Estimation of species misidentification in the commercial landing data of tilefish in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009.

Ching-Ping Chih

March, 2010

Southeast Fisheries Science Center
National Marine Fisheries Service
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
75 Virginia Beach Drive
Miami, FL 33149

Abstract

This report documents the misidentification of tilefish in the landing records from the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009. The percentage of species misidentification was calculated based on samples obtained from the Trip Interview Program. About 5.48% of tilefish were misidentified as other species or placed in the general bony fish category in landing records, while about 0.51% of tilefish landings were actually other species. The net effect of the species misidentification was an approximate 4.97% underestimation of tilefish landings from 1984 to 2009.

Methods

All data used for this analysis were from the Trip Interview Program (TIP) database. The main assumption of this analysis was that TIP samples represented landings. The percentage of tilefish misidentified as other species was calculated by dividing the number of tilefish samples identified in landing records as another species by the total number of tilefish samples. The percentage of other species misidentified as tilefish was calculated by dividing the number of other species samples identified as tilefish in tilefish landing records by the total number of samples recorded as tilefish in landing records. Not all samplers recorded a landing species based on the dealer's landing records in the historical TIP database (i.e., sometimes samplers accounted for mistakes in a dealer's landing records or were not able to obtain dealer's landing records). Thus, the percentage of species misidentification in the TIP database is probably underestimated.

Results and discussion

About 5.48% of tilefish samples were misidentified as other species in the landing records (Table 1). Most of this misidentification was due to tilefish ending up in bony fish landings. Tilefish were most frequently misidentified as blueline tilefish or goldface tilefish. The percentage of misidentification varied significantly from year to year (Table 2). Some of the variation was due to small sample sizes. Also, the percentage of misidentification varied significantly between different counties (Table 3). Since different dealers

tended to group landings differently, the variations between different counties was expected. About 0.51% of tilefish landings were actually other species, such as blueline tilefish, goldface tilefish and yellowedge groupers. The overall effect of species misidentification is a 4.97% underestimation of tilefish landings from 1984 to 2009.

Table 1. Number and percentage of tilefish misidentified as other species in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009.

Species name	misidentified as	Percentage of misidentified samples
BLUELINE TILEFISH	. 14	0.07%
BONY FISHES	1074	5.20%
GOLDFACE TILEFISH	18	0.09%
GREATER AMBERJACK	2	0.01%
JACKS	2	0.01%
RED PORGY	13	0.06%
SNOWY GROUPER	1	0.00%
YELLOWEDGE GROUPER	8	0.04%
Total	1132	5.48%

Table 2. Number and percentage of tilefish misidentified as other species in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009 listed by year.

Year		Number of misidentified samples		Percentage of misidentified samples
leai	1984	-	·	3.86%
	1984		63	96.83%
	1987			
	1988			67.98%
	1989		84	
	1990			
	1991	142		
	1992		514	32.30%
	1993	61	333	18.32%
	1994	212	1748	12.13%
	1995	1	654	0.15%
	1996	1	851	0.12%
	1997	3	1270	0.24%
	1998	13	565	2.30%
	1999		1061	
	2000		1417	
	2001	12	1224	0.98%
	2002	2	387	0.52%
	2003	10	821	1.22%
	2004		1791	
	2005		2029	
	2006		1189	
	2007		1010	
	2008			1.15%
	2009			

Table 3. Number and percentage of tilefish misidentified as other species in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009 listed by county.

		Number of		Percentage of
		misidentified	Total number of	misidentified
State	County name	samples	tilefish samples	samples
AL	Baldwin		4560)
AL	Mobile		11	
FL			181	
FL	Bay		1307	•
FL	Escambia	15	1345	1.12%
FL	Franklin	1	1282	0.08%
FL	Gulf		78	;
FL	Hillsborough		1	
FL	Lee	11	75	14.67%
FL	Manatee	2	121	1.65%
FL	Monroe		611	
FL	Okaloosa	3	769	0.39%
FL	Pinellas	20	6233	0.32%
FL	Santa Rosa		370)
FL	Sarasota	1	33	3.03%
FL	Wakulla	11	124	8.87%
LA		48	48	100.00%
LA	Cameron	7	31	22.58%
LA	Jefferson	449	682	65.84%
LA	Lafourche	575	1854	31.01%
LA	Plaquemines		19)
LA	Terrebonne		20)
MS	Jackson		2	
TX	Cameron		800)
TX	Galveston		114	

Table 4. Number and percentage of other species samples misidentified as tilefish in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009.

		Percentage of
	Number of other	tilefish landings
	species samples	
	misidentified as	,
Species name	tilefish	species
BEARDED BROTULA	1	0.01%
BLACKBELLY ROSEFISH	1	0.01%
BLUELINE TILEFISH	36	0.18%
DOLPHIN	1	0.01%
GOLDFACE TILEFISH	16	0.08%
GREATER AMBERJACK	1	0.01%
SPINYCHEEK SCORPIONFISH	11	0.06%
WAHOO	1	0.01%
YELLOWEDGE GROUPER	32	0.16%
Total	100	0.51%

Table 5. Number and percentage of other species samples misidentified as tilefish in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984 to 2009 listed by year.

		Number of other species samples misidentified as		Total number of samples with landing	Percentage of tilefish landings that were
YEAR		tilefish		recorded as tilefish	actually other species
	1984			199	
	1986			2	
	1987			20	
	1988			81	
	1989			84	
	1990			155	
	1991			345	
	1992			348	
	1993			272	
	1994		1	1536	0.07%
	1995			653	
	1996			850	
	1997		15	1267	1.18%
	1998		12	552	2.17%
	1999		3	1061	0.28%
	2000		1	1417	0.07%
	2001		4	1212	0.33%
	2002			385	
	2003		1	811	0.12%
	2004			1791	
	2005		1	2029	0.05%
	2006		14	1189	1.18%
	2007			1010	
	2008		41	946	4.33%
	2009		7	1313	0.53%