. Migil sp. Migil cephalus Linnaeus Maisl curema Valenciennes Mullus auratus Jordan and Gilbert Mytlobatis sp. Mylobatis sp.	neu goatiish
Citharichthys macrops Dresel	Spotted whiff	mycteroperca sp.	Grouper
Citharichthys spilopterus Günther	Bay whiff	Myliobatis sp.	Eagle ray
CLUPEIDAE	Herring	Negaprion brevirostris (Poey)	Lemon shark
CONGRIDAE	Conger eel	Ocyurus chrysurus (Bloch)	Yellowtail snapper
Coryphsena hippurus Linnaeus	Dolphin	Ogcocephalus sp.	Batfish
Cymogoion en	Sea trout	Occocephalus vespertilio (Linnaeus)	Longnose batfish
Companion pobulance (Curion)	Spotted on appealed on twent	Ophichthus sp.	Snake eel
Cynoscion dendiosus (chvier)	Sporter or speckies sea trout	Ophighthus coalletus (LaSugur)	Palaenotted eal
Cynoscion normus (norprook)	Silver sea trout	ODDITITIONS OCCUPATIONS (Deputer)	Chale and
Cynoscion regalis (Bloch and Schneider)	Gray sea trout; gray trout	OF HALLET AND	OUDA-GET.
Cypselurus sp.	Flyingfish	Uphidion holbrooki (Futnam)	Bank cusk-eel
Cypselurus heterurus (Rafinesque)	Atlantic flyingfish	Opisthonema oglinum (LeSueur)	Atlantic thread herring
Dasyatis americana Hildebrand and Schroeder	Southern stingray	Mycteropera sp. Myliobatis sp. Megaprion brevirostris (Pocy) Osymus chrysurus (Rloch) Oscocephalus sp. Oscocephalus sp. Oscocephalus sp. Orbichthus sp. Orbichthus ocellatus (LeSueur) OffillTIAE Ophidion holbrooki (Putnam) Orjisthonema oglinum (LeSueur) Opannus sp. Orthopristis chrysopterus (Linnaeus) Otophidium grayi Fowler Fagrus sp. Faralichthys sp. Faralichthys sp. Faralichthys abfeutta Jordan and Gilbert	Toadfish
Dasvatis centroura (Mitchill)	Roughtail stingray	Orthopristis chrysopterus (Linnaeus)	Pigfish
Decretic cohine (LeSueum)	Atlantic stingray	Otophidium gravi Fowler	Cusk-eel
Decembric comi (Leguera)	Rightness etingue	Pagmis Sp.	Red porgy
Dannagara says (nepuent.)	Cand Control Strikes	Paralichthus en	Flounder
Decapterus sp.	DOBU	Daneldakhur ollefoutte Tondon and Cillant	Cul e el aundou
Decapterus punctatus (Agassiz)	kound scad	raralicative aldiguera Jordan and Gilbert	Out itomidel
Diplectrum sp.	Sand perch	raralichthys dentatus (Linnaeus)	bummer Tiounder
Diplectrum formosum (Linnaeus)	Sand perch	Paralichthys albigutta Jordan and Gilbert Paralichthys dentatus (Linnaeus) Paralichthys lethostigma Jordan and Gilbert	Southern flounder
ECHENEI DAE	Remora	Paralichthys lethostigms Jordan and Gilbert Paralichthys squamlientus Jordan and Gilbert Parexococtus brachypterus (Richardson) Petrilus sp. Perrilus aleridotus (Linnacus) Perrilus paru (Linnacus) Perristedion sp. Phycis sp. Phycis sp.	Broad flounder
Echeneis naucrates Linnaeus	Sharksucker	Parexocoetus brachypterus (Richardson)	Sailfin flyingfish
Flore cauris Lippacus	Tennounder: ladyfish	Penrilus sp.	Butterfish
Entropholus en	Crowner	Penrilus elepidotus (Linnseus)	Southern harvestfish
Disambalus dendama (Tiebennia)	TCi-b	Parailus para (Timpous)	Northarn harmostfish
Epinepheius italara (Lichtenstein)	Jewi 15h	Perilus para (Dinnaeus)	Assembly and web'-
Epinephelus nigritus (Holbrook)	Warsaw grouper; black jewfish	reristedion sp.	Armored sea robin
Epinephelus niventus (Valenciennes)	Snowy grouper	Phycis sp.	наке
Equetus lanceolatus (Linnaeus)	Jackknife-fish; ribbonfish	Poecilopsetta sp.	Flounder
Etropus sp.	Flounder	Pogonias cromis (Linnaeus)	Black drum; drum
Decapterus sp. Dinlectrum sp. Dinlectrum formosum (Linnaeus ECHENITIAE Echeneis naucrates Linnaeus Elons saurus Linnaeus Elons sp. Epinephelus sp. Epinephelus itajara (Lichtenstein) Epinephelus nigritus (Holbrook) Epinephelus niventus (Valenciennes) Equetus lanceolatus (Linnaeus) Etropus sp. Etropus crossotus Jordan and Gilbert	Fringed flounder	Phycis sp. Foscilopsetta sp. Foscilopsetta sp. Foscilapsetti (Linnaeus) Folymixis lowei (Günther)	Beardfish
	J		

Table 64.--List of scientific and common names of species of fish

Scientific name

Pomatomus saltatrix (Linnaeus) Pontinus sp. Porichthys porosissimus (Valenciennes)
Poronotus triacanthus (Peck) Prionotus triadathus (Peck)
Prionotus sp.
Prionotus carolinus (Linnaeus)
Prionotus evolans (Linnaeus)
Prionotus pectoralis Nichols and Breder
Prionotus roseus Jordan and Evermann
Prognichthys gibbifrons (Valenciennes)
Pseudupeneus maculatus (Bloch)
Rachycentron canadum (Linnaeus)
Baia sp. Raja sp.
Raja eglanteria Bosc
Rhinoptera bonasus (Mitchill)
Rhizoprionodon terraenovae (Richardson) Rhomboplites aurorubens (Cuvier) Rissola marginata (DeKay Sarda sarda (Bloch) Sciaenops ocellata (Linnaeus)
Scomber colias Gmelin
Scomberomorus cavalla (Cuvier) Scomberomorus maculatus (Mitchill) Scophthalmus aquosus (Mitchill) Scorpaena sp.
Scorpaena brasillensis Cuvier
Scorpaena calcarata Goode and Bean
SCORPAENIDAE SELACHTI. Selar crumenophthalmus (Bloch)
Selene vomer (Linnaeus)

Common name

Bluefish Midshirman Butterfish Sea robin Northern sea rohin Striped sea rohin Blackwing sea rohin Bluespotted sea robin Fluntnose flyingfish Spotted goatfish Cabio; cobia Skate Cownose ray Atlantic sharpnose shark Vermilion snapper Vermilion snapper Striped cusk-eel Atlantic bonito Drum Red drum; channel bass; redfish Chub mackerel King mackerel; kingfish Spanish mackerel; mackerel Windowpane flounder Scorpionfish Barbfish Smoothhead scorpionfish Scorpionfish: rockfish Bigeye scad Lookdown Amber jack

Scientific name

Seriola dumerili (Risso) Serranus phoebe Poey SPARIDAE Sphyraena sp. Spharna tiburo (Linnaeus)
Sphyrna zygaena (Linnaeus) Squalus sp. Stellifer lanceolatus (Holbrook) Stenotomus sp. Stenotomus chrysops (Linnaeus) Stephanolepis sp. Stephanolepis hispidus (Linnaeus) Strongylura acus (Lacépède) Syacium sp. Symphurus plagiusa (Linnaeus) Syngnathus sp. Synodus sp.
Synodus foetens (Linnaeus)
Synodus intermedius (Spix) Thunnus sp. TORPEDINIDAE Torpedo nobiliana Bonaparte Trachinocephalus myops (Forster) Trachinotus sp. Trachinotus carolinus (Linnaeus) Trachurus lathami Nichols Trichiurus lepturus Linnaeus

Common name

Greater amberjack Tattler Porgy Barracuda Puffer; blowfish Bounethead Dogfish shark Porgy; scup Filefish Needlefish; agujon Flounder Tonguefish Black cheek tonguefish Pipefish Lizardfish Sand diver Electric ray Atlantic torpedo Snakefish Pompano Pompano Atlantic cutlassfish; Sea robin Hogchoker

Spotted hake Atlantic moonfish

Swordfish

TRICIADAE

Trinectes maculatus (Bloch and Schneider)
Urophycis sp.
Urophycis regius (Walbaum)
Vomer setapinnis (Mitchill)
Xiphias gladius Linnaeus

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