

SEDAR

Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review

SEDAR 31

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Stock Assessment Report

June 2013

SEDAR
4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201
North Charleston, SC 29405

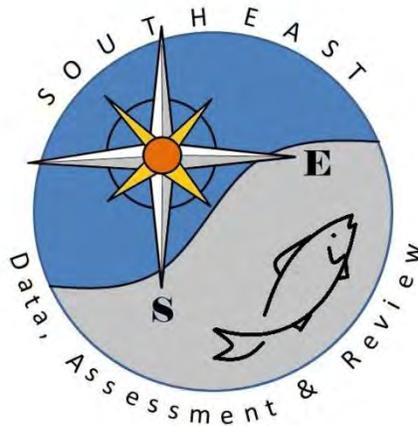
Please cite this document as:

SEDAR. 2013. SEDAR 31 – Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Stock Assessment Report. SEDAR, North Charleston SC. 1103 pp. Available online at:

http://www.sefsc.noaa.gov/sedar/Sedar_Workshops.jsp?WorkshopNum=31

Table of Contents

Section I:	Introduction	PDF page 4
Section II:	Data Workshop Report	PDF page 58
Section III:	Assessment Workshop Report	PDF page 425
Section IV:	Research Recommendations	PDF page 823
Section V:	Review Report	PDF page 833



SEDAR

Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review

SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

SECTION I: Introduction May 2013

SEDAR
4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201
North Charleston, SC 29405

Section I: Introduction

Contents

1. Introduction 3

1.1 SEDAR Process Description..... 3

2. Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Management History 4

2.1. Fishery Management Plan and Amendments 4

2.2. Emergency and Interim Rules..... 10

2.3. Control Date Notices..... 11

2.4. Management Program Specifications 13

2.5. Management and Regulatory Timeline..... 16

3. Assessment History and Review 18

4. Regional Maps..... 22

5. Assessment Summary Report..... 23

6. SEDAR Abbreviations 53

1. Introduction

1.1 SEDAR Process Description

SouthEast Data, Assessment, and Review (SEDAR) is a cooperative Fishery Management Council process initiated in 2002 to improve the quality and reliability of fishery stock assessments in the South Atlantic, Gulf of Mexico, and US Caribbean. The improved stock assessments from the SEDAR process provide higher quality information to address fishery management issues. SEDAR emphasizes constituent and stakeholder participation in assessment development, transparency in the assessment process, and a rigorous and independent scientific review of completed stock assessments.

SEDAR is managed by the Caribbean, Gulf of Mexico, and South Atlantic Regional Fishery Management Councils in coordination with NOAA Fisheries and the Atlantic and Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commissions. Oversight is provided by a Steering Committee composed of NOAA Fisheries representatives: Southeast Fisheries Science Center Director and the Southeast Regional Administrator; Regional Council representatives: Executive Directors and Chairs of the South Atlantic, Gulf of Mexico, and Caribbean Fishery Management Councils; and Interstate Commission representatives: Executive Directors of the Atlantic States and Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commissions.

SEDAR is organized around three workshops. First is the Data Workshop, during which fisheries, monitoring, and life history data are reviewed and compiled. Second is the Assessment process, which is conducted via a workshop and several webinars, during which assessment models are developed and population parameters are estimated using the information provided from the Data Workshop. Third and final is the Review Workshop, during which independent experts review the input data, assessment methods, and assessment products. The completed assessment, including the reports of all 3 workshops and all supporting documentation, is then forwarded to the Council SSC for certification as ‘appropriate for management’ and development of specific management recommendations.

SEDAR workshops are public meetings organized by SEDAR staff and the lead Council. Workshop participants are drawn from state and federal agencies, non-government organizations, Council members, Council advisors, and the fishing industry with a goal of including a broad range of disciplines and perspectives. All participants are expected to contribute to the process by preparing working papers, contributing, providing assessment analyses, and completing the workshop report.

SEDAR Review Workshop Panels consist of a chair, three reviewers appointed by the Center for Independent Experts (CIE), and one or more SSC representatives appointed by each council having jurisdiction over the stocks assessed. The Review Workshop Chair is appointed by the council having jurisdiction over the stocks assessed and is a member of that council’s SSC. Participating councils may appoint representatives of their SSC, Advisory, and other panels as observers.

2. Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Management History

2.1. Fishery Management Plan and Amendments

Original GMFMC FMP:

The Reef Fish Fishery Management Plan was implemented in November 1984. The regulations, designed to rebuild declining reef fish stocks, included: (1) prohibitions on the use of poisons or explosives to fish for reef fish; (2) prohibitions on the use of fish traps, roller trawls, and powerhead-equipped spear guns within an inshore stressed area; (3) a minimum size limit of 12 inches fork length for red snapper with the exceptions that headboats were exempted until 1987, each angler could keep 5 undersize fish, and vessels fishing with trawls were exempt from the minimum size limit; and, (4) data reporting requirements.

GMFMC FMP Amendments affecting red snapper fisheries and harvest:

Description of Action	FMP/Amendment	Effective Date
Set a red snapper 13-inch total length (TL) minimum size limit, 7-fish recreational bag limit with a 2 bag limit allowance for qualified for-hire vessels out over 24 hours, and 3.1 million-pound commercial quota. Future allocations to be based on the 1979-1987 historical catch ratio of 51% commercial, 49% recreational. Prohibit the sale of undersized red snapper and delete the allowance to keep 5 undersized red snapper; established a framework procedure for specification of total allowable catch (TAC); established commercial reef fish vessel permit; set overfished threshold and optimum yield (OY) biomass level at 20 percent spawning stock biomass per recruit (SSBR), and established a goal to rebuild overfished stocks to above this level by January 1, 2000.	Amendment 1	1990
Replaced 20 percent SSBR target with 20 percent spawning potential ratio (SPR), and changed the target date for rebuilding red snapper to January 1, 2007.	Amendment 3	1991
Established a moratorium on the issuance of new reef fish permits for a maximum period of three	Amendment 4	1992

years; established an allowance for permit transfers		
Continued a red snapper endorsement system that had been created via emergency rule through 2004; commercial reef fish vessels with a red snapper endorsement were allowed a 2,000 pound trip limit, and other commercial reef fish vessels were limited to a 200 pound trip. Require all permitted reef fish vessels to abide by trip limits regardless of where the red snapper were caught; allowed the trip limits to be changed under the framework procedure for specification of TAC	Amendment 6	1993
Incrementally raised size limit from 13" to 16" TL over 5 years, created an Alabama special management zone (SMZ) and a framework procedure for future specification of SMZs. Required that finfish be landed head and tails intact	Amendment 5	1994
Established reef fish dealer permitting and record keeping.	Amendment 7	1994
Extended the reef fish permit moratorium and red snapper endorsement system through December 31, 1995 and allowed collections of commercial landings data for initial allocation of individual transferable quota (ITQ) shares. Established historical captain status for purposes of ITQ allocation.	Amendment 9	1994
Attempted to establish an ITQ system, which was then repealed by Congress	Amendment 8	1995
Implemented a new commercial reef fish permit moratorium for no more than five years or until December 31, 2000, permitted dealers can only buy reef fish from permitted vessels and permitted vessels can only sell to permitted dealers, established a charter and headboat reef fish permit, and changed the target date for rebuilding red snapper to January 2009.	Amendment 11	1996
Extended the red snapper endorsement system through the remainder of 1996 and, if necessary,	Amendment 13	1996

through 1997		
NMFS disapproved proposed provisions that would have reduced the commercial red snapper minimum size limit from 15" to 14" TL and eliminated a scheduled increase in the commercial size limit to 16" in 1998.	Amendment 12	1997
Initiated a 10-year phase-out on the use of fish traps in the EEZ from February 7, 1997 to February 7, 2007, after which fish traps would be prohibited.	Amendment 14	1997
Prohibited harvest of reef fish from traps other than permitted reef fish traps, stone crab traps, or spiny lobster traps. Established 2-tier red snapper license system (Class 1 & 2). Comm. season split, with 2/3 of quota allocated for Feb 1 opening and remaining quota for Sept 1 opening	Amendment 15	1998
Extended the commercial reef fish permit moratorium for another five years, from its previous expiration date of December 31, 2000 to December 31, 2005	Amendment 17	2000
Prohibited vessels with commercial harvests of reef fish aboard from also retaining fish caught under recreational bag and possession limits.	Amendment 18A	2006
Established two marine reserve areas off the Tortugas area and prohibits fishing for any species and anchoring by fishing vessels inside the two marine reserves.	Amendment 19	2002
Established a 3-year moratorium on the issuance of new charter and headboat vessel permits in the recreational for hire fisheries in the Gulf EEZ. Allowed transfer of permits. Required vessel captains/owners to participate in data collection efforts.	Amendment 20	2002
Continues the Madison-Swanson and Steamboat Lumps marine reserves for an additional 6 years, until July 2010. Modified the fishing restrictions within the reserves to allow surface trolling during May – October.	Amendment 21	2004
Established status determination criteria and biological reference points to be compliant with	Amendment 22	2005

the Sustainable Fisheries Act. Revised the rebuilding plan to be compliant with the SFA, and revised the rebuilding target date to 2032. It also established bycatch reporting methodologies for the reef fish fishery.		
Extended the commercial reef fish permit moratorium indefinitely. Established a permanent limited access system for the commercial fishery for Gulf reef fish. Permits issued under the limited access system are renewable and transferable.	Amendment 24	2005
Extended the recreational for-hire reef fish permit moratorium indefinitely. Established a limited access system on for-hire reef fish and CMP permits. Permits are renewable and transferable in the same manner as currently prescribed for such permits.	Amendment 25	2006
Established an individual fishing quota (IFQ) system for the commercial red snapper fishery.	Amendment 26	2007
Set TAC at 5.0 mp between 2008 and 2010. The commercial sector will receive a quota of 2.55 mp, with the remaining quota of 2.45 mp going to the recreational sector. Also reduced the commercial size limit to 13" TL, reduced the recreational bag limit to two fish with a 16" TL minimum size limit, asset a zero bag limit for captain and crew aboard a for-hire vessel, and set the recreational fishing season from June 1 – September 30. In addition, all commercial and recreational reef fish fisheries will be required to use non-stainless steel circle hooks when using natural baits, as well as venting tools and dehooking devices.	Amendment 27	2008

GMFMC Regulatory Amendments:

March 1991:

Reduced the red snapper TAC from 5.0 million pounds to 4.0 million pounds to be allocated with a commercial quota of 2.04 million pounds and a 7-fish recreational daily bag limit (1.96 million pound allocation) beginning in 1991.

October 1992:

Raised the 1993 red snapper TAC from 4.0 million pounds to 6.0 million pounds to be allocated with a commercial quota of 3.06 million pounds and a recreational allocation of 2.94 million pounds (to be implemented by a 7-fish recreational daily bag limit). The amendment also changed the target year to achieve a 20 percent red snapper SPR from 2007 to 2009, based on the Plan provision that the rebuilding period may be for a time span not exceeding 1.5 times the potential generation time of the stock and an estimated red snapper generation time of 13 years (Goodyear 1992).

October 1993:

Implemented January 1, 1994- set the opening date of the 1994 commercial red snapper fishery as February 10, 1994, and restricted commercial vessels to landing no more than one trip limit per day.

Commercial quota set at 3.06 mp, recreational quota set at 2.94 mp.

October 1994:

Retained the 6 million pound red snapper TAC and commercial trip limits and set the opening date of the 1995 commercial red snapper fishery as February 24, 1995; however, because the recreational sector exceeded its 2.94 million pound red snapper allocation each year since 1992, this regulatory amendment reduced the daily bag limit from 7 fish to 5 fish, and increased the minimum size limit for recreational fishing from 14 inches to 15 inches a year ahead of the scheduled automatic increase.

December 1995:

Raised the red snapper TAC from 6 million pounds to 9.12 million pounds, with 4.65 million pounds allocated to the recreational sector. Recreational size and bag limits remained at 5 fish and 15 inches total length. The recovery target date to achieve 20 percent SPR was extended to the year 2019, based on new biological information that red snapper live longer and have a longer generation time than previously believed. Commercial red snapper season was set to open on February 28.

March 1996:

An addendum to the 1995 regulatory amendment split the 1996 and 1997 commercial red snapper quotas into two seasons each, with the first season opening on February 1 with a 3.06 million pound quota, and the second season opening on September 15 with the remainder of the annual quota.

March 1997:

Changed the opening date of the second 1997 commercial red snapper season from September 15 to September 2 at noon and closed the season on September 15 at noon; thereafter the

commercial season was opened from noon of the first day to noon of the fifteenth day of each month until the 1997 quota was reached. The recreational season would be closed when landings were projected to exceed the recreational allocation.

November 1997:

Canceled a planned increase in the red snapper minimum size limit to 16 inches that had been implemented through Amendment 5, and retained the 15-inch minimum size limit.

February 1998:

Proposed maintaining the status quo red snapper TAC of 9.12 million pounds, but set a zero bag limit for the captain and crew of for-hire recreational vessels in order to extend the recreational red snapper quota season. The NMFS provisionally approved the TAC, releasing 6 million pounds, with release of all or part of the remaining 3.12 million pounds to be contingent upon the capability of shrimp trawl bycatch reduction devices (BRDs) to achieve better than a 50 percent reduction in juvenile red snapper shrimp trawl mortality. The zero bag limit for captain and crew of for-hire recreational vessels was not implemented. Following an observer monitoring program of shrimp trawl BRDs conducted during the Summer of 1998, NMFS concluded that BRDs would be able to achieve the reduction in juvenile red snapper mortality needed for the red snapper recovery program to succeed, and the 3.12 million pounds of TAC held in reserve was released on September 1, 1998.

December 1998:

Proposed to maintain the status quo red snapper TAC of 9.12 million pounds; reduce the recreational bag limit for red snapper to 4 fish for recreational fishermen and zero fish for captain and crew of for-hire vessels; set the opening date of the recreational red snapper fishing season to March 1; reduce the minimum size limit for red snapper to 14 inches total length for both the commercial and recreational fisheries; and change the opening criteria for the second commercial red snapper fishing season from the first 15 days to the first 10 days of each month beginning September 1, until the sub-allocation is met or the season closes on December 31.

February 2000:

Maintained the status quo red snapper TAC of 9.12 million pounds for the next two years, pending an annual review of the assessment; increase the red snapper recreational minimum size limit from 15 inches to 16 inches total length; set the red snapper recreational bag limit at 4 fish; reinstate the red snapper recreational bag limit for captain and crew of recreational for-hire vessels; set the recreational red snapper season to be April 15 through October 31, subject to revision by the Regional Administrator to accommodate reinstating the bag limit for captain and crew, set the commercial red snapper Spring season to open on February 1 and be open from noon on the 1st until noon on the 10th of each month until the Spring sub-quota is reached; set the commercial red snapper Fall season to open on October 1 and be open from noon on the 1st

to noon on the 10th of each month until the remaining commercial quota is reached;; retain the red snapper commercial minimum size limit at status quo 15 inches total length; and allocate the red snapper commercial season sub-quota at 2/3 of the commercial quota, with the Fall season sub-quota as the remaining commercial quota.

2010 Regulatory Amendment:

Increased red snapper total allowable catch from 5.0 million pounds (MP) to 6.945 MP. Based on the current 51% commercial and 49% recreational allocation of red snapper, the proposed total allowable catch increase would adjust the commercial and recreational quotas from 2.55 and 2.45 MP to 3.542 and 3.403 MP, respectively. The commercial sector is under an individual fishing quota program and has maintained landings within their quota in recent years.

2011 Regulatory Amendment:

Increases the red snapper total allowable catch from 6.945 million pounds (MP) to 7.185 MP. Based on the current 51% commercial and 49% recreational allocation of red snapper, the increase in total allowable catch will adjust the commercial and recreational quotas from 3.542 and 3.403 MP to 3.66 MP and 3.525 MP in 2011. The commercial sector is under an individual fishing quota program and has maintained landings within their quota in recent years.

2012 Regulatory Amendment:

Eliminates the fixed October 1 through December 31 closed season for recreational red snapper fishing. Increases the commercial and recreational quotas from 3.66 and 3.525 MP to 4.121 MP and 3.959 MP in 2012. In addition, increases the 2013 commercial and recreational quotas to 4.432 MP and 4.258 MP. Contingent upon the 2012 ABC of 8.080 MP not being exceeded. The commercial sector is under an individual fishing quota program and has maintained landings within their quota in recent years.

2.2. Emergency and Interim Rules

Emergency- 1992:

Opened commercial red snapper fishery from April 3 - May 14 with a 1000 lb. trip limit due to the season closing in only 53 days. Effective 4/3/92

Emergency- 1992:

Created commercial red snapper 2000 lb and 200 lb endorsements for 1993. Effective 12/30/92 - 3-30-93.

Emergency- 1992:

Closed the commercial red snapper fishery from 12-30-92 to 2-15-93.

Emergency- 1998:

Reduced recreational bag limit of red snapper from 5 fish per person to 4 fish per person. Reopened the recreational red snapper fishery in January 1999. Effective 6/29/99 to 12/26/99.

Interim- 1999:

Increased recreational minimum size limit to 18" TL. Closed the recreational fishery in the EEZ on 8/29/1999. Effective 6/4/99 to 8/29/99.

Interim- 1999:

Changed 2000 recreational season from April 24 to October 1. Reinstated the 4-fish bag limit for captain and crew. Reduced the opening of the spring commercial season from 15 to 10 days. Effective 1/19/00 to 12/16/00.

Interim- 2007:

Reduced catch quota to 6.5 mp (commercial: 3.315; recreational 3.185). Reduced bag limits to 2 fish/person/day, and prohibited captains and crew of for-hire vessels from keeping the recreational bag limit. Reduced size limit for commercial vessels from 15" to 13" TL (effective 4/2/07). Established a target for the reduction of red snapper bycatch mortality in the shrimp fishery. Effective 5/2/07.

2.3. Control Date Notices

Control date notices are used to inform fishermen that a license limitation system or other method of limiting access to a particular fishery or fishing method is under consideration. If a program to limit access is established, anyone not participating in the fishery or using the fishing method by the published control date may be ineligible for initial access to participate in the fishery or to use that fishing method. However, a person who does not receive an initial eligibility may be able to enter the fishery or fishing method after the limited access system is established by transfer of the eligibility from a current participant, provided the limited access system allows such transfer. Publication of a control date does not obligate the Council to use that date as an initial eligibility criteria. A different date could be used, and additional qualification criteria could be established. The announcement of a control date is primarily intended to discourage entry into the fishery or use of a particular gear based on economic speculation during the Council's deliberation on the issues. The following summarizes control dates that have been established for the Reef Fish FMP. A reference to the full *Federal Register* notice is included with each summary.

November 1, 1989:

Anyone entering the commercial reef fish fishery in the Gulf and South Atlantic after November 1, 1989, may not be assured of future access to the reef fish resource if a management regime is developed and implemented that limits the number of participants in the fishery [54 FR 46755].

November 18, 1998:

The Council is considering whether there is a need to impose additional management measures limiting entry into the recreational-for-hire (i.e., charter vessel and headboat) fisheries for reef fish and coastal migratory pelagic fish in the EEZ of the Gulf and, if there is a need, what management measures should be imposed. Possible measures include the establishment of a limited entry program to control participation or effort in the recreational-for-hire fisheries for reef fish and coastal migratory pelagic [63 FR 64031] (In Amendment 20 to the Reef Fish FMP, a qualifying date of March 29, 2001, was adopted).

July 12, 2000:

The Council is considering whether there is a need to limit participation by gear type in the commercial reef fish fisheries in the exclusive economic zone of the Gulf and, if there is a need, what management measures should be imposed to accomplish this. Possible measures include modifications to the existing limited entry program to control fishery participation, or effort, based on gear type, such as a requirement for a gear endorsement on the commercial reef fish vessel permit for the appropriate gear. Gear types which may be included are longlines, buoy gear, handlines, rod-and-reel, bandit gear, spear fishing gear, and powerheads used with spears [65 FR 42978].

October 15, 2004:

The Council is considering the establishment of an individual fishing quota program to control participation or effort in the commercial grouper fisheries of the Gulf. If an individual fishing quota program is established, the Council is considering October 15, 2004, as a possible control date regarding the eligibility of catch histories in the commercial grouper fishery [69 FR 67106].

December 31, 2008:

The Council voted to establish a control date for all Gulf commercial reef fish vessel permits. The control date will allow the Council to evaluate fishery participation and address any level of overcapacity. The establishment of this control date does not commit the Council or NOAA Fisheries Service to any particular management regime or criteria for entry into this fishery. Fishermen would not be guaranteed future participation in the fishery regardless of their entry date or intensity of participation in the fishery before or after the control date under consideration. Comments were requested by close of business April 17, 2009 [74 FR 11517].

January 1, 2012:

This notice announces that the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council (Council) is considering creating additional restrictions limiting participation in the Red Snapper Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ) Program. If such management measures are implemented, the Council is considering January 1, 2012, as a possible control date. Anyone entering the program after the control date will not be assured of future access should a management regime that limits participation in the program be prepared and implemented [76 FR 74038].

2.4. Management Program Specifications**Table 2.4.1. General Management Information****Gulf of Mexico**

Species	Red Snapper
Management Unit	Gulf of Mexico (East and West)
Management Unit Definition	Gulf of Mexico EEZ
Management Entity	Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council
Management Contacts SERO / Council	Steven Atran, Dr. Carrie Simmons Sue Gerhart
Current stock exploitation status	Not undergoing overfishing, but is overfished (2009 SEDAR 7 Update Assessment)
Current spawning stock biomass status	1.78 million Pounds (2009 SEDAR 7 Update Assessment, using data through 2008)

Table 2.4.2. Specific Management Criteria

Criteria	Gulf of Mexico - Current (2009)		Gulf of Mexico - Proposed	
	Definition	Value	Definition	Value
MSST	$(1-M)*SSB_{MSY}$: M=0.10	9.14 mp	SEDAR 31	SEDAR 31
MFMT	$F_{SPR26\%}$	0.53	SEDAR 31	SEDAR 31
MSY	F_{MSY}	0.53	SEDAR 31	SEDAR 31
F_{MSY}	$F_{SPR26\%}$	0.53	SEDAR 31	SEDAR 31
OY	Equilibrium Yield @ F_{OY}	13.35 mp	SEDAR 31	SEDAR 31
F_{OY}	75% of F_{MSY}	0.39	$F_{OY} = 65\%, 75\%, 85\% F_{MSY}$	SEDAR 31
M	n/a	0.10	M	SEDAR 31

NOTE: "Proposed" columns are for indicating any definitions that may exist in FMPs or amendments that are currently under development and should therefore be evaluated in the current assessment. "Current" is those definitions in place now. Please clarify whether landings parameters are 'landings' or 'catch' (Landings + Discard). If 'landings', please indicate how discards are addressed.

Stock Rebuilding Information

The original rebuilding plan for Gulf of Mexico red snapper was established in Reef Fish Amendment 1 in 1990, and has been revised numerous times. In 2001, the Council submitted a regulatory amendment to NMFS to revise the rebuilding plan to make it compliant with the provisions of the Sustainable Fisheries Act. In particular, this required an adjustment of the rebuilding target and a recalculation of the maximum rebuilding time. Previously the maximum rebuilding target had been to 20% SPR within 1 ½ generations times. Based on a starting date of 1990, and a generation time of 19.6 years (calculated in a 1996 stock assessment), this resulted in a rebuilding target date of 2019. Under the Sustainable Fisheries Act, both the rebuilding target stock level and time frame were changed. Stocks were now required to be rebuilt to a level capable of sustaining maximum sustainable yield with a time frame of 10 years or less. If stocks could not be rebuilt within 10 years, then the maximum rebuilding time was to be based on the time to rebuild in the absence of fishing mortality plus 1 generation time. For red snapper, rebuilding in the absence of fishing mortality to a sustainable yield of $F_{26\% SPR}$ (as a proxy for F_{MSY}) was estimated to take 12 years. Based on a new starting date of 2000, the 12 years plus 19.6 years generation time resulted in a new target date of 2032.

The 2001 regulatory amendment was not accepted by NMFS because it lacked an environmental impact assessment. In its place, the current version of the rebuilding plan was established in Reef Fish Amendment 22, which was implemented in 2005, but maintained the 2000 – 2032 rebuilding period established in the rejected regulatory amendment. The preferred alternative (Alternative 2) specified the following:

Maintain TAC at 9.12 mp wwt, end overfishing between 2009 and 2010, and rebuild red snapper by 2032. Review and adjust this policy, as necessary, through periodic assessments. Monitor annual landings to ensure quota is not exceeded.

Table 2.4.3. Stock projection information

(This provides the basic information necessary to bridge the gap between the terminal year of the assessment and the year in which any changes may take place or specific alternative exploitation rates should be evaluated)

Gulf of Mexico

Requested Information	Value
First Year of Management	2013

Projection Criteria during interim years should be based on (e.g., exploitation or harvest)	Fixed Exploitation
Projection criteria values for interim years should be determined from (e.g., terminal year, avg of X years)	Average of previous 3 years

*Fixed Exploitation would be $F=F_{MSY}$ (or $F<F_{MSY}$) that would rebuild overfished stock to B_{MSY} in the allowable timeframe. Modified Exploitation would be allow for adjustment in $F\leq F_{MSY}$, which would allow for the largest landings that would rebuild the stock to B_{MSY} in the allowable timeframe. Fixed harvest would be maximum fixed harvest with $F\leq F_{MSY}$ that would allow the stock to rebuild to B_{MSY} in the allowable timeframe.

Projections:

Project future stock conditions and develop rebuilding schedules if warranted, including estimated generation time. Develop stock projections in accordance with the following:

A) If stock is overfished:

$$F=0, F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

$$F=F_{Rebuild} \text{ (max that permits rebuild in allowed time)}$$

B) If stock is undergoing overfishing:

$$F= F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

C) If stock is neither overfished nor undergoing overfishing:

$$F= F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

D) If data limitations preclude classic projections (i.e. A, B, C above), explore alternate models to provide management advice

Table 2.4.4. Quota Calculation Details

If the stock is managed by quota, please provide the following information

Current Quota Value (2012)	8.08 mp
Next Scheduled Quota Change	2013
Annual or averaged quota ?	Annual
If averaged, number of years to average	n/a
Does the quota include bycatch/discard ?	Not specified

2.5. Management and Regulatory Timeline

The following tables provide a timeline of Federal management actions by fishery.

Table 2.5.1. Annual Commercial Red Snapper Regulatory Summary

	<u>Fishing Year</u>	<u>Size Limit</u>	<u>Possession Limit</u>	<u>Open date</u>	<u>Close date</u>
1990	All year	13" TL	3.1 mp quota	n/a	n/a
1991	236 days	"	2.04 mp quota	Jan 1	Sept 22
1992	95 days	"	2.04 mp + Emergency	Jan 1, Apr 14	Feb 22, May 15
1993	94 days	"	3.06 mp quota	Feb 15	May 19
1994	77 days	14" TL	"	Feb 10	Dec 31
1995	52 days	15" TL	"	Feb 24, Nov 1	Apr 14, Nov 2
1996	87 days	"	4.65 mp quota	Feb 1, Sep 15	Apr 5, Oct 6
1997	73 days	"	"	Feb 1, Sep 2	Mar 25, Sep 21
1998	72 days	"	"	"	Mar 14, Oct 1
1999	70 days	"	"	"	Mar 17, Sep 26
2000	66 days	"	"	"	Mar 9, Sep 29
2001	79 days	"	"	"	Mar 28, Sep 24
2002	91 days	"	"	"	Apr 5, Sep 28
2003	94 days	"	"	"	Apr 8, Sep 28
2004	105 days	"	"	"	Apr 10, Oct 5
2005	131 days	"	"	"	Apr 21, Oct 22
2006	126 days	"	"	"	Jul 6
2007	365 IFQ	13" TL	3.315 mp		
2008	"	"	2.55 mp		
2009	"	"	"		
2010	"	"	3.542 mp		
2011	"	"	3.664 mp		

Table 2.5.2. Annual Recreational Red Snapper Regulatory Summary

	<u># Fishing Days</u>	<u>Size Limit</u>	<u>Bag Limit</u>	<u>Open date</u>	<u>Close date</u>
Pre-1990	365	13" TL	No bag limit	Jan 1	Dec 31
1990	"	"	7 fish/person/day	"	"
1991	"	"	"	"	"
1992	"	"	"	"	"
1993	"	"	"	"	"
1994	"	"	"	"	"
1995	"	15" TL	5 fish/person/day	"	"
1996	"	"	"	"	"
1997	330	"	"	"	Nov 27
1998	272	"	4 fish/person/day	"	Sep 30
1999	240	"	"	"	Aug 29
2000	194	16" TL	"	Apr 21	Oct 31
2001	"	"	"	"	"
2002	"	"	"	"	"
2003	"	"	"	"	"
2004	"	"	"	"	"
2005	"	"	"	"	"
2006	"	"	"	"	"
2007	"	"	2 fish/person/day	Apr 26	Oct 31
2008	65	"	"	Jun 1	Aug 4
2009	75	"	"	"	Aug 15
2010	53	"	"	"	Jul 23
2011	49	"	"	"	Jul 19

3. Assessment History and Review

Management of red snapper in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico began in 1984 with the implementation of the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council Reef Fish Fishery Management Plan (Goodyear 1995). At that time, no formal assessment of the population dynamics of Gulf of Mexico red snapper had been conducted. However, early studies did include analyses of yield per recruit (Waters and Huntsman 1984); and the fitting of production models to historical catch and effort data over restricted geographical regions (Gazey and Gallaway 1980).

Routine assessments of Gulf of Mexico red snapper began in the mid-1980s. These early assessments first sought to describe the biological and biometric characteristics of red snapper (Parrack 1986b) as well as trends in catch, effort, catch per unit effort and catch at size (Cummings and Chewning 1986, Parrack and McClellan 1986). Management advice, including estimates of fishing mortality and spawning stock biomass were developed using age-structured virtual population analyses (VPA) and other techniques. The results indicated important declines in stock production, as well as adult and recruiting population sizes during 1979-1985.

Similar annual assessments of Gulf of Mexico red snapper that used VPA and yield per recruit analyses to develop management advice were conducted by Goodyear (e.g. 1987, 1988, 1992, 1993, 1994, 1995), Phares and Goodyear (1990a, 1990b), Schirripa and Legault (1997) and Schirripa (1998). These assessments share similar outcomes, that fishing mortality by directed fisheries was higher than recommended, that spawning potential ratio was a small fraction of unfished levels, and that shrimp bycatch should be reduced significantly to facilitate the recovery to target levels with a high probability (>50%) of success. These assessments also introduced forecasts of future yield and spawning potential ratio under various management scenarios, including catch quotas and elimination of shrimp discard mortality (e.g. Goodyear 1995).

In 1999, the red snapper stock assessment was transitioned to new stock assessment method, an age structure assessment program (ASAP, Legault and Restrepo 1998). Like previous VPA models used to assess red snapper, ASAP was based on separating fishing effects by different gears into year and age components. However, the ASAP model represented an advancement because it allowed for changes in selectivity and catchability over time, and did not require gear specific catch at age for all years. The data inputs, model parameterization and results are thoroughly described in Schirripa and Legault (1999). Like previous assessments of red snapper, the 1999 ASAP assessment model indicated that the stock was undergoing overfishing relative to all F references considered (F_{MSY} , F_{MAX} , $F_{SPR20\%}$, $F_{0.1}$). The stock was also overfished relative to the SPR corresponding the MSY (SPR20%). During that assessment, analyses were also conducted to determine which combinations of reductions in directed fishing and/or shrimp bycatch would allow stock recovery before 2019 (to SPR20%) or 2034 (to SPR26%).

Several population models were used to assess the status of red snapper in 2005 (SEDAR 7), including VPA, ASAP, CATCHEM and Stock Reduction Analysis (SRA). The ASAP model had been used in the most recent assessment (Schirripa and Legault 1999), but exhibited instability when used to address the very long time series (1872-2003) and to a lesser extent with the shorter time series (1962-2003 and 1984-2003). A newly developed program CATCHEM was created, in part, to enable use of the historical time series information, and to be able to

model fish discarded due to a minimum size internally as opposed to the external manner in which discard estimates have been made in past red snapper assessments (as part of the probabilistic aging procedure). Ultimately, the SEDAR 7 RW panel recommended the use of CATHEM to develop management advice for red snapper. A full description of the CATHEM model can be found in SEDAR7 Assessment Workshop (SEDAR 2005) or in Porch (2007). Briefly, the CATHEM algorithm is a statistical catch-at-age model that was applied to information on red snapper populations in U.S. waters during the years from 1872 to 2004.

Like previous assessments, the 2005 CATHEM model also indicated the stock was overfished, and undergoing overfishing. Projections indicated that the existing TAC of 9.12 million lbs was sustainable with a severe reduction in shrimp bycatch, but the spawning stock was expected to remain well below S_{MSY} (current-shrimp effort). On the other hand, the spawning stock was projected to recover to the S_{MSY} {current-shrimp effort} reference in less than ten years in the absence of any directed harvest. Other combinations of reductions in directed fishing and/or shrimp bycatch were expected to allow recovery to SPR26% by 2032.

The SEDAR 7 assessment was updated using CATHEM in 2009. A description of that assessment can be found in SEDAR (2009). The Update Review panel and the GMFMC SSC recommended the use of the AS3 model, as described in SEDAR (2009) to develop management advice. According to that model the stock was overfished ($SSB / MSST = 0.19$) and undergoing overfishing ($F / MFMT = 1.9$). An unexpected and severe reduction in shrimp effort occurred following the 2005 assessment due to hurricane damage and economic factors (i.e. 75% reduction from 2001-2003 levels). In fact, the reduction in shrimp effort in 2008 was even greater than what was called for in the red snapper rebuilding plan. Therefore, additional reductions in shrimp effort were no longer necessary to rebuild the red snapper stock. In fact, the projections used to develop the overfishing limit (OFL) and acceptable catch target (ACT) assumed that shrimp effort would rebuild to some extent.

A chronological list of selected stock assessment documents pertaining to Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

- Gazey, W. and B. J. Gallaway. 1980. Population dynamics of the red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) in the northwestern Gulf of Mexico. Progress report to NMFS, SEFC, Galveston Laboratory, Galveston, Texas. Contract NA 80-GA-C-00057. 27 p.
- Waters, J. and G. Huntsman. 1984. Incorporating catch and release mortality into yield-per-recruit analyses of minimum size limits. A summary of work performed for the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, 35 p.
- Cummings, N. C. and T. W. Chewning. 1986. Recent catch and catch per unit of effort of the Gulf of Mexico red snapper and grouper fisheries. NOAA, NMFS, SEFC, Miami Laboratory, Coastal Res. Div. CRD. Prepared for Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, March 1986. 36 p.

- Parrack, N. C. and D. B. McClellan. 1986. Trends in Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Population Dynamics, 1979-85. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami Laboratory, Miami CRD-86/87-4.
- Parrack, N. C. 1986b. Review and update of Gulf of Mexico red snapper biometrics: 1. Length-weight relations, 2. length-length conversions. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami Laboratory, Miami CRD-86/87-3.
- Goodyear, C.P. 1987. Recent trends in the red snapper fishery of the Gulf of Mexico. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Center, Miami Laboratory, Miami CRD-87/88-16.
- Goodyear, Phillip C. 1988. Recent trends in the Red Snapper Fishery of the Gulf of Mexico. CRD 87/88-16 CRD.
- Goodyear, Phillip C. and Patricia Phares. 1990. Status of Red Snapper stocks of the Gulf of Mexico Report for 1990. CRD 89/90-05 CRD.
- Goodyear, Phillip C. and Patricia Phares. 1990. Addendum Status of Red Snapper stocks of the Gulf of Mexico Report for 1990. CRD 89/90-05A CRD.
- Goodyear, C. Phillip. 1992. Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA-91/92-70, 156 p. MIA.
- Goodyear, C. Phillip. 1993. Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico 1992 Assessment Update. MIA-92/93-76, 125 p. MIA.
- Goodyear, C. Phillip. 1994. Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA 93/94-63, 160 p. MIA.
- Goodyear, C. Phillip. 1995. Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA-95/96-05, 171 p. MIA.
- Goodyear, C. Phillip. 1996. An Update of Red Snapper Harvest in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA-95/96-60, 21 p. MIA.
- Schirripa, Michael J. and Christopher M. Legault. 1997. Status of Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico: Updated Through 1996. MIA-97/98-05, 40 p. MIA.
- Schirripa, Michael J. 1998. Status of the Red Snapper in U.S. Waters of the Gulf of Mexico: Updated Through 1997. SFD-97/98-30, 85 p. SFD.
- Legault, Christopher M. and Victor R. Restrepo. 1998. A Flexible Forward Age-Structured Assessment Program. SFD-98/99-16, 15 p. SFD.

- Schirripa, Michael J. and Christopher M. Legault. 1999. Status of Red Snapper in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico: Updated Through 1998. SFD-99/00-75, 86 p. SFD.
- SEDAR 2005. Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review: Stock Assessment Report of SEDAR 7: Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper. SEDAR 7. One Southpark Circle #306, Charleston, SC 29414
- Porch CE. 2007. An assessment of the red snapper fishery in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico using a spatially-explicit age-structured model. In: Patterson WF, Cowan JH Jr, Fitzhugh GR, Nieland DL (eds) Red Snapper ecology and fisheries in the US Gulf of Mexico. American Fisheries Society, Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland, pp 355–384.
- SEDAR 2009. Stock Assessment of Red Snapper in the Gulf of Mexico. SEDAR Assessment Update. Report of the Update Assessment Workshop, Miami, Florida, August 24–28, 2009.

4. Regional Maps

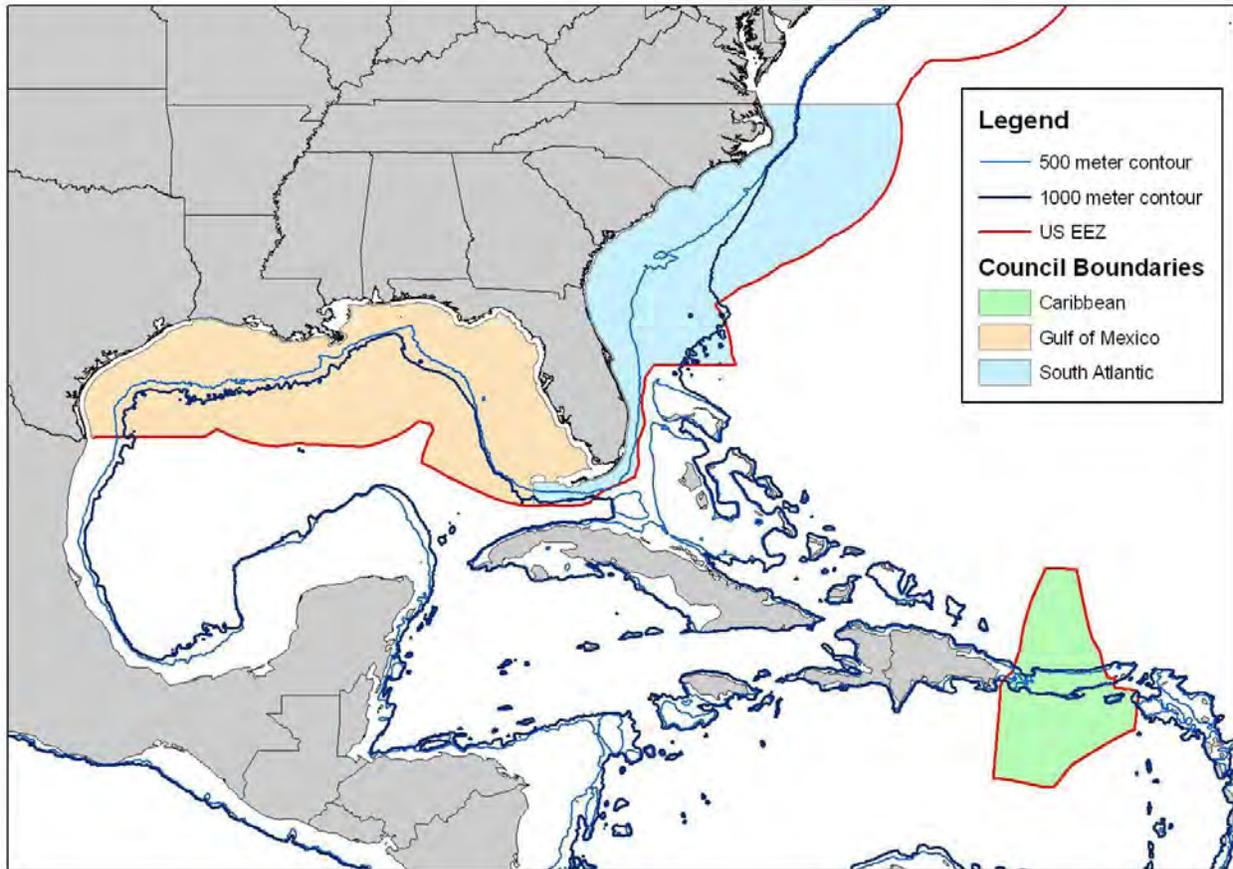


Figure 4.1: South Atlantic, Gulf of Mexico, and Caribbean Fishery Management Council boundaries, and United States EEZ.

5. Assessment Summary Report

The Summary Report provides a broad but concise view of the salient aspects of the 2012 Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock assessment (SEDAR 31). It recapitulates: (a) the information available to and prepared by the Data Workshop (DW); (b) the application of those data, development and execution of one or more assessment models, and identification of the base-run model configuration by the Assessment Workshop (AW); and (c) the findings and advice determined during the Review Workshop (RW).

Executive Summary

The SEDAR 31 benchmark assessment for Gulf of Mexico red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) was conducted through a Data Workshop (August 20-24, 2012; Pensacola, FL), Assessment Workshop (January 28 - February 1, 2013; Miami, FL), eight assessment webinars (February 21 - April 18, 2013), and a Review Workshop (April 29 - May 3, 2013; Gulfport, MS).

The RW Panel was presented outputs and results of the SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock assessment. The assessment model used was Stock Synthesis (SS3), a highly flexible, integrated analysis, statistical catch-at-age model. The RW Panel concluded that the data used in the assessment were generally sound and robust. Likewise, data generally were applied properly and uncertainty in data inputs was appropriately acknowledged. Numerous sensitivity analyses and exploration of alternative scenarios were also presented during the AW. However, due to the timeline on which the assessment material was provided to the RW Panel, the adequacy of the documentation, and the completeness of the assessment at the end of the RW, the RW Panel determined that it could not either accept or reject the findings of this assessment. More complete documentation, to be reviewed and approved by a group similar to the AW Panel would be required. Notwithstanding these concerns, the RW Panel was very impressed with the performance of the Analytical Team (AT). It was clear that the AT had put considerable thought into the development of the assessment model, which by necessity is very complex. Unfortunately, in the absence of an acceptable quantitative stock assessment, the RW Panel could not determine stock status in relation to reference points.

Stock Status and Determination Criteria

Phase plots of the base run put forth by the AT and related sensitivities are provided in Figures 5.22 and 5.23. Determinations of stock status and proxies for MSY were not provided in the AW Report or determined during the RW. The AT did provide information about proxies for MSY midway through the RW which were discussed generally: the use of a marginal F when calculating a proxy for MSY and whether a spawning potential ratio (%SPR) proxy for MSY should be based on the assumed steepness in the assessment model, or some other value.

The marginal F approach accounts for the reality that fishing effort for all fleets cannot be controlled, specifically the shrimp fishery effort and closed season effort. F for other fisheries is scaled up proportionally to find the F corresponding to the appropriate %SPR, conditioned on the assumed shrimp and closed season effort series. The RW Panel agreed with the AT that this is a reasonable approach. The AT also showed how yield would change in response to changes in fisheries that are not specifically regulated for red snapper bycatch.

Regarding whether the percent reduction in SPR should be based on the steepness assumed in the model (thereby using an MSY proxy consistent with the model used to derive the abundance time series), given that 1) the steepness value is assumed, 2) there is limited contrast in spawner biomass time series for estimating the spawner-recruit parameters, 3) recruitment for the entire stock has decreased during the last two years and was low even though spawner abundance has been increasing, and 4) there is evidence of a more complex population structure than is being modeled, the RW Panel suggested that there may not be strong enough evidence to warrant a change from the %SPR values currently being used or from the default value. See Figures 5.16, 5.20, and 5.21 for a comparison of these values.

Stock Identification and Management Unit

The management unit for Gulf of Mexico red snapper extends from the United States–Mexico border in the west through the northern Gulf waters and west of the Dry Tortugas and the Florida Keys (waters within the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council boundaries). This stock assessment assumes there are two sub-units of the red snapper stock within this region, separated roughly by the Mississippi River. This determination is consistent with SEDAR 7 (2005) and the 2009 SEDAR 7 Update, and was supported through evaluation of all data presented at the SEDAR 31 DW. Currently, the Council manages these sub-stocks as one unit, but the option of eastern and western management units remains. However, the convention of assessing eastern and western sub-units separately is preserved in this assessment.

Assessment Methods

The primary assessment model selected for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock evaluation assessment was Stock Synthesis (SS) (Methot 2010) version 3.24j (beta). Descriptions of SS algorithms and options are available in the SS user's manual (Methot 2010) and at the NOAA Fisheries Toolbox website (<http://nft.nefsc.noaa.gov/>). SS is an integrated statistical catch-at-age model which is widely used for stock assessments in the United States and throughout the world. SS takes relatively unprocessed input data and incorporates many of the important processes (mortality, selectivity, growth, etc.) that operate in conjunction to produce observed catch, size and age composition and CPUE indices. In addition, SS can incorporate time series of environmental data. Because many of these inputs are correlated, the concept behind SS is that they should be modeled together, which helps to ensure that uncertainties in the input data are properly accounted for in the assessment. SS has the ability to incorporate an early, data poor time period for which only catch data are available and a more recent, data-rich time-period for which indices of abundance and length and age-length or age composition data are available.

The `r4ss` software (www.cran.r-project.org/web/packages/r4ss/index.html) was utilized extensively to develop various graphics for the SS outputs and also was used to summarize various SS output files and to conduct the parametric bootstrap. The SS parametric bootstrap procedure was the approach used to characterize the uncertainty in final model estimates and projections of future catches for a variety of alternative scenarios recommended by the AW Panel. This tool is based on parametric bootstrap analyses used with SS (Methot 2011).

Assessment Data

The SS model was fitted to landings, discards, age composition observations, and indices of abundance. Annual landings from the commercial (Figs. 5.2 and 5.3) and recreational (Figs. 5.4

and 5.5) fishing sectors were input into the model, with commercial landings in metric tons and recreational landings in numbers of thousands of fish. Discards from the commercial and recreational fishing fleets were input as thousands of fish. Annual estimates of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery (as dead discards in thousands of fish) were estimated (Figure 5.14); however, there was a large amount of uncertainty in these annual estimates. As a result, the estimated annual median across the entire time series was used in conjunction with an annual time series of shrimp effort to allow the model to estimate shrimp bycatch. Standardized indices of relative abundance from both fishery-dependent and -independent data sources were included in the model (Figs. 5.6 - 5.14). The fishery-dependent indices came from the commercial handline fleet (Figure 5.6), recreational private/for hire (Figure 5.7), and recreational headboat (Figure 5.8) sectors. Fishery-independent indices came from the NMFS bottom longline survey (Figure 5.9), the SEAMAP reef fish video survey (Figure 5.10), the SEAMAP plankton survey (Figure 5.11), and the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey (Figs. 5.12 and 5.13). Finally, age composition data were available from both fishery-dependent and -independent sources. Fishery-dependent age composition data came from the commercial handline and longline fleets, shrimp fishery bycatch, and the recreational headboat and charter/for hire fleets. Fishery-independent age composition data came from the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey, SEAMAP reef fish video survey, NMFS bottom longline survey, and the combined remotely operated vehicle (ROV) survey. All age composition distributions were from direct aging of fish by measuring otoliths, except observations from the combined ROV survey, the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, commercial shrimp bycatch, and the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey. The combined ROV survey and SEAMAP reef fish video survey age observations were converted to ages from length distributions using an age-length key. The age-length keys that were used to make these conversions were compiled using all direct aging data across all years for each area (east and west of the Mississippi River). The shrimp bycatch and SEAMAP groundfish trawl survey age composition data were developed through visual inspection of modes in length composition data.

Release Mortality

A meta-analysis was used to estimate discard mortality rates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper (Figure 5.1). Data used in this meta-analysis were compiled from 11 studies that produced 70 distinct estimates. There are multiple estimates from some studies because they produced estimates for multiple fishing depths and/or seasons in which data were collected. Separate discard mortality relationships were developed for each sector (i.e., commercial and recreational). No venting was assumed to occur prior to 2008 (i.e., when venting became mandatory), and venting was assumed to occur from 2008 onward. An average seasonal effect was assumed in the relationships. For the commercial sector, average depths at which discards occurred for each gear (handline or long line), region (eastern or western Gulf), and season (open or closed) were calculated using commercial observer program data. Consistent with how commercial discards have been treated in other parts of the assessment, discards from trips with IFQ allocation were considered open season discards, while discards from trips with no IFQ allocation were considered closed season discards (Table 5.2). For the recreational sector, average depths at which discards occurred for each region (eastern or western Gulf) and season (open or closed) were calculated using self-reported data from the iSnapper program (Table 5.3). Average depths iSnapper data were similar to depths reported by recreational fishers at the AW.

Table 5.1. Average depths and associated discard mortality rates for commercial discards of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico.

Gear	Handline				Longline			
	East		West		East		West	
Region	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Closed	Open
Season								
Average Depth (m)	42	45	84	53	66	62	132	104
Disc Mort - no venting	0.74	0.75	0.87	0.78	0.82	0.81	0.95	0.91
Disc Mort - venting	0.55	0.56	0.74	0.60	0.66	0.64	0.88	0.81

Table 5.2. Average depths and associated discard mortality rates for recreational discards of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico.

Gear	Recreational			
	East		West	
Region	Closed	Open	Closed	Open
Season				
Average Depth (m)	33	34	36	35
Disc Mort - no venting	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22
Disc Mort - venting	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10

Catch Trends

Exploitation by the commercial sector has long been dominated by the handline fleet (Figure 5.2) in both the eastern and western Gulf. Commercial longline fishing pressure (Figure 5.3) was substantial at times, but only for short time periods across the longer time series. The recreational sector has long had the ability to remove large quantities of fish from both the eastern and western Gulf (Figs 5.4, 5.5). Recreational landings have decreased in recent years, and the recreational fishing season has become increasingly brief from 1997 (330 days) to 2011 (49 days). According to MRIP, recreational landings are highest in Alabama and Florida, followed by Louisiana, Texas, and Mississippi.

Fishing Mortality Trends

Exploitation rate (catch in numbers including discards / total numbers) was used as the proxy for annual fishing mortality rate in this assessment. Predicted annual fishing mortality rates are presented in Figure 5.19 (top panel) for the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99 and $\sigma_R = 0.3$). This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class (the most vulnerable age class varies with changes in the relative effort and selectivity patterns of the various fisheries). Predicted annual fishing mortality estimates (all fleets combined, top panel plot) shows flat and low levels of F through the late 1940s. From the early 1950s through the mid-1970s, steady increasing trend in F are predicted. Since the mid-1970s estimated total annual F 's have continued to decline.

Figure 5.19 (bottom panel) presents instantaneous fishing mortality by year and fleet. An increasing trend in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in the east beginning in the early 1880s as the fishery developed, which lasted until the early 1900s. Fishing mortality remained variable without trend until the late 1950s, when after which a significant increase in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in both the east and the west. Fishing mortality declined in the early 1970s until the mid-1980s, after which an increase in fishing mortality was observed for the recreational fleet.

Stock Abundance and Biomass Trends

Predicted total biomass and spawning biomass are presented in Figures 5.17 and 5.18 for the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$) Total biomass and spawning biomass show a steady declining trend from the late 1880s through the early 1900s, followed by a flat trend up to the 1940s. Predicted SS total biomass showed strong declines starting in the 1940s and lasting through the late 1970s. Increases in total and spawning stock biomass are predicted by SS beginning in the late 1980s. This trend is also consistent across both areas.

SS predicted the mean age of Gulf of Mexico red snapper to be approximately 3.5 in the unfished state in 1872. The population mean age showed a steady decline until around 1910, after which it remained stable at around age 2, until the early 1940s, when average age slightly increased,

followed by a sharp drop around 1960. Since 1972, average age fluctuated between about 0.5 and 0.9, until 2004 when it started increasing again. The decline in mean age in the earliest years of the time series corresponds with increasing landings and the development of the commercial handline fishery. The sharp decline in mean age that began in the early 1960s corresponds to the increasing popularity of red snapper by recreational anglers.

Scientific Uncertainty

Uncertainty in parameter estimates was quantified by computing asymptotic standard errors for each parameter. Asymptotic standard errors are calculated by inverting the Hessian matrix (i.e., the matrix of second derivatives) after the model fitting process. Asymptotic standard errors provide a minimum estimate of uncertainty in parameter values.

Uncertainty in parameter estimates was further investigated using a parametric bootstrap approach. Bootstrapping is a standard technique used to estimate confidence intervals for model parameters or other quantities of interest. In SS, there is a built-in option to create bootstrapped data-sets. This feature performs a parametric bootstrap using the error assumptions and sample sizes from the input data to generate new observations about the fitted model expectations. The model was refit to 1000 bootstrapped data-sets and the distribution of the parameter estimates was used to represent the uncertainty in the parameters and derived quantities of interest.

Uncertainty in data inputs and model configuration assumptions was examined through various sensitivity analyses. In all, 15 separate SS3 sensitivity model runs were completed, and included data exclusions and reweighting runs conducted to evaluate a) sensitivity to parameter inputs (steepness), b) sensitivity to data inputs (M level, discard mortality, age error, data inclusions), and c) model component weighting. Over the course of the stock assessment, many additional sensitivity analyses were explored. Those runs that best explored the sensitivity of key model parameters and/or demonstrated discord (or agreement) in model estimates between runs were presented. Table 5.3 describes the SS Base Model run and all the alternative sensitivity analyses made for the stock assessment.

Table 5.3. Description of the base model run and alternative sensitivity runs for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

Run	Name	Sensitivity Type	Description
1	Base Model	Base Model	Fixed von Bertalanffy growth, fixed M for ages zero and one, and Lorenzen at age natural mortality for ages two and older, scaled to age three, age specific fecundity, steepness was fixed at 0.99, time varying virgin stock parameter (R_0) was estimated for two different time blocks (recent, 1984-2011 and historical, 1872-1983), model was spatially structured into two areas (east and west), one stock recruitment relationship was estimated and the distribution of recruitment between areas was estimated

			assuming the historical period as described in section 3.1.3, recruitment deviations were estimated from 1899 to the present, discards were input as discards (thousands of fish for all fleets, one super period for shrimp bycatch fishery and annual for the other fisheries), time varying selectivity, retention, and discard blocks as described in section 3.1.3.
2	M High	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set age zero M to 3.5 and age one M to 2.0, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
3	M Low	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set age zero M to 1.0 and age one M to 0.6, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
4	Density Dependent M	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set shrimp selectivity for age zero = 1.0 (i.e. fully selected) and selectivity = 0.0 for all other ages, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
5	Steepness = 0.8	Steepness	Steepness = 0.8, all other model inputs configured as Base Model.
6	$\sigma_R = 0.6$	Steepness	Assumed the Beverton-Holt spawner recruit equation sigma R parameter equals 0.6, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
7	Time Varying Steepness	Steepness	Two time blocks assumed for steepness parameter, 1872 through 1983, and 1984 through 2011
8	Plus 20% discard mortality	Data Inputs	Base model discard mortality modified by adding 20% to base model run level all other model inputs configured as Base Model
9	Minus 20% discard mortality	Data Inputs	Incorporate vector of reader precision at age, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
10	Incorporate Age Reader Error	Data Inputs	Removal of 1972 SEAMAP Fall Groundfish Survey index data values, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
11	Start Year 1964	Data Inputs	Assume start year of model equal to 1964 all other model inputs configured as Base Model
12	Exclude 1972 SEAMAP index	Index Exclusion	Removal of 1972 SEAMAP Fall Groundfish Survey index data values, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
13	Exclude Fishery Dependent Indices	Data Inputs	Remove fishery dependent indices, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
14	Incorporate Oil Rig Mortality	Data Inputs	Incorporate oil rig removal mortality all other model inputs configured as Base Model
15	Age composition Weighting	Model Weighting	Increase weighting of age composition by capping the sample sizes at 1000, all other model inputs configured as Base Model

16	Index CV 0.1	Model Weighting	Increase weight of indices by assuming indices error is 0.1, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
----	-----------------	--------------------	--

Retrospective analyses were conducted to look for systematic bias in estimates of key model output quantities over time. For these analyses, the base model was refit while sequentially dropping the last four years of data from the assessment (i.e., 2011, 2010-2011, 2009-2011, and 2008-2011). Analyses could only be extended back to 2007, because closed season age composition data were not available prior to 2007.

Significant Assessment Modifications

The greatest change between this assessment of red snapper and the most recent past assessment (2009 SEDAR 7 Update) was the transition in modeling environments from CATCHEM to Stock Synthesis. Other substantial modifications include the integration of depth-related discard mortality rates by sector, integration of the Marine Recreational Information Program into the recreational landings data, examinations of episodic mortality events and other environmental covariates such as the *Deepwater Horizon* oil spill, and the utilization of remotely operated vehicle (ROV) and handheld mobile device (iSnapper) derived indices of abundance.

Sources of Information

The contents of this summary report were taken from the SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico Data, Assessment, and Review Workshop reports and addenda.

Figures

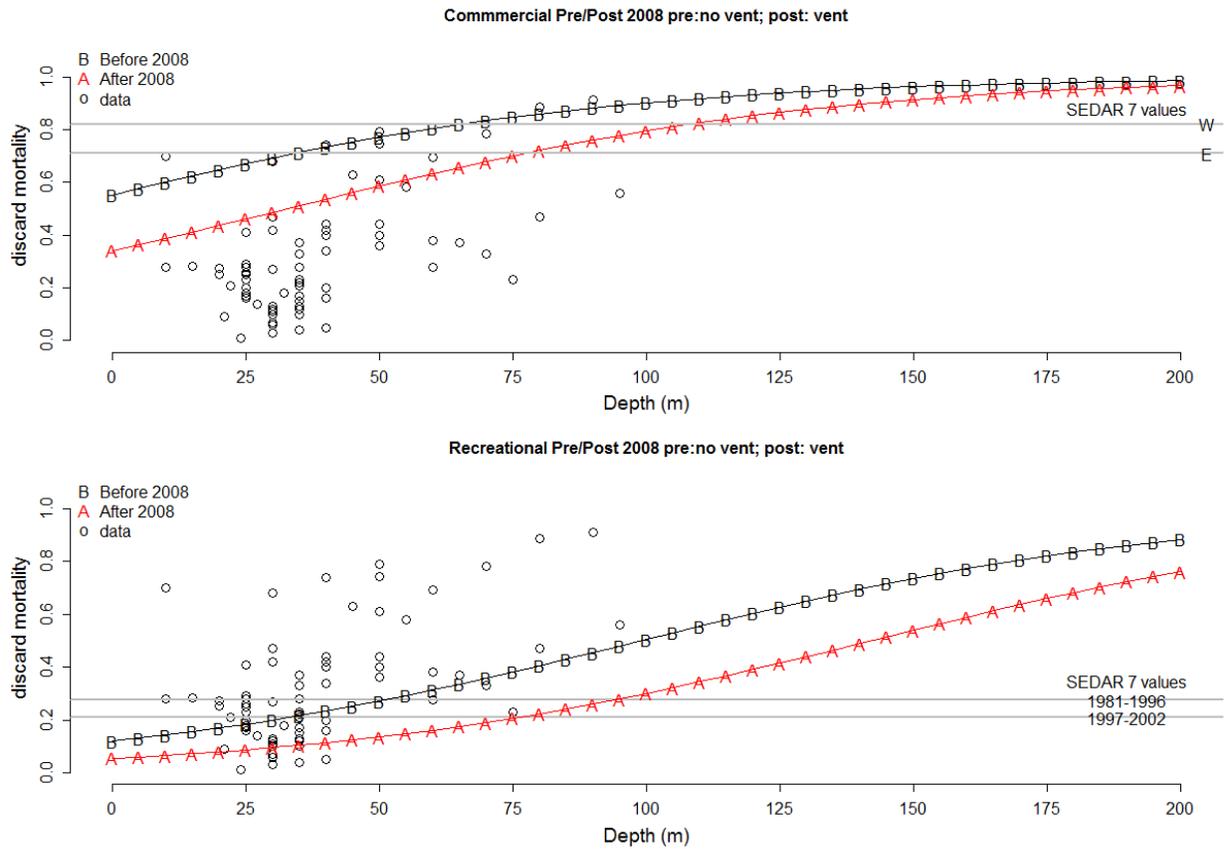


Figure 5.1. Discard mortality-depth relationships for commercial (top panel) and recreational (bottom panel) sectors. These relationships assume an average season effect, and that no venting occurred prior to 2008 (B) and venting occurred from 2008 onward (A). The open circles represent estimates of discard mortality from the studies included in the meta-analysis. The reference lines show the discard mortality rates used in the SEDAR 7 Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper assessment.

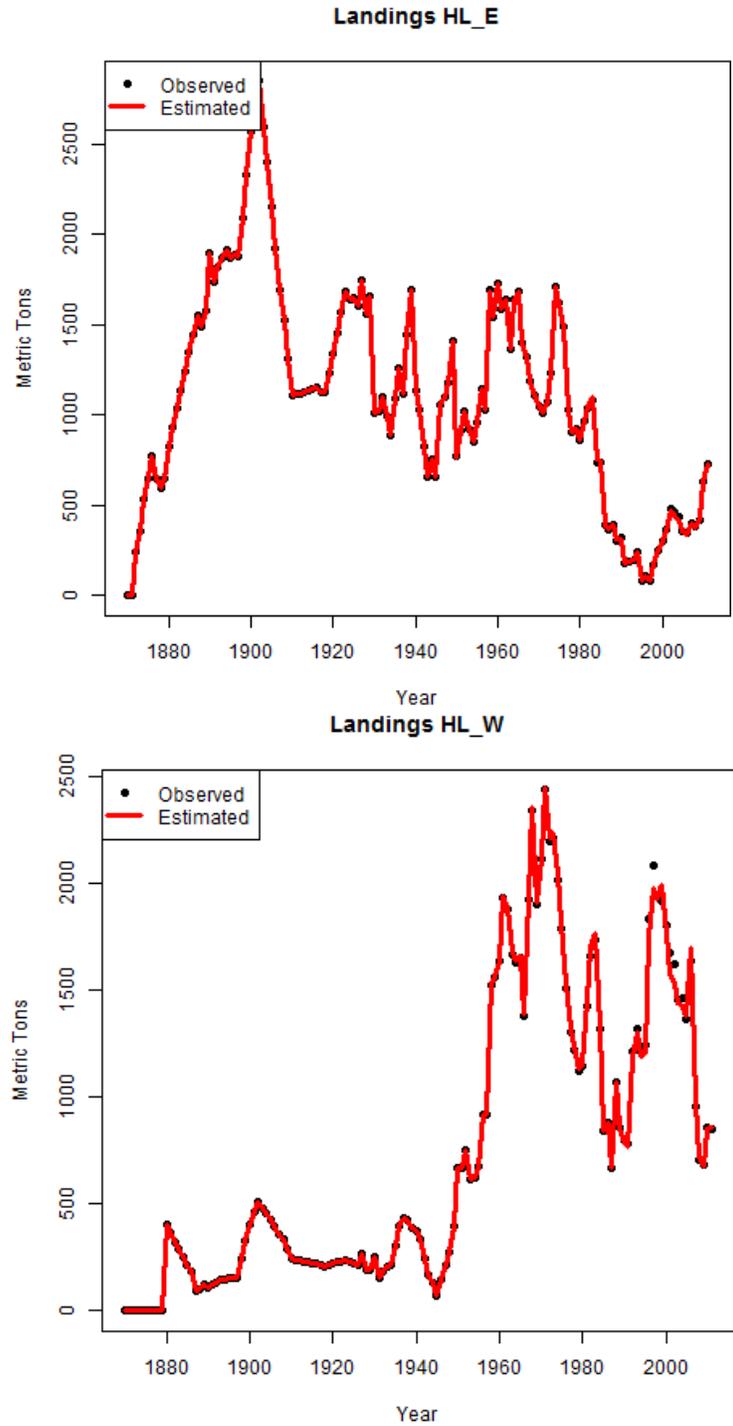


Figure 5.2. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of Red Snapper for the commercial handline fishery in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

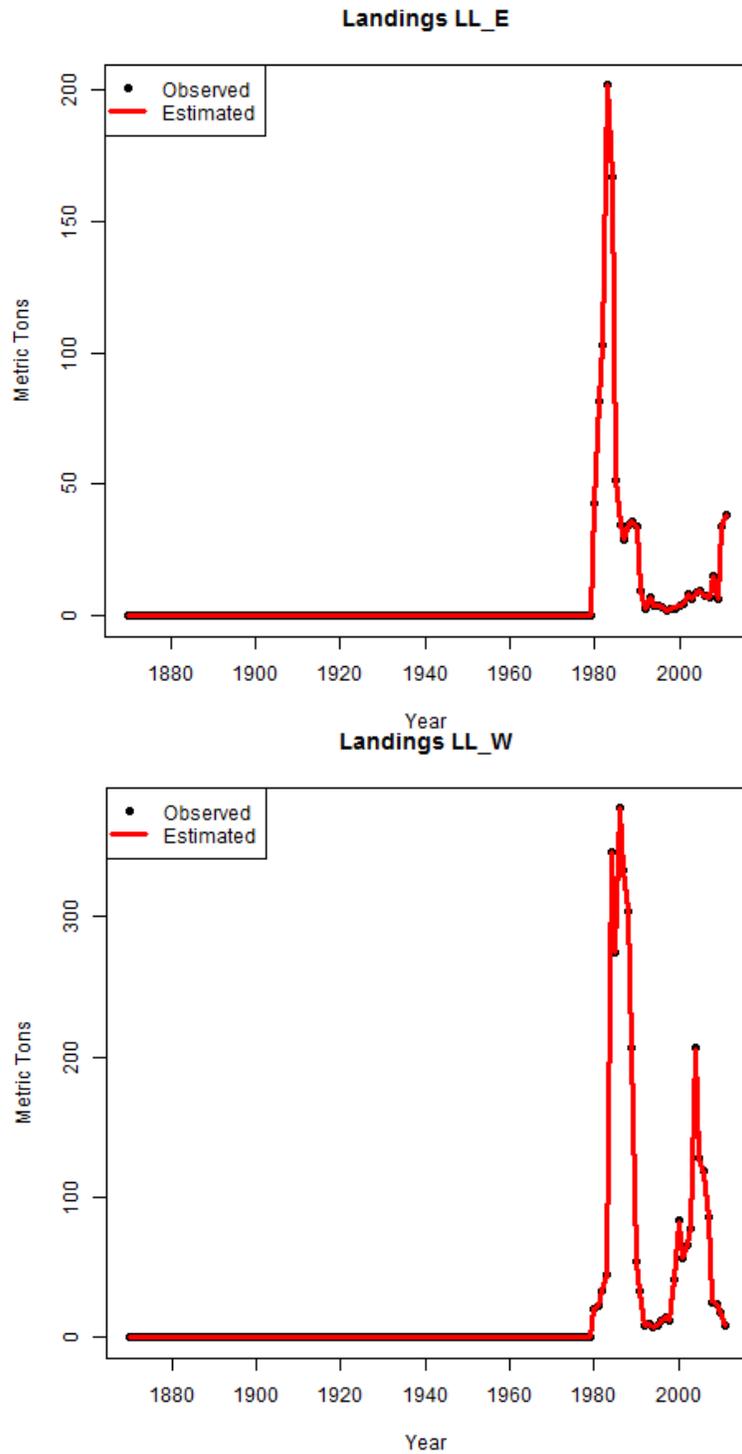


Figure 5.3. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of Red Snapper for the commercial longline fishery in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

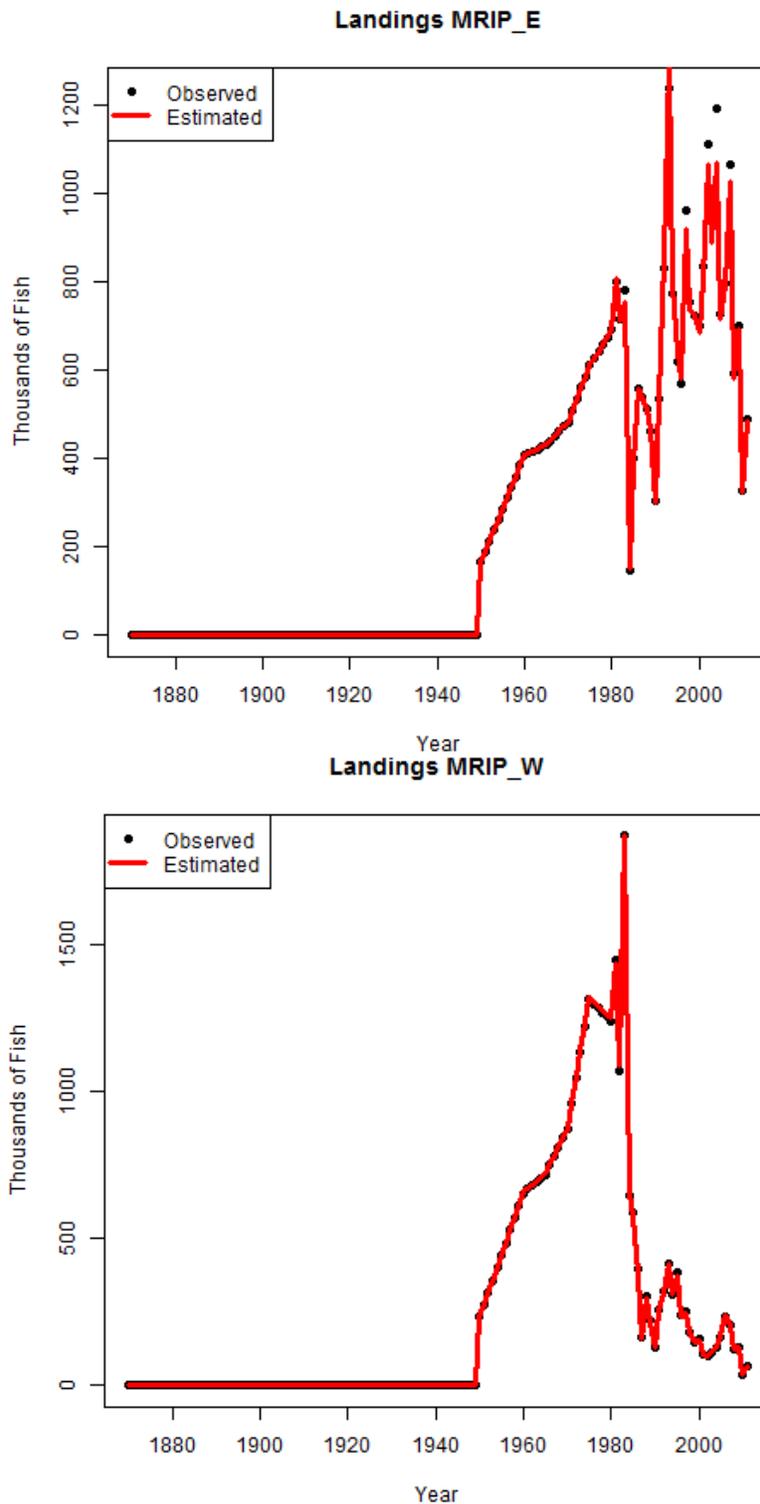


Figure 5.4. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the private recreational fishery in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

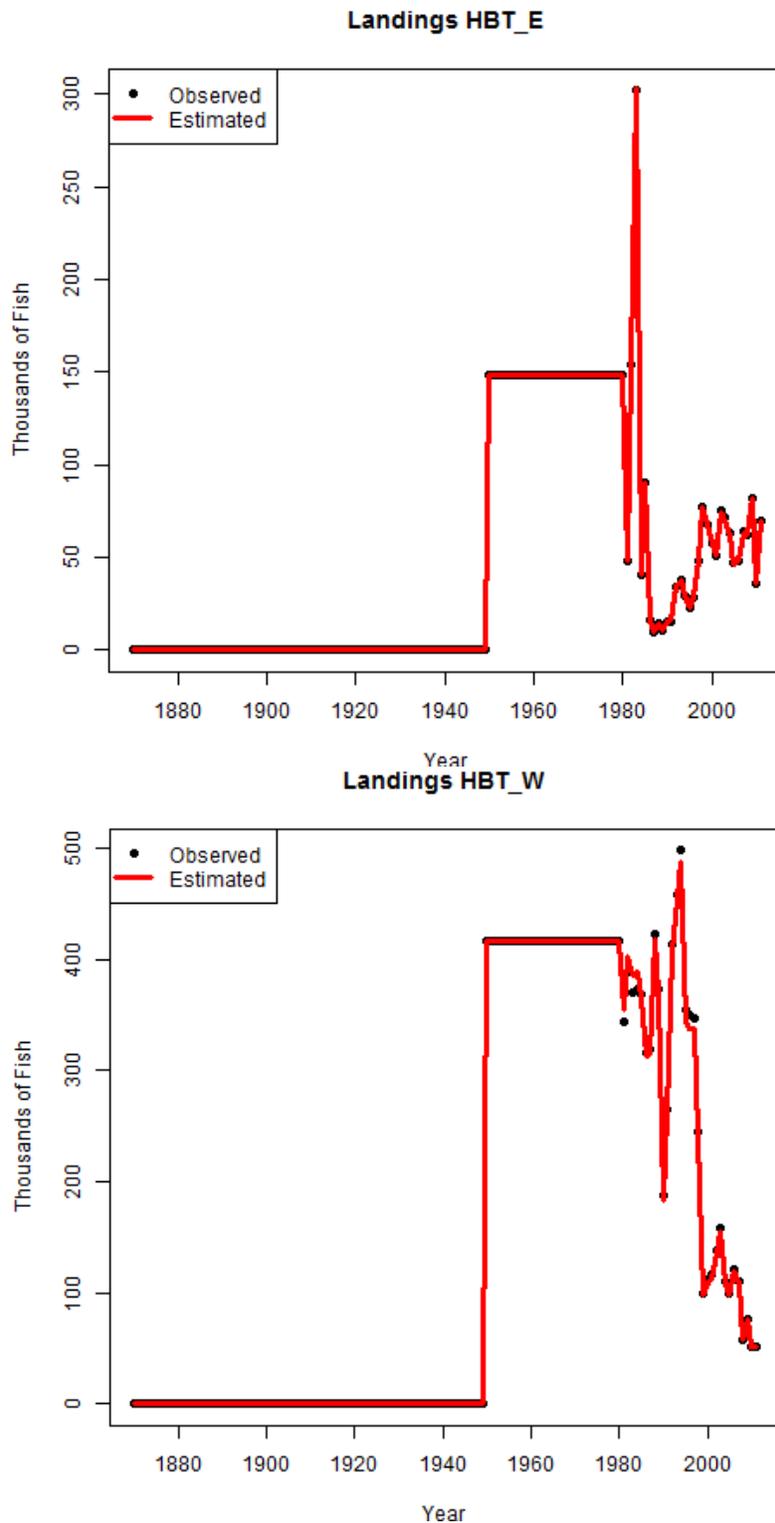


Figure 5.5. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of Red Snapper for the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

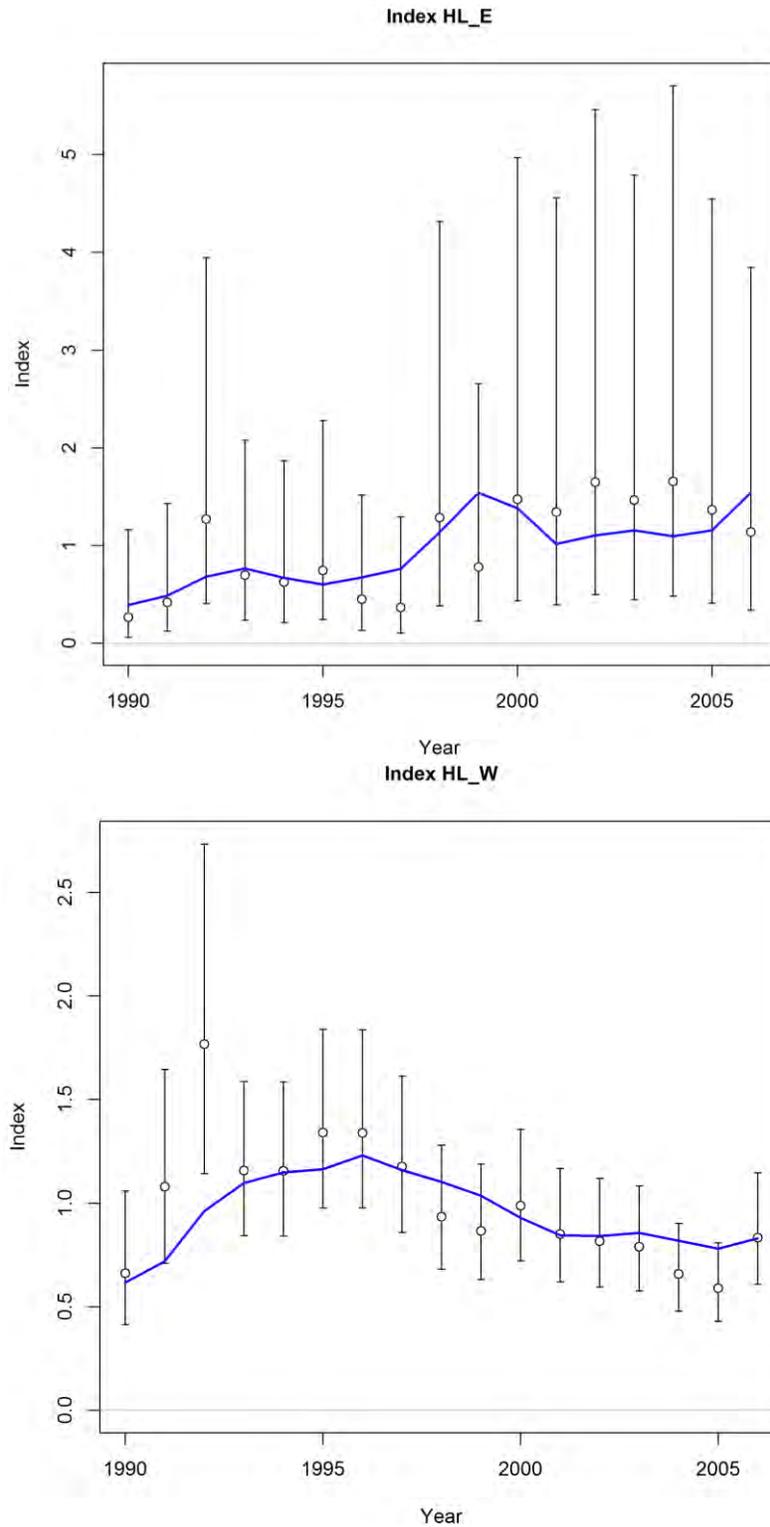


Figure 5.6. Observed and predicted vertical line standardized index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

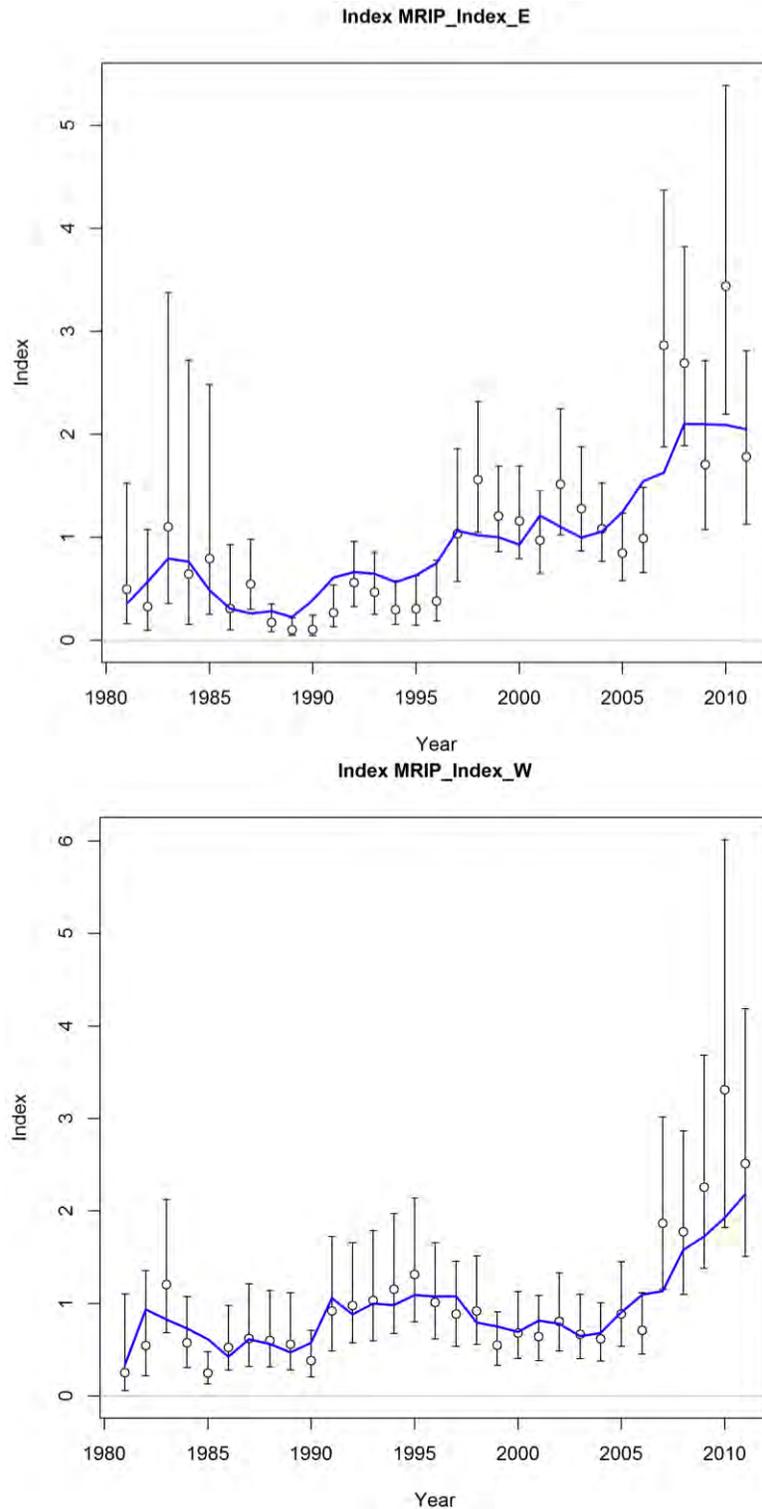


Figure 5.7. Observed and predicted private recreational fishery (MRIP) standardized index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

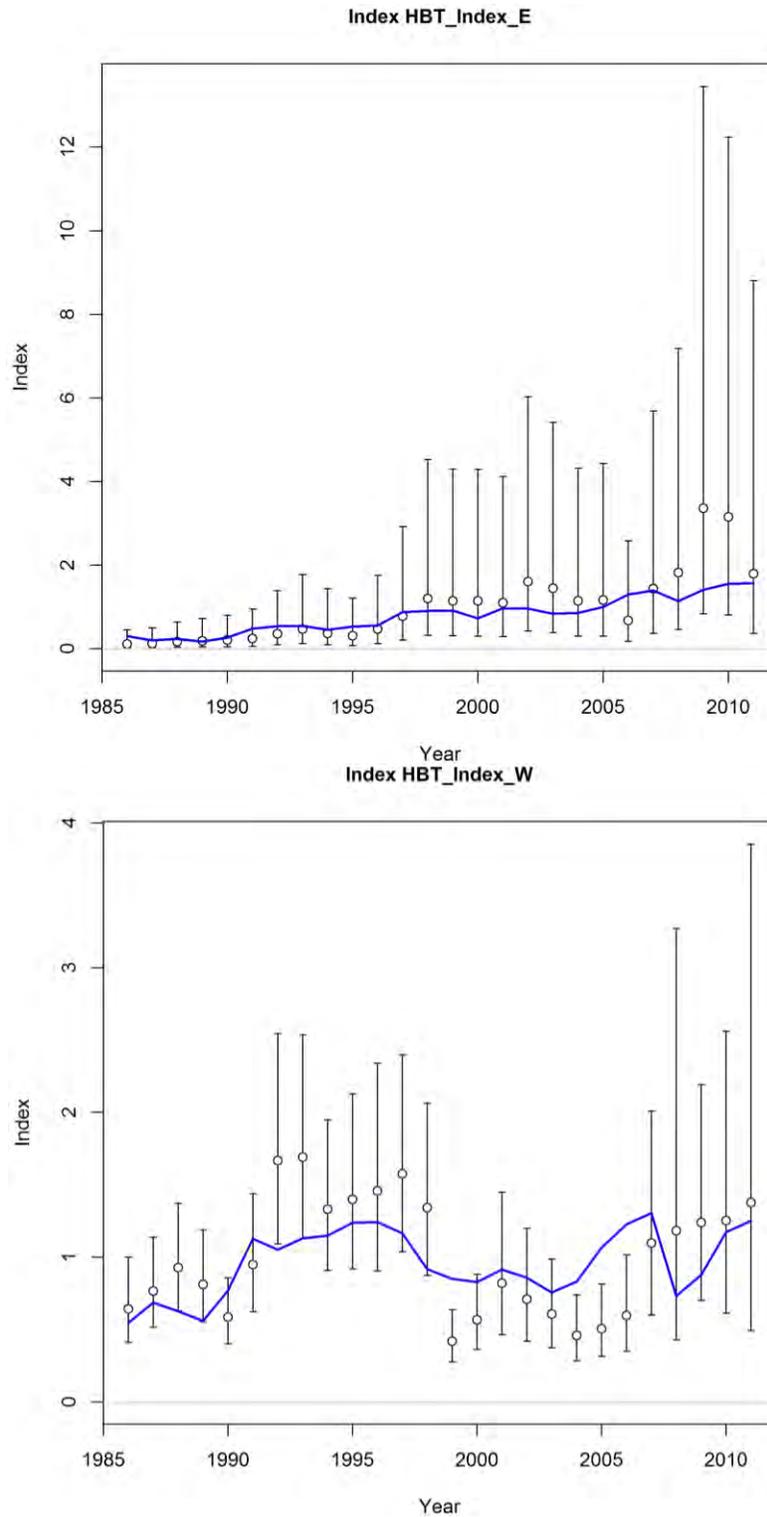


Figure 5.8. Observed and predicted recreational headboat fishery standardized index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico, 1986-2011.

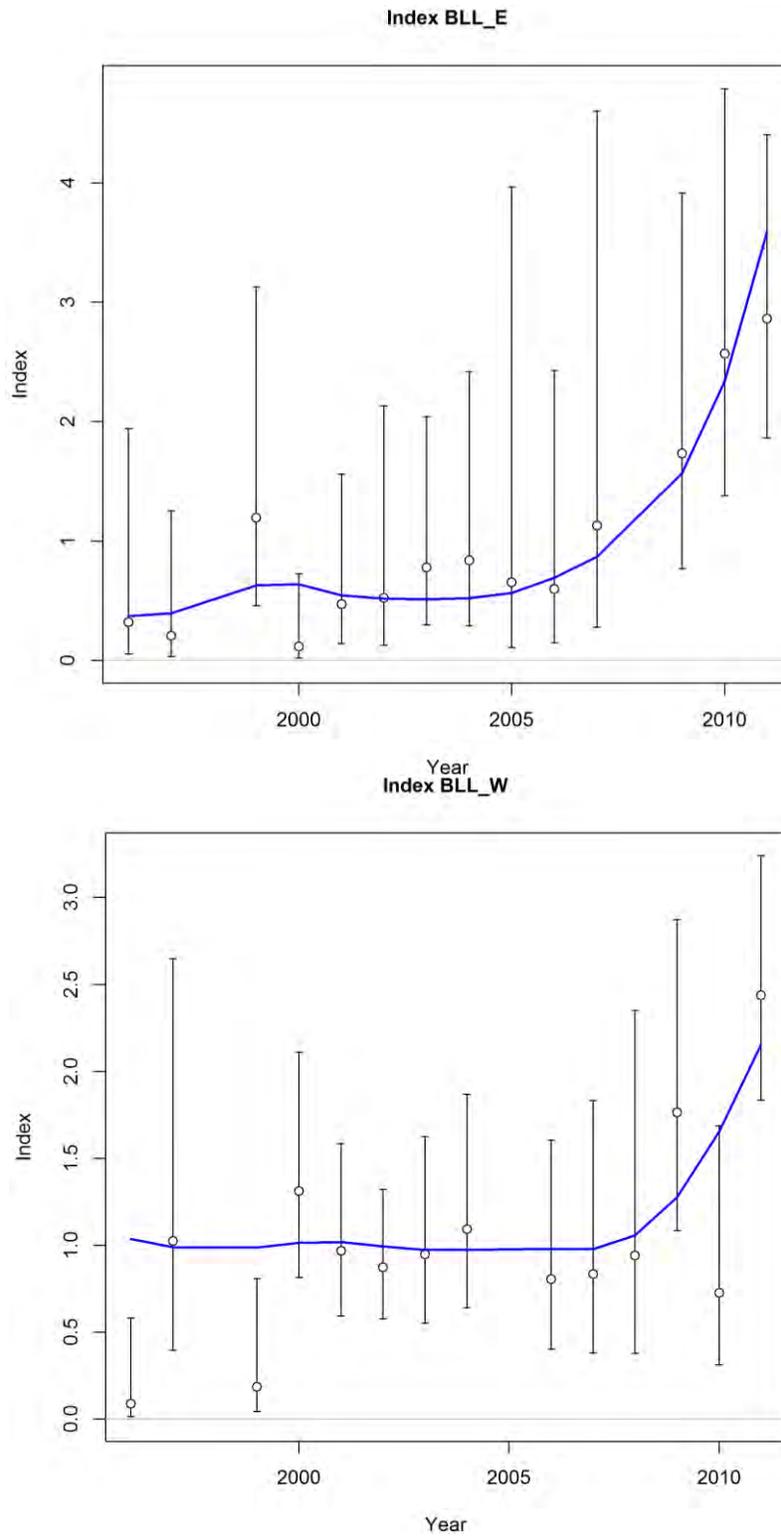


Figure 5.9. Observed and predicted index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico from the NMFS bottom longline survey, 1996-2011.

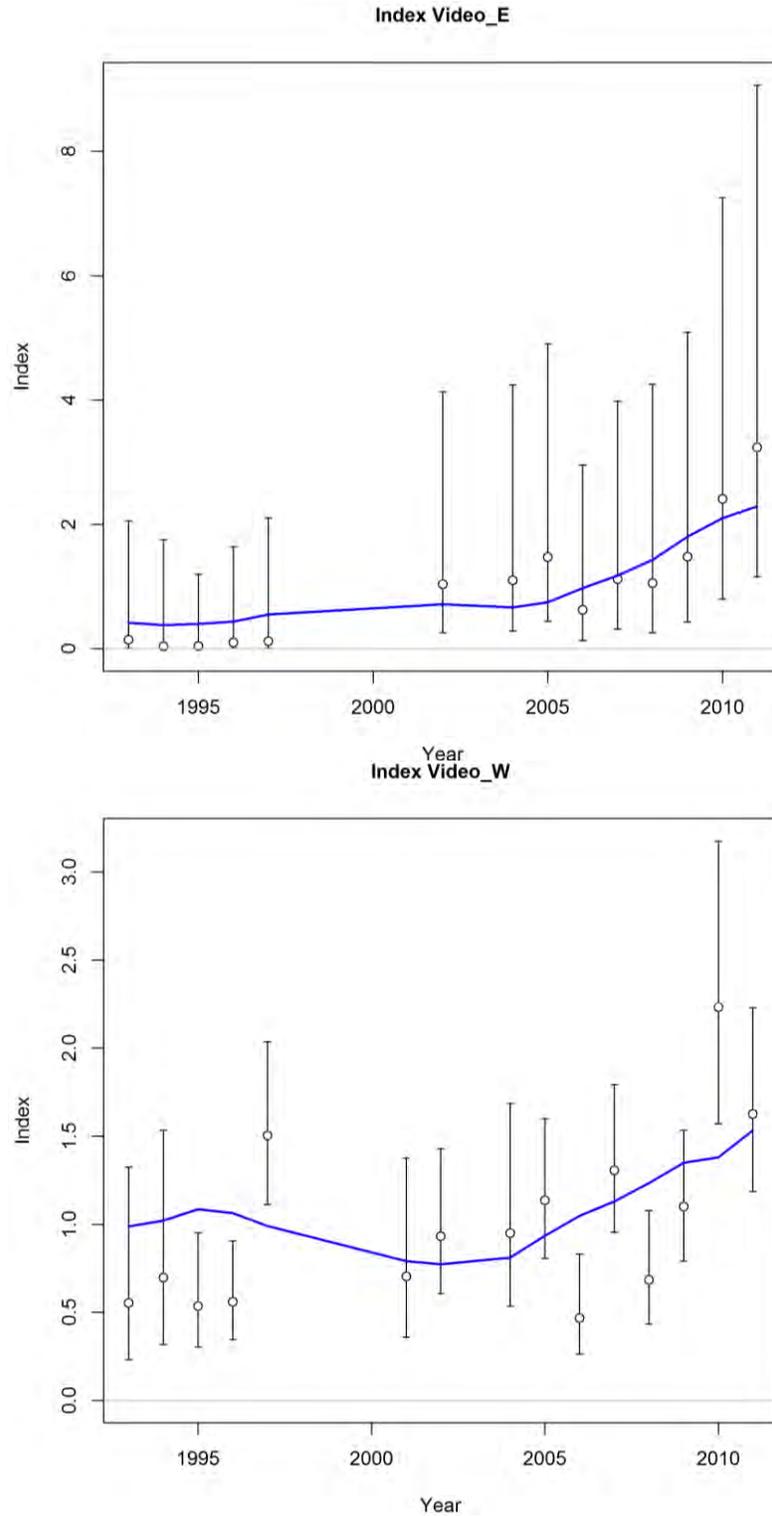


Figure 5.10. Observed and predicted index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, 1993-2011.

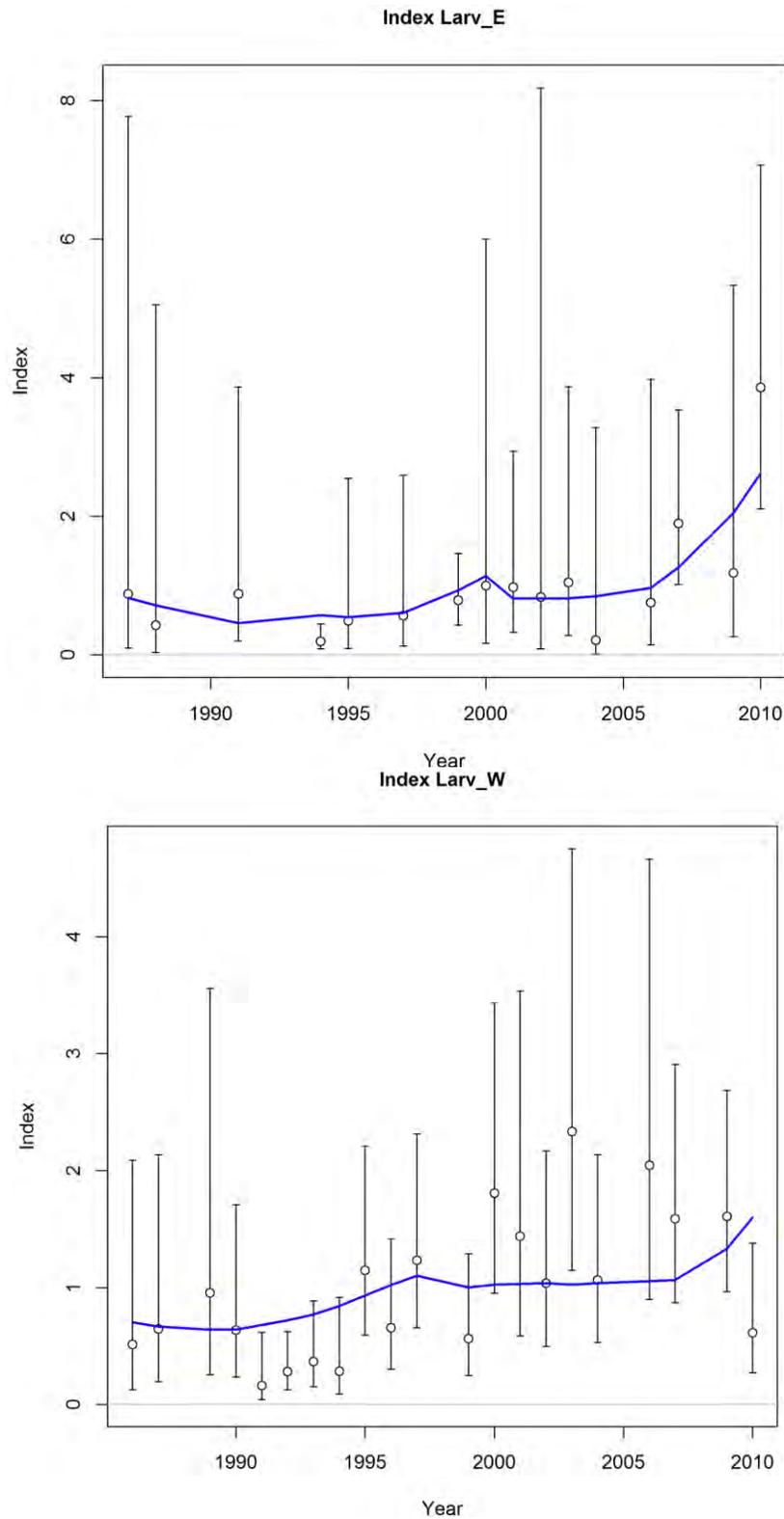


Figure 5.11. Observed and predicted index of abundance for larval Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey, 1986-2011.

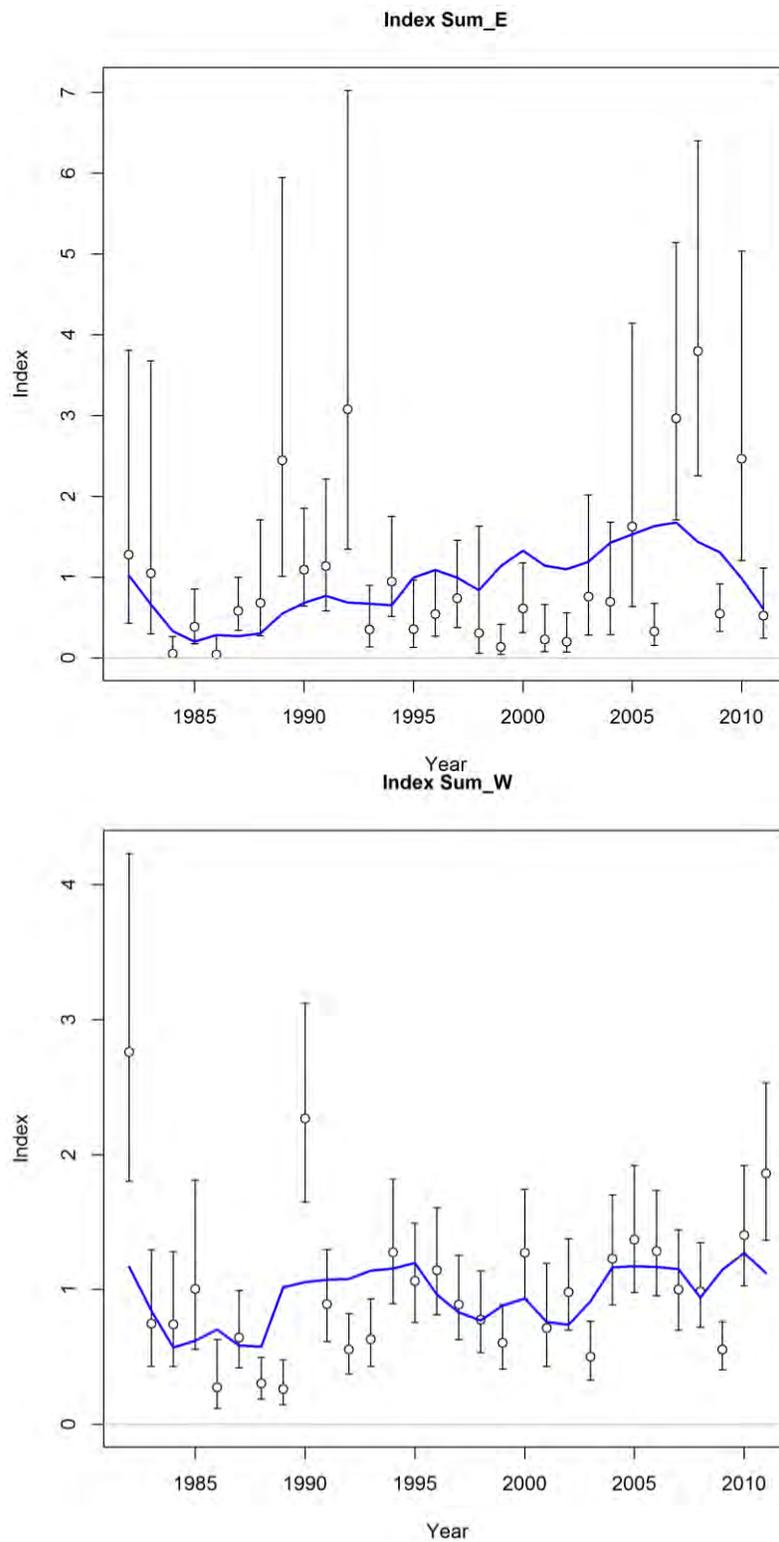


Figure 5.12. Observed and predicted index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey, 1982-2011.

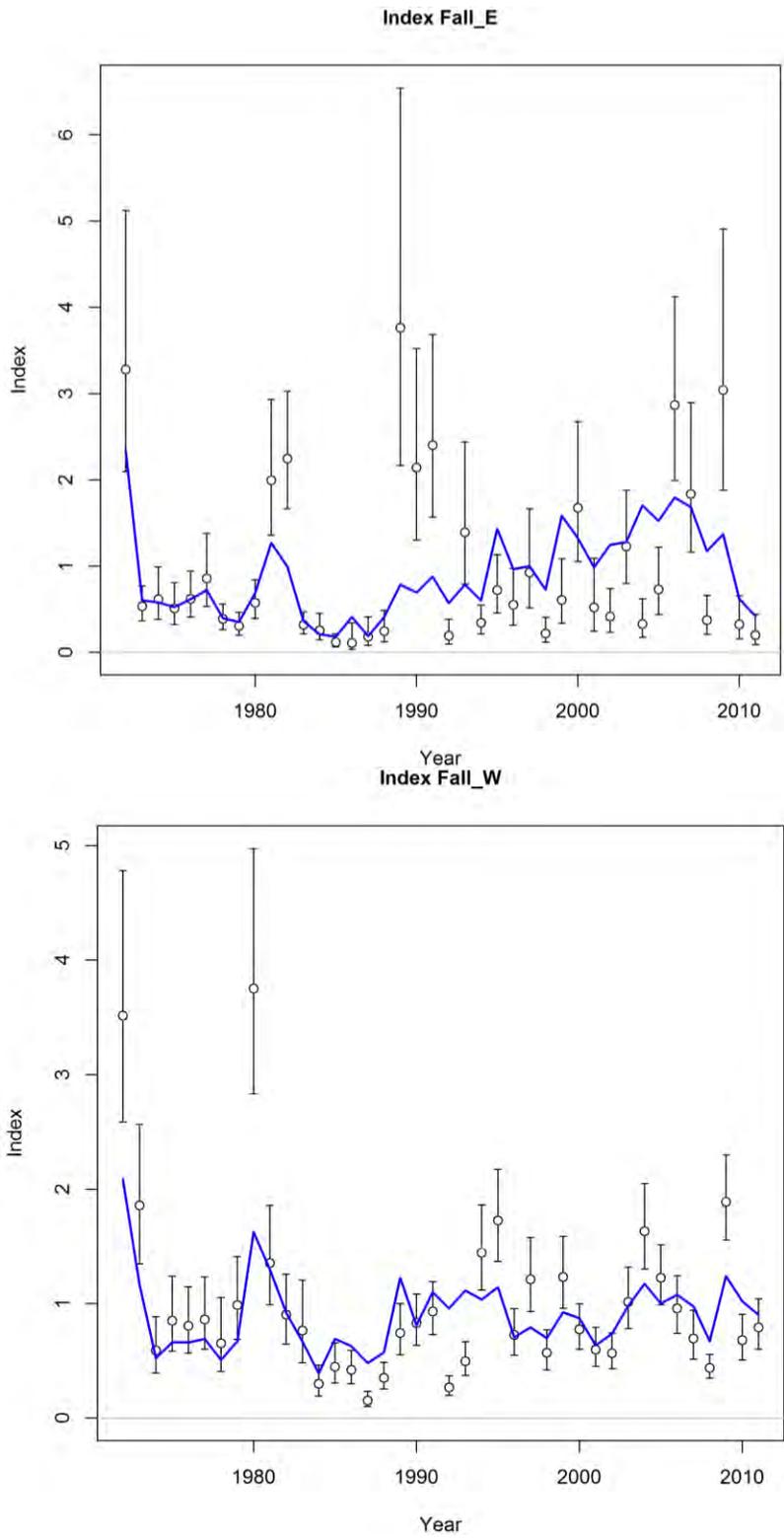


Figure 5.13. Observed and predicted index of abundance for Red Snapper in the eastern (top) and western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey, 1972-2011.

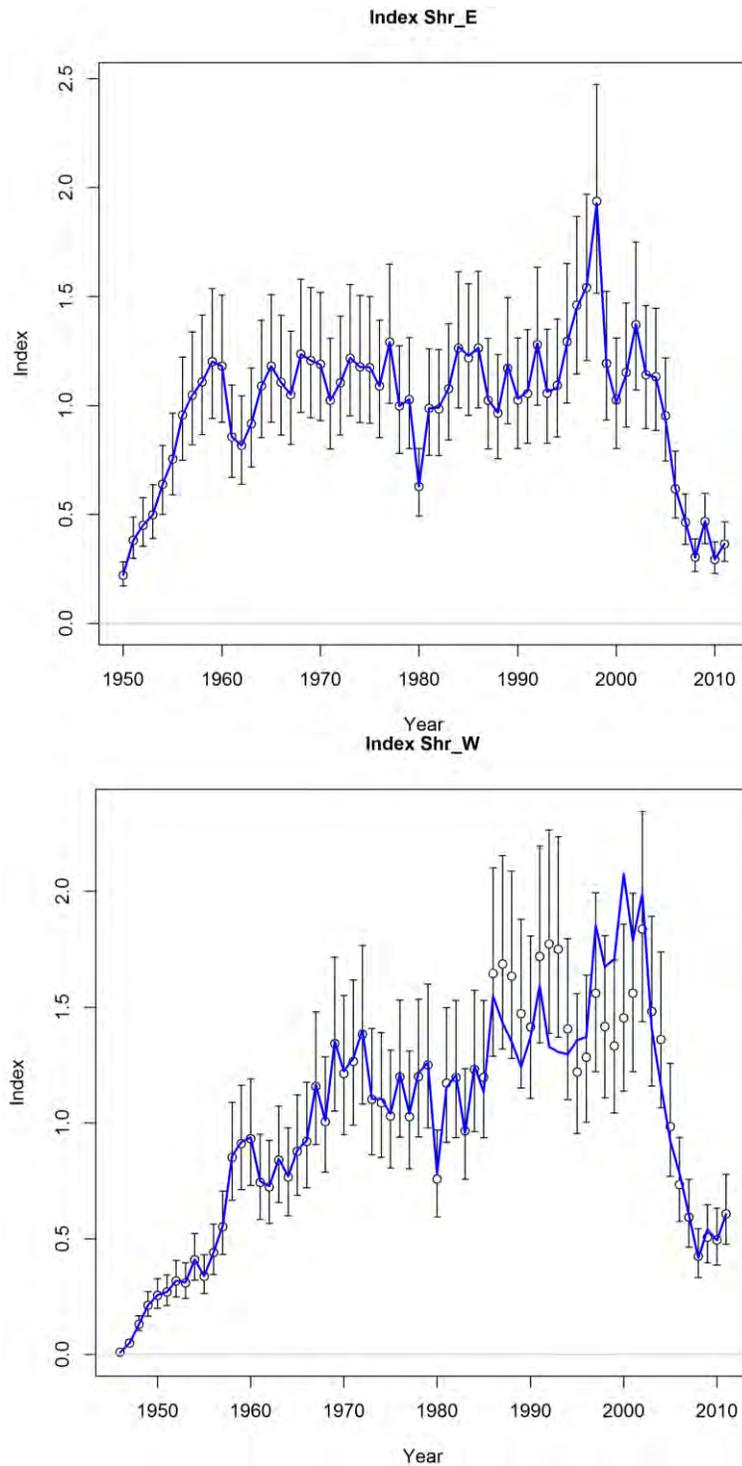


Figure 5.14. Observed and predicted index of fishing effort for the shrimp fishery in the eastern (top, 1950-2011) and western (bottom, 1946-2011) Gulf of Mexico.

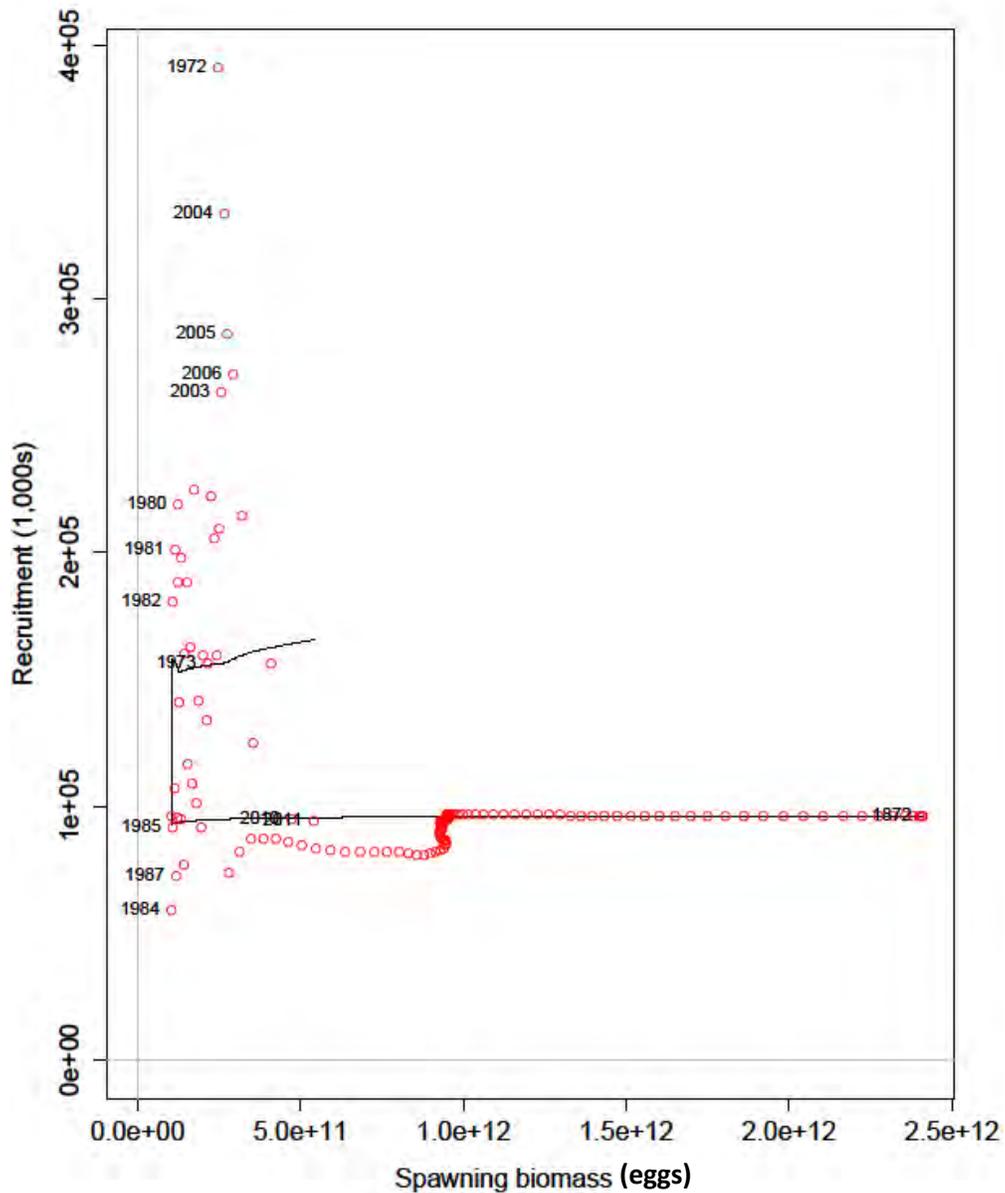


Figure 5.15. Predicted stock-recruitment relationship for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper from SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Plotted are predicted annual recruitments from SS (circles) and expected recruitment from the stock recruit relationship (black line). Labels are included on the first year, last year, and years with natural log deviations > 0.5 .

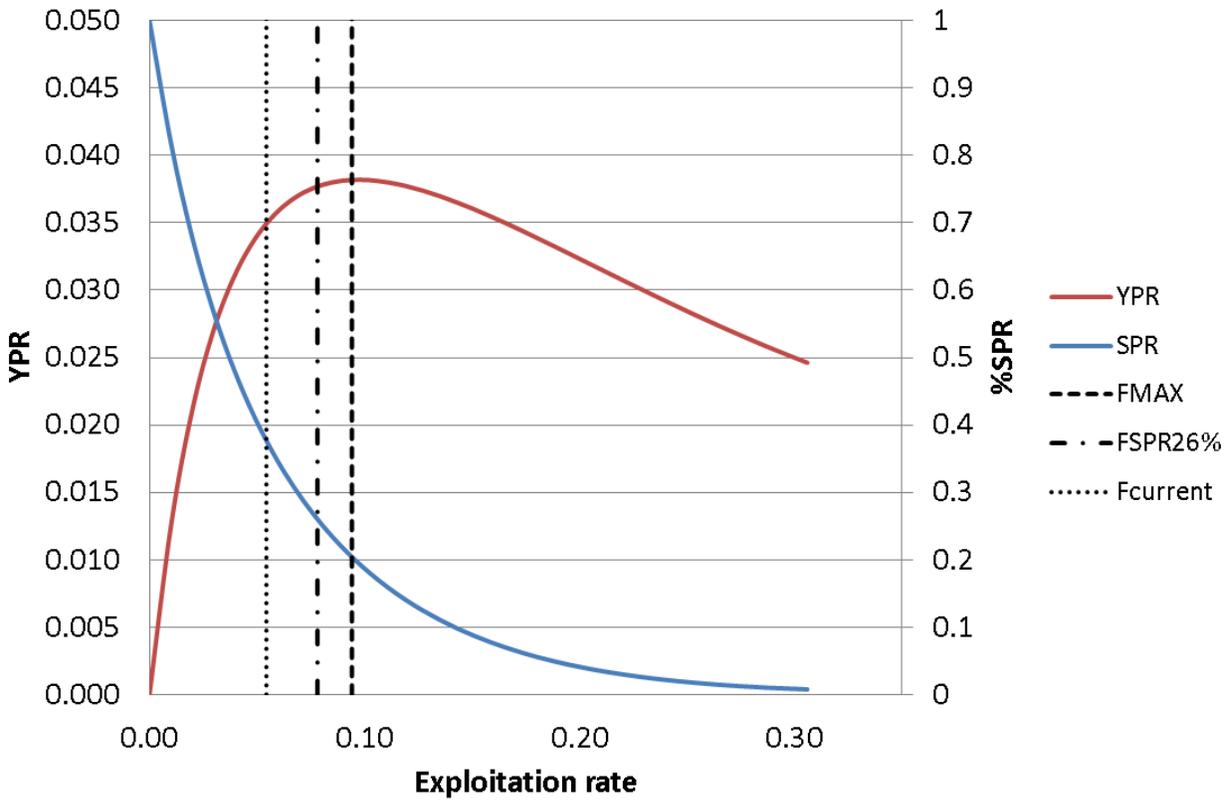


Figure 5.16. Yield per recruit (red line, in metric tons) and equilibrium spawning potential ratio (blue line) as a function of exploitation rate for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper from the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Vertical lines represent F_{MAX} (0.094), $F_{SPR26\%}$ (0.078), and $F_{Current}$ (0.054).

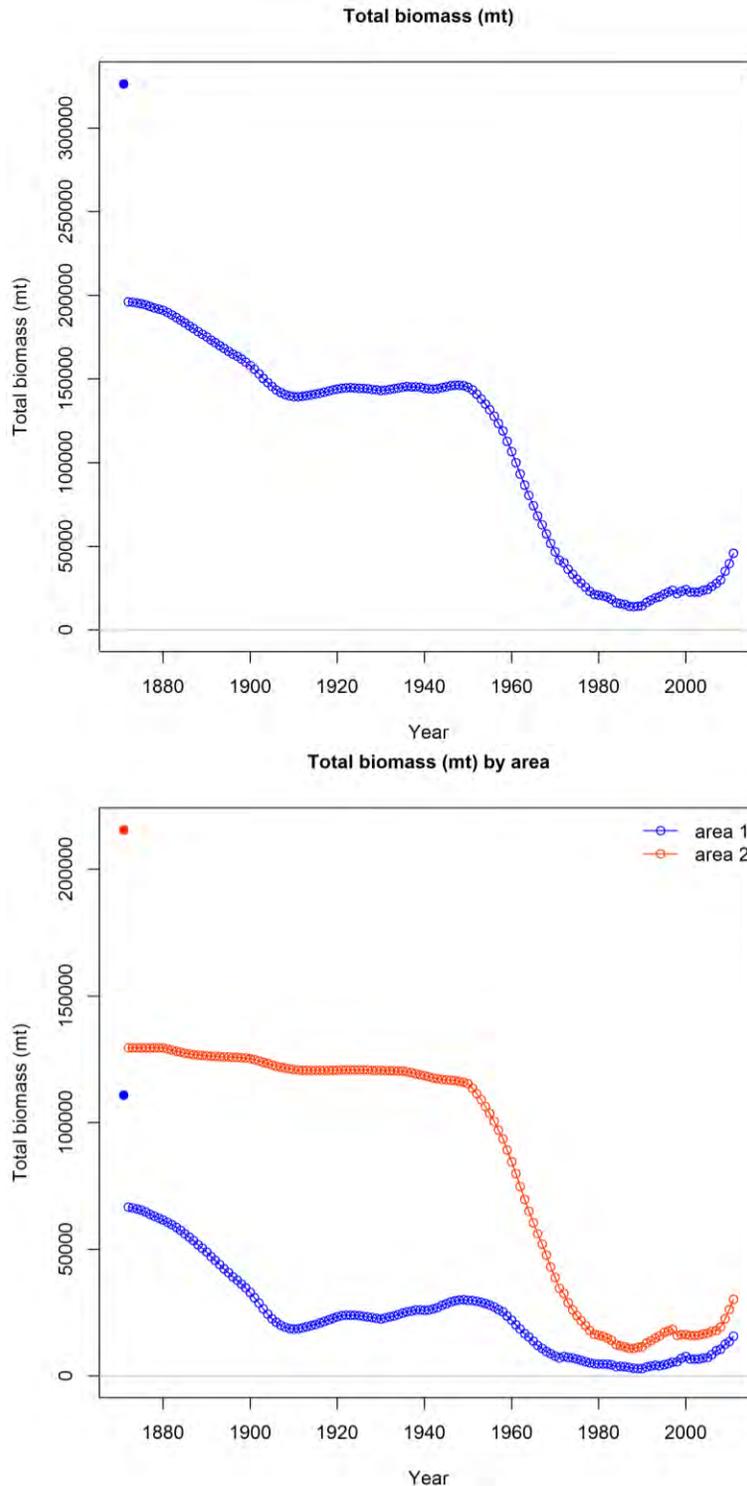


Figure 5.17. SS predicted total biomass for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate.

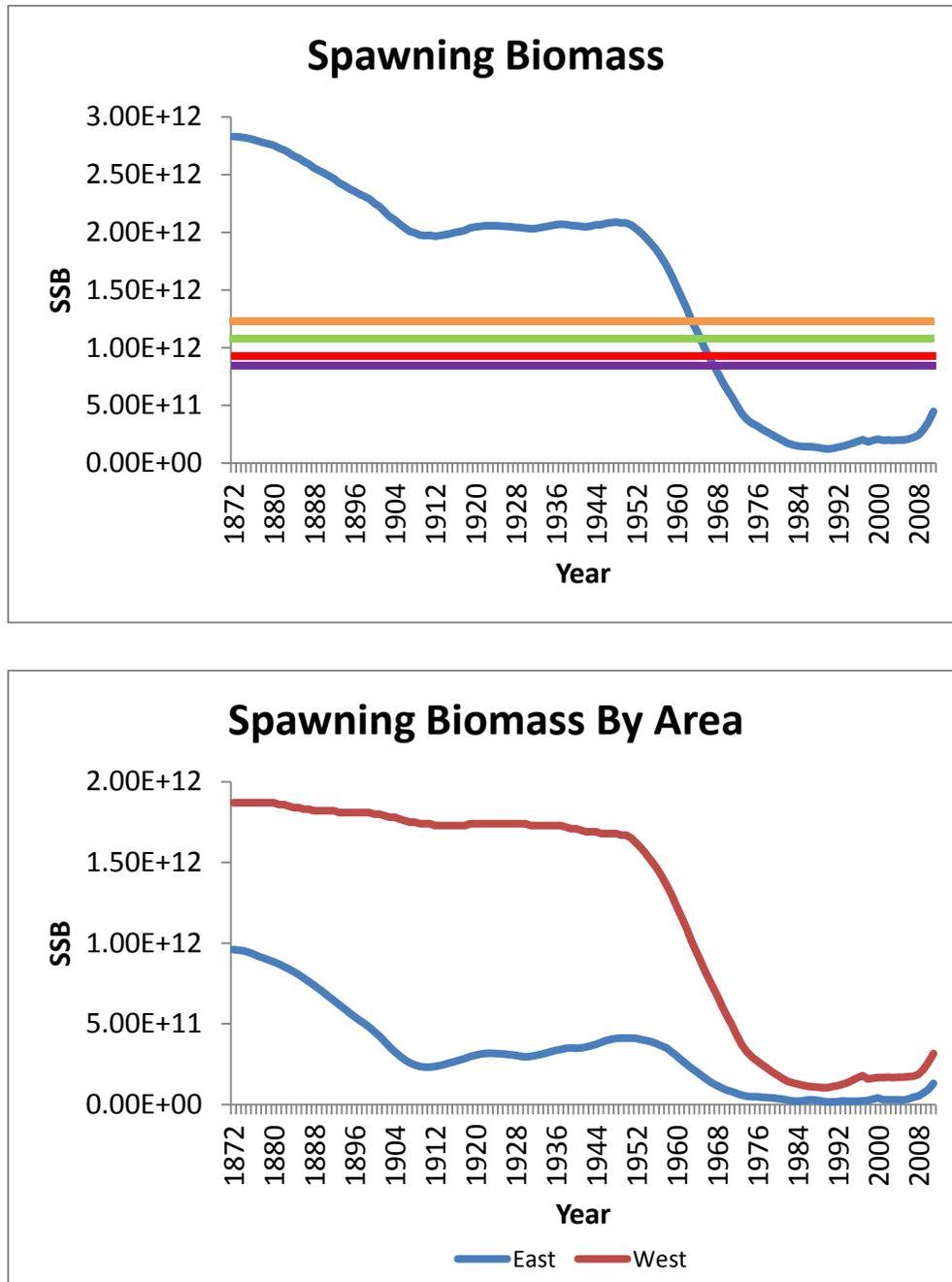


Figure 5.18. Spawning biomass (in number of eggs) for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate. In the top panel, the colored horizontal lines refer to the following: orange- $SSB_{SPR26\%}$; green- $MSST @ SPR 26\%$; red- $SSB_{MAX(SPR20\%)}$; $MSST @ MAX (SPR 20\%)$.

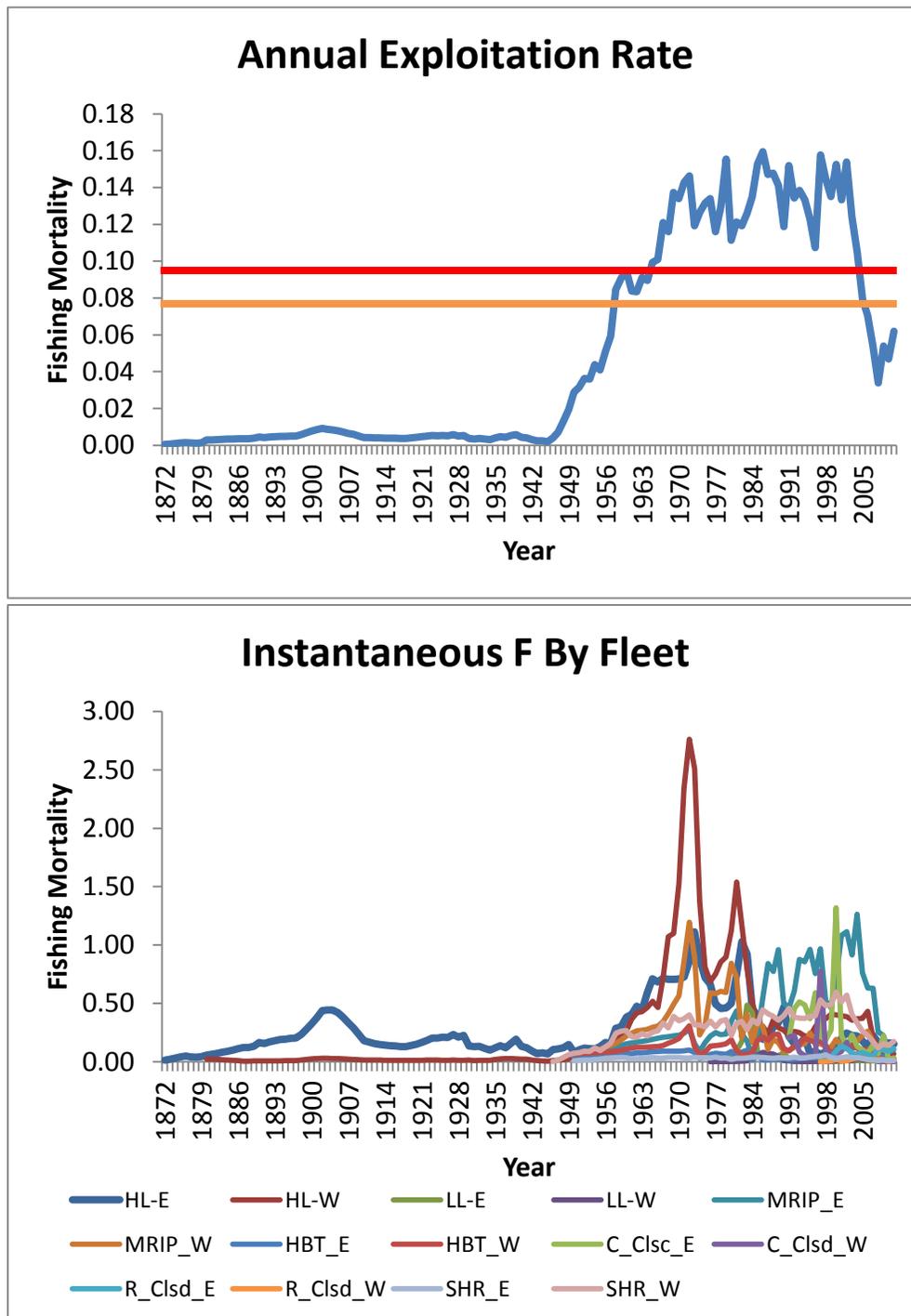


Figure 5.19. Predicted fishing mortality for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper from SS for the base model configuration. This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class for each fleet. The top panel is annual exploitation rate and the bottom panel is fleet specific continuous fishing mortality. In the top panel, the colored horizontal lines refer to the following: red- MFMT @ MAX (SPR 20%); orange- MFMT @ SPR 26%.

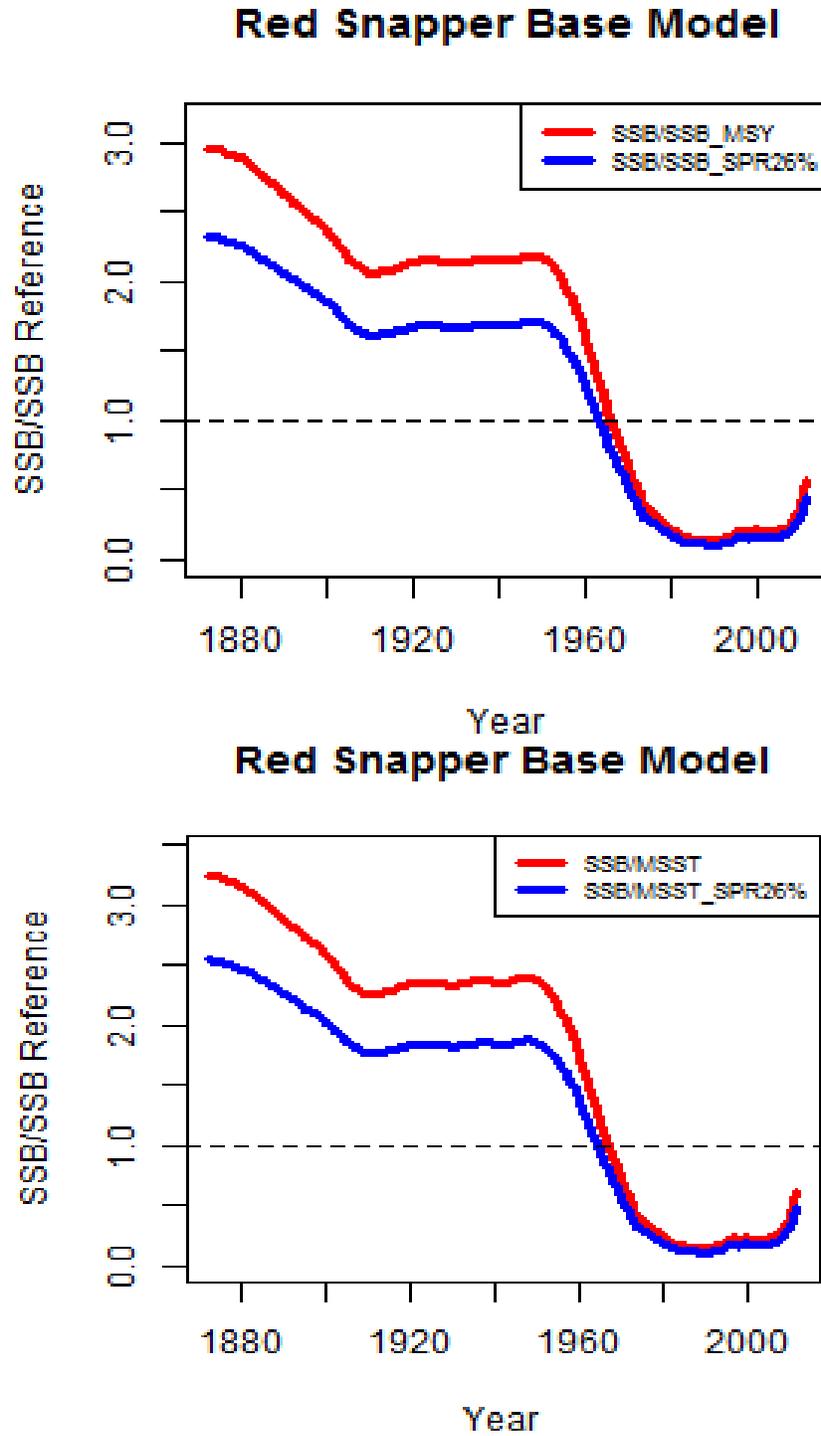


Figure 5.20. Estimated Red Snapper spawning stock biomass benchmarks for two scenarios (MSST at F_{MAX} and MSST at $F_{26\%SPR}$).

Red Snapper Base Model

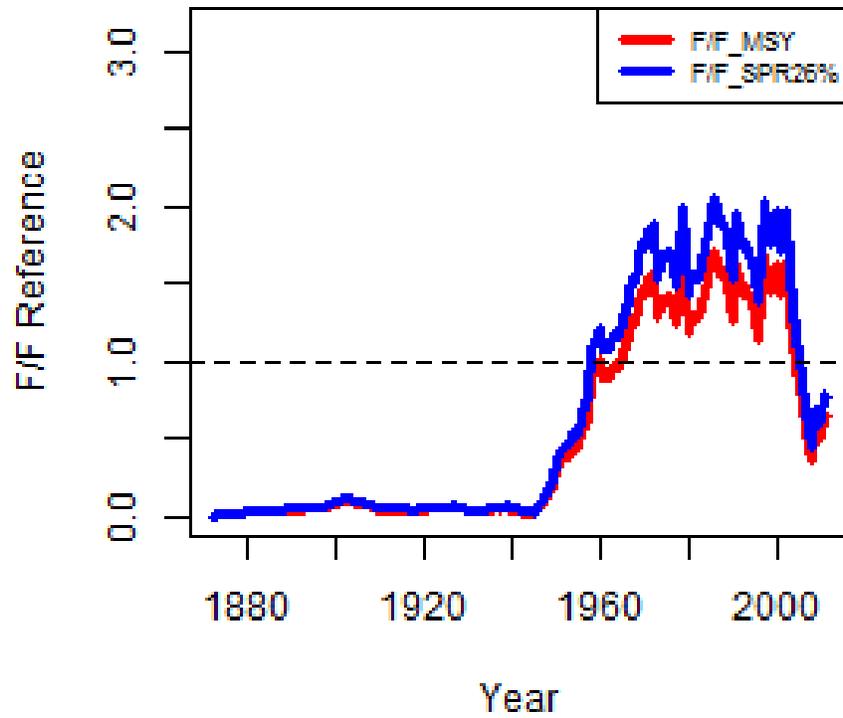


Figure 5.21. Estimated Red Snapper fishing mortality benchmarks for two MSRA scenarios (MSST at F_{MAX} and MSST at $F_{26\%SPR}$).

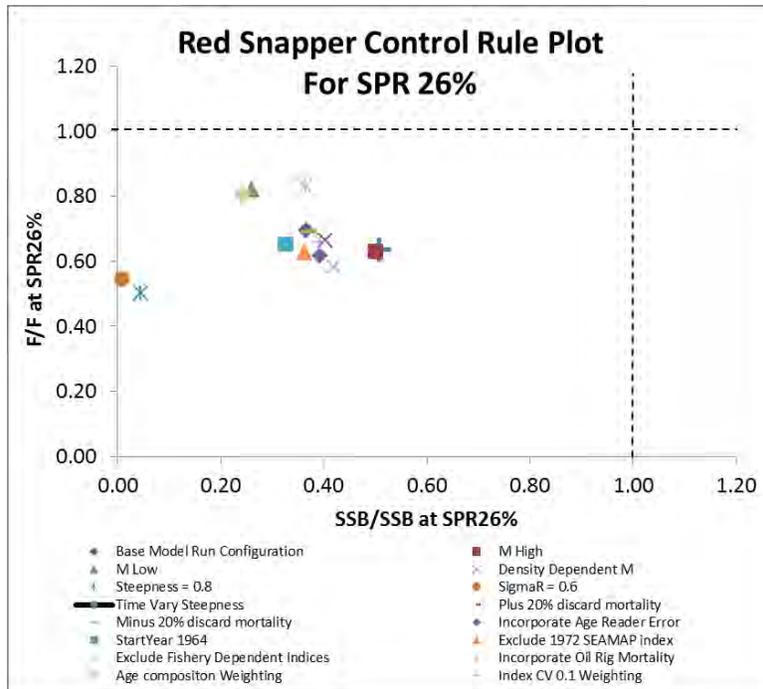


Figure 5.22. Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper control rule plot for the base SS model and 15 alternative sensitivity SS runs under the SPR26% status definition.

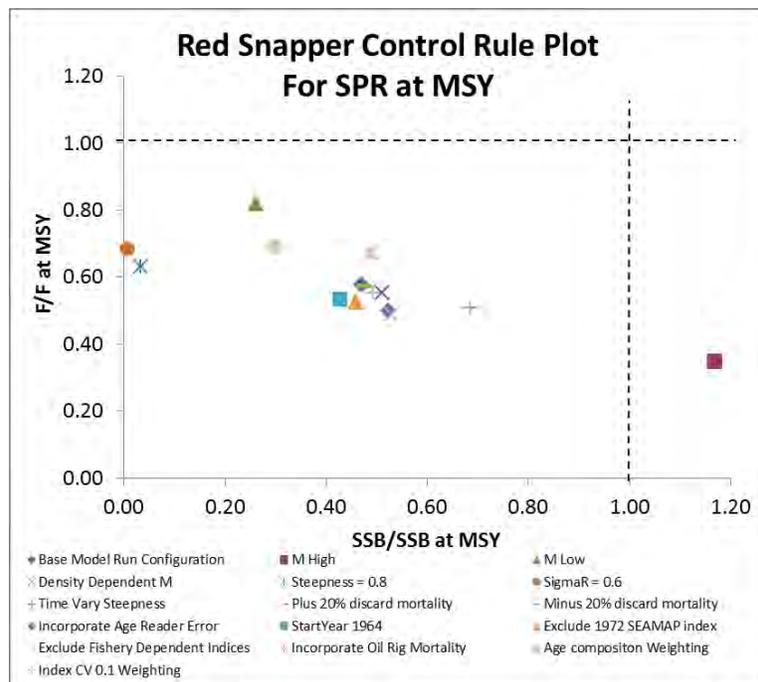
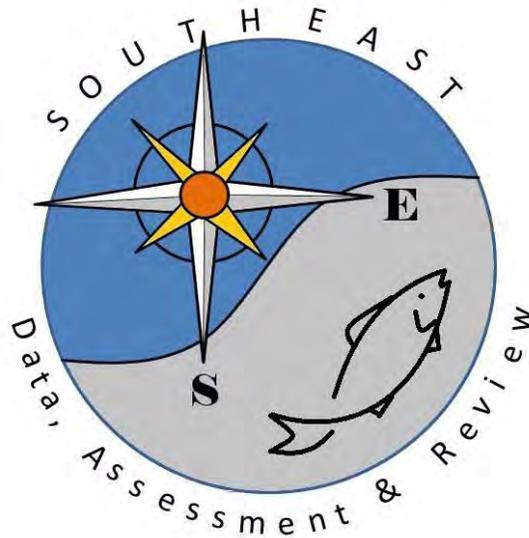


Figure 5.23. Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper control rule plot for the base SS model and 15 alternative sensitivity SS runs under the $SPR_{MSY} = SPR_{MAX}$ status definition.

6. SEDAR Abbreviations

ABC	Acceptable Biological Catch
ACCSP	Atlantic Coastal Cooperative Statistics Program
ADMB	AD Model Builder software program
ALS	Accumulated Landings System; SEFSC fisheries data collection program
ASMFC	Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission
B	stock biomass level
BMSY	value of B capable of producing MSY on a continuing basis
CFMC	Caribbean Fishery Management Council
CIE	Center for Independent Experts
CPUE	catch per unit of effort
EEZ	exclusive economic zone
F	Fishing mortality (instantaneous)
FMSY	Fishing mortality to produce MSY under equilibrium conditions
FOY	Fishing mortality rate to produce Optimum Yield under equilibrium
FXX% SPR	Fishing mortality rate resulting in retaining XX% of the maximum spawning production under equilibrium conditions
FMAX	Fishing mortality that maximizes the average weight yield per fish recruited to the fishery
F_0	Fishing mortality close to, but slightly less than, F_{max}
FL FWCC	Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission
FWRI	(State of) Florida Fisheries and Wildlife Research Institute
GA DNR	Georgia Department of Natural Resources
GLM	General Linear Model
GMFMC	Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council
GSMFC	Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission
GULF FIN	GSMFC Fisheries Information Network
M	natural mortality (instantaneous)
MARMAP	Marine Resources Monitoring, Assessment, and Prediction
MFMT	Maximum Fishing Mortality Threshold, a value of F above which overfishing is deemed to be occurring
MRFSS	Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey; combines a telephone survey of households to estimate number of trips with creel surveys to estimate catch and effort per trip
MRIP	Marine Recreational Information Program
MSST	Minimum Stock Size Threshold, a value of B below which the stock is deemed to be overfished
MSY	maximum sustainable yield
NC DMF	North Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries
NMFS	National Marine Fisheries Service
NOAA	National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration
OY	Optimum Yield
SAFMC	South Atlantic Fishery Management Council
SAS	Statistical Analysis Software, SAS Corporation
SC DNR	South Carolina Department of Natural Resources
SEDAR	Southeast Data, Assessment and Review

SEFSC	Southeast Fisheries Science Center, National Marine Fisheries Service
SERO	Southeast Regional Office, National Marine Fisheries Service
SPR	Spawning Potential Ratio, stock biomass relative to an unfished state of the stock
SSB	Spawning Stock Biomass
SSC	Science and Statistics Committee
TIP	Trip Incident Program; biological data collection program of the SEFSC and Southeast States.
Z	total mortality, the sum of M and F



SEDAR

Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review

SEDAR 31
Section II: Data Workshop Report

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

December 2012

SEDAR
4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201
North Charleston, SC 29405

This information is distributed solely for the purpose of peer review. It does not represent and should not be construed to represent any agency determination or policy.

Table of Contents

1.	Introduction	7
1.1	Workshop Time and Place	7
1.2	Terms of Reference	7
1.3	List of Participants	8
1.4	List of Data Workshop Working Papers	9
2	Life History	16
2.1	Overview	16
2.1.1	<i>Life History Workgroup Members</i>	16
2.1.2	<i>The LHW group addressed the following topics</i>	16
2.2	Stock Definitions	16
2.2.1	<i>Genetic results</i>	17
2.2.2	<i>Otolith constituent analysis</i>	17
2.2.3	<i>Models of Larval Transport</i>	18
2.3	Habitat Requirements	19
2.4	Natural Mortality	20
2.4.1	<i>Age-0 and Age-1</i>	20
2.4.2	<i>Older age classes</i>	20
2.4.3	<i>Density Dependence in Mortality</i>	22
2.4.4	<i>Comments on Adequacy of Data for Assessment Analyses</i>	22
2.4.5	<i>Recommendations</i>	23
2.5	Age	23
2.5.1	<i>Recommendations</i>	25
2.6	Growth	25
2.6.1	<i>Recommendations</i>	26
2.7	Reproduction	27
2.7.1	<i>Maturity</i>	27
2.7.2	<i>Spawning Frequency</i>	27
2.7.3	<i>Duration and Spatial Differences in Spawning Intensity</i>	28
2.7.4	<i>Batch Fecundity</i>	28
2.7.5	<i>Recommendations</i>	29
2.7.6	<i>Summary</i>	29

2.8	Movement and Migration	30
2.8.1	<i>Transformation</i>	30
2.8.2	<i>Post settlement</i>	30
2.8.3	<i>Age-2 and older</i>	30
2.8.4	<i>Recommendations</i>	31
2.9	Conversion factors	31
2.9.1	<i>Length conversions</i>	32
2.9.2	<i>Weight conversions</i>	33
2.9.3	<i>Recommendations</i>	33
2.10	Episodic Events.....	33
2.11	Oil and Gas Platform Removal	34
2.12	Literature Cited	35
2.13	Tables	45
3	Commercial Fishery Statistics	69
3.1	Overview	69
3.1.1	<i>Participants in SEDAR 31 Data Workshop Commercial Workgroup</i>	69
3.1.2	<i>Issues Discussed at the Data Workshop</i>	69
3.2	Review of Working Papers	70
3.3	Commercial Landings	70
3.3.1	<i>Historical Landings</i>	71
3.3.2	<i>Boundaries</i>	71
3.3.4	<i>Gears</i>	72
3.3.5	<i>IFQ Landings</i>	72
3.4	Discards and Bycatch.....	73
3.4.1	<i>Discards from Finfish Directed Fisheries</i>	73
3.4.2	<i>Bycatch from the Shrimp Fishery</i>	74
3.6	Biological Sampling.....	76
3.6.1	<i>Length Distribution of Commercial Landings</i>	76
3.6.2	<i>Size Frequency Data from Commercial Fisheries Observers</i>	77
3.6.3	<i>Age Distribution</i>	78
3.7	Comments on Adequacy of Data for Assessment Analyses.....	78
3.8	Research Recommendations for Red Snapper	79
3.9	Literature Cited	79
3.10	Tables	81

3.11	Figures.....	98
3.12	Appendix A.....	129
3.13	Appendix B.....	133
4	Recreational Fishery Statistics.....	157
4.1	Overview.....	157
4.1.1	<i>Recreational Workgroup Members</i>	157
4.1.2	<i>Issues Discussed at the Data Workshop</i>	157
4.1.3	<i>Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council Jurisdictional Boundaries</i>	158
4.2	Review of Working Papers.....	158
4.3	Recreational Landings.....	159
4.3.1	<i>Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS) and Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP)</i>	159
4.3.2	<i>Southeast Region Headboat Survey</i>	162
4.3.3	<i>Texas Parks and Wildlife Department</i>	163
4.3.4	<i>Estimating Historical Recreational Landings</i>	164
4.4	Recreational Discards.....	165
4.4.1	<i>MRFSS/MRIP discards</i>	165
4.4.2	<i>Headboat Logbook Discards</i>	165
4.4.3	<i>Headboat At-Sea Observer Survey Discards</i>	166
4.4.4	<i>Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Discards</i>	166
4.5	Biological Sampling.....	166
4.5.1	<i>Sampling Intensity</i>	167
4.5.2	<i>Length Distributions</i>	168
4.5.3	<i>Recreational Catch-at-Age</i>	168
4.6	Recreational Effort.....	169
4.6.1	<i>MRFSS/MRIP Effort</i>	169
4.6.2	<i>Headboat Effort</i>	169
4.6.3	<i>Texas Parks and Wildlife Effort</i>	170
4.7	Tasks to Be Completed.....	170
4.8	Research Recommendations.....	170
4.9	Literature Cited.....	171
4.10	Tables.....	173
5.	Measures of Population Abundance.....	194
5.1	Overview.....	194

5.2	Review of Working Papers	194
5.3	Fishery Independent Indices	194
5.3.1	<i>SEAMAP Groundfish Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-20)</i>	194
5.3.2	<i>SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-27)</i>	197
5.3.3	<i>NMFS Bottom Longline (SEDAR 31-DW-19)</i>	200
5.3.4	<i>SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-08)</i>	201
5.3.5	<i>Reef-fish Surveys on the West Florida Shelf (SEDAR 31-DW-24)</i>	205
5.3.6.	<i>NMFS Panama City Laboratory Trap & Camera Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-28)</i>	208
5.3.7.	<i>Other Fishery-Independent Datasets</i>	212
5.4	Fishery Dependent Indices	212
5.4.1.	<i>Fishery Dependent Recreational Surveys (SEDAR 31-DW-33)</i>	212
5.4.2.	<i>Commercial Fishery Catch Rates (SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9)</i>	215
5.4.3	<i>Index of Abundance for Pre-Fishery Recruit Red Snapper from Florida Headboat Observer Data (SEDAR 31-DW-09)</i>	217
5.5.	Research Recommendations made by Members of the IWG	221
5.6	Literature Cited	222
5.7	Tables	225
5.8	Figures	246
6	Ad-Hoc Discard Mortality Rate Working Group	285
6.1	Group Membership	285
6.2	Background	285
6.3	Methods of Estimation	286
6.3.1	<i>Surface Observations</i>	286
6.3.2	<i>Cage studies</i>	287
6.3.3	<i>Hyperbaric Chamber Simulations</i>	287
6.3.4	<i>Passive and acoustic tagging</i>	288
6.4	Depth Effect	289
6.5	Thermal stress	289
6.6	Hook Type Effects	290
6.7	Venting and Bottom Release Devices	291
6.8	Commercial Sector Release Mortality	292
6.9	Developing a Functional Response	293
6.10	Comments and Recommendations	293
6.11	Literature Cited	295

6.12 Tables..... 298

6.13 Figures..... 300

7 Analytic Approach..... 307

7.1 Overview..... 307

7.2 Suggested analytic approach given available data..... 307

8 Research Recommendations..... 307

8.1 Life History..... 307

8.2 Commercial Fishery Statistics..... 309

8.3 Recreational Fishery Statistics..... 309

8.4 Measures of Population Abundance..... 310

8.5 Discard Mortality Rate..... 311

Appendix A..... 312

Appendix B..... 317

1. Introduction

1.1 Workshop Time and Place

The SEDAR 31 Data Workshop for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) was held August 20-24, 2012 in Pensacola, Florida.

1.2 Terms of Reference

1. Review stock structure and unit stock definitions, considering whether changes are required.
2. Review, discuss, and tabulate available life history information.
 - Evaluate age, growth, natural mortality, and reproductive characteristics
 - Provide appropriate models to describe growth, maturation, and fecundity by age, sex, or length as applicable
 - Evaluate the adequacy of available life-history information for conducting stock assessments and recommend life history information for use in population modeling, with particular emphasis on density-dependence
3. Recommend discard mortality rates.
 - Review available research and published literature
 - Consider research directed at red snapper as well as similar species from other areas
 - Provide estimates of discard mortality rate by fishery, gear type, depth, and other feasible or appropriate strata
 - Include thorough rationale for recommended discard mortality rates
 - Provide justification for any recommendations that deviate from the range of discard mortality provided in the last benchmark or other prior assessment
4. Provide measures of population abundance that are appropriate for stock assessment.
 - Consider and discuss all applicable fishery dependent and independent data sources
 - Document all programs evaluated; address program objectives, methods, coverage, sampling intensity, and other relevant characteristics
 - Provide maps of fishery and survey coverage
 - Develop fishery and survey CPUE indices by appropriate strata (e.g., age, size, area, and fishery) and include measures of precision and accuracy; rank indices with regard to their suitability for use in assessment modeling
 - Discuss the degree to which available indices adequately represent fishery and population conditions
 - Recommend which data sources are considered appropriate for use in assessment modeling
 - Complete the SEDAR index evaluation worksheet for each index considered
5. Characterize commercial and recreational catch, including both landings and discards in both pounds and number.
 - Evaluate and discuss the adequacy of available data for accurately characterizing harvest and discard by fishery sector or gear
 - Provide length and age distributions if feasible, and maps of fishery effort and harvest

- Provide maps of fishery effort and harvest
6. Evaluate the mortality rate of red snapper due to explosive rig removals, and whether such mortality is significant for inclusion in the assessment.
 7. Describe any environmental covariates or episodic events that would be reasonably expected to affect population abundance.
 8. Provide any information available about demographics and socioeconomics of fishermen, especially as they may relate to fishing effort.
 9. Provide recommendations for future research, including guidance on sampling design, intensity, and appropriate strata and coverage.
 10. Prepare the Data Workshop report providing complete documentation of workshop actions and decisions (Section II of the SEDAR assessment report).
 - Develop a list of tasks to be completed following the workshop
 - Review and describe any ecosystem consideration(s) that should be included in the stock assessment report

1.3 List of Participants

Data Workshop Panel

Jason Adriance	LDWF	Robert Allman	NMFS
Neil Baertlein	SEFSC	Beverly Barnett	NMFS
Nancy Brown-Peterson	USM	Matthew Campbell	NMFS
Ching-Ping Chih	SEFSC	Dave Donaldson	GSMFC
Barbara Dorf	TPWD	Gary Fitzhugh	NMFS
Claudia Friess	OC	Benny Gallaway	LGL Consulting
Adyan Rios	SEFSC	Gary Graham	Texas Sea Grant
Wade Griffin	TAMU	John Ward	Economist
Walter Ingram	NMFS	David Krebs	Fisherman
Brian Linton	SEFSC	Joanne Lyczkowski-Shultz	NMFS
John Mareska	AL DNR	Kevin McCarthy	SEFSC
James Nance	NMFS	Mike Thierry	Fisherman
Adam Pollack	NMFS	Clay Porch	SEFSC
Steven Saul	SEFSC	Beverly Sauls	FWRI
Stephen Szedlmayer	Auburn	Vivian Matter	SEFSC

Council and Agency Staff

Ryan Rindone	SEDAR	Charlotte Schiaffo	GMFMC
Jessica Stephen	SERO	Patrick Davis	SEFSC

Data Workshop Observers

Helen Takade-Hammacher	EDF	Ted Switzer	FWRI
Matthew Vincent	Virginia Tech	John Winter	SEFSC
Bob McMichael	FWRI	Will Patterson	DISL
Shannon Cass-Calay	SEFSC	Marcus Drymon	DISL

Sean Powers	DISL	Doug DeVries	NMFS
Stephanie Freed	FWRI	Joe Powers	LSU
Donnie Waters	Fisherman	Wayne Werner	Fisherman
Bob Zales II	Fisherman	Dave Gloeckner	SEFSC
Hannah Trowbridge	NMFS	David Walker	Fisherman
Russell Underwood	Fisherman	Mike Whitfield	Fisherman
Brian Gauvin	Photographer	Kerry Hurst	KC Fisheries Inc
Glenn Brooks	Fisherman	Glenn Brooks, Jr.	Fisherman
Carlos Llull	FWC	Terri Menzel	FWC
Jill Broome	FWC	Ian Rehrig	FWC
Troy Frady	Fisherman		

1.4 List of Data Workshop Working Papers

Document Number	Title	Authors
Data Workshop Documents		
SEDAR31-DW01	Relative abundance of juvenile red snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Parsons
SEDAR31-DW02	Brief overview on Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper IFQ Program	Stephen
SEDAR31-DW03	Working Paper for Red Snapper Data Workshop (SEDAR 31)	Cowan, Boswell, Simonsen, Saari, and Kulaw
SEDAR31-DW04	Recreational Survey Data for Red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico	Matter
SEDAR31-DW05	Red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) otolith ageing summary for collection years 2009-2011	Allman, Barnett, Trowbridge, Goetz, and Evou
SEDAR31-DW06	An Update to the Age Composition, Growth, and Density-Dependent Mortality in Juvenile Red Snapper Estimated from Observer Data from the Gulf of Mexico Penaeid Shrimp Fishery	Gazey, Gallaway, and Cole
SEDAR31-DW07	Expanded Annual Stock Assessment Survey 2011: Red Snapper Reproduction	Fitzhugh, Lang, and Lyon
SEDAR31-DW08	SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey: Relative Indices of Abundance of Red Snapper	Campbell, Rademacher, Felts, Noble, Felts, and Salisbury
SEDAR31-DW09	Index of Abundance for Pre-Fishery Recruit Red Snapper from Florida Headboat Observer Data	O'Hop and Sauls
SEDAR31-DW10	Length frequency distributions for red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984-2011	Chih
SEDAR31-DW11	A Summary of Data on the Size Distribution and Release Condition of Red Snapper Discards from Recreational Fishery Surveys in the Gulf of	Sauls

	Mexico	
SEDAR31-DW12	A comparison of the size and age of red Snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> , to the age of artificial reefs in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Syc and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-DW13	Use of Ultrasonic Telemetry to Estimate Natural and Fishing Mortality of Red Snapper	Topping and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-DW14	Fine-scale Movements and Home Ranges of Red Snapper <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> Around Artificial Reefs in the Northern Gulf of Mexico	Piraino and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-DW15	Spatio-temporal dynamics in red snapper reproduction on the West Florida Shelf, 2008-2011	Lowerre-Barbieri, Crabtree, Switzer, and McMichael
SEDAR31-DW16	Spatial distribution and occurrence of red snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> , sampled off the Louisiana coast during nearshore trawl sampling efforts	Adriance and Sweda
SEDAR31-DW17	Summary report of the red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) catch during the 2011 congressional supplemental sampling program (CSSP)	Campbell, Pollack, Henwood, Provaznik, and Cook
SEDAR31-DW18	On the comparisons of regional differences in the growth of red snappers from the Gulf of Mexico	Chih
SEDAR31-DW19	Abundance Indices of Red Snapper Collected in NMFS Bottom Longline Surveys in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Ingram and Pollack
SEDAR31-DW20	Red Snapper Abundance Indices from SEAMAP Groundfish Surveys in the Northern Gulf of Mexico	Pollack, Ingram, and Foster
SEDAR31-DW21	Examining delayed mortality in barotrauma afflicted red snapper using acoustic telemetry and hyperbaric experimentation	Stunz and Curtis
SEDAR31-DW22	Release mortality in the red snapper fishery: a synopsis of three decades of research	Campbell, Driggers, and Sauls
SEDAR31-DW23	Release Mortality Estimates for Recreational Hook-and-Line Caught Red Snapper Derived from a Large-Scale Tag-Recapture Study in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico	Sauls
SEDAR31-DW24	Fisheries-independent data for red snapper from reef-fish surveys on the West Florida Shelf, 2008-2011	Switzer, Keenan, and McMichael
SEDAR31-DW25	Estimated Conversion Factors for Adjusting MRFSS Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Catch Estimates and Variances in 1981-2003 to MRIP Estimates and Variances	Rios, Matter, Walter, Farmer, and Turner
SEDAR31-DW26	Developing a survey methodology for sampling	Moser, Pollack,

	red snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> , at oil and gas platforms in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Ingram, Gledhill, Henwood, and Driggers
SEDAR31-DW27	Red Snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) larval indices of relative abundance from SEAMAP fall plankton surveys, 1986 to 2010	Pollack, Hanisko, Lyczkowski-Shultz, Jones, and Ingram
SEDAR31-DW28	Red Snapper Findings from the NMFS Panama City Laboratory Trap & Camera Fishery-Independent Survey – 2004-2011	DeVries, Ingram, Gardner, and Raley
SEDAR31-DW29	Artificial Structure and Hard-Bottom Spatial Coverage in the Gulf of Mexico	Mueller
SEDAR31-DW30	Shrimp Fishery Bycatch Estimates for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper, 1972-2011	Linton
SEDAR31-DW31	Calculated red snapper discards in the Gulf of Mexico commercial vertical line and bottom longline fisheries: preliminary results	McCarthy
SEDAR31-DW32	Observer reported size distribution of Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the commercial vertical line and bottom longline fisheries	McCarthy
SEDAR31-DW33	Using a Censored Regression Modeling Approach to Standardize Red Snapper Catch per Unit Effort Using Recreational Fishery Data Affected by a Bag Limit	Saul and Walter

Reference Documents		
SEDAR31-RD01	SEDAR 7 Stock Assessment Report	SEDAR
SEDAR31-RD02	2009 SEDAR 7 Update Assessment Report	SEDAR
SEDAR31-RD03	Red Snapper 2011 Projections Update	SEFSC
SEDAR31-RD04	Estimation of Fisheries Impacts Due to Underwater Explosives Used to Sever and Salvage Oil and Gas Platforms in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico	Minerals Management Service
SEDAR31-RD05	Age Composition, Growth, and Density-Dependent Mortality in Juvenile Red Snapper Estimated from Observer Data from the Gulf of Mexico Penaeid Shrimp Fishery	Gazey, Gallaway, Cole, and Fournier
SEDAR31-RD06	A Life History Review for Red Snapper in the Gulf of Mexico with an Evaluation of the Importance of Offshore Petroleum Platforms and Other Artificial Reefs	Gallaway, Szedlmayer, and Gazey
SEDAR31-RD07	Addressing Time-Varying Catchability	SEDAR

SEDAR31-RD08	Fishery-Independent Catch of Young-of-the-Year Red Snapper in the Texas Territorial Sea, 1985–2007	Dorf and Fisher
SEDAR31-RD09	Red Snapper Management History	GMFMC
SEDAR31-RD10	Home range and movement patterns of red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) on artificial reefs	Topping and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD11	Genetic variation and spatial autocorrelation among young-of-the-year red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Saillant, Bradfield, and Gold
SEDAR31-RD12	Determining policy-efficient management strategies in fisheries using data envelopment analysis (DEA)	Griffin and Woodward
SEDAR31-RD13	Red Snapper Larval Transport in the Northern Gulf of Mexico	Johnson, Perry, Lyczkowski-Shultz, and Hanisko
SEDAR31-RD14	Estimation of the Source of Red Snapper Recruits to West Florida and South Texas with Otolith Chemistry: Implications for Stock Structure and Management	Patterson, Cowan, Barnett, and Sluis
SEDAR31-RD15	Trends in Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Population Dynamics, 1979-85	Parrack and McClellan
SEDAR31-RD16	Effects of habitat complexity and predator exclusion on the abundance of juvenile red snapper	Piko and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD17	Survival and movement of hatchery-reared red snapper on artificial habitats in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Chapin, Szedlmayer, and Phelps
SEDAR31-RD18	A Life History Review for Red Snapper in the Gulf of Mexico with an Evaluation of the Importance of Offshore Petroleum Platforms and Other Artificial Reefs	Gallaway, Szedlmayer, and Gazey
SEDAR31-RD19	The use of otolith shape analysis for ageing juvenile red snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>	Beyer and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD20	Validation of annual periodicity in otoliths of red snapper, <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>	Szedlmayer and Beyer
SEDAR31-RD21	The Artificial Habitat as an Accessory for Improving Estimates of Juvenile Reef Fish Abundance in Fishery Management	Szedlmayer

SEDAR31-RD22	Home range and movement patterns of red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) on artificial reefs	Topping and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD23	Site fidelity, residence time and movements of red snapper <i>Lutjanus campechanus</i> estimated with long-term acoustic monitoring	Topping and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD24	Proximity Effects of Larger Resident Fishes on Recruitment of Age-0 Red Snapper in the Northern Gulf of Mexico	Mudrak and Szedlmayer
SEDAR31-RD25	Estimates of Historic Recreational Landings of Spanish Mackerel in the South Atlantic Using the FHWAR Census Method	Brennan and Fitzpatrick
SEDAR31-RD26	Declining Size at Age Among Red Snapper in the Northern Gulf of Mexico off Louisiana, USA: Recovery or Collapse?	Nieland, Wilson, and Fischer
SEDAR31-RD27	Examination of Red Snapper Fisheries Ecology on the Northwest Florida Shelf (FWC-08304): Final Report	Patterson, Tarnecki, and Neese
SEDAR31-RD28	Site Fidelity, Movement, and Growth of Red Snapper: Implications for Artificial Reef Management	Strelcheck, Cowan, and Patterson
SEDAR31-RD29	Factors Affecting Catch and Release (CAR) Mortality in Fish: Insight into CAR Mortality in Red Snapper and the Influence of Catastrophic Decompression	Rummer
SEDAR31-RD30	Effect of Circle Hook Size on Reef Fish Catch Rates, Species Composition, and Selectivity in the Northern Gulf of Mexico Recreational Fishery	Patterson, Porch, Tarnecki, and Strelcheck
SEDAR31-RD31	Effect of trawling on juvenile red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) habitat selection and life history parameters	Wells, Cowan, Patterson, and Walters
SEDAR31-RD32	Habitat use and the effect of shrimp trawling on fish and invertebrate communities over the northern Gulf of Mexico continental shelf	Wells, Cowan, and Patterson
SEDAR31-RD33	Site Fidelity and Movement of Reef Fishes Tagged at Unreported Artificial Reef Sites off NW Florida	Addis, Patterson, and Dance
SEDAR31-RD34	Fish Community and Trophic Structure at Artificial Reef Sites in the Northeastern Gulf of Mexico	Dance, Patterson, and Addis

SEDAR31-RD35	A Review of Movement in Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper: Implications for Population Structure	Patterson
SEDAR31-RD36	Size selectivity of sampling gears targeting red snapper in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Wells, Boswell, Cowan, and Patterson
SEDAR31-RD37	Delineating Juvenile Red Snapper Habitat on the Northern Gulf of Mexico Continental Shelf	Patterson, Wilson, Bentley, Cowan, Henwood, Allen, and Dufrene
SEDAR31-RD38	Habitat- and Region-Specific Reproductive Biology of Female Red Snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) in the Gulf of Mexico	Kulaw
SEDAR31-RD39	Comparison of the Age and Growth of Red Snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) Amongst Habitats and Regions in the Gulf of Mexico	Saari
SEDAR31-RD40	Oil Platforms and Red Snapper Movement and Behavior	McDonough
SEDAR31-RD41	Reconstructed time series of shrimp trawl effort in the Gulf of Mexico and the associated bycatch of red snapper from 1948 to 1972	Porch and Turner
SEDAR31-RD42	Individual-based modeling of an artificial reef fish community: Effects of habitat quantity and degree of refuge	Campbell, Rose, Boswell, and Cowan
SEDAR31-RD43	Literature Search and Data Synthesis of Biological Information for Use in Management Decisions Concerning Decommissioning of Offshore Oil and Gas Structures in the Gulf of Mexico	Versar, Inc.
SEDAR31-RD44	The Environmental Effects of Underwater Explosions with Methods to Mitigate Impacts	Keevin and Hempen
SEDAR31-RD45	Connections between Campeche Bank and Red Snapper Populations in the Gulf of Mexico via modeled larval transport	Johnson, Perry, and Lyczkowski-Shultz
SEDAR31-RD46	The commercial landings of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico from 1872 to 1962	Porch, Turner, and Schirripa
SEDAR31-RD47	Estimates of Historical Red Snapper Recreational Catch Levels Using US Census Data and Recreational Survey Information	Scott
SEDAR31-RD48	MRFS/ MRIP Calibration Workshop: Ad-hoc Working Group Report	Salz, Miller, Williams, Walter, Drew, and Bray

<p>SEDAR31-RD49</p>	<p>Survival of Red Grouper (<i>Epinephelus morio</i>) and Red Snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) Caught on J-Hooks and Circle Hooks in the Florida Recreational and Recreational-for-Hire Fisheries</p>	<p>Burns and Froeschke</p>
<p>SEDAR31-RD50</p>	<p>Circle Hook Requirements in the Gulf of Mexico: Application in Recreational Fisheries and Effectiveness for Conservation of Reef Fishes</p>	<p>Sauls and Ayala</p>

2 Life History

2.1 Overview

The life history workgroup (LHW) reviewed and discussed data collected since the last Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock assessment in 2004 and offered recommendations. Updated information was examined on age, growth, reproduction, genetics, otolith chemistry, mortality, habitat and movement. A summary of the data presented, discussed and recommendations made is presented below.

2.1.1 Life History Workgroup Members

Jason Adriance- Gulf Reef fish SSC
Robert Allman-NMFS, Panama City, FL, (leader)
Beverly Barnett-NMFS, Panama City, FL, (rapporteur)
Nancy Brown-Peterson- University of Southern Mississippi
Gary Fitzhugh- NMFS, Panama City, FL
Benny Gallaway- LGL Ecological Research Associates, Inc.
Joanne Lyczkowski-Shultz- NMFS, Pascagoula, MS
John Mareska- Gulf Reef fish SSC
Steve Szedlmayer- Auburn University
Matt Vincent- Virginia Tech University

2.1.2 The LHW group addressed the following topics

1. Stock definitions and any evidence for changes to current east-west stock boundaries
2. Habitat Requirements
3. Natural mortality
4. Age
5. Growth
6. Reproduction
7. Movement and Migration
8. Conversion factors
9. Episodic events
10. Mortality due to oil and natural gas platform removals

2.2 Stock Definitions

The LHW continued to support the two stock model (East and West of the Mississippi River) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper. While there is some evidence that suggests this boundary line should be shifted to the east, the group did not feel there was enough compelling evidence to support moving the boundary line at this time. The LHW noted the recent genetic, otolith chemistry and oceanographic results are advancing our understanding that red snapper is clearly demonstrating metapopulation structure. The LHW emphasized that further studies need to be conducted to

examine critical source populations (likely local) to gain better understanding of the metapopulation structure. Supporting evidence for the two stock model, as well as evidence for existing metapopulation structure, are described below.

2.2.1 Genetic results

Spatial heterogeneity of red snapper was found to exist for two cohorts sampled in 2004 and 2005 (Saillant et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-11). This is a significant result since it provides the first evidence of non-random spatial distribution of red snapper genotypes (Saillant et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD11). Significant positive autocorrelation (r) of microsatellite genotypes was found for red snapper collected from geographic scales of ~50 – 100 km indicating significant spatial genetic heterogeneity (Saillant et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-11). These findings provide evidence that red snapper exhibit independent demographic assemblages at small geographic spatial scales (Saillant et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD11). Results from this study further support the findings that red snapper demonstrate a metapopulation stock-structure model proposed by Pruett et al. (2005) and Saillant and Gold (2006).

2.2.2 Otolith constituent analysis

Patterson et al. (2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14) expanded on previously conducted otolith chemistry work to address three primary objectives: 1) estimate source(s) recruits to the west Florida shelf; 2) estimate connectivity between south Texas and northeast Mexico; and 3) estimate mixing rates east and west of the Mississippi River. Microconstituent analysis for three cohorts (2005, 2006, and 2007) provided good discrimination among four northern Gulf of Mexico nursery regions (EG = East Gulf; NCG = North Central Gulf; NWG = Northwest Gulf; and SWG = Southwest Gulf) and one region in Mexico (MEX1) (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD- 14). The boundary used to separate NCG from NWG was longitude 89.0°W and the boundary used to separate NWG from SWG was longitude 94.5°W (Patterson et al. 2008). The boundary between NCG and EG was Cape San Blas, Florida, 85.1°W. There was noted concern about the lack of discrimination between the NWG and NCG nursery regions in all three cohort-specific models. Misclassifications occurred by assigning NWG to NCG, and vice versa (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD- 14). Sluis et al. (2012) suggested that similarities in chemical signatures may be the result of persistent hydrological and oceanographic processes. It is also important to note that the only regions successfully sampled during each of the three years were the SWG, NWG, and NCG regions (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD- 14). Samples from EG were collected in 2005 and 2007(Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD- 14). Samples from MEX1 were collected in 2006 and 2007 (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD- 14). Consequently, the only year for which all five regions were sampled was in 2007 (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Patterson et al. (2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14) attempted to jointly model all three year classes to determine if a multi-year class model would allow nursery origins to be estimated for years that all regions had not been successfully sampled. However, the low classification (49%) for this multi-year-class model suggests that this approach would not be feasible (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Red snapper age-0 chemical signatures have consistently shown significant differences among year-classes and regions supporting the need for age-0 samples to be collected and analyzed for each year-class and region (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14; Patterson et al. 2008 Sluis et al. 2012).

Nursery region signatures were applied to sub-adult and adult signatures using maximum likelihood estimates (MLE) in order to assign nursery origin. The source of recruits to the EG was estimated as being derived primarily from local recruitment with the secondary source estimated as coming from the NCG and NWG (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). However, it is unclear as to the contribution, if any, that the NWG may have provided to the EG since the nursery chemical signatures from the NWG were similar to those of the NCG (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Interestingly, tagging data further supports the NCG as a source of recruits to the EG and confirms a finding identified during the previous assessment (Addis et al. 2007 SEDAR 31-RD-33). Another trend that was noted was the NWG as a significant source of recruits to the NWG, SWG and NCG regions for the three years examined (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Again, uncertainty remains in the connectivity between the NWG and NCG due to the similarities of the chemical signatures from these two regions (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Regardless, results found in Patterson et al. (2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14) are consistent with a study conducted by Saillant and Gold (2006) which estimated the NWG as having an effective genetic population size of at least an order of magnitude greater than either the NCG or SWG regions (Saillant and Gold 2006), which further substantiates the importance of the NWG not only as a local source of recruits, but also as a significant source of recruits to other regions.

The possibility of recruits coming from Mexico (particularly Campeche Bank) to the US fishery has been an ongoing area of interest and investigation. Results for the contribution of MEX1 (Tamaulipas-Veracruz shelf) fish to south Texas indicate that MEX1 does not provide a significant source of recruits to south Texas or other western US Gulf regions despite the fact that MEX1 had distinct chemical signatures resulting in one of the highest LDF (linear discriminant function) classification accuracies in 2006 and 2007 (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Samples were collected from Campeche Bank (MEX2) about three months later than in other regions in 2006 and 2007. Although individual fish were not aged, lengths were larger than age-0 fish collected from other regions suggesting a possible age discrepancy (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Furthermore, some element: Ca and stable isotopes resulted in extreme values further suggesting a possible age disparity (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). As a result, MEX2 was excluded from further analyses (Patterson et al. 2010 SEDAR 31-RD-14). Consequently, the connection between Campeche and south Florida still remains an open question regarding application of otolith chemistry .

2.2.3 Models of Larval Transport

Johnson et al. (2009) shows that there is an oceanographic mechanism to transport red snapper larvae from the western to eastern Gulf during the summer spawning period with eastward flow greatest in July. While there is evidence of a larval transport pathway around the Mississippi delta, the primary pathway is in deeper waters beyond the shelf break raising some uncertainty about successful settlement on the shelf east of the Mississippi River. Conversely, there is evidence for on-shelf exchange from east to west, occurring near the end of the spawning season (September and October). By dropping simulated larvae into locations for 654 SEAMAP stations positive for red snapper larvae, Johnson et al. were able to map drift points (21 d forward, 11 d backward). The result was that most of the continental shelf from DeSoto Canyon westward (primarily western Mississippi Bight and Louisiana-Texas shelf) has the possibility of receiving larvae. The likelihood of transport to the west Florida shelf was much lower. The main topographic impediments to

alongshore flow are the Mississippi River, DeSoto Canyon and the Apalachicola peninsula with the Apalachicola peninsula being most significant (Johnson et al. 2012).

To address the potential Mexican connection, Johnson et al. (2012) modeled possible advection of red snapper larvae from Campeche Bank. They found that retention of simulated larvae was high (67-73%) for model runs based upon 4 years (2003, 2005, 2008, 2010) of oceanographic data. In general there was very little likelihood for recruitment to other regions, although perhaps high enough for genetic homogenization. An estimate of 1.6% of the simulated larvae entered the Florida current with some potential for advection to the SW Florida shelf and Atlantic coast.

A significant synthesis by Johnson et al. (2012) notes that “depleted areas such as peninsular Florida are not likely to be enhanced by larval advection from either the more abundant northwestern population (Johnson et al. 2009) or Campeche Bank.”

The LHW noted that while there are a lack of recruits coming from the Tamaulipas-Veracruz shelf (MEX1) to south Texas based on otolith chemistry, there may be a pathway for larval advection if egg production is sufficient. Zavala-Hidalgo (2003) developed a high resolution numerical model of the western Gulf and report an upshelf coastal confluence zone near 26.5° N (Statistical Grid 21) from May-August. The LHW notes this model covers an area of Mexican waters mainly west of investigation by Johnson et al (2012) and may be of interest for future monitoring and investigation.

2.3 Habitat Requirements

Spawning season for red snapper occurs April – October in US Gulf waters with peak fraction in spawning markers noted to occur late June – mid July (Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR 31-DW-07) Rooker et al. (2004) sampled red snapper larvae at Freeport Rocks Bathymetric High and found that larvae remained in the plankton for approximately 4 weeks. Fish settle out of the plankton about mid-June and continue recruiting to benthic habitat until mid-September (Szedlmayer and Conti 1999). Newly settled recruits can be found on multiple habitat types such as sand, mud, and shell rubble (Rooker et al. 2004). In the Fall, fish recruit to more structured habitats such as shell ridges, rock outcroppings, sand banks and artificial reefs (SEDAR 31-RD01). Parsons (SEDAR31-DW01) reported a significant relationship between relative abundance of juveniles and capture depth in early to late fall with higher catch rates in shallower waters compared to deeper waters. Syc and Szedlmayer (SEDAR 31-DW12) reported juvenile red snapper (approximately age-1) on newly deployed artificial reefs. Changes in diet also occur during the ontogenetic habitat shift resulting in an increase of benthic fauna and fish prey types (McCawley and Cowan 2007; Szedlmayer and Lee 2004). Diet was also reported as varying with diel cycles (Ouzts and Szedlmayer 2003). NMFS long-line surveys suggest that larger, older red snapper become more independent of structured habitat, being found more often on the open continental shelf (SEDAR31-RD01). Furthermore, landings from large, tournament-winning fish in Texas caught on mud bottoms with very small (< 1 m²) structured relief (< 0.5 m) support this same conclusion (Landre, personal observation).

2.4 Natural Mortality

The models to be used for analysis of red snapper in SEDAR 31 will be CATCHEM_AD and Stock Synthesis (Porch 2007, Methot 2010). These models have the capacity to accept a distribution of informative priors, and estimate M within the model. That capacity reduces some of the need to specify a single estimate for M . However, other analytical methods that are intended to be run in the assessment process do require a specified value of M , or have difficulty in resolving M in some circumstances. Therefore, providing a good estimate of M for those cases will help evaluate the relative performance of the various models.

2.4.1 Age-0 and Age-1

During the 2009 update assessment, natural mortality and means of parameterizing the assessment models were discussed and a decision was made to increase M to 2.0 (age-0) and 1.2 (age-1) (SEDAR31-RD02). New results were reviewed since the 2009 update, including three studies completed in no-trawl zones (Table 1) wherein estimates of Z could be assumed to approximate M (Wells et al. 2008 SEDAR31 RD32, Gallaway et al. 2009 SEDAR31-RD18, Szedlmayer 2011 SEDAR 31-RD21). The LHW noted similar results from these studies which provide further support for increasing estimates of M (particularly for age-0 in the range 2.0-3.4, Table 1) with the caveat that M at age-0 is likely density-dependent (see below).

Two presentations to the LHW on natural mortality in the juvenile stage were based upon broad regional results of trawl surveys and observer data. B. Gallaway presented a density dependent model of growth and survival applied to observer estimates of red snapper bycatch in the western Gulf shrimp fishery (introduced in Gazey et al. 2008 SEDAR31-RD05). Best fit results were age-0 $Z = 2.2$, and age-1 $Z = 1.3$ (Table 1). J. Walter presented preliminary new results of an earlier analysis in 2009 (Brooks et al. SEDAR31-RD02): Mortality was estimated via decline in numbers at age (based on size modes) between summer and fall SEAMAP surveys. Estimation accounted for survey trawl size-selectivity in age-0 and age-1 fish. Preliminary early estimates for age-0 M ranged from 2.65-5.6 and age-1 M from 2.01-3.6. This analysis will continue to be refined for the Assessment Workshop.

While the reviewed studies collectively suggest convergence of estimates and an increase in the age-0 estimate of M , the study authors generally acknowledged the potential for biased high estimates in some cases due to unaccounted emigration at particular sizes or juvenile stages. Szedlmayer (2011 SEDAR31-RD21) suggested emigration may be discounted in an Alabama study given a lack of correlation between diver estimates of age-0 red snapper density on artificial reefs and broad scale trawling results. That is, no spill-over effect was detected via trawling which suggests any emigration from reefs is minimal. The LHW noted this is challenging research and there is a need to expand studies to more habitats and regions and better understand survival in early life history as a function of habitat type and density (see recommendations).

2.4.2 Older age classes

The LHW reviewed estimates of total disappearance (Z) and natural mortality (M) from catch curves and various equations (Table 2). From these functions the LHW developed a table of

estimated M values as informative priors for the assessment (Table 3). Natural mortality (M) estimates ranged from 0.05 to 1.29. Calculated values of M fall into three groups based upon selected life history correlates. As expected, lowest values were generated from equations utilizing longevity of red snapper (>50 years; Alverson and Carney, Hoenig, and Hewitt and Hoenig). Equations that accounted for productivity in early life history (fast initial growth, relative early age of maturation) return higher estimates of M (Beverton and Holt, Pauly, Ralston, and Jensen) (Table 3, Figure 1).

Disappearance rates (Z) were obtained through catch curve analysis following Murphy (1997) for regression and Chapman-Robson approaches assuming steady state conditions. Numbers at age data from various fishing sectors for the period 2009-2011 were examined using peak-age and right truncation criteria (Murphy 1997, Table 4). Estimates of Z ranged from 0.1222 to 1.064. Values of Z were highest (> 1.0) among handline sectors (commercial and recreational) in the eastern Gulf. Higher values have been recently reported by Patterson et al. 2010 from the northeastern Gulf (1.24 – 1.31; artificial and natural reef respectively) which reflect a large degree of fishing mortality and possible emigration (e.g. ontogenetic movement to deeper water).

Lowest values of Z (about 0.1) were evident from long-line gear (fishery-dependent and – independent sources) from the western Gulf which is in accordance with older red snapper age structure in the west and susceptibility of oldest ages at deepest depths to longline gear. The true value of Z should be considered as an upper limit of M , since with no fishing and no emigration $Z=M$. The true value of M is rarely determined because it should be calculated from an unfished population, which requires sampling a population before the onset of fishing. However, the LHW learned that some areas of the Gulf outer shelf may have experienced relatively low fishing effort historically (e.g., shrimp grids 20 and 21; Kit Doncaster and Gary Graham Pers. Comm.). These areas have high proportions of red snapper aged > 20 years (see Age section) and would likely return the lowest values of Z which approach longevity-based estimates of M . Given the longline results, estimates of M based upon longevity (e.g. Hoenig regression based estimate for fish = 0.075) may be a reasonable prior for oldest ages (Figure 1).

Notwithstanding low natural maturity rate in red snapper due to longevity >50 years, and high rates in ages-0 and -1, there is evidence that M may be of some intermediate value in ages > 1 consistent with the idea that M declines rapidly with age. Topping and Szedlmayer (2011 SEDAR31-10) provide some direct evidence for this. Using telemetry, M for red snapper >500 mm TL (predominately thought to be age 3), was estimated at 0.12 to 0.22 when catch (F) was accounted for (Table 1).

The Data Workshop panel supported the approach to incorporate declining natural mortality rate with age as in the previous assessment (Figure 2). However, there is more information that natural mortality is higher among earlier ages (particularly age-0 but also ages 1-3) than previously estimated. Conversely, M may be lower at oldest ages (<0.1) due to longevity estimates. The panel noted that while the Lorenzen approach (1996) for age-variable mortality has been used in assessments of other species (an example for red snapper is shown in Figure 2) another type of function may be appropriate to account for higher expected mortality of age-1 to age 3+ red snapper. This analysis will continue going forward to the Assessment Workshop.

2.4.3 Density Dependence in Mortality

The potential for density dependence in mortality of juvenile red snapper was raised in SEDAR-7 (update 2009) and was also recently presented as a greater issue for fisheries in general (Lorenzen 2008). Therefore, one of the terms of reference for SEDAR 31 was to further examine the evidence for density dependent mortality in early life history.

B. Gallaway presented the Gazey et al. (2008 SEDAR 31-RD5) modeling approach to the LHW updated to July 2012. The model incorporates growth and mortality to explain observed size red snapper juvenile distributions over time from the shrimp fishery observer data. Despite a 74% reduction in shrimp effort to date, there is no evidence for an increase in the red snapper recruitment index (based on standardized by-catch abundance). This provides strong inference that some other population regulatory mechanism is in effect. The most parsimonious model fit incorporated VBGF and density-dependent mortality.

J. Walter presented preliminary results to the LHW of an updated analysis of SEAMAP trawl survey data which similarly models changes in numbers at length (hence age) (Brooks et al. SEDAR31-RD02). In this approach, the most parsimonious model fits also included density-dependence modeled as a power function of abundance.

Given the evidence highlighted by the modeling efforts, the Data Workshop panel recommends incorporation of density dependence in age-0 mortality into assessment model runs. Notably, a paper is in press which outlines a modeling approach to simultaneously account for density-dependent mortality and bycatch in age-0 red snapper (Forrest et al. in press). The panel recognized this work will continue through the Assessment Workshop.

The LHW also discussed alternative interpretations of an apparent density dependent effect in early mortality. These included the possibility of density-independent increases in M and the possibility of supplemental recruitment to account for the lack of a significant stock-recruit signal (see stock delineation section). Further investigation (modeling, research) into possible alternatives are recommended (below).

2.4.4 Comments on Adequacy of Data for Assessment Analyses

Natural Mortality: The LHW recommends model sensitivity runs using M as age-fixed values (age-0 and age-1, age>1) and as an age-variable value (Lorenzen M or other approach). As in earlier SEDARs, the LHW believes an age-variable approach is more realistic and thus the preferred approach.

Review the data for bycatch reduction (BRD) efficiency. Point estimates of efficiency may better inform model fit of density dependence by accounting for possible confounding BRD effect (e.g. Gallaway and Cole 1999).

2.4.5 Recommendations

1. Review the evidence for density dependence in older ages (e.g. ages 2-3). Incorporate full age model of recruitment to examine density-dependent effect.
2. Site and habitat specific comparisons from more regions of the Gulf are needed for estimation of age-0 and age-1 mortality, accounting for shelf characteristics (e.g., width, slope, depth) in tests of density-dependent variation in M and emigration.
3. Broader understanding of habitat value and areal estimates of habitat (distribution—areas of trawlable vs. untrawlable bottom; more refined maps Gulf-wide etc) are needed to further inform the habitat limitation hypothesis for density dependence.
4. Assess the impact of potential predation/competition for taxa of particular interest (lionfish, marine catfish, sciaenids, and red grouper). As well, investigate alternative population regulatory mechanisms including potential sources of density-independent increases in mortality and distant sources of recruitment (but see stock delineation section).
5. Evaluate the potential for sea-bottom restoration or other means to expand habitat and increase survival for post-settlement red snapper.

2.5 Age

Numerous studies have used otoliths to age red snapper and provide basic information on growth and annulus formation (Futch and Bruger, 1976; Bortone and Hollingsworth, 1980; Nelson and Manooch, 1982; Wilson and Nieland, 2001; Manooch and Potts, 1997; Patterson et al., 2001). The age of red snapper has been directly validated to at least 38 years using bomb radio carbon ^{14}C and longevity estimates exceed 50 years (Baker and Wilson, 2001). Additionally, red snapper otolith reader interpretation and the repeatability of age estimates (i.e., precision) have been examined (Allman et al., 2005).

A total of 24,669 red snapper otoliths were aged for SEDAR 31 by NOAA Fisheries Panama City laboratory (N= 17,305; Allman et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW05) and Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission (N= 7,364). Otoliths were from fishery dependent and independent sources covering sampling years 2009 through 2011 and covered all gulf states (Table 5 & 6). The Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission held annual otolith workshops to standardize ageing methods and estimates of reader precision were determined from a red snapper otolith reference collection which was aged annually by all gulf state ageing red snapper and NOAA Fisheries Panama City. We considered an average percent reader error (APE) of 5% as a reference point for a moderately long-lived difficult species to age species such as red snapper (Morison et al. 1998; Campana et al. 2001). APE's for Gulf of Mexico laboratories ageing the red snapper reference collection ranged from 2.2% to 5.6%.

A comparison of age distributions by fishing mode indicated differences by fishing mode and by sampling year. Red snapper collected from 2009 through 2011 ranged from young-of-the-year (<1

year) to 55 years. The smallest youngest individuals were collected from fishery independent survey trawls (mean 1.9 yr) and traps (mean 3.7), while the largest, oldest individuals were collected from the commercial and fishery independent long-lines (mean 5.6 and 8.9 yr. respectively). Age distributions were similar between the eastern and western gulf for commercial hand-line, fishery independent hand-line and the recreational fishery. However, the commercial long-line and fishery independent long-line survey yielded older fish in the western gulf. Saari (2011 SEDAR31-RD39) also noted differences in the age structure of the recreational fishery with the eastern gulf consisting of younger individuals compared to the central and western gulf.

There was some indication of strong year-classes in the directed fisheries and fishery-independent surveys. The commercial hand-line fishery and fishery-independent hand-line survey showed evidence of a strong 2006 year-class with a relatively large percentage of 3 year olds in 2009 (31% and 43%, respectively) followed by 4 year olds in 2010 (34% and 34% respectively) and 5 year olds in 2011 (30% and 29% respectively; Fig. 3) This pattern was consistent in the eastern and western gulf in the commercial hand-line fishery, but there were too few data points in the western gulf for fishery-independent hand-line survey for comparison. To a lesser degree there was also some evidence in the recreational and commercial long-line fisheries and was consistent in the eastern and western gulf (Fig. 4). Both the recreational and commercial long-line fisheries also showed some evidence of a strong 2005 year class. Generally, the influence of these strong year classes can be followed for 2 or 3 consecutive years. Saari (2011 SEDAR31-RD39) also found evidence of consistent gulf-wide strong year-classes (2004, 2005 and 2006) in the recreational fishery.

The LHW also examined the frequency of older red snapper (20+ years) from the entire Panama City dataset (1991-2011) by statistical grid (Kutkuhn 1962; Figure 5). We noted a higher frequency of older red snapper in grid 3 (SW Florida) and grids 20 and 21 (South Texas) (Fig. 6). This was somewhat independent of gear type, that is, other regions of the gulf with similar or lower percentages of long-line sampled fish did not have the high number of older red snapper (Table 7). These results highlight the need for fishery independent surveys (e.g. long-line survey) to cover the edges of the U.S. fishery (South Texas, South Florida), as well as the northern gulf. The LHW discussed potential differences in the periodicity of opaque zone formation in otoliths. Szedlmayer and Beyer (2011 SEDAR31-RD20) found that opaque zone formation occurred later (late summer to early winter) in OTC marked mark-recapture fish compared to studies which used marginal increment analysis (late winter to early summer; Patterson et al. (2001); Wilson and Nieland (2001); Allman et al. (2005)). It was noted that this could affect the ageing macro used to advance ages by 1 year. Szedlmayer and Beyer (2011 SEDAR31-RD20) posited that the later opaque zone formation could be related to spawning and not slower winter growth. The LHW group discussed that differences may be due to interpretation of otolith edge type and that late formation of the opaque zone was sometimes noted in marginal increment analysis. Additionally, the Szedlmayer laboratory found that 27% of laboratory reared age 1 fish (<200 mm) had 2 opaque zones. The LHW discussed whether the choice of section to age affected interpretation; Gulf States and NOAA primarily use the dorsal side (Vanderkooy and Guindon-Tisdell 2003). The LHW noted 2 papers have measured the distance from the core to the first annulus in red snapper and both used the dorsal side and found similar results (Allman et al. 2005; Fischer et al. 2010).

2.5.1 Recommendations

1. Cross-reference trip tickets and log book data to Biological Sampling Database to complete spatial records (depth, grid, etc.) to allow for increased analysis of spatial demographics.
2. The LHW recommended that existing otolith archives (e.g., NOAA) be used to further investigate interpretation of increment formation based on section orientation, sample source (location), season and year. This could be conducted as a graduate student project in collaboration with agency personnel.
3. Interested Academic representatives (e.g. Auburn University, University of S. Florida) should be included at Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission sponsored otolith workshops (e.g., May 2013) to review age determinations and promote standardization.
4. Based upon the results of Szedlmayer and Beyer (2011 SEDAR31-RD20), further investigation of longevity is warranted. More recent catches of older fish should allow a direct comparison to ^{14}C coral chronologies established during the nuclear testing period and extend the age that can be directly validated (beyond 38 years in the earlier study by Baker and Wilson 2001).

2.6 Growth

Several studies addressing red snapper growth between differing habitat types and regions have been completed in the Gulf of Mexico since the last benchmark assessment. While not a universal finding, there is evidence of increased growth on artificial habitats for young adults, but size or complexity of the habitat may be an important factor. Cowan et al. (2012 SEDAR31-DW03) noted significant differences in TL and TW von Bertalanffy growth models between shelf-edge banks and standing oil and gas platforms off Louisiana with a significantly larger estimate of L_{∞} for the standing platforms, but no difference in growth coefficients (k) observed between habitats. Saari (2011 SEDAR31-RD39) also reported that red snapper sampled from shelf-edge banks were significantly smaller at ages 3, 4 and 5 than those from standing and toppled oil and gas platforms. Size-at-age was also significantly different between standing and toppled platforms for ages 3, 4 and 5, but no consistent pattern was found. Saari's (2011 SEDAR31-RD39) analysis included only red snapper from 3 to 6 years old due to insufficient sample size of red snapper above or below those ages. In a 2007 study utilizing conventional tagging methods and subsequent returns, Strelcheck et al. (2007 SEDAR31-RD28) reported faster growth rates at large experimental artificial reefs compared to smaller artificial reefs off of Alabama and slower growth on sites supporting lower reef fish biomass. In a study comparing natural and artificial habitats, Patterson et al. (2010 SEDAR31-RD27), found no significant differences in growth rates between natural reef and artificial reef areas in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico in red snapper ranging from 1 to 9 years of age.

Temporal differences in growth have been examined for red snapper. Neiland et al. (2007 SEDAR31-RD26) demonstrated significant declines in size-at-age for red snapper from the commercial fishery off Louisiana for ages 2-6 over time (1999-2004). They hypothesized that declines in growth over time may be due to density-dependent effects, possible from the recovery

of an overfished population, or conversely, due to minimum size limits resulting in selection for slower growing individuals. In contrast, Patterson et al. (2010) compared the von Bertalanffy growth function distributions of residuals to those of an earlier study (Patterson et al. 2001) and noted nearly identical residual distributions, thus indicating that growth has not changed in 10 years and that variability in red snapper size-at-age is similar today to what it was estimated to be historically.

Updated age data (from 2009 to 2011, $N = 23,785$, Table 5, Fig 7) and resulting VBGF analyses were reviewed by the LHW. All von Bertalanffy growth models were size-modified for the effects of minimum size limits (Diaz et al. 2004) and estimates were made by fishery, region, sex, fishery by region and sex by region (Table 8). Comparisons were made using a likelihood ratio test for coincident curves (Kimura 1980; Haddon 2001) (Table 9). All growth curves were significantly different but were informed by high sample sizes ($p < 0.001$). For instance, there is evidence for sexually dimorphic growth and small differences were found in L_{inf} between males (847 mm max TL) and females (889 mm max TL: Fig. 8).

New studies and data sets allowed further examination of regional differences in growth. Saari (2011 SEDAR31-RD39) examined regional growth differences in the recreational fishery and found that small, fast-growing individuals dominated South Texas, Northwest Florida and Central Florida catches and larger, slower-growing individuals dominated Alabama and Louisiana catches. This was consistent with earlier findings that fish from Texas grow faster and reach a smaller maximum size than fish from Alabama and Louisiana (Fischer et al. 2004). Likewise, the 2009-2011 dataset supported a finding of generally higher growth in the eastern Gulf (greater size at age, Fig. 9). However, evidence for reproductive and mortality traits suggest more spatially complex demographic patterns may exist and further examination of sub-regional growth differences is warranted (Table 10). The LHW discussions raised the need for more caution in interpretation of growth based upon opportunistic sampling; often typical of fishery-dependent sources. Appropriate statistical weighting may need to be conducted as part of the analysis (Chih 2012 SEDAR31-DW18; see recommendations).

2.6.1 Recommendations

1. A general recommendation of the LHW is to expand design-based fishery-independent sampling to elucidate regional (i.e., eastern and western GOM) and sub-regional differences in the demographics of red snapper.
2. A further recommendation is to increase random, representative sampling of the catch in order to avoid clustering effects and non-representative sampling which could lead to spurious differences in growth rates. Alternatively, and for localized- or small-scale studies, corrections for length limits and appropriate weighting may need to be utilized to treat data gaps, missing ages and adjust for selectivity (see Chih 2012 SEDAR31-DW18).

2.7 Reproduction

Additional, unpublished data on red snapper reproduction is available since the 2009 red snapper update. Most significantly, the 2011 Congressional Supplemental Sampling Program (CSSP) allowed Gulf-wide, synoptic sampling of red snapper during the April through October reproductive season, resulting in 1,002 females for histological analysis (992 for age and histology) and 50 samples for fecundity analysis. Reproductive samples from Florida in 2009 (Lowerre-Barbieri et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW15, n=237 females) and from oil platforms in Louisiana in summer 2009 and 2010 (Cowan et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW03, n=337 females) provide additional recent reproductive data that complement the CSSP survey.

Results from the CSSP survey are based predominately on frozen ovarian samples, although there was a fresh vs. frozen histological and fecundity comparison for some samples. Although histological quality of frozen samples compromises the histological preparation, oocyte stages and spawning markers could be identified. Some concerns regarding the effects of freezing and desiccation on the accuracy of fecundity estimates from frozen samples remain, as there was a tendency to overestimate batch fecundity from the frozen samples.

2.7.1 *Maturity*

Additional data confirms the previously reported 1:1 sex ratio in red snapper. For maturity estimates, only data from the peak reproductive season (June-August) were considered. The 2009 update presented information that some age one females can reach sexual maturity, but the youngest female with spawning markers was age 2 (Cook et al. 2009). The recent data confirms that some female red snapper reach sexual maturity at age 2. However, CSSP data suggests that the percentage of females reaching maturity has decreased for ages 2-6 when compared to the 2004 assessment and the 2009 update. (Figure 1).

The CSSP data supported the difference in age-at-maturity between the east and west Gulf suggested in the 2004 SEDAR. Fish from Louisiana (west Gulf) had a lower percentage of maturity for ages 4-6 compared to fish from the eastern Gulf (Florida and Alabama). Similar results were seen in Cowan et al. (2012 SEDAR 31-DW03); female red snapper around natural banks in Louisiana reached 50% maturity at age 5, while those around platforms reached 50% maturity at age 4.

2.7.2 *Spawning Frequency*

Spawning frequency was evaluated in the CSSP study by the percentage of females containing spawning markers (hydrated oocytes or new POFs, accounting for a 34 h period of potential spawning). At the peak of the spawning season, 60% of the females had spawning markers Gulfwide, indicating a high spawning frequency.

New reproductive data confirms data from the 2004 SEDAR that spawning frequency increases with increasing age. Gulfwide, only 18% of age 2 females had spawning markers, while >50% of fish age 8 and older had spawning makers (Figure 4) (Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW07). At

Louisiana offshore structures, fish ages 6-8 spawned every 3 to 7 days, while age 3 fish spawned every 12-17 days (Cowan et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW03).

2.7.3 Duration and Spatial Differences in Spawning Intensity

The spawning season (determined by the presence of actively spawning females, or females with spawning markers (ovaries containing hydrated oocytes or new postovulatory follicles-POF) extends from May – October Gulf-wide (CSSP data, Figure 2); actively spawning females were found off Florida from June through September, although spawning capable females were found from March through October. CSSP results suggest a 168 day spawning season, a slight increase over the 151 day season determined in the 2004 SEDAR. However, peak spawning throughout the Gulf occurs from June through mid-September (107 days).

There is evidence for spatial differences in spawning. A higher percentage of females captured by long line were found with spawning markers compared to those collected in shallower areas by vertical lines (Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW07). Within similar depth zones, there appears to be differences among habitats, as the highest percentage of spawning capable females were found on toppled platforms in Louisiana, while the lowest percentage were found on standing platform structures (Cowan et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW03). Finally, the percentage of females with spawning markers was lower in the eastern Gulf compared to the western Gulf; in particular, fish from the west Florida shelf exhibited the lowest percentage of spawning markers (25%) based on the CSSP collections (Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW07) (Table 10). A greater percentage of actively spawning fish in Florida were captured off the Panhandle as compared to west of Tampa Bay (Lowerre-Barbieri et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW15, Fitzhugh et al 2012 SEDAR31-DW07). Spawning fraction on the AL-MS shelf (39%) was similar to the Florida Panhandle (35%) during the CSSP survey (Table 10). In the western Gulf, sub-regional patterns are becoming more evident as well. The highest spawning fractions were associated with the outer shelf of central-western Louisiana (48%) and south Texas (46%) in contrast to the Louisiana delta (25%) and north Texas (28%) (Table 10). These regional reproductive results may correlate with spatial patterns of size/age composition (see section on stock composition).

Duration of the spawning season also appears to be positively correlated with age. Red snapper ages 7 and older show evidence of spawning markers one month prior to age 2-3 fish, and the percentage of age 2-3 fish with spawning markers declines a month prior to that of older fish (Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR31-07), suggesting that young fish have a markedly reduced spawning season compared to older fish (Figure 3). Similar results were seen in Florida, where age 2 fish appear to have a shorter spawning season than older fish (Lowerre-Barbieri et al. 2012 SEDAR 31-DW15).

2.7.4 Batch Fecundity

An additional 88 batch fecundity estimations have been done since the 2004 SEDAR. Relative batch fecundity ranges from 27-142 eggs/g fish weight over the time of collections (Table 11). Relative batch fecundity is preferable for comparisons as it tends to normalize the effect of size. However, variability among annual means are high and the broad range in relative batch fecundity does not show any strong trends. Fecundity values from the recent CSSP survey tend to be lower than earlier

values, but it is unclear if this is due to methodology of using frozen samples, impacts of Deepwater Horizon, seasonal and/or small sample size effects in some years or if this is an actual trend of decreasing fecundity. There may be fecundity differences across the Gulf, as CSSP data showed lowest relative fecundity from Florida (40 eggs/g) and highest fecundity from the western Gulf (Texas; 70 eggs/g) similar to the pattern in spawning fraction.

Previous SEDAR assessments have used batch fecundity at age for entry into the model. Recent CSSP fecundity estimates show the expected increase in fecundity with age, despite lower overall fecundity measurements (Figure 5). It is anticipated that inclusion of new batch fecundity measurements into the model will not alter the currently used batch fecundity at age relationship.

2.7.5 Recommendations

1. Spawning marker fraction and batch fecundity should be included in the models as an estimate of spawning potential, and age and season should be included as variables in the regression. Spawning marker fraction is a better metric than maturity.
2. New fecundity estimates should be added to the existing fecundity at age regression.
3. Future surveys should collect ovarian samples fixed in formalin for histology analysis, spawning marker fraction analysis and age/size at maturity analysis.
4. Additional fecundity collections are necessary from all areas of the Gulf.
5. Additional research is necessary to further clarify regional reproductive and demographic differences.

2.7.6 Summary

1. The sex ratio is 1:1
2. First age at maturity is 2 years. However, there appears to be a recent trend for increasing age at maturity.
3. Red snapper from eastern Gulf have a lower age at maturity than those from the western Gulf.
4. Spawning occurs from May through September, peak spawning June – August.
5. Regional differences may occur in which highest spawning fractions are found off south Texas and central-western Louisiana and lowest fractions found off west Florida.
6. Similarly, spawning season of Florida fish appears shorter than that of fish from the northcentral and northwestern Gulf.
7. A high percentage of red snapper have spawning markers during the peak spawning season, indicating a relatively high spawning frequency.
8. Spawning frequency and the percentage of spawning markers increases with increasing age.
9. Older fish have a longer spawning season than younger fish.
10. Fecundity increases with increasing age.

2.8 Movement and Migration

2.8.1 Transformation

After a short period in the pelagic environment as larvae, red snapper metamorphosis and settlement to benthic habitats (Szedlmayer and Conti 1999; Rooker et al. 2004). Age-0 red snapper begin to use reefs shortly after they settle out of the plankton and move to available low-relief, structured habitat (Workman and Foster, 1994; Szedlmayer and Howe, 1997; Szedlmayer and Conti, 1999; Szedlmayer and Lee, 2004; Patterson et al. 2005; Wells et al. 2008; Gallaway et al. 2009). These new recruits quickly outgrow their initial benthic habitats and search for larger structured habitats by fall after the spawning season (Szedlmayer and Conti, 1999; Szedlmayer and Lee, 2004; Wells et al. 2008; Szedlmayer, 2011).

2.8.2 Post settlement

Recent studies have suggested that even the newest settlers will move to structured habitats if available, i.e., habitat with an absence of potential predators (Szedlmayer and Lee 2004; Piko and Szedlmayer 2007; Mudrak and Szedlmayer 2012). In fact, it may be that individuals that don't find structured shelter shortly after settlement will be subject to excessive predation mortality, shrimp trawl mortality, reduced growth and subsequent poor survival, and make little contribution to subsequent year classes. It then appears that young recruits that have located low relief structure will stay on these structures for their first and second years (Gallaway et al 1999; Gallaway et al 2009; Szedlmayer 2011; Mudrak and Szedlmayer 2012). In turn, the presence of these older age-1 and age-2 red snapper, through predation and competitive exclusion, may limit the immigration of new age-0 recruits to particular locations (Bailey et al., 2001; Piko and Szedlmayer, 2007; Gallaway et al., 2009; Mudrak and Szedlmayer, 2012).

2.8.3 Age-2 and older

After about age-2 red snapper appear to be able to better fend for themselves and move to larger more extensive structured habitats that may in fact have extensive resident predators, but as larger age-2 and 3 fish they are better able to escape predators (Gallaway et al. 2009). At this point and for the next couple of years, red snapper studies have reported different patterns of movements and residency around structured habitats. Several studies suggest a relative lack of residence, with some individuals showing long distance emigrations (Patterson et al. 2001; Patterson and Cowan 2003; Westmeyer et al. 2007; Addis et al. 2012) while other studies suggest relatively high site fidelity and with small home ranges (Szedlmayer, 1997; Szedlmayer and Schroepfer, 2005; Schroepfer and Szedlmayer 2006; Strelcheck et al. 2007; Topping and Szedlmayer, 2011a; Topping and Szedlmayer 2011b; Piraino and Szedlmayer 2012). Diamond et al. (2007) suggested both patterns are consistent with red snapper movement behavior but potentially influenced by many external variables. There are many caveats with tagging studies. Conventional tagging has the most difficulty with estimation of tag loss, non-reporting by fishers, and incorrect locations of recapture reported by private fishers. Telemetry methods have consistent problems with low sample sizes and difficulty with estimation of long distance movement. However, from a combination of these tagging studies it might be suggested that red snapper may show high site fidelity in the short term

(i.e., 1-2 years) while greater movement and lower site fidelity might be predicted on a longer term basis.

It has been suggested that larger older red snapper show less attachment to reef structure and show greater movements over open habitats (see habitat section). This scenario is principally supported by long-line studies over extensive open habitats that showed very few large old red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, but substantially greater catches from the western Gulf of Mexico (Mitchell et al. 2004). The suggestion being that larger older red snapper move to the western Gulf of Mexico. However, in contrast many larger older red snapper have been observed and continue to be collected from reef areas in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico (Orange Beach Red snapper tournament, Orange Beach, AL), but typical reef habitats from this area are difficult or impossible to sample with long-line gear. Actual mark and recapture data is almost non-existent for these large older red snapper and could potentially greatly help in this relatively unknown later life stage of red snapper.

Despite the different patterns of movement behavior observed by different studies, they are somewhat consistent in suggesting that as a whole, stocks don't show major long distance migrations and are for the most part self-replenishing, i.e., eastern compared to western Gulf stocks.

2.8.4 Recommendations

1. More information is needed to understand movement of young and older adult red snapper across along shore barriers. In particular the LHW recommends a large scale tagging study focused west and east of the Mississippi River.
2. Telemetry versus tagging approaches need to be expanded and evaluated according to shelf characteristics; e.g. cross compared in areas with little natural hard bottom habitat (yet high artificial reefs) versus areas with relatively high areal coverage of hard bottom and with more dispersed artificial reefs.
3. The LHW recommends a workshop or research symposia be convened to synthesize results and assess methodology for estimating red snapper movements and home range.

2.9 Conversion factors

Length and weight conversions in English units for SEDAR 7 (SEDAR 31-RD01) were repeated from Schirripa and Legault (1999). Most of these conversions have been updated using the combined Panama City Laboratory and Gulf States (2009-2011) dataset. The Florida Fish and Wildlife (2007-2011) dataset was used for length conversions to maximum total length and the Panama City Laboratory dataset (1994-1996, 2000 and 2008) used for weight to weight conversions.

2.9.1 Length conversions

During the workshop it was noted that total length was recorded differently depending on sampling program. Usually either a maximum total length (Max TL; pinching the caudal fin to maximum length; Kahn et al. 2004) or natural total length (Nat TL) was recorded. For consistency, Max TL was selected as the standard measure of total length for SEDAR 31. Nat TL, fork length (FL) and standard length (SL) were converted to Max TL using a 2007-2011 dataset from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Research Institute in which Max TL, Nat TL, FL and SL were measured for each red snapper. Nat TL (inches) was converted to Max TL (inches) using the regression equation shown in Equation 1 [$R^2 = 0.99$ (N= 1,866)], FL (inches) was converted to Max TL (inches) using the regression equation shown in Equation 2 [$R^2 = 0.99$ (N= 1,883)] and SL (inches) was converted to Max TL (inches) using the regression equation shown in Equation 3 [$R^2 = 0.97$ (N= 1,797)].

$$\text{Max TL (in)} = 0.1325 + \text{Nat TL (in)} * 1.022 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Max TL (in)} = 0.3868 + \text{FL (in)} * 1.058 \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Max TL (in)} = 2.0303 + \text{SL (in)} * 1.162 \quad (3)$$

Length to weight conversions

Max TL inches to whole weight (WW) pounds were converted using the Panama City dataset 2009-2011 fitted to the model of Equation 4 [$R^2 = 0.97$ (N = 6,089)]. FL inches to whole weight (WW) pounds were converted using the model of Equation 5 [$R^2 = 0.98$ (N= 5,063)].

$$\text{WW (lbs)} = 4.47\text{E-}04 * \text{Max TL (in)} ^ 2.994 \quad (4)$$

$$\text{WW (lbs)} = 6.90\text{E-}04 * \text{FL (in)} ^ 2.968 \quad (5)$$

Commercial landings are most often reported in gutted condition. Therefore, Max TL and FL conversions to gutted weight (GW) were needed for analyses. The Panama City Laboratory data set was used to establish the relation between Max TL and GW as shown in Equation 6 [$R^2 = 0.97$ (N = 6,514)] and FL and GW in Equation 7 [$R^2 = 0.98$ (N = 3,686)].

$$\text{GW (lbs)} = 4.63\text{E-}04 * \text{Max TL (in)} ^ 3.009 \quad (6)$$

$$\text{GW (lbs)} = 5.69\text{E-}04 * \text{FL (in)} ^ 3.012 \quad (7)$$

The conversion of Max TL to GW (equation 6) reported was similar to the equation given in Schirripa and Legault (1999), but it was noted that the Max TL to GW conversions (equation 6) were greater than WW conversions (equation 4). Therefore, equation 4 may underestimate WW. This may be due to the size distributions used for the equations, since the GW conversion equation was estimated using larger commercial fish (typically gutted at sea), while WW conversions were estimated using smaller recreational and fishery-independent survey fish.

2.9.2 *Weight conversions*

The Panama City laboratory had a small sample set (N= 217) of red snapper with both GW and WW recorded. The GW (lbs) was converted to WW (lbs) using the regression in shown Equation 8 [$R^2 = 0.99$] and WW (lbs) was converted to GW (lbs) using regression in Equation 9.

$$WW \text{ (lbs)} = 1.11 * GW \text{ (lbs)} - 0.264 \quad (8)$$

$$GW \text{ (lbs)} = 0.89 * WW \text{ (lbs)} + 0.2837 \quad (9)$$

It is noteworthy that the slope of equation 8 was the same as the conversion factor (1.11) for GW to WW given in Schirripa and Legault (1999) from an unknown data source.

2.9.3 *Recommendations*

1. The LHW recommends that maximum total length be used as the standard measure for SEDAR 31.
2. In order to reduce measurement error in the future, the LHW recommends that port agent, observers and field scientists record maximum total length for red snapper.
3. To increase the sample size for weight conversions the LHW recommends that both WW and GW be taken over a range of red snapper sizes.

2.10 *Episodic Events*

Gulf of Mexico red snapper populations are often impacted by a variety of episodic environmental perturbations of varying temporal and spatial scales. In the northern Gulf of Mexico, the seasonal occurrence of hypoxia can potentially effect red snapper populations. Although we are not aware of large-scale mortality of red snapper in association with summer hypoxic events, reductions in dissolved oxygen concentrations greatly reduce habitat quality. In Alabama, catch-per-unit-effort of juvenile (age-0 and age-1) red snapper within trawl samples declined significantly from July to August, likely in association with bottom dissolved oxygen concentrations that were 0 ppm (Szedlmayer and Shipp 1994). Further, an examination of essential fish habitat for juvenile red snapper indicated that recent increases in the real extent of hypoxia in the northern Gulf of Mexico may have reduced habitat carrying capacity for juvenile red snapper by an average of 19% (Gallaway et al. 1999). Hypoxia can also impact older red snapper, although the occurrence of offshore oil platforms within areas impacted by hypoxia may provide some vertical refugia (Stanley and Wilson 2004). In addition to direct effects on red snapper, hypoxia may alter the dynamics of shrimp trawl fishery and, subsequently, the quantity of bycatch-related mortality of juvenile red snapper. Macal (2002) found that shrimping effort off of Louisiana shifted offshore during years of extensive hypoxia, potentially increasing the overlap between shrimping effort and juvenile red snapper populations and associated bycatch mortality. It is important to note, however, that these potential impacts may be offset by recent reductions in overall shrimping effort.

Other environmental perturbations in addition to hypoxia have the potential to affect red snapper populations. Hurricanes can also affect red snapper populations, although hurricane-related impacts appear to relate primarily to movement and site fidelity of red snapper. In a study on artificial reefs in the north-central Gulf of Mexico, the occurrence of Hurricane Opal in 1995 greatly increased not only the probability that red snapper would move away from their original tagging location, but also significantly influenced the distance of red snapper movement (Patterson et al. 2001). Periodic upwelling events and associated reductions in temperature and increases in nutrients have been documented to contribute to mass mortality of fishes and macroinvertebrates, potentially in association with the development of near-anoxic conditions (Collard and Lugo-Fernández 1999; Collard et al. 2000). Temperature reductions also appear to contribute to seasonally-dynamic movement patterns (Topping and Szedlmayer (2011a SEDAR31-RD22). Large-scale pollution events such as the Deep Water Horizon oil spill, can result in impacts that are both direct (e.g., acute-phase mortality) and indirect (e.g., bioaccumulation through the food web) (Sumaila et al. 2012). In order to improve the stock assessment process of incorporating additional non-fishing mortality data, SEDAR is conducting a Gulf of Mexico SEDAR Episodic Events Workshop November 13-15, 2012.

2.11 Oil and Gas Platform Removal

There are estimated to be approximately 4,000 oil and gas platforms in the Gulf of Mexico (Keevin and Hempen 1997 SEDAR31-RD44; Kaiser and Pulsipher 2007). Every year some are taken out of service or removed and new platforms are added to production. Versar (2008 SEDAR31-RD31) indicated the number of platforms removed through 2020 will far exceed the number of new ones. Estimates as of 2009, indicate 140 are removed annually with 60 percent of these removals conducted by the use of explosive charges (Herbst personal communication). These structures have been shown to be used as habitat for many species of fishes. Impacts of removals to marine fishes may be significant, with an estimated 515 red snapper killed per each platform removed via explosives (Gitschlag et al. 2000 SEDAR31-RD04). Numerous methodologies exist to mitigate impacts, such as tactics to displace fish away from structures prior to ignition of crippling charges (Keevin and Hempen 1997). Keevin and Hempen (1997 SEDAR31-RD44) discuss impacts to fishes due to the pressure wave of the explosion and fishes with large swim bladders tended to be more vulnerable to internal damage. Due to this effect, surface estimates of mortality are not sufficient and estimating those fish that sink must be obtained. However, for red snapper Gitschlag et al. (2000 SEDAR31-04) found that even when mortality was doubled, impacts were estimated to be small, well within the variation of current assessments.

Providing information on fish mortality during platform removals to management agencies is not a priority of the Bureau of Environmental Safety and Enforcement because reliable estimates of red snapper abundances would be limited to surface counts (Herbst personal communication). Future cooperation is encouraged in order to include these data into assessments.

2.12 Literature Cited

- Addis, D. T., W. F. Patterson, III, and M. A. Dance. 2007. **SEDAR31-RD33** Site fidelity and movement of reef fishes tagged at unreported artificial reef sites off NW Florida. Proceedings of the 60th Gulf and Caribbean Fisheries Institute 60:297-304.
- Alagaraja, K. 1984. Simple methods for estimation of parameters for assessing exploited fish stocks. Indian Journal of Fisheries 31: 177-208.
- Allman, R. J., B. K. Barnett, H. Trowbridge, L. Goetz and N. Evou. 2012. **SEDAR 31-DW05** Red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) otolith ageing summary for collection years 2009-2011. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Panama City Laboratory, Panama City, Florida.
- Allman, R. J., G. R. Fitzhugh, K. J. Starzinger and R. A. Farsky. 2005. Precision of age estimation in red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*). Fisheries Research 73:123-133.
- Alverson, D. L., and M. J. Carney. 1975. A graphic review of the growth and decay of population cohorts. ICES Journal of Marine Science 36: 133-143.
- Bailey, H.K., J.H. Cowen, Jr., and R.L. Shipp. 2001. Experimental evaluation of potential effects of habitat size and presence of conspecifics on habitat association by young-of-the-year red snapper. Gulf Mex. Sci. **19(2)**:119-131.
- Baker, M. S. Jr., and C. A. Wilson. 2001. Use of bomb radiocarbon to validate otolith section ages of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, from the northern Gulf of Mexico. Limnology and Oceanography 46: 1819-1824.
- Beverton, R. J. H., and S. J. Holt. 1956. A review of methods for estimating mortality rates in exploited fish populations, with special reference to sources of bias in catch sampling. Rapp. Proc.-Verb. Réun. Cons. Int. Explor. Mer. 140: 67-83.
- Bortone, S. A., and C. L. Hollingsworth. 1980. Ageing red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, with otoliths, scales and vertebrae. Northeast Gulf Science 4:60-63.
- Brown-Peterson, N., K. M. Burns, and R. M. Overstreet. 2009. Regional differences in Florida red snapper reproduction. Proceedings of the Gulf and Caribbean Fisheries Institute 61:149-155.
- Camber, C. I. 1955. A survey of the red snapper fishery of the Gulf of Mexico, with special reference to the Campeche Banks, Florida State Board of Conservation, Technical Series No 12:1-64.
- Campana, S. E. 2001. Accuracy, precision and quality control in age determination, including a review of the use and abuse of age validation methods. Journal of Fish Biology 59:197-242.

- Chih, C. 2012. **SEDAR 31-DW18** On the comparisons of regional differences in the growth of red snappers from the Gulf of Mexico. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center.
- Collard, S. B. and A. Lugo-Fernández. 1999. Coastal upwelling and mass mortalities of fishes and invertebrates in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico during spring and summer 1998. OCS Study MMS 99-0049. U.S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, Louisiana.
- Collard, S. B., A. Lugo-Fernandez, G. R. Fitzhugh, J. Brusher and R. Shaffer. 2000. A mass mortality event in coastal waters of the central Florida Panhandle during spring and summer 1998. *Gulf of Mexico Science* 2000:68-71.
- Cook, M., B. K. Barnett, M. S. Duncan, R. J. Allman, C. E. Porch and G. R. Fitzhugh. 2009. Characterization of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) size and age at sexual maturity for the 2009 Gulf of Mexico SEDAR update. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Panama City Laboratory Contribution Series 09-16, Panama City, Florida.
- Cowan, J. H., K. M. Boswell, K. A. Simonsen, C. R. Saari, and D. Kulaw. 2012. **SEDAR31-DW03** Working paper for red snapper data workshop SEDAR 31. Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
- DeVries, D. A. 2006. The life history, reproductive ecology, and demography of the red porgy, *Pagrus pagrus*, in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico. Doctoral dissertation. Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida.
- Diaz, G. A., C. E. Porch, and M. Ortiz. 2004. **SEDAR7-AW-01** Growth models for red snapper in U.S. Gulf of Mexico waters estimated from landings with minimum size limits restrictions. Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division Contribution: SFD-2004-038. Miami, Florida.
- Diamond, S.L., M. Campbell, D. Olson, L. Panto, Y. Wang, J. Zeplin, and S. Qualia. Movers and stayers: Individual variability in site fidelity and movements of red snapper off Texas. 2007. **In:** Red Snapper Ecology and Fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico, (W.F. Patterson, J.H. Cowan, Jr., G.R. Fitzhugh, and D.L. Nieland, editors). *Amer. Fish. Soc. Symp.* **60**:163-188.
- Fischer, A. J., M. S. Baker Jr., and C. A. Wilson. 2004. Red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) demographic structure in the northern Gulf of Mexico based on spatial patterns in growth rates and morphometrics. *Fishery Bulletin* 102:593-603.
- Fischer, A. J., E. J. Chesney, and J. H. Cowan Jr. 2010. Validation of first annulus formation in red snapper otoliths with the use of an alizarin complexone fluorescent marker. *Environmental Biology of Fishes* 89:313-317.

- Fitzhugh, G. R, E. T. Lang, and H. Lyon. 2012. **SEDAR31-DW07** Expanded annual stock assessment survey 2011: red snapper reproduction. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Panama City Laboratory, Panama City, Florida.
- Forrest, R. E., M. K. McAllister, S. J. D. Martell and C. J. Walters. In Press. Modelling the effects of density-dependent mortality in juvenile red snapper caught as bycatch in Gulf of Mexico shrimp fisheries: implications for management. Fisheries Research.
- Futch, R. B., and G. E. Bruger. 1976. Age, growth and reproduction of red snapper in Florida waters. Pages 165-183 *in*: H.R. Bullis Jr. and A.C. Jones, editors. Proceedings: Colloquium on snapper-grouper fishery resources of the western central Atlantic ocean. Florida Sea Grant College Program Report No. 17, Gainesville, Florida.
- Gallaway, B. J., and J. G. Cole. 1999. Reduction of juvenile red snapper bycatch in the Gulf of Mexico shrimp trawl fishery. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 19:342–355.
- Gallaway, B. J., J. G. Cole, R. Meyer and P. Roscigno. 1999. Delineation of essential habitat for juvenile red snapper in the northwestern Gulf of Mexico. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 128:713-726.
- Gallaway, B. J., S. T. Szedlmayer, and W. J. Gazey. 2009. **SEDAR31-RD06, SEDAR31-RD18 A** life history review for red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico with an evaluation of the importance of offshore petroleum platforms and other artificial reefs. *Reviews in Fisheries Science* 17:48-67.
- Gazey, W. J., B. J. Gallaway, J. G. Cole, and D. A. Fournier. 2008. **SEDAR31-RD05** Age composition, growth, and density-dependent mortality in juvenile red snapper estimated from observer data from the Gulf of Mexico penaeid shrimp fishery. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 28:1828-1842.
- Gitschlag, G. R., M. J. Schirripa, and J. E. Powers. 2000. **SEDAR31-RD04** Estimation of fisheries impacts due to underwater explosives used to sever and salvage oil and gas platforms in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico: Final report. OCS Study MMS 2000-087. Prepared by the National Marine Fisheries Service. U S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, Louisiana.
- Goodyear, C. P., and M. J. Schirripa. 1993. The red grouper fishery of the Gulf of Mexico. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami Laboratory, MIA 92/93-75, Miami, Florida.
- Haddon, M. 2001. Modeling and quantitative methods in fisheries. Chapman & Hall/CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida.
- Herbst, L. MMS Regional Director. Personal communication: Letter to Tom McIlwain, Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council.

- Hewitt, D. A., and J. M. Hoenig. 2005. Comparison of two approaches for estimating natural mortality based on longevity. *Fishery Bulletin* 103:433-437.
- Hoenig, J. M. 1983. Empirical use of longevity data to estimate mortality rates. *Fishery Bulletin* 82:898-903.
- Jensen, A. L. 1996. Beverton and Holt life history invariants result from optimal tradeoff of reproduction and survival. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 53:820-822.
- Johnson, A. G., L. A. Collins, J. Dahl, and M. S. Baker. 1995. Age, growth, and mortality of lane snapper from the northern Gulf of Mexico. *Proceedings of the Annual Conference of the Southeastern Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies* 49:178-186.
- Johnson, D. R., H. M. Perry, J. Lyczkowski-Shultz, and D. Hanisko. 2009. **SEDAR31-RD13** Red snapper larval transport in the northern Gulf of Mexico. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 138:458-470.
- Johnson, D. R., H. M. Perry, and J. Lyczkowski-Shultz. 2012. **SEDAR 31-RD45** Connections between Campeche Bank and red snapper populations in the Gulf of Mexico via modeled larval transport.
- Kahn, R. G., D. E. Pearson, and E. J. Dick. 2004. Comparison of standard length, fork length and total length for measuring West coast marine fishes. *Marine Fisheries Review* 66:31-33.
- Kaiser, M. J., and A. G. Pulsipher. 2007. Idle iron in the Gulf of Mexico. OCS Study MMS 2007-031. U.S. Department of the Interior, Minerals Management Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, Louisiana.
- Keevin, T. M., and G. L. Hempen. 1997. **SEDAR31-RD44** The environmental effects of underwater explosions with methods to mitigate impacts. US Army Corps of Engineers, St. Louis, Missouri.
- Kimura, D. K. 1980. Likelihood methods for the von Bertalanffy growth curve. *Fishery Bulletin* 77:765-776.
- Kutkuhn, J. H. 1962. Gulf of Mexico commercial shrimp populations-trends and characteristics, 1956-59. *Fishery Bulletin* 62:343-402.
- Lorenzen, K. 1996. The relationship between body weight and natural mortality in juvenile and adult fish: A comparison of natural ecosystems and aquaculture. *Journal of Fish Biology* 49:627-647.
- Lorenzen, K. 2005. Population dynamics and potential of fisheries stock enhancement: practical theory of assessment and policy analysis. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London B* 360:171-189.

- Lorenzen, K. 2008. Fish population regulation beyond “stock and recruitment”: the role of density-dependent growth in the recruited stock. *Bulletin of Marine Science* 83:181-196.
- Lowerre-Barbieri, S., L. Crabtree, T. S. Switzer, and R. H. McMichael Jr. 2012. **SEDAR31-DW15** Spatio-temporal dynamics in red snapper reproduction on the west Florida shelf, 2008-2011. Florida Wildlife Research Institute, St. Petersburg, Florida.
- Macal, J. M. 2002. Potential effects of hypoxia on shrimpers and implications for red snapper bycatch in the northwestern Gulf of Mexico. Masters thesis. Duke University, Nicholas School of the Environment and Earth Sciences, Durham, North Carolina.
- Manooch, C. S. III, and J. C. Potts. 1997. Age and growth of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, Lutjanidae, collected along the southeastern United States from North Carolina through the east coast of Florida. *Journal of the Elisha Mitchell Society* 113:111-112.
- McCawley, J. R. and J. H. Cowan. 2007. Seasonal and size specific diet and prey demand of red snapper on Alabama artificial reefs. Pages 77-104 in W. F. Patterson, III, J. H. Cowan, Jr., G. R. Fitzhugh, and D. L. Nieland, editors. Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico, American Fisheries Society, Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Methot, R. D. 2010. User manual for stock synthesis, model version 3.10b. Seattle, Washington.
- Mitchell, K.M., T. Henwood, G.R. Fitzhugh, and R.J. Allman. 2004. Distribution, abundance, and age structure of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) caught on research longlines in U.S. Gulf of Mexico. *Gulf Mex. Sci.* **22(2)**: 164-172.
- Morison, A. K., P. C. Coutin, and S. G. Robertson. 1998. Age determination of back bream, *Acanthopagrus butcheri* (Sparidae), from the Gippsland Lakes of south-eastern Australia indicates slow growth and episodic recruitment. *Marine and Freshwater Research* 49:491-498.
- Mudark P.A., and S.T. Szedlmayer. 2012. **SEDAR31-RD24** Proximity effects of larger resident fishes on recruitment of age-0 red snapper in the northern Gulf of Mexico. *Tans. Am. Fish. Soc.* 141:487-494.
- Murphy, M. D. 1997. Bias in Chapman-Robson and least squares estimators of mortality rates for steady-state populations. *Fishery Bulletin* 95:863-868.
- Nelson, R. S., and C. S. Manooch III. 1982. Growth and mortality of red snappers in the west-central Atlantic Ocean and northern Gulf of Mexico. *Transactions of the American Fisheries Society* 111:465-475.
- Nieland, D. L., C. A. Wilson III, and A. J. Fischer. 2007. **SEDAR31-RD26** Declining size-at-age among red snapper in the Northern Gulf of Mexico off Louisiana, USA: recovery or collapse? Pages 329-336 in W. F. Patterson, III, J. H. Cowan, Jr., G. R. Fitzhugh and D. L.

- Nieland, editors. Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. American Fisheries Society, Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Ouzts, A. C., and S. T. Szedlmayer. 2003. Diel feeding patterns of red snapper on artificial reefs in the North-Central Gulf of Mexico. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 132:1186-1193.
- Parsons, G. R. 2012. **SEDAR31-DW01** Relative abundance of juvenile red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus* in the northern Gulf of Mexico.
- Patterson, W.F., III., and J.H. Cowan. 2003. Site fidelity and dispersion of red snapper associated with artificial reefs in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Amer. Fish. Soc. Symp. **36**: 181-193 (2003).
- Patterson, W. F. III, J. H. Cowan Jr., B. K. Barnett, and M. Z. Sluis. 2010. **SEDAR31-RD14** Estimation of the source of red snapper recruits to west Florida and south Texas with otolith chemistry: implications for stock structure and management. Final Report MARFIN grant no. NA05NMF4331072. Pensacola, Florida.
- Patterson, W. F. III, J. H. Cowan Jr., C. A. Wilson, and Z. Chen. 2008. Temporal and spatial variability in juvenile red snapper otolith elemental signatures in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 137:521-532.
- Patterson, W. F. III., J. H. Cowan Jr., C. A. Wilson, and R. L. Shipp. 2001. Age and growth of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, from an artificial reef area off Alabama in the northern Gulf of Mexico. U.S. Fish. Bull. 99:617-627.
- Patterson, W. F. III, J. H. Tarnecki, and J. T. Neese. 2010. **SEDAR31-RD27** Examination of red snapper fisheries ecology on the northwest Florida shelf (FWC-08304) Final report. Pensacola, Florida.
- Patterson, W. F. III, J. C. Watterson, R. L. Shipp, and J. H. Cowan Jr. 2001. Movement of tagged red snapper in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 130:533-545.
- Patterson, W.F. III, and C.A. Wilson, S.J. Bentley, J.H. Cowan Jr., T. Henwood, Y.C. Allen, and T.A. Dufrene. 2005. Delineating juvenile red snapper habitat on the northern Gulf of Mexico continental shelf. American Fisheries Society Symposium 41:277-288.
- Pauly, D. 1980. On the interrelationships between natural mortality, growth parameters, and mean environmental temperature in 175 fish stocks. ICES Journal of Marine Science. 39:175-192.
- Pauly, D., and C. Binohlan. 1996. FishBase and AUXIM as tools for comparing the life history patterns, growth and natural mortality of fish: applications to snappers and groupers. Pages 218-243 in F. Arreguín-Sánchez, J. L. Munro, M. C. Balgos and D. Pauly, editors. Biology,

Fisheries and Culture of Tropical Groupers and Snappers. International Center for Living Aquatic Resources Management Conference Proceedings. Makati City, Philippines.

- Piko, A.A., and S.T. Szedlmayer 2007. **SEDAR31-RD16** Effects of habitat complexity and predator exclusion on the abundance of juvenile red snapper. *J. Fish Biol.* **70**: 758-769
- Piraino M.N., and S.T. Szedlmayer 2012. **SEDAR31-DW14** Fine-scale Movements and Home Ranges of Red Snapper *Lutjanus campechanus* Around Artificial Reefs in the Northern Gulf of Mexico.
- Porch, C. E. 2007. An assessment of the red snapper fishery in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico using a spatially-explicit age-structured model. Pages 355-384. *in* W. F. Patterson, III, J. H. Cowan, Jr., G. R. Fitzhugh and D. L. Nieland, editors. Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. American Fisheries Society, Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Porch, C. E., G. R. Fitzhugh, M. S. Duncan, L. A. Collins, and M. W. Jackson. 2007. Modeling the dependence of batch fecundity on size and age for use in stock assessments of red snapper in U.S. Gulf of Mexico waters. Pages 229-244. *in* W. F. Patterson, III, J. H. Cowan, Jr., G. R. Fitzhugh and D. L. Nieland, editors. Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. American Fisheries Society, Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Pruett, C. L., E. Saillant, and J. R. Gold. 2005. Historical population demography of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) from the northern Gulf of Mexico based on analysis of sequences of mitochondrial DNA. *Marine Biology* 147:593-602.
- Quinn, T. J., and R. B. Deriso. 1999. Quantitative Fish Dynamics. Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- Ralston, S. 1987. Mortality rates of snappers and groupers. Pages 375-404 *in* J. J. Polovina and S. Ralston, editors. Tropical Snappers and Groupers: Biology and fisheries management. Westview Press, Boulder.
- Rooker, J. R., A. M. Landry Jr., B. W Geary, and J. A. Harper. 2004. Assessment of a shell bank and associated substrates as nursery habitat of postsettlement red snapper. *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf Science* 59:653-661.
- Saari, Courtney R. 2011. **SEDAR31-RD39** Comparison of the age and growth of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) amongst habitats and regions in the Gulf of Mexico. Master's thesis. Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.
- Saillant, E., S. C. Bradfield, and J. R. Gold. 2010. **SEDAR31-RD11** Genetic variation and spatial autocorrelation among young-of-the-year red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) in the northern Gulf of Mexico. *ICES Journal of Marine Science* 67:1240-1250.
- Saillant, E., and J. R. Gold. 2006. Population structure and variance effective size of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) in the northern Gulf of Mexico. *Fishery Bulletin* 104:136-148.

- Schirripa, M. J., and C. M. Legault. 1999. Status of red snapper in U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico: updated through 1998. National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division. Contribution:SFD-99/00-75. Miami, Florida.
- Schroepfer, R.L., and S.T. Szedlmayer. 2006. Estimates of residence and site fidelity for red snapper *Lutjanus campechanus* on artificial reefs in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico. *Bull. Mar. Sci.* **78**(1): 93-101 (2006).
- SEDAR (Southeast Data Assessment, and Review). **SEDAR31-RD01** Stock assessment report of SEDAR 7 Gulf of Mexico red snapper. SEDAR7 assessment report 1, 2005, Charleston, South Carolina.
- Sluis, M. Z., B. K. Barnett, W. F. Patterson III, J. H. Cowan Jr., and A. M. Shiller. 2012. Discrimination of juvenile red snapper otolith chemical signatures from Gulf of Mexico nursery regions. *Marine and Coastal Fisheries: Dynamics, Management and Ecosystem Science* 4:587-598.
- Stanley, D. R., and C. A. Wilson. 2004. Effect of hypoxia on the distribution of fishes associated with a petroleum platform off coastal Louisiana. *North American Journal of Fisheries Management* 24:662-671.
- Strelcheck, A. J., J. H. Cowan Jr., and W. F. Patterson III. 2007. **SEDAR31-RD28** Site fidelity, movement, and growth of red snapper: implications for artificial reef management. *American Fisheries Society Symposium* 60:135–148.
- Sumaila, U. R., A. M. Cisneros-Montemayor, A. Dyck, L. Huang, W. Cheung, J. Jacquet, K. Kleisner, V. Lam, A. McCrea-Strub, W. Swartz, R. Watson, D. Zeller, and D. Pauly. 2012. Impact of the Deepwater Horizon well blowout on the economics of US Gulf fisheries. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences* 69:499-510.
- Syc, T., and S. T. Szedlmayer. **SEDAR31-DW12** A comparison of the size and age of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, to the age of artificial reefs in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Auburn University, Auburn, Alabama.
- Szedlmayer, S.T. 1997. Ultrasonic telemetry of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, at artificial reef sites in the northeast Gulf of Mexico. *Copeia* 1997:846-850.
- Szedlmayer, S. T. 2011. The artificial habitat as an accessory for improving estimates of juvenile reef fish abundance in fishery management. Pages 31-44 in S. A. Bortone, F. P. Brandini, G. Fabi and S. Otake, editors. *Artificial Reefs in Fisheries Management*. CRC Press, Boca Raton, Florida.
- Szedlmayer, S. T., and S. G. Beyer. 2011. **SEDAR31-RD20** Validation of annual periodicity in otoliths of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*. *Environmental Biology of Fishes*. 91:219-230.

- Szedlmayer, S.T., and J. Conti. 1999. Nursery habitats, growth rates, and seasonality of age-0 red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, in the northeast Gulf of Mexico. *Fish. Bull.* **97**: 626-635.
- Szedlmayer, S. T., and C. Furman. 2000. Estimation of abundance, mortality, fecundity, age frequency, and growth rates of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, from a fishery-independent stratified random survey. Report to the Gulf and South Atlantic Fisheries Foundation, Inc. National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce Cooperative agreement NA87FM0221.
- Szedlmayer, S.T., and J.C. Howe. 1997. Substrate preference in age-0 red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*. *Environ. Biol. of Fishes* **50**: 203-207.
- Szedlmayer, S.T., and J.D. Lee. 2004. Diet shifts of juvenile red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) with changes in habitat and fish size. *Fish. Bull.* **102**: 366-375.
- Szedlmayer, S.T., and R.L. Schroepfer. 2005. Long-term residence of red snapper on artificial reefs in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico. *Trans. Amer. Fish. Soc.* **134**: 315-325 (2005).
- Szedlmayer, S. T., and R. L. Shipp. 1994. Movement and growth of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, from an artificial reef area in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico. *Bulletin of Marine Science* 55:887-896.
- Topping, D. T., and S. T. Szedlmayer. 2011a. Site fidelity, residence time and movements of red snapper *Lutjanus campechanus* estimated with long-term acoustic monitoring. *Marine Ecology Progress Series* 437:183-200.
- Topping, DT and S.T. Szedlmayer. 2011b. **SEDAR31-RS10** Home range and movement patterns of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) on artificial reefs. *Fisheries Research*, 112:77-84, doi:10.1016/j.fishres.2011.08.013.
- Topping, D.T. and S.T. Szedlmayer 2012. **SEDAR31-DW13** Use of ultrasonic telemetry to estimate natural and fishing mortality of red snapper.
- Udall, S. L. 1964. Manual for conducting statistical surveys of the fisheries of the United States. U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, Washington, D.C.
- Vanderkooy, S., and K. Guindon-Tisdell, editors. 2003. A practical handbook for determining the ages of Gulf of Mexico fishes. Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission, Publication Number 111, Ocean Springs, Mississippi.
- Versar, Inc. 2008. **SEDAR31-RD43** Literature search and data synthesis of biological information for use in management decisions concerning decommissioning of oil and gas structures in the Gulf of Mexico. Contract 1435-01-05-39082 for the Mineral Management Service.

- Wells, R. J. D., J. H. Cowan Jr., W. F. Patterson III, and C. J. Walters. 2008. **SEDAR31-RD31** Effect of trawling on juvenile red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) habitat selection and life history parameters. Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences 65:2399-2411.
- Westmeyer, M.P., C.A. Wilson, III, and D.L. Nieland. 2007. Fidelity of red snapper to petroleum platforms in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Pages 105-121 in W.F. Patterson, III, J.H. Cowan, Jr., G.R. Fitzhugh, and D.L. Nieland, editors. Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico. American Fisheries Society Symposium 60, Bethesda, Maryland.
- Wilson, C. A., and D. L. Nieland. 2004. The role of oil and gas platforms in providing habitat for northern Gulf of Mexico red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*. Proceedings of the 55th Gulf and Caribbean Research Institute Meeting 55:757-763.
- Wilson, C. A., and D. L. Nieland. 2001. Age and growth of red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, from the northern Gulf of Mexico off Louisiana. Fishery Bulletin 99:653-664.
- Workman, I. K., and D. G. Foster. 1994. Occurrence and behavior of juvenile red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*, on commercial shrimp fishing grounds in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico. Mar. Fish. Rev., 56(2): 9–11 (1994).
- Zavala-Hidalgo, J., S. L. Morey, and J. O'Brien. 2003. Seasonal circulation on the western shelf of the Gulf of Mexico using a high-resolution numerical model. Journal of Geophysical Research 108(C12), 3389:1-19, doi:10.1029/2003JC001879, 2003.

2.13 Tables

Table 1. Recent mortality studies – early life history.

Study	Age 0	Z Age 1	Age >1	Age 0	M Age 1	Age >1	Comments
Wells et al. 2008 Max likelihood Catch curve	6.2-8.8 2.6-9.1						Age 120-199 d extrapolated to 1 yr. Ala. untrawled sand/shell habitat. Authors caution emigration/gear bias and extrapolation to annual estimate.
Gazey et al. 2008 Model	2.2 peak prob. (0.686- 3.151)	1.3 peak prob. (0.397- 1.825)					Repeated from 2009 update. Best model VBGF with dens. dep. mortality. West Gulf data. Potential emigration bias.
Gallaway et al. 2009 Catch curve	2.6			2.0	1.2		Ala. Untrawled artificial habitat, Ave. for 3 yr. classes, Potential emigration bias, best-M inferred several studies.
Szedlmayer 2011 Catch curve	3.4			3.4			Age > 60 d. Ala. Diver counts on untrawled artificial reef. (Z=2.7 first 3 months, 0.7 next 9 months). Potential emigration bias but no evidence for spillover: Author suggests best approximation for M.
Topping and Szedlmayer 2011, SEDAR31-DW13 Telemetry			0.43-0.5			0.12-0.22	Ala. artificial and natural reefs, red snapper >500 mm TL (age-3 expected dom. age), (F=0.3-0.38). Potential effect of sample size and length of study.
Books et al. SEDAR31-RD02 RE model est. RE model dens. dep.	3.3-3.7	1.6-2.25		3.3-3.7 2.6-3.5	0.76-1.4 0.6-1.3		Repeated from 2009 update, Table 8. Gulf-wide. Low q for age 0, potential emigration bias. Analysis continues for 2012 results

Table 2. Equations for estimating natural mortality (M).

<u>Method</u>	<u>Parameters</u>	<u>Authors & Parameter Explanations</u>	<u>Equation</u>
Alverson & Carney	k, tmax	Quinn & Deriso (1999): Beverton and Holt (1956; a _m = age at 50% maturity)	$M = 3k/(\exp(0.38*tmax*k)-1)$
Beverton & Holt	k, a _m		$M = 3k/(\exp(a_m*k)-1)$
Hoening _(fish)	tmax	Hoening (1983; for fish)	$M = \exp(1.46 - 1.01*\ln(tmax))$
Hoening _(all taxa)	tmax	Hoening (1983; fish plus other taxa)	$M = \exp(1.44 - 0.982*\ln(tmax))$
Pauly	Linf, k, T	Quinn & Deriso (1999): Pauly (1980):	$M = \exp(-0.0152 + 0.6543*\ln(k) - 0.279*\ln(Linf, cm) + 0.4634*\ln(T(°C)))$ $M = 10^{(-0.0066 - 0.279*(\log(Linf)) + 0.6543*\log(K) + 0.4634*\log(T))}$
Pauly Method II (snappers and groupers)	Linf, k, T	Pauly and Binohlan (1996)	$M = 10^{(-0.0636 - 0.279*(\log(Linf)) + 0.6543*\log(k) + 0.4634*\log(T))}$ T = Average annual Sea Temperature at depth
Ralston	k	Ralston (1987)	$M = 0.0189 + 2.06*k$
Ralston (geometric mean)	k	Ralston (1987)	$M = -0.0666 + 2.52*k$
Ralston Method II	k	Pauly and Binohlan (1996)	$M = -0.1778 + 3.1687*k$
Lorenzen Age-Specific	W at age	Lorenzen (1996; ocean)	$M = 3.69*W^{(-0.305)}$
Jensen	k	Jensen (1996)	$M = 1.5*K$
Alagaraja	tmax, survivorship to tmax	Alagaraja (1984)	$M = -\ln[S(tmax)]/tmax$; derived from $S(tmax) = \exp(-M*tmax)$
Rule of thumb	tmax	Hewitt and Hoening (2005)	$M = 2.996/tmax$

Table 3. Estimates of natural mortality from equations in Table 2, based upon permutations of recent age data and resulting changes in oldest observed age and von Bertalanffy growth functions (VBGF). VBGF fits were corrected for age truncation due to commercial and recreational size limits (Diaz et al. 2004). Water temperature based upon annual mean estimate at bottom from the U.S. Gulf shelf (Johnson et al. 1995, DeVries 2006).

Data Source	Observed Max Age (years)	Number of Fish Aged	VBGF Linf (mm)	VBGF k	Water Temp. (°C)	Age at 50% Mat.	Alverson & Carney	Beverton & Holt	Hoening (fish)	Hoening (all taxa)	Pauly	Pauly Method II (snappers and groupers)	Ralston	Ralston (geometric mean)	Ralston Method II	Jensen	Hewitt & Hoening	Alagaraja (1% survival)	Alagaraja (5% survival)
2009-2011 age data	55	23785	848.48	0.22	22	2	0.0068	1.1957	0.0752	0.0825	0.4422	0.3878	0.4696	0.4848	0.5155	0.3282	0.0545	0.0837	0.0545
2009-2011 east male age data	30	2538	961.07	0.17	22	2	0.0871	1.2622	0.1387	0.1496	0.3591	0.3150	0.3648	0.3565	0.3542	0.2519	0.0999	0.1535	0.0999
2009-2011 east female age data	17	2502	1022.15	0.15	22	2	0.2802	1.2927	0.2462	0.2613	0.3210	0.2815	0.3180	0.2993	0.2823	0.2178	0.1762	0.2709	0.1762
2009-2011 west male age data	35	2844	834.31	0.23	22	2	0.0329	1.1773	0.1187	0.1286	0.4632	0.4062	0.4993	0.5211	0.5611	0.3498	0.0856	0.1316	0.0856
2009-2011 west female age data	44	2948	879.16	0.21	22	2	0.0198	1.2091	0.0942	0.1027	0.4241	0.3719	0.4482	0.4586	0.4826	0.3126	0.0681	0.1047	0.0681

Table 4. Values for Z from unweighted catch curve regression and Chapman-Robson method using criteria of peak age and right truncation of numbers-at-age.

Data source	Z, regression	Z, Chapman-Robson	N for age classes with ≥ 5 obs.	Age classes
CM HL east	1.032	0.8081	2610	4-8 yrs
CM LL east	0.808	0.5922	1249	4-9 yrs
Rec HL east	1.064	0.8700	426	4-7 yrs
FI LL east	0.7801	0.7106	103	6-9 yrs
CM HL west	0.901	0.7443	3773	4-11 yrs
CM LL west	0.1461	0.1222	231	5-15 yrs
Rec HL west	1.058	0.8718	948	5-9 yrs
FI LL west	0.1292	0.1981	405	7-24 yrs

Table 5. Otoliths sampled and otoliths assigned an age (in parentheses) by NOAA Fisheries- Panama City Laboratory and Gulf States from the major sectors during years 2009 through 2011. Panama City Laboratory sub-sampling was only conducted for the commercial hand-line sectors for Florida Panhandle and Louisiana. Sub-sampling was based upon yearly, bi-monthly waves (i.e., wave 1 = January/February; wave 2 = March/April; wave 3 = May/June; wave 4 = July/August; wave 5 = September/October; and wave 6 = November/December).

	2009	2010	2011	TOTAL
COMMERCIAL				
Hand-line	3,664 (3,544)	3,327 (3,277)	4,149 (4,121)	11,140 (10,942)
Long-line	983 (937)	430 (417)	395 (391)	1,808 (1,745)
Spear		1 (1)		1 (1)
Unknown	134 (134)	177 (177)	20 (20)	331 (331)
Vertical Long- line	1 (1)	124 (124)		125 (125)
Sub-Total	4,782 (4,616)	4,059 (3,996)	4,564 (4,532)	13,405 (13,144)
RECREATIONAL				
Charter Party	769 (766)	204 (203)	1,291 (1,289)	2,264 (2,258)
Headboat	665 (635)	529 (522)	965 (937)	2,159 (2,094)
Private	409 (408)	511 (511)	194 (194)	1,114 (1,113)
Sub-Total	1,843 (1,809)	1,244 (1,236)	2,450 (2,420)	5,537 (5,465)
TOURNAMENT				
Hand-line			40 (40)	40 (40)
Spear			16 (16)	16 (16)
Sub-Total			56 (56)	56 (56)
FISHERY INDEPENDENT				
Hand-line	378 (375)	1,155 (1,130)	1,812 (1,801)	3,345 (3,306)
Long-line	78 (76)	53 (51)	765 (749)	896 (876)
Trap	465 (458)	101 (99)	178 (174)	744 (731)
Trawl	157 (153)	307 (305)	11 (11)	475 (469)
Vertical Long-line		178 (178)	33 (33)	211 (211)
Sub-Total	1,078 (1,062)	1,794 (1,763)	2,799 (2,768)	5,671 (5,593)
TOTAL	7,703 (7,487)	7,097 (6,995)	9,869 (9,776)	24,669 (24,258)

Table 6. Otoliths sampled and otoliths assigned an age (in parentheses) by NOAA Fisheries-Panama City Laboratory and Gulf States from the major sectors by state during years 2009 through 2011. Panama City Laboratory sub-sampling was only conducted for the commercial hand-line sectors for Florida Panhandle and Louisiana. Sub-sampling was based upon yearly, bi-monthly waves (i.e., wave 1 = January/February; wave 2 = March/April; wave 3 = May/June; wave 4 = July/August; wave 5 = September/October; and wave6=November/December).

	ALABAMA	FLORIDA	LOUISIANA	MISSISSIPPI	TEXAS	TOTAL
COMMERCIAL						
Hand-line	253 (248)	4,644 (4,548)	2,295 (2,254)	334 (332)	3,614 (3,560)	11,140 (10,942)
Long-line		1,510 (1,456)	32 (32)		266 (257)	1,808 (1,745)
Spear		1 (1)				1 (1)
Unknown		4 (4)	327 (327)			331 (331)
Vertical Long-line		125 (125)				125 (125)
Sub-Total	253 (248)	6,284 (6,134)	2,654 (2,613)	334 (332)	3,880 (3,817)	13,405 (13,144)
RECREATIONAL						
Charter Party	813 (813)	507 (504)	666 (666)	33 (32)	245 (243)	2,264 (2,258)
Headboat	190 (167)	455 (444)	481 (468)		1,033 (1,015)	2,159 (2,094)
Private	129 (128)	39 (39)	583 (583)	32 (32)	331 (331)	1,114 (1,113)
Sub-Total	1,132 (1,108)	1,001 (987)	1,730 (1,717)	65 (64)	1,609 (1,589)	5,537 (5,465)
TOURNAMENT						
Hand-line		40 (40)				40 (40)
Spear		16 (16)				16 (16)
Sub-Total		56 (56)				56 (56)
FISHERY INDEPENDENT						
Hand-line	66 (66)	2,006 (1,975)	831 (825)		442 (440)	3,345 (3,306)
Long-line	73 (72)	127 (127)	369 (357)		327 (320)	896 (876)
Trap		571 (558)	102 (102)		71 (71)	744 (731)
Trawl	18 (17)	85 (84)	156 (154)		216 (214)	475 (469)
Vertical Long-line	6 (6)	159 (159)	20 (20)		26 (26)	211 (211)
Sub-Total	163 (161)	2,948 (2,903)	1,478 (1,458)		1,082 (1,071)	5,671 (5,593)
TOTAL	1,548 (1,517)	10,289 (10,080)	5,862 (5,788)	399 (396)	6,571 (6,477)	24,669 (24,258)

Table 7. Total number of red snapper aged by Panama city Laboratory for years 1991 – 2011 for each NMFS shrimp statistical grid (Kutkuhn 1962), including the total number of red snapper aged for gear type = long-line and total # of red snapper that were aged to be 20+ years old. Dark gray fill = grids for which long-line gear had a relatively high percent frequency of samples aged. Light gray fill = grids for which long-line gear and 20+ year old red snapper had a percent frequency greater than 15 percent but smaller than 30 percent frequency. Blank = shrimp statistical grids for which no grid was assigned due to lack of sufficient information.

Shrimp Statistical Grid	Total # of Aged Fish	Total # of 20+ Years	% Frequency of 20+ Years	Total # of Aged Fish for Long-line Gear	% Frequency of Long-line Gear
1	64				0.000%
2	238	2	0.840%	218	91.597%
3	146	5	3.425%	123	84.247%
4	645	5	0.775%	286	44.341%
5	1,457	10	0.686%	989	67.879%
6	1,880	3	0.160%	899	47.819%
7	321			31	9.657%
8	3,107	1	0.032%	249	8.014%
9	1,809	3	0.166%	33	1.824%
10	4,426	22	0.497%	137	3.095%
11	2,236	9	0.403%	164	7.335%
12	501	2	0.399%		0.000%
13	2,679	14	0.523%	396	14.782%
14	3,435	30	0.873%	643	18.719%
15	2,006	23	1.147%	415	20.688%
16	3,390	50	1.475%	381	11.239%
17	2,224	43	1.933%	225	10.117%
18	2,881	26	0.902%	243	8.435%
19	555	9	1.622%	50	9.009%
20	1,548	73	4.716%	557	35.982%
21	3,544	77	2.173%	1,065	30.051%
Blank	24,410	100		1,099	
Total	63,502	507		8,203	

Table 8. Summary of von Bertalanffy growth parameters (L_{inf} = asymptotic length, k = growth coefficient, t_0 = size at time zero), σ (global variance parameter), and negative log-likelihood from the size-modified von Bertalanffy growth model for red snapper (2009-2011). Commercial size-limit = 330.2 mm and recreational size-limit = 406.4. All lengths are in maximum total length (mm). CM HL = commercial hand line, CM LL = commercial long-line, REC = recreational. EAST = Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, WEST = Louisiana and Texas.

Region	Mode & Gear	Sex	n	L_{inf}	k	t_0	σ	nLL
ALL	ALL	ALL	23,785	848.4797	0.2188	-0.0611	79.0628	135235.00
ALL	CM HL	ALL	10,890	814.0920	0.2214	-0.1402	74.8917	60951.90
ALL	CM LL	ALL	1,744	787.9280	0.2814	-0.1479	65.9517	9739.25
ALL	REC	ALL	5,114	780.8090	0.2886	-0.0010	76.3411	28716.80
ALL	ALL	MALE	5,382	847.4239	0.2256	-0.0465	80.0254	30680.00
ALL	ALL	FEMALE	5,450	889.5321	0.2011	-0.0827	83.5110	31275.20
EAST	ALL	ALL	8,354	887.8340	0.2066	-0.0010	76.1314	46624.00
EAST	CM HL	ALL	5,090	934.2734	0.1843	-0.0010	75.1549	28293.20
EAST	CM LL	ALL	1,455	799.6480	0.2828	-0.0786	64.0740	8080.04
EAST	REC	ALL	1,809	820.7583	0.2323	-0.0010	81.0256	9968.87
EAST	ALL	MALE	2,538	961.0663	0.1679	-0.4532	71.7103	14198.90
EAST	ALL	FEMALE	2,502	1022.1548	0.1452	-0.5759	76.5227	14147.00
WEST	ALL	ALL	9,394	797.8550	0.2431	-0.1487	79.8890	53345.50
WEST	CM HL	ALL	5,800	806.2735	0.1879	-0.9697	72.3472	32534.40
WEST	CM LL	ALL	289	831.4622	0.2032	-0.2090	61.4247	1595.54
WEST	REC	ALL	3,305	778.1142	0.2790	-0.5071	70.6705	18553.90
WEST	ALL	MALE	2,844	834.3052	0.2332	-0.0010	86.8095	16425.50
WEST	ALL	FEMALE	2,948	879.1609	0.2084	-0.0010	89.1393	17092.30

Table 9. Region, fishery and sex, size-modified von Bertalanffy growth curves were compared using a likelihood ration test for coincident curves. CM HL = commercial hand line, CM LL =commercial long-line, REC = recreational. EAST = Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, WEST = Louisiana and Texas.

Comparison	Likelihood Ratio	P value
East vs. West	1125.07	1.18E-246
East vs. All data	8896.16	0.00E+00
West vs. All data	8738.53	0.00E+00
CM Hand-line		
East vs. West	710.95	1.24E-156
East vs. All CM HL	3906.39	0.00E+00
West vs. All CM HL	3641.16	0.00E+00
CM Long-line		
East vs. West	2360.28	0.00E+00
East vs. All CM LL	271.75	4.72E-61
West vs. All CM LL	522.79	1.05E-115
Recreational		
East vs. West	1123.77	2.25E-246
East vs. All REC	1913.95	0.00E+00
West vs. All REC	1443.63	0.00E+00
Male vs. Female		
Male vs. All data	103.41	2.72E-24
Female vs. All data	7983.68	0.00E+00
Female		
East vs. West	7979.83	0.00E+00
East vs. All Females	473.19	6.47E-105
West vs. All Females	1984.89	0.00E+00
Male		
East vs. West	1781.17	0.00E+00
East vs. All Males	369.71	2.16E-82
West vs. All Males	1955.39	0.00E+00

Table 10. Fraction of females bearing histological spawning markers by region and statistical grid during 2011 Gulf-wide CSSP survey (re-drawn with further break down by grid from Table 2 in Fitzhugh et al. (2012 SEDAR 31-DW07)).

	Statistical grids	N females	Fraction with spawning markers
W FL shelf	3-7	60	0.25
FL panhandle	8-9	125	0.35
AL-MS	10-12	80	0.39
E LA	13-14	100	0.27
W LA	15-17	328	0.48
N TX	18-19	152	0.28
S TX	20-21	157	0.46

Table 11. Relative batch fecundity of red snapper, 1991 – 2012.

Year	Relative Batch Fecundity	S.D	N	Location	Source
1991	84	47	9	FL	PC Lab
1992	64	50	12	FL	PC Lab
1993	63	61	42	FL	PC Lab
1994	73	59	52	FL, AL, LA	PC Lab
1998	56	86	54	Gulf-wide	PC Lab
1999	111	69	52	Gulf-wide	PC Lab
1999	96	71	41	AL, LA	USA
1999	67	40	21	AL	Szedlmayer and Furman
2000	108	116	14	Gulf-wide	PC Lab
2000	108	87	125	AL, LA	USA
2001	94	66	14	Gulf-wide	PC Lab
2001	142	115	53	AL, LA	USA
2002	106	69	12	Gulf-wide	PC Lab
2004	27	27	6	Tortugas, FL	Brown-Peterson et al.
2009	107		8	LA	Cowan et al.
2011	49	40	50	Gulf-wide	CSSP
2012	126	35	4	FL	PC Lab

2.14 Figures

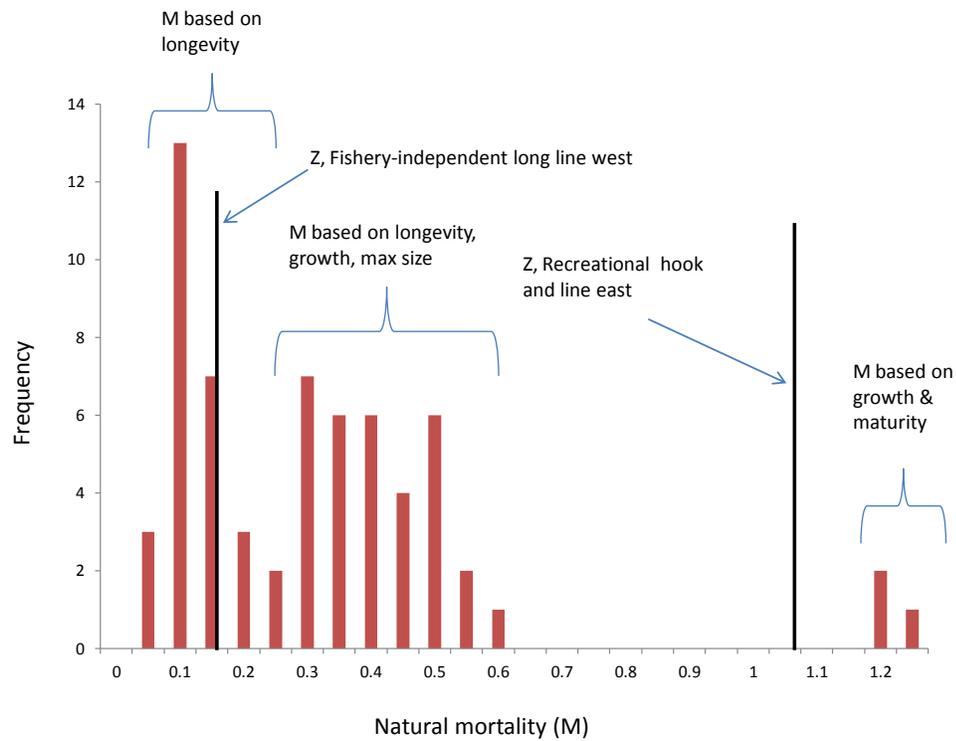


Figure 1. Bar chart of natural mortality estimates shown for graphical purposes; note that estimates from life history equations are not independent, rather they are based upon permutations of age and growth data (see Table 3). For comparison, Z values (black lines) are shown for highest and lowest regression estimates (see Table 4).

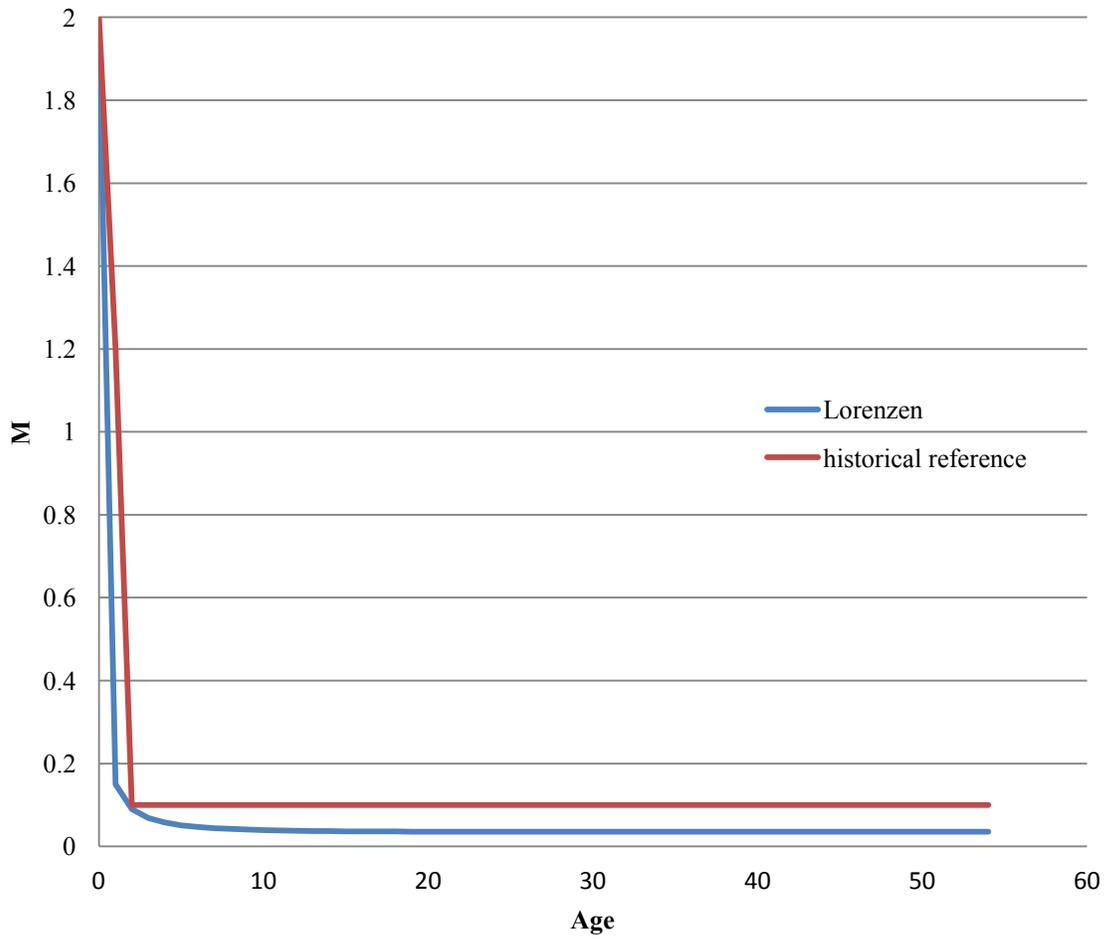


Figure 2. Values for natural mortality used in the 2009 assessment update (in red); age-0 = 2.0, age-1 = 1.2, ages > 1 = 0.1. For purposes of comparison, a Lorenzen fit is shown (in blue) scaled to $t_{max} = 50$ years.

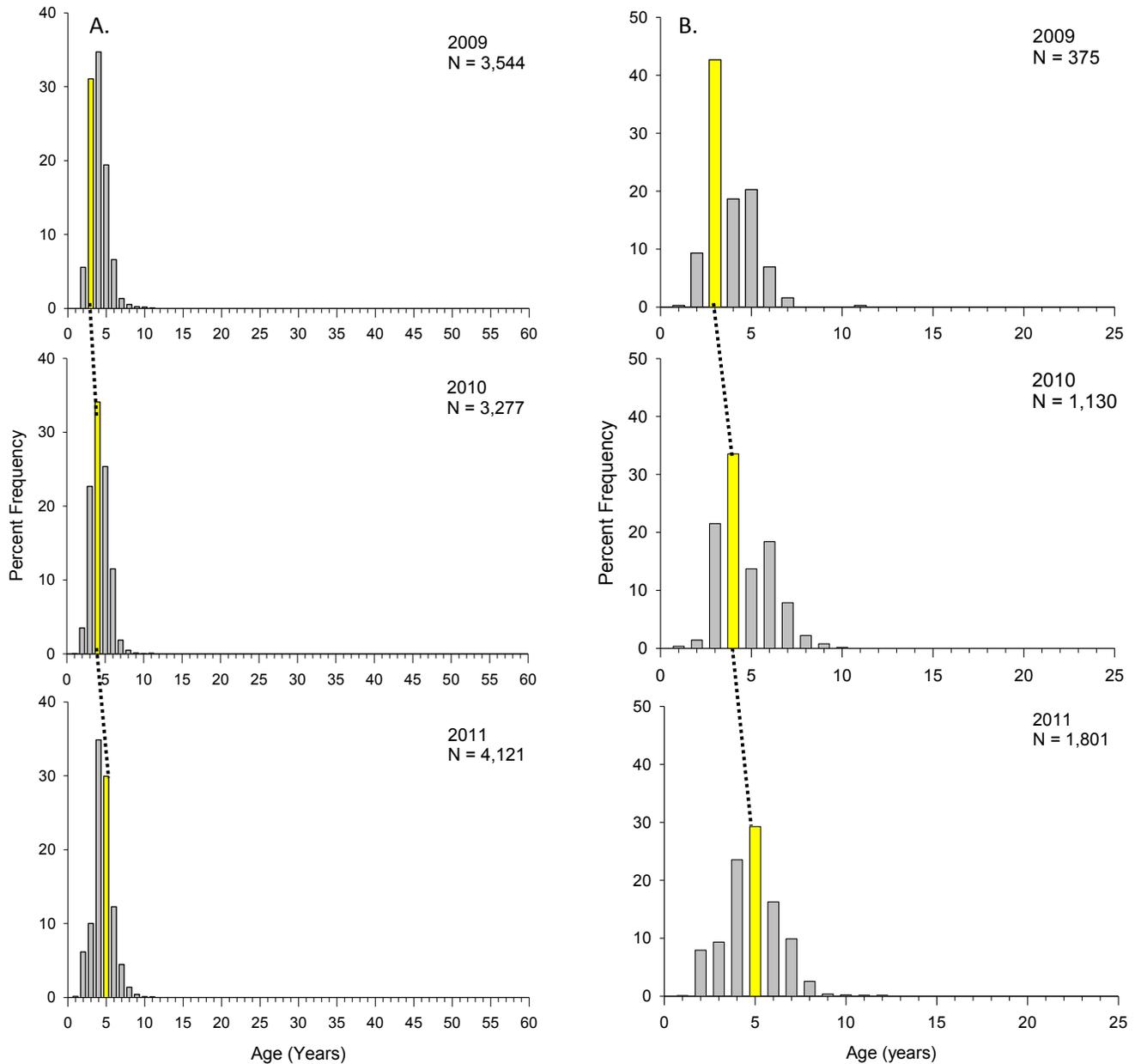


Figure 3. Red snapper age frequency distributions 2009 to 2011 for the commercial hand-line fishery (A) and fishery-independent hand-line survey (B). Yellow bars and dotted lines represent 2006 year class.

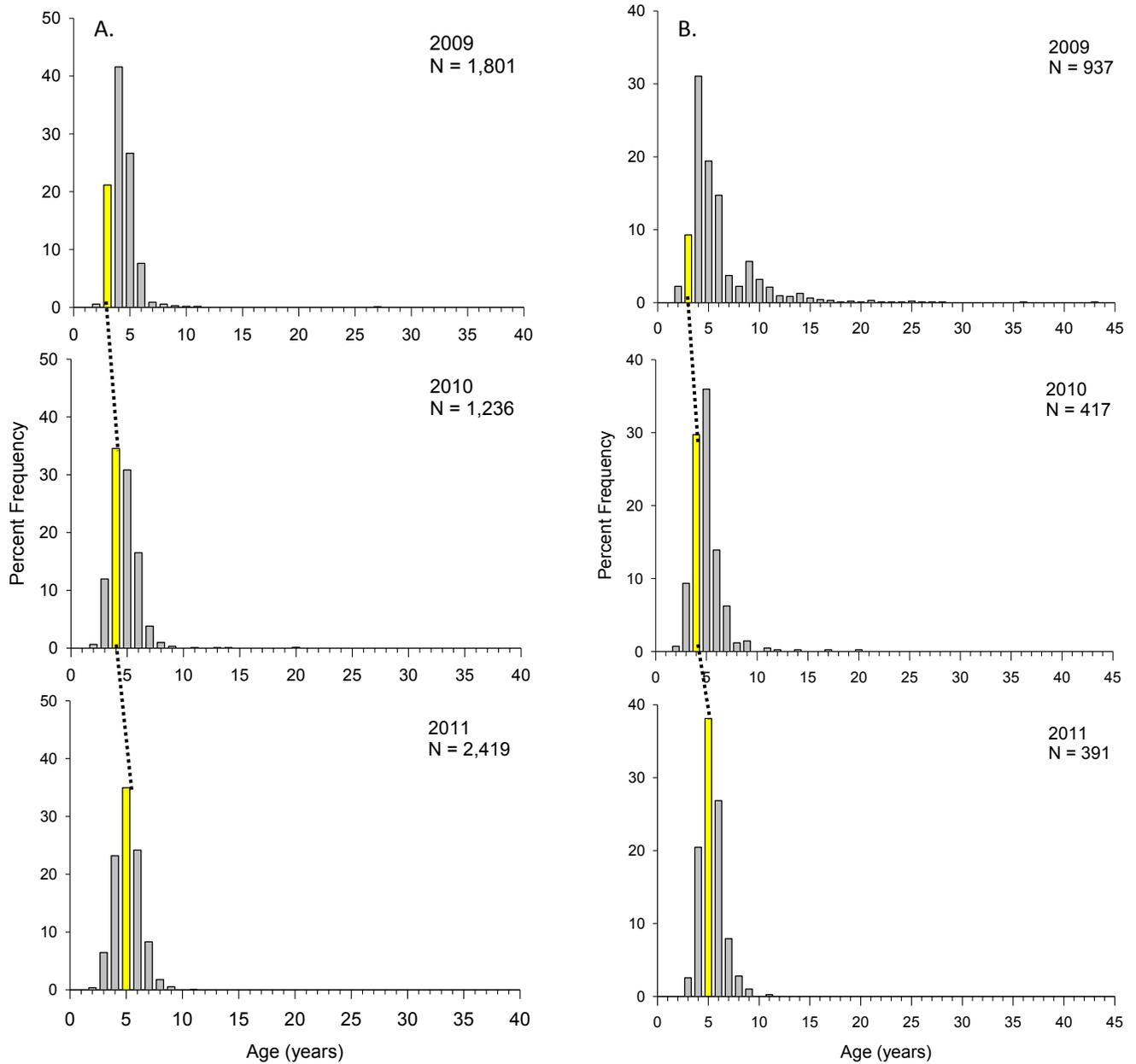


Figure 4. Red snapper age frequency distribution 2009 to 2011 for the recreational hand-line fishery (A) and the commercial long-line fishery (B). Yellow bars and dotted lines represent 2006 year class.

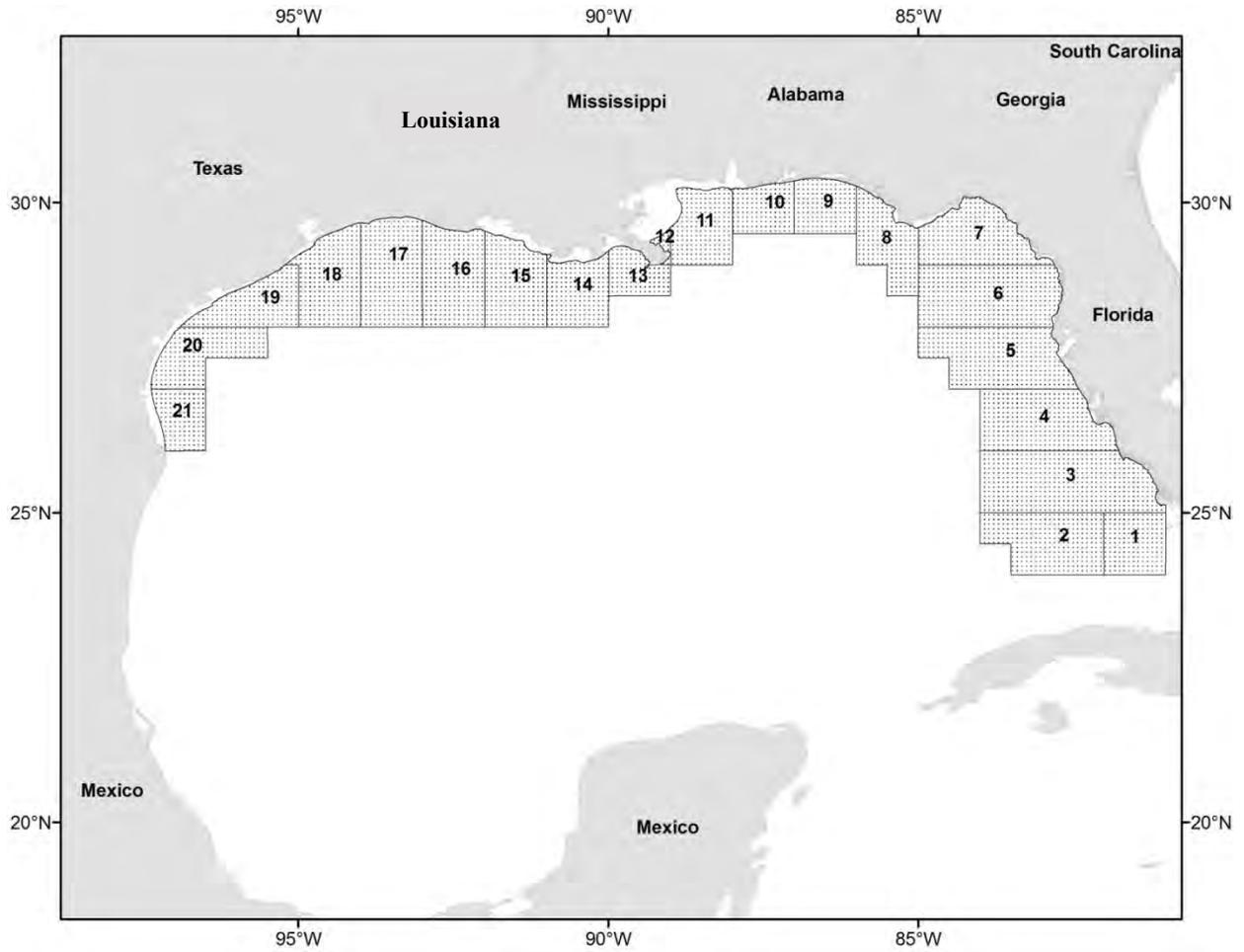


Figure 5. Map of Northern Gulf of Mexico indicating statistical subareas 1 – 21.

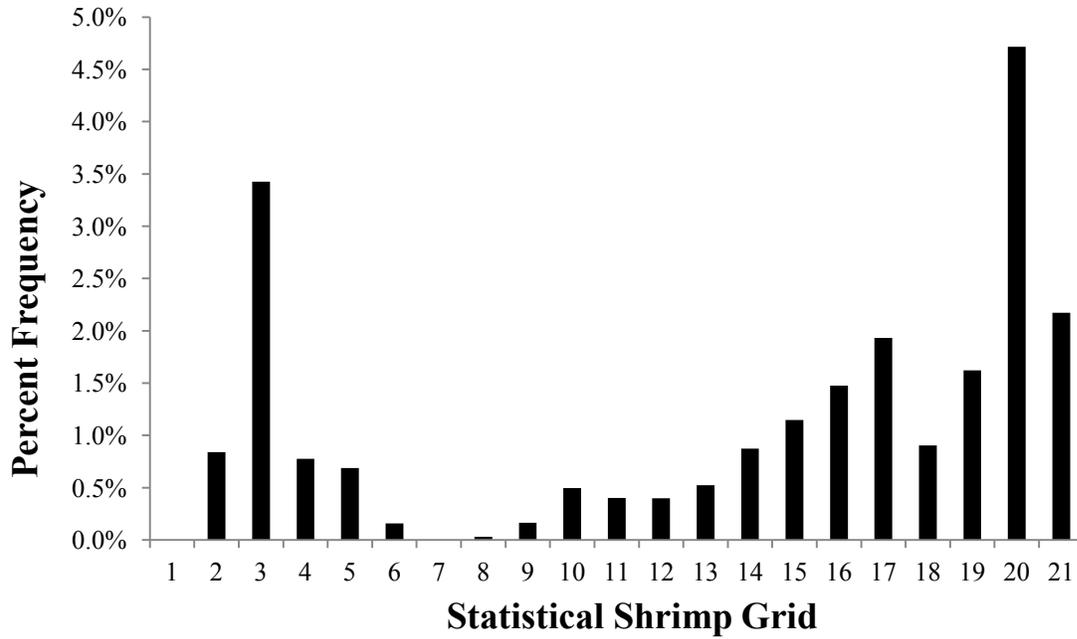


Figure 6. Percent frequency of red snapper age 20 years and older by statistical shrimp grid (1991-2011).

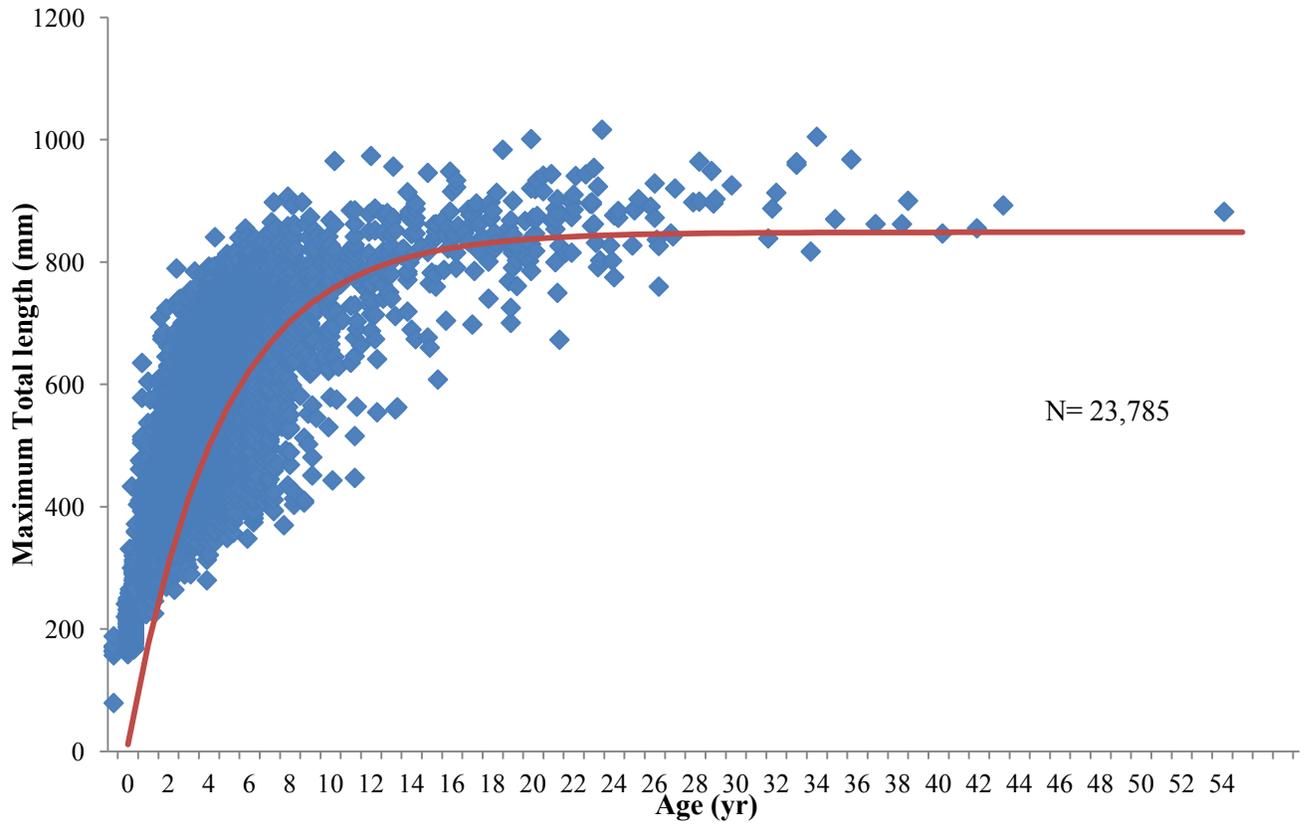


Figure 7. Size-modified von Bertalanffy growth curve developed for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from fishery dependent and independent collections.

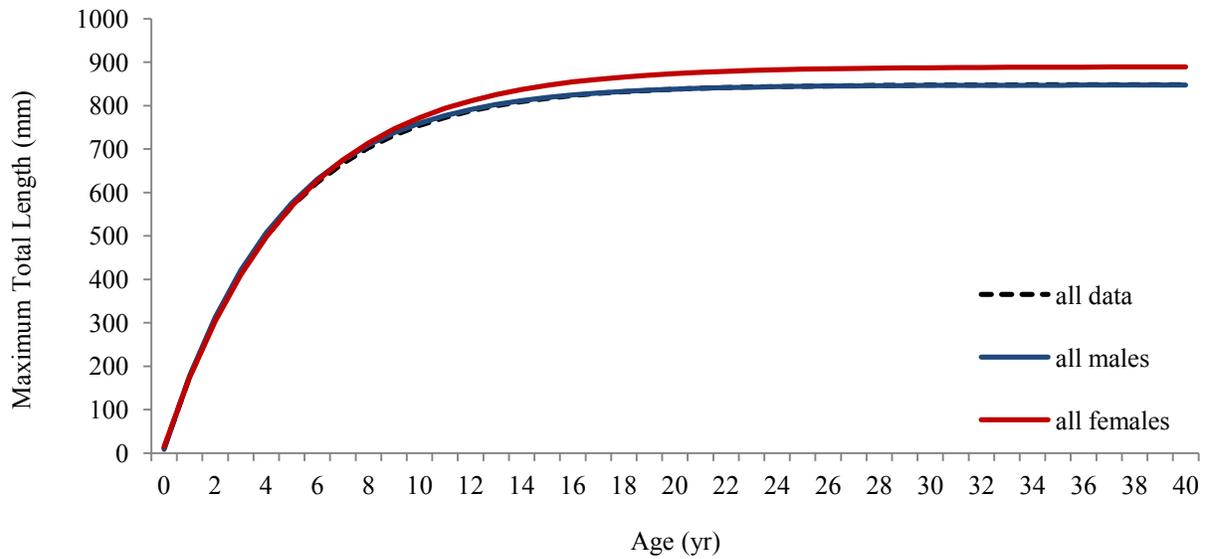


Figure 8. Size-modified, sex specific von Bertalanffy growth curves for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

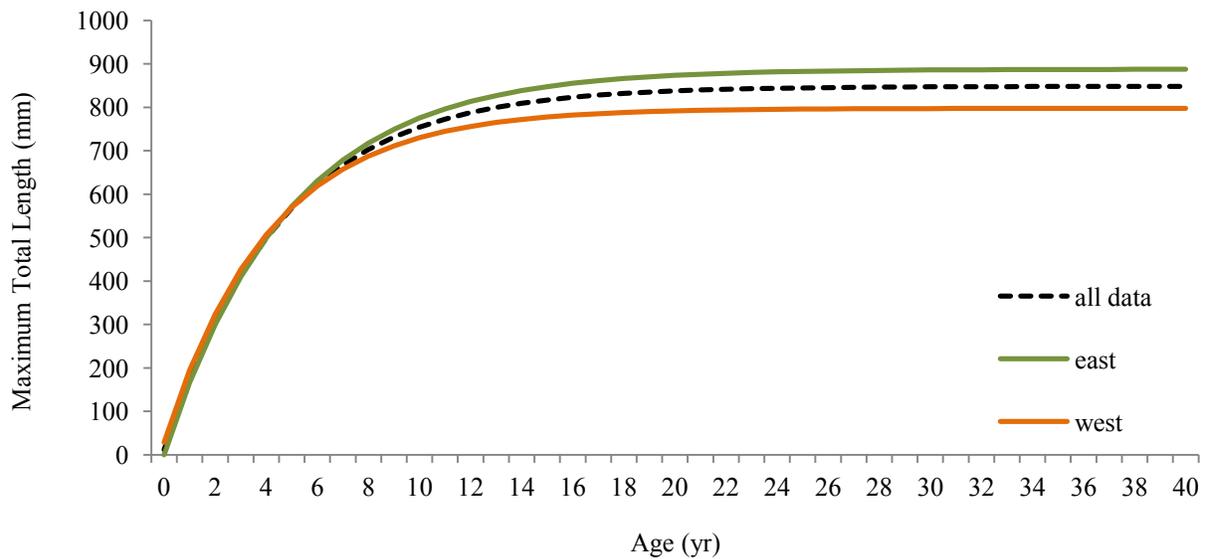


Figure 9. Size-modified, region specific von Bertalanffy growth curves for Gulf of Mexico red snapper corrected.

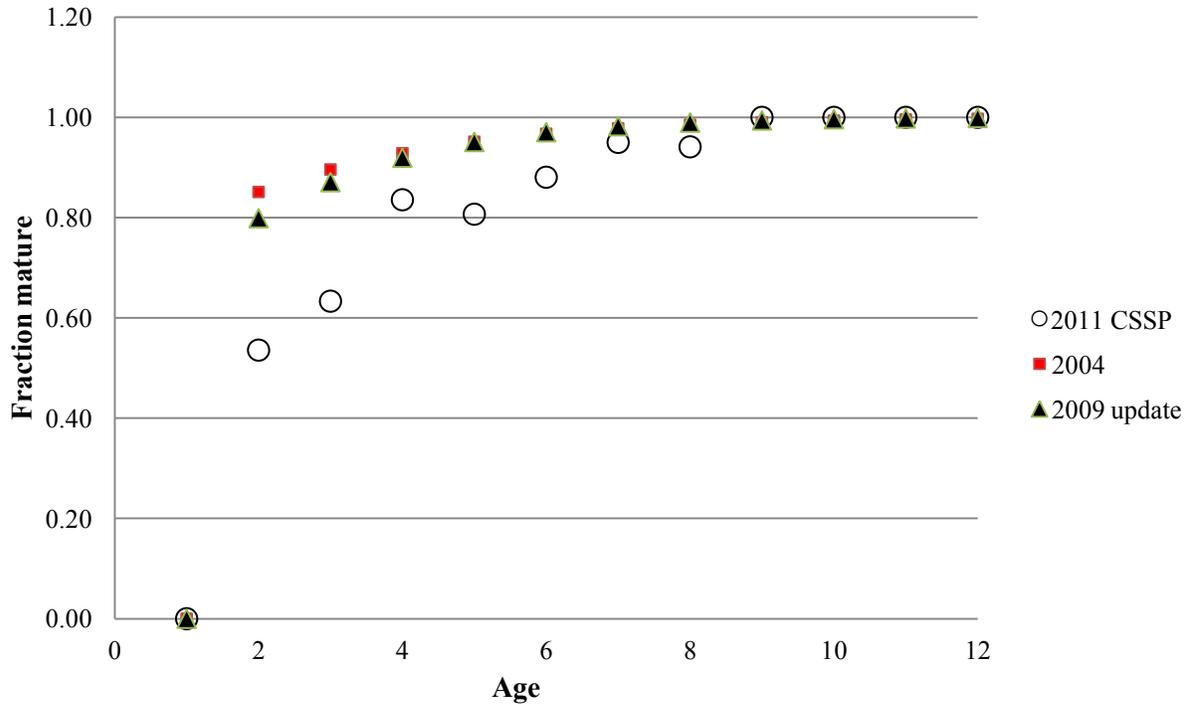


Figure 10. Fitted points (solid symbols) for female age-at-maturity are shown for previous assessments; 2004 and update in 2009 (n=2371 females). Estimated fraction mature aggregated at age are shown (open circles) for the 2011 CSSP project (n=433 females). Age 12 is a plus group for CSSP data.

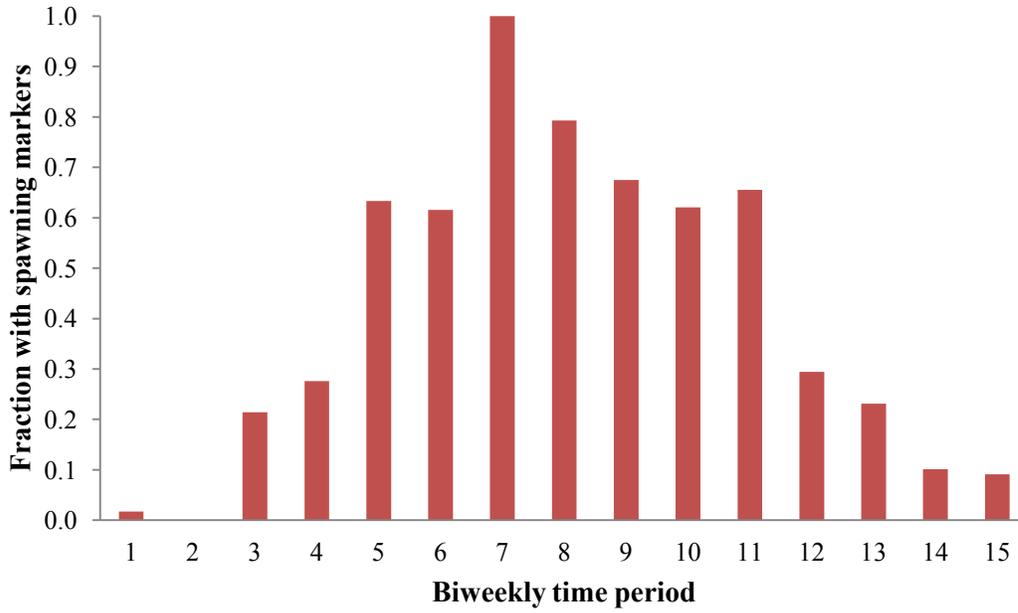


Figure 11. Seasonal reproductive development of female red snapper summarized by biweekly time period during the 2011 CSSP survey (N = 992, biweekly dates range from April-October, see Fitzhugh et al. 2012). Note that time period 7 is represented by small sample size (n= 2).

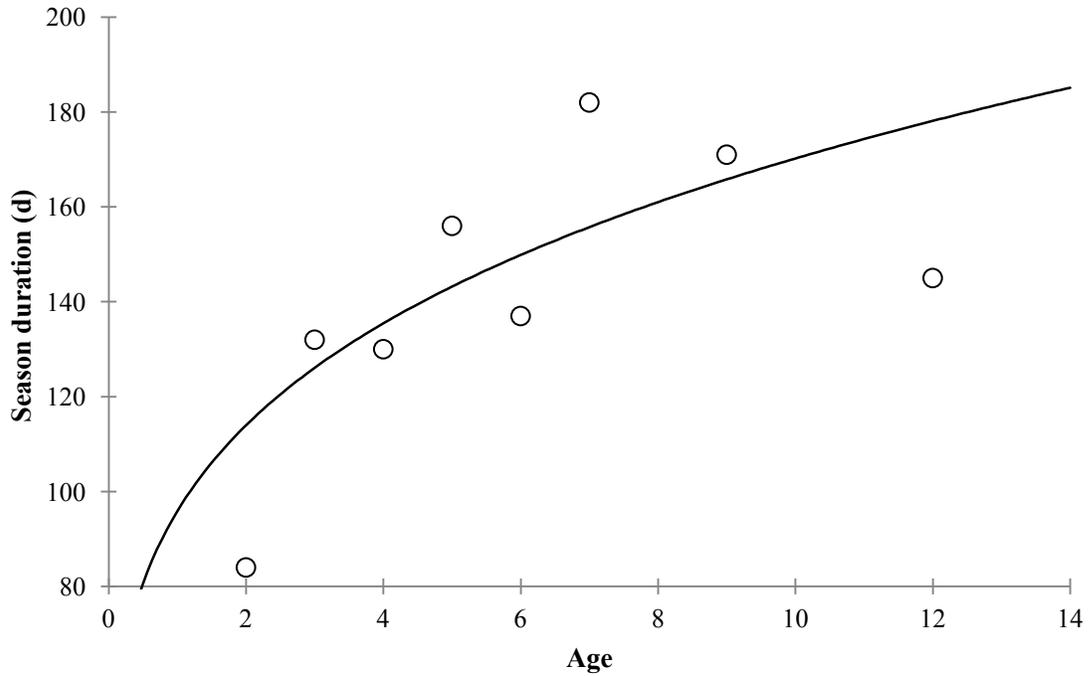


Figure 12. Non-linear weighted regression of the spawning season duration in days by age. Duration determined based upon the earliest and latest appearance of spawning markers by age. Due to sample size, ages 8-10 were aggregated and oldest ages aggregated as plus group, age 11+. Duration = $95.895 (\text{Age})^{0.249}$. $R^2=0.47$ (from Fitzhugh et al. 2012 SEDAR31-DW07).

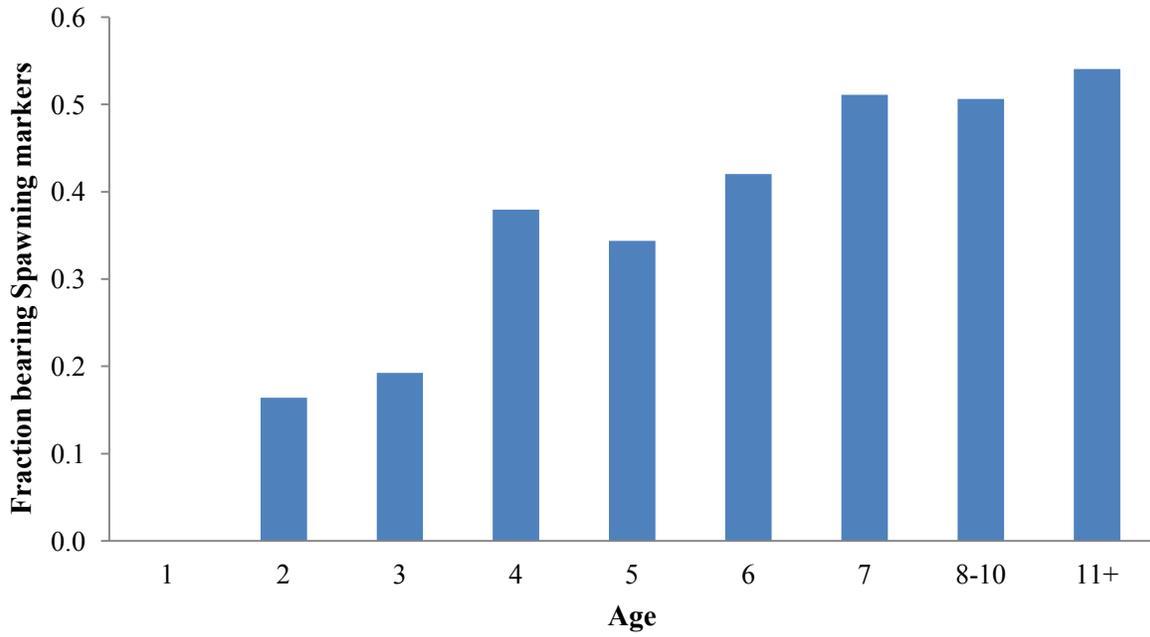


Figure 13. Fraction of females histologically assessed bearing spawning markers (H, POF stage, from Fitzhugh et al. 2012).

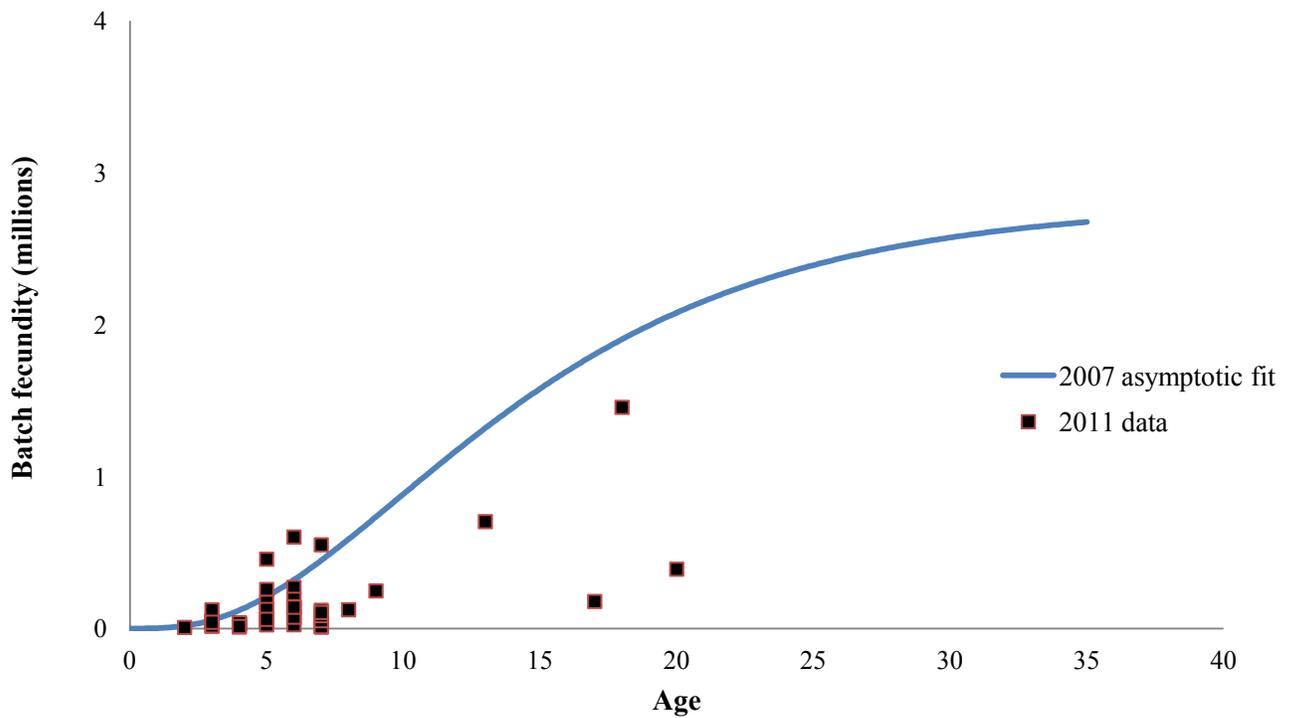


Figure 14. Batch fecundity by age from females in late hydration from the 2011 CSSP survey (from Fitzhugh et al. 2012). For comparison, the asymptotic age-batch fecundity relationship is shown (Porch et al. 2007) based upon a larger batch fecundity data set.

3 Commercial Fishery Statistics

3.1 Overview

Commercial landings of red snapper for the U.S. Gulf of Mexico were constructed using data housed in the NOAA's Southeast Fisheries Science Center's Accumulated Landings System (ALS) from 1964 through 2011. For landings between 1880 and 1963, previously constructed historical landings were used. In constructing the 1964-2011 time series, port of landing was used to assign water body when water body was not present. For missing or unclassified gears, proportions from the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program (CFLP) were used when available. Florida General Canvass gear proportions were applied to Florida landings. Total annual landings from the IFQ program were used for years 2007-2011. These landings were used to reapportion 2007-2011 ALS landings across strata.

Discards were calculated for the directed fishery using CFLP discard logbook data, as well as from the reef fish observer program. In addition to the directed fishery discards, shrimp bycatch estimates of red snapper were calculated using observer data and estimated shrimping effort.

Length frequency distributions were constructed for red snapper in the years 1984-2011 using available TIP length data. Length frequencies were provided by year, region (East GoM, West GoM), and gear (longline, handline). Length frequency distributions were also constructed from observer data from 2006-2011. This allowed for investigation of discard lengths by year and by IFQ allocation. Age frequency distributions were constructed by year, region, and gear. A comparison of the age lengths with the length data was done to assess bias in otolith sampling.

3.1.1 Participants in SEDAR 31 Data Workshop Commercial Workgroup

Neil Baertlein, NMFS Miami (group leader)
 Ching-Ping Chih, NMFS Miami
 David Donaldson, GMFMC
 David Gloeckner, NMFS Miami
 Gary Graham, Gulf Red Snapper AP
 Wade Griffin, Texas A&M University
 David Krebs, Commercial Fisherman
 Brian Linton, NMFS Miami (lead assessment scientist)
 Jim Nance, NMFS Galveston
 Jessica Stephen, NMFS SERO
 Donnie Waters, Commercial Fisherman
 Wayne Werner, Commercial Fisherman

Other contributors: Shannon Calay, Kevin McCarthy, Refik Orhun, Benny Gallaway

3.1.2 Issues Discussed at the Data Workshop

Issues the workgroup addressed in terms of commercial landings included historical landings, boundaries, gears, and IFQ reported landings. For red snapper discards and bycatch the

workgroup discussed estimates created from self-reported logbooks, directed fishery observers, and shrimping bycatch. Size composition discussions included the representativeness of lengths sampled from observers and dockside sampling, as well as from otoliths obtained from dockside samples.

3.2 Review of Working Papers

The workgroup considered data and analyses presented from five data workshop working papers.

SEDAR31-DW02: This document provides an overview of the Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper IFQ program as well as a description of the data collected by the IFQ office at NOAA's Southeast Regional Office. The group recommended the total landings be used for the years 2007 through 2011.

SEDAR31-DW10: This document provides length frequency distributions for commercial and recreational red snapper landings in the Gulf of Mexico.

SEDAR31-DW30: This document provides shrimp bycatch estimations for red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico as well as the Bayesian model used to construct estimations. The group recommended using the 3-depth zone model for bycatch estimations.

SEDAR31-DW31: A detailed summary of the methods used to calculate total commercial discards from self-reported logbooks and observed trips.

SEDAR31-DW32: A detailed summary of the methods used to produce red snapper size frequency histograms of discarded and landed (kept) fish using data collected by commercial fisheries observers

3.3 Commercial Landings

Commercial landings were compiled from the ALS from 1964-2011. Red snapper landings are provided in Table 3.1 by year, gear (longline, handline+) and region (Eastern and Western Gulf of Mexico). Landings for 'handline+' in the eastern Gulf of Mexico were also separated by southern and northern sub-regions in Table 3.2. As recognized in the 2004 SEDAR 7 DW report, there are several situations where the landings data may not have the desired level of resolution. The following issues were identified:

1. Only annual data are available for 1962 – 1977
2. In 1962 and 1963, significant proportions of landings, 99.89% and 18.26%, respectively, are only reported as water body code 5000 (Gulf of Mexico), without the distinction to eastern or western Gulf
3. For Florida, gear and fishing area are not available for monthly data for 1977 - 1984
4. For Louisiana, gear and fishing area are not available for 1990 - 1999

5. For Texas, an unusually large of allocations of red snapper landings are assigned to shrimp trawl gear for 1978 - 1983
6. For Texas, gear and fishing area are not available for 1990 - 2011.

There is a lack of resolution for the 1962 - 1977 period, however there was no need to distribute the annual percentages by gear and fishing area by month for this time period.

For the landings on the west coast of Florida during the period 1977 - 1996, data on the allocation of landings gear and fishing area are available from the Florida general canvass data which has annual landings data by gear and water body from 1976 to 1996. Proportions from the annual general canvass were applied to the monthly ALS data to provide the desired resolution for the landings time series. The annual Florida general canvass landings data were used from 1977 – 1989 to allocate gear and statistical area to the landings.

To supply gears and areas for the Louisiana data, CFLP data were used to apportion landings accordingly.

Landings in Texas from 1978 to 1983 were classified as gear code ‘0’ or ‘215’ (unclassified gear or shrimp trawl). No vertical (hand or electric) or longline gear was present for TX landings. To account for the missing gears, apportioning of Texas landings by gear for 1978 through 1984 was performed by using proportions. See section 3.3.4 for further discussion.

To supply gears and areas for the Texas landings beginning in 1990, CFLP data were used to apportion landings accordingly.

In summary, for landings 1990 and later the gear allocations available in the general canvass (trip ticket) data were retained and the gear allocations from the CFLP were used for Louisiana (1990 - 1999, the Louisiana trip ticket data without gear designations for 2000 - 2003) and for Texas landings.

Further details regarding the data in ALS and General Canvass can be found Appendix A.

3.3.1 Historical Landings

In SEDAR7, historical landings of red snapper were constructed from 1880-1962 using various data sources. Landings data were by port, but were assigned to region based upon several historical references. Further detail can be found in SEDAR7-AW22 (Porch). A table of the historical landings can be found in Table 3.3.

Decision 1: Use Historical landings (1880-1963) as constructed in 2004 (Porch).

3.3.2 Boundaries

Gulf of Mexico landings are spatially distributed using the statistical areas 1 to 21, reaching from statistical area 1 in the Florida Keys to statistical area 21 bordering Mexico, see Figure 3.1.

Statistical areas 1-12 are assigned to the eastern Gulf stock, statistical areas 13-21 are assigned to the western Gulf stock. The ‘handline+’ landings in the eastern Gulf are further distinguished into a southeastern component, statistical areas 1- 7, and a northeastern component, statistical areas 8- 12.

The CFLP landings are reported by statistical area 1-21. ALS landings are reported by water body. When available, water body code is converted to statistical areas using the first two digits of the water body codes. When ALS water body is not available, county of landing is used to assign the nearest statistical area.

The Gulf of Mexico and South Atlantic stock boundary lays in areas 1 and 2. The Gulf of Mexico landings from areas 1 and 2 are taken from water bodies north of highway U.S. 1 in the Florida Keys and north of the boundary line that extends from Key West to the Dry Tortugas. Waters west of the Dry Tortugas are considered to be the Gulf of Mexico.

Decision 2: The workgroup’s decision was to maintain the region boundaries as defined in SEDAR7.

- Eastern Gulf of Mexico: Statistical areas 1-12
- Western Gulf of Mexico: Statistical areas 13-21

3.3.4 *Gears*

Gears were assigned in the same fashion as done in SEDAR7 by using two gear types, long line and ‘handline+’, which is hand line and all other gears. The codes for these gear types are in ALS, Florida General Canvass data, and the CFLP and can be found in Tables 3.4 and 3.5.

Landings in Texas from 1978 to 1983 were classified as gear code ‘0’ or ‘215’ (unclassified gear or shrimp trawl). No vertical (hand or electric) or longline gear was present for TX landings. To account for the missing gears, apportioning of Texas landings by gear for 1979 through 1983 was performed by using proportions presented in Parrack and McClellan, 1986. Proportions used were an annual accumulative of proportions by age and gear for the western Gulf of Mexico (Table 3.6) Proportions for 1978 were not available and as best estimate the proportions from 1979 were also used for 1978.

Decision 3: Use landings provided in 1986 document (Parrack and McClellan, 1986) to apportion TX landings in 1978-1983.

3.3.5 *IFQ Landings*

The red snapper Individual Fishing Quota program (RS-IFQ) is an online system where all transactions (share, allocation, and landing transfers) are recorded immediately upon entry by RS-IFQ participants. Landing transactions contain the following information: shareholder, vessel, and dealer name, landing date/time, landing location, species and pounds landed, and a landing confirmation number. Landings transactions cannot be completed for more pounds than are allocated to the vessel at the time of the landing and are not completed until approved by both the dealer and shareholder. The RS-IFQ program records all weights in gutted pounds, but these

analyses all landings were converted to whole weight by multiplying by 1.11. Individual landings were summed for annual total pounds landed. Please refer to the Data Workshop working document SEDAR31-DW02 for further details about the RS-IFQ program.

In the IFQ years (2007 and later) commercial landings were based on ALS and IFQ reporting, rather than just ALS. IFQ landings reported were more likely to be accurate and, with the exception of 2009, possessed a higher landings total. The range in landings disparities between ALS and IFQ ranged from -0.37% to 3.27%. For the assessment, ALS data are assigned to gear and statistical area (and thereby region) using logbook proportions of the landings (rather than dealer information). To maintain this resolution in ALS data, ALS landings were adjusted across strata using the percent difference between ALS and IFQ landings (Table 3.7). The resulting total ALS landings for 2007 through 2011 would then reflect that of IFQ.

Decision 4: Use total IFQ landings from 2007 through 2011. Apply the differences between ALS and IFQ to ALS data across all strata.

3.4 Discards and Bycatch

Red snapper discards in the Gulf of Mexico were calculated from data collected by the CFLP's self-reported discard logbook and NOAA Fisheries Gulf of Mexico reef fish observer program. In addition to these directed fisheries discards, estimates of red snapper bycatch from the commercial shrimping fleet were also generated.

3.4.1 Discards from Finfish Directed Fisheries

Full details of the methods of discard calculation can be found in SEDAR31-DW31.

Yearly red snapper discards calculated using self-reported discard rates, uncorrected for possible under reporting are provided in Tables 3.8 (vertical line) and 3.9 (bottom longline). Discards totals were in close agreement to those calculated for the 2009 red snapper assessment update. Minor differences were likely due to removal of duplicate records and correction of erroneous records in the data base. In addition, where discard rates were calculated as a mean rate across multiple years; those rates changed with additional years of data. Very low calculated discards for "IFQ west" were driven by decreasing reported effort over time and low discard rates reported, especially during 2009-11.

The vertical line fishery accounted for the majority of red snapper discards, by one to two orders of magnitude per year/region/season stratum, compared to the bottom longline fishery. The disparity in discards among gears was also found during the years of management through IFQs. Yearly discards calculated using observer reported discard rates are shown in Table 3.10. Those observer discard rate based calculations resulted in higher total vertical line discards than did the calculations using self-reported discard rates; often four to five times higher. The 2007-2008 eastern Gulf longline self-reported discards were higher than the observer reported discards, perhaps due to low observer coverage. Calculated discards of eastern Gulf longline vessels were similar using observer and self-reported data. Observer coverage was higher during those years.

Western Gulf longline calculated discards were low using discard rates from either data set. No observer data were available from the western Gulf longline fishery during 2006-2007.

Total discards calculated using data filtered to remove records reporting “no discards” are included in Tables 3.11 (vertical line) and 3.12 (bottom longline). Also included are total discards calculated with “no discards” records included. Not surprisingly, with “no discards” records excluded (i.e., removal of some zero discard records) total calculated discards were usually greater than those calculated prior to filtering the data set. In two cases, calculated discards were unchanged following removal of “no discards” records (e.g., west closed season vertical line). For vertical line in the western Gulf of Mexico, differences in total discards within strata following exclusion of “no discards” records were relatively small; less than 10 percent in all but two cases and often less than five percent. In the eastern Gulf of Mexico, vertical line calculated discards were usually more than 10 percent higher with the exclusion of “no discards” records. In four strata, calculated discards were more than 15 percent greater after data filtering.

The bottom longline fishery reported fewer red snapper discards than the vertical line fishery. Exclusion of “no discards” records resulted in proportionally much higher calculated red snapper discards in the bottom longline fishery. In some cases (e.g., IFQ west), discards calculated with “no discards” records excluded were two orders of magnitude greater than discards calculated with “no discards”. Total discards calculated for the longline fishery were much lower than vertical line fishery discards, however, even with “no discards” records excluded from the calculations.

Decision 5: Wait for recommendations from the external review of the observer program. Depending on recommendations, recalculation of logbook and observer discard estimates may be necessary. The workgroup will discuss any changes and present recommendations to the panel in a future webinar.

Remaining Tasks:

-Waiting for results from external review of directed fishery discard analyses. Forthcoming review may suggest an improved method of discard calculation. Additional work will be discussed via Webinar.

3.4.2 *Bycatch from the Shrimp Fishery*

Shrimp bycatch estimates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper were generated using the same approach developed by Scott Nichols in the SEDAR 7 Gulf of Mexico red snapper assessment (Nichols 2004a, 2004b). The primary data on CPUE in the shrimp fishery came from a series of shrimp observer programs, which began in 1972 and extend to the current shrimp observer program. Additional CPUE data were obtained from the SEAMAP groundfish survey. Point estimates and associated standard errors of shrimp effort were generated by the NMFS Galveston Lab using their SN-pooled model (Nance 2004). Most CPUE data were reported in fish per net-hour, while the shrimp effort data were reported in vessel-days. Therefore, data from the Vessel Operating Units File were needed to estimate the average number of nets per vessel for the shrimp fishery to convert total shrimp effort to net-hours. A detailed description of the data and methods used to produce the shrimp bycatch estimates can be found in Linton (2012).

Model 02 from Nichols (2004a) was used to estimate shrimp bycatch. Two model runs were made using different depth zone stratifications: 1) a three depth zone run (0 fm – 10 fm, 10 fm – 30 fm, 30+ fm), and 2) a two depth zone run (0 fm – 10 fm, 10+ fm). The shrimp bycatch estimation model was fit using WinBUGS version 1.4.3. Markov Chain Monte Carlo (MCMC) methods were used to estimate the marginal posterior distributions of key parameters and derived quantities. Convergence of the MCMC chains was determined by visual inspection of trace plots, marginal posterior density plots, and Gelman-Rubin statistic (Brooks and Gelman 1998) plots.

Decision 6: Using age compositions from observer data to define 0 and 1 year red snapper in shrimp estimates.

Decision 7: The three depth zone run was chosen to provide shrimp bycatch estimates for the assessment, because this run incorporates finer spatial resolution in the data. In particular, the three depth zone run includes the 10 fm to 30 fm zone where the majority of red snapper (i.e., approximately 80% according to observer program data) are thought to be caught by the shrimp fishery.

The MCMC chains demonstrated good convergence properties. Convergence diagnostics for the local terms precision (1/variance) parameter are presented in Figure 3.2 as an example. Region-specific annual estimates of shrimp bycatch from the three depth zone run are presented in Figure 3.3 and Tables 3.13 and 3.14. Marginal posterior densities of the annual shrimp bycatch estimates all showed varying degrees of right-skew. In the eastern Gulf, CVs of the annual estimates ranged from 0.10-2.03 with a mean CV of 1.22. In the western Gulf, CVs of the annual estimates ranged from 0.08-2.29 with a mean CV of 0.91. Trimester-based estimates of shrimp bycatch were also produced, and are available for use in the assessment.

Shrimp effort is used as an index of shrimp fishing mortality in the assessment, in addition to its use in the estimation of shrimp bycatch. Shrimp effort estimates by region and depth zone are presented in Figure 3.4.

Decision 8: Shrimp effort for depths greater than 10 fm was chosen to provide an index of shrimp fishing mortality in the assessment, because effort from these depths is thought to best represent the fishing pressure experienced by red snapper in the shrimp fishery. This decision is in keeping with decisions made for SEDAR 7 and the 2009 Gulf of Mexico red snapper update assessment.

Shrimp effort for depths greater than 10 fm is presented in Table 3.15.

3.5 Commercial Effort

The distribution of directed commercial effort in trips by year was compiled from the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program for 1992-2011 and supplied here for informational purposes. These data are presented in Figures 3.5-3.7.

Maps of the total estimated shrimping effort are also supplied for informational purposes and can be found in Figures 3.8-3.10.

3.6 Biological Sampling

Length distributions were provided from commercial landings provided in the Trip Interview Program (TIP) database and the Gulf Fisheries Information Network (FIN). The length distributions were presented by year, gear, and region. Length distributions constructed from the reef fish observer program were also provided from 2006-2011. The observer data allowed for comparison of size distributions between discarded and kept fish. The impact of available IFQ allocation on fishing behavior was also discussed by the workgroup. Age distributions were also developed by year, gear, and region. A comparison between lengths from otolith samples and the complete length dataset was performed to determine representativeness of otolith sampling.

3.6.1 Length Distribution of Commercial Landings

Length samples for commercial fisheries were obtained from the Trip Interview Program (TIP) database and the Gulf Fisheries Information Network (FIN) database. All commercial data were grouped into four strata (handline east (HE), handline west (HW), longline east (LE) and longline west (LW)). The eastern Gulf and western Gulf were defined based on Gulf shrimp grids (grids 1 to 12 for the eastern Gulf and 13 to 21 for the western Gulf). Length samples were assigned by fishing area to different strata. When a fishing area was not available, landing area was used. Length frequencies were calculated for each year and season (4 month periods) for each stratum. Length samples were first grouped into 1 inch bins (e.g., if $1 \leq \text{length} < 2$ then length=1). Length frequencies for handline samples collected from the eastern Gulf were further weighted by landings from the northeastern and southeastern Gulf. The southeastern Gulf was defined as grids 1 to 7, and the northeastern Gulf was defined as grids 8-12. All length values in the original data sets were converted to total length by using the equations listed in the SEDAR7 final assessment report.

Full details of the analyses can be found in SEDAR-31-DW10. Plots of the length distributions by gear and region can be found in Figures 3.11-3.14.

Decision 9: Accept length compositions by year, gear, and region produced from TIP and FIN.

Remaining Tasks:

- In the process of comparing these length distributions with the age-length distributions it was discovered that several updated data files had recently become available. Length distributions will be reconstructed with the updated files.

3.6.2 Size Frequency Data from Commercial Fisheries Observers

A detailed summary of the methods used to produce red snapper size frequency histograms of discarded and landed (kept) fish using data collected by commercial fisheries observers is available in working paper SEDAR31 DW32.

The available observer reported red snapper size and disposition data were used to construct size frequency histograms of discarded and kept fish for each region and gear. Regions were defined as Gulf of Mexico statistical areas 1-12 (east) and 13-21 (west). Gears included vertical lines (handline and electric/hydraulic reels) and bottom longlines. No attempt was made to account for the fraction of fish that was not measured (e.g., if 70% of discarded fish within a stratum were measured while 95% of kept fish were measured in the same stratum, no adjustment was made for that difference in sampling fraction).

Prior to 2007, observer data were available for the period July-December, 2006. During those months, the commercial fishery was subject to seasonal closures. Data collected during 2006 were stratified by season (open and closed), region, and gear and size frequency histograms constructed for each stratum.

In addition to region/gear stratification, observer data from the period 2007-2011 were further stratified by the amount of red snapper Individual Fishing Quota allocation available to the observed vessel. Allocation categories were defined by dividing the data (number of measured fish) into roughly equal groups. In each region/gear stratum, a “no allocation” stratum was defined. All region/gear/allocation strata are defined in Table 3.16.

Finally, yearly changes in the size frequency of discarded and kept red snapper were examined. Histograms were produced following stratification of the data by year, region, and gear. Data were not stratified by the amount of red snapper allocation available to each vessel.

Sample sizes of observed fish are provided within each figure. The number of trips with red snapper observed are included in Table 3.17 (sample sizes in 2006), Tables 3.18A-3.18B (trips by gear, region, and red snapper allocation), and Tables 3.19A-3.19B (trips by gear, year, and region).

Size frequency histograms of observed red snapper discards and kept fish are provided in the figures listed below. In some strata data could not be presented due to confidentiality restrictions and have been identified in the figure captions.

It is likely that data entry errors and mismatching of data sets while merging observer data with red snapper allocation data resulted in the incorrect assignment to allocation category of a very few trips (e.g., kept fish observed on trips with no red snapper allocation). SEFSC and SERO staff will work to resolve those data issues and new size frequency histograms will be constructed.

A higher fraction of observed kept red snapper were measured (usually >90%) than were observed discarded red snapper (typically 70-90%). The working group recognized that the

histograms should be adjusted to account for that fraction of the observed red snapper that were not measured.

Decision 10: Accept discard length compositions from reef fish observer data.

Remaining Tasks:

- Redefine allocation bins based upon fisher and assessment scientist input.
- Correct data entry errors and data set merge problems to properly assign the few trips that were likely misassigned to an incorrect allocation category.
- Account for the proportion of fish not measured when constructing frequency histograms.
- Construct new size frequency histograms from the observer data once the above issues have been resolved.

3.6.3 Age Distribution

To explore the possibility of non-representative sampling of fish chosen for otolith analysis, the working group requested the length distribution of all available samples be compared to the length distribution of the samples selected for otolith analysis. It was expected the two length distributions would be very similar if the otolith samples were a representative subsample of the total observed fish. In both cases, the length distributions were weighted by the landings as previously described. The resulting length compositions can be found in Appendix B.

The working group concluded there was evidence of non-representative sampling prior to 2000 in all fisheries. The Panama City lab reported that some of these early samples were taken to construct an age length key, rather than to construct a growth curve. After 2000, scientific samplers were directed to obtain a representative sample by length for otolith analysis.

The length frequency comparisons (see Appendix B) indicate that this objective was met in most cases.

Decision 11: Otolith samples from 2000 forward mostly appear to be representative, correspond with changes in sampling protocols.

Remaining Tasks:

- Address non-representative age samples.

3.7 Comments on Adequacy of Data for Assessment Analyses

Overall the workgroup felt the landings were adequate for assessment analyses. The landings time series ran from 1880-2011. There was some uncertainty in the landings provided for 1880-1963 as reported landings were inconsistent and derived from port of landing. The regional boundaries set and the landings by gear group were agreed upon by the workgroup. Total IFQ landings used for 2007 through 2011 were also agreed upon as adequate.

Discard and bycatch estimations were also adequate, but possessed a lesser level certainty than the landings. The total discards calculated from logbook and observer data may be recalculated based upon results from an external review of the observer program and discard calculation methods. There is also a higher level of uncertainty in the discards for 1990 through 2001 as these estimates are based upon an average discard rate from 2002 through 2006. If the external review of the observer sampling is found adequate, calculated discards for 2007-2011 from the observer data would likely be preferable. Bycatch estimates from the shrimp fishery were considered adequate. A three depth zone model run was performed, which was recommended over previous 2-depth zone runs as it provided finer spatial resolution. These estimations were performed using a well established methodology.

Most length distributions appeared to be adequate however some strata were not adequate as sample sizes were small. This was especially the case for longline samples in the western Gulf. Length distributions of discarded fish from samples obtained from the observer program appeared to be adequate. However, these will be revisited pending an external review of the program. Upon a comparison with the length compositions age distributions appeared to be adequate from 2000-2011. This trend is in agreement with a shift in the dockside sampling protocol.

3.8 Research Recommendations for Red Snapper

Landings

1. Revisit how the historical landings were constructed.
2. Explore ways to ensure that IFQ and trip ticket landings match.
3. Apportion landings accordingly in ALS for TX landings with missing gear.

Discard

1. Add species to discard logbook form.
2. Provide better instructions on how to complete the discard logbook.
3. Consider and use relevant input from external review of observer program.
4. Social and economic impacts on fisher behavior in terms of fish discards.
5. Better determine available allocation to vessels on a given trip.

Length/Age

1. Standardize length and age data formats from various data sources.
2. Build age databases with Trip ID number for FL and FIN data.
3. Evaluate how to handle catch at age of non-representative age samples.

3.9 Literature Cited

Linton, B. 2012. Shrimp fishery bycatch estimates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1972-2011. SEDAR31-DW30.

Nance, J. 2004. Estimation of effort in the offshore shrimp trawl fishery of the Gulf of Mexico. NOAA Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Galveston Laboratory. SEDAR7-DW24.

Nichols, S. 2004a. Some Bayesian approaches to estimation of shrimp fleet bycatch. NOAA Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Pascagoula Laboratory. SEDAR7-DW03.

Nichols, S. 2004b. Update for the Bayesian estimation of shrimp fleet bycatch. NOAA Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Pascagoula Laboratory. SEDAR7-DW54.

Parrack, N.C. and D.B. McClellan. 1986. Trends in Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Population Dynamics, 1979-1985. NOAA Southeast Fisheries Science Center. CRD-86/87-4.

Porch, Clay E. Turner, S.C., and M.J. Schirripa. 2004. The commercial landings of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico from 1872 to 1962. SEDAR7-AW22.

3.10 Tables

Table 3.1 Red snapper landings in the Gulf of Mexico for 1964-2011.

Year	Eastern		Western		Total	Source
	Handline+	Longline	Handline+	Longline		
1964	3,606,670		3,590,301		7,196,971	ALS
1965	3,712,564		3,646,081		7,358,645	ALS
1966	3,098,765		3,041,229		6,139,994	ALS
1967	2,906,944		4,230,951		7,137,895	ALS
1968	2,617,546		5,160,886		7,778,432	ALS
1969	2,441,942		4,187,460		6,629,402	ALS
1970	2,309,454		4,652,728		6,962,182	ALS
1971	2,223,569		5,366,029		7,589,598	ALS
1972	2,374,322		4,841,776		7,216,098	ALS
1973	2,713,032		4,867,197		7,580,229	ALS
1974	3,767,565		4,433,800		8,201,365	ALS
1975	3,576,624		3,932,964		7,509,588	ALS
1976	3,288,126		3,325,599	1,074	6,614,799	ALS
1977	2,263,749		2,873,097		5,136,847	ALS
1978	1,996,352		2,694,000		4,690,352	ALS
1979	2,037,895		2,472,483		4,510,378	ALS
1980	1,895,748	94,005	2,516,508	44,054	4,550,316	ALS
1981	2,127,655	179,859	3,143,304	49,261	5,500,079	ALS
1982	2,291,907	226,574	3,661,535	71,617	6,251,633	ALS
1983	2,387,540	445,023	3,820,146	98,736	6,751,444	ALS
1984	1,631,916	368,449	2,906,413	762,672	5,669,450	ALS
1985	1,623,772	114,339	1,846,043	604,890	4,189,043	ALS
1986	859,831	75,897	1,933,384	831,375	3,700,486	ALS
1987	796,819	63,474	1,474,284	734,038	3,068,614	ALS
1988	857,959	76,666	2,355,109	670,131	3,959,865	ALS
1989	673,086	78,572	1,891,961	454,743	3,098,362	ALS
1990	697,614	74,787	1,757,789	120,421	2,650,611	ALS
1991	395,176	20,704	1,724,713	72,592	2,213,185	ALS
1992	406,493	5,689	2,674,497	19,820	3,106,498	ALS
1993	436,981	15,235	2,901,388	20,291	3,373,894	ALS
1994	527,124	7,958	2,671,460	15,809	3,222,351	ALS
1995	172,740	8,459	2,735,403	17,506	2,934,108	ALS
1996	233,980	7,587	4,044,133	27,362	4,313,063	ALS
1997	184,411	4,627	4,589,501	31,418	4,809,958	ALS
1998	379,399	5,514	4,267,523	27,224	4,679,660	ALS
1999	548,422	6,474	4,230,449	90,572	4,875,917	ALS
2000	665,284	8,619	3,979,683	183,538	4,837,125	ALS
2001	797,925	10,130	3,692,770	124,453	4,625,279	ALS

2002	1,048,705	18,125	3,565,962	146,195	4,778,986	ALS
2003	1,019,257	13,853	3,204,247	171,270	4,408,627	ALS
2004	950,935	19,353	3,225,236	455,829	4,651,354	ALS
2005	792,010	21,121	3,000,323	282,789	4,096,244	ALS
2006	760,327	16,335	3,611,689	260,652	4,649,003	ALS
2007	875,240	15,727	2,103,261	188,503	3,182,731	IFQ Corr 2007
2008	834,499	34,124	1,559,132	55,848	2,483,603	IFQ Corr 2008
2009	918,874	14,627	1,498,298	51,766	2,483,565	IFQ Corr 2009
2010	1,397,647	75,510	1,880,858	38,193	3,392,209	IFQ Corr 2010
2011	1,613,106	84,286	1,878,310	18,850	3,594,552	IFQ Corr 2011

Table 3.2 Red snapper landings for 1964-2011 in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico for Handline and other non-longline gears.

Year	Northeastern handline+	Southeastern handline+	Total	Source
1964	1,758,520	1,848,150	3,606,670	ALS
1965	1,915,030	1,797,534	3,712,564	ALS
1966	1,531,449	1,567,316	3,098,765	ALS
1967	1,748,659	1,158,285	2,906,944	ALS
1968	1,440,724	1,176,822	2,617,546	ALS
1969	1,408,310	1,033,632	2,441,942	ALS
1970	1,303,461	1,005,993	2,309,454	ALS
1971	1,366,094	857,475	2,223,569	ALS
1972	1,472,114	902,208	2,374,322	ALS
1973	1,904,386	808,646	2,713,032	ALS
1974	1,861,812	1,905,753	3,767,565	ALS
1975	1,905,105	1,671,519	3,576,624	ALS
1976	1,695,350	1,592,776	3,288,126	ALS
1977	1,322,907	940,843	2,263,749	ALS
1978	1,222,205	774,147	1,996,352	ALS
1979	1,261,112	776,784	2,037,895	ALS
1980	1,275,269	620,479	1,895,748	ALS
1981	1,535,436	592,220	2,127,655	ALS
1982	1,730,710	561,197	2,291,907	ALS
1983	1,924,502	463,038	2,387,540	ALS
1984	1,181,640	450,276	1,631,916	ALS
1985	1,160,061	463,711	1,623,772	ALS
1986	712,324	147,506	859,831	ALS
1987	682,028	114,790	796,819	ALS
1988	746,347	111,612	857,959	ALS
1989	590,936	82,149	673,086	ALS
1990	550,348	147,266	697,614	ALS

1991	362,700	32,475	395,176	ALS
1992	389,891	16,601	406,493	ALS
1993	381,940	55,041	436,981	ALS
1994	487,422	39,702	527,124	ALS
1995	153,815	18,925	172,740	ALS
1996	222,101	11,879	233,980	ALS
1997	171,928	12,483	184,411	ALS
1998	353,122	26,277	379,399	ALS
1999	477,638	70,784	548,422	ALS
2000	600,899	64,385	665,284	ALS
2001	716,515	81,410	797,925	ALS
2002	954,913	93,792	1,048,705	ALS
2003	918,807	100,450	1,019,257	ALS
2004	814,322	136,614	950,935	ALS
2005	624,364	167,646	792,010	ALS
2006	574,995	185,332	760,327	ALS
2007	754,895	120,346	875,240	IFQ Corr 2007
2008	703,784	130,715	834,499	IFQ Corr 2008
2009	681,668	237,206	918,874	IFQ Corr 2009
2010	1,014,881	382,766	1,397,647	IFQ Corr 2010
2011	1,178,568	434,538	1,613,106	IFQ Corr 2011

Table 3.3 Reconstructed historical landings as described in SEDAR7-AW-22

Red Snapper landings from U.S. waters		
Year	East	West
1880	1,824,641	891,034
1881	2,052,381	801,943
1882	2,282,108	711,859
1883	2,509,861	634,313
1884	2,737,622	556,765
1885	2,965,390	478,225
1886	3,195,145	400,672
1887	3,422,926	203,970
1888	3,277,425	212,884
1889	3,483,431	269,327
1890	4,192,327	242,531
1891	3,822,273	269,541
1892	4,010,384	293,175
1893	4,132,232	311,969
1894	4,227,631	324,863
1895	4,125,291	333,838
1896	4,167,613	340,888
1897	4,138,252	340,642
1898	4,612,379	544,671
1899	5,146,576	722,625
1900	5,674,141	889,976
1901	6,027,029	1,020,372
1902	6,283,575	1,126,034
1903	5,722,123	1,059,802
1904	5,286,731	1,011,726
1905	4,756,040	940,928
1906	4,240,944	867,673
1907	3,743,104	791,605
1908	3,363,251	735,773
1909	2,890,857	632,940
1910	2,436,701	538,109
1911	2,455,472	527,520
1912	2,473,439	517,874
1913	2,491,078	508,475
1914	2,507,351	498,829
1915	2,522,773	489,183
1916	2,537,294	478,596
1917	2,479,260	468,950
1918	2,492,553	459,305
1919	2,718,931	471,382
1920	2,954,424	483,458
1921	3,198,932	496,724
1922	3,452,171	508,800
1923	3,707,316	520,876
1924	3,621,389	503,176
1925	3,627,316	485,474
1926	3,532,334	467,525

1927	3,857,579	585,907
1928	3,444,187	426,871
1929	3,658,800	417,093
1930	2,233,495	553,559
1931	2,249,781	342,794
1932	2,416,037	411,305
1933	2,184,361	447,623
1934	1,964,863	464,740
1935	2,411,025	675,130
1936	2,773,983	871,388
1937	2,458,439	946,575
1938	3,180,371	935,330
1939	3,732,701	854,469
1940	2,496,953	815,871
1941	2,271,791	737,892
1942	1,818,353	544,639
1943	1,446,274	371,388
1944	1,670,030	279,690
1945	1,455,205	153,741
1946	2,319,802	323,401
1947	2,432,194	478,181
1948	2,598,682	595,421
1949	3,108,401	869,794
1950	1,693,118	1,476,048
1951	2,016,917	1,477,540
1952	2,245,040	1,654,176
1953	2,026,470	1,358,592
1954	1,883,191	1,365,982
1955	2,106,652	1,492,039
1956	2,520,865	2,017,420
1957	2,261,891	2,013,517
1958	3,724,587	3,357,390
1959	3,407,851	3,431,602
1960	3,816,825	3,601,182
1961	3,504,256	4,248,967
1962	3,612,712	4,131,601
1963	3,174,817	3,509,846

Table 3.4 ALS gear code grouping.

NMFS Code	Description	Group
614	Long Line, Vertical	Longline
675	Lines Long Set With Hooks	Longline
676	Lines Long, Reef Fish	Longline
677	Lines Long, Shark	Longline
600	Troll & Hand Lines Cmb	Handline+
610	Lines Hand, Other	Handline+
611	Rod and Reel	Handline+
612	Reel, Manual	Handline+
613	Reel, Electric or Hydraulic	Handline+
616	Rod and Reel, Electric (Hand)	Handline+
215	Otter Trawl Bottom, Shrimp	Handline+
*	All other codes	Handline+

Table 3.5 CFLP gear code grouping.

Logbook Gear	Description	Group
L	Longline	Longline
H	Hand line	Handline+
E	Electric	Handline+
T	Trap	Handline+
*	All other codes	Handline+

Table 3.6 Proportions by gear presented in 1986 paper (Parrack and McClellan) used for apportioning 1978-1983 landings by gear.

Appendix.

Table 3. Proportion (cumulative) of annual red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) catches by gear and age group for the western Gulf of Mexico stock.

Commercial Rod & Reel																
AGE																
YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16+
79	0.0012	0.1199	0.2392	0.2723	0.2828	0.2864	0.2865	0.2895	0.2952	0.2952	0.2952	0.2952	0.2952	0.2952	0.2953	0.2953
80	0.0001	0.0397	0.1083	0.1889	0.1998	0.1994	0.2009	0.2026	0.2036	0.2046	0.2046	0.2046	0.2046	0.2046	0.2047	0.2049
81	0.0001	0.0042	0.0438	0.1142	0.1492	0.1538	0.1573	0.1573	0.1574	0.1580	0.1581	0.1581	0.1581	0.1581	0.1581	0.1581
82	0.0003	0.0522	0.1102	0.1913	0.2254	0.2349	0.2414	0.2418	0.2429	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2432	0.2432	0.2433
83	0.0062	0.2177	0.2338	0.2339	0.2340	0.2356	0.2372	0.2554	0.2555	0.2555	0.2534	0.2535	0.2535	0.2536	0.2536	0.2536
84	0.0025	0.1407	0.2925	0.3501	0.3554	0.3611	0.3941	0.3941	0.3965	0.4268	0.4280	0.4288	0.4289	0.4289	0.4290	0.4290
85	0.0001	0.0776	0.2079	0.2554	0.2822	0.3010	0.3186	0.3211	0.3252	0.3425	0.3570	0.3570	0.3572	0.3572	0.3573	0.3573

Commercial Trawl																
AGE																
YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16+
79	0.0002	0.0090	0.0159	0.0171	0.0176	0.0176	0.0179	0.0181	0.0183	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184
80	0.0000	0.0031	0.0058	0.0025	0.0097	0.0098	0.0098	0.0100	0.0100	0.0102	0.0102	0.0102	0.0102	0.0102	0.0102	0.0102
81	0.0000	0.0004	0.0034	0.0077	0.0099	0.0101	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104
82	0.0000	0.0013	0.0030	0.0055	0.0064	0.0068	0.0071	0.0071	0.0072	0.0077	0.0078	0.0078	0.0078	0.0078	0.0078	0.0078
83	0.0021	0.0127	0.0136	0.0136	0.0136	0.0137	0.0138	0.0149	0.0149	0.0149	0.0171	0.0171	0.0171	0.0171	0.0171	0.0171
84	0.0003	0.0090	0.0161	0.0193	0.0197	0.0217	0.0220	0.0220	0.0225	0.0243	0.0244	0.0244	0.0245	0.0245	0.0245	0.0245
85	0.0000	0.0044	0.0096	0.0114	0.0125	0.0135	0.0141	0.0142	0.0146	0.0156	0.0161	0.0161	0.0161	0.0161	0.0161	0.0161

Commercial Bottom Longline																
AGE																
YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16+
80	0.0000	0.0153	0.0094	0.0121	0.0122	0.0124	0.0124	0.0124	0.0126	0.0130	0.0130	0.0131	0.0131	0.0131	0.0131	0.0131
81	0.0000	0.0007	0.0090	0.0206	0.0263	0.0271	0.0278	0.0279	0.0280	0.0284	0.0284	0.0284	0.0284	0.0284	0.0284	0.0284
82	0.0003	0.0020	0.0045	0.0079	0.0091	0.0099	0.0105	0.0110	0.0119	0.0134	0.0138	0.0138	0.0138	0.0141	0.0143	0.0145
83	0.0051	0.0367	0.0395	0.0396	0.0396	0.0399	0.0400	0.0427	0.0500	0.0500	0.0507	0.0507	0.0507	0.0507	0.0507	0.0507
84	0.0006	0.0135	0.0257	0.0385	0.0386	0.0454	0.0455	0.0455	0.0459	0.0579	0.0584	0.0585	0.0585	0.0585	0.0585	0.0585
85	0.0000	0.0210	0.0435	0.0617	0.0668	0.0696	0.0702	0.0706	0.0795	0.0930	0.0934	0.0930	0.0930	0.0931	0.0931	0.0932

Commercial Other																
AGE																
YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16+
85	0.0000	0.0002	0.0004	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007	0.0007

Table 3.7 Comparison of landings in ALS and IFQ databases. Final totals from IFQ landings were used. Percentage difference was applied to ALS landings across strata.

Year	ALS	IFQ	Diff. (lbs)	Diff. (%)
2007	3,081,955	3,182,731	100,776	3.27%
2008	2,464,662	2,483,603	18,941	0.77%
2009	2,501,837	2,483,565	(18,272)	-0.73%
2010	3,328,451	3,392,209	63,758	1.92%
2011	3,565,259	3,594,552	29,292	0.82%

Table 3.8 Calculated red snapper discards for vertical line gear from self reported logbooks.

Year	East open season	East closed season	West open season	West closed season
1990	133,336		513,291	
1991	222,762	97,969	783,451	94,438
1992	56,712	272,327	261,768	162,617
1993	46,291	194,610	298,582	74,272
1994	45,560	300,107	303,044	48,373
1995	35,084	292,159	300,971	46,224
1996	70,458	406,998	759,844	49,649
1997	63,919	309,097	642,199	75,036
1998	82,149	323,831	753,786	75,451
1999	92,221	396,469	713,691	59,700
2000	127,549	213,319	627,137	74,537
2001	115,499	204,549	725,673	58,987
2002	171,371	139,016	729,981	163,220
2003	152,134	336,173	644,390	37,335
2004	70,463	165,902	607,907	42,021
2005	126,063	116,561	831,849	30,515
2006	100,183	82,239	424,546	17,504
	IFQ East		IFQ West	
2007	222,957		98,321	
2008	280,914		86,129	
2009	434,561		10,825	
2010	204,267		6,145	
2011	220,596		13,269	

Table 3.9 Calculated red snapper discards for longline gear from self reported logbooks.

Year	East open season	East closed season	West open season	West closed season
1990	6,317		711	
1991	7,651	8,712	2,140	90
1992	1,848	15,607	336	160
1993	1,268	19,452	709	307
1994	1,497	22,876	1,042	415
1995	971	19,225	1,387	773
1996	1,454	20,012	1,136	564
1997	1,398	25,284	671	349
1998	1,097	23,012	691	424
1999	1,453	22,324	2,325	794
2000	1,289	17,523	1,760	590
2001	1,180	16,929	1,036	405
2002	1,408	8,643	1,577	540
2003	1,307	4,798	3,401	656
2004	1,690	27,990	5,174	569
2005	1,424	9,676	4,518	476
2006	1,851	5,889	4,058	334
	IFQ East		IFQ West	
2007		72,116		355
2008		70,187		302
2009		37,792		390
2010		20,689		217
2011		29,525		202

Table 3.10 Calculated red snapper discards from observer program.

Year	East vertical line	East longline	East longline*	West vertical line	West longline
2006	440,784	9,222		463,912	
2007	613,590	34,048		384,168	
2008	353,038	4,268	12,644	424,410	527
2009	856,207	32,298		32,501**	754
2010	497,910	14,187		469,714	483
2011	265,467	20,817		201,740	450

*includes nonrandomly selected eastern Gulf longline trips during 2008.

**low west vertical line total discards in 2009 due to very low observed discard rate (0.01 vs. 0.1-0.2 fish/hook hour observed during other years). Few sets were observed during 2009. The highest discard rate, 0.22 red snapper/hook hour, also occurred in a year (2010) with few sets observed.

Table 3.11 Total vertical line gear discards compared with “no discard” reports removed from the analyses.

Year	East open season		East closed season		West open season		West closed season	
	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded
1990	133,336	160,529			513,291	514,832		
1991	222,762	283,019	97,969	110,132	783,451	789,015	94,438	94,552
1992	56,712	70,130	272,327	306,349	261,768	268,014	162,617	163,905
1993	46,291	51,412	194,610	222,746	298,582	316,531	74,272	77,583
1994	45,560	51,153	300,107	341,137	303,044	314,558	48,373	51,525
1995	35,084	38,470	292,159	338,125	300,971	313,774	46,224	50,618
1996	70,458	75,826	406,998	468,420	759,844	780,752	49,649	53,995
1997	63,919	70,864	309,097	357,005	642,199	665,234	75,036	80,294
1998	82,149	95,073	323,831	369,511	753,786	780,944	75,451	80,691
1999	92,221	104,236	396,469	451,302	713,691	735,395	59,700	65,489
2000	127,549	142,410	213,319	245,565	627,137	650,846	74,537	81,421
2001	115,499	131,998	204,549	234,182	725,673	749,238	58,987	64,550
2002	171,371	178,383	139,016	144,089	729,981	729,981	163,220	163,848
2003	152,134	168,982	336,173	461,119	644,390	678,232	37,335	42,437
2004	70,463	77,097	165,902	195,082	607,907	615,041	42,021	44,474
2005	126,063	135,848	116,561	126,734	831,849	848,414	30,515	31,865
2006	100,183	106,061	82,239	94,408	424,546	434,172	17,504	17,504
	IFQ East				IFQ West			
	continuity	“no discards” excluded			continuity	“no discards” excluded		
2007	222,957	249,901			98,321	105,229		
2008	280,914	321,773			86,129	94,040		
2009	434,561	491,041			10,825	11,047		
2010	204,267	249,282			6,145	7,228		
2011	220,596	251,164			13,269	13,713		

Table 3.12 Total longline gear discards compared with “no discard” reports removed from the analyses.

Year	East open season		East closed season		West open season		West closed season	
	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded	continuity	“no discards” excluded
1990	6,317	9,785			711	830		
1991	7,651	11,759	8,712	8,996	2,140	2,521	90	133
1992	1,848	2,891	15,607	16,170	336	400	160	235
1993	1,268	1,955	19,452	44,553	709	851	307	452
1994	1,497	2,330	22,876	54,211	1,042	1,248	415	611
1995	971	1,522	19,225	35,527	1,387	1,635	773	1,139
1996	1,454	2,206	20,012	34,621	1,136	1,398	564	832
1997	1,398	2,177	25,284	48,846	671	818	349	515
1998	1,097	1,701	23,012	49,086	691	834	424	625
1999	1,453	2,283	22,324	48,548	2,325	2,979	794	1,170
2000	1,289	2,019	17,523	29,246	1,760	2,137	590	869
2001	1,180	1,833	16,929	27,449	1,036	1,261	405	596
2002	1,408	2,214	8,643	9,026	1,577	1,889	540	795
2003	1,307	2,054	4,798	5,638	3,401	4,289	656	966
2004	1,690	2,658	27,990	28,535	5,174	6,574	569	839
2005	1,424	2,239	9,676	17,841	4,518	5,853	476	701
2006	1,851	2,911	5,889	6,427	4,058	5,174	334	492
	IFQ East				IFQ West			
	continuity	“no discards” excluded			continuity	“no discards” excluded		
2007	72,116	100,630			355	10,196		
2008	70,187	97,939			302	9,924		
2009	37,792	52,734			390	5,343		
2010	20,689	28,869			217	2,925		
2011	29,525	41,200			202	4,175		

Table 3.13 Summary statistics of marginal posterior densities of annual estimates of shrimp bycatch in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

year	mean	sd	MC error	2.50%	25.00%	median	75.00%	97.50%	sample
1972	19.25	23.85	0.311	3.775	8.197	12.85	21.69	75.13	20000
1973	2.027	2.75	0.03642	0.3012	0.7503	1.27	2.261	8.628	20000
1974	1.223	1.878	0.02554	0.1684	0.4234	0.7311	1.339	5.395	20000
1975	1.294	0.5437	0.00723	0.6701	0.9588	1.188	1.495	2.538	20000
1976	1.969	3.886	0.03859	0.2672	0.6363	1.108	2.066	8.885	20000
1977	1.831	1.469	0.01598	0.797	1.182	1.517	2.046	4.716	20000
1978	0.4079	0.6179	0.00861	0.07556	0.16	0.2574	0.4486	1.625	20000
1979	1.714	2.411	0.04985	0.2767	0.6791	1.133	1.967	6.658	20000
1980	0.669	0.9862	0.009861	0.1659	0.3039	0.45	0.7305	2.478	20000
1981	2.125	3.732	0.04465	0.3924	0.8016	1.283	2.233	8.891	20000
1982	2.221	2.584	0.03751	0.5385	1.057	1.59	2.52	7.752	20000
1983	1.974	3.901	0.04389	0.277	0.6971	1.203	2.147	8.241	20000
1984	1.444	2.307	0.03193	0.2084	0.5124	0.8648	1.554	6.309	20000
1985	1.169	1.815	0.02057	0.1655	0.4207	0.7153	1.282	4.908	20000
1986	0.3596	0.4643	0.006637	0.05219	0.1381	0.2345	0.4136	1.418	20000
1987	0.5431	0.938	0.009909	0.07644	0.2014	0.3388	0.6014	2.174	20000
1988	0.6322	0.8407	0.01131	0.09348	0.2402	0.4092	0.7226	2.548	20000
1989	1.202	2.177	0.02376	0.1386	0.3841	0.6785	1.317	5.575	20000
1990	3.734	6.136	0.06735	0.4921	1.258	2.225	4.129	16.25	20000
1991	3.146	5.046	0.0621	0.4105	1.091	1.897	3.466	13.29	20000
1992	1.628	1.269	0.01369	0.4944	0.8949	1.286	1.932	4.785	20000
1993	1.397	2.831	0.02449	0.1878	0.4313	0.7529	1.434	6.636	20000
1994	2.21	4.194	0.03874	0.3977	0.7246	1.155	2.142	10.75	20000
1995	2.868	4.762	0.04986	0.3269	0.8751	1.566	3.01	13.83	20000
1996	2.284	4.239	0.04132	0.2485	0.6648	1.2	2.342	11	20000
1997	3.259	6.09	0.05837	0.3679	0.9947	1.793	3.392	15.03	20000
1998	1.769	0.8451	0.01031	0.9693	1.329	1.611	2.004	3.418	20000
1999	2.912	4.771	0.05609	0.429	1.07	1.799	3.201	12.03	20000
2000	3.249	5.109	0.04627	1.027	1.598	2.183	3.309	11.78	20000
2001	2.417	0.6724	0.006984	1.665	2.049	2.308	2.635	3.759	20000
2002	2.2	0.2276	0.001853	1.819	2.041	2.178	2.333	2.706	20000
2003	1.317	0.3537	0.003055	1.008	1.165	1.265	1.39	1.902	20000
2004	1.498	0.5234	0.004625	1.114	1.283	1.402	1.559	2.519	20000
2005	0.975	1.351	0.01374	0.248	0.4157	0.6152	1.02	4.037	20000
2006	2.186	1.371	0.01726	0.805	1.362	1.855	2.602	5.458	20000
2007	1.427	1.016	0.01094	0.6364	0.9604	1.229	1.629	3.377	20000
2008	0.1911	0.1089	0.00149	0.109	0.1406	0.1653	0.2065	0.4346	20000
2009	0.3791	0.1443	0.00145	0.2067	0.2913	0.3514	0.43	0.7124	20000
2010	0.2245	0.1612	0.001311	0.1376	0.1684	0.1917	0.2294	0.5283	20000
2011	0.3637	0.1669	0.002056	0.2177	0.2811	0.3299	0.4008	0.6982	20000

Table 3.14 Summary statistics of marginal posterior densities of annual estimates of shrimp bycatch in the western Gulf of Mexico.

year	mean	sd	MC error	2.50%	25.00%	median	75.00%	97.50%	sample
1972	208.7	404	5.459	24.21	63.02	112.9	213.1	1007	20000
1973	18.62	14.61	0.184	5.838	10.47	14.82	21.9	54.44	20000
1974	20.4	10.23	0.1438	9.72	14.36	18.12	23.47	44.65	20000
1975	14.09	22.25	0.2987	1.783	4.612	8.205	15.18	63.03	20000
1976	31.12	6.725	0.07137	21.18	26.52	30.05	34.54	46.98	20000
1977	12.33	5.305	0.05381	7.729	9.912	11.44	13.55	21.6	20000
1978	7.612	4.151	0.05795	3.688	5.376	6.706	8.698	16.68	20000
1979	38.59	58.3	1.292	4.846	13.23	23.55	43.37	162.6	20000
1980	27.69	9.538	0.1038	16.28	21.55	25.66	31.25	51.13	20000
1981	84.86	126.9	1.39	26.76	40.16	54.87	84.94	327	20000
1982	46.25	106.1	1.014	6.581	14.69	24.64	46.61	211.5	20000
1983	31.5	51.49	0.6613	4.46	10.8	18.46	33.72	138.2	20000
1984	23.13	42.21	0.5253	3.022	7.666	13.4	24.97	101.3	20000
1985	17.87	28.15	0.3362	2.551	6.333	10.86	19.4	75.14	20000
1986	10.11	21.36	0.2358	1.34	3.432	5.984	10.9	43.29	20000
1987	21.24	35.53	0.4085	2.857	7.282	12.44	22.71	92.75	20000
1988	17.12	28.18	0.3177	2.218	5.813	10.11	18.53	73.62	20000
1989	18.24	30.51	0.3897	2.39	6.269	10.79	19.61	79.98	20000
1990	70.75	127.9	1.41	9.02	23.38	40.82	75.64	313.6	20000
1991	71.59	156.1	1.601	9.324	23.92	41.61	77.99	308.2	20000
1992	33.55	12.48	0.1078	21.93	27.71	31.72	36.82	55.59	20000
1993	35.51	4.969	0.04401	27.51	32.03	34.92	38.3	46.98	20000
1994	35.99	8.982	0.08234	26.69	31.57	34.75	38.73	52.27	20000
1995	49.98	11.16	0.1103	33.61	42.37	48.22	55.53	76.27	20000
1996	54.1	68.45	0.6661	17.88	27.89	37.76	56.23	194.8	20000
1997	31.48	17.72	0.2344	13.85	20.99	27.08	36.36	75.43	20000
1998	61.38	24.65	0.2293	32.4	45.42	56.13	71.02	122.4	20000
1999	26.87	13.12	0.1796	15.95	20.43	23.98	29.16	55.74	20000
2000	13.7	6.137	0.07398	8.906	10.85	12.32	14.59	27.01	20000
2001	26.98	13.42	0.1489	17.94	21.5	24.16	28.21	53.54	20000
2002	22.48	2.771	0.02428	17.86	20.51	22.21	24.12	28.73	20000
2003	31.51	6.308	0.04975	21.95	27.08	30.61	34.88	46.4	20000
2004	30.63	12.72	0.1235	20.56	24.73	27.99	32.73	56.22	20000
2005	20.52	38.35	0.3439	5.255	8.376	12.22	20.65	84.94	20000
2006	13.22	6.846	0.09009	6.484	9.327	11.63	15.03	29.28	20000
2007	7.043	1.34	0.01857	5.413	6.292	6.837	7.496	9.911	20000
2008	2.727	0.2139	0.001907	2.366	2.586	2.714	2.852	3.154	20000
2009	3.795	0.7306	0.005286	2.508	3.288	3.736	4.246	5.372	20000
2010	2.978	1.136	0.009457	2.154	2.521	2.785	3.149	5.009	20000
2011	6.314	0.6983	0.005826	5.057	5.831	6.273	6.751	7.794	20000

Table 3.15 Gulf of Mexico shrimp effort (days fished) for depths greater than 10 fm.

Year	East	West	Gulfwide
1972	24,338	72,350	96,688
1973	26,828	57,689	84,518
1974	25,950	56,919	82,869
1975	25,878	53,859	79,737
1976	24,005	62,661	86,667
1977	28,444	53,672	82,116
1978	21,984	62,809	84,793
1979	22,626	65,484	88,110
1980	13,852	39,688	53,539
1981	21,746	61,312	83,058
1982	21,669	62,621	84,290
1983	23,736	50,568	74,303
1984	27,849	64,404	92,253
1985	26,876	62,592	89,468
1986	27,859	86,109	113,968
1987	22,574	88,206	110,780
1988	21,283	85,452	106,734
1989	25,798	76,977	102,774
1990	22,599	74,000	96,599
1991	23,260	89,911	113,171
1992	28,202	92,730	120,932
1993	23,293	91,600	114,893
1994	24,093	73,573	97,667
1995	28,500	63,856	92,356
1996	32,200	67,133	99,333
1997	33,958	81,666	115,624
1998	42,667	74,103	116,771
1999	26,291	69,751	96,042
2000	22,593	76,096	98,689
2001	25,378	81,591	106,969
2002	30,191	96,078	126,269
2003	25,164	77,521	102,684
2004	24,957	71,209	96,166
2005	21,018	51,477	72,495
2006	13,626	38,425	52,051
2007	10,233	31,001	41,234
2008	6,690	22,238	28,928
2009	10,304	26,469	36,773
2010	6,463	25,891	32,354
2011	8,049	31,822	39,870

Table 3.16 Red snapper allocation categories by region and gear.

Region	Vertical line	Longline
East	No allocation	No allocation
	1-2,582 pounds	1-688 pounds
	2,583-7,048 pounds	689-3,436 pounds
	7,049-16,762 pounds	>3,436 pounds
	>16,762 pounds	
West	No allocation	No allocation
	1-3,909 pounds	1-17,908 pounds
	3,910-19,807 pounds	17,909-28,810 pounds
	19,808-61,124 pounds	>28,810 pounds
	>61,124 pounds	

Table 3.17 Number of trips with observed red snapper by gear, region, and red snapper season during 2006. There was no observer coverage of bottom longline trips in the western Gulf of Mexico during 2006.

Gear	Red snapper season	East	West
Bottom longline	Closed	6	N/A
	Open	6	
Vertical line	Closed	8	Confidential data
	Open	12	10

Table 3.18 Number of trips with observed red snapper by gear, region, and red snapper allocation in pounds.

A. Bottom longline.

Red snapper allocation	East	West
0	51	
1-688	49	
689-3,436	39	N/A
>3,436	44	
0		Confidential data
1-17,908		5
17,909-28,810	N/A	Confidential data
>28,810		4

B. Vertical line.

Red snapper allocation	East	West
0	87	
1-2,582	104	
2,582-7,048	43	N/A
7,048-16,762	22	
>16,762	40	
0		14
1-3,909		19
3,910-19,807	N/A	15
19,808-61,124		14
>61,124		10

Table 3.19 Number of trips with observed red snapper by gear, year, and region.

A. Bottom longline.

Year	East	West
2006	10	
2007	8	
2008	Confidential data	Confidential data
2009	22	4
2010	42	4
2011	71	4

B. Vertical line.

Year	East	West
2006	21	11
2007	73	17
2008	31	15
2009	33	5
2010	40	6
2011	75	12

3.11 Figures

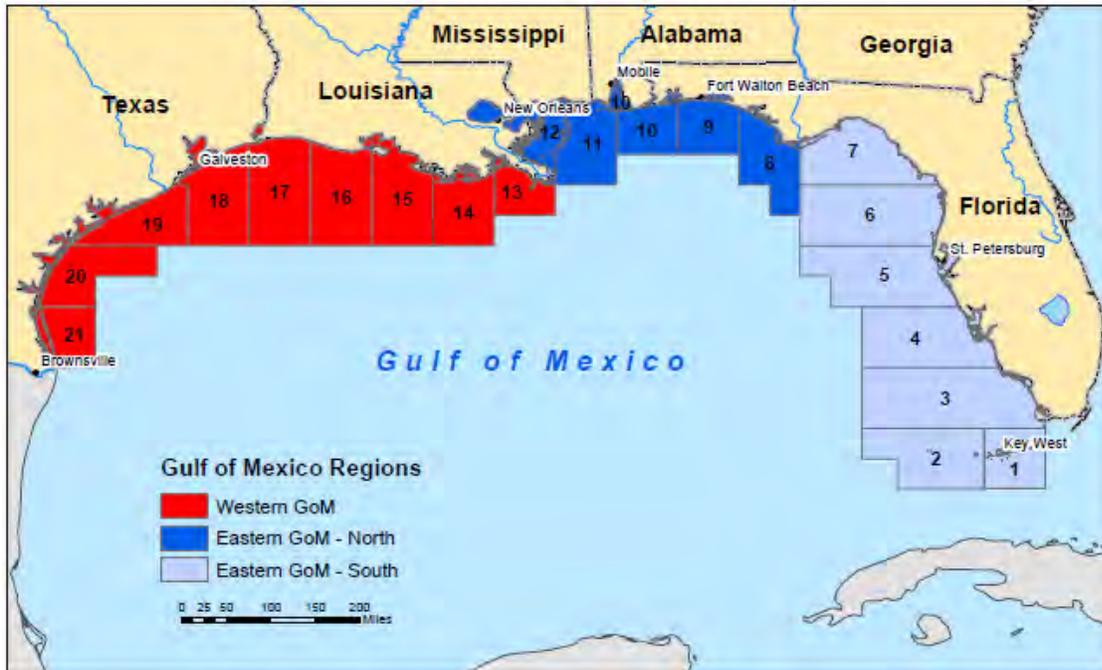


Figure 3.1 Regions defined for commercial landings. North and South Eastern subregions are used only for ‘handline+’ landings.

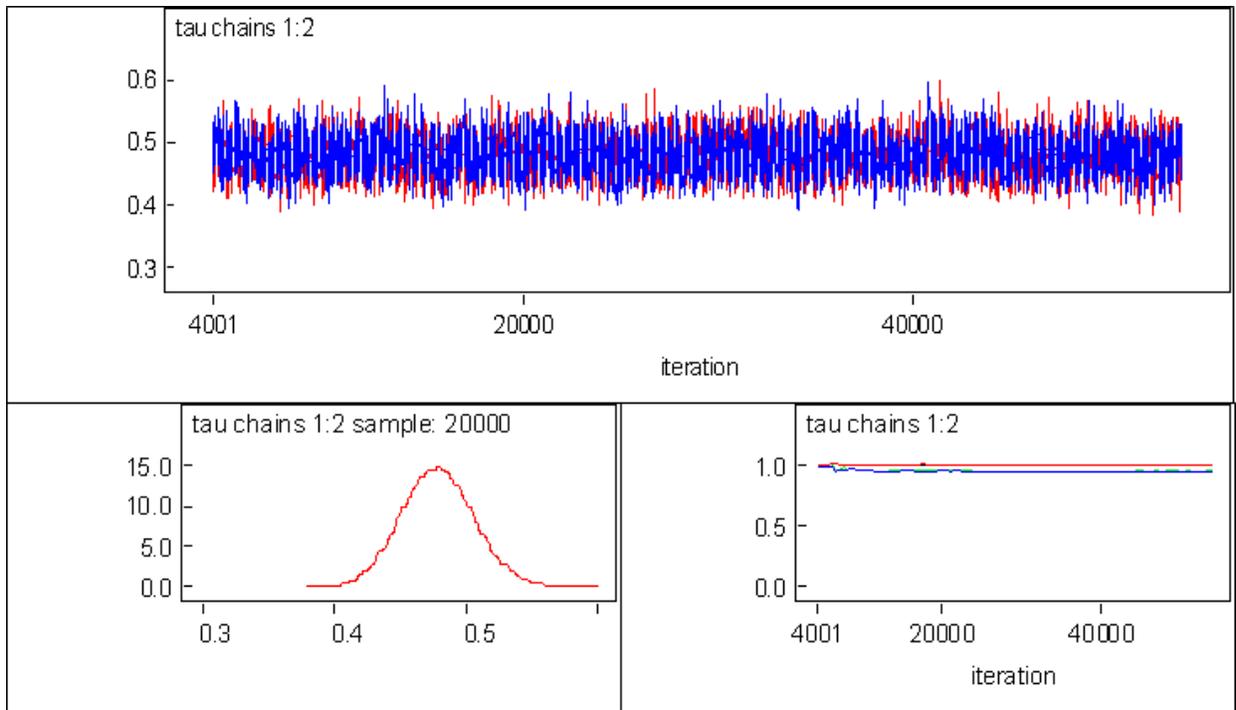


Figure 3.2 MCMC diagnostics for the local terms precision (1/variance) parameter. Diagnostics include trace plot (top panel), marginal posterior density plot (bottom left panel), and Gelman-Rubin convergence statistic plot (bottom right) as produced by WinBUGS.

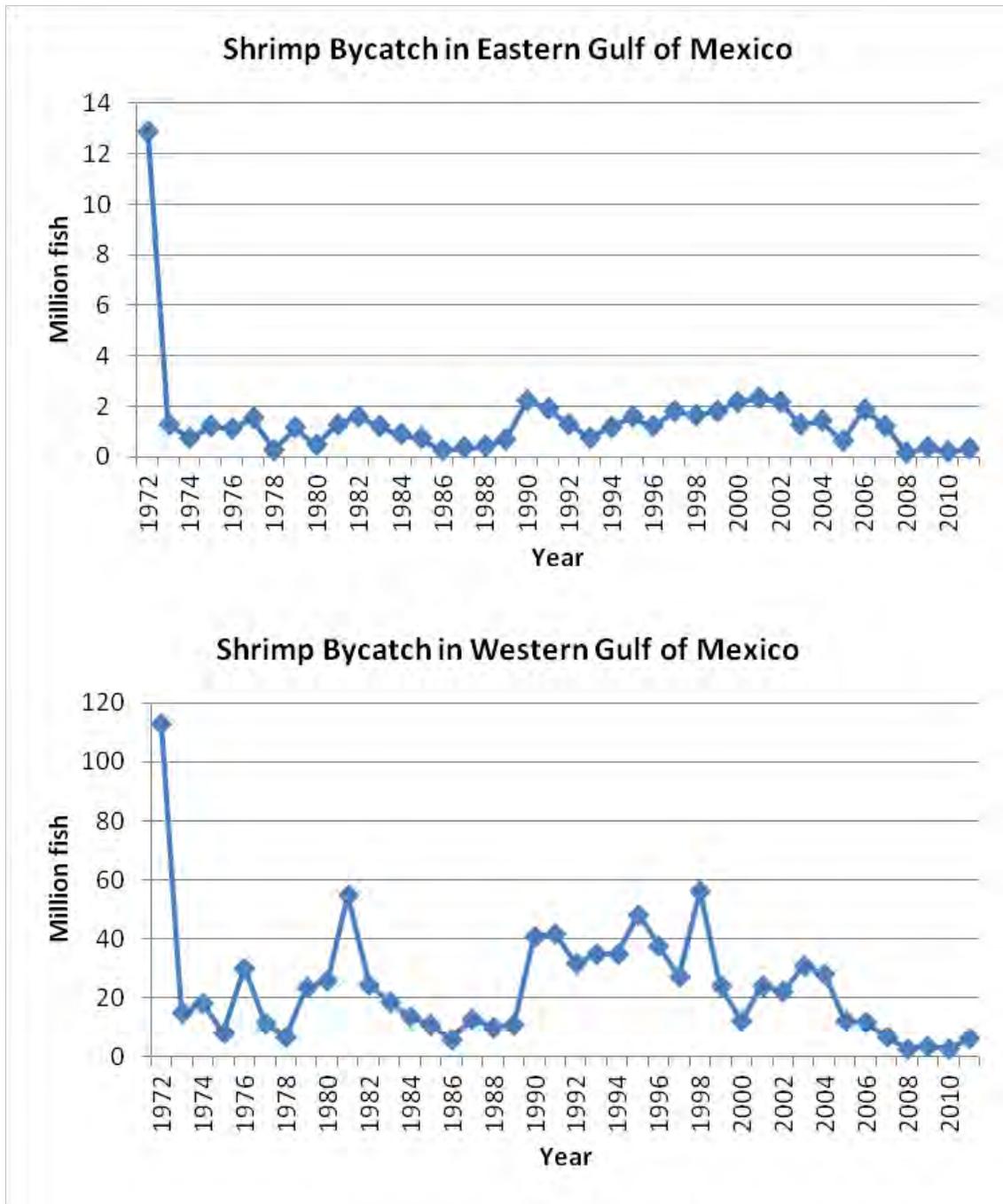


Figure 3.3 Annual estimates of shrimp bycatch (million fish) in the eastern (top panel) and western (bottom panel) Gulf of Mexico.

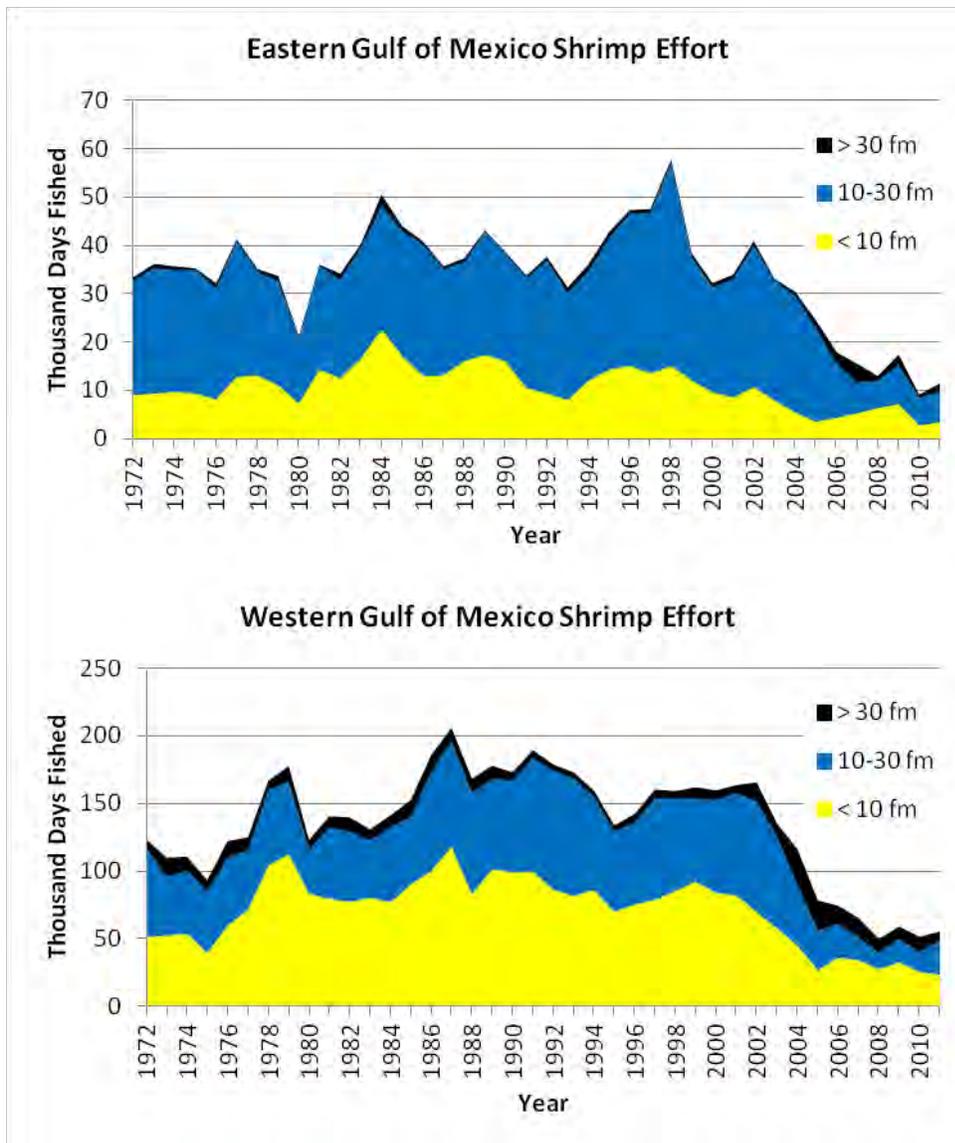


Figure 3.4 Gulf of Mexico shrimp effort (thousand days fished) by region and depth zone. Regions include eastern (top panel) and western Gulf (bottom panel). Depth zones include inside 10 fm, 10 fm to 30 fm, and outside 30 fm.

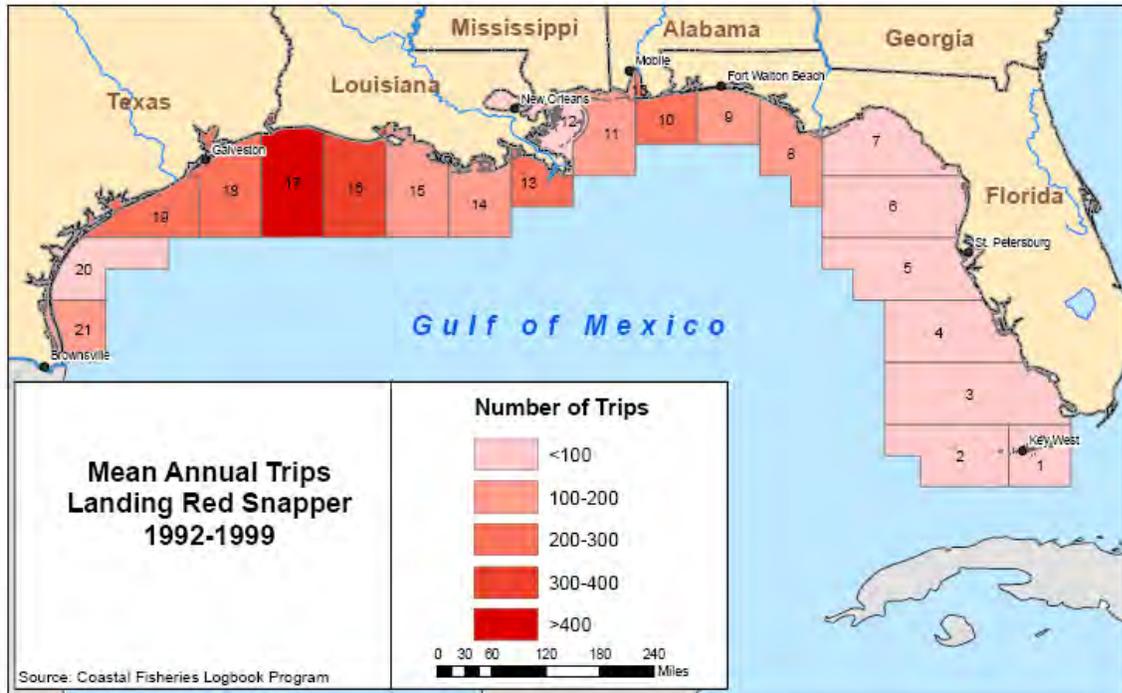


Figure 3.5 Map of red snapper effort as reported to the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program 1992-1999

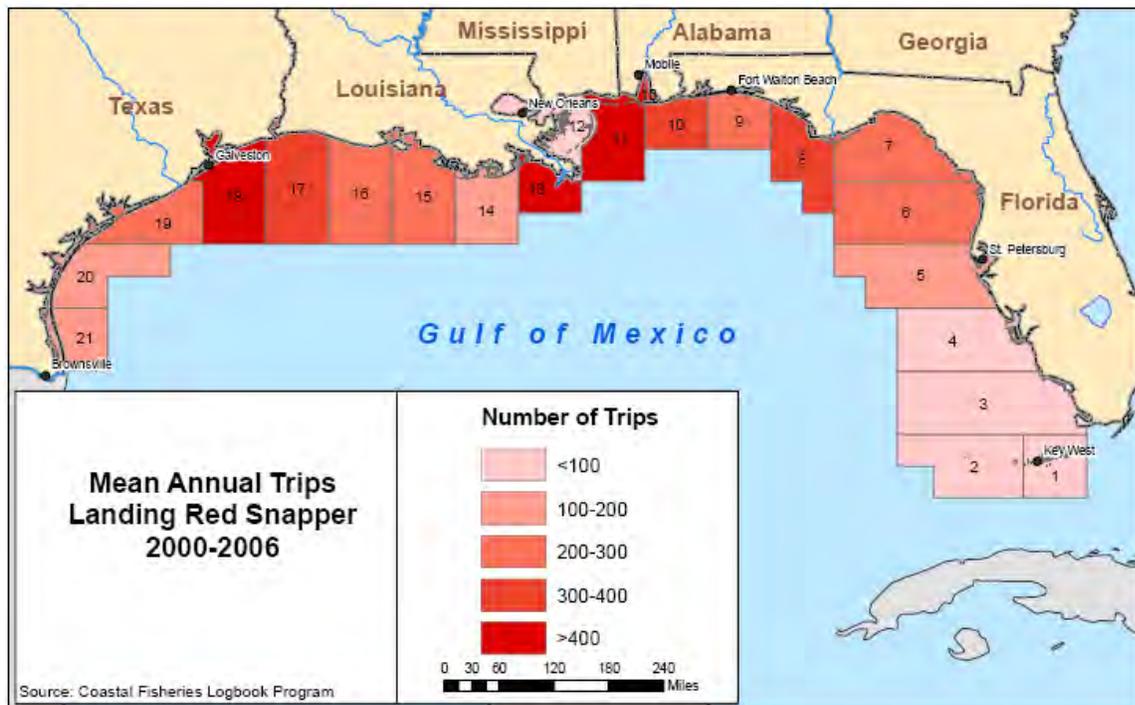


Figure 3.6 Map of red snapper effort as reported to the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program 2000-2006

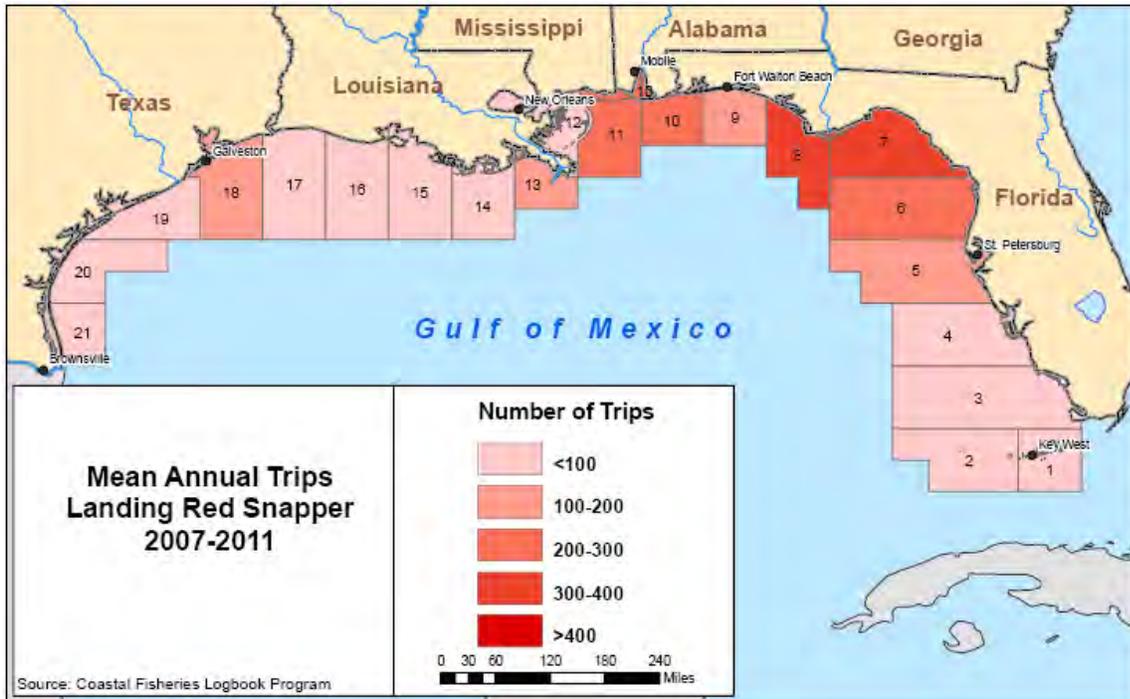


Figure 3.7 Map of red snapper effort as reported to the Coastal Fisheries Logbook Program 2007-2011

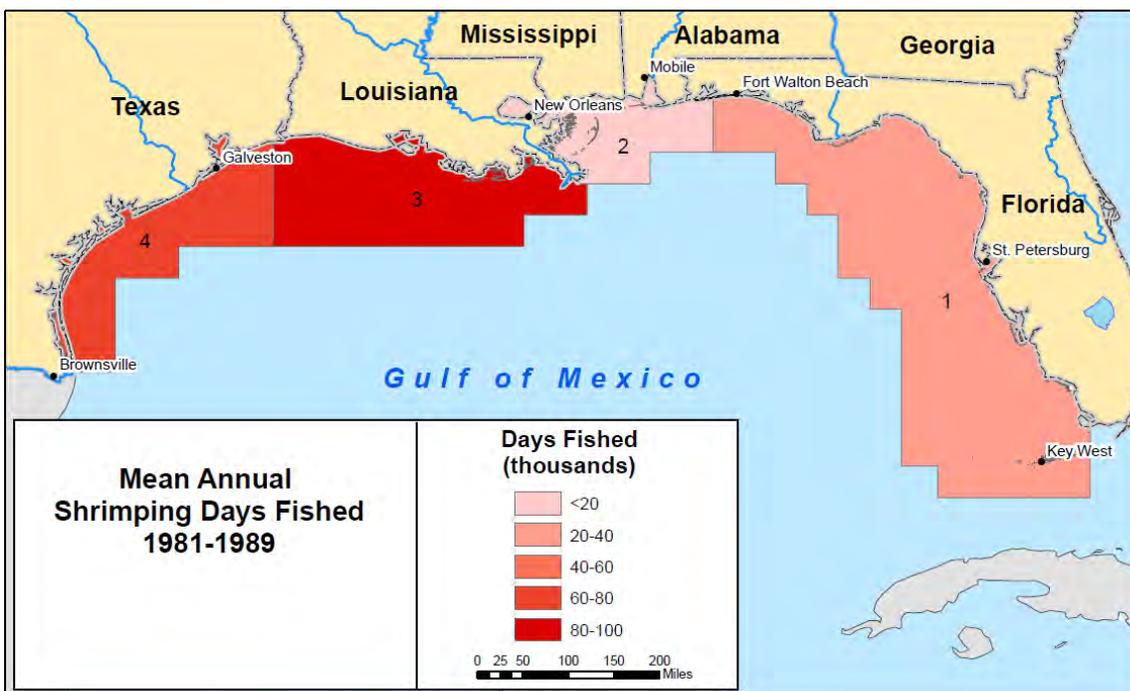


Figure 3.8 Map of estimated shrimping effort 1981-1989.

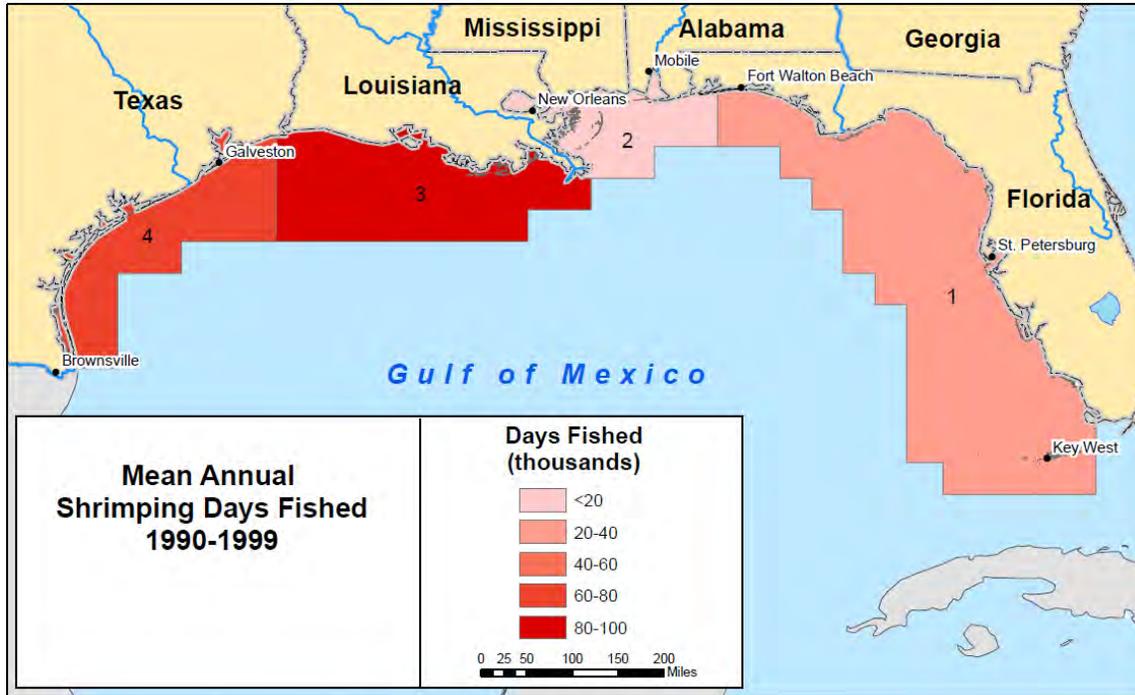


Figure 3.9 Map of estimated shrimping effort 1990-1999.

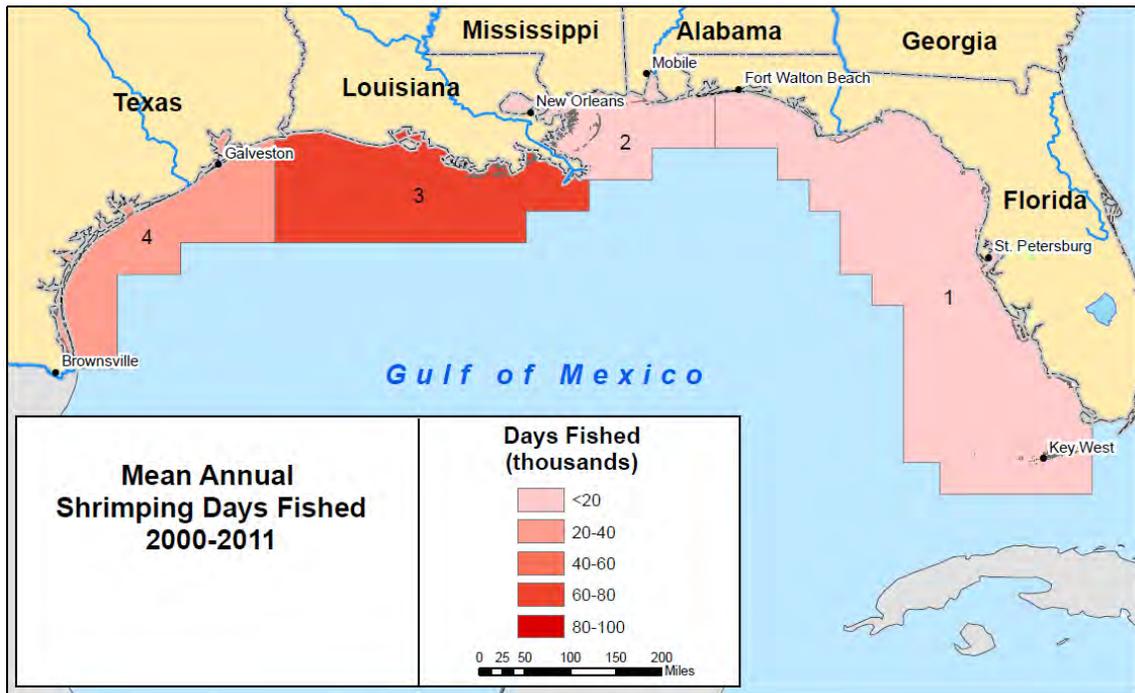


Figure 3.10 Map of estimated shrimping effort 2000-2011.

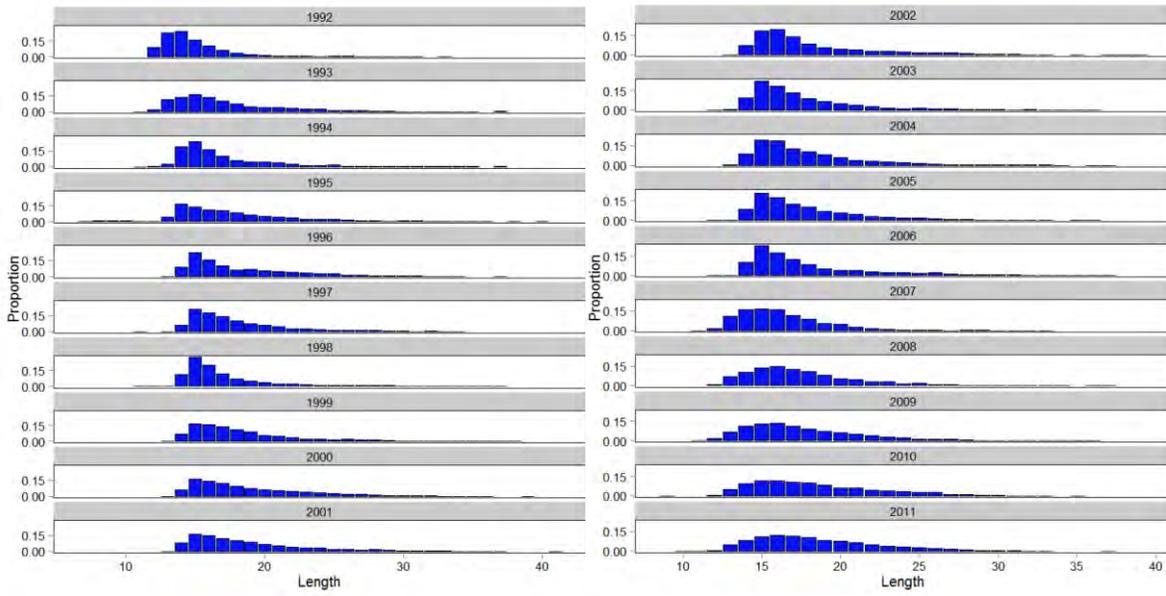


Figure 3.11 Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from commercial handline fisheries located in the eastern Gulf of Mexico (HE) from 1992 to 2011.

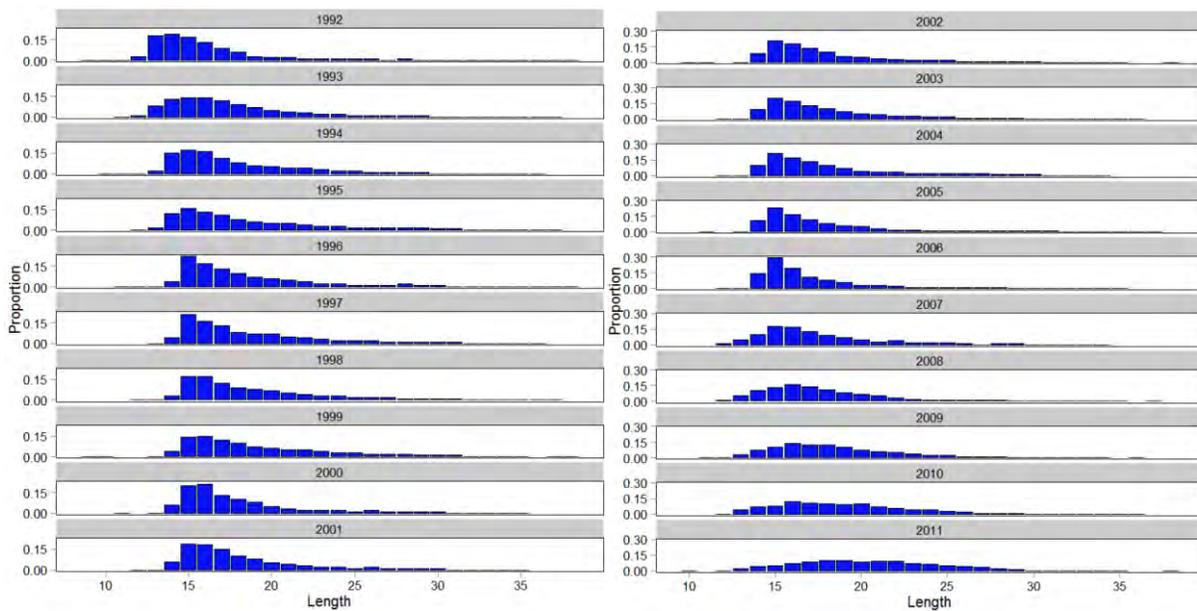


Figure 3.12 Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from commercial handline fisheries located in the western Gulf of Mexico (HW) from 1992 to 2011.

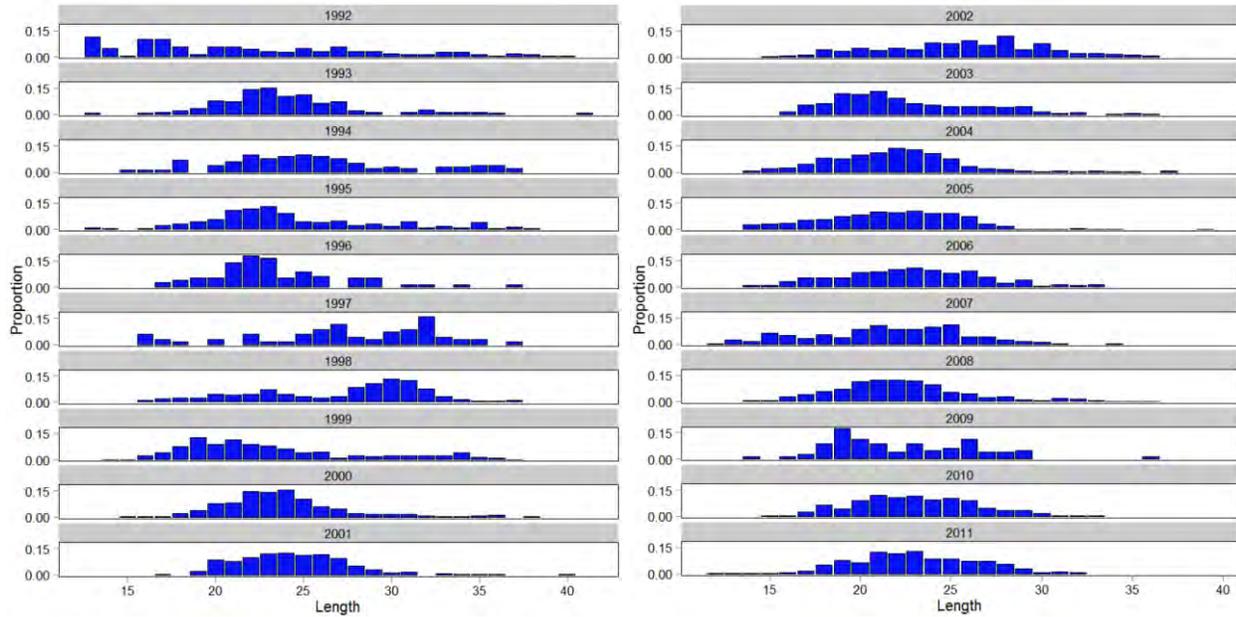


Figure 3.13 Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from commercial longline fisheries located in the eastern Gulf of Mexico (LE) from 1992 to 2011.

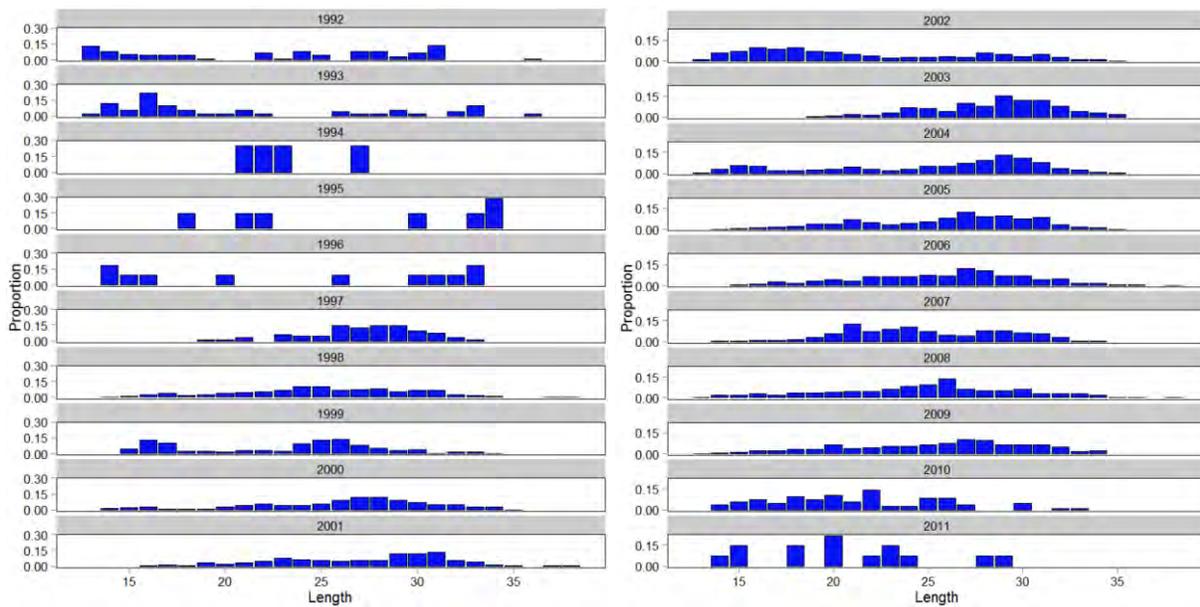


Figure 3.14 Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from commercial longline fisheries located in the western Gulf of Mexico (LW) from 1992 to 2011.

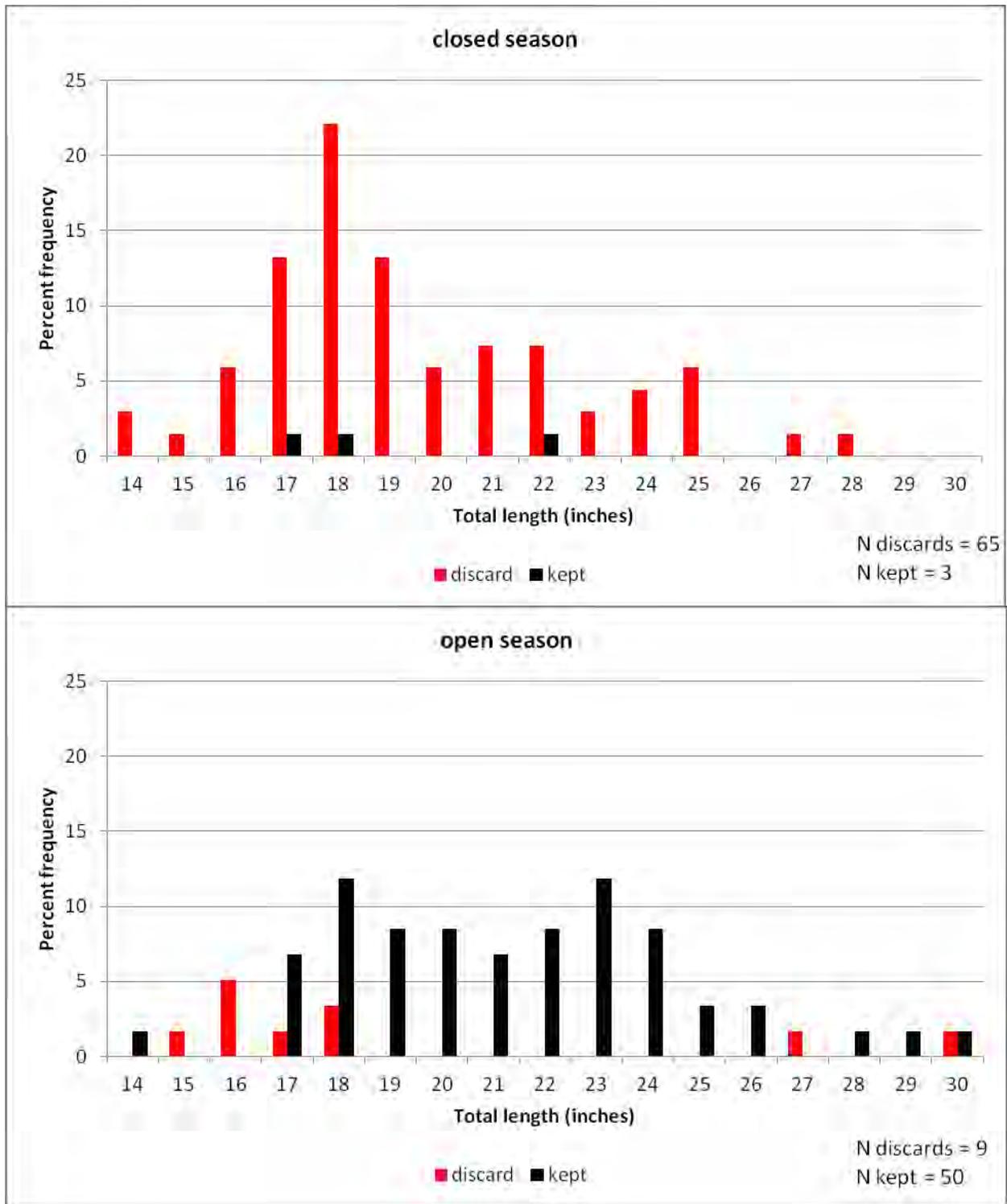


Figure 3.15 Commercial bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico 2006 observed red snapper size composition. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

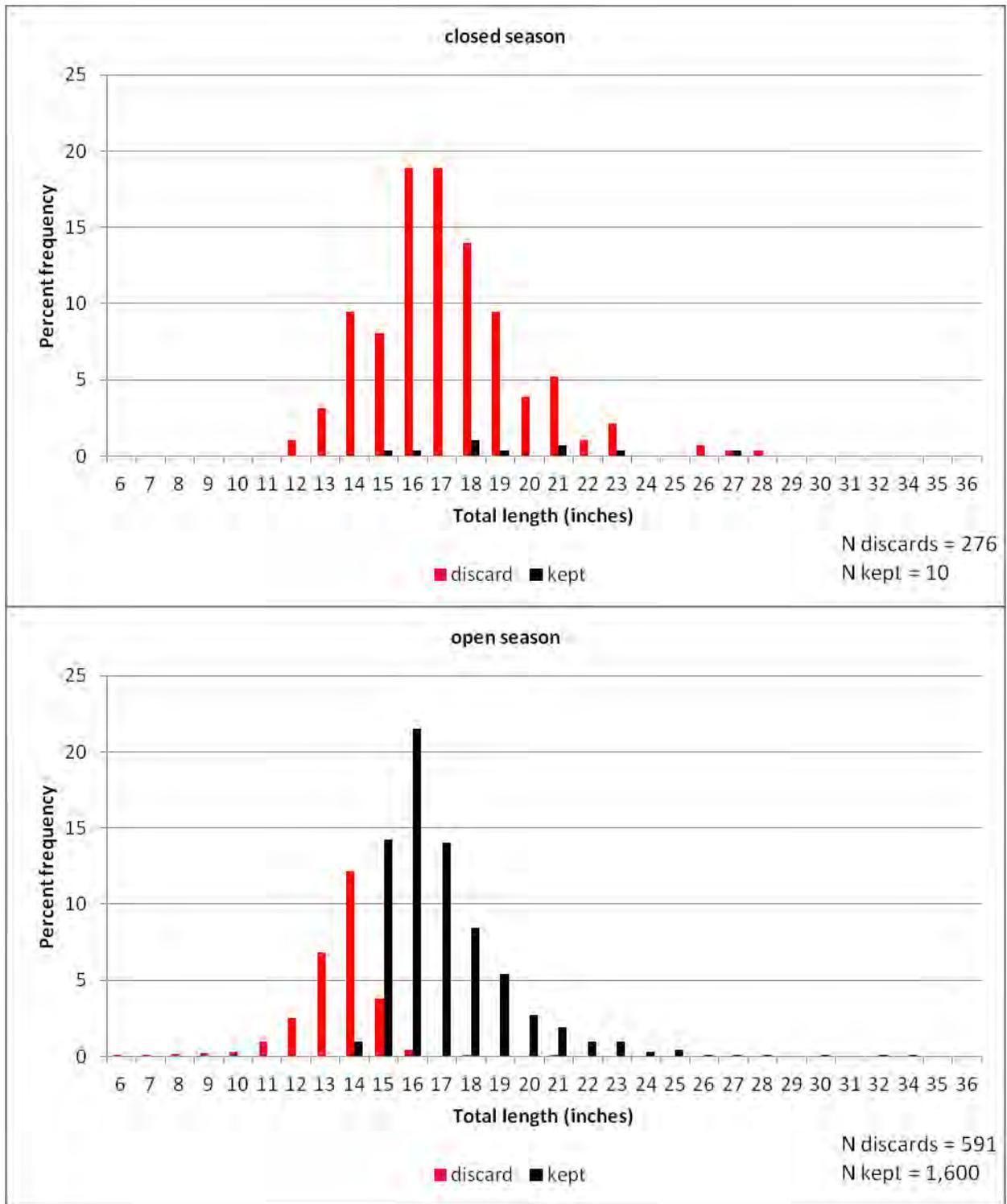


Figure 3.16 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico 2006 observed red snapper size composition. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

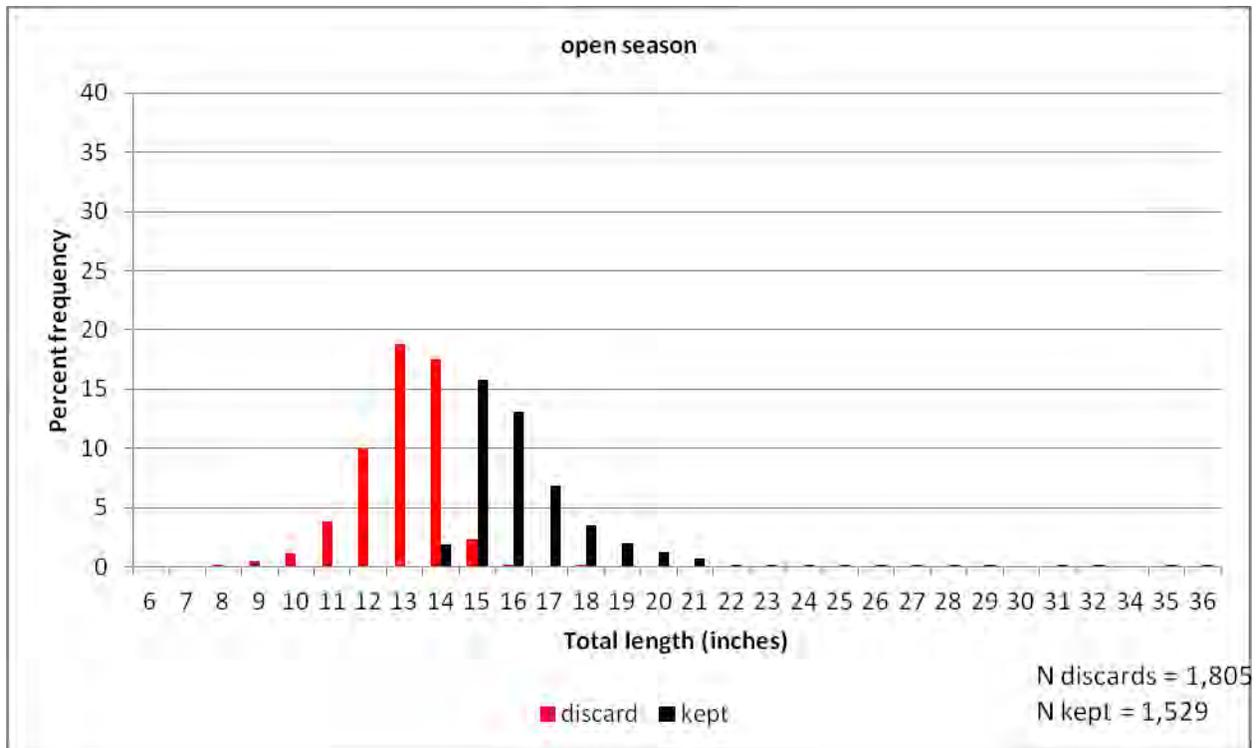


Figure 3.17 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico 2006 observed red snapper size composition. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches. Data collected during the closed season cannot be shown due to confidentiality restrictions.

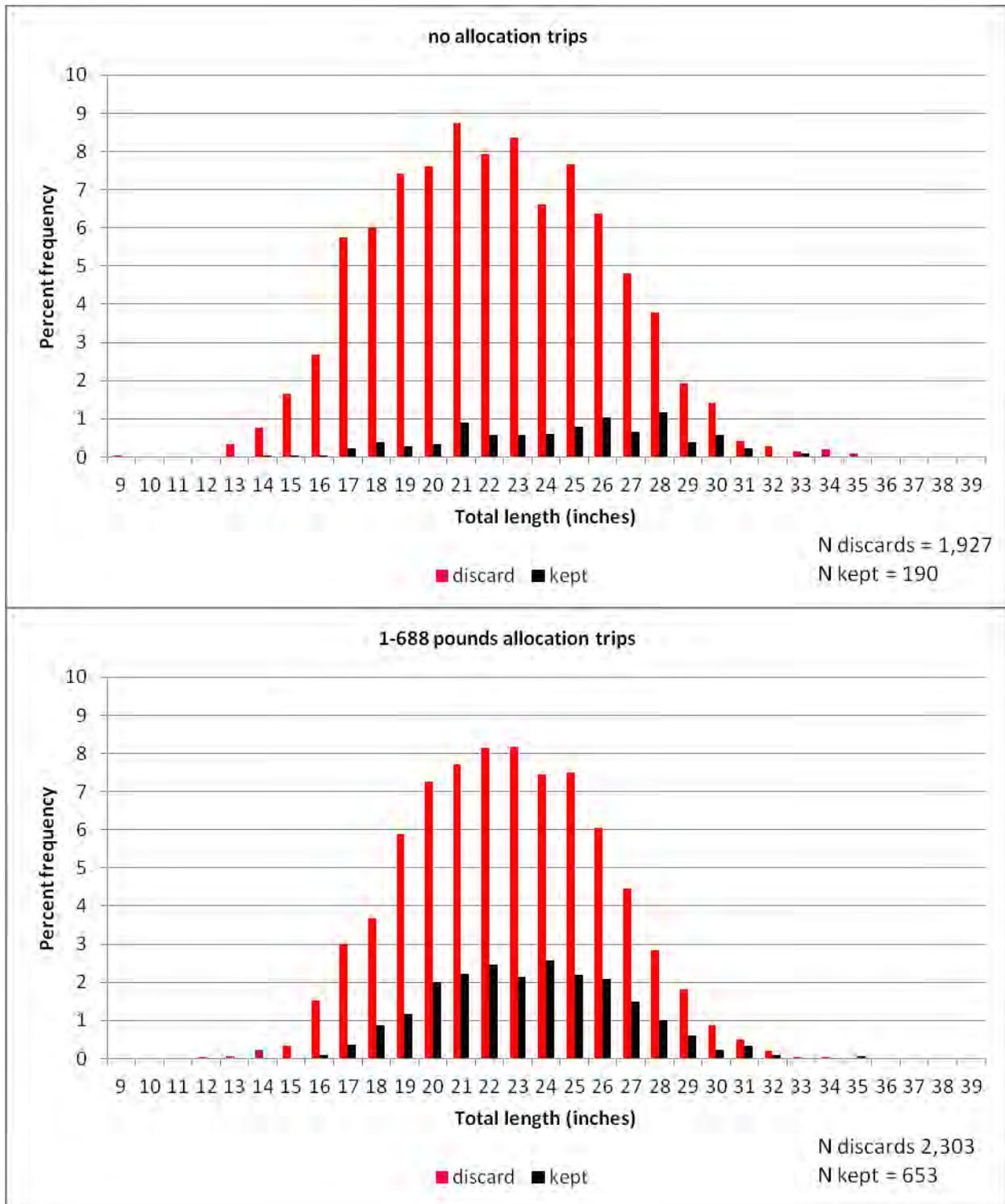


Figure 3.18 Commercial bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

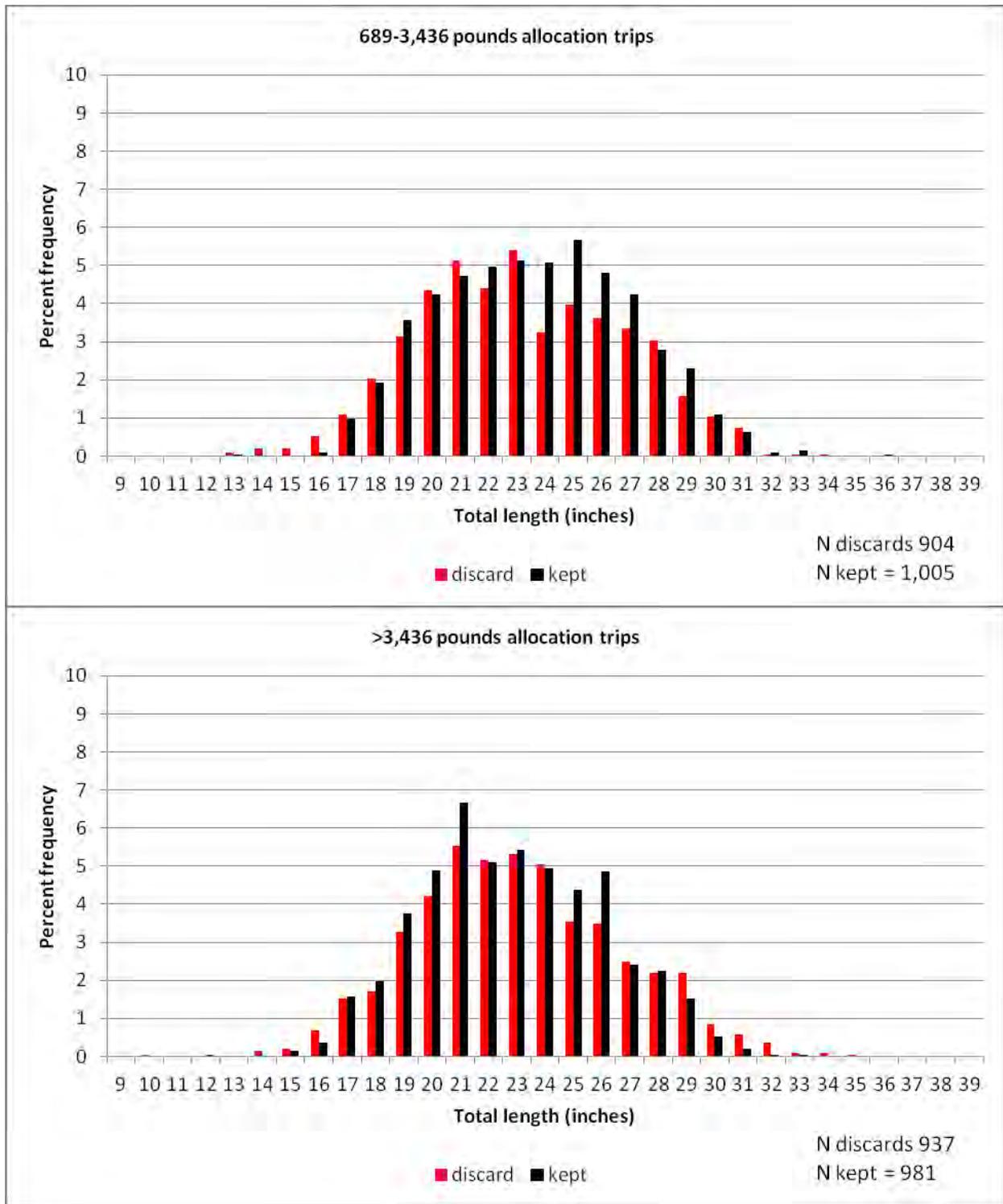


Figure 3.18 Commercial bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation, continued.

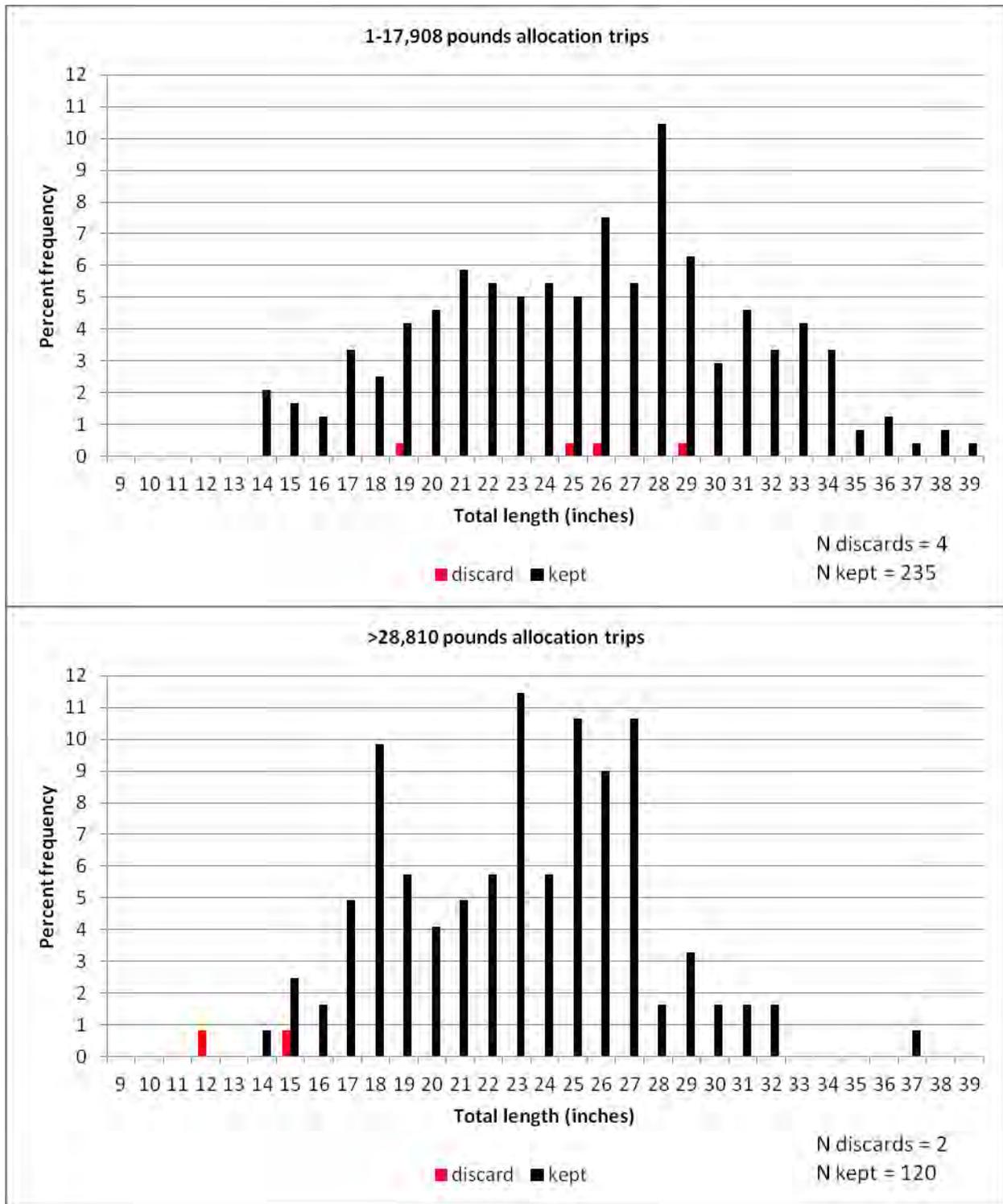


Figure 3.19 Commercial bottom longline western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches. Data from trips with no allocation and from trips with 17,909-28,810 pounds of allocation cannot be shown due to confidentiality restrictions.

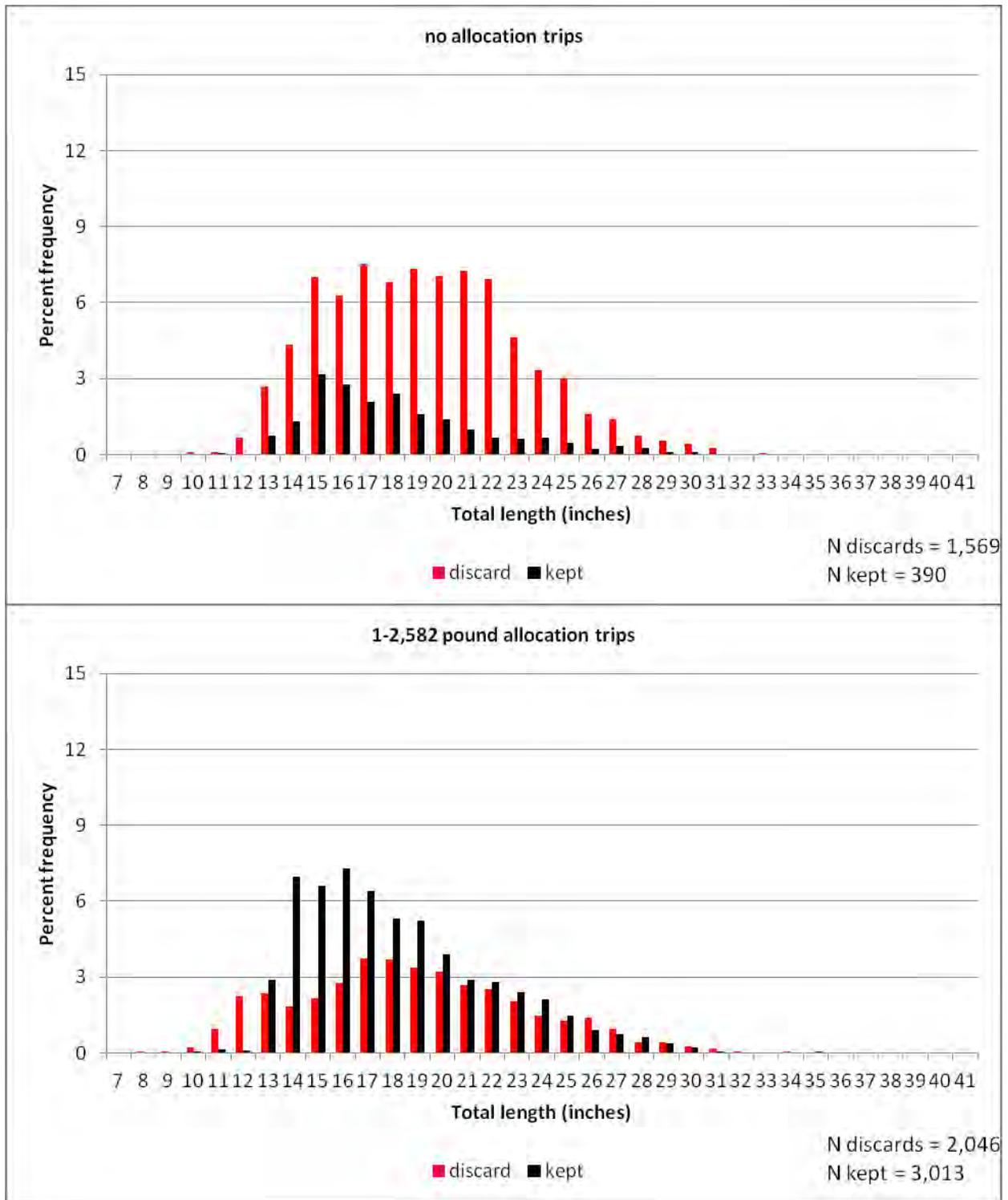


Figure 3.20 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

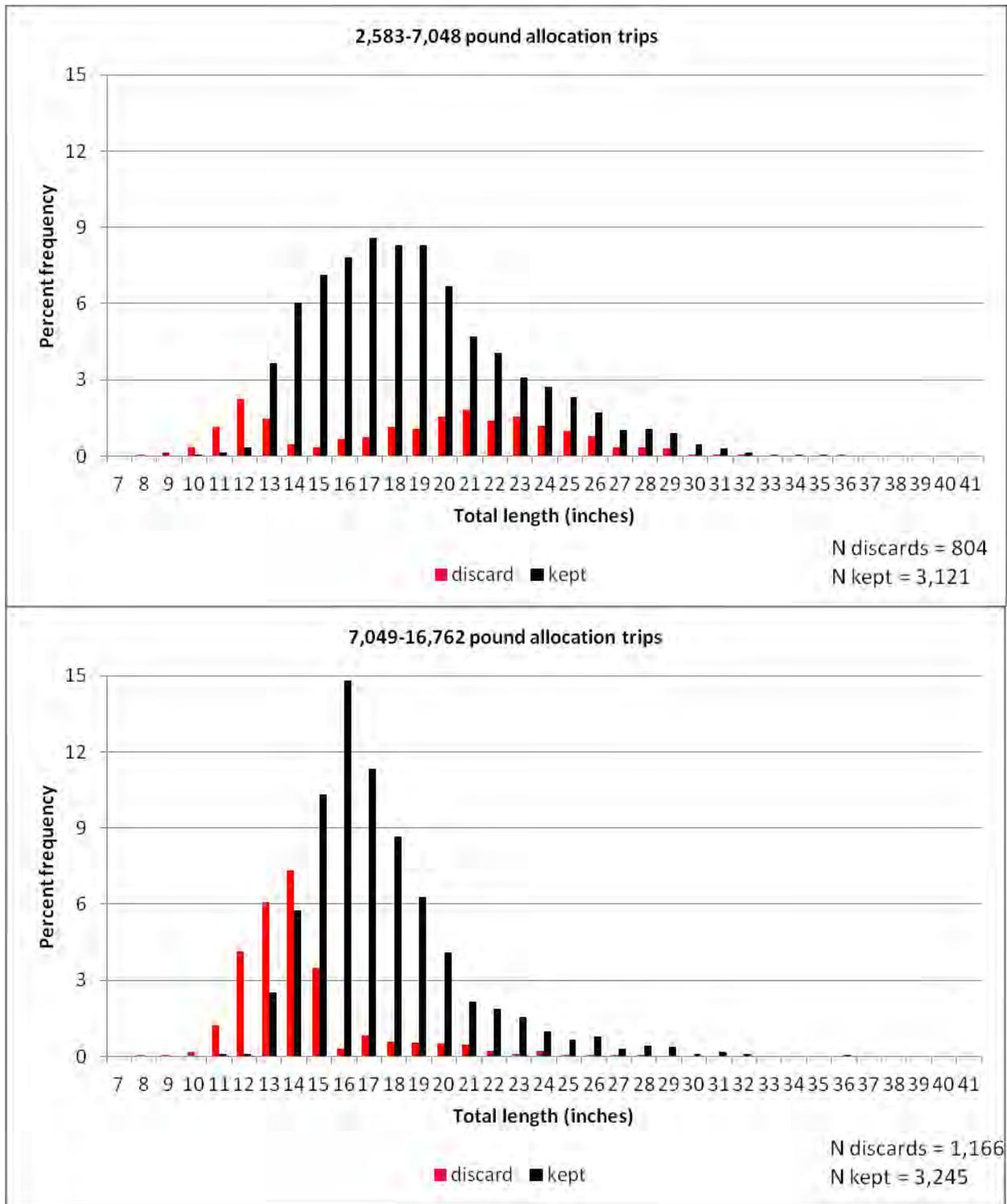


Figure 3.20 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation, continued.

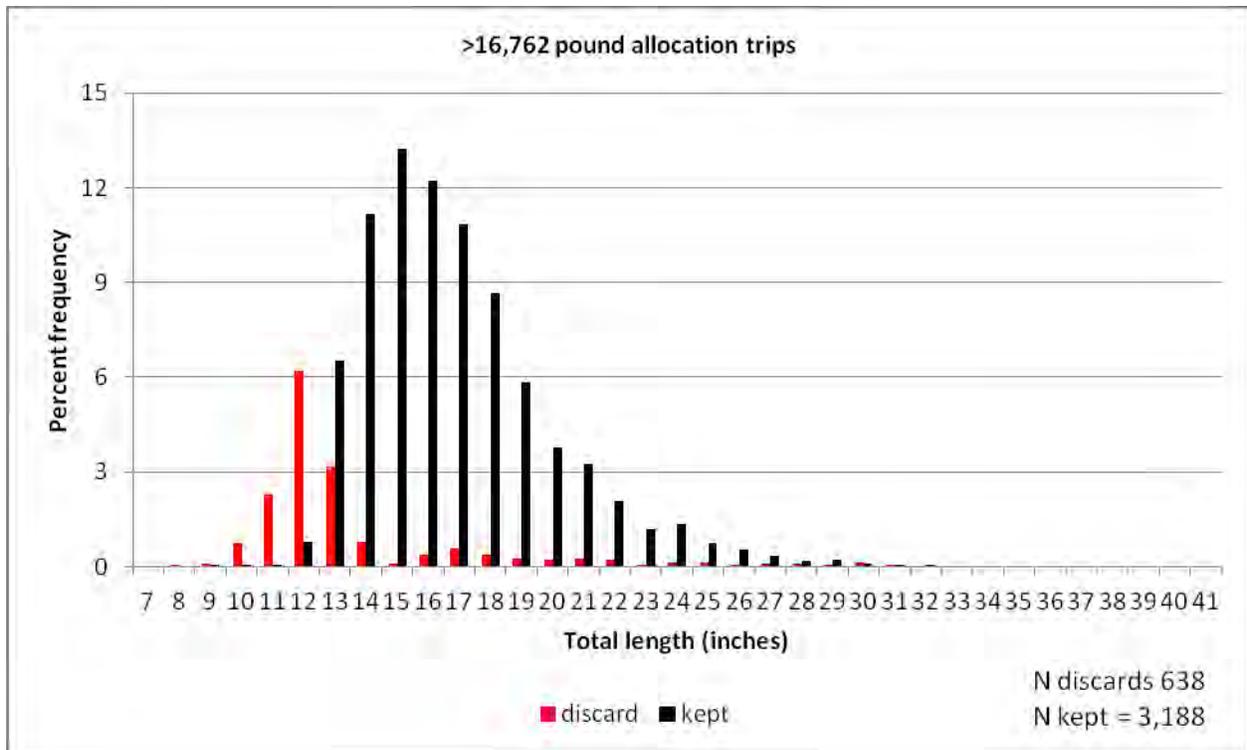


Figure 3.20 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation, continued.

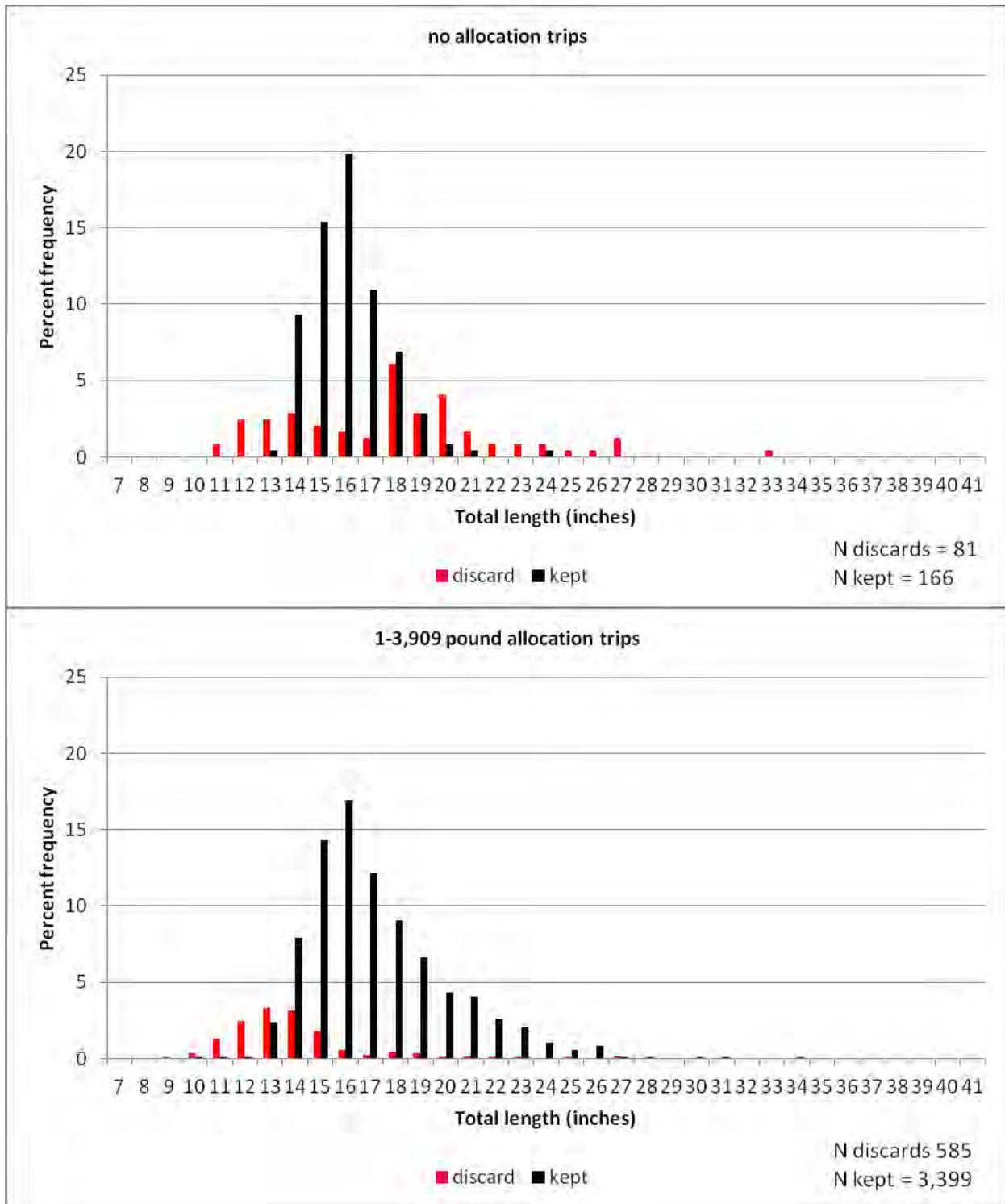


Figure 3.21 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

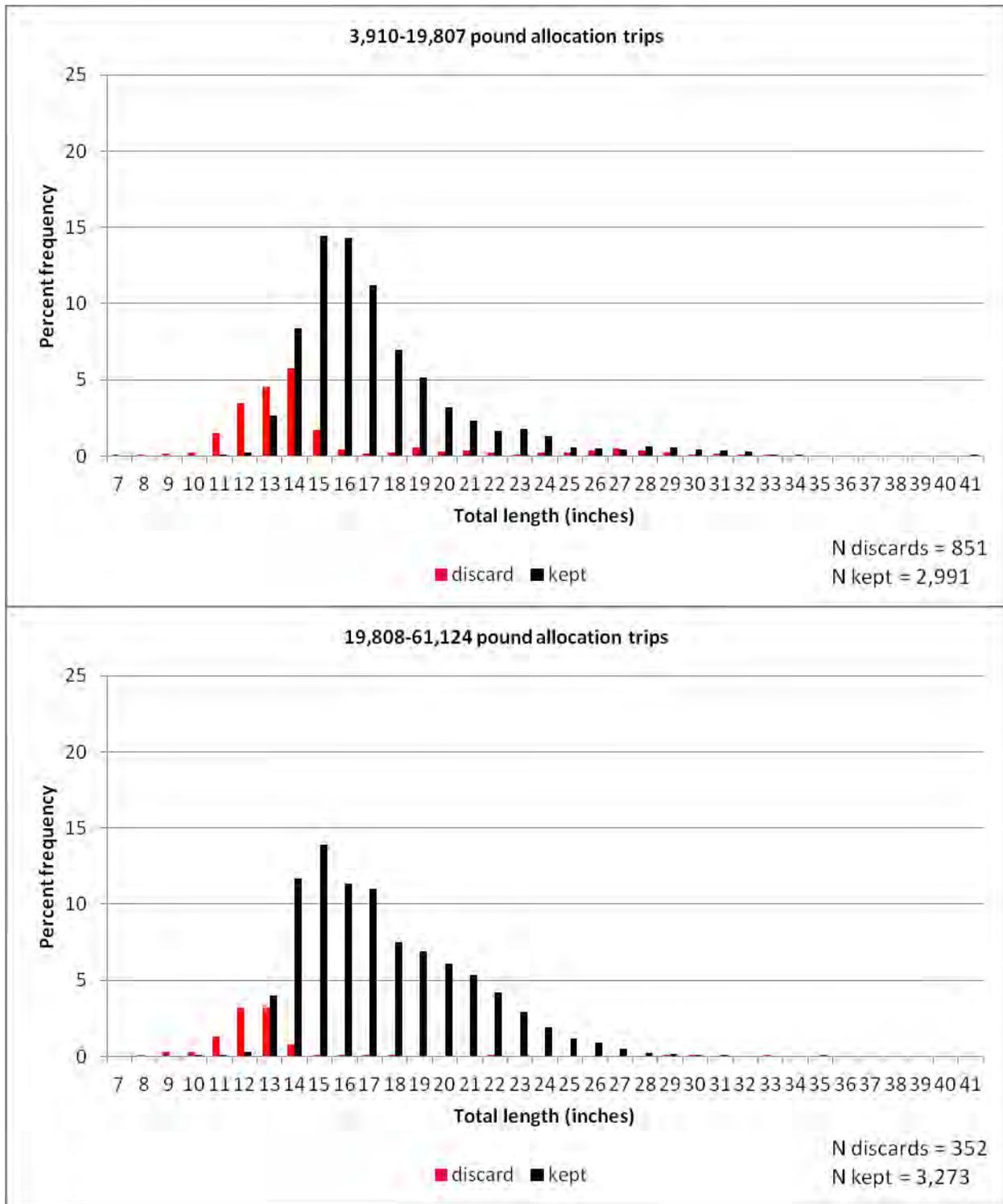


Figure 3.21 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation, continued.

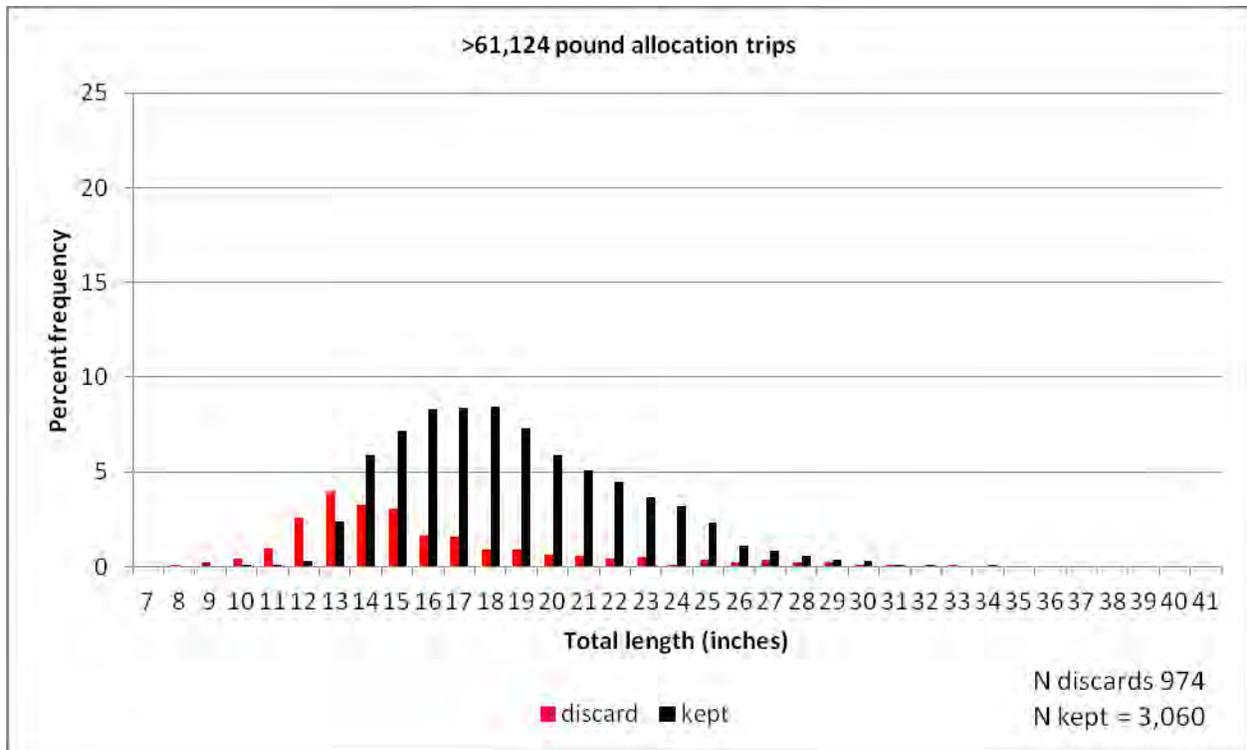


Figure 3.21 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by red snapper allocation, continued.

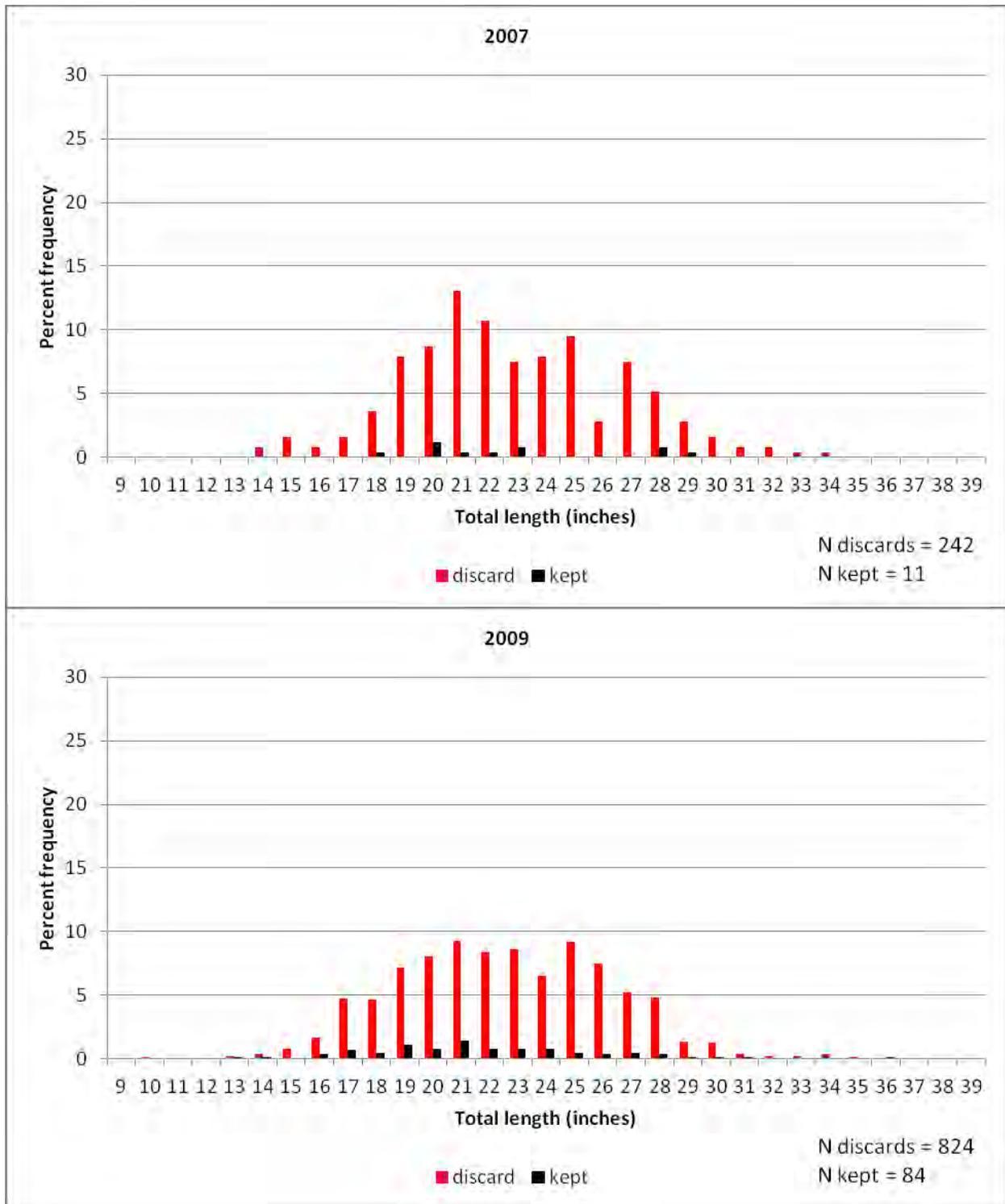


Figure 3.22 Commercial bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches. Data from 2008 cannot be shown due to confidentiality restrictions.

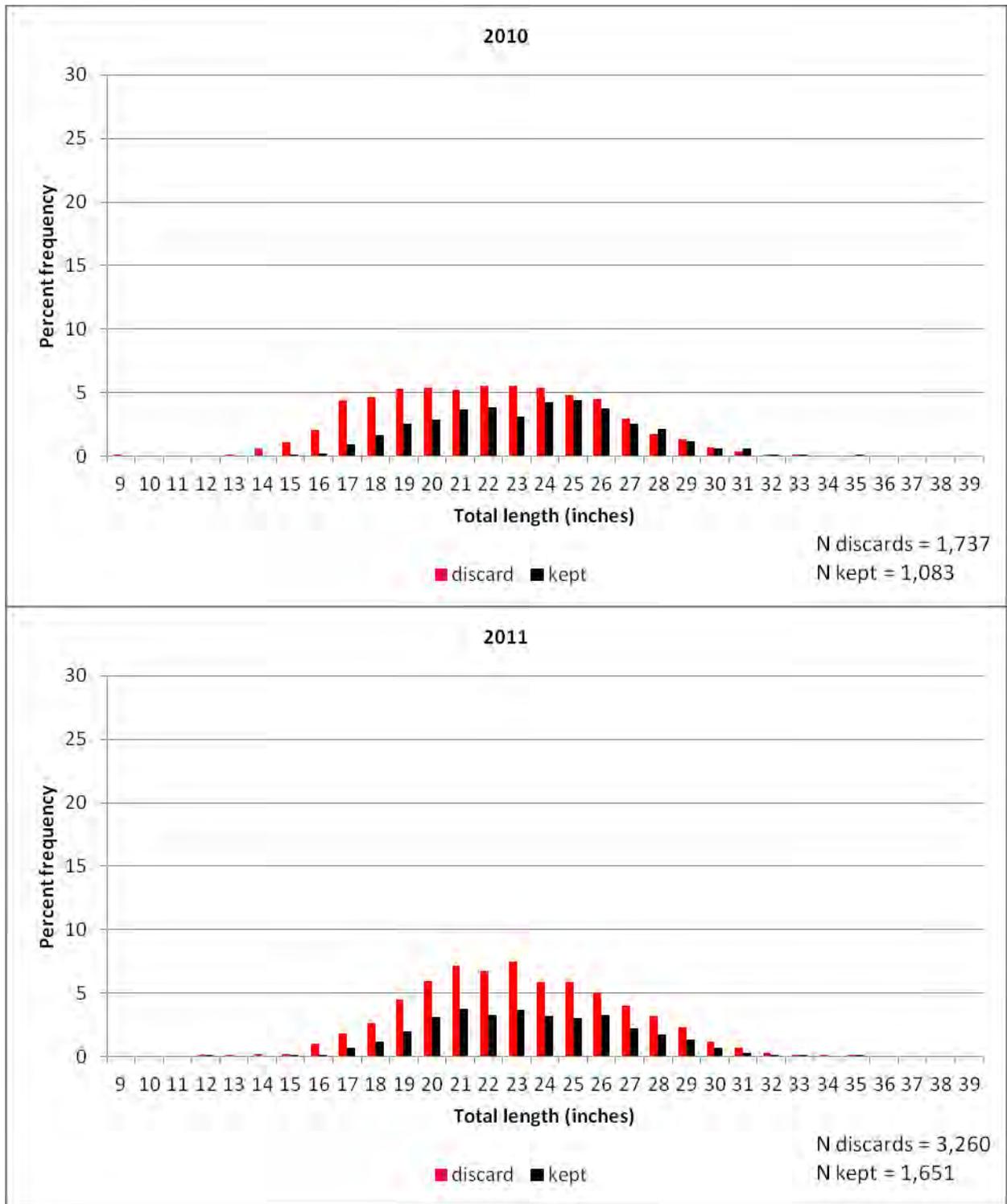


Figure 3.22 Commercial bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

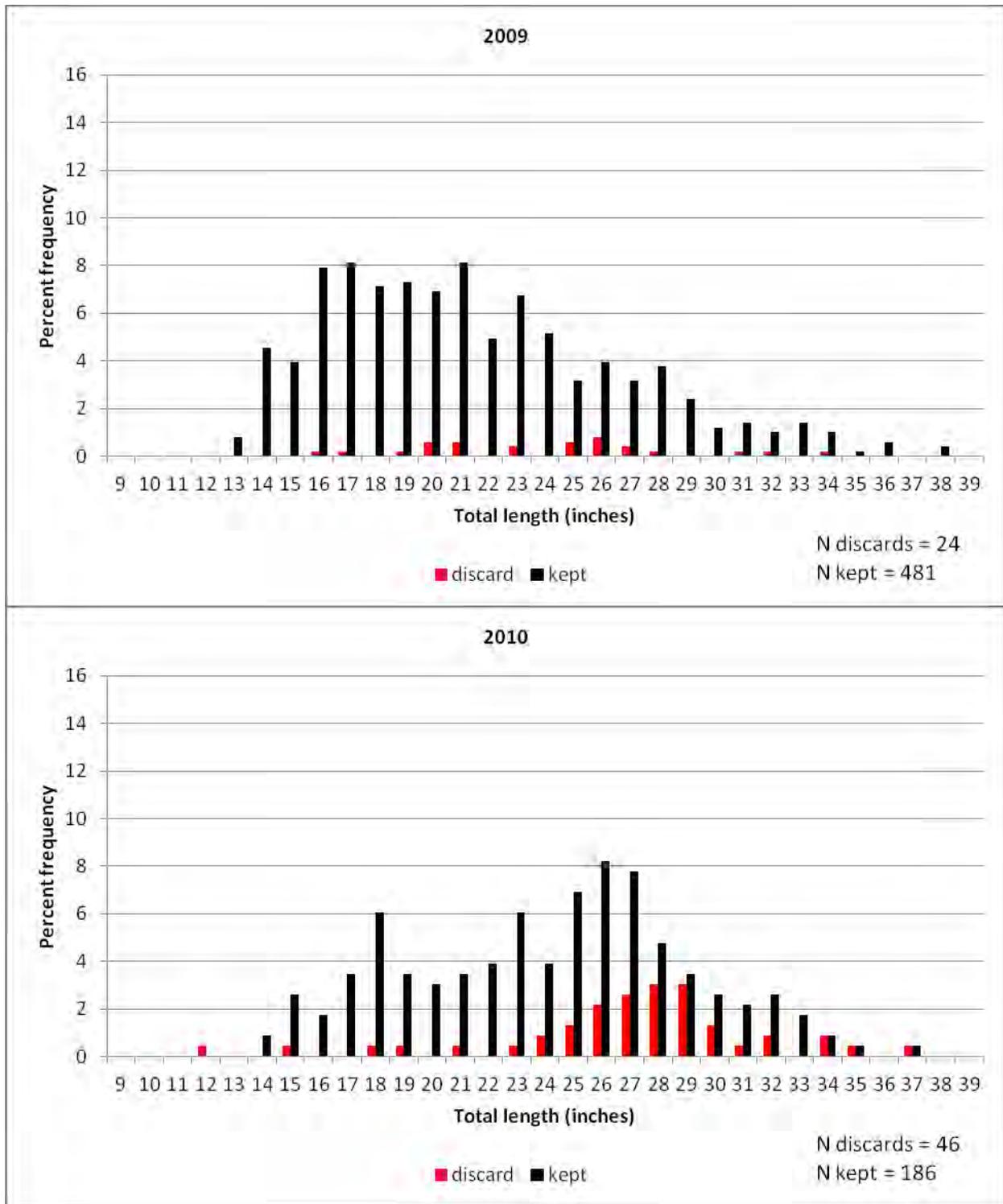


Figure 3.23 Commercial bottom longline western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year. No western Gulf of Mexico bottom longline trips had observers onboard during 2007. Data from 2008 cannot be shown due to confidentiality restrictions. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

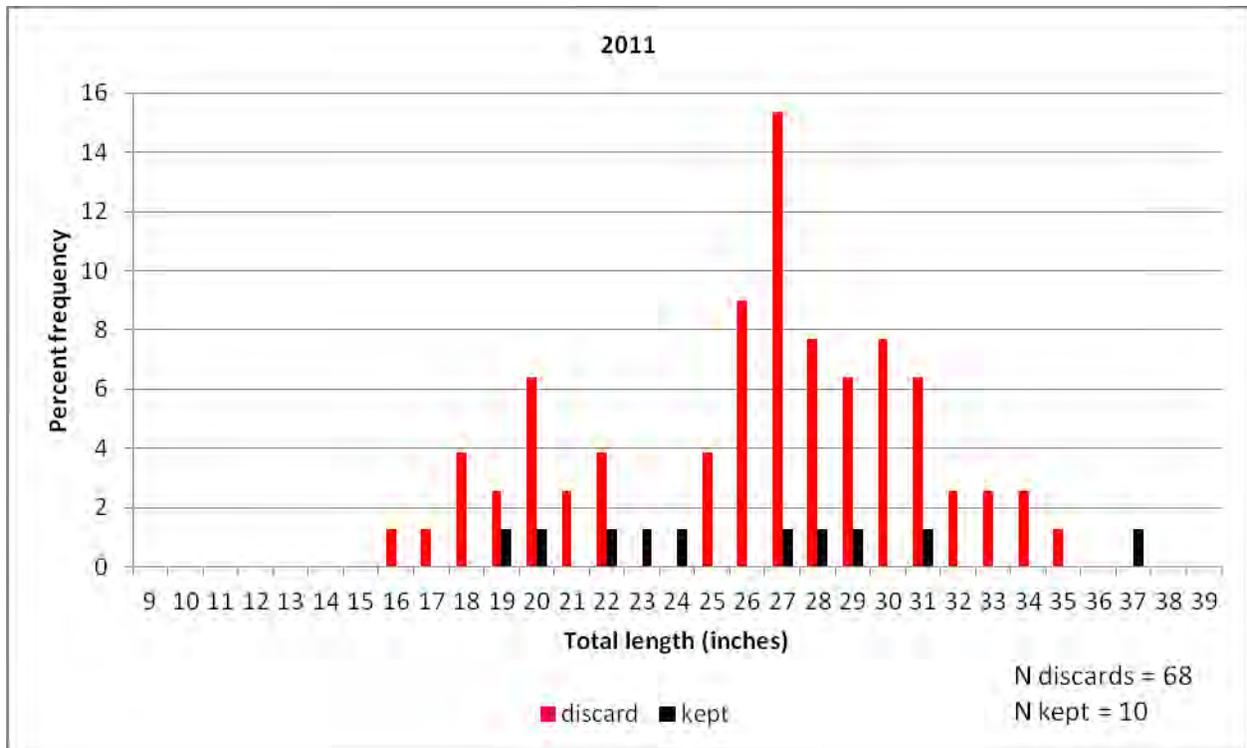


Figure 3.23 Commercial bottom longline western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

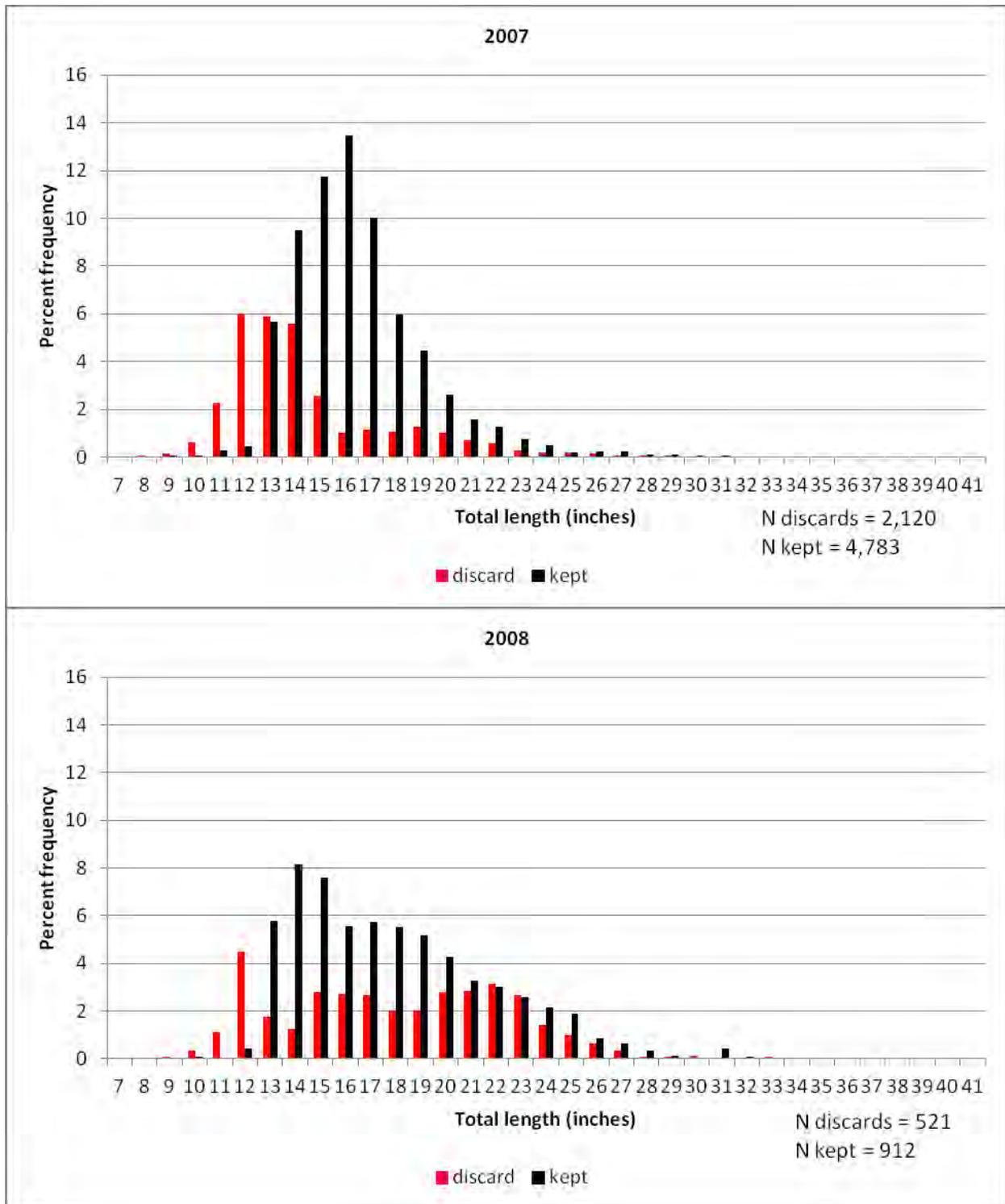


Figure 3.24 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

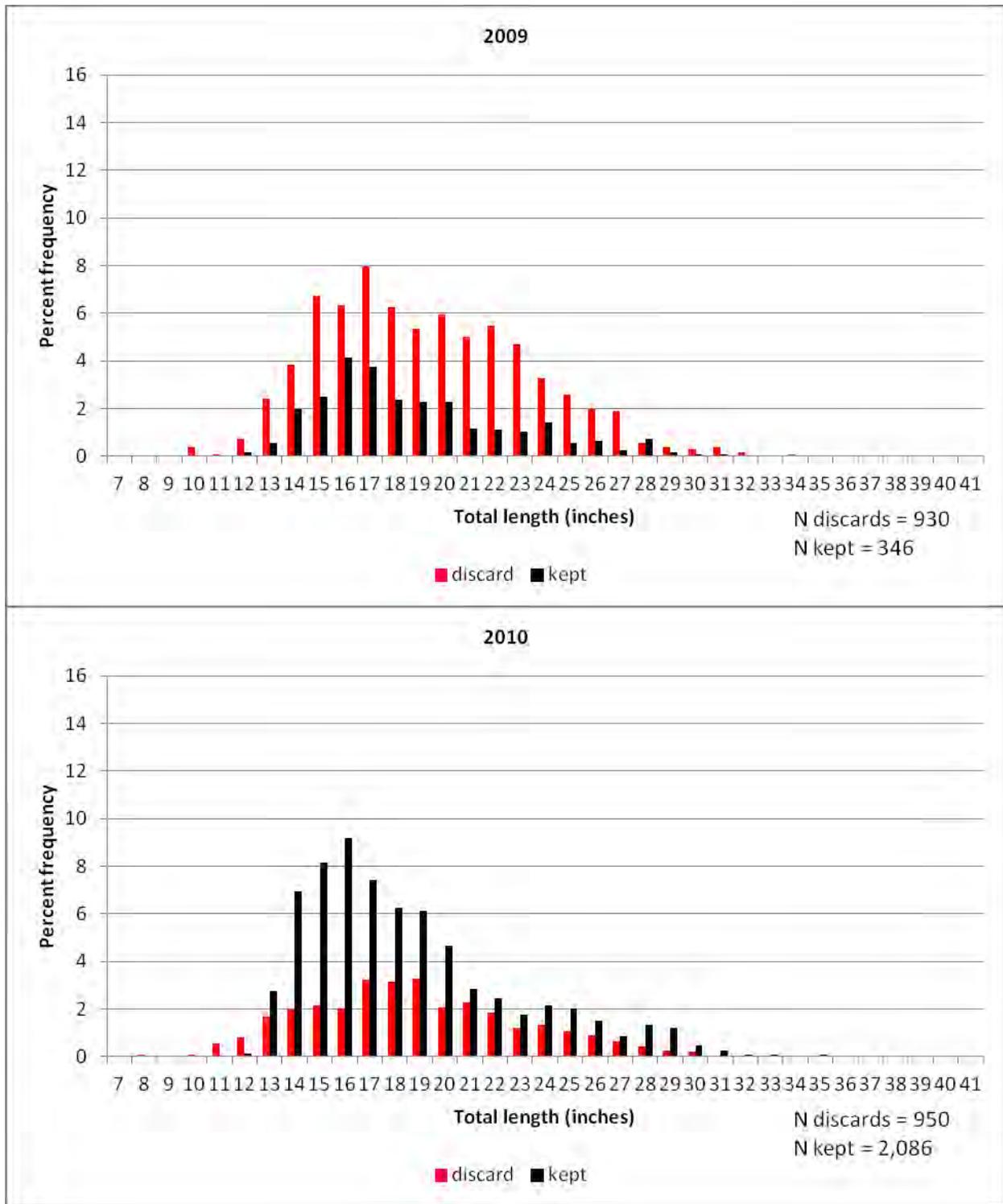


Figure 3.24 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

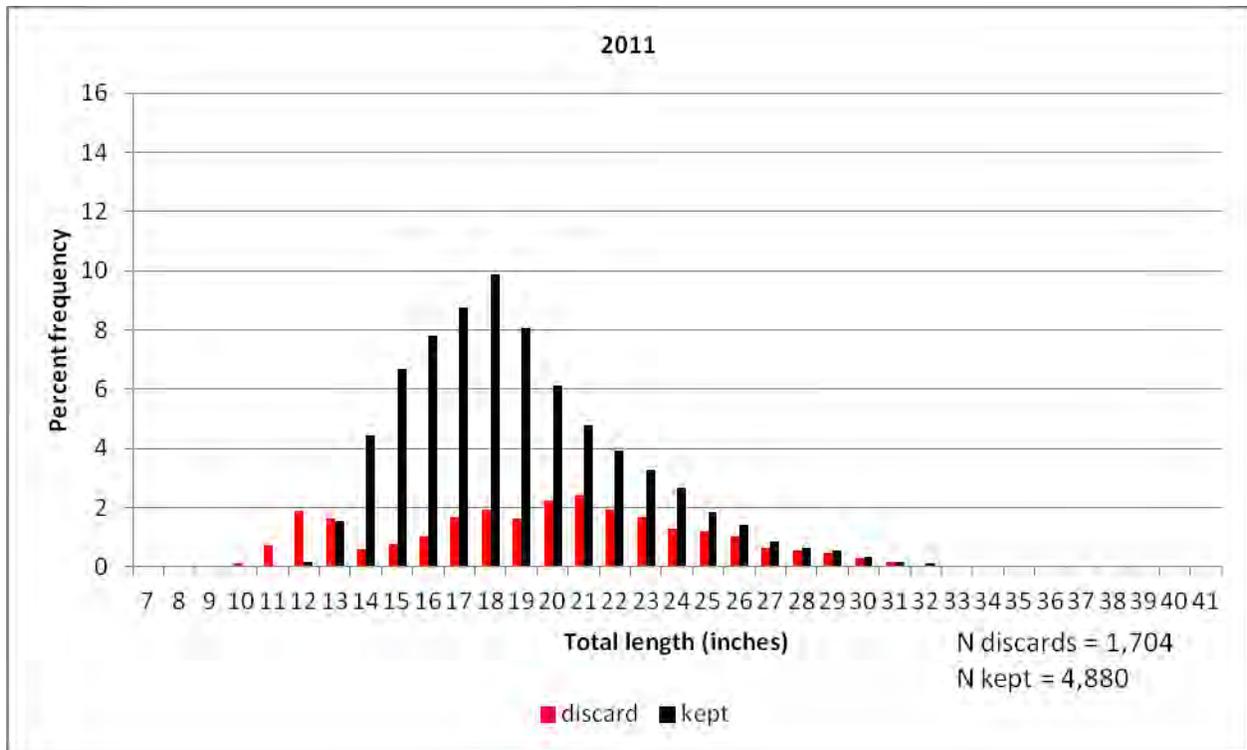


Figure 3.24 Commercial vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

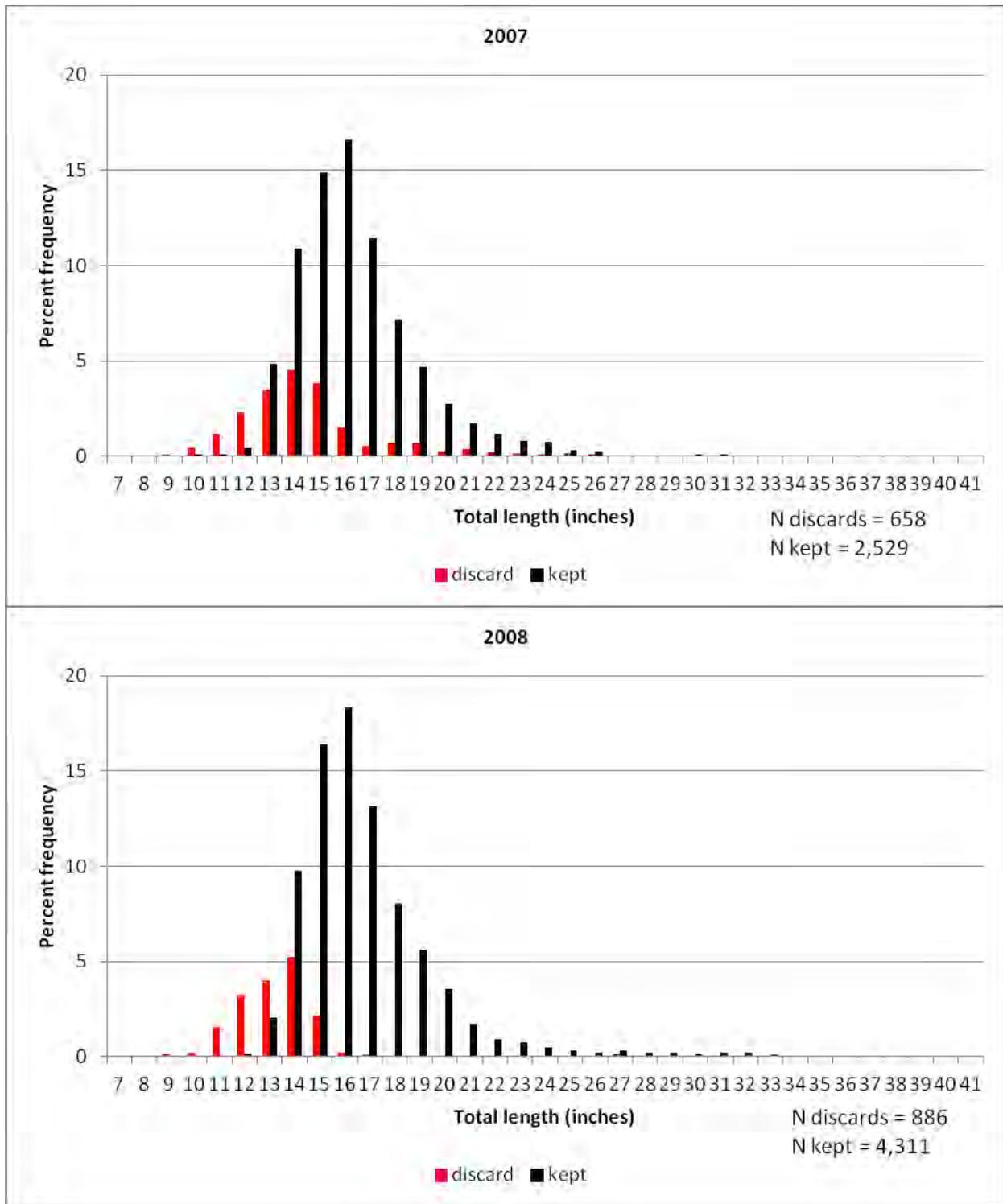


Figure 3.25 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year. Sizes are in inches total length, where bins are one inch; e.g., 15 = 15-15.99 inches.

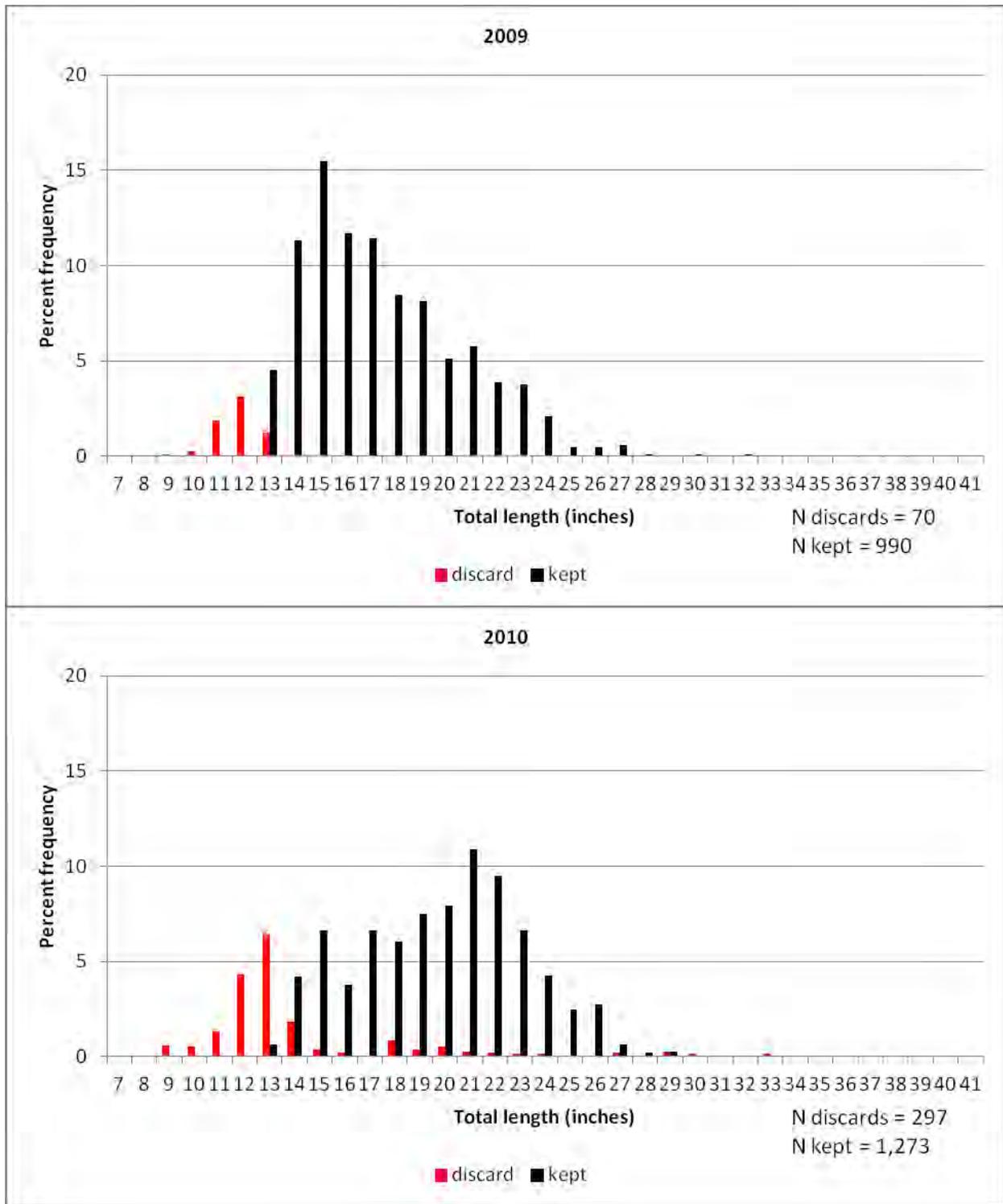


Figure 3.25 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

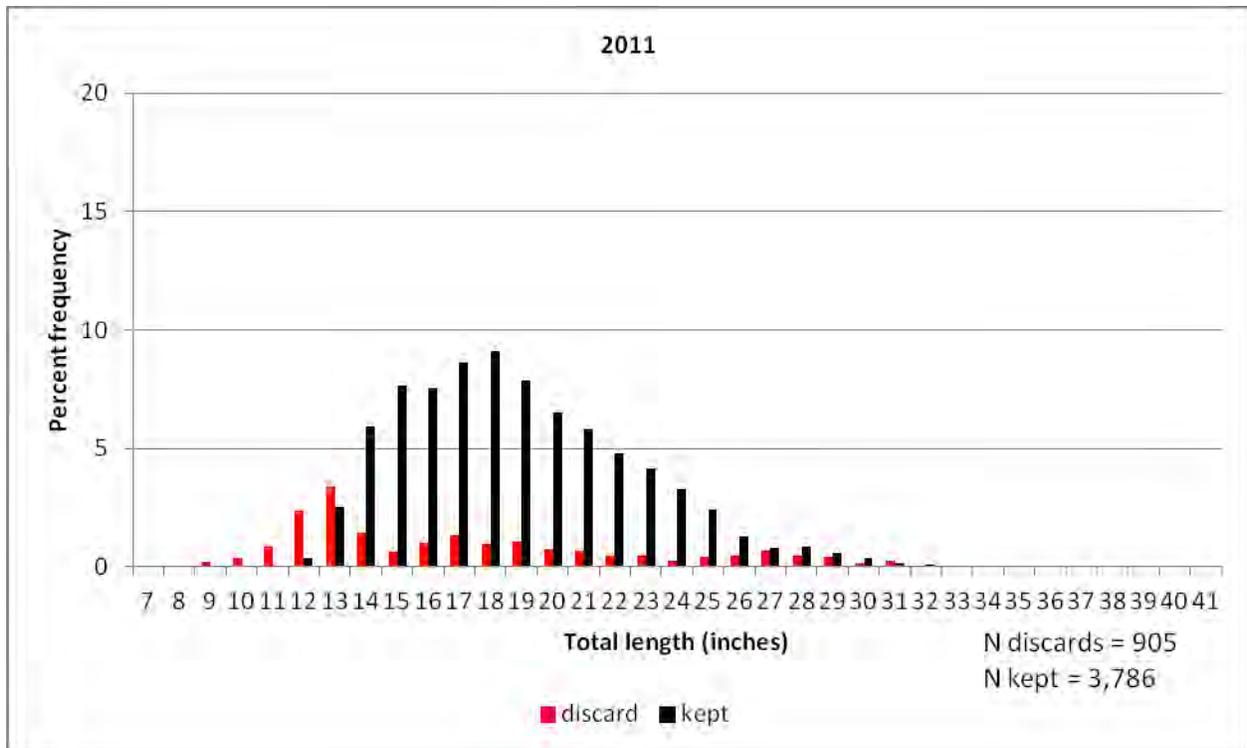


Figure 3.25 Commercial vertical line western Gulf of Mexico observed red snapper size composition by year, continued.

3.12 Appendix A: Description of databases used for Commercial Landings (Section 3.3):

NMFS SECPR Accumulated Landings System(ALS)

Information on the quantity and value of seafood products caught by fishermen in the U.S. has been collected starting in the late 1800s (first year varies by species). Fairly serious collection activity began in the 1920s. The data set maintained by the Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) in the SECPR Oracle database server is a continuous data set that begins in 1962.

In addition to the quantity and value, information on the gear used to catch the fish, the area where the fishing occurred and the distance from shore are also recorded. Because the quantity and value data are collected from seafood dealers, the information on gear and fishing location are estimated and added to the data by data collection specialists. In some states, these ancillary data are not available.

Commercial landings statistics have been collected and processed by various organizations during the 1962-to-present period that the SECPR databases cover. During the 16 years from 1962 through 1978, these data were collected by port agents employed by the Federal government and stationed at major fishing ports in the southeast. The program was run from the Headquarters Office of the Bureau of Commercial Fisheries in Washington DC. Data collection procedures were established by Headquarters and the data were submitted to Washington for processing and computer storage. In 1978, the responsibility for collection and processing were transferred to the SEFSC.

In the early 1980s, the NMFS and the state fishery agencies within the Southeast began to develop a cooperative program for the collection and processing of commercial fisheries statistics. With the exception of two counties, one in Mississippi and one in Alabama, all of the general canvass statistics are collected by the fishery agency in the respective state and provided to the SEFSC under a comprehensive Cooperative Statistics Program (CSP).

The purpose of this documentation is to describe the current collection and processing procedures that are employed for the commercial fisheries statistics maintained in the SECPR databases.

1960 - Late 1980s

=====

Although the data processing and database management responsibility were transferred from the Headquarters in Washington DC to the SEFSC during this period, the data collection procedures remained essentially the same. Trained data collection personnel, referred to as fishery reporting specialists or port agents, were stationed at major fishing ports throughout the Southeast Region. The data collection procedures for commercial landings included two parts.

The primary task for the port agents was to visit all seafood dealers or fish houses within their assigned areas at least once a month to record the pounds and value for each species or product type that were purchased or handled by the dealer or fish house. The agents summed the

landings and value data and submitted these data in monthly reports to their area supervisors. All of the monthly data were submitted in essentially the same form.

The second task was to estimate the quantity of fish that were caught by specific types of gear and the location of the fishing activity. Port agents provided this gear/area information for all of the landings data that they collected. The objective was to have gear and area information assigned to all monthly commercial landings data.

There are two problems with the commercial fishery statistics that were collected from seafood dealers. First, dealers do not always record the specific species that are caught and second, fish or shellfish are not always purchased at the same location where they are unloaded, i.e., landed.

Dealers have always recorded fishery products in ways that meet their needs, which sometimes make it ambiguous for scientific uses. Although the port agents can readily identify individual species, they usually were not at the fish house when fish were being unloaded and thus, could not observe and identify the fish.

The second problem is to identify where the fish were landed from the information recorded by the dealers on their sales receipts. The NMFS standard for fisheries statistics is to associate commercial statistics with the location where the product was first unloaded, i.e., landed, at a shore-based facility. Because some products are unloaded at a dock or fish house and purchased and transported to another dealer, the actual 'landing' location may not be apparent from the dealers' sales receipts. Historically, communications between individual port agents and the area supervisors were the primary source of information that was available to identify the actual unloading location.

Cooperative Statistics Program

In the early 1980s, it became apparent that the collection of commercial fisheries statistics was an activity that was conducted by both the Federal government and individual state fishery agencies. Plans and negotiations were initiated to develop a program that would provide the fisheries statistics that are needed for management by both Federal and state agencies. By the mid- 1980s, formal cooperative agreements had been signed between the NMFS/SEFSC and each of the eight coastal states in the southeast, Puerto Rico and the US Virgin Islands.

Initially, the data collection procedures that were used by the states under the cooperative agreements were essentially the same as the historical NMFS procedures. As the states developed their data collection programs, many of them promulgated legislation that authorized their fishery agencies to collect fishery statistics. Many of the state statutes include mandatory data submission by seafood dealers.

Because the data collection procedures (regulations) are different for each state, the type and detail of data varies throughout the Region. The commercial landings database maintained in SEFIN contains a standard set of data that is consistent for all states in the Region.

A description of the data collection procedures and associated data submission requirements for each state follows.

Florida

Prior to 1986, commercial landings statistics were collected by a combination of monthly mail submissions and port agent visits. These procedures provided quantity and value, but did not provide information on gear, area or distance from shore. Because of the large number of dealers, port agents were not able to provide the gear, area and distance information for monthly data. This information, however, is provided for annual summaries of the quantity and value and known as the Florida Annual Canvas data (see below).

Beginning in 1986, mandatory reporting by all seafood dealers was implemented by the State of Florida. The State requires that a report (ticket) be completed and submitted to the State for every trip. Dealers have to report the type of gear as well as the quantity (pounds) purchased for each species. Information on the area of catch can also be provided on the tickets for individual trips. As of 1986 the ALS system relies solely on the Florida trip ticket data to create the ALS landings data for all species other than shrimp.

Alabama

Data collection in Alabama is voluntary and is conducted by state and federal port agents that visit dealers and docks monthly. Summaries of the total landings (pounds) and value for species or market category are recorded. Port agents provide information on gear and fishing area from their knowledge of the fisheries and interaction with fishermen and dealers. As of mid- 2000, the State of Alabama required fishermen and dealers to report all commercial landings data through a trip ticket system. As of 2001 the ALS system relies solely on the Alabama trip ticket data to create the ALS landings data for Alabama.

Mississippi

Data collection in Mississippi is voluntary and is conducted by state and federal port agents that visit dealers and docks monthly. Summaries of the total landings (pounds) and value for species or market category are recorded. Port agents provide information on gear and fishing area from their knowledge of the fisheries and interaction with fishermen and dealers.

Louisiana

Prior to 1993, commercial landings statistics were collected in Louisiana by Federal port agents following the traditional procedures established by the NMFS. Monthly summaries of the quantity and value were collected from each dealer in the state. The information on gear, area and distance from shore were added by the individual port agents.

Beginning in January 1993, the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, State of Louisiana began to enforce the states' mandatory reporting requirement. Dealers have to be licensed by the State and are required to submit monthly summaries of the purchases that were made for individual

species or market categories. With the implementation of the State statute, Federal port agents did not participate in the collection of commercial fishery statistics.

Since the implementation of the State program, information on the gear used, the area of catch and the distance from shore has not been added to the landings statistics (1992-1999). In 1998 the State of Louisiana required fishermen and dealers to report all commercial landings data through a trip ticket system. These data contain detailed landings information by trip including gear, area of capture and vessel information. As of 2000, the ALS system relies solely on the Louisiana trip ticket data to create the ALS landings data for Louisiana.

Texas

=====

The State has a mandatory reporting requirement for dealers licensed by the State. Dealers are required to submit monthly summaries of the quantities (pounds) and value of the purchases that were made for individual species or market categories.

Information on gear, area and distance from shore are added to the state data by SEFSC personnel. Furthermore, landings of species that are unloaded in Texas, but transported to locations in other states are added to the commercial landings statistics by SEFSC personnel.

NMFS SECPR Annual Canvas Data for Florida

The Florida Annual Data files from 1976 – 1996 represent annual landings by county (from dealer reports) which are broken out on a percentage estimate by species, gear, area of capture, and distance from shore. These estimates are submitted by Port agents, which were assigned responsibility for the particular county, from interviews and discussions from dealers and fishermen collected throughout the year. The estimates are processed against the annual landings totals by county on a percentage basis to create the estimated proportions of catch by the gear, area and distance from shore. (The sum of percentages for a given Year, State, County, Species combination will equal 100.)

Area of capture considerations: ALS is considered to be commercial landings data base which reports where the marine resource was landed. With the advent of some State trip ticket programs as the data source the definition is more loosely applied. As such one cannot assume reports from the ALS by State or county will accurately inform you of Gulf vs. South Atlantic vs. Foreign catch. To make that determination you must consider the area of capture.

3.13 Appendix B: Description of methods and results for age distributions (Section 3.6.3)

Otolith observations were obtained from several sources:

Data Sources

- 1) Panama City Laboratory:
 - a. File 1: rs_ps_tip_9102.sas7bdat
 - b. File 2: rs_ps_tip_0308.sas7bdat
 - c. File 3: rs_pc_tip_0910.sas7bdat
 - d. File 4: 2009-2010 red snapper age data PCLAB.xls
 - e. File 5: 2009 & 2010 red snapper age additions PCLAB.xls
- 2) GulfFIN/Panama City:
 - a. File 6: GOM_RS0308FINAL.xls (from Gregg Bray)
 - b. File 7: RSnapper2011 with PC fields.xls
 - c. File 8: GulfStates_RSnapperDataSet_2012 SEDAR 31.xls
- 3) FWRI/Panama City:
 - a. File 9: 2009-2010 red snapper age data PCLAB.xls
 - b. File 10: 2009 & 2010 red snapper age additions PCLAB.xls
 - c. File 11: FWRI_Lcamp_2009_2010_2011.xls

The recreational landings by region and mode (**Table 1**) and the northeast and southeast GOM commercial HL landings (**Table 2**) were obtained from the SEFSC FSD group. The landings were used when combining modes or regions (i.e. REC: HB + “PR+CB” and COMHL: NE + SE) to weight the raw catch-at-age matrices.

Construction of the Dataset:

The Trip Interview Program (TIP) location and gear variables were merged with the Panama City Laboratory data to fill missing gear, area fished, latitude, longitude and county landed information.

The dataset was restricted in the following manner:

- 1) Included years 1991-2011
- 2) Included modes: Commercial, Private Boat, Headboat, Charter Boat
- 3) Included gears: Handline and Longline.
- 4) Observations determined to be “non-random” (e.g. obtained from quota-sampling) were deleted.
- 5) Observations determined to be “Biased” (e.g. stratified) were deleted.
- 6) Data were deleted if the variables biological age, gear or mode were missing.
- 7) Data were deleted if no location was provided.

The final dataset contained ~98,000 age observations from Age-0 to Age-57.

Assignment of Region:

For the PC LAB/TIP dataset, the variable “REGION” was assigned using the following hierarchy:

- 1) REGION = Area Fished (Panama City, **Fig. 1**)
 - a. Statistical Grids 1-7 = “Southeast”
 - b. Statistical Grids 8-12 = “Northeast”
 - c. Statistical Grids 13-21 = “West”
- 2) if REGION unassigned then Area Fished (TIP, **Fig. 1**)
 - a. Statistical Grids 1-7 = “Southeast”
 - b. Statistical Grids 8-12 = “Northeast”
 - c. Statistical Grids 13-21 = “West”
- 3) if REGION unassigned then Latitude/Longitude (PC LAB or TIP **Fig. 2**)
 - a. if Longitude < 85°W then region = “Southeast”
 - b. if Longitude ≥ 85°W and < 89°W then region = “Northeast”
 - c. if Longitude ≥ 89°W and < 90°W then:
 - i. if Latitude > 29°N then region = “Northeast”
 - ii. if Latitude ≤ 29°N then region = “West”
 - d. if Longitude ≥ 90°W then region = “West”
- 4) if REGION unassigned then Location Landed (Panama City, **Fig. 3**)
 - a. All TX counties, region = “West”
 - b. LA counties from “Plaquemines” westward, region = “West”
 - c. LA counties east of (and not including) “Plaquemines”, region = “Northeast”
 - d. All MS and AL counties, region = “Northeast”
 - e. FL counties from “Gulf” westward, region = “Northeast”
 - f. FL counties from “Franklin” eastward and southward, region = “Southeast”
- 5) if REGION unassigned then County Landed (TIP, **Fig. 3**)
 - a. All TX counties, region = “West”
 - b. LA counties from “Plaquemines” westward, region = “West”
 - c. LA counties east of (and not including) “Plaquemines”, region = “Northeast”
 - d. All MS and AL counties, region = “Northeast”
 - e. FL counties from “Gulf” westward, region = “Northeast”
 - f. FL counties from “Franklin” eastward and southward, region = “Southeast”
- 6) if REGION unassigned then State Landed (Panama City)
 - a. States TX and LA, region = “West”
 - b. States MS, AL, FL = “Northeast”
 - c. **Note:** The only gear/mode requiring the NE/SE split is the Commercial Handline. It was not necessary to use “State Landed” to assign the location of any CM HL samples. Therefore, the only compromise associated with this method is the all samples from LA are assigned to the west. This seems an appropriate compromise if no other location variables are available.
- 7) if REGION unassigned then delete: Deletes 90 samples with no location info.

Weighting Observed Catch-at-Age by Landings:

The current structure for CATCHEM requires the following input matrices:

- 1) COM HL East (NE + SE)
- 2) COM HL West
- 3) COM LL East
- 4) COM LL West

- 5) REC East (HB + “PR&CB)
- 6) REC West (HB + “PR&CB)

Of these, items 1, 5 and 6 require calculating combined matrices weighted by the landings (by region or mode). To do so, the following equation was used:

$$\text{if } L_{r1,y} + L_{r2,y} > 0 \text{ then: } \quad \textit{Weighted PAA}_{a,y} = \frac{(PAA_{r1,a,y} * L_{r1,y}) + (PAA_{r2,a,y} * L_{r2,y})}{L_{r1,y} + L_{r2,y}}$$

else $\textit{Weighted PAA} = 0$

where PAA is the proportion at age, L is the landings, $r1$ and $r2$ are the regions (or modes) to be combined, a is the age and y is the year.

The effective sample sizes for items 1, 5 and 6 were also adjusted using the landings weights (consistent with SEDAR 7 and the 2009 update). The equation is as follows:

$$\text{if } N_{r1} \text{ and } N_{r2} \neq 0 \text{ then: } \quad \textit{Eff N} = \frac{(L_{r1,y} + L_{r2,y})^2}{\left(\frac{L_{r1,y}^2}{N_{r1,y}} + \frac{L_{r2,y}^2}{N_{r2,y}}\right)}$$

else if N_{r1} or $N_{r2} = 0$ then replace 0 with 1.0 then use equation above

else if N_{r1} and $N_{r2} = 0$ then $\textit{Eff N} = 0$

where L is the landings, $r1$ and $r2$ are the regions or modes to be combined and y is the year.

The direct observed catch-at-age matrices are summarized in **Tables 3-5**. The results were compared to a 2011 update of the direct observed age composition in **Figs. 4-9**. The working group noted that the results were nearly identical to those previously reported. The recent proportion catch-at-age (from direct observed age composition), by gear and mode, is summarized in **Fig. 10**. In most cases, the fisheries landed older fish in 2010 and 2011 than in 2009. The exception is the commercial longline fishery in the western gulf, however very few samples are available in 2011 for this fishery ($n = 84$).

To explore the possibility of non-representative sampling of fish chosen for otolith analysis, the working group requested that the length distribution of all available samples be compared to the length distribution of the samples selected for otolith analysis. It was expected that the two length distributions would be very similar if the otolith samples were a representative subsample of the total observed fish. In both cases, the length distributions were weighted by the landings as previously described. The resulting length compositions are illustrated in **Figs 11-16**.

The working group concluded that there was evidence of non-representative sampling prior to 2000 in all fisheries. The Panama City lab reported that that some of these early samples were taken to construct an age length key, rather than to construct a growth curve. After 2000, scientific samplers were directed to obtain a representative sample by length for otolith analysis. The length frequency comparisons indicate that this objective was met in most cases.

Some disparity in the length distributions was noted in the recreational fisheries during 2009-2011 and in the western gulf commercial longline fishery in 2002. After further explorations of the data it was noted that the length composition dataset was lacking revised and additional observations made available during the 2009 update assessment, and for a 2011 SERO request. These additional samples will be included in a revised analysis which will be completed prior to the assessment workshop.

Table 1. Recreational Landings used to weight the otolith observations by modes (HB, PR+CB). For the mode PR+CB, all modes besides HB were combined. These data were prepared by V. Matter (SEFSC).

Sum of ab1	Gulf		new_moden		East Total	West			West Total	Grand Total
YEAR	Cbt	Hbt	Priv	Cbt		Hbt	Priv			
1981	77,922	47,780	722,891	848,594	109,814	344,252	1,336,640	1,790,705	2,639,299	
1982	313,304	153,823	401,094	868,222	623,249	388,247	447,698	1,459,195	2,327,417	
1983	492,178	301,790	289,223	1,083,191	420,687	370,500	1,450,635	2,241,822	3,325,014	
1984	66,608	40,842	79,096	186,546	442,359	373,218	207,057	1,022,634	1,209,180	
1985	147,160	90,234	252,973	490,367	394,950	368,605	194,638	958,193	1,448,560	
1986	451,143	16,364	107,323	574,830	114,717	316,090	282,516	713,322	1,288,153	
1987	331,869	9,685	206,133	547,687	91,514	319,348	73,198	484,060	1,031,747	
1988	364,052	13,832	145,441	523,325	22,496	423,024	279,185	724,705	1,248,030	
1989	227,433	10,797	235,086	473,316	31,366	372,473	187,926	591,765	1,065,081	
1990	130,541	15,539	174,590	320,670	59,069	187,006	69,907	315,982	636,651	
1991	245,168	15,580	287,919	548,667	207,619	264,686	46,881	519,186	1,067,853	
1992	250,388	33,873	580,573	864,834	148,516	413,056	169,971	731,543	1,596,377	
1993	689,379	37,275	545,697	1,272,351	162,487	458,772	253,524	874,784	2,147,135	
1994	380,993	28,998	391,839	801,830	90,920	497,738	220,979	809,637	1,611,467	
1995	373,953	23,078	243,530	640,562	120,536	354,550	265,585	740,671	1,381,233	
1996	370,778	28,388	199,791	598,957	59,699	349,266	182,185	591,151	1,190,108	
1997	614,151	48,439	347,630	1,010,220	68,573	347,424	180,314	596,311	1,606,530	
1998	585,798	76,759	168,530	831,088	31,710	244,738	149,113	425,562	1,256,649	
1999	347,340	67,432	374,542	789,315	22,574	98,699	123,445	244,718	1,034,032	
2000	418,248	57,640	279,733	755,621	25,605	111,410	131,986	269,001	1,024,622	
2001	396,680	51,289	436,450	884,418	20,666	116,358	86,900	223,924	1,108,342	
2002	572,951	75,121	535,340	1,183,411	49,923	138,475	52,169	240,567	1,423,979	
2003	476,542	71,021	491,036	1,038,598	44,255	157,905	68,339	270,498	1,309,097	
2004	513,146	63,482	677,476	1,254,104	82,732	110,329	46,443	239,504	1,493,608	
2005	371,453	46,791	353,210	771,454	79,730	99,988	86,457	266,175	1,037,629	
2006	394,258	47,882	399,388	841,528	96,436	121,177	139,781	357,395	1,198,923	
2007	471,983	63,603	592,196	1,127,783	63,965	110,314	142,470	316,749	1,444,532	
2008	266,355	61,986	325,283	653,623	30,592	57,569	90,161	178,322	831,946	
2009	204,625	81,590	493,710	779,925	32,693	75,998	98,944	207,635	987,560	
2010	71,264	35,943	255,749	362,956	7,674	51,514	29,199	88,387	451,343	
2011	144,158	69,187	344,762	558,106	11,516	50,656	55,964	118,136	676,243	
Grand Total	10,761,821	1,786,044	10,938,234	23,486,099	3,768,643	7,693,385	7,150,212	18,612,240	42,098,339	

Table 2. GOM commercial handline landings used to weight the otolith observations by region. These data were prepared by R. Orhun (SEFSC).

2011 Norestriction file			geargroup2					
YEAR	East Gulf handline+	East Gulf longline	East Gulf Total	West Gulf handline+	West Gulf longline	West Gulf Total	Grand Total	Source
1991	395,176	20,704	415,880	1,724,713	72,592	1,797,305	2,213,185	ALS
1992	406,493	5,689	412,181	2,674,497	19,820	2,694,317	3,106,498	ALS
1993	436,981	15,235	452,215	2,901,388	20,291	2,921,679	3,373,894	ALS
1994	527,124	7,958	535,082	2,671,460	15,809	2,687,269	3,222,351	ALS
1995	172,740	8,459	181,199	2,735,403	17,506	2,752,909	2,934,108	ALS
1996	233,980	7,587	241,568	4,044,133	27,362	4,071,495	4,313,063	ALS
1997	184,411	4,627	189,038	4,589,501	31,418	4,620,920	4,809,958	ALS
1998	379,399	5,514	384,914	4,267,523	27,224	4,294,747	4,679,660	ALS
1999	548,422	6,474	554,896	4,230,449	90,572	4,321,021	4,875,917	ALS
2000	665,284	8,619	673,904	3,979,683	183,538	4,163,221	4,837,125	ALS
2001	797,925	10,130	808,055	3,692,770	124,453	3,817,223	4,625,279	ALS
2002	1,048,705	18,125	1,066,830	3,565,962	146,195	3,712,156	4,778,986	ALS
2003	1,019,257	13,853	1,033,110	3,204,247	171,270	3,375,517	4,408,627	ALS
2004	950,935	19,353	970,288	3,225,236	455,829	3,681,066	4,651,354	ALS
2005	792,010	21,121	813,131	3,000,323	282,789	3,283,113	4,096,244	ALS
2006	760,327	16,335	776,662	3,611,689	260,652	3,872,341	4,649,003	ALS
2007	875,240	15,727	890,967	2,103,261	188,503	2,291,764	3,182,731	IFQ Corr 2007
2008	834,499	34,124	868,623	1,559,132	55,848	1,614,980	2,483,603	IFQ Corr 2008
2009	918,874	14,627	933,502	1,498,298	51,766	1,550,063	2,483,565	IFQ Corr 2009
2010	1,397,647	75,510	1,473,157	1,880,858	38,193	1,919,052	3,392,209	IFQ Corr 2010
2011	1,613,106	84,286	1,697,392	1,878,310	18,850	1,897,160	3,594,552	IFQ Corr 2011

YEAR	handline+ NE	handline+ SE	Grand Total	Source
1991	362,700	32,475	395,176	ALS
1992	389,891	16,601	406,493	ALS
1993	381,940	55,041	436,981	ALS
1994	487,422	39,702	527,124	ALS
1995	153,815	18,925	172,740	ALS
1996	222,101	11,879	233,980	ALS
1997	171,928	12,483	184,411	ALS
1998	353,122	26,277	379,399	ALS
1999	477,638	70,784	548,422	ALS
2000	600,899	64,385	665,284	ALS
2001	716,515	81,410	797,925	ALS
2002	954,913	93,792	1,048,705	ALS
2003	918,807	100,450	1,019,257	ALS
2004	814,322	136,614	950,935	ALS
2005	624,364	167,646	792,010	ALS
2006	574,995	185,332	760,327	ALS
2007	754,895	120,346	875,240	IFQ Corr 2007
2008	703,784	130,715	834,499	IFQ Corr 2008
2009	681,668	237,206	918,874	IFQ Corr 2009
2010	1,014,881	382,766	1,397,647	IFQ Corr 2010
2011	1,178,568	434,538	1,613,106	IFQ Corr 2011

Table 3. Landings (in numbers), proportion-at-age, number of observations (N) and effective sample size (EFF N) for the recreational fishery (HB + “PR&CB”).

A) REC EAST

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
REC_HL_E	1991	548,667	0.000	0.012	0.647	0.294	0.035	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	85	84
REC_HL_E	1992	864,834	0.000	0.181	0.295	0.396	0.094	0.023	0.007	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	410	362
REC_HL_E	1993	1,272,351	0.000	0.081	0.475	0.274	0.112	0.043	0.005	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	642	409
REC_HL_E	1994	801,830	0.000	0.070	0.346	0.333	0.145	0.071	0.030	0.003	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	667	426
REC_HL_E	1995	640,562	0.003	0.196	0.232	0.249	0.160	0.085	0.043	0.008	0.005	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	374	374
REC_HL_E	1996	598,957	0.019	0.141	0.569	0.173	0.031	0.010	0.009	0.019	0.000	0.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	218	111
REC_HL_E	1997	1,010,220	0.000	0.000	0.733	0.110	0.088	0.018	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	153	62
REC_HL_E	1998	831,088	0.001	0.016	0.351	0.498	0.114	0.014	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1615	1322
REC_HL_E	1999	789,315	0.000	0.003	0.218	0.436	0.307	0.026	0.008	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	1429	1407
REC_HL_E	2000	755,621	0.000	0.040	0.492	0.337	0.112	0.014	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	647	583
REC_HL_E	2001	884,418	0.000	0.077	0.565	0.252	0.085	0.014	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	603	431
REC_HL_E	2002	1,183,411	0.003	0.044	0.258	0.410	0.176	0.062	0.027	0.016	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	2248	2196
REC_HL_E	2003	1,038,598	0.000	0.014	0.268	0.439	0.202	0.038	0.020	0.010	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	6585	5068
REC_HL_E	2004	1,254,104	0.000	0.040	0.324	0.358	0.173	0.057	0.023	0.011	0.006	0.002	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	4087	3810
REC_HL_E	2005	771,454	0.000	0.012	0.324	0.432	0.135	0.064	0.022	0.005	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	5380	4904
REC_HL_E	2006	841,528	0.000	0.015	0.396	0.394	0.112	0.041	0.027	0.009	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	3921	3914
REC_HL_E	2007	1,127,783	0.000	0.013	0.305	0.492	0.139	0.026	0.011	0.004	0.005	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	806	666
REC_HL_E	2008	653,623	0.000	0.009	0.413	0.377	0.165	0.026	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	490	421
REC_HL_E	2009	779,925	0.002	0.001	0.086	0.329	0.362	0.167	0.038	0.009	0.003	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1292	697
REC_HL_E	2010	362,956	0.000	0.000	0.058	0.286	0.385	0.174	0.063	0.024	0.008	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1906	1699
REC_HL_E	2011	558,106	0.000	0.000	0.028	0.161	0.323	0.304	0.129	0.034	0.015	0.004	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1181	1106

B) REC WEST

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
REC_HL_W	1991	519,186	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
REC_HL_W	1992	731,543	0.000	0.021	0.349	0.464	0.086	0.029	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.022	513	79
REC_HL_W	1993	874,784	0.000	0.074	0.587	0.251	0.067	0.015	0.003	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1128	739
REC_HL_W	1994	809,637	0.000	0.028	0.436	0.278	0.178	0.064	0.013	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	388	7
REC_HL_W	1995	740,671	0.000	0.000	1.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10	3
REC_HL_W	1996	591,151	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
REC_HL_W	1997	596,311	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
REC_HL_W	1998	425,562	0.000	0.039	0.238	0.323	0.228	0.105	0.038	0.020	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	924	914
REC_HL_W	1999	244,718	0.000	0.000	0.119	0.402	0.336	0.098	0.030	0.010	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	193	193
REC_HL_W	2000	269,001	0.000	0.019	0.694	0.139	0.044	0.037	0.039	0.017	0.002	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	247	6
REC_HL_W	2001	223,924	0.000	0.014	0.219	0.178	0.151	0.110	0.137	0.096	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.027	73	4
REC_HL_W	2002	240,567	0.000	0.065	0.372	0.340	0.119	0.040	0.027	0.020	0.005	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.004	0.003	774	521
REC_HL_W	2003	270,498	0.000	0.010	0.329	0.308	0.177	0.098	0.028	0.017	0.024	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	944	377
REC_HL_W	2004	239,504	0.000	0.077	0.466	0.220	0.141	0.032	0.027	0.014	0.012	0.003	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.001	0.003	0.002	1187	637
REC_HL_W	2005	266,175	0.000	0.034	0.423	0.247	0.126	0.093	0.037	0.016	0.008	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	1433	1003
REC_HL_W	2006	357,395	0.000	0.015	0.399	0.407	0.101	0.034	0.022	0.010	0.003	0.005	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	1465	1102
REC_HL_W	2007	316,749	0.000	0.030	0.293	0.422	0.189	0.036	0.017	0.005	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	1075	459
REC_HL_W	2008	178,322	0.000	0.008	0.178	0.491	0.263	0.049	0.006	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	726	599
REC_HL_W	2009	207,635	0.000	0.004	0.079	0.252	0.370	0.220	0.044	0.011	0.002	0.006	0.005	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.005	856	798
REC_HL_W	2010	88,387	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.172	0.364	0.349	0.077	0.024	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	443	227
REC_HL_W	2011	118,136	0.000	0.001	0.026	0.103	0.254	0.348	0.182	0.069	0.013	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	1083	952

Table 4. Landings (in lbs), proportion-at-age, number of observations (N) and effective sample size (EFF N) for the commercial handline fishery.

A) COM HL EAST (NE+SE)

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
CM_HL_E	1991	395,175	0.000	0.138	0.678	0.092	0.057	0.023	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	87	61
CM_HL_E	1992	406,492	0.000	0.024	0.704	0.156	0.105	0.000	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	137	128
CM_HL_E	1993	436,981	0.000	0.031	0.402	0.422	0.084	0.028	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	153	151
CM_HL_E	1994	527,124	0.000	0.000	0.410	0.271	0.195	0.069	0.049	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.003	148	136
CM_HL_E	1995	172,740	0.000	0.080	0.469	0.332	0.083	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	92	89
CM_HL_E	1996	233,980	0.000	0.000	0.667	0.222	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9	10
CM_HL_E	1997	184,411	0.000	0.000	0.022	0.035	0.004	0.004	0.002	0.000	0.932	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	32	1
CM_HL_E	1998	379,399	0.000	0.000	0.084	0.472	0.225	0.128	0.016	0.021	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.043	177	152
CM_HL_E	1999	548,422	0.000	0.002	0.196	0.372	0.237	0.093	0.057	0.026	0.012	0.002	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	509	509
CM_HL_E	2000	665,284	0.000	0.005	0.256	0.363	0.278	0.070	0.016	0.006	0.005	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	985	850
CM_HL_E	2001	797,925	0.000	0.023	0.173	0.340	0.247	0.130	0.048	0.015	0.008	0.008	0.004	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	1215	1163
CM_HL_E	2002	1,048,705	0.000	0.012	0.471	0.290	0.137	0.042	0.039	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	1077	601
CM_HL_E	2003	1,019,257	0.000	0.016	0.344	0.360	0.183	0.048	0.022	0.009	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.009	1160	629
CM_HL_E	2004	950,936	0.001	0.029	0.306	0.359	0.201	0.062	0.017	0.010	0.008	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.001	1002	1001
CM_HL_E	2005	792,010	0.000	0.004	0.287	0.338	0.175	0.140	0.032	0.012	0.003	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.002	0.001	0.001	1170	818
CM_HL_E	2006	760,327	0.001	0.013	0.304	0.359	0.134	0.100	0.048	0.018	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.009	1299	1127
CM_HL_E	2007	875,241	0.000	0.074	0.423	0.386	0.090	0.018	0.006	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	1266	1094
CM_HL_E	2008	834,499	0.000	0.070	0.301	0.408	0.160	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	906	233
CM_HL_E	2009	918,874	0.000	0.020	0.334	0.373	0.189	0.060	0.017	0.003	0.000	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	1345	1282
CM_HL_E	2010	1,397,647	0.000	0.004	0.141	0.377	0.314	0.124	0.030	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1876	1709
CM_HL_E	2011	1,613,106	0.000	0.010	0.149	0.235	0.336	0.188	0.061	0.015	0.005	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2435	1701

*** Note: The unexpectedly large value at Age 8 in 1997 is caused by having only one otolith observation in 1997 in the NE Com HL. The small EFF N (1) indicates that the model will strongly downweight the proportion-at-age in 1997 due to the small sample size.

B) COM HL WEST

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
CM_HL_W	1991	1,724,713	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_HL_W	1992	2,674,497	0.000	0.005	0.575	0.173	0.107	0.051	0.051	0.019	0.000	0.009	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	214	214
CM_HL_W	1993	2,901,388	0.000	0.023	0.340	0.442	0.137	0.029	0.017	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	344	344
CM_HL_W	1994	2,671,460	0.000	0.037	0.314	0.304	0.237	0.057	0.022	0.014	0.006	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.006	507	507
CM_HL_W	1995	2,735,403	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.412	0.155	0.155	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.000	97	97
CM_HL_W	1996	4,044,133	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_HL_W	1997	4,589,501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_HL_W	1998	4,267,523	0.000	0.009	0.056	0.449	0.255	0.135	0.035	0.027	0.018	0.005	0.004	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.005	1085	1085
CM_HL_W	1999	4,230,449	0.000	0.001	0.159	0.411	0.254	0.105	0.048	0.012	0.005	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	1818	1818
CM_HL_W	2000	3,979,683	0.000	0.006	0.293	0.358	0.181	0.091	0.045	0.017	0.003	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	1055	1055
CM_HL_W	2001	3,692,770	0.000	0.007	0.159	0.317	0.243	0.145	0.076	0.027	0.015	0.006	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.002	1003	1003
CM_HL_W	2002	3,565,962	0.006	0.050	0.358	0.272	0.159	0.075	0.046	0.018	0.006	0.002	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.004	2533	2533
CM_HL_W	2003	3,204,247	0.000	0.008	0.188	0.405	0.209	0.092	0.042	0.030	0.011	0.004	0.001	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.004	1319	1319
CM_HL_W	2004	3,225,236	0.000	0.002	0.156	0.379	0.256	0.100	0.047	0.031	0.011	0.007	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003	1757	1757
CM_HL_W	2005	3,000,323	0.000	0.020	0.211	0.282	0.223	0.113	0.057	0.030	0.016	0.011	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.010	2267	2267
CM_HL_W	2006	3,611,689	0.000	0.002	0.343	0.364	0.135	0.085	0.041	0.012	0.008	0.006	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	2659	2659
CM_HL_W	2007	2,103,261	0.000	0.004	0.232	0.445	0.161	0.058	0.052	0.023	0.010	0.003	0.004	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.003	1438	1438
CM_HL_W	2008	1,559,132	0.000	0.006	0.237	0.374	0.251	0.076	0.025	0.012	0.009	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	1201	1201
CM_HL_W	2009	1,498,298	0.000	0.004	0.174	0.379	0.276	0.125	0.026	0.007	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.002	2094	2094
CM_HL_W	2010	1,880,858	0.000	0.001	0.071	0.284	0.372	0.207	0.050	0.009	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.002	1997	1997
CM_HL_W	2011	1,878,310	0.000	0.005	0.106	0.255	0.324	0.200	0.073	0.022	0.010	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	1665	1665

Table 5. Landings (in lbs), proportion-at-age, number of observations (N) and effective sample size (EFF N) for the commercial longline fishery.

A) COM LL EAST

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
CM_LL_E	1991	20,704	0.000	0.083	0.667	0.083	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.083	0.000	12	12
CM_LL_E	1992	5,689	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.267	0.067	0.333	0.067	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.067	15	15
CM_LL_E	1993	15,235	0.000	0.000	0.133	0.200	0.367	0.100	0.033	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.033	0.000	0.033	30	30
CM_LL_E	1994	7,958	0.000	0.000	0.125	0.375	0.250	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8	8
CM_LL_E	1995	8,459	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.421	0.421	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.053	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	19	19
CM_LL_E	1996	7,587	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.333	0.500	0.167	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	6	6
CM_LL_E	1997	4,627	0.000	0.100	0.200	0.400	0.200	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10	10
CM_LL_E	1998	5,514	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.240	0.400	0.240	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	25	25
CM_LL_E	1999	6,474	0.000	0.000	0.020	0.363	0.304	0.196	0.088	0.000	0.020	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.010	102	102
CM_LL_E	2000	8,619	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.107	0.238	0.238	0.179	0.083	0.036	0.024	0.024	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.012	0.036	84	84
CM_LL_E	2001	10,130	0.000	0.000	0.022	0.099	0.308	0.352	0.165	0.022	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.011	91	91
CM_LL_E	2002	18,125	0.000	0.027	0.077	0.191	0.197	0.219	0.137	0.044	0.027	0.016	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.049	183	183
CM_LL_E	2003	13,853	0.000	0.005	0.076	0.239	0.168	0.223	0.102	0.066	0.046	0.015	0.010	0.005	0.000	0.010	0.010	0.025	197	197
CM_LL_E	2004	19,353	0.000	0.004	0.123	0.261	0.340	0.170	0.040	0.020	0.008	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.020	253	253
CM_LL_E	2005	21,121	0.000	0.000	0.032	0.173	0.338	0.341	0.092	0.017	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	346	346
CM_LL_E	2006	16,335	0.000	0.000	0.025	0.223	0.332	0.223	0.124	0.045	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.005	0.010	0.000	0.005	202	202
CM_LL_E	2007	15,727	0.000	0.036	0.099	0.260	0.265	0.197	0.085	0.040	0.013	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	223	223
CM_LL_E	2008	34,124	0.000	0.002	0.086	0.251	0.357	0.158	0.051	0.025	0.018	0.012	0.006	0.006	0.002	0.006	0.004	0.014	487	487
CM_LL_E	2009	14,627	0.000	0.004	0.088	0.392	0.268	0.196	0.020	0.008	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.004	250	250
CM_LL_E	2010	75,510	0.000	0.000	0.008	0.090	0.361	0.378	0.113	0.035	0.013	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	635	635
CM_LL_E	2011	84,286	0.000	0.000	0.013	0.111	0.353	0.332	0.141	0.032	0.016	0.000	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	377	377

B) COM LL WEST

Fishery	year	Landings	Age0	Age1	Age2	Age3	Age4	Age5	Age6	Age7	Age8	Age9	Age10	Age11	Age12	Age13	Age14	age 15+	N	EFF N
CM_LL_W	1991	72,592	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1992	19,820	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1993	20,291	0.000	0.034	0.931	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	29	29
CM_LL_W	1994	15,809	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1995	17,506	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1996	27,362	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1997	31,418	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0	0
CM_LL_W	1998	27,224	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.087	0.127	0.193	0.063	0.054	0.063	0.054	0.069	0.051	0.045	0.045	0.027	0.111	332	332
CM_LL_W	1999	90,572	0.000	0.000	0.263	0.539	0.118	0.066	0.000	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	76	76
CM_LL_W	2000	183,538	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.023	0.055	0.168	0.194	0.159	0.110	0.041	0.038	0.041	0.023	0.017	0.006	0.122	345	345
CM_LL_W	2001	124,453	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.017	0.061	0.240	0.179	0.117	0.078	0.073	0.039	0.039	0.028	0.022	0.017	0.089	179	179
CM_LL_W	2002	146,195	0.000	0.012	0.095	0.068	0.125	0.068	0.104	0.083	0.053	0.059	0.047	0.045	0.030	0.036	0.033	0.142	337	337
CM_LL_W	2003	171,270	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.004	0.004	0.039	0.039	0.135	0.116	0.073	0.073	0.081	0.066	0.046	0.050	0.274	259	259
CM_LL_W	2004	455,829	0.000	0.000	0.024	0.150	0.064	0.068	0.092	0.088	0.079	0.074	0.052	0.061	0.049	0.040	0.034	0.126	674	674
CM_LL_W	2005	282,789	0.000	0.000	0.003	0.046	0.118	0.155	0.118	0.128	0.082	0.079	0.043	0.043	0.072	0.036	0.020	0.056	304	304
CM_LL_W	2006	260,652	0.000	0.000	0.002	0.022	0.054	0.103	0.153	0.137	0.085	0.107	0.067	0.071	0.040	0.038	0.026	0.095	496	496
CM_LL_W	2007	188,503	0.000	0.000	0.006	0.043	0.085	0.211	0.179	0.100	0.088	0.060	0.068	0.017	0.031	0.011	0.028	0.071	351	351
CM_LL_W	2008	55,848	0.000	0.003	0.029	0.087	0.102	0.148	0.163	0.119	0.105	0.081	0.026	0.035	0.012	0.009	0.017	0.064	344	344
CM_LL_W	2009	51,766	0.000	0.000	0.007	0.048	0.111	0.103	0.081	0.074	0.181	0.111	0.074	0.033	0.026	0.044	0.022	0.085	271	271
CM_LL_W	2010	38,193	0.000	0.000	0.095	0.214	0.190	0.226	0.107	0.036	0.024	0.036	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.000	0.024	84	84
CM_LL_W	2011	18,850	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.214	0.286	0.214	0.143	0.071	0.071	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14	14

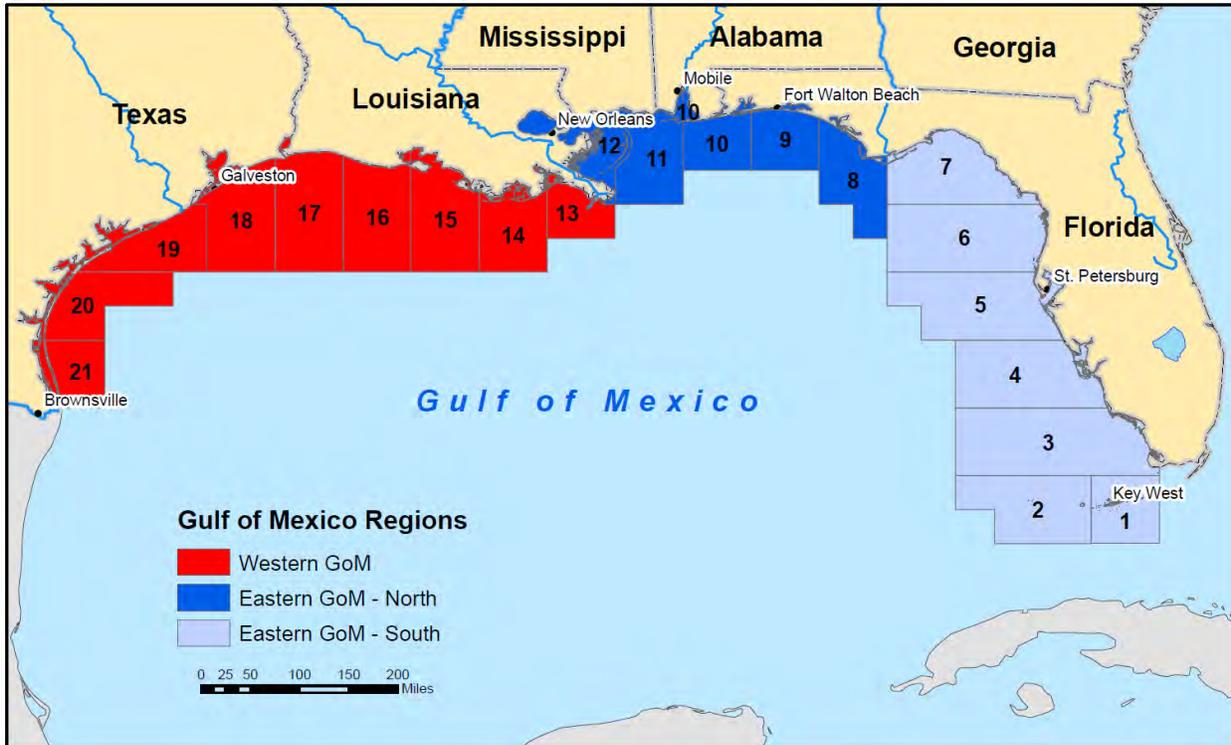


Figure 1. Statistical grids (fishing areas) used to define “REGION”.

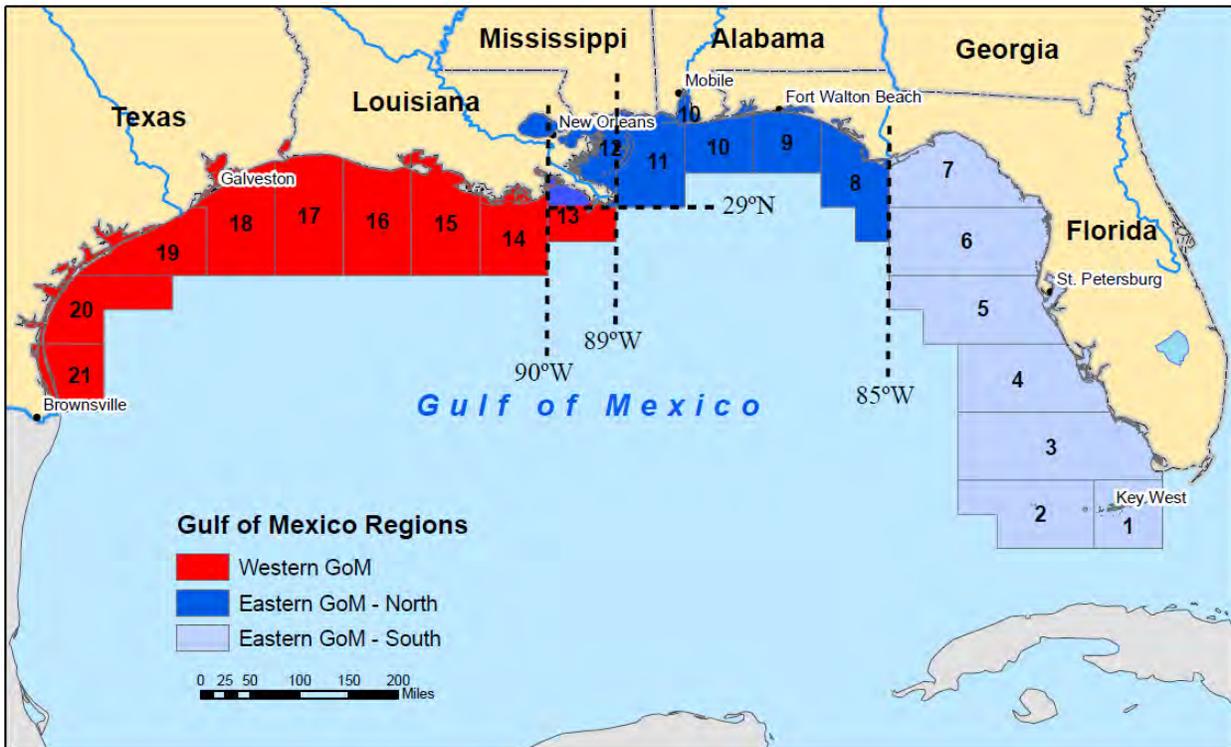


Figure 2. The use of longitude and latitude to define “REGION”.

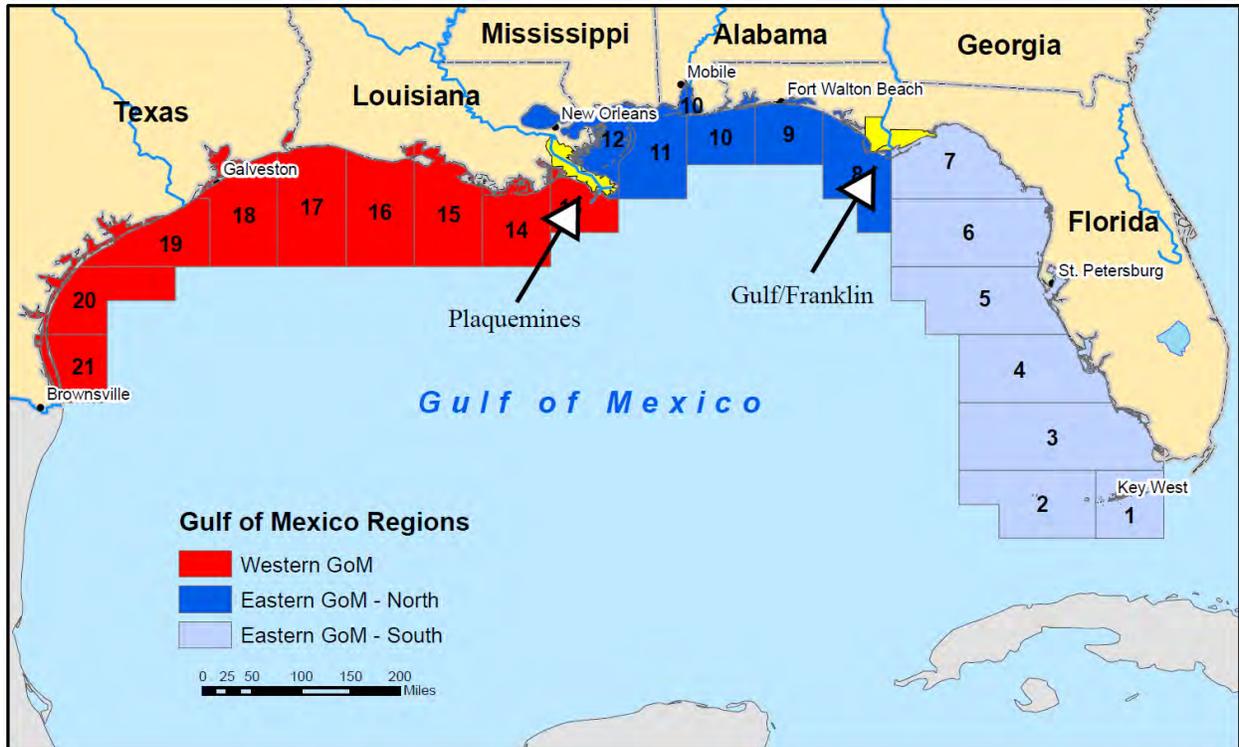


Figure 3. The use of “Location” and “County Landed” to define “REGION”.

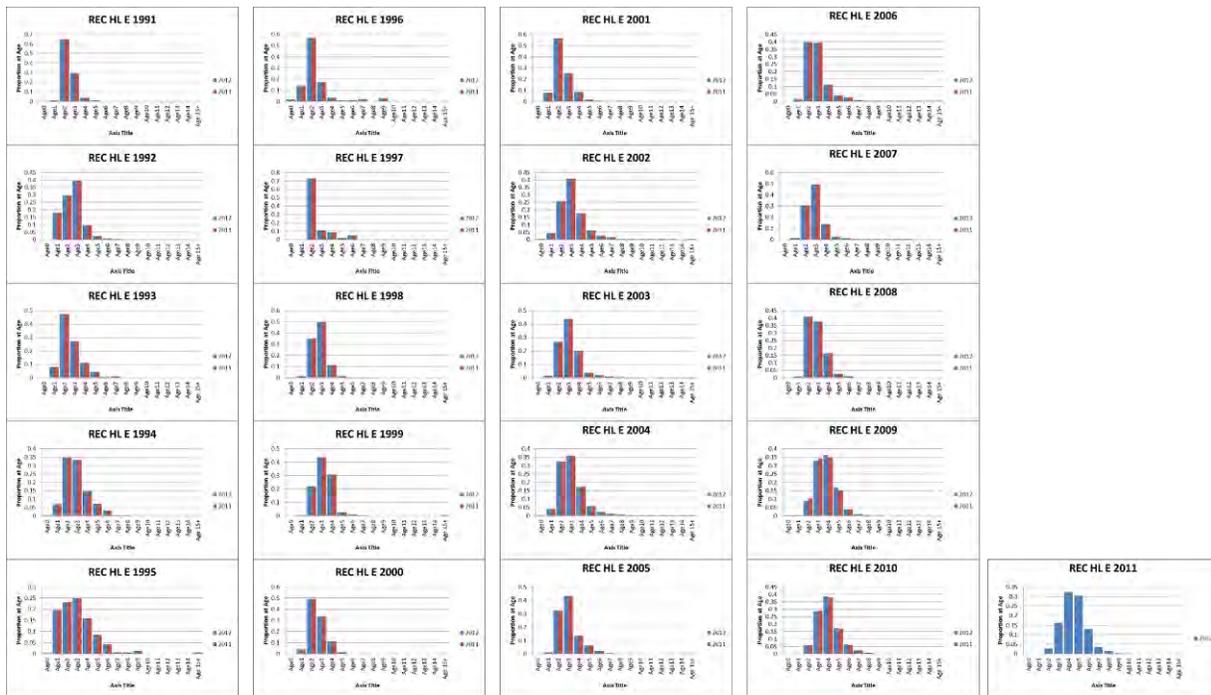


Figure 4. REC EAST: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

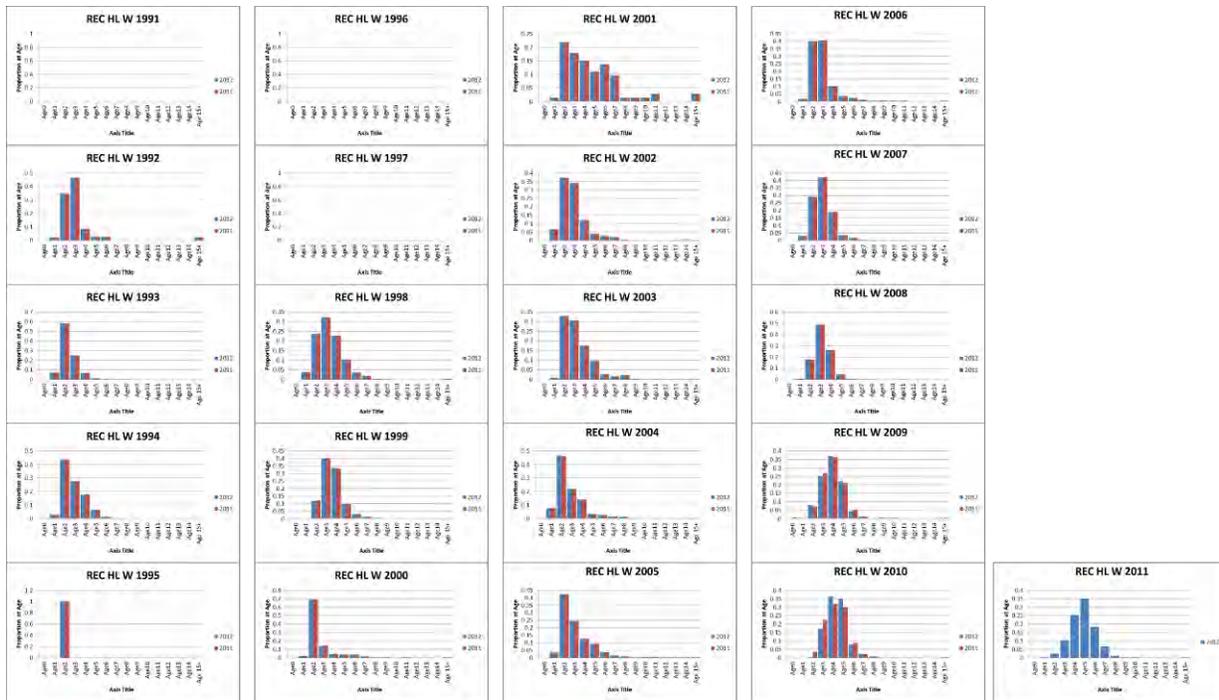


Figure 5. REC WEST: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

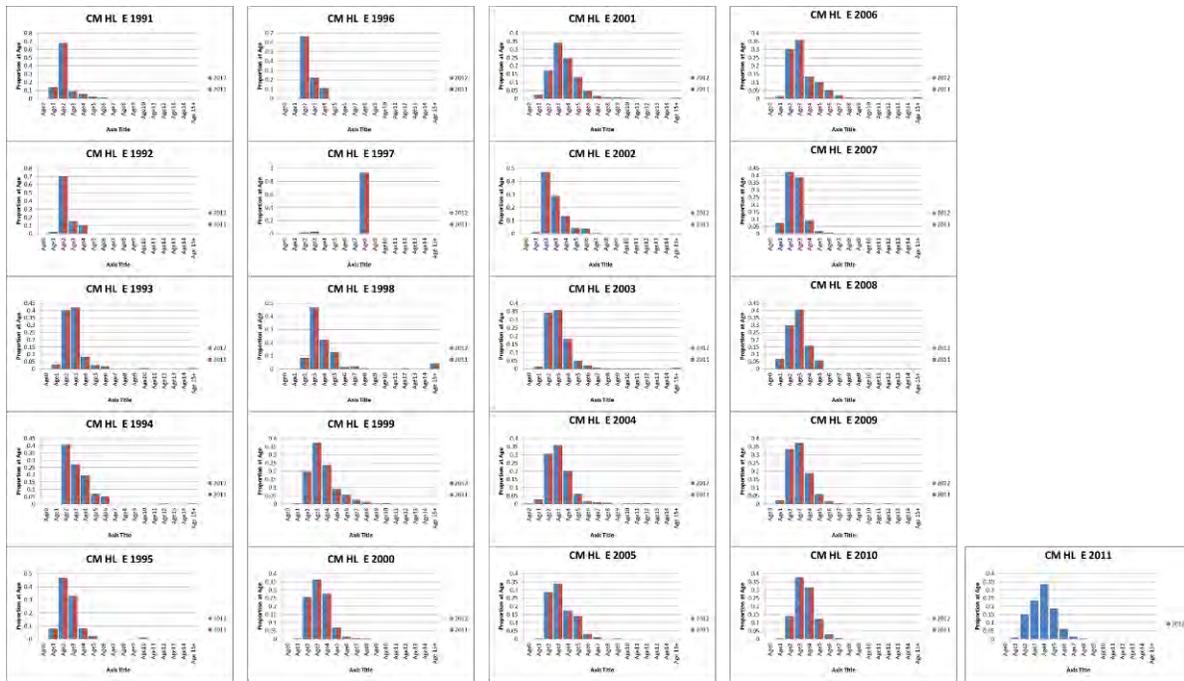


Figure 6. *COM HL EAST*: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

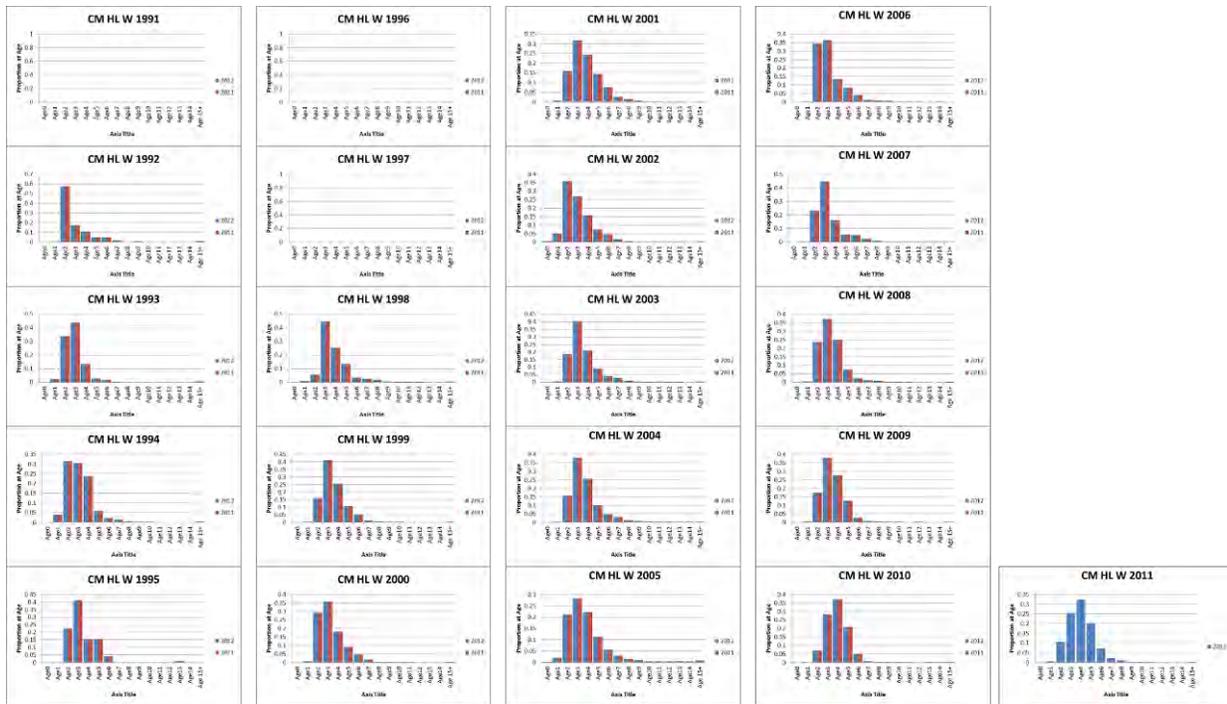


Figure 7. COM HL WEST: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

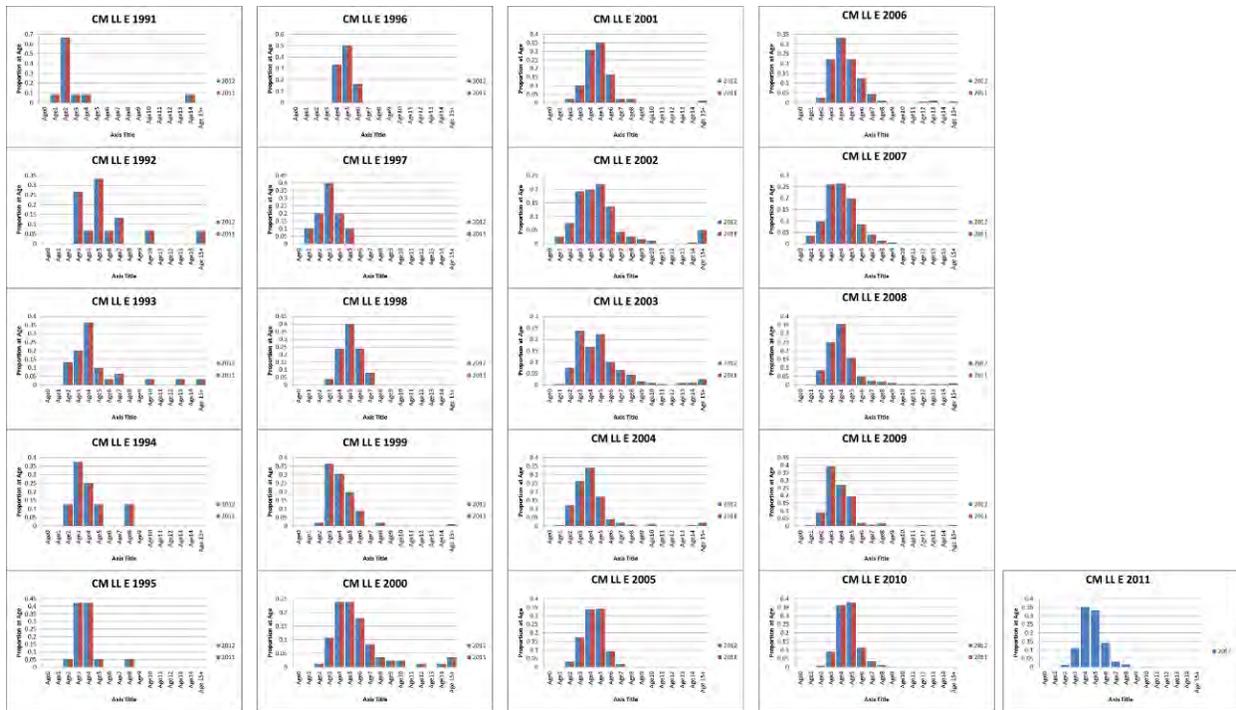


Figure 8. COM LL EAST: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

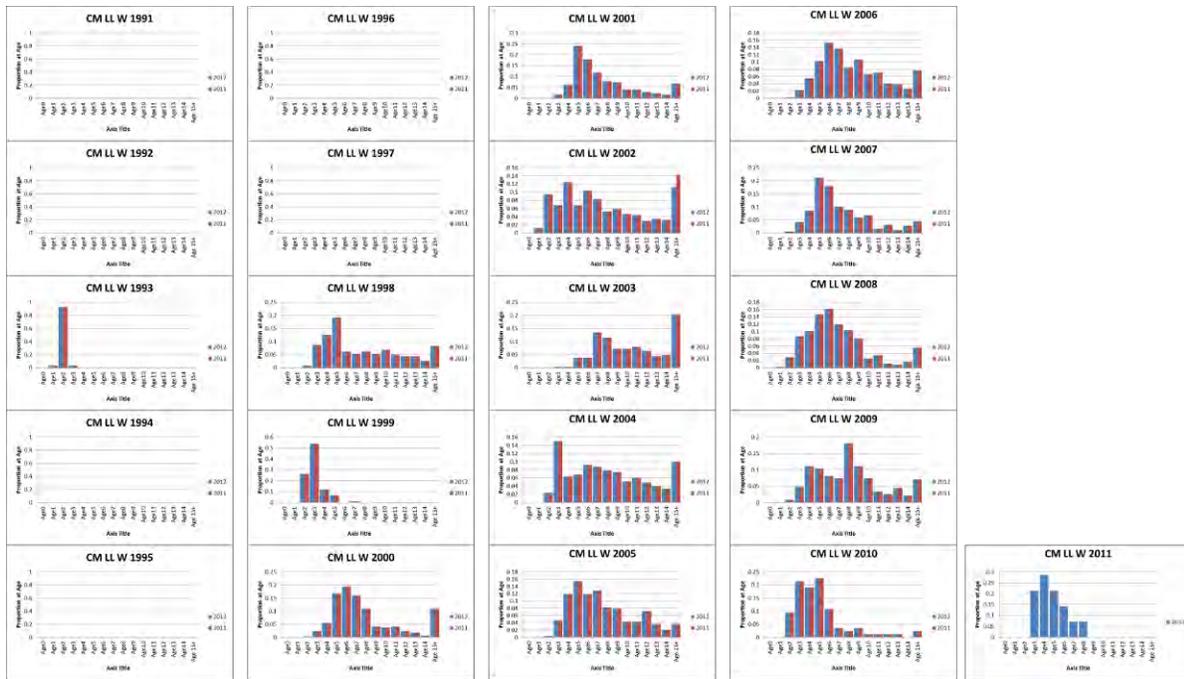


Figure 9. COM LL WEST: Comparison of 2011 direct age composition (red) and the age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop (blue).

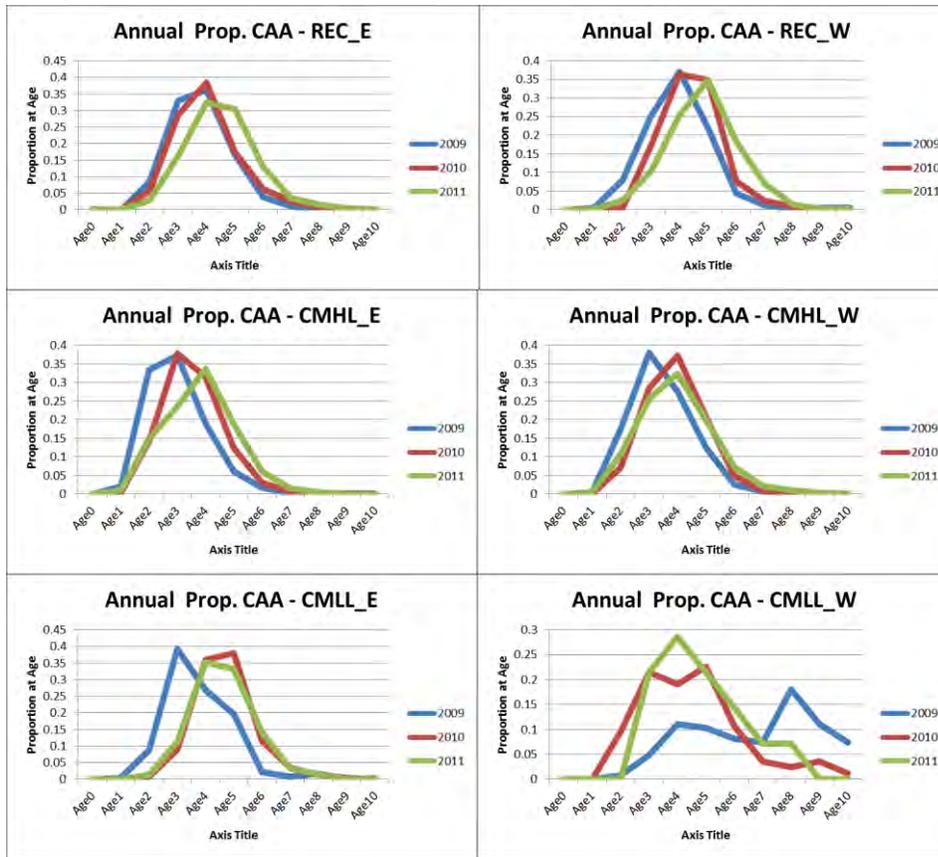


Figure 10. Recent direct observed age composition developed for the 2012 red snapper data workshop.

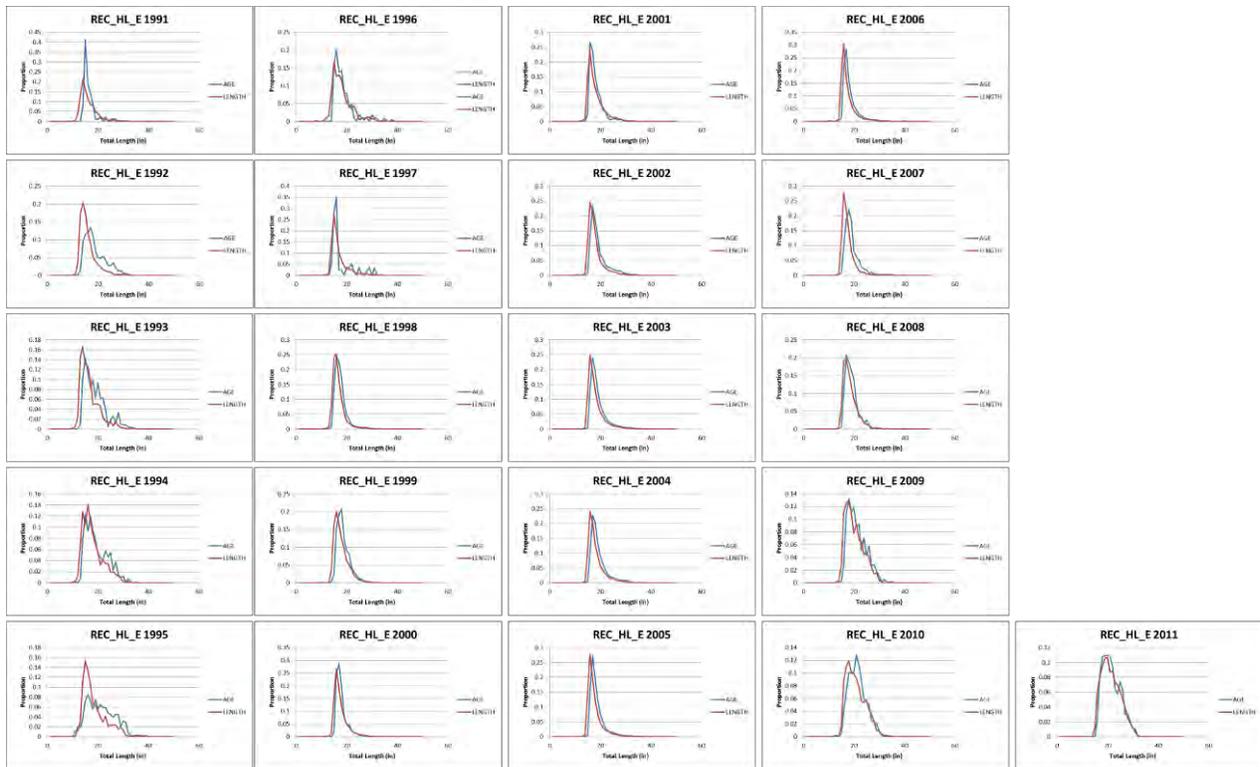


Figure 11. REC East: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

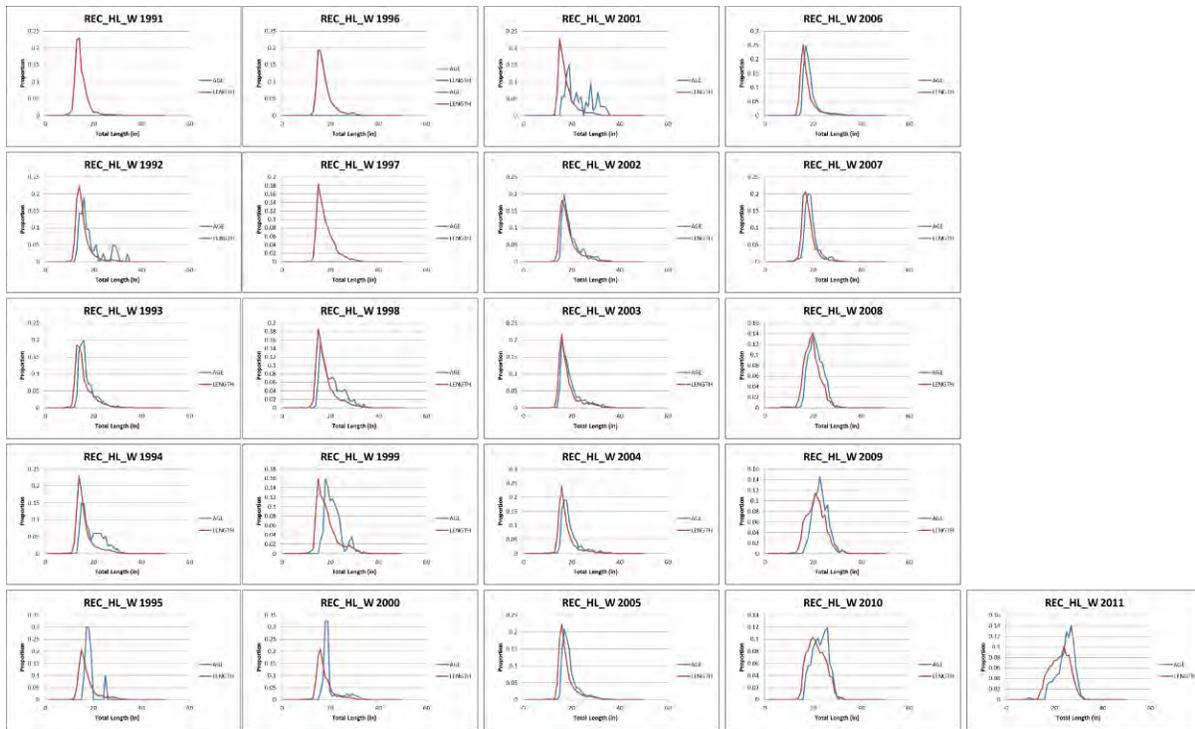


Figure 12. REC West: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

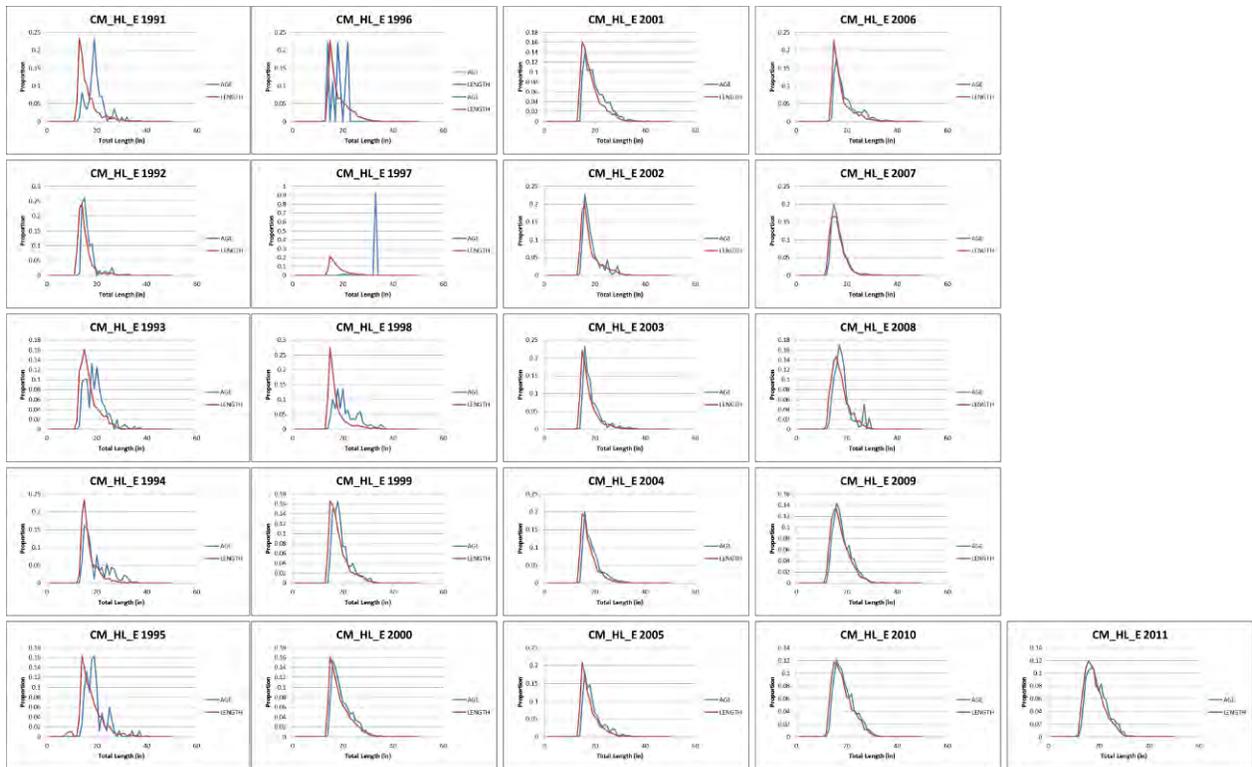


Figure 13. COM HL East: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

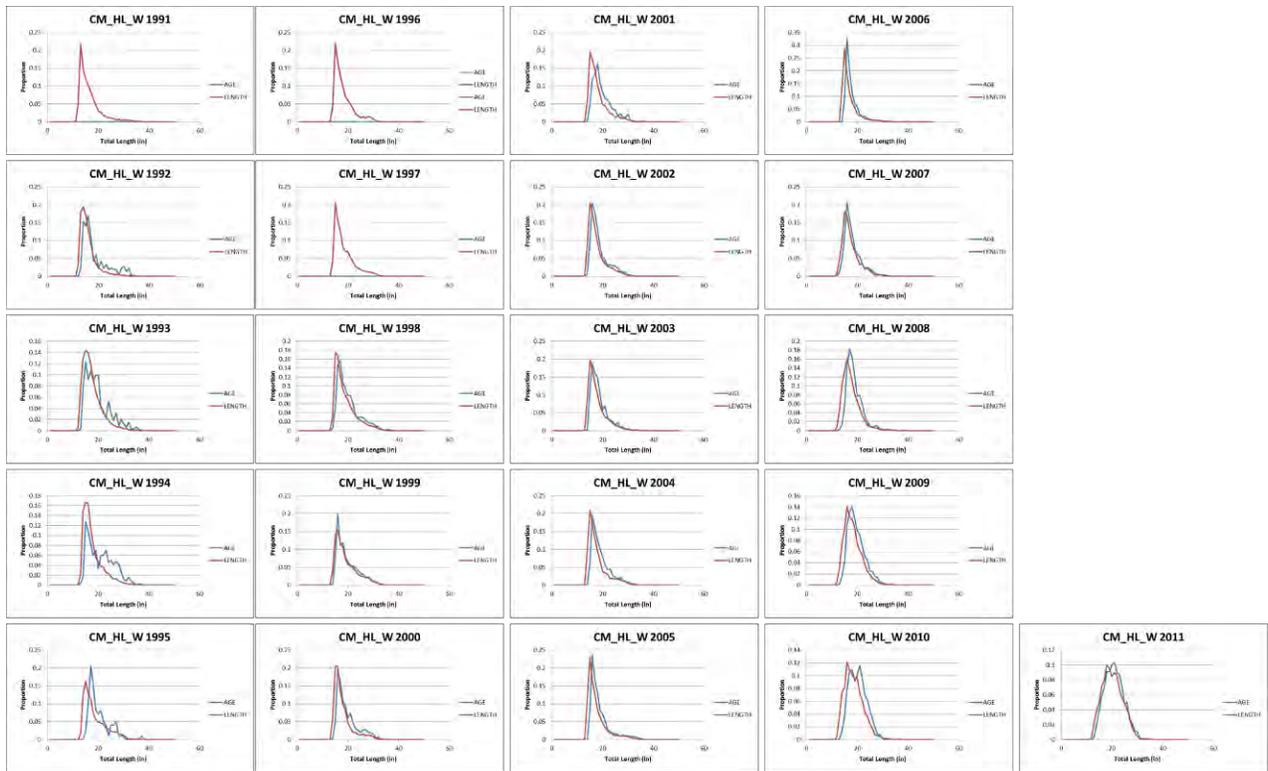


Figure 14. *COM HL West*: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

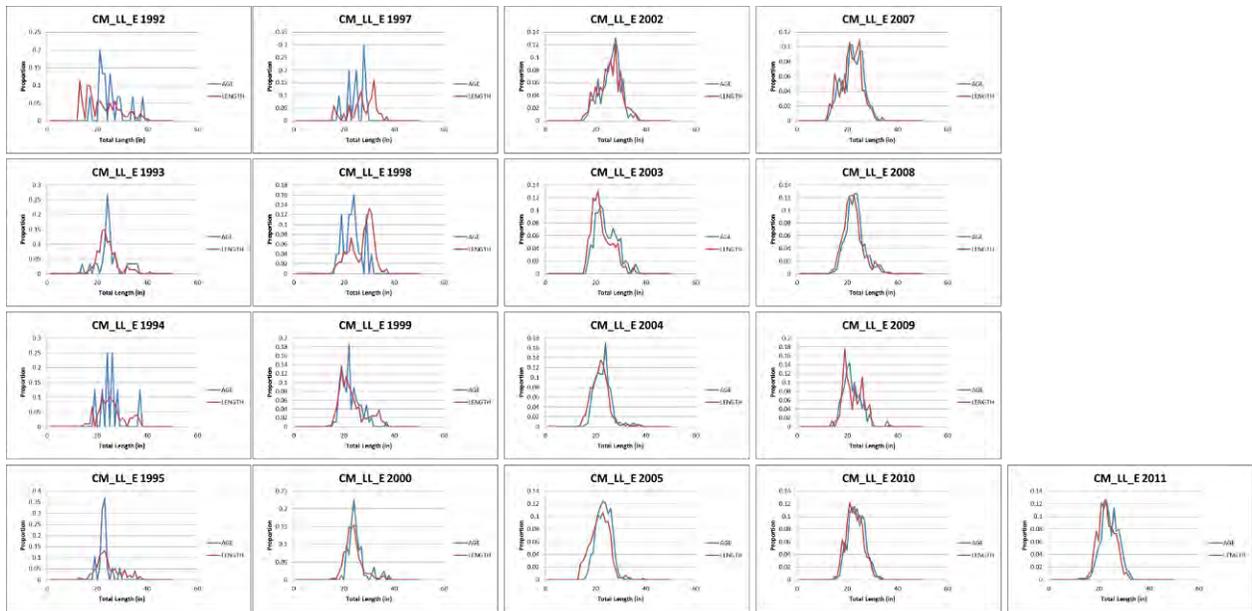


Figure 15. COM LL East: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

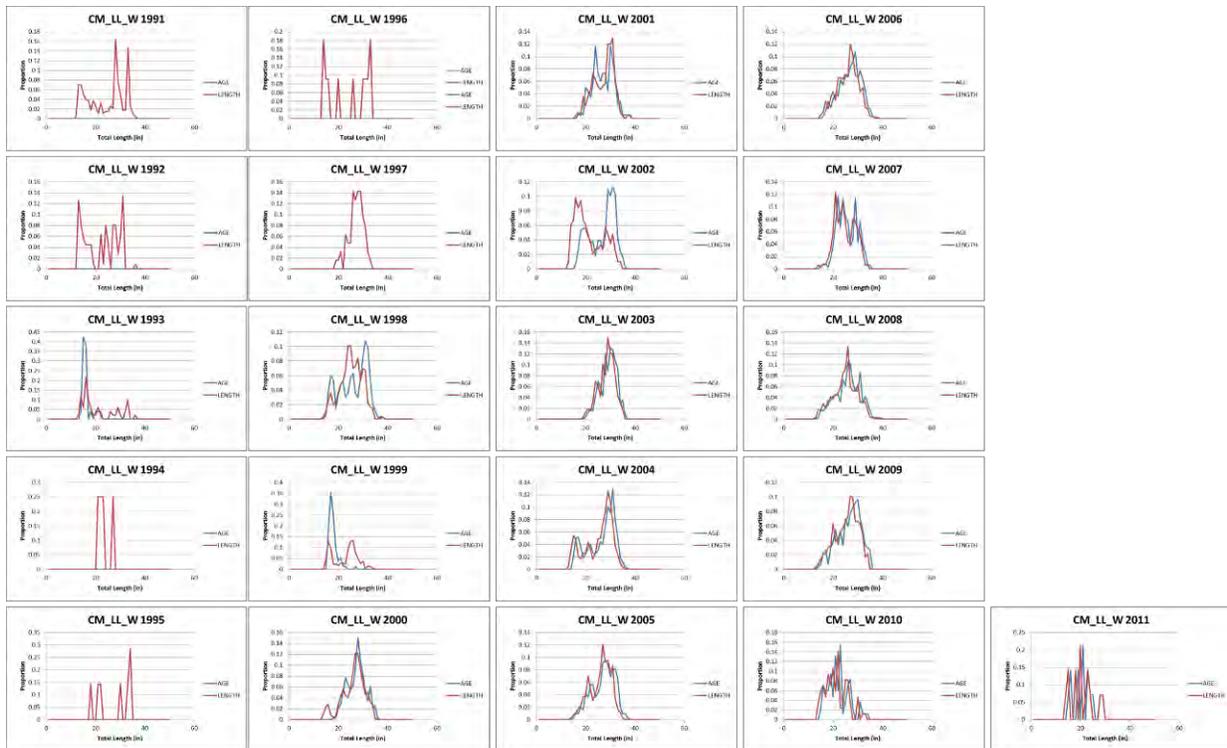


Figure 16. COM LL West: Comparison of the length distribution of all available samples versus those selected for otolith analysis.

4 Recreational Fishery Statistics

4.1 Overview

Recreational landings and discards of red snapper in the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico were compiled for the period 1981-2011 from federal and state databases. Sampling intensities of fish lengths by recreational fishing mode, Gulf region, and year were considered, and length frequency distributions were developed by year for east and west Gulf of Mexico red snapper. A summary of the issues discussed and data presented at the data workshop is included here.

4.1.1 Recreational Workgroup Members

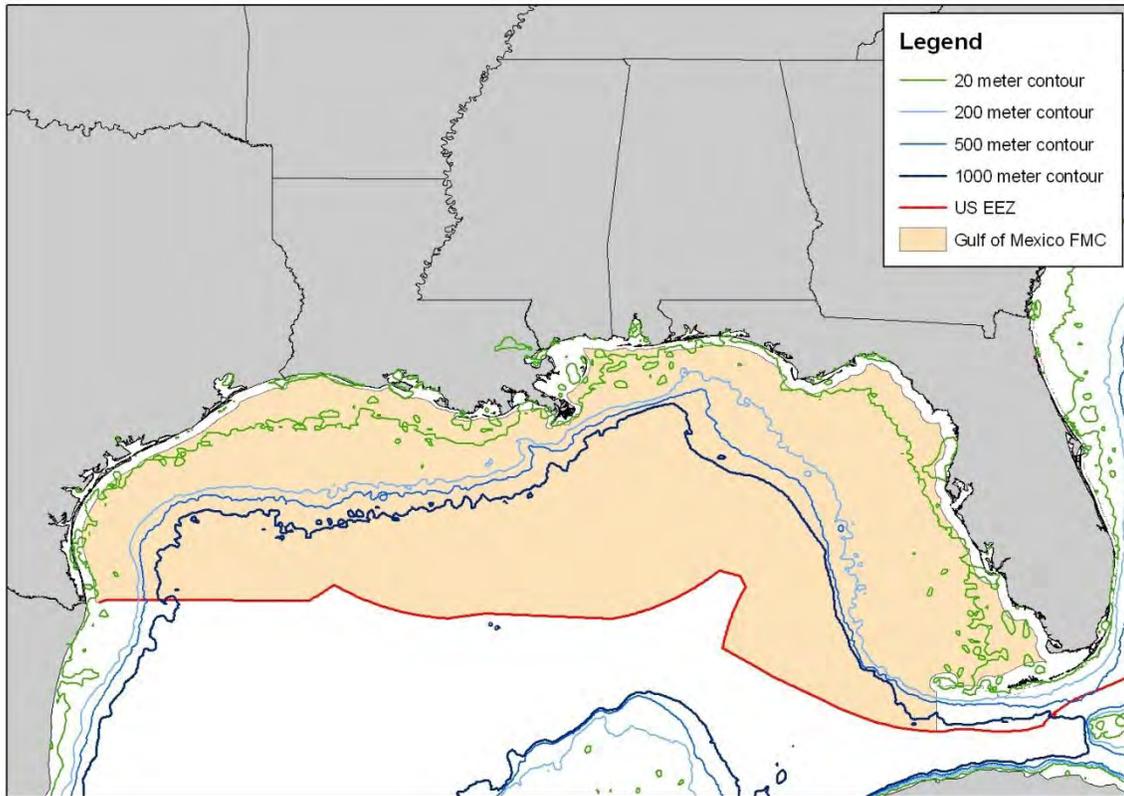
Barbara Dorf, Gulf SSC
Vivian Matter, NOAA Fisheries, Miami, FL
Adyan Rios, NOAA Fisheries, Miami, FL (leader)
Beverly Sauls, FL FWC, St. Petersburg, FL
Mike Thierry, Gulf Red Snapper AP
John Ward, Gulf SSC

4.1.2 Issues Discussed at the Data Workshop

The Workgroup discussed several issues that needed to be resolved before data could be compiled. The issues are listed below and are described in more detail in the following sections.

- 1) Calibration of Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey charterboat estimates (1981-1997).
- 2) Calibration of Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey estimates to Marine Recreational Information Program estimates (1981-2003).
- 3) Incorporating estimates of variance from the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department.
- 4) Use of shore mode estimates.
- 5) Adjustments and substitutions (1981-1985).
- 6) Estimating recreational landings in weight.
- 7) Estimating historical recreational landings (pre-1981).
- 8) Estimating discards for the Southeast Region Headboat Survey.
- 9) Estimating discards for the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department.

4.1.3 Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council Jurisdictional Boundaries



4.2 Review of Working Papers

The workgroup reviewed four working papers.

SEDAR31-DW4, *Recreational Survey Data for Red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico*. Vivian M. Matter.

This working paper presents recreational survey data for red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico from the Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS), the Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP), the NMFS Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS), and the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) survey. Issues addressed include the use of shore mode estimates, the calibration of MRFSS charterboat estimates back in time, 1981-1985 adjustments and substitutions, calibration of MRFSS estimates for 1981-2003 to MRIP estimates, estimating discards from the SRHS and TPWD, variance estimates from TPWD, and estimating recreational landings in weight from the surveys.

SEDAR31-DW11, *A Summary of Data on the Size Distribution and Release Condition of Red Snapper Discards from Recreational Fishery Surveys in the Gulf of Mexico.* Beverly Sauls.

This working paper presents a summary of available information on the size, release condition, and disposition of red snapper collected by trained observers since 2005 during at-sea surveys on for-hire vessels in the Gulf of Mexico. Additionally, a summary of information collected from a self-recruited volunteer angler catch card program is provided and compared to information collected from at-sea observer surveys.

SEDAR31-DW25, *Estimated Conversion Factors for Adjusting MRFSS Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Catch Estimates and Variances in 1981-2003 to MRIP Estimates and Variances.* Adyan Rios, Vivian M. Matter John F. Walter, Nicholas Farmer, and Stephen C. Turner.

Ratio estimators were developed to appropriately adjust estimates from the Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS) to estimates from the Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP). This working paper presents the adjusted catch and variances of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico between 1981 and 2003.

SEDAR31-DW10, *Length frequency distributions for red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1984-2011.* Ching-Ping Chih.

This working paper presents changes in length frequency distributions of samples collected from recreational fisheries in each the east and west Gulf of Mexico from 1992 to 2011.

4.3 Recreational Landings

A map and figures summarizing all recreational landings of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico are provided in Figure 4.11.1.

4.3.1 Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS) and Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP)

Introduction

The Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS) and the Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP) provide a long time series of estimated catch per unit effort, total effort, landings, and discards for six two-month periods (waves) each year. MRFSS/MRIP provides estimates for three recreational fishing modes: shore-based fishing (SH), private and rental boat fishing (PR), and for-hire charter and guide fishing (CH). When the survey first began in Wave 2 (Mar/Apr), 1981, headboats were included in the for-hire mode, but were excluded after 1985 to avoid overlap with the Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS) conducted by the NMFS Beaufort, NC lab.

The MRFSS/MRIP survey covers coastal Gulf of Mexico states from Florida to Louisiana. The state of Texas was included in the survey from 1981-1985, although not all modes and waves were covered. The state of Florida is sampled as two sub-regions. The east Florida sub-region

includes counties adjacent to the Atlantic coast from Nassau County south through Miami-Dade County, and the west Florida sub-region includes Monroe County (Florida Keys) and counties adjacent to the Gulf of Mexico. Separate estimates are generated for each Florida sub-region, and those estimates may be post-stratified into smaller regions based on proportional sampling.

The MRFSS/MRIP design incorporates three complementary survey methods for estimating catch and effort. Catch data are collected through angler interviews during dockside intercept surveys of recreational fishing trips after they have been completed. Effort data are collected using two telephone surveys. The Coastal Household Telephone Survey (CHTS) uses random digit dialing of coastal households to obtain detailed information about the previous two months of recreational fishing trips from the anglers. The weekly For-Hire Survey interviews charterboat operators (captains or owners) to obtain the trip information with only one-week recall period. Effort estimates from the two telephone surveys are aggregated to produce total effort estimates by wave. Catch rates from dockside intercept surveys are combined with estimates of effort from telephone interviews to estimate total landings and discards by wave, mode, and area fished (inland, state, and federal waters). Catch estimates from early years of the survey are highly variable with high proportional standard errors (PSE's), and sample size in the dockside intercept portion have been increased over time to improve precision of catch estimates. Full survey documentation and ongoing efforts to review and improve survey methods are available at: <http://www.st.nmfs.gov/st1/recreational>.

Survey methods for the for-hire fishing mode have seen the most improvement over time. Catch rate data have improved through increased sample quotas and additional sampling (requested and funded by the states) to the intercept portion of the survey. It was also recognized that the random household telephone survey was intercepting relatively few anglers in the for-hire fishing mode and the For-Hire Telephone Survey (FHS) was developed to estimate effort in the for-hire mode. The new method draws a random sample of known for-hire charter and guide vessels each week and vessel operators are called and asked directly to report their fishing activity. The FHS was pilot tested in the Gulf of Mexico in 1998 and officially adopted in 2000. The FHS does not consider the estimates during pilot years as official estimates, however, FHS data for these years have been used in past SEDARs (e.g. SEDAR 7 red snapper, SEDAR 16 king mackerel, etc). As a result of the Deepwater Horizon oil spill in April 2010, the MRFSS/MRIP For-Hire Survey increased sampling rates of charterboat vessel operators from 10% to 40% from May, 2010 through June 2011.

Calibration of traditional MRFSS charterboat estimates

Conversion factors have been estimated to calibrate the traditional MRFSS charterboat estimates with the FHS for 1986-1997 in the Gulf of Mexico (SEDAR7-AW-03). The relationship between the old charterboat method estimates of angler trips and the FHS estimates of angler trips was used to estimate the conversion factors. Since these factors are based on effort, they can be applied to all species' landings. In the Gulf of Mexico, the period of 1981-1985 could not be calibrated with the same ratios developed for 1986+ because in the earlier 1981-1985 time period, MRFSS considered charterboat and headboat as a single combined mode. Thus, in order to properly calibrate the estimates from 1981-1985, headboat data from the Southeast Region Head-boat Survey (SRHS) were included in the analysis. To calibrate the MRFSS combined charterboat and headboat mode effort estimates in 1981-1985, conversion factors were estimated

using 1986-1990 effort estimates from both modes, in equivalent effort units, an angler trip (SEDAR28-DW-12). These calibration factors were applied to the charterboat estimates and are tabulated in SEDAR31-DW-04.

MRIP weighted estimates and the calibration of MRFSS estimates

The Marine Recreational Information Program (MRIP) was implemented in 2004. The MRIP was developed to generate more accurate recreational catch rates by re-designing the MRFSS sampling protocol to address potential biases including port activity and time of day. Revised catch and effort estimates, based on this improved estimation method, were released on January 25, 2012. These estimates are available for the Atlantic and Gulf Coasts for 2004 through 2011.

Since new MRIP estimates are available for a portion of the recreational time series that the MRFSS covers, conversion factors between the MRFSS estimates and the MRIP estimates were developed in order to maintain one consistent time series for the recreational catch estimates. Ratio estimators, based on the ratios of the means, were developed for Gulf of Mexico red snapper to hind-cast catch and variance estimates by fishing mode. In order to apply the charterboat ratio estimator back in time to 1981, charterboat landings were isolated from the combined cbt/hbt mode for 1981-1985. The MRFSS to MRIP calibration process is detailed in SEDAR31-DW25.

Calculating landings estimates in weight

The MRFSS and the MRIP surveys use different methodologies for estimating landings in weight. In order to maintain consistency over the entire time frame, the Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) has developed a standardized approach for calculating average weight that can be applied to the MRIP (or MRIP adjusted) landings in number for all years. This method has been used in the past for filling in MRFSS weight estimates when they were missing (I.e. when there was an estimate of landings in number but not in weight due to missing weight samples in a given strata). The SEFSC method uses the MRFSS/MRIP sample data to obtain an average weight using the following hierarchy: species, region, year, state, mode, wave, and area (SEDAR22-DW16). The minimum number of weights used at each level of substitution is 30 fish, except for the final species level, where the minimum is 1 fish. In cases where the sample data include a length but not a weight, the length-weight equation from SEDAR 7 was used to convert those lengths to weights ($W=0.000662*(L^{2.9970})$ where W is whole weight in pounds and L is fork length in inches). Average weights were then multiplied by the landings estimates in numbers to obtain estimates of landings in weight. These estimates are provided in pounds whole weight.

1981, wave 1

MRFSS began in 1981, wave 2. In the Gulf of Mexico, catch for 1981 wave 1 was estimated by determining the proportion of catch in wave 1 to catch in all other waves for 1982-1984 by fishing mode and area. These proportions were then used to estimate wave 1 in 1981 from the estimated catches in other waves of that year. This methodology is consistent with past SEDARs (e.g. SEDAR 10 gag grouper and SEDAR 12 Gulf red grouper).

Texas

Texas data from the MRFSS is only available from 1981-1985 and is sporadic, not covering all modes and waves. For these reasons, Texas boat mode estimates from the MRFSS were not included. Instead, TPWD data, which covers charter and private modes, were used to fill in these modes prior to the start of the TPWD survey in May 1983. This methodology is consistent with past SEDARs (e.g. SEDAR 16 king mackerel, SEDAR 28 Spanish mackerel).

Shore mode

The workgroup discussed the validity of the shore mode estimates generated by MRFSS/MRIP. The intercept data that led to these estimates mainly came from Monroe County, FL and places where one would not expect to intercept red snapper. These red snapper intercepts were most likely the result of misclassification. The workgroup recommended that all shore mode estimates be excluded.

MRIP landings in numbers of fish and in whole weight in pounds by Gulf region are presented in Table 4.10.1. CVs associated with estimated landings in numbers are also shown.

4.3.2 Southeast Region Headboat Survey*Introduction*

The Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS) estimates landings and effort for headboats in the Gulf of Mexico. The SRHS began in the Gulf of Mexico in 1986 and extends from Naples, FL to South Padre Island, TX. The South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Headboat Surveys generally include 70-80 vessels participating in each region annually. The Headboat Survey incorporates two components for estimating catch and effort. (1) Information about the size of fishes landed are collected by port samplers during dockside sampling, where fish are measured to the nearest mm and weighed to the nearest 0.01 kg. These data are used to generate mean weights for all species by area and month. Port samplers also collect otoliths for ageing studies during dockside sampling events. (2) Information about total catch and effort are collected via the logbook, a form filled out by vessel personnel and containing total catch and effort data for individual trips. The logbooks are summarized by vessel to generate estimated landings by species, area, and time strata. The SRHS does not generate variances of the landings estimates.

The Headboat Survey was inconsistent in LA in 2002-2006. There were no trip reports collected in LA in 2002. Trip reports from 2001 were used (by the HBS) as a substitute to generate estimates numbers caught (though there are some minor differences between the resulting estimates for the two years). In 2003, there were only a few trip reports but they were still used to generate the estimates. From 2004 to 2006 there were no trip reports or fish sampled, and no substitutes were used, so there are no estimates or samples from 2004 to 2006 due to funding issues and Hurricane Katrina. However, the MRFSS/MRIP For-Hire Survey included the LA headboats in their charter mode estimates for these years thereby eliminating this hole in the headboat mode estimates.

The SRHS began operating in Mississippi (area 28) in 2010. Headboat data for red snapper from the Dry Tortugas, FL and west (areas 18-28) were included as part of Gulf of Mexico.

Texas headboat estimates 1981-1985

Headboat landings estimates by mode from 1981-1985 come from the MRFSS/MRIP survey for all states except Texas. The standard method used in past SEDARs (e.g. SEDAR 28 Spanish mackerel and cobia) is to use the average Texas headboat mode estimates from SRHS from 1986-1988 to fill in the missing years.

SRHS landings in numbers of fish and in whole weight in pounds by Gulf region are presented in Table 4.10.2.

4.3.3 Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

Introduction

The TPWD Sport-boat Angling Survey was implemented in May 1983 and samples fishing trips made by sport-boat anglers fishing in Texas marine waters. All sampling takes place at recreational boat access sites. The raw data include information on catch, effort and length composition of the catch for sampled boat-trips. These data are used by TPWD to generate recreational catch and effort estimates. The survey is designed to estimate landings and effort by high-use (May 15-November 20) and low-use seasons (November 21-May 14). SEFSC personnel disaggregated the TPWD seasonal estimates into waves (2 month periods) using the TPWD intercept data. This was done to make the TPWD time series compatible with the MRFSS/MRIP time series. TPWD surveys private and charterboat fishing trips. While TPWD samples all trips (private, charterboat, ocean, bay/pass), most of the sampled trips are associated with private boats fishing in bay/pass, as these trips represent most of the fishing effort. Charterboat trips in ocean waters are the least encountered in the survey.

Producing landings estimates in weight

In the TPWD survey, landings estimates are produced only in number of fish. In addition, the TPWD sample data does not provide weights, only lengths of the intercepted fish. Because TPWD length samples are measured as maximum possible total lengths, a TPWD length-weight equation for red snapper ($W=10^{(-5.242 + (3.145 * \log_{10}(L))}$) where W is gutted weight in grams and L is maximum total length in mm) was used to convert lengths to weights (Green and Campbell 2005). The SEFSC method (described above) was applied to the TPWD landings to obtain estimated landings in weight.

1981-1983 Texas estimates

The TPWD survey began with the high-use season in 1983 (May 15, 1983). Texas charter and private mode estimates do not exist from the start of 1981 to May of 1983. Averages from TPWD 1983-1985 by mode and wave were used to fill in the missing estimates.

2011 incomplete year

Data from 2011 is only through the 2011 TPWD high-use season (November 20th). Comparing seasonal estimates to wave estimates for 2000-2010, revealed that relatively few landings came from Nov 21-Dec 31. As such, the workgroup recommended that 2011 be accepted as a complete year.

Variances

Recently, TPWD has provided NMFS with standard errors associated with their seasonal estimates. Although the variances derived from these standard errors apply only to the seasonal TPWD seasonal and do not match up exactly to the TPWD wave estimates, this information provides a measure of the uncertainty of the TPWD estimates. The workgroup recommended using these TPWD variances.

TPWD landings in numbers of fish and in whole weight in pounds for Texas are presented in Table 4.10.3. CVs associated with estimated landings in numbers are also shown.

4.3.4 Estimating Historical Recreational Landings

The historic time period for red snapper landings in the Gulf of Mexico is defined as pre-1981, and prior to the start of the Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey (MRFSS). The recreational workgroup was tasked with evaluating potential sources and methods to compile landings of red snapper prior to the available time series of MRFSS/MRIP estimated landings. The workgroup reviewed the following two methods for estimating historical landings:

- 1) Coastal Census Method outlined in SEDAR31-RD46.
- 2) The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Survey of Fishing, Hunting and Wildlife-Associated Recreation (FHWAR) Survey Method outlined in SEDAR31-RD25.

Coastal Census Method

The coastal census method by Scott (SEDAR31-RD46) was used to estimate historical catch of red snapper in SEDAR 7. This method uses general linear models (GLMs) by Gulf region using data from 1981-2003 (Figure 4.11.2). The variables in each GLM include state, human population from coastal counties, fishing mode, and year class strength from SEAMAP surveys.

The workgroup rejected this method for three reasons. (1) The workgroup was not comfortable carrying back an average value of year class strength for all years prior to 1987. (2) The workgroup considered coastal counties as an arbitrary selection of counties. (3) The workgroup was uneasy with the choice of human population as a proxy for recreational red snapper landings.

FHWAR Survey Method

The FHWAR Survey Method by Brennan and Fitzpatrick (SEDAR31-RD25) was used to estimate historical catch of Spanish mackerel and cobia in SEDAR 28. The FHWAR method uses the FHWAR survey data of total US anglers, total US anglers by region, and total saltwater days to estimate regional saltwater effort. Total saltwater effort is then multiplied by an average CPUE calculated from the early years of MRFSS/MRIP data for each region. Due to an incomplete spatial overlap of available landings and effort data for red snapper during 1981-1985, the FHWAR method was modified to estimate landings by Gulf region and to use average estimates of CPUE calculated from 1986-1990 (Figure 4.11.3).

The workgroup had two main concerns associated with the FHWAR Survey Method. (1) The workgroup concluded that the effort estimates, based on national ratios to determine total

saltwater historical effort, did not accurately capture the emergence of the offshore headboat fishery in the Gulf of Mexico. (2) The workgroup found it inappropriate to use an average CPUE over the entire historical time series, as CPUE is known to have changed due to factors such as technological advances and changes in fleet behavior. Participants at the data workshop agreed that the FHWAR Method was preferable to the Coastal Census Method, but also that further improvements to this method should be explored.

Additional Methods to Be Explored

The workgroup recommended that its members continue to explore existing and new methods for estimating historical landings of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico. In order to accurately get at historical effort for the headboat fishery, suggestions included tracking consumables (gas, ice, bait) to develop price indices along the coast. Another suggestion was to compile trip frequency, and average trip information for the Gulf of Mexico headboat fishery from available literature, similar to what was done for red grouper in 2006 by Walter (SEDAR12-DW15).

4.4 Recreational Discards

A map and figures summarizing all recreational discards of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico are provided in Figure 4.11.4.

4.4.1 MRFSS/MRIP discards

Discarded live fish are reported by the anglers interviewed by the MRIP/MRFSS, so both the identity and quantities reported are unverified. Furthermore, discarded fish sizes are unknown for all fishing modes sampled by the MRFSS/MRIP. As such, lengths and weights of discarded fish are not estimated by the survey.

To characterize the size distribution of live discarded fishes, at-sea sampling of headboat discards was initiated in Alabama in 2004 and expanded to FLW in 2005 as part of the improved for-hire survey.

MRFSS/MRIP estimates of live released fish (B2 fish) were adjusted in the same manner as the landings (i.e. using charterboat calibration factors, MRIP adjustment, substitutions, etc. described above in section 4.3.1).

MRIP discards in numbers of fish and associated CVs by Gulf region are presented in Table 4.10.4.

4.4.2 Headboat Logbook Discards

The Southeast Region Headboat Survey logbook form was modified in 2004 to include a category to collect self-reported discards for each reported trip. This category is described on the form as the number of fish by species released alive and number released dead. Port agents instructed each captain on criteria for determining the condition of discarded fish. A fish is considered “released alive” if it is able to swim away on its own. If the fish floats off or is obviously dead or unable to swim, it is considered “released dead”. These self-reported data are currently not validated within the Headboat Survey.

The SRHS discard ratios were compared with the At-Sea Observer Data discard ratios in order to assess the validity of these discard estimates. In Alabama and West Florida, the observer data discard ratios were far greater than those reported by the SRHS for 2004-2007.

A recommendation for estimating SHRS discard ratios was presented and approved at the post-data workshop webinar. The recommendation was to use discard rates from SRHS headboats with consistent patterns of reporting for 2004-2011, and to scale the resulting rates using observer data. To hind-cast headboat rates for 1981-2003, the recommendation was to use data from MRIP as a proxy. The MRIP proxy will be developed from the mode or modes (charterboat, private, or both) whose discard rates have the strongest positive correlation to the 2004-2011 headboat discard rates. After obtaining a full time series of headboat discard rates for each region (east and west) and by open/closed seasons, the rates will be applied to landings to obtain total discards. These discard rates and resulting discards will be tabulated in an assessment working paper.

4.4.3 Headboat At-Sea Observer Survey Discards

Observer surveys of recreational headboats provide detailed information of recreational catch, and in particular of recreational discards. Observer surveys were conducted in Alabama from 2004 to 2007, and in West Florida from 2005-2007 and 2009-2011. For each survey, headboat vessels were randomly selected throughout each year in each state. Trained biologists then boarded the selected vessels, with permission from a vessel's captain, and observed anglers as they fished. The data collected included number and species of landed and discarded fish, size of landed and discarded fish, and the release condition of discarded fish (FL only). Observers also recorded length of the trip, area fished (inland, state, and federal waters) and, in Florida, the minimum and maximum depth fished. In the Florida Keys (sub-region 3) some vessels that ran trips longer than 24 hours were also sampled to collect information on trips that fish farther from shore and for longer periods of time, primarily in the vicinity of the Dry Tortugas.

4.4.4 Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Discards

The TPWD recreational survey does not estimate discards. The recreational workgroup evaluated available data and recommended that the MRFSS/MRIP discard ratios from Louisiana by year and mode (charter and private) be applied to the TPWD landings to estimate discards from Texas.

Discards in numbers of fish for Texas are presented in Table 4.10.5.

4.5 Biological Sampling

Length samples from recreational landings were obtained from the Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey, the Southeast Region Headboat Survey, the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department, the Fisheries Information Network, and the Trip Interview Program. Additionally, length data were available from observer programs operating in Florida, Alabama, and Louisiana. The years of observer coverage and the number of trips observed are described in Sauls (SEDAR-DW11).

4.5.1 Sampling Intensity

Sampling proportions of recreational landings by all modes combined are presented in Ping (SEDAR31-DW10).

MRFSS/MRIP Biological Sampling

The MRFSS/MRIP angler intercept survey includes the sampling of fish lengths from the harvested (landed, whole condition) catch. Up to 15 of each species landed per angler interviewed are measured to the nearest mm along a center line (defined as tip of snout to center of tail along a straight line, not curved over body). In those fish with a forked tail, this measure would typically be referred to as a fork length, and in those fish that do not have a forked tail it would typically be referred to as a total length with the exception of some fishes that have a single, or few, caudal fin rays that extend further. Weights are typically collected for the same fish measured although weights are preferred when time is constrained. Ageing structures and other biological samples are not collected during MRFSS/MRIP assignments because of concerns over the introduction of bias to survey data collection.

The number of red snapper measured or weighed in the Gulf of Mexico (FLW-TX) from MRFSS/MRIP by year, mode, and state are summarized in Table 4.10.6. The number of angler trips with measured or weighed red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico (FLW-TX) in the MRFSS/MRIP charter fleet and private-rental mode are summarized in Matter (SEDAR31-DW04).

Headboat Survey Biological Sampling

Lengths were collected from 1986 to 2011 by headboat dockside samplers in the Gulf of Mexico, in all of the coastal Gulf states except Mississippi, where sampling started in 2010. Weights are typically collected for the same fish measured during dockside sampling. Also, biological samples (scales, otoliths, spines, stomachs and gonads) are collected routinely and processed for aging, diet studies, and maturity studies. Number of red snapper measured for length in the headboat fleet by year is presented in Table 4.10.7. Numbers of trips from which red snapper were measured are summarized in Matter (SEDAR31-DW04).

Texas Parks and Wildlife Department Biological Sampling

The TPWD Sport-boat Angling Survey samples fishing trips made by sport-boat anglers fishing in Texas marine waters. All sampling takes place at recreational boat access sites. Length composition of the catch for sampled boat-trips has been collected since the high-season of 1983 (mid-May). Total length is measured by compressing the caudal fin lobes dorsoventrally to obtain the maximum possible total length. Weights of sampled fish are not recorded.

The number of red snapper measured in the TPWD charter and private-rental modes are summarized by year in Table 4.10.8. The number of trips with measured red snapper in the TPWD charter and private-rental modes are summarized in Matter (SEDAR31-DW04).

Observer Programs

Numbers of sampled red snapper on observed headboat trips in Florida and Alabama, and on observed charterboat trips in Florida are presented in Sauls (SEDAR31-DW11). Biological samples such as scales, otoliths, spines, stomachs and gonads, are not typically collected as part of this protocol.

4.5.2 Length Distributions

Length freq histograms from SEDAR31-DW10 are reproduced in Figures 4.11.5 and 4.11.6.

Recreational Landings

Length frequencies from recreational landings were calculated by year (1992 to 2011), by season (4 month period), and by Gulf region. These recreational length data were grouped by Gulf region (east and west). The eastern Gulf included Florida, Alabama and Mississippi, and the western Gulf included Louisiana and Texas. Detailed methods and proportions of each length by year and region are available in Ping (SEDAR31-DW10).

Changes in length frequency distributions were analyzed to examine the possible changes in selectivity-on-size. Changes in length frequency distributions appear to coincide with changes in fishing regulations and fishing behavior. Noticeable differences were found in the length frequency distributions of recreational length samples collected after 2007, when the bag limits per person per boat was cut from 4 to 2. These differences may indicate a change in selectivity-on-size due to the changes in fishing regulations (SEDAR31-DW10).

Observer Programs

Length frequency histograms for harvested and discarded red snapper by year for Florida headboats, Florida charterboats, Alabama headboats, and Texas charterboats are presented in Sauls (SEDAR31-DW11).

Length frequency distributions from observed headboat data in Florida also showed an increase in the proportion of larger fish caught in 2009-2011 compared to 2005-2007 (SEDAR31-DW11).

4.5.3 Recreational Catch-at-Age

Catch-at-age matrices were developed from direct observed age composition. The methods and resulting matrices are reported in Appendix B. A summary of the findings associated with the age composition of recreational red snapper sampled in the Gulf of Mexico follows.

Catch at age matrices developed in 2012 were nearly identical to those previously reported. However, a comparison of length composition of fish chosen for otolith analysis to that of the lengths of all samples revealed evidence of non-representative sampling prior to 2000, and missing length composition data during 2009-2011. A revised analysis will be completed prior to the assessment workshop to include additional length composition data (Appendix B).

4.6 Recreational Effort

Total recreational effort is summarized below by survey. Effort is summarized for all marine fishing by mode, regardless of what was caught. A map and figures summarizing MRFSS/MRIP and TPWD effort in angler trips are included in Figure 4.11.7. A map and figures summarizing SRHS effort in angler days are included in Figure 4.11.8.

4.6.1 MRFSS/MRIP Effort

Effort estimates for the recreational fishery survey are produced via telephone surveys of both anglers (private/rental boats and shore fishers) and for-hire boat operators (charterboat anglers, and in early years, party or charter anglers). The methods have changed during the full time series (see section 4.3 for descriptions of survey method changes and adjustments to survey estimates for uniform time-series of catch estimates). Angler trip estimates are tabulated in Table 4.10.9 by year and Gulf region. An angler-trip is a single day of fishing in the specified mode, not to exceed 24 hours. Both Texas and shore mode effort estimates have been excluded from the MRFSS/MRIP estimates since these strata were excluded from the landings estimates of red snapper.

4.6.2 Headboat Effort

Headboats report catch and effort data for each trip via the SHRS logbooks. A vessel's captain or designated crew member completes a logbook form for each trip. The form details the total number and weight of all the species kept, along with the total number of fish discarded for each species. Numbers of anglers on a given trip represents the measure of effort reported in the SRHS logbooks. Numbers of anglers are standardized, depending on the type of trip (length in hours), by converting number of anglers to "angler days" (e.g., 40 anglers on a half-day trip would yield $40 * 0.5 = 20$ angler days). This standardization assumes that all anglers fished the entire time. Angler days are summed by month for individual vessels. Each month, port agents collect these logbook trip reports and check for accuracy and completeness. Although reporting via the logbooks is mandatory, compliance is not 100% and is variable by location. To account for non-reporting, a correction factor is developed based on sampler observations, angler numbers from office books and all available information. This information is used to provide estimates of total catch by month and area, along with estimates of effort.

Estimated headboat angler days are tabulated in Table 4.10.10. Estimated headboat angler days have decreased in the Gulf of Mexico in recent years. The most obvious factor which impacted the headboat fishery in both the Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico was the high price of fuel. This coupled with the economic down, turn starting in 2008, has resulted in a marked decline in angler days in the Gulf of Mexico headboat fishery. Reports from industry staff, captains/owners, and port agents indicated fuel prices, the economy and fishing regulations are the factors that most affected the amount of trips, number of passengers, and overall fishing effort. Also important to note, is the decrease in effort in the Gulf of Mexico in 2010, the year of the Deepwater Horizon oil spill.

4.6.3 Texas Parks and Wildlife Effort

The TPWD survey is designed to estimate landings and effort by high-use (May 15-November 20) and low-use seasons (November 21-May 14). Only private and charterboat fishing modes are surveyed. Most of the sampled trips are from private boats fishing in bay/pass because these represent most of the fishing effort, but all trips (private, charterboat, ocean, bay/pass) are sampled. Charterboat trips in ocean waters are the least encountered in the survey. Estimates of TPWD angler trips are shown in Table 4.10.11 by year, season, and mode.

4.7 Tasks to Be Completed

- 1) Task: Estimate headboat discards using methods described in Section 4.4.2.
Responsibility: Vivian Matter, NOAA Fisheries
Expected Completion Date: To be tabulated in an Assessment Workshop working paper.
- 2) Task: Explore existing and new methods for estimating historical recreational landings.
Responsibility: Adyan Rios, NOAA Fisheries
Expected Completion Date: To be developed into an Assessment Workshop working paper.

4.8 Research Recommendations

- 1) Evaluate the technique used to apply sample weights to landings. Investigate the SEFSC Method by analyzing the order of variables in the hierarchy and the minimum number of fish used. Furthermore, evaluate alternative methods, including a meta-analysis of the existing information from difference sources, areas, states, surveys, etc. that could be performed.
- 2) Develop methods to identify angler preference and targeted effort. Require a reef fish stamp for anglers targeting reef fish, pelagic stamp for migratory species, and deep-water complex stamp for deep-water species. The program would be similar to the federal duck stamp required of hunters and could help managers identify what anglers were fishing for.
- 3) Continue and expand fishery dependent at sea observer surveys to collect discard information. This would help to validate self-reported headboat discard rates.
- 4) Track Texas commercial and recreational discards.
- 5) Estimate variances associated with the headboat program.
- 6) Evaluate existing and new methods to estimate historical landings. Hind-casting of red snapper landings is complicated by a lack of reliable historical effort data. To get at estimating historical effort, analysts could track consumables (gas, ice, bait) to develop price indices.
- 7) Investigate how CPUE changes over time due to technological advances and changes in fishing practices.

4.9 Literature Cited

- Brennan, K. and K. Fitzpatrick 2012. SEDAR31-RD46 Estimates of Historic Recreational Landings of Spanish Mackerel in the South Atlantic Using the FHWAR Census Method. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries, Beaufort, NC.
- Chih, C.P. 2012. SEDAR31-DW10 Length Frequency Distribution for Red Snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1981-2011. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL.
- Diaz, G.A. and P.L. Phares. 2004. SEDAR7-AW03 Estimating conversion factors for calibrating MRFSS charterboat landings and effort estimates for the Gulf of Mexico in 1981-1997 with For-Hire Survey estimates with application to red snapper landings. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL.
- Green, L.M. and R.P. Campbell. 2005. Trends in Finfish Landings of Sport-Boat Anglers in Texas Marine Waters, May 1974 - May 2003. Texas Parks and Wildlife, Coastal Fisheries Division, Management Data Series No. 234.
- Kleisner, K., M. D. Campbell, and S. L. Diamond. Unpublished. Should we stay or should we go: Impacts of harvest restrictions on the distribution of fishing effort and recreational catch of red snapper, 39 pp.
- Matter, V.M. 2012. SEDAR31-DW4 Recreational Survey Data for Red Snapper in the Gulf of Mexico. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Fisheries Statistics Division, Miami, FL.
- Matter, V.M., N. Cummings, J.J. Isely, K. Brennan, and K. Fitzpatrick. 2012. SEDAR 28-DW-12 Estimated conversion factors for calibrating MRFSS charterboat landings and effort estimates for the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico in 1981-1985 with For Hire Survey estimates with application to Spanish mackerel and cobia landings. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL., National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Fisheries Statistics Division, Miami, FL, and National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Beaufort Laboratory, Beaufort, NC.
- Matter, V.M. and S.C. Turner. 2010. SEDAR22-DW16 Estimated Recreational Catch in Weight: Method for Filling in Missing Weight Estimates from the Recreational Surveys with Application to Yellowedge Grouper, Tilefish (golden), and Blueline Tilefish. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL.
- Pollack, A.G., G.W. Ingram Jr., and D.G. Foster. 2012. SEDAR31-DW20 Red Snapper Abundance Indices from SEAMAP Groundfish Surveys in the Northern Gulf of Mexico.

- Rios, A, V.M. Matter, J.F. Walter, N. Farmer, and S.J. Turner. 2012. SEDAR31-DW25 Estimated Conversion Factors for Adjusting MRFSS Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Catch Estimates and Variances in 1981-2003 to MRIP Estimates and Variances. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL, National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Fisheries Statistics Division, Miami, FL, and National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Regional Office, Saint Petersburg, FL.
- Sauls, B. 2012. SEDAR31-DW11 A Summary of Data on the Size Distribution and Release Condition of Red Snapper Discards from Recreational Fishery Surveys in the Gulf of Mexico. Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Fish and Wildlife Research Institute, Saint Petersburg, FL.
- Scott, G.P. 2004. SEDAR31-RD25 Estimates of Historical Red Snapper Recreational Catch Levels Using US Census Data and Recreational Survey Information. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Sustainable Fisheries Division, Miami, FL (SEDAR7-AW16).
- Walter, J.F. 2006. SEDAR 12-DW15 Back-calculation of Recreational Catch of Red Grouper from 1945 to 1985. National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami, FL.

4.10 Tables

Table 4.10.1. Gulf of Mexico (FLW-LA) red snapper landings (numbers of fish and whole weight in pounds) from MRIP by year and Gulf region. Estimates from 1981-2003 have been adjusted to MRIP numbers. *CVs for 1981-1985 only reflect the private mode CVs, since charter and headboat mode CVs are unavailable.

YEAR	East			West			Total Gulf		
	Number	CV num	Weight (lbs)	Number	CV num	Weight (lbs)	Number	CV num	Weight (lbs)
1981	848,594	0.46*	1,456,721	1,384,112	0.55*	2,778,388	2,232,706	0.38*	4,235,109
1982	868,222	0.50*	1,716,769	1,052,602	0.23*	1,672,942	1,920,824	0.26*	3,389,710
1983	1,083,191	0.17*	1,947,352	1,834,671	0.35*	2,630,776	2,917,863	0.23*	4,578,128
1984	186,546	0.28*	405,824	651,177	0.18*	2,352,335	837,723	0.15*	2,758,159
1985	490,367	0.21*	942,058	517,021	0.14*	1,367,201	1,007,388	0.13*	2,309,259
1986	558,466	0.24	1,881,787	269,493	0.32	496,234	827,960	0.19	2,378,021
1987	538,002	0.30	1,089,945	117,316	0.49	217,516	655,318	0.26	1,307,461
1988	509,493	0.27	1,185,811	248,104	0.32	817,542	757,597	0.21	2,003,354
1989	462,519	0.44	1,008,082	194,983	0.48	566,098	657,502	0.34	1,574,180
1990	305,131	0.29	783,510	103,483	0.68	204,773	408,613	0.28	988,283
1991	533,087	0.23	1,200,588	214,000	0.69	735,422	747,087	0.26	1,936,010
1992	830,961	0.18	2,115,316	283,851	0.31	832,673	1,114,812	0.15	2,947,989
1993	1,235,076	0.18	3,423,992	369,889	0.34	1,219,021	1,604,965	0.16	4,643,013
1994	772,832	0.16	2,632,008	224,480	0.34	902,448	997,312	0.15	3,534,456
1995	617,484	0.23	1,962,004	288,724	0.38	1,149,264	906,208	0.20	3,111,268
1996	570,569	0.23	2,362,141	156,415	0.51	606,334	726,984	0.21	2,968,474
1997	961,781	0.21	3,458,577	168,344	0.34	820,190	1,130,124	0.18	4,278,766
1998	754,329	0.08	2,331,406	114,799	0.38	509,110	869,127	0.09	2,840,516
1999	721,883	0.11	2,797,578	91,976	0.33	557,182	813,858	0.11	3,354,760
2000	697,981	0.11	2,449,054	104,877	0.39	682,569	802,858	0.11	3,131,624
2001	833,129	0.12	3,499,414	58,959	0.59	217,017	892,088	0.12	3,716,430
2002	1,108,290	0.09	4,247,380	49,195	0.32	289,474	1,157,486	0.09	4,536,854
2003	967,577	0.12	3,839,526	74,244	0.33	416,761	1,041,822	0.12	4,256,287
2004	1,190,622	0.13	4,396,367	88,405	0.15	316,965	1,279,027	0.12	4,713,332
2005	724,663	0.10	2,753,276	110,503	0.19	471,898	835,166	0.09	3,225,174
2006	793,646	0.10	2,640,826	172,934	0.17	598,502	966,580	0.08	3,239,328
2007	1,064,180	0.09	3,524,483	159,638	0.20	587,047	1,223,818	0.08	4,111,530
2008	591,637	0.09	2,520,422	84,311	0.27	516,408	675,949	0.09	3,036,829
2009	698,335	0.13	3,132,241	97,250	0.24	639,081	795,585	0.12	3,771,321
2010	327,013	0.16	1,614,967	6,676	0.68	55,687	333,689	0.16	1,670,654
2011	488,919	0.13	3,176,492	31,349	0.36	303,813	520,269	0.12	3,480,305

Table 4.10.2 Gulf of Mexico red snapper landings (number of fish) from the SRHS by year and Gulf region.

YEAR	East		West		Total Gulf	
	Number	Weight (lbs)	Number	Weight (lbs)	Number	Weight (lbs)
1981			335,366	416,165	335,366	416,165
1982			335,366	416,165	335,366	416,165
1983			335,366	416,165	335,366	416,165
1984			335,366	416,165	335,366	416,165
1985			335,366	416,165	335,366	416,165
1986	16,364	37,848	316,090	372,639	332,454	410,487
1987	9,685	26,297	319,348	384,743	329,033	411,040
1988	13,832	32,800	423,024	581,356	436,856	614,156
1989	10,797	23,828	372,473	962,612	383,270	986,440
1990	15,539	35,760	187,006	342,552	202,545	378,312
1991	15,580	35,161	264,686	448,511	280,266	483,672
1992	33,873	77,211	413,056	872,851	446,929	950,062
1993	37,275	84,344	458,772	1,300,045	496,047	1,384,389
1994	28,998	83,818	497,738	1,441,631	526,736	1,525,449
1995	23,078	74,911	354,550	1,282,712	377,628	1,357,623
1996	28,388	84,397	349,266	1,324,382	377,654	1,408,779
1997	48,439	120,636	347,424	1,183,775	395,863	1,304,411
1998	76,759	184,095	244,738	940,650	321,497	1,124,745
1999	67,432	195,966	98,699	503,001	166,131	698,967
2000	57,640	177,839	111,410	585,448	169,050	763,287
2001	51,289	167,617	116,358	405,868	167,647	573,486
2002	75,121	217,585	138,475	607,217	213,596	824,802
2003	71,021	222,142	157,905	569,754	228,926	791,897
2004	63,482	190,118	110,329	503,158	173,811	693,276
2005	46,791	146,482	99,988	379,855	146,779	526,337
2006	47,882	125,533	121,177	450,704	169,059	576,238
2007	63,603	173,753	110,314	313,252	173,917	487,004
2008	61,986	185,243	57,569	222,709	119,555	407,952
2009	81,590	314,558	75,998	491,335	157,588	805,893
2010	35,943	145,448	51,514	284,079	87,457	429,527
2011	69,187	320,646	50,656	309,916	119,843	630,563

Table 4.10.3 Texas red snapper landings (number of fish and whole weight in pounds) from TPWD by year. CVs are taken from the TPWD seasonal estimates.

YEAR	West		
	Number	CV_num	Weight (lbs)
1981	71,227		151,411
1982	71,227		151,411
1983	71,785	0.31	89,287
1984	36,091	0.37	66,690
1985	105,806	0.48	298,260
1986	127,739	0.83	180,456
1987	47,396	0.54	85,627
1988	53,577	0.57	87,243
1989	24,309	0.42	38,807
1990	25,493	0.41	42,996
1991	40,500	0.36	73,611
1992	34,636	0.24	83,061
1993	46,123	0.37	124,665
1994	87,419	0.31	247,943
1995	97,397	0.28	318,581
1996	85,470	0.26	313,608
1997	80,543	0.28	290,105
1998	66,025	0.36	267,721
1999	54,043	0.35	192,878
2000	52,714	0.34	174,773
2001	48,607	0.31	157,517
2002	52,897	0.28	187,823
2003	38,349	0.28	133,651
2004	40,770	0.32	133,493
2005	55,684	0.26	202,327
2006	63,284	0.37	209,284
2007	46,797	0.28	169,573
2008	36,442	0.41	174,935
2009	34,387	0.27	197,680
2010	30,197	0.39	177,228
2011	36,131	0.41	195,121

Table 4.10.4 Gulf of Mexico (FLW-LA) red snapper discards (numbers of fish) from MRIP by year and Gulf region. Estimates from 1981-2003 have been adjusted to MRIP numbers. *CVs for 1981-1985 only reflect the private mode CVs, since charter and headboat mode CVs are unavailable.

YEAR	East		West		Total Gulf	
	Discards	CV	Discards	CV	Discards	CV
1981	51,548	0.88*	10,037	1.01*	61,586	0.75*
1982	16,659	0.76*	14,344	0.26*	31,003	0.42*
1983	479	1.98*	3,585	0.00*	4,064	0.23*
1984	25,159	1.52*	0	0.00*	25,159	1.52*
1985	15,349	0.99*	45,856	1.35*	61,204	1.04*
1986	39,599	0.54	5,036	0.78	44,635	0.49
1987	62,666	0.48	7,844	1.25	70,509	0.45
1988	64,040	0.51	147,211	0.81	211,251	0.59
1989	168,435	0.65	114,579	0.72	283,014	0.48
1990	424,721	0.57	172,929	0.83	597,650	0.47
1991	769,651	0.32	256,574	0.64	1,026,225	0.29
1992	847,379	0.20	214,942	0.38	1,062,321	0.18
1993	900,495	0.25	259,803	0.43	1,160,298	0.22
1994	709,312	0.25	282,222	0.49	991,534	0.23
1995	393,610	0.38	408,644	0.48	802,254	0.31
1996	878,667	0.28	100,060	0.84	978,727	0.27
1997	1,796,061	0.24	103,049	0.46	1,899,110	0.23
1998	933,276	0.10	105,271	0.44	1,038,546	0.10
1999	1,268,605	0.12	228,956	0.34	1,497,561	0.12
2000	1,433,219	0.15	127,605	0.52	1,560,824	0.14
2001	1,934,396	0.13	54,550	0.50	1,988,947	0.13
2002	2,280,040	0.14	43,270	0.38	2,323,310	0.13
2003	1,973,629	0.14	184,735	0.43	2,158,364	0.13
2004	2,413,011	0.12	274,135	0.23	2,687,146	0.11
2005	1,849,815	0.12	339,593	0.20	2,189,408	0.11
2006	2,393,573	0.10	429,127	0.17	2,822,700	0.09
2007	2,959,674	0.10	284,832	0.23	3,244,506	0.09
2008	1,845,033	0.12	262,197	0.28	2,107,231	0.11
2009	1,947,812	0.12	195,482	0.20	2,143,294	0.11
2010	1,426,636	0.16	6,779	0.73	1,433,415	0.16
2011	1,412,941	0.14	108,302	0.42	1,521,243	0.13

Table 4.10.5 Texas red snapper discards (numbers of fish) from TPWD by year.

YEAR	West
	Discards
1981	514
1982	619
1983	86
1984	0
1985	47,238
1986	236
1987	7,619
1988	34,329
1989	15,429
1990	26,652
1991	86,464
1992	24,753
1993	30,631
1994	95,673
1995	149,909
1996	39,742
1997	50,180
1998	60,634
1999	131,464
2000	64,560
2001	42,833
2002	62,256
2003	133,373
2004	229,890
2005	185,774
2006	169,427
2007	82,617
2008	118,428
2009	73,095
2010	19,754
2011	120,537

Table 4.10.6 Number of red snapper measured or weighed in the Gulf of Mexico in the MRFSS/MRIP by year, mode, and state.

YEAR	Cbt					Hbt					Priv					Grand Total	
	LA	MS	AL	FLW	All	TX	LA	AL	FLW	All	TX	LA	MS	AL	FLW		All
1981	22		62	20	104		10	22	13	45		35		53	68	156	305
1982	5	10	40	29	84		134	33	25	192		153	7	14	63	237	513
1983	424		118	86	628		416	28	127	571		129	5	3	7	144	1,343
1984	214		3	38	255		26	2	19	47		52	1	14	6	73	375
1985	40		36	3	79	79	62	2	15	158	25	30	1	2	9	67	304
1986	354	16	105	61	536							52	1	7	10	70	606
1987	230	10	242	219	701							22	3	59	117	201	902
1988	6	42	246	65	359							68	17	1	24	110	469
1989	20	27	125	17	189							64		5	11	80	269
1990	83	14	136	17	250							23	7	42	9	81	331
1991	281	42	646	51	1,020							5	46	146	2	199	1,219
1992	312	250	1,290	220	2,072							68	216	331	14	629	2,701
1993	125	98	314	257	794							62	53	155	29	299	1,093
1994	118	33	328	116	595							68	46	136	17	267	862
1995	145	5	197	58	405							58	22	83	15	178	583
1996	108	36	133	61	338							48	33	61	14	156	494
1997	89	11	530	670	1,300							25	97	88	7	217	1,517
1998	186	13	1,288	1,632	3,119							18	53	74	14	159	3,278
1999	37	65	3,626	3,686	7,414							117	56	579	123	875	8,289
2000	86	66	2,908	4,762	7,822							14	5	354	85	458	8,280
2001	10	80	2,786	3,585	6,461							8	5	387	105	505	6,966
2002	237	154	2,729	4,404	7,524								22	545	78	645	8,169
2003	308	57	2,229	4,139	6,733							1	30	300	83	414	7,147
2004	356	15	1,719	3,757	5,847							7		326	89	422	6,269
2005	185		1,471	3,674	5,330							18	1	138	62	219	5,549
2006	588	15	1,062	2,880	4,545							31	5	74	128	238	4,783
2007	552		983	3,402	4,937							51	4	81	254	390	5,327
2008	70	4	284	1,563	1,921							29	8	79	152	268	2,189
2009	88		305	534	927							57	37	112	53	259	1,186
2010		4	197	822	1,023							30		72	122	224	1,247
2011	41	11	235	736	1,023							17	1	154	111	283	1,306
Grand Total	5,320	1,078	26,373	41,564	74,335	79	648	87	199	1,013	25	1,360	782	4,475	1,881	8,523	83,871

Table 4.10.7 Number of red snapper measured or weighed in the Gulf of Mexico in the SRHS by year and state.

YEAR	TX	LA	AL/FLW	All states
1986	6,015	237	163	6,415
1987	5,565	413	192	6,170
1988	4,048	553	196	4,797
1989	5,033	1,278	286	6,597
1990	3,547	716	333	4,596
1991	2,478	944	497	3,919
1992	5,877	2,001	683	8,561
1993	5,399	1,658	385	7,442
1994	5,790	855	1,316	7,961
1995	7,024	1,303	441	8,768
1996	4,201	1,060	496	5,757
1997	2,185	1,814	1,142	5,141
1998	4,359	2,198	2,158	8,715
1999	1,340	1,945	884	4,169
2000	473	2,723	1,136	4,332
2001	1,022	1,513	654	3,189
2002	1,440	945	1,250	3,635
2003	992	1,016	1,089	3,097
2004	808		544	1,352
2005	822	194	303	1,319
2006	658	109	481	1,248
2007	535	233	1,280	2,048
2008	259	142	1,223	1,624
2009	611	255	947	1,813
2010	797		708	1,505
2011	689	279	737	1,705
Grand Total	71,967	24,384	19,524	115,875

Table 4.10.8 Number of red snapper measured or weighed in the state of Texas in the TPWD by year and mode.

YEAR	Cbt	Priv	All modes
1983	19	369	388
1984	6	393	399
1985	84	613	697
1986	6	363	369
1987	35	450	485
1988	25	448	473
1989	9	326	335
1990	7	371	378
1991	15	504	519
1992	66	642	708
1993	28	826	854
1994	48	1,120	1,168
1995	47	1,898	1,945
1996	89	1,501	1,590
1997	79	1,424	1,503
1998	111	1,204	1,315
1999	95	704	799
2000	101	1,011	1,112
2001	126	856	982
2002	144	934	1,078
2003	145	935	1,080
2004	133	879	1,012
2005	147	1,073	1,220
2006	203	1,342	1,545
2007	257	935	1,192
2008	157	733	890
2009	155	903	1,058
2010	86	611	697
2011	69	887	956
Grand Total	2,492	24,255	26,747

Table 4.10.9 Gulf of Mexico (FLW-TX) estimated number of **angler trips** for MRFSS (1981-2003) and MRIP (2004-2011) by year and Gulf region. TX angler trip estimates have been excluded. Shore mode angler trip estimates have been excluded.

YEAR	East	West	Total Gulf
1981	6,085,559	992,986	7,078,545
1982	4,676,602	1,606,279	6,282,881
1983	5,493,444	1,786,898	7,280,342
1984	6,714,199	1,339,849	8,054,048
1985	6,280,179	1,338,503	7,618,682
1986	6,674,808	1,974,776	8,649,584
1987	7,204,841	1,859,711	9,064,552
1988	8,977,342	2,280,703	11,258,045
1989	7,482,360	1,754,103	9,236,464
1990	6,268,723	1,373,917	7,642,640
1991	7,787,797	1,748,850	9,536,647
1992	7,858,050	1,984,866	9,842,916
1993	7,710,287	2,119,075	9,829,362
1994	8,316,214	1,928,957	10,245,170
1995	8,190,613	2,400,669	10,591,282
1996	8,069,748	2,271,727	10,341,474
1997	8,923,703	2,363,251	11,286,954
1998	7,777,364	1,922,209	9,699,572
1999	7,732,807	2,048,764	9,781,571
2000	9,723,508	2,816,590	12,540,098
2001	10,349,484	2,764,039	13,113,524
2002	10,054,340	2,344,977	12,399,317
2003	11,402,447	3,398,922	14,801,369
2004	12,510,631	3,964,532	16,475,162
2005	11,369,702	2,906,178	14,275,879
2006	11,468,139	2,988,229	14,456,369
2007	12,532,422	3,299,482	15,831,904
2008	12,326,691	3,687,302	16,013,994
2009	10,906,116	3,359,031	14,265,147
2010	10,131,111	3,133,817	13,264,928
2011	10,191,640	3,454,320	13,645,959
Grand Total	271,190,868	73,213,512	344,404,380

Table 4.10.10 Gulf of Mexico estimated number of **angler days** from SRHS by year and Gulf region.

YEAR	East	West	Total Gulf
1986	240,077	62,459	302,536
1987	217,049	69,725	286,774
1988	195,948	78,087	274,035
1989	208,325	66,256	274,581
1990	213,906	65,042	278,948
1991	174,312	66,342	240,654
1992	184,802	86,129	270,931
1993	207,898	92,160	300,058
1994	204,562	113,429	317,991
1995	182,410	100,962	283,372
1996	154,913	102,840	257,753
1997	149,442	91,215	240,657
1998	185,331	85,504	270,835
1999	176,117	66,261	242,378
2000	159,331	63,347	222,678
2001	157,243	61,583	218,826
2002	141,831	73,173	215,004
2003	144,211	81,068	225,279
2004	158,430	64,990	223,420
2005	130,233	59,857	190,090
2006	124,049	75,794	199,843
2007	136,880	66,286	203,166
2008	130,176	44,133	174,309
2009	142,438	54,005	196,443
2010	111,516	47,371	158,887
2011	158,796	49,170	207,966
Grand Total	4,390,226	1,887,188	6,277,414

Table 4.10.11 Texas estimated number of **angler trips** from TPWD by year and season (High-May 15th -Nov 20th; Low- Nov 21st-May 14th).

YEAR	High	Low	Total
1983	669,126		669,126
1984	559,713	175,608	735,321
1985	611,251	261,821	873,072
1986	576,966	353,576	930,542
1987	775,656	361,874	1,137,530
1988	729,324	340,276	1,069,600
1989	714,053	243,593	957,645
1990	650,895	220,197	871,092
1991	675,614	225,488	901,102
1992	765,954	264,420	1,030,374
1993	721,964	328,451	1,050,415
1994	792,955	392,843	1,185,798
1995	727,097	426,173	1,153,270
1996	800,241	377,200	1,177,440
1997	775,724	324,887	1,100,611
1998	759,292	326,636	1,085,927
1999	887,954	432,612	1,320,566
2000	828,750	494,748	1,323,498
2001	791,628	359,044	1,150,672
2002	748,641	358,148	1,106,789
2003	762,020	369,633	1,131,654
2004	750,642	375,916	1,126,558
2005	702,874	358,604	1,061,479
2006	724,252	432,478	1,156,730
2007	720,176	337,594	1,057,770
2008	679,629	377,775	1,057,404
2009	708,020	327,473	1,035,493
2010	701,791	285,532	987,323
2011	743,213	382,188	1,125,401
Grand Total	21,055,415	9,514,789	30,570,204

4.11 Figures

Figure 4.11.1: Gulf of Mexico estimated number of red snapper landings from MRFSS/MRIP, TPWD, and SRHS (1981-2011) by state (a), by state and year (b), and by state and mode (c).

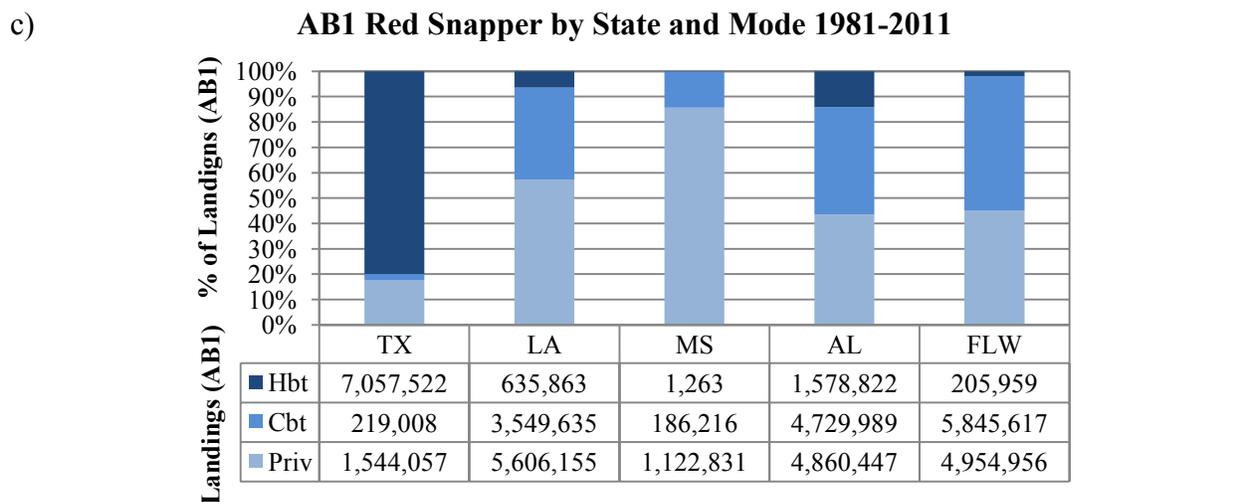
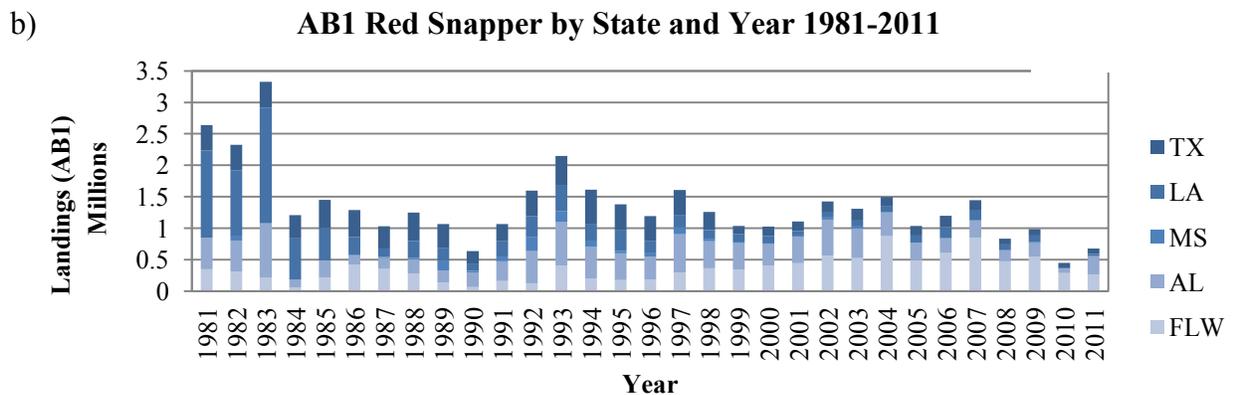
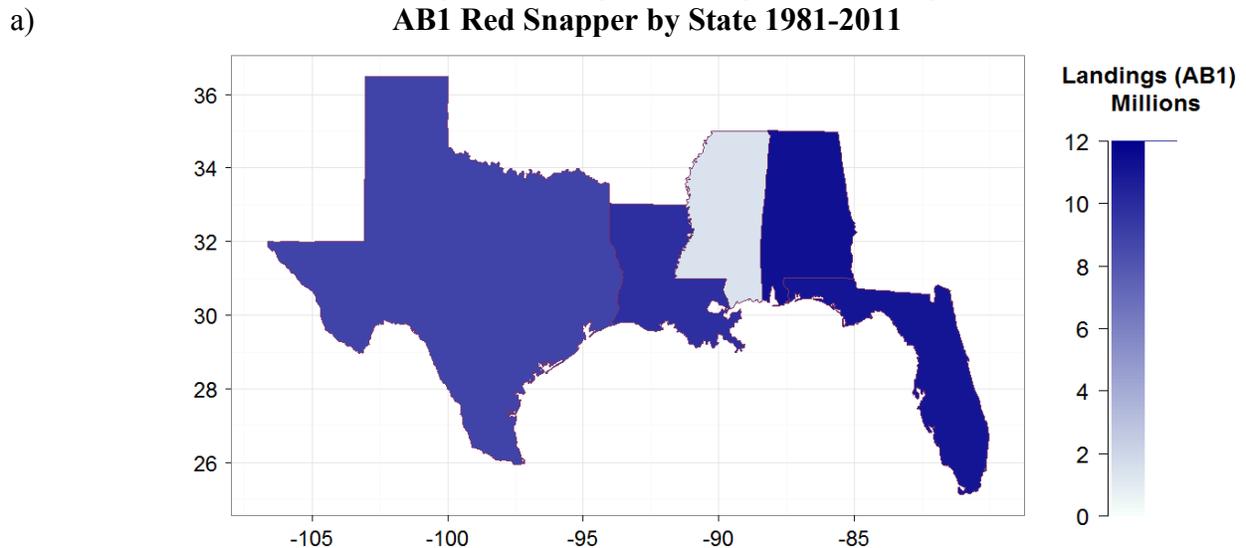


Figure 4.11.2 Estimates of historical recreational catch of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico by region using the coastal census method. Solid lines represent reported catch while dashed lines represent estimated catch. Catch for the east Gulf are shown in light blue, while landings for the west Gulf are shown in dark blue.

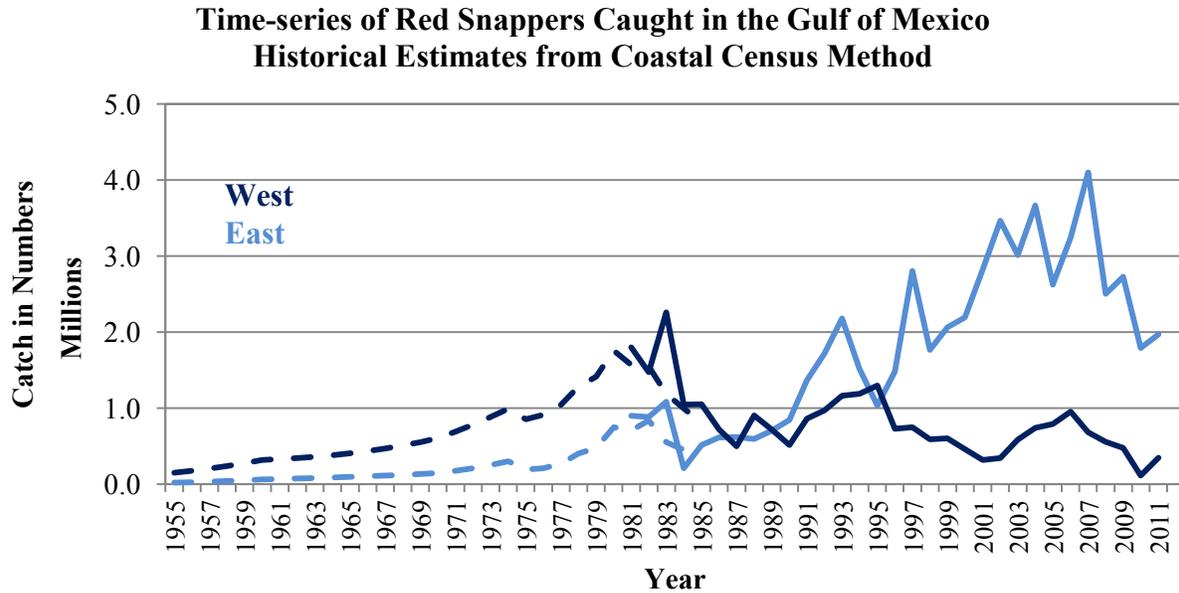


Figure 4.11.3 Estimates of historical recreational landings of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico by region using the modified FHWAR method. Solid lines represent reported landings while dashed lines represent estimated landings. Landings for the east Gulf are shown in dark blue, while landings for the west Gulf are shown in light blue.

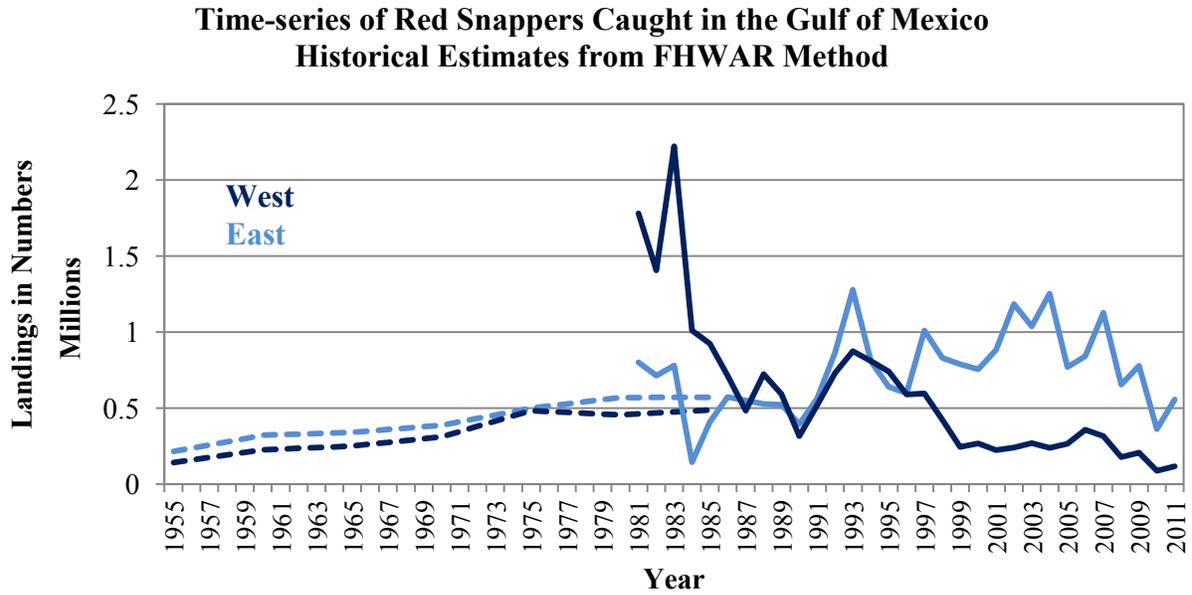
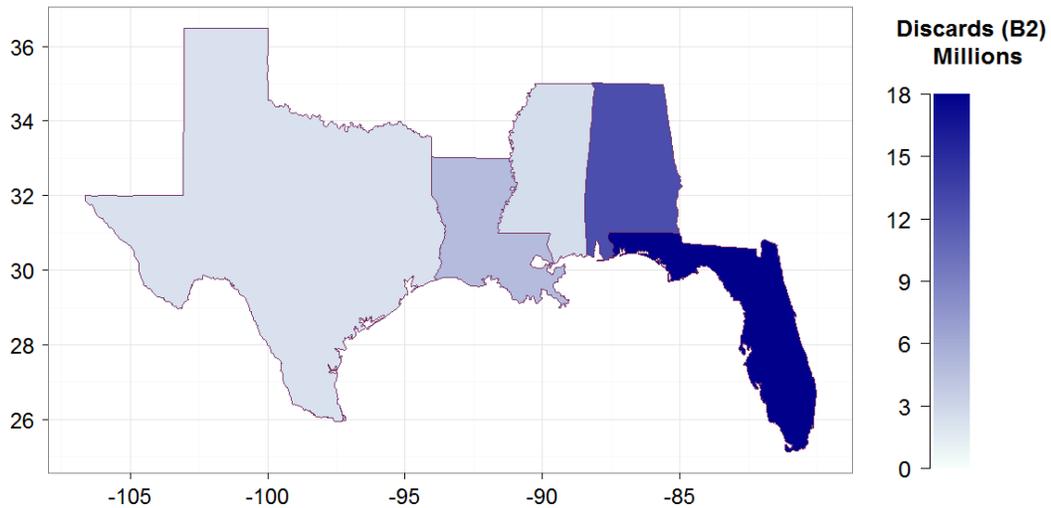


Figure 4.11.4: Gulf of Mexico estimated number of red snapper discards from MRFSS/MRIP and TPWD (1981-2011) by state (a), by state and year (b), and by state and mode (c). SRHS discard not yet included.

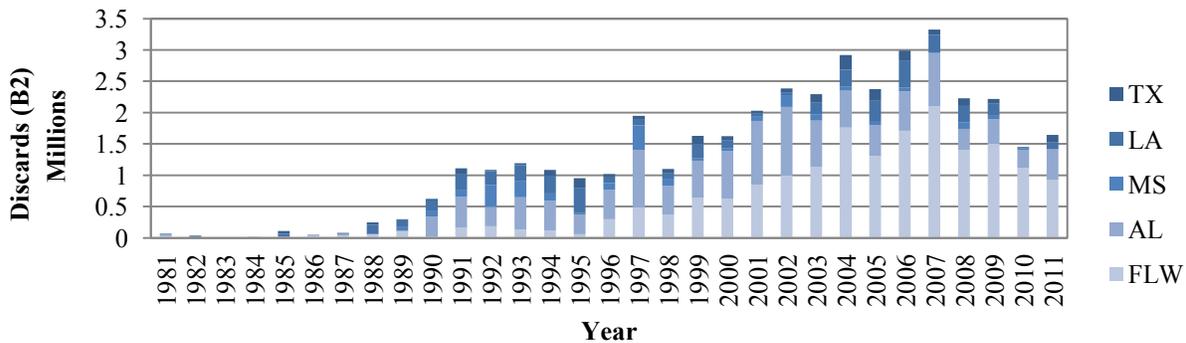
a)

B2 Red Snapper by State 1981-2011



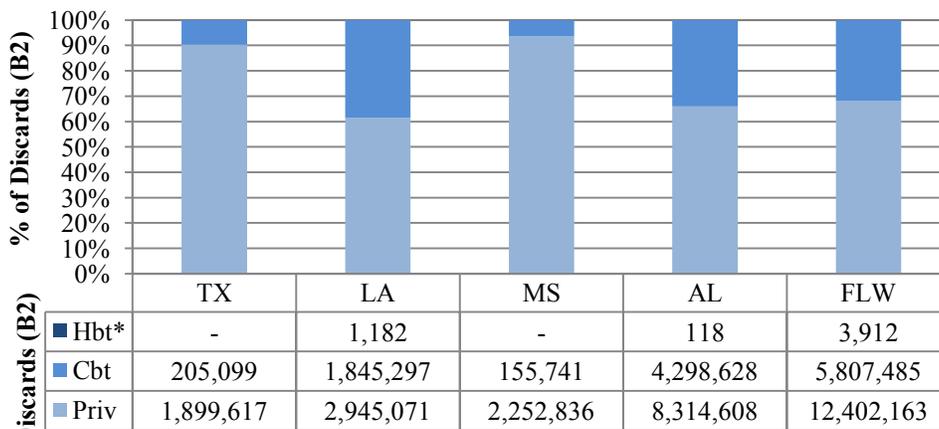
b)

B2 Red Snapper by State and Year 1981-2011



c)

B2 Red Snapper by State and Mode 1981-2011



*Hbt (1981-1985 only)

Figure 4.11.5a: Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from recreational fisheries located in the eastern Gulf of Mexico (RE) from 1992 to 2001.

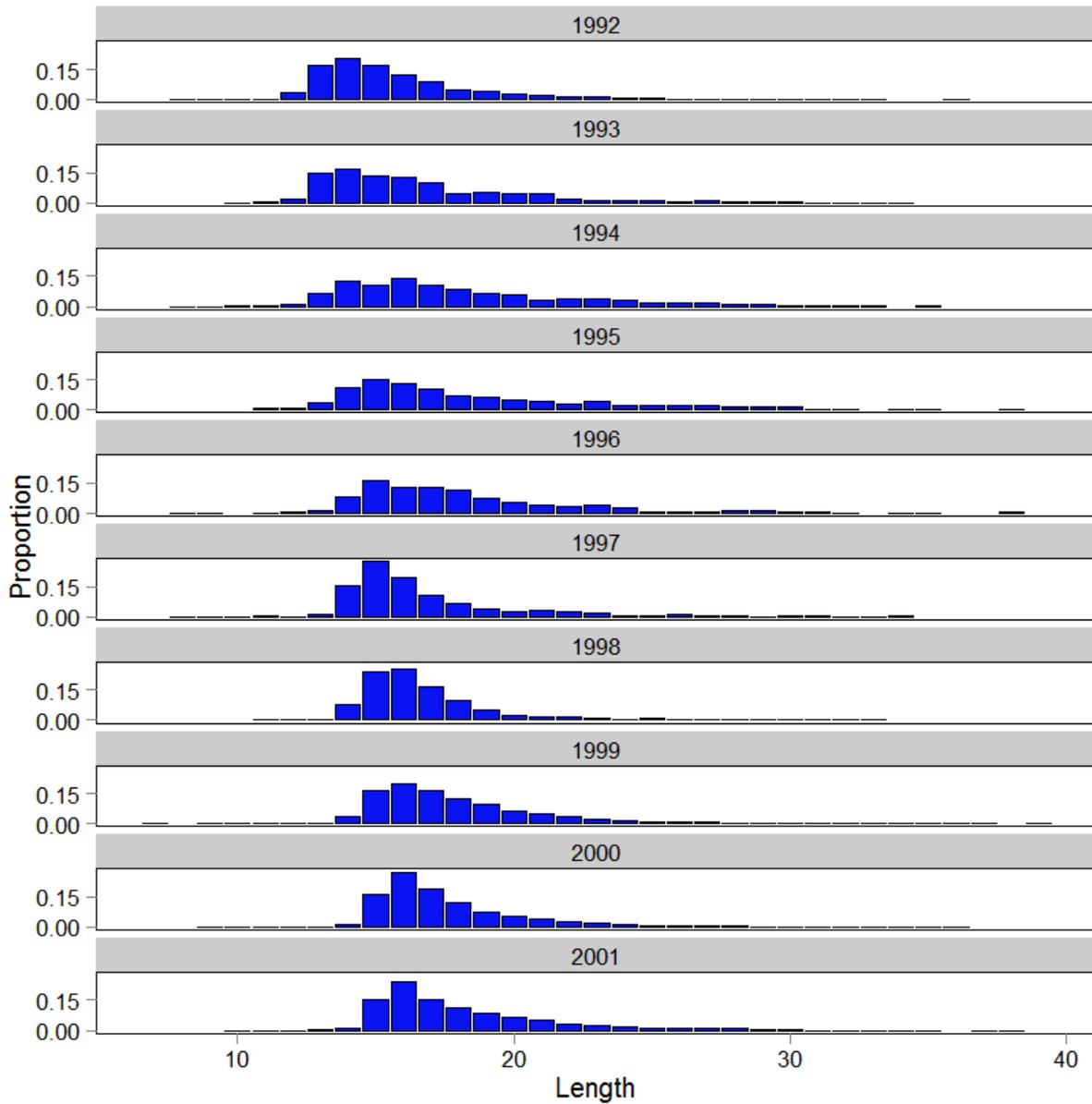


Figure 4.11.5b: Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from recreational fisheries located in the eastern Gulf of Mexico (RE) from 2002 to 2011.

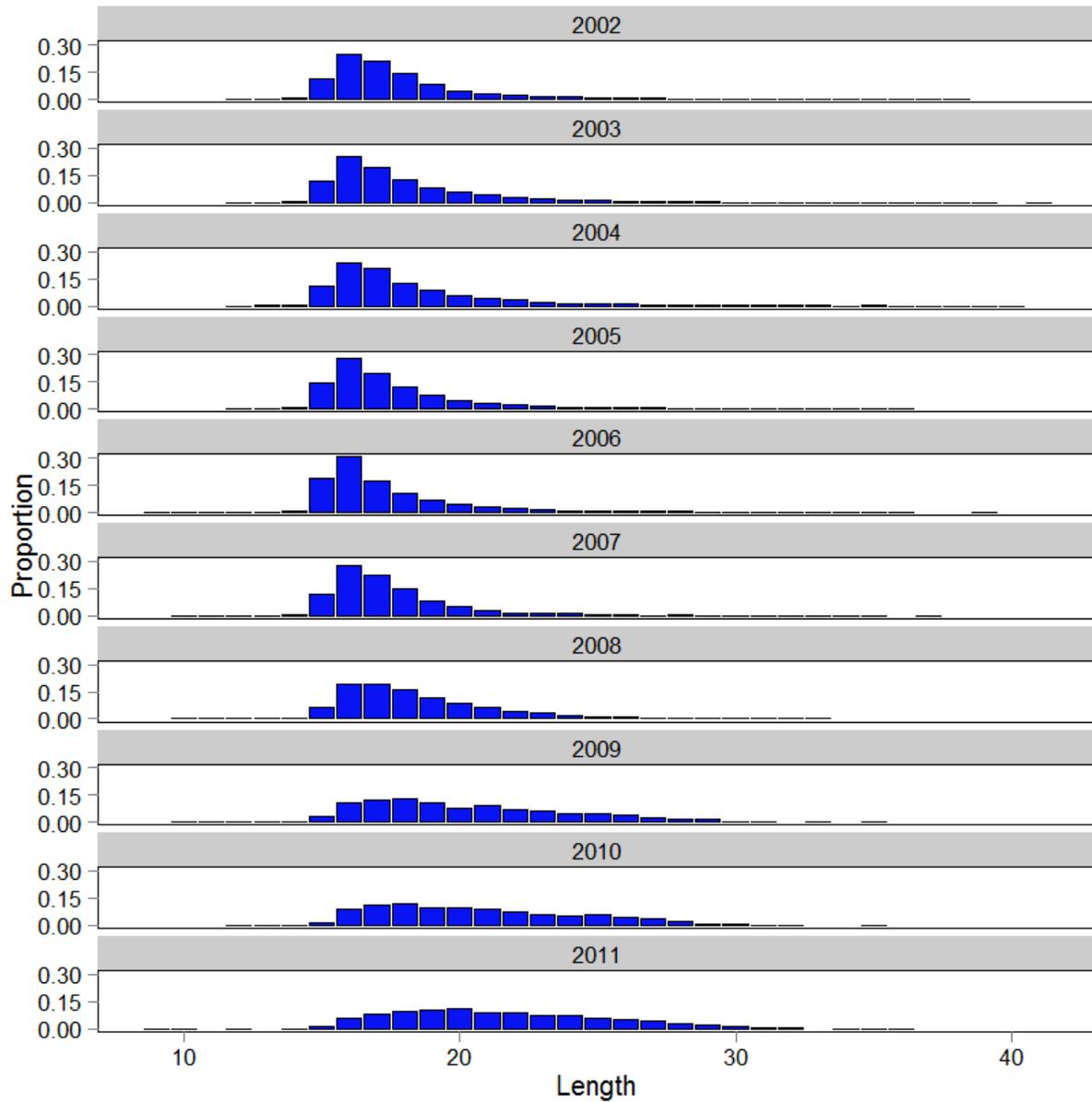


Figure 4.11.6a: Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from recreational fisheries located in the western Gulf of Mexico (RW) from 1992 to 2001.

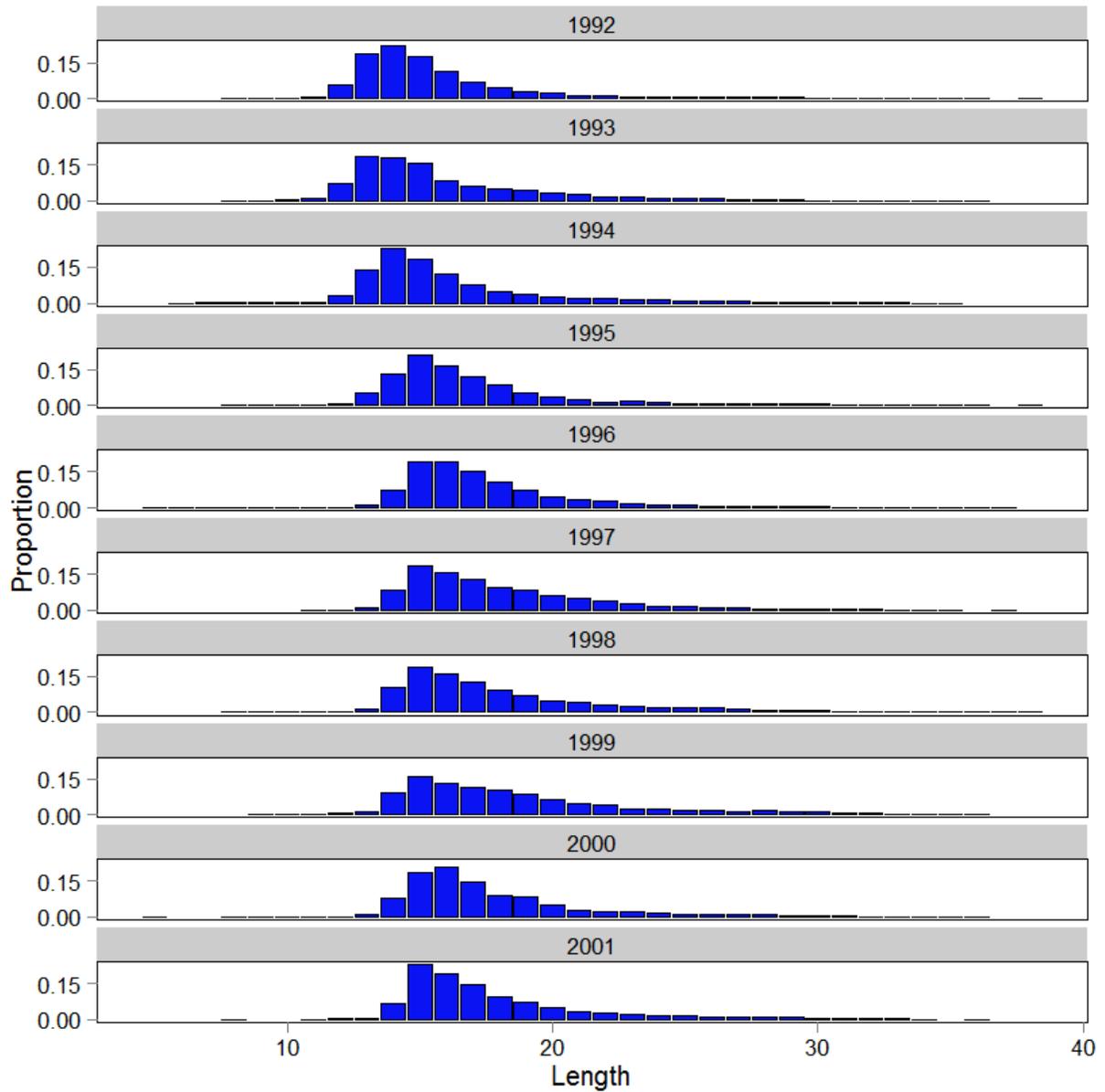


Figure 4.11.6b: Length frequency distributions of length samples collected from recreational fisheries located in the western Gulf of Mexico (RW) from 2002 to 2011.

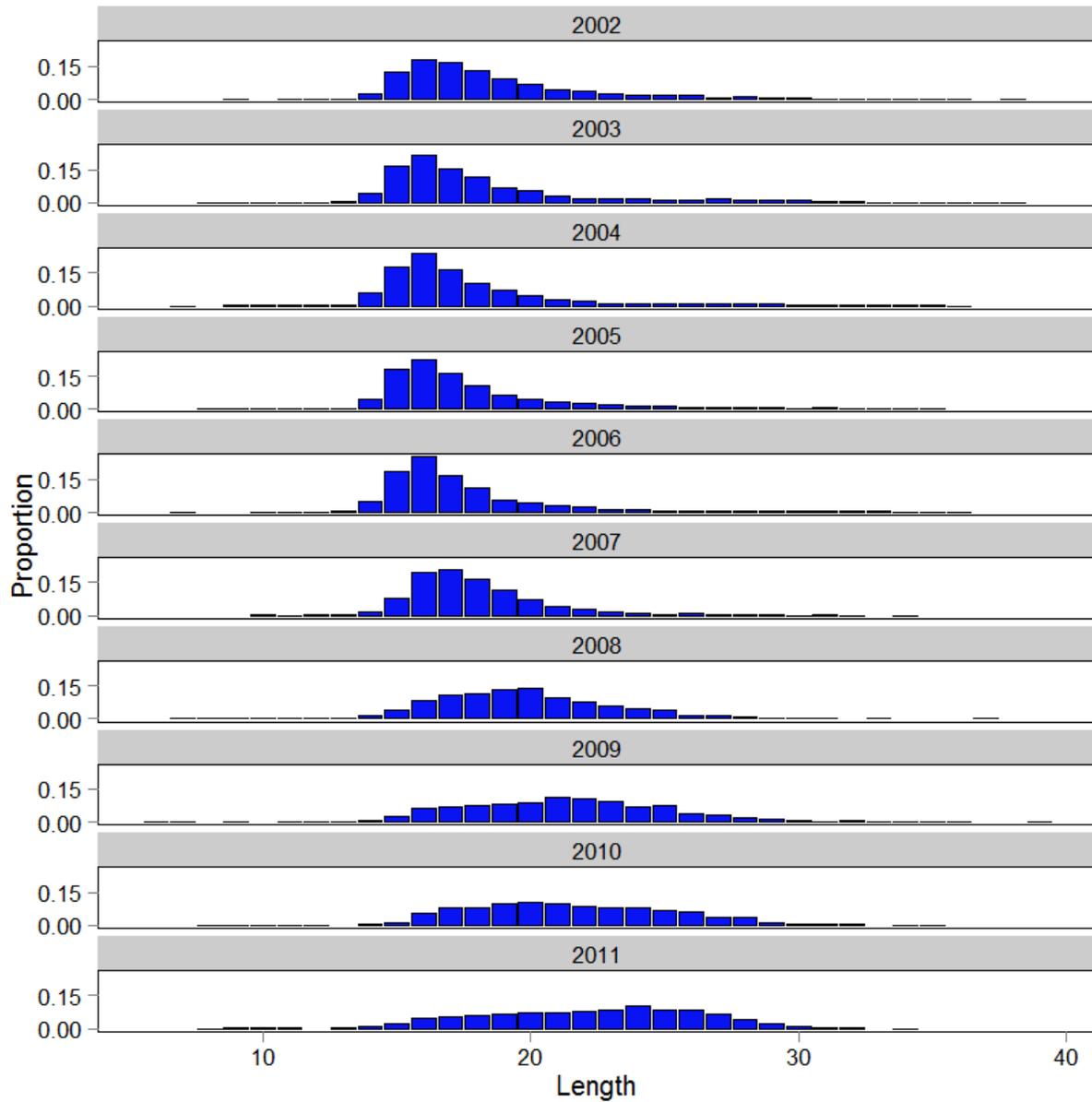


Figure 4.11.7: Gulf of Mexico estimated number of angler trips from MRFSS/MRIP (1981-2011) and TPWD (1983-2011) by state (a), by state and year (b), and by state and mode (c).

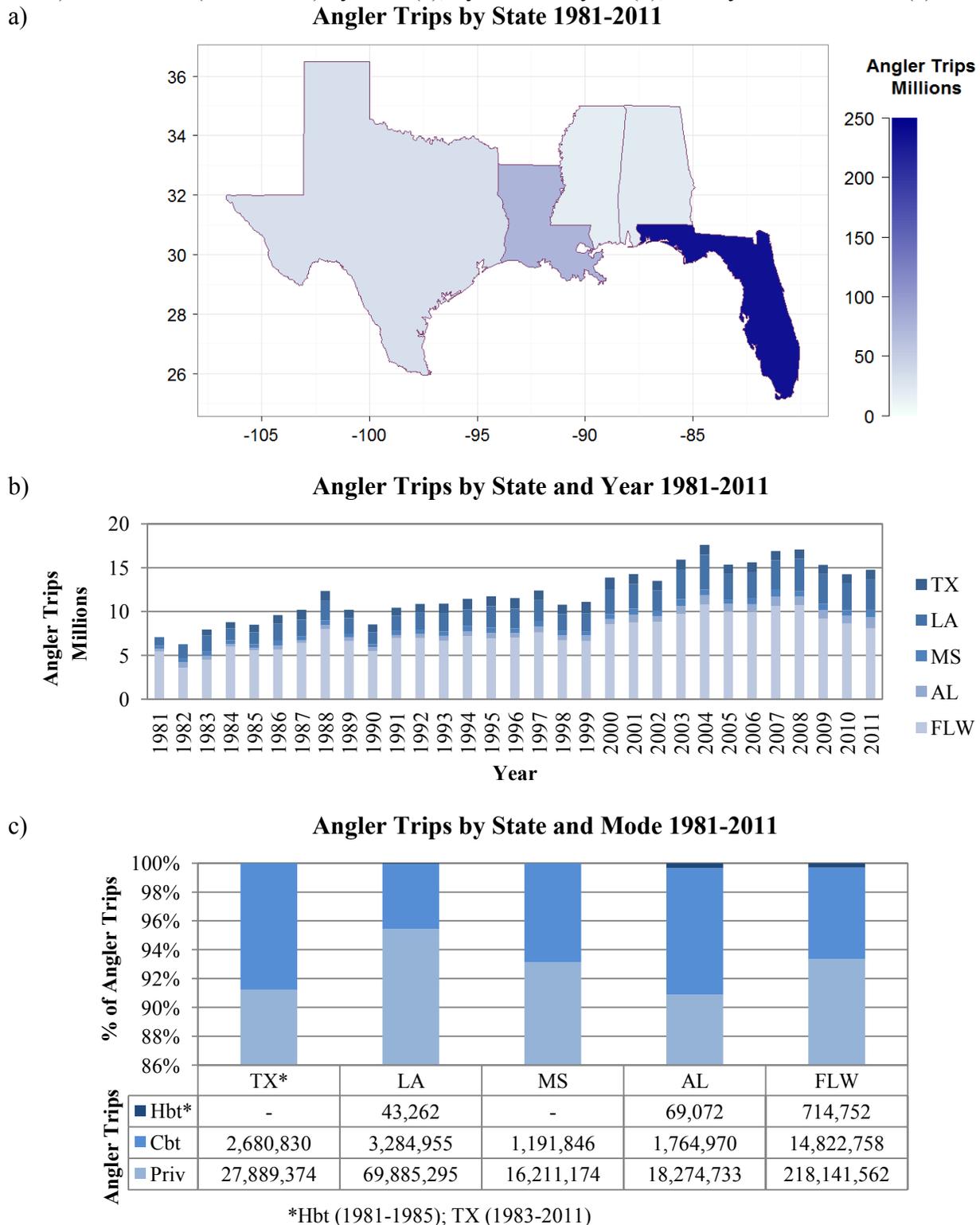
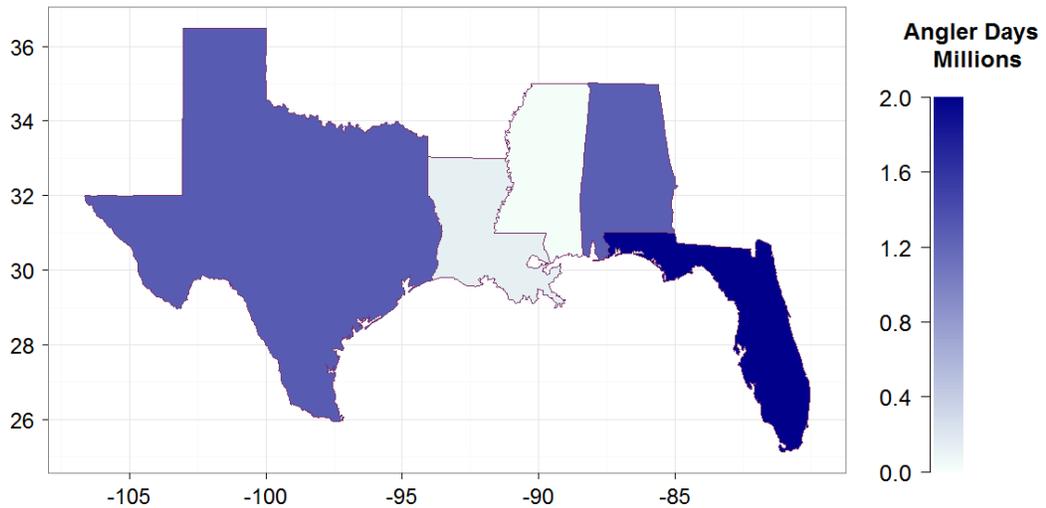


Figure 4.11.8: Gulf of Mexico estimated number of angler days from SRHS (1986-2011) by state (a), by state and year (b), and by state and mode (c).

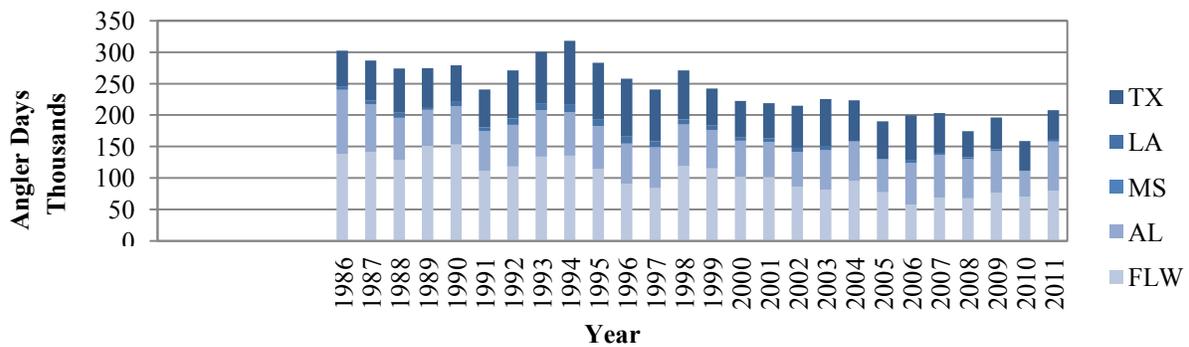
a)

Angler Days by State 1986-2011



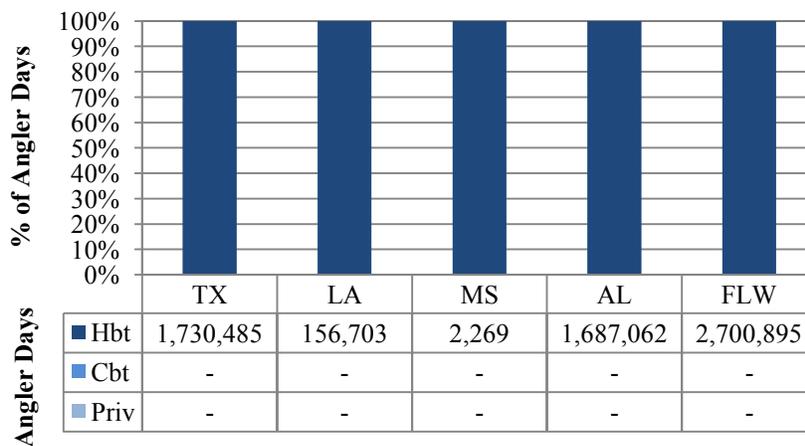
b)

Angler Days by State and Year 1986-2011



c)

Angler Days by State and Mode 1986-2011



5. Measures of Population Abundance

5.1 Overview

Analytical results of numerous data sets were presented to the Index Working Group (IWG) of both fishery-dependent and fishery-independent origin. These data sets are listed in Table 5.1.1 along with brief descriptions. Also, a simplified chart, depicting spatial coverage of each data set is included in Figure 5.1.1. Five fishery-independent and three fishery-dependent indices of abundance are recommended for use in the assessment by the IWG. They are:

Fishery-independent

NMFS bottom longline survey
NMFS SEAMAP trawl survey
SEAMAP reef fish survey
FWC Reef fish survey
NMFS Panama City trap and camera survey

Fishery-dependent

MRFSS/TPW private recreational and charter survey
NMFS headboat survey
Commercial handline survey

Other indices were considered and not recommended for use in the assessment by the IWG.

Group Membership

IWG members included, Walter Ingram, Adam Pollack Clay Porch, Neil Baertlein, Kevin McCarthy, Steve Saul, Claudia Friess, Beverly Sauls, Meaghan Bryan, Theodore Switzer, and Robert McMichael. and included other DW participants as needed for discussions throughout the week.

5.2 Review of Working Papers

The following working papers were reviewed:

5.3 Fishery Independent Indices

5.3.1 SEAMAP Groundfish Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-20)

The Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) Mississippi Laboratories has conducted standardized groundfish surveys under the Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) since 1987. SEAMAP is a collaborative effort between federal, state and university programs, designed to collect, manage and distribute fishery independent data throughout the region. The primary objective of this trawl survey is to

collect data on the abundance and distribution of demersal organisms in the northern Gulf of Mexico (GOM). This survey, which is conducted semi-annually (summer and fall), provides an important source of fisheries independent information on many commercially and recreationally important species throughout the GOM. The purpose of this section to provide a review of the red snapper indices presented during the Data Workshop.

A full review of the survey design and methodologies are described in SEDAR31-DW20. Due to the large number of indices presented (40+), this section will only present the ones that were recommended for use in the assessment, but will discuss all indices in section 5.3.1.6. All other indices and related information can be found in the document prepared for the Data Workshop (SEDAR31-20).

5.3.1.1 *Methods of Estimation*

Data Filtering Techniques

Based upon the limited sampling that has taken place in shrimp statistical zones 3-9 (Table 5.3.1.1 and Table 5.3.1.2), it was decided to limit the data for this analysis to only zones 10-21 (note that zone 12 is completely outside of the depth range of this survey (5 to 60 fathoms), therefore it is not sampled). For this assessment, the decision was made to split the stock into east and west sub-stocks. Therefore, the western sub-stock was composed of statistical zones 13-21 and the eastern sub-stock was composed of statistical zones 10 and 11.

Standardization

Delta-lognormal modeling methods were used to estimate relative abundance indices for red snapper (Lo *et al.* 1992). The main advantage of using this method is allowance for the probability of zero catch (Ortiz *et al.* 2000). The index computed by this method is a mathematical combination of yearly abundance estimates from two distinct generalized linear models: a binomial (logistic) model which describes proportion of positive abundance values (i.e. presence/absence) and a lognormal model which describes variability in only the nonzero abundance data (Lo *et al.* 1992).

The submodels of the delta-lognormal model were built using a backward selection procedure based on type 3 analyses with an inclusion level of significance of $\alpha = 0.05$. Binomial submodel performance was evaluated using AIC, while the performance of the lognormal submodel was evaluated based on analyses of residual scatter and QQ plots in addition to AIC.

Submodel Variables (Eastern Gulf)

Year: 1987-2011

Depth Zone: <10 fathoms, 10-30 fathoms, >30 fathoms

Time of Day: Day, Night

Submodel Variables (Western Gulf – Extended Time Series)

Year: 1987-2011

Area: Primary (statistical zones 13-16), Secondary (statistical zones 17-21),

Depth Zone: <10 fathoms, 10-30 fathoms, >30 fathoms

Time of Day: Day, Night

Annual Abundance Indices

For a full review of the backward selection procedure for each submodel and diagnostic plots, refer to SEDAR31-DW20.

For the WGOM abundance index for red snapper (summer survey), year, area and depth zone were retained in the binomial submodel, while year, time of day, area and depth were retained in the lognormal submodel. The AIC for the binomial and lognormal submodels were 22,239.1 and 5,574.8, respectively. The diagnostic plots for the binomial and lognormal submodels indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal.

For the WGOM abundance index for red snapper (fall survey), year, time of day, area and depth zone were retained in both the binomial and the lognormal submodels. The AIC for the binomial and lognormal submodels were 32,539.5 and 12,410.8, respectively. The diagnostic plots for the binomial and lognormal submodels indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal.

For the EGOM abundance index for red snapper (summer survey), year, time of day and depth zone were retained in both the binomial and lognormal submodels. The AIC for the binomial and lognormal submodels were 6,477.5 and 1,018.4, respectively. The diagnostic plots for the binomial and lognormal submodels indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal.

For the EGOM abundance index for red snapper (fall survey), year, time of day and depth zone were retained in both the binomial and lognormal submodels. The AIC for the binomial and lognormal submodels were 11,674.6 and 4,108.1, respectively. The diagnostic plots for the binomial and lognormal submodels indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal.

5.3.1.2 *Sampling Intensity*

A total of 6,335 were sampled from 1982- 2011 during the Summer SEAMAP Groundfish survey (Table 5.3.1.1 and Figure 5.3.1.1). While, 9,596 stations were sampled from 1972- 2011 during the Fall SEAMAP Groundfish survey (Table 5.3.1.2 and Figure 5.3.1.2).

5.3.1.3 *Size/Age Data*

The sizes of red snapper represented in this index are presented in Table 5.3.1.3 and Figures 5.3.1.3 – 5.3.1.4. For surveys prior to 1987, there was no length data available.

5.3.1.4 Catch Rates

Standardized catch rates are presented in Tables 5.3.1.4 - 5.3.1.7 and Figures 5.3.1.5 – 5.3.1.8.

5.3.1.5 Uncertainty and Measures of Precision

Annual CVs of catch rates are presented in Tables 5.3.1.4 - 5.3.1.7.

5.3.1.6 Comments on Adequacy for Assessment

The SEAMAP Groundfish Survey was recommended for inclusion in the stock assessment model for red snapper. These indices characterized long running, start dates of 1982 and 1972 for the summer and fall respectively, fishery independent surveys. The surveys have undergone some changes in methodology over time, along with an expansion of the area sampled; however, the model was able to account for these differences with the addition of variables. The final interactions of the model recommended for use were the long time series with separate indices for the summer and fall surveys, along with a split into east and west gulf. However, if the combination index with Dauphin Island is accepted, we would recommend using that in place of the eastern gulf indices. The decision to split the indices into summer and fall centered on the age structure of each survey, with the summer representative of age 1 fish and the fall representative of age 0 fish.

For the rest of the indices presented in SEDAR31-DW20, the following is a brief discussion on why the indices were not selected for use based upon discussion at the Data Workshop. Based on the work of the life history group and the decision to split the stock into eastern and western components, no full gulf indices were considered for use. In addition, it was decided that the stock assessment model was more capable of estimating changes in the indices with regard to selectivity; therefore the indices that had incorporated the selectivity factor in calculating catch were not recommended. The age specific indices were initially recommended for use; however, with the inclusion of the early part of the time series (pre-1987), it was no longer possible to separate the catch by age. Given the two options, using the longer time series was more desirable than using the age specific indices, especially since the stock assessment model would be able to utilize the catch structure of the groundfish data.

5.3.2 SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-27)

The Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) is a collaborative effort between federal, state and university programs, designed to collect, manage and distribute fishery independent data throughout the region. This program has supported collection and analysis of ichthyoplankton samples from resource surveys in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) since 1982 with the goal of producing a long-term database on the early life stages of fishes. These surveys are the only Gulf-wide survey of U.S. continental shelf and coastal waters during the red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) spawning season. The occurrence and abundance of red snapper larvae captured during SEAMAP surveys in the Gulf of Mexico have been used to reflect trends in relative spawning stock size of red snapper since 2004.

A full review of the survey design and methodologies are described in SEDAR31-DW27.

5.3.2.1 *Methods of Estimation*

Data Filtering Techniques

The intended sample design for SEAMAP surveys calls for bongo sample to be taken at each site (SEAMAP station) in the systematic grid. However, over the years additional samples have been taken using SEAMAP gear and collection methods at locations other than designated SEAMAP stations. Some locations were also sampled more than once during a survey year. This year to year variability in spatial coverage during SEAMAP resource surveys was addressed by limiting observations to samples taken at SEAMAP stations that were sampled during at least 14 years of the survey time series (Figure 5.3.2.1). In instances where more than one sample was taken at a SEAMAP station, the sample closest to the central position of the systematic grid location was selected for inclusion in the data set. When SEAMAP stations were sampled by more than one vessel during the survey, priority was given to samples taken by the National Marine Fisheries Service (and not the state) vessel. Only samples from the 1986-1997, 1999-2004, 2006-2007 and 2009-2010 SEAMAP Fall Plankton surveys taken in accordance with the sample design from stations sampled during at least 14 years (60%) of the time series were used to calculate the red snapper larval indices and summaries presented in this report. The three ‘missing’ fall plankton survey years were 1998, 2005 and 2008 when the surveys were cancelled or severely curtailed due to tropical storms.

Standardization

Delta-lognormal modeling methods were used to estimate relative abundance indices for 10.5 day old larval red snapper (Lo *et al.* 1992). The main advantage of using this method is allowance for the probability of zero catch (Ortiz *et al.* 2000). The index computed by this method is a mathematical combination of yearly abundance estimates from two distinct generalized linear models: a binomial (logistic) model which describes proportion of positive abundance values (i.e. presence/absence) and a lognormal model which describes variability in only the nonzero abundance data (Lo *et al.* 1992). Due to low catches in the eastern GOM, the final model was based only on the binominal model.

The submodels of the delta-lognormal model were built using a backward selection procedure based on type 3 analyses with an inclusion level of significance of $\alpha = 0.05$. Binomial submodel performance was evaluated using AIC, while the performance of the lognormal submodel was evaluated based on analyses of residual scatter and QQ plots in addition to AIC.

Submodel Variables (Eastern Gulf)

Year: 1986-2010

Area: Mississippi/Alabama (statistical zones 10-11), Florida (statistical zones 1-9)

Start Depth: Depth at the start of the tow

Time of Day: Day, Night

Submodel Variables (Western Gulf)

Year: 1986-2010

Area: Texas (statistical zones 18-21), West Delta (statistical zones 13-17),

Start Depth: Depth at the start of the tow

Time of Day: Day, Night

Annual Abundance Indices

For a full review of the backward selection procedure for each submodel and diagnostic plots, refer to SEDAR31-DW27.

For the EGOM abundance index of larval red snapper year, time of day and subregion were retained in the model. Akaike's Information Criteria (AIC) for the model was 6337.5. The diagnostic plots for the model indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal. For the WGOM abundance index of larval red snapper adjusted to 10.5 days old, year and time of day were retained in the binomial submodel, while year, time of day and subregion were retained in the lognormal submodel. The AIC for the binomial and lognormal submodels were 5277.0 and 542.8, respectively. The diagnostic plots for the binomial and lognormal submodels indicated the distribution of the residuals is approximately normal.

5.3.2.2 *Sampling Intensity*

A total of 1,153 and 1,085 stations were sampled in the eastern and western GOM, respectively (Figure 5.3.2.1).

5.3.2.3 *Size/Age Data*

The sizes of larval red snapper captured during the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey are presented in Figures 5.3.2.2, while the ages of the larval red snapper used in the indices (3.75 – 9.25 mm) are presented in Figure 5.3.2.3.

5.3.2.4 *Catch Rates*

Standardized catch rates are presented in Tables 5.3.2.1 and 5.3.2.2 and Figures 5.3.2.4 and 5.3.2.5.

5.3.2.5 *Uncertainty and Measures of Precision*

Annual CVs of catch rates are presented in Tables 5.3.2.1 and 5.3.2.2.

5.3.2.6 *Comments on Adequacy for Assessment*

The SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey was recommended for use in the assessment model. This survey represented a long, fishery independent time series, with no change in methodology. Additionally, it was the only survey that characterizes larval red snapper. The final versions of

the abundance indices recommended for use were the age adjusted index for the western GOM that included all larvae between 3.75 and 9.25 mm, and the frequency of occurrence model for the eastern GOM. The frequency of occurrence model was chosen over the delta-lognormal index due to extremely low catches and occurrence of red snapper in the eastern GOM. The group agreed that back-calculating of ages was appropriate, especially since high mortality rates existed in the larval data and by back-calculating it brought the index closer to the number of larvae hatched.

5.3.3 NMFS Bottom Longline (SEDAR 31-DW-19)

Based on the recommendations from the IWG, two standardized indices (Eastern GOM and Western GOM) were developed using NMFS bottom longline survey data.

5.3.3.1 Methods, Gears, and Coverage

The Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) Mississippi Laboratories has conducted standardized bottom longline surveys in the Gulf of Mexico, Caribbean, and Western North Atlantic since 1995. The objective of these surveys is to provide fisheries independent data for stock assessment purposes for as many species as possible. These surveys are conducted annually in U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) and/or the Atlantic Ocean, and they provide an important source of fisheries independent information on large coastal sharks, snappers and groupers from the GOM and Atlantic. In 2011, an Expanded Stock Assessment Survey was conducted where high levels of survey effort were maintained from April through October. For this analysis, only data collected during the same time period as the annual survey were used to increase sample size. Results from analyses of data collected on red snapper during this survey are presented below in order to aid in the current assessment of this stock in the GOM.

Data Filtering

Survey data collected between 9 and 366m in the US GOM were used for index development.

Standardization

CPUE indices for both the Eastern GOM and the Western GOM were modeled using a delta-lognormal approach with a backward selection procedure in both submodels.

Model Input

The GLIMMIX and MIXED procedures in SAS (v. 9.1, 2004) were used to develop the binomial and lognormal submodels, respectively. Similar covariates were tested for inclusion for both submodels: water depth [three depth categories: shallow (9 – 55 m), medium (55 – 183 m), and deep (183 – 366 m)], survey region [two regions in the GOM: Eastern Gulf (east of 89.15° west longitude) and Western Gulf (west of 89.15° west longitude)] and year. A backward selection procedure was used to determine which variables were to be included into each submodel based on type 3 analyses with a level of significance for inclusion of $\alpha = 0.05$. If year was not

significant then it was forced into each submodel in order to estimate least-squares means for each year, which are *predicted annual population margins* (i.e., they estimate the marginal annual means as if over a balanced population). Catch per unit effort (CPUE) was defined as number of fish per 100 hook-hours.

Diagnostics

The distribution of residuals for both submodels was approximately normal.

5.3.3.2 *Sampling Intensity and Time Series*

The time series of data between 1996 and 2011 were used to develop abundance indices for red snapper for the GOM. Number of stations per year ranged between 50 and 597.

5.3.3.3 *Size/Age data*

A total of 723 red snapper from the NMFS BLL survey were aged. Ages ranged from 1 to 44 years with a mode around 5-6 years.

5.3.3.4 *Catch Rates*

Index results are shown in Table 5.3.3.1 and Figure 5.3.3.1 for the Western GOM and in Table 5.3.3.2 and Figure 5.3.3.2 for the Eastern GOM.

5.3.3.5 *Uncertainty and Measures of Precision*

Coefficients of variation (CV) were in the range of 0.22-1.16 over the entire time series for the Eastern GOM index. Coefficients of variation (CV) were in the range of 0.15-1.24 over the entire time series for the Western GOM index.

5.3.3.6 *Comments on Adequacy for Assessment*

The index work group recommends that the assessment panel consider the use of indices from both the Eastern GOM and the Western GOM.

5.3.4 *SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-08)*

The primary objective of the annual Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) reef fish video survey is to provide an index of the relative abundances of fish species associated with topographic features (e.g. reefs, banks, and ledges) located on the continental shelf of the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) from Brownsville, TX to the Dry Tortugas, FL. Secondary objectives include quantification of habitat types sampled (video and side-scan), and collection of environmental data throughout the survey. Because the survey is conducted on topographic features the species assemblages targeted are typically classified as reef fish (e.g. red snapper, *Lutjanus campechanus*), but occasionally fish more commonly associated with pelagic environments are observed (e.g. hammerhead shark, *Sphyrna lewini*). The survey has been

executed from 1992-1997, 2001-2002, and 2004-2011 and historically takes place from May – August. The 2001 survey was abbreviated due to ship scheduling, during which, the only sites that were completed were located in the western Gulf of Mexico. Types of data collected on the survey include diversity, abundance (minimum count), fish length, habitat type, habitat coverage, and bottom topography. The size of fish sampled with the video gear is species specific however red snapper sampled over the history of the survey had fork lengths ranging from 146 – 917 mm, and mean annual fork lengths ranging from 370.6 – 593.1 mm. Age and reproductive data cannot be collected with the camera gear but beginning with the 2012 survey, a vertical line component will be coupled with the video drops to collect hard parts, fin clips, and gonads.

5.3.4.1 *Methods of Estimation*

Data Filtering Techniques

Various limitations either in design, implementation, or performance of gear causes limitations in calculating minimum counts and are therefore dropped from the design-based indices development and analysis as follows. In 1992, each fish was counted every time it came into view over the entire record time and the total of all these counts was the maximum count. Maximum count methodologies are not preferred and the 1992 video tapes were destroyed during Hurricane Katrina and cannot be re-viewed, so 1992 data is excluded from analyses (unknown number of stations). The 2001 survey was abbreviated due to ship scheduling, during which, the only sites that were completed were located in the western GOM. Because of the spatial imbalance associated with data gathered in 2001, that entire year has been dropped (80 total sites). Stratum 1 (South Florida) and stratum 7 (S. Texas) are blocks that contain very little reef and were not consistently chosen for sampling and were also dropped (184 total sites). Occasionally tapes are unable to be read (i.e. organisms cannot be identified to species) for the following reasons including: 1) camera views are more than 50% obstructed, 2) sub-optimal lighting conditions, 3) increased backlighting, 4) increased turbidity, 5) cameras out of focus, 6) cameras failed to film. In all of these cases the station is flagged as ‘XX’ in the data set and dropped (190 total sites). Sites that did not receive a stratum assignment are also dropped (62). By these criteria the data set is reduced in design based estimates from 4707 down to 4228 sites analyzed. Model based runs all available data.

An ad hoc group evaluating the efficacy of combining a set of less extensive reef fish video surveys (NMFS-PC, DISL, and FWRI) identified an issue associated with estimating length using lasers, versus the stereo video from NMFS-PC data. Laser data appears to potentially be underestimating size significantly. It is unclear at this point if this is a measurement issue associated with parallelism of the laser mounting, or if this is associated with fish behavior relative to the camera gear (e.g. smaller fish swarming closer to the gear). At this point the NMFS-MS lab survey has no comparison data available to reassure the working group that this survey does not suffer from the same issue. The group is therefore recommending that the length composition data that was estimated using lasers is excluded from analysis until it can be determined if length is also underestimated in this survey as well.

Gear and Deployment

The SEAMAP reef fish survey has employed several camcorders in underwater housings since 1992. Sony VX2000 DCR digital camcorders mounted in Gates PD150M underwater housings were used from 2002 to 2005 and Sony PD170 camcorders during the years 2006 and 2007. In 2008 a stereo video camera system was developed and assembled at the NMFS Mississippi Laboratories Stennis Space Center Facility and has been used in all subsequent surveys. The stereo video unit consists of a digital stereo still camera head, digital video camera, CPU, and hard drive mounted in an aluminum housing. All of the camcorder housings we have used were rated to a maximum depth of 150 meters while the stereo camera housings are rated to 600 meters. Stereo cameras are mounted orthogonally at a height of 50 cm above the bottom of the pod and the array is baited with squid during deployment.

At each sampling site the stereo video unit is deployed for 40 minutes total, however the cameras and CPU delay filming for 5 minutes to allow for descent to the bottom, and settling of suspended sediment following impact. Once turned on, the cameras film for approximately 30 minutes before shutting off and retrieval of the array. During camera deployment the vessel drifts away from the site and a CTD cast executed, collecting water depth, temperature, conductivity, and transmissivity from the surface to the maximum depth. Seabird units are the standard onboard NOAA vessels however the model employed was vessel/cruise dependent.

Video tape viewing

One video tape from each station is selected for viewing out of four possible. If all four video cameras face reef fish habitat and are in focus, tape selection is random. Videos are viewed for twenty minutes starting from the time when the view clears from suspended sediment. Viewers identify, and enumerate all species to the lowest taxonomic level during the 20 minute viewable segment. From 1993-2007 the time when each fish entered and left the field of view was recorded a procedure referred to as time in - time out (TITO) and from these data a minimum count was calculated. The minimum count is the maximum number of individuals of a selected taxon in the field of view at one instance. Each 20 minute video is evaluated to determine the highest minimum count observed during a 20 minute recording. The 2008-2011 digital video allows the viewer to record a frame number or time stamp of the image when the maximum number of individuals of a species occurred, along with the number of taxon identified in the image but does not use the TITO method. Both the TITO and current viewing procedure result in the minimum count estimator of relative abundance. Minimum count methodology is preferred because it prevents counting the same fish more than once.

Fish Length Measurement

Beginning in 1995 fish lengths were measured from video using lasers attached on the camera system with known geometry. However, the frequency of hitting targets with the laser is low and precluded estimating size frequency distributions. Additionally, the same fish can be measured more than once at a given station. So, the lengths measured provide the range of sizes observed. The stereo cameras used in 2008-2010 allow size estimation from fish images. The Vision Measurement System (Geometrics Inc.) was used to estimate size of red snapper. We

estimated a length frequency distribution by weighting station length frequencies by station Minimum Counts.

Standardization

Delta-lognormal modeling methods were used to estimate relative abundance indices for red snapper (Lo *et al.* 1992). The main advantage of using this method is allowance for the probability of zero catch (Ortiz *et al.* 2000). The index computed by this method is a mathematical combination of yearly abundance estimates from two distinct generalized linear models: a binomial (logistic) model which describes proportion of positive abundance values (i.e. presence/absence) and a lognormal model which describes variability in only the nonzero abundance data (Lo *et al.* 1992).

The submodels of the delta-lognormal model were built using a backward selection procedure based on type 3 analyses with an inclusion level of significance of $\alpha = 0.05$. Binomial submodel performance was evaluated using AIC, while the performance of the lognormal submodel was evaluated based on analyses of residual scatter and QQ plots in addition to AIC.

Submodel variables

Year: The survey has been executed from 1992-1997, 2001-2002, and 2004-2011

Region: East and west of the Mississippi River delta, 89.15 west longitude.

Depth: 10 – 200 meters.

5.3.4.2 *Sampling Intensity, Catch Rates and Measures of Precision*

A total of 4,407 stations were sampled from over the history of the survey (Table 5.3.4.1). Standardized catch rates by region are presented in Tables and Figures 5.3.4.1 (west) and 5.3.4.2 (east).

Annual CVs of catch rates are presented in Tables 5.3.4.1 (west) and 5.3.4.2 (east).

5.3.4.3 *Size/Age Data*

Length frequency data gathered in this survey are constructed from survey data are presented by year for the years 2008-2011 in Figures 5.3.4.3 – 5.3.4.10, and descriptive stats shown in Table 5.3.4.3.

5.3.4.4 *Comments on Adequacy for Assessment*

Assessment scientists evaluated the abundance indices and coefficient of variation output and advised the working group that the model based runs were most appropriate for use in the assessment models, therefore those runs are presented in this report, however, all of the runs are available in the working document that was provided prior to the workshop (Campbell *et al.* DW-08).

An ad hoc group evaluating the efficacy of combining a set of less extensive reef fish video surveys (NMFS-PC, DISL, and FWRI) identified an issue associated with estimating length using lasers, versus the stereo video from NMFS-PC data. Laser data appears to potentially be underestimating size. It is unclear at this point if this is a measurement issue associated with parallelism of the laser mounting, or if this is associated with fish behavior relative to the camera gear (e.g. smaller fish swarming closer to the gear). At this point the NMFS-MS lab survey has no comparison data available to reassure the working group that this survey does not suffer from the same issue. The group is therefore recommending that the length composition data that was estimated using lasers is excluded from analysis until it can be determined if length is also underestimated in this survey as well.

5.3.5 Reef-fish Surveys on the West Florida Shelf (SEDAR 31-DW-24)

5.3.5.1. Overview

Reef fishes, including red snapper, support extensive commercial and recreational fisheries along the West Florida Shelf (WFS). Historically, the assessment and management of reef fishes in the Gulf of Mexico has relied heavily on data from fisheries-dependent sources, although limitations and biases inherent to these data are admittedly a major source of uncertainty in current stock assessments. The accuracy of harvest estimates, particularly on the recreational side, has been challenged in recent years. Additionally, commercial, headboat, and recreational landings data are restricted to harvestable-sized fish, and thus are highly influenced by regulatory changes (i.e., size limits, recreational bag limits, and seasonal closures). These limitations render it difficult to forecast potential stock recovery associated with strong year classes entering the fishery. There has been a renewed emphasis in recent years to increase the availability of fisheries-independent data on reef fish populations in the Gulf of Mexico that reflect the status of fish populations as a whole, rather than just the portion of the population taken in the fishery. To meet the emerging needs of fisheries-independent data for reef fishes, the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) has been working collaboratively with scientists from the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to expand regional monitoring capabilities and provide timely fisheries-independent data for a variety of state- and federally-managed reef fishes. Results are summarized from a fisheries-independent reef fish survey initiated by FWC in 2008 to complement ongoing NMFS surveys of reef habitats along the shelf break (NMFS – Pascagoula) and in the northeastern Gulf of Mexico (NMFS – Panama City).

5.3.5.2. Survey Design, Sampling Methods, and Analyses:

The FWC reef fish survey includes a portion of the WFS bounded by 26° and 28° N latitude and depths from 10 – 110 m (Figure 5.3.5.1). The boundaries of the WFS sampling universe were chosen to compliment ongoing NMFS reef-fish surveys. To assure adequate spatial coverage of sampling effort, the WFS survey area is subdivided into four sampling zones comprised of two NMFS statistical zones (Tampa Bay: NMFS statistical zone 5; Charlotte Harbor: NMFS statistical zone 4) and two depth zones (Nearshore: 10 – 37 m; Offshore: 37 – 110 m). Prior to conducting exploratory sampling in 2008, the WFS survey area was subdivided into 1km x 1km sampling units. Results from 2008 indicated that 1km x 1km spatial scale was too large in relation to the small-scale habitat features characteristic of the WFS; accordingly, from 2009

onward the WFS survey area was subdivided into 0.1nm x 0.3 nm sampling units. Overall sampling effort (annual goal of $n = 200$ sampling units) was proportionally allocated among the four sampling zones based on habitat availability (TBN: Tampa Bay Nearshore; TBO: Tampa Bay Offshore; CHN: Charlotte Harbor Nearshore; CHO: Charlotte Harbor Offshore), and specific sampling units were selected randomly within each sampling zone.

Very little is known regarding the fine-scale distribution of reef habitat throughout much of the WFS, and due to anticipated cost and time requirements, mapping the entire WFS survey area was not feasible prior to initiating the WFS reef fish survey. For the 2008 reef fish survey, the identification of sampling units with an increased probability of containing reef habitat (and inclusion in the sampling frame for the reef-fish survey) was based on bottom rugosity calculated from 100m-resolution interpolated bathymetry data. An examination of results from the 2008 survey indicated that a high proportion of sampling effort occurred at sites with no reef habitat (i.e., unconsolidated sediment). Accordingly, the sampling universe was updated in 2009 to include habitat information provided by commercial fishermen as well as published literature. Further, we implemented an adaptive strategy where a three-pass acoustic survey was conducted covering an area of 1nm to the east and west of the pre-selected sampling unit prior to sampling.

In 2009 and part of 2010, the acoustic survey was conducted using the research vessel echo sounder, while for part of 2010 and all of 2011 the acoustic survey was conducted using an L3-Klein 3900 side scan sonar. Based on results from these acoustic surveys, sampling effort was relocated to a nearby sampling unit should evidence of reef habitat be identified.

At each sampling station, two types of sampling gears were utilized: stationary underwater camera arrays (SUCA) and chevron traps. Gear deployments and collection and processing of field data followed established NMFS protocols. At each station, 1-2 SUCAs were deployed that consisted of a pair of stereo imaging system (SIS) units positioned at an angle of 180° from one another to maximize the total field of view. Each SIS unit consisted of an underwater housing containing a digital camcorder to record video and a pair of stereo cameras to capture still images at a rate of one per second. Each SUCA was baited (generally Atlantic mackerel) and deployed for thirty minutes to assure that twenty minutes of continuous video and stereo images were recorded. Video data from one SIS per SUCA deployment were processed to quantify the relative abundance of red snapper observed (MaxN, or the maximum number of red snapper observed on a single video frame). In addition, 1-4 chevron traps were baited (generally Atlantic mackerel) and deployed for ninety minutes prior to retrieval; all red snapper collected were identified, enumerated, and measured. All individual gear deployments (SUCA and chevron traps) were spaced a minimum of 100 m apart. In addition to data on red snapper, geographic coordinates, depth, physiochemical conditions (e.g., temperature, salinity, dissolved oxygen, pH), and time of day were recorded at each specific sampling site.

Preliminary examination of semivariograms for red snapper indicated that the 100m spacing resulted in observations that were generally independent. Nevertheless, all data from a given sampling site were first averaged to avoid potential pseudoreplication. For each year and sampling zone, frequency of occurrence as well as mean (\pm SE) relative abundance of red snapper was calculated across stations for both SUCA and chevron trap data. For SUCA videos, relative abundance was calculated as the average MaxN, whereas for chevron traps, relative

abundance was calculated as the average number of red snapper per trap set. For chevron trap data only, annual size-frequency distributions were also calculated.

5.3.5.3. Results / Discussion

From 2008 – 2011, a total of 484 stations were sampled; all stations were sampled with chevron traps, whereas only 457 stations were sampled using SUCA (Tables 5.3.5.1 and 5.3.5.2). The reduced number of stations sampled using SUCA was attributable to instances where the cameras malfunctioned or weather conditions prevented sampling. Due to weather and mechanical issues, planned effort of $n = 200$ sampling stations was only achieved in 2011; from 2008 – 2010 total sampling effort varied from 73 – 117 stations. Although all four spatial zones were sampled each year, allocation of completed sampling effort varied significantly; accordingly, data were summarized independently for each zone.

Analyses of SUCA (Figures 5.3.5.2 and 5.3.5.3) and chevron trap data (Figures 5.3.5.4 and 5.3.5.5) indicated that red snapper were never observed within the Charlotte Harbor – Nearshore zone, and only rarely observed in the Tampa Bay – Nearshore zone. In the offshore zones, red snapper were generally more frequently observed off Tampa Bay in both SUCA and chevron traps. Overall there has been a marked increase in both the frequency of occurrence and relative abundance of red snapper in both the Tampa Bay – Offshore and Charlotte Harbor – Offshore zones (Figures 5.3.5.2 – 5.3.5.5). The one notable exception to this trend is the frequency of occurrence and relative abundance of red snapper from chevron traps in the Charlotte Harbor – Offshore zone (Figures 5.3.5.4 and 5.3.5.5). In 2009, red snapper were collected at exceptionally high abundances ($n > 25$ red snapper per station) at two stations. Insufficient length data were available from the SUCA to make any meaningful comparisons, but red snapper collected in chevron traps ranged from 150 – 500 mm SL, although most individuals ranged from 300 – 450 mm SL (Figure 5.3.5.6). No marked changes in size frequency were evident through time. It is apparent that red snapper are becoming common in the offshore waters (20 – 60 fa) off the WFS, as they were observed at nearly 30% of all stations off of Tampa Bay and 20% of all stations off of Charlotte Harbor in 2011. At present, it is impossible to reconcile whether the increasing trends through time result from increased abundance of red snapper, increased survey efficiency, or a combination of the two. Survey efficiency has undoubtedly increased through time, and the proportion of stations sampled that actually contained reef habitat has increased significantly. A more appropriate examination of trends through time would require detailed post-stratification where sites that did not contain reef habitat were excluded from these analyses.

At present we do not have sufficient habitat data for prior survey years (especially 2008 and 2009) to satisfactorily post-stratify these data, although ongoing mapping efforts targeting previously-sampled stations will improve our ability to post-stratify data in the future.

5.3.5.4. Comments on Adequacy for Assessment

There was discussion within the IWG of combining all video indices into one index. However, the NMFS Video Survey is conducted on offshore banks throughout the Gulf, while the other video surveys, including this one, were conducted closer to shore. Therefore, a combined video

index utilizing both the Panama City NMFS and the FWRI Video Survey Data was suggested, and will be presented at the Assessment Workshop.

5.3.6. NMFS Panama City Laboratory Trap & Camera Survey (SEDAR 31-DW-28)

5.3.6.1. Survey History and Overview

In 2002 the Panama City NMFS lab began development of a fishery-independent trap survey (PC survey) of natural reefs on the inner shelf of the eastern Gulf of Mexico off Panama City, FL, with the primary objective of establishing an age-based annual index of abundance for young (age 0-3), pre-recruit gag, scamp, and red grouper. Secondary objectives included examining regional catch, recruitment, demographic, and distribution patterns of other exploited reef fish species. The chevron trap is efficient at capturing a broad size range of several species of reef fish (Nelson et. al.1982, Collins 1990), and has been used by the South Atlantic MARMAP program for over 20 yr (McGovern et. al. 1998). Initially the PC survey used the same trap configuration and soak time used by MARMAP (McGovern et. al. 1998), but an in-house study in 2003 indicated that traps with a throat entrance area 50% smaller than that in the MARMAP traps were much more effective at meeting our objective of capturing sufficient numbers of all three species of grouper. Video data from our study and consultations with fishermen suggested that the presence of larger red grouper in a trap tended to deter other species from entering. Beginning in 2004, the 50% trap throat size became the standard. That same year the survey was expanded east of Panama City to Apalachee Bay off the Big Bend region of Florida (Figure 5.3.6.1), an area separated from the shelf off Panama City by Cape San Blas - an established hydrographic and likely zoogeographic boundary (Zieman and Zieman 1989).

Beginning in 2005, the collection of visual (stationary video) data was added to the survey to provide insight on trap selectivity, more complete information on community structure, relative abundance estimates on species rarely or never caught in the trap, and additional, independent estimates of abundance on species typically caught in the traps. Video sampling was only done in Apalachee Bay that first year, but was expanded to the entire survey in 2006. Also in 2005 the target species list was expanded to include the other exploited reef fishes common in the survey area, i.e., red, vermilion, gray, and lane snapper; gray triggerfish, red porgy, white grunt, black seabass, and hogfish. From 2005 through 2008 each site was sampled with the camera array followed immediately by a single trap. Beginning in 2009 trap effort was reduced ~50%, with one deployed at about every other video site, starting with the first site of the day. This was done so the number of video samples, and thereby the accuracy and precision of the video abundance estimates, could be increased. Camera arrays are much less selective and provide abundance estimates for many more species than traps, and those estimates are usually much less biased. All sampling has occurred between May and early October, but primarily during June through September. At each site, a CTD cast was made to collect temperature, salinity, oxygen, and turbidity profiles.

The survey sampling design was systematic through 2009 because of a very limited sample site universe, but was changed to stratified random in 2010 after side scan sonar surveys that year yielded an order of magnitude increase in that universe. To ensure uniform geographic and bathymetric coverage, 2-stage sampling is used. Five by five minute blocks, stratified by depth

zone (< and >30 m) and geographical location, and known to contain reef sites, are randomly chosen first, then 2 sites a minimum of 300 m apart within each selected block (Figure 5.3.6.2). Depth coverage was ~8-30 m during 2004-07, and since then was steadily expanded to ~8 – 47 m (Figure 5.3.6.3). Sampling effort has also increased since 2004. Sample sizes were 59 in 2004 (33 W: 26 E), 101 in '05 (24 W: 77 E), 113 in '06 (25 W: 89 E), 86 in '07 (29 W: 57 E), , 98 in '08 (31 W: 66 E), , 143 in '09 (48 W: 97 E), , 162 in '10 (53 W: 109 E), , and 170 in '11 (65 W: 115 E). In 2004 and 2005 some sites were sampled twice: 9 in 04 and 23 in 05; thereafter each site was only sampled once in a given year.

5.3.6.2. *Methods*

Sampling is conducted only during daytime from 1 hr after sunrise until 1 hr before sunset. Chevron traps, identical to that used in the MARMAP program (McGovern et al. 1998) except for 50% smaller throat opening, are baited each set with 3 previously frozen Atlantic mackerel *Scomber scombrus*, and soaked for 1.5 hr. Traps are fished as close as possible to the exact location sampled by the camera array that day. All trap-caught fish are identified, counted and measured to maximum total and fork length (FL only for gray triggerfish and TL only for black seabass). Both sagittal otoliths are collected from 4-5 randomly subsampled specimens of all snappers (gray, lane, red, and vermilion), groupers (gag, red, and scamp), black seabass, red porgy, hogfish, white grunt, and gray triggerfish (first dorsal spine for the latter).

During 2005 – 2008, visual data were collected using a stationary camera array composed of 4 high definition (HDEF), digital video cameras mounted orthogonally 30 cm above the bottom of an aluminum frame. From 2007 to 2009, parallel lasers (100 mm spacing) mounted above and below each camera were used to estimate the sizes of fish which crossed the field of view perpendicular to the camera. In 2009 and 2010, one of the HDEF cameras was replaced with a stereo imaging system (SIS) consisting of two high resolution black and white still cameras mounted 8 cm apart, one digital video (mpeg) color camera, and a computer to automatically control these cameras as well as store the data. The SIS provides images from which fish measurements can be obtained with the Vision Measurement System (VMS) software. Beginning in 2011, a second SIS facing 180° from the other SIS was added, reducing the number of HDEFs to two; both SIS's were also upgraded with HDEF, color mpeg cameras.

When only HDEF cameras were used (through 2008), soak time for the array was 30 min to allow sediment stirred up during camera deployment to dissipate and ensure tapes with an unoccluded view of at least 20 min duration (Gledhill and David 2003). With the addition of stereo cameras in 2009, soak time was increased to 45 min to allow sufficient time for the hard drive in the SIS to shut down before retrieval. Prior to 2009, tapes of the 4 HDEF cameras were scanned, with the one with the best view of the habitat analyzed in detail. If none was obviously better, one was randomly chosen. In 2009 only the 3 HDEF video cameras were scanned and the one with the best view of the reef was analyzed. Starting in 2010, all 4 cameras – the HDEFs and the SIS MPEGs, which have virtually the same fields of view (64 vs. 65°) – were scanned, and again, the one with the best view of the habitat was analyzed. Twenty min of the tape were viewed, beginning when the cloud of sediment disturbed by the landing of the array has dissipated. All fish captured on videotape were identified to the lowest discernible taxon. Data on habitat type and reef morphometrics were also recorded. If the quality of the mpeg video

derived from the SIS was less than desirable (a common problem), fish identifications were confirmed on the much higher quality and concurrent stereo still frames. The estimator of abundance was the maximum number of a given species in the field of view at any time during the 20 min analyzed (= min count; Gledhill and Ingram 2004), and VMS measurements were only taken from a still frame showing the min count of a given species to eliminate the possibility of measuring the same fish more than once. Even for deployments where the SIS did not provide a good view of the reef habitat, the files were examined to obtain fish measurements using VMS, and again, those measurements were only taken from a still frame showing the min count of a given species. In contrast, when using the scaling lasers on the array to obtain length data, there was no way to eliminate the possibility of double measuring a given fish, although this was probably not a serious problem, as usable laser hits were typically rare for any one sample.

Because of the significant differences in both species composition and abundance for many reef fishes east and west of Cape San Blas, especially in the inner and mid-shelf depths sampled by the Panama City survey, many of the results presented herein are shown separately for the two areas.

Censored data sets were used in deriving the indices of relative abundance from video data. Prior to 2010, the year we began using side scan sonar to locate reefs, lack of knowledge of reef habitat locations east of the Cape necessitated making a much higher proportion of “exploratory” camera and trap drops there versus west of the Cape. To compensate, more overall effort was expended in the east. Some of these “exploratory” sample sites turned out to be sand, mostly sand, or very marginal reef habitat at best, yielding little or no reef fish data. In addition, the gear occasionally missed the intended reef site. Inclusion of data from those sites would have reduced the precision of the abundance estimates and confounded any analyses. For that reason, video data – both habitat classification and fish counts – from all sites were screened, and those with no evidence that hard or live bottom was in close proximity, as well as sites where the view was obscured for some reason (poor visibility, bad camera angle), were censored (excluded) from calculations of relative abundance. As a result of this screening, of video samples east of the Cape, only 31 of 41 in 2005, 47 of 89 in 2006, 23 of 57 in 2007, 56 of 66 in 2008, 62 of 97 in 2009, 95 of 109 in 2010, and 99 of 115 in 2011 met the reef and visibility criteria and were retained. In contrast, west of the Cape, 24 of 25 sites in 2006, 29 of 29 in 2007, 29 of 31 in 2008, 42 of 47 in 2009, 52 of 53 in 2010, and 57 of 64 in 2011 were retained for analyses.

Standardization

The delta-lognormal index of relative abundance as described by Lo *et al.* (1992) was estimated. For a full review of the backward selection procedure for each submodel and diagnostic plots, refer to SEDAR31-DW28.

The month effect was dropped from the binomial submodel based on type 3 analyses. However, with the variable removal there was a corresponding increase in AIC, but due to the high insignificance of the month variable, it was left out of the model. For the lognormal submodel for nonzero observation of red snapper, the water depth variable was dropped from the model, and there was a corresponding decrease in the AIC value.

5.3.6.4. *Results*

Red snapper distribution and abundance on the inner and mid shelf have consistently and noticeably differed east and west of Cape San Blas since the Panama City survey began in 2004/5 (Tables 5.3.6.1 and 5.3.6.2, Figures 5.3.6.4 and 5.3.6.5)(DeVries et al. 2008, 2009). Red snapper has been, by far, the most commonly encountered exploited reef fish west of Cape San Blas (the Cape) every year, occurring in 47 – 88 % of trap catches and 91 – 100 % of video samples (Table 5.3.6.1, Figure 5.3.6.6). In contrast, east of the Cape, red snapper have been much less common, especially during 2004-08, when they occurred in 0-8 % of trap sets and 9-26 % of video samples. Since 2009, up through 2011, those numbers have been considerably higher: 20-36 % for traps and 26-46 % for video (Table 5.3.6.1, Figure 5.3.6.4). Some of the increase reflects 1) the difference in the distribution of depths sampled in each area, e.g., only a small proportion of sites <20 m have been sampled west of the Cape, while in the east through 2009, very few sites >20 m were sampled; as well as 2) the expansion of sampling to deeper depths over time (Figure 5.3.6.3). Figure 5.3.6.4 clearly shows that red snapper east of Cape San Blas were rarely observed in depths <20 m. Although the sampling depth differences and changes likely explain some of the increases in occurrence, it also appears to reflect an expansion of the population into Apalachee Bay, as occurrence increased noticeably even in shallow (<20 m) areas, especially an area in northwest Apalachee Bay in 2009 (Figure 5.3.6.5).

Overall modal size of red snapper taken in traps was fairly stable 2005-2007, ranging from 300 to 350 mm TL, then steadily increased through 2011, when it was 375 to 425 mm TL (Figure 5.3.6.7). Along with this increase in modal size, the lower (left hand) tail of the distribution also shifted, increasing from around 200-225 mm in 2005 to about 325 mm in 2011. Part of this shift may reflect the expansion of the sampling depth range west of the Cape during those years, as a comparison of size structure in depths < and > 30 m (Figure 5.3.6.8) clearly showed smaller average sizes in shallower depths. However, the shift in size structure co-occurred with increasingly restrictive management measures and mirrored the steady increases in average sizes (and catch rates) of recreationally harvested fish in the area, which suggests it shows a real trend in the population and is not just an artifact of changes in sampling depths.

Not surprisingly, a comparison of size data from trap catches with that from stereo images indicated that the traps do select against most red snapper >650 mm TL, although fish that large appear to be uncommon in the survey area based on the few stereo measurements obtained (Figure 5.3.6.9). For the most part, in 2011, west of the Cape, the size distributions were surprisingly similar between the two gears, except for the rare large fish detected only with the video gear. Earlier (2007-09) size data from scaling lasers suggested traps were selecting against the smallest individuals, perhaps an inhibiting effect of larger, more aggressive fish entering the trap first. In 2009, unexpectedly, the distribution of the laser measurements was shifted to the left (smaller) of that from the stereo data, with an obviously smaller mode; while the distributions of the trap fish and that from the stereo images, like in 2011, were very similar. Given the problem of potentially measuring the same fish more than once with lasers, length data from stereo images taken from a frame with no more than the min count of that site is likely to be more unbiased.

Age structure in trap catches during 2005-2007 was dominated by 2 and 3 yr olds, with an obvious mode at age 2 ; one and four yr olds were uncommon, except for age ones in 2005 (Figure 5.3.6.10). In 2008 and 2009, two and three yr olds still dominated the age structure; and in 2008, for the first time, four yr olds were quite common and a few fish to age 8 were caught. The 2006 and 2007 year classes, equating to the 2 and 3 yr old modal group in 2009, continued to dominate the age structure as 3 and 4 yr olds in 2010 and 4 and 5 yr olds in 2011, suggesting these two year classes were fairly strong. In 2010, age ones were no longer present, and by 2011, as the distribution continued to shift to older ages, age 2 fish were also virtually nonexistent.

5.3.6.5. *Video indices of abundance*

Figure 5.3.6.11 and Table 5.3.6.3 summarize indices of red snapper developed from the Panama City video data, 2005-2011, using a delta-lognormal model. The index, scaled to a mean of one over the time series, peaked in 2009; and based on the age frequency data from trap catches (Figure 5.3.6.9), the fish were primarily from the 2006 and 2007 year classes. The index declined in 2010 and 2011, perhaps as the influence of the apparently strong 06 and 07 cohorts waned. Diagnostics for each of the submodels in the index development and QQ plots can be found in reference document SEDAR31-DW-28.

5.3.6.6. *Comments on Adequacy for Assessment*

There was discussion within the IWG of combining all video indices into one index. However, the NMFS Video Survey is conducted on offshore banks throughout the Gulf, while the other video surveys, including this one, were conducted closer to shore. Therefore, a combined video index utilizing both the Panama City NMFS and the FWRI Video Survey Data was suggested, and will be presented at the Assessment Workshop.

5.3.7. *Other Fishery-Independent Datasets*

Data was presented by the Dauphin Island Sea Lab concerning bottom longline and trawling off the Alabama coast. It was discussed that these data should be analyzed and possibly combined with NMFS survey data to produce joint indices. These analyses will be conducted and presented during the Assessment Workshop.

5.4 Fishery Dependent Indices

5.4.1. *Fishery Dependent Recreational Surveys (SEDAR 31-DW-33)*

The recreational fisheries in the Gulf of Mexico are surveyed by three programs:

- Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey (MRFSS) conducted by the NOAA Fisheries (NMFS).
- Texas Marine Sport-Harvest Monitoring Program by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD).

- Headboat Survey (HBS) conducted by NMFS, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Beaufort, NC.

These three surveys together provide information on catch in numbers, fishing effort, and length and weight samples. The MRFSS and the TPWD survey are both sampling-based, while the Headboat Survey is a census of headboats using logbooks provided to all headboats to report total landings per trip and fishing effort. MRFSS was conducted in TX through 1985, after which the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department covered surveying efforts. In addition, starting in 1986, MRFSS no longer covered headboats in the Gulf of Mexico and instead this sector of the recreational fishery was covered by the Headboat Survey. MRFSS provides information on participation, effort, and species-specific catch. Data are collected to provide catch and effort estimates in two-month periods ("waves") for each recreational fishing mode (shore fishing, private/rental boat, charterboat, or headboat/charterboat combined) and area of fishing (inshore, state Territorial Seas, U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone) in each Gulf of Mexico state (except Texas). Total catch information is collected by MRFSS on fish landed whole and observed by the interviewers ("Type A"), fish reported as killed by the fishers ("Type B1") and fish reported as released alive by the fishers ("Type B2"). Similar to MRFSS, the Texas Parks and Wildlife survey also, provides information on participation, effort and species-specific landings however no discards are reported in this dataset.

5.4.1.1 *Methods of Estimation*

Data Filtering Techniques

The Stephens and MacCall approach (2004) was used to select trips that fished in the same habitat and could have caught red snapper. Data was split east and west of the Mississippi River in order to generate indices for the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico. In addition, indices were estimated separately for the private boat/for hire and headboat sectors of the recreational fishery. For the headboat survey, based on the working group's recommendation, the data was subset such that only data collected during red snapper open seasons was used in the analysis. The reason for this was because fishing effort that took place outside of the red snapper fishing season would not have targeted red snapper, and any red snapper caught incidentally would have been discarded and not recorded in the headboat survey.

Standardization

Two different ways of standardizing CPUE for the recreational red snapper fishery were explored. One used a Delta lognormal approach, which models the presence or absence of encountering the species on that trip as zero or one using a binomial model, separately from the positive observations of actual CPUE using a lognormal model. The second approach also used a Delta model however a censored lognormal regression model was used to model the positive observations of CPUE. The reason for using this model was to capture the effect of the bag limit on CPUE, which had become increasingly strict over the time series. The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE because of its ability to account for the bag limit effect which, if not accounted for, would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased unnecessarily over the time series.

The main advantage of using the Delta method is to allow for the probability of zero catch (Ortiz *et al.* 2000). The index computed by this method is a mathematical combination of yearly abundance estimates from two distinct generalized linear models: a binomial (logistic) model which describes proportion of positive abundance values (i.e. presence/absence) and a censored lognormal model which describes variability in only the nonzero abundance data (Lo *et al.* 1992). The sub-models of the delta-lognormal model were built using a forward selection procedure based on type 3 analyses based on reduction of AIC and a reduction in deviance of greater than one percent.

Submodel Variables

Headboat

Year: 1986-2011

Month: 1-12

Headboat Areas: 16(west coast of Florida), 18(Dry Tortugas Gulf waters), 20(South West Florida), 21(Naples-Crystal River), 22(Florida Middle Grounds), 23(NW Florida and Alabama), 24(Louisiana), 25(NE Texas Sabine-Freeport), 26(Central Texas Port Aransas), 27(South Texas Port Isabel)

Number of Anglers (Binomial Component only): 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80 or 90 where 90 is a plus group

MRFSS/Texas Parks and Wildlife Survey

Year: 1981-2011 for private/for hire, and 1986-2011 for headboat

Wave (groupings of every two months): 1-6

Area: Inshore waters, state waters, federal waters

State: Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas

Number of Anglers (Binomial Component only): 1- 10, where 10 is a plus group

Annual Abundance Indices

Tables with the final annual indices and coefficient of variations can be found in Tables 5.4.1.1 and 5.4.1.2. Please see the working paper SEDAR 31-DW-33 for fit diagnostics and additional synthesis of the model results including final model selection tables for the binomial component and censored lognormal regression component with the factors that were included in the models.

5.4.1.2 *Sampling Intensity*

Tables of sample sizes across strata can be found in working document SEDAR 31-DW-33.

5.4.1.3 *Size/Age Data*

Please see SEDAR 31-DW-10.

5.4.1.4 Catch Rates

Standardized catch rates are presented in Tables 5.4.1.1 and 5.4.1.2 and Figure 5.4.1.1.

5.4.1.5 Uncertainty and Measures of Precision

Annual CVs of catch rates are presented in Tables 5.4.1.1 and 5.4.1.2.

5.4.1.6 Comments on Adequacy for Assessment

The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE using red snapper data from the recreational fishery. The group felt that the censored approach was able to account for the bag limit effect which would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased over the time series. After reviewing the resulting recreational indices, the working group recommended that the both the for/hire and headboat indices be used in the assessment for both the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico. These indices were decided to be included in the assessment because they cover a long time series, the entire spatial domain of the stock, and provide the stock assessment model with a source of information about the recreational sector of the red snapper fishery.

5.4.2. Commercial Fishery Catch Rates (SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9)

Indices constructed for the 2009 Gulf of Mexico red snapper assessment included data for the period 1990 (beginning of self-reported logbook program) through 2006 (final year in which red snapper management measures did not include Individual Fishing Quotas, IFQs). Fisher behavior has reportedly changed from that characteristic of a derby fishery to one in which red snapper are not specifically targeted. No accepted method has been demonstrated by which catch and effort data from the pre-IFQ and IFQ years can be integrated into a single index of abundance. Research funds have been obtained by SEFSC to address this issue, but that project is ongoing. For the period 1990-2006, the indices constructed for the 2009 update assessment have been provided for use in the current assessment. Methods and results of those analyses are provided below.

5.4.2.1. Commercial Handline

Data from the National Marine Fisheries Service reef fish logbook program were used to construct separate abundance indices of red snapper for the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico (divided at the Mississippi River). Indices included the years 1990-2006. Unlike the 2004 assessment, the current assessment model was able to accommodate changes in minimum size limits, therefore, the CPUE time series was not truncated to include only those years of consistent minimum size limits. After 2006 an Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ) system was established for red snapper. Catch and effort data for those years were not included in the analyses because under the IFQ system, fishing behavior and catchability may have changed from earlier years. Such a change prevents the direct comparison of CPUEs in 2007-2011 with CPUEs of earlier years.

The index constructed from eastern Gulf of Mexico (GOM) data used the Stephens and MacCall (2004) method for identifying trips with fishing effort in red snapper habitat. Construction of the western GOM index of abundance initially used the Stephens and MacCall (2004) approach for trip selection, however, this resulted in greater than 90% positive trips. A lognormal model was used because a delta-lognormal model is not appropriate with such a high proportion of positive trips.

The utility of the commercial catch rates as indices of population abundance was of some concern because of the potential effect of trip limits on the results. Over much of the time series, vessels were limited by permit to either 2,000 or 200 pounds of landed red snapper per trip. In the western GOM, a large percentage of trips met or exceeded the trip limit (48.5% of 2,000 pound permitted trips; 39.1% of 200 pound permitted trips; 5.4% of trips with no permit). Of those trips that met or exceeded the trip limit, red snapper accounted for more than 50% of the landings in 99% of the 2,000 pound permitted trips, 90% of the 200 pound permitted trips, and 100% of the non permitted trips. If a trip limit was reached in the western GOM, in nearly all cases the trip ended once the limit was reached and the effort may reasonably be assumed to have been directed at red snapper; i.e., effort was not shifted to other species. If effort were shifted to other species, the available logbook data could not be apportioned among multiple targeted species for a single trip. In addition, effort was calculated as hook hours fished on each trip, therefore, CPUE could be properly calculated for red snapper even though the trip limit was reached. Changes in abundance would be reflected by changes in catch per hour. If effort had been defined as landings per trip, trip limits would have affected CPUE calculations because CPUE would have had an insufficiently defined time component. Longer (or shorter) trips would not be accounted for in CPUE calculations if “trip” were the measure of effort.

In the eastern GOM, a smaller percentage of trips met or exceeded the trip limits than was reported in the western GOM. Approximately 22.5% of 2,000 pound permitted trips, 32.2% of 200 pound permitted trips, and 0.07% of non permitted trips met or exceeded the trip limit. Of the trips that met or exceeded the trip limit, 96% of 2,000 pound permitted trips, 63% of 200 pound permitted trips, and 100% of non permitted trips reported landings of more than 50% red snapper. Although 37% of the 200 pound permitted trips reported landings of less than 50% red snapper, those trips accounted for only 5.6% of the total trips included in the analysis. Trip limits likely had little effect on index construction in the eastern GOM. Indices were also constructed with only those trips reporting red snapper landings below the trip limit and are compared with indices constructed using the full data set in Figures 5.4.2.1 (eastern GOM) and 5.4.2.2 (western GOM). Only minor differences between the indices were apparent.

Catch rate was calculated in weight of fish per hook-hour. Seven factors were tested for their possible affects on the proportion of positive trips (east only) and catch rate. Factors were: year, red snapper season (open or closed; only open season data used in the west), area fished, permit type (2,000 pound, 200 pound, or none), days at sea, season of the year (Jan-Apr, May-Aug, Sep-Dec), and number of crew.

A forward stepwise regression procedure was used to determine the set of fixed factors and interaction terms that explained a significant portion of the observed variability. Each potential factor was added to the null model sequentially and the resulting reduction in deviance per

degree of freedom was examined. The factor that caused the greatest reduction in deviance per degree of freedom was added to the base model if the factor was significant based upon a Chi-Square test ($p < 0.05$), and the reduction in deviance per degree of freedom was $\geq 1\%$. This model then became the base model, and the process was repeated, adding factors and interactions individually until no factor or interaction met the criteria for incorporation into the final model.

Once a set of fixed factors was identified, the influence of the YEAR*FACTOR interactions were examined. YEAR*FACTOR interaction terms were included in the model as random effects. Selection of the final mixed model was based on the Akaike's Information Criterion (AIC), Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion (BIC), and a chi-square test of the difference between the -2 log likelihood statistics between successive model formulations (Littell et al. 1996).

Final models in the eastern Gulf of Mexico:

Binomial model on proportion positive trips

$$\text{PPT} = \text{RS Season} + \text{Subregion} + \text{Year} + \text{Permit} + \text{Days at Sea} + \text{RS Season*Year} + \text{RS Season*Permit} + \text{Subregion*Days at Sea} + \text{Year*Days at Sea}$$

Lognormal on CPUE of successful trips

$$\text{Log}(\text{CPUE}) = \text{Days at Sea} + \text{Red Snapper Season} + \text{Year} + \text{Permit} + \text{Crew} + \text{Red Snapper Season*Year} + \text{Days at Sea*Year} + \text{Days at Sea*Permit} + \text{Year*Permit}$$

Final model in the western Gulf of Mexico:

Lognormal on CPUE of successful trips

$$\text{Log}(\text{CPUE}) = \text{Days at Sea} + \text{Area Fished} + \text{Year} + \text{Permit} + \text{Crew} + \text{Area*Permit} + \text{Area*Year} + \text{Area*Crew} + \text{Year*Crew} + \text{Days at Sea*Area}$$

Standardization methods followed those used in the 2004 red snapper assessment where indices of abundance were constructed using the delta-lognormal approach of Lo et al. (1992) in the eastern GOM. The western index was constructed using a lognormal analysis. Indices are provided in Table 5.4.2.1 and Figures 5.4.2.1 – 5.4.2.2.

5.4.3 Index of Abundance for Pre-Fishery Recruit Red Snapper from Florida Headboat Observer Data (SEDAR 31-DW-09)

Fishery

Recreational hook-and-line fishing on head boats

Geographic Region

Sampled vessels operated from northwest Florida to the central west coast of Florida (Figure 5.4.3.1).

Time Period Covered

2005 through 2007 and June 2009 to present.

Data Collection Methods

Head boats in each of two regions (Figure 5.4.3.1) were randomly selected each week throughout the year for observer coverage. All head boats operating in the two regions voluntarily permitted observers on scheduled trips. Single day trips took place in nearshore and offshore fishing areas (Figure 5.4.3.1) and ranged from 4 to 15 hours in duration. Multi-day trips were sampled as a separate strata in the central west coast region, and these trips were greater than 24 hours in duration and took place farther offshore (Figure 5.4.3.1). One to two observers were scheduled per sampled trip and each observer selected a set of 5 to 10 anglers that they could visually observe. For more detailed methods, see Sauls and Cermak (2012).

Variables Recorded

For each trip sampled, the following variables were collected consistently throughout the time-series:

- Day, month and year
- Region (northwest Florida, central west Florida)
- Trip type (single-day, multi-day)
- Trip duration
- Minimum and maximum depths fished
- Area fished the majority of time (state territorial seas, federal EEZ)
- Number of anglers on board
- Number of anglers observed

For each fish caught by an observed angler, the following variables were collected consistently throughout the time series:

- Species
- Disposition (harvested, released alive, released dead)
- Length (in mm) at the midline was recorded before fish were released or harvested, as time permitted, for all managed species. Red snapper were given high priority, and almost all red snapper were measured before they were released.

Size Composition of Red Snapper

Figure 5.4.3.2 shows length frequencies for all red snapper observed during June and July by year for 1 cm length bins. Total length in mm was calculated as: $1.89 + 1.06 * \text{fork length in mm}$, and converted to cm. Length frequencies for sublegal sizes (pre-fishery recruits) are included in bins for 40cm (39.5-40.4 cm) and lower. The months of June and July were consistently open to harvest each year during the time series. Other months were excluded since the duration of the harvest season varied each year (Table 5.4.3.1), which could influence length frequencies for observed fish if vessels target legal sized fish during the harvest season and/or avoid red snapper by-catch during the non-harvest season.

Data Exclusions

Head boat vessel operators throughout the Gulf of Mexico have been required by NMFS to report harvested red snapper on logbook trip reports since the 1980's. The logbook time-series covers a larger geographic region that overlaps temporally and spatially with this data source. Therefore, harvested fish are excluded from this analysis, but could be included if the NMFS logbook is not used as an index for SEDAR 31. In 2005, space was provided on the logbook data sheet to record red snapper discards. Comparisons between individual logbook trip reports and at-sea observer data indicate that self-reported logbook data for numbers of red snapper harvested are reliable, but that discards may be under reported and are frequently omitted on logbook trip reports (Sauls and Brennan, unpublished data). Therefore, self-reported logbook data may not be a reliable data source for constructing a pre-fishery recruit index. This analysis explores the utility of head boat at-sea observer data from Florida for constructing an index of abundance for pre-fishery recruits in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

There was a reduction in the length of the red snapper harvest season over the course of this time series, and an interruption in funding prevented trips from being sampled every month or every year (Table 5.4.3.1). Temporal changes in the recreational harvest season could affect CPUE if vessels change their fishing areas and methods to target legal-size red snapper when the season is open. Since small red snapper may be more abundant in state waters than in federal waters, the spatial coverage of the harvest season was also important. We identified two months where the red snapper season was consistently open in both federal and state jurisdictions during all years 2005 to 2012. Size limits and bag limits also remained unchanged from 2005 to 2012. Head boat trips were consistently sampled during June and July each year from 2005 to 2012, except 2008. Therefore, we chose the months of June and July to construct an index of abundance. During years when harvest closed mid-way during the month of July, only trips sampled during the portion of the month open to harvest were included in the index (excluded trips after July 24, 2010; July 18, 2011; and July 16, 2012). The year 2010 should be viewed with caution due to spatial shifts in effort following the Deepwater Horizon disaster, when portions of the study area were closed to all fishing during a large portion of June and July.

Data Reduction Techniques

The proportions of head boat trips with releases of undersized red snapper ranged from roughly 40% and 60% in June and July overall (Figure 5.4.3.3), but the proportions of trips with releases were much greater in the NW FL region (60-100%) than in the TB region (7-31%). Undersized releases of red snapper were observed by at-sea samplers only in head boat catches (Figures 5.4.3.4-5.4.3.5) from average water depths of 50' or deeper (average of minimum and maximum depths for 2005-2007 and 2009-2011). Releases of undersized red snapper tended to be in deeper waters in the TB region compared to the NW FL region. Trips where water depths fished were greater than or equal to 50' in both regions were chosen for analyses from the NW FL and TB regions. The proportion of trips with undersized releases of red snapper appears related to water depth fished (Figure 5.4.3.4), and suggests that the average depth fished may be a useful covariate in the binomial sub-model. However, the rates of releases of undersized red snapper by anglers appear more complex, and changes over time in the NW FL region (Figure 5.4.3.5).

While it may be a useful covariate in the model for trips with undersized releases, interaction terms may be necessary to handle this covariate when examining release rates.

A suitable method for selecting a universe of trips to evaluate (i.e., all trips which could have caught undersized red snapper – zeros as well as positives) has not been developed yet, but possibly could be done using clustering techniques (e.g., Shertzer and Williams 2008) or other selection procedures (e.g., Stephens and MacCall 2004). Species caught on trips with undersized red snapper were tabulated by frequency of occurrence, and those occurring on 10% or more of the trips with releases of undersized red snapper were analyzed. The Stephens and MacCall (2004) logistic selection method was attempted using data from NW FL and TB regions, but produced unsatisfactory results and in fact failed to converge successfully using more than one species (in this case, vermilion snapper) and more than a single region. There was little difference between using the occurrence of vermilion snapper to select NW FL trips for the analyses and using the samples from water depths greater than or equal to 50' as described in the preceding section. For the combined NW FL and TB regions, the species assemblages in the two regions caught with undersized red snapper were sufficiently different to cause the logistic selection analyses to be unhelpful. Therefore, all of the trips (with and without releases of undersized red snapper) from the NW FL and TB region from water depths fished of 50' or greater were used without the logistic selection criteria for identifying potential “zero” trips based upon species assemblages.

Model Standardization

There was one index produced for released undersized red snapper for the combined NW FL and TB regions. Trips with the average number of released undersized red snapper (zero and positive trips) were selected by region, year, month, and average water depth fished. Region, year, and month were used as classification variables, and average water depth fished was used as a potential covariate in the analyses. No interaction terms were included in the model formulations (for a discussion of the use of interaction terms in CPUE standardizations, see SEDAR 2008, S15A Mutton Snapper Review Workshop Consensus Report Section 2.1).

A general linear model [GENMOD procedure (SAS Institute Inc. 2008)] using a forward stepwise selection technique was used to estimate trends in the average number of released undersized red snapper per angler-trip. Two types of model probability distributions were used: binomial (with a logit link function) and gamma (with a log link function) (McCullagh and Nelder 1989). The binomial sub-model analyzed the presence or absence of released undersized red snapper by anglers on a trip, and the gamma sub-model analyzed the average releases of undersized red snapper per angler-trip on positive trips. The forward selection process analyzed the null model (no class variables chosen), and then each class variable or covariate added singly in the sub-model. If the GLM successfully converged, the reduction in deviance from the null model was assessed for each of these runs, and the class variable with the largest percentage reduction in deviance, a significant χ^2 (Chi-square) value, and a lower corrected Akaike Information Criterion (AICc) than other class variables or covariate was selected for the sub-models. The next series of sub-model runs included the variable selected in the previous series along with each of the remaining variables or covariate (one at a time), and each of the resulting two-variable sub-models were assessed for sub-model convergence, the largest percentage

reduction in deviance from the null model and significance criteria (χ^2 , AICc) as before. This process continued until the percentage reduction in deviance became less than some desired level or until neither variable nor covariate added was significant. For these model runs, a 1% reduction in deviance from the null model was the selected level of acceptance for a suite of class variables. If there were cases when the variable of interest (in this case, year was important) failed to be selected, it would have been included in the sub-model statement so that a year effect could be estimated. However, both of the sub-models included year using the criteria described. Annual values (and associated coefficients of variation) were estimated using the least squares mean method (SAS Institute Inc. 2008) for the year effect.

Model Diagnostics

The results of the analyses from the forward stepwise selection of variables for the linear models, the diagnostic plots (standardized residuals by year, q-q plot, and standardized residuals versus the fitted distribution) and scaled index values (index values scaled to their means) over time can be found in reference document SEDAR31-DW-09.

Model Results

The adjusted average undersized red snapper release rates (numbers per angler-trip), coefficient of variation (as a percentage of the mean), and the scaled index values are in Tables 5.4.3.2-5.4.3.3. A comparison of the adjusted means (rescaled by the n-weighted mean of the series) is in Figure 5.4.3.6. Nominal average undersized red snapper release rates (simple arithmetic and log-transformed means) and adjusted means (Figure 5.4.3.7).

5.4.3.2. Comments on Adequacy for Assessment

This index was not recommended for use by the Indices Workgroup because the survey area is limited to the eastern Gulf and overlaps with the headboat index discussed in section 5.4.1 of this report. However, it should be noted that this index was developed using sub-legal sized discards to avoid overlap with the headboat survey, since the headboat index in 5.4.1 only includes red snapper that were legal harvest size. It is possible to update this pre-fishery recruit index to include the 2012 sample year in time for the Assessment Workshop if this index was to be considered for use. During the Data Workshop, the Indices Workgroup was asked to re-work this index to include red snapper of all size classes and evaluate the potential for using this index in place of the NMFS headboat index for the Eastern Gulf. The index was re-constructed, but was not reviewed by the Index Workgroup in time for inclusion in this report. A working paper for this re-worked index can be submitted for consideration during the Assessment Workshop if requested.

5.5. Research Recommendations made by Members of the IWG

The following are research recommendations that could improve the utility (precision) of the SEAMAP larval index for red snapper.

1. Expand the use of molecular genetics to identify the smallest and most abundant snapper larvae in SEAMAP samples that cannot be positively identified as red snapper because diagnostic morphological characters are not yet developed.
2. Begin directed sampling for fish eggs on SEAMAP summer trawl and fall plankton surveys using vertical nets hauls. The protocols for fish egg sampling have been established by NMFS/SWFSC scientists and are in use on the west coast. Fish egg collections are easy to make and take little additional sampling time. The eggs in these samples would have to be identified genetically but the protocols for genetic identification of red snapper eggs have been worked out by Frank Hernandez and Keith Bayha at DISL. The results of their MARFIN funded project using CUFES samples from our SEAMAP Fall Plankton surveys are impressive and significant. They produced maps of red snapper egg (i.e. spawning) distribution over the entire Gulfwide survey area. Estimates of egg abundance data coupled with the updated reproduction parameters (spawning frequency and fecundity) generated by NMFS scientists at the Panama City Lab could eventually be used to produce an actual spawning biomass estimate for red snapper.
3. Continue aging red snapper larvae from SEAMAP samples to improve the age-length relationship (key). This should improve the precision of the SEAMAP larval abundance index that is now based on a single age class of larvae across years.
4. Produce a SEAMAP larval index based on the abundance of red snapper larvae captured during SEAMAP summer shrimp/groundfish surveys (past and present). This survey has for a number of years now been expanded to include the entire northern Gulf of Mexico shelf. I don't need to remind you that the data from summer months (i.e. during peak red snapper spawning months) could be a far better indication of spawning production than data from the end of season from which the current SEAMAP larval index is derived.
5. Explore the utility of a larval red snapper index based on a comprehensive modeling approach that includes all SEAMAP stations (regardless of how many times they have been sampled over the time series) and both sampling gears, i.e. neuston and bongo samples. There are other likely explanatory variables (one for sure is salinity) that could ultimately improve the index.

5.6 Literature Cited

- Campbell, M.D., K.R. Rademacher, P. Felts, B. Noble, M. Felts, J. Salisbury. SEAMAP reef fish video survey: relative indices of abundance of red snapper. SEDAR-DW08.
- DeVries, D.A, J.H. Brusher, C.L. Gardner, and G.R. Fitzhugh. 2008. NMFS Panama City Laboratory trap & camera survey for reef fish. Annual Report of 2007 results. Panama City Laboratory Contribution 08-14. 20 pp.
- DeVries, D.A., J. H. Brusher, C. L. Gardner, and G. R. Fitzhugh. 2009. NMFS Panama City Laboratory trap and camera survey for reef fish. Annual report of 2008 results. Panama City Laboratory, Contribution Series 09-10. 22 p.

- Gledhill, C., and A. David. 2003. Survey of fish assemblages and habitat within two marine protected areas on the West Florida shelf. NMFS, Southeast Fisheries Science Center. Report to the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council.
- Gledhill, C. and W. Ingram. 2004. SEAMAP Reef Fish survey of Offshore Banks. 14 p. plus appendices. NMFS, Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Mississippi Laboratories. SEDAR 7 –DW 15.
- GMFMC. 2001. October 2001 report of the Reef Fish Stock Assessment Panel. Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, Tampa, FL. 34 pp.
- Littell, R.C., G.A. Milliken, W.W. Stroup, and R.D Wolfinger. 1996. SAS® System for Mixed Models, Cary NC, USA:SAS Institute Inc., 1996. 663 pp.
- Lo, N.C.H., L.D. Jacobson, and J.L. Squire. 1992. Indices of relative abundance from fish spotter data based on delta-lognormal models. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Science* 49:2515-2526.
- McCullagh, P. and J. A. Nelder. 1989. Generalized Linear Models. Second Edition. Monographs on Statistics and Applied Probability 37. Chapman & Hall/CRC. Boca Raton, FL.
- McGovern, J. C., G.R. Sedberry and P.J. Harris. 1998. The status of reef fish stocks off the southeast United States, 1983-1996. *Gulf and Caribbean Fisheries Institute* 50: 871-895.
- Mahmoudi, B. 2005. State-Federal Cooperative Reef fish Research and Monitoring Initiative in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico. Workshop report. March 3-4 2005, Florida Fish and Wildlife Research Institute, St. Petersburg, Florida.
- Ortiz, M. 2006. Standardized catch rates for gag grouper (*Mycteroperca microlepis*) from the marine recreational fisheries statistical survey (MRFSS). Southeast Data Assessment and Review (SEDAR) Working Document S10 DW-09.
- SAS Institute, Inc. 2008. SAS/STAT 9.2 User's Guide: The GENMOD Procedure (Book Excerpt). Cary, NC: SAS Institute Inc.
- Sauls, B. and B. Cermak. 2012. A summary of data on the size distribution and release condition of red snapper discards from recreational fishery surveys in the Gulf of Mexico. SEDAR31-DW11.
- SEDAR 2008. SEDAR 15A Stock Assessment Report 3 (SAR 3). South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Mutton Snapper. South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, North Charleston, SC.
<http://www.sefsc.noaa.gov/sedar/download/S15%20SAR%203%20Final.pdf?id=DOCUMENT>
- Shertzer, K. W. and E. H. Williams. 2008. Fish assemblages and indicator species: reef fishes off the southeastern United States. *Fish. Bull.* 106: 257-269.
- Sokal, R.R., and F.J. Rohlf. 1969. Biometry. W.H. Freeman and Company, San Francisco, CA. 776 p.

Steel, R.G.D., and J.H. Torrie. 1960. Principles and procedures of statistics. McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York, NY. 481 p.

Stephens, A. and A. MacCall. 2004. A multispecies approach to subsetting logbook data for purposes of estimating CPUE. Fisheries Research 70: 299-310.

Zieman, J.C., and R.T. Zieman. 1989. The ecology of the seagrass meadows of the west coast of Florida: A community profile. Biological Report 85(7.25). U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 155 p.

5.7 Tables

Table 5.1.1. Datasets Reviewed for Indices Development.

<i>Series</i>	<i>Author</i>	<i>Reference</i>	<i>Data Source</i>	<i>Area</i>	<i>Years</i>	<i>Season</i>	<i>Biomass/Number</i>	<i>Fishery Type</i>	<i>Standardization</i>	<i>Selectivity Info</i>	<i>Age Range</i>
NMFS BLL	Ingram and Pollack	SEDAR31-DW-19	NMFS BLL Survey Data	FL-TX	1996-2011	Aug-Sept	Number per 100 hook-hours	Independent	Delta-lognormal	Age frequency	1-43
NMFS SEAMAP Trawl Survey	Pollack et al.	SEDAR31-DW-20	NMFS SEAMAP Trawl Survey Data	AL-TX	1987-2011	Summer and Fall	Number per trawl-hour	Independent	Delta-lognormal	Length and Age	Primarily Age-0 and Age-1
SEAMAP Reef Fish Video	Campbell et al.	SEDAR31-DW-08	SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey Data	FL-TX	1993-1997, 2001-2002, 2004-2011	May-Aug	Video min count	Independent	Delta-lognormal	Length frequency (consistently 2005 onwards)	Primarily 2-7
FWC Reef Fish	Switzer et al.	SEDAR31-DW-24	FWC Reef Fish Survey Data	FL	2008-2011	June-Sept	Video min count; number per trap	Independent	none	Length and Age	Primarily 1-6
NMFS Panama City	DeVries et al.	SEDAR31-DW-28	NMFS Panama City Trap and Camera Data	FL	2004-2011 (trap); 2005-2011 (video)	May-Oct	Video min count	Independent	Delta-lognormal	Length and Age frequency (2005-2011)	Primarily 1-6
Larval	Pollack et al.	SEDAR31-DW-27	SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey Data	FL-TX	1986-2010	Late Summer, early Fall	number under 10 m2 sea surface	Independent	Delta-lognormal	Length and Age	Age-0
MRFSS and TPWD	Saul and Walter	SEDAR31-DW-33	MRFSS and TPWD data	FL-LA	1981-2011	Year-round	Number per angler-hour	Dependent	Censored lognormal	None	2-43
FWC Recreational Hook-and-Line on Head Boats	O'Hop and Sauls	SEDAR31-DW-09	Recreational hook-and-line fishing on head boats	FL	2005-2007 and June 2009-present	June-July	Number of undersized red snapper released by head boat anglers per trip	Dependent	GLM	Length Frequency	Pre-fishery recruits
Headboat	Saul and Walter	SEDAR31-DW-33	MRFSS and TPWD Survey data	FL-TX	1986-2011	Year-round	Number per angler-hour	Dependent	Censored lognormal	None	2-43
Commercial Handline	McCarthy and Cass-Calay	SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9	NMFS Reef Fish logbook program	FL-TX	1990-2006	Year-round	Weight of fish per hook-hour	Dependent	Delta-lognormal and lognormal	None	2-43
Headboat Observer	O'Hop and Sauls	SEDAR31-DW-9	NMFS Headboat Observer data	FL	2005-2007 and June 2009-2011	June-July	Number of released fish per angler-trip	Dependent	Delta-Gamma	None	2-43

Table 5.3.1.1. Number of stations sampled by shrimp statistical zone during the Summer SEAMAP groundfish survey from 1982-2011.

Year	Shrimp Statistical Zone																	Total		
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		20	21
1982									14	22	24	26	8	1	11	30	10	3	23	172
1983							5	19	8	13		6	16	19	25	24	21	5	17	178
1984									13	16	10	16	16	22	17	15	23	28	14	190
1985									10	26	5	7	8	10	7	7	12	11	10	113
1986									14	21	2	5	14	8	11	8	11	14	6	114
1987									30	66	6	20	19	25	20	16	25	28	19	274
1988									19	49	5	4	3	19	24	14	25	28	23	213
1989									23	30		3	18	25	7	15	20	29	24	194
1990										68	11	20	15	23	16	20	23	24	20	240
1991										46	12	24	13	23	22	24	18	23	26	231
1992								1	45	2	20	24	20	25	12	31	26	20	226	
1993									45	10	19	17	24	19	14	29	24	22	223	
1994									61	6	17	22	25	17	20	22	26	22	238	
1995									44	10	16	18	22	23	13	27	26	21	220	
1996									46	14	12	19	22	18	17	21	26	25	220	
1997									44		12	16	22	23	10	28	26	26	207	
1998									35	2	14	21	25	18	14	22	36	17	204	
1999									44	7	20	19	20	23	13	25	32	20	223	
2000									45	2	19	15	19	27	8	29	31	21	216	
2001									36	7	18	18	13	3	10	9	17	21	152	
2002									44	11	14	21	27	19	15	25	29	22	227	
2003									44	9	10	8	2	17	20	22	26	23	181	
2004									39	11	18	17	20	25	21	19	25	21	216	
2005									32	10	9	11	16	21	5	28	22	27	181	
2006									45	11	21	12	20	23	17	23	31	18	221	
2007									41		6	15	22	23	7	29	32	21	196	
2008			1	8	11	6	11	8	11	43	24	19	27	23	22	17	24	21	29	305
2009			35	21	29	15	16	18	24	67	25	20	36	39	46	53	33	29	23	529
2010		31	26	21	24	10	12	14	14	22	5	20	16	21	33	34	27	27	19	376
2011	11	24	22	20	29	2	14	11	8	16	7	14	17	24	29	29	18	21	13	329
Total	11	55	84	70	93	33	58	70	189	1195	248	449	499	601	614	522	679	726	613	6809

Table 5.3.1.2. Number of stations sampled by shrimp statistical zone during the Fall SEAMAP groundfish survey from 1972-2011.

Year	Shrimp Statistical Zone														Total						
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	13	14	15	16		17	18	19	20	21	
1972									10	55	27	41	34	17							184
1973								11	17	98	34	71	39	2							272
1974									12	92	35	73	31								243
1975										93	33	80	35	32	7						280
1976										108	42	79	56	22							307
1977										97	31	76	38								242
1978									36	101	32	67	58	25							319
1979										109	35	72	55	2							273
1980									24	85	22	70	32								233
1981									21	85	33	66	49	25							279
1982									21	102	41	72	37								273
1983									17	82	35	63	25								222
1984										82	32	64	47	1							226
1985									30	59	17	27	51	32	10	20	20	19	19		304
1986							20	10	21	19	7	15	14	27	35	26	23	22	21		260
1987									16	28	15	14	16	17	15	15	15	18	3		172
1988									8	28	7	22	17	18	26	19	21	31	20		217
1989										43	12	19	17	22	20	17	22	25	26		223
1990										52	14	12	23	22	19	18	22	19	27		228
1991										46	6	24	14	20	25	24	19	25	22		225
1992										33	7	23	14	25	18	17	27	30	18		212
1993										72	10	19	17	26	18	16	25	28	18		249
1994										50	9	16	21	25	20	21	23	24	20		229
1995										40	10	17	18	24	19	14	26	30	19		217
1996										45	9	18	19	17	28	13	25	29	24		227
1997										44	10	17	20	26	19	18	23	22	24		223
1998										44	10	22	14	34	11	15	24	29	22		225
1999										42	10	17	18	29	18	12	28	29	22		225
2000										43	10	14	22	20	26	12	30	25	21		223
2001										21	10	17	19	26	20	14	27	28	23		205
2002									1	51	10	13	22	22	23	14	26	30	21		233
2003									1	76	9	16	21	24	22	20	23	25	23		260
2004										43		11	18	17	27	14	24	30	21		205
2005										44	11	20	16	33	18	14	23	24	27		230
2006									1	47	7	22	14	18	28	13	23	32	19		224
2007										31	9	20	17	18	28	17	20	18	26		204
2008				15	14	4	4	3	4	35	18	28	34	42	46	44	19	36	20		366
2009			20	21	25	10	21	13	12	48	12	23	23	30	49	47	31	36	22		443
2010			9	27	27	18	16	11	14	16	7	15	18	26	31	29	18	19	14		315
2011							9	11	6	14	6	15	16	27	31	28	21	19	15		218
Total			29	63	66	32	70	59	272	2303	694	1390	1069	793	657	531	628	702	557		9915

Table 5.3.1.3. Summary of the red snapper length data collected during Summer (top) and Fall (bottom) SEAMAP groundfish surveys conducted between 1987 and 2011.

Survey Year	Number of Stations	Number Collected	Number Measured	Minimum Fork Length (mm)	Maximum Fork Length (mm)	Mean Fork Length (mm)	Standard Deviation
1987	274	464	222	100	304	170	46
1988	213	215	185	87	365	177	51
1989	194	240	184	31	423	145	56
1990	240	1312	775	42	760	159	38
1991	231	528	463	22	357	177	52
1992	226	465	334	31	774	158	54
1993	223	542	372	32	279	147	35
1994	238	904	555	39	378	153	38
1995	220	733	575	14	739	160	67
1996	220	1397	658	30	860	154	65
1997	207	768	502	29	636	163	44
1998	204	408	386	51	785	156	58
1999	223	375	352	25	776	169	89
2000	216	742	674	18	778	143	72
2001	152	174	172	31	339	147	63
2002	227	641	496	11	675	171	69
2003	181	312	286	13	830	162	70
2004	216	1248	568	30	752	157	45
2005	181	787	616	18	796	165	62
2006	221	598	576	20	324	151	57
2007	196	777	777	32	651	169	47
2008	305	954	952	24	648	175	71
2009	529	496	490	18	710	156	80
2010	376	707	659	29	811	191	92
2011	329	885	881	46	719	166	66
Total Number of Years	Total Number of Stations	Total Number Collected	Total Number Measured	Overall Mean Fork Length (mm)			
25	6042	16,672	12,710	163			

Survey Year	Number of Stations	Number Collected	Number Measured	Minimum Fork Length (mm)	Maximum Fork Length (mm)	Mean Fork Length (mm)	Standard Deviation
1987	172	327	164	50	606	154	83
1988	217	818	507	42	777	131	61
1989	223	2118	1077	40	852	109	45
1990	228	2090	1332	25	670	125	54
1991	225	2782	1782	36	407	118	41
1992	212	784	633	50	374	137	57
1993	249	1893	1288	20	680	128	63
1994	229	4807	1670	33	625	120	62
1995	217	4080	1886	32	630	114	48
1996	227	1935	1471	30	605	128	55
1997	223	3222	1616	40	549	117	46
1998	225	1614	1027	30	806	109	45
1999	225	2532	1869	37	453	112	39
2000	223	2047	1562	29	742	127	50
2001	205	2063	1239	40	780	126	61
2002	233	1609	1254	16	767	103	49
2003	260	3240	1867	31	750	103	38
2004	205	4964	2088	32	740	120	44
2005	230	3742	2239	33	754	128	53
2006	224	2900	1831	31	403	116	46
2007	204	2881	2825	31	365	101	37
2008	366	1239	1213	28	760	145	79
2009	443	5737	5346	26	692	115	38
2010	315	1645	1591	33	700	123	58
2011	218	1807	1813	31	805	125	69
Total Number of Years	Total Number of Stations	Total Number Collected	Total Number Measured	Overall Mean Fork Length (mm)			
25	5998	62,876	41,190	118			

Table 5.3.1.4. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during SEAMAP groundfish surveys (WGOM / Summer) developed using the delta-lognormal model for 1982-2011. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (*N*), the DL Index (number per trawl-hour), the DL indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	<i>N</i>	DL Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1982	0.34559	136	9.68293	2.76042	0.22061	1.78495	4.26899
1983	0.21805	133	2.61778	0.74628	0.28670	0.42538	1.30926
1984	0.18012	161	2.60053	0.74136	0.28423	0.42455	1.29457
1985	0.31169	77	3.52033	1.00358	0.30842	0.54919	1.83391
1986	0.15190	79	0.96477	0.27504	0.44280	0.11800	0.64109
1987	0.26404	178	2.26203	0.64486	0.22291	0.41514	1.00171
1988	0.26207	145	1.07137	0.30543	0.25298	0.18560	0.50263
1989	0.17730	141	0.92607	0.26401	0.31031	0.14396	0.48414
1990	0.46512	172	7.95389	2.26750	0.16406	1.63679	3.14125
1991	0.33514	185	3.12870	0.89193	0.19231	0.60927	1.30574
1992	0.31667	180	1.94602	0.55477	0.20208	0.37183	0.82772
1993	0.33146	178	2.22018	0.63293	0.19775	0.42780	0.93642
1994	0.37853	177	4.47239	1.27499	0.18215	0.88836	1.82990
1995	0.41477	176	3.72633	1.06230	0.17465	0.75109	1.50247
1996	0.41379	174	4.01042	1.14329	0.17530	0.80733	1.61907
1997	0.43558	163	3.11888	0.88913	0.17733	0.62536	1.26416
1998	0.34911	169	2.72386	0.77652	0.19625	0.52638	1.14552
1999	0.32961	179	2.12056	0.60453	0.19842	0.40807	0.89559
2000	0.49123	171	4.46720	1.27351	0.16076	0.92526	1.75285
2001	0.27586	116	2.50799	0.71498	0.26630	0.42358	1.20684
2002	0.39891	183	3.44222	0.98131	0.17436	0.69421	1.38714
2003	0.36496	137	1.75783	0.50112	0.21809	0.32562	0.77122
2004	0.44068	177	4.30779	1.22807	0.16742	0.88066	1.71253
2005	0.49324	148	4.80496	1.36980	0.17343	0.97081	1.93278
2006	0.51136	176	4.51050	1.28586	0.15285	0.94885	1.74256
2007	0.41935	155	3.51267	1.00140	0.18718	0.69091	1.45141
2008	0.41262	206	3.45699	0.98552	0.16042	0.71650	1.35556
2009	0.29605	304	1.94707	0.55507	0.16259	0.40183	0.76675
2010	0.44279	201	4.92609	1.40433	0.16030	1.02122	1.93117
2011	0.49419	172	6.52496	1.86014	0.15891	1.35636	2.55103

Table 5.3.1.5. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during SEAMAP groundfish surveys (WGOM / Fall) developed using the delta-lognormal model for 1972-2011. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (*N*), the DL Index (number per trawl-hour), the DL indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	<i>N</i>	DL Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1972	0.61345	119	47.4707	3.51592	0.15792	2.56869	4.81245
1973	0.52740	146	25.0846	1.85789	0.16533	1.33776	2.58024
1974	0.38129	139	7.9569	0.58932	0.20911	0.38964	0.89135
1975	0.33690	187	11.4657	0.84921	0.19477	0.57731	1.24916
1976	0.37186	199	10.8937	0.80684	0.18064	0.56383	1.15460
1977	0.42069	145	11.6182	0.86050	0.18419	0.59718	1.23994
1978	0.25275	182	8.8133	0.65276	0.24733	0.40096	1.06268
1979	0.39024	164	13.3094	0.98576	0.18418	0.68412	1.42041
1980	0.70161	124	50.6640	3.75243	0.14446	2.81506	5.00193
1981	0.50289	173	18.2883	1.35452	0.16175	0.98220	1.86799
1982	0.50000	150	12.1770	0.90189	0.17042	0.64296	1.26508
1983	0.36585	123	10.3043	0.76319	0.23672	0.47842	1.21744
1984	0.34028	144	4.0200	0.29774	0.22518	0.19083	0.46453
1985	0.33023	215	6.0595	0.44880	0.19678	0.30391	0.66275
1986	0.45789	190	5.6679	0.41980	0.17552	0.29630	0.59476
1987	0.45313	128	2.0813	0.15415	0.21132	0.10148	0.23415
1988	0.53039	181	4.7575	0.35236	0.16542	0.25367	0.48945
1989	0.56667	180	10.0273	0.74267	0.15299	0.54788	1.00672
1990	0.65714	175	11.1991	0.82946	0.13710	0.63135	1.08975
1991	0.68156	179	12.5597	0.93024	0.12582	0.72399	1.19523
1992	0.53073	179	3.6303	0.26888	0.16068	0.19538	0.37003
1993	0.57062	177	6.7122	0.49714	0.14943	0.36932	0.66920
1994	0.65363	179	19.4755	1.44245	0.13080	1.11166	1.87168
1995	0.73446	177	23.2818	1.72437	0.11811	1.36269	2.18204
1996	0.61878	181	9.7908	0.72515	0.14138	0.54732	0.96078
1997	0.64045	178	16.3524	1.21114	0.13438	0.92683	1.58267
1998	0.55249	181	7.6931	0.56979	0.15470	0.41892	0.77499
1999	0.68132	182	16.6575	1.23374	0.12875	0.95468	1.59438
2000	0.68156	179	10.4400	0.77324	0.12927	0.59772	1.00029
2001	0.58696	184	8.0699	0.59770	0.14481	0.44808	0.79728
2002	0.59669	181	7.6371	0.56564	0.13997	0.42810	0.74736
2003	0.65574	183	13.7058	1.01512	0.13468	0.77636	1.32731
2004	0.78395	162	22.0336	1.63192	0.11631	1.29423	2.05772
2005	0.77957	186	16.5295	1.22426	0.10863	0.98582	1.52037
2006	0.66477	176	12.9572	0.95967	0.13277	0.73672	1.25010
2007	0.56647	173	9.3984	0.69610	0.15516	0.51132	0.94764
2008	0.61672	287	5.9126	0.43792	0.12049	0.34444	0.55676
2009	0.73260	273	25.5069	1.88917	0.10018	1.54693	2.30713
2010	0.59322	177	9.1741	0.67948	0.14864	0.50556	0.91322
2011	0.65169	178	10.6889	0.79168	0.14083	0.59817	1.04778

Table 5.3.1.6. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during SEAMAP groundfish surveys (EGOM / Summer) developed using the delta-lognormal model for 1982-2011. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (*N*), the DL Index (number per trawl-hour), the DL indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	<i>N</i>	DL Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1982	0.19444	36	2.8888	1.09250	0.54008	0.39718	3.00503
1983	0.28571	21	2.1433	0.81056	0.58033	0.27594	2.38097
1984	0.06897	29	0.2171	0.08210	1.16402	0.01290	0.52262
1985	0.27778	36	1.4967	0.56601	0.46155	0.23503	1.36310
1986	0.05714	35	0.1757	0.06645	1.20597	0.00999	0.44213
1987	0.21875	96	2.0033	0.75761	0.31616	0.40865	1.40459
1988	0.16176	68	1.5787	0.59705	0.44054	0.25716	1.38619
1989	0.26415	53	4.1722	1.57783	0.37850	0.75899	3.28007
1990	0.38235	68	3.2224	1.21863	0.27355	0.71210	2.08546
1991	0.34783	46	3.3646	1.27244	0.34726	0.64797	2.49872
1992	0.28261	46	7.0297	2.65851	0.38679	1.25984	5.60995
1993	0.20000	45	1.1508	0.43519	0.48819	0.17262	1.09715
1994	0.32787	61	2.6490	1.00182	0.31533	0.54120	1.85445
1995	0.18182	44	1.0238	0.38718	0.51995	0.14555	1.02992
1996	0.26087	46	1.9485	0.73688	0.41160	0.33403	1.62560
1997	0.34091	44	2.0989	0.79375	0.36108	0.39411	1.59867
1998	0.08571	35	0.6920	0.26170	0.85004	0.05988	1.14377
1999	0.11364	44	0.5000	0.18907	0.68469	0.05471	0.65341
2000	0.31111	45	2.0417	0.77212	0.37570	0.37331	1.59700
2001	0.13889	36	0.8554	0.32350	0.65950	0.09725	1.07606
2002	0.11364	44	0.8130	0.30746	0.66342	0.09188	1.02885
2003	0.20455	44	1.8220	0.68906	0.47948	0.27742	1.71150
2004	0.23077	39	1.9260	0.72836	0.47421	0.29591	1.79280
2005	0.30303	33	4.5320	1.71392	0.43577	0.74441	3.94612
2006	0.22222	45	1.2538	0.47415	0.45943	0.19761	1.13769
2007	0.56098	41	7.5152	2.84208	0.26799	1.67837	4.81268
2008	0.42593	54	11.7878	4.45790	0.28388	2.55457	7.77933
2009	0.27473	91	1.8817	0.71162	0.28979	0.40327	1.25575
2010	0.37838	37	4.6645	1.76404	0.36729	0.86601	3.59328
2011	0.29167	24	1.8788	0.71051	0.52792	0.26357	1.91531

Table 5.3.1.7. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during SEAMAP groundfish surveys (EGOM / Fall) developed using the delta-lognormal model for 1972-2011. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (*N*), the DL Index (number per trawl-hour), the DL indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	<i>N</i>	DL Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1972	0.67692	65	43.6574	3.27439	0.22927	2.08227	5.14903
1973	0.51304	115	7.1767	0.53826	0.18783	0.37090	0.78114
1974	0.40385	104	8.4347	0.63262	0.24490	0.39040	1.02512
1975	0.44086	93	6.9768	0.52328	0.22225	0.33729	0.81181
1976	0.45370	108	8.4324	0.63245	0.20645	0.42032	0.95164
1977	0.43299	97	11.6354	0.87268	0.24406	0.53942	1.41182
1978	0.45985	137	5.2682	0.39512	0.18587	0.27331	0.57123
1979	0.39450	109	4.1681	0.31261	0.21558	0.20412	0.47878
1980	0.49541	109	7.7914	0.58437	0.19938	0.39373	0.86733
1981	0.59434	106	26.9305	2.01984	0.19221	1.38000	2.95634
1982	0.71545	123	29.9358	2.24525	0.15134	1.66170	3.03372
1983	0.50505	99	4.3068	0.32302	0.19694	0.21867	0.47716
1984	0.34146	82	3.5334	0.26501	0.29985	0.14737	0.47657
1985	0.21348	89	1.6241	0.12181	0.30546	0.06703	0.22137
1986	0.12500	40	1.5295	0.11472	0.66374	0.03427	0.38407
1987	0.25000	44	2.5507	0.19130	0.43068	0.08384	0.43653
1988	0.36111	36	3.3413	0.25060	0.37730	0.12081	0.51983
1989	0.67442	43	49.8205	3.73664	0.28304	2.14463	6.51041
1990	0.71698	53	27.7674	2.08261	0.26237	1.24307	3.48916
1991	0.76087	46	31.7855	2.38397	0.22842	1.51852	3.74269
1992	0.42424	33	2.5964	0.19473	0.33867	0.10074	0.37641
1993	0.50000	72	18.8373	1.41283	0.29898	0.78693	2.53656
1994	0.52000	50	4.6211	0.34659	0.24565	0.21358	0.56242
1995	0.62500	40	9.6240	0.72182	0.24339	0.44675	1.16627
1996	0.52174	46	7.3109	0.54834	0.28379	0.31427	0.95672
1997	0.48889	45	12.2807	0.92108	0.30546	0.50684	1.67387
1998	0.45455	44	2.9987	0.22491	0.30515	0.12383	0.40848
1999	0.53488	43	7.9702	0.59778	0.28922	0.33912	1.05372
2000	0.65909	44	21.8594	1.63950	0.23221	1.03672	2.59275
2001	0.61905	21	6.8914	0.51687	0.38283	0.24669	1.08292
2002	0.44231	52	5.6057	0.42044	0.30216	0.23279	0.75935
2003	0.64935	77	16.4241	1.23184	0.22272	0.79331	1.91280
2004	0.41860	43	4.4729	0.33548	0.31992	0.17969	0.62634
2005	0.68182	44	9.7321	0.72993	0.24780	0.44796	1.18938
2006	0.89583	48	37.8969	2.84234	0.18441	1.97167	4.09750
2007	0.77419	31	24.5363	1.84027	0.24935	1.12604	3.00753
2008	0.51282	39	4.9821	0.37367	0.27418	0.21809	0.64023
2009	0.80000	60	40.5835	3.04384	0.23536	1.91311	4.84287
2010	0.53333	30	4.7111	0.35335	0.36541	0.17406	0.71730
2011	0.40000	20	2.7178	0.20384	0.44724	0.08677	0.47884

Table 5.3.2.1. Indices of abundance for larval red snapper collected during the Fall SEAMAP Plankton Survey (Eastern Gulf of Mexico) developed using a frequency of occurrence model for 1986-2010. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (*N*), the Index, the indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	<i>N</i>	Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1986	0.00000	53	0	0			
1987	0.03509	57	0.06373	0.88099	1.56081	0.09549	8.12799
1988	0.03125	32	0.0312	0.43127	1.96039	0.03498	5.31755
1989	0.00000	34	0	0			
1990	0.00000	39	0	0			
1991	0.04651	43	0.06353	0.87824	0.87899	0.19339	3.9884
1992	0.00000	46	0	0			
1993	0.00000	50	0	0			
1994	0.01639	61	0.01426	0.19707	0.43662	0.08547	0.45441
1995	0.03448	58	0.03547	0.49037	1.01435	0.09119	2.63703
1996	0.00000	61	0	0			
1997	0.03390	59	0.04109	0.56798	0.90692	0.12062	2.67463
1998							
1999	0.05085	59	0.05716	0.79011	0.3223	0.42134	1.48165
2000	0.06780	59	0.07255	1.00289	1.1405	0.16158	6.22461
2001	0.05085	59	0.07069	0.97717	0.61022	0.31717	3.0106
2002	0.05128	39	0.06033	0.83394	1.69951	0.08109	8.5768
2003	0.06667	60	0.07549	1.04349	0.75188	0.27356	3.98035
2004	0.02439	41	0.0153	0.21148	2.46211	0.01291	3.46467
2005							
2006	0.05085	59	0.05459	0.75466	1.02735	0.13819	4.12123
2007	0.09677	62	0.13728	1.89767	0.32556	1.00584	3.58022
2008							
2009	0.06452	62	0.08567	1.18421	0.8961	0.25501	5.4991
2010	0.15000	60	0.27912	3.85845	0.31648	2.07995	7.15771

Table 5.3.2.2. Indices of abundance for larval red snapper collected during the Fall SEAMAP Plankton Survey (Western Gulf of Mexico) adjusted to 10.5 days old developed using the delta-lognormal model for 1986-2010. The nominal frequency of occurrence, the number of samples (N), the DL Index (number under 10 m² sea surface), the DL indices scaled to a mean of one for the time series, the coefficient of variation on the mean (CV), and lower and upper confidence limits (LCL and UCL) for the scaled index are listed.

Survey Year	Frequency	N	DL Index	Scaled Index	CV	LCL	UCL
1986	0.08163	49	1.72024	0.51313	0.81893	0.12245	2.15016
1987	0.07273	55	2.16447	0.64563	0.67184	0.19048	2.18833
1988	0.00000	28					
1989	0.14286	28	3.19923	0.95429	0.75494	0.24908	3.65609
1990	0.19355	31	2.13106	0.63567	0.53839	0.23175	1.74360
1991	0.09677	31	0.54755	0.16333	0.76633	0.04194	0.63598
1992	0.12727	55	0.94156	0.28085	0.42395	0.12455	0.63331
1993	0.12727	55	1.23128	0.36727	0.47201	0.14978	0.90062
1994	0.07273	55	0.95695	0.28544	0.65262	0.08672	0.93952
1995	0.23636	55	3.84496	1.14690	0.34376	0.58781	2.23774
1996	0.16364	55	2.19804	0.65564	0.40881	0.29868	1.43922
1997	0.25926	54	4.13821	1.23437	0.32949	0.64952	2.34583
1998							
1999	0.14545	55	1.89683	0.56580	0.43937	0.24420	1.31093
2000	0.27273	55	6.06269	1.80842	0.33602	0.94017	3.47848
2001	0.14894	47	4.83119	1.44108	0.48318	0.57652	3.60214
2002	0.22222	54	3.48667	1.04003	0.38893	0.49097	2.20311
2003	0.29630	54	7.83030	2.33567	0.37476	1.13118	4.82272
2004	0.22222	54	3.57389	1.06604	0.36625	0.52433	2.16741
2005							
2006	0.23077	52	6.86608	2.04806	0.43882	0.88480	4.74069
2007	0.29630	54	5.32629	1.58876	0.31580	0.85753	2.94353
2008							
2009	0.30909	55	5.39710	1.60988	0.26593	0.95443	2.71545
2010	0.14815	54	2.05759	0.61375	0.43108	0.26878	1.40148

Table 5.3.3.1. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during NMFS Bottom Longline Surveys (West GOM). *Frequency* listed is nominal frequency, *N* is the number of bottom longline stations, *Index* is the abundance index in CPUE units, *Scaled Index* is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series, *CV* is the coefficient of variation on the index value, and *LCL* and *UCL* are 95% confidence limits.

<i>Survey Year</i>	<i>Frequency</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>Scaled Index</i>	<i>CV</i>	<i>LCL</i>	<i>UCL</i>
1996	0.03125	32	0.0490	0.08784	1.2370	0.0127	0.6033
			2		4	9	4
1997	0.08247	97	0.5719	1.02482	0.5142	0.3889	2.6999
			7		0	9	2
1999	0.02500	80	0.1038	0.18605	0.8667	0.0416	0.8314
			4		6	3	4
2000	0.25926	108	0.7321	1.31184	0.2462	0.8074	2.1314
			7		9	1	1
2001	0.18519	135	0.5407	0.96893	0.2550	0.5864	1.6008
			8		5	6	4
2002	0.22152	158	0.4871	0.87281	0.2136	0.5720	1.3316
			3		2	5	9
2003	0.19048	105	0.5285	0.94709	0.2801	0.5465	1.6410
			9		2	9	5
2004	0.19608	102	0.6101	1.09313	0.2783	0.6329	1.8878
			0		7	7	3
2006	0.15584	77	0.4488	0.80429	0.3635	0.3975	1.6272
			9		6	3	3
2007	0.14754	61	0.4659	0.83488	0.4177	0.3743	1.8618
			7		0	7	8
2008	0.22222	27	0.5256	0.94176	0.4931	0.3704	2.3941
			2		0	5	8
2009	0.27059	85	0.9840	1.76314	0.2528	1.0717	2.9006
			4		3	1	5
2010	0.15094	53	0.4047	0.72512	0.4519	0.3061	1.7174
			1		7	5	9
2011	0.24823	282	1.3608	2.43831	0.1460	1.8236	3.2601
			7		0	5	4

Table 5.3.3.2. Indices of abundance for red snapper collected during NMFS Bottom Longline Surveys (East GOM). *Frequency* listed is nominal frequency, *N* is the number of bottom longline stations, *Index* is the abundance index in CPUE units, *Scaled Index* is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series, *CV* is the coefficient of variation on the index value, and *LCL* and *UCL* are 95% confidence limits.

<i>Survey Year</i>	<i>Frequency</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>Scaled Index</i>	<i>CV</i>	<i>LCL</i>	<i>UCL</i>
1996	0.01923	52	0.01989	0.31973	1.15337	0.05080	2.01230
1997	0.01389	72	0.01282	0.20605	1.15578	0.03265	1.30017
1999	0.03546	141	0.07450	1.19741	0.52048	0.44974	3.18801
2000	0.00775	129	0.00738	0.11866	1.15853	0.01875	0.75093
2001	0.02128	141	0.02927	0.47048	0.67350	0.13846	1.59867
2002	0.03175	63	0.03259	0.52371	0.81883	0.12500	2.19419
2003	0.02857	175	0.04855	0.78021	0.52186	0.29237	2.08204
2004	0.02740	145	0.05216	0.83827	0.58298	0.28416	2.47288
2005	0.02000	50	0.04068	0.65377	1.15303	0.10392	4.11311
2006	0.03448	58	0.03715	0.59708	0.81796	0.14268	2.49862
2007	0.02778	72	0.07019	1.12808	0.82008	0.26879	4.73448
2009	0.07368	95	0.10785	1.73327	0.43416	0.75495	3.97940
2010	0.12632	95	0.15987	2.56944	0.32563	1.36175	4.84820
2011	0.08571	315	0.17819	2.86383	0.22206	1.84665	4.44132

Table 5.3.4.1. West GOM red snapper Lo and standardized index of abundance by year for model based runs for the SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey.

<i>Survey Year</i>	<i>Frequency</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Lo Index</i>	<i>Scaled Index</i>	<i>CV</i>	<i>LCL</i>	<i>UCL</i>
1993	0.17021	47	0.32502	0.55434	0.46715	0.22797	1.34800
1994	0.22222	45	0.40985	0.69902	0.41710	0.31378	1.55724
1995	0.22892	83	0.31509	0.53741	0.29894	0.29936	0.96476
1996	0.23392	171	0.32834	0.55999	0.24919	0.34276	0.91490
1997	0.54135	133	0.88256	1.50526	0.15520	1.10561	2.04936
2001	0.28889	45	0.41267	0.70384	0.35269	0.35486	1.39599
2002	0.38144	97	0.54674	0.93250	0.22054	0.60306	1.44191
2004	0.30000	50	0.55731	0.95052	0.29913	0.52927	1.70702
2005	0.38235	136	0.66606	1.13601	0.17575	0.80148	1.61017
2006	0.20588	136	0.27406	0.46743	0.29992	0.25990	0.84069
2007	0.39241	158	0.76710	1.30833	0.16188	0.94846	1.80474
2008	0.28467	137	0.40156	0.68489	0.23416	0.43146	1.08718
2009	0.35028	177	0.64564	1.10117	0.17019	0.78538	1.54394
2010	0.53333	105	1.30970	2.23376	0.18087	1.56025	3.19800
2011	0.40367	109	0.95308	1.62553	0.16231	1.17741	2.24421

Table 5.3.4.2. East GOM red snapper Lo and standardized index of abundance by year for model based runs for the SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey.

<i>Survey Year</i>	<i>Frequency</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Lo Index</i>	<i>Scaled Index</i>	<i>CV</i>	<i>LCL</i>	<i>UCL</i>
1993	0.05785	121	0.01032	0.14507	2.28759	0.00970	2.17045
1994	0.02062	97	0.00288	0.04046	6.26370	0.00087	1.89067
1995	0.04444	180	0.00302	0.04240	4.16360	0.00140	1.28472
1996	0.06623	151	0.00720	0.10113	2.56188	0.00588	1.73942
1997	0.03049	164	0.00861	0.12102	2.71622	0.00655	2.23463
2002	0.15294	170	0.07411	1.04138	0.80026	0.25499	4.25291
2004	0.20000	150	0.07826	1.09977	0.77984	0.27708	4.36508
2005	0.19636	275	0.10491	1.47423	0.67608	0.43216	5.02901
2006	0.08865	282	0.04482	0.62979	0.92859	0.13010	3.04874
2007	0.15710	331	0.07977	1.12090	0.72005	0.30775	4.08259
2008	0.10753	279	0.07523	1.05708	0.80929	0.25563	4.37123
2009	0.13356	292	0.10527	1.47920	0.69914	0.41887	5.22366
2010	0.25000	240	0.17141	2.40863	0.61045	0.78150	7.42349
2011	0.27746	346	0.23050	3.23892	0.56357	1.13300	9.25916

Table 5.3.4.3. Red snapper lengths (fork lengths in mm) measured by laser from video tapes (1995-2007) and by stereo still cameras (2008-2010) for the SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Survey.

Year	East Gulf					West Gulf				
	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	SE	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	SE
1995	0	-	-	-	-	9	430.0	766.0	582.33	38.09
1996	0	-	-	-	-	110	214.0	860.0	449.62	10.64
1997	134	236.0	758.0	406.52	9.56	0	-	-	-	-
2001	0	-	-	-	-	13	400.0	725.0	593.15	27.19
2002	0	-	-	-	-	195	245.0	917.0	506.83	8.16
2004	1044	207.0	915.0	417.97	3.25	0	-	-	-	-
2005	259	146.0	790.0	476.37	6.69	191	200.0	733.0	446.62	7.59
2006	103	183.0	752.0	412.33	14.90	63	276.0	668.0	442.63	13.16
2007	389	190.0	874.0	386.77	5.06	273	213.0	868.0	443.60	8.13
2008	24	284.2	834.0	459.93	27.59	23	287.7	721.9	470.06	26.34
2009	27	275.0	583.0	370.63	13.48	120	253.0	545.0	375.46	6.34
2010	72	290.6	798.6	514.81	13.03	71	271.4	742.5	415.60	11.91
2011	122	294.69	865.55	512.07	9.64	45	205.69	735.59	468.08	31.34

Table 5.3.5.1. Summary of annual stationary underwater camera array (SUCA) sampling effort by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011 for the FWC reef fish survey. Values represent total number of sampling stations, while values in parentheses represent the total number of individual gear deployments (1 – 2 arrays deployed per station).

Region	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
TBN	5 (10)	25 (34)	16 (24)	56 (122)	102 (190)
TBO	18 (33)	33 (66)	25 (50)	49 (72)	125 (221)
CHN	20 (38)	28 (43)	23 (46)	35 (60)	106 (187)
CHO	24 (48)	30 (60)	29 (56)	41 (55)	124 (219)
Total	67 (129)	116 (203)	93 (176)	181 (309)	457 (817)

Table 5.3.5.2. Summary of chevron trap sampling effort by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011 for the FWC reef fish survey. Values represent total number of sampling stations, while values in parentheses represent the total number of individual gear deployments (1 – 4 chevron traps deployed per station).

Region	2008	2009	2010	2011	Total
TBN	8 (32)	25 (84)	18 (60)	63 (141)	114 (317)
TBO	18 (72)	33 (132)	26 (78)	49 (70)	126 (352)
CHN	21 (84)	29 (102)	23 (69)	35 (40)	108 (295)
CHO	26 (104)	30 (120)	31 (93)	49 (65)	136 (382)
Total	73 (292)	117 (438)	98 (300)	196 (316)	484 (1346)

Table 5.3.6.1. Annual % frequencies of occurrence of red snapper in trap and video samples east and west of Cape San Blas, and total number of sites sampled for the PC NMFS video survey. Data from all sites were included for trap estimates; censored data sets were used to calculate video frequencies.

Year	Chevron trap				Video			
	Total sites sampled		% Freq. Occur.		Total sites sampled		% Freq. Occur.	
	East	West	East	West	East	West	East	West
2004	53	33	3.8	63.6				
2005	77	24	6.5	87.5	31		9.7	
2006	89	25	7.9	88.0	47	24	25.5	95.8
2007	57	26	7.0	69.2	29	23	13.8	100.0
2008	51	29	0	86.2	56	29	8.9	96.6
2009	53	30	35.8	86.7	62	42	45.2	100.0
2010	53	17	18.9	47.1	95	52	46.3	92.3
2011	50	32	20.0	84.4	99	57	26.3	91.2

Table 5.3.6.2. Mean annual video min counts, standard errors, and sample sizes of red snapper east and west of Cape San Blas, 2005-2011 for the PC NMFS video survey. Estimates calculated using censored data sets (see Methods).

Year	Total sites sampled		Mean nominal min count		Standard error	
	East	West	East	West	East	West
2005	31		0.129		0.077	
2006	47	24	0.830	7.583	0.581	1.103
2007	29	23	0.345	10.348	0.974	1.537
2008	56	29	0.089	6.345	0.428	0.826
2009	62	42	1.452	10.452	0.723	1.375
2010	95	52	1.305	6.942	0.409	0.915
2011	99	57	0.515	5.491	0.318	0.672

Table 5.3.6.3. PC Video abundance indices for red snapper. *Frequency* listed is nominal frequency, *N* is the number of video stations, *Index* is the abundance index in CPUE units, *Scaled Index* is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series, *CV* is the coefficient of variation on the index value, and *LCL* and *UCL* are 95% confidence limits.

<i>Survey Year</i>	<i>Frequency</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>Index</i>	<i>Scaled Index</i>	<i>CV</i>	<i>LCL</i>	<i>UCL</i>
2005	0.09677	31	2.60619	0.68621	0.60876	0.22324	2.10931
2006	0.49296	71	5.12543	1.34953	0.18824	0.92917	1.96005
2007	0.51923	52	4.50183	1.18533	0.26125	0.70902	1.98164
2008	0.38824	85	2.54182	0.66926	0.26481	0.39762	1.12648
2009	0.67308	104	5.70097	1.50107	0.12231	1.17641	1.91532
2010	0.62585	147	3.90904	1.02925	0.15843	0.75121	1.41020
2011	0.50633	158	2.20034	0.57935	0.18720	0.39970	0.83974

Table 5.4.1.1. Index values, upper confidence limits, lower confidence limits, and coefficient of variation for the recommended censored regression fit private/for hire mode index for red snapper for Fishery Dependent Recreational Surveys.

Year	<u>EASTERN GULF</u>				<u>WESTERN GULF</u>			
	Index	UCI	LCI	CV	Index	UCI	LCI	CV
1981	0.498	1.562	0.159	0.621	0.253	1.136	0.056	0.870
1982	0.328	1.101	0.098	0.665	0.546	1.383	0.216	0.491
1983	1.101	3.453	0.351	0.622	1.206	2.147	0.677	0.295
1984	0.645	2.801	0.149	0.845	0.574	1.090	0.302	0.329
1985	0.793	2.537	0.248	0.635	0.250	0.484	0.129	0.340
1986	0.308	0.950	0.100	0.611	0.526	0.991	0.279	0.325
1987	0.545	0.996	0.298	0.308	0.621	1.228	0.314	0.351
1988	0.172	0.358	0.082	0.381	0.599	1.156	0.310	0.338
1989	0.103	0.223	0.047	0.403	0.560	1.131	0.277	0.363
1990	0.106	0.248	0.045	0.445	0.381	0.719	0.202	0.326
1991	0.267	0.544	0.131	0.368	0.918	1.748	0.482	0.330
1992	0.560	0.971	0.323	0.280	0.977	1.678	0.569	0.275
1993	0.465	0.866	0.250	0.319	1.032	1.810	0.589	0.286
1994	0.299	0.589	0.152	0.349	1.155	1.995	0.669	0.278
1995	0.305	0.637	0.146	0.381	1.312	2.164	0.795	0.254
1996	0.381	0.790	0.184	0.376	1.010	1.674	0.609	0.257
1997	1.033	1.882	0.567	0.307	0.886	1.471	0.533	0.258
1998	1.559	2.338	1.040	0.205	0.921	1.529	0.555	0.258
1999	1.207	1.707	0.854	0.174	0.552	0.922	0.331	0.261
2000	1.158	1.704	0.787	0.195	0.680	1.141	0.406	0.263
2001	0.972	1.464	0.645	0.207	0.643	1.098	0.377	0.272
2002	1.517	2.265	1.015	0.203	0.804	1.343	0.482	0.261
2003	1.277	1.892	0.861	0.199	0.667	1.111	0.401	0.259
2004	1.083	1.539	0.763	0.177	0.616	1.018	0.373	0.255
2005	0.845	1.242	0.575	0.194	0.884	1.466	0.533	0.257
2006	0.988	1.497	0.652	0.210	0.711	1.126	0.449	0.233
2007	2.866	4.410	1.863	0.218	1.866	3.049	1.142	0.249
2008	2.690	3.849	1.880	0.181	1.775	2.892	1.089	0.248
2009	1.708	2.745	1.063	0.240	2.256	3.722	1.368	0.254
2010	3.439	5.433	2.177	0.232	3.308	6.082	1.799	0.312
2011	1.781	2.840	1.117	0.236	2.512	4.226	1.493	0.265

Table 5.4.1.2. Index values, upper confidence limits, lower confidence limits, and coefficient of variation for the recommended censored regression fit headboat mode index for red snapper for Fishery Dependent Recreational Surveys.

Year	<u>EASTERN GULF</u>				<u>WESTERN GULF</u>			
	Index	UCI	LCI	CV	Index	UCI	LCI	CV
1986	0.114	0.468	0.028	0.802	0.642	1.012	0.407	0.230
1987	0.125	0.512	0.030	0.803	0.768	1.150	0.514	0.203
1988	0.166	0.660	0.042	0.780	0.929	1.382	0.624	0.201
1989	0.188	0.749	0.047	0.782	0.812	1.198	0.551	0.196
1990	0.204	0.817	0.051	0.787	0.587	0.864	0.399	0.195
1991	0.243	0.980	0.060	0.791	0.949	1.451	0.621	0.215
1992	0.359	1.426	0.090	0.781	1.667	2.566	1.083	0.218
1993	0.468	1.822	0.120	0.766	1.691	2.557	1.119	0.209
1994	0.372	1.474	0.094	0.780	1.331	1.962	0.903	0.196
1995	0.313	1.245	0.079	0.782	1.400	2.146	0.913	0.216
1996	0.468	1.810	0.121	0.761	1.457	2.363	0.898	0.245
1997	0.783	3.005	0.204	0.756	1.577	2.418	1.029	0.216
1998	1.200	4.653	0.309	0.763	1.343	2.082	0.867	0.222
1999	1.149	4.411	0.299	0.757	0.421	0.643	0.275	0.214
2000	1.145	4.406	0.297	0.758	0.567	0.892	0.361	0.229
2001	1.100	4.237	0.285	0.759	0.821	1.464	0.460	0.296
2002	1.602	6.194	0.414	0.761	0.711	1.212	0.417	0.272
2003	1.443	5.569	0.374	0.760	0.609	0.999	0.371	0.251
2004	1.147	4.433	0.297	0.761	0.459	0.748	0.282	0.248
2005	1.165	4.556	0.298	0.769	0.507	0.823	0.312	0.246
2006	0.680	2.647	0.174	0.767	0.598	1.029	0.348	0.276
2007	1.440	5.857	0.354	0.797	1.098	2.035	0.593	0.316
2008	1.819	7.386	0.448	0.796	1.185	3.333	0.421	0.554
2009	3.357	13.831	0.815	0.807	1.240	2.217	0.693	0.297
2010	3.152	12.583	0.789	0.784	1.253	2.599	0.604	0.377
2011	1.798	9.101	0.355	0.964	1.376	3.939	0.481	0.564

Table 5.4.2.1. Vertical line standardized index of abundance and CVs for red snapper (1990-2006) in the Gulf of Mexico.

YEAR	Eastern GOM		Western GOM	
	Standardized Index	CV (Index)	Standardized Index	CV (Index)
1990	0.265945	0.8731	0.66143	0.2429
1991	0.420385	0.69	1.08012	0.2171
1992	1.268586	0.631	1.76699	0.2252
1993	0.698897	0.6026	1.15677	0.1623
1994	0.626484	0.6033	1.15504	0.1625
1995	0.745558	0.6196	1.3402	0.1624
1996	0.4489	0.6860	1.3387	0.1622
1997	0.3675	0.7141	1.1762	0.1621
1998	1.2883	0.6803	0.9335	0.1621
1999	0.7796	0.6920	0.8658	0.1623
2000	1.4717	0.6859	0.9879	0.1624
2001	1.3417	0.6899	0.8514	0.1623
2002	1.6504	0.6720	0.8156	0.1624
2003	1.4638	0.6646	0.7899	0.1624
2004	1.6566	0.6993	0.6571	0.1624
2005	1.3668	0.6758	0.5891	0.1625
2006	1.1386	0.6858	0.8341	0.1628

Table 5.4.3.1. Months when head boat trips were sampled and recreational red snapper harvest was either closed the entire month (X), open during any portion of the month in both state and federal waters adjacent to Florida (O), or open only in state waters (S). No trips were sampled during 2008 or the first half of 2009 due to funding. (Recreational hook-and-line fishing on head boats)

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2005	X	X	X	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X
2006	X	X	X	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X
2007	X	X	X	S	S	O	O	O	S	S	X	X
2008												
2009						O	O	O	X	X	X	X
2010*	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	X	X	O	O	X
2011	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	X	X	X	X	X
2012	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	ONGOING				

*Portions of federal EEZ and state territorial seas in northwest Florida closed to fishing during June through August due to Deepwater Horizon.

Table 5.4.3.2. Index from delta-gamma model of rates of undersized red snapper released by head boat anglers per trip from trips where average depth fished was 50 feet or deeper. The proportion positives were obtained by the binomial sub-model, and the positives from the product of the binomial and gamma sub-model estimates. Monte Carlo simulations were used to estimate the means, standard errors, and cv values for the delta-gamma model. (Recreational hook-and-line fishing on head boats)

Year	proportion		n (positives)	Mean	Std Error	Lower	Upper	CV (%)
	positives	n (all)						
2005	0.866	19	13	0.674	0.234	0.423	1.179	34.71
2006	0.758	15	7	0.799	0.388	0.219	1.168	48.53
2007	0.603	8	6	0.768	0.449	0.289	1.623	58.41
2008								
2009	0.579	27	16	0.461	0.191	0.180	0.885	41.53
2010	0.461	24	12	0.296	0.141	0.120	0.675	47.70
2011	0.227	24	9	0.042	0.026	0.015	0.095	61.01
total		117	63					

Table 5.4.3.3. Index re-scaled to grand mean from the n-weighted annual means. (Recreational hook-and-line fishing on head boats)

Year	n (positives)	Mean	Std Error	Lower	Upper	CV (%)
2006	7	1.664	0.807	0.456	2.432	48.53
2007	6	1.598	0.934	0.602	3.377	58.41
2008						
2009	16	0.960	0.399	0.374	1.841	41.53
2010	12	0.616	0.294	0.249	1.405	47.70
2011	9	0.088	0.054	0.030	0.198	61.01

5.8 Figures

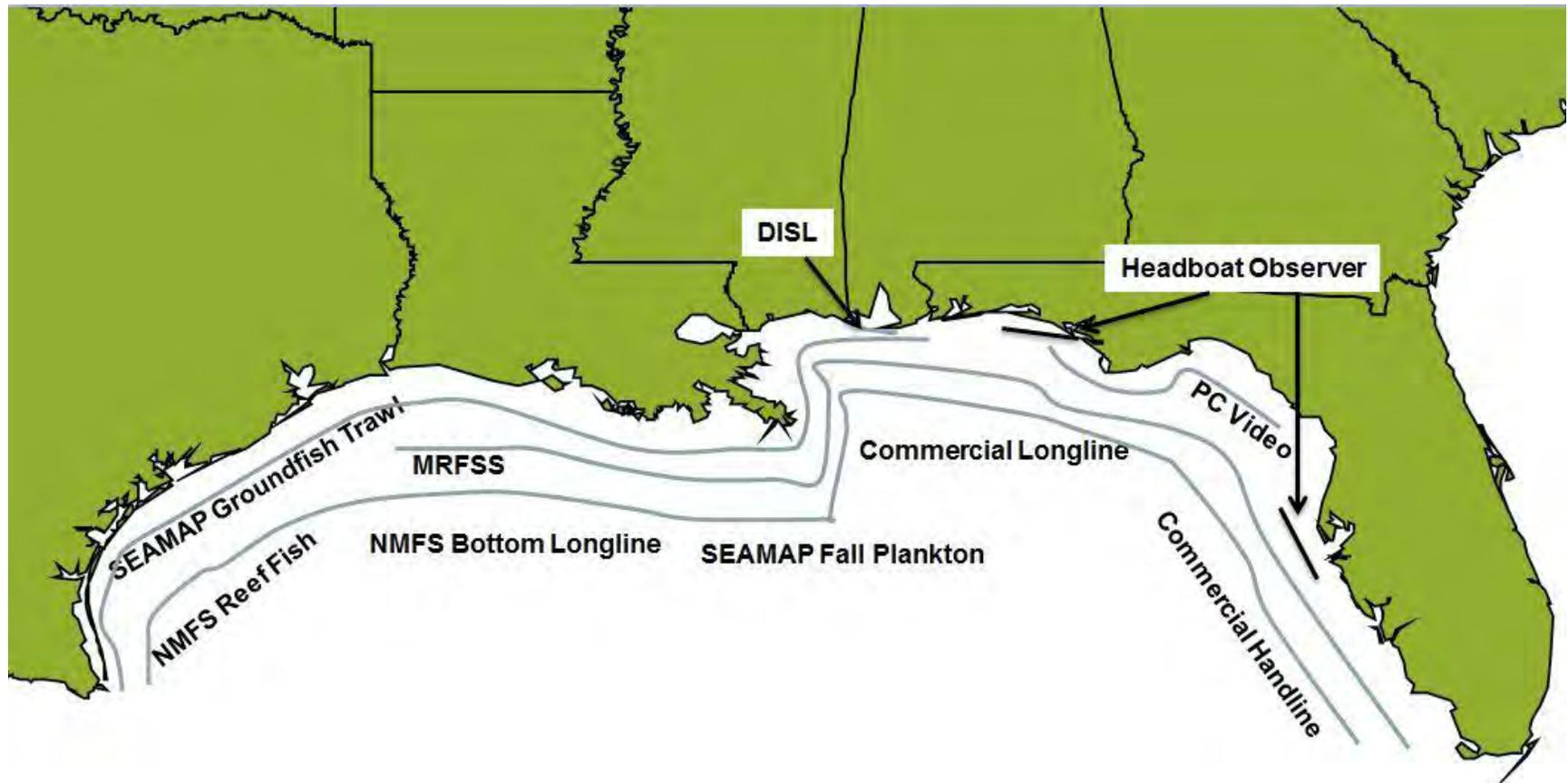


Figure 5.1.1. Spatial coverage of datasets used to develop indices.

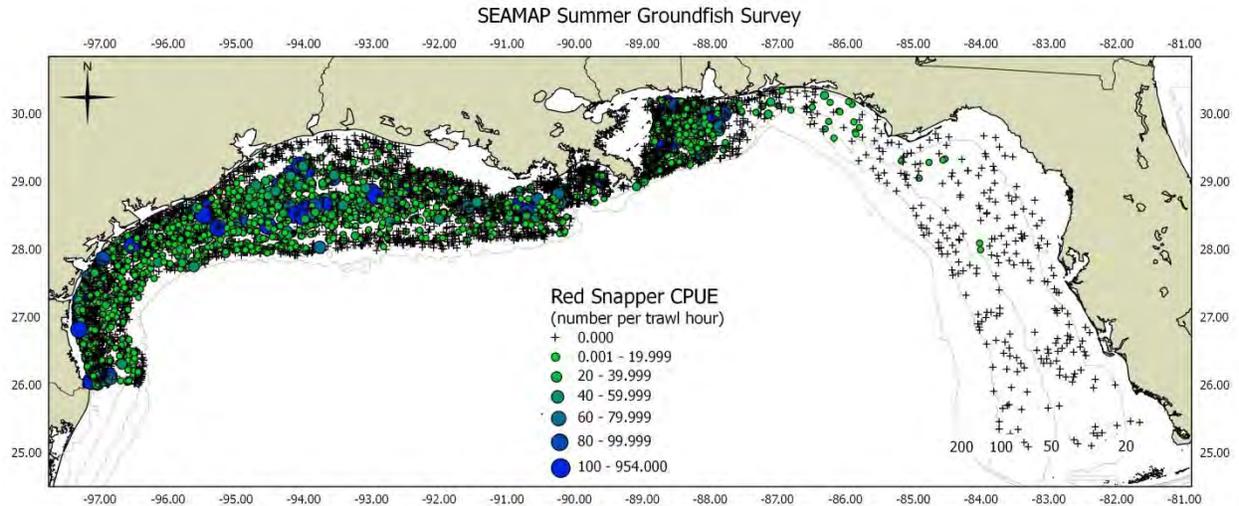


Figure 5.3.1.1. Stations sampled from 1982 to 2011 during the Summer SEAMAP Groundfish Survey with the CPUE for red snapper.

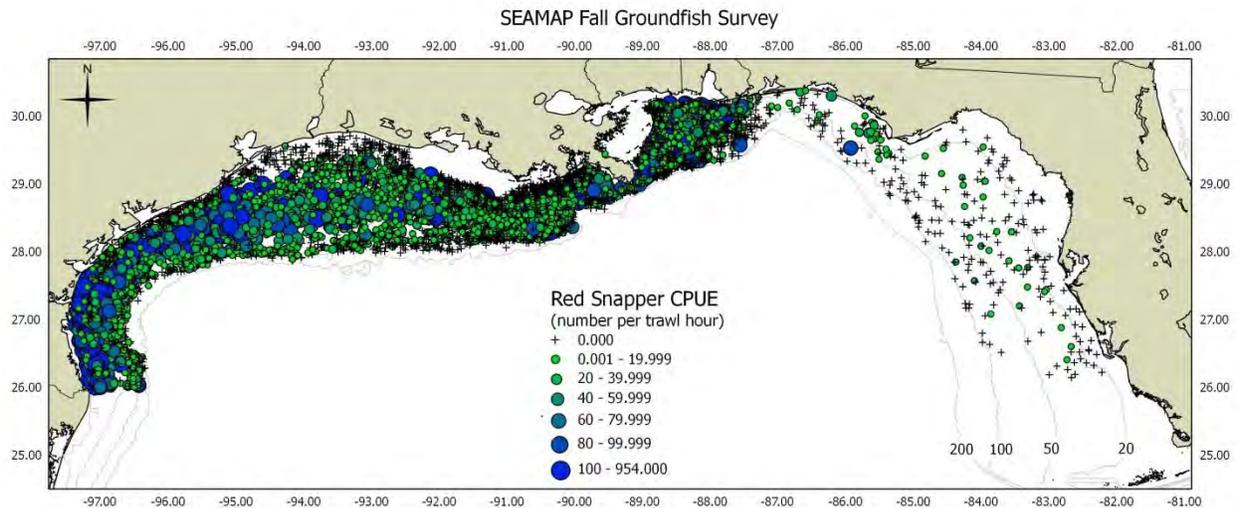


Figure 5.3.1.2. Stations sampled from 1972 to 2011 during the Fall SEAMAP Groundfish Survey with the CPUE for red snapper.

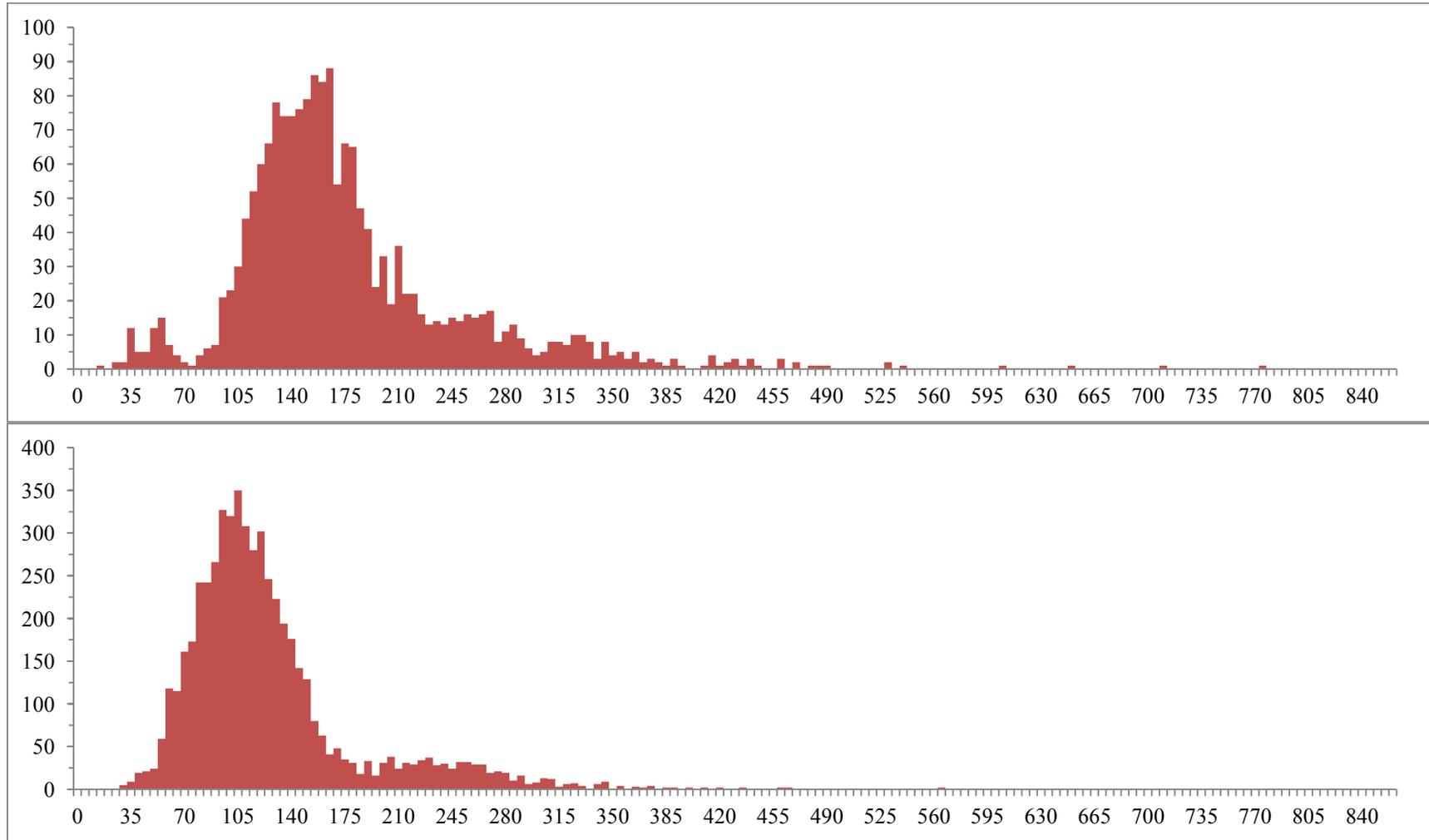


Figure 5.3.1.3. Length frequency histograms for red snapper captured in the eastern Gulf of Mexico during the Summer (top) and Fall (bottom) SEAMAP Groundfish surveys from 1987-2010.

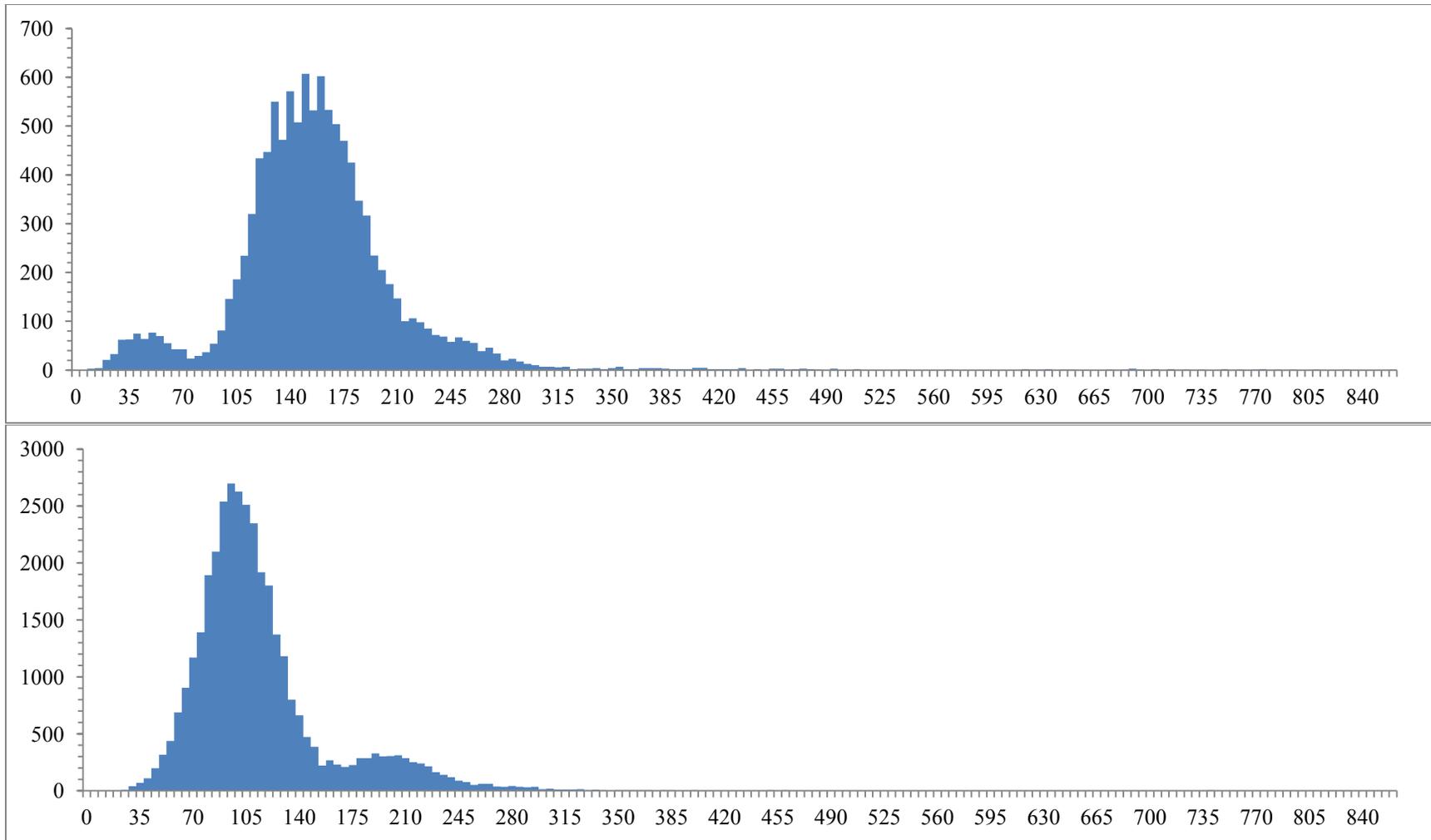


Figure 5.3.1.4. Length frequency histograms for red snapper captured in the western Gulf of Mexico during the Summer (top) and Fall (bottom) SEAMAP Groundfish surveys from 1987-2010.

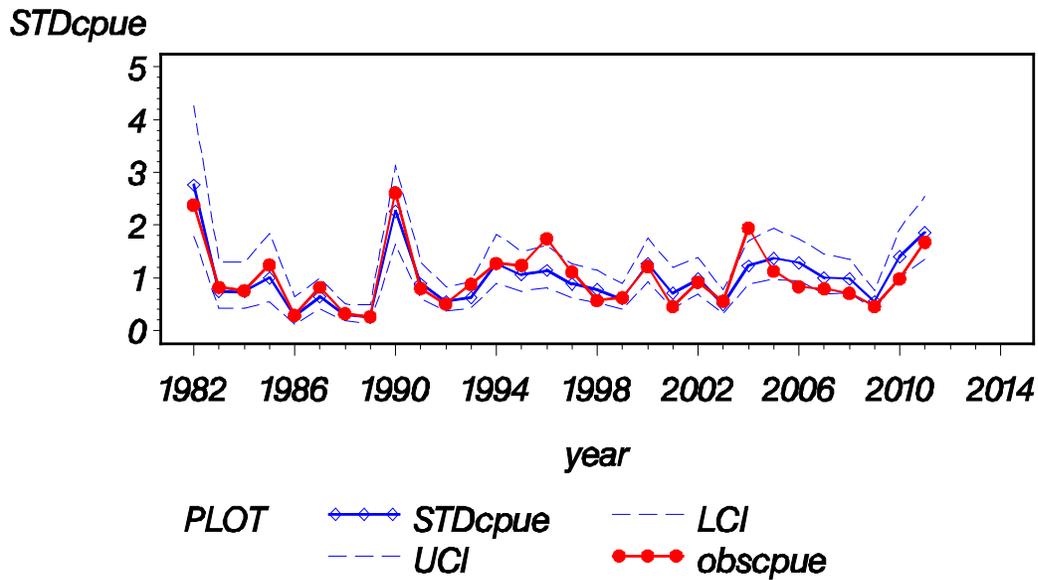


Figure 5.3.1.5. Annual index of abundance for red snapper (WGOM / Summer) from the SEAMAP Groundfish Survey from 1982 – 2011.

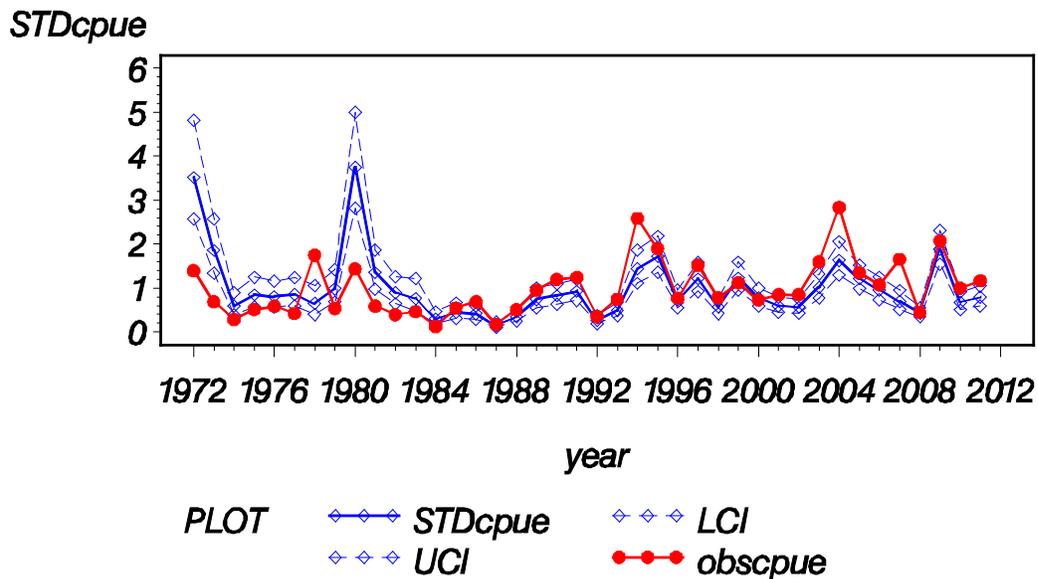


Figure 5.3.1.6. Annual index of abundance for red snapper (WGOM / Fall) from the SEAMAP Groundfish Survey from 1972 – 2011.

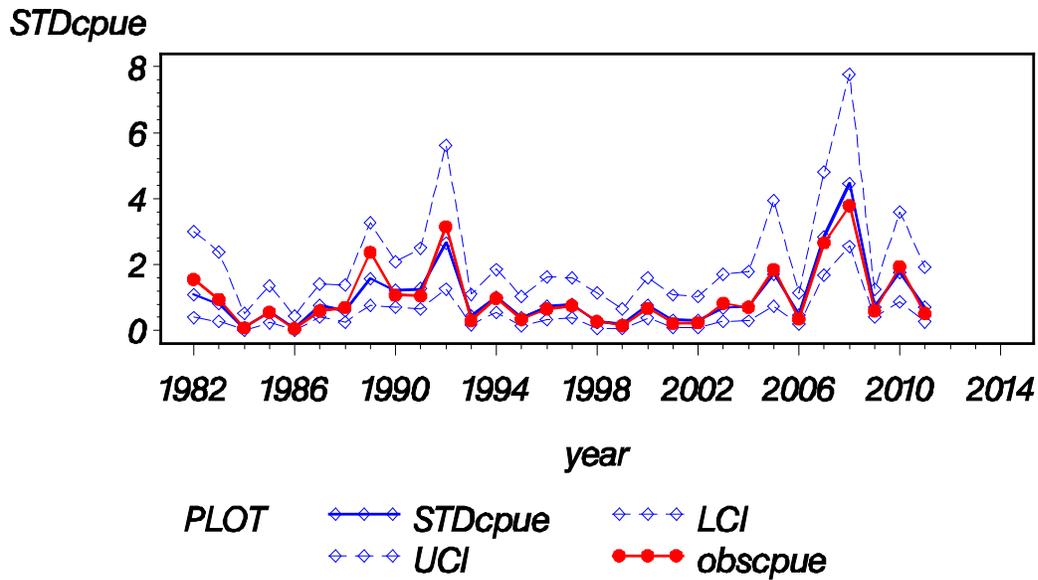


Figure 5.3.1.7. Annual index of abundance for red snapper (EGOM / Summer) from the SEAMAP Groundfish Survey from 1982 – 2011.

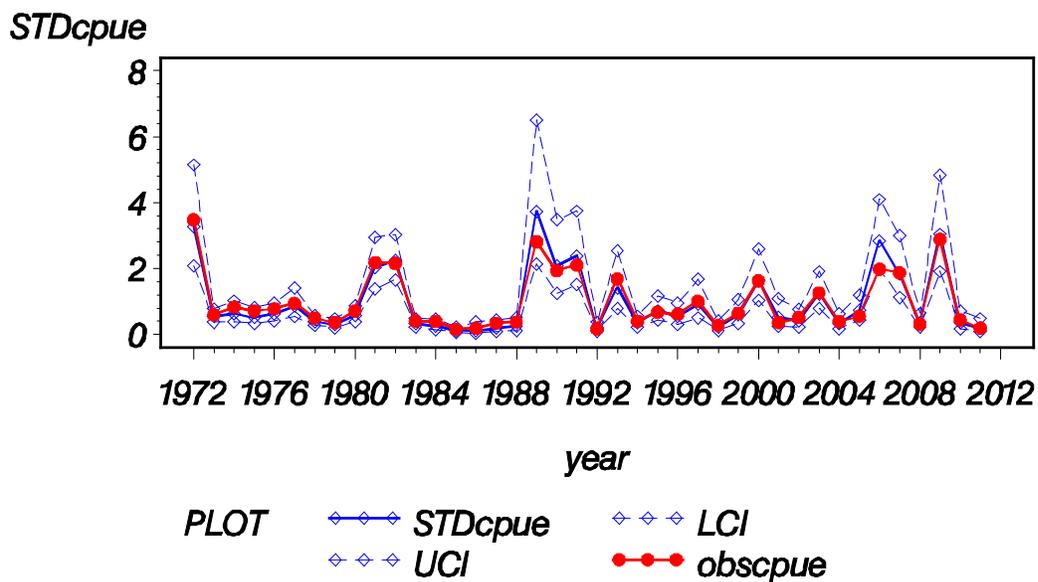


Figure 5.3.1.8. Annual index of abundance for red snapper (EGOM / Fall) from the SEAMAP Groundfish Survey from 1972 – 2011.

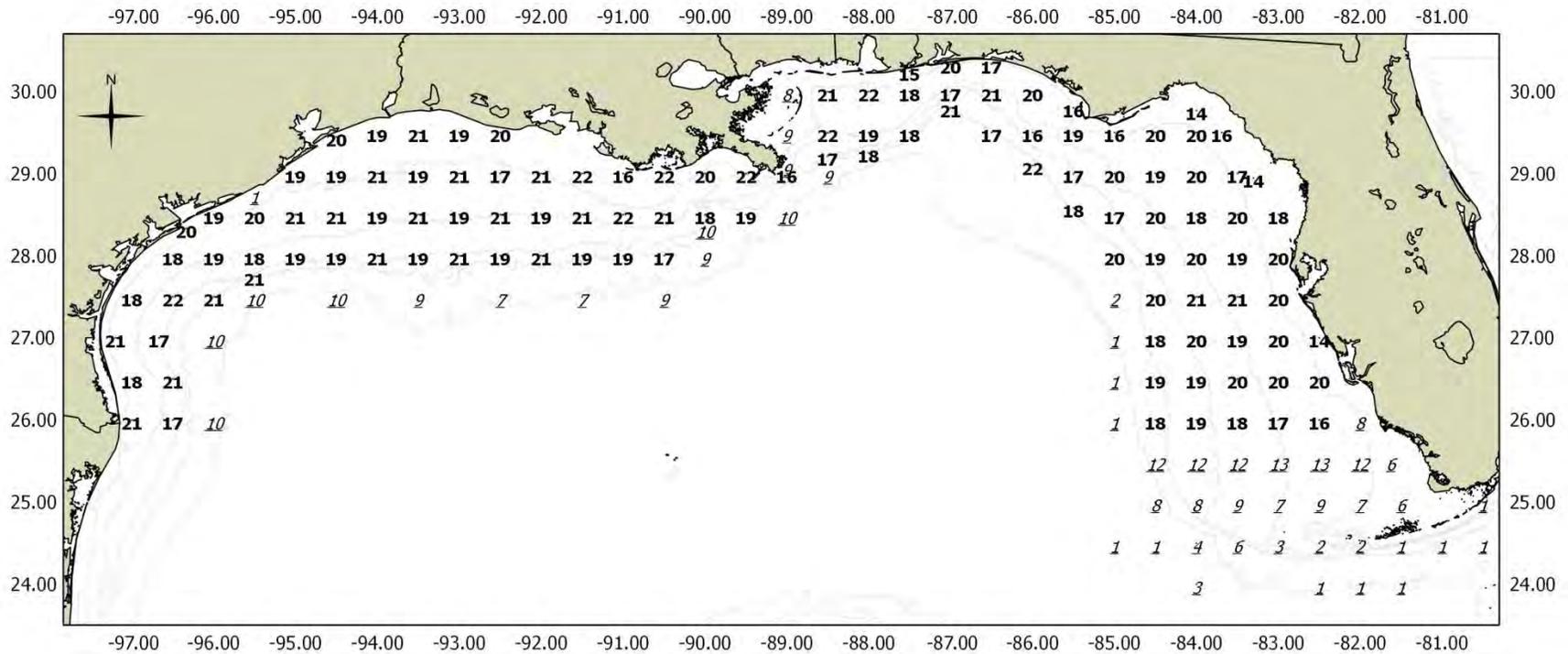


Figure 5.3.2.1. Number of samples taken at each SEAMAP B-number location from 1986-2010 during the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey. Bold numbers represent locations that were sampled at least 14 times (60%) during the survey and were included in analysis while those underlined and in italics were not included in the analysis.

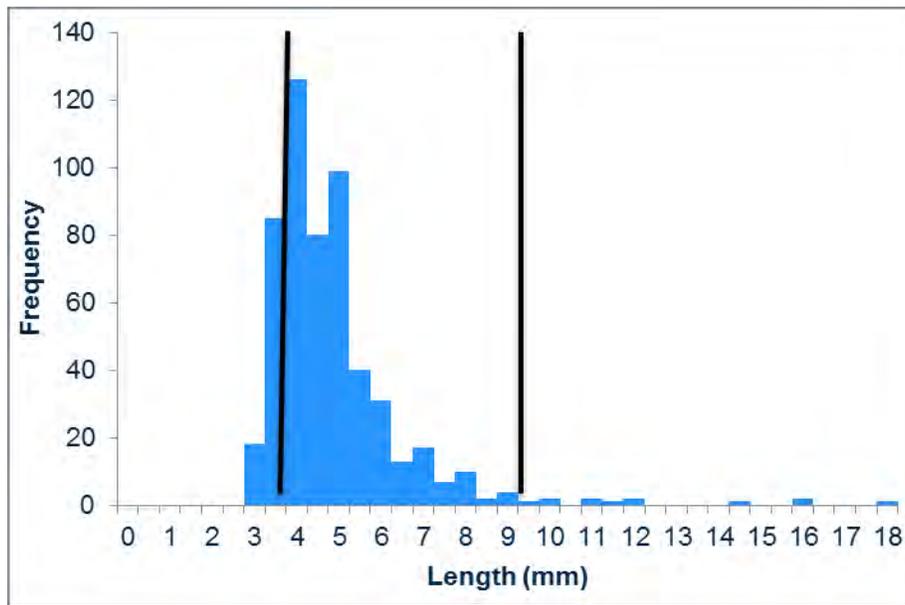


Figure 5.3.2.2. Length frequency histogram displaying catch sizes of larval red snapper caught during SEAMAP Fall Plankton surveys. Area between the black bars represent the larval red snapper used in the indices (3.75 – 9.25 mm).

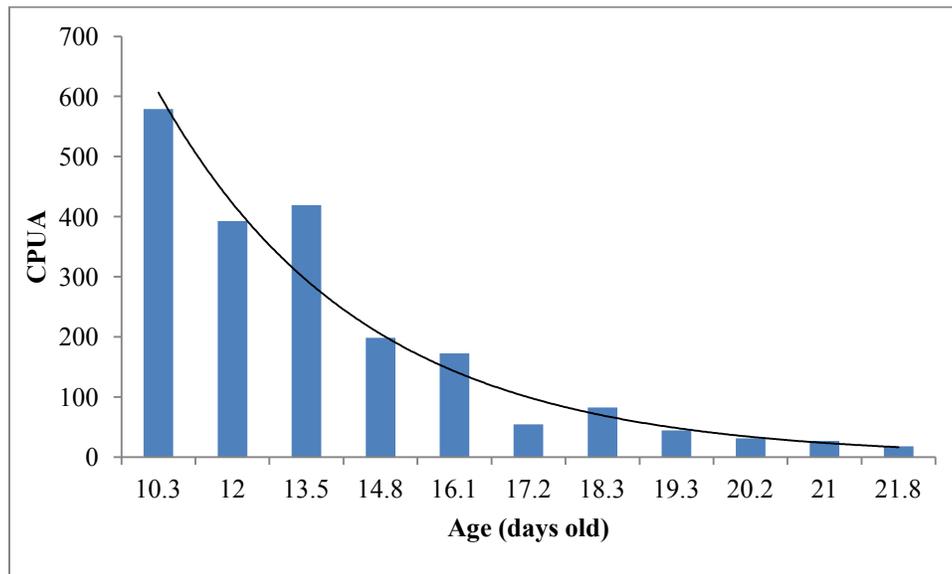


Figure 5.3.2.3. Age distribution (age of the size class midpoint) of the larval red snapper catch and the resulting daily loss rate curve ($Z = 0.1503$).

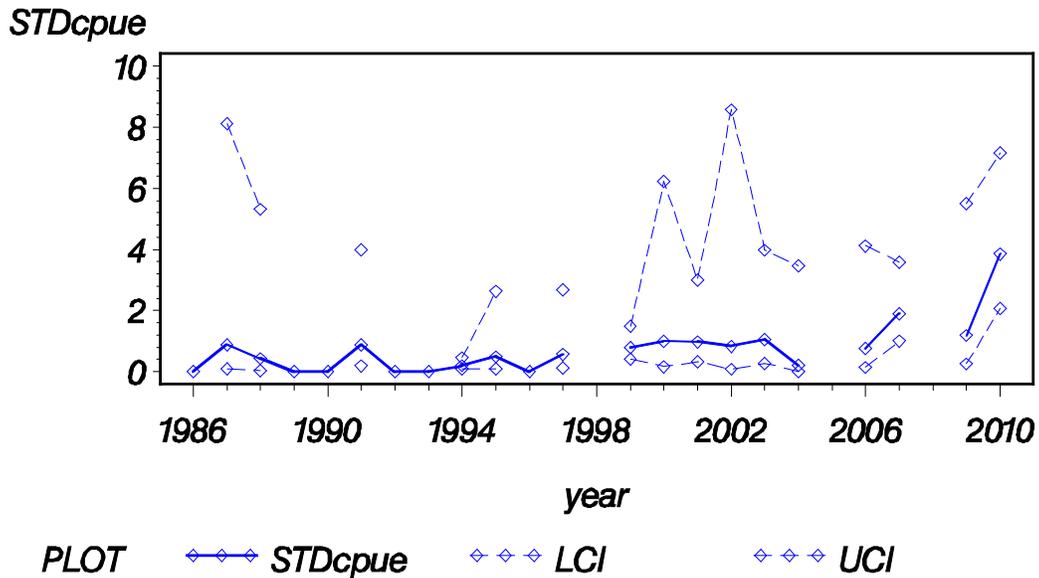


Figure 5.3.2.4. Annual index of abundance for larval red snapper (Eastern Gulf of Mexico) from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey from 1986 – 2010.

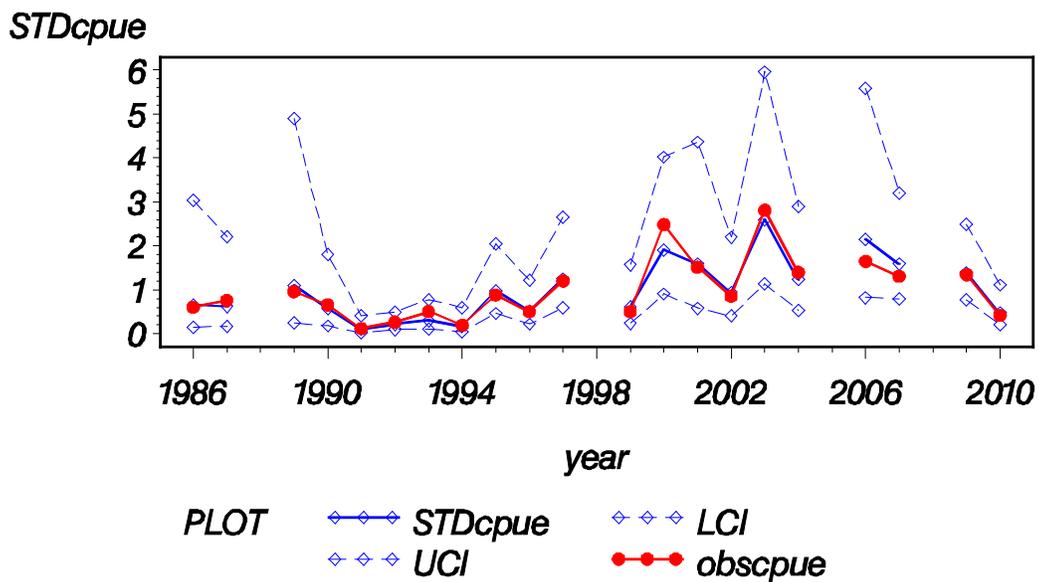


Figure 5.3.2.5. Annual index of abundance for larval red snapper adjusted to 10.5 days old (Western Gulf of Mexico) from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey from 1986 – 2010.

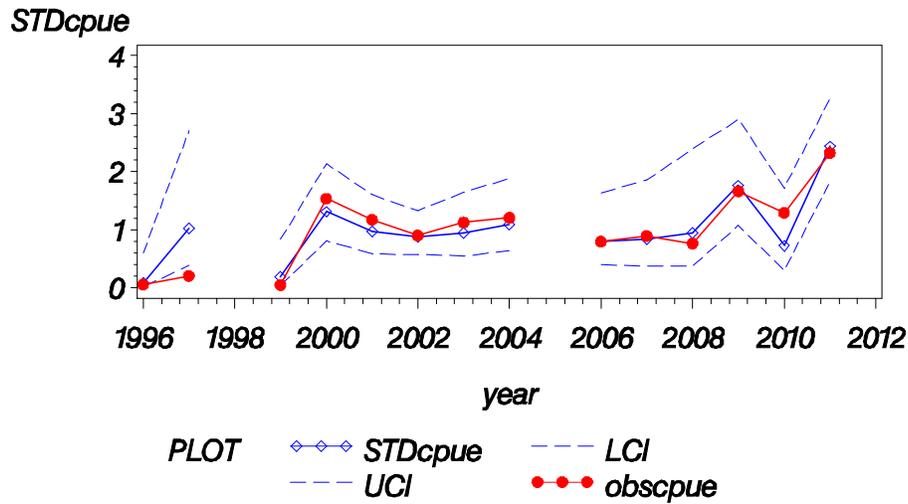


Figure 5.3.3.1. West Gulf abundance indices for red snapper collected during Bottom Longline Surveys. STDcpue is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series. Obscpue is the average nominal CPUE, and LCI and UCI are 95% confidence limits.

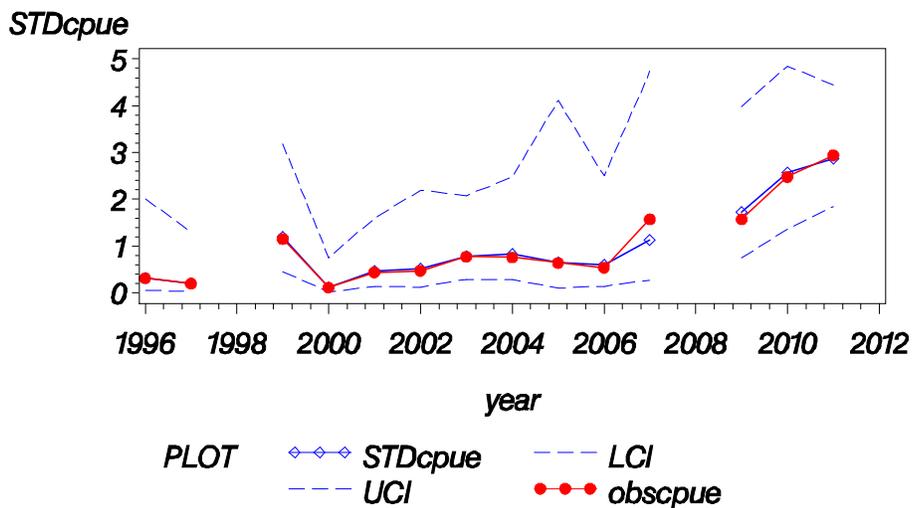


Figure 5.3.3.2. East Gulf abundance indices for red snapper collected during Bottom Longline Surveys. STDcpue is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series. Obscpue is the average nominal CPUE, and LCI and UCI are 95% confidence limits.

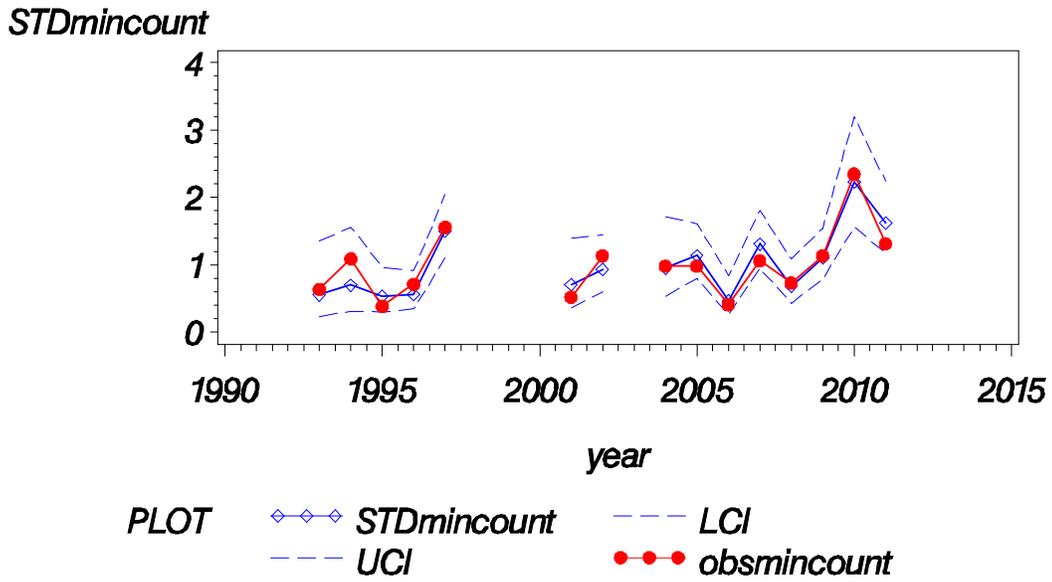


Figure 5.3.4.1. Model based west GOM standardized versus observed mincounts for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

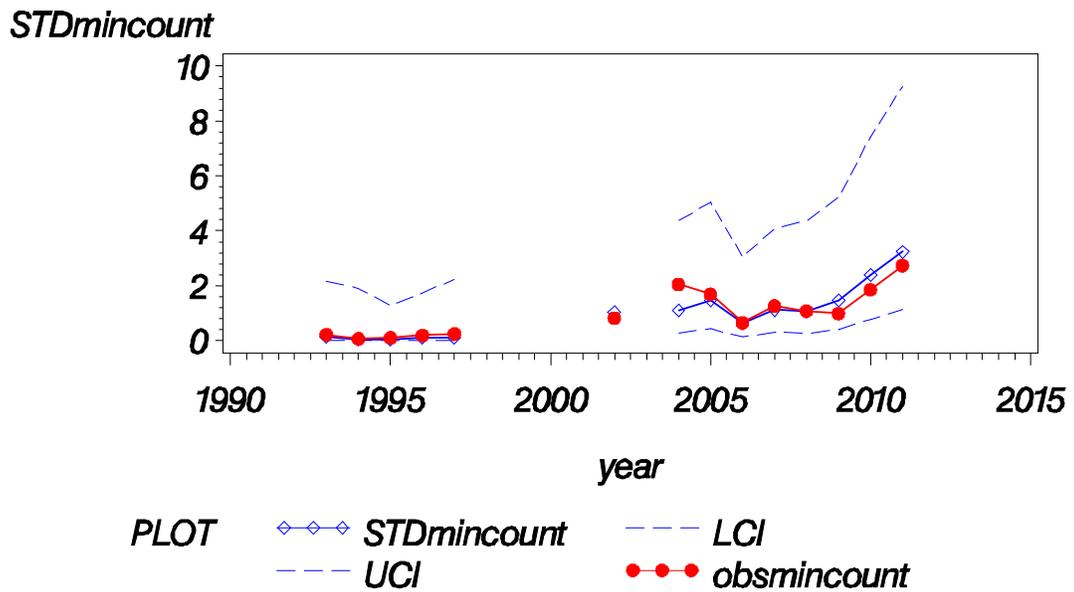


Figure 5.3.4.2. Model based east GOM standardized versus observed mincounts for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

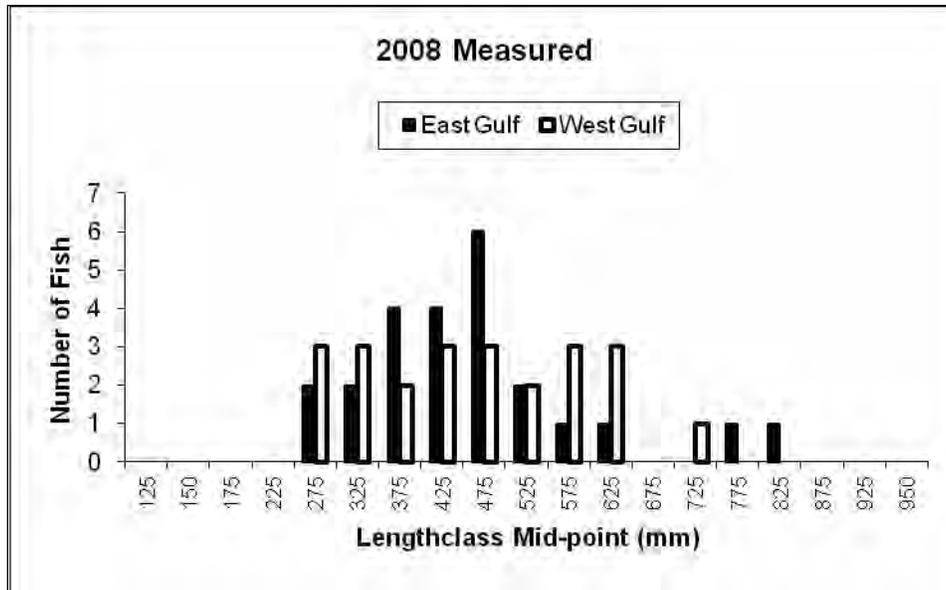


Figure 5.3.4.3. Red snapper length frequency of fish measured with stereo cameras in 2008 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

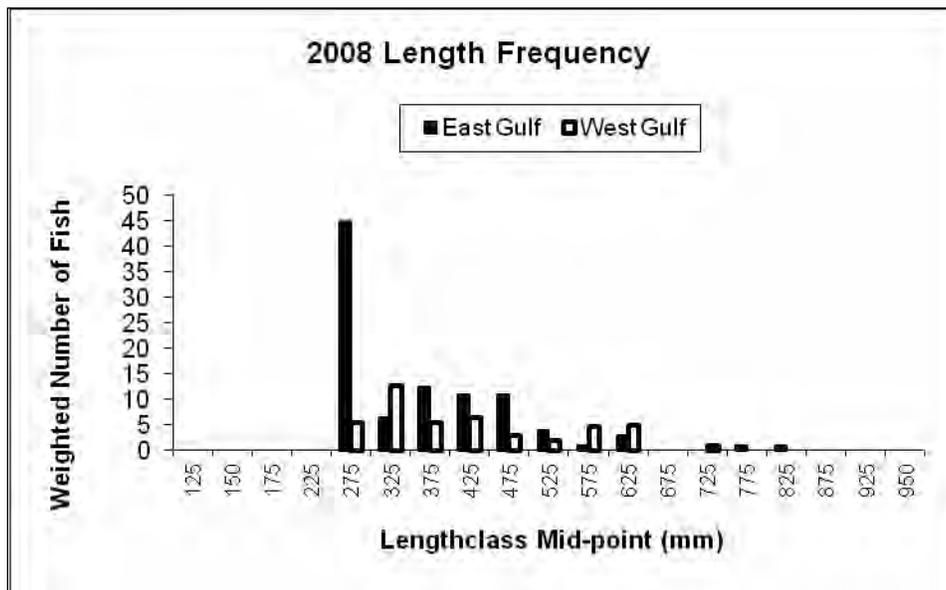


Figure 5.3.4.4. Red snapper length frequency distribution (weighted by minimum counts at each site) from fish measured with stereo cameras in 2008 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

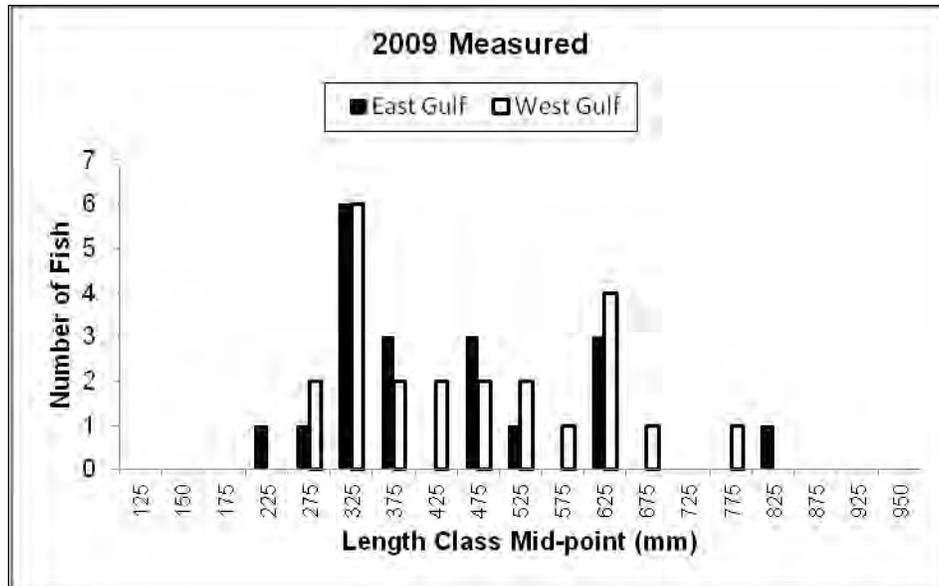


Figure 5.3.4.5. Red snapper length frequency of fish measured with stereo cameras in 2009 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

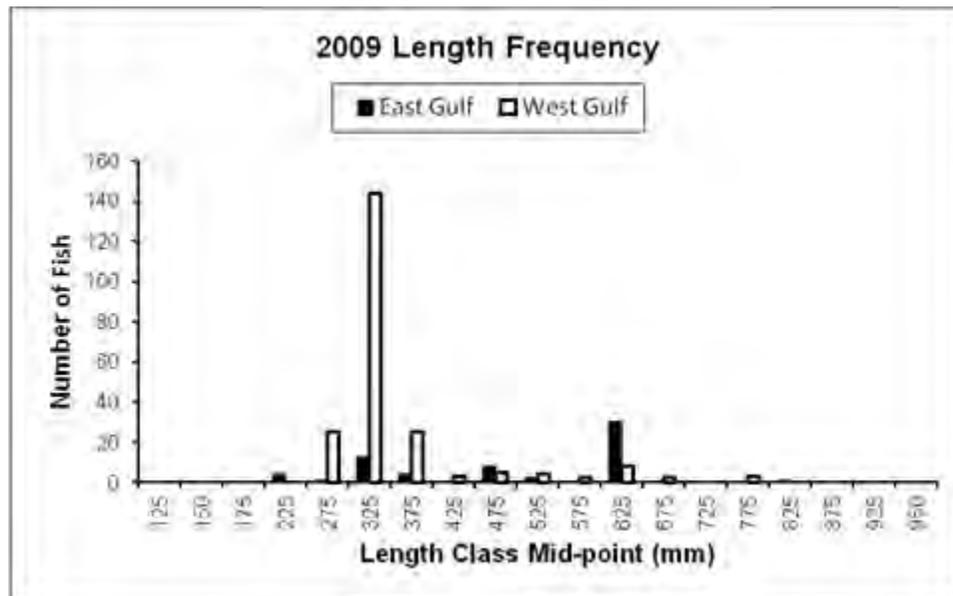


Figure 5.3.4.6. Red snapper length frequency distribution (weighted by minimum counts at each site) from fish measured with stereo cameras in 2009 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

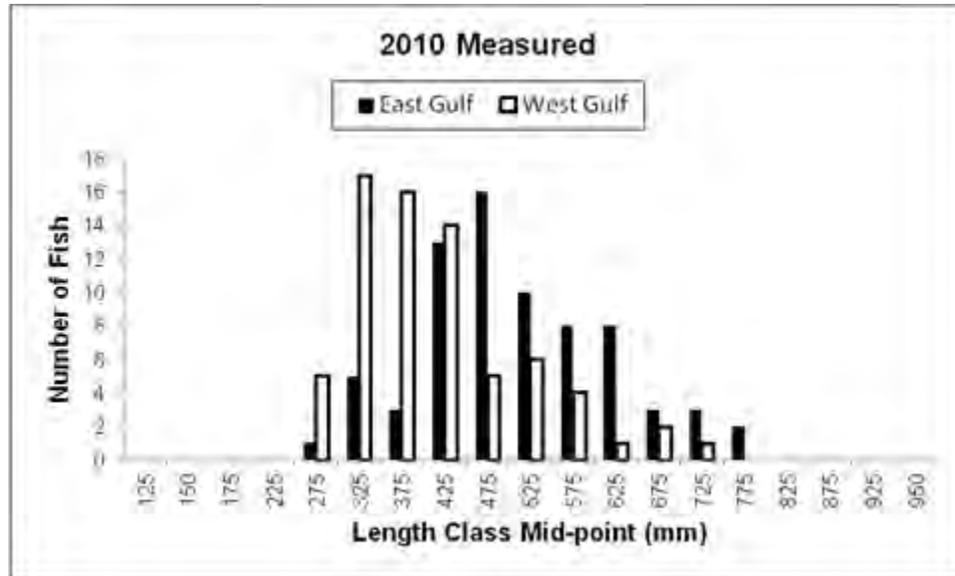


Figure 5.3.4.7. Red snapper length frequency of fish measured with stereo cameras in 2010 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

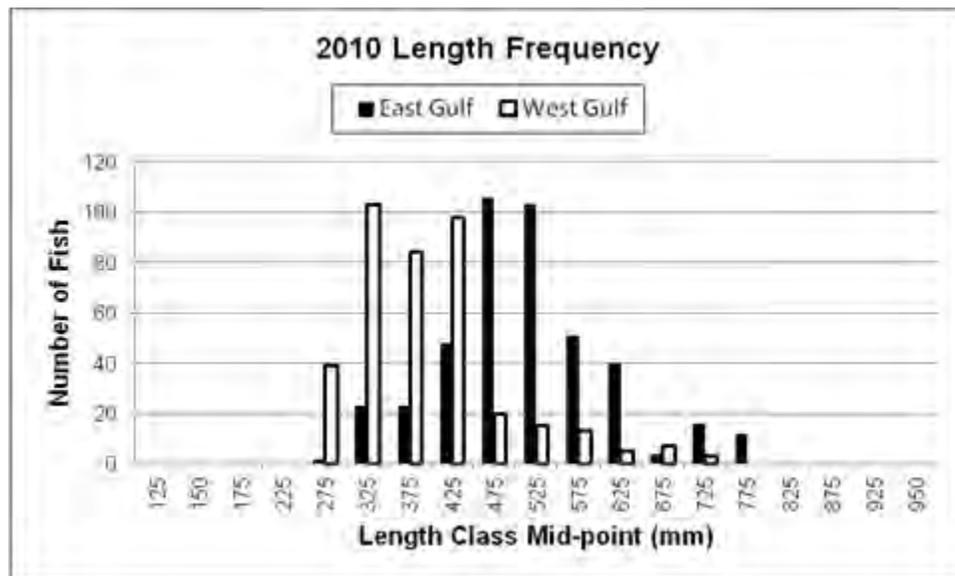


Figure 5.3.4.8. Red snapper length frequency distribution (weighted by minimum counts at each site) from fish measured with stereo cameras in 2010 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

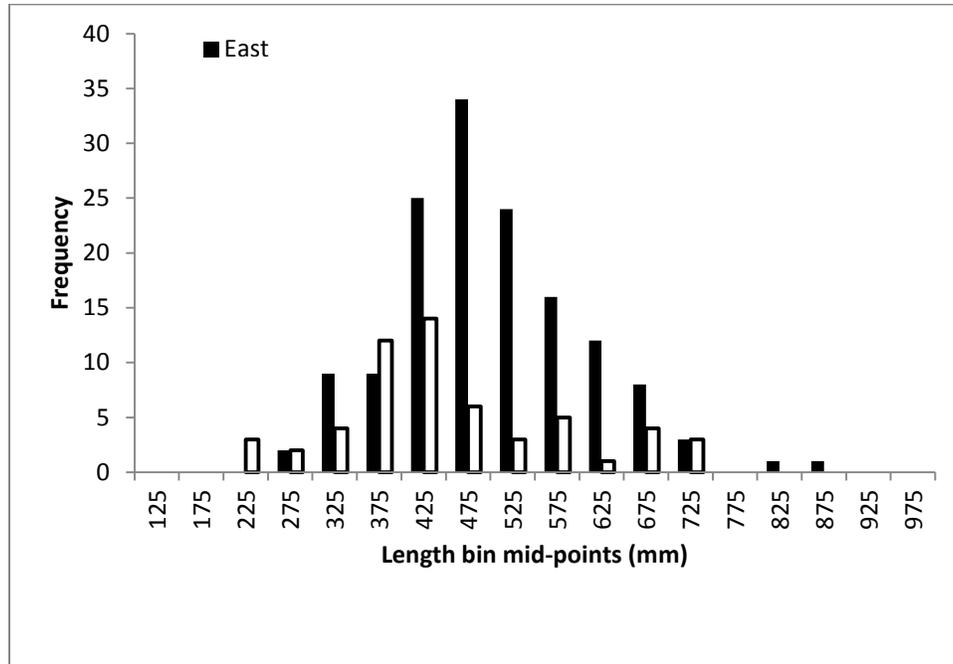


Figure 5.3.4.9. Red snapper length frequency of fish measured with stereo cameras in 2011 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

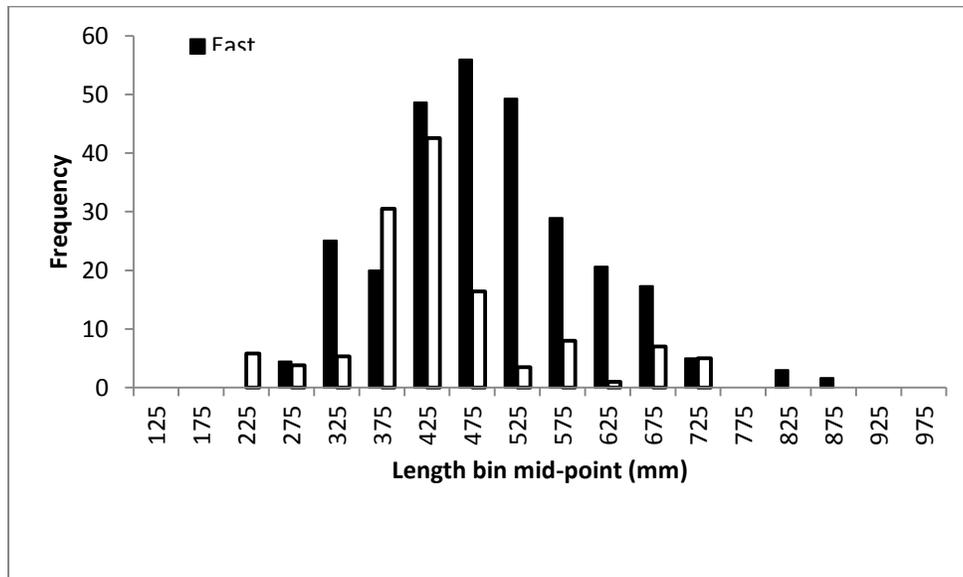


Figure 5.3.4.10. Red snapper length frequency distribution (weighted by minimum counts at each site) from fish measured with stereo cameras in 2011 for SEAMAP Reef Fish Video Surveys.

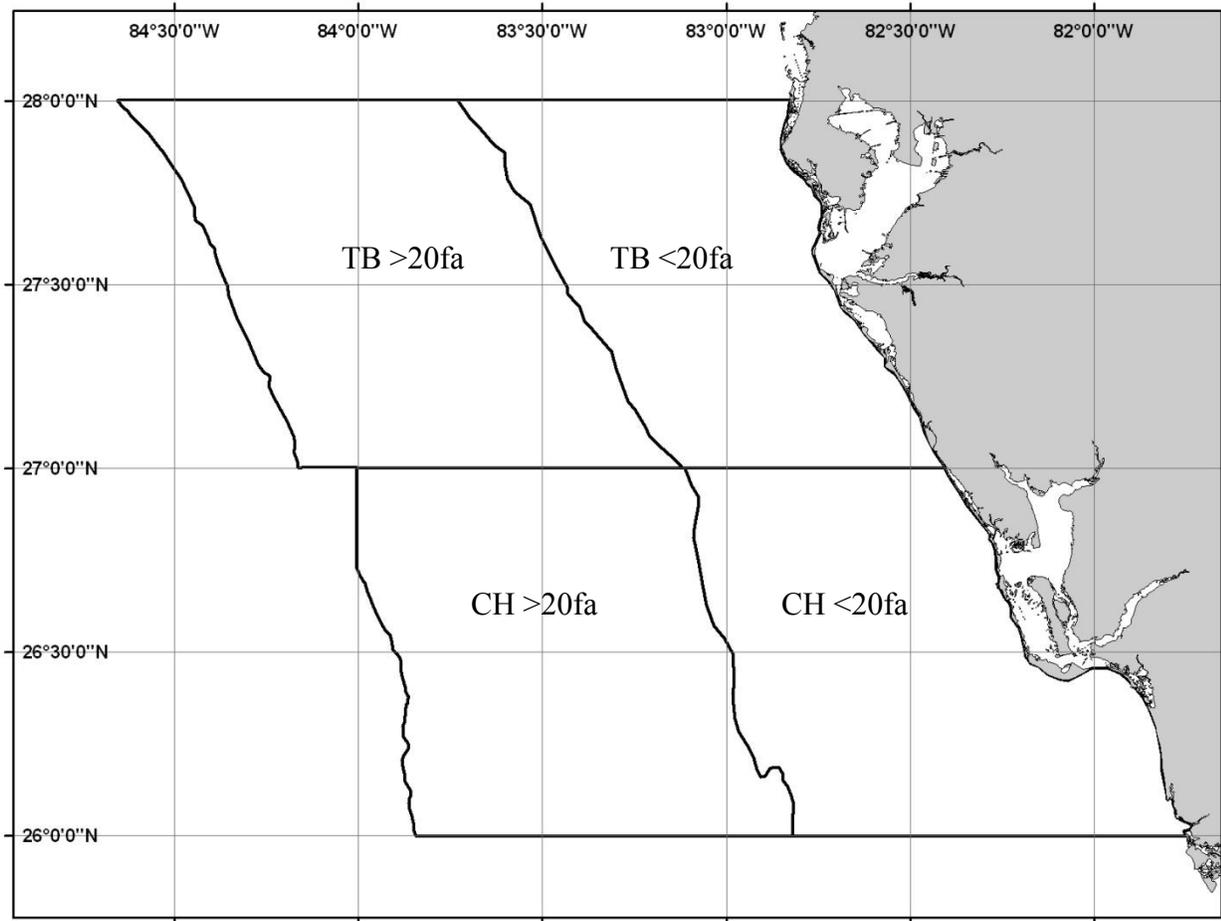


Figure 5.3.5.1. The West Florida Shelf survey area. The 20fa (37m) contour separates nearshore (i.e., TBN and CHN) and offshore (TBO and CHO) sampling zones. The sampling area includes waters 10m – 110m. (FWC Video Survey)

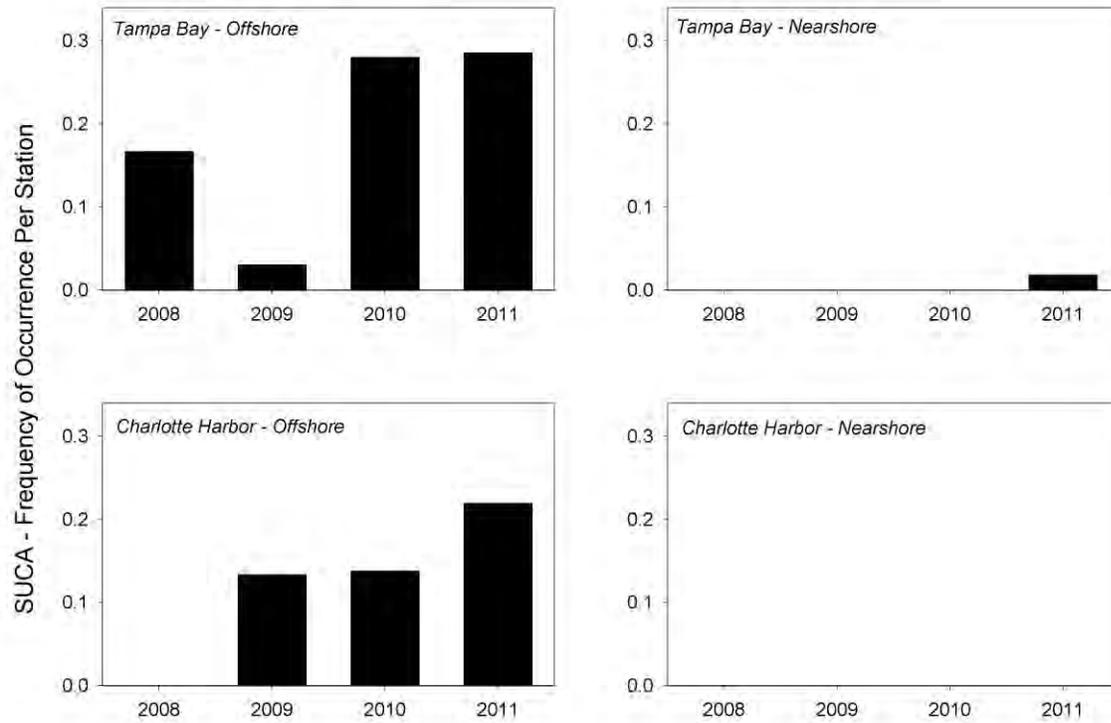


Figure 5.3.5.2. Annual frequency of occurrence of red snapper observed during stationary underwater camera array (SUCA) surveys by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011. (FWC Video Survey)

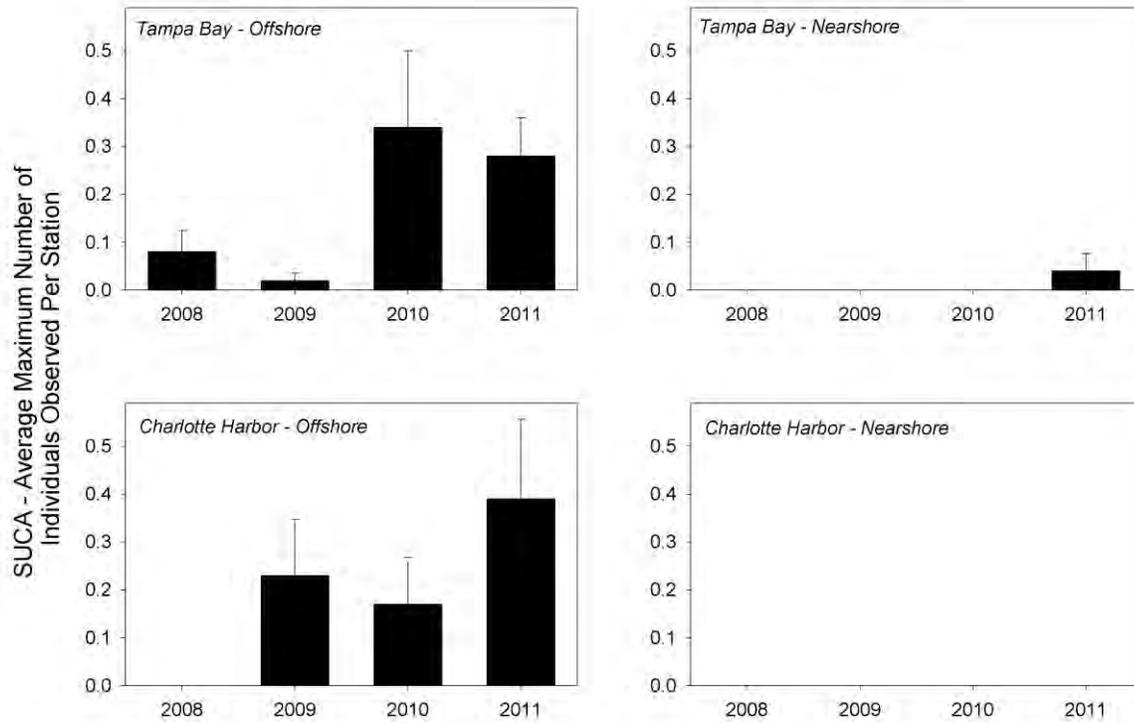


Figure 5.3.5.3. Mean (\pm SE) annual relative abundance of red snapper observed during stationary underwater camera array (SUCA) surveys by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011. (FWC Video Survey)

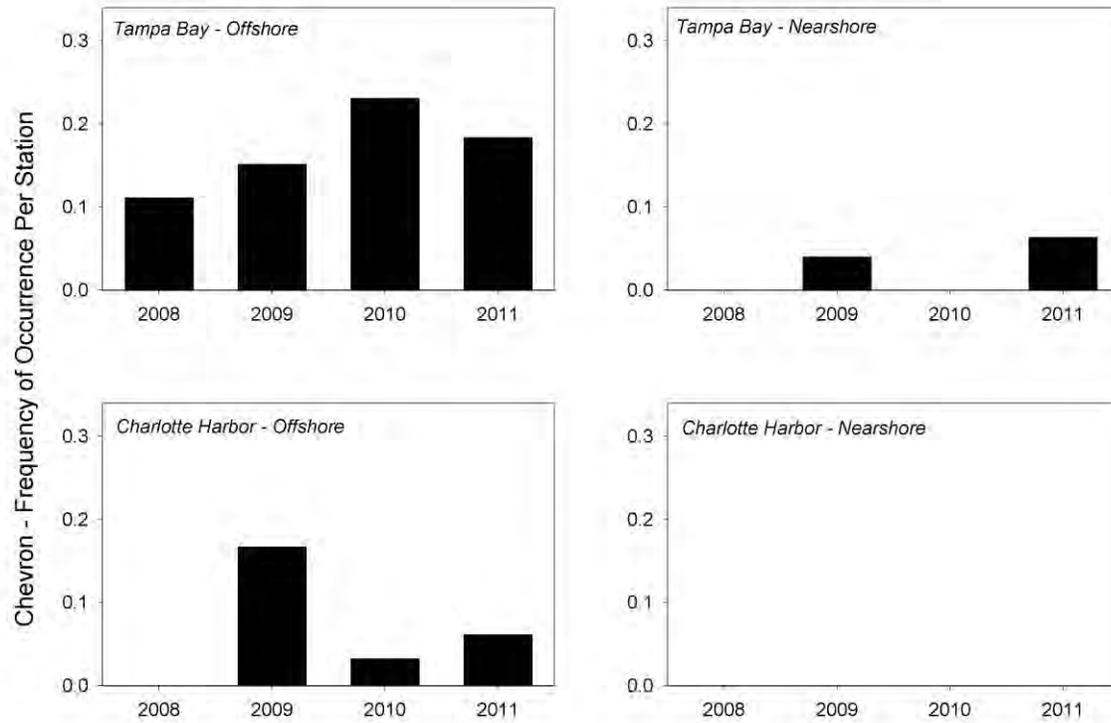


Figure 5.3.5.4. Annual frequency of occurrence of red snapper collected during chevron trap surveys by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011. (FWC Video Survey)

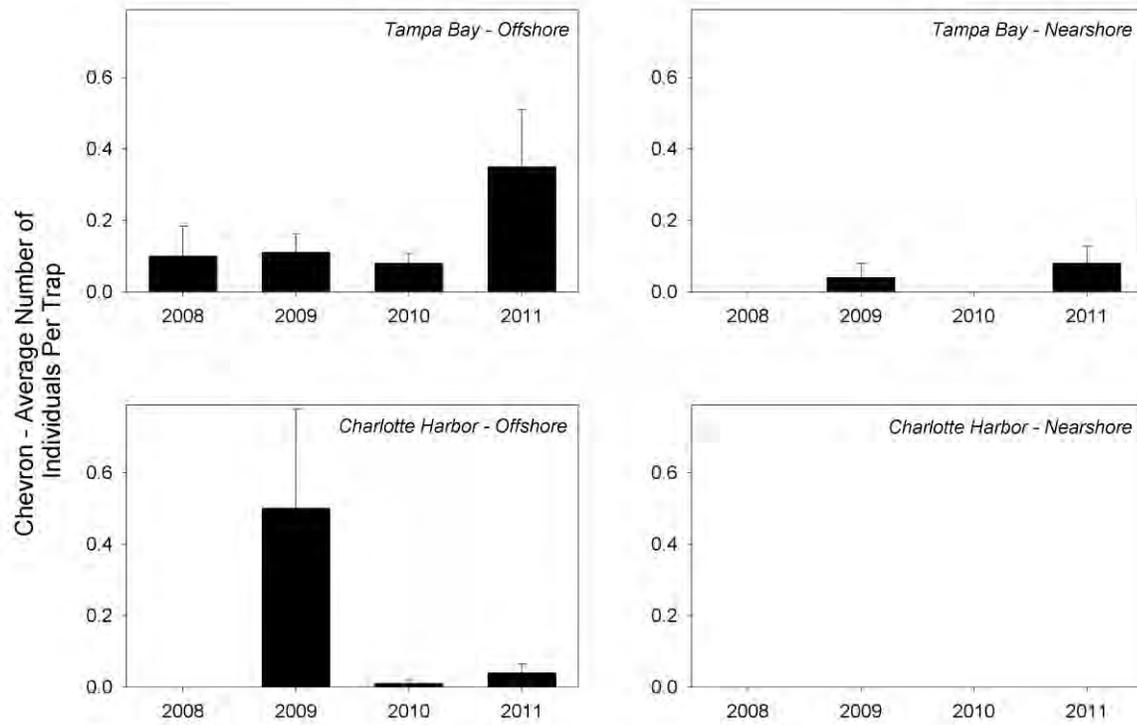


Figure 5.3.5.5. Mean (\pm SE) annual relative abundance of red snapper collected during chevron trap surveys by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011. (FWC Video Survey)

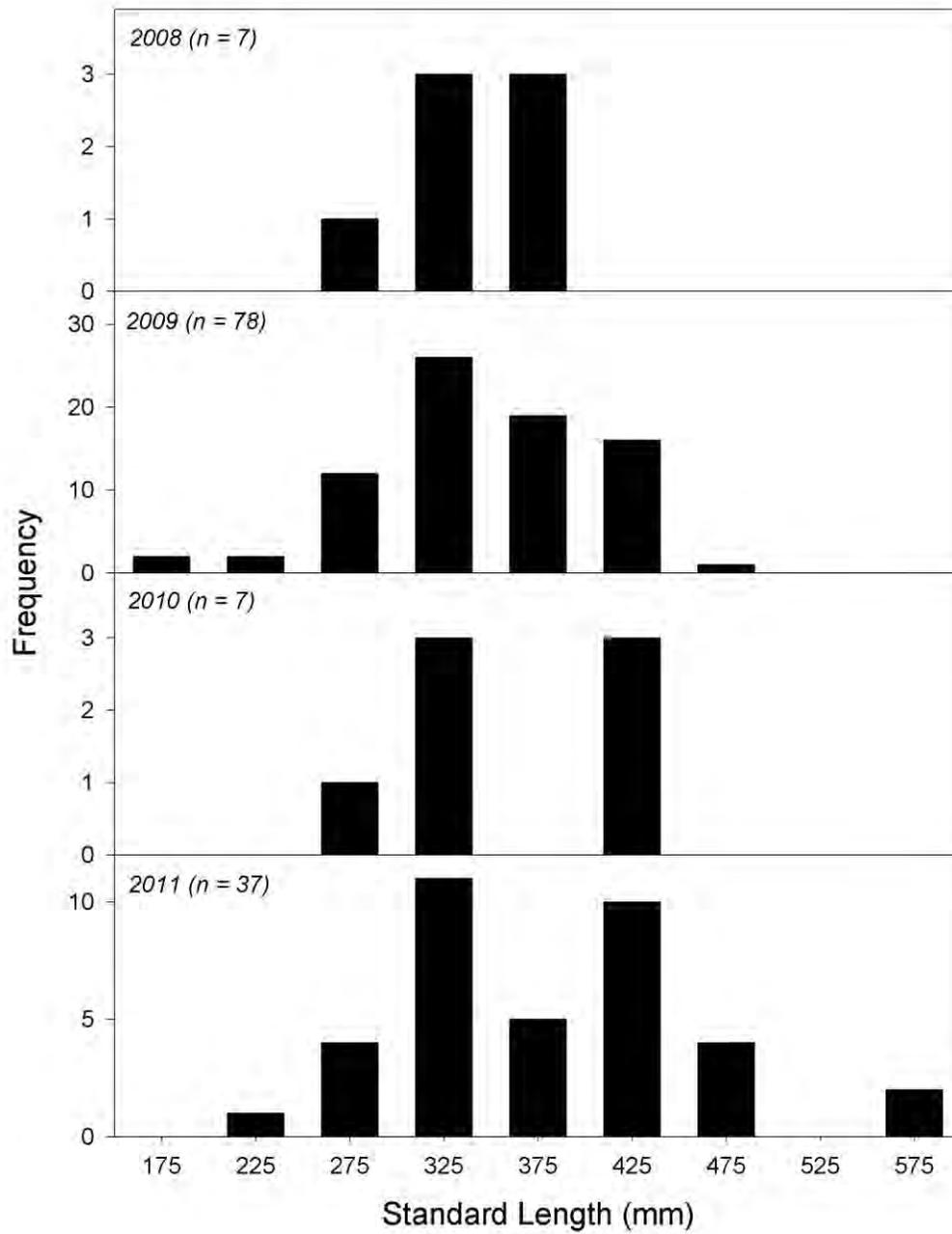


Figure 5.3.5.6. Annual size-frequency distribution of red snapper collected during chevron trap surveys by spatial zone from 2008 – 2011. (FWC Video Survey)

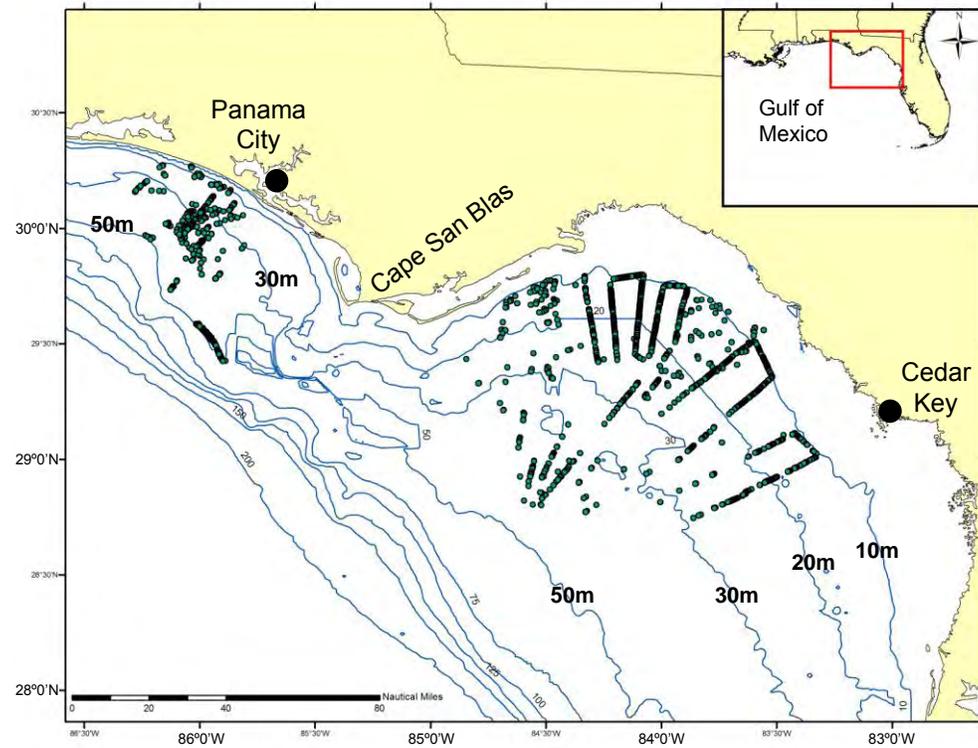


Figure 5.3.6.1. Locations of all natural reefs in the sampling universe of the Panama City NMFS reef fish video survey as of March 2012. Total sites: 2359, 722 west of and 1637 east of Cape San Blas.

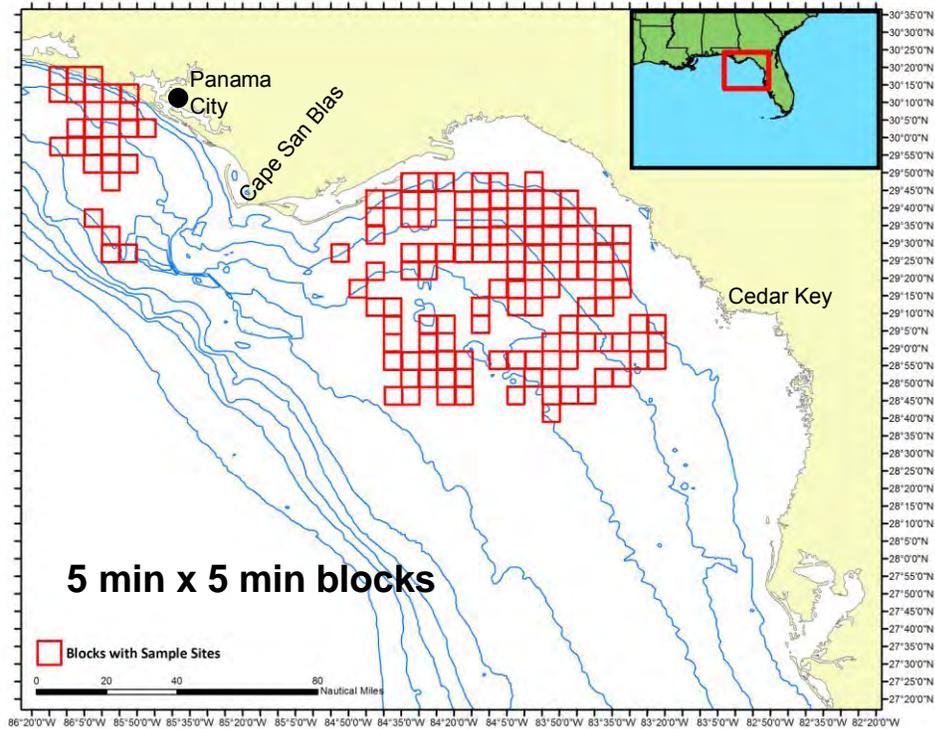


Figure 5.3.6.2. Sampling blocks, as of 2012, of the Panama City reef fish survey.

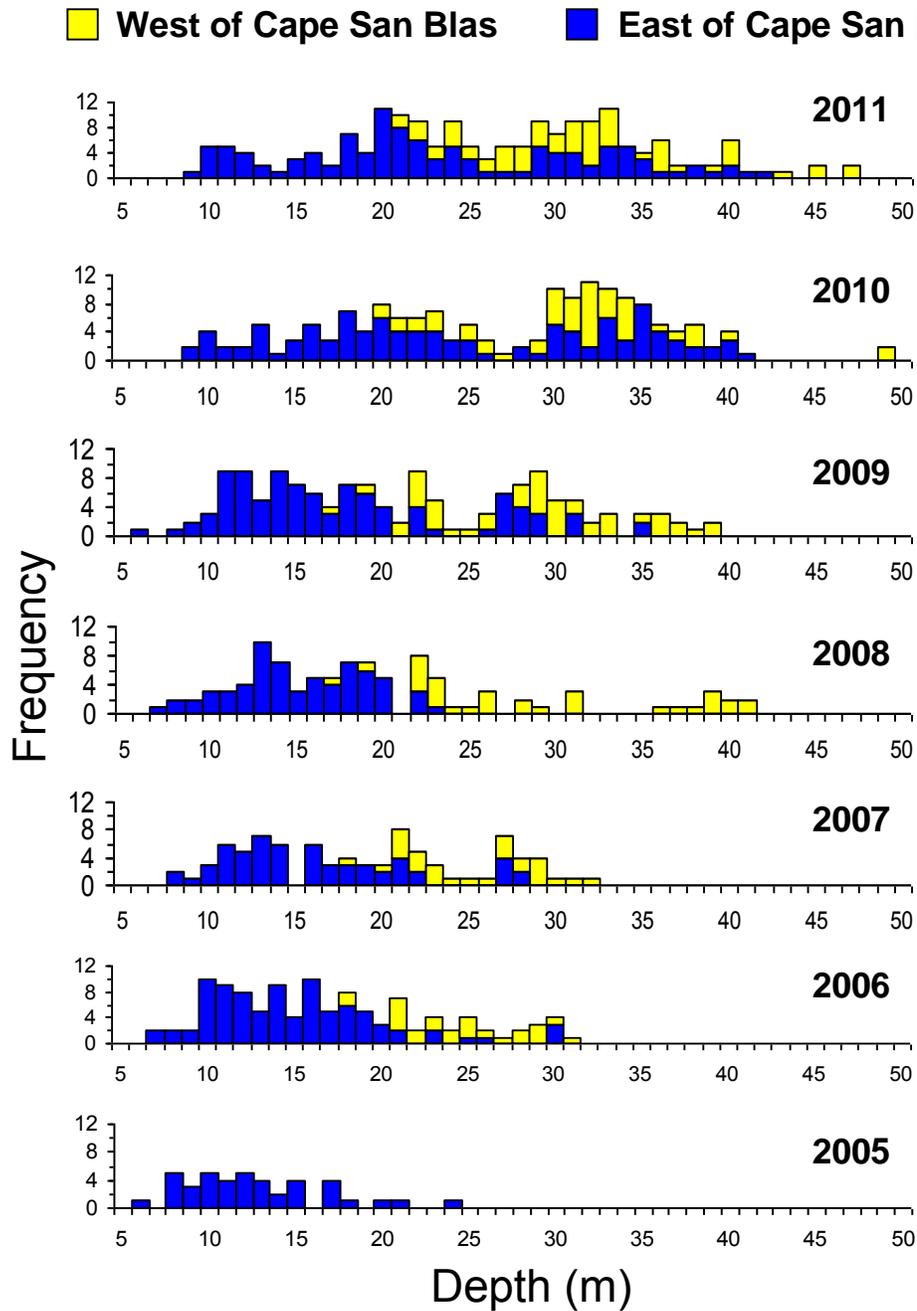


Figure 5.3.6.3. Annual depth distribution of Panama City reef fish survey video sample sites east and west of Cape San Blas, 2005-2011.

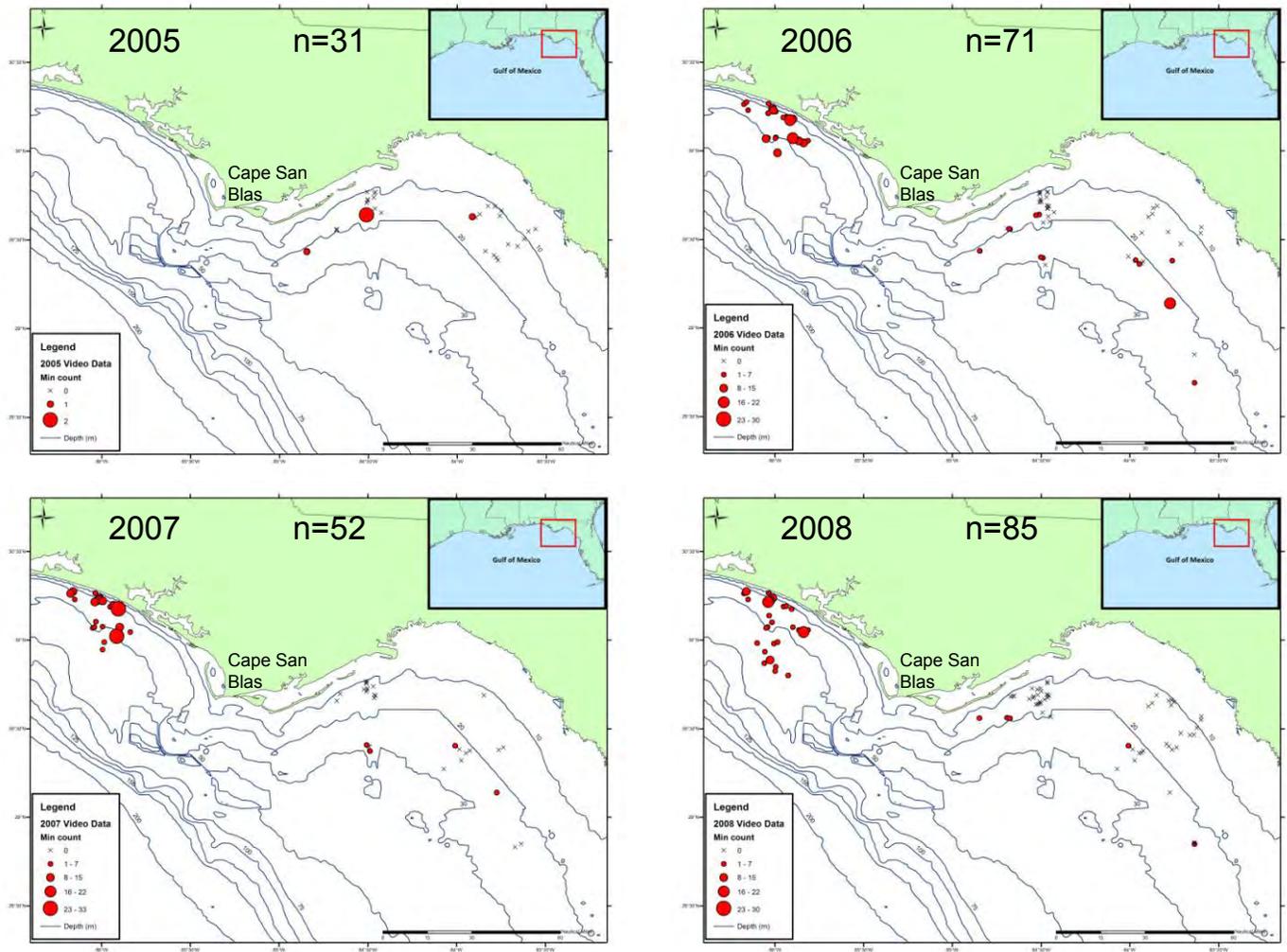


Figure 5.3.6.4. Annual distribution and relative abundance (min counts) of red snapper observed in the Panama City NMFS reef fish survey, 2005-2008, with stationary, high definition video cameras. Sites sampled with video gear, but where no red snapper were observed, are indicated with an X. Sample sizes refer to the total number of sites surveyed.

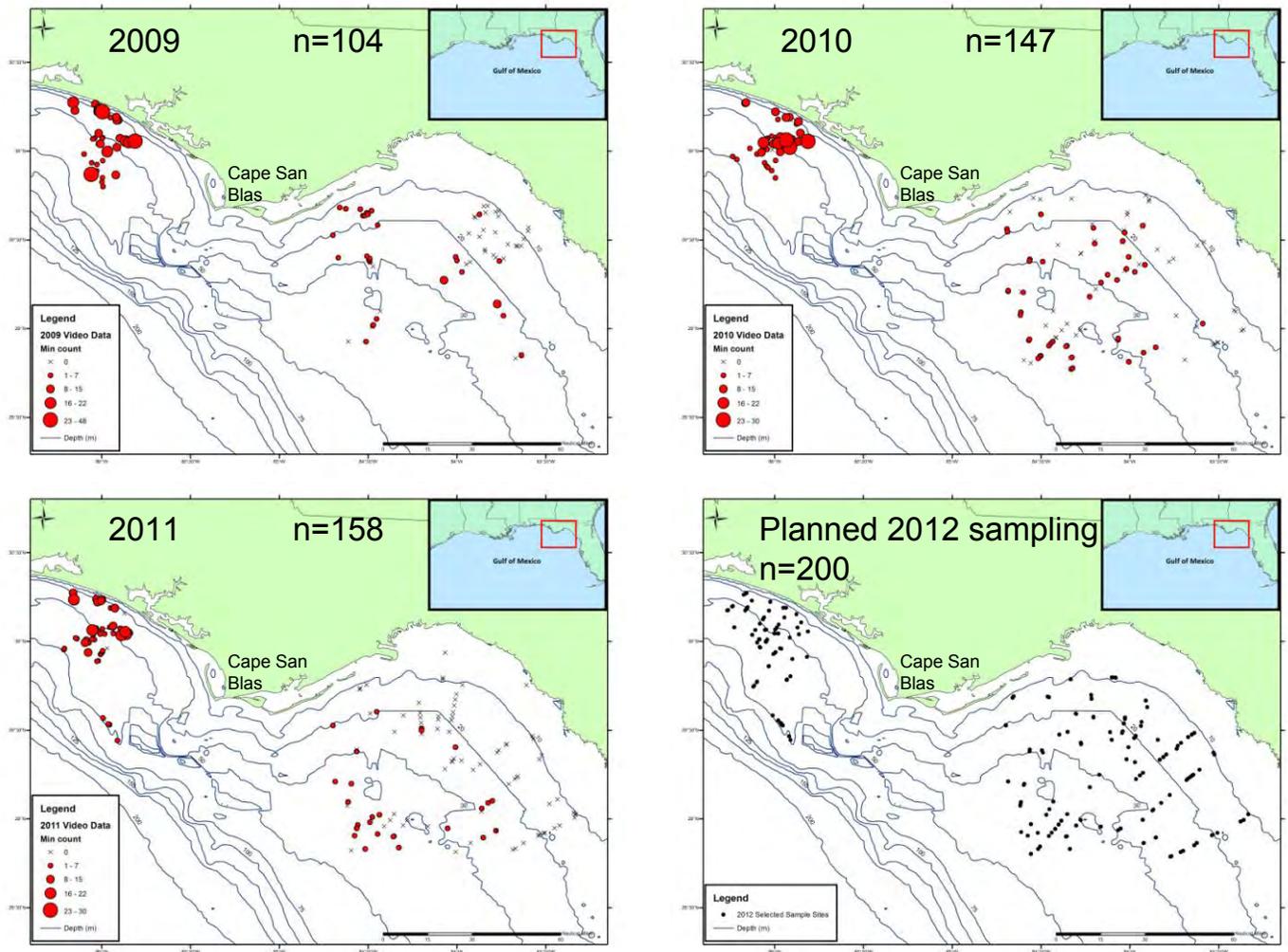


Figure 5.3.6.5. Annual distribution and relative abundance (min counts) of red snapper observed in the Panama City NMFS reef fish survey, 2009-2011, with stationary, high definition video or mpeg cameras. Sites sampled with video gear, but where no red snapper were observed, are indicated with an X. Sample sizes refer to the total number of sites surveyed.

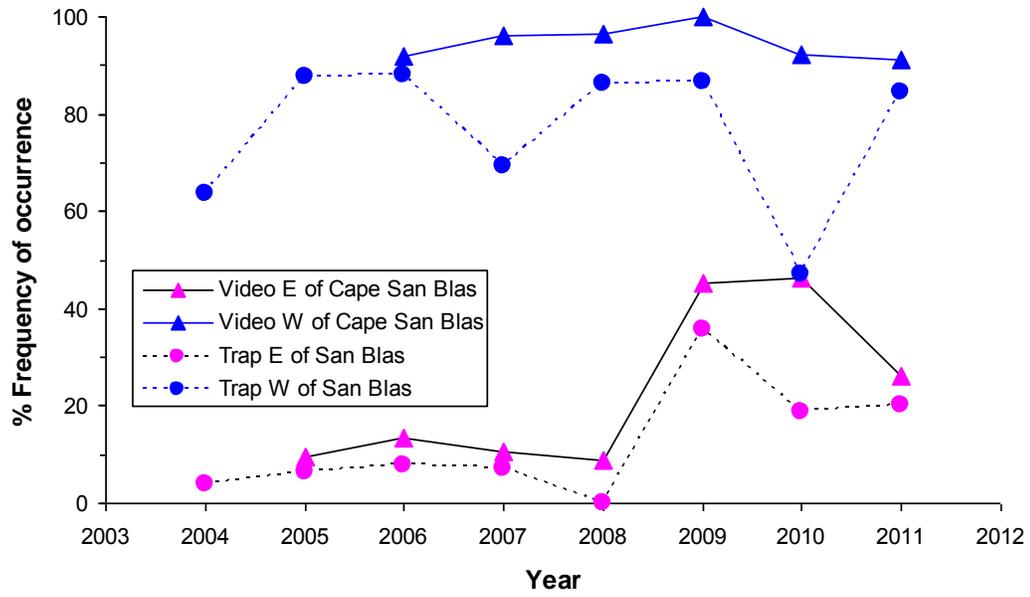


Figure 5.3.6.6. Annual percent frequency of occurrence of red snapper in video and trap samples east and west of Cape San Blas, 2005-2011. All data was included for trap estimates; censored data sets were used to calculate video frequencies.

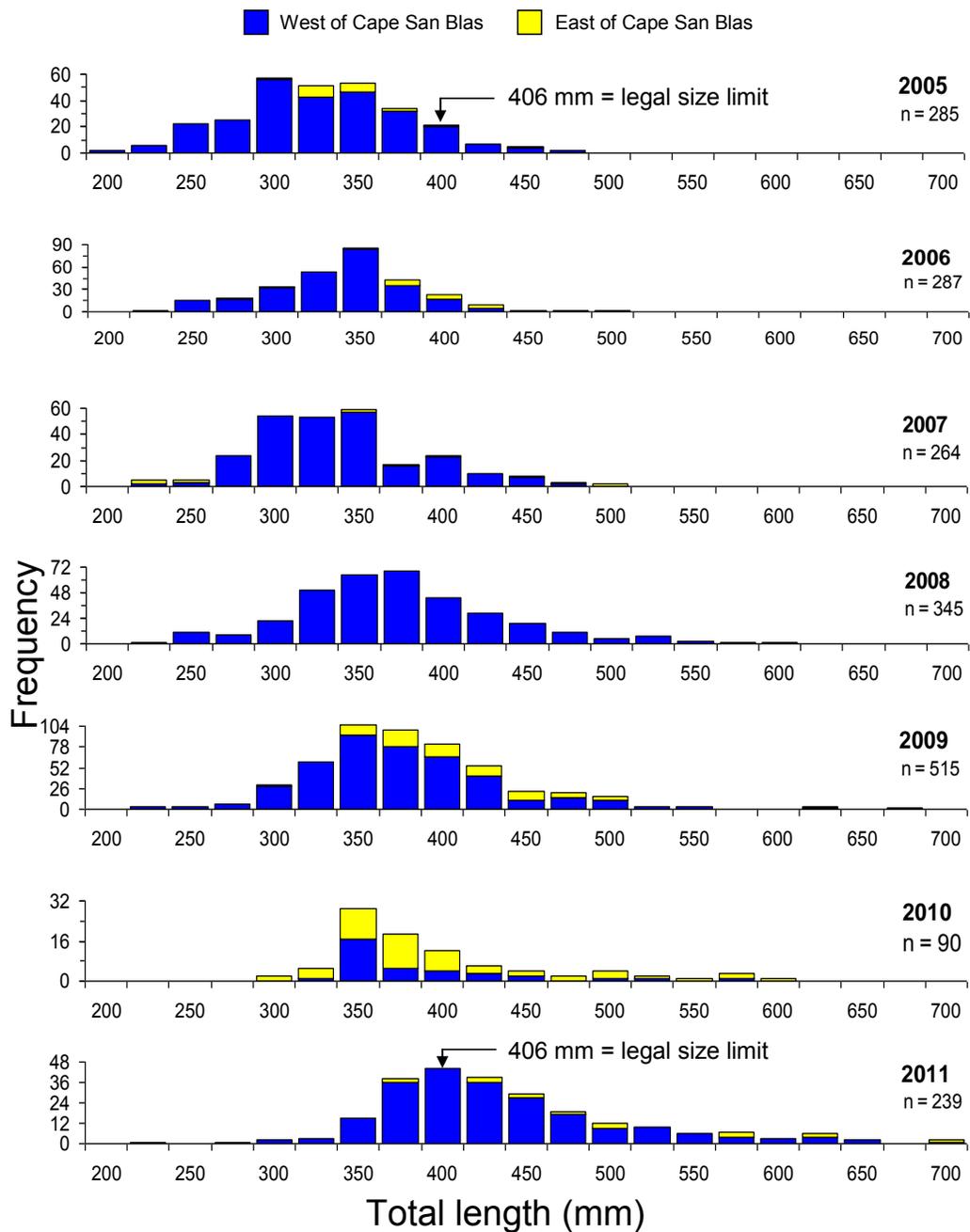


Figure 5.3.6.7. Annual size structure of trap-caught red snapper east and west of Cape San Blas, 2005-2011, in the NMFS Panama City reef fish survey.

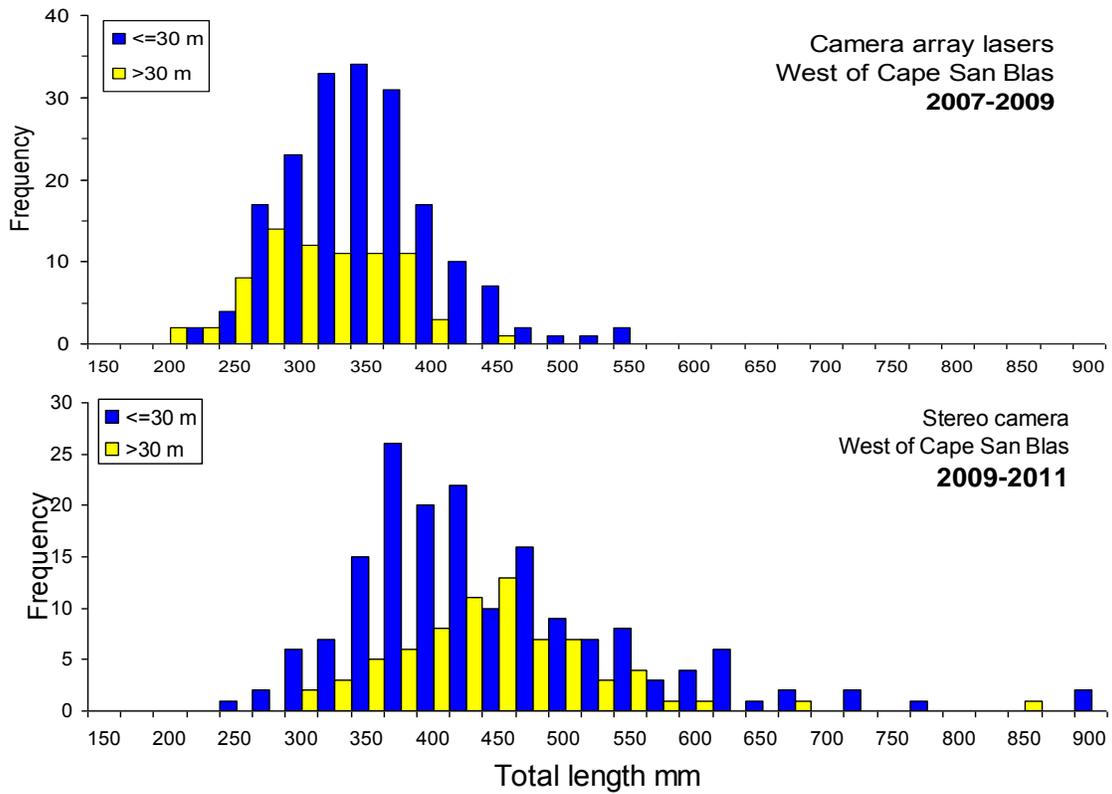


Figure 5.3.6.8. Size structure of red snapper by depth zone (<=30m and >30m) observed west of Cape San Blas based on scaling lasers, 2007-2009, and from stereo camera images, 2009-2011. NMFS Panama City reef fish survey.

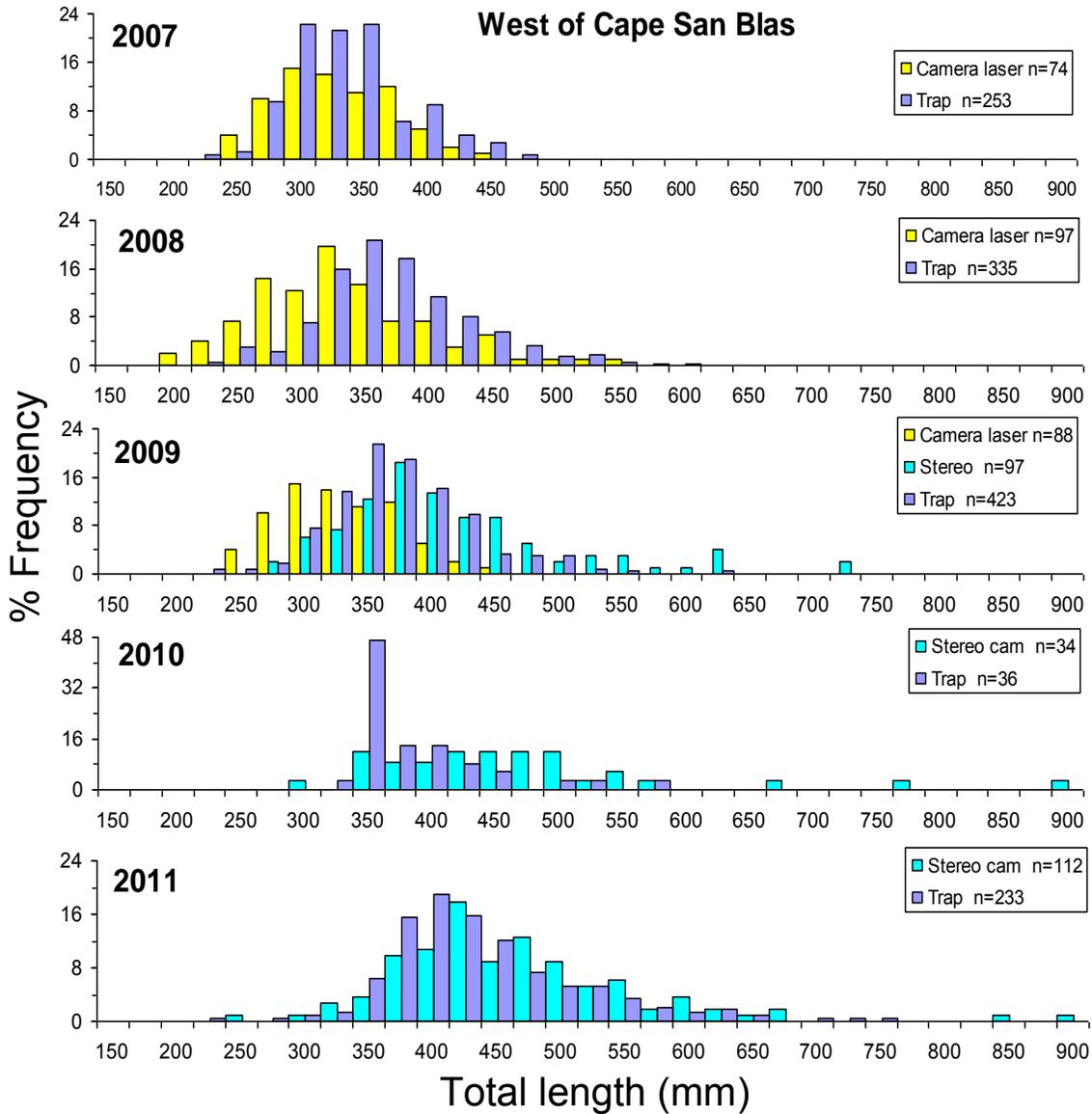


Figure 5.3.6.9. Annual size distributions of red snapper west of Cape San Blas, 2007-2011 collected in chevron traps or measured in high definition video or stereo still images. NMFS Panama City reef fish survey.

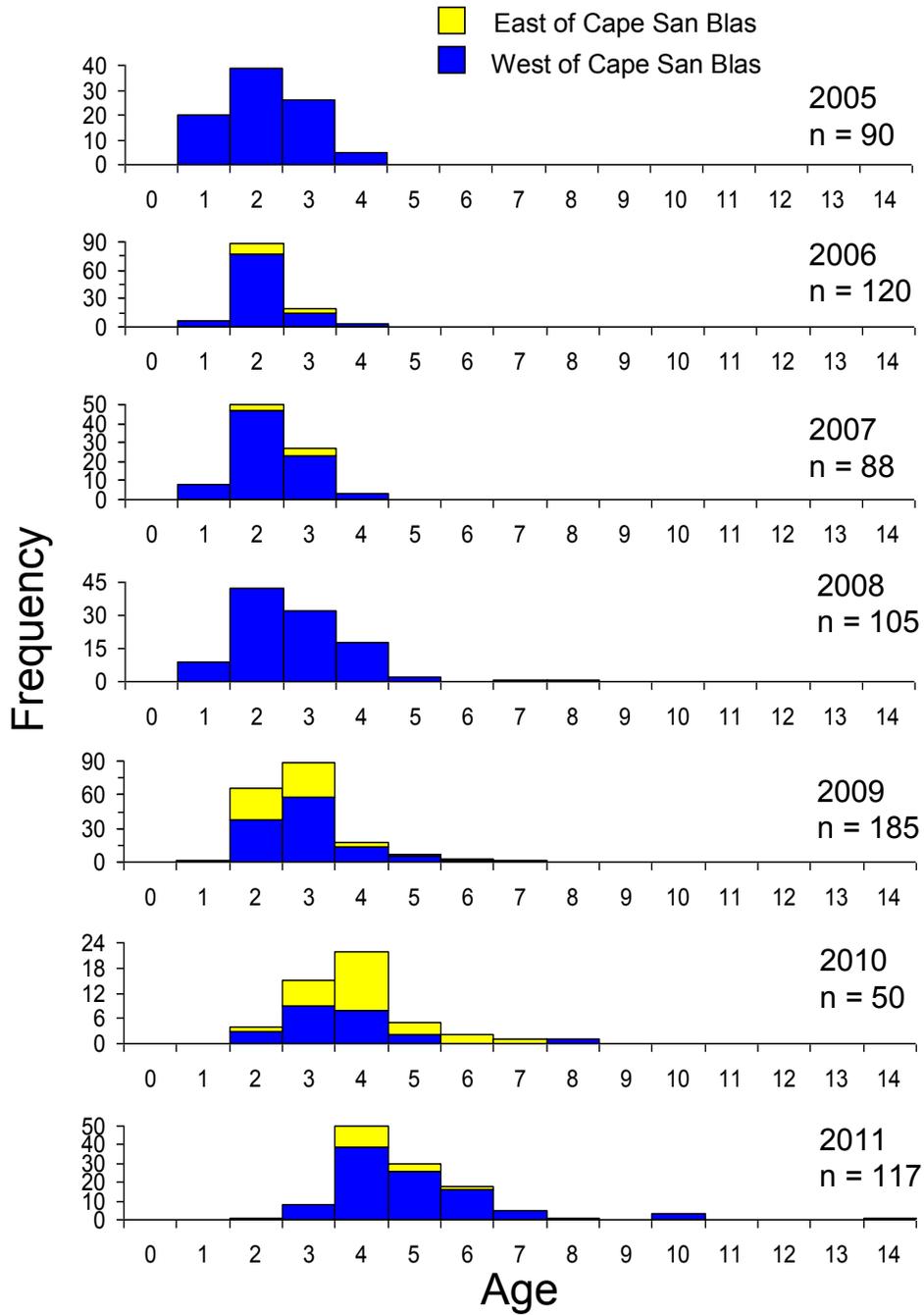


Figure 5.3.6.10. Annual age structure of trap-caught red snapper, 2005-2011, east and west of Cape San Blas. NMFS Panama City reef fish survey.

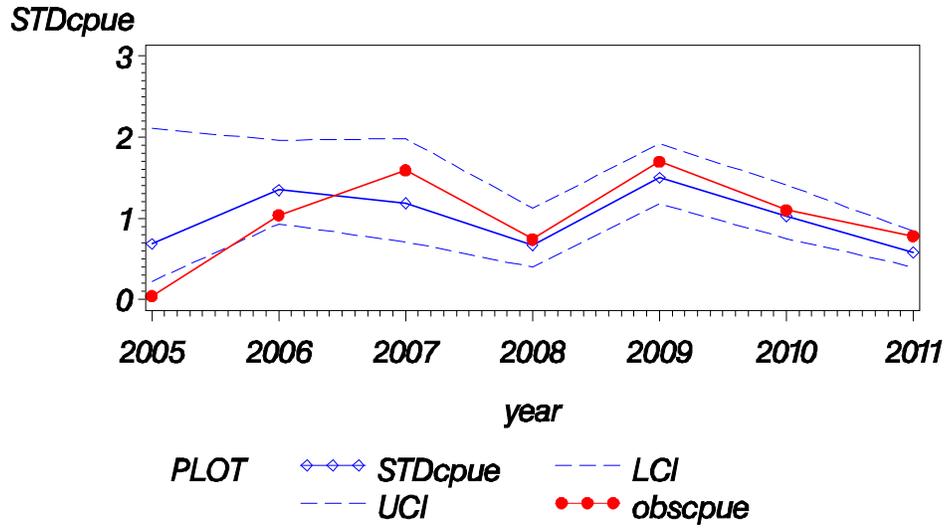


Figure 5.3.6.11. NMFS Panama City Video abundance indices for red snapper. STDcpue is the index scaled to a mean of one over the time series. Obscpue is the average nominal CPUE, and LCI and UCI are 95% confidence limits.

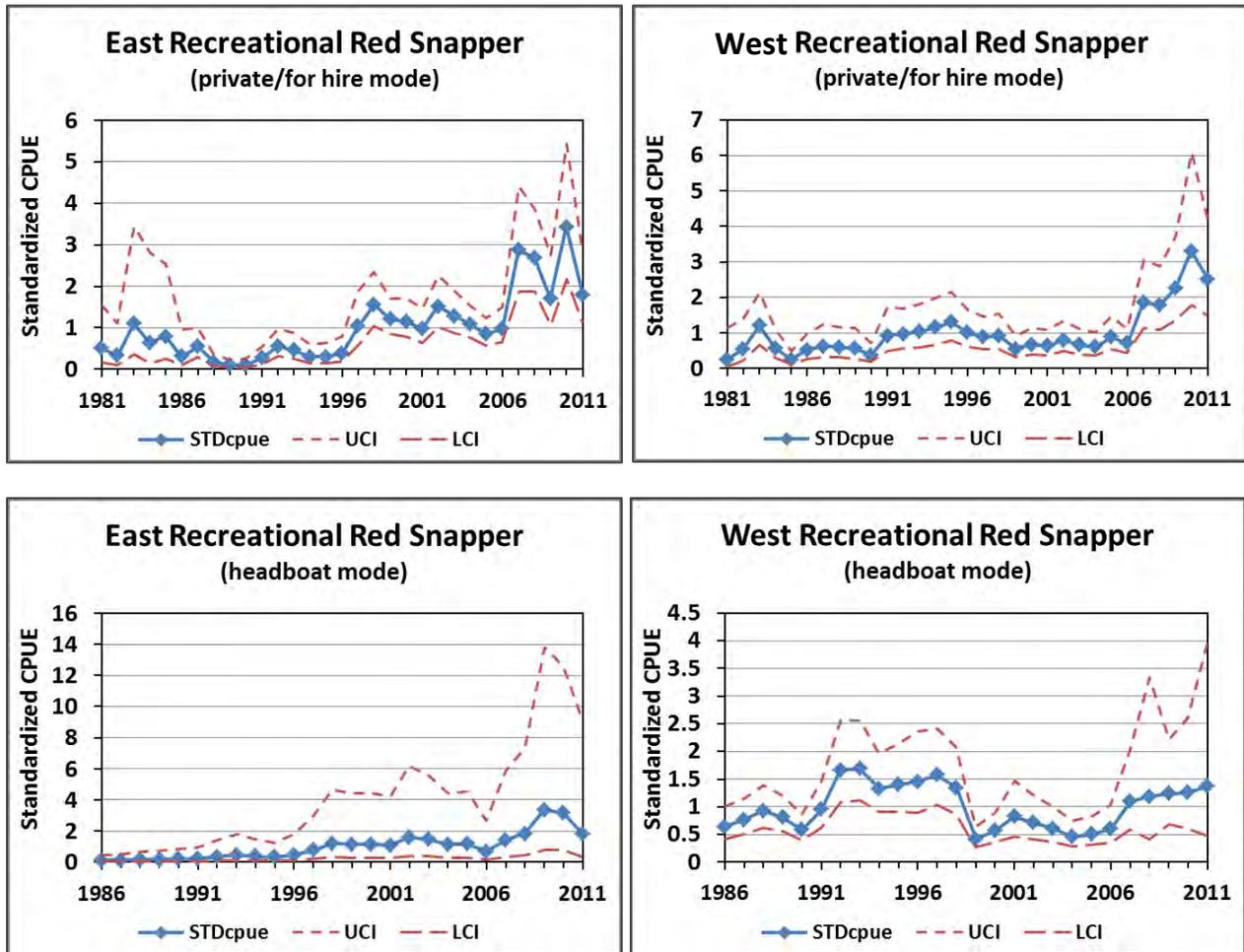


Figure 5.4.1.1. Censored standardized recreational indices of abundance for red snapper from the private/for hire and headboat mode for the east and west GOM.

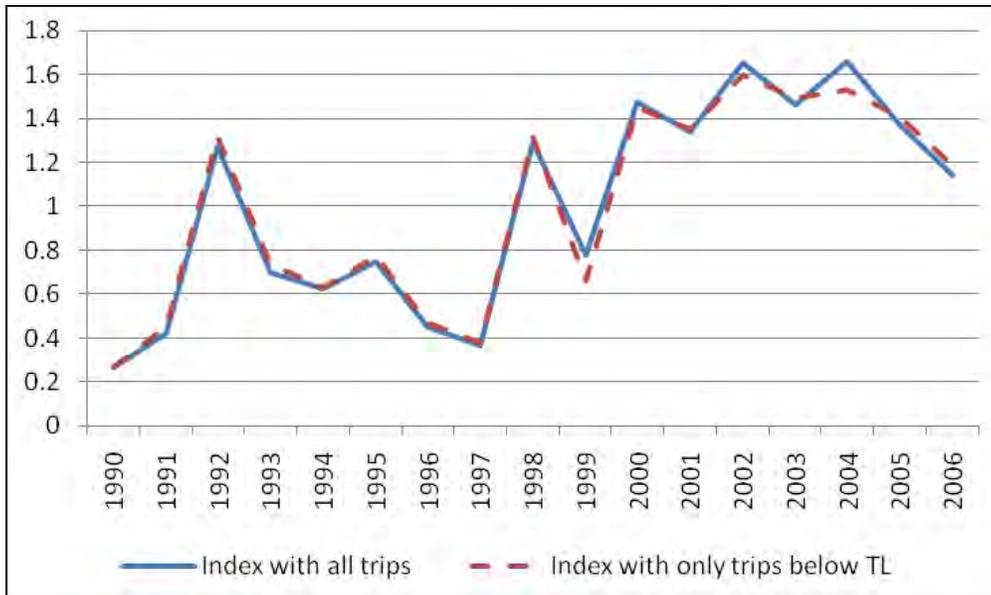


Figure 5.4.2.1. Eastern Gulf of Mexico vertical line index constructed with and without trips meeting or exceeding trip limits.

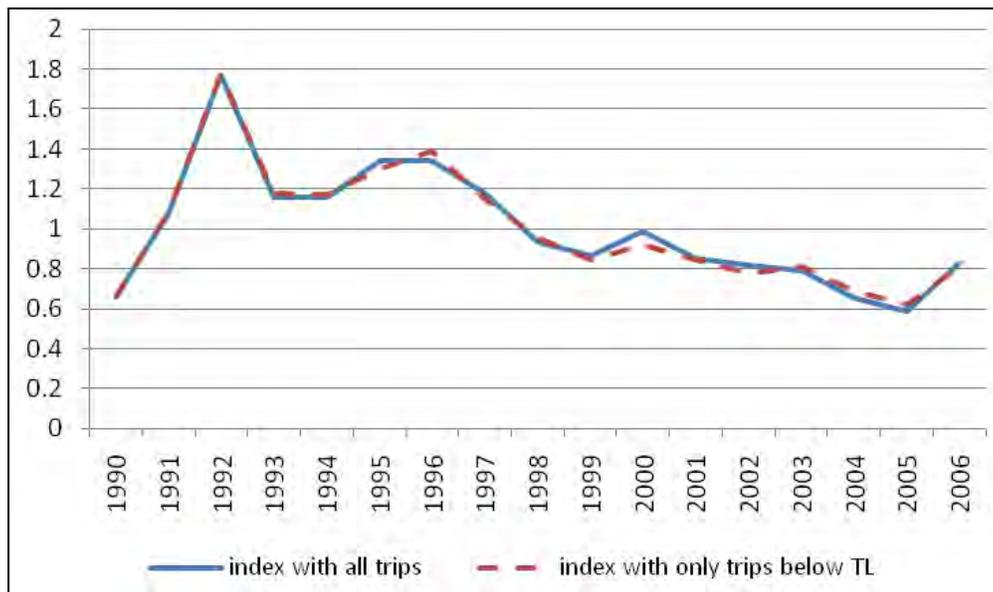


Figure 5.4.2.2. Western Gulf of Mexico vertical line index constructed with and without trips meeting or exceeding trip limits.

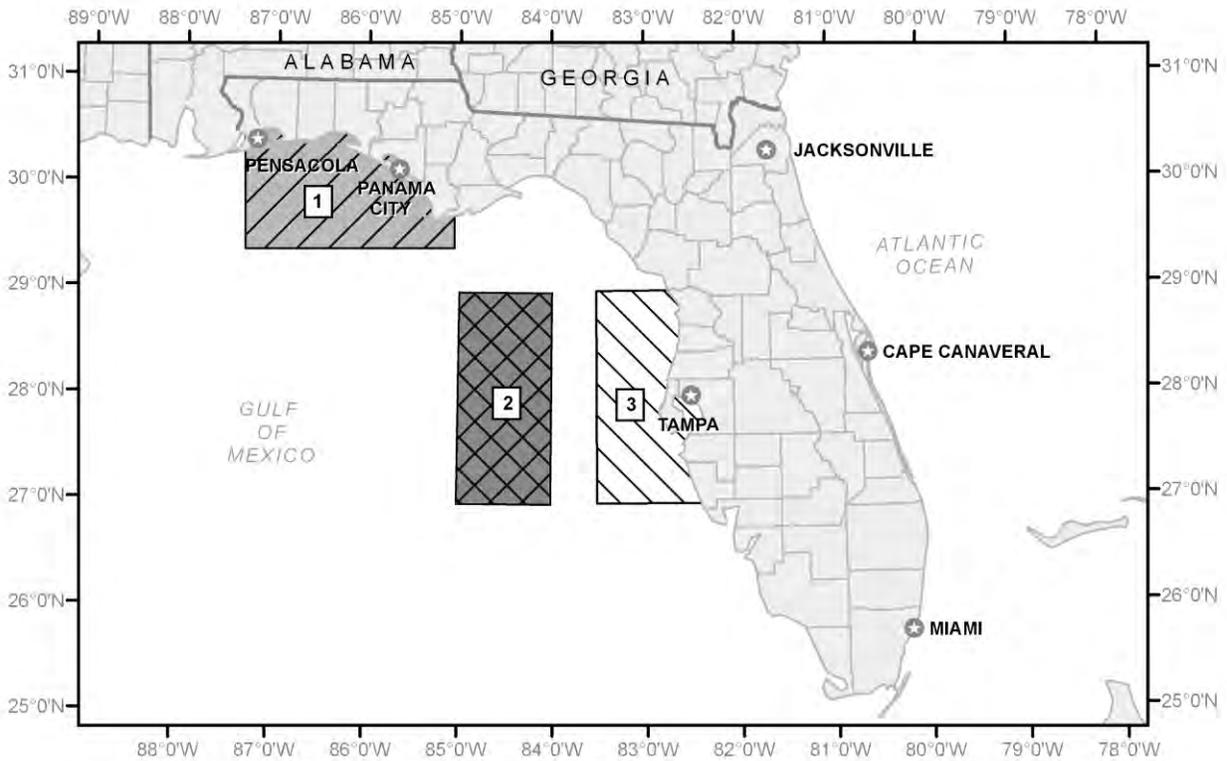


Figure 5.4.3.1. Study areas for Florida headboat observer program in the Gulf of Mexico. Box 1 represents the area where half-day and full-day trips originating from the northwestern panhandle region (NW FL) took place, Box 2 represents the area where multi-day trips originating from the central west region adjacent to Tampa Bay (TB) took place, and Box 3 represents the area where half-day and full-day trips originating from the TB region took place.

**Florida Red Snapper Length
Harvested and Released in June-July By Year**

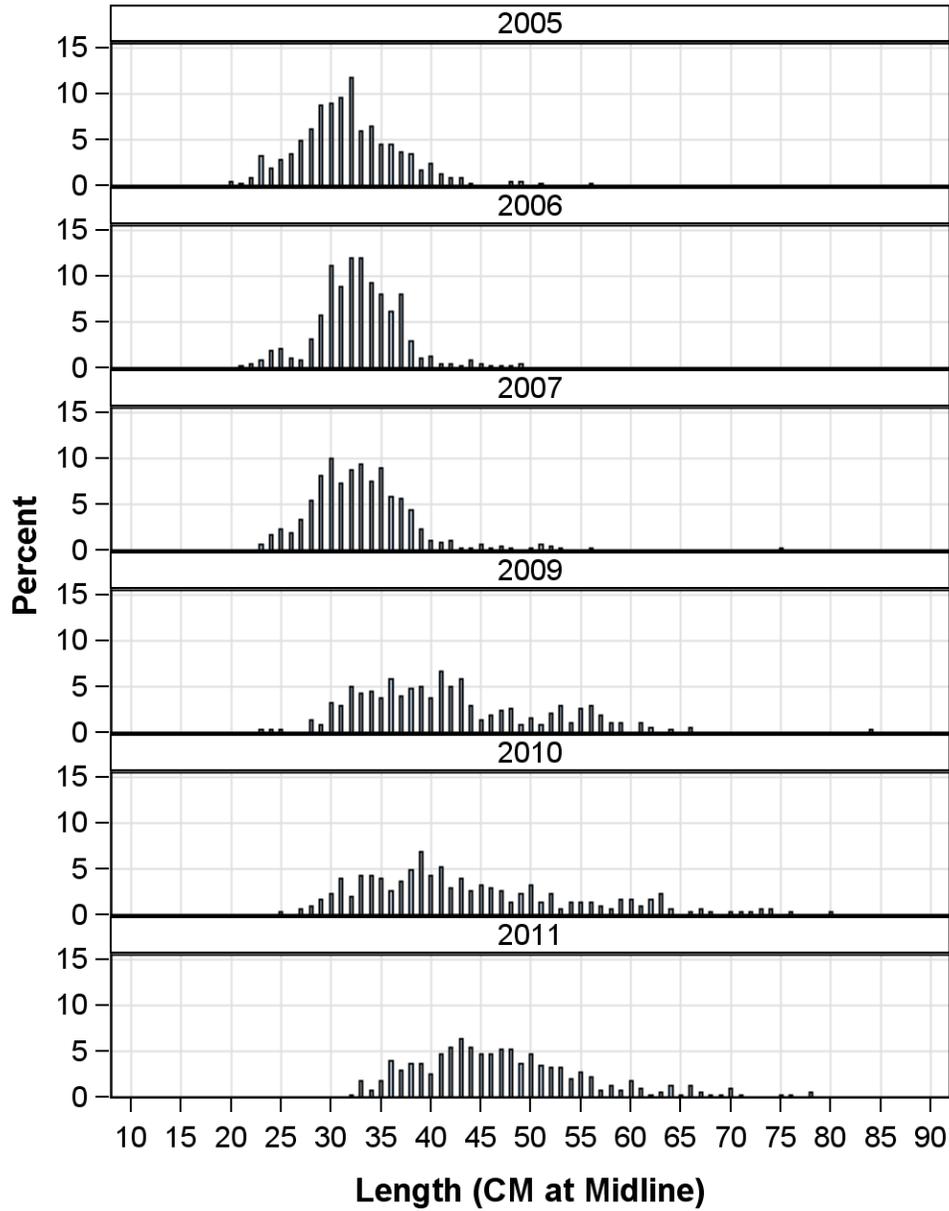
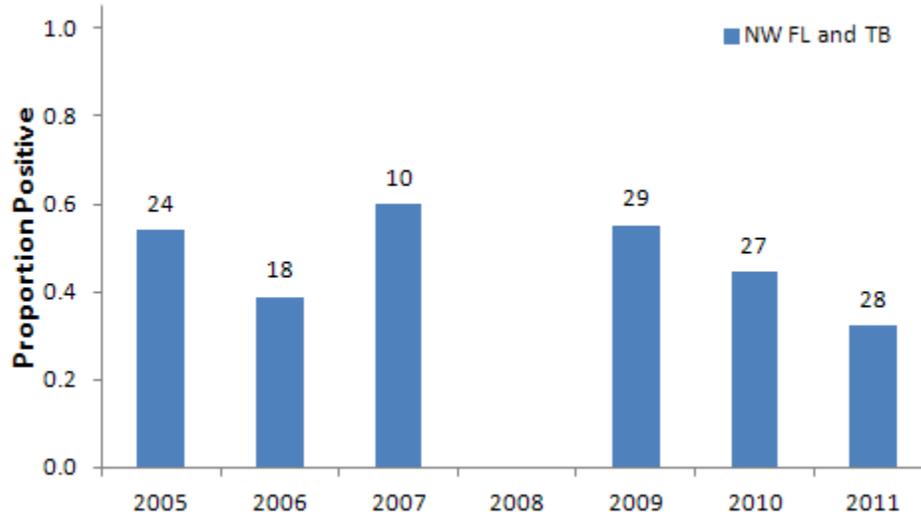


Figure 5.4.3.2. Length frequencies (cm total length) of all red snapper (harvested and released) observed on Florida head boats during the months of June and July. Length bins for 40cm and less are sublegal size classes.

a.) Regions combined.



b.) By region.

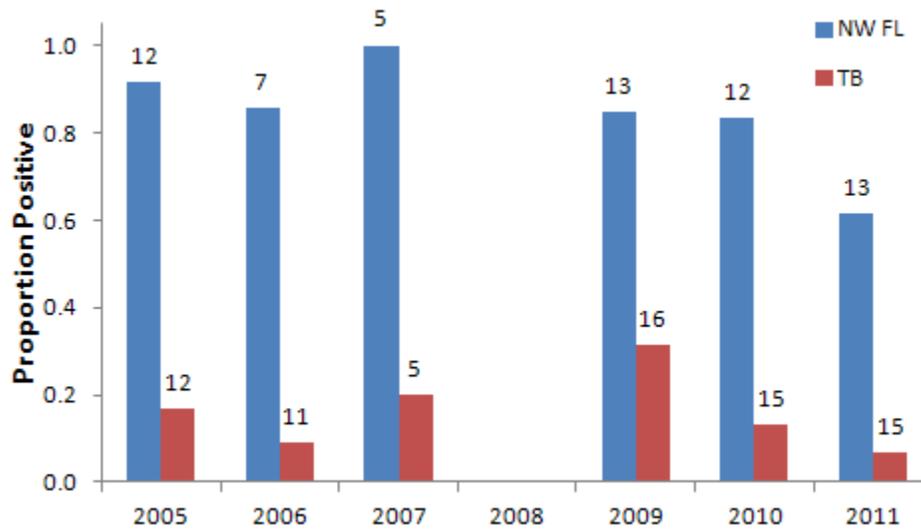
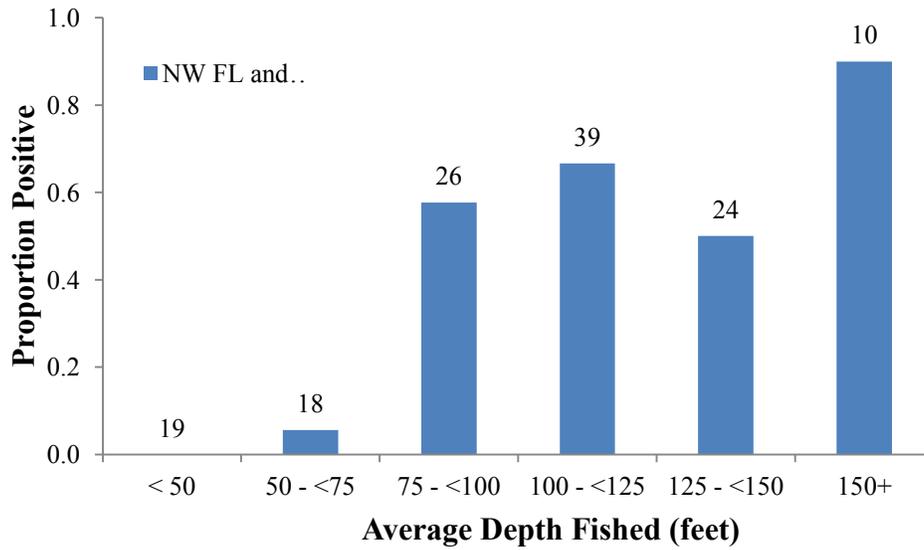


Figure 5.4.3.3. Proportion of trips with releases of undersized red snapper. a.) For the combined regions; and b.) For each region. Sample sizes are shown above the columns.

a.) Regions combined.



b.) By region.

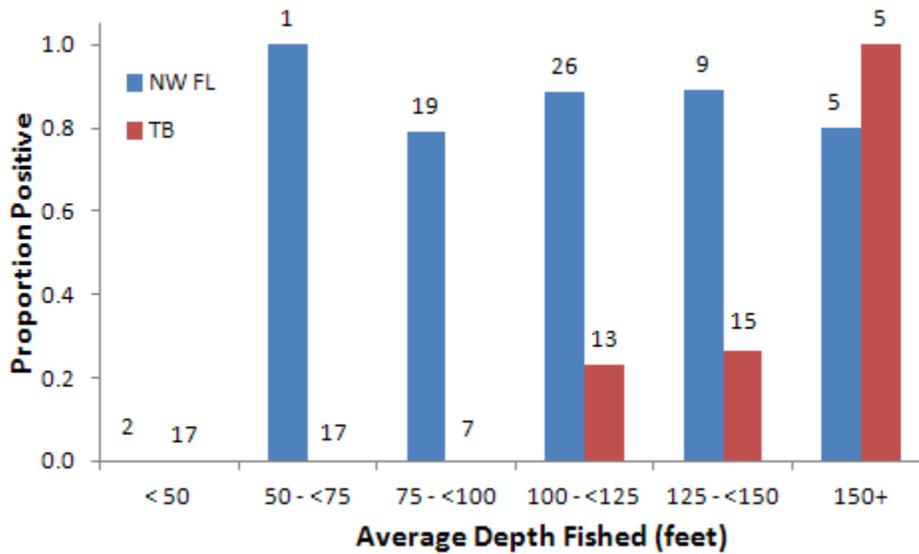
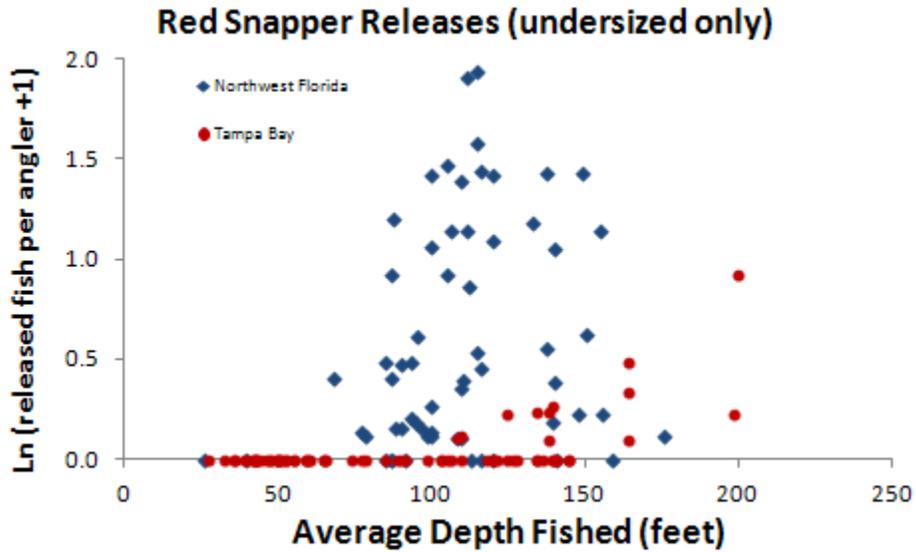


Figure 5.4.3.4. Proportion of trips with releases of undersized red snapper a.) for the combined regions by average water depth; and b.) in each region by average water depth. Sample sizes are shown above the columns.

a.) Released fish rates by region



b.) NW Florida release rates by year, with trend lines

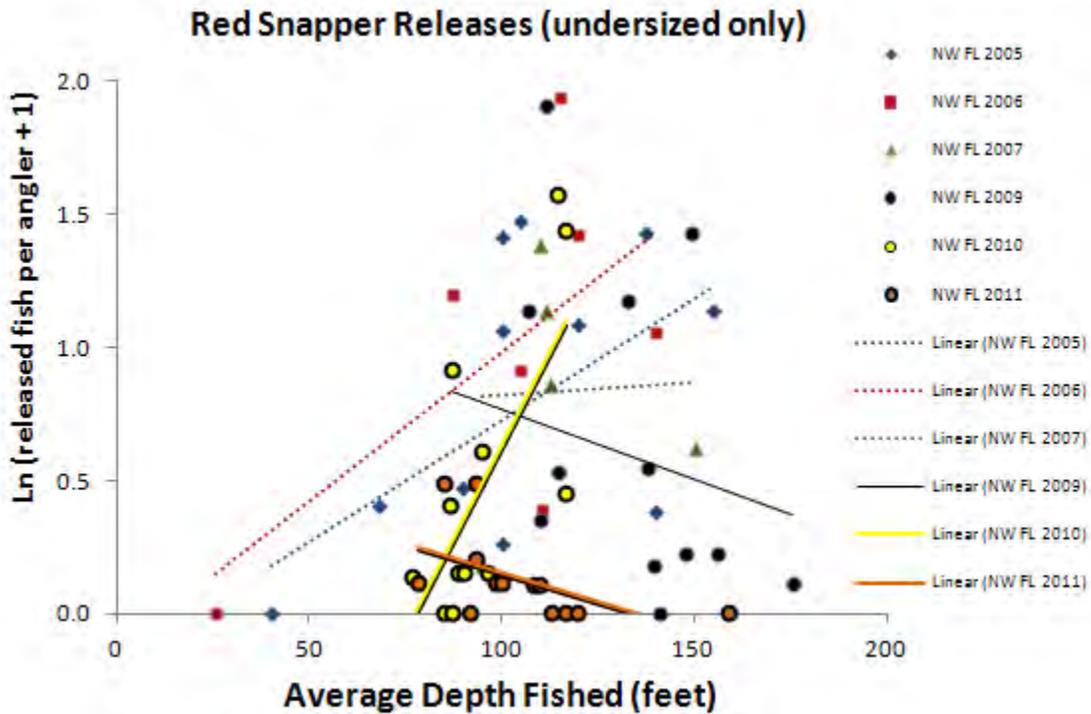


Figure 5.4.3.5. Release rates per angler-trip by average depth fished (in feet) . a.) By region; b.) for the northwest Florida region only, with linear trend lines by year.

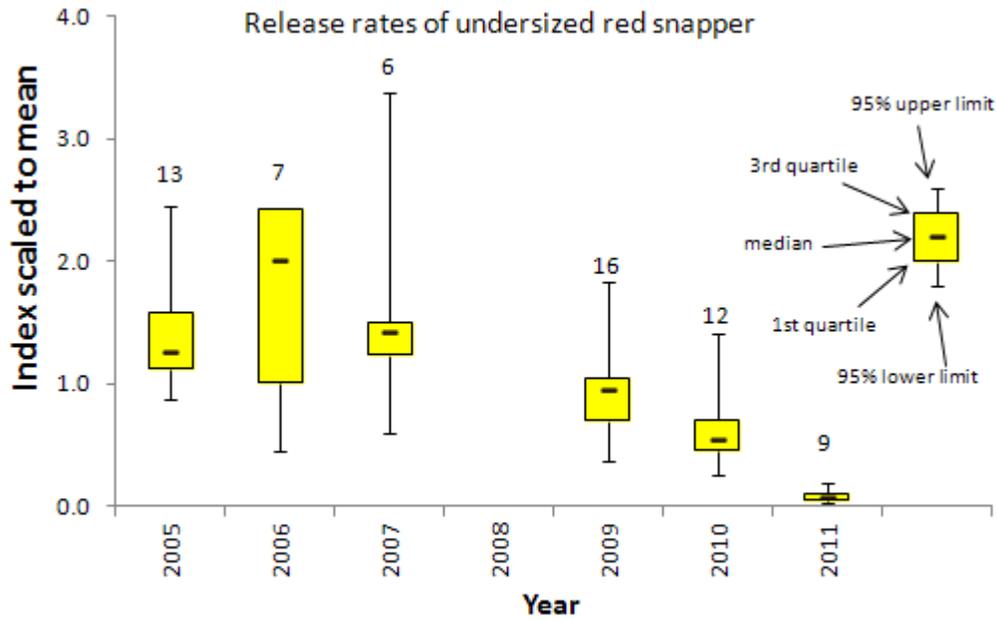


Figure 5.4.3.6. Scaled index for the combined binomial and gamma sub-models for Florida at-sea sampled undersized red snapper releases from head boats in NW FL and TB, 2005-2011. Sample sizes for the positives (gamma sub-model) are shown above the index values. The median values are indicated by the horizontal bars in the shaded boxes representing the 1st and 3rd quartiles. The whiskers extending above and below the boxes are the 95% upper and lower confidence limits, respectively.

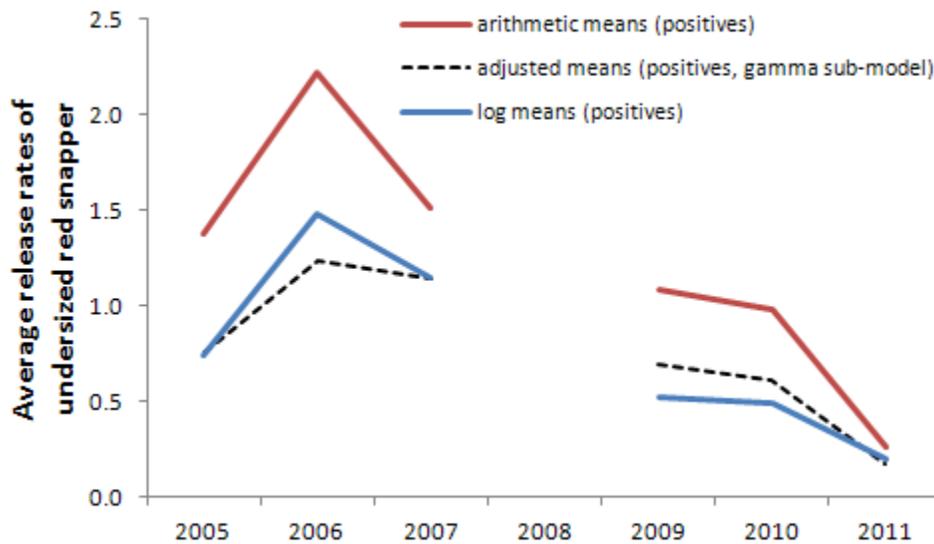


Figure 5.4.3.7. Unscaled arithmetic (positives), log-transformed (positives), and adjusted (gamma sub-model only) means for the combined regions.

6 Ad-Hoc Discard Mortality Rate Working Group

6.1 Group Membership

Matthew Campbell (Leader)	NMFS
Beverly Sauls	FL FWC
William Driggers	NMFS
Barbara Dorf	TPWD

6.2 Background

Red snapper have been utilized as a fishery resource in the Gulf of Mexico (GOM) for over a century and are considered to be one of the most economically important fisheries in the region (Strelcheck and Hood 2007). The first regulations managing the fishery were put in place in 1984 in response to the overfished status of the stock (see Hood et al. 2007 and GMFMC 2012 for a comprehensive management history). In general, both commercial and recreational regulations have focused on reducing total catch by implementing annual time closures, which in turn generates regulatory discards in the off season. Additionally, resource managers implemented minimum size regulations that increased the number regulatory discards. In both cases the fact that regulatory discards are a byproduct necessitates tracking the rate at which fish are discarded, as well as eventual fate following release.

The intent behind catch-and-release (CAR) regulations is to reduce fishing mortality for immature age groups of fish, allow those age groups to grow and mature to reproductive ages, and help preserve age structure in a population. Despite the intent of CAR fishing regulations, for many species stress of capture leads to increased frequency of barotraumas and reduced reflex responses, the synergistic effects of which often results in increased release mortality and renders those regulations ineffective (Davis 2007, Campbell et al. 2010a). Stressors experienced by fishes during CAR fishing can include hook trauma, physical overexertion, barotrauma, rapid thermal change, air exposure, and physical handling (Davis et al. 2001, Rummer and Bennett 2005, Nieland 2007, Jarvis and Lowe 2008). These CAR fishing stressors can also translate into long-term, sub-lethal, negative consequences for individuals and potentially for populations, such as reduced growth and fecundity (Woodley and Peterson 2003, Ryer et al. 2004, Davis 2007). The effects of CAR fishing can be particularly problematic for marine species such as red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) that inhabit relatively deep water and possess a physoclistous gas bladder.

Reported percent discard mortality in the red snapper fishery ranges from 0 to 100% (SEDAR7 2005, Campbell et al. 2012) depending on fishery sector (e.g. recreational and commercial), gear types deployed, capture depth, water temperature, exposure to thermoclines, handling time, and air exposure (Table 6.1, Figure 6.1). Due to the wide range in reported mortality rates and the convoluted nature of interacting factors, a comprehensive evaluation of pertinent research is needed. The focus of the report is to review the status of our knowledge regarding discard mortality in the red snapper fishery with the intent of identifying critical unresolved issues.

The bulk of the currently available research has been focused on the recreational sector which most of this report will reference. Recently, discard observers have been placed on board commercial vessels in part to estimate release mortality for that sector, and to which a section of this report is dedicated.

6.3 Methods of Estimation

6.3.1 Surface Observations

The most common mortality estimation method is surface observation of release activity. Estimates derived using this method are among the most conservative, show high variation among surveys, and report considerable regional differences (Table 6.1, Figures 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3). Surface observation experiments have used two categorization systems. Type-1 surface observation methods classify release activity into four categories: (1) swam down, (2) erratic swimming at the surface with eventual submersion, (3) erratic swimming at the surface without submersion, and (4) floating (Patterson 2001). Type-2 surface release observation methods use slightly different categories: (1) swam down, (2) erratic swimming, (3) floating, and (4) dead (Dorf 2003, Campbell 2010a). While these two systems track erratic swimmers slightly differently, both of these methods consider erratic swimming fish to be mortalities regardless if the erratic swimming fish submerged. The main difference between these two particular studies is that the Patterson (2001) study vented 100% of the fish, while Dorf (2003) the deckhands handling the fish vented only 40% of the fish.

High variation reported among surface observation surveys could be attributable to season, depth, region, or venting practices (Table 6.1, Figures 6.1, 6.2 and 6.3). Dorf (2003) reported the highest release mortality estimates among surface observation studies however data was collected exclusively during the summer on fishery dependent surveys, station depth ranged from 10-95 m, and only 37.2% of the fish were vented. Patterson et al. (2001) reported lower estimates from data collected quarterly on scientific research cruises, station depth ranged from 21 – 30 m, and 100% of the fish were vented. The pattern of higher estimates reported from western GOM data appear to be related to venting methodology or rate rather than true regional differences in red snapper stocks (Figures 6.1 and 6.2). The Dorf (2003) study might better reflect the reality at that time in the fishery as it measures compliance to venting as a practice, conversely a scientific study that carefully vents 100% of the fish might not reflect what is actually happening day to day in the fishery. Currently there is no information regarding the frequency of venting either in the recreational or commercial red snapper fishery, and secondarily we have no idea of how that may have changed over time and across regions.

Surface observations are useful due to low operational costs, minimal equipment requirements, and the ease with which large sample sizes can be generated. Limitations of the method center on its observational nature. For instance, unsuccessful submergence is only a proxy of mortality, release behavior is subjective, observations are immediate (<1 minute), and subsurface observations are rare. Surface observations also ignore issues associated with CAR fishing such as hooking injuries, thermal stress, and barotrauma that could result in mortality over hours to days (Campbell et al. 2010a). In spite of the stated limitations, surface release activity data

should always be collected during surveys. If the method is used to formulate release mortality estimates then clarification is needed in regards to classifying erratically swimming fish, and tag-and-recapture methods should be utilized to evaluate misclassification rates from each unique release activity group.

6.3.2 Cage studies

Cage studies were the first to address delayed mortality, and where comparisons are possible, generally result in higher release mortality estimates within a given depth group (Table 6.1). Like surface observations, this group of studies tends to show a lot of variability about the associated mortality estimates, most of which appears to be related to study specific issues. It should be noted that all of the aforementioned cage studies were performed in Texas and/or Louisiana with cages suspended from oil production platforms, therefore regional differences (east versus west) cannot be discerned and effects of day to day activities on oil platforms may be of concern (e.g. release of drilling muds or petro-chemicals near captive fish).

The first cage study was performed by Parker (1985), unfortunately this frequently cited paper was an internal report that the authors have been unable to obtain, and the two estimates were derived from samples of 14 and 44 fish (Table 6.1). Render and Wilson (1994) reported 20% release mortality from their cage, which is the second highest mortality reported from the < 20 m depth group, and from which the only higher estimate was Dorf (2003) who used the least conservative surface release methodology (type-2). Diamond and Campbell (2009) generated mortality estimates from a cage study that in their associated depth groups, and among all studies combined, are among the highest reported (Table 6.1, Figure 6.1). The Diamond and Campbell (2009) study was confounded by three important factors including high surface water temperatures during summer sampling (~ 32.2 - 33.3 C), fish were placed in cages at the surface for extended periods before descent (waiting for scuba diving intervals to expire), and fish included in the experiment had blood drawn from them which could have influenced mortality rates. While cage studies show high mortality estimates, sample size and methodology appear to cloud the overall picture coming from these sources.

The primary advantage of a cage study is the ability to track survival over extended periods, which gives insight into the long term effects of CAR trauma that the immediate observational estimates cannot produce. Cage studies are biased because they exclude predatory interactions, prevent foraging, can cause additional injury (e.g. abrasions), and disrupt normal behaviors, all of which interact in unknown ways relative to the fate of the released fish. Cage studies are useful in shedding light on the delayed mortality question, but they do not replicate post-release conditions occurring in the fishery about which mortality estimates need to be most reflective.

6.3.3 Hyperbaric Chamber Simulations

Hyperbaric chambers have been used to simulate the effect of depth and temperature to evaluate CAR fishing stress and estimate mortality associated with those stressors (Rummer and Bennett 2005, Burns et al. 2004, Campbell et al. 2010b). Rummer and Bennett (2005) euthanized all fish following barotrauma simulation so that necropsies could be performed and therefore report no mortality estimate. Campbell et al. (2010b) reported no mortality but had two issues that likely

influenced this result, including short acclimation periods in chambers and simulation water temperatures reflected winter/spring conditions. Burns et al. (2004) report mortality estimates, but do not report sample sizes, nor do they report simulation water temperatures. Both Burns et al. (2004) and Campbell et al. (2010b) treated fish for ectoparasites, culled sick fish from the experiments, frequently report no mortalities, and during summer months fish experienced high mortalities during collection and therefore summer collecting was discontinued. Unnatural conditions experienced by fish during chamber experiments, culling of unhealthy fish, and extremely low reported mortalities likely preclude the use of resultant estimates in evaluating release mortality rates of red snapper.

6.3.4 *Passive and acoustic tagging*

The primary advantage of both acoustic and passive tag-and-recapture studies is that they can produce both immediate and delayed mortality estimates. Recaptured fish can also be used to evaluate the accuracy of surface activity proxies of mortality used in surface observation studies. Tag and recapture studies are also beneficial because they collect additional data on movement, growth, behavior and habitat preferences.

Diamond et al. (2011) utilized acoustic tagging methodology and estimated some of the highest release mortality estimates reported (winter - 40%, and summer - 79%). Furthermore, Diamond reported a strong seasonal component, in which there was low survival in summer and higher survival in winter. However, this study derived mortality estimates from a low sample size (~ 40 total fish), and required surgery to implant tags which could have biased the results. Acoustic tagging requires that the researcher tracks fish using a hydrophone, or that hydrophones are set up in a pre-defined area to evaluate fish activity. Similar to issues with surface observation methods, eventual fate of a subject cannot be assumed once a fish has moved beyond detection, and this particular nuance is especially problematic at low sample sizes.

Passive tagging studies that are dependent upon participants in commercial and recreational fisheries for recapture reports are sensitive to the spatial and temporal distributions of effort in a fishery, and such effects must be accounted for in models that estimate mortality. Passive tagging surveys also have larger initial sample sizes than acoustic tag studies, but frequently suffer from low recapture rates. Three passive tagging studies were available for examination, and all were conducted in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Patterson et al. (2001) and Patterson and Addis (unpublished data) derived mortality estimates from surface release observations which were covered in an earlier section. The third study estimated the proportion of tagged fish that suffered mortality after initial capture and release through the use of a composite score to compare recapture rates between groups of red snapper released under optimum conditions, versus red snapper exposed to one or more impairments. Methods for this study are detailed in a working paper submitted for this data workshop (Sauls 2012). Estimates of release mortality from these three studies ranged from 10% to 30%, and increased with increasing depth and temperature. In the future, it might be useful to combine data from multiple studies and reassess older tagging information when an acceptable model is developed.

6.4 Depth Effect

Regardless of study methodology or region, a consistent trend among mortality data is a positive correlation between depth and mortality (Table 6.1, Figure 6.1). The eastern GOM estimates showed a linear response from 20 to 40 m (Figure 6.2), and the western GOM estimates showed a steeper linear increase and estimate higher mortality through 40 m after which the response asymptotes (Figure 6.3). The linear relationship that is evident in both the eastern and western GOM from 20 to 40 m indicates the effect of capture depth on released fish appears to function similarly regardless of region. Furthermore the deep water (> 40 m) estimates from the western GOM data are strongly influenced by the less conservative type-2 surface observation methodology in which only 40% of fish were vented, as well as several studies that used methods that might artificially inflate mortality rates.

Extreme estimates in the western GOM come from a cage study and an acoustic tagging study (Diamond and Campbell 2009, Diamond et al. 2011). Diamond and Campbell (2009) report a significant depth effect but had compounding issues associated with the effects of high surface water temperatures and extreme handling situations as discussed earlier. The Diamond et al. (2011) acoustic tagging study showed high mortality rates from deep water, but reported difficulty in having enough fish survive in the summer to conduct the experiment and derived mortality estimates from a small sample size ($n \sim 40$). If these two experiments are treated as outliers, the functional form appears to strengthen because there is variation about estimates from those particular depths (i.e. the relationship tightens). High surface release estimates from deep water arise from the Dorf study of headboat discards, and as has been pointed out, only 40% of those fish were vented. Extreme estimates in the eastern GOM at 45 and 65 m are associated with the Burns et al. (2004) hyperbaric study, of which there is no published information about the simulated water temperatures during the experiment or sample sizes used to calculate the estimates. It should be noted that these are the only two mortality estimates for fish captured in relatively deep water (>40 m) from the eastern GOM.

The relationship between depth and mortality is most likely associated with injuries sustained during decompression, including gas bladder overexpansion/rupture, esophageal eversion, cloacal prolapse, exophthalmia, and gas infusion into vital organs (Rummer and Bennett 2005, Hannah 2008). Barotrauma injuries do not necessarily result in death, particularly as measured by surface release observation (immediate); however, data from studies estimating delayed mortality would suggest the opposite (Diamond and Campbell 2009, Diamond et al. 2011). In lieu of finding ways to reduce release frequency in the fishery several techniques have been explored to potentially reduce the negative impacts of capture so that release survival improves, including venting and bottom release devices.

6.5 Thermal stress

Mortality shows a strong relationship to season with lowest estimates from winter, intermediate in fall and spring, and highest in summer (Table 6.1, Figure 6.4 and 6.5). There appears to be a strong regional effect with western GOM estimates approximately double the estimates from the east in an equivalent season; however, these regional components are in part due to the differences between type-1 and type-2 surface release observation methods. If season is a proxy

for water temperature, the data then suggest a positive linear relationship between water temperature and mortality, particularly from eastern GOM estimates. Western GOM estimates show a similar decrease in mortality from summer to fall, but unfortunately there is a paucity of data collected during the spring and winter. As such, there may be a linear relationship, but currently there is not enough data collected on a quarterly basis (i.e. encompassing all seasons).

Sub-lethal types of responses show similar relationships with water temperature. Impairment in red snapper, as measured by an index score of barotrauma and reflex responses, increased with increasing water temperature (Diamond and Campbell 2009, Campbell et al. 2010a, Campbell et al. 2010b). Furthermore, impairment in at least two of those studies was linked to increased immediate release mortality as measured by release activity proxies of mortality (type-1 surface observation methods). Additionally, tagging data has shown lowest returns from fish tagged during summer and highest from fish tagged during the winter (Sauls 2012, Diamond et al. 2011). Finally, two separate hyperbaric chamber experiments reported inability to keep fish alive that were collected during the summer and had to postpone trips later in the year for cooler weather (Burns 2004, Campbell 2010a). Most investigations have well-defined depth treatments but have vaguely defined seasonal classifications, while some report months, and only one reported specific water temperatures and thermocline strength. The amount of attention paid to thermal stress is disappointing given that season appears to be a strong indicator of eventual fate, temperature is easily measured in the field, and temperature is easily controlled in a laboratory.

6.6 Hook Type Effects

As catch-and-release studies have become available, new management focus has been placed on gear requirements intended to minimize release mortality. The realized benefits of such gear requirements are also dependent on the methods of execution and the degree of compliance within the fishery (Sauls and Ayala 2012). In 2008, the GMFMC adopted the preferred management alternative in Amendment 27 to the Reef Fish Fishery Management Plan, which required recreational anglers fishing in federal waters to use non-stainless steel circle hooks when catching reef fishes with natural bait (50 CFR 622.41). A circle hook was defined by regulation as “a fishing hook designed and manufactured so that the point is turned perpendicularly back to the shank to form a generally circular, or oval, shape.” A minimum hook size to potentially reduce by-catch of undersized red snapper was also considered as an alternative management option but was not adopted. Florida matched federal regulations for state territorial seas in the Gulf of Mexico, with the added specification that a circle hook must have 0° of offset (Florida Administrative Code §68B-14.005). Louisiana matched federal regulations in state waters, Texas requires circle hooks when fishing for red snapper with recreational gear, and Alabama and Mississippi do not require circle hooks in state waters (Wilson and Diaz, 2012).

At the time when regulations were being considered in the Gulf of Mexico, studies to evaluate the potential benefits of circle hook use for reef fishes were limited, but was supported by a comprehensive meta-analysis, which reviewed 43 studies for 25 species (including freshwater and non-reef fish marine species) and concluded that mortality rates were reduced by approximately 50% overall when circle hooks are used compared with J hooks (Cooke and Suski

2004). Circle hooks had a greater tendency to set in the lip or jaw, resulting in fewer internal injuries for the majority of species studied. Two studies have been published since 2008 on the effectiveness of circle hooks specifically for reducing red snapper release mortalities. Sauls and Ayala (2012) observed red snapper caught with circle hooks and J hooks within the recreational fishery and reported a significant 63.5% reduction in potentially lethal hooking injuries for red snapper caught with circle hooks (6.3% potentially lethal injuries, versus 17.1% with J hooks). In contrast, Burns and Froeschke (2012) implied that survival of red snapper was reduced by circle hooks, citing significantly lower tag return rates for red snapper caught with circle hooks (8.1%) compared to J hooks (12.5%). However, the authors did not account for potential differences in tag reporting rates between study areas in the eastern Gulf of Mexico where the majority of fish tagged were originally captured with circle hooks, and the South Atlantic, where more fish were captured with J hooks. Tag reporting rates could potentially vary significantly between these two regions due to varied degrees of fishing effort and different regulations for harvest seasons, size limits and bag limits. Therefore, it is unclear whether the difference in tag return rates was due to varied probabilities for recapture among regions.

6.7 Venting and Bottom Release Devices

As of 2008, venting is required in the Gulf of Mexico red snapper fishery. Venting has been advocated as a conservation approach that may alleviate some of the negative consequences associated with barotrauma; however, a metadata analysis on the efficacy of venting in promoting survival suggests the effect is negligible (Wilde 2009). For red snapper studies specifically analyzed in Wilde (2009), there are mixed results one having shown positive effects of venting on survival (Gitschlag and Renaud 1994), two are neutral (Render and Wilson 1994, Render and Wilson 1994, and one negative (Burns 2004). Results of surface release observation studies show that venting clearly enhances submergence capability (Patterson 2001, Dorf 2003); however, those studies estimate immediate release mortality as a proxy about which the error in classification is largely unknown (i.e. many fish who submerge succumb to trauma after submergence). Given mixed results across a variety of experiment types, the committee recommends no changes in regards to venting regulations particularly in light of the fact that venting at least enhances the released fishes ability to submerge and return to protective habitat. More research on the topic is needed, with emphasis on the effects of capture depth, water temperature during the survey, and the interaction between those variables.

Recent efforts have focused less on venting and more on bottom-release devices, two of which have been experimentally tested. The concept of using bottom release devices is similar to venting in that the intent is to reverse the effects of swim bladder expansion, but instead of deflating the bladder by puncture it is deflated by recompression at depth. Diamond et al. (2011) tested a Shelton Fish Descender™ (SFD) which operates off of a standard reel, and is composed of a reverse barbless hook attached in line with a weight below the hook (details of the device can be found online). Tag returns in the experiment showed nearly identical frequency of recapture between surface-released fish (vented) and those released at depth using the SFD, suggesting that bottom release does not improve survival over conventional venting methods. Stunz and Curtis (2012) have been testing a Boga-Grip™ device that releases fish at a preset depth via a pressure sensitive clamp (details of the device can be found online). Results are

showing that fish released using the Boga-Grip device are more likely to survive than those which were vented and released at the surface. At this point it is difficult to discern why these two experiments showed opposing trends, thus more experimentation is needed and no recommendation is given at this time in regards to bottom release devices.

6.8 Commercial Sector Release Mortality

A previous report on commercial vertical line (bandit gear) release mortality showed that mortality increased with increasing capture depth and reported 64% of those released fish died (Nieland et al. 2007). Commercial fishermen participating in the group discussion during SEDAR 31 expressed concern that these old rates were reflective of the derby style fishing that took place in the past and not necessarily reflective of the current fishery, which appears to be supported by recently gathered fishery observer data.

Gulf of Mexico commercial reef fish fishery observers reported discard survival data were used to model instantaneous (at the vessel) discard mortality on vertical line and bottom longline trips. Vertical line gear included handline and electric/hydraulic reel (bandit rig) gear. Mortality associated with commercial vertical line gear was modeled separately from discard mortality associated with bottom longline gear.

Fishery observer data have been collected from the Gulf of Mexico reef fish fishery since July, 2006. Data include fishing location, gear fished, depth of water, species caught, and the disposition (kept, discarded dead, discarded alive, kept for bait, unknown) of each fish. Only records with discarded fish of the 15 most frequently observed species, by gear and including red snapper, were retained in the analyses. The proportion of live discards was modeled using generalized linear models (GLM; GENMOD; Version 8.02 of the SAS System for Windows © 2000. SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC, USA). For each GLM analysis, a type-3 model was fit, a binomial error distribution was assumed, and the logit-link was selected. The response variable was proportion of live discards. Factors in the model included species, region (Gulf of Mexico west of the Mississippi River; southeast Gulf = statistical areas 1-7; and northeast Gulf = statistical areas 8-12); and depth (modeled as a continuous variable).

Proportions of live discards from bottom longline vessels are provided in Figure 6.6. Approximately 71% of red snapper were reported as discarded alive. In the vertical line fishery, 77% of red snapper were reported as discarded alive (Figure 6.7). For both gears, survival of red snapper was intermediate across the range of instantaneous (at release) survival calculated for the 15 most frequently observed species.

During working group discussions there was some confusion about what is actually being measured: immediate mortality as the fish are pulled on to the vessel versus mortality once a fish is released. Commercial fishers from both the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico and from the vertical line and bottom longline fisheries were unanimous in their opinion that immediate survival estimates of red snapper as they come on to the vessel were too low. Discussion with reef fish observer program personnel revealed that discard survival had often not been determined until the fish had been measured, and in some cases the fish were kept in baskets for

significant periods of time until they were measured. The working group was concerned that such delays in discarding fish may have resulted in additional mortality that might not otherwise have occurred during normal commercial fishing operations. In other words, the estimate developed from observer data should be made directly from observations about which fishing crew exclusively handled released fish and under normal commercial fishing operations. Furthermore the estimate needs to be reflective of survival upon release not on how many fish come aboard the vessel alive.

6.9 Developing a Functional Response

At the request of the assessment group, the release mortality group investigated methods to develop a functional response that would use a meta-data approach that incorporates all of these data sets. Regardless of study methodology or region, a consistent trend among mortality data is a positive correlation between depth and mortality (Table 6.1, Figure 6.1). To test this we performed a linear regression testing the effect of depth on mortality. When including all of the data points, there is a significant relationship ($p < 0.001$); however, the fit was poor ($r^2 = 0.276$). Taking the log of depth then testing for a linear relationship showed significant slope and the fit was improved ($r^2 = 0.309$). Further analysis of the SAS fit diagnostics, such as leverage tests and Cook's D, identified outliers in the data. The outliers identified were associated with estimates associated with the Diamond and Campbell cage study (highest in depth group), the summer estimate from the Diamond acoustic study (highest in depth group), Burns hyperbaric chamber studies (0 mortality in 3 of 4 groups), and from estimates derived from winter sampling (lowest estimates in respective depth groups). These same studies were also identified in group discussion as having unusual responses relative to other studies, the issues of which are discussed in those sections. Removal of those outliers, followed by testing for a linear relationship between log transformed depth and mortality, resulted in a significant relationship ($F=36.21$, $p < 0.001$), improved fit ($r^2 = 0.475$), and resulted in the following relationship $y = 28.789 * \ln(\text{depth}) - 79.654$ (Figures 6.8 and 6.9). Another approach to this process would be to weight each respective estimate from each study by sample size or by variance; unfortunately many of the studies don't report depth specific sample sizes for each estimate reported, so at the time of this report that approach could not be performed. Other suggested models include: 1) meta-analysis general linear mixed effects model, 2) generalized least squares model, and 3) full information maximum likelihood model. Those particular models are in the process of being implemented but were not ready in time for inclusion in the data workshop report.

6.10 Comments and Recommendations

Recreational

Regional differences identified in previous reports and in this report were shown to be more truly related to methodology rather than region (e.g. type-2 surface release methodology, Diamond and Campbell cage study). Low estimates from surface release mortality studies are often associated with studies that vented 100% of the fish, whereas the highest estimates are from studies that evaluated discards aboard headboats that inconsistently vented fish. Low estimates of release mortality from surface observation studies may or may not be representative of what

actually took place in the fishery, and high estimates directly measured from the fishery in which venting was an inconsistent practice are likely more representative of reality. However, at this point there is no way to distinguish the rate at which vessels were venting, how that practice has changed through time, nor how best to apply that in the assessment model. In lieu of using separate point estimates for the east and west regions (as has been done in the past), it is recommended that the assessment uses the depth-mortality relationship developed in section 6.8 regardless of region and that produces confidence intervals about those depth specific estimates.

Commercial

The working group recommends that discard mortality should not be calculated using the commercial reef fish observer data. Due to the small number of studies pertaining to commercial fishing release mortality rates, it is advised that either historical rates are applied in the model or that the depth related release mortality model, developed from recreational data, is applied to the commercial fishery. Furthermore, changes in how the fishery has been prosecuted need to be accounted for.

Circle hooks

There is sufficient evidence in the literature, and in red snapper specific literature, that leads us to the conclusion that circle hooks significantly reduce the frequency of gut hooking and lead to improved survival at release.

Venting and bottom release devices

Literature gathered on the topic show mixed results relative to survival. More research is needed on the efficacy of venting, with emphasis on the effects of capture depth, water temperature during the survey, and the interaction between those variables. Secondly, information about how often venting is used in the recreational fishery would be very beneficial. At this point there have been only two experiments involving bottom release devices, and they showed opposite trends. More experimentation is needed and no recommendation is given at this time in regards to bottom release devices.

6.11 Literature Cited

- Addis, D.T., W.F. Patterson III, and M.A. Dance
2008. Site fidelity and movement of reef fishes tagged at unreported artificial reef sites off NW Florida. Proceedings of the 60th Gulf and Caribbean Fisheries Institute, Punta Cana, Dominican Republic, pp. 297-304.
- Burns, K.M., R.R. Wilson, Jr., and N.F. Parnell
2004. Partitioning release mortality in the undersized red snapper bycatch: comparison of depth vs. hooking effects. Mote Marine Laboratory Technical Report No. 932 (MARFIN grant#: NA97FF0349)
- Burns, K.M., and J.M. Froeschke
2012. Survival of red grouper (*Epinephelus morio*) and red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*) caught on j-hooks and circle hooks in the Florida recreational and recreational-for-hire fisheries. Bull. Mar. Sci. 88(3): 633-646. SEDAR31-RD49
- Campbell, M.D., M. Driggers and B. Sauls
2012. Release mortality in the red snapper fishery: a synopsis of three decades of research. Prepared for SEDAR31 Data Workshop: SEDAR31-DW22.
- Campbell, M.D, J. Tolan, R. Strauss, and S.L. Diamond.
2010a. Relating angling-dependent fish impairment to immediate release mortality of red snapper (*Lutjanus campechanus*). Fish. Res. 106: 64-70.
- Campbell, M.D., R. Patino, J. Tolan, R. Strauss and S.L. Diamond.
2010b. Sublethal effects of catch-and-release fishing: measuring capture stress, fish impairment, and predation risk using a condition index. ICES J. Mar. Sci. 67: 513-521.
- Cooke, S.J., C.D. Suski.
2004. Are circle hooks an effective tool for conserving marine and freshwater recreational catch-and-release fisheries. Aquat. Cons. 14(3): 299-326.
- Davis, M.W., B.L. Olla, and C.B. Schreck.
2001. Stress induced by hooking, net towing, elevated sea water temperature and air in sablefish: lack of concordance between mortality and physiological measures of stress. J. Fish Biol. 58: 1-15.
- Davis, M.W.
2007. Simulated fishing experiments for predicting delayed mortality rates using reflex impairment in restrained fish. ICES J. Mar. Sci. 64: 1535-1542.
- Diamond, S.L., and M.D. Campbell.
2009. Linking “sink or swim” indicators to delayed mortality in red snapper by using a condition index. Marine and Coastal Fisheries: Dynamics, Management, and Ecosystem Science 1: 107-120.

- Diamond, S.L., T. Hedrick-Hopper, G.W. Stunz, M. Johnson, and J. Curtis.
2011. Reducing discard mortality of red snapper in the recreational fisheries using descender hooks and rapid recompression. Final report, MARFIN grant#: NA07NMF4540078
- Dorf, B.A.
2003. Red snapper discards in Texas coastal waters - a fishery dependent onboard survey of recreational headboat discards and landings. *Am. Fish. Soc. Symposium* 36, 155-166.
- Gitschlag, G.R., and M.L. Renaud
1994. Field experiments on survival rates of caged and released red snapper. *N. Amer. J. Fish. Mgmt.* 14:131-136.
- GMFMC (Gulf of Mexico Fisheries Management Council)
2012. Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Management History. Reference document prepared for SEDAR 31: SEDAR31- RD09.
- Hannah R.W., P.S. Rankin, A.N. Penny, and S.J. Parker
2008. Physical model of the development of external signs of barotrauma in Pacific rockfish. *Aquat. Biol.* 3: 291-296.
- Hood, P.B., A.J. Strelcheck, and P. Steele
2007. A history of red snapper management in the Gulf of Mexico. *In Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico* (W.F. Patterson, J.H. Cowan, G.R. Fitzhugh, and D.L. Nieland eds.), p. 385-396. *Am. Fish. Soc. Symposium* 60, Bethesda, MD.
- Jarvis, E., C.G. Lowe
2008. The effects of barotrauma on the catch-and-release survival of southern California nearshore and shelf rockfish (Sebastidae, *Sebastes* spp.). *Can. J. Fish. Aquat. Sci.* 65: 1286-1296.
- Nieland, D.L., Fischer, A.J., Baker, Jr. M.S., Wilson, C.A.,
2007. Red snapper in the northern Gulf of Mexico: age and size composition of the commercial harvest and mortality of regulatory discards, in: Patterson III W.F., Cowan Jr. J.H., Fitzhugh G.R., Nieland D.L. (Eds.), *Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the US Gulf of Mexico*. *Am. Fish. Soc. Symposium* 60, Bethesda, Maryland, pp. 301-310.
- Parker, R.O.
1985. Survival of released red snapper. Progress report to South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Fisheries Management Councils, North Charleston, South Carolina, and Tampa, Florida.
- Patterson, W. F. III, J.C. Watterson, R.L. Shipp, and J.H. Cowan, Jr.
2001. Movement of tagged red snapper in the northern Gulf of Mexico. *Trans. Amer. Fish. Soc.* 130: 533-545.

Render, J.H. and C.A. Wilson.

1994. Hook-and-line mortality of caught and released red snapper around oil and gas platform structural habitat. *Bull. Mar. Sci.* 55: 1106-1111.

Rummer, J.L. and W.A. Bennett.

2005. Physiological effects of swim bladder overexpansion and catastrophic decompression on red snapper. *Trans. Amer. Fish. Soc.* 134: 1457-1470.

Ryer, C.H., M.L. Ottmar, E.A. Sturm.

2004. Behavioral impairment after escape from trawl codends may not be limited to fragile fish species. *Fish. Res.* 66: 261-269.

Sauls, B.

2012. Seasonal and Depth Dependent Release Mortality Estimates for Recreational Hook-and-Line Caught Red Snapper Derived from a Large-Scale Tag-Recapture Study in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico. Working paper prepared for SEDAR 31 Data Workshop: SEDAR31-DW23.

Sauls, B, and O. Ayala.

2012. Circle hook requirements in the Gulf of Mexico: application in recreational fisheries and effectiveness for conservation of reef fishes. *Bull. Mar. Sci.* 88(3): 667-679.
SEDAR31-RD50

SEDAR 7

2005. Stock assessment report of the Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper. Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review, North Charleston, SC.

Strelcheck, A.J., and P.B. Hood.

2007. Rebuilding red snapper: recent management activities and future management challenges. *In* Red snapper ecology and fisheries in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico (W.F. Patterson, J.H. Cowan, G.R. Fitzhugh, and D.L. Nieland eds.), p. 385-396. *Am. Fish. Soc. Symposium* 60, Bethesda, MD.

Stunz, G.W. and J. Curtis.

2012. Examining delayed mortality in barotrauma afflicted red snapper using acoustic telemetry and hyperbaric experimentation. Working paper prepared for SEDAR 31 Data Workshop: SEDAR31-DW21.

Wilde, G.R.

2009. Does venting promote survival of released fish? *Fisheries* 34(1): 20-28.

Wilson, J.A., and G.A. Diaz.

2012. An overview of circle hook use and management measures in United States marine fisheries. *Bull. Mar. Sci.* 88(3): 771-788.

6.12 Tables

Table 6.1. List of studies conducted in the Gulf of Mexico reporting release mortality estimates by 5 meter depth groups.

Depth range (m)	Season	Release Mortality	N	Method	Study	Region
< 20	None*	0.00	-	Hyperbaric	Burns et al. (2004) MARFIN	Panama City, FL
21-25	None	21.00	14	Cage+SCUBA	Parker (1985, unpublished)	Daytona, FL
	Quarterly †	20.00	282	Cage	Render and Wilson (1994)	Louisiana
	Fall	1.00	140	Surf obs	Gitschlag and Renaud (1994)	Galveston, TX
	Quarterly †	9.00	2932	Surf obs	Patterson et al. (2001)	AL coast
	None*	0.00	-	Hyperbaric	Burns et al. (2004) MARFIN	Panama City, FL
	Summer	41.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
26-30	none	11.00	44	Cage+SCUBA	Parker (1985, unpublished)	Galveston, TX
	Fall	10.00	31	Surf obs	Gitschlag and Renaud (1994)	Galveston, TX
	Quarterly †	14.00	2932	Surf obs	Patterson et al. (2001)	AL coast
	None*	0.00	-	Hyperbaric	Burns et al. (2004) MARFIN	Panama City, FL
	Summer and fall †	53.00	115	Cage	Diamond and Campbell (2009)	Port Aransas, TX
	Summer	47.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
	Summer and fall †	27.00	137	Surf obs	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Corpus Christi, TX
	Winter	3.00	138	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Spring	6.40	31	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Summer	7.00	52	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
31-35	Fall	12.00	221	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Quarterly †	18.00	2932	Surf obs	Patterson et al. (2001)	AL Coast
	Summer	15.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
	Winter	4.00	375	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Spring	10.00	196	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Summer	13.00	264	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Fall	17.00	563	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL

Page 1 of 2

36-40	Fall	44.00	61	Surf obs	Gitschlag and Renaud (1994)	Galveston, TX
	Summer	40.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
	Winter	5.00	65	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Spring	16.00	107	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Summer	16.00	44	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
	Fall	20.00	60	Surf obs	Patterson (personal comm.) ^o	Pensacola, FL
41-45	None*	40.00	-	Hyperbaric	Burns et al. (2004) MARFIN	Panama City, FL
	Summer and fall †	71.00	97	Cage	Diamond and Campbell (2009)	Port Aransas, TX
	Summer	63.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
46-50	Fall	36.00	55	Cage	Gitschlag and Renaud (1994)	Galveston, TX
	Summer and fall †	69.00	110	Cage	Diamond and Campbell (2009)	Port Aransas, TX
	Summer	61.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
	Summer	79.00	24	Acoustic tags	Diamond et al. (2011) MARFIN	Corpus Christi, TX
	Winter	40.00	20	Acoustic tags	Diamond et al. (2011) MARFIN	Corpus Christi, TX
51-55	Summer	58.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
56-60	None*	45.00	-	Hyperbaric	Burns et al. (2004) MARFIN	Panama City, FL
	Summer	38.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
	Summer and fall †	27.00	282	Surf obs	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Corpus Christi, TX
61-65	Summer	37.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
66-70	Summer	33.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
71-75	Summer	23.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
76-80	Summer	47.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports
>81	Summer	56.00	3851	Surf obs	Dorf (2003)	Texas ports

* No temperatures reported for experiment, however fish could only be collected during cold months

† indicates an experiment that sampled in more than one season but only produces a single estimate

^o Estimate calculated from data published in Addis and Patterson (2007).

Page 2 of 2

6.13 Figures

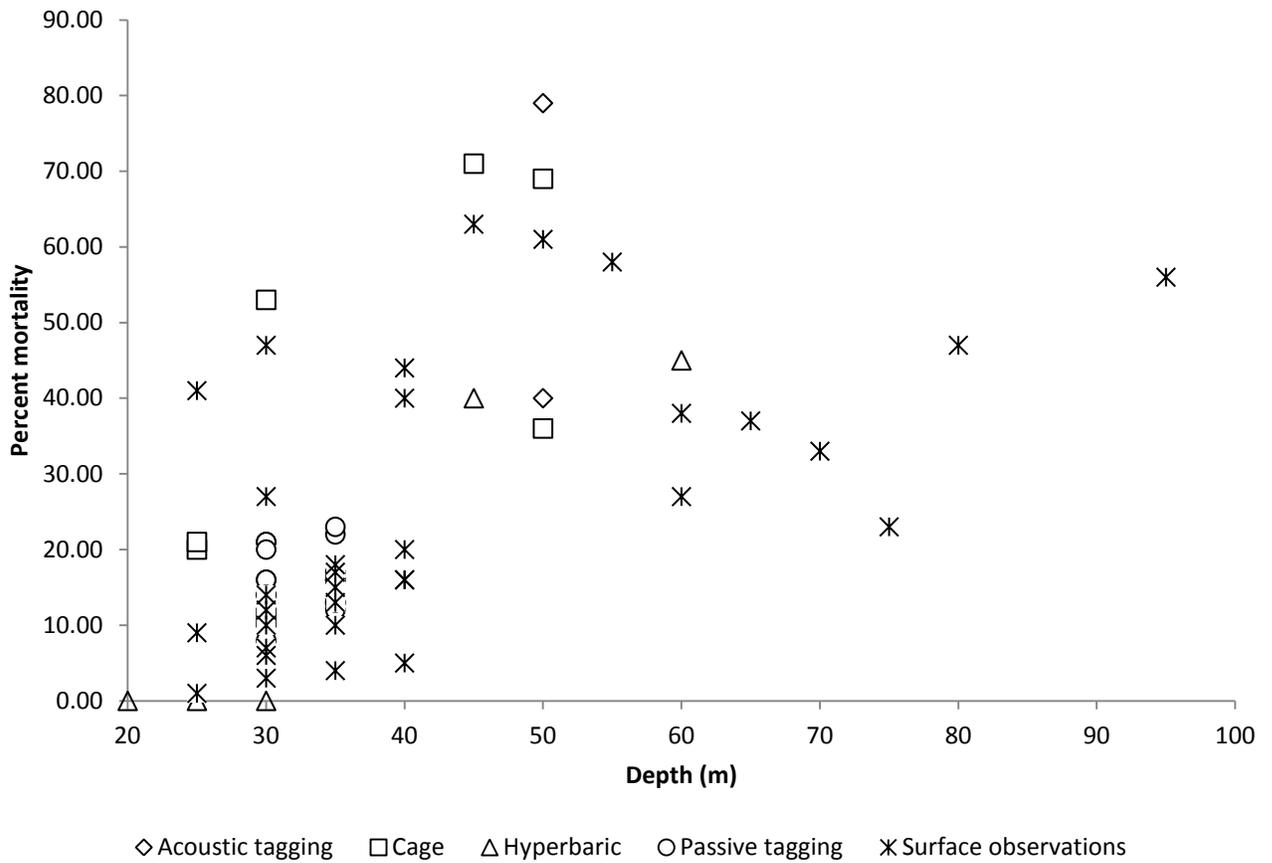


Fig 6.1. Plot of the relationship between study depth and estimated percent release mortality with individual study types identified (acoustic tagging = diamond, cage studies = square, hyperbaric chamber simulation = triangle, passive tag-recapture = circle, and surface observation = asterisk).

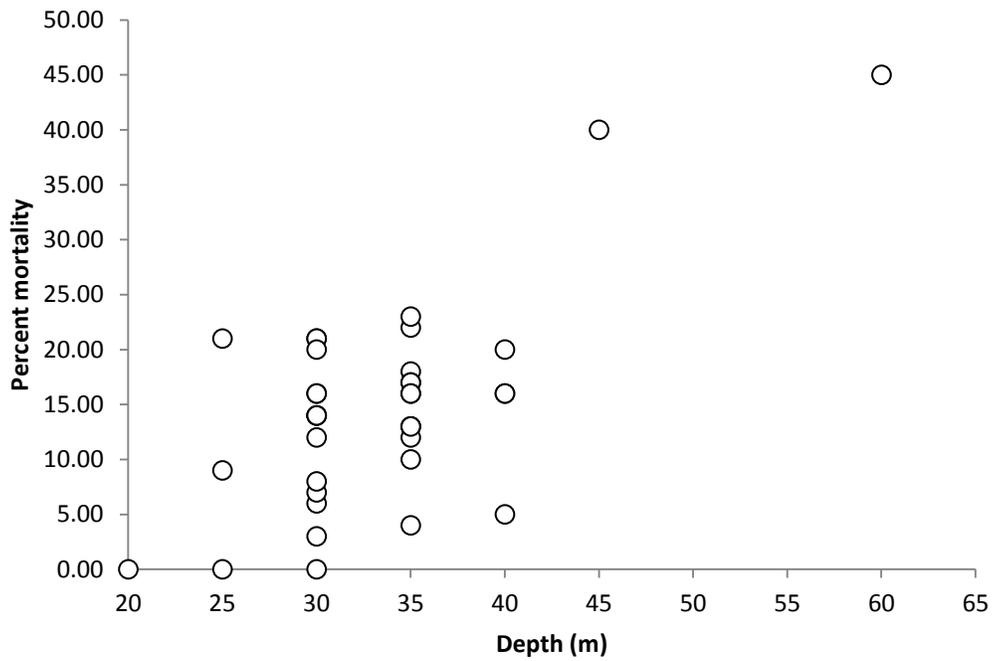


Fig 6.2. Eastern GOM release mortality estimates all methods, all seasons.

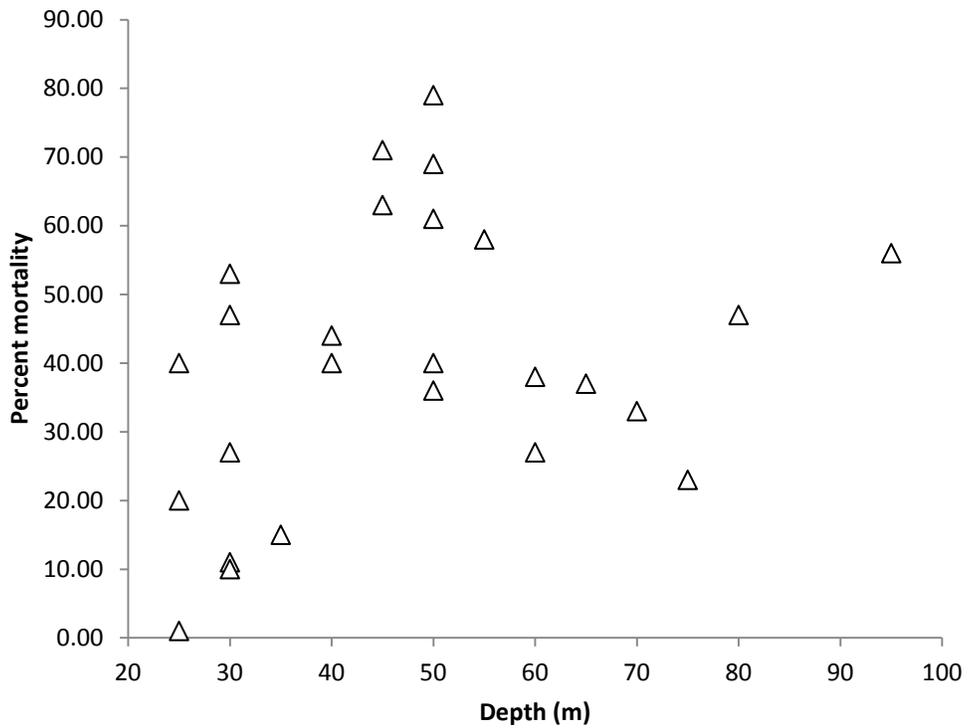


Fig 6.3. Western GOM release mortality estimates all methods, all seasons.

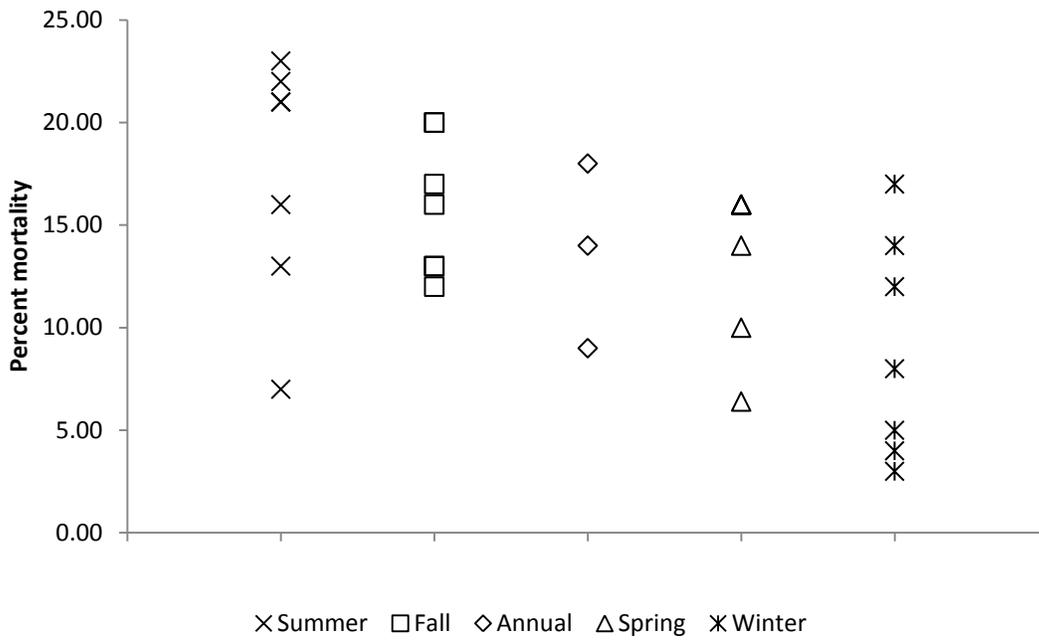


Figure 6.4. Eastern GOM percent release mortality by sampling season.

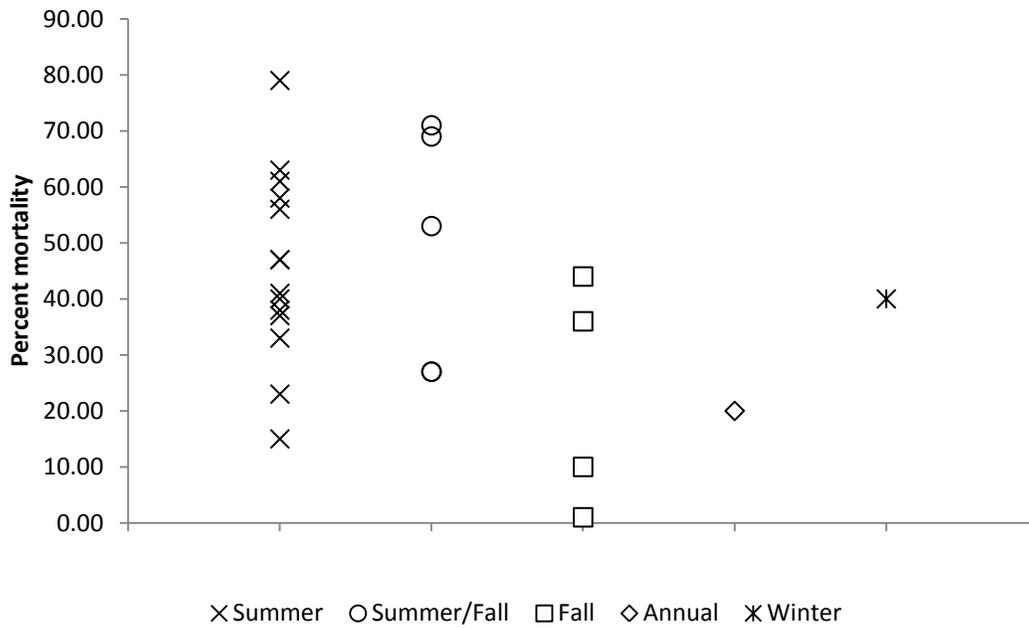


Figure 6.5. Western GOM percent release mortality by sampling season.

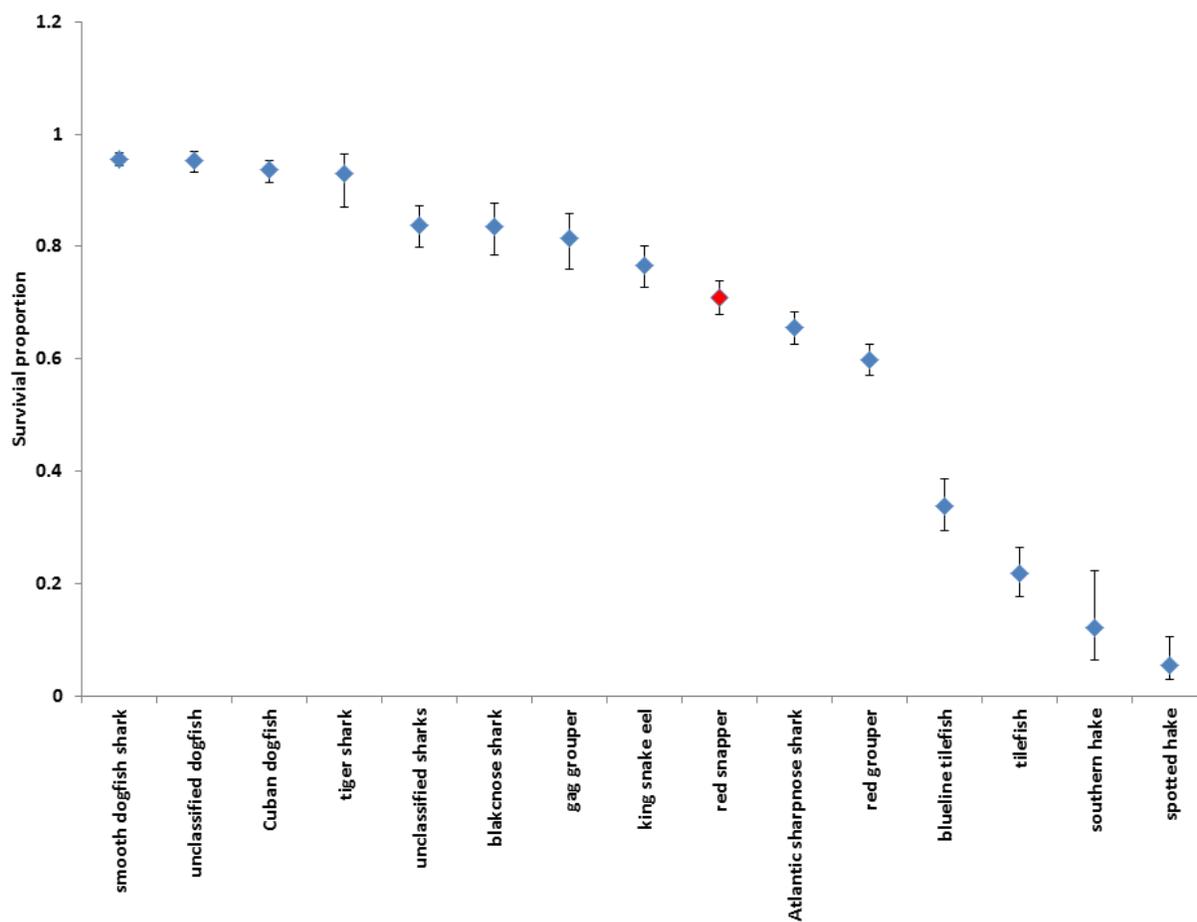


Figure 6.6. Discard mortality of the 15 most frequently observed species or species groups in the Gulf of Mexico commercial longline fishery. Error bars are 95% confidence intervals.

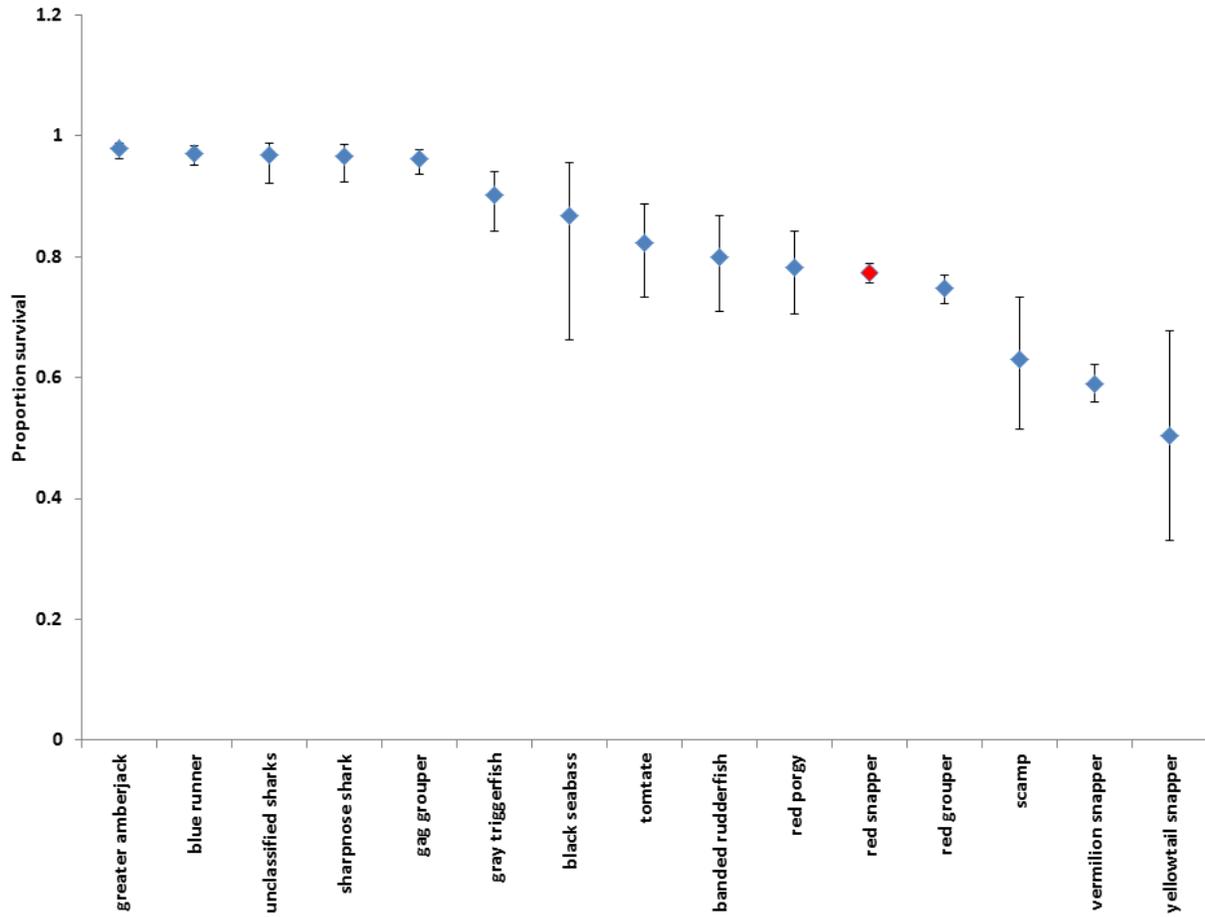


Figure 6.7. Discard mortality of the 15 most frequently observed species or species groups in the Gulf of Mexico commercial vertical line fishery. Error bars are 95% confidence intervals.

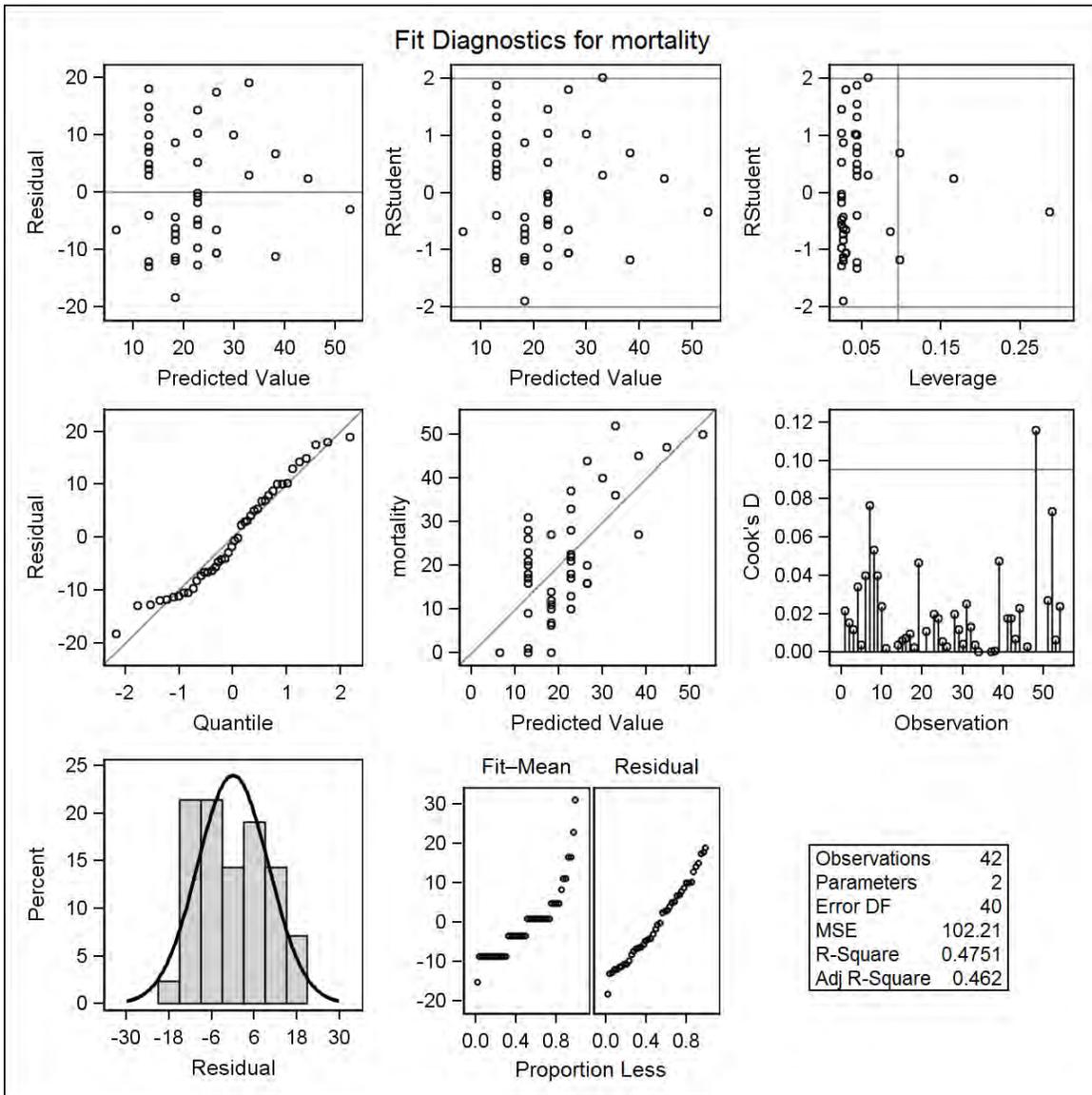


Figure 6.8. Fit diagnostics for the linear regression of log-depth and mortality using after removing studies identified as outliers.

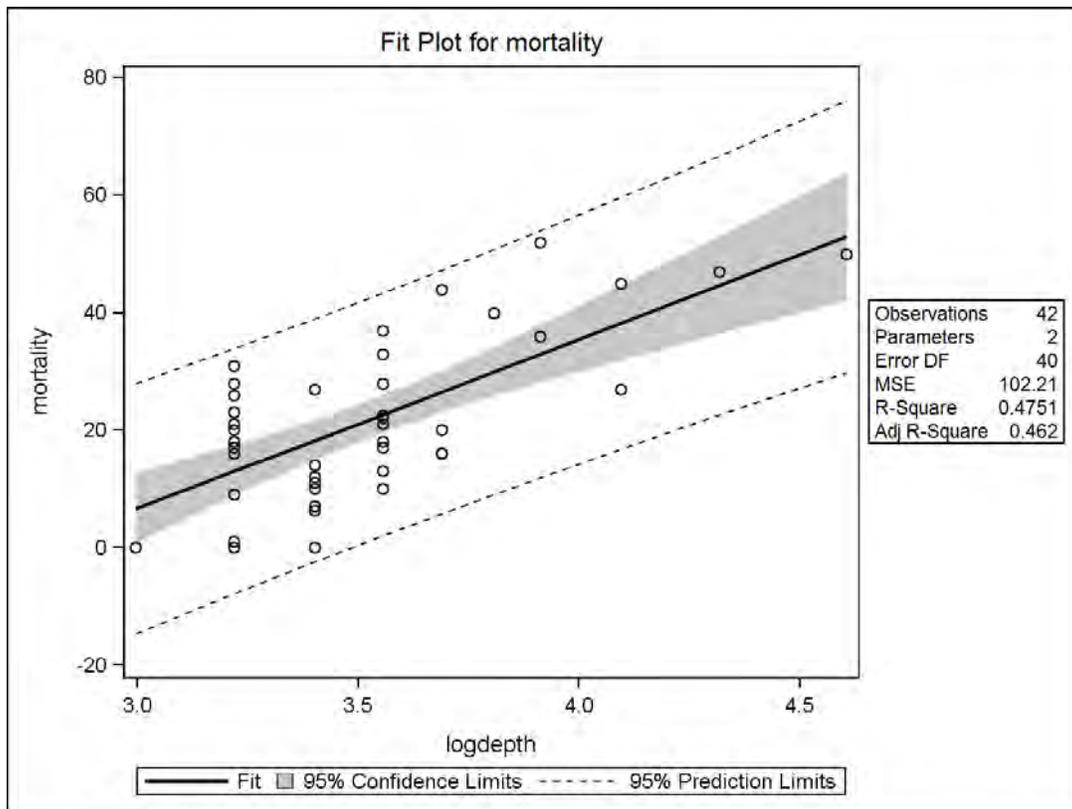


Figure 6.9. Linear regression of log-depth and mortality after removing studies identified as outliers.

7 Analytic Approach

7.1 Overview

The lead analytical agency for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper is the Southeast Fishery Science Center in Miami, Florida.

7.2 Suggested analytic approach given available data

The assessment models to be used for SEDAR 31- Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper are specified in the Assessment Workshop Terms of Reference. Stock Synthesis and CATCHEM_AD models will be developed.

8 Research Recommendations

8.1 Life History

1. Review the evidence for density dependence in older ages (e.g. ages 2-3). Incorporate full age model of recruitment to examine density-dependent effect.
2. Site and habitat specific comparisons from more regions of the Gulf are needed for estimation of age-0 and age-1 mortality, accounting for shelf characteristics (e.g., width, slope, depth) in tests of density-dependent variation in M and emigration.
3. Broader understanding of habitat value and areal estimates of habitat (distribution—areas of trawlable vs. untrawlable bottom; more refined maps Gulf-wide etc) are needed to further inform the habitat limitation hypothesis for density dependence.
4. Assess the impact of potential predation/competition for taxa of particular interest (lionfish, marine catfish, sciaenids, and red grouper). As well, investigate alternative population regulatory mechanisms including potential sources of density-independent increases in mortality and distant sources of recruitment (but see stock delineation section).
5. Evaluate the potential for sea-bottom restoration or other means to expand habitat and increase survival for post-settlement red snapper.
6. The LHW recommended that existing otolith archives (e.g., NOAA) be used to further investigate interpretation of increment formation based on section orientation, sample source (location), season and year. This could be conducted as a graduate student project in collaboration with agency personnel.

7. Interested Academic representatives (e.g. Auburn University, University of S. Florida) should be included at Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission sponsored otolith workshops (e.g., May 2013) to review age determinations and promote standardization.
8. Based upon the results of Szedlmayer and Beyer (2011 SEDAR31-RD20), further investigation of longevity is warranted. More recent catches of older fish should allow a direct comparison to ^{14}C coral chronologies established during the nuclear testing period and extend the age that can be directly validated (beyond 38 years in the earlier study by Baker and Wilson 2001).
9. A general recommendation of the LHW is to expand design-based fishery-independent sampling to elucidate regional (i.e., eastern and western GOM) and sub-regional differences in the demographics of red snapper.
10. A further recommendation is to increase random, representative sampling of the catch in order to avoid clustering effects and non-representative sampling which could lead to spurious differences in growth rates. Alternatively, and for localized- or small-scale studies, corrections for length limits and appropriate weighting may need to be utilized to treat data gaps, missing ages and adjust for selectivity (see Chih 2012 SEDAR31-DW18).
11. Future surveys should collect ovarian samples fixed in formalin for histology analysis, spawning marker fraction analysis and age/size at maturity analysis.
12. Additional fecundity collections are necessary from all areas of the Gulf.
13. Additional research is necessary to further clarify regional reproductive and demographic differences.
14. More information is needed to understand movement of young and older adult red snapper across along shore barriers. In particular the LHW recommends a large scale tagging study focused west and east of the Mississippi River.
15. Telemetry versus tagging approaches need to be expanded and evaluated according to shelf characteristics; e.g. cross compared in areas with little natural hard bottom habitat (yet high artificial reefs) versus areas with relatively high areal coverage of hard bottom and with more dispersed artificial reefs.
16. The LHW recommends a workshop or research symposia be convened to synthesize results and assess methodology for estimating red snapper movements and home range.
17. In order to reduce measurement error in the future, the LHW recommends that port agent, observers and field scientists record maximum total length for red snapper.

8.2 Commercial Fishery Statistics

Landings

1. Revisit how the historical landings were constructed.
2. Explore ways to ensure that IFQ and trip ticket landings match.
3. Apportion landings accordingly in ALS for TX landings with missing gear.

Discard

1. Add species to discard logbook form.
2. Provide better instructions on how to complete the discard logbook.
3. Consider and use relevant input from external review of observer program.
4. Social and economic impacts on fisher behavior in terms of fish discards.
5. Better determine available allocation to vessels on a given trip.

Length/Age

1. Standardize length and age data formats from various data sources.
2. Build age databases with Trip ID number for FL and FIN data.
3. Evaluate how to handle catch at age of non-representative age samples.

8.3 Recreational Fishery Statistics

- 1) Evaluate the technique used to apply sample weights to landings. Investigate the SEFSC Method by analyzing the order of variables in the hierarchy and the minimum number of fish used. Furthermore, evaluate alternative methods, including a meta-analysis of the existing information from difference sources, areas, states, surveys, etc. that could be performed.
- 2) Develop methods to identify angler preference and targeted effort. Require a reef fish stamp for anglers targeting reef fish, pelagic stamp for migratory species, and deep-water complex stamp for deep-water species. The program would be similar to the federal duck stamp required of hunters and could help managers identify what anglers were fishing for.
- 3) Continue and expand fishery dependent at sea observer surveys to collect discard information. This would help to validate self-reported headboat discard rates.
- 4) Track Texas commercial and recreational discards.
- 5) Estimate variances associated with the headboat program.
- 6) Evaluate existing and new methods to estimate historical landings. Hind-casting of red snapper landings is complicated by a lack of reliable historical effort data. To get at estimating historical effort, analysts could track consumables (gas, ice, bait) to develop price indices.

- 7) Investigate how CPUE changes over time due to technological advances and changes in fishing practices.

8.4 Measures of Population Abundance

The following are research recommendations that may improve the utility (precision) of the SEAMAP larval index for red snapper.

1. Expand the use of molecular genetics to identify the smallest and most abundant snapper larvae in SEAMAP samples that cannot be positively identified as red snapper because diagnostic morphological characters are not yet developed.
2. Begin directed sampling for fish eggs on SEAMAP summer trawl and fall plankton surveys using vertical nets hauls. The protocols for fish egg sampling have been established by NMFS/SWFSC scientists and are in use on the west coast. Fish egg collections are easy to make and take little additional sampling time. The eggs in these samples would have to be identified genetically but the protocols for genetic identification of red snapper eggs have been worked out by Frank Hernandez and Keith Bayha at DISL. The results of their MARFIN funded project using CUFES samples from our SEAMAP Fall Plankton surveys are impressive and significant. They produced maps of red snapper egg (i.e. spawning) distribution over the entire Gulfwide survey area. Estimates of egg abundance data coupled with the updated reproduction parameters (spawning frequency and fecundity) generated by NMFS scientists at the Panama City Lab could eventually be used to produce an actual spawning biomass estimate for red snapper.
3. Continue aging red snapper larvae from SEAMAP samples to improve the age-length relationship (key). This should improve the precision of the SEAMAP larval abundance index that is now based on a single age class of larvae across years.
4. Produce a SEAMAP larval index based on the abundance of red snapper larvae captured during SEAMAP summer shrimp/groundfish surveys (past and present). This survey has for a number of years now been expanded to include the entire northern Gulf of Mexico shelf. I don't need to remind you that the data from summer months (i.e. during peak red snapper spawning months) could be a far better indication of spawning production than data from the end of season from which the current SEAMAP larval index is derived.
5. Explore the utility of a larval red snapper index based on a comprehensive modeling approach that includes all SEAMAP stations (regardless of how many times they have been sampled over the time series) and both sampling gears, i.e. neuston and bongo samples. There are other likely explanatory variables (one for sure is salinity) that could ultimately improve the index.

8.5 Discard Mortality Rate

Future surveys, at minimum, should be structured around quarterly sampling, collect water temperature profile data, reflect the range of depths associated with the fishery, and strive to calculate season and depth specific estimates. Due to the limited number of experiments evaluating the relationship between thermal stress and release mortality, it is strongly encouraged that investigators measure and report water temperatures and thermocline profiles associated with capture. More studies evaluating the use of bottom release devices are also needed. Future discard observation surveys should collect frequency data regarding specific barotraumas incurred and loss of reflex response, because similar relationships could be developed as better techniques are developed to measure the delayed mortality component. Experiments estimating impairment scaling, and both immediate and delayed mortality, would be particularly useful so that a relationship among components could be developed and historical immediate release mortality estimates could potentially be adjusted.

Appendix A

SEDAR 31 Data Workshop- Commercial Selectivity/Catchability/Discard Mortality/IFQ Share Ad-Hoc working group notes

Commercial fishers from both the eastern and western Gulf of Mexico vertical line and bottom longline fisheries met with NOAA scientists in a working group on Thursday afternoon, August 23, 2012 during the red snapper SEDAR 31 data workshop. Topics discussed included changes in fishing behavior based upon amount of red snapper Individual Fishing Quota (IFQ) shares available to the fisher, red snapper discard mortality in the commercial fishery, and changes in selectivity and catchability in the red snapper fishery over time.

IFQ Share Bins (pounds of allocation per trip)

Fishers were asked to define amounts of red snapper IFQ share in pounds available to a vessel per trip that would cause a change in fisher behavior when fishing for red snapper. For example, fishers with a low or moderate amount of allocation may actively avoid areas with known red snapper populations, avoid areas known to have high abundance of red snapper (thereby limiting, but not eliminating, catch of red snapper). Fishers with higher allocation and may target other species and retain some or all red snapper caught, selectively discard some or all red snapper due to price, or actively target red snapper.

The following are fisher suggested categories by fishery and region that may prove meaningful to further examine catch and discard trends:

Bottom longline eastern Gulf of Mexico

1. no allocation (discard all red snapper)
2. 1+ pounds allocation (some red snapper catch retained)

Reasoning: Red snapper have not necessarily been targeted by bottom longline fishers in the east to date, but have been more of a 'bycatch' species for those fishers with allocation. Tendencies have been that fish that appeared to be alive were often preferentially released, discards have been less likely to be based on size (catches commonly at or above legal size in the bottom longline fishery), and self-imposed 'trip' limits have been based upon amount of available IFQ share.

Bottom longline western Gulf of Mexico

1. no allocation (discard all red snapper)
2. 1+ pounds allocation (some red snapper retained)

Reasoning: In the west, bottom longliners comprised a smaller fleet making fewer trips than in the eastern Gulf of Mexico where groupers have been more frequently landed. Discarding has been more influenced by time of year and specific lengths with smaller fish (13-16 inch total

length) kept preferentially due to market value and the possibility of encountering larger red snapper with the fishery restricted to depths 50 fathoms or deeper.

Vertical line eastern Gulf of Mexico

1. no allocation
2. 1-500 pounds allocation
3. 500-1,500 pounds allocation
4. >1,500 pounds allocation

Reasoning: limited by vessel hold space in many vessels (3000 lb); many small vessel lease between 300-500 lb/trip; discard viable fish not based on length, but due to IFQ share limitations; stretching IFQ allocation to last all year; amount of red snapper caught may depend on other fish caught. Additional caveats: increase in vermilion snapper vessels in recent years; turtle closures shifted effort from bottom longline to vertical line.

Vertical line western Gulf of Mexico

1. no allocation
2. 1-500 pounds allocation
3. 500-1,500 pounds allocation
4. >1,500 pounds allocation

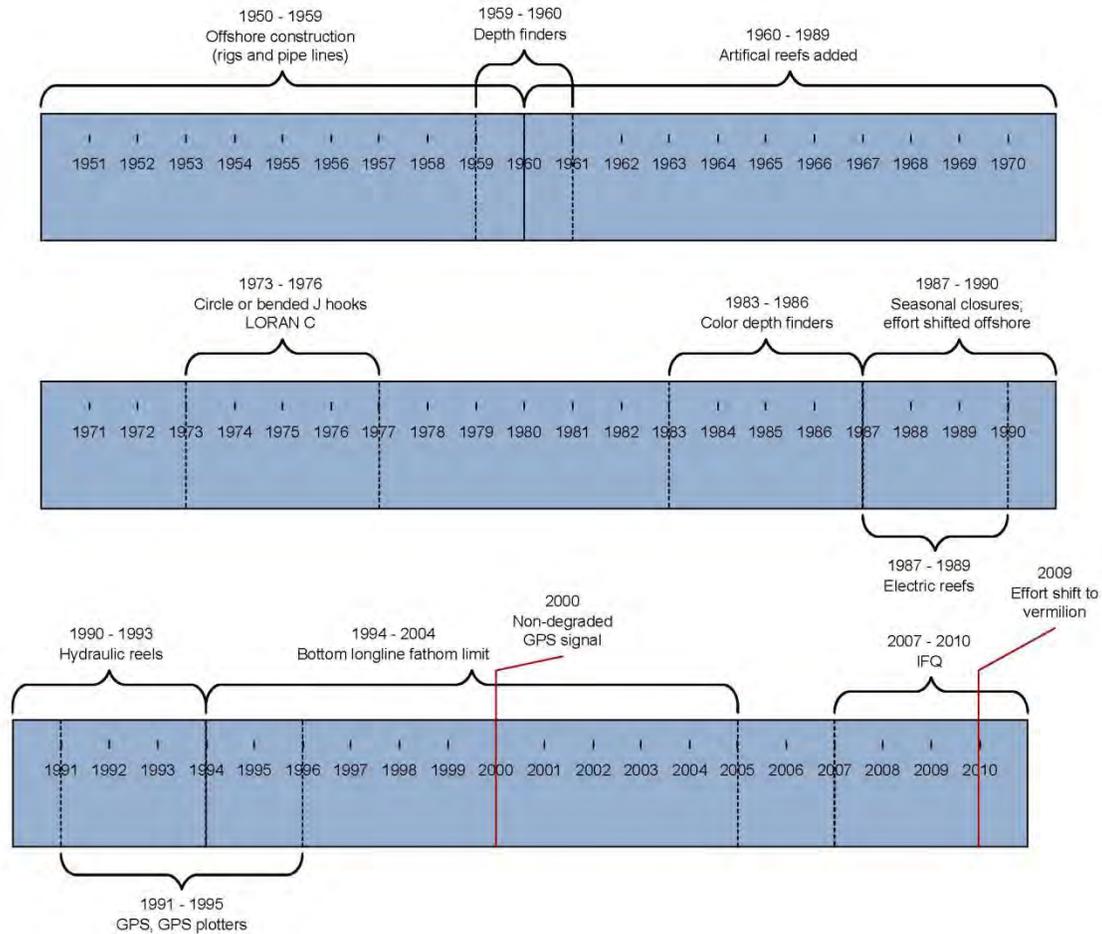
Reasoning: see VL eastern Gulf; additionally, marketability of fish may influence discards (e.g., keep plate size fish)

Discard Mortality

Observer reported discard mortality of 20-30% was likely too high according to commercial fishers. Some unknown level of mortality likely resulted from extended handling time of fish onboard the vessels while observers measured both kept fish and the fish to be discarded (i.e., discard mortality of 20-30% was likely an artifact of delay in release).

Selectivity/Catchability Timeline

Changes in habitat, technology, regulations, and other factors that resulted in changes in fishing behavior that affected selectivity and/or catchability in the commercial red snapper fishery, as identified by the commercial fishers, are provided in the timeline below. Further explanation of the notations appearing on the timeline is provided in the chronology that follows the timeline.



1950s-1990s Offshore oil rig and pipeline construction resulting in additional structure (habitat) in areas exploited by the fishery. Note: approximately 500 structures are in place by 1960, increasing 101 per year on average, to ca. 3800 offshore structures by 1990 and rough stabilization thereafter (Pulsipher et al., 2001).

1959-60 Depth finders introduced into the fishery (paper machines). Note: Camber (1955) reports earliest fathometers available after 1945-46 and mechanical reels with wire line also available at approximately this time (Siebenaler and Brady 1952).

1960s – 1980s Increasing number of artificial reefs constructed in areas exploited by the fishery

Mid-1970s Circle hook use began, not mandated, but some fishers made circle hooks by bending J-hooks

Late 1970s LORAN C introduced into the fishery. Note: LORAN A available in the early 1960’s; however, only one fisher at the data workshop reported using LORAN A and the consensus was that LORAN A was used by few commercial fishers.

Mid-1980s Depth finder (color machines) advance = could tell bottom type and could see fish

- Late 1980s** Electric reels introduced into the fishery
- Late 1980s to early 1990s** Seasonal closures began, moved effort offshore (600-800 feet depths)
- 1980s - 2006** 20% of fishery was longline reported as vertical line, changed to proper reporting with advent of VMS; where 50%+ of large fish (12 lbs+) were from bottom longline
- 1990** Bottom longline move to 50 fathoms in western (west of Cape San Blas) Gulf of Mexico
- Early 1990s** Hydraulic reels introduced into the fishery
- 1991-92** GPS introduced into the fishery
- Mid-1990s** GPS plotters, particularly important for bottom longline
- 1994-2004** Bottom longline in western GOM fishing within 50 fathom limit in some areas
- 1994, 1995** Size limit increase lead to increase in discards and more mortality due to hooking/barotraumas/etc. stress
- 2000** Removed GPS “selective availability” allowed for improved accuracy in vessel positioning due to reception of non-degraded GPS signal
- 2007** Red snapper fishery became a bycatch/non-targeted fishery due to IFQs; some directed effort in the western GOM
- 2007** Vessels moved to new areas to avoid concentrations of red snapper, but at the end of year may target the spots with high concentrations of red snapper to use up all their allocation
- 2007** In western GOM – tendency to select for 13-16 inch (TL) fish due to better price, larger fish may be more frequently discarded; this tendency not reported from the eastern GOM where price is not higher for fish of that size
- 2010** Effort shift in eastern GOM to vermilion snapper ("beeliners")

Literature Cited

Camber, C. I. 1955. A survey of the red snapper fishery of the Gulf of Mexico, with special reference to the Campeche Banks. Florida Board of Conservation Technical Series 12. Marine Laboratory St. Petersburg, Florida.

Pulsipher, A.G, O.O. Iledare, D.V. Mesyanzhinov, A. Dupont, and Q. L. Zhu. 2001. Forecasting the number of offshore platforms on the Gulf of Mexico OCS to the year 2023. Prepared by the Center for Energy Studies, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, La. OCS Study MMS 2001-013. Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, La. 52 pp.

Siebenaler, J.B., and W. Brady. 1952. A high speed manual commercial fishing reel. Florida Board of Conservation, Marine Laboratory University of Miami Technical Series No. 4, Coral Gables, Florida.

Appendix B

The following are the Index Report Cards generated by the Indices Working Group. The report cards begin on the following page. Report cards are sorted by index, with the eastern Gulf portion of the index preceding the western Gulf portion, where applicable. The report cards are presented in the following order:

- SEAMAP Groundfish Trawl Survey
- SEAMAP Fall Ichthyoplankton Survey
- NMFS Reef Fish Video Survey
- NMFS Bottom Longline Survey
- Private-for-hire East
- Private-for-hire West
- Headboat East
- Headboat West
- Commercial Vertical Line East
- Commercial Vertical Line West

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.				✓

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			
D.	✓			

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A.				✓
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

Working Group Comments:

SEDAR31-DW20
SEAMAP Groundfish Survey

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.		✓		
B.		✓		
C.		✓		
D.		✓		
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

Working Group Comments:

3A-D. Available On Demand

4A. Lo et al. method

4G. Available On Demand.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
		✓		
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

			✓
			✓

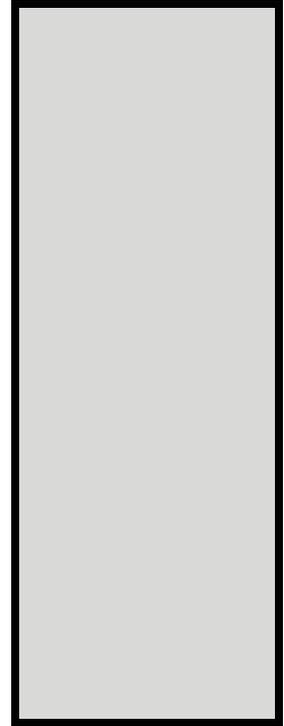
IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

✓			
✓			



	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	09/20/2012	accept as prepared	N/A	
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

The SEAMAP Groundfish Survey was recommended for inclusion in the stock assessment model for red snapper. These indices characterized long running, start dates of 1982 and 1972 for the summer and fall respectively, fishery independent surveys. The surveys have undergone some changes in methodology over time, along with an expansion of the area sampled; however, the model was able to account for these differences with the addition of variables. The final interactions of the model recommended for use were the long time series with separate indices for the summer and fall surveys, along with a split into east and west gulf. However, if the combination index with Dauphin Island is accepted, we would recommend using that in place of the eastern gulf indices. The decision to split the indices into summer and fall centered on the age structure of each survey, with the summer representative of age 1 fish and the fall representative of age 0 fish.

For the rest of the indices presented in SEDAR31-DW20, the following is a brief discussion on why the indices were not selected for use based upon discussion at the Data Workshop. Based on the work of the life history group and the decision to split the stock into eastern and western components, no full gulf indices were considered for use. In addition, it was decided that the stock assessment model was more capable of estimating changes in the indices with regard to selectivity; therefore the indices that had incorporated the selectivity factor in calculating catch were not recommended. The age specific indices were initially recommended for use; however, with the inclusion of the early part of the time series (pre-1987), it was no longer possible to separate the catch by age. Given the two options, using the longer time series was more desirable than using the age specific indices, especially since the stock assessment model would be able to utilize the catch structure of the groundfish data.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.				✓

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			
D.	✓			

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A.				✓
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

Working Group Comments:

SEDAR31-DW27

SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.		✓		
B.		✓		
C.		✓		
D.		✓		
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

Working Group Comments:

3A-D. Available On Demand

4A. Lo et al. method

4G. Available On Demand.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
		✓		
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

			✓
			✓

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

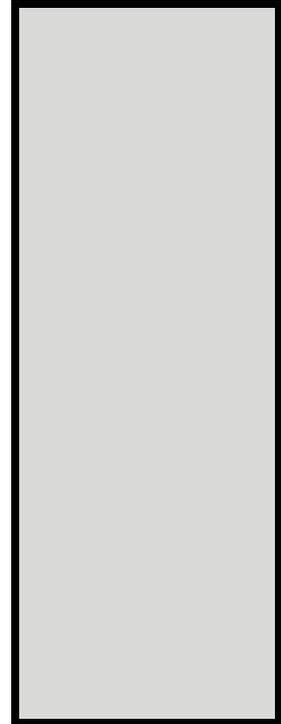
IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

✓			
✓			

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)



	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	09/20/2012	accept as prepared		
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

The SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey was recommended for use in the assessment model. This survey represented a long, fishery independent time series, with no change in methodology. Additionally, it was the only survey that characterizes larval red snapper. The final versions of the abundance indices recommended for use were the age adjusted index for the western GOM that included all larvae between 3.75 and 9.25 mm, and the frequency of occurrence model for the eastern GOM. The frequency of occurrence model was chosen over the delta-lognormal index due to extremely low catches and occurrence of red snapper in the eastern GOM. The group agreed that back-calculating of ages was appropriate, especially since high mortality rates existed in the larval data and by back-calculating it brought the index closer to the number of larvae hatched.

Evaluation of Abundance Indices of list species: List data set (SEDAR28-DW-08)

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.				✓
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)				✓
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)				✓
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).				✓
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.				✓

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).	✓			
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.	✓			
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).				✓
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?				✓

Working Group Comments:

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

**Working Group
Comments:**

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
				✓
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

			✓
			✓

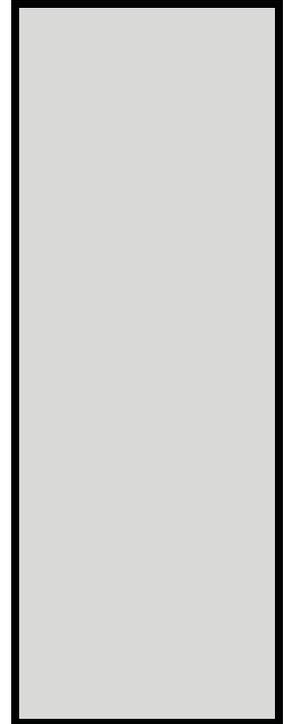
IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

✓			
✓			



	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	20 August 2012	Use as presented		
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

Assessment scientists evaluated the abundance indices and coefficient of variation output and advised the working group that the model based runs were most appropriate for use in the assessment models, therefore those runs are presented in this report, however, all of the runs are available in the working document that was provided prior to the workshop (Campbell et al. DW-08).

An ad hoc group evaluating the efficacy of combining a set of less extensive reef fish video surveys (NMFS-PC, DISL, and FWRI) identified an issue associated with estimating length using lasers, versus the stereo video from NMFS-PC data. Laser data appears to potentially be underestimating size. It is unclear at this point if this is a measurement issue associated with parallelism of the laser mounting, or if this is associated with fish behavior relative to the camera gear (e.g. smaller fish swarming closer to the gear). At this point the NMFS-MS lab survey has no comparison data available to reassure the working group that this survey does not suffer from the same issue. The group is therefore recommending that the length composition data that was estimated using lasers is excluded from analysis until it can be determined if length is also underestimated in this survey as well.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.				✓
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)				✓
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)				✓
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).				✓
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.				✓

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).	✓			
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.	✓			
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).	✓			
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?	✓			

Working Group Comments:

SEDAR31-DW-19

NMFS Bottom Longline Survey

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

				✓
				✓
				✓
		✓		
				✓
				✓
				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

Working Group Comments:

3A-D. Available On Demand

4A. Lo et al. method

4G. Available On Demand.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
		✓		
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

			✓
			✓

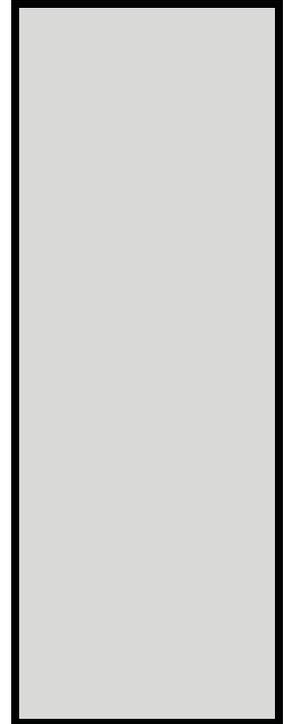
IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

✓			
✓			



	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	09/20/2012	accept as prepared	N/A	
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

The index work group recommends that the assessment panel consider the use of indices from both the Eastern GOM and the Western GOM.

Evaluation of Abundance Indices of Red Snapper for SEDAR 31 Recreational Private/For Hire East (SEDAR31-DW-33 updated 10/12/2012) Data Used in Analysis: MRFSS

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.	✓			
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)	✓			
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)	✓			
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).	✓			
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).				✓
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.				✓
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.		✓		

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).				✓
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?				✓

Working Group Comments:

see sedar31-dw-10

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).				✓
B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE				✓
C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.				✓
B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.				✓
C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.				✓
D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.				✓
E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates OR supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).		✓		
F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.				✓
G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)				✓
B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)				✓
C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.				✓
D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?	✓			
E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.				✓
F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)				✓
G. Report convergence statistics.				✓

Working Group Comments:

covered eastern Gulf of Mexico (Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi)

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
				✓
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

	✓			
				✓
				✓
		✓		
		✓		
	✓			

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

			✓
			✓

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

			✓
	✓		

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

cannot compare using AIC

	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	8/20/2012	recommend for use		
Revision	10/12/2012	recommend for use		

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

This paper explored two different ways of standardizing CPUE for this component of the red snapper fishery. One was using a Delta lognormal approach, which models the presence or absence of encountering the species on that trip as zero or one using a binomial model, separately from the positive observations of actual CPUE using a lognormal model. The second approach was to also use a Delta model, however a censored lognormal model was used to model the positive observations of CPUE. The reason for using this model was to capture the effect of the bag limit on CPUE, which had become increasingly strict over the time series.

The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE and recommended this index be used in the assessment. The group felt that the censored approach was able to account for the bag limit effect which would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased over the time series. In addition, the group decided to recommend this index because it covers a long time series.

Evaluation of Abundance Indices of Red Snapper for SEDAR 31 Recreational Private/For Hire West (SEDAR31-DW-33 updated 10/12/2012) Data Used in Analysis: MRFSS and Texas Parks and Wildlife Survey

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.	✓			
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)	✓			
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)	✓			
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).	✓			
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).				✓
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.				✓
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.		✓		

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).				✓
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?				✓

Working Group Comments:

see sedar31-dw-10

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).				✓
B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE				✓
C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.				✓
B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.				✓
C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.				✓
D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.				✓
E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates OR supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).		✓		
F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.				✓
G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)				✓
B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)				✓
C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.				✓
D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?	✓			
E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.				✓
F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)				✓
G. Report convergence statistics.				✓

Working Group Comments:

covered western Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana and Texas)

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
				✓
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

	✓			
				✓
				✓
		✓		
		✓		
	✓			

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

			✓
			✓

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

			✓
	✓		

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

cannot compare using AIC

	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	8/20/2012	recommend for use		
Revision	10/12/2012	recommend for use		

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

This paper explored two different ways of standardizing CPUE for this component of the red snapper fishery. One was using a Delta lognormal approach, which models the presence or absence of encountering the species on that trip as zero or one using a binomial model, separately from the positive observations of actual CPUE using a lognormal model. The second approach was to also use a Delta model, however a censored lognormal model was used to model the positive observations of CPUE. The reason for using this model was to capture the effect of the bag limit on CPUE, which had become increasingly strict over the time series.

The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE and recommended this index be used in the assessment. The group felt that the censored approach was able to account for the bag limit effect which would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased over the time series. In addition, the group decided to recommend this index because it covers a long time series.

Evaluation of Abundance Indices of Red Snapper for SEDAR 31 Recreational Headboat East (SEDAR31-DW-33 updated 10/12/2012) Data Used in Analysis: NMFS Headboat Survey

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.	✓			
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)	✓			
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)	✓			
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).	✓			
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).				✓
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.				✓
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.		✓		

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).				✓
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?				✓

Working Group Comments:

see sedar31-dw-10

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.		✓		
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.	✓			
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

Working Group Comments:

covered eastern Gulf of Mexico (Florida, Alabama, and Mississippi)

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
				✓
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

	✓			
				✓
				✓
		✓		
		✓		
	✓			

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

Not Applicable
Absent
Incomplete
Complete

Working Group Comments:

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

			✓
			✓

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

			✓
	✓		

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

cannot compare using AIC

	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	8/20/2012	recommend for use		
Revision	10/12/2012	recommend for use		

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

This paper explored two different ways of standardizing CPUE for this component of the red snapper fishery. One was using a Delta lognormal approach, which models the presence or absence of encountering the species on that trip as zero or one using a binomial model, separately from the positive observations of actual CPUE using a lognormal model. The second approach was to also use a Delta model, however a censored lognormal model was used to model the positive observations of CPUE. The reason for using this model was to capture the effect of the bag limit on CPUE, which had become increasingly strict over the time series.

The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE and recommended this index be used in the assessment. The group felt that the censored approach was able to account for the bag limit effect which would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased over the time series. In addition, the group decided to recommend this index because it covers a long time series.

Evaluation of Abundance Indices of Red Snapper for SEDAR 31 Recreational Headboat West (SEDAR31-DW-33 updated 10/12/2012) Data Used in Analysis: NMFS Headboat Survey

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.	✓			
B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)	✓			
C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)	✓			
D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).	✓			
E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).	✓			
F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.	✓			

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).				✓
B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.				✓
C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).				✓
D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.		✓		

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.				✓
B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).				✓
C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?				✓

Working Group Comments:

see sedar31-dw-10

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.		✓		
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.	✓			
E.				✓
F.				✓
G.				✓

Working Group Comments:

covered western Gulf of Mexico (Louisiana and Texas)

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
				✓
				✓

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

	✓			
				✓
				✓
		✓		
		✓		
	✓			

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				
✓				

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

✓				
✓				
✓				

Working Group Comments:

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

✓			
✓			

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

			✓
			✓

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

			✓
	✓		

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

cannot compare using AIC

	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	8/20/2012	recommend for use		
Revision	10/12/2012	recommend for use		

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

This paper explored two different ways of standardizing CPUE for this component of the red snapper fishery. One was using a Delta lognormal approach, which models the presence or absence of encountering the species on that trip as zero or one using a binomial model, separately from the positive observations of actual CPUE using a lognormal model. The second approach was to also use a Delta model, however a censored lognormal model was used to model the positive observations of CPUE. The reason for using this model was to capture the effect of the bag limit on CPUE, which had become increasingly strict over the time series.

The working group recommended the use of the censored approach to standardizing CPUE and recommended this index be used in the assessment. The group felt that the censored approach was able to account for the bag limit effect which would otherwise give the artificial perception that abundance had decreased over the time series. In addition, the group decided to recommend this index because it covers a long time series.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

			✓
			✓
			✓
✓			✓

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

			✓
			✓
			✓

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

2D unknown, data are pounds landed no size data reported

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

A.			✓	
B.			✓	
C.			✓	
D.			✓	
E.			✓	
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.			✓	
G.			✓	

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

4F,G. Available on demand

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
				✓
			✓	
			✓	

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

			✓	
		✓		
			✓	
		✓		
		✓		
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

1C. Available on demand

2B,D,E. Available on demand

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
--	----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

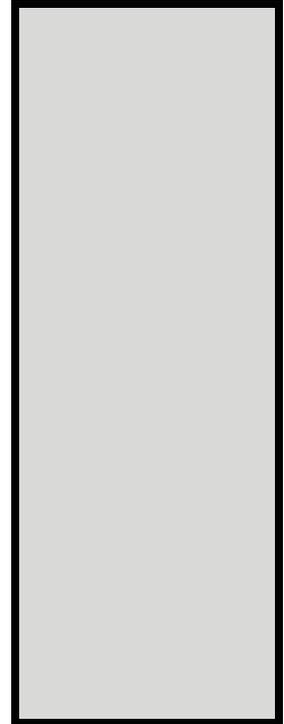
			✓
			✓

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)



	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	9/7/12	accept as submitted		
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

The index was presented as prepared for the 2009 red snapper update, no additional analyses were completed for this data workshop. The working group recommended that the index be accepted as presented.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DATA SOURCE

1. Fishery Independent Indices

- A. Describe the survey design (e.g. fixed sampling sites, random stratified sampling), location, seasons/months and years of sampling.
- B. Describe sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, soak time etc.)
- C. Describe any changes in sampling methodology (e.g. gear, vessel, sample design etc.)
- D. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- E. What species or species assemblages are targeted by this survey (e.g. red snapper, reef fish, pelagic).
- F. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				
B.				
C.				
D.				
E.				
F.				

2. Fishery Dependent Indices

- A. Describe the data source and type of fishery (e.g. commercial handline, commercial longline, recreational hook and line etc.).
- B. Describe any changes to reporting requirements, variables reported, etc.
- C. Describe the variables reported in the data set (e.g. location, time, temperature, catch, effort etc.).
- D. Describe the size/age range that the index applies to. Include supporting figures (e.g. size comp) if available.

A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.	✓			✓

METHODS

1. Data Reduction and Exclusions

- A. Describe any data exclusions (e.g. gears, fishing modes, sampling areas etc.). Report the number of records removed and justify removal.
- B. Describe data reduction techniques (if any) used to address targeting (e.g. Stephens and MacCall, 2004; gear configuration, species assemblage etc).
- C. Discuss procedures used to identify outliers. How many were identified? Were they excluded?

A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

2D unknown, data are pounds landed no size data reported

2. Management Regulations (for FD Indices)

- A. Provide (or cite) history of management regulations (e.g. bag limits, size limits, trip limits, closures etc.).
- B. Describe the effects (if any) of management regulations on CPUE
- C. Discuss methods used (if any) to minimize the effects of management measures on the CPUE series.

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓

3. Describe Analysis Dataset (after exclusions and other treatments)

- A. Provide tables and/or figures of number of observations by factors (including year, area, etc.) and interaction terms.
- B. Include tables and/or figures of number of positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- C. Include tables and/or figures of the proportion positive observations by factors and interaction terms.
- D. Include tables and/or figures of average (unstandardized) CPUE by factors and interaction terms.
- E. Include annual maps of locations of survey sites (or fishing trips) and associated catch rates **OR** supply the raw data needed to construct these maps (Observation, Year, Latitude, Longitude (or statistical grid, area), Catch, Effort).
- F. Describe the effort variable and the units. If more than one effort variable is present in the dataset, justify selection.
- G. What are the units of catch (e.g. numbers or biomass, whole weight, gutted weight, kilograms, pounds).

A.			✓	
B.			✓	
C.			✓	
D.			✓	
E.			✓	
F.				✓
G.				✓

4. Model Standardization

- A. Describe model structure (e.g. delta-lognormal)
- B. Describe construction of GLM components (e.g. forward selection from null etc.)
- C. Describe inclusion criteria for factors and interactions terms.
- D. Were YEAR*FACTOR interactions included in the model? If so, how (e.g. fixed effect, random effect)? Were random effects tested for significance using a likelihood ratio test?
- E. Provide a table summarizing the construction of the GLM components.
- F. Summarize model statistics of the mixed model formulation(s) (e.g. log likelihood, AIC, BIC etc.)
- G. Report convergence statistics.

A.				✓
B.				✓
C.				✓
D.				✓
E.				✓
F.			✓	
G.			✓	

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

4F,G. Available on demand

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS

Comment: Other model structures are possible and acceptable. Please provide appropriate diagnostics to the CPUE indices working group.

1. Binomial Component

- A. Include plots of the chi-square residuals by factor.
- B. Include plots of predicted and observed proportion of positive trips by year and factor (e.g. year*area)
- C. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).

	Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
A.	✓			
B.	✓			
C.	✓			

2. Lognormal/Gamma Component

- A. Include histogram of log(CPUE) or a histogram of the residuals of the model on CPUE. Overlay the expected distribution.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.
- F. Include plots of the residuals by factor

			✓	
		✓		
			✓	
		✓		
		✓		
				✓

3. Poisson Component

- A. Report overdispersion parameter and other fit statistics (e.g. chi-square / degrees of freedom).
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot – (e.g. Student deviance residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.
- D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.
- E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

4. Zero-inflated model

- A. Include ROC curve to quantify goodness of fit.
- B. Include plots describing error distribution (e.g. Studentized residuals vs. linear predictor).
- C. Include QQ-plot (e.g. Student dev. residuals vs. theoretical quantiles), Overlay expected distribution.

Working Group Comments:

see SEDAR7-DW-47 and SEDAR7-AW-9 for details

1. Index was lognormal on positives only

2B,D,E. Available on demand

The feasibility of this diagnostic is still under review.

MODEL DIAGNOSTICS (CONT.)

Not Applicable	Absent	Incomplete	Complete
----------------	--------	------------	----------

Working Group Comments:

D. Include diagnostic plot for variance function (e.g. square root of std residuals vs. fitted values). Overlay expected distribution.

E. Include diagnostic plot for link function (e.g. linear response variable vs. linear predictor). Overlay expected distribution.

MODEL RESULTS

A. Tables of Nominal CPUE, Standardized CPUE, Observations, Positive Observations, Proportion Positive Observations and Coefficients of Variation (CVs). Other statistics may also be appropriate to report

B. Figure of Nominal and Standardized Indices with measure of variance (i.e. CVs).

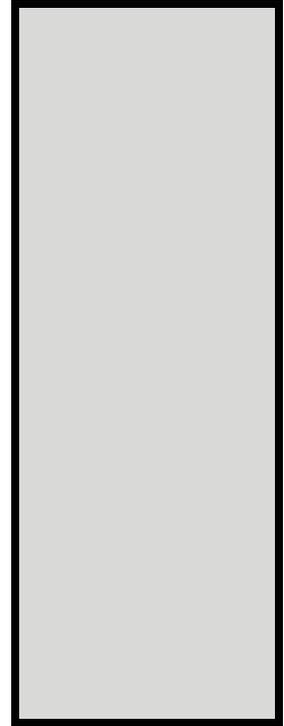
			✓
			✓

IF MULTIPLE MODEL STRUCTURES WERE CONSIDERED:

(Note: this is always recommended but required when model diagnostics are poor.)

1. Plot of resulting indices and estimates of variance

2. Table of model statistics (e.g. AIC criteria)

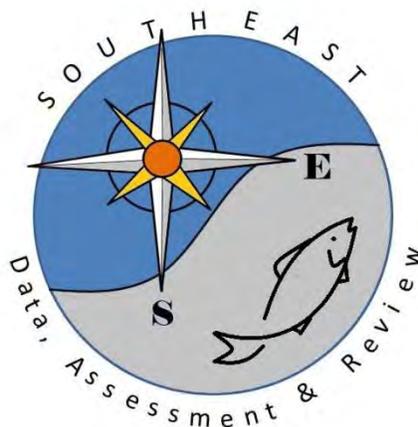


	<i>Date Received</i>	<i>Workshop Recommendation</i>	<i>Revision Deadline ***</i>	<i>Author and Rapporteur Signatures</i>
First Submission	9/7/12	accept as submitted		
Revision				

*The revision deadline is negotiated by the author, the SEDAR coordinator and the CPUE rapporteur. The author **DOES NOT** commit to any **LEGAL OBLIGATION** by agreeing to submit a manuscript before this deadline. The maximum penalty for failure to submit a revised document prior to the submission deadline is rejection of the CPUE series.*

Justification of Working Group Recommendation

The index was presented as prepared for the 2009 red snapper update, no additional analyses were completed for this data workshop. The working group recommended that the index be accepted as presented.



SEDAR

Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review

SEDAR 31

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

SECTION III: Assessment Workshop Report

April 2013

SEDAR
4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201
North Charleston, SC 29405

Table of Contents

1.	Workshop Proceedings	2
1.1	Introduction.....	2
1.1.1	<i>Workshop Time and Place</i>	2
1.1.2	<i>Terms of Reference</i>	2
1.1.3	<i>List of Participants</i>	4
1.1.4	<i>List of Assessment Workshop Working Papers</i>	4
1.2.1	Panel Recommendations and Comment on Terms of Reference.....	6
1.2.1	<i>Term of Reference 1</i>	6
1.2.2	<i>Term of Reference 2</i>	6
1.2.3	<i>Term of Reference 3</i>	7
1.2.4	<i>Term of Reference 4</i>	7
1.2.5	<i>Term of Reference 5</i>	7
1.2.6	<i>Term of Reference 6</i>	8
1.2.7	<i>Term of Reference 7</i>	8
1.2.8	<i>Term of Reference 8</i>	8
1.2.9	<i>Term of Reference 9</i>	8
1.2.10	<i>Term of Reference 10</i>	9
1.2.11	<i>Term of Reference 11</i>	9
1.2.12	<i>Term of Reference 12</i>	9
1.2.13	<i>Term of Reference 13</i>	9
2	Data Review and Update	10
2.1	Life history.....	10
2.1.1	Natural Mortality	10
2.1.2	Growth	11
2.1.3	Reproduction.....	11
2.1.4	Conversion Factors	11
2.1.5	Oil and Gas Platform Removal	11
2.2	Landings.....	12
2.2.1	Commercial landings	12
2.2.2	Recreational landings.....	12

2.3	Discards.....	12
2.3.1	Commercial discards.....	12
2.3.2	Recreational discards	12
2.3.3	Shrimp bycatch	13
2.4	Length composition	13
2.4.1	Commercial length composition	13
2.4.2	Recreational length composition.....	13
2.4.3	Shrimp bycatch length composition.....	13
2.4.4	Fishery-independent survey length composition	14
2.5	Age composition	14
2.5.1	Commercial age composition	14
2.5.2	Recreational age composition	14
2.5.3	Shrimp bycatch age composition.....	15
2.5.4	Fishery-independent survey age composition.....	15
2.6	Indices	15
2.7	Discard Mortality.....	16
2.8	Tables.....	18
2.9	Figures.....	31
3.1	Stock Synthesis	74
3.1.1	Overview.....	74
3.1.2	Data Sources	74
3.1.3	Model Configuration and Equations.....	75
3.1.4	Parameters Estimated.....	79
3.1.5	Model Convergence.....	79
3.1.6	Uncertainty and Measures of Precision	79
3.1.7	Sensitivity Analysis	80
3.1.8	Benchmark/Reference Point Methods	80
3.1.9	Projection Methods	80
3.2	Model Results	80
3.2.1	Measures of overall model fit.....	80
3.2.1.1	Landings.....	80

3.2.1.2	Discards.....	80
3.2.1.3	Indices.....	81
3.2.1.4	Age composition.....	83
3.2.2	Parameter estimates & associated measures of uncertainty.....	83
3.2.3	Fishery Selectivity.....	83
3.2.4	Recruitment.....	84
3.2.5	Stock Biomass.....	85
3.2.6	Fishing Mortality.....	86
3.2.7	Evaluation of Uncertainty.....	86
3.2.8	Benchmarks/Reference points.....	86
3.2.9	Projections.....	86
3.3	Discussion and Recommendations.....	86
3.4	Acknowledgements.....	86
3.5	References.....	86
3.6	Tables.....	87
3.7	Figures.....	218
3.8	Appendix A: Stock Synthesis Data Input File.....	339
3.9	Appendix B: Stock Synthesis Control File.....	372
3.10	Appendix C: Stock Synthesis Starter File.....	394
3.11	Appendix D: Stock Synthesis Forecast File.....	395

1. Workshop Proceedings

1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 *Workshop Time and Place*

The SEDAR 31 Assessment Workshop for Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper was conducted as a workshop held January 28 through February 1, 2013 at the Courtyard Coconut Grove in Miami, FL. Eight webinars were held after the in-person workshop between February 21st and April 18th, 2013.

1.1.2 *Terms of Reference*

1. Review and provide justification for any changes in data following the data workshop and any analyses suggested by the data workshop. Summarize data as used in each assessment model.
2. Develop population assessment models that are compatible with available data and document input data, model assumptions and configuration, and equations for each model considered. Consider past modeling approaches (SEDAR 7 (2004), SEDAR 7 Update (2009)).
3. Incorporate known applicable environmental covariates into the selected model, and provide justification for why any of those covariates cannot be included at the time of the assessment.
4. Provide estimates of stock population parameters, if feasible.
 - Include fishing mortality, abundance, biomass, selectivity, stock-recruitment relationship, and other parameters as appropriate given data availability and modeling approaches
 - Include appropriate and representative measures of precision for parameter estimates
5. Characterize uncertainty in the assessment and estimated values.
 - Consider uncertainty in input data, modeling approach, and model configuration
 - Provide appropriate measures of model performance, reliability, and ‘goodness of fit’
 - Provide a continuity model consistent with the prior assessment configuration, if one exists, updated to include the most recent observations. Alternative approaches to a strict continuity run that distinguish between model, population, and input data influences on findings, may be considered
 - Provide measures of uncertainty for estimated parameters
6. Provide yield-per-recruit, spawner-per-recruit, and stock-recruitment evaluations.

7. Provide estimates of stock status for management criteria consistent with applicable FMPs, proposed FMPs and Amendments, other ongoing or proposed management programs, and National Standards for each model run presented for review.
 - Evaluate existing or proposed management criteria as specified in the management summary
 - Recommend proxy values when necessary
8. Provide declarations of stock status relative to management benchmarks, or alternative data poor approaches if necessary.
9. Project future stock conditions (biomass, abundance, and exploitation) and develop rebuilding schedules if warranted; include estimated generation time. Stock projections (in both biomass and number of fish) shall be developed in accordance with the following:
 - a) If stock is overfished:
 $F=0$, $F_{Current}$, F_{MSY} , FOY
 $F=F_{Rebuild}$ (max that permits rebuild in allowed time)
 - b) If stock is undergoing overfishing:
 $F= F_{Current}$, F_{MSY} , FOY
 - c) If stock is neither overfished nor undergoing overfishing:
 $F= F_{Current}$, F_{MSY} , FOY
 - d) If data limitations preclude classic projections (i.e. A, B, C above), explore alternate models to provide management advice
10. Provide a probability density function for the base model, or a combination of models that represent alternate states of nature, presented for review.
 - Determine the yield associated with a probability of exceeding OFL at P^* values of 30% to 50% in single percentage increments for use with the Tier 1 ABC control rule
 - Provide justification for the weightings used in producing combinations of models
11. Provide recommendations for future research and data collection.
 - Be as specific as practicable in describing sampling design and intensity
 - Emphasize items which will improve future assessment capabilities and reliability
 - Recommend an appropriate interval and type for the next assessment
12. Prepare a spreadsheet containing all model parameter estimates, all relevant population information resulting from model estimates, and projection and simulation exercises. Include all data included in assessment report tables and all data that support assessment workshop figures.
13. Complete the Assessment Workshop Report (Section III: SEDAR Stock Assessment Report).

1.1.3 List of Participants**Workshop Panel**

Appointee	Function	Affiliation
Analytical Team		
Brian Linton	Lead Assessment Scientist I	NMFS Miami
Steve Saul	Assessment Analyst	NMFS Miami
Nancie Cummings	Assessment Analyst	NMFS Miami
Jakob Tetzlaff	Assessment Analyst	NMFS Miami
Panelists		
Luiz Barbieri	Panelist	Gulf SSC
Clay Porch	Panelist	NMFS Miami
Sean Powers	Panelist	Gulf SSC
Joe Powers	Panelist	Gulf SSC
Greg Stunz	Panelist	Gulf SSC
Observers		
Donny Waters	Observer	Fisherman
Mike Thierry	Observer	Fisherman
Staff		
Ryan Rindone	SEDAR 31 Coordinator	SEDAR
Charlotte Schiaffo	Administrative Support	Gulf Council
Carrie Simmons	Fishery Biologist	Gulf Council
Steven Atran	Population Dynamics	Gulf Council
Jessica Stephen	Fishery Biologist	SERO
Shannon Calay	Analytical Support	NMFS Miami
John Walter	Analytical Support	NMFS Miami
Mandy Karnaukas	Analytical Support	NMFS Miami

1.1.4 List of Assessment Workshop Working Papers

SEDAR31-AW01	Headboat Discards for Red Snapper in the Gulf of Mexico	Matter and Walter
SEDAR31-AW02	Accounting for changes in fishing mortality when comparing density-dependent to density-independent mortality in Gulf of Mexico red	Vincent

	snapper	
SEDAR31-AW03	Modeling the dependence of batch fecundity and spawning frequency on size and age for use in stock assessments of red snapper in U.S. Gulf of Mexico waters	Porch, Fitzhugh, and Linton
SEDAR31-AW04	The Effect of Hook Type on Red Snapper Catch	Saul, Walter, Shipp, Powers, and Powers
SEDAR31-AW05	Age Composition of Red Snapper Bycatch in the Gulf of Mexico Shrimp Fishery, 1997-2011	Linton
SEDAR31-AW06	Shrimp trawl index of abundance for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1967-1989	Linton
SEDAR31-AW07	Red Snapper Abundance Indices from Combined Bottom Trawl Surveys in the Eastern Gulf of Mexico	Pollack, Ingram, and Henwood
SEDAR31-AW08	A proposed methodology to incorporate ROV length data into red snapper stock assessments	Walter, DeVries, Drymon, Patterson, Powers, and Williams
SEDAR31-AW09	Reconstructed time series of offshore shrimp trawl effort in the Gulf of Mexico from 1945 to 1972 for use in the SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico red snapper assessment	Porch
SEDAR31-AW10	Use of the Connectivity Modeling System to estimate movements of red snapper recruits in the northern Gulf of Mexico	Karnauskas, Walter, and Paris
SEDAR31-AW11	Estimating historical recreational angler effort in the Gulf of Mexico for the private, charter, and headboat fishing modes	Rios

SEDAR31-AW12	Estimation of hook selectivity on red snapper (<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>) during a fishery independent survey of natural reefs in the Gulf of Mexico	Pollack, Campbell, and Driggers
SEDAR31-AW13	Dauphin Island Sea Lab Bottom Longline Survey incorporation into the NMFS Bottom Longline Survey	Ingram
SEDAR31-AW14	Combined Index for Florida Fish and Wildlife Research Institute and NMFS Panama City Video Surveys	Ingram
SEDAR31-AW15	Age frequency distributions estimated with reweighting methods for red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1991 to 2011	Chih
SEDAR31-AW16	Changes in lengths-at-age and size selectivity of red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 2002 to 2011	Chih

1.2.1 Panel Recommendations and Comment on Terms of Reference

1.2.1 Term of Reference 1

Review and provide justification for any changes in data following the data workshop and any analyses suggested by the data workshop. Summarize data as used in each assessment model.

The model data inputs are summarized in Section 2. Following the data workshop, there were significant changes in many of the data inputs including: natural mortality, length-length and length-weight conversions, growth, age composition and length composition. In addition, some inputs were developed during the assessment workshop process, including explosive oil rig removal estimates and depth-related release mortality.

1.2.2 Term of Reference 2

Develop population assessment models that are compatible with available data and document input data, model assumptions and configuration, and equations for each model considered. Consider past modeling approaches (SEDAR 7 (2004), SEDAR 7 Update (2009)).

A fully integrated length based statistical-catch-at-age model configured using Stock Synthesis was used for the assessment. The model configuration and data inputs are described in Section 3.1.1. See Section 2 for a complete description of all data inputs.

1.2.3 Term of Reference 3

Incorporate known applicable environmental covariates into the selected model, and provide justification for why any of those covariates cannot be included at the time of the assessment.

An index of predicted recruitment was developed using environmental covariates, and presented during the SEDAR 31 assessment webinars. This index was used in a sensitivity analysis to be presented to the RW.

1.2.4 Term of Reference 4

Provide estimates of stock population parameters

- *Include fishing mortality, abundance, biomass, selectivity, stock-recruitment relationship, and other parameters as appropriate given data availability and modeling approaches*
- *Include appropriate and representative measures of precision for parameter estimates.*

Estimates of assessment model parameters and their associated standard errors are reported in Section 3.2.2 and Table 3.2.2.2. Estimates of assessment model parameters and standard deviations from the bootstrap analysis are presented in Table 3.2.2.3. Estimates of stock biomass, spawning stock biomass, recruitment, and fishing mortality are presented in Tables 3.2.4.1-3.2.4.6.

1.2.5 Term of Reference 5

Characterize uncertainty in the assessment and estimated values.

- *Consider uncertainty in input data, modeling approach, and model configuration*
- *Provide appropriate measures of model performance, reliability, and 'goodness of fit'*
- *Provide a continuity model consistent with the prior assessment configuration, if one exists, updated to include the most recent observations. Alternative approaches to a strict continuity run that distinguish between model, population, and input data influences on findings, may be considered*
- *Provide measures of uncertainty for estimated parameters*

Model performance and reliability are characterized in Section 3.2. Uncertainty in the assessment inputs and estimated values were characterized using sensitivity analyses and a parametric bootstrap approach. Results of the sensitivity analysis are characterized in Section 3.2.7 and Tables X.X.X-X.X.X (to be presented at the Review Workshop and subsequently

added to a later draft of this report). Uncertainty in the assessment parameters and estimated values are characterized in Section 3.2 and Table 3.2.2.2.

1.2.6 Term of Reference 6

Provide yield-per-recruit, spawner-per-recruit, and stock-recruitment evaluations.

Yield-per-recruit, spawner-per-recruit, and stock-recruitment evaluations are provided in Section 3.2.4.

1.2.7 Term of Reference 7

Provide estimates of stock status for management criteria consistent with applicable FMPs, proposed FMPs and Amendments, other ongoing or proposed management programs, and National Standards for each model run presented for review.

- *Evaluate existing or proposed management criteria as specified in the management summary*
- *Recommend proxy values when necessary*

Stock status relative to a management criteria of $F_{SPR26\%}$ are presented in Tables X.X.X (to be presented at the Review Workshop and subsequently added to a later draft of this report).

1.2.8 Term of Reference 8

Provide declarations of stock status relative to management benchmarks, or alternative data poor approaches if necessary.

Stock status relative to a management criteria of $F_{SPR26\%}$ are presented in Tables X.X.X (to be presented at the Review Workshop and subsequently added to a later draft of this report).

1.2.9 Term of Reference 9

Project future stock conditions (biomass, abundance, and exploitation) and develop rebuilding schedules if warranted; include estimated generation time. Stock projections (in both biomass and number of fish) shall be developed in accordance with the following:

A) If stock is overfished:

$$F=0, F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

$$F=F_{Rebuild} \text{ (max that permits rebuild in allowed time)}$$

B) If stock is undergoing overfishing:

$$F= F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

C) If stock is neither overfished nor undergoing overfishing:

$$F= F_{Current}, F_{MSY}, F_{OY}$$

D) If data limitations preclude classic projections (i.e. A, B, C above), explore alternate models to provide management advice

Projected stock dynamics, including projected biomass, abundance, exploitation, recruitment and yield will be presented for evaluation at the SEDAR 31 Review Workshop. If warranted, rebuilding schedules including estimated generation time will also be presented at that time.

1.2.10 Term of Reference 10

Provide a probability density function for the base model, or a combination of models that represent alternate states of nature, presented for review.

- *Determine the yield associated with a probability of exceeding OFL at P^* values of 30% to 50% in single percentage increments for use with the Tier 1 ABC control rule*
- *Provide justification for the weightings used in producing combinations of models*

1.2.11 Term of Reference 11

Provide recommendations for future research and data collection.

- *Be as specific as practicable in describing sampling design and intensity*
- *Emphasize items which will improve future assessment capabilities and reliability*
- *Recommend an appropriate interval and type for the next assessment*

Recommendations for future research and data collection were made in the SEDAR 31 Data Workshop report. Additional recommendations are made in Section 3.3.

1.2.12 Term of Reference 12

Prepare a spreadsheet containing all model parameter estimates, all relevant population information resulting from model estimates, and projection and simulation exercises. Include all data included in assessment report tables and all data that support assessment workshop figures.

All assessment model inputs are presented in Appendices A-D. All model parameter estimates and their associated standard errors are reported in Table 3.2.2.2.

1.2.13 Term of Reference 13

Complete the Assessment Workshop Report (Section III: SEDAR Stock Assessment Report).

2 Data Review and Update

2.1 Life history

2.1.1 Natural Mortality

There are a number of methods to estimate M as noted by the DW Report. Generally, they fall into two classes: those based on the maximum age and those based on growth relationships. Additionally, there are methods that combine the two.

In the context of Gulf red snapper, the Panel determined age-specific M 's for the exploited ages, i.e. ages 2 and greater. This was done in two steps 1) establishing a M value over the lifespan of the fish; and 2) then rescaling the Lorenzen relationship (Table 2 of DW Report) such that the average natural mortality rate on the exploited age classes was equal to the lifespan M .

The Panel agreed that the lifespan M was best based upon observations of maximum age using the Hoenig method. The maximum age was determined by first examining the frequency of very old fish that had been aged by otoliths. The oldest observed age in this data was 57 (1 observation). It was also noted that the oldest age which had been validated by bomb radiocarbon dating was 38 years old (DW Report) The midpoint of the two (48 years old) at which 5 fish had been aged was specified as the maximum age for use in the Hoenig relationship. As noted in the DW Report, there were two versions of the Hoenig relationship, one including just fish and the other including a few other fisheries related taxa. The Panel chose the latter. This was consistent with red snapper in the South Atlantic Council and consistent with the advice of Hoenig offered for the South Atlantic.

The range of lifespan M estimates using these methods for Gulf red snapper were:

tmax	Hoenig Fish	Hoenig All
38	0.109266872	0.118586858
48	0.086301093	0.094276871
57	0.07254982	0.07963701

As noted the Panel used an $M=0.094277$ as the central estimate of lifespan M to be distributed across ages.

The Panel reviewed estimates of age-0 and age-1 M from the DW Report, which suggested that M for those ages might be higher than thought at the 2009 update assessment (SEDAR 2009). Therefore, the panel decided to set baseline M for age-0 and age-1 equal to the high M scenario values from the 2009 update assessment (i.e., age-0 $M = 2.0$ and age-1 $M = 1.2$). Age-specific M values for age-2 and older were set equal to the Lorenzen M values scaled to the Hoenig M value selected above (Table 2.1.1.1).

The age-specific M values had to be adjusted to account for the manner in which SS treats age (Table 2.1.1.1). Stock Synthesis advances the age of fish on January 1 of each year regardless of when recruitment occurs. Therefore in SS, an age class 0 red snapper, with an assumed birth date of July 1, would only experience a half year of age-0 M before advancing to age class 1. An

SS age class 1 red snapper would experience half a year of age-0 M and half a year of age-1 M, and so forth.

2.1.2 Growth

During the workshop, it was discovered that the growth curve presented in the DW Report was estimated using only age and length data collected from 2009-2011. Therefore, the Panel decided to re-estimate the growth curve using the same methods on data from 2003-2011, where 2003 was the first year in which maximum TL (i.e., the measure of length used in this assessment) was recorded for red snapper.

The new growth parameters are:
 L_{inf} (max TL cm) = 85.6374,
 K = 0.191852,
 t_0 = -0.394525.

The growth curve had to be adjusted to account for the manner in which SS treats age. Stock Synthesis advances the age of fish on January 1 of each year regardless of when recruitment occurs, which is assumed to be July 1 for red snapper. Therefore, the growth curve was estimated using the biological age of the fish (i.e., the fractional age based on a July 1 birth date), then the curve was adjusted by adding 0.5 to t_0 . The adjusted t_0 value is 0.10547.

2.1.3 Reproduction

Porch et al. (2013) produced estimates of annual fecundity for use in the assessment. Fecundity for the age-20 plus group was calculated as the weighted average of fecundity for ages 20-39, where the weights are the age-specific Lorenzen M values (Table 2.1.4.1).

2.1.4 Conversion Factors

The FL to maximum TL conversion factor and whole weight to maximum TL conversion factors were also re-estimated. The new conversion factors are:

Whole weight (kg) = $1.673E-05 * \text{Max TL (cm)} ^ 2.953$,

Max TL (cm) = $1.079 * \text{FL (cm)}$.

All other conversion factors are unchanged from the DW Report.

2.1.5 Oil and Gas Platform Removal

An estimate of red snapper mortality due to explosive oil rig removals was generated for use in a sensitivity run. A time series of the number of explosive oil rig removals in the eastern and western Gulf was constructed from data provided by BOEM (Table 2.1.6.1, Figure 2.1.6.1) (Benny Gallaway 2013, Personal Communication). The time series was constrained to explosive removals in depths greater than 10 m to better represent rigs that might be used by red snapper.

This is probably still an overestimate, because it includes deep water rigs that might not be utilized by red snapper. Due to the low number of explosive oil rig removals in the eastern Gulf, the Panel decided to only estimate explosive oil rig removal mortality for the western Gulf.

The 1993-1999 average number of red snapper killed per explosive oil rig removal (i.e., 515 fish per rig) was calculated from Gitschlag et al. (2000). The 1993-1999 average number of red snapper killed per explosive rig removal was multiplied by the 1993-1999 average number of explosive oil rig removals in the western Gulf (i.e., 55.14 explosive removals) to obtain the 1993-1999 average number of red snapper killed by explosive oil rig removals in the western Gulf (i.e., 28,380 fish). The proportion of red snapper killed at age by explosive oil rig removals as estimated by Gitschlag et al. (2000) was assumed to be the 1993-1999 average proportion of fish killed at age by explosive removals (Table 2.1.6.2).

2.2 Landings

2.2.1 Commercial landings

Commercial landings are unchanged from the DW Report.

2.2.2 Recreational landings

Recreational landings were split out into charter boat/private boat landings and headboat landings by region (Table 2.2.2.1). The recreational landings were split to allow for the use of both the MRIP (i.e., charter/private) indices of abundance and the headboat indices of abundance in the assessment model, because each index must be assigned to a fleet in the model.

2.3 Discards

2.3.1 Commercial discards

In the 2009 update assessment, it was assumed that there were no closed season commercial discards after the implementation of IFQs in 2007 (SEDAR 2009). However, during this assessment process, the assessment panel decided the behavior of fishers with no IFQ allocation was likely to be similar to the behavior of fishers during the closed season prior to IFQs. Therefore, discards were estimated separately for trips with no IFQ allocation and trips with IFQ allocation (Table 2.3.1.1). Discards from trips with IFQ allocation were considered open season discards, while discards from trips with no IFQ allocation were included with the commercial closed season discards from the time period before IFQs.

After the assessment workshop, an issue was discovered with the analysis used to estimate commercial discards during the IFQ period (i.e., 2007-2011). As a result, it was necessary to re-estimate the commercial discards for that time period. The updated commercial discards are those values presented in Table 2.3.1.1.

2.3.2 Recreational discards

Recreational discards remain unchanged from the DW Report.

2.3.3 *Shrimp bycatch*

The Panel noted that the annual bycatch of red snapper from the shrimp fishery was poorly estimated, having very large variances in all years. Accordingly, the panel decided to use the median of the annual median estimates from the Bayesian shrimp bycatch analysis (Linton 2012) to represent the 1972-2011 median shrimp bycatch. An estimate of the median bycatch in conjunction with a shrimp effort series can be used by the assessment model to estimate annual shrimp bycatch. A similar approach was used in the SEDAR 28 assessments (SEDAR 2013a, 2013b). The median bycatch in the eastern Gulf is 1,118,000 fish, and in the western Gulf is 20,680,000 fish.

2.4 Length composition

2.4.1 *Commercial length composition*

Commercial landings length frequencies were reconstructed after ensuring that all of the lengths had been converted to maximum TL (Figures 2.4.1.1-2.4.1.4).

Commercial discard length frequencies were constructed using commercial observer program data. Feedback from fishers at the DW suggested that discard behavior varied depending upon the amount of IFQ allocation available on a given trip. Separate discard length frequencies were constructed for a series of IFQ allocation bins that were specified based on discussions with fishers (see Appendix of DW Report).

As with the commercial discard estimates, the discard length frequencies for no IFQ allocation trips were assigned to the commercial closed season (Figures 2.4.1.5-2.4.1.6). Combined open season discard length frequencies were obtained from a weighted average of the IFQ allocation bins that included trips with some amount of IFQ allocation. The weights were the number of trips for each IFQ allocation bin from the commercial logbooks (Figures 2.4.1.7-2.4.1.10). There were only 7 discarded red snapper sampled in 2008 and 6 discarded red snapper sampled in 2010 for the long line fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. The Panel decided to exclude the western long line length compositions for discarded fish from the assessment model, because these data would not provide any information to help with the estimation of selectivity and retention patterns for the fishery during that time period (2007-2011) due to the low sample sizes and sparse temporal coverage.

2.4.2 *Recreational length composition*

Recreational length frequencies were reconstructed after ensuring that all of the lengths had been converted to maximum TL (Figures 2.4.2.1-2.4.2.4).

Discard length frequencies for the headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf were constructed from headboat observer program data (Figure 2.4.2.5).

2.4.3 *Shrimp bycatch length composition*

Shrimp bycatch length data were available from the shrimp observer program. These length data were converted to age compositions (see Section 2.5.3).

2.4.4 Fishery-independent survey length composition

Fishery-independent survey length data were available for the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, SEAMAP groundfish surveys, NMFS bottom long line survey, and the combined ROV survey (Walter et al. 2013). These length compositions were all converted over to age compositions (see Section 2.5.4).

The combined ROV survey includes length data from University of West Florida ROV surveys, Dauphin Island Sea Lab ROV surveys, Panama City ROV studies, and Panama City stationary camera surveys. A multinomial regression model was used to predict the probability of a fish being in one of the length bins as a function of the covariates. The covariates used in this analysis were year, season, longitude bin ((-89,-85.3] or (-85.3,-83]), and reef type (natural or artificial). The final model was:

$TL_{cat} \sim \text{year} + \text{reef type}$.

Sample sizes for the length comps were calculated as the number of red snapper measured multiplied by the area covered by the ROV surveys. The combined ROV length compositions include lengths of fish observed on artificial reefs.

2.5 Age composition

2.5.1 Commercial age composition

It was observed that the length frequency distributions of the red snapper age samples differed from the length frequency distributions of the larger set of red snapper length samples, particularly prior to 2000 (Chih 2013). These differences in length frequency distributions suggest that the age samples were not representative in the earlier years. Therefore, the Panel decided to reweight the age frequency distributions by the length frequency distributions to correct for these differences (Figures 2.5.1.1 -2.5.1.4).

Commercial discard age compositions for both the open and closed seasons were constructed by applying age length keys to the length frequencies from the commercial observer program (Figures 2.5.1.5-2.5.1.9). Separate age length keys for the eastern and western Gulf were used, which included length and age data from commercial fisheries, recreational fisheries, and the NMFS bottom long line survey. There were only 7 discarded red snapper sampled in 2008 and 6 discarded red snapper sampled in 2010 for the long line fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Therefore, the Panel decided to exclude the western long line age compositions for discarded fish from the assessment model.

2.5.2 Recreational age composition

It was observed that the length frequency distributions of the red snapper age samples differed from the length frequency distributions of the larger set of red snapper length samples, particularly prior to 2000 (Chih 2013). These differences in length frequency distributions suggest that the age samples were not representative in the earlier years. Therefore, the Panel decided to reweight the age frequency distributions by the length frequency distributions to correct for these differences (Figures 2.5.2.1 -2.5.2.4).

Headboat discard age compositions for the eastern Gulf were constructed by applying age length keys to the length frequencies from the commercial observer program (Figure 2.5.2.5). Separate age length keys for the eastern and western Gulf were used, which included length and age data from commercial fisheries, recreational fisheries, and the NMFS bottom long line survey.

2.5.3 *Shrimp bycatch age composition*

Linton (2013a) derived age compositions for the shrimp bycatch through visual inspection of modes in length frequencies from the shrimp observer program (Figures 2.5.3.1-2.5.3.2).

2.5.4 *Fishery-independent survey age composition*

SEAMAP reef fish video survey age compositions were constructed by applying age length keys to length frequencies from the survey (Figure 2.5.4.1-2.5.4.2). Separate age length keys for the eastern and western Gulf were used, which included length and age data from commercial fisheries, recreational fisheries, and the NMFS bottom long line survey.

Age compositions for the SEAMAP groundfish surveys were derived through visual inspection of modes in length frequencies from the surveys (Figures 2.5.4.3-2.5.4.6).

Direct age compositions were used for the NMFS bottom long line survey, which included age data from the 2011 supplemental sampling (Figures 2.5.4.7-2.5.4.8). Direct age compositions were considered to be representative, because the majority of red snapper caught in the survey have their age estimated.

Age compositions for the combined ROV survey were constructed by applying age length keys to length frequencies from the surveys (Figure 2.5.4.9). Separate age length keys for the eastern and western Gulf were used, which included length and age data from commercial fisheries, recreational fisheries, and the NMFS bottom long line survey.

2.6 Indices

Linton (2013b) reconstructed a shrimp trawl index of abundance that was originally used in the 1995 Gulf of Mexico red snapper assessment (Goodyear 1995). This index of abundance covers 1967-1989, which is earlier than any of the other indices of abundance in the assessment (Table 2.6.1, Figure 2.6.1). The panel decided to include the shrimp trawl index in a sensitivity run rather than in the base run, because of two issues that were brought up during the 1995 assessment. Testimony by fishers suggested that 1) many of these fish were caught using

handlines fished from the shrimp vessels, and 2) many of these fish were landed in Mexico waters of the Gulf.

2.7 Discard Mortality

A meta-analysis was used to estimate discard mortality rates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper. Data used in this meta-analysis were compiled from 11 studies that produced 70 distinct estimates (Table 2.7.1). There are multiple estimates from some studies because they produced estimates for multiple fishing depths and/or seasons in which data were collected. Most of the estimates were compiled from refereed publications (Dorf 2003, Patterson et al. 2001, Render and Wilson 1994, Gitschlag and Renaud 1994, Diamond and Campbell 2009, Campbell et al. 2010a), one was calculated from a publication that did not report a rate but did collect appropriate data (Patterson personal communication, *from* et al. 2008), and several were only available from 'gray-literature' documents (Parker 1985, Burns et al. 2004, Diamond et al. 2011, Sauls 2012). This meta-analysis did not weight the various studies based on the peer-reviewed publication status. From each publication we gathered data on percent release mortality (% converted to a proportion), fishing depth (m), season (winter, spring, summer, fall, annual), sample size (N), type of study (surface release with venting, surface release with intermittent venting, cage, passive tagging, acoustic tagging, and hyperbaric chamber), the type of estimate derived (immediate or delayed), hook type used (circle, j, and unknown), and the sector to which the study applied (commercial or recreational). Sample sizes were treated as count data, percent release mortality and fishing depth were continuous variables, and all other data were categorical in nature.

The meta-analytic model used is a special case of a weighted general linear model as detailed in the metafor R package (Viechtbauer 2010). Analysis used effect size (es) where es is the logit-transformed proportion and calculated as:

$$es = \log * \frac{x_i}{(n_i - x_i)}$$

where x_i is the total number of individuals experiencing mortality, and n_i is the total sample size. The estimate and the corresponding sampling variance are calculated using the `escalc` function in `metafor`.

We fit effect size estimates to a mixed-effects model to evaluate the effect of depth, season, estimate type, hook type, and sector (Viechtbauer 2010). Dummy-coded seasonal moderator variables (i.e. 1=group membership, 0=false) included in the model were winter, spring, summer, and fall. Dummy coded estimate type moderator variables included in the model were immediate with 100% venting (immediate-v), immediate with intermittent venting (immediate-iv), and delayed. Dummy coded hook type moderator variables included in the model were circle hooks (circle), and j-hooks (j).

Heterogeneity (τ^2) was estimated using restricted maximum-likelihood (REML) then coefficients for $\mu, \beta_0, \dots, \beta_p$ were estimated using weighted least squares in which each es estimate is weighted by the inverse of its variance. Wald-type tests and confidence intervals were calculated for $\mu, \beta_0, \dots, \beta_p$ assuming normality. Based on the fitted model we calculated predicted values, and residuals. Cochran's Q -test was used to assess the amount of heterogeneity among study

estimates (i.e. a null hypothesis of $\tau^2 = 0$). Predicted values and associated upper and lower bounds were then converted back to proportions by taking the inverse of the logit transformed effect size data as:

$$Proportion = \frac{exp^{es}}{(1 + exp^{es})}$$

The final model is reported in Table 2.7.2 and Figure 2.7.1. From the final model, separate discard mortality relationships were developed for each sector (i.e., commercial and recreational). No venting was assumed to occur prior to 2008 (i.e., when venting became mandatory), and venting was assumed to occur from 2008 onward. An average seasonal effect was assumed in the relationships. For the commercial sector, average depths at which discards occurred for each gear (handline or long line), region (eastern or western Gulf), and season (open or closed) were calculated using commercial observer program data. Consistent with how commercial discards have been treated in other parts of the assessment, discards from trips with IFQ allocation were considered open season discards, while discards from trips with no IFQ allocation were considered closed season discards (Table 2.7.3). For the recreational sector, average depths at which discards occurred for each region (eastern or western Gulf) and season (open or closed) were calculated using self-reported data from the iSnapper program (Table 2.7.4). The average depths calculated from the iSnapper data were similar to depths reported by recreational fishers at the Assessment Workshop and Webinars.

2.8 Tables

Table 2.1.1.1. Age-specific natural mortality rates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for input into three possible model scenarios: the base model, a model that assumes low natural mortality, and a model that assumes high natural mortality. *M* represents natural mortality experienced from July 1-June 30. Adjusted *M* (*adj M*) is adjusted to account for SS advancing age on January 1.

Base M			Low M			High M		
<i>age</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>adj M</i>	<i>age</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>adj M</i>	<i>age</i>	<i>M</i>	<i>adj M</i>
0	2.000	1.000	0	1.000	0.500	0	3.400	1.700
1	1.200	1.600	1	0.600	0.800	1	2.000	2.700
2	0.190	0.695	2	0.190	0.395	2	0.190	1.095
3	0.150	0.170	3	0.150	0.170	3	0.150	0.170
4	0.129	0.140	4	0.129	0.140	4	0.129	0.140
5	0.115	0.122	5	0.115	0.122	5	0.115	0.122
6	0.106	0.110	6	0.106	0.110	6	0.106	0.110
7	0.099	0.103	7	0.099	0.103	7	0.099	0.103
8	0.095	0.097	8	0.095	0.097	8	0.095	0.097
9	0.091	0.093	9	0.091	0.093	9	0.091	0.093
10	0.088	0.090	10	0.088	0.090	10	0.088	0.090
11	0.086	0.087	11	0.086	0.087	11	0.086	0.087
12	0.085	0.085	12	0.085	0.085	12	0.085	0.085
13	0.083	0.084	13	0.083	0.084	13	0.083	0.084
14	0.082	0.083	14	0.082	0.083	14	0.082	0.083
15	0.081	0.082	15	0.081	0.082	15	0.081	0.082
16	0.081	0.081	16	0.081	0.081	16	0.081	0.081
17	0.080	0.080	17	0.080	0.080	17	0.080	0.080
18	0.080	0.080	18	0.080	0.080	18	0.080	0.080
19	0.079	0.079	19	0.079	0.079	19	0.079	0.079
20	0.078	0.079	20	0.078	0.079	20	0.078	0.079

Table 2.1.4.1. Annual fecundity at age (number of eggs) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

Age	Fecundity
0	0
1	0
2	350,000
3	2,620,000
4	9,070,000
5	20,300,000
6	34,710,000
7	49,950,000
8	64,270,000
9	76,760,000
10	87,150,000
11	95,530,000
12	102,150,000
13	107,300,000
14	111,270,000
15	114,300,000
16	116,610,000
17	118,360,000
18	119,680,000
19	120,670,000
20	123,234,591

Table 2.1.6.1. Number of explosive oil rig removals in the Gulf of Mexico in depths greater than 10 m.

Year	West	East
1973	1	0
1974	4	0
1975	16	0
1976	19	0
1977	14	1
1978	21	0
1979	17	2
1980	20	2
1981	14	1
1982	6	0
1983	19	0
1984	40	0
1985	34	1
1986	20	0
1987	11	0
1988	50	4
1989	57	1
1990	48	5
1991	48	3
1992	54	0
1993	81	7
1994	75	1
1995	37	4
1996	38	1
1997	67	2
1998	24	0
1999	64	8
2000	82	5
2001	50	6
2002	63	1
2003	74	2
2004	57	11
2005	69	6
2006	37	16
2007	67	9
2008	89	9
2009	133	14
2010	154	8
2011	146	12

Table 2.1.6.2. Age composition of red snapper killed by explosive oil rig removals in the Gulf of Mexico, 1993-1999 (from Gitschlag et al. 2000).

Age	Proportion
0	0.0010
1	0.1025
2	0.3383
3	0.2980
4	0.0961
5	0.0457
6	0.0287
7	0.0190
8	0.0146
9	0.0110
10	0.0065
11	0.0097
12	0.0013
13	0.0074
14	0.0037
15	0.0006
16	0.0024
17	0.0029
17+	0.0108

Table 2.2.2.1. Recreational landings (thousand fish) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

<i>Year</i>	Charter/Private		Headboat	
	<i>East</i>	<i>West</i>	<i>East</i>	<i>West</i>
1981	800.814	1446.453	47.780	344.252
1982	714.399	1070.948	153.823	388.247
1983	781.401	1871.322	301.790	370.500
1984	145.704	649.416	40.842	373.218
1985	400.133	589.589	90.234	368.605
1986	558.466	397.233	16.364	316.090
1987	538.002	164.712	9.685	319.348
1988	509.493	301.681	13.832	423.024
1989	462.519	219.292	10.797	372.473
1990	305.131	128.976	15.539	187.006
1991	533.087	254.500	15.580	264.686
1992	830.961	318.487	33.873	413.056
1993	1235.076	416.012	37.275	458.772
1994	772.832	311.899	28.998	497.738
1995	617.484	386.121	23.078	354.550
1996	570.569	241.885	28.388	349.266
1997	961.781	248.887	48.439	347.424
1998	754.329	180.824	76.759	244.738
1999	721.883	146.019	67.432	98.699
2000	697.981	157.591	57.640	111.410
2001	833.130	107.566	51.289	116.358
2002	1108.290	102.092	75.121	138.475
2003	967.577	112.594	71.021	157.905
2004	1190.622	129.176	63.482	110.329
2005	724.663	166.187	46.791	99.988
2006	793.646	236.218	47.882	121.177
2007	1064.180	206.435	63.603	110.314
2008	591.638	120.753	61.986	57.569
2009	698.335	131.637	81.590	75.998
2010	327.013	36.874	35.943	51.514
2011	488.919	67.480	69.187	50.656

Table 2.3.1.1. Commercial discards (number of fish) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 2007-2011.

IFQ allocation	year	Hand Line		Longline	
		east	west	east	west
0 pounds	2007	204,923	50,944	20,043	
	2008	208,276		2,675	
	2009	667,840		28,964	229
	2010	45,081	3,228	6,628	172
	2011	166,207		4,666	1,282
1+ pounds	2007	676,711	332,439	17,188	
	2008	166,436	557,104	2,449	491
	2009	1,936,860	103,320	6,030	166
	2010	1,243,613	267,798	8,337	43
	2011	771,486	190,414	15,046	6

Table 2.6.1. Shrimp trawl index of abundance for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

Year	Catch 1000 lbs	Catch MT	Effort Days	Effort 1000 Days	CPUE Nominal	CPUE Relative
1967	482	218	83717	83.7	2.609915	1.589464
1968	601	273	79868	79.9	3.414939	2.079732
1969	457	207	96845	96.8	2.140918	1.30384
1970	622	282	89655	89.7	3.145876	1.91587
1971	484	220	88827	88.8	2.471543	1.505195
1972	632	287	96688	96.7	2.963763	1.804961
1973	694	315	84518	84.5	3.726264	2.269332
1974	559	254	82869	82.9	3.062275	1.864956
1975	320	145	79737	79.7	1.821594	1.109369
1976	294	133	86667	86.7	1.53934	0.937474
1977	275	125	82116	82.1	1.519745	0.92554
1978	174	79	84793	84.8	0.933409	0.568455
1979	142	64	88110	88.1	0.730801	0.445065
1980	185	84	53539	53.5	1.566211	0.953838
1981	211	96	83058	83.1	1.152002	0.701581
1982	173	79	84290	84.3	0.933554	0.568544
1983	246	111	74303	74.3	1.500335	0.913719
1984	144	65	92253	92.3	0.709451	0.432063
1985	74	34	89468	89.5	0.376053	0.22902
1986	67	30	113968	114.0	0.265016	0.161397
1987	51	23	110780	110.8	0.210643	0.128284
1988	73	33	106734	106.7	0.311255	0.189557
1989	33	15	102774	102.8	0.146002	0.088917

Table 2.6.2. SEAMAP summer and fall groundfish survey indices of abundance (standardized CPUE and log-scale standard deviations), updated to include Dauphin Island Sea Lab survey data.

Year	Summer Survey		Fall Survey	
	CPUE	log SD	CPUE	log SD
1972			3.279	0.2279
1973			0.5331	0.1894
1974			0.6179	0.2411
1975			0.5142	0.2322
1976			0.6228	0.2111
1977			0.8583	0.2425
1978			0.3874	0.1904
1979			0.3081	0.2114
1980			0.5748	0.1934
1981			1.9983	0.1961
1982	1.2795	0.5567	2.2476	0.1523
1983	1.0482	0.6401	0.3182	0.2021
1984	0.0534	0.8136	0.2587	0.2851
1985	0.3899	0.399	0.1183	0.3016
1986	0.046	0.919	0.1097	0.579
1987	0.585	0.2739	0.1852	0.4056
1988	0.684	0.4683	0.2453	0.3525
1989	2.4489	0.4525	3.7635	0.2824
1990	1.0921	0.2693	2.1418	0.2538
1991	1.1373	0.34	2.4028	0.2184
1992	3.0769	0.4212	0.1932	0.3493
1993	0.3517	0.4772	1.3914	0.2864
1994	0.9481	0.3132	0.3439	0.2398
1995	0.3593	0.506	0.7211	0.2317
1996	0.5434	0.3517	0.5548	0.2874
1997	0.7403	0.3457	0.9297	0.2988
1998	0.3116	0.8449	0.2211	0.3095
1999	0.1385	0.564	0.6077	0.298
2000	0.6111	0.3355	1.6791	0.2376
2001	0.2328	0.5349	0.5215	0.3769
2002	0.204	0.5145	0.4148	0.2964
2003	0.7617	0.4981	1.2279	0.2177
2004	0.6962	0.4502	0.3297	0.323
2005	1.6259	0.4769	0.7323	0.2597
2006	0.3275	0.3703	2.8692	0.1853
2007	2.9675	0.2804	1.8366	0.2324
2008	3.7999	0.2662	0.3735	0.2942
2009	0.5502	0.2608	3.0412	0.2445

2010	2.4658	0.3644	0.3246	0.3558
2011	0.5233	0.3849	0.2019	0.4042

Table 2.7.1. List of studies conducted in the Gulf of Mexico reporting release mortality estimates sorted by the fishing depth where the study was conducted.

Depth (m)	% mortality	Season	N	Author	Study type	Estimate type
10	28	Summer	25	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
15	28	Summer	425	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
20	27	Summer	825	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
21	0	n/a	20	Burns et al. (2004)	Hyperbaric	Delayed
21	20	Annual	282	Render & Wilson (1994)	Cage	Delayed
21	9	Annual	1064	Patterson et al. (2001)	Surface + venting	Immediate
22	21	Spring	14	Parker (1985)	Cage	Delayed
24	1	Fall	140	Gitschlag & Renaud (1994)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
25	41	Summer	525	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
25	28	Summer	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	26	Summer	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	23	Fall	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	16	Fall	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	29	Winter	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	25	Winter	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	17	Spring	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
25	18	Spring	353	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
27	14	Annual	856	Patterson et al. (2001)	Surface + venting	Immediate
27	0	n/a	20	Burns et al. (2004)	Hyperbaric	Delayed
30	11	Spring	30	Parker (1985)	Cage	Delayed
30	10	Fall	31	Gitschlag & Renaud (1994)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
30	42	Summer	47	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
30	13	Fall	30	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
30	47	Summer	225	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
30	21	Fall	137	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Surface + venting	Immediate
30	23	Summer	137	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Surface + venting	Immediate
30	3	Winter	138	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
30	6	Spring	31	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
30	7	Summer	52	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
30	12	Fall	221	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
32	18	Annual	1012	Patterson et al. (2001)	Surface + venting	Immediate
35	15	Summer	100	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
35	4	Winter	375	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
35	10	Spring	196	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
35	13	Summer	264	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
35	17	Fall	563	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
35	37	Summer	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	33	Summer	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	28	Fall	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	22	Fall	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	22	Winter	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	12	Winter	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	23	Spring	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed
35	21	Spring	863	Sauls (2012)	Passive tag	Delayed

page 1/2

page 2/2

40	44	Fall	61	Gitschlag & Renaud (1994)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
40	40	Summer	155	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
40	5	Winter	65	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
40	16	Spring	107	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
40	16	Summer	44	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
40	20	Fall	60	Patterson (pers. comm.)	Surface + venting	Immediate
43	40	n/a	20	Burns et al. (2004)	Hyperbaric	Delayed
40	42	Summer	56	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
40	34	Fall	32	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
45	63	Summer	280	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
50	36	Fall	55	Gitschlag & Renaud (1994)	Cage	Delayed
50	69	Summer	24	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
50	44	Fall	36	Diamond & Campbell (2009)	Cage	Delayed
50	61	Summer	105	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
50	79	Summer	24	Diamond et al. (2011)	Acoustic tag	Delayed
50	40	Winter	20	Diamond et al. (2011)	Acoustic tag	Delayed
55	58	Summer	240	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
60	38	Summer	125	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
60	21	Fall	282	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Surface + venting	Immediate
60	26	Summer	282	Campbell et al. (2010a)	Surface + venting	Immediate
61	45	n/a	30	Burns et al. (2004)	Hyperbaric	Delayed
65	37	Summer	50	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
70	33	Summer	10	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
75	23	Summer	75	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
80	47	Summer	100	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate
95	56	Summer	30	Dorf (2003)	Surface + intermittent	Immediate

† Patterson personal communication calculated from Addis et al. 2008

‡ Sauls (2012) depths are reflective of the average depth reported in Florida territorial seas, and from federal waters (EEZ).

Table 2.7.2. Coefficients, standard errors, z-scores, and p-values from the final discard mortality model.

	coef	se	z	pval
intrcpt	-1.35226	0.200127	-6.757	1.41E-11
Depth	0.020087	0.004118	4.877466	1.07E-06
comm	2.19531	0.291132	7.5406	4.68E-14
Vent	-0.86463	0.158936	-5.44012	5.32E-08
Winter	-0.89422	0.232041	-3.8537	0.000116
Spring	-0.63132	0.239966	-2.63087	0.008517
Fall	-0.40114	0.17862	-2.24578	0.024718
Mixed	1.445082	0.268201	5.388055	7.12E-08

Table 2.7.3. Average depths and associated discard mortality rates for commercial discards of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico.

Gear	Handline				Longline			
	East		West		East		West	
Region	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Closed	Open	Closed	Open
Average Depth (m)	42	45	84	53	66	62	132	104
Disc Mort - no venting	0.74	0.75	0.87	0.78	0.82	0.81	0.95	0.91
Disc Mort - venting	0.55	0.56	0.74	0.60	0.66	0.64	0.88	0.81

Table 2.7.4. Average depths and associated discard mortality rates for recreational discards of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico.

Gear	Recreational			
	East		West	
Region	Closed	Open	Closed	Open
Average Depth (m)	33	34	36	35
Disc Mort - no venting	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.22
Disc Mort - venting	0.10	0.10	0.11	0.10

2.9 Figures

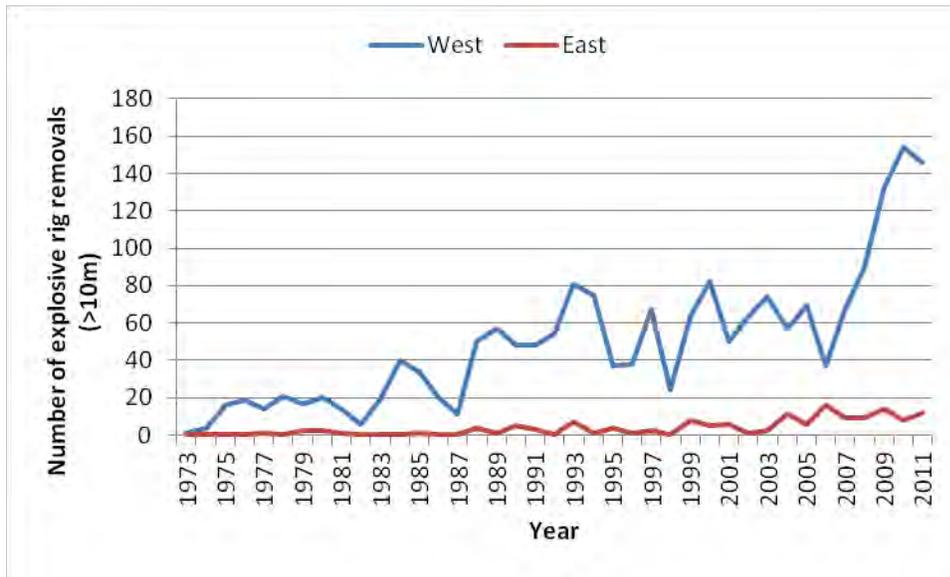


Figure 2.1.6.1. Number of explosive oil rig removals in the Gulf of Mexico in depths greater than 10 m (Benny Gallaway, 2013, Personal Communication).

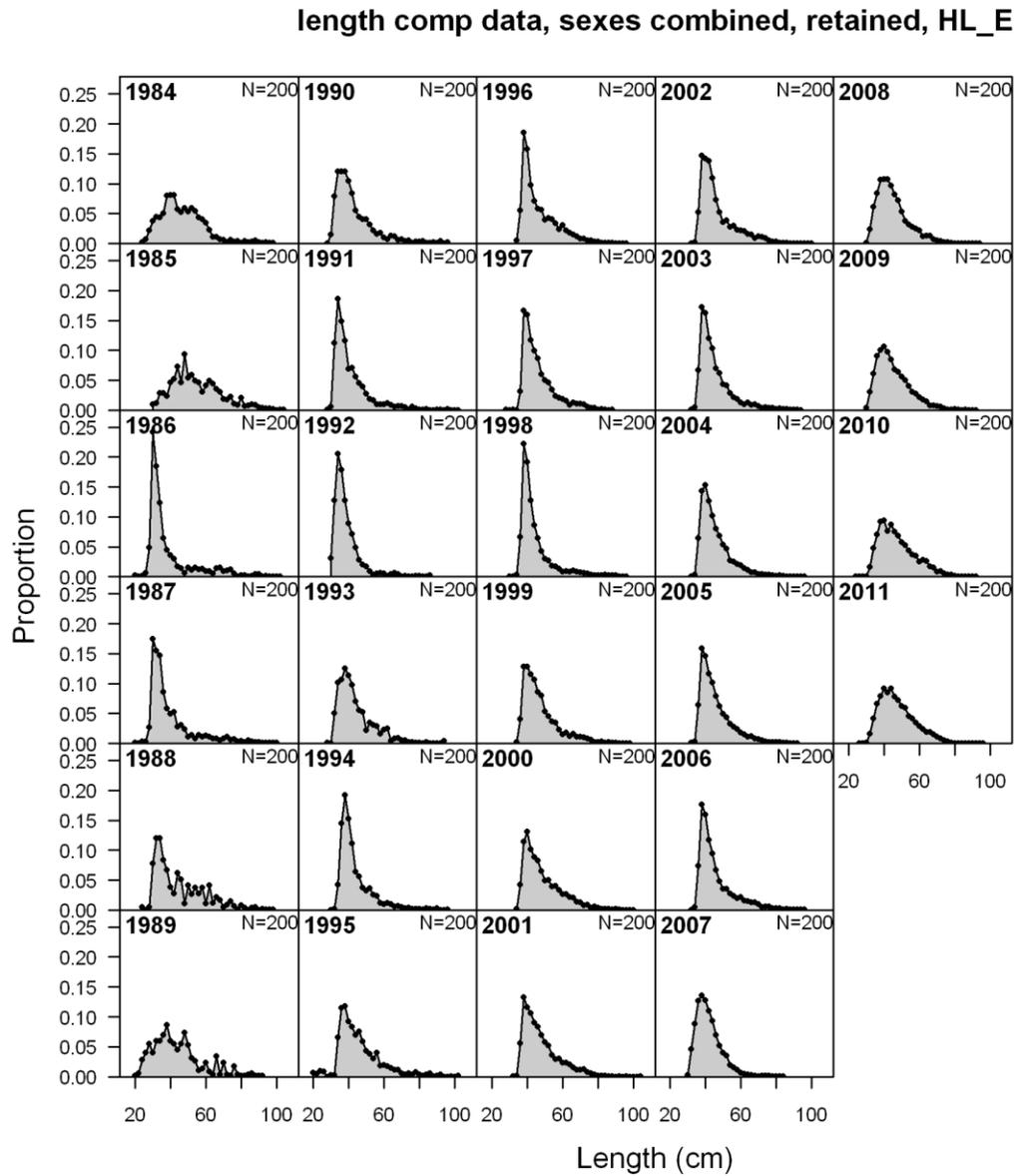


Figure 2.4.1.1. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

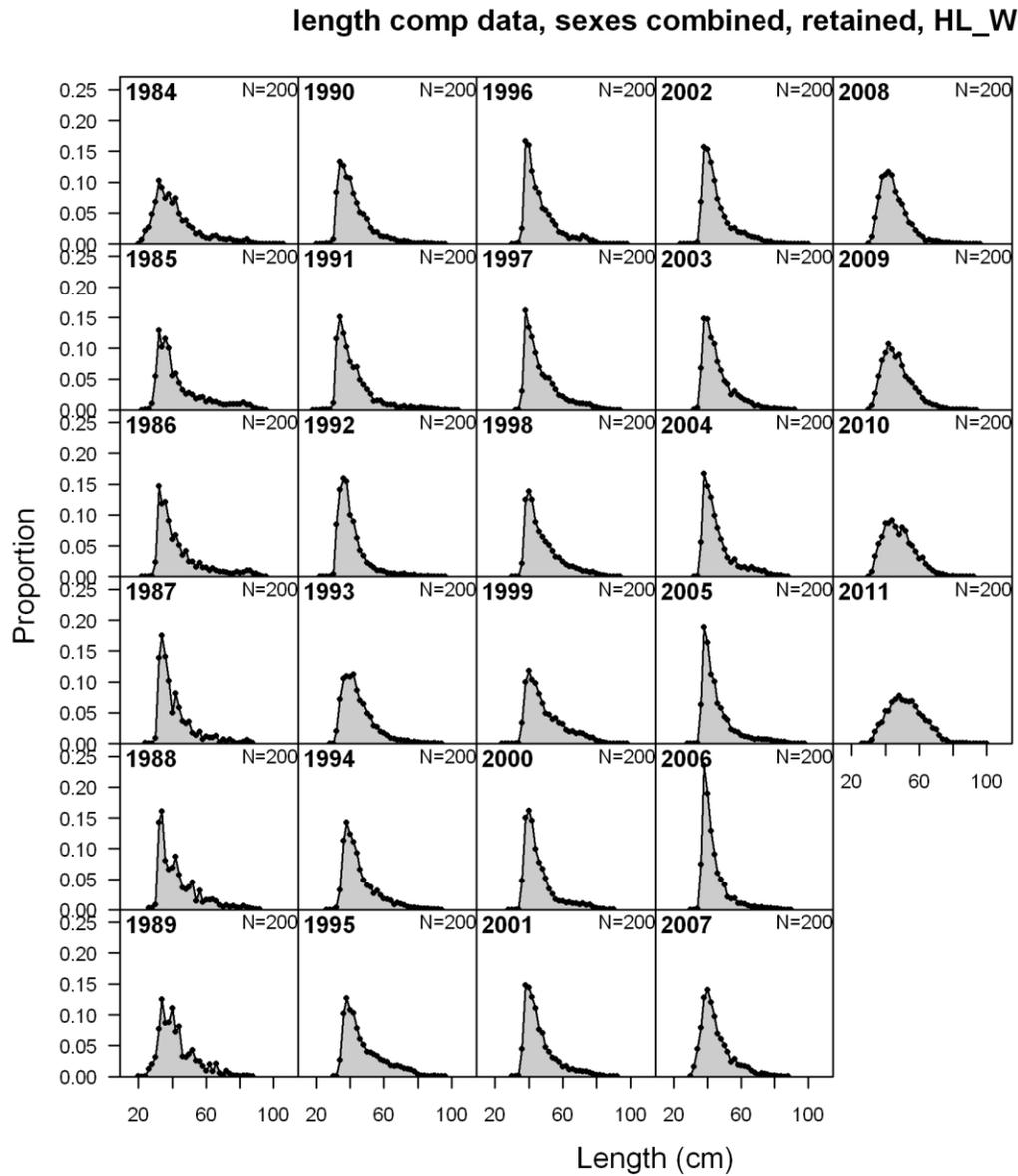


Figure 2.4.1.2. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

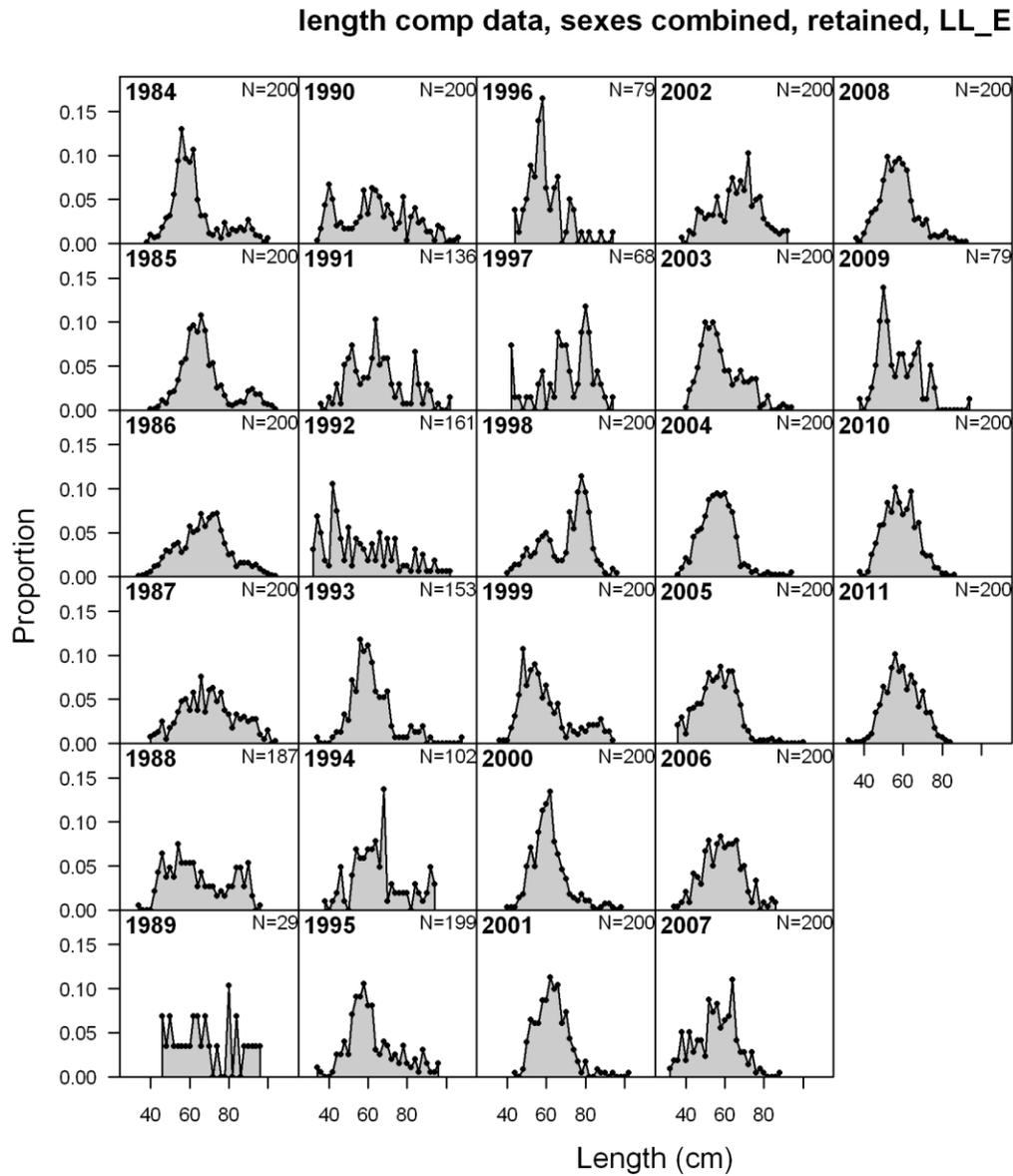


Figure 2.4.1.3. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

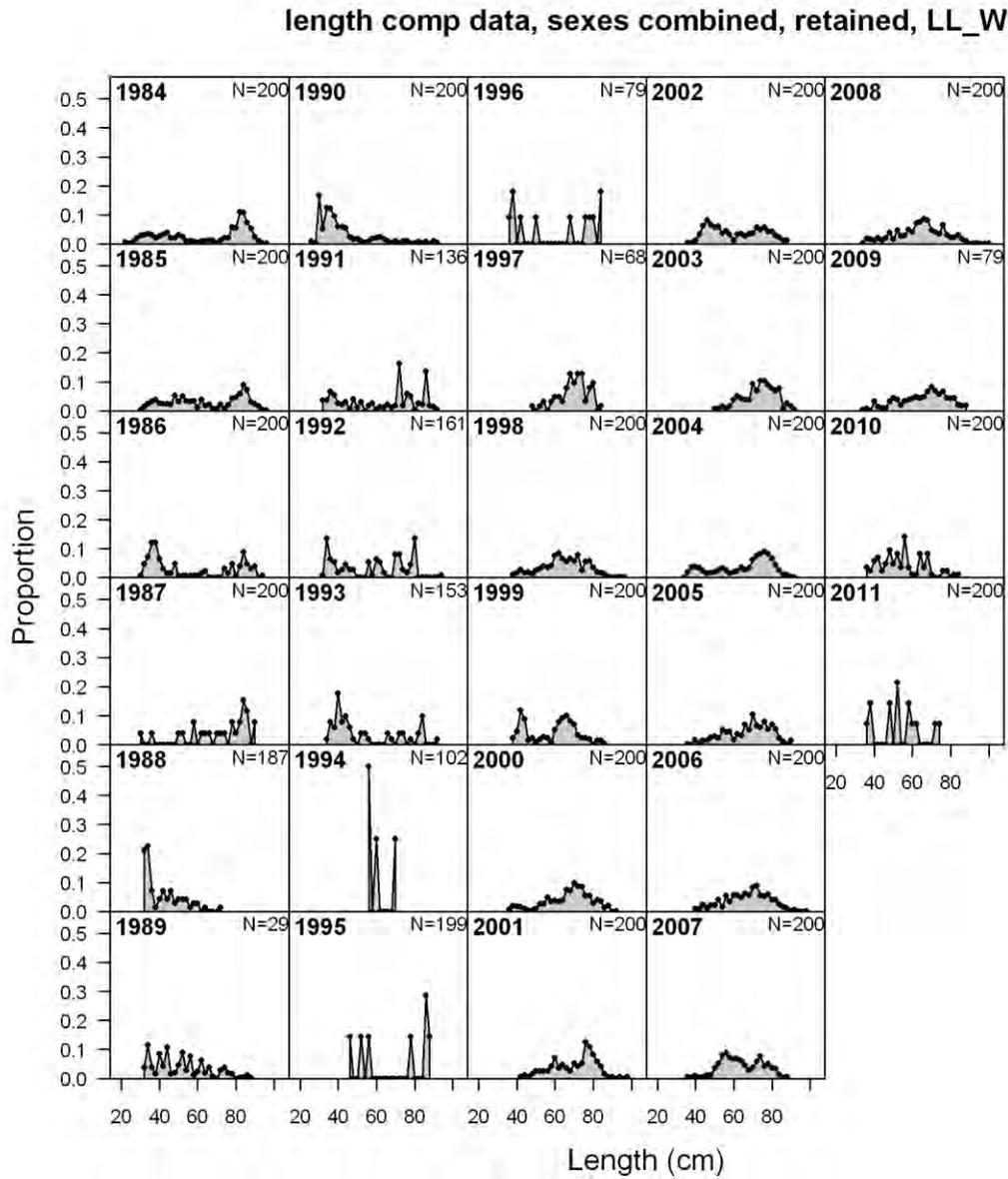


Figure 2.4.1.4. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

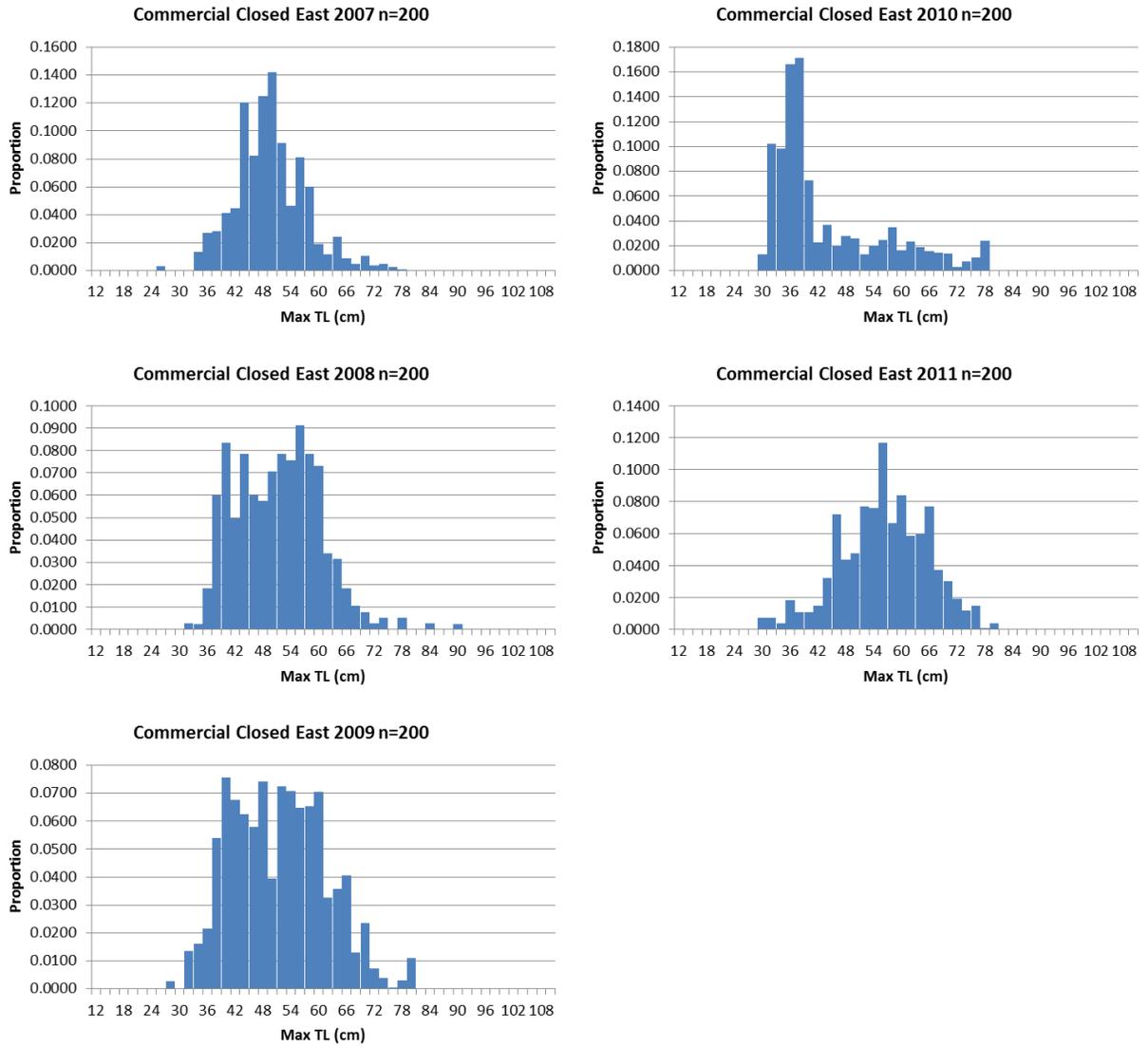


Figure 2.4.1.5. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial closed season in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

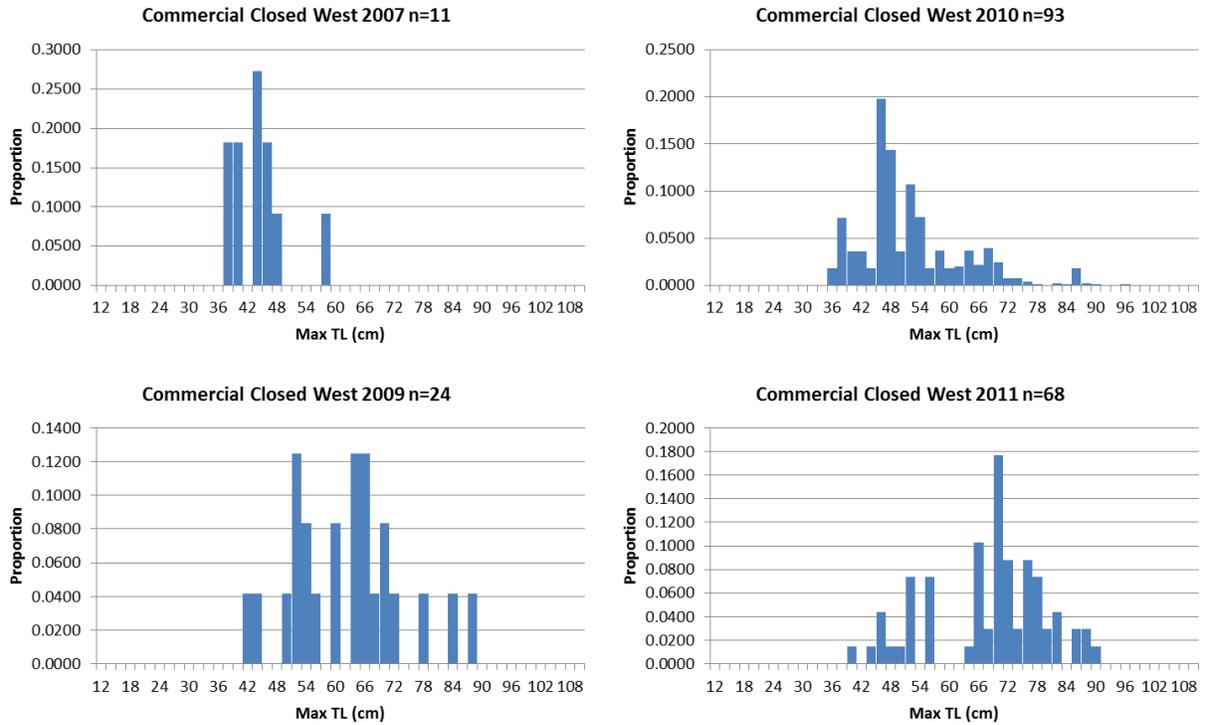


Figure 2.4.1.6. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial closed season in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

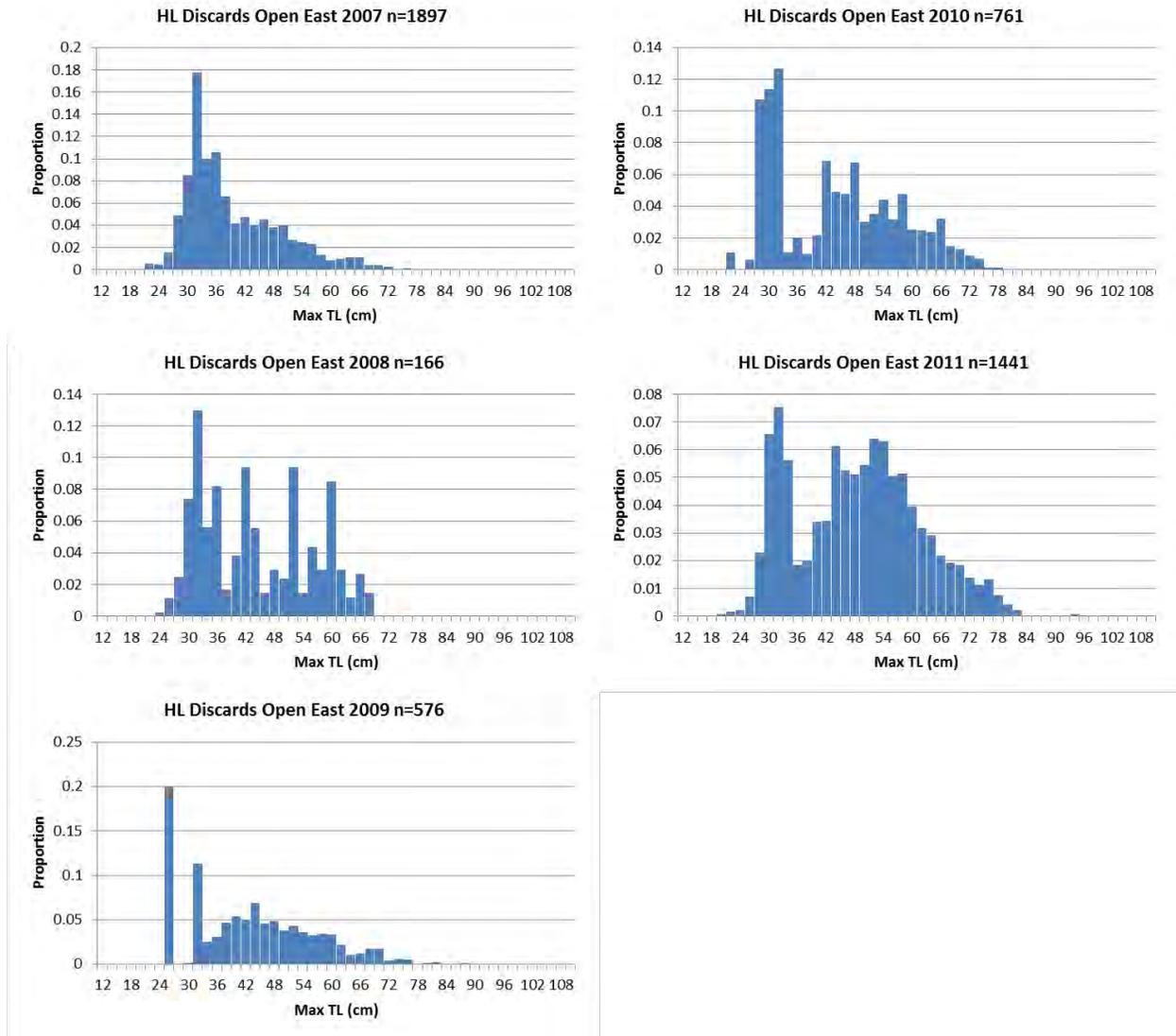


Figure 2.4.1.7. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

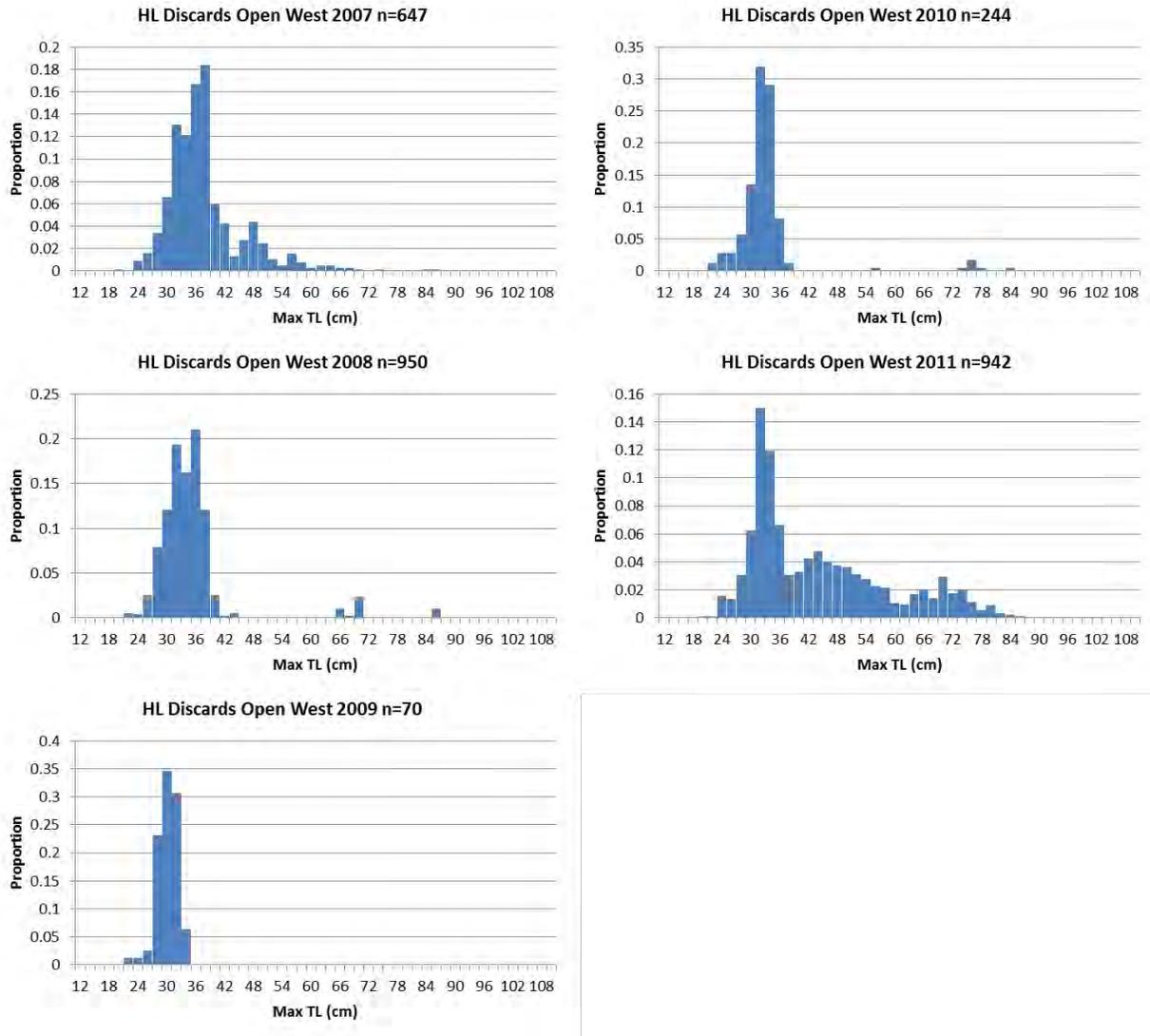


Figure 2.4.1.8. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico.

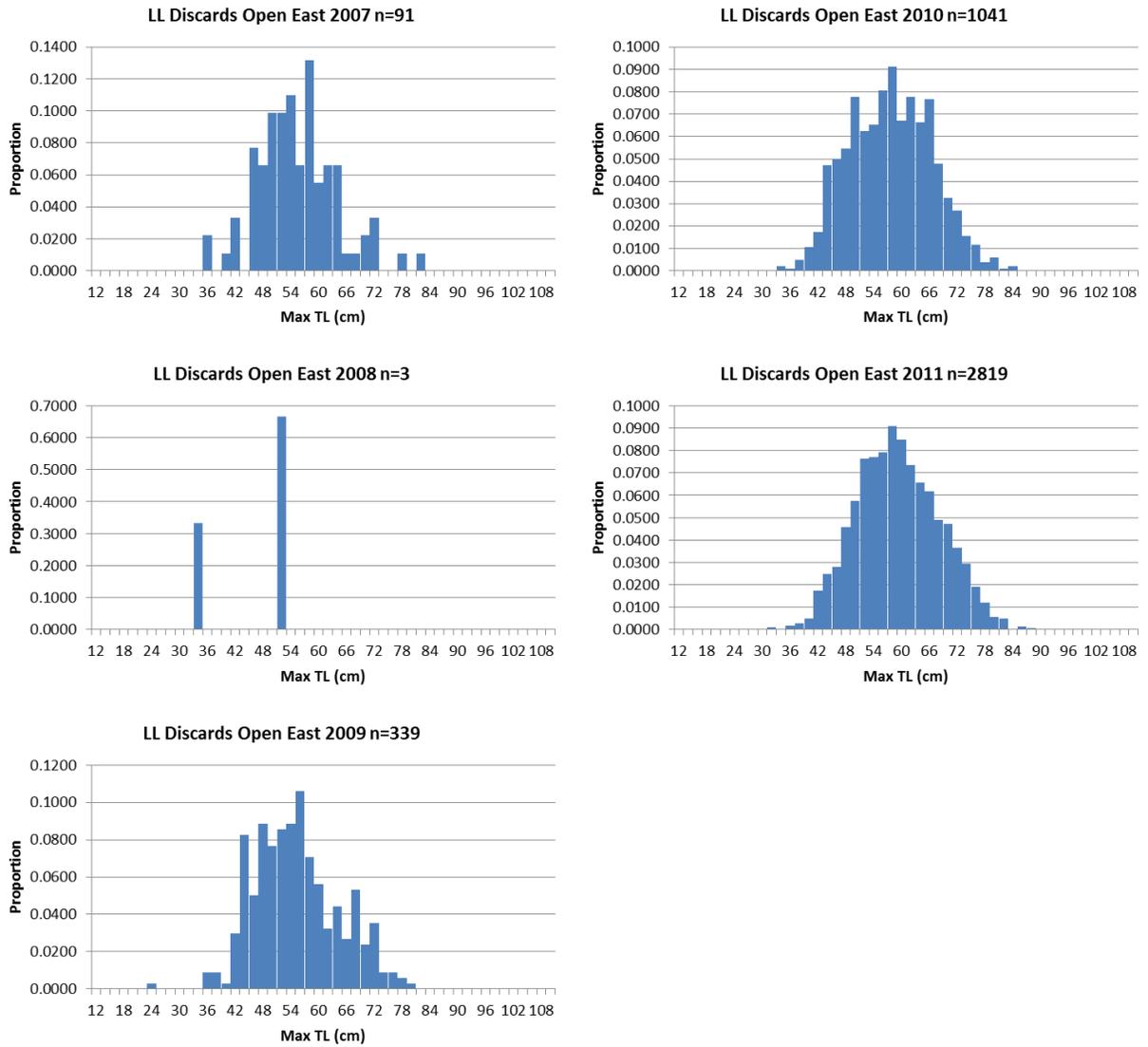


Figure 2.4.1.9. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

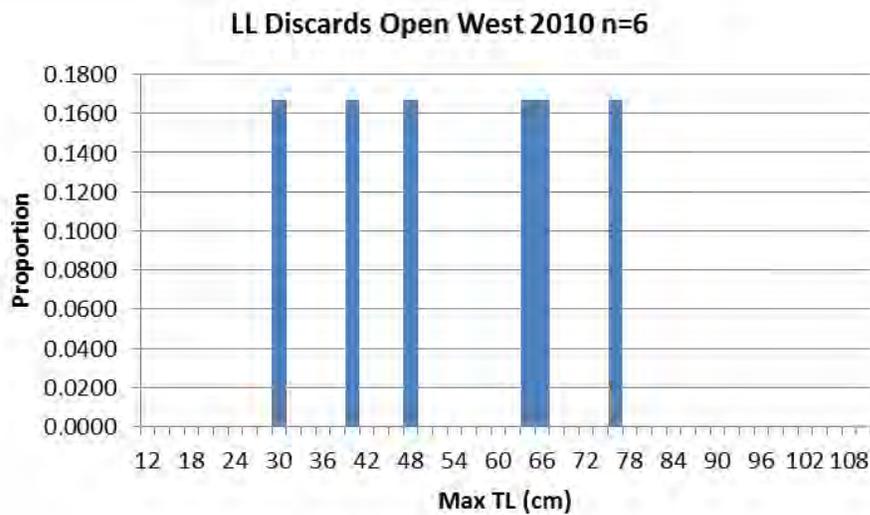
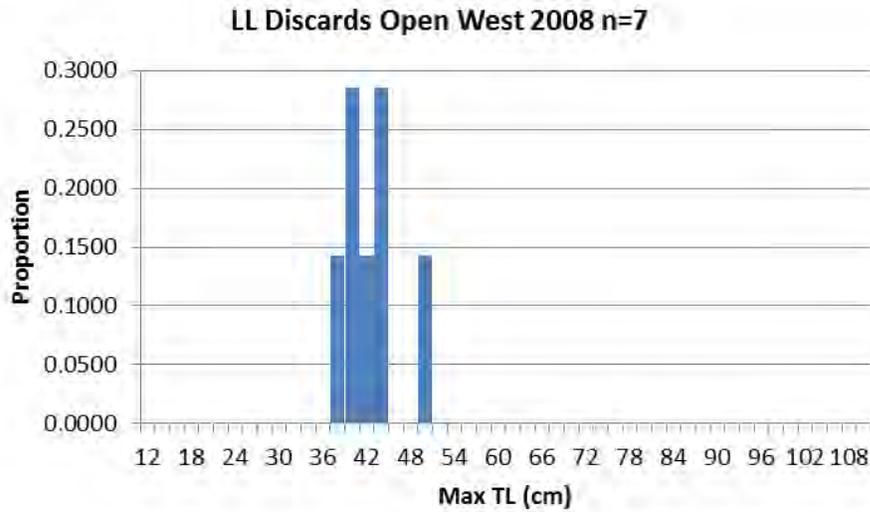


Figure 2.4.1.10. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico.

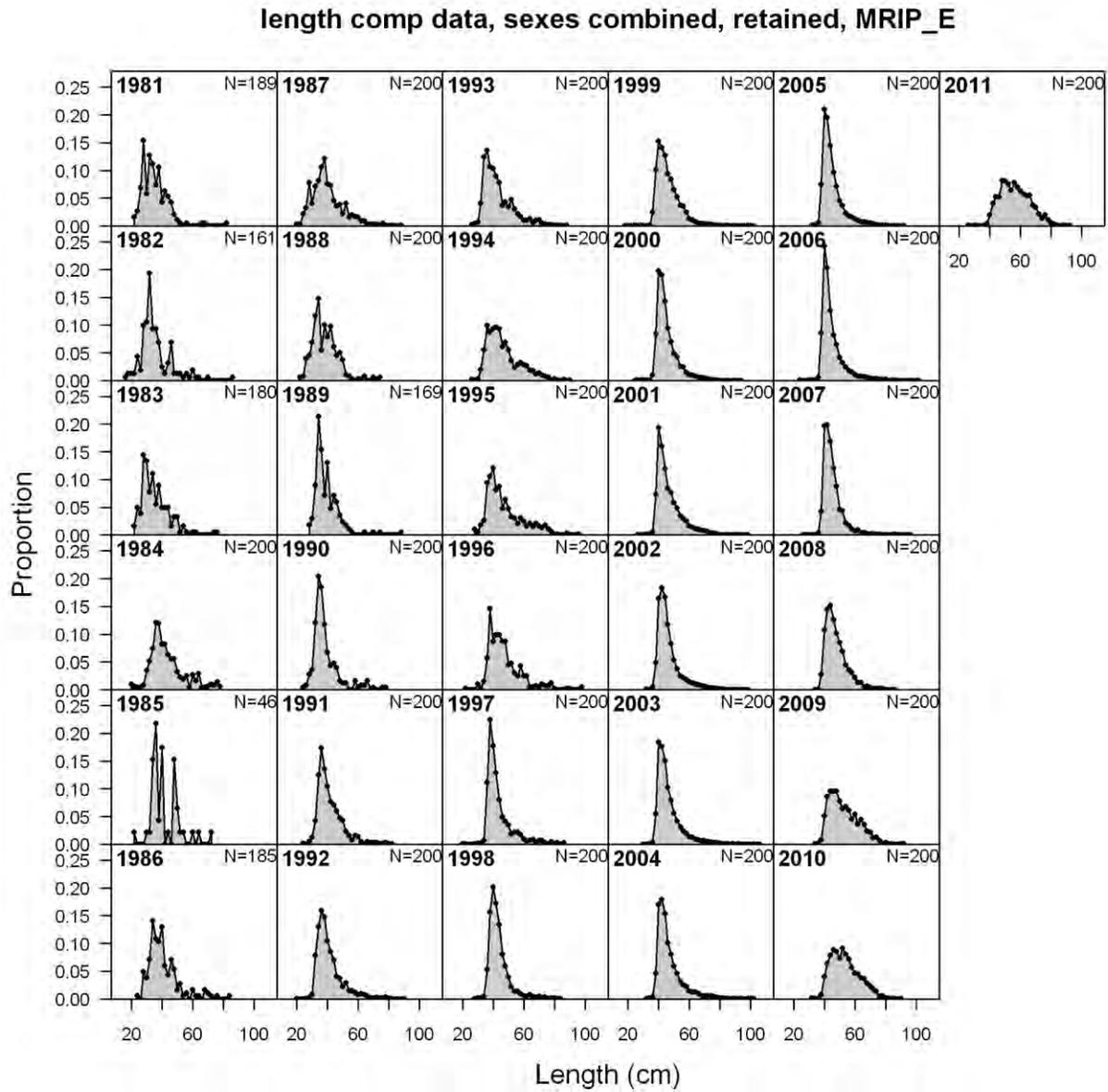


Figure 2.4.2.1. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational charter/private fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

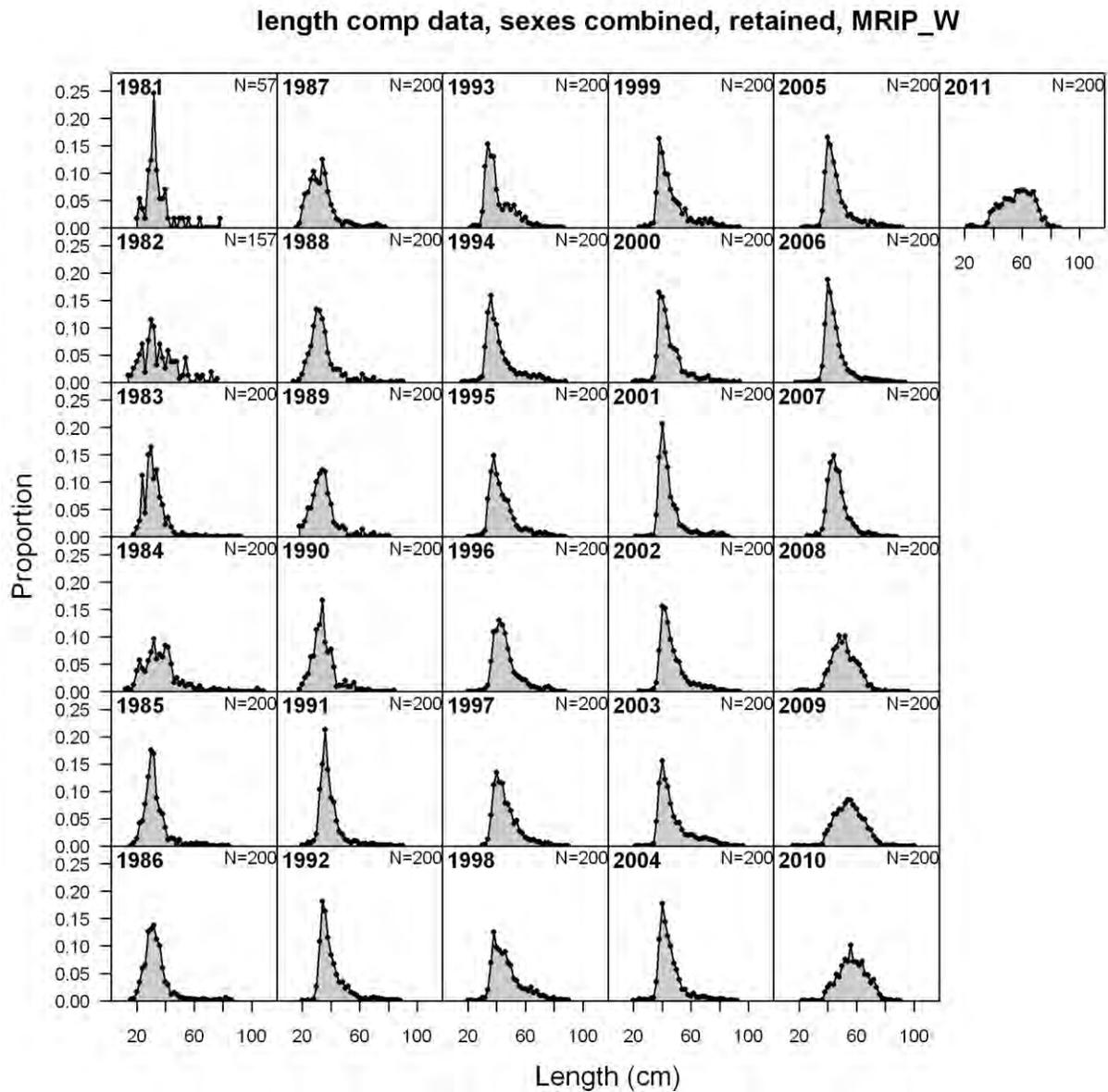


Figure 2.4.2.2. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational charter/private fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

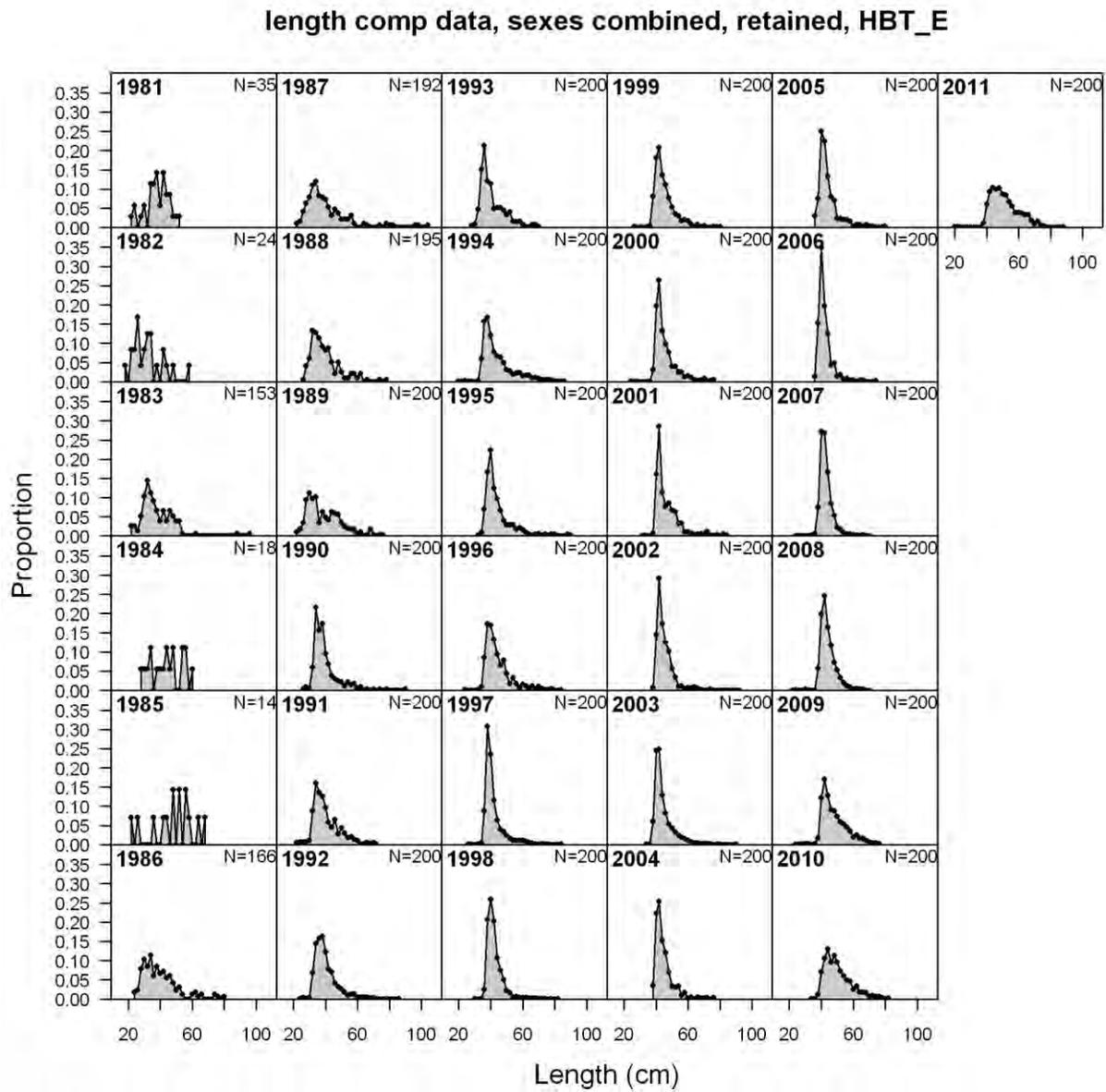


Figure 2.4.2.3. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

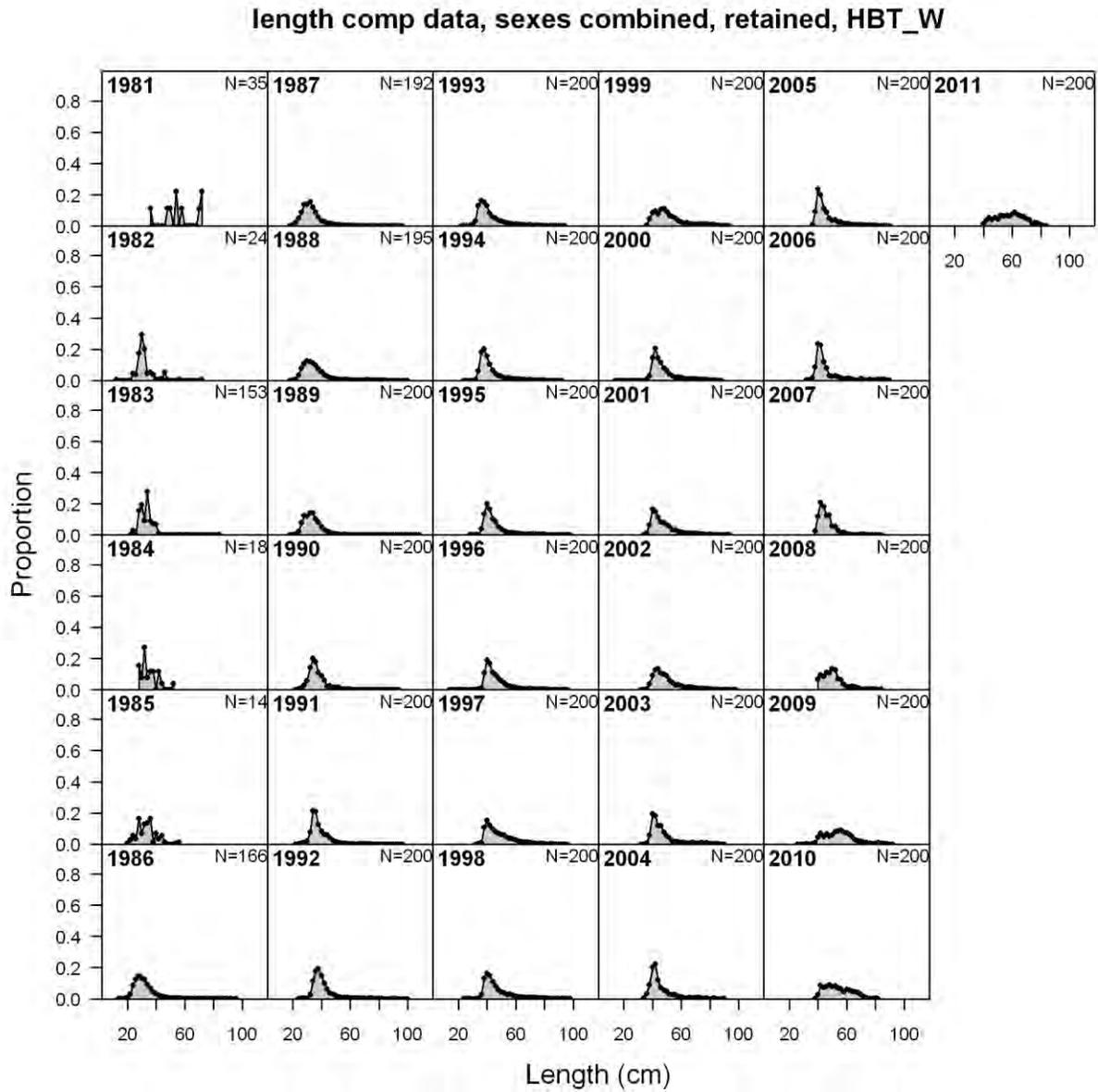


Figure 2.4.2.4. Length compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

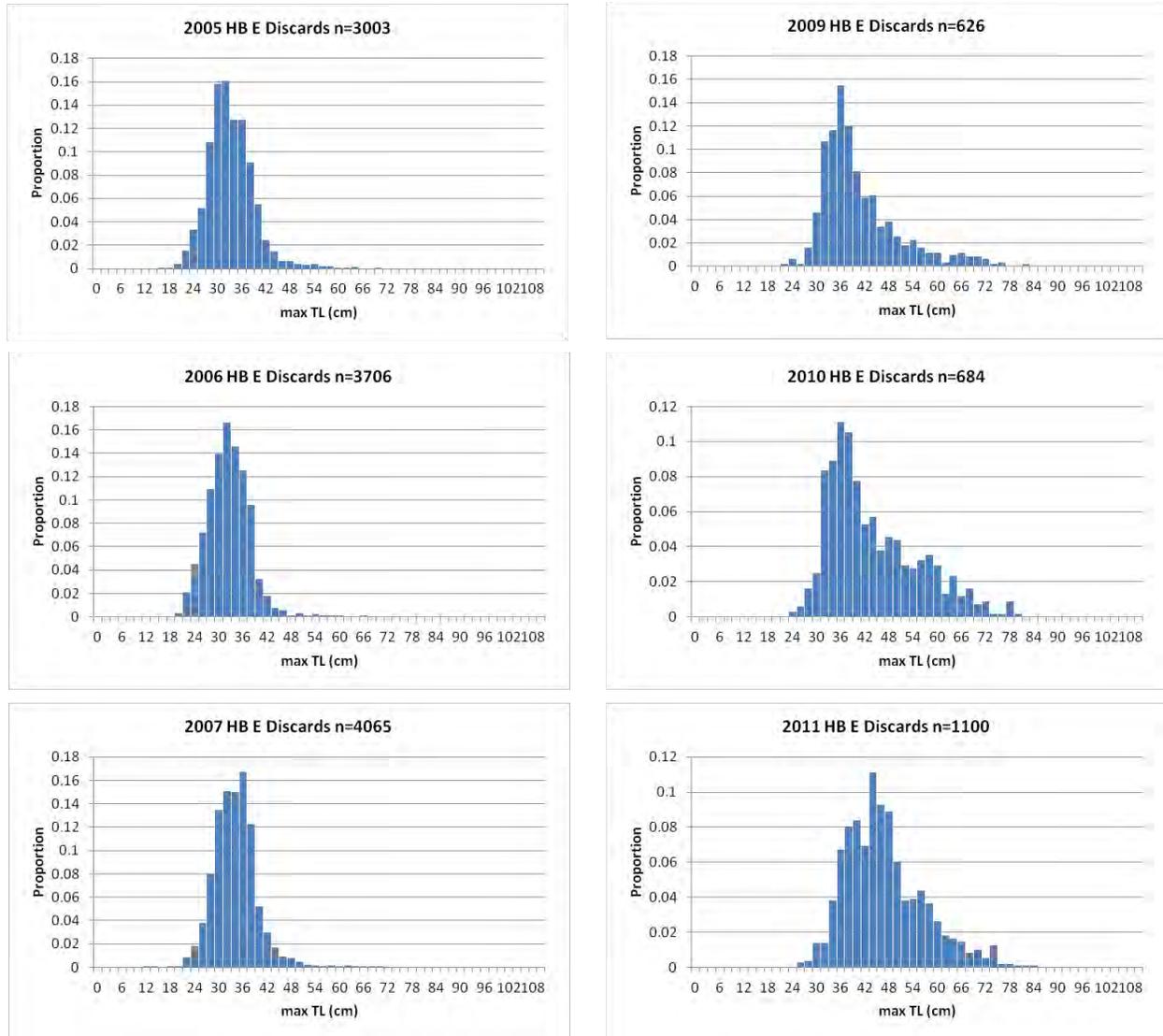


Figure 2.4.2.5. Length compositions of discarded red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

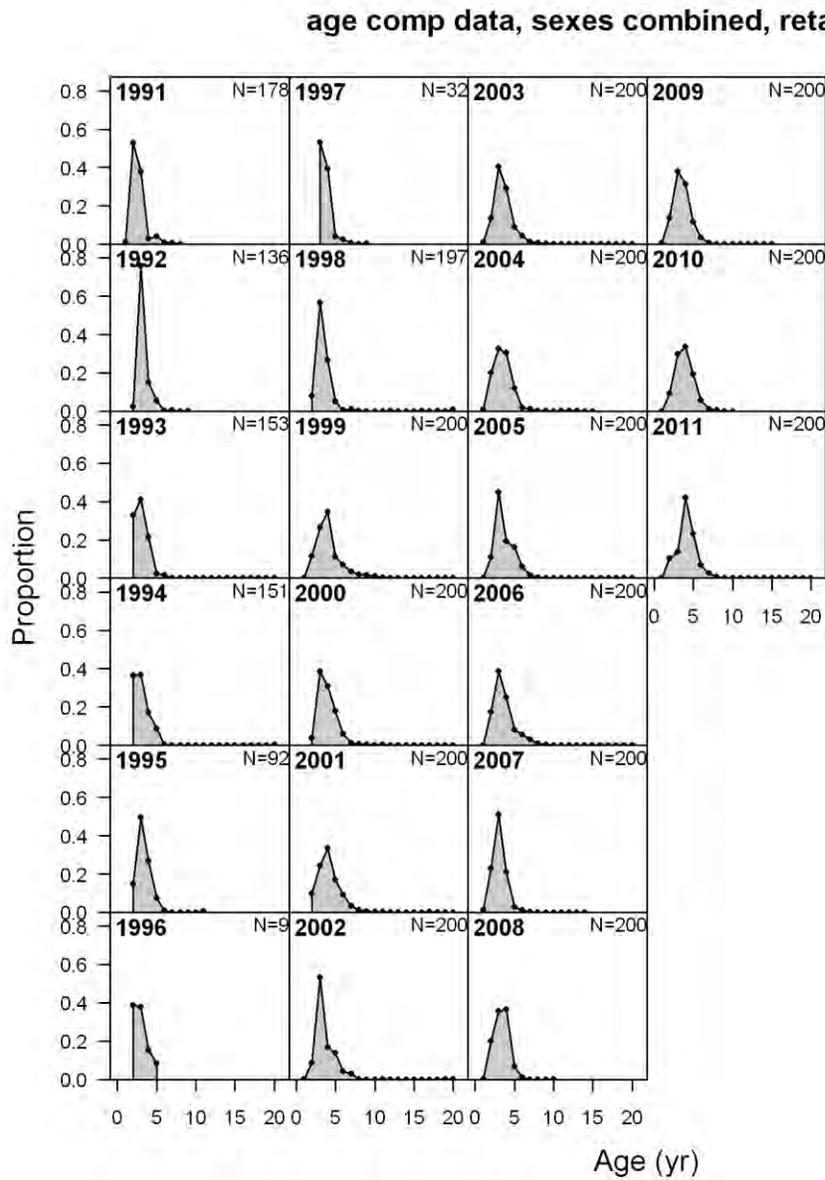


Figure 2.5.1.1. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

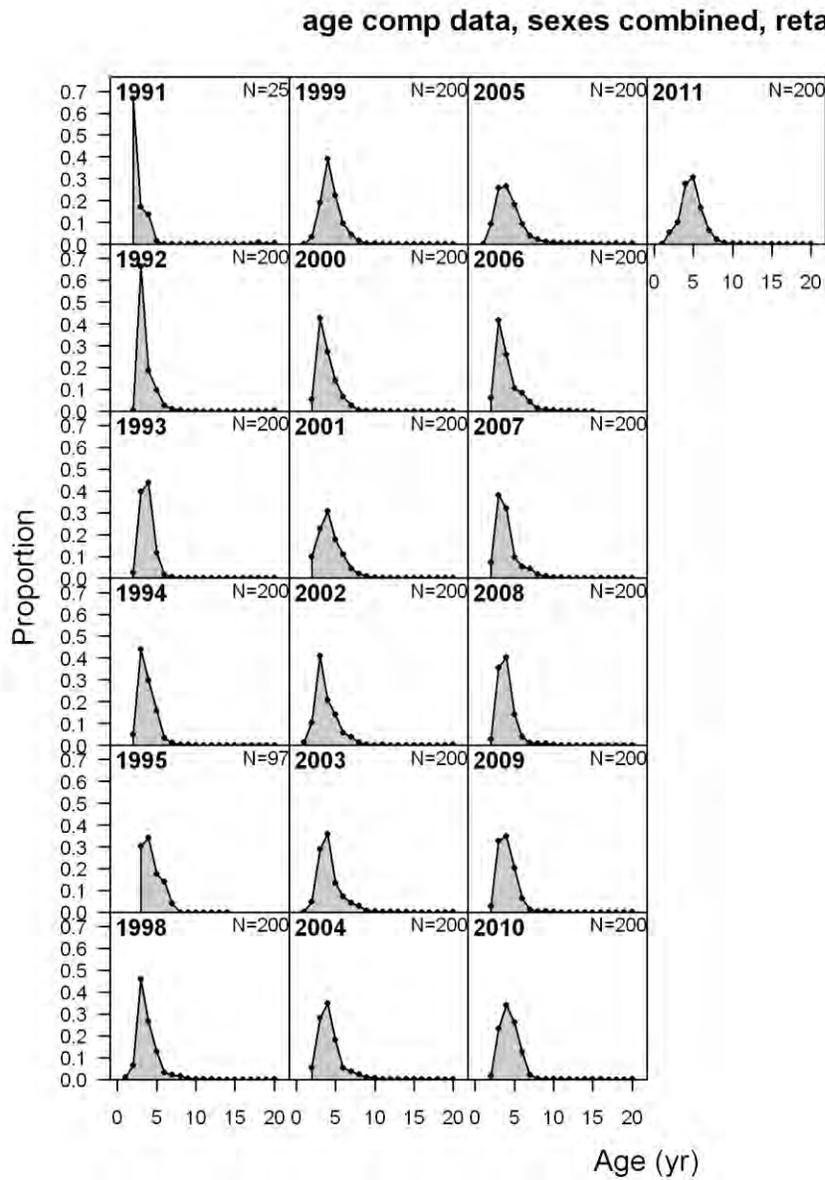


Figure 2.5.1.2. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

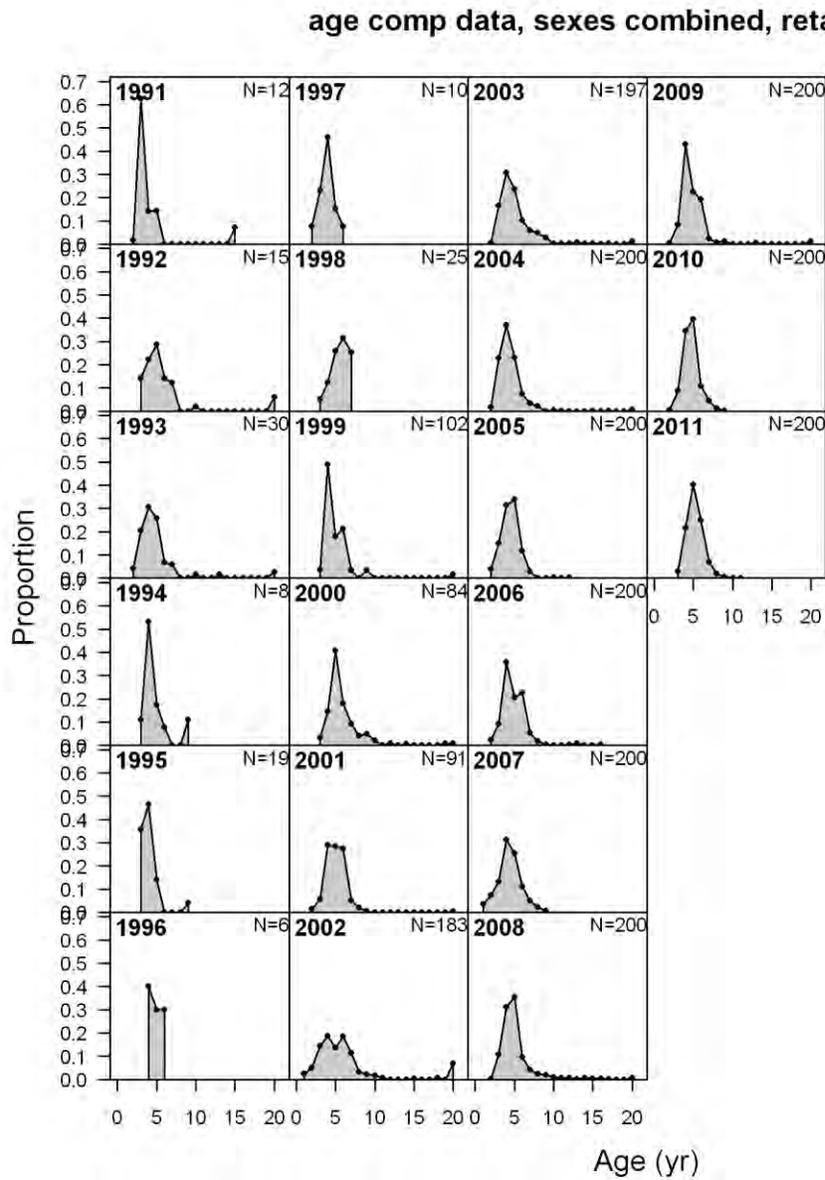


Figure 2.5.1.3. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

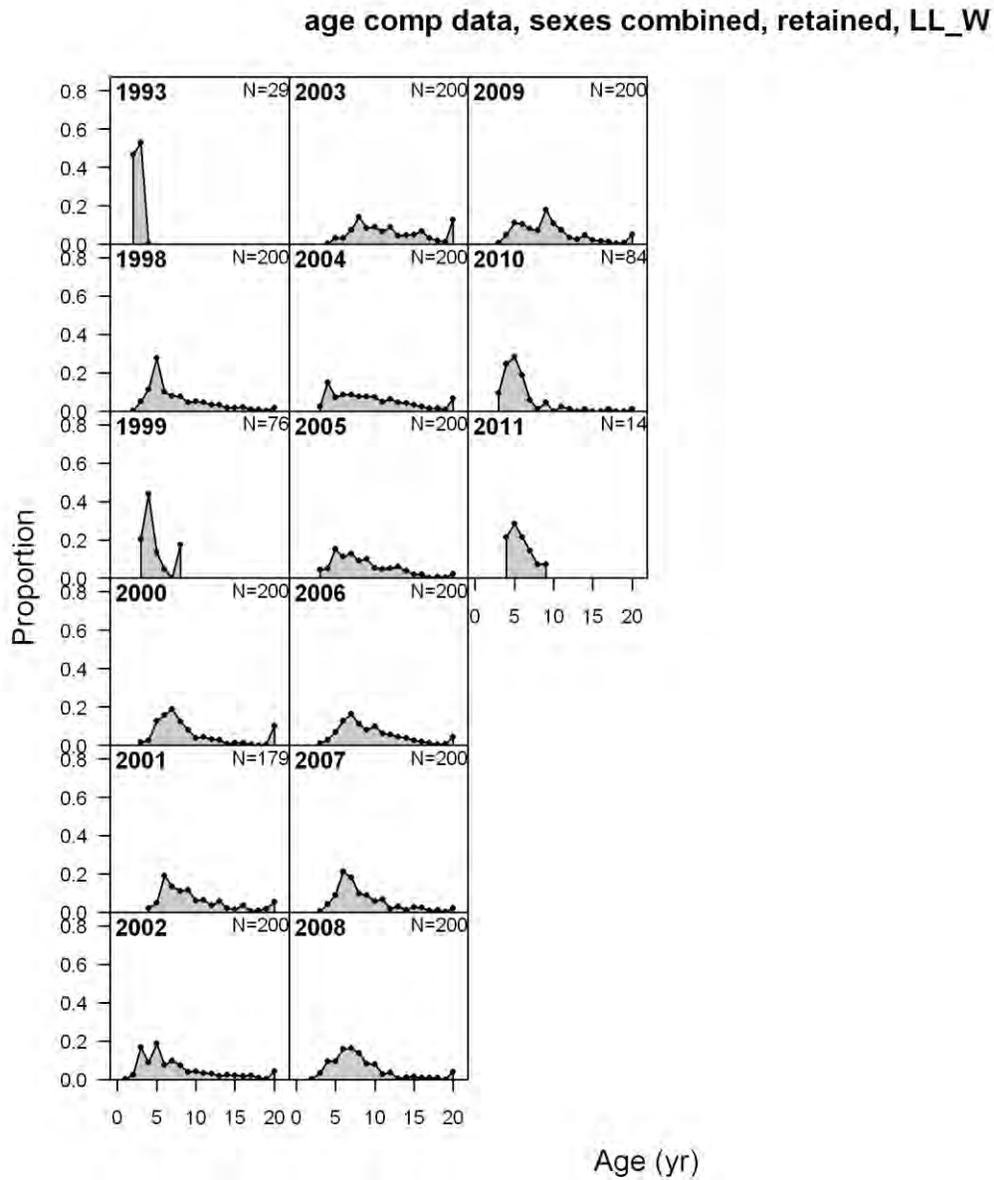


Figure 2.5.1.4. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

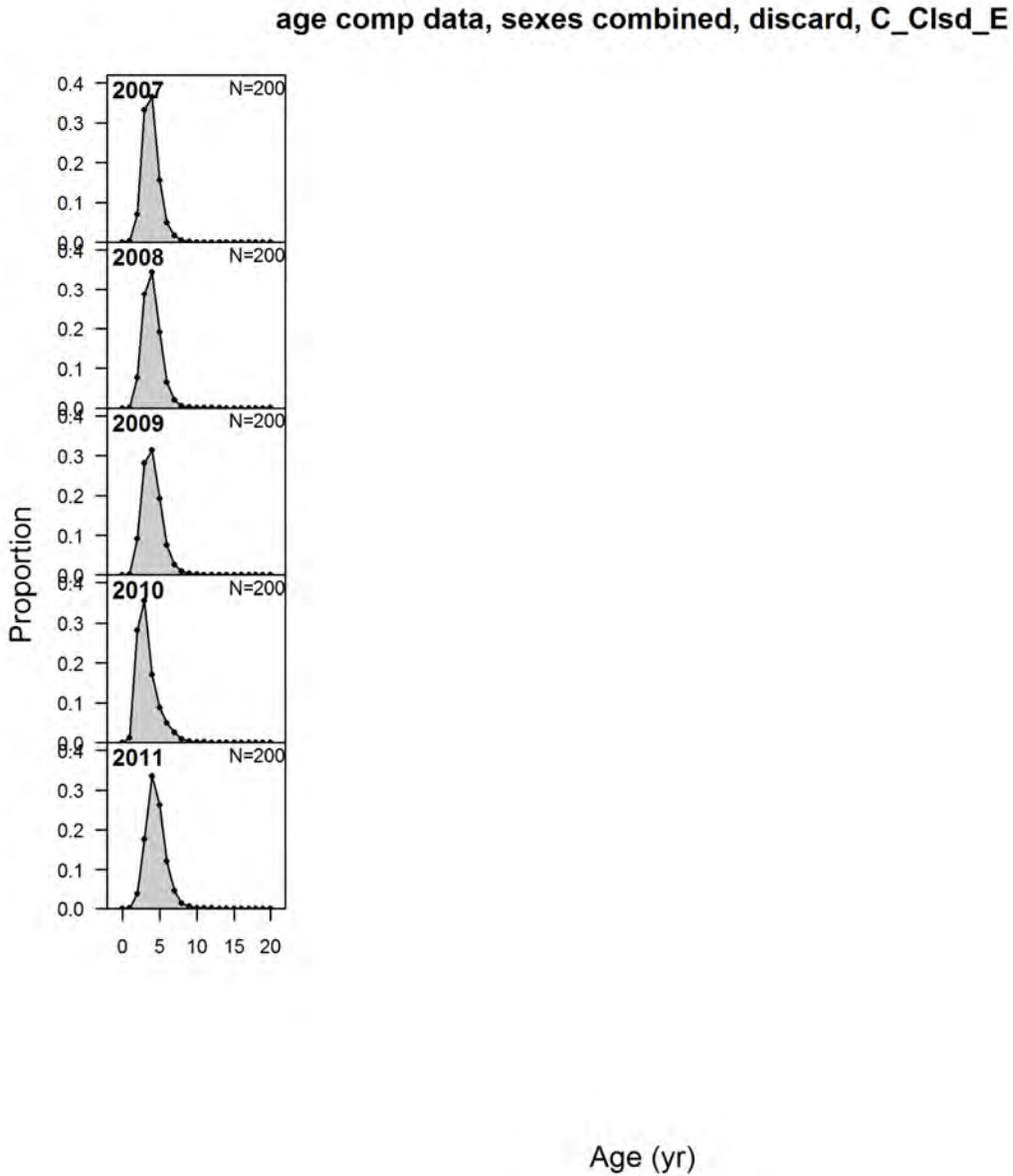


Figure 2.5.1.5. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial closed season in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

age comp data, sexes combined, discard, C_Clsd_W

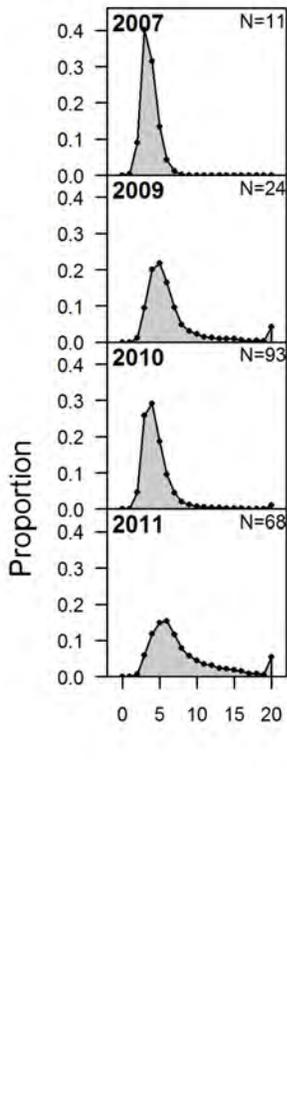


Figure 2.5.1.6. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial closed season in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

age comp data, sexes combined, discard, HL_E

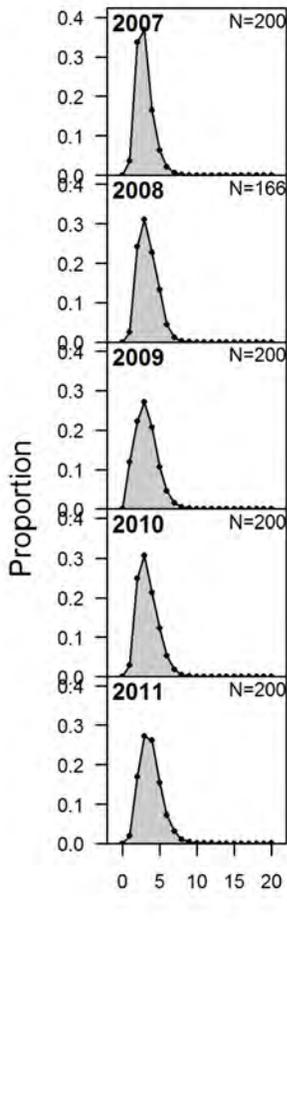


Figure 2.5.1.7. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

age comp data, sexes combined, discard, HL_W

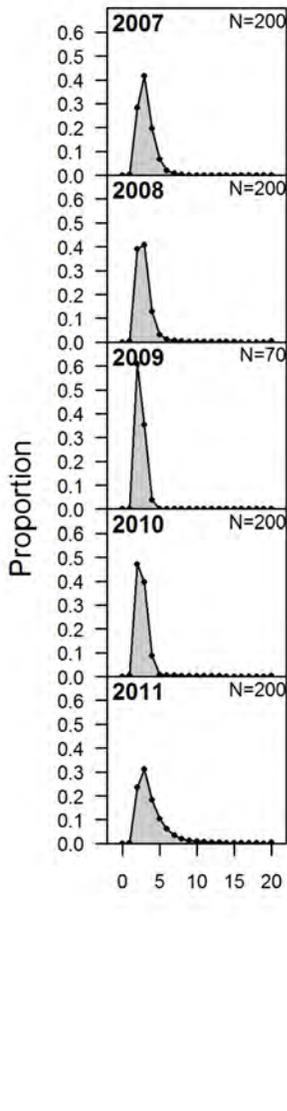


Figure 2.5.1.8. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

age comp data, sexes combined, discard, LL_E

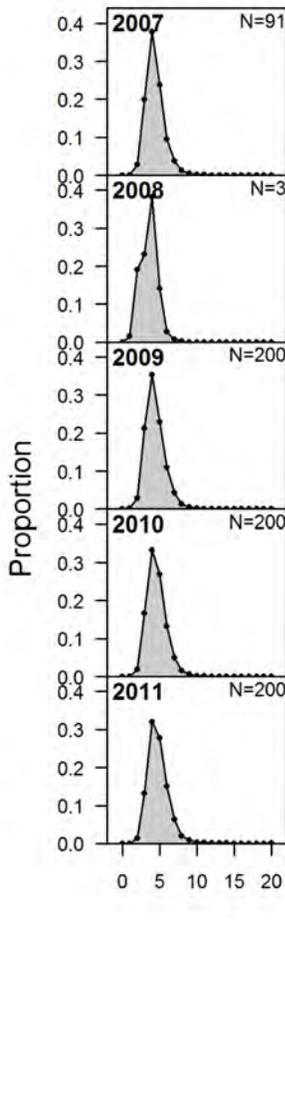


Figure 2.5.1.9. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the commercial long line fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (n) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

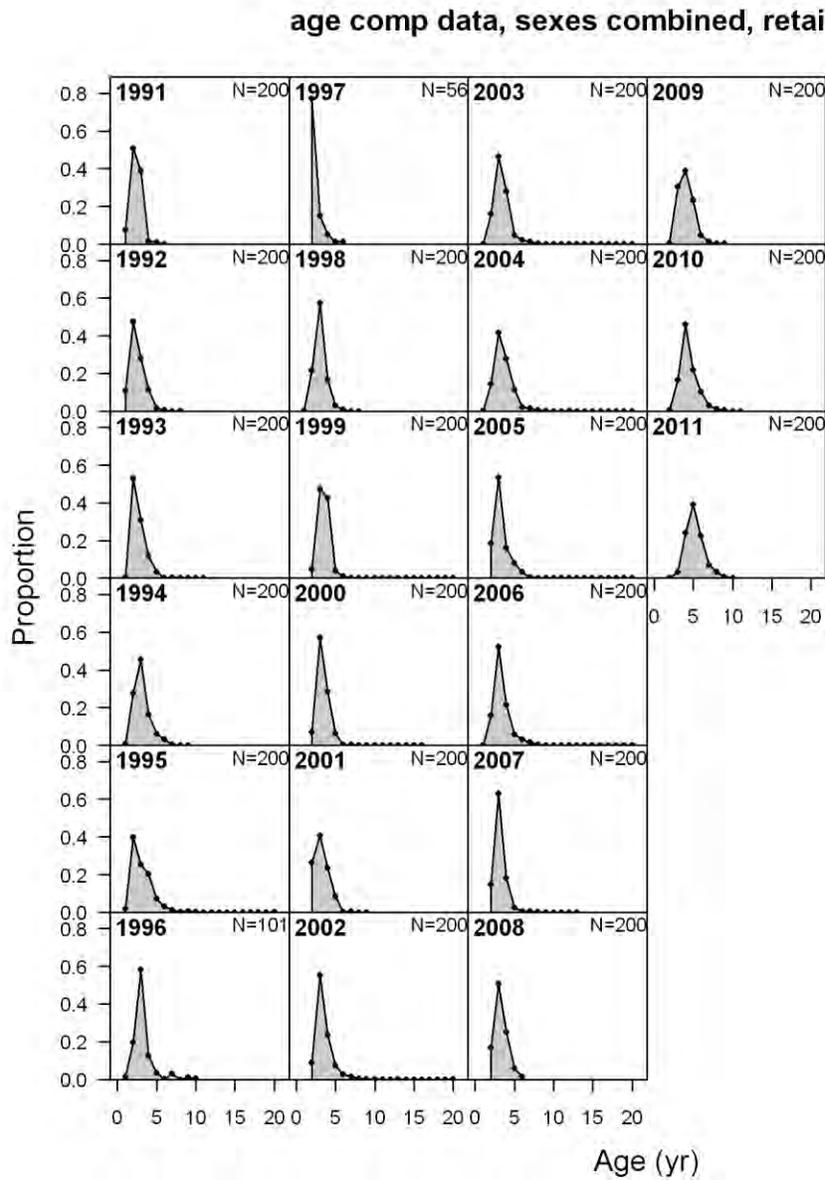


Figure 2.5.2.1. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational charter/private fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

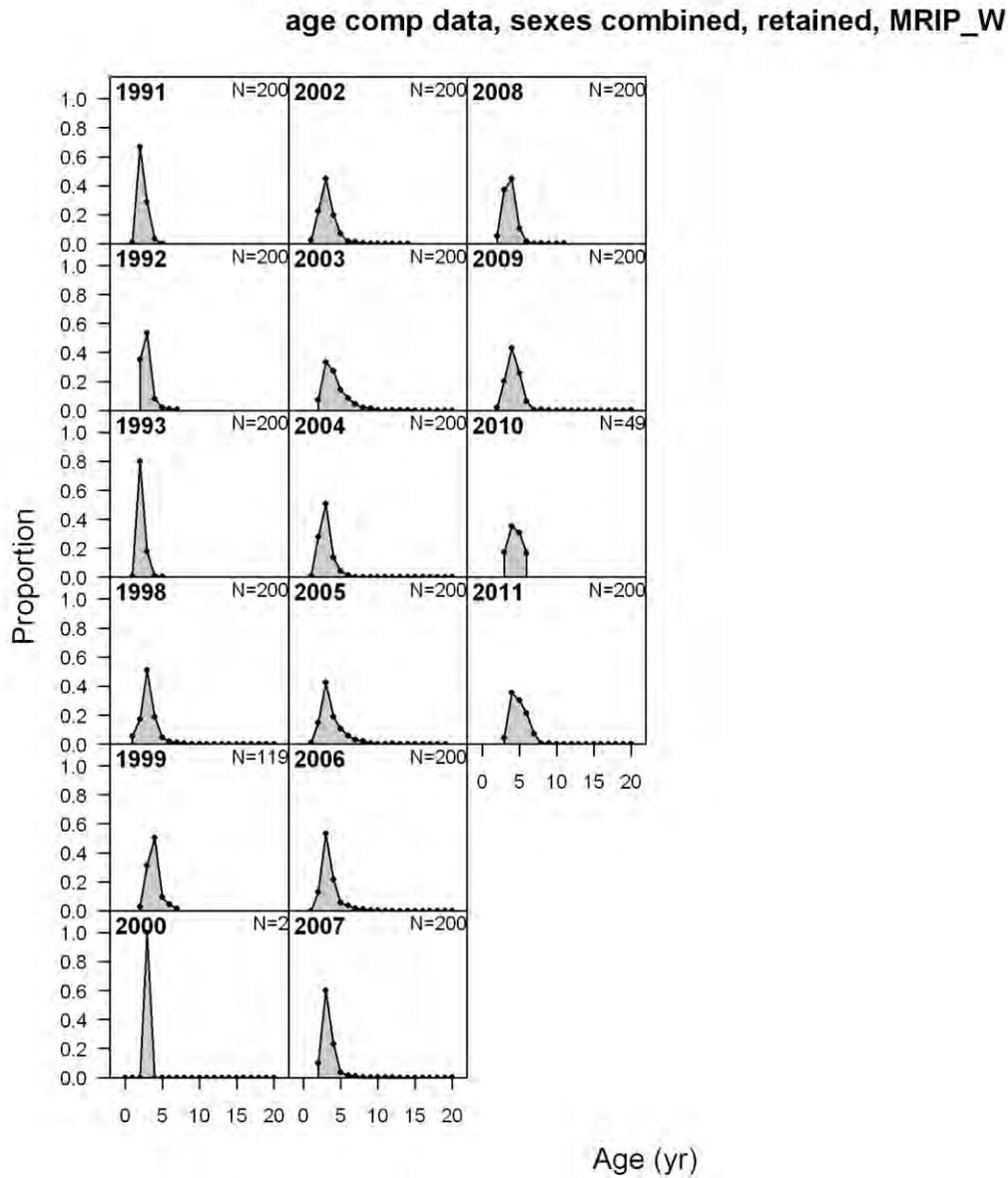


Figure 2.5.2.2. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational charter/private fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

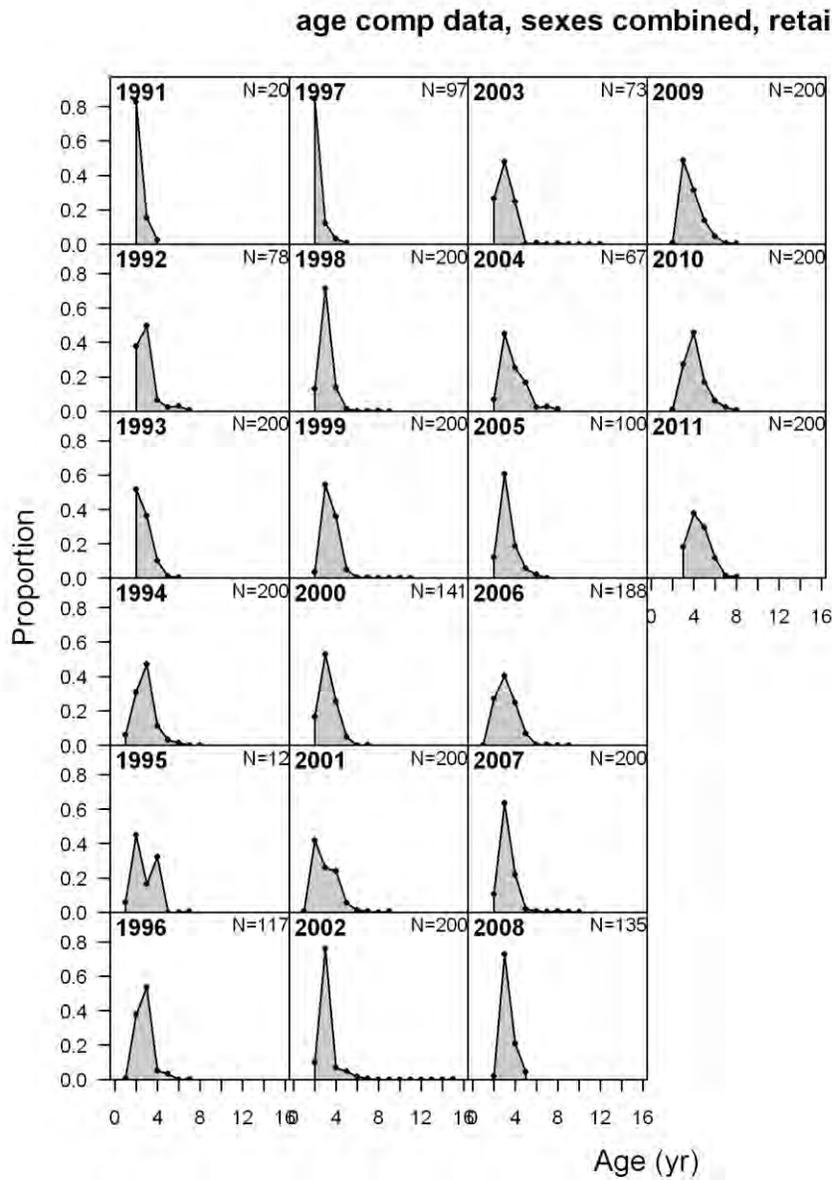


Figure 2.5.2.3. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

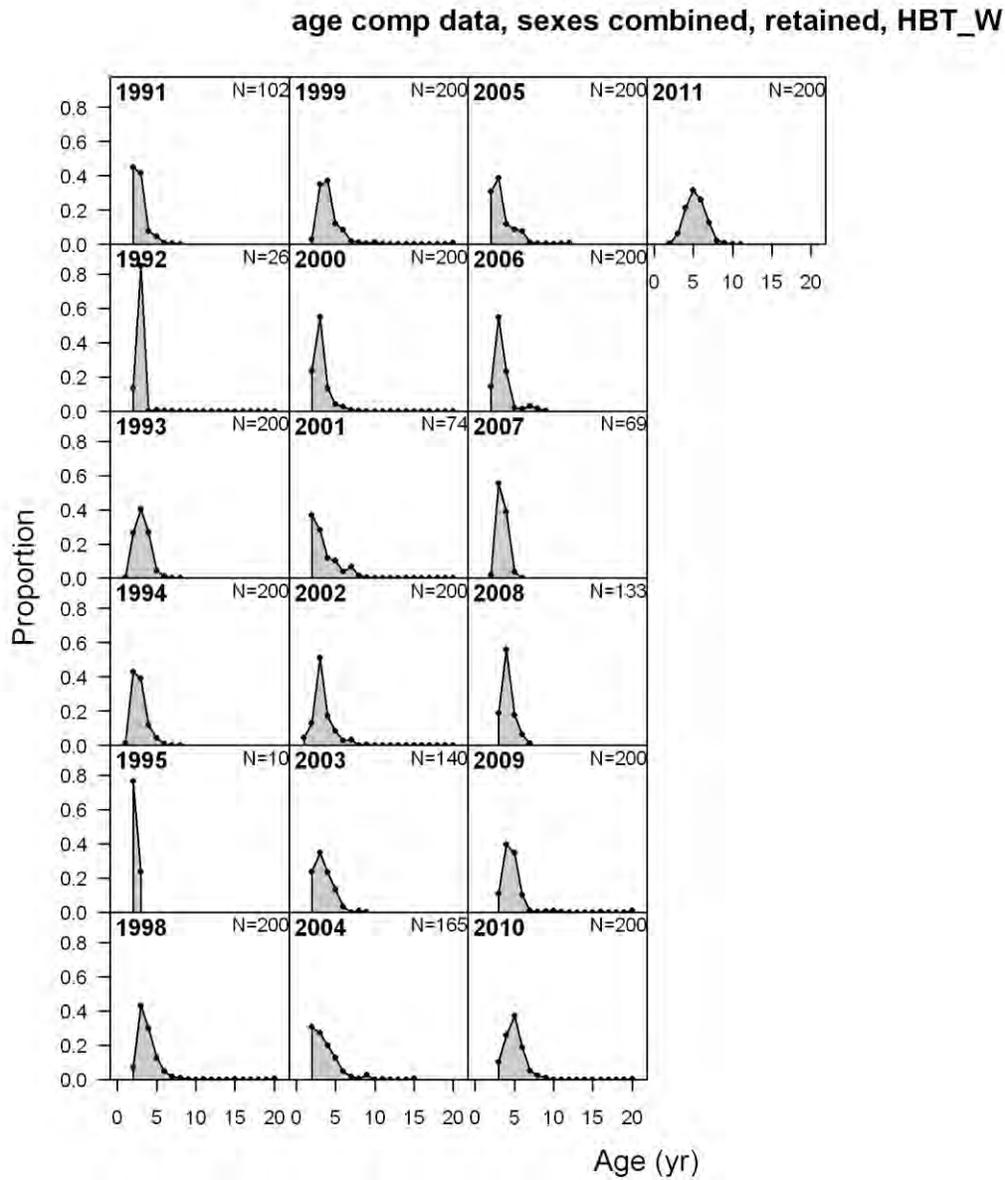


Figure 2.5.2.4. Age compositions of landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

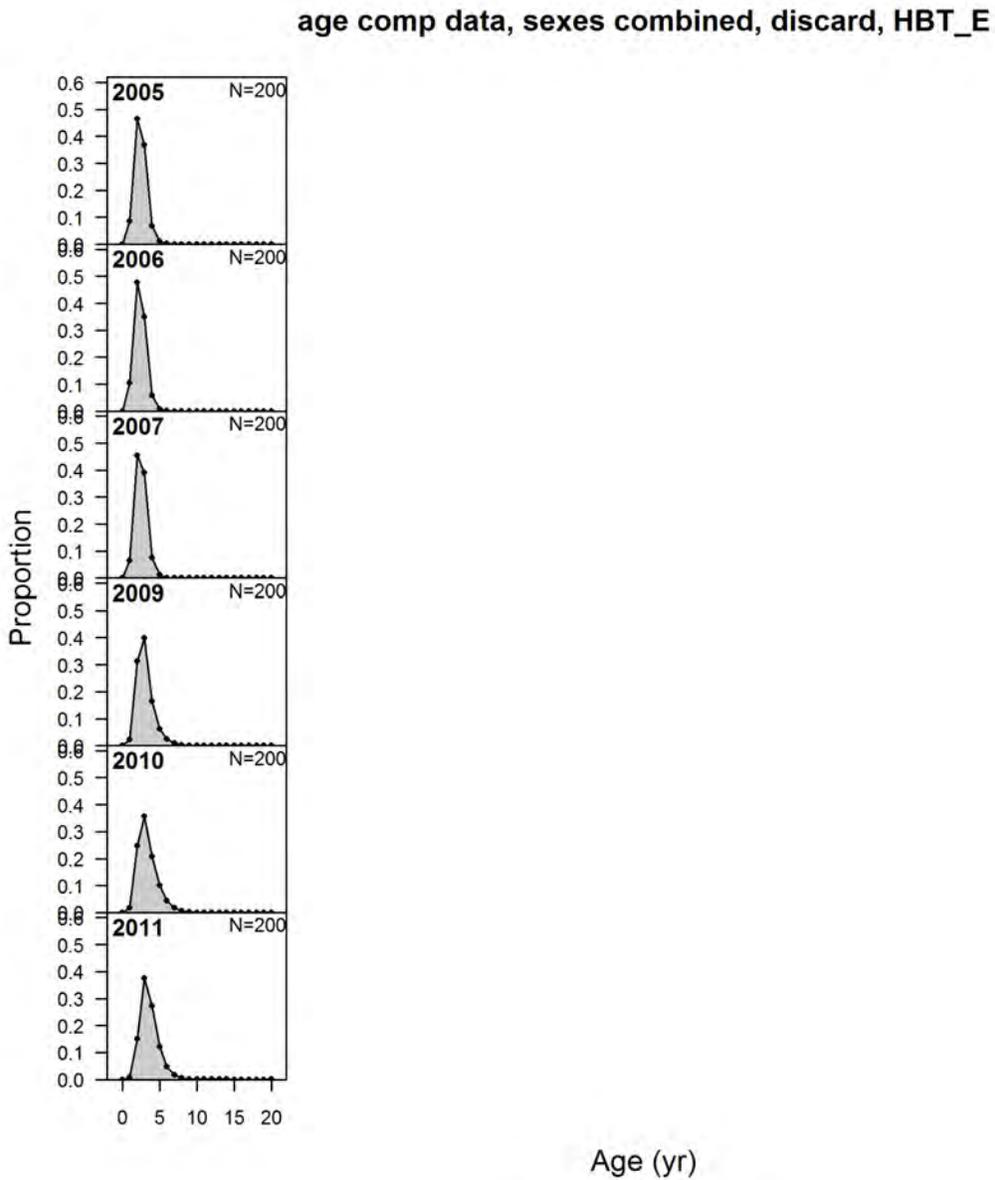


Figure 2.5.2.5. Age compositions of discarded red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.

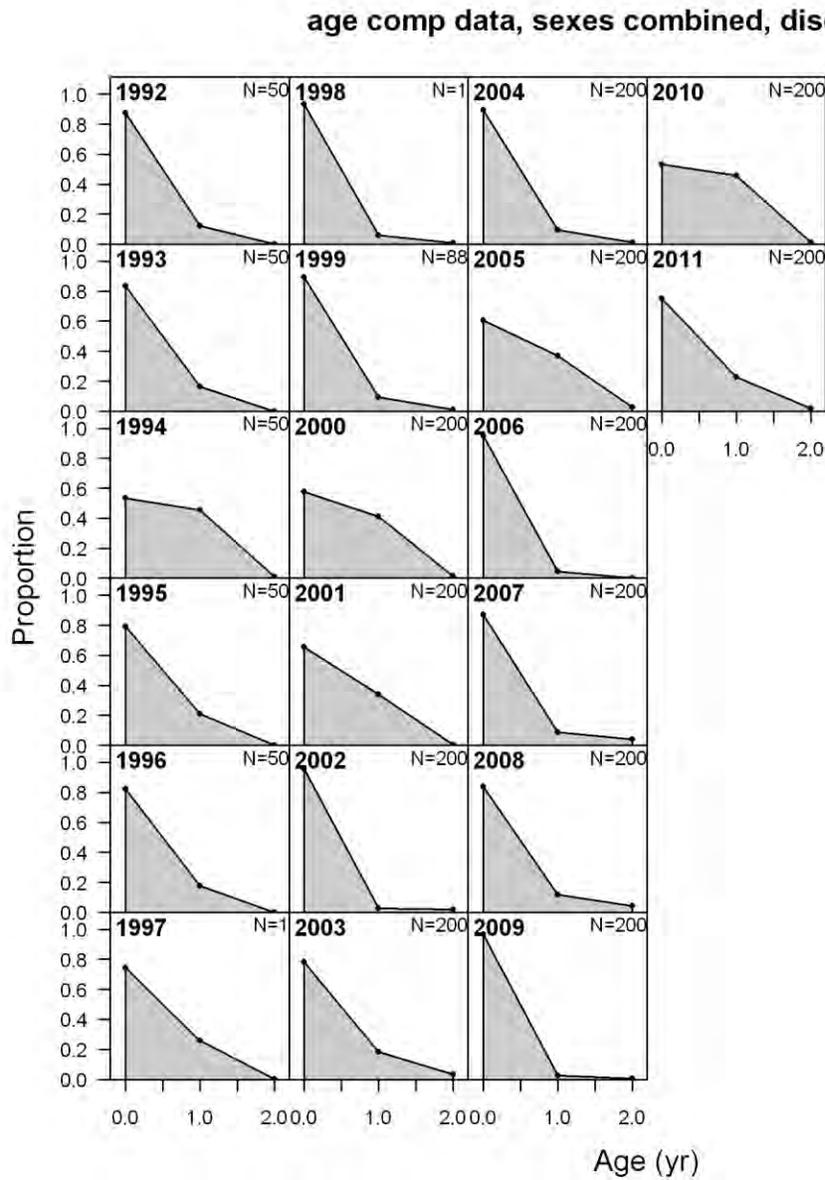


Figure 2.5.3.1. Age compositions of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

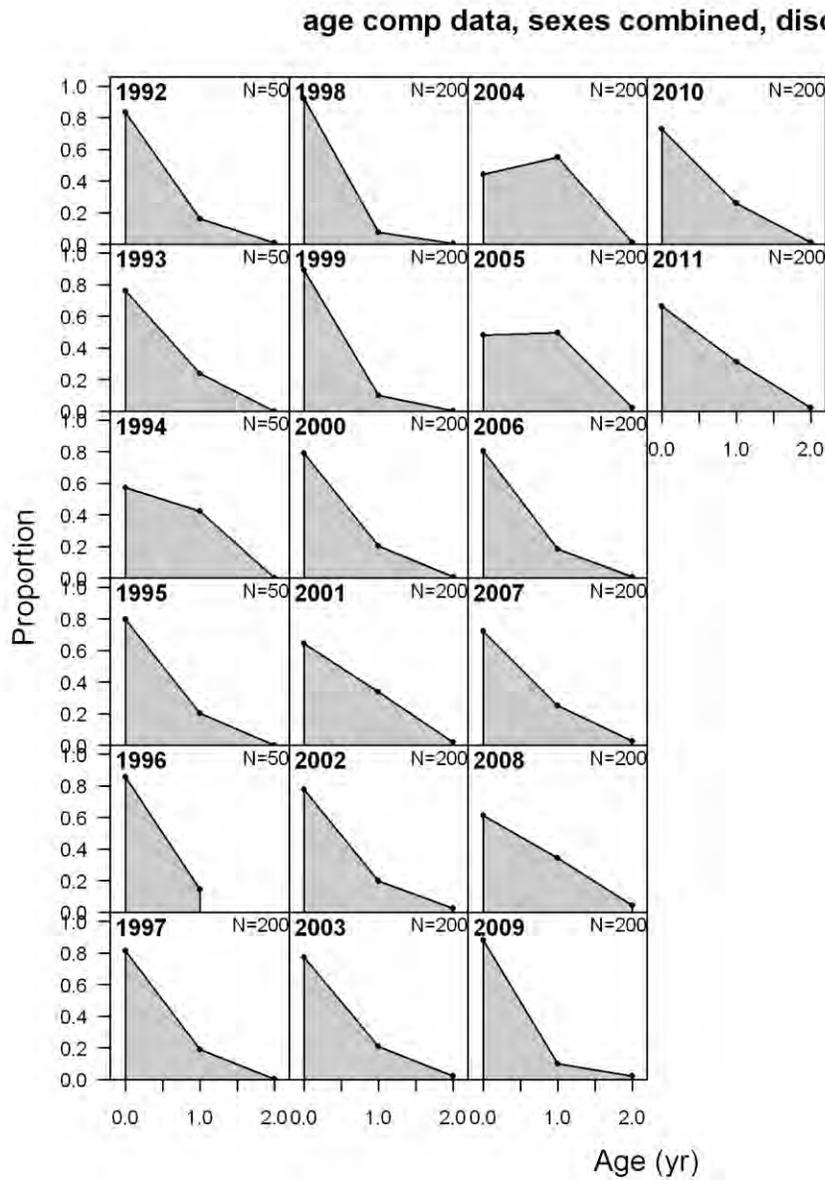
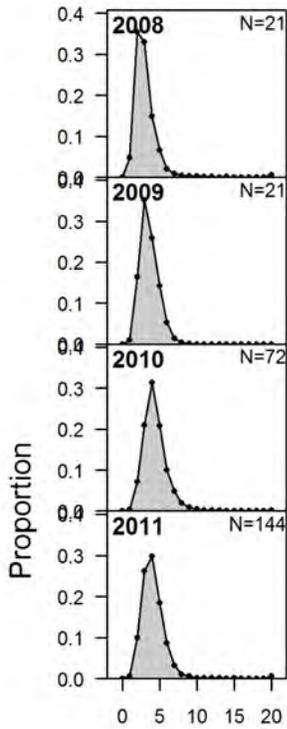


Figure 2.5.3.2. Age compositions of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

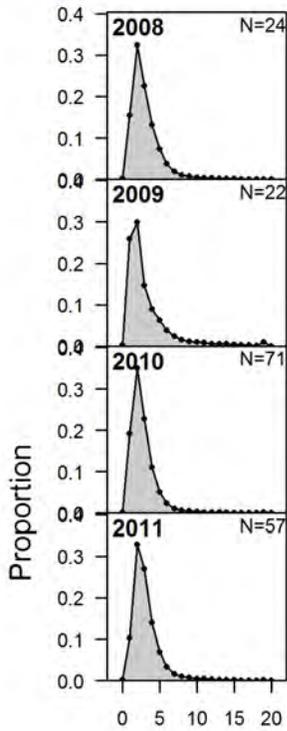
age comp data, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_E



Age (yr)

Figure 2.5.4.1. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

age comp data, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_W



Age (yr)

Figure 2.5.4.2. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

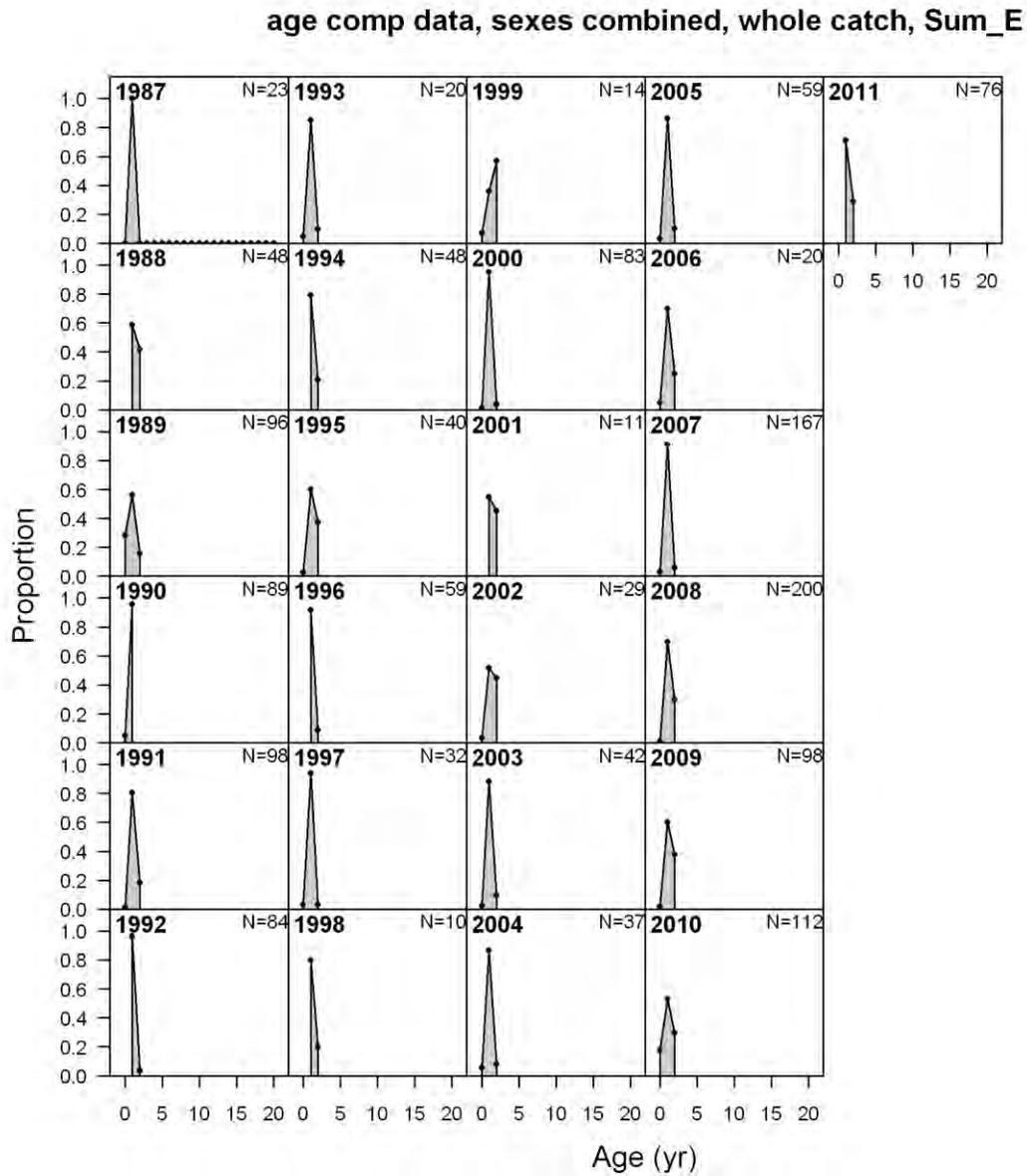


Figure 2.5.4.3. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP summer groundfish survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

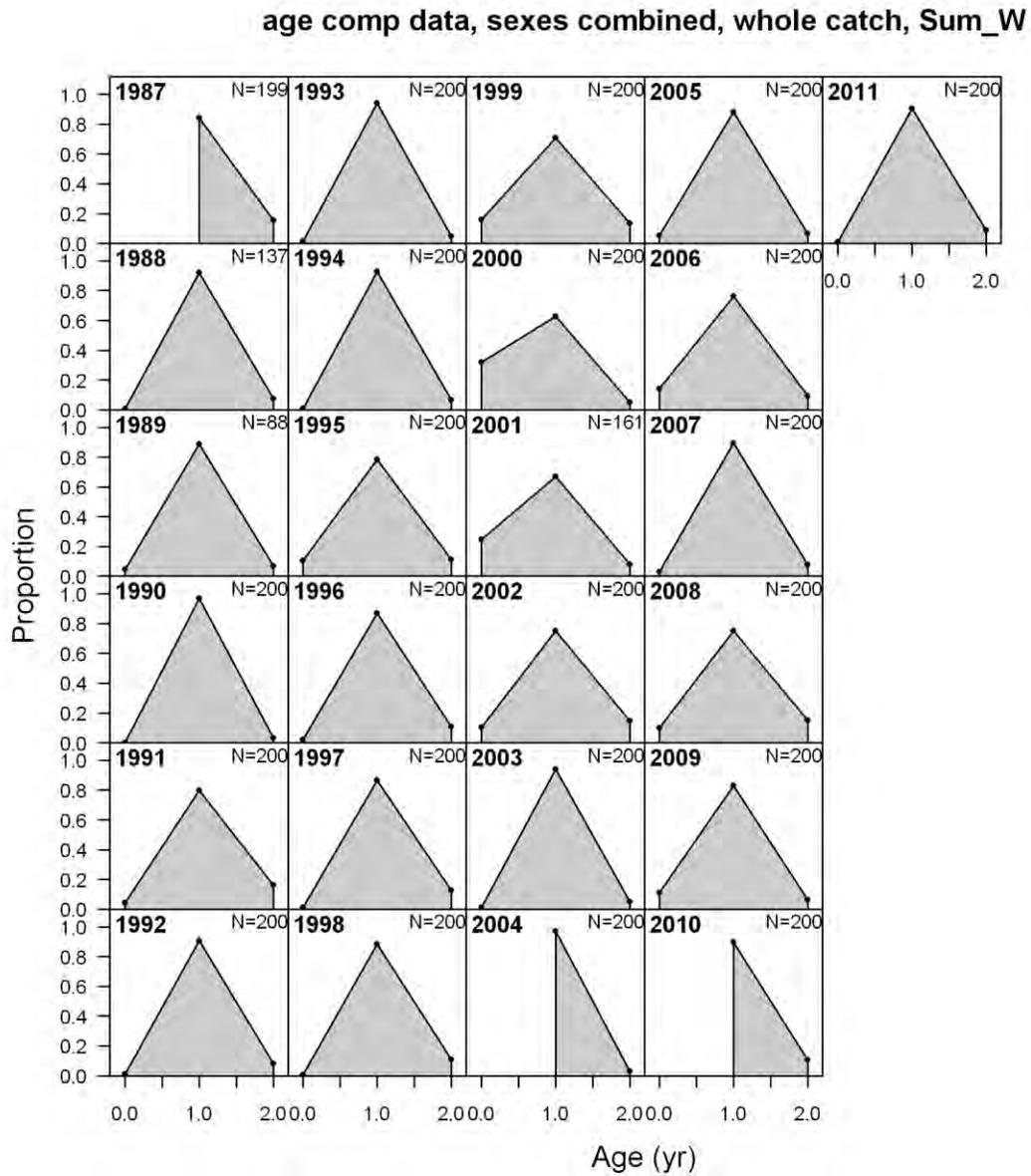


Figure 2.5.4.4. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP summer groundfish survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

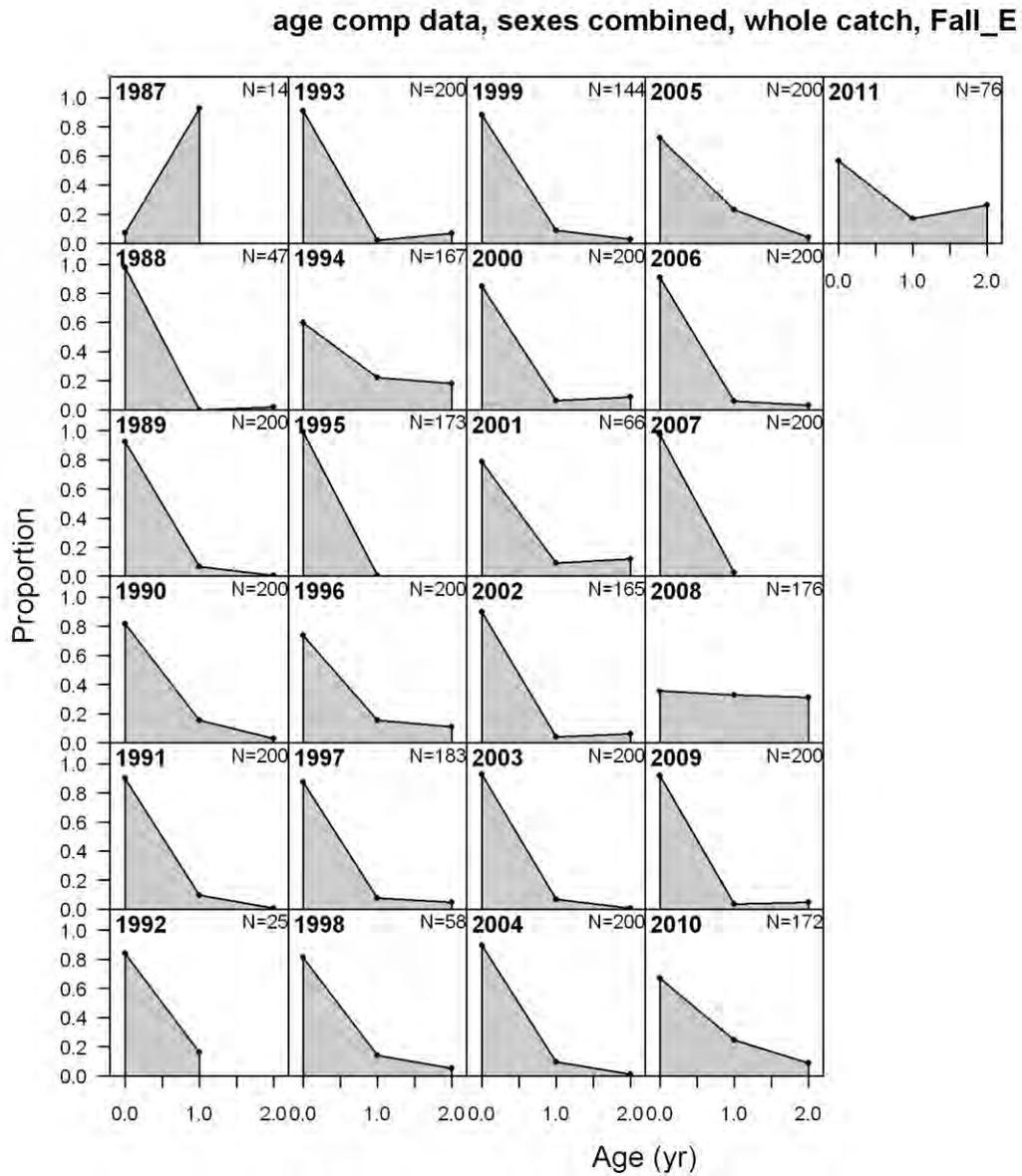


Figure 2.5.4.5. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP fall groundfish survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

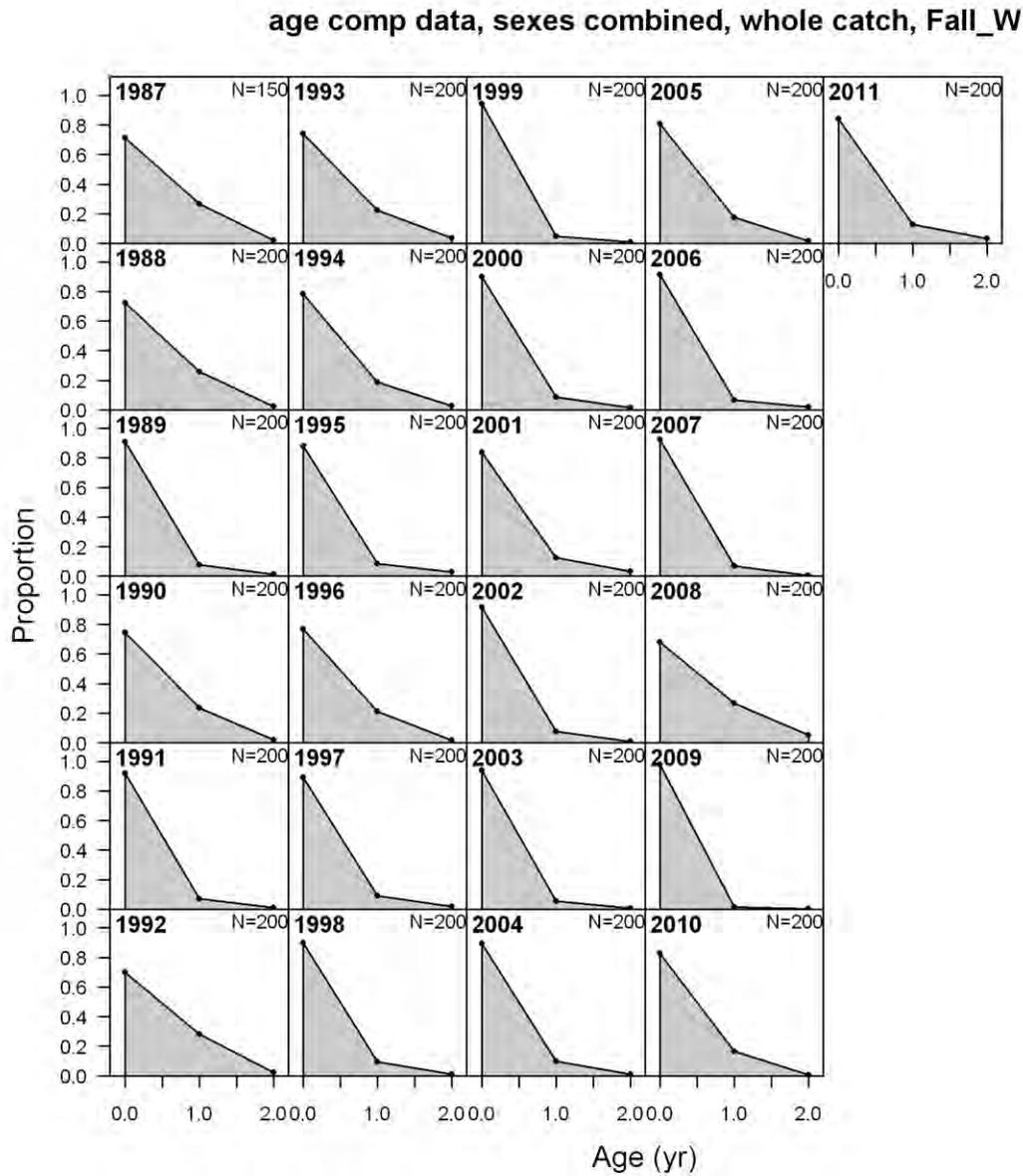


Figure 2.5.4.6. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the SEAMAP fall groundfish survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

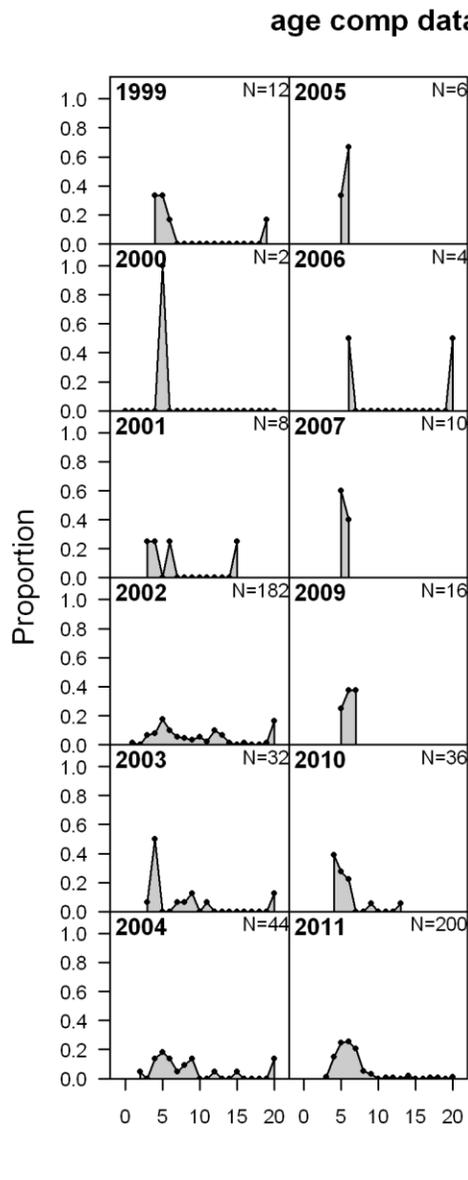


Figure 2.5.4.7. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the NMFS bottom long line survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

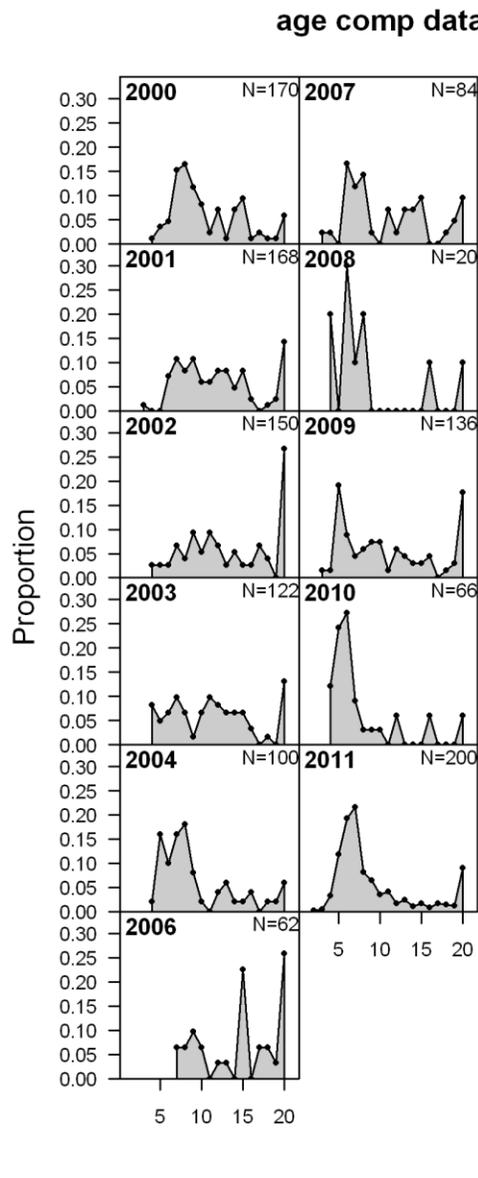


Figure 2.5.4.8. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the NMFS bottom long line survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Sample sizes (N) were capped at maximum value of 200 fish.

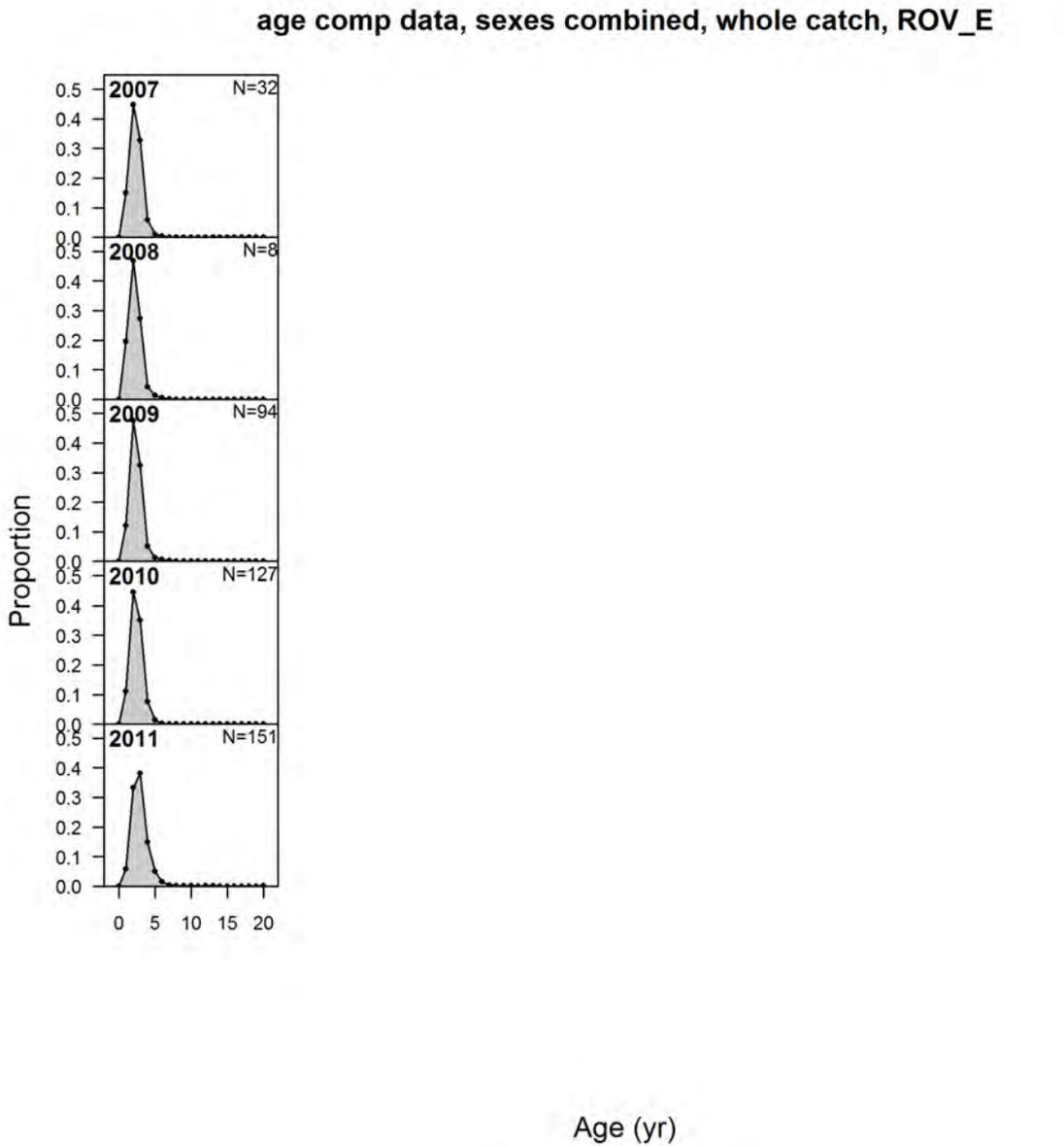


Figure 2.5.4.9. Age compositions of red snapper caught in the combined ROV survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico.



Figure 2.6.1. Shrimp trawl index of abundance for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

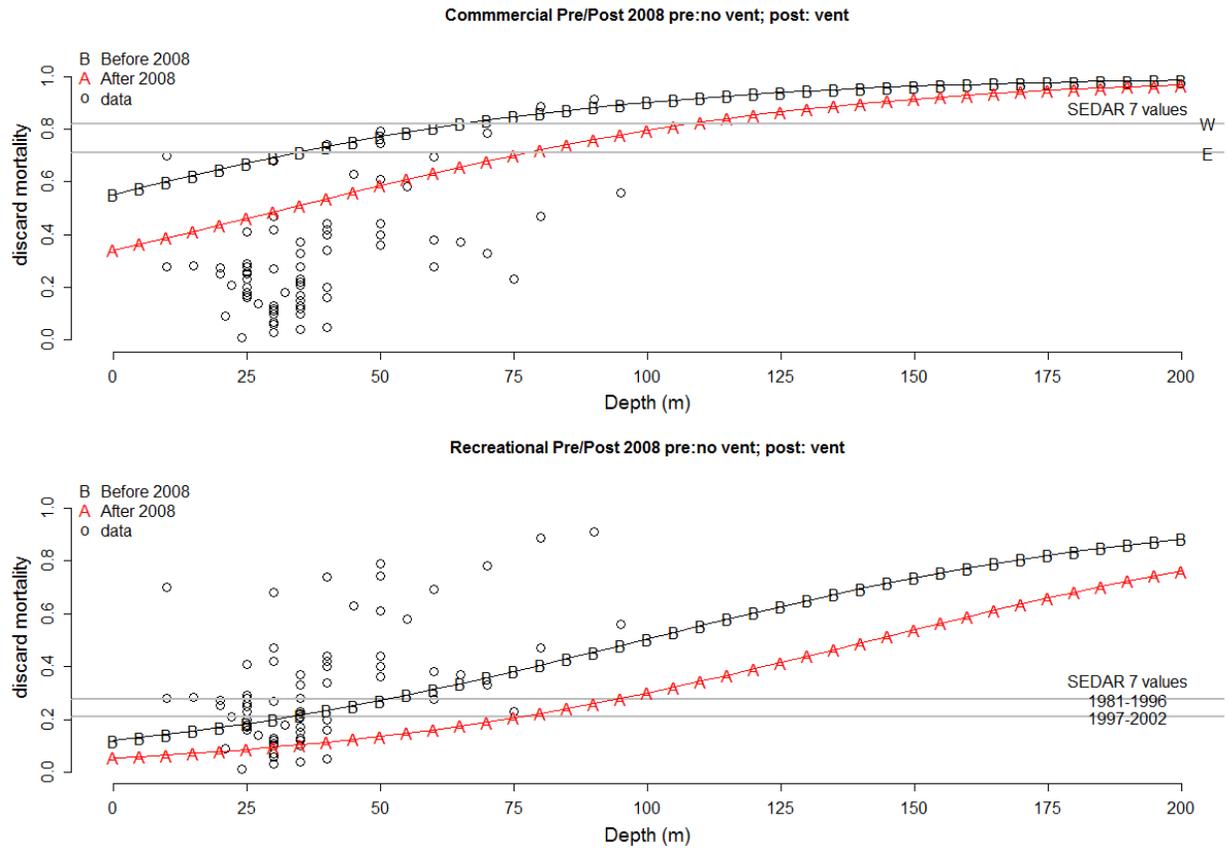


Figure 2.7.1. Discard mortality-depth relationships for commercial (top panel) and recreational (bottom panel) sectors. These relationships assume an average season effect, and that no venting occurred prior to 2008 (B) and venting occurred from 2008 onward (A). The open circles represent estimates of discard mortality from the studies included in the meta-analysis. The reference lines show the discard mortality rates used in the SEDAR 7 Gulf of Mexico red snapper assessment.

3.1 Stock Synthesis

3.1.1 Overview

Stock Synthesis (SS) is an integrated statistical catch-at-age model which is widely used for stock assessments in the United States and throughout the world. SS takes relatively unprocessed input data and incorporates many of the important processes (mortality, selectivity, growth, etc.) that operate in conjunction to produce observed catch, size and age composition and CPUE indices. In addition, SS can incorporate time series of environmental data. Because many of these inputs are correlated, the concept behind SS is that they should be modeled together, which helps to ensure that uncertainties in the input data are properly accounted for in the assessment. SS has the ability to incorporate an early, data poor time period for which only catch data are available and a more recent, data-rich time-period for which indices of abundance and length and age-length or age composition observations are available.

The primary assessment model selected for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock evaluation assessment was stock Synthesis (Methot 2010) version 3.24j (beta). Stock Synthesis has been widely used and tested for assessment evaluations, particularly in the US west coast NMFS centers (Methot 2010). Descriptions of SS algorithms and options are available in the SS user's manual (Methot 2010) and at the NOAA Fisheries Toolbox website (<http://nft.nefsc.noaa.gov/>).

The r4ss software (www.cran.r-project.org/web/packages/r4ss/index.html) was utilized extensively to develop various graphics for the SS outputs and also was used to summarize various SS output files and to conduct the parametric bootstrap.

The Stock Synthesis parametric bootstrap procedure was the approach used to characterize the uncertainty in final model estimates and projections of future catches for a variety of alternative scenarios recommended by the Assessment Panel (AP). This tool is based on parametric bootstrap analyses used with the integrated fishery stock assessment model, Stock Synthesis (SS, Methot R.D. 2011).

3.1.2 Data Sources

The SS model was fitted to landings, discards, age composition observations, and indices of abundance. Annual landings from the commercial and recreational fishing sector were input into the model, with commercial landings in metric tons and recreational landings in numbers of thousands of fish. Discards from the commercial and recreational fishing fleets were input in as thousands of numbers of fish. Annual estimates of shrimp fishery red snapper bycatch (as dead discards in numbers of thousands of fish) were estimated however there was a large amount of uncertainty in these annual estimates. As a result, the estimated annual median across the entire time series was used in conjunction with an annual time series of shrimp effort to allow the model to estimate shrimp bycatch (see further description in next section below). Standardized indices of relative abundance from both fishery dependent and independent data sources were included in the model. The fishery dependent indices came from the commercial handline fleet, recreational headboat, and recreational private/for hire sectors. Fishery independent indices came from the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey, SEAMAP reef fish video survey, NMFS bottom longline survey, and the SEAMAP plankton survey. Finally, age composition information was available from both fishery dependent and independent sources. Fishery dependent age

composition came from the commercial handline and longline fleets, shrimp fishery bycatch, as well as the recreational headboat and charter/for hire fleets. Fishery independent age composition came from the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey, SEAMAP reef fish video survey, NMFS bottom longline survey, and from the combined remotely operated vehicle (ROV) survey. All age composition distributions were from direct aging of fish by measuring otoliths, except observations from the combined ROV survey, the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, the commercial shrimp bycatch, and the SEAMAP bottom trawl. The combined ROV survey and SEAMAP reef fish video survey age observations were converted to age from length distributions using an age-length key. The age length keys that were used to make these conversions were compiled using all the data direct aging data across all years for each area (east and west of the Mississippi River). The shrimp bycatch and SEAMAP groundfish trawl survey age comps were developed through visual inspection of modes in the length comps.

3.1.3 Model Configuration and Equations

The initial set up of the Stock Synthesis model was based off of the configuration of the last stock assessment model for red snapper, CATCHEM, in an effort to replicate model results and alleviate concern about differences in modeling platform affecting the assessment results. Like this base model, CATCHEM was age-structured and modeled red snapper as two separate stocks in the Gulf of Mexico: one stock east and the other stock west of the Mississippi River. The SEDAR 31 DW report provides information on the rationale behind the two-stock hypothesis. As a result, all input data series are split into an east and a west component.

Throughout the stock assessment process, various model configurations were tried with stock synthesis which included incorporating length data, and age-length keys (age conditional on length) into the model, however these length-based models revealed systematic bias in the fits to the age at length data that could not be resolved in the timeframe of the assessment. A similar issue arose in a recent Pacific Hake stock assessment, where a similar decision was made to proceed with an age based model over an age at length based model (Richard Methot 2013, Personal Communication). The base model for this assessment represented red snapper age classes from age zero through age 20, where age 20 is a plus group. An age estimation error matrix, based on reader precision analyses, was available for those fleets and surveys for which we had direct age observations from otoliths. Stock Synthesis has the ability to use this information in the model as a source of error. However, the Panel felt that the available age error matrix did not fully represent the true age estimation error, which likely varies over time and across fleets/surveys. As a result, no aging error was included in the model.

The time series in the model started in 1872, when the stock was assumed to be in a virgin, unfished state. The terminal year of data was 2011. The SEDAR 31 DW provides details and a characterization of the fisheries for red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico since the late 1800s. Recreational fishery removals were available since 1981 and were hindcast from 1950 to 1980 by the SEDAR 31 DW. It was generally thought that recreational removals of red snapper prior to 1955 were not large. Shrimp discards were available since 1972.

Fourteen fishing fleets and fifteen fishery independent surveys were set up in Stock Synthesis to represent the red snapper fishery. The fishing fleets in the model were separated into east and west and included the commercial handline and longline, recreational headboat and private/charter fleets, the shrimp bycatch fleet, a commercial closed season fleet, and a recreational closed season fleet. The commercial and recreational closed season fleets were incorporated to represent fishery discards for those years when strict closed seasons were in place for each sector, in addition to the component of the commercial fishing fleet since 2007 that has had no red snapper IFQ allocation. Age composition data exist for the commercial closed season fishery (see Section 2.5.1) with which to estimate a selectivity pattern. No such age composition data exists for the recreational closed season fishery, therefore the recreational closed season fishery selectivity pattern was set to mirror the selectivity pattern of the private/charter fishery.

The fishery independent surveys that were incorporated were the SEAMAP video survey, SEAMAP larval survey, SEAMAP summer and fall groundfish trawl, NMFS bottom longline, and the combined ROV survey. In addition, the recreational private/charter and headboat indices of abundance were specified in Stock Synthesis as fishery-independent surveys and not linked to their corresponding fishing fleets because the indices were constructed using a censored regression to account for changes in the bag limit over time. The censored regression used data on removals only (landed catch) for the entire time series however this time series included years when there was no bag limit, during which we can assume that any red snapper that were landed were retained because red snapper is a high valued recreational fish. The censored regression algorithm uses this information to fill in the distribution for those catch observations that are censored in the more recent years by the imposition of a strict bag limit. As a result, the final recreational indices really represent total removals (retained + discarded fish). SS assumes that fishery-dependent indices of abundance represent retained catch only, and that indices assigned to fishery-independent surveys represent total removals. Therefore, the recreational indices were specified as fishery-independent surveys, because they indexed total removals, but they were linked to the recreational fleets by mirroring selectivity patterns of those fleets.

A special index that is incorporated into the model is an index of shrimp effort. As mentioned above in section 3.1.2, this information is used by the model in conjunction with the median value from the time series of annual shrimp bycatch estimates to estimate annual levels of shrimp bycatch. While annual estimates of shrimp bycatch do exist, they are highly uncertain, with large coefficients of variation. Therefore, we have much more confidence in the estimate of the overall median level of shrimp bycatch across the time series. In order to inform the model of the trend over time, we use the shrimp effort time series, in which we greater confidence. In the estimation process, a catchability parameter (Q) is used to scale the effort series to the estimate of bycatch. Since the shrimp bycatch was input as the median estimate across the entire time series (i.e., as a super year), the model estimates annual values of shrimp bycatch, and fits the median of those annual estimates to the observed median shrimp bycatch.

The weight-length relationship, the maturity schedule, fecundity estimates, natural mortality vector, and growth were all re-evaluated during the assessment workshop. The resulting estimates of these values and methodologies used can be found in section 2.1 above. All of these

values were incorporated into the base model as fixed parameters and these processes were not estimated. In Stock Synthesis, when fish recruit at the real age of 0.0 the body size at length is set equal to the lower edge of the first population bin (L_{bin} ; fixed at 8-cm maximum total length). Then, individuals grow linearly until they reach a real age equal to the input value of A_{min} (growth age for L_{min}) and have a size equal to the L_{min} . Then, as fish advance in age, the size at age is then characterized according to a von Bertalanffy growth equation. The value of A_{min} was fixed at 0.75. The L_{min} value was set equal to the length at A_{min} from the growth curve described in Section 2.1.2. L_{max} was specified as equivalent to L_{∞} .

For all of the fleets and surveys except for the NMFS bottom longline survey, age-specific selectivity parameters were specified for each age using a random walk approach. In the random walk selectivity approach, The age-specific selectivity parameters represent the rate of change from the selectivity value for the previous age. For some of the age classes within a given fleet or survey, selectivity was set equal to selectivity for the previous age by fixing the rate of change equal to zero. For example, the selectivity parameters for ages three and older of the SEAMAP groundfish survey were fixed at zero because no red snapper older than age 2 are caught in the survey. The only fleet that did not use this random walk function was the NMFS bottom longline survey, which was estimated using a two parameter logistic function, because all older ages of red snapper are assumed to be vulnerable to this survey. In some cases, the selectivity for one fleet was set equal to the estimated selectivity for another fleet – this is referred to as mirroring selectivity. In the base model, the selectivity pattern for the NMFS bottom longline survey in the east was mirrored off of that in the west, due to the low sample sizes of age compositions in the east. In addition, as mentioned above, the recreational closed season fisheries assume that fisher selectivity is the same as during the open season for the private/charter fishery, with the difference being that no red snapper are retained during the closed season. Note that for the commercial closed season fisheries, the assumption is that selectivity during the true closed season period (i.e., prior to IFQs in 2007) is the same as selectivity for fishers with no IFQ allocation during the IFQ period. This assumption is necessary because we only have discard age or size data from the observer program for the period when IFQs were also in place. Finally, since the recreational indices were specified as surveys, they mirrored the selectivity patterns of their respective fisheries.

Several time-varying processes were explored for inclusion in the base model in order to account for the way changes to fishing regulations might alter the way people fish. The time varying processes that were explored include a change in selectivity, a change in catchability, and a change in discard mortality rate. The changes in selectivity and catchability were explored to account for the switch to circle hooks in the recreational fishery, and to account for the switch to an IFQ system in the commercial fishery. The change in discard mortality rate was included to account for changes in venting practices, which were shown to have a significant effect on discard mortality rates (see Section 2.7). Various models were constructed early on to test the effect of incorporating these time varying processes on model fit. Akaike's Information Criteria (AIC) was used to determine which time varying process, or combination of processes, provided the best model fit (Table 3.1.3.1). These results support the study that was done prior to the assessment workshop which showed that the change to circle hooks was mainly manifested as a change in selectivity, not catchability (SEDAR 31-AW-4). As a result, the final base model contains time-varying discard mortality and time-varying selectivity.

Retention curves were used to account for discards that resulted from the implementation of minimum size regulations. The retention function was specified as a four parameter logistic function. Generally, these parameters were not estimated in the base model and the logistic function parameters were fixed to represent knife-edged retention at the minimum size limit. Retention functions changed over time as the size limits changed. In for fleets and size limit time periods where discard age composition data were available (i.e., commercial handline east and west and long line east for 2007-2011, and headboat east for 2000-2011), the inflection point and asymptote of the retention functions were estimated. Attempts to estimate the slopes of the retention functions resulted in poor model convergence.

Despite the fact that the red snapper Stock Synthesis model contained two areas (east and west of the Mississippi River), the model only estimates one stock recruitment relationship for the entire Gulf of Mexico. Annually estimated recruits are then allocated to each area using the following equation, where in the red snapper model, there are two parameters, p , one for each area, one which is fixed at zero and the other which is estimated:

$$\text{rate}_i = e^{p_i} / \sum_{j=1}^N e^{p_j}$$

The recruitment distribution parameter was allowed to vary over time according to a white noise model (i.e., annual deviations around the baseline parameter value) from 1972-2011 (i.e., the data rich period of the assessment).

The model tended to estimate values for the steepness parameter near its maximum of 1.0. This was consistent with previous assessments and the panel decided to fix steepness near 0.99. It was noted that fixing the steepness near 1.0 in conjunction with a time-varying recruitment distribution parameter approximates the independent recruitment that is thought to exist between the eastern and western stocks. Estimated recruitments in the early data poor period of the assessment were consistently lower than recruitments from the later data rich period, which might suggest a change in productivity over time. Therefore, the parameter controlling recruitment at virgin levels (R_0) was estimated as a time-varying process for two blocks of the time series: one prior to 1984 and another from 1984 to the present. The time-varying component was accomplished by estimating a multiplicative adjustment to the R_0 parameter. Incorporating a time-varying R_0 allows us to use the more recent estimate of stock productivity in the projections and the calculation of reference points. This apparent change in productivity was acknowledged and accounted for in the SEDAR 7 (2005) and 2009 SEDAR 7 Update Assessment, where a stock-recruitment relationship calculated for the most recent years (i.e., 1984 forward) was used for projections and reference point calculations. The R-sigma parameter, which represents the standard deviation of the log of recruitment, was fixed at 0.3. This parameter has two related roles: it penalizes deviations from the spawner-recruitment curve, and it defines the offset between the arithmetic mean spawner-recruitment curve (as calculated from $\log(R_0)$ and steepness) and the expected geometric mean (which is the basis from which the deviations are calculated). Due to the inclusion of time-varying R_0 , setting R-sigma at higher values (e.g., 0.6) led to biologically implausible results, because the model would then be allowed too much flexibility in estimating recruitment.

Stock Synthesis is hard-coded to model recruits as age 0 fish. Annual deviations from the stock-recruit function were estimated in SS as a vector of deviations forced to sum to zero. Stock Synthesis assumes a lognormal error structure for recruitment. Consequently, expected recruitments were bias adjusted. Methot (2010) recommends that the full bias adjustment only be applied to data-rich years in the assessment therefore the estimates are very precise ($\sigma^2=0$). Therefore, no bias adjustment was applied prior to 1985, when only catch data are available. Prior to 1984, recruitment is estimated as a function of spawning stock biomass based on the stock-recruit parameters. This is done so SS will apply the full bias-correction only to those recruitment deviations that have enough data to inform the model about the full range of recruitment variability (Method 2011). Full bias adjustment was used from 1990 to 2010 when age composition data are available. Bias adjustment was phased in from no bias adjustment prior to 1972 to full bias adjustment in 1984 linearly. Bias adjustment was phased out over the last two years (2010-2011), decreasing from full bias adjustment to no bias adjustment, because the age composition data contains little information on younger year classes for those years. The years selected for full bias adjustment were estimated following the methods of Methot and Taylor (2011).

In the base model run, age composition data were weighted by the number of fish observed, with sample sizes capped at 200 fish to prevent the model fitting the age compositions to the exclusion of the indices of abundance. Indices of abundance were weighted by the log-scale standard deviations estimated as part of the index standardization process. Uninformative uniform priors were assigned to all model parameters. The SS input files are presented in Appendices A-D.

3.1.4 Parameters Estimated

Table 3.1.4.1 provides a listing of all parameters estimated and held fixed in Stock Synthesis. Results included are predicted parameter values, standard errors from SS, initial parameter values, minimum and maximum values a parameter could take, and prior densities assigned to parameters.

3.1.5 Model Convergence

The ability of the model to find a global minimum was evaluated using an internal SS parameter “jitter” option which randomly changes the input parameter by a specified value. A jitter value of 10% was input for this assessment and 100 runs were made. SS carries out the jitter exercise by randomly changing the initial starting values of the parameters by 10% thus altering the starting estimates across many runs. The purpose in changing the parameter starting estimates across numerous models is to explore the model’s ability to reach a global solution (i.e., minima) from starting at different places along the likelihood space.

3.1.6 Uncertainty and Measures of Precision

Uncertainty in parameter estimates was quantified by computing asymptotic standard errors for each parameter (Table 3.1). Asymptotic standard errors are calculated by inverting the Hessian matrix (i.e., the matrix of second derivatives) after the model fitting process. Asymptotic standard errors provide a minimum estimate of uncertainty in parameter values.

3.1.7 Sensitivity Analysis

3.1.8 Benchmark/Reference Point Methods

3.1.9 Projection Methods

3.2 Model Results

3.2.1 Measures of overall model fit

3.2.1.1 Landings

Stock Synthesis effectively treats the landings data as being known with little error; an input standard error of 0.05 was used for all landings time series. Therefore, the landings are fit nearly precisely for all fleets with directed landings (Figures 3.2.1.1-3.2.1.8).

3.2.1.2 Discards

The model fits to the discard data varied by fishing fleet. In general, the model fits to the commercial discard data were better than the fits to the recreational discard data. For each of the discard time series a fixed CV of 0.5 was used to characterize uncertainty in the data. This forced the model to fit the landings data more precisely than the discard data when the two sources of information diverged from model expectations.

The model fit the handline fishery discard time series fairly well. In general, the model tended to overestimate discards for the handline fishery in both the eastern and western GOM. Model estimated discards were greater than observed discards each year from 1990-2008 for the eastern GOM but fit the observed increase in discards for 2009-2011 well (Figure 3.2.1.9). The model fit the handline discards in the western GOM well over most of the time series but failed to fit the observed decrease in discards over the most recent years (Figure 3.2.1.10).

The model fit the eastern GOM longline discard time series well from 1990-2006 but overestimated discards for 2008-2011 (Figure 3.2.1.11). The model fit the western GOM longline discard time series well over the entire time period and was able to accurately capture the large observed decrease in discards from 2008-2011 (Figure 3.2.1.12).

The model did not provide an exact fit to the recreational (MRIP) discard data in both the eastern and western GOM for the majority of the time series. This discard data however is highly uncertain and as a result, the model is not constrained to match discards exactly (Figure 3.2.1.13-3.2.1.14). The model was, however able to accurately predict the expected decrease in discards associated with a change in selectivity in 2008 and fit the most recent years well.

Similarly, the model did not provide an exact fit to the recreational headboat discard data in both the eastern and western GOM for the majority of the time series. For the eastern GOM, the most substantial difference between the model estimated headboat discards and the observed data occurred in 2000-2007, which coincided with an increase in the size of retention in the model

(Figure 3.2.1.15). The model adequately fit the observed discards in the most recent years, 2008-2011. The patterns of model fit in the western GOM were similar to the eastern GOM. The model underestimated discards for 1981-1984, and then overestimated discards substantially from 1985-2007 (Figure 3.2.1.16). Similar to the eastern GOM, the model predicted a large decrease in discards for western GOM headboat fleet following a change in selectivity associated with circle hook requirements starting in 2008.

The model fit the commercial closed season discards well in both the eastern and western GOM. Model fits to the observed time series were very precise in most years, especially for the western GOM commercial closed season (Figures 3.2.1.17-3.2.1.18). Since the closed season fleet was configured as a discard only fleet the model did not have to fit to both landings and discard data as was done for the directed fishing fleets. This allowed the model to fit the commercial closed season discards very well. Similarly, the model fit the recreational closed season discards well. Model predicted discards were very similar to observations in almost all years for both the eastern and western GOM (Figure 3.2.1.19-3.2.1.20).

Predicted red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery was appropriately scaled and generally followed the patterns of shrimp fishing effort input into the model and model predicted recruitments. The model predicted mean bycatch level was similar to the input estimate used for the super-year approach for the eastern fleet (Figure 3.2.1.21). For the western GOM shrimp fleet, the model predicted a mean bycatch level on the lower bound of the input estimate used for the super-year (Figure 3.2.1.22). The model predicted a generally increasing trend of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fleet in both the eastern and western GOM through the early 2000's and then a large decline in red snapper bycatch associated with decreasing shrimp fishing effort (Figure 3.2.1.23-3.2.1.24). The model also predicts a large removal of red snapper bycatch in both the eastern and western GOM in 1972. The predicted bycatch in 1972 is the highest predicted level for both fleets over the entire time series. The bycatch in 1972 is associated with a large model predicted recruitment in the same year.

3.2.1.3 Indices

The model was able to fit the commercial handline indices of abundance well. The model predicted an increasing trend in abundance for the handline fishery in the eastern GOM which fit the observed data well over most of the time period (Figure 3.2.1.25). The model did predict a stronger than observed increase in abundance over the most recent years, however, this index did have high CVs throughout the time series. The root mean squared error (rmse) suggested that the model fit this index better than expected ($rmse < observed\ se$) (Table 3.2.1). The model also fit the western handline index of abundance well (Figure 3.2.1.26). The model predicted an increase in abundance from 1990 through the later 1990s followed by a slightly decreasing trend through the early 2000s. The model predicts an increasing trend in abundance over the most recent years and, similar to the eastern handline index, exhibits positive residuals in the most recent years.

The model fit MRIP indices of abundance well. In general, the model was able to track the observed changes in abundance in both the eastern and western GOM over the majority of the time series. Both the eastern and western MRIP abundance indices show a large increase in

abundance between 2006 and 2007 (Figure 3.2.1.27-3.2.1.28). The model has some difficulty explaining this large jump in both indices in 2007 with positive residuals for 2004-2006 and negative residuals from 2007-2011 for the western MRIP index (Figure 3.2.1.28). The model predicts a strong decrease in the abundance index from 2008-2011 for the eastern GOM MRIP index and a steady trend for the western GOM MRIP index.

The model was able to fit the eastern GOM headboat index well throughout the majority of the time series but had difficulty fitting the western GOM headboat index. The eastern GOM headboat index shows a generally increasing trend in abundance over entire time series. The model predicts an increase in abundance from 1985-2007 followed by a decreasing trend from 2007-2011 (Figure 3.2.1.29). The model was unable to effectively fit the western GOM headboat index which exhibits strong fluctuations in abundance over the time series. The fit to this time series is characterized by consecutive years of negative residuals throughout the mid-1990s, positive residuals from 1999-2007, and negative residuals from 2008-2011 (Figure 3.2.1.30).

The model fit both the eastern and western GOM NMFS bottom longline indices of abundance well. Both the observed and model predicted index show a strong trend of increasing abundance for the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern GOM (Figure 3.2.1.31). The model was unable to fit some of the large inter-annual observed changes in the western NMFS bottom longline index, however, the model does fit the overall trend in the data and predicts a strong increase in abundance for this index in the most recent years (Figure 3.2.1.32).

The model fits to the SEAMAP reef fish video survey had a high root mean squared error (Table 3.2.1.1). The model fit the eastern video survey better than the western survey, however, this index had high standard errors the model predicted a declining trend in the most recent years whereas the data displays an increasing trend (Figure 3.2.1.33). The model did not fit the western video survey well as the observed index shows strong inter-annual changes in the abundance index. The model predicted index had large negative residuals in the two most recent years, 2010-2011 (Figure 3.2.1.34).

The model predicted an increasing trend in the abundance of larval red snapper that fit the observed SEAMAP fall plankton surveys well for both the eastern and western GOM. The model fit the eastern plankton index well in most years and predicted a strong increase in the abundance of larval red snapper in the most recent years (Figure 3.2.1.35). The model predicted a smooth increasing trend in larval abundance in the western GOM which was unable to fit some the annual changes in the observed index but captured the general trend in the index well (Figure 3.2.1.36).

The model did not fit the SEAMAP summer groundfish survey as well for the eastern GOM (Figure 3.2.1.37). The model fit was stronger early in the time series but displayed a pattern of negative residuals from 1987-1992 and positive residuals from 1993-2006. The model predicted a strong decrease in this index from 2005-2011. The model fit to SEAMAP summer groundfish survey for the western GOM was better than the eastern GOM. The model was unable to fit the first observation in the time series but did fit most years in the time series well (Figure 3.2.1.38).

The model fit the SEAMAP fall groundfish survey well for both the eastern and western GOM. The model was unable to fit a number of the high observations in the eastern index but fit the overall pattern well, especially early in the time series (Figure 3.2.1.39). The model was able to fit to the first year of this index (1972) which was substantially higher than the following years. In order to fit this point the model predicts the highest recruitment year in the time series in 1972. The reason the model is able to fit this point is that the only other information in the model in early 1970s are landings and discard data, since the other indices and age composition do not begin until the early 1980's. The model was able to effectively fit the western SEAMAP fall groundfish survey as well. Similar to the eastern index, the model was able to fit the first year of this index (Figure 3.2.1.40).

The model fit the observed fishing effort series for the shrimp fishery in both the eastern and western GOM very closely (Figures 3.2.1.41-3.2.1.42). The model configuration did not require an exact match to the shrimp fishing effort; a CV of 0.10 was used for the index.

3.2.1.4 Age composition

The model fits to the age composition samples and the associated residual plots are presented in Figures 3.2.1.43 through 3.2.1.92. In general, the base model fit well to the age composition and no systematic biases across time or fleets were seen. The model fit less well to the discard age composition, and also in cases where there were a low number of samples in a given year.

3.2.2 Parameter estimates & associated measures of uncertainty

Table 3.2.2.2 provides a listing of all parameters that were both fixed and estimated in Stock Synthesis for the base model recommended by the panel for final projections and status determinations. Table 3.2.2.3 includes predicted parameter values and their associated standard errors from SS, initial parameter values, minimum and maximum values a parameter could take, and prior densities assigned to parameters. Parameters designated as fixed were held at their initial values. Asymptotic standard errors are obtained in Stock Synthesis by inverting the Hessian matrix that is the matrix of second derivatives, after the final model fitting process.

Model convergence was examined by the SS jitter option. Summary results are presented in Table 3.2.2.3 and Figures 3.2.2.1a-d for the 100 jitter runs that were run against the SS model configuration for the base model. Of the 100 runs, ninety-eight model runs resulted in likelihood values that fell within two units of the total likelihood of the base model value (6675.24, Figure 3.2.2.1a-d).

Results of the 100 jitter trials predicted very similar levels of a variety of key quantities and stock status metrics (Figure 3.2.2.2- 3.2.2.4).

3.2.3 Fishery Selectivity

Predicted age-based selectivities for fleets and indices in the terminal year (2011) are illustrated in Figure 3.2.3.1. (fleet-specific) and Figure 3.2.3.2 (survey-specific). In addition, time varying selectivity functions were estimated for the recreational fisheries to allow changes in selectivity

to be estimated due to the regulatory mandate requiring the use of circle-hooks (Figures 3.2.3.3 and 3.2.3.4).

Multiple length-based time-varying retention functions (logistic in form) were modeled for the commercial and recreational fisheries to account for the changes in the size of fish retained due to various minimum size limits (Figure 3.2.3.5).

For all of the fleets and most of the surveys, the selectivity functions were estimated using a random-walk and are dome-shaped, except for the NMFS Bottom Longline Survey which was estimated using a logistic function. In the terminal year (2011) red snapper were almost fully selected at:

- age 0 for the eastern and western shrimp discard fleets (Shr_E and Shr_W)
- age 0 for the fall groundfish survey in the east and west (Fall_E, Fall_W)
- age 1 for the summer groundfish survey in the east and west (Sum_E, Sum_W)
- ages 2-5 for the R_Clsd_E, R_Clsd_W, MRIP_E, MRIP_W, and MRIP_Indices_E and W)
- age 3 for the western video survey and ROV_E
- ages 3-4 for the HL_E, HL_W and HB_E fleet and index.
- ages 3-5 for the eastern video survey
- age 4 for the eastern commercial closed season discard fleet (C_Clsd_E)
- ages 4-5 for the HBT_W fleet and index
- ages 4-9 for the western commercial closed season discard fleet (C_Clsd_W)
- age 5 for the LL_E
- ages 6-9 for the LL_W
- ages 6-20+ for the NMFS Bottom Longline Survey in the east and West (BLL_E, BLL_W)

As expected, the longline fisheries and the NMFS Bottom Longline survey landed the oldest fish while the youngest fish were discarded by the shrimp fleet or landed by the recreational private and charterboat (MRIP) fleets in the eastern and western Gulf (Figures 3.2.3.1 and 3.2.3.2).

In general, circle-hooks resulted in a shift in selectivity toward older red snapper, with one exception being the eastern longline fishery (Figure 3.2.3.3a). Also as expected, increases in the minimum size limit resulted in larger red snapper retained by the fisheries, while red snapper below the size limit were generally discarded (Figure 3.2.3.5).

3.2.4 Recruitment

Profiling of the steepness parameter is presented in Figure 3.2.4.1 for the base model configuration. The profile of steepness for base model configuration is noisy for the age composition, the index, and the discard data components as seen in Figure 3.2.4.1 however the overall pattern across all data components suggested a steepness value towards the upper bound of 1. The SEDAR 31 AP Panel recommended fixing the Beverton – Holt steepness parameter at 0.99. Additional discussion of the model parameterization as relates this parameter was given earlier in Section 3.1.3.

Section 3.1.3 described the base model parameterization of the spawner – recruit relationship R_0 parameter. SS was able to estimate the R_0 (log of virgin recruitment level for the early time

period, i.e., block 1 early period 1884-1983 time period, without difficulty for the red snapper base model configuration. SS estimated $\ln(R_0)$ for the early time period time block (1884-1983) to be 12.0255 (0.0587 = SD) for the base model. As mentioned earlier in section 3.1.3, σ_R , the standard error of log recruitment was fixed at 0.3. Figure 3.2.4.2 presents the profile for R_0 early time period block (1884-1983).

The spawner-recruit relationship as estimated from SS for the base model configuration (assuming steepness = 0.99 and $\sigma_R = 0.3$) is shown in Figure 3.2.4.3. Estimated recruit deviations varied without trend over the time series except during two periods: in the mid 1980's and the recent years, since 2008 (Figure 3.2.4.4). The recent years, since 2008 contain less information from which to estimate the level of recruitment as not all cohorts have fully contributed to the fishery. The very high and aberrant estimated recruitment deviation value for 1972 corresponds to an observed high recruitment index value from the SEAMAP groundfish trawl survey.

Predicted abundance at age is presented in Figure 3.2.4.5 and 3.2.4.6 for the base model configuration for the East and West areas. Predicted age-0 recruits are also presented in Table 3.2.4.1 and Figure 3.2.4.7 and 3.2.4.8 (East, West areas) for the base model configuration. Figure 3.2.4.7 presents SS estimated recruitment by area for the red snapper base model. Annual recruitments since 1990 have been higher than the mean recruitment over prior years. For this reason, the R_0 spawner-recruit parameter in the base model was parameterized to be time varying.

Figure 3.2.4.8 presents SS estimated YPR and SPR as estimated for the red snapper base model configuration (with steepness=0.99 and $\sigma_R=0.3$).

3.2.5 Stock Biomass

Predicted total biomass and spawning biomass are presented in Table 3.3.2.4.1 and in Figures 3.2.5.1 and 3.2.5.2 for the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R=0.3$) Total biomass and spawning biomass show a steady declining trend from the late 1880's through the early 1900s, followed by a flat trend up to the 1940s. Predicted SS total biomass showed strong declines starting in the 1940s and lasting through the late 1970s. Increases in total and spawning stock biomass are predicted by SS beginning in the late 1980s. This trend is also consistent across both areas.

Predicted abundance at age was presented in Figure 3.2.4.5 and 3.2.4.6 for the base model (steepness=0.99, $\sigma_R=0.3$). SS predicted the mean age of Gulf of Mexico red snapper to be ~ 3.5 in the unfished state in 1872. The population mean age showed a steady decline until around 1910, after which it remained stable at around age 2, until the early 1940s, when average age slightly increased, followed by a sharp drop around 1960. Since 1972, average age fluctuated between about 0.5 and 0.9, until 2004, when it started increasing again.

The decline in mean age in the earliest years of the time series corresponds with increasing landings and the development of the commercial handline fishery. The sharp decline in mean age that began in the early 1960s corresponds to the increasing popularity of red snapper by recreational anglers.

3.2.6 Fishing Mortality

Exploitation rate (catch in weight including discards / total biomass) was used as the proxy for annual fishing mortality rate in this assessment. Predicted annual fishing mortality rates are presented in Table 3.2.6.1 and Figure 3.2.6.1 (top panel) for the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99 and $\sigma_R = 0.3$). This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class. Predicted annual fishing mortality estimates (all fleets combined, top panel plot) shows flat and low levels of F through the late 1940s. From the early 1950s through the mid-1970s, steady increasing trend in F are predicted. Since the mid-1970s estimated total annual F 's have continued to decline.

Table 3.2.6.2 and Figure 3.2.6.1 (bottom panel) present instantaneous fishing mortality by year and fleet. An increasing trend in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in the east beginning in the early 1880s as the fishery developed, which lasted until the early 1900s. Fishing mortality remained variable without trend until the late 1950s, when after which a significant increase in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in both the east and the west. Fishing mortality declined in the early 1970s until the mid-1980s, after which an increase in fishing mortality was observed for the recreational fleet.

3.2.7 Evaluation of Uncertainty

3.2.8 Benchmarks/Reference points

3.2.9 Projections

3.2.9.1 Deterministic

3.2.9.2 Stochastic

3.3 Discussion and Recommendations

3.4 Acknowledgements

3.5 References

Chih, C. 2013. Age frequency distributions estimated with reweighting methods for red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1991 to 2011. SEDAR31-AW15. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

Gitschlag, G.R., M.J. Schirripa, and J.E. Powers. 2000. Estimation of fisheries impacts due to underwater explosives used to sever and salvage oil and gas platforms in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico: Final report. OCS Study MMS 2000-087. Prepared by the National Marine Fisheries Service. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Minerals Mgmt. Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, LA.

- Goodyear, C.P. 1995. Red snapper in U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA-95/96-05. Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami, FL.
- Linton, B. 2012. Shrimp fishery bycatch estimates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1972-2011. SEDAR31-DW30. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.
- Linton, B. 2013a. Age composition of red snapper bycatch in the Gulf of Mexico shrimp fishery, 1997-2011. SEDAR31-AW05. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.
- Linton, B. 2013b. Shrimp trawl index of abundance for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1967-1989. SEDAR31-AW06. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.
- Porch, C., G. Fitzhugh, and B. Linton. 2013. Modeling the dependence of batch fecundity and spawning frequency on size and age for use in stock assessments of red snapper in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico waters. SEDAR31-AW03. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.
- SEDAR. 2009. Stock assessment of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico: SEDAR update assessment. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

3.6 Tables

Table 3.1.1.1: AIC table comparing model runs with time varying processes.

Run	Neg Log			AIC	AICc	Delta AICc
	Like	N Parm	N Data			
Time-varying Discard	4883.68	1026	7914	11819.36	12125.36	787.77
Time-varying Discard and Selectivity	4391.03	1100	7914	10982.06	11337.59	0.00
Time-varying Discard and Catchability	4874.84	1034	7914	11817.68	12128.83	791.24
Time-varying Discard, Selectivity and Catchability	4383.28	1108	7914	10982.56	11343.70	6.11

Table 3.1.1.2. Listing of parameters from the Stock Synthesis model that used for Gulf of Mexico red snapper. This includes predicted parameter values and their associated standard errors from the base model run, initial parameter values, the upper and lower bounds on that parameter, and any prior densities assigned to parameters. Parameters that are designated as fixed were held at their initial value and not estimated.

Label	Value/Estimate	Parm_StDev	Init	Min	Max	PR_type	Prior	Pr_SD	Status	Description
L_at_Amin_Fem_GP_1	9.96	_	9.96	7	21	No_prior			Fixed	Size at age 0.5
L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1	85.64	_	85.64	70	100	No_prior			Fixed	von Bertalanffy Linfintiy
VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1	0.1919	_	0.1919	0.05	0.8	No_prior			Fixed	von Bertalanffy K
CV_young_Fem_GP_1	0.1735	_	0.1735	0.01	0.5	No_prior			Fixed	Young growth CV
CV_old_Fem_GP_1	0.0715	_	0.0715	0.01	0.5	No_prior			Fixed	Old growth CV
Wtlen_1_Fem	1.67E-05	_	1.67E-05	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Weight length a parameter
Wtlen_2_Fem	2.953	_	2.953	0	4	No_prior			Fixed	weight length b parameter
Mat50%_Fem	999	_	999	50	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Maturity inflection point
Mat_slope_Fem	999	_	999	-1	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Maturity slope
Eggs_scalar_Fem	999	_	999	0	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Fecundity scalar
Eggs_exp_wt_Fem	999	_	999	0	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Fecundity slope
RecrDist_Area_1	-0.535195	0.0541729	-0.8	-4	4	No_prior			Estimated	Distribution of recruits to east
RecrDist_Area_2	0	_	0	-4	4	No_prior			Fixed	Distribution of recruits to west
CohortGrowDev	1	_	1	0	0	No_prior			Fixed	Cohort growth deviation
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1972	0.063609	0.0551824	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1972
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1973	-0.152341	0.0545079	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1973
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1974	0.0499031	0.0623765	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1974
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1975	-0.0325	0.0599335	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1975
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1976	-0.000729519	0.0560378	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1976
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1977	0.0350554	0.0575183	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1977
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1978	-0.0394221	0.0593888	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1978
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1979	-0.159613	0.0575262	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1979
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1980	-0.230331	0.0490503	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1980
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1981	0.0302631	0.0433775	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1981
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1982	0.0643535	0.0390812	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1982
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1983	-0.163478	0.0478398	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1983

RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1984	-0.169218	0.0566068	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1984
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1985	-0.384553	0.0534389	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1985
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1986	-0.118263	0.0323719	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1986
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1987	-0.303697	0.0374486	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1987
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1988	-0.135244	0.025499	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1988
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1989	-0.138557	0.0211055	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1989
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1990	-0.0808705	0.0215477	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1990
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1991	-0.111192	0.021035	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1991
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1992	-0.171327	0.0230465	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1992
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1993	-0.125217	0.0220232	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1993
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1994	-0.167395	0.023204	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1994
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1995	0.019913	0.0247432	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1995
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1996	0.0266694	0.0226605	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1996
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1997	-0.011149	0.0217856	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1997
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1998	-0.0226383	0.0217545	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1998
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1999	0.111583	0.0199139	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 1999
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2000	0.0791057	0.0216658	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2000
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2001	0.103155	0.0212609	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2001
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2002	0.135878	0.0216979	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2002
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2003	0.0998837	0.019777	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2003
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2004	0.103242	0.0192952	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2004
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2005	0.116459	0.0199011	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2005

RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2006	0.131224	0.0206407	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2006
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2007	0.123774	0.0217456	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2007
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2008	0.0571669	0.0240058	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2008
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2009	-0.101008	0.0260944	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2009
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2010	-0.296128	0.0342834	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2010
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2011	-0.377282	0.0486139	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	Recruitment distribution deviations for east in 2011
SR_LN(R0)	12.0255	0.0587277	11.8	1	20	No_prior		Estimated	Virgin Recruitment
SR_BH_steep	0.99	_	0.99	0.2	1	No_prior		Fixed	Steepness
SR_sigmaR	0.3	_	0.3	0	2	No_prior		Fixed	Stock recruitment standard deviation
SR_envlink	-0.555309	0.0757126	0	-5	5	No_prior		Estimated	stock recruitment environmental link
SR_R1_offset	0	_	0	-5	5	No_prior		Fixed	stock recruitment offset
SR_autocorr	0	_	0	0	0	No_prior		Fixed	stock recruitment autocorrelation
Main_RecrDev_1899	0.00538531	0.299373	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1899 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1900	0.00486779	0.299332	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1900 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1901	0.00472258	0.299326	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1901 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1902	0.00515615	0.299352	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1902 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1903	0.00579238	0.299367	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1903 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1904	0.00629497	0.29935	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1904 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1905	0.0067649	0.299311	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1905 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1906	0.00721831	0.299287	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1906 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1907	0.00753374	0.299261	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1907 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1908	0.00775592	0.29925	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1908 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1909	0.0078228	0.299237	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1909 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1910	0.0077536	0.299203	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1910 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1911	0.00768661	0.299172	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1911 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1912	0.00746333	0.299115	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1912 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1913	0.00714869	0.299041	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1913 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1914	0.00696715	0.29897	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1914 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1915	0.00683252	0.298911	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1915 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1916	0.00662306	0.298852	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1916 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1917	0.00618352	0.29878	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1917 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1918	0.00544974	0.298693	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1918 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1919	0.00444271	0.298577	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1919 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1920	0.00330824	0.298438	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1920 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1921	0.00173399	0.298241	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1921 recruitment deviation

Main_RecrDev_1922	-0.000207832	0.297994	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1922 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1923	-0.00271411	0.297676	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1923 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1924	-0.00563368	0.29731	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1924 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1925	-0.00851658	0.296928	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1925 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1926	-0.0109698	0.296578	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1926 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1927	-0.0126475	0.296276	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1927 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1928	-0.0143097	0.296003	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1928 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1929	-0.0163246	0.295707	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1929 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1930	-0.0185345	0.295352	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1930 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1931	-0.0204521	0.295025	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1931 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1932	-0.0228556	0.294666	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1932 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1933	-0.0263461	0.294188	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1933 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1934	-0.0305497	0.293623	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1934 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1935	-0.0355816	0.292984	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1935 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1936	-0.0409583	0.292265	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1936 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1937	-0.045249	0.291618	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1937 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1938	-0.0488732	0.291042	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1938 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1939	-0.0522587	0.290461	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1939 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1940	-0.0564333	0.289786	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1940 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1941	-0.0620423	0.288967	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1941 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1942	-0.0692543	0.287996	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1942 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1943	-0.0779058	0.28691	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1943 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1944	-0.0866058	0.285825	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1944 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1945	-0.094774	0.2848	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1945 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1946	-0.10052	0.283982	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1946 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1947	-0.102218	0.283555	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1947 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1948	-0.104424	0.283114	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1948 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1949	-0.115305	0.28223	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1949 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1950	-0.126146	0.281055	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1950 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1951	-0.138452	0.279771	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1951 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1952	-0.148914	0.278739	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1952 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1953	-0.160328	0.277541	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1953 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1954	-0.165224	0.276944	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1954 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1955	-0.173065	0.275782	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1955 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1956	-0.171425	0.275665	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1956 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1957	-0.167063	0.275886	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1957 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1958	-0.154704	0.277316	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1958 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1959	-0.152841	0.277404	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1959 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1960	-0.152413	0.277139	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1960 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1961	-0.158589	0.275783	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1961 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1962	-0.156664	0.27562	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1962 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1963	-0.147554	0.276791	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1963 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1964	-0.137684	0.278019	_	_	_	dev		Estimated	1964 recruitment deviation

Main_RecrDev_1965	-0.119258	0.280957	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1965 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1966	-0.105426	0.283347	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1966 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1967	-0.0899769	0.28604	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1967 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1968	-0.0922465	0.285512	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1968 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1969	-0.0932068	0.284746	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1969 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1970	-0.14608	0.275325	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1970 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1971	-0.257548	0.265	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1971 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1972	1.41825	0.124442	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1972 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1973	0.502217	0.114524	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1973 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1974	-0.0347604	0.137554	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1974 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1975	0.0667031	0.129133	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1975 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1976	0.142146	0.121744	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1976 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1977	0.215134	0.125041	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1977 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1978	-0.200763	0.136231	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1978 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1979	0.0117181	0.123198	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1979 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1980	0.851951	0.0966517	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1980 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1981	0.768071	0.0961729	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1981 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1982	0.66111	0.0878723	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1982 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1983	0.032575	0.100091	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1983 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1984	-0.987231	0.117604	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1984 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1985	-0.540608	0.0889957	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1985 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1986	-0.38159	0.0776189	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1986 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1987	-0.764745	0.0775934	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1987 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1988	-0.482123	0.0677627	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1988 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1989	0.203194	0.0618786	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1989 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1990	-0.0816824	0.0631159	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1990 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1991	0.256905	0.0636397	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1991 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1992	0.0425372	0.0645401	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1992 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1993	0.200806	0.0633563	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1993 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1994	0.0509409	0.0637427	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1994 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1995	0.372901	0.0639458	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1995 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1996	-0.0899007	0.0627364	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1996 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1997	0.0257446	0.0644737	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1997 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1998	-0.149943	0.0642867	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1998 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_1999	0.355205	0.0602877	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	1999 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2000	0.275995	0.0631225	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2000 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2001	0.0207561	0.0618949	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2001 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2002	0.292806	0.0619723	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2002 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2003	0.521228	0.0597901	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2003 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2004	0.757285	0.0590067	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2004 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2005	0.602593	0.0594974	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2005 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2006	0.537308	0.0602997	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2006 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2007	0.296674	0.061876	--	--	--	dev		Estimated	2007 recruitment deviation

Main_RecrDev_2008	-0.256078	0.0647969	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	2008 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2009	-0.0416416	0.0663633	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	2009 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2010	-0.549135	0.075473	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	2010 recruitment deviation
Main_RecrDev_2011	-0.56619	0.0921481	_	_	_	dev			Estimated	2011 recruitment deviation
InitF_1HL_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: handline east
InitF_2HL_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: handline west
InitF_3LL_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: longline east
InitF_4LL_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: longline west
InitF_5MRIP_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: charter/for hire east
InitF_6MRIP_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: charter/for hire west
InitF_7HBT_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: headboat east
InitF_8HBT_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: headboat west
InitF_9C_Clsd_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: commercial closed season east
InitF_10C_Clsd_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: commercial closed season west
InitF_11R_Clsd_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: recreational closed season east
InitF_12R_Clsd_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: recreational closed season west
InitF_13Shr_E	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: shrimp bycatch east
InitF_14Shr_W	0		0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: shrimp bycatch west
F_fleet_1_YR_1872_s_1	0.0114787	0.00129437	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1872
F_fleet_1_YR_1873_s_1	0.0174635	0.00198397	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1873
F_fleet_1_YR_1874_s_1	0.0269952	0.00310519	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1874
F_fleet_1_YR_1875_s_1	0.0349861	0.00410657	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1875
F_fleet_1_YR_1876_s_1	0.0451479	0.00547821	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1876
F_fleet_1_YR_1877_s_1	0.0422994	0.00521647	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1877
F_fleet_1_YR_1878_s_1	0.0419184	0.00517358	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1878
F_fleet_1_YR_1879_s_1	0.0496452	0.00606931	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1879
F_fleet_1_YR_1880_s_1	0.0660633	0.00806053	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1880
F_fleet_1_YR_1881_s_1	0.0772054	0.00938144	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1881
F_fleet_1_YR_1882_s_1	0.0884525	0.0108464	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1882
F_fleet_1_YR_1883_s_1	0.100514	0.0124578	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1883
F_fleet_1_YR_1884_s_1	0.113523	0.0142381	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1884
F_fleet_1_YR_1885_s_1	0.127564	0.0162099	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1885
F_fleet_1_YR_1886_s_1	0.142861	0.0184219	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1886
F_fleet_1_YR_1887_s_1	0.159404	0.0208993	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1887
F_fleet_1_YR_1888_s_1	0.158653	0.0210931	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1888
F_fleet_1_YR_1889_s_1	0.174731	0.0235011	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1889
F_fleet_1_YR_1890_s_1	0.219891	0.0302245	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1890
F_fleet_1_YR_1891_s_1	0.210448	0.02963	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1891
F_fleet_1_YR_1892_s_1	0.230506	0.0331006	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F handline east in 1892

F_fleet_1_YR_1893_s_1	0.248353	0.0364537	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1893
F_fleet_1_YR_1894_s_1	0.266009	0.0399919	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1894
F_fleet_1_YR_1895_s_1	0.271216	0.0417157	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1895
F_fleet_1_YR_1896_s_1	0.285368	0.0448213	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1896
F_fleet_1_YR_1897_s_1	0.294706	0.0472583	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1897
F_fleet_1_YR_1898_s_1	0.344357	0.0569444	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1898
F_fleet_1_YR_1899_s_1	0.412378	0.0720378	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1899
F_fleet_1_YR_1900_s_1	0.502297	0.0956164	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1900
F_fleet_1_YR_1901_s_1	0.606606	0.130773	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1901
F_fleet_1_YR_1902_s_1	0.737294	0.187886	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1902
F_fleet_1_YR_1903_s_1	0.782392	0.234121	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1903
F_fleet_1_YR_1904_s_1	0.818288	0.277288	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1904
F_fleet_1_YR_1905_s_1	0.805452	0.299944	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1905
F_fleet_1_YR_1906_s_1	0.754682	0.301993	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1906
F_fleet_1_YR_1907_s_1	0.670526	0.282573	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1907
F_fleet_1_YR_1908_s_1	0.582779	0.253821	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1908
F_fleet_1_YR_1909_s_1	0.465692	0.204154	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1909
F_fleet_1_YR_1910_s_1	0.349743	0.148312	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1910
F_fleet_1_YR_1911_s_1	0.309539	0.123433	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1911
F_fleet_1_YR_1912_s_1	0.278519	0.103713	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1912
F_fleet_1_YR_1913_s_1	0.255714	0.0886287	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1913
F_fleet_1_YR_1914_s_1	0.239375	0.0772267	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1914
F_fleet_1_YR_1915_s_1	0.227897	0.0686712	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1915
F_fleet_1_YR_1916_s_1	0.219913	0.0622929	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1916
F_fleet_1_YR_1917_s_1	0.207909	0.0556937	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1917
F_fleet_1_YR_1918_s_1	0.203289	0.0518065	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1918
F_fleet_1_YR_1919_s_1	0.218269	0.0536761	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1919
F_fleet_1_YR_1920_s_1	0.237685	0.0575704	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1920
F_fleet_1_YR_1921_s_1	0.262484	0.063869	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1921
F_fleet_1_YR_1922_s_1	0.293805	0.0731804	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1922
F_fleet_1_YR_1923_s_1	0.33259	0.0863914	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1923
F_fleet_1_YR_1924_s_1	0.344219	0.0940354	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1924
F_fleet_1_YR_1925_s_1	0.363096	0.104256	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1925
F_fleet_1_YR_1926_s_1	0.369527	0.11129	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1926
F_fleet_1_YR_1927_s_1	0.423406	0.13503	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1927
F_fleet_1_YR_1928_s_1	0.395299	0.133419	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1928
F_fleet_1_YR_1929_s_1	0.434098	0.153961	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1929
F_fleet_1_YR_1930_s_1	0.260509	0.0924453	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1930
F_fleet_1_YR_1931_s_1	0.240769	0.0798029	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1931
F_fleet_1_YR_1932_s_1	0.238804	0.0737865	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1932
F_fleet_1_YR_1933_s_1	0.201278	0.0579396	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1933
F_fleet_1_YR_1934_s_1	0.168483	0.0446431	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1934
F_fleet_1_YR_1935_s_1	0.196107	0.048362	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1935

F_fleet_1_YR_1936_s_1	0.222336	0.0528237	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1936
F_fleet_1_YR_1937_s_1	0.196944	0.045672	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1937
F_fleet_1_YR_1938_s_1	0.258545	0.0595532	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1938
F_fleet_1_YR_1939_s_1	0.321232	0.076721	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1939
F_fleet_1_YR_1940_s_1	0.223999	0.0546719	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1940
F_fleet_1_YR_1941_s_1	0.201009	0.0477638	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1941
F_fleet_1_YR_1942_s_1	0.154082	0.0347202	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1942
F_fleet_1_YR_1943_s_1	0.114342	0.0238589	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1943
F_fleet_1_YR_1944_s_1	0.123363	0.0238779	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1944
F_fleet_1_YR_1945_s_1	0.101987	0.0185535	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1945
F_fleet_1_YR_1946_s_1	0.158756	0.0278593	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1946
F_fleet_1_YR_1947_s_1	0.169035	0.0295188	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1947
F_fleet_1_YR_1948_s_1	0.18619	0.0326928	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1948
F_fleet_1_YR_1949_s_1	0.233777	0.0418781	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1949
F_fleet_1_YR_1950_s_1	0.132521	0.0238585	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1950
F_fleet_1_YR_1951_s_1	0.16171	0.0288271	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1951
F_fleet_1_YR_1952_s_1	0.187667	0.0337534	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1952
F_fleet_1_YR_1953_s_1	0.177647	0.03243	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1953
F_fleet_1_YR_1954_s_1	0.17174	0.0316119	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1954
F_fleet_1_YR_1955_s_1	0.200343	0.0373151	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1955
F_fleet_1_YR_1956_s_1	0.255464	0.0491885	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1956
F_fleet_1_YR_1957_s_1	0.24675	0.0495991	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1957
F_fleet_1_YR_1958_s_1	0.456748	0.099912	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1958
F_fleet_1_YR_1959_s_1	0.497642	0.123472	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1959
F_fleet_1_YR_1960_s_1	0.6739	0.192019	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1960
F_fleet_1_YR_1961_s_1	0.757349	0.249192	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1961
F_fleet_1_YR_1962_s_1	0.949342	0.357458	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1962
F_fleet_1_YR_1963_s_1	0.933337	0.390099	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1963
F_fleet_1_YR_1964_s_1	1.32322	0.61077	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1964
F_fleet_1_YR_1965_s_1	1.72489	0.878327	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1965
F_fleet_1_YR_1966_s_1	1.75071	0.922631	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1966
F_fleet_1_YR_1967_s_1	1.85224	0.98499	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1967
F_fleet_1_YR_1968_s_1	1.80961	0.982335	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1968
F_fleet_1_YR_1969_s_1	1.78311	1.00572	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1969
F_fleet_1_YR_1970_s_1	1.77302	1.05356	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1970
F_fleet_1_YR_1971_s_1	1.8355	1.16788	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1971
F_fleet_1_YR_1972_s_1	2.35858	1.67073	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1972
F_fleet_1_YR_1973_s_1	1.22939	0.251201	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1973
F_fleet_1_YR_1974_s_1	0.974308	0.135062	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1974
F_fleet_1_YR_1975_s_1	0.755495	0.140571	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1975
F_fleet_1_YR_1976_s_1	0.780838	0.190321	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1976
F_fleet_1_YR_1977_s_1	0.623846	0.171111	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1977
F_fleet_1_YR_1978_s_1	0.554114	0.131241	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1978

F_fleet_1_YR_1979_s_1	0.544481	0.113476	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1979
F_fleet_1_YR_1980_s_1	0.557261	0.115809	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1980
F_fleet_1_YR_1981_s_1	0.741662	0.163735	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1981
F_fleet_1_YR_1982_s_1	0.776178	0.133723	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1982
F_fleet_1_YR_1983_s_1	0.616606	0.078376	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1983
F_fleet_1_YR_1984_s_1	0.303314	0.0341903	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1984
F_fleet_1_YR_1985_s_1	0.255461	0.027229	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1985
F_fleet_1_YR_1986_s_1	0.13299	0.0142981	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1986
F_fleet_1_YR_1987_s_1	0.153846	0.0184729	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1987
F_fleet_1_YR_1988_s_1	0.228038	0.028448	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1988
F_fleet_1_YR_1989_s_1	0.236679	0.028158	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1989
F_fleet_1_YR_1990_s_1	0.321571	0.0369243	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1990
F_fleet_1_YR_1991_s_1	0.156386	0.0177142	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1991
F_fleet_1_YR_1992_s_1	0.117448	0.0126327	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1992
F_fleet_1_YR_1993_s_1	0.112476	0.0116198	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1993
F_fleet_1_YR_1994_s_1	0.146801	0.0159959	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1994
F_fleet_1_YR_1995_s_1	0.0518602	0.00602636	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1995
F_fleet_1_YR_1996_s_1	0.0605908	0.00670932	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1996
F_fleet_1_YR_1997_s_1	0.0429575	0.0047388	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1997
F_fleet_1_YR_1998_s_1	0.064087	0.00840395	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1998
F_fleet_1_YR_1999_s_1	0.0819901	0.00854774	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 1999
F_fleet_1_YR_2000_s_1	0.099849	0.00987011	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2000
F_fleet_1_YR_2001_s_1	0.122295	0.0123327	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2001
F_fleet_1_YR_2002_s_1	0.138629	0.0148281	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2002
F_fleet_1_YR_2003_s_1	0.117086	0.0127992	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2003
F_fleet_1_YR_2004_s_1	0.0987374	0.0114294	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2004
F_fleet_1_YR_2005_s_1	0.0683499	0.00822938	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2005
F_fleet_1_YR_2006_s_1	0.0457023	0.00525999	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2006
F_fleet_1_YR_2007_s_1	0.14277	0.0208815	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2007
F_fleet_1_YR_2008_s_1	0.110995	0.0161343	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2008
F_fleet_1_YR_2009_s_1	0.110627	0.0155437	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2009
F_fleet_1_YR_2010_s_1	0.162985	0.0222191	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2010
F_fleet_1_YR_2011_s_1	0.221012	0.0311475	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline east in 2011
F_fleet_2_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1872
F_fleet_2_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1873
F_fleet_2_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1874
F_fleet_2_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1875
F_fleet_2_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1876
F_fleet_2_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1877
F_fleet_2_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1878
F_fleet_2_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F handline west in 1879
F_fleet_2_YR_1880_s_1	0.0277656	0.00213199	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1880
F_fleet_2_YR_1881_s_1	0.0256506	0.00198107	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1881

F_fleet_2_YR_1882_s_1	0.0231208	0.00179159	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1882
F_fleet_2_YR_1883_s_1	0.0208149	0.00161504	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1883
F_fleet_2_YR_1884_s_1	0.0183792	0.00142581	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1884
F_fleet_2_YR_1885_s_1	0.0158282	0.00122682	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1885
F_fleet_2_YR_1886_s_1	0.0132695	0.0010274	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1886
F_fleet_2_YR_1887_s_1	0.00674452	0.00052112	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1887
F_fleet_2_YR_1888_s_1	0.00702178	0.000541906	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1888
F_fleet_2_YR_1889_s_1	0.00888041	0.000685489	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1889
F_fleet_2_YR_1890_s_1	0.00800817	0.000618488	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1890
F_fleet_2_YR_1891_s_1	0.00892022	0.000689645	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1891
F_fleet_2_YR_1892_s_1	0.0097342	0.000753607	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1892
F_fleet_2_YR_1893_s_1	0.0103956	0.000805957	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1893
F_fleet_2_YR_1894_s_1	0.010865	0.000843545	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1894
F_fleet_2_YR_1895_s_1	0.0112041	0.000871028	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1895
F_fleet_2_YR_1896_s_1	0.0114766	0.000893311	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1896
F_fleet_2_YR_1897_s_1	0.0114999	0.000896093	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1897
F_fleet_2_YR_1898_s_1	0.0184686	0.00144311	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1898
F_fleet_2_YR_1899_s_1	0.0246958	0.00193754	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1899
F_fleet_2_YR_1900_s_1	0.030737	0.00243048	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1900
F_fleet_2_YR_1901_s_1	0.0356615	0.00288362	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1901
F_fleet_2_YR_1902_s_1	0.0398024	0.00376791	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1902
F_fleet_2_YR_1903_s_1	0.037787	0.00444938	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1903
F_fleet_2_YR_1904_s_1	0.0362463	0.0048159	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1904
F_fleet_2_YR_1905_s_1	0.0337636	0.00471165	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1905
F_fleet_2_YR_1906_s_1	0.031101	0.00443081	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1906
F_fleet_2_YR_1907_s_1	0.0282958	0.00404544	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1907
F_fleet_2_YR_1908_s_1	0.0262062	0.00374087	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1908
F_fleet_2_YR_1909_s_1	0.0224459	0.00319404	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1909
F_fleet_2_YR_1910_s_1	0.018983	0.00269091	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1910
F_fleet_2_YR_1911_s_1	0.0185189	0.00261618	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1911
F_fleet_2_YR_1912_s_1	0.0181166	0.00255298	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1912
F_fleet_2_YR_1913_s_1	0.0177491	0.00249682	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1913
F_fleet_2_YR_1914_s_1	0.0173905	0.00244313	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1914
F_fleet_2_YR_1915_s_1	0.0170425	0.00239153	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1915
F_fleet_2_YR_1916_s_1	0.0166674	0.00233635	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1916
F_fleet_2_YR_1917_s_1	0.0163282	0.00228613	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1917
F_fleet_2_YR_1918_s_1	0.0159887	0.00223562	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1918
F_fleet_2_YR_1919_s_1	0.016408	0.00229135	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1919
F_fleet_2_YR_1920_s_1	0.0168356	0.00234866	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1920
F_fleet_2_YR_1921_s_1	0.0173127	0.00241328	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1921
F_fleet_2_YR_1922_s_1	0.0177576	0.00247392	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1922
F_fleet_2_YR_1923_s_1	0.0182098	0.00253595	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1923
F_fleet_2_YR_1924_s_1	0.0176192	0.00245237	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1924

F_fleet_2_YR_1925_s_1	0.0170224	0.00236738	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1925
F_fleet_2_YR_1926_s_1	0.0164115	0.00227998	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1926
F_fleet_2_YR_1927_s_1	0.0206204	0.00286435	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1927
F_fleet_2_YR_1928_s_1	0.0150632	0.00209043	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1928
F_fleet_2_YR_1929_s_1	0.0147272	0.00203935	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1929
F_fleet_2_YR_1930_s_1	0.019585	0.00270896	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1930
F_fleet_2_YR_1931_s_1	0.0121472	0.00167627	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1931
F_fleet_2_YR_1932_s_1	0.0145711	0.00200448	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1932
F_fleet_2_YR_1933_s_1	0.015879	0.00217934	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1933
F_fleet_2_YR_1934_s_1	0.0165256	0.00226319	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1934
F_fleet_2_YR_1935_s_1	0.0241303	0.00330273	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1935
F_fleet_2_YR_1936_s_1	0.0314525	0.00431204	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1936
F_fleet_2_YR_1937_s_1	0.034598	0.00475404	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1937
F_fleet_2_YR_1938_s_1	0.0345938	0.00475859	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1938
F_fleet_2_YR_1939_s_1	0.0318865	0.00438162	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1939
F_fleet_2_YR_1940_s_1	0.030618	0.00419476	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1940
F_fleet_2_YR_1941_s_1	0.027777	0.00378794	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1941
F_fleet_2_YR_1942_s_1	0.0204911	0.00277427	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1942
F_fleet_2_YR_1943_s_1	0.0139123	0.00186524	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1943
F_fleet_2_YR_1944_s_1	0.0104184	0.00138176	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1944
F_fleet_2_YR_1945_s_1	0.00569845	0.000747347	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1945
F_fleet_2_YR_1946_s_1	0.011977	0.00155649	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1946
F_fleet_2_YR_1947_s_1	0.0178264	0.00230307	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1947
F_fleet_2_YR_1948_s_1	0.0224646	0.00289103	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1948
F_fleet_2_YR_1949_s_1	0.0333952	0.00429244	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1949
F_fleet_2_YR_1950_s_1	0.0589705	0.0076373	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1950
F_fleet_2_YR_1951_s_1	0.0634511	0.00839102	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1951
F_fleet_2_YR_1952_s_1	0.0771455	0.0105005	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1952
F_fleet_2_YR_1953_s_1	0.0685003	0.00955732	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1953
F_fleet_2_YR_1954_s_1	0.0734728	0.0104326	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1954
F_fleet_2_YR_1955_s_1	0.0850654	0.0122694	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1955
F_fleet_2_YR_1956_s_1	0.122468	0.0180228	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1956
F_fleet_2_YR_1957_s_1	0.130843	0.0196735	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1957
F_fleet_2_YR_1958_s_1	0.239007	0.0372893	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1958
F_fleet_2_YR_1959_s_1	0.276057	0.0453426	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1959
F_fleet_2_YR_1960_s_1	0.330604	0.05725	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1960
F_fleet_2_YR_1961_s_1	0.45692	0.0841574	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1961
F_fleet_2_YR_1962_s_1	0.525421	0.10272	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1962
F_fleet_2_YR_1963_s_1	0.533469	0.10861	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1963
F_fleet_2_YR_1964_s_1	0.570343	0.120127	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1964
F_fleet_2_YR_1965_s_1	0.626616	0.137443	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1965
F_fleet_2_YR_1966_s_1	0.550065	0.124446	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1966
F_fleet_2_YR_1967_s_1	0.830235	0.199001	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1967

F_fleet_2_YR_1968_s_1	1.25173	0.33223	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1968
F_fleet_2_YR_1969_s_1	1.26708	0.355374	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1969
F_fleet_2_YR_1970_s_1	1.7289	0.488685	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1970
F_fleet_2_YR_1971_s_1	2.65197	0.698396	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1971
F_fleet_2_YR_1972_s_1	3.18906	0.710637	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1972
F_fleet_2_YR_1973_s_1	2.39253	0.33606	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1973
F_fleet_2_YR_1974_s_1	1.43991	0.193049	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1974
F_fleet_2_YR_1975_s_1	0.864545	0.154802	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1975
F_fleet_2_YR_1976_s_1	0.697604	0.152474	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1976
F_fleet_2_YR_1977_s_1	0.680315	0.164008	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1977
F_fleet_2_YR_1978_s_1	0.671982	0.156976	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1978
F_fleet_2_YR_1979_s_1	0.628985	0.143728	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1979
F_fleet_2_YR_1980_s_1	0.663025	0.151772	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1980
F_fleet_2_YR_1981_s_1	0.757465	0.14184	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1981
F_fleet_2_YR_1982_s_1	0.65886	0.0935945	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1982
F_fleet_2_YR_1983_s_1	0.45019	0.0579132	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1983
F_fleet_2_YR_1984_s_1	0.27754	0.0336805	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1984
F_fleet_2_YR_1985_s_1	0.170605	0.0199582	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1985
F_fleet_2_YR_1986_s_1	0.185273	0.020506	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1986
F_fleet_2_YR_1987_s_1	0.154877	0.0166224	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1987
F_fleet_2_YR_1988_s_1	0.249924	0.0250816	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1988
F_fleet_2_YR_1989_s_1	0.206826	0.0201896	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1989
F_fleet_2_YR_1990_s_1	0.19354	0.0186646	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1990
F_fleet_2_YR_1991_s_1	0.168489	0.0157358	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1991
F_fleet_2_YR_1992_s_1	0.201558	0.0185171	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1992
F_fleet_2_YR_1993_s_1	0.196828	0.0179478	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1993
F_fleet_2_YR_1994_s_1	0.170613	0.0158377	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1994
F_fleet_2_YR_1995_s_1	0.168264	0.0151688	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1995
F_fleet_2_YR_1996_s_1	0.231625	0.0202791	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1996
F_fleet_2_YR_1997_s_1	0.262128	0.0226278	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1997
F_fleet_2_YR_1998_s_1	0.252636	0.02245	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1998
F_fleet_2_YR_1999_s_1	0.275701	0.0250109	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 1999
F_fleet_2_YR_2000_s_1	0.274249	0.0249509	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2000
F_fleet_2_YR_2001_s_1	0.269995	0.0242574	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2001
F_fleet_2_YR_2002_s_1	0.260539	0.0235198	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2002
F_fleet_2_YR_2003_s_1	0.233482	0.0214175	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2003
F_fleet_2_YR_2004_s_1	0.235693	0.0217923	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2004
F_fleet_2_YR_2005_s_1	0.225086	0.0215643	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2005
F_fleet_2_YR_2006_s_1	0.236891	0.0232155	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2006
F_fleet_2_YR_2007_s_1	0.16302	0.0187818	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2007
F_fleet_2_YR_2008_s_1	0.0956395	0.0108625	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2008
F_fleet_2_YR_2009_s_1	0.0746869	0.00838343	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2009
F_fleet_2_YR_2010_s_1	0.0855433	0.00958413	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2010

F_fleet_2_YR_2011_s_1	0.0866875	0.0099746	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F handline west in 2011
F_fleet_3_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1872
F_fleet_3_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1873
F_fleet_3_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1874
F_fleet_3_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1875
F_fleet_3_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1876
F_fleet_3_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1877
F_fleet_3_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1878
F_fleet_3_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1879
F_fleet_3_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1880
F_fleet_3_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1881
F_fleet_3_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1882
F_fleet_3_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1883
F_fleet_3_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1884
F_fleet_3_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1885
F_fleet_3_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1886
F_fleet_3_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1887
F_fleet_3_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1888
F_fleet_3_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1889
F_fleet_3_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1890
F_fleet_3_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1891
F_fleet_3_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1892
F_fleet_3_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1893
F_fleet_3_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1894
F_fleet_3_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1895
F_fleet_3_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1896
F_fleet_3_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1897
F_fleet_3_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1898
F_fleet_3_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1899
F_fleet_3_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1900
F_fleet_3_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1901
F_fleet_3_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1902
F_fleet_3_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1903
F_fleet_3_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1904
F_fleet_3_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1905
F_fleet_3_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1906
F_fleet_3_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1907
F_fleet_3_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1908
F_fleet_3_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1909
F_fleet_3_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1910
F_fleet_3_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1911
F_fleet_3_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1912
F_fleet_3_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline east in 1913

F_fleet_3_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1914
F_fleet_3_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1915
F_fleet_3_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1916
F_fleet_3_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1917
F_fleet_3_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1918
F_fleet_3_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1919
F_fleet_3_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1920
F_fleet_3_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1921
F_fleet_3_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1922
F_fleet_3_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1923
F_fleet_3_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1924
F_fleet_3_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1925
F_fleet_3_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1926
F_fleet_3_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1927
F_fleet_3_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1928
F_fleet_3_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1929
F_fleet_3_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1930
F_fleet_3_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1931
F_fleet_3_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1932
F_fleet_3_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1933
F_fleet_3_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1934
F_fleet_3_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1935
F_fleet_3_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1936
F_fleet_3_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1937
F_fleet_3_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1938
F_fleet_3_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1939
F_fleet_3_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1940
F_fleet_3_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1941
F_fleet_3_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1942
F_fleet_3_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1943
F_fleet_3_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1944
F_fleet_3_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1945
F_fleet_3_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1946
F_fleet_3_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1947
F_fleet_3_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1948
F_fleet_3_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1949
F_fleet_3_YR_1950_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1950
F_fleet_3_YR_1951_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1951
F_fleet_3_YR_1952_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1952
F_fleet_3_YR_1953_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1953
F_fleet_3_YR_1954_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1954
F_fleet_3_YR_1955_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1955
F_fleet_3_YR_1956_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline east in 1956

F_fleet_3_YR_1957_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1957
F_fleet_3_YR_1958_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1958
F_fleet_3_YR_1959_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1959
F_fleet_3_YR_1960_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1960
F_fleet_3_YR_1961_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1961
F_fleet_3_YR_1962_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1962
F_fleet_3_YR_1963_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1963
F_fleet_3_YR_1964_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1964
F_fleet_3_YR_1965_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1965
F_fleet_3_YR_1966_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1966
F_fleet_3_YR_1967_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1967
F_fleet_3_YR_1968_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1968
F_fleet_3_YR_1969_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1969
F_fleet_3_YR_1970_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1970
F_fleet_3_YR_1971_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1971
F_fleet_3_YR_1972_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1972
F_fleet_3_YR_1973_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1973
F_fleet_3_YR_1974_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1974
F_fleet_3_YR_1975_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1975
F_fleet_3_YR_1976_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1976
F_fleet_3_YR_1977_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1977
F_fleet_3_YR_1978_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1978
F_fleet_3_YR_1979_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline east in 1979
F_fleet_3_YR_1980_s_1	0.0508978	0.015171		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1980
F_fleet_3_YR_1981_s_1	0.104414	0.031433		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1981
F_fleet_3_YR_1982_s_1	0.1515	0.0438291		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1982
F_fleet_3_YR_1983_s_1	0.318548	0.0794025		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1983
F_fleet_3_YR_1984_s_1	0.22169	0.0461569		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1984
F_fleet_3_YR_1985_s_1	0.0417023	0.00788331		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1985
F_fleet_3_YR_1986_s_1	0.0174119	0.00304588		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1986
F_fleet_3_YR_1987_s_1	0.0124625	0.00203277		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1987
F_fleet_3_YR_1988_s_1	0.0186859	0.00312141		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1988
F_fleet_3_YR_1989_s_1	0.0291834	0.00528373		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1989
F_fleet_3_YR_1990_s_1	0.0385485	0.00725404		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1990
F_fleet_3_YR_1991_s_1	0.0121287	0.00225366		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1991
F_fleet_3_YR_1992_s_1	0.00310417	0.000543799		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1992
F_fleet_3_YR_1993_s_1	0.00719077	0.00127615		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1993
F_fleet_3_YR_1994_s_1	0.00352189	0.000633803		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1994
F_fleet_3_YR_1995_s_1	0.00356196	0.000652762		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1995
F_fleet_3_YR_1996_s_1	0.00297036	0.000539781		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1996
F_fleet_3_YR_1997_s_1	0.00163769	0.000292609		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1997
F_fleet_3_YR_1998_s_1	0.00161254	0.000292825		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1998
F_fleet_3_YR_1999_s_1	0.00155027	0.000270546		0	8	F			Estimated	F longline east in 1999

F_fleet_3_YR_2000_s_1	0.00184458	0.000332911	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2000
F_fleet_3_YR_2001_s_1	0.00202945	0.000364596	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2001
F_fleet_3_YR_2002_s_1	0.00365554	0.000686842	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2002
F_fleet_3_YR_2003_s_1	0.00259	0.000507794	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2003
F_fleet_3_YR_2004_s_1	0.00304494	0.000615001	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2004
F_fleet_3_YR_2005_s_1	0.00268753	0.00053249	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2005
F_fleet_3_YR_2006_s_1	0.00154704	0.000293659	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2006
F_fleet_3_YR_2007_s_1	0.00303143	0.000572394	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2007
F_fleet_3_YR_2008_s_1	0.00475468	0.000891801	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2008
F_fleet_3_YR_2009_s_1	0.00164308	0.000299715	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2009
F_fleet_3_YR_2010_s_1	0.00729742	0.00129836	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2010
F_fleet_3_YR_2011_s_1	0.00798124	0.00139376	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline east in 2011
F_fleet_4_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1872
F_fleet_4_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1873
F_fleet_4_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1874
F_fleet_4_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1875
F_fleet_4_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1876
F_fleet_4_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1877
F_fleet_4_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1878
F_fleet_4_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1879
F_fleet_4_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1880
F_fleet_4_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1881
F_fleet_4_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1882
F_fleet_4_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1883
F_fleet_4_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1884
F_fleet_4_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1885
F_fleet_4_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1886
F_fleet_4_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1887
F_fleet_4_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1888
F_fleet_4_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1889
F_fleet_4_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1890
F_fleet_4_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1891
F_fleet_4_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1892
F_fleet_4_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1893
F_fleet_4_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1894
F_fleet_4_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1895
F_fleet_4_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1896
F_fleet_4_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1897
F_fleet_4_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1898
F_fleet_4_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1899
F_fleet_4_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1900
F_fleet_4_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1901
F_fleet_4_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F longline west in 1902

F_fleet_4_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1903
F_fleet_4_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1904
F_fleet_4_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1905
F_fleet_4_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1906
F_fleet_4_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1907
F_fleet_4_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1908
F_fleet_4_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1909
F_fleet_4_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1910
F_fleet_4_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1911
F_fleet_4_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1912
F_fleet_4_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1913
F_fleet_4_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1914
F_fleet_4_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1915
F_fleet_4_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1916
F_fleet_4_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1917
F_fleet_4_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1918
F_fleet_4_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1919
F_fleet_4_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1920
F_fleet_4_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1921
F_fleet_4_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1922
F_fleet_4_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1923
F_fleet_4_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1924
F_fleet_4_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1925
F_fleet_4_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1926
F_fleet_4_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1927
F_fleet_4_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1928
F_fleet_4_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1929
F_fleet_4_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1930
F_fleet_4_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1931
F_fleet_4_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1932
F_fleet_4_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1933
F_fleet_4_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1934
F_fleet_4_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1935
F_fleet_4_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1936
F_fleet_4_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1937
F_fleet_4_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1938
F_fleet_4_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1939
F_fleet_4_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1940
F_fleet_4_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1941
F_fleet_4_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1942
F_fleet_4_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1943
F_fleet_4_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1944
F_fleet_4_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F longline west in 1945

F_fleet_4_YR_1946_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1946
F_fleet_4_YR_1947_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1947
F_fleet_4_YR_1948_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1948
F_fleet_4_YR_1949_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1949
F_fleet_4_YR_1950_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1950
F_fleet_4_YR_1951_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1951
F_fleet_4_YR_1952_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1952
F_fleet_4_YR_1953_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1953
F_fleet_4_YR_1954_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1954
F_fleet_4_YR_1955_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1955
F_fleet_4_YR_1956_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1956
F_fleet_4_YR_1957_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1957
F_fleet_4_YR_1958_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1958
F_fleet_4_YR_1959_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1959
F_fleet_4_YR_1960_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1960
F_fleet_4_YR_1961_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1961
F_fleet_4_YR_1962_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1962
F_fleet_4_YR_1963_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1963
F_fleet_4_YR_1964_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1964
F_fleet_4_YR_1965_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1965
F_fleet_4_YR_1966_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1966
F_fleet_4_YR_1967_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1967
F_fleet_4_YR_1968_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1968
F_fleet_4_YR_1969_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1969
F_fleet_4_YR_1970_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1970
F_fleet_4_YR_1971_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1971
F_fleet_4_YR_1972_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1972
F_fleet_4_YR_1973_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1973
F_fleet_4_YR_1974_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1974
F_fleet_4_YR_1975_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F longline west in 1975
F_fleet_4_YR_1976_s_1	4.54E-05	7.20E-06			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1976
F_fleet_4_YR_1977_s_1	0						F		Fixed	F longline west in 1977
F_fleet_4_YR_1978_s_1	0						F		Fixed	F longline west in 1978
F_fleet_4_YR_1979_s_1	0						F		Fixed	F longline west in 1979
F_fleet_4_YR_1980_s_1	0.0024624	0.000405758			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1980
F_fleet_4_YR_1981_s_1	0.00294133	0.000488332			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1981
F_fleet_4_YR_1982_s_1	0.00452048	0.000746611			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1982
F_fleet_4_YR_1983_s_1	0.00642296	0.00104403			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1983
F_fleet_4_YR_1984_s_1	0.0496958	0.00793644			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1984
F_fleet_4_YR_1985_s_1	0.0371921	0.00579545			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1985
F_fleet_4_YR_1986_s_1	0.0479337	0.00738246			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1986
F_fleet_4_YR_1987_s_1	0.0388281	0.00593954			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1987
F_fleet_4_YR_1988_s_1	0.0328819	0.00485877			0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1988

F_fleet_4_YR_1989_s_1	0.0221813	0.00332107	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1989
F_fleet_4_YR_1990_s_1	0.00566744	0.000842639	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1990
F_fleet_4_YR_1991_s_1	0.00337904	0.000502112	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1991
F_fleet_4_YR_1992_s_1	0.000871822	0.000130465	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1992
F_fleet_4_YR_1993_s_1	0.000835581	0.000123334	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1993
F_fleet_4_YR_1994_s_1	0.000596953	8.81E-05	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1994
F_fleet_4_YR_1995_s_1	0.000614621	9.07E-05	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1995
F_fleet_4_YR_1996_s_1	0.000862221	0.000126463	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1996
F_fleet_4_YR_1997_s_1	0.000913673	0.000131708	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1997
F_fleet_4_YR_1998_s_1	0.000759199	0.000111856	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1998
F_fleet_4_YR_1999_s_1	0.00243545	0.000357385	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 1999
F_fleet_4_YR_2000_s_1	0.00471425	0.000699808	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2000
F_fleet_4_YR_2001_s_1	0.0031566	0.000470635	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2001
F_fleet_4_YR_2002_s_1	0.00368577	0.000555172	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2002
F_fleet_4_YR_2003_s_1	0.00432635	0.000652811	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2003
F_fleet_4_YR_2004_s_1	0.0112941	0.00172742	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2004
F_fleet_4_YR_2005_s_1	0.00691277	0.00105918	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2005
F_fleet_4_YR_2006_s_1	0.00620248	0.000953899	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2006
F_fleet_4_YR_2007_s_1	0.00589221	0.000875847	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2007
F_fleet_4_YR_2008_s_1	0.0016336	0.000238918	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2008
F_fleet_4_YR_2009_s_1	0.00131988	0.000189343	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2009
F_fleet_4_YR_2010_s_1	0.000801915	0.00011231	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2010
F_fleet_4_YR_2011_s_1	0.000324955	4.39E-05	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F longline west in 2011
F_fleet_5_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1872
F_fleet_5_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1873
F_fleet_5_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1874
F_fleet_5_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1875
F_fleet_5_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1876
F_fleet_5_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1877
F_fleet_5_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1878
F_fleet_5_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1879
F_fleet_5_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1880
F_fleet_5_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1881
F_fleet_5_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1882
F_fleet_5_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1883
F_fleet_5_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1884
F_fleet_5_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1885
F_fleet_5_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1886
F_fleet_5_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1887
F_fleet_5_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1888
F_fleet_5_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1889
F_fleet_5_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1890
F_fleet_5_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1891

F_fleet_5_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1892
F_fleet_5_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1893
F_fleet_5_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1894
F_fleet_5_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1895
F_fleet_5_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1896
F_fleet_5_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1897
F_fleet_5_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1898
F_fleet_5_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1899
F_fleet_5_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1900
F_fleet_5_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1901
F_fleet_5_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1902
F_fleet_5_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1903
F_fleet_5_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1904
F_fleet_5_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1905
F_fleet_5_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1906
F_fleet_5_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1907
F_fleet_5_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1908
F_fleet_5_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1909
F_fleet_5_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1910
F_fleet_5_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1911
F_fleet_5_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1912
F_fleet_5_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1913
F_fleet_5_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1914
F_fleet_5_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1915
F_fleet_5_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1916
F_fleet_5_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1917
F_fleet_5_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1918
F_fleet_5_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1919
F_fleet_5_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1920
F_fleet_5_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1921
F_fleet_5_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1922
F_fleet_5_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1923
F_fleet_5_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1924
F_fleet_5_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1925
F_fleet_5_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1926
F_fleet_5_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1927
F_fleet_5_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1928
F_fleet_5_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1929
F_fleet_5_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1930
F_fleet_5_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1931
F_fleet_5_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1932
F_fleet_5_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1933
F_fleet_5_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1934

F_fleet_5_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1935
F_fleet_5_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1936
F_fleet_5_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1937
F_fleet_5_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1938
F_fleet_5_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1939
F_fleet_5_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1940
F_fleet_5_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1941
F_fleet_5_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1942
F_fleet_5_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1943
F_fleet_5_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1944
F_fleet_5_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1945
F_fleet_5_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1946
F_fleet_5_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1947
F_fleet_5_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1948
F_fleet_5_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire east in 1949
F_fleet_5_YR_1950_s_1	0.0335851	0.00546476	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1950
F_fleet_5_YR_1951_s_1	0.0394718	0.00647901	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1951
F_fleet_5_YR_1952_s_1	0.0460942	0.00763254	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1952
F_fleet_5_YR_1953_s_1	0.052847	0.00882666	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1953
F_fleet_5_YR_1954_s_1	0.0594917	0.0100062	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1954
F_fleet_5_YR_1955_s_1	0.0665866	0.011329	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1955
F_fleet_5_YR_1956_s_1	0.0749395	0.0129901	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1956
F_fleet_5_YR_1957_s_1	0.0832651	0.0147126	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1957
F_fleet_5_YR_1958_s_1	0.0946364	0.0174383	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1958
F_fleet_5_YR_1959_s_1	0.107127	0.0208382	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1959
F_fleet_5_YR_1960_s_1	0.121113	0.0250319	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1960
F_fleet_5_YR_1961_s_1	0.129635	0.0284507	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1961
F_fleet_5_YR_1962_s_1	0.138719	0.0325155	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1962
F_fleet_5_YR_1963_s_1	0.144758	0.0355528	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1963
F_fleet_5_YR_1964_s_1	0.155269	0.041557	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1964
F_fleet_5_YR_1965_s_1	0.17248	0.0515419	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1965
F_fleet_5_YR_1966_s_1	0.183878	0.0577075	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1966
F_fleet_5_YR_1967_s_1	0.189719	0.0610804	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1967
F_fleet_5_YR_1968_s_1	0.192246	0.0627079	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1968
F_fleet_5_YR_1969_s_1	0.196057	0.0646889	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1969
F_fleet_5_YR_1970_s_1	0.200637	0.0669217	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1970
F_fleet_5_YR_1971_s_1	0.221691	0.0753763	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1971
F_fleet_5_YR_1972_s_1	0.274183	0.102426	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1972
F_fleet_5_YR_1973_s_1	0.0573758	0.00854754	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1973
F_fleet_5_YR_1974_s_1	0.0781345	0.010617	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1974
F_fleet_5_YR_1975_s_1	0.126774	0.0162025	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1975
F_fleet_5_YR_1976_s_1	0.16304	0.0217859	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1976
F_fleet_5_YR_1977_s_1	0.165407	0.021187	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1977

F_fleet_5_YR_1978_s_1	0.145926	0.0179852	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1978
F_fleet_5_YR_1979_s_1	0.183719	0.0222872	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1979
F_fleet_5_YR_1980_s_1	0.248413	0.0309755	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1980
F_fleet_5_YR_1981_s_1	0.226634	0.027868	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1981
F_fleet_5_YR_1982_s_1	0.11497	0.0122532	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1982
F_fleet_5_YR_1983_s_1	0.0980392	0.00778668	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1983
F_fleet_5_YR_1984_s_1	0.0268399	0.00210061	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1984
F_fleet_5_YR_1985_s_1	0.194383	0.017279	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1985
F_fleet_5_YR_1986_s_1	0.444851	0.0411567	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1986
F_fleet_5_YR_1987_s_1	0.725759	0.0729926	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1987
F_fleet_5_YR_1988_s_1	0.669824	0.0516731	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1988
F_fleet_5_YR_1989_s_1	0.79512	0.067299	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1989
F_fleet_5_YR_1990_s_1	0.479247	0.0371501	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1990
F_fleet_5_YR_1991_s_1	0.456515	0.0351795	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1991
F_fleet_5_YR_1992_s_1	0.595093	0.0464344	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1992
F_fleet_5_YR_1993_s_1	0.845605	0.0595451	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1993
F_fleet_5_YR_1994_s_1	0.791073	0.0640697	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1994
F_fleet_5_YR_1995_s_1	0.854833	0.0785625	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1995
F_fleet_5_YR_1996_s_1	0.655335	0.0566646	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1996
F_fleet_5_YR_1997_s_1	0.880369	0.0780044	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1997
F_fleet_5_YR_1998_s_1	0.497002	0.0610798	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1998
F_fleet_5_YR_1999_s_1	0.512846	0.0437904	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 1999
F_fleet_5_YR_2000_s_1	0.692686	0.052018	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2000
F_fleet_5_YR_2001_s_1	0.85893	0.0620217	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2001
F_fleet_5_YR_2002_s_1	0.831676	0.0617956	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2002
F_fleet_5_YR_2003_s_1	0.632481	0.0500343	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2003
F_fleet_5_YR_2004_s_1	0.752929	0.0620374	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2004
F_fleet_5_YR_2005_s_1	0.381468	0.0351181	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2005
F_fleet_5_YR_2006_s_1	0.290751	0.0266605	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2006
F_fleet_5_YR_2007_s_1	0.290694	0.0267767	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2007
F_fleet_5_YR_2008_s_1	0.0948315	0.00950512	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2008
F_fleet_5_YR_2009_s_1	0.0980695	0.00966331	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2009
F_fleet_5_YR_2010_s_1	0.0457753	0.00463931	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2010
F_fleet_5_YR_2011_s_1	0.0818074	0.00902366	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire east in 2011
F_fleet_6_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1872
F_fleet_6_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1873
F_fleet_6_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1874
F_fleet_6_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1875
F_fleet_6_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1876
F_fleet_6_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1877
F_fleet_6_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1878
F_fleet_6_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1879
F_fleet_6_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1880

F_fleet_6_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1881
F_fleet_6_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1882
F_fleet_6_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1883
F_fleet_6_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1884
F_fleet_6_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1885
F_fleet_6_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1886
F_fleet_6_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1887
F_fleet_6_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1888
F_fleet_6_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1889
F_fleet_6_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1890
F_fleet_6_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1891
F_fleet_6_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1892
F_fleet_6_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1893
F_fleet_6_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1894
F_fleet_6_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1895
F_fleet_6_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1896
F_fleet_6_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1897
F_fleet_6_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1898
F_fleet_6_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1899
F_fleet_6_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1900
F_fleet_6_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1901
F_fleet_6_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1902
F_fleet_6_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1903
F_fleet_6_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1904
F_fleet_6_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1905
F_fleet_6_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1906
F_fleet_6_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1907
F_fleet_6_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1908
F_fleet_6_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1909
F_fleet_6_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1910
F_fleet_6_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1911
F_fleet_6_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1912
F_fleet_6_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1913
F_fleet_6_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1914
F_fleet_6_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1915
F_fleet_6_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1916
F_fleet_6_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1917
F_fleet_6_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1918
F_fleet_6_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1919
F_fleet_6_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1920
F_fleet_6_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1921
F_fleet_6_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1922
F_fleet_6_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1923

F_fleet_6_YR_1924_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1924
F_fleet_6_YR_1925_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1925
F_fleet_6_YR_1926_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1926
F_fleet_6_YR_1927_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1927
F_fleet_6_YR_1928_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1928
F_fleet_6_YR_1929_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1929
F_fleet_6_YR_1930_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1930
F_fleet_6_YR_1931_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1931
F_fleet_6_YR_1932_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1932
F_fleet_6_YR_1933_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1933
F_fleet_6_YR_1934_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1934
F_fleet_6_YR_1935_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1935
F_fleet_6_YR_1936_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1936
F_fleet_6_YR_1937_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1937
F_fleet_6_YR_1938_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1938
F_fleet_6_YR_1939_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1939
F_fleet_6_YR_1940_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1940
F_fleet_6_YR_1941_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1941
F_fleet_6_YR_1942_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1942
F_fleet_6_YR_1943_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1943
F_fleet_6_YR_1944_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1944
F_fleet_6_YR_1945_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1945
F_fleet_6_YR_1946_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1946
F_fleet_6_YR_1947_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1947
F_fleet_6_YR_1948_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1948
F_fleet_6_YR_1949_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F charter/for hire west in 1949
F_fleet_6_YR_1950_s_1	0.0295649	0.00499378			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1950
F_fleet_6_YR_1951_s_1	0.0370505	0.00638219			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1951
F_fleet_6_YR_1952_s_1	0.0445661	0.007761			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1952
F_fleet_6_YR_1953_s_1	0.0522267	0.00914696			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1953
F_fleet_6_YR_1954_s_1	0.0599273	0.0105341			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1954
F_fleet_6_YR_1955_s_1	0.0683431	0.0120591			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1955
F_fleet_6_YR_1956_s_1	0.0767715	0.013639			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1956
F_fleet_6_YR_1957_s_1	0.085825	0.0153564			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1957
F_fleet_6_YR_1958_s_1	0.0973132	0.0176452			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1958
F_fleet_6_YR_1959_s_1	0.112276	0.0207707			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1959
F_fleet_6_YR_1960_s_1	0.127526	0.0241419			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1960
F_fleet_6_YR_1961_s_1	0.136878	0.0265747			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1961
F_fleet_6_YR_1962_s_1	0.142113	0.0280904			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1962
F_fleet_6_YR_1963_s_1	0.14517	0.0289047			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1963
F_fleet_6_YR_1964_s_1	0.150372	0.030203			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1964
F_fleet_6_YR_1965_s_1	0.154027	0.0314196			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1965
F_fleet_6_YR_1966_s_1	0.160248	0.0331741			0	8	F	Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1966

F_fleet_6_YR_1967_s_1	0.172194	0.0369395	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1967
F_fleet_6_YR_1968_s_1	0.197903	0.0452917	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1968
F_fleet_6_YR_1969_s_1	0.214434	0.0511102	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1969
F_fleet_6_YR_1970_s_1	0.246048	0.0610748	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1970
F_fleet_6_YR_1971_s_1	0.319383	0.0813205	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1971
F_fleet_6_YR_1972_s_1	0.433134	0.110077	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1972
F_fleet_6_YR_1973_s_1	0.123491	0.0148023	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1973
F_fleet_6_YR_1974_s_1	0.12852	0.0137513	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1974
F_fleet_6_YR_1975_s_1	0.217301	0.0259847	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1975
F_fleet_6_YR_1976_s_1	0.257955	0.0318715	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1976
F_fleet_6_YR_1977_s_1	0.252629	0.0306741	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1977
F_fleet_6_YR_1978_s_1	0.23973	0.0284453	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1978
F_fleet_6_YR_1979_s_1	0.281449	0.0362043	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1979
F_fleet_6_YR_1980_s_1	0.259839	0.031754	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1980
F_fleet_6_YR_1981_s_1	0.131499	0.0124288	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1981
F_fleet_6_YR_1982_s_1	0.0915752	0.00797784	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1982
F_fleet_6_YR_1983_s_1	0.1872	0.0153618	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1983
F_fleet_6_YR_1984_s_1	0.079763	0.00639019	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1984
F_fleet_6_YR_1985_s_1	0.248235	0.0226367	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1985
F_fleet_6_YR_1986_s_1	0.217127	0.0205992	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1986
F_fleet_6_YR_1987_s_1	0.0826427	0.00678928	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1987
F_fleet_6_YR_1988_s_1	0.144972	0.0116781	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1988
F_fleet_6_YR_1989_s_1	0.119691	0.00977169	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1989
F_fleet_6_YR_1990_s_1	0.067672	0.00527118	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1990
F_fleet_6_YR_1991_s_1	0.0830201	0.00603006	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1991
F_fleet_6_YR_1992_s_1	0.0973485	0.00750786	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1992
F_fleet_6_YR_1993_s_1	0.119029	0.00892943	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1993
F_fleet_6_YR_1994_s_1	0.113836	0.00901409	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1994
F_fleet_6_YR_1995_s_1	0.181311	0.0146582	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1995
F_fleet_6_YR_1996_s_1	0.108757	0.00887391	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1996
F_fleet_6_YR_1997_s_1	0.114875	0.00927521	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1997
F_fleet_6_YR_1998_s_1	0.0882485	0.00738383	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1998
F_fleet_6_YR_1999_s_1	0.0862684	0.00716909	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 1999
F_fleet_6_YR_2000_s_1	0.128757	0.0111851	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2000
F_fleet_6_YR_2001_s_1	0.092322	0.00796667	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2001
F_fleet_6_YR_2002_s_1	0.0799328	0.00695672	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2002
F_fleet_6_YR_2003_s_1	0.0887962	0.00785745	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2003
F_fleet_6_YR_2004_s_1	0.112142	0.00996473	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2004
F_fleet_6_YR_2005_s_1	0.133899	0.0118865	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2005
F_fleet_6_YR_2006_s_1	0.143798	0.0129505	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2006
F_fleet_6_YR_2007_s_1	0.0938335	0.00867556	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2007
F_fleet_6_YR_2008_s_1	0.0215786	0.00217482	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2008
F_fleet_6_YR_2009_s_1	0.0197456	0.00193249	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2009

F_fleet_6_YR_2010_s_1	0.00517159	0.000494867		0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2010
F_fleet_6_YR_2011_s_1	0.0103427	0.00100539		0	8	F		Estimated	F charter/for hire west in 2011
F_fleet_7_YR_1872_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1872
F_fleet_7_YR_1873_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1873
F_fleet_7_YR_1874_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1874
F_fleet_7_YR_1875_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1875
F_fleet_7_YR_1876_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1876
F_fleet_7_YR_1877_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1877
F_fleet_7_YR_1878_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1878
F_fleet_7_YR_1879_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1879
F_fleet_7_YR_1880_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1880
F_fleet_7_YR_1881_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1881
F_fleet_7_YR_1882_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1882
F_fleet_7_YR_1883_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1883
F_fleet_7_YR_1884_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1884
F_fleet_7_YR_1885_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1885
F_fleet_7_YR_1886_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1886
F_fleet_7_YR_1887_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1887
F_fleet_7_YR_1888_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1888
F_fleet_7_YR_1889_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1889
F_fleet_7_YR_1890_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1890
F_fleet_7_YR_1891_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1891
F_fleet_7_YR_1892_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1892
F_fleet_7_YR_1893_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1893
F_fleet_7_YR_1894_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1894
F_fleet_7_YR_1895_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1895
F_fleet_7_YR_1896_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1896
F_fleet_7_YR_1897_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1897
F_fleet_7_YR_1898_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1898
F_fleet_7_YR_1899_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1899
F_fleet_7_YR_1900_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1900
F_fleet_7_YR_1901_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1901
F_fleet_7_YR_1902_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1902
F_fleet_7_YR_1903_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1903
F_fleet_7_YR_1904_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1904
F_fleet_7_YR_1905_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1905
F_fleet_7_YR_1906_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1906
F_fleet_7_YR_1907_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1907
F_fleet_7_YR_1908_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1908
F_fleet_7_YR_1909_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1909
F_fleet_7_YR_1910_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1910
F_fleet_7_YR_1911_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1911
F_fleet_7_YR_1912_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1912

F_fleet_7_YR_1913_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1913
F_fleet_7_YR_1914_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1914
F_fleet_7_YR_1915_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1915
F_fleet_7_YR_1916_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1916
F_fleet_7_YR_1917_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1917
F_fleet_7_YR_1918_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1918
F_fleet_7_YR_1919_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1919
F_fleet_7_YR_1920_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1920
F_fleet_7_YR_1921_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1921
F_fleet_7_YR_1922_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1922
F_fleet_7_YR_1923_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1923
F_fleet_7_YR_1924_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1924
F_fleet_7_YR_1925_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1925
F_fleet_7_YR_1926_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1926
F_fleet_7_YR_1927_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1927
F_fleet_7_YR_1928_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1928
F_fleet_7_YR_1929_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1929
F_fleet_7_YR_1930_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1930
F_fleet_7_YR_1931_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1931
F_fleet_7_YR_1932_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1932
F_fleet_7_YR_1933_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1933
F_fleet_7_YR_1934_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1934
F_fleet_7_YR_1935_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1935
F_fleet_7_YR_1936_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1936
F_fleet_7_YR_1937_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1937
F_fleet_7_YR_1938_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1938
F_fleet_7_YR_1939_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1939
F_fleet_7_YR_1940_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1940
F_fleet_7_YR_1941_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1941
F_fleet_7_YR_1942_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1942
F_fleet_7_YR_1943_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1943
F_fleet_7_YR_1944_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1944
F_fleet_7_YR_1945_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1945
F_fleet_7_YR_1946_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1946
F_fleet_7_YR_1947_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1947
F_fleet_7_YR_1948_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1948
F_fleet_7_YR_1949_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat east in 1949
F_fleet_7_YR_1950_s_1	0.0409913	0.00651125			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1950
F_fleet_7_YR_1951_s_1	0.0419787	0.00675413			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1951
F_fleet_7_YR_1952_s_1	0.043528	0.0070916			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1952
F_fleet_7_YR_1953_s_1	0.044925	0.00738976			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1953
F_fleet_7_YR_1954_s_1	0.0459401	0.00761511			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1954
F_fleet_7_YR_1955_s_1	0.0471224	0.00791146			0	8	F	Estimated	F headboat east in 1955

F_fleet_7_YR_1956_s_1	0.0490927	0.00841609	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1956
F_fleet_7_YR_1957_s_1	0.0508407	0.00890177	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1957
F_fleet_7_YR_1958_s_1	0.0543866	0.00997575	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1958
F_fleet_7_YR_1959_s_1	0.0585106	0.0114029	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1959
F_fleet_7_YR_1960_s_1	0.0630274	0.0131811	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1960
F_fleet_7_YR_1961_s_1	0.0675675	0.0151982	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1961
F_fleet_7_YR_1962_s_1	0.0723983	0.0176204	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1962
F_fleet_7_YR_1963_s_1	0.0754769	0.0194516	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1963
F_fleet_7_YR_1964_s_1	0.080867	0.0228756	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1964
F_fleet_7_YR_1965_s_1	0.0903284	0.0286279	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1965
F_fleet_7_YR_1966_s_1	0.0952058	0.0316202	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1966
F_fleet_7_YR_1967_s_1	0.0964181	0.0327402	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1967
F_fleet_7_YR_1968_s_1	0.0956493	0.0328728	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1968
F_fleet_7_YR_1969_s_1	0.0953273	0.0332211	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1969
F_fleet_7_YR_1970_s_1	0.0953255	0.0337249	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1970
F_fleet_7_YR_1971_s_1	0.0999482	0.036291	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1971
F_fleet_7_YR_1972_s_1	0.117902	0.0471779	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1972
F_fleet_7_YR_1973_s_1	0.0240787	0.00369067	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1973
F_fleet_7_YR_1974_s_1	0.0310411	0.00437439	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1974
F_fleet_7_YR_1975_s_1	0.0395621	0.00560112	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1975
F_fleet_7_YR_1976_s_1	0.054426	0.00768063	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1976
F_fleet_7_YR_1977_s_1	0.0556448	0.00747211	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1977
F_fleet_7_YR_1978_s_1	0.0485806	0.00614606	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1978
F_fleet_7_YR_1979_s_1	0.0576398	0.00723178	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1979
F_fleet_7_YR_1980_s_1	0.0725892	0.00959285	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1980
F_fleet_7_YR_1981_s_1	0.0200269	0.0025938	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1981
F_fleet_7_YR_1982_s_1	0.0387198	0.00454951	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1982
F_fleet_7_YR_1983_s_1	0.0606689	0.00574036	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1983
F_fleet_7_YR_1984_s_1	0.0100888	0.000885152	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1984
F_fleet_7_YR_1985_s_1	0.0451599	0.00417213	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1985
F_fleet_7_YR_1986_s_1	0.0139888	0.00136442	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1986
F_fleet_7_YR_1987_s_1	0.0153213	0.00166963	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1987
F_fleet_7_YR_1988_s_1	0.0242964	0.0022511	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1988
F_fleet_7_YR_1989_s_1	0.0202467	0.00194158	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1989
F_fleet_7_YR_1990_s_1	0.0315214	0.00293081	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1990
F_fleet_7_YR_1991_s_1	0.0171155	0.00156443	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1991
F_fleet_7_YR_1992_s_1	0.0265491	0.00231319	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1992
F_fleet_7_YR_1993_s_1	0.0288732	0.00243847	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1993
F_fleet_7_YR_1994_s_1	0.030259	0.00267669	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1994
F_fleet_7_YR_1995_s_1	0.0327924	0.0031914	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1995
F_fleet_7_YR_1996_s_1	0.0319203	0.00283512	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1996
F_fleet_7_YR_1997_s_1	0.0507503	0.00484154	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1997
F_fleet_7_YR_1998_s_1	0.050868	0.00619032	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1998

F_fleet_7_YR_1999_s_1	0.0483521	0.0041621	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 1999
F_fleet_7_YR_2000_s_1	0.124801	0.0133379	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2000
F_fleet_7_YR_2001_s_1	0.109327	0.0119729	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2001
F_fleet_7_YR_2002_s_1	0.113879	0.0125727	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2002
F_fleet_7_YR_2003_s_1	0.10273	0.0117128	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2003
F_fleet_7_YR_2004_s_1	0.0907433	0.0109159	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2004
F_fleet_7_YR_2005_s_1	0.0502327	0.00622033	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2005
F_fleet_7_YR_2006_s_1	0.0369498	0.00451899	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2006
F_fleet_7_YR_2007_s_1	0.0384028	0.00469605	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2007
F_fleet_7_YR_2008_s_1	0.031042	0.00388511	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2008
F_fleet_7_YR_2009_s_1	0.03786	0.00467894	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2009
F_fleet_7_YR_2010_s_1	0.0177863	0.00222003	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2010
F_fleet_7_YR_2011_s_1	0.0463987	0.00608171	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat east in 2011
F_fleet_8_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1872
F_fleet_8_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1873
F_fleet_8_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1874
F_fleet_8_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1875
F_fleet_8_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1876
F_fleet_8_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1877
F_fleet_8_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1878
F_fleet_8_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1879
F_fleet_8_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1880
F_fleet_8_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1881
F_fleet_8_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1882
F_fleet_8_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1883
F_fleet_8_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1884
F_fleet_8_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1885
F_fleet_8_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1886
F_fleet_8_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1887
F_fleet_8_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1888
F_fleet_8_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1889
F_fleet_8_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1890
F_fleet_8_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1891
F_fleet_8_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1892
F_fleet_8_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1893
F_fleet_8_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1894
F_fleet_8_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1895
F_fleet_8_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1896
F_fleet_8_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1897
F_fleet_8_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1898
F_fleet_8_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1899
F_fleet_8_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1900
F_fleet_8_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1901

F_fleet_8_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1902
F_fleet_8_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1903
F_fleet_8_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1904
F_fleet_8_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1905
F_fleet_8_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1906
F_fleet_8_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1907
F_fleet_8_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1908
F_fleet_8_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1909
F_fleet_8_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1910
F_fleet_8_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1911
F_fleet_8_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1912
F_fleet_8_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1913
F_fleet_8_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1914
F_fleet_8_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1915
F_fleet_8_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1916
F_fleet_8_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1917
F_fleet_8_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1918
F_fleet_8_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1919
F_fleet_8_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1920
F_fleet_8_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1921
F_fleet_8_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1922
F_fleet_8_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1923
F_fleet_8_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1924
F_fleet_8_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1925
F_fleet_8_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1926
F_fleet_8_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1927
F_fleet_8_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1928
F_fleet_8_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1929
F_fleet_8_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1930
F_fleet_8_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1931
F_fleet_8_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1932
F_fleet_8_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1933
F_fleet_8_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1934
F_fleet_8_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1935
F_fleet_8_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1936
F_fleet_8_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1937
F_fleet_8_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1938
F_fleet_8_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1939
F_fleet_8_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1940
F_fleet_8_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1941
F_fleet_8_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1942
F_fleet_8_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1943
F_fleet_8_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F headboat west in 1944

F_fleet_8_YR_1945_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1945
F_fleet_8_YR_1946_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1946
F_fleet_8_YR_1947_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1947
F_fleet_8_YR_1948_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1948
F_fleet_8_YR_1949_s_1	0					F		Fixed	F headboat west in 1949
F_fleet_8_YR_1950_s_1	0.0496336	0.00806101		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1950
F_fleet_8_YR_1951_s_1	0.0526874	0.00874511		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1951
F_fleet_8_YR_1952_s_1	0.0550608	0.0092584		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1952
F_fleet_8_YR_1953_s_1	0.0570248	0.00965775		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1953
F_fleet_8_YR_1954_s_1	0.0585938	0.0099692		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1954
F_fleet_8_YR_1955_s_1	0.0604882	0.0103379		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1955
F_fleet_8_YR_1956_s_1	0.0621277	0.0107009		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1956
F_fleet_8_YR_1957_s_1	0.0640212	0.011117		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1957
F_fleet_8_YR_1958_s_1	0.0673427	0.0118704		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1958
F_fleet_8_YR_1959_s_1	0.0725226	0.0130667		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1959
F_fleet_8_YR_1960_s_1	0.0773074	0.0142798		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1960
F_fleet_8_YR_1961_s_1	0.0818344	0.0155487		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1961
F_fleet_8_YR_1962_s_1	0.0838629	0.0162744		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1962
F_fleet_8_YR_1963_s_1	0.0844033	0.016535		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1963
F_fleet_8_YR_1964_s_1	0.0859299	0.0170017		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1964
F_fleet_8_YR_1965_s_1	0.0865831	0.0174148		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1965
F_fleet_8_YR_1966_s_1	0.0864866	0.0176604		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1966
F_fleet_8_YR_1967_s_1	0.0894115	0.0189582		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1967
F_fleet_8_YR_1968_s_1	0.0993363	0.0225732		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1968
F_fleet_8_YR_1969_s_1	0.104223	0.0247303		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1969
F_fleet_8_YR_1970_s_1	0.115741	0.0286596		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1970
F_fleet_8_YR_1971_s_1	0.136923	0.0347937		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1971
F_fleet_8_YR_1972_s_1	0.170517	0.0432022		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1972
F_fleet_8_YR_1973_s_1	0.0450764	0.00539271		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1973
F_fleet_8_YR_1974_s_1	0.0433873	0.00463246		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1974
F_fleet_8_YR_1975_s_1	0.0665059	0.00793793		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1975
F_fleet_8_YR_1976_s_1	0.0794512	0.00974266		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1976
F_fleet_8_YR_1977_s_1	0.0796869	0.00959539		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1977
F_fleet_8_YR_1978_s_1	0.0765453	0.00899844		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1978
F_fleet_8_YR_1979_s_1	0.090433	0.0114949		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1979
F_fleet_8_YR_1980_s_1	0.0846563	0.0102296		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1980
F_fleet_8_YR_1981_s_1	0.0324899	0.00303303		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1981
F_fleet_8_YR_1982_s_1	0.0340965	0.00294431		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1982
F_fleet_8_YR_1983_s_1	0.0377426	0.0030661		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1983
F_fleet_8_YR_1984_s_1	0.0450259	0.00355274		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1984
F_fleet_8_YR_1985_s_1	0.135872	0.0125006		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1985
F_fleet_8_YR_1986_s_1	0.152769	0.014666		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1986
F_fleet_8_YR_1987_s_1	0.145369	0.0120159		0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1987

F_fleet_8_YR_1988_s_1	0.178479	0.0146351	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1988
F_fleet_8_YR_1989_s_1	0.175876	0.0145881	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1989
F_fleet_8_YR_1990_s_1	0.0856063	0.00682078	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1990
F_fleet_8_YR_1991_s_1	0.0781278	0.00577578	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1991
F_fleet_8_YR_1992_s_1	0.109954	0.00857925	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1992
F_fleet_8_YR_1993_s_1	0.115967	0.00873353	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1993
F_fleet_8_YR_1994_s_1	0.152942	0.0122312	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1994
F_fleet_8_YR_1995_s_1	0.135949	0.0113421	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1995
F_fleet_8_YR_1996_s_1	0.12823	0.0106625	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1996
F_fleet_8_YR_1997_s_1	0.130939	0.0107545	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1997
F_fleet_8_YR_1998_s_1	0.0962169	0.00815349	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1998
F_fleet_8_YR_1999_s_1	0.0461919	0.00390437	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 1999
F_fleet_8_YR_2000_s_1	0.0715032	0.00630034	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2000
F_fleet_8_YR_2001_s_1	0.0791278	0.00694735	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2001
F_fleet_8_YR_2002_s_1	0.0861818	0.00762029	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2002
F_fleet_8_YR_2003_s_1	0.0967965	0.00868523	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2003
F_fleet_8_YR_2004_s_1	0.0738177	0.00665272	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2004
F_fleet_8_YR_2005_s_1	0.0632664	0.00570275	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2005
F_fleet_8_YR_2006_s_1	0.0591471	0.00542891	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2006
F_fleet_8_YR_2007_s_1	0.0402914	0.00379066	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2007
F_fleet_8_YR_2008_s_1	0.0113184	0.00132058	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2008
F_fleet_8_YR_2009_s_1	0.0117782	0.00127041	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2009
F_fleet_8_YR_2010_s_1	0.00714551	0.000738564	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2010
F_fleet_8_YR_2011_s_1	0.00715393	0.000714625	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F headboat west in 2011
F_fleet_9_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1872
F_fleet_9_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1873
F_fleet_9_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1874
F_fleet_9_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1875
F_fleet_9_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1876
F_fleet_9_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1877
F_fleet_9_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1878
F_fleet_9_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1879
F_fleet_9_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1880
F_fleet_9_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1881

F_fleet_9_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1882
F_fleet_9_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1883
F_fleet_9_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1884
F_fleet_9_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1885
F_fleet_9_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1886
F_fleet_9_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1887
F_fleet_9_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1888
F_fleet_9_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1889
F_fleet_9_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1890
F_fleet_9_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1891
F_fleet_9_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1892
F_fleet_9_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1893
F_fleet_9_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1894
F_fleet_9_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1895
F_fleet_9_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1896
F_fleet_9_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1897
F_fleet_9_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1898
F_fleet_9_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1899
F_fleet_9_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1900
F_fleet_9_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1901
F_fleet_9_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1902
F_fleet_9_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1903

F_fleet_9_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1904
F_fleet_9_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1905
F_fleet_9_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1906
F_fleet_9_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1907
F_fleet_9_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1908
F_fleet_9_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1909
F_fleet_9_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1910
F_fleet_9_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1911
F_fleet_9_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1912
F_fleet_9_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1913
F_fleet_9_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1914
F_fleet_9_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1915
F_fleet_9_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1916
F_fleet_9_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1917
F_fleet_9_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1918
F_fleet_9_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1919
F_fleet_9_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1920
F_fleet_9_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1921
F_fleet_9_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1922
F_fleet_9_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1923
F_fleet_9_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1924
F_fleet_9_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1925

F_fleet_9_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1926
F_fleet_9_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1927
F_fleet_9_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1928
F_fleet_9_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1929
F_fleet_9_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1930
F_fleet_9_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1931
F_fleet_9_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1932
F_fleet_9_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1933
F_fleet_9_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1934
F_fleet_9_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1935
F_fleet_9_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1936
F_fleet_9_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1937
F_fleet_9_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1938
F_fleet_9_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1939
F_fleet_9_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1940
F_fleet_9_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1941
F_fleet_9_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1942
F_fleet_9_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1943
F_fleet_9_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1944
F_fleet_9_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1945
F_fleet_9_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1946
F_fleet_9_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1947

F_fleet_9_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1948
F_fleet_9_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1949
F_fleet_9_YR_1950_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1950
F_fleet_9_YR_1951_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1951
F_fleet_9_YR_1952_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1952
F_fleet_9_YR_1953_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1953
F_fleet_9_YR_1954_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1954
F_fleet_9_YR_1955_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1955
F_fleet_9_YR_1956_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1956
F_fleet_9_YR_1957_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1957
F_fleet_9_YR_1958_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1958
F_fleet_9_YR_1959_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1959
F_fleet_9_YR_1960_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1960
F_fleet_9_YR_1961_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1961
F_fleet_9_YR_1962_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1962
F_fleet_9_YR_1963_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1963
F_fleet_9_YR_1964_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1964
F_fleet_9_YR_1965_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1965
F_fleet_9_YR_1966_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1966
F_fleet_9_YR_1967_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1967
F_fleet_9_YR_1968_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1968
F_fleet_9_YR_1969_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1969

F_fleet_9_YR_1970_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1970
F_fleet_9_YR_1971_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1971
F_fleet_9_YR_1972_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1972
F_fleet_9_YR_1973_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1973
F_fleet_9_YR_1974_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1974
F_fleet_9_YR_1975_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1975
F_fleet_9_YR_1976_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1976
F_fleet_9_YR_1977_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1977
F_fleet_9_YR_1978_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1978
F_fleet_9_YR_1979_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1979
F_fleet_9_YR_1980_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1980
F_fleet_9_YR_1981_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1981
F_fleet_9_YR_1982_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1982
F_fleet_9_YR_1983_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1983
F_fleet_9_YR_1984_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1984
F_fleet_9_YR_1985_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1985
F_fleet_9_YR_1986_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1986
F_fleet_9_YR_1987_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1987
F_fleet_9_YR_1988_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1988
F_fleet_9_YR_1989_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1989
F_fleet_9_YR_1990_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season east in 1990
F_fleet_9_YR_1991_s_1	0.0607242	0.0306321	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1991

F_fleet_9_YR_1992_s_1	0.224643	0.129559	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1992
F_fleet_9_YR_1993_s_1	0.213114	0.142614	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1993
F_fleet_9_YR_1994_s_1	0.207542	0.102482	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1994
F_fleet_9_YR_1995_s_1	0.167754	0.0911398	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1995
F_fleet_9_YR_1996_s_1	0.25239	0.144721	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1996
F_fleet_9_YR_1997_s_1	0.132943	0.0650681	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1997
F_fleet_9_YR_1998_s_1	0.0895101	0.0373141	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1998
F_fleet_9_YR_1999_s_1	0.460397	0.283012	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 1999
F_fleet_9_YR_2000_s_1	0.0830179	0.0473893	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2000
F_fleet_9_YR_2001_s_1	0.0756199	0.0414702	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2001
F_fleet_9_YR_2002_s_1	0.0326116	0.0161846	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2002
F_fleet_9_YR_2003_s_1	0.081324	0.039802	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2003
F_fleet_9_YR_2004_s_1	0.0287766	0.0133259	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2004
F_fleet_9_YR_2005_s_1	0.0193537	0.00962896	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2005
F_fleet_9_YR_2006_s_1	0.0127799	0.00672379	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2006
F_fleet_9_YR_2007_s_1	0.0262227	0.0138526	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2007
F_fleet_9_YR_2008_s_1	0.0256563	0.0139802	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2008
F_fleet_9_YR_2009_s_1	0.0555329	0.0246365	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2009
F_fleet_9_YR_2010_s_1	0.00594167	0.00293629	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season east in 2010
F_fleet_9_YR_2011_s_1	0.0228247	0.010988	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2011
F_fleet_10_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1872
F_fleet_10_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1873

F_fleet_10_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1874
F_fleet_10_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1875
F_fleet_10_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1876
F_fleet_10_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1877
F_fleet_10_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1878
F_fleet_10_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1879
F_fleet_10_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1880
F_fleet_10_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1881
F_fleet_10_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1882
F_fleet_10_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1883
F_fleet_10_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1884
F_fleet_10_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1885
F_fleet_10_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1886
F_fleet_10_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1887
F_fleet_10_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1888
F_fleet_10_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1889
F_fleet_10_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1890
F_fleet_10_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1891
F_fleet_10_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1892
F_fleet_10_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1893
F_fleet_10_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1894
F_fleet_10_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1895

F_fleet_10_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1896
F_fleet_10_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1897
F_fleet_10_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1898
F_fleet_10_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1899
F_fleet_10_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1900
F_fleet_10_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1901
F_fleet_10_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1902
F_fleet_10_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1903
F_fleet_10_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1904
F_fleet_10_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1905
F_fleet_10_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1906
F_fleet_10_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1907
F_fleet_10_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1908
F_fleet_10_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1909
F_fleet_10_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1910
F_fleet_10_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1911
F_fleet_10_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1912
F_fleet_10_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1913
F_fleet_10_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1914
F_fleet_10_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1915
F_fleet_10_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1916
F_fleet_10_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1917

F_fleet_10_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1918
F_fleet_10_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1919
F_fleet_10_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1920
F_fleet_10_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1921
F_fleet_10_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1922
F_fleet_10_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1923
F_fleet_10_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1924
F_fleet_10_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1925
F_fleet_10_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1926
F_fleet_10_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1927
F_fleet_10_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1928
F_fleet_10_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1929
F_fleet_10_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1930
F_fleet_10_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1931
F_fleet_10_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1932
F_fleet_10_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1933
F_fleet_10_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1934
F_fleet_10_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1935
F_fleet_10_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1936
F_fleet_10_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1937
F_fleet_10_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1938
F_fleet_10_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1939

F_fleet_10_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1940
F_fleet_10_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1941
F_fleet_10_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1942
F_fleet_10_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1943
F_fleet_10_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1944
F_fleet_10_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1945
F_fleet_10_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1946
F_fleet_10_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1947
F_fleet_10_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1948
F_fleet_10_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1949
F_fleet_10_YR_1950_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1950
F_fleet_10_YR_1951_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1951
F_fleet_10_YR_1952_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1952
F_fleet_10_YR_1953_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1953
F_fleet_10_YR_1954_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1954
F_fleet_10_YR_1955_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1955
F_fleet_10_YR_1956_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1956
F_fleet_10_YR_1957_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1957
F_fleet_10_YR_1958_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1958
F_fleet_10_YR_1959_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1959
F_fleet_10_YR_1960_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1960
F_fleet_10_YR_1961_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1961

F_fleet_10_YR_1962_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1962
F_fleet_10_YR_1963_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1963
F_fleet_10_YR_1964_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1964
F_fleet_10_YR_1965_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1965
F_fleet_10_YR_1966_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1966
F_fleet_10_YR_1967_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1967
F_fleet_10_YR_1968_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1968
F_fleet_10_YR_1969_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1969
F_fleet_10_YR_1970_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1970
F_fleet_10_YR_1971_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1971
F_fleet_10_YR_1972_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1972
F_fleet_10_YR_1973_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1973
F_fleet_10_YR_1974_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1974
F_fleet_10_YR_1975_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1975
F_fleet_10_YR_1976_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1976
F_fleet_10_YR_1977_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1977
F_fleet_10_YR_1978_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1978
F_fleet_10_YR_1979_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1979
F_fleet_10_YR_1980_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1980
F_fleet_10_YR_1981_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1981
F_fleet_10_YR_1982_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1982
F_fleet_10_YR_1983_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1983

F_fleet_10_YR_1984_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1984
F_fleet_10_YR_1985_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1985
F_fleet_10_YR_1986_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1986
F_fleet_10_YR_1987_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1987
F_fleet_10_YR_1988_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1988
F_fleet_10_YR_1989_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1989
F_fleet_10_YR_1990_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 1990
F_fleet_10_YR_1991_s_1	0.0184555	0.0126238	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1991
F_fleet_10_YR_1992_s_1	0.0278383	0.0191143	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1992
F_fleet_10_YR_1993_s_1	0.0125299	0.00852902	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1993
F_fleet_10_YR_1994_s_1	0.00762057	0.00500744	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1994
F_fleet_10_YR_1995_s_1	0.00701696	0.00463129	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1995
F_fleet_10_YR_1996_s_1	0.00745539	0.00488509	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1996
F_fleet_10_YR_1997_s_1	0.0108958	0.0069635	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1997
F_fleet_10_YR_1998_s_1	0.012191	0.00867026	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1998
F_fleet_10_YR_1999_s_1	0.00970693	0.00648419	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 1999
F_fleet_10_YR_2000_s_1	0.0118631	0.00778083	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2000
F_fleet_10_YR_2001_s_1	0.00957567	0.00619984	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2001
F_fleet_10_YR_2002_s_1	0.0211646	0.0135838	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2002
F_fleet_10_YR_2003_s_1	0.00585278	0.00382239	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2003
F_fleet_10_YR_2004_s_1	0.00551622	0.00362741	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2004
F_fleet_10_YR_2005_s_1	0.0038969	0.00252769	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2005

F_fleet_10_YR_2006_s_1	0.00213703	0.00141606	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2006
F_fleet_10_YR_2007_s_1	0.00573385	0.00379642	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2007
F_fleet_10_YR_2008_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F commercial closed season west in 2008
F_fleet_10_YR_2009_s_1	2.06E-05	1.36E-05	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2009
F_fleet_10_YR_2010_s_1	0.000286255	0.000189585	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2010
F_fleet_10_YR_2011_s_1	0.000105252	6.94E-05	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F commercial closed season west in 2011
F_fleet_11_YR_1872_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1872
F_fleet_11_YR_1873_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1873
F_fleet_11_YR_1874_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1874
F_fleet_11_YR_1875_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1875
F_fleet_11_YR_1876_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1876
F_fleet_11_YR_1877_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1877
F_fleet_11_YR_1878_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1878
F_fleet_11_YR_1879_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1879
F_fleet_11_YR_1880_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1880
F_fleet_11_YR_1881_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1881
F_fleet_11_YR_1882_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1882
F_fleet_11_YR_1883_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1883
F_fleet_11_YR_1884_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1884
F_fleet_11_YR_1885_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1885
F_fleet_11_YR_1886_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1886
F_fleet_11_YR_1887_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1887

F_fleet_11_YR_1888_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1888
F_fleet_11_YR_1889_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1889
F_fleet_11_YR_1890_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1890
F_fleet_11_YR_1891_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1891
F_fleet_11_YR_1892_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1892
F_fleet_11_YR_1893_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1893
F_fleet_11_YR_1894_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1894
F_fleet_11_YR_1895_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1895
F_fleet_11_YR_1896_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1896
F_fleet_11_YR_1897_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1897
F_fleet_11_YR_1898_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1898
F_fleet_11_YR_1899_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1899
F_fleet_11_YR_1900_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1900
F_fleet_11_YR_1901_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1901
F_fleet_11_YR_1902_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1902
F_fleet_11_YR_1903_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1903
F_fleet_11_YR_1904_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1904
F_fleet_11_YR_1905_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1905
F_fleet_11_YR_1906_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1906
F_fleet_11_YR_1907_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1907
F_fleet_11_YR_1908_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1908
F_fleet_11_YR_1909_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1909

F_fleet_11_YR_1910_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1910
F_fleet_11_YR_1911_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1911
F_fleet_11_YR_1912_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1912
F_fleet_11_YR_1913_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1913
F_fleet_11_YR_1914_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1914
F_fleet_11_YR_1915_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1915
F_fleet_11_YR_1916_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1916
F_fleet_11_YR_1917_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1917
F_fleet_11_YR_1918_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1918
F_fleet_11_YR_1919_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1919
F_fleet_11_YR_1920_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1920
F_fleet_11_YR_1921_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1921
F_fleet_11_YR_1922_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1922
F_fleet_11_YR_1923_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1923
F_fleet_11_YR_1924_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1924
F_fleet_11_YR_1925_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1925
F_fleet_11_YR_1926_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1926
F_fleet_11_YR_1927_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1927
F_fleet_11_YR_1928_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1928
F_fleet_11_YR_1929_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1929
F_fleet_11_YR_1930_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1930
F_fleet_11_YR_1931_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1931

F_fleet_11_YR_1932_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1932
F_fleet_11_YR_1933_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1933
F_fleet_11_YR_1934_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1934
F_fleet_11_YR_1935_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1935
F_fleet_11_YR_1936_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1936
F_fleet_11_YR_1937_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1937
F_fleet_11_YR_1938_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1938
F_fleet_11_YR_1939_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1939
F_fleet_11_YR_1940_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1940
F_fleet_11_YR_1941_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1941
F_fleet_11_YR_1942_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1942
F_fleet_11_YR_1943_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1943
F_fleet_11_YR_1944_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1944
F_fleet_11_YR_1945_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1945
F_fleet_11_YR_1946_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1946
F_fleet_11_YR_1947_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1947
F_fleet_11_YR_1948_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1948
F_fleet_11_YR_1949_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1949
F_fleet_11_YR_1950_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1950
F_fleet_11_YR_1951_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1951
F_fleet_11_YR_1952_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1952
F_fleet_11_YR_1953_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1953

F_fleet_11_YR_1954_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1954
F_fleet_11_YR_1955_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1955
F_fleet_11_YR_1956_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1956
F_fleet_11_YR_1957_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1957
F_fleet_11_YR_1958_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1958
F_fleet_11_YR_1959_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1959
F_fleet_11_YR_1960_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1960
F_fleet_11_YR_1961_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1961
F_fleet_11_YR_1962_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1962
F_fleet_11_YR_1963_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1963
F_fleet_11_YR_1964_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1964
F_fleet_11_YR_1965_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1965
F_fleet_11_YR_1966_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1966
F_fleet_11_YR_1967_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1967
F_fleet_11_YR_1968_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1968
F_fleet_11_YR_1969_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1969
F_fleet_11_YR_1970_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1970
F_fleet_11_YR_1971_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1971
F_fleet_11_YR_1972_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1972
F_fleet_11_YR_1973_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1973
F_fleet_11_YR_1974_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1974
F_fleet_11_YR_1975_s_1	0	-	-	-	-	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1975

F_fleet_11_YR_1976_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1976
F_fleet_11_YR_1977_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1977
F_fleet_11_YR_1978_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1978
F_fleet_11_YR_1979_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1979
F_fleet_11_YR_1980_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1980
F_fleet_11_YR_1981_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1981
F_fleet_11_YR_1982_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1982
F_fleet_11_YR_1983_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1983
F_fleet_11_YR_1984_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1984
F_fleet_11_YR_1985_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1985
F_fleet_11_YR_1986_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1986
F_fleet_11_YR_1987_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1987
F_fleet_11_YR_1988_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1988
F_fleet_11_YR_1989_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1989
F_fleet_11_YR_1990_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1990
F_fleet_11_YR_1991_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1991
F_fleet_11_YR_1992_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1992
F_fleet_11_YR_1993_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1993
F_fleet_11_YR_1994_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1994
F_fleet_11_YR_1995_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1995
F_fleet_11_YR_1996_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season east in 1996
F_fleet_11_YR_1997_s_1	0.0118386	0.00593693	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 1997

F_fleet_11_YR_1998_s_1	0.0215035	0.010822	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 1998
F_fleet_11_YR_1999_s_1	0.0286167	0.014397	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 1999
F_fleet_11_YR_2000_s_1	0.0478899	0.0238077	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2000
F_fleet_11_YR_2001_s_1	0.0727143	0.0355795	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2001
F_fleet_11_YR_2002_s_1	0.0650237	0.0299075	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2002
F_fleet_11_YR_2003_s_1	0.0389422	0.0180082	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2003
F_fleet_11_YR_2004_s_1	0.024864	0.012057	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2004
F_fleet_11_YR_2005_s_1	0.0279337	0.0137886	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2005
F_fleet_11_YR_2006_s_1	0.0228108	0.0109746	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2006
F_fleet_11_YR_2007_s_1	0.019297	0.0089894	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2007
F_fleet_11_YR_2008_s_1	0.0409505	0.019693	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2008
F_fleet_11_YR_2009_s_1	0.0414767	0.0194658	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2009
F_fleet_11_YR_2010_s_1	0.0534085	0.0247073	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2010
F_fleet_11_YR_2011_s_1	0.0958887	0.0462341	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F recreational closed season east in 2011
F_fleet_12_YR_1872_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1872
F_fleet_12_YR_1873_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1873
F_fleet_12_YR_1874_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1874
F_fleet_12_YR_1875_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1875
F_fleet_12_YR_1876_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1876
F_fleet_12_YR_1877_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1877
F_fleet_12_YR_1878_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1878
F_fleet_12_YR_1879_s_1	0		_			F		Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1879

F_fleet_12_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1880
F_fleet_12_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1881
F_fleet_12_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1882
F_fleet_12_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1883
F_fleet_12_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1884
F_fleet_12_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1885
F_fleet_12_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1886
F_fleet_12_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1887
F_fleet_12_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1888
F_fleet_12_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1889
F_fleet_12_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1890
F_fleet_12_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1891
F_fleet_12_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1892
F_fleet_12_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1893
F_fleet_12_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1894
F_fleet_12_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1895
F_fleet_12_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1896
F_fleet_12_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1897
F_fleet_12_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1898
F_fleet_12_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1899
F_fleet_12_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1900
F_fleet_12_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1901

F_fleet_12_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1902
F_fleet_12_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1903
F_fleet_12_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1904
F_fleet_12_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1905
F_fleet_12_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1906
F_fleet_12_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1907
F_fleet_12_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1908
F_fleet_12_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1909
F_fleet_12_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1910
F_fleet_12_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1911
F_fleet_12_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1912
F_fleet_12_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1913
F_fleet_12_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1914
F_fleet_12_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1915
F_fleet_12_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1916
F_fleet_12_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1917
F_fleet_12_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1918
F_fleet_12_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1919
F_fleet_12_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1920
F_fleet_12_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1921
F_fleet_12_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1922
F_fleet_12_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1923

F_fleet_12_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1924
F_fleet_12_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1925
F_fleet_12_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1926
F_fleet_12_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1927
F_fleet_12_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1928
F_fleet_12_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1929
F_fleet_12_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1930
F_fleet_12_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1931
F_fleet_12_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1932
F_fleet_12_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1933
F_fleet_12_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1934
F_fleet_12_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1935
F_fleet_12_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1936
F_fleet_12_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1937
F_fleet_12_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1938
F_fleet_12_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1939
F_fleet_12_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1940
F_fleet_12_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1941
F_fleet_12_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1942
F_fleet_12_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1943
F_fleet_12_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1944
F_fleet_12_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1945

F_fleet_12_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1946
F_fleet_12_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1947
F_fleet_12_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1948
F_fleet_12_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1949
F_fleet_12_YR_1950_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1950
F_fleet_12_YR_1951_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1951
F_fleet_12_YR_1952_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1952
F_fleet_12_YR_1953_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1953
F_fleet_12_YR_1954_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1954
F_fleet_12_YR_1955_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1955
F_fleet_12_YR_1956_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1956
F_fleet_12_YR_1957_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1957
F_fleet_12_YR_1958_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1958
F_fleet_12_YR_1959_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1959
F_fleet_12_YR_1960_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1960
F_fleet_12_YR_1961_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1961
F_fleet_12_YR_1962_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1962
F_fleet_12_YR_1963_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1963
F_fleet_12_YR_1964_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1964
F_fleet_12_YR_1965_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1965
F_fleet_12_YR_1966_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1966
F_fleet_12_YR_1967_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1967

F_fleet_12_YR_1968_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1968
F_fleet_12_YR_1969_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1969
F_fleet_12_YR_1970_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1970
F_fleet_12_YR_1971_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1971
F_fleet_12_YR_1972_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1972
F_fleet_12_YR_1973_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1973
F_fleet_12_YR_1974_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1974
F_fleet_12_YR_1975_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1975
F_fleet_12_YR_1976_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1976
F_fleet_12_YR_1977_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1977
F_fleet_12_YR_1978_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1978
F_fleet_12_YR_1979_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1979
F_fleet_12_YR_1980_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1980
F_fleet_12_YR_1981_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1981
F_fleet_12_YR_1982_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1982
F_fleet_12_YR_1983_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1983
F_fleet_12_YR_1984_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1984
F_fleet_12_YR_1985_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1985
F_fleet_12_YR_1986_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1986
F_fleet_12_YR_1987_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1987
F_fleet_12_YR_1988_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1988
F_fleet_12_YR_1989_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1989

F_fleet_12_YR_1990_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1990
F_fleet_12_YR_1991_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1991
F_fleet_12_YR_1992_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1992
F_fleet_12_YR_1993_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1993
F_fleet_12_YR_1994_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1994
F_fleet_12_YR_1995_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1995
F_fleet_12_YR_1996_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F recreational closed season west in 1996
F_fleet_12_YR_1997_s_1	0.000389863	0.000195591	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 1997
F_fleet_12_YR_1998_s_1	0.00118893	0.000597032	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 1998
F_fleet_12_YR_1999_s_1	0.00316435	0.00158642	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 1999
F_fleet_12_YR_2000_s_1	0.0077284	0.00385458	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2000
F_fleet_12_YR_2001_s_1	0.00326796	0.00163806	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2001
F_fleet_12_YR_2002_s_1	0.0036202	0.00182596	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2002
F_fleet_12_YR_2003_s_1	0.00856113	0.00433566	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2003
F_fleet_12_YR_2004_s_1	0.00977434	0.00497036	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2004
F_fleet_12_YR_2005_s_1	0.00827604	0.00420481	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2005
F_fleet_12_YR_2006_s_1	0.00605634	0.00301001	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2006
F_fleet_12_YR_2007_s_1	0.00557238	0.00273489	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2007
F_fleet_12_YR_2008_s_1	0.00921406	0.00473676	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2008
F_fleet_12_YR_2009_s_1	0.00897238	0.00452384	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2009
F_fleet_12_YR_2010_s_1	0.00138887	0.000725147	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2010
F_fleet_12_YR_2011_s_1	0.00991861	0.00510062	_	0	8	F			Estimated	F recreational closed season west in 2011

F_fleet_13_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1872
F_fleet_13_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1873
F_fleet_13_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1874
F_fleet_13_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1875
F_fleet_13_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1876
F_fleet_13_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1877
F_fleet_13_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1878
F_fleet_13_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1879
F_fleet_13_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1880
F_fleet_13_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1881
F_fleet_13_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1882
F_fleet_13_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1883
F_fleet_13_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1884
F_fleet_13_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1885
F_fleet_13_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1886
F_fleet_13_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1887
F_fleet_13_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1888
F_fleet_13_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1889
F_fleet_13_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1890
F_fleet_13_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1891
F_fleet_13_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1892
F_fleet_13_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1893
F_fleet_13_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1894
F_fleet_13_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1895
F_fleet_13_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1896
F_fleet_13_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1897
F_fleet_13_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1898
F_fleet_13_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1899
F_fleet_13_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1900
F_fleet_13_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1901
F_fleet_13_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1902
F_fleet_13_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1903
F_fleet_13_YR_1904_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1904
F_fleet_13_YR_1905_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1905
F_fleet_13_YR_1906_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1906
F_fleet_13_YR_1907_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1907
F_fleet_13_YR_1908_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1908
F_fleet_13_YR_1909_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1909
F_fleet_13_YR_1910_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1910
F_fleet_13_YR_1911_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1911
F_fleet_13_YR_1912_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1912
F_fleet_13_YR_1913_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1913
F_fleet_13_YR_1914_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1914

F_fleet_13_YR_1915_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1915
F_fleet_13_YR_1916_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1916
F_fleet_13_YR_1917_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1917
F_fleet_13_YR_1918_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1918
F_fleet_13_YR_1919_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1919
F_fleet_13_YR_1920_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1920
F_fleet_13_YR_1921_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1921
F_fleet_13_YR_1922_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1922
F_fleet_13_YR_1923_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1923
F_fleet_13_YR_1924_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1924
F_fleet_13_YR_1925_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1925
F_fleet_13_YR_1926_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1926
F_fleet_13_YR_1927_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1927
F_fleet_13_YR_1928_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1928
F_fleet_13_YR_1929_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1929
F_fleet_13_YR_1930_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1930
F_fleet_13_YR_1931_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1931
F_fleet_13_YR_1932_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1932
F_fleet_13_YR_1933_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1933
F_fleet_13_YR_1934_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1934
F_fleet_13_YR_1935_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1935
F_fleet_13_YR_1936_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1936
F_fleet_13_YR_1937_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1937
F_fleet_13_YR_1938_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1938
F_fleet_13_YR_1939_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1939
F_fleet_13_YR_1940_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1940
F_fleet_13_YR_1941_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1941
F_fleet_13_YR_1942_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1942
F_fleet_13_YR_1943_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1943
F_fleet_13_YR_1944_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1944
F_fleet_13_YR_1945_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1945
F_fleet_13_YR_1946_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1946
F_fleet_13_YR_1947_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1947
F_fleet_13_YR_1948_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1948
F_fleet_13_YR_1949_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch east in 1949
F_fleet_13_YR_1950_s_1	0.00585261	0.00096626	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1950
F_fleet_13_YR_1951_s_1	0.0100827	0.00166443	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1951
F_fleet_13_YR_1952_s_1	0.0119138	0.00196663	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1952
F_fleet_13_YR_1953_s_1	0.0131593	0.00217217	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1953
F_fleet_13_YR_1954_s_1	0.0168716	0.00278479	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1954
F_fleet_13_YR_1955_s_1	0.0199269	0.00328899	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1955
F_fleet_13_YR_1956_s_1	0.0252378	0.00416535	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1956
F_fleet_13_YR_1957_s_1	0.0276338	0.00456073	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1957

F_fleet_13_YR_1958_s_1	0.0292328	0.0048246	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1958
F_fleet_13_YR_1959_s_1	0.0317237	0.00523564	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1959
F_fleet_13_YR_1960_s_1	0.0311387	0.00513919	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1960
F_fleet_13_YR_1961_s_1	0.022591	0.00372884	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1961
F_fleet_13_YR_1962_s_1	0.0215648	0.00355951	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1962
F_fleet_13_YR_1963_s_1	0.0241982	0.0039941	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1963
F_fleet_13_YR_1964_s_1	0.0287282	0.00474157	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1964
F_fleet_13_YR_1965_s_1	0.0311602	0.00514274	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1965
F_fleet_13_YR_1966_s_1	0.0291862	0.00481689	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1966
F_fleet_13_YR_1967_s_1	0.0277004	0.00457162	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1967
F_fleet_13_YR_1968_s_1	0.03263	0.00538472	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1968
F_fleet_13_YR_1969_s_1	0.0318249	0.0052518	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1969
F_fleet_13_YR_1970_s_1	0.0313601	0.00517507	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1970
F_fleet_13_YR_1971_s_1	0.0270212	0.00445945	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1971
F_fleet_13_YR_1972_s_1	0.0291721	0.00443101	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1972
F_fleet_13_YR_1973_s_1	0.0321615	0.00525882	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1973
F_fleet_13_YR_1974_s_1	0.0310831	0.00508307	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1974
F_fleet_13_YR_1975_s_1	0.0310105	0.00507751	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1975
F_fleet_13_YR_1976_s_1	0.0287563	0.00470387	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1976
F_fleet_13_YR_1977_s_1	0.0340817	0.00555505	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1977
F_fleet_13_YR_1978_s_1	0.0263515	0.00432882	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1978
F_fleet_13_YR_1979_s_1	0.0271361	0.00446173	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1979
F_fleet_13_YR_1980_s_1	0.0166061	0.00272742	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1980
F_fleet_13_YR_1981_s_1	0.0260874	0.00423894	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1981
F_fleet_13_YR_1982_s_1	0.026067	0.00424572	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1982
F_fleet_13_YR_1983_s_1	0.0284807	0.00468238	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1983
F_fleet_13_YR_1984_s_1	0.0335004	0.00552672	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1984
F_fleet_13_YR_1985_s_1	0.0323871	0.00535328	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1985
F_fleet_13_YR_1986_s_1	0.0334069	0.00547674	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1986
F_fleet_13_YR_1987_s_1	0.0271225	0.00447582	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1987
F_fleet_13_YR_1988_s_1	0.0255454	0.00420224	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1988
F_fleet_13_YR_1989_s_1	0.0312837	0.00514642	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1989
F_fleet_13_YR_1990_s_1	0.0272098	0.00446657	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1990
F_fleet_13_YR_1991_s_1	0.0280744	0.00460203	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1991
F_fleet_13_YR_1992_s_1	0.0338982	0.00555229	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1992
F_fleet_13_YR_1993_s_1	0.028023	0.00458871	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1993
F_fleet_13_YR_1994_s_1	0.0285486	0.00463611	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1994
F_fleet_13_YR_1995_s_1	0.0340053	0.00546528	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1995
F_fleet_13_YR_1996_s_1	0.0383327	0.00619087	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1996
F_fleet_13_YR_1997_s_1	0.0408137	0.00662477	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1997
F_fleet_13_YR_1998_s_1	0.0509582	0.00823103	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1998
F_fleet_13_YR_1999_s_1	0.0312608	0.0049972	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 1999
F_fleet_13_YR_2000_s_1	0.0267213	0.00428625	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2000

F_fleet_13_YR_2001_s_1	0.0300706	0.0048376	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2001
F_fleet_13_YR_2002_s_1	0.0361128	0.00577375	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2002
F_fleet_13_YR_2003_s_1	0.0299893	0.00478715	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2003
F_fleet_13_YR_2004_s_1	0.0297763	0.00471703	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2004
F_fleet_13_YR_2005_s_1	0.0247297	0.00392135	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2005
F_fleet_13_YR_2006_s_1	0.0163912	0.00266664	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2006
F_fleet_13_YR_2007_s_1	0.0123053	0.00201615	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2007
F_fleet_13_YR_2008_s_1	0.00799546	0.00131364	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2008
F_fleet_13_YR_2009_s_1	0.0124558	0.00206099	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2009
F_fleet_13_YR_2010_s_1	0.00775735	0.00128155	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2010
F_fleet_13_YR_2011_s_1	0.00964833	0.00159266	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch east in 2011
F_fleet_14_YR_1872_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1872
F_fleet_14_YR_1873_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1873
F_fleet_14_YR_1874_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1874
F_fleet_14_YR_1875_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1875
F_fleet_14_YR_1876_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1876
F_fleet_14_YR_1877_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1877
F_fleet_14_YR_1878_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1878
F_fleet_14_YR_1879_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1879
F_fleet_14_YR_1880_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1880
F_fleet_14_YR_1881_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1881
F_fleet_14_YR_1882_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1882
F_fleet_14_YR_1883_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1883
F_fleet_14_YR_1884_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1884
F_fleet_14_YR_1885_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1885
F_fleet_14_YR_1886_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1886
F_fleet_14_YR_1887_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1887
F_fleet_14_YR_1888_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1888
F_fleet_14_YR_1889_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1889
F_fleet_14_YR_1890_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1890
F_fleet_14_YR_1891_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1891
F_fleet_14_YR_1892_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1892
F_fleet_14_YR_1893_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1893
F_fleet_14_YR_1894_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1894
F_fleet_14_YR_1895_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1895
F_fleet_14_YR_1896_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1896
F_fleet_14_YR_1897_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1897
F_fleet_14_YR_1898_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1898
F_fleet_14_YR_1899_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1899
F_fleet_14_YR_1900_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1900
F_fleet_14_YR_1901_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1901
F_fleet_14_YR_1902_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1902
F_fleet_14_YR_1903_s_1	0	_	_	_	_	F		Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1903

F_fleet_14_YR_1904_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1904
F_fleet_14_YR_1905_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1905
F_fleet_14_YR_1906_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1906
F_fleet_14_YR_1907_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1907
F_fleet_14_YR_1908_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1908
F_fleet_14_YR_1909_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1909
F_fleet_14_YR_1910_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1910
F_fleet_14_YR_1911_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1911
F_fleet_14_YR_1912_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1912
F_fleet_14_YR_1913_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1913
F_fleet_14_YR_1914_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1914
F_fleet_14_YR_1915_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1915
F_fleet_14_YR_1916_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1916
F_fleet_14_YR_1917_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1917
F_fleet_14_YR_1918_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1918
F_fleet_14_YR_1919_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1919
F_fleet_14_YR_1920_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1920
F_fleet_14_YR_1921_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1921
F_fleet_14_YR_1922_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1922
F_fleet_14_YR_1923_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1923
F_fleet_14_YR_1924_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1924
F_fleet_14_YR_1925_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1925
F_fleet_14_YR_1926_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1926
F_fleet_14_YR_1927_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1927
F_fleet_14_YR_1928_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1928
F_fleet_14_YR_1929_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1929
F_fleet_14_YR_1930_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1930
F_fleet_14_YR_1931_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1931
F_fleet_14_YR_1932_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1932
F_fleet_14_YR_1933_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1933
F_fleet_14_YR_1934_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1934
F_fleet_14_YR_1935_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1935
F_fleet_14_YR_1936_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1936
F_fleet_14_YR_1937_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1937
F_fleet_14_YR_1938_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1938
F_fleet_14_YR_1939_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1939
F_fleet_14_YR_1940_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1940
F_fleet_14_YR_1941_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1941
F_fleet_14_YR_1942_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1942
F_fleet_14_YR_1943_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1943
F_fleet_14_YR_1944_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1944
F_fleet_14_YR_1945_s_1	0					F			Fixed	F shrimp bycatch west in 1945
F_fleet_14_YR_1946_s_1	0.00219895	0.00033466			0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1946

F_fleet_14_YR_1947_s_1	0.0112264	0.0017083	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1947
F_fleet_14_YR_1948_s_1	0.0295238	0.00449444	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1948
F_fleet_14_YR_1949_s_1	0.0477381	0.00727108	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1949
F_fleet_14_YR_1950_s_1	0.0576826	0.00878868	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1950
F_fleet_14_YR_1951_s_1	0.0606681	0.00924516	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1951
F_fleet_14_YR_1952_s_1	0.0716459	0.0109223	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1952
F_fleet_14_YR_1953_s_1	0.0698687	0.0106515	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1953
F_fleet_14_YR_1954_s_1	0.0922549	0.0140737	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1954
F_fleet_14_YR_1955_s_1	0.0760844	0.0116014	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1955
F_fleet_14_YR_1956_s_1	0.0993525	0.0151583	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1956
F_fleet_14_YR_1957_s_1	0.124668	0.019031	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1957
F_fleet_14_YR_1958_s_1	0.192688	0.0294525	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1958
F_fleet_14_YR_1959_s_1	0.20595	0.0314832	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1959
F_fleet_14_YR_1960_s_1	0.210865	0.0322347	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1960
F_fleet_14_YR_1961_s_1	0.168061	0.0256705	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1961
F_fleet_14_YR_1962_s_1	0.16343	0.024959	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1962
F_fleet_14_YR_1963_s_1	0.189673	0.028976	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1963
F_fleet_14_YR_1964_s_1	0.17289	0.0263982	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1964
F_fleet_14_YR_1965_s_1	0.19821	0.0302677	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1965
F_fleet_14_YR_1966_s_1	0.207736	0.031719	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1966
F_fleet_14_YR_1967_s_1	0.261749	0.039984	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1967
F_fleet_14_YR_1968_s_1	0.227134	0.0346826	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1968
F_fleet_14_YR_1969_s_1	0.304066	0.0464773	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1969
F_fleet_14_YR_1970_s_1	0.275134	0.0420967	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1970
F_fleet_14_YR_1971_s_1	0.289027	0.0443627	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1971
F_fleet_14_YR_1972_s_1	0.334512	0.0486792	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1972
F_fleet_14_YR_1973_s_1	0.253652	0.0384071	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1973
F_fleet_14_YR_1974_s_1	0.250261	0.0383377	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1974
F_fleet_14_YR_1975_s_1	0.235893	0.0359944	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1975
F_fleet_14_YR_1976_s_1	0.27575	0.0420975	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1976
F_fleet_14_YR_1977_s_1	0.235972	0.0360742	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1977
F_fleet_14_YR_1978_s_1	0.275894	0.0421916	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1978
F_fleet_14_YR_1979_s_1	0.286852	0.043568	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1979
F_fleet_14_YR_1980_s_1	0.175422	0.0266709	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1980
F_fleet_14_YR_1981_s_1	0.268353	0.0403851	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1981
F_fleet_14_YR_1982_s_1	0.276155	0.0417997	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1982
F_fleet_14_YR_1983_s_1	0.216069	0.0323351	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1983
F_fleet_14_YR_1984_s_1	0.280146	0.0424542	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1984
F_fleet_14_YR_1985_s_1	0.258428	0.0375839	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1985
F_fleet_14_YR_1986_s_1	0.352013	0.0504212	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1986
F_fleet_14_YR_1987_s_1	0.32811	0.044648	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1987
F_fleet_14_YR_1988_s_1	0.313088	0.0422966	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1988
F_fleet_14_YR_1989_s_1	0.292771	0.0399597	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1989

F_fleet_14_YR_1990_s_1	0.308627	0.0445782	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1990
F_fleet_14_YR_1991_s_1	0.35932	0.0495529	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1991
F_fleet_14_YR_1992_s_1	0.311286	0.0397454	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1992
F_fleet_14_YR_1993_s_1	0.308667	0.0393875	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1993
F_fleet_14_YR_1994_s_1	0.297243	0.0418857	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1994
F_fleet_14_YR_1995_s_1	0.29651	0.0455252	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1995
F_fleet_14_YR_1996_s_1	0.299027	0.0451677	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1996
F_fleet_14_YR_1997_s_1	0.399789	0.0621568	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1997
F_fleet_14_YR_1998_s_1	0.362208	0.0573582	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1998
F_fleet_14_YR_1999_s_1	0.35982	0.0586187	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 1999
F_fleet_14_YR_2000_s_1	0.418011	0.0698564	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2000
F_fleet_14_YR_2001_s_1	0.381916	0.058099	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2001
F_fleet_14_YR_2002_s_1	0.427742	0.0621231	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2002
F_fleet_14_YR_2003_s_1	0.308466	0.0429413	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2003
F_fleet_14_YR_2004_s_1	0.254003	0.0334712	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2004
F_fleet_14_YR_2005_s_1	0.198331	0.0276646	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2005
F_fleet_14_YR_2006_s_1	0.171226	0.0263119	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2006
F_fleet_14_YR_2007_s_1	0.134545	0.0204505	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2007
F_fleet_14_YR_2008_s_1	0.0930089	0.0138772	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2008
F_fleet_14_YR_2009_s_1	0.123136	0.0196628	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2009
F_fleet_14_YR_2010_s_1	0.113542	0.0174499	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2010
F_fleet_14_YR_2011_s_1	0.135763	0.020448	_	0	8	F		Estimated	F shrimp bycatch west in 2011
LnQ_base_13_Shr_E	3.63462	0.107832	1	-10	20	No_prior		Estimated	catchability coefficient for the shrimp effort index in east
LnQ_base_14_Shr_W	1.49402	0.0866804	1	-10	20	No_prior		Estimated	catchability coefficient for the shrimp effort index in west
Retain_1P_1_HL_E	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: handline east
Retain_1P_2_HL_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: handline east
Retain_1P_3_HL_E	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: handline east
Retain_1P_4_HL_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: handline east
DiscMort_1P_1_HL_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: handline east
DiscMort_1P_2_HL_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: handline east
DiscMort_1P_3_HL_E	0.75	_	0.75	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: handline east
DiscMort_1P_4_HL_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: handline east
Retain_2P_1_HL_W	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: handline west

Retain_2P_2_HL_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: handline west
Retain_2P_3_HL_W	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: handline west
Retain_2P_4_HL_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: handline west
DiscMort_2P_1_HL_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: handline west
DiscMort_2P_2_HL_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: handline west
DiscMort_2P_3_HL_W	0.78	_	0.78	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: handline west
DiscMort_2P_4_HL_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: handline west
Retain_3P_1_LL_E	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: longline east
Retain_3P_2_LL_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: longline east
Retain_3P_3_LL_E	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: longline east
Retain_3P_4_LL_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: longline east
DiscMort_3P_1_LL_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: longline east
DiscMort_3P_2_LL_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: longline east
DiscMort_3P_3_LL_E	0.81	_	0.81	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: longline east
DiscMort_3P_4_LL_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: longline east
Retain_4P_1_LL_W	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: longline west
Retain_4P_2_LL_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: longline west
Retain_4P_3_LL_W	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: longline west
Retain_4P_4_LL_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: longline west
DiscMort_4P_1_LL_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: longline west
DiscMort_4P_2_LL_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: longline west
DiscMort_4P_3_LL_W	0.91	_	0.91	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: longline west

DiscMort_4P_4_LL_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: longline west
Retain_5P_1_MRIP_E	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: charter/for hire east
Retain_5P_2_MRIP_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: charter/for hire east
Retain_5P_3_MRIP_E	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: charter/for hire east
Retain_5P_4_MRIP_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: charter/for hire east
DiscMort_5P_1_MRIP_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: charter/for hire east
DiscMort_5P_2_MRIP_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: charter/for hire east
DiscMort_5P_3_MRIP_E	0.21	_	0.21	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: charter/for hire east
DiscMort_5P_4_MRIP_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: charter/for hire east
Retain_6P_1_MRIP_W	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: charter/for hire west
Retain_6P_2_MRIP_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: charter/for hire west
Retain_6P_3_MRIP_W	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: charter/for hire west
Retain_6P_4_MRIP_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: charter/for hire west
DiscMort_6P_1_MRIP_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: charter/for hire west
DiscMort_6P_2_MRIP_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: charter/for hire west
DiscMort_6P_3_MRIP_W	0.22	_	0.22	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: charter/for hire west
DiscMort_6P_4_MRIP_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: charter/for hire west
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: headboat east
Retain_7P_2_HBT_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: headboat east

Retain_7P_3_HBT_E	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: headboat east
Retain_7P_4_HBT_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: headboat east
DiscMort_7P_1_HBT_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: headboat east
DiscMort_7P_2_HBT_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: headboat east
DiscMort_7P_3_HBT_E	0.21	_	0.21	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: headboat east
DiscMort_7P_4_HBT_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: headboat east
Retain_8P_1_HBT_W	15.24	_	15.24	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: headboat west
Retain_8P_2_HBT_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: headboat west
Retain_8P_3_HBT_W	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: headboat west
Retain_8P_4_HBT_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: headboat west
DiscMort_8P_1_HBT_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: headboat west
DiscMort_8P_2_HBT_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: headboat west
DiscMort_8P_3_HBT_W	0.22	_	0.22	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west
DiscMort_8P_4_HBT_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: headboat west
Retain_9P_1_C_Clsd_E	10	_	10	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: commercial closed season east
Retain_9P_2_C_Clsd_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: commercial closed season east
Retain_9P_3_C_Clsd_E	0	_	0	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: commercial closed season east
Retain_9P_4_C_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: commercial closed season east
DiscMort_9P_1_C_Clsd_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: commercial closed season east
DiscMort_9P_2_C_Clsd_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: commercial closed season east

DiscMort_9P_3_C_Clsd_E	0.74	_	0.74	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: commercial closed season east
DiscMort_9P_4_C_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: commercial closed season east
Retain_10P_1_C_Clsd_W	10	_	10	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: commercial closed season west
Retain_10P_2_C_Clsd_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: commercial closed season west
Retain_10P_3_C_Clsd_W	0	_	0	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: commercial closed season west
Retain_10P_4_C_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: commercial closed season west
DiscMort_10P_1_C_Clsd_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: commercial closed season west
DiscMort_10P_2_C_Clsd_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: commercial closed season west
DiscMort_10P_3_C_Clsd_W	0.87	_	0.87	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: commercial closed season west
DiscMort_10P_4_C_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: commercial closed season west
Retain_11P_1_R_Clsd_E	10	_	10	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	retention function inflection point: recreational closed season east
Retain_11P_2_R_Clsd_E	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	retention function slope: recreational closed season east
Retain_11P_3_R_Clsd_E	0	_	0	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	retention function asymptote: recreational closed season east
Retain_11P_4_R_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	retention function gender param: recreational closed season east
DiscMort_11P_1_R_Clsd_E	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: recreational closed season east
DiscMort_11P_2_R_Clsd_E	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function slope: recreational closed season east
DiscMort_11P_3_R_Clsd_E	0.21	_	0.21	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: recreational closed

										season east
DiscMort_11P_4_R_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: recreational closed season east
Retain_12P_1_R_Clsd_W	10	_	10	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	retention function inflection point: recreational closed season west
Retain_12P_2_R_Clsd_W	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	retention function slope: recreational closed season west
Retain_12P_3_R_Clsd_W	0	_	0	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	retention function asymptote: recreational closed season west
Retain_12P_4_R_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	retention function gender param: recreational closed season west
DiscMort_12P_1_R_Clsd_W	-5	_	-5	-10	10	No_prior			Fixed	discard mortality function inflection point: recreational closed season west
DiscMort_12P_2_R_Clsd_W	1	_	1	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	discard mortality function slope: recreational closed season west
DiscMort_12P_3_R_Clsd_W	0.22	_	0.22	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	discard mortality function asymptote: recreational closed season west
DiscMort_12P_4_R_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	discard mortality function gender param: recreational closed season west
AgeSel_1P_1_HL_E	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_2_HL_E	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_3_HL_E	1	1.99E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_4_HL_E	0.543361	0.0613635	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_5_HL_E	0.0960119	0.0592435	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_6_HL_E	-0.0871693	0.0879676	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_7_HL_E	-0.350256	0.127831	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_8_HL_E	-0.300772	0.188091	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_9_HL_E	-0.823869	0.314101	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: handline east

AgeSel_1P_10_HL_E	-0.530573	0.341458	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_11_HL_E	-0.999236	0.0529937	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_12_HL_E	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_13_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_14_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_15_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_16_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_17_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_18_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_19_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_20_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_1P_21_HL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: handline east
AgeSel_2P_1_HL_W	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_2_HL_W	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_3_HL_W	1	5.59E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_4_HL_W	0.999936	0.00528502	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_5_HL_W	0.0446502	0.0504074	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_6_HL_W	-0.352663	0.0654265	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_7_HL_W	-0.534541	0.0949369	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_8_HL_W	-0.489301	0.139028	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_9_HL_W	-0.807097	0.173301	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_10_HL_W	-0.999931	0.00462777	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: handline west

AgeSel_2P_11_HL_W	-0.999975	0.00305152	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_12_HL_W	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_13_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_14_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_15_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_16_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_17_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_18_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_19_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_20_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_2P_21_HL_W	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: handline west
AgeSel_3P_1_LL_E	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_2_LL_E	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_3_LL_E	0.113351	0.17104	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_4_LL_E	0.999912	0.00593842	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_5_LL_E	1	6.90E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_6_LL_E	0.665686	0.089297	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_7_LL_E	0.122202	0.0986968	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_8_LL_E	-0.524416	0.135892	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_9_LL_E	-0.632861	0.216846	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_10_LL_E	-0.234189	0.290326	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_11_LL_E	-0.846953	0.272084	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: longline east

AgeSel_3P_12_LL_E	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_13_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_14_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_15_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_16_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_17_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_18_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_19_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_20_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_3P_21_LL_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: longline east
AgeSel_4P_1_LL_W	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_2_LL_W	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_3_LL_W	0.99987	0.00731612	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_4_LL_W	0.674579	0.166743	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_5_LL_W	0.532203	0.137479	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_6_LL_W	0.780619	0.115079	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_7_LL_W	0.130948	0.104984	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_8_LL_W	0.242926	0.106378	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_9_LL_W	0.108017	0.106576	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_10_LL_W	-0.296366	0.118945	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_11_LL_W	-0.276121	0.103016	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_12_LL_W	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: longline west

AgeSel_4P_13_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_14_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_15_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_16_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_17_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_18_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_19_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_20_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_4P_21_LL_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: longline west
AgeSel_5P_1_MRIP_E	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_2_MRIP_E	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_3_MRIP_E	1	1.54E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_4_MRIP_E	-0.12259	0.0474221	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_5_MRIP_E	-0.352851	0.0550106	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_6_MRIP_E	-0.566584	0.100657	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_7_MRIP_E	-0.549516	0.166571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_8_MRIP_E	-0.566939	0.219007	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_9_MRIP_E	-0.999906	0.00608141	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_10_MRIP_E	-0.999932	0.00541889	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_11_MRIP_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_12_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_13_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east

AgeSel_5P_14_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_15_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_16_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_17_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_18_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_19_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_20_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_5P_21_MRIP_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east
AgeSel_6P_1_MRIP_W	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_2_MRIP_W	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_3_MRIP_W	1	1.70E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_4_MRIP_W	-0.411827	0.060717	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_5_MRIP_W	-0.755365	0.0650165	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_6_MRIP_W	-0.75844	0.108715	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_7_MRIP_W	-0.419745	0.164081	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_8_MRIP_W	-0.593414	0.19157	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_9_MRIP_W	-0.999471	0.0207485	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_10_MRIP_W	-0.999965	0.00449514	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_11_MRIP_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_12_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_13_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_14_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west

AgeSel_6P_15_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_16_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_17_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_18_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_19_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_20_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_6P_21_MRIP_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west
AgeSel_7P_1_HBT_E	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_2_HBT_E	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_3_HBT_E	1	1.19E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_4_HBT_E	0.465736	0.0560667	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_5_HBT_E	-0.46735	0.0630827	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_6_HBT_E	-0.776352	0.12185	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_7_HBT_E	-0.813035	0.23978	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_8_HBT_E	-0.5539	0.340327	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_9_HBT_E	-0.998202	0.0595537	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_10_HBT_E	-0.99961	0.0154368	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_11_HBT_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_12_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_13_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_14_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_15_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: headboat east

AgeSel_7P_16_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_17_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_18_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_19_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_20_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_7P_21_HBT_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: headboat east
AgeSel_8P_1_HBT_W	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_2_HBT_W	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_3_HBT_W	1	7.62E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_4_HBT_W	-0.217663	0.062671	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_5_HBT_W	-0.630776	0.0607678	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_6_HBT_W	-0.694752	0.093233	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_7_HBT_W	-0.475739	0.140687	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_8_HBT_W	-0.698763	0.173562	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_9_HBT_W	-0.99931	0.0242857	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_10_HBT_W	-0.999878	0.00691998	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_11_HBT_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_12_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_13_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_14_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_15_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_16_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: headboat west

AgeSel_8P_17_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_18_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_19_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_20_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_8P_21_HBT_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: headboat west
AgeSel_9P_1_C_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_2_C_Clsd_E	0.999974	0.00410778	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_3_C_Clsd_E	1	6.91E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_4_C_Clsd_E	1	6.92E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_5_C_Clsd_E	0.765071	0.0885048	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_6_C_Clsd_E	-0.215691	0.103738	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_7_C_Clsd_E	-0.441015	0.147885	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_8_C_Clsd_E	-0.634294	0.229995	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_9_C_Clsd_E	-0.600937	0.397522	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_10_C_Clsd_E	-0.474065	0.635758	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_11_C_Clsd_E	-0.70737	0.70644	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_12_C_Clsd_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_13_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_14_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_15_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_16_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_17_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east

AgeSel_9P_18_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_19_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_20_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_9P_21_C_Clsd_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season east
AgeSel_10P_1_C_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_2_C_Clsd_W	0.998667	0.0453961	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_3_C_Clsd_W	1	0.000358127	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_4_C_Clsd_W	1	6.89E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_5_C_Clsd_W	0.984707	0.201008	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_6_C_Clsd_W	-0.0228919	0.226387	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_7_C_Clsd_W	-0.111809	0.268572	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_8_C_Clsd_W	-0.0180057	0.334885	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_9_C_Clsd_W	0.108348	0.434606	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_10_C_Clsd_W	0.161171	0.546352	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_11_C_Clsd_W	-0.673356	0.46831	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 10 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_12_C_Clsd_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_13_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_14_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_15_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_16_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_17_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_18_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west

AgeSel_10P_19_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_20_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_10P_21_C_Clsd_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: commercial closed season west
AgeSel_13P_1_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_2_Shr_E	-3.32043	0.0500899	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_3_Shr_E	-1.29713	0.15144	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_4_Shr_E	-15.1764	292.117	-20	-30	0	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_5_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_6_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_7_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_8_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_9_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_10_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_11_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_12_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_13_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_14_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_15_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_16_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_17_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_18_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_19_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east

AgeSel_13P_20_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_13P_21_Shr_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch east
AgeSel_14P_1_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_2_Shr_W	-2.72043	0.043767	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_3_Shr_W	-1.53246	0.14477	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_4_Shr_W	-14.8535	335.577	-20	-30	0	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_5_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_6_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_7_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_8_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_9_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_10_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_11_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_12_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_13_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_14_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_15_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_16_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_17_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_18_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_19_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_14P_20_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west

AgeSel_14P_21_Shr_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: shrimp bycatch west
AgeSel_15P_1_Video_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_2_Video_E	0.999651	0.0142041	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_3_Video_E	1	2.56E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_4_Video_E	1	0.000327731	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_5_Video_E	0.232265	0.158787	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_6_Video_E	-0.284238	0.191135	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_7_Video_E	-0.462274	0.264594	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_8_Video_E	-0.602096	0.405285	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_9_Video_E	-0.544028	0.668815	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_10_Video_E	-0.0733812	0.721838	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_11_Video_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_12_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_13_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_14_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_15_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_16_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_17_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_18_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_19_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_20_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east
AgeSel_15P_21_Video_E	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey east

AgeSel_16P_1_Video_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_2_Video_W	0.99989	0.00664747	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_3_Video_W	1	3.95E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_4_Video_W	0.544662	0.191888	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_5_Video_W	-0.525528	0.269726	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_6_Video_W	-0.413745	0.376563	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_7_Video_W	-0.36468	0.532217	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_8_Video_W	-0.251229	0.747811	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_9_Video_W	0.145093	0.974873	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_10_Video_W	-0.784928	0.877729	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_11_Video_W	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_12_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_13_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_14_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_15_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_16_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_17_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_18_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_19_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_20_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_16P_21_Video_W	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP video survey west
AgeSel_19P_1_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish

										east
AgeSel_19P_2_Sum_E	1.21886	0.125492	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior			Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_3_Sum_E	-0.210476	0.0667305	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior			Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_4_Sum_E	-15.8568	193.703	-10	-30	0	No_prior			Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_5_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_6_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_7_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_8_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_9_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_10_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_11_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_12_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_13_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_14_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_15_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_16_Sum_E	0		0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east

AgeSel_19P_17_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_18_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_19_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_20_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_19P_21_Sum_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish east
AgeSel_20P_1_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_2_Sum_W	1.12303	0.0632146	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_3_Sum_W	-1.02379	0.0509979	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_4_Sum_W	-15.8496	243.575	-10	-30	0	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_5_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_6_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_7_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_8_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_9_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_10_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_11_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish

										west
AgeSel_20P_12_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_13_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_14_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_15_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_16_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_17_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_18_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_19_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_20_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_20P_21_Sum_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP summer groundfish west
AgeSel_21P_1_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_2_Fall_E	-3.75685	0.052464	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior			Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_3_Fall_E	0.661347	0.0812963	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior			Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_4_Fall_E	-15.7481	225.928	-20	-30	0	No_prior			Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_5_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_6_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_7_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior			Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east

AgeSel_21P_8_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_9_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_10_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_11_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_12_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_13_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_14_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_15_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_16_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_17_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_18_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_19_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_20_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_21P_21_Fall_E	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish east
AgeSel_22P_1_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_2_Fall_W	-3.40802	0.043909	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_3_Fall_W	-0.763396	0.11052	-0.1	-20	20	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_4_Fall_W	-15.1075	305.244	-20	-30	0	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_5_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 4 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_6_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 5 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_7_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 6 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_8_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 7 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west

AgeSel_22P_9_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 8 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_10_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 9 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_11_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_12_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_13_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_14_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_15_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_16_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_17_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_18_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_19_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_20_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_22P_21_Fall_W	0	_	0	-20	20	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: SEAMAP fall groundfish west
AgeSel_23P_1_BLL_W	4.7426	0.10078	12	4	18	No_prior		Estimated	logistic selectivity age at inflection parameter: NMFS bottom longline west
AgeSel_23P_2_BLL_W	1.42954	0.07793	2	-1	5	No_prior		Estimated	logistic selectivity width at 95% selection parameter: NMFS bottom longline west
AgeSel_25P_1_ROV_E	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 0 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_2_ROV_E	0.999817	0.00895002	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 1 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_3_ROV_E	1	1.08E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 2 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_4_ROV_E	0.277566	0.10631	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 3 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_5_ROV_E	-0.999999	0.000772903	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 4 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_6_ROV_E	-0.999847	0.00797623	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 5 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east

AgeSel_25P_7_ROV_E	-0.997666	0.0758403	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 6 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_8_ROV_E	-0.937658	0.866658	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 7 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_9_ROV_E	-0.379881	1.70844	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 8 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_10_ROV_E	0.430091	1.71018	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Age 9 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_11_ROV_E	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 10 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_12_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 11 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_13_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 12 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_14_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 13 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_15_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 14 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_16_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 15 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_17_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 16 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_18_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 17 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_19_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 18 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_20_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 19 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
AgeSel_25P_21_ROV_E	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Age 20 selectivity parameter: Dauphin Is. Lab ROV east
Retain_1P_1_HL_E_BLK1repl_1985	33.02		33.02	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline east, 1985
Retain_1P_1_HL_E_BLK1repl_1994	35.56		35.56	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline east, 1994
Retain_1P_1_HL_E_BLK1repl_1995	38.1		38.1	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline east, 1995
Retain_1P_1_HL_E_BLK1repl_2007	27.8804	0.766722	33.02	10	100	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline east, 2007
Retain_1P_2_HL_E_BLK1repl_1985	1		1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline east, 1985

Retain_1P_2_HL_E_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline east, 1994
Retain_1P_2_HL_E_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline east, 1995
Retain_1P_2_HL_E_BLK1repl_2007	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline east, 2007
Retain_1P_3_HL_E_BLK1repl_1985	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline east, 1985
Retain_1P_3_HL_E_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline east, 1994
Retain_1P_3_HL_E_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline east, 1995
Retain_1P_3_HL_E_BLK1repl_2007	0.277538	0.0255538	0.5	0	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline east, 2007
DiscMort_1P_3_HL_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.56	_	0.56	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: handline east, 2008
Retain_2P_1_HL_W_BLK1repl_1985	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline west, 1985
Retain_2P_1_HL_W_BLK1repl_1994	35.56	_	35.56	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline west, 1994
Retain_2P_1_HL_W_BLK1repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline west, 1995
Retain_2P_1_HL_W_BLK1repl_2007	39.2785	0.463259	33.02	10	100	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying retention function inflection point: handline west, 2007
Retain_2P_2_HL_W_BLK1repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline west, 1985
Retain_2P_2_HL_W_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline west, 1994
Retain_2P_2_HL_W_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline west, 1995
Retain_2P_2_HL_W_BLK1repl_2007	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: handline west, 2007
Retain_2P_3_HL_W_BLK1repl_1985	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline west, 1985
Retain_2P_3_HL_W_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline west, 1994
Retain_2P_3_HL_W_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline west,

										1995
Retain_2P_3_HL_W_BLK1repl_2007	0.594586	0.0353754	0.5	0	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying retention function asymptote: handline west, 2007
DiscMort_2P_3_HL_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.6		0.6	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: handline west, 2008
Retain_3P_1_LL_E_BLK1repl_1985	33.02		33.02	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline east, 1985
Retain_3P_1_LL_E_BLK1repl_1994	35.56		35.56	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline east, 1994
Retain_3P_1_LL_E_BLK1repl_1995	38.1		38.1	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline east, 1995
Retain_3P_1_LL_E_BLK1repl_2007	26.4941	1.40801	33.02	10	100	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline east, 2007
Retain_3P_2_LL_E_BLK1repl_1985	1		1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline east, 1985
Retain_3P_2_LL_E_BLK1repl_1994	1		1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline east, 1994
Retain_3P_2_LL_E_BLK1repl_1995	1		1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline east, 1995
Retain_3P_2_LL_E_BLK1repl_2007	1		1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline east, 2007
Retain_3P_3_LL_E_BLK1repl_1985	1		1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline east, 1985
Retain_3P_3_LL_E_BLK1repl_1994	1		1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline east, 1994
Retain_3P_3_LL_E_BLK1repl_1995	1		1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline east, 1995
Retain_3P_3_LL_E_BLK1repl_2007	0.317704	0.0381553	0.5	0	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline east, 2007
DiscMort_3P_3_LL_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.64		0.64	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: longline east, 2008
Retain_4P_1_LL_W_BLK1repl_1985	33.02		33.02	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline west, 1985
Retain_4P_1_LL_W_BLK1repl_1994	35.56		35.56	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline west, 1994

Retain_4P_1_LL_W_BLK1repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline west, 1995
Retain_4P_1_LL_W_BLK1repl_2007	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: longline west, 2007
Retain_4P_2_LL_W_BLK1repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline west, 1985
Retain_4P_2_LL_W_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline west, 1994
Retain_4P_2_LL_W_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline west, 1995
Retain_4P_2_LL_W_BLK1repl_2007	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: longline west, 2007
Retain_4P_3_LL_W_BLK1repl_1985	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline west, 1985
Retain_4P_3_LL_W_BLK1repl_1994	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline west, 1994
Retain_4P_3_LL_W_BLK1repl_1995	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline west, 1995
Retain_4P_3_LL_W_BLK1repl_2007	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: longline west, 2007
DiscMort_4P_3_LL_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.81	_	0.81	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: longline west, 2008
Retain_5P_1_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1985	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire east , 1985
Retain_5P_1_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1994	35.56	_	35.56	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire east , 1994
Retain_5P_1_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire east , 1995
Retain_5P_1_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_2000	40.64	_	40.64	10	100	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire east , 2000
Retain_5P_2_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire east , 1985
Retain_5P_2_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire east , 1994
Retain_5P_2_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire east , 1995

										1995
Retain_5P_2_MRIP_E_BLK2repl_2000	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire east, 2000
DiscMort_5P_3_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.1	_	0.1	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: charter/for hire east, 2008
Retain_6P_1_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1985	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire west, 1985
Retain_6P_1_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1994	35.56	_	35.56	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire west, 1994
Retain_6P_1_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire west, 1995
Retain_6P_1_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_2000	40.64	_	40.64	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: charter/for hire west, 2000
Retain_6P_2_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire west, 1985
Retain_6P_2_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire west, 1994
Retain_6P_2_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire west, 1995
Retain_6P_2_MRIP_W_BLK2repl_2000	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: charter/for hire west, 2000
DiscMort_6P_3_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.1	_	0.1	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: charter/for hire west, 2008
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1985	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: headboat east, 1985
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1994	35.56	_	35.56	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: headboat east, 1994
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function inflection point: headboat east, 1995
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK2repl_2000	36.6387	0.310588	40.64	10	100	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying retention function inflection point: headboat east,

										2000
Retain_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: headboat east, 1985
Retain_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: headboat east, 1994
Retain_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: headboat east, 1995
Retain_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK2repl_2000	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function slope: headboat east, 2000
Retain_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1985	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: headboat east, 1985
Retain_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1994	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: headboat east, 1994
Retain_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK2repl_1995	1	_	1	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying retention function asymptote: headboat east, 1995
Retain_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK2repl_2000	0.316327	0.0252556	0.5	0	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying retention function asymptote: headboat east, 2000
DiscMort_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.1	_	0.1	-1	2	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat east, 2008
Retain_8P_1_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1985	33.02	_	33.02	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1985
Retain_8P_1_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1994	35.56	_	35.56	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1994
Retain_8P_1_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1995	38.1	_	38.1	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1995
Retain_8P_1_HBT_W_BLK2repl_2000	40.64	_	40.64	10	100	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 2000
Retain_8P_2_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1985	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1985
Retain_8P_2_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1994	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1994

Retain_8P_2_HBT_W_BLK2repl_1995	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1995
Retain_8P_2_HBT_W_BLK2repl_2000	1	_	1	-1	20	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 2000
DiscMort_8P_3_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.1	_	0.1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1985
DiscMort_9P_3_C_Clsd_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.55	_	0.55	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1994
DiscMort_10P_3_C_Clsd_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.74	_	0.74	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 1995
DiscMort_11P_3_R_Clsd_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.1	_	0.1	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 2000
DiscMort_12P_3_R_Clsd_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.11	_	0.11	-1	2	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying discard mortality function asymptote: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_1P_1_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_2_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.999979	0.00383427	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_3_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1	4.04E-06	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_4_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1	4.09E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_5_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.156668	0.0633105	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_6_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.420032	0.0852048	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_7_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.625819	0.132234	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_8_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.729241	0.227761	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_9_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.663183	0.408309	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_10_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.567341	0.705453	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_11_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.720619	0.821327	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007

AgeSel_1P_12_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_13_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_14_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_15_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_16_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_17_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_18_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_19_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_20_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_1P_21_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: handline east, 2007
AgeSel_2P_1_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_2_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.00315602	22.357	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_3_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1	4.77E-07	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_4_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1	1.94E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_5_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.0689474	0.0690583	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_6_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.264559	0.0822335	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_7_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.434903	0.117601	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_8_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.604183	0.184729	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007

AgeSel_2P_9_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.441117	0.289125	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_10_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.377785	0.306118	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_11_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.999373	0.0231095	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_12_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_13_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_14_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_15_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_16_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_17_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_18_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_19_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_20_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_2P_21_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: handline west, 2007
AgeSel_3P_1_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_2_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_3_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1	4.07E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007

AgeSel_3P_4_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1	2.68E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_5_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1	2.85E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_6_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.501019	0.0710243	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_7_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.290645	0.0841517	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_8_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.675975	0.131705	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_9_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.548965	0.221202	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_10_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.096344	0.32154	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_11_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.745326	0.357234	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_12_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_13_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_14_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_15_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_16_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_17_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_18_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_19_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_20_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_3P_21_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: longline east, 2007
AgeSel_4P_1_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_2_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_3_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.999915	0.00588877	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_4_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1	0.00019307	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007

AgeSel_4P_5_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1	1.93E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_6_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.999987	0.00354538	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_7_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.96793	0.124922	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_8_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.196422	0.142601	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_9_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.147972	0.16531	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_10_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.212977	0.145487	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_11_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.999993	0.00246258	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_12_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0		0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_13_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_14_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_15_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_16_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_17_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_18_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_19_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_20_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_4P_21_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-999		-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: longline west, 2007
AgeSel_5P_1_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-1000		-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_2_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.408318	18.631	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_3_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.401941	0.31385	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008

AgeSel_5P_4_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-4.69E-13	0.000435314	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_5_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.022883	0.0948744	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_6_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.119657	0.102467	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_7_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.443503	0.140156	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_8_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.763206	0.238298	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_9_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.598562	0.347996	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_10_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999613	0.015556	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_11_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_12_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_13_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_14_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_15_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_16_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_17_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_18_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008

AgeSel_5P_19_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_20_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_5P_21_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire east, 2008
AgeSel_6P_1_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_2_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_3_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.615989	0.580131	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_4_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.0624098	0.281443	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_5_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.21252	0.109978	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_6_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.220925	0.107065	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_7_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.417124	0.137295	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_8_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999909	0.00608277	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_9_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999892	0.00653832	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_10_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999874	0.00712828	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_11_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_12_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008

AgeSel_6P_13_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_14_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_15_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_16_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_17_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_18_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_19_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_20_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_6P_21_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: charter/for hire west, 2008
AgeSel_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.999755	0.0108895	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	1	1.20E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_4_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	1	1.63E-05	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_5_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.18891	0.0727238	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_6_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.477564	0.0950758	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008

AgeSel_7P_7_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.630987	0.147084	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_8_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.966899	0.28993	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_9_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.803597	0.441417	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_10_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999054	0.0304323	0.1	-1	1	No_prior		Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_11_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_12_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_13_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_14_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_15_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_16_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_17_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_18_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_19_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_20_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_7P_21_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: headboat east, 2008
AgeSel_8P_1_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-1000	_	-1000	-1	1	No_prior		Fixed	Time varying Age 0 selectivity parameter: headboat west,

										2008
AgeSel_8P_2_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.00315602	22.3571	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 1 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_3_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.237589	0.500786	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 2 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_4_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.999675	0.0134232	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 3 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_5_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.750121	0.129898	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 4 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_6_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.0920628	0.0928338	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 5 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_7_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.236185	0.115426	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 6 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_8_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.805234	0.163359	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 7 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_9_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.999915	0.00586376	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 8 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_10_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.99997	0.00408006	0.1	-1	1	No_prior			Estimated	Time varying Age 9 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_11_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0	_	0	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 10 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_12_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 11 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_13_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 12 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_14_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 13 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_15_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 14 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_16_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 15 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008

AgeSel_8P_17_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 16 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_18_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 17 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_19_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 18 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_20_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 19 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008
AgeSel_8P_21_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-999	_	-999	-1	1	No_prior			Fixed	Time varying Age 20 selectivity parameter: headboat west, 2008

Table 3.2.1.1. Input standard errors and model estimated root mean squared error for each index of abundance.

Fishery/Survey	N	mean_input_SE	r.m.s.e.
HL_E	17	0.616	0.396
HL_W	17	0.173	0.276
MRIP_Index_E	31	0.331	0.541
MRIP_Index_W	31	0.300	0.409
HBT_Index_E	26	0.692	0.495
HBT_Index_W	26	0.259	0.448
BLL_W	14	0.393	0.807
BLL_E	14	0.637	0.513
Video_E	14	0.981	1.225
Video_W	15	0.251	0.502
Larv_E	16	0.776	0.571
Larv_W	21	0.447	0.571
Sum_E	30	0.456	1.144
Sum_W	30	0.208	0.517
Fall_E	40	0.272	0.773
Fall_W	40	0.157	0.471
Shr_E	62	0.125	0.005
Shr_W	66	0.125	0.079

Table 3.2.2.2. Summary of jitter results for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for: Total Likelihood, Total Biomass Unfished, SSB_SPRTtgt, SSB_MSy, SSB-2011, SPR_MSy, F_current, SSB/SSB_SPRTtgt, F_SPRTtgt, F_MSy, SSB/SSB_MSy and Fcurrent/F_MSy. F_SPRTtgt = F26%SPR. Fcurrent is from the SS jitter analysis for the base model configuration (steepness fixed at 0.99). Fcurrent = geometric mean of F in 2009 through 2011.

Run_ID	Likelihood	Total Biomass Unfished	SSB_SPRTtgt	SSB_MSy	SSB_2011	SPR_MSy	F_CURRENT	SSB / SSB_SPRTtgt	F_SPRTtgt	F_MSy	Fcurrent / F_SPRTtgt	SSB / SSB_MSy	Fcurrent / F_Msy
1	6675	334474	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
2	6675	334547	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
3	6675	337350	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
4	6675	337407	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
5	6675	334473	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
6	6675	334504	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
7	6675	334459	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
8	6675	337342	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
9	6675	334739	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.09E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.22	0.19
10	6675	334439	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
11	6675	334537	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
12	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
13	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
14	6675	334386	1.24E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
15	6675	334509	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
16	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
17	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
18	6675	332890	1.24E+12	8.89E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.29	1.21	0.20
19	6675	334696	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
20	6675	334511	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
21	6675	334500	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
22	6675	334501	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20

23	6675	334514	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
24	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
25	6675	337652	1.26E+12	9.02E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.89	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
26	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
27	6675	334435	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
28	6675	337421	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
29	6675	336875	1.25E+12	8.99E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
30	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
31	6675	332947	1.24E+12	8.94E+11	1.05E+12	0.19	0.25	0.85	0.87	1.25	0.29	1.17	0.20
32	6675	334885	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.09E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.22	0.19
33	6675	334488	1.25E+12	8.94E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
34	6675	334519	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
35	6675	334607	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
36	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
37	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
38	6675	336862	1.25E+12	8.99E+11	1.10E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
39	6675	334647	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.22	0.19
40	6675	334585	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
41	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
42	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
43	6675	334515	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
44	6675	334515	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
45	6675	334504	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
46	6675	334526	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
47	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
48	6675	333725	1.24E+12	8.90E+11	1.07E+12	0.19	0.25	0.86	0.87	1.26	0.29	1.20	0.20
49	6675	337470	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
50	6675	334500	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
51	6675	334508	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
52	6675	336805	1.25E+12	8.98E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19

53	6675	334495	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
54	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
55	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
56	6675	337009	1.25E+12	9.00E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
57	6675	334617	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
58	6675	334572	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
59	6675	336935	1.25E+12	8.99E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
60	6675	334550	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
61	6675	334271	1.24E+12	8.90E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
62	6675	334272	1.24E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.21	0.20
63	6675	333633	1.24E+12	8.90E+11	1.07E+12	0.19	0.25	0.86	0.87	1.26	0.29	1.20	0.20
64	6675	334548	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
65	6675	336895	1.25E+12	8.99E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
66	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
67	6675	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
68	6675	334610	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
69	6675	334472	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
70	6675	334431	1.24E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
71	6675	334449	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
72	6675	334144	1.24E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
73	6675	337379	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
74	6675	334580	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19
75	6675	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
76	6675	334471	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
77	6676	334500	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
78	6676	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
79	6676	334517	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
80	6676	335146	1.25E+12	9.17E+11	9.96E+11	0.19	0.27	0.80	0.89	1.26	0.30	1.09	0.21
81	6676	334501	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
82	6676	334596	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.22	0.19

83	6676	334544	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
84	6676	336920	1.25E+12	8.99E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
85	6676	334886	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.09E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.22	0.19
86	6676	337092	1.25E+12	9.00E+11	1.10E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.88	1.28	0.28	1.23	0.19
87	6676	334632	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
88	6676	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
89	6676	337365	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19
90	6676	334512	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
91	6676	334491	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
92	6676	334513	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.19
93	6676	335011	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.09E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.27	0.28	1.22	0.19
94	6676	334503	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
95	6676	334442	1.25E+12	8.91E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
96	6676	334576	1.25E+12	8.96E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.29	1.20	0.20
97	6676	334508	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
98	6677	334502	1.25E+12	8.92E+11	1.08E+12	0.19	0.25	0.87	0.87	1.26	0.28	1.21	0.20
99	6680	333096	1.24E+12	8.90E+11	1.06E+12	0.19	0.25	0.86	0.87	1.26	0.29	1.19	0.20
100	6693	337330	1.26E+12	9.01E+11	1.11E+12	0.19	0.25	0.88	0.89	1.29	0.28	1.23	0.19

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 3.2.4.1. Predicted total biomass (whole weight metric tons), spawning biomass (whole weight metric tons), age-0 recruits (thousand fish), and fishing mortality for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the Stock Synthesis base model.

Region							East and West Combined			
East			West							
Year	Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits	Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits	Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits	Instantaneous Fishing Mortality
1872	123216	1.78E+12	35,425	210426	3.04E+12	60498	333642	4.82E+12	95924	0.00
1873	122582	1.78E+12	35,425	209772	3.04E+12	60498	332354	4.82E+12	95924	0.00
1874	121645	1.77E+12	35,425	208865	3.04E+12	60498	330510	4.81E+12	95923	0.00
1875	120307	1.76E+12	35,425	207661	3.04E+12	60498	327968	4.80E+12	95923	0.00
1876	118409	1.74E+12	35,425	205783	3.02E+12	60497	324192	4.77E+12	95922	0.01
1877	115995	1.71E+12	35,424	203286	3.00E+12	60496	319281	4.71E+12	95920	0.00
1878	113384	1.68E+12	35,423	200277	2.96E+12	60495	313661	4.64E+12	95918	0.00
1879	110616	1.64E+12	35,422	196877	2.91E+12	60493	307493	4.55E+12	95915	0.01
1880	107652	1.59E+12	35,421	193210	2.86E+12	60491	300862	4.45E+12	95912	0.01
1881	104432	1.54E+12	35,419	188950	2.79E+12	60489	293382	4.33E+12	95908	0.01
1882	101070	1.49E+12	35,418	184603	2.72E+12	60486	285673	4.21E+12	95903	0.01
1883	97608	1.43E+12	35,416	180264	2.65E+12	60483	277872	4.09E+12	95899	0.01
1884	94075	1.38E+12	35,414	176001	2.59E+12	60479	270076	3.96E+12	95893	0.02
1885	90498	1.32E+12	35,412	171875	2.52E+12	60476	262373	3.84E+12	95888	0.02
1886	86896	1.27E+12	35,410	167932	2.46E+12	60473	254828	3.72E+12	95883	0.02
1887	83281	1.21E+12	35,408	164203	2.40E+12	60469	247484	3.61E+12	95877	0.02
1888	79665	1.16E+12	35,406	160766	2.34E+12	60465	240431	3.50E+12	95871	0.02

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1889	76230	1.11E+12	35,404	157542	2.29E+12	60462	233772	3.40E+12	95865	0.02
1890	72830	1.05E+12	35,401	154502	2.25E+12	60458	227332	3.30E+12	95859	0.03
1891	69229	1.00E+12	35,399	151677	2.20E+12	60454	220906	3.20E+12	95853	0.02
1892	65892	9.50E+11	35,397	148999	2.16E+12	60450	214891	3.11E+12	95847	0.03
1893	62613	9.01E+11	35,395	146522	2.13E+12	60446	209135	3.03E+12	95841	0.03
1894	59416	8.53E+11	35,392	144227	2.09E+12	60443	203643	2.95E+12	95835	0.03
1895	56306	8.06E+11	35,390	142100	2.06E+12	60439	198406	2.87E+12	95829	0.03
1896	53372	7.62E+11	35,388	140129	2.03E+12	60435	193501	2.79E+12	95823	0.03
1897	50552	7.20E+11	35,386	138301	2.00E+12	60431	188853	2.72E+12	95816	0.03
1898	47873	6.79E+11	35,383	136610	1.98E+12	60427	184483	2.66E+12	95810	0.04
1899	45099	6.38E+11	35,572	134949	1.95E+12	60749	180048	2.59E+12	96321	0.05
1900	42168	5.96E+11	35,551	133302	1.93E+12	60714	175470	2.53E+12	96265	0.06
1901	39055	5.51E+11	35,543	131656	1.91E+12	60700	170711	2.46E+12	96243	0.07
1902	35821	5.04E+11	35,556	130015	1.88E+12	60721	165836	2.39E+12	96277	0.07
1903	32509	4.57E+11	35,575	128385	1.86E+12	60754	160894	2.31E+12	96329	0.07
1904	29496	4.12E+11	35,590	126847	1.83E+12	60779	156343	2.25E+12	96369	0.08
1905	26765	3.71E+11	35,603	125400	1.81E+12	60802	152165	2.18E+12	96406	0.07
1906	24378	3.35E+11	35,616	124064	1.79E+12	60825	148442	2.13E+12	96441	0.07
1907	22348	3.03E+11	35,625	122847	1.77E+12	60839	145195	2.08E+12	96464	0.06
1908	20683	2.77E+11	35,630	121756	1.76E+12	60848	142439	2.03E+12	96478	0.06
1909	19344	2.55E+11	35,630	120782	1.74E+12	60848	140126	1.99E+12	96478	0.05
1910	18387	2.38E+11	35,626	119948	1.73E+12	60841	138335	1.96E+12	96467	0.04
1911	17828	2.26E+11	35,622	119251	1.72E+12	60834	137079	1.94E+12	96456	0.04

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1912	17467	2.18E+11	35,613	118647	1.71E+12	60819	136114	1.93E+12	96432	0.04
1913	17281	2.14E+11	35,601	118125	1.70E+12	60798	135406	1.91E+12	96399	0.04
1914	17247	2.12E+11	35,594	117676	1.69E+12	60786	134923	1.90E+12	96380	0.03
1915	17342	2.13E+11	35,589	117289	1.69E+12	60778	134631	1.90E+12	96366	0.03
1916	17544	2.16E+11	35,581	116959	1.68E+12	60765	134503	1.90E+12	96346	0.03
1917	17833	2.20E+11	35,565	116677	1.68E+12	60738	134510	1.90E+12	96303	0.03
1918	18223	2.26E+11	35,540	116437	1.67E+12	60694	134660	1.90E+12	96233	0.03
1919	18666	2.33E+11	35,504	116235	1.67E+12	60633	134901	1.91E+12	96137	0.03
1920	19041	2.40E+11	35,464	116054	1.67E+12	60565	135095	1.91E+12	96029	0.04
1921	19310	2.45E+11	35,408	115888	1.67E+12	60470	135198	1.91E+12	95878	0.04
1922	19439	2.49E+11	35,340	115729	1.67E+12	60353	135168	1.91E+12	95693	0.04
1923	19400	2.50E+11	35,251	115573	1.66E+12	60202	134973	1.91E+12	95453	0.05
1924	19172	2.48E+11	35,148	115416	1.66E+12	60026	134588	1.91E+12	95174	0.05
1925	18904	2.45E+11	35,047	115268	1.66E+12	59852	134172	1.90E+12	94899	0.05
1926	18567	2.41E+11	34,961	115128	1.66E+12	59705	133695	1.90E+12	94665	0.05
1927	18219	2.36E+11	34,901	114997	1.66E+12	59604	133216	1.89E+12	94505	0.05
1928	17670	2.29E+11	34,843	114806	1.65E+12	59504	132476	1.88E+12	94347	0.05
1929	17257	2.22E+11	34,772	114681	1.65E+12	59383	131938	1.87E+12	94155	0.05
1930	16720	2.14E+11	34,695	114561	1.65E+12	59251	131281	1.86E+12	93946	0.03
1931	16840	2.13E+11	34,628	114375	1.65E+12	59137	131215	1.86E+12	93765	0.03
1932	17056	2.14E+11	34,545	114282	1.65E+12	58995	131338	1.86E+12	93540	0.03
1933	17286	2.16E+11	34,424	114159	1.64E+12	58789	131445	1.86E+12	93214	0.03
1934	17696	2.21E+11	34,280	114016	1.64E+12	58543	131712	1.86E+12	92823	0.03

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1935	18291	2.28E+11	34,109	113856	1.64E+12	58250	132147	1.87E+12	92359	0.03
1936	18749	2.35E+11	33,926	113581	1.64E+12	57938	132330	1.87E+12	91864	0.04
1937	19054	2.41E+11	33,781	113180	1.63E+12	57690	132234	1.87E+12	91471	0.03
1938	19493	2.49E+11	33,659	112700	1.63E+12	57482	132193	1.87E+12	91140	0.04
1939	19583	2.52E+11	33,545	112182	1.62E+12	57287	131765	1.87E+12	90831	0.05
1940	19339	2.51E+11	33,404	111670	1.61E+12	57047	131009	1.86E+12	90451	0.04
1941	19584	2.55E+11	33,217	111156	1.60E+12	56728	130740	1.86E+12	89945	0.03
1942	19942	2.59E+11	32,978	110668	1.60E+12	56320	130610	1.85E+12	89298	0.03
1943	20542	2.67E+11	32,694	110271	1.59E+12	55835	130813	1.86E+12	88529	0.02
1944	21378	2.78E+11	32,411	109972	1.58E+12	55352	131350	1.86E+12	87763	0.02
1945	22177	2.89E+11	32,148	109739	1.58E+12	54902	131916	1.87E+12	87050	0.02
1946	23113	3.02E+11	31,965	109590	1.58E+12	54589	132703	1.88E+12	86554	0.03
1947	23661	3.12E+11	31,911	109379	1.58E+12	54497	133040	1.89E+12	86408	0.04
1948	24099	3.21E+11	31,841	109080	1.57E+12	54377	133179	1.89E+12	86218	0.06
1949	24384	3.27E+11	31,497	108676	1.57E+12	53789	133060	1.89E+12	85286	0.09
1950	24340	3.28E+11	31,157	108072	1.56E+12	53209	132412	1.89E+12	84365	0.12
1951	24606	3.33E+11	30,775	106572	1.55E+12	52557	131178	1.88E+12	83332	0.14
1952	24634	3.35E+11	30,453	104785	1.52E+12	52008	129419	1.86E+12	82461	0.16
1953	24444	3.34E+11	30,106	102642	1.50E+12	51415	127086	1.83E+12	81521	0.16
1954	24242	3.32E+11	29,957	100406	1.47E+12	51160	124648	1.80E+12	81117	0.19
1955	24014	3.29E+11	29,720	97975	1.43E+12	50756	121989	1.76E+12	80476	0.19
1956	23605	3.24E+11	29,766	95351	1.39E+12	50834	118956	1.72E+12	80600	0.24
1957	22915	3.15E+11	29,892	92351	1.35E+12	51050	115266	1.66E+12	80942	0.28

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1958	22254	3.05E+11	30,260	89222	1.30E+12	51677	111476	1.61E+12	81937	0.42
1959	20840	2.87E+11	30,310	85314	1.25E+12	51762	106154	1.53E+12	82072	0.47
1960	19445	2.68E+11	30,315	81204	1.19E+12	51772	100649	1.45E+12	82087	0.54
1961	17783	2.44E+11	30,120	76897	1.12E+12	51438	94679	1.37E+12	81557	0.52
1962	16209	2.22E+11	30,167	72257	1.05E+12	51518	88466	1.28E+12	81684	0.58
1963	14575	1.98E+11	30,430	67672	9.86E+11	51967	82247	1.18E+12	82397	0.66
1964	13214	1.77E+11	30,717	63333	9.19E+11	52458	76547	1.10E+12	83175	0.72
1965	11636	1.54E+11	31,271	59158	8.55E+11	53404	70794	1.01E+12	84675	0.87
1966	10056	1.32E+11	31,687	55087	7.92E+11	54114	65142	9.24E+11	85800	0.94
1967	8796	1.13E+11	32,158	51437	7.35E+11	54919	60233	8.48E+11	87077	1.18
1968	7691	9.58E+10	32,059	47374	6.76E+11	54750	55065	7.72E+11	86810	1.25
1969	6775	8.18E+10	31,997	43024	6.14E+11	54644	49799	6.95E+11	86641	1.57
1970	5973	6.98E+10	30,316	39159	5.57E+11	51773	45132	6.27E+11	82089	1.59
1971	5239	5.97E+10	27,083	35195	5.01E+11	46252	40434	5.61E+11	73335	1.79
1972	6214	5.07E+10	168,048	33143	4.43E+11	223131	39357	4.94E+11	391179	6.81
1973	5979	4.17E+10	38,503	29975	3.89E+11	117686	35954	4.30E+11	156189	5.71
1974	6164	4.00E+10	37,941	27360	3.49E+11	53199	33524	3.89E+11	91140	0.96
1975	5616	3.99E+10	34,271	25165	3.20E+11	66458	30781	3.60E+11	100729	1.17
1976	5215	3.97E+10	39,985	23113	2.95E+11	68482	28328	3.35E+11	108467	1.67
1977	4755	3.63E+10	46,830	21407	2.72E+11	69646	26162	3.09E+11	116476	1.65
1978	4474	3.43E+10	25,637	19772	2.51E+11	51070	24246	2.86E+11	76707	1.43
1979	4305	3.39E+10	22,878	18583	2.33E+11	71826	22888	2.66E+11	94705	1.62
1980	4234	3.33E+10	43,389	18642	2.16E+11	175637	22875	2.49E+11	219026	2.81

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1981	4558	3.14E+10	79,892	18390	2.00E+11	121091	22947	2.31E+11	200983	3.32
1982	4925	2.81E+10	77,554	18227	1.88E+11	102670	23152	2.16E+11	180223	1.68
1983	4846	2.67E+10	22,946	17725	1.82E+11	73066	22571	2.08E+11	96012	1.10
1984	4516	2.75E+10	13,852	16951	1.79E+11	45043	21467	2.07E+11	58895	0.70
1985	4785	3.43E+10	11,829	17127	1.81E+11	79738	21912	2.15E+11	91567	1.10
1986	4955	4.13E+10	28,937	17259	1.86E+11	77913	22215	2.27E+11	106850	1.73
1987	4806	4.63E+10	11,681	17129	1.90E+11	60758	21936	2.37E+11	72439	1.24
1988	4564	4.66E+10	24,697	17685	1.99E+11	70854	22248	2.46E+11	95551	1.31
1989	4633	4.56E+10	48,229	18497	2.03E+11	140082	23130	2.49E+11	188311	2.62
1990	4777	4.42E+10	42,173	19174	2.11E+11	98553	23951	2.55E+11	140726	1.89
1991	5324	4.45E+10	54,641	21168	2.24E+11	143256	26492	2.69E+11	197897	1.91
1992	5852	4.75E+10	37,447	22792	2.39E+11	122713	28643	2.87E+11	160160	1.59
1993	6193	4.97E+10	49,974	24477	2.55E+11	138107	30670	3.05E+11	188081	1.52
1994	5932	4.93E+10	38,360	25964	2.75E+11	123912	31896	3.24E+11	162272	1.41
1995	6424	4.90E+10	87,033	27932	2.99E+11	137423	34356	3.48E+11	224456	1.43
1996	6856	5.02E+10	55,821	29238	3.24E+11	85819	36094	3.74E+11	141640	1.05
1997	7486	5.33E+10	57,232	30536	3.47E+11	102109	38022	4.01E+11	159341	1.20
1998	7667	5.67E+10	46,712	30998	3.67E+11	87169	38665	4.24E+11	133881	1.11
1999	9030	6.52E+10	106,016	32043	3.86E+11	116241	41074	4.52E+11	222257	1.44
2000	9392	6.64E+10	91,418	32880	4.03E+11	114116	42271	4.69E+11	205533	1.70
2001	10186	7.20E+10	74,682	33125	4.14E+11	84690	43312	4.86E+11	159372	1.06
2002	10924	7.65E+10	104,945	33834	4.25E+11	104413	44758	5.01E+11	209358	1.33
2003	11848	8.24E+10	122,499	34664	4.32E+11	140743	46512	5.14E+11	263241	1.45

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

2004	13610	9.13E+10	156,356	36281	4.42E+11	177248	49891	5.33E+11	333605	1.43
2005	15202	1.01E+11	137,812	37576	4.50E+11	148186	52778	5.51E+11	285997	0.86
2006	18267	1.26E+11	134,235	39265	4.61E+11	136063	57531	5.87E+11	270298	0.56
2007	21796	1.64E+11	104,905	40748	4.77E+11	109550	62544	6.41E+11	214455	0.40
2008	24125	2.06E+11	52,725	42782	5.05E+11	71825	66907	7.11E+11	124550	0.18
2009	27588	2.66E+11	44,239	46751	5.54E+11	111609	74340	8.20E+11	155848	0.28
2010	30168	3.29E+11	15,598	50686	6.15E+11	79113	80854	9.44E+11	94711	0.22
2011	32817	3.98E+11	12,379	54845	6.85E+11	81585	87661	1.08E+12	93964	0.25

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 3.6.1 Continuous fishing mortality rate in terms of exploitable biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model configuration from SS (steepness =0.99, sigmaR=0.3).

Year	Annual Exploitation Rate	Standard Deviation
1872	0.0017	0.0002
1873	0.0024	0.0002
1874	0.0037	0.0004
1875	0.0045	0.0005
1876	0.0054	0.0006
1877	0.0048	0.0005
1878	0.0046	0.0005
1879	0.0054	0.0006
1880	0.0113	0.0009
1881	0.0123	0.0010
1882	0.0133	0.0011
1883	0.0144	0.0012
1884	0.0156	0.0014
1885	0.0168	0.0015
1886	0.0182	0.0017
1887	0.0189	0.0019

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1888	0.0189	0.0019
1889	0.0211	0.0021
1890	0.0258	0.0026
1891	0.0248	0.0025
1892	0.0272	0.0028
1893	0.0292	0.0031
1894	0.0311	0.0033
1895	0.0316	0.0034
1896	0.0332	0.0037
1897	0.0342	0.0038
1898	0.0407	0.0045
1899	0.0482	0.0055
1900	0.0569	0.0080
1901	0.0653	0.0100
1902	0.0745	0.0125
1903	0.0749	0.0143
1904	0.0758	0.0163
1905	0.0739	0.0174
1906	0.0701	0.0177
1907	0.0645	0.0172

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1908	0.0590	0.0164
1909	0.0503	0.0143
1910	0.0410	0.0115
1911	0.0390	0.0105
1912	0.0372	0.0096
1913	0.0357	0.0088
1914	0.0345	0.0081
1915	0.0336	0.0076
1916	0.0329	0.0072
1917	0.0316	0.0066
1918	0.0311	0.0064
1919	0.0333	0.0067
1920	0.0357	0.0071
1921	0.0386	0.0077
1922	0.0419	0.0085
1923	0.0457	0.0096
1924	0.0459	0.0100
1925	0.0471	0.0106
1926	0.0470	0.0110
1927	0.0532	0.0128

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1928	0.0481	0.0122
1929	0.0517	0.0137
1930	0.0347	0.0089
1931	0.0320	0.0081
1932	0.0334	0.0080
1933	0.0299	0.0067
1934	0.0265	0.0056
1935	0.0324	0.0064
1936	0.0375	0.0071
1937	0.0348	0.0063
1938	0.0425	0.0079
1939	0.0487	0.0093
1940	0.0358	0.0069
1941	0.0326	0.0062
1942	0.0254	0.0047
1943	0.0191	0.0034
1944	0.0200	0.0034
1945	0.0160	0.0027
1946	0.0279	0.0043
1947	0.0397	0.0063

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1948	0.0617	0.0119
1949	0.0883	0.0182
1950	0.1237	0.0227
1951	0.1378	0.0251
1952	0.1605	0.0298
1953	0.1613	0.0299
1954	0.1937	0.0389
1955	0.1897	0.0350
1956	0.2413	0.0463
1957	0.2832	0.0583
1958	0.4215	0.0899
1959	0.4746	0.1037
1960	0.5365	0.1166
1961	0.5249	0.1082
1962	0.5785	0.1213
1963	0.6624	0.1494
1964	0.7187	0.1637
1965	0.8707	0.2111
1966	0.9427	0.2414
1967	1.1768	0.3111

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1968	1.2468	0.3319
1969	1.5657	0.4527
1970	1.5891	0.4641
1971	1.7883	0.5325
1972	6.8061	1.8763
1973	5.7069	1.5836
1974	0.9589	0.1279
1975	1.1721	0.1714
1976	1.6651	0.2738
1977	1.6484	0.2795
1978	1.4317	0.2465
1979	1.6154	0.2782
1980	2.8082	0.5103
1981	3.3153	0.5821
1982	1.6847	0.2546
1983	1.0993	0.1365
1984	0.6996	0.0989
1985	1.1021	0.1625
1986	1.7257	0.2709
1987	1.2393	0.1792

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1988	1.3097	0.1779
1989	2.6237	0.3898
1990	1.8886	0.2868
1991	1.9123	0.2914
1992	1.5880	0.2045
1993	1.5245	0.1950
1994	1.4110	0.1960
1995	1.4291	0.2121
1996	1.0458	0.1380
1997	1.1971	0.1815
1998	1.1110	0.1688
1999	1.4401	0.2272
2000	1.6952	0.2901
2001	1.0573	0.1461
2002	1.3347	0.1893
2003	1.4506	0.1935
2004	1.4253	0.1733
2005	0.8588	0.1023
2006	0.5620	0.0694
2007	0.4045	0.0440

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

2008	0.1802	0.0197
2009	0.2781	0.0381
2010	0.2154	0.0283
2011	0.2495	0.0341

Table 3.2.6.2. Fleet-specific estimates of instantaneous fishing mortality rate in terms of exploitable biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model.

Fleet														
Year	HL-E	HL-W	LL-E	LL-W	MRIP_E	MRIP_W	HBT_E	HBT_W	C_Clsc_E	C_Clsc_W	R_Clsc_E	R_Clsc_W	SHR_E	SHR_W
1872	0.01													
1873	0.02													
1874	0.03													
1875	0.03													
1876	0.05													
1877	0.04													
1878	0.04													
1879	0.05													
1880	0.07	0.03												
1881	0.08	0.03												
1882	0.09	0.02												
1883	0.10	0.02												
1884	0.11	0.02												
1885	0.13	0.02												
1886	0.14	0.01												
1887	0.16	0.01												
1888	0.16	0.01												
1889	0.17	0.01												
1890	0.22	0.01												
1891	0.21	0.01												
1892	0.23	0.01												

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1893	0.25	0.01												
1894	0.27	0.01												
1895	0.27	0.01												
1896	0.29	0.01												
1897	0.29	0.01												
1898	0.34	0.02												
1899	0.41	0.02												
1900	0.50	0.03												
1901	0.61	0.04												
1902	0.74	0.04												
1903	0.78	0.04												
1904	0.82	0.04												
1905	0.81	0.03												
1906	0.75	0.03												
1907	0.67	0.03												
1908	0.58	0.03												
1909	0.47	0.02												
1910	0.35	0.02												
1911	0.31	0.02												
1912	0.28	0.02												
1913	0.26	0.02												
1914	0.24	0.02												
1915	0.23	0.02												
1916	0.22	0.02												
1917	0.21	0.02												

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1918	0.20	0.02												
1919	0.22	0.02												
1920	0.24	0.02												
1921	0.26	0.02												
1922	0.29	0.02												
1923	0.33	0.02												
1924	0.34	0.02												
1925	0.36	0.02												
1926	0.37	0.02												
1927	0.42	0.02												
1928	0.40	0.02												
1929	0.43	0.01												
1930	0.26	0.02												
1931	0.24	0.01												
1932	0.24	0.01												
1933	0.20	0.02												
1934	0.17	0.02												
1935	0.20	0.02												
1936	0.22	0.03												
1937	0.20	0.03												
1938	0.26	0.03												
1939	0.32	0.03												
1940	0.22	0.03												
1941	0.20	0.03												
1942	0.15	0.02												

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1943	0.11	0.01											
1944	0.12	0.01											
1945	0.10	0.01											
1946	0.16	0.01											
1947	0.17	0.02											
1948	0.19	0.02											
1949	0.23	0.03											
1950	0.13	0.06			0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05				0.01	0.00
1951	0.16	0.06			0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05				0.01	0.01
1952	0.19	0.08			0.05	0.04	0.04	0.06				0.01	0.03
1953	0.18	0.07			0.05	0.05	0.04	0.06				0.01	0.05
1954	0.17	0.07			0.06	0.06	0.05	0.06				0.02	0.06
1955	0.20	0.09			0.07	0.07	0.05	0.06				0.02	0.06
1956	0.26	0.12			0.07	0.08	0.05	0.06				0.03	0.07
1957	0.25	0.13			0.08	0.09	0.05	0.06				0.03	0.07
1958	0.46	0.24			0.09	0.10	0.05	0.07				0.03	0.09
1959	0.50	0.28			0.11	0.11	0.06	0.07				0.03	0.08
1960	0.67	0.33			0.12	0.13	0.06	0.08				0.03	0.10
1961	0.76	0.46			0.13	0.14	0.07	0.08				0.02	0.12
1962	0.95	0.53			0.14	0.14	0.07	0.08				0.02	0.19
1963	0.93	0.53			0.14	0.15	0.08	0.08				0.02	0.21
1964	1.32	0.57			0.16	0.15	0.08	0.09				0.03	0.21
1965	1.72	0.63			0.17	0.15	0.09	0.09				0.03	0.17
1966	1.75	0.55			0.18	0.16	0.10	0.09				0.03	0.16
1967	1.85	0.83			0.19	0.17	0.10	0.09				0.03	0.19

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1968	1.81	1.25			0.19	0.20	0.10	0.10					0.03	0.17
1969	1.78	1.27			0.20	0.21	0.10	0.10					0.03	0.20
1970	1.77	1.73			0.20	0.25	0.10	0.12					0.03	0.21
1971	1.84	2.65			0.22	0.32	0.10	0.14					0.03	0.26
1972	2.36	3.19			0.27	0.43	0.12	0.17					0.03	0.23
1973	1.23	2.39			0.06	0.12	0.02	0.05					0.03	0.30
1974	0.97	1.44			0.08	0.13	0.03	0.04					0.03	0.28
1975	0.76	0.86			0.13	0.22	0.04	0.07					0.03	0.29
1976	0.78	0.70		0.00	0.16	0.26	0.05	0.08					0.03	0.33
1977	0.62	0.68		0.00	0.17	0.25	0.06	0.08					0.03	0.25
1978	0.55	0.67		0.00	0.15	0.24	0.05	0.08					0.03	0.25
1979	0.54	0.63		0.00	0.18	0.28	0.06	0.09					0.03	0.24
1980	0.56	0.66	0.05	0.00	0.25	0.26	0.07	0.08					0.02	0.28
1981	0.74	0.76	0.10	0.00	0.23	0.13	0.02	0.03					0.03	0.24
1982	0.78	0.66	0.15	0.00	0.11	0.09	0.04	0.03					0.03	0.28
1983	0.62	0.45	0.32	0.01	0.10	0.19	0.06	0.04					0.03	0.29
1984	0.30	0.28	0.22	0.05	0.03	0.08	0.01	0.05					0.03	0.18
1985	0.26	0.17	0.04	0.04	0.19	0.25	0.05	0.14					0.03	0.27
1986	0.13	0.19	0.02	0.05	0.44	0.22	0.01	0.15					0.03	0.28
1987	0.15	0.15	0.01	0.04	0.73	0.08	0.02	0.15					0.03	0.22
1988	0.23	0.25	0.02	0.03	0.67	0.14	0.02	0.18					0.03	0.28
1989	0.24	0.21	0.03	0.02	0.80	0.12	0.02	0.18					0.03	0.26
1990	0.32	0.19	0.04	0.01	0.48	0.07	0.03	0.09					0.03	0.35
1991	0.16	0.17	0.01	0.00	0.46	0.08	0.02	0.08	0.06	0.02			0.03	0.33
1992	0.12	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.10	0.03	0.11	0.22	0.03			0.03	0.31

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1993	0.11	0.20	0.01	0.00	0.85	0.12	0.03	0.12	0.21	0.01			0.03	0.29
1994	0.15	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.11	0.03	0.15	0.21	0.01			0.03	0.31
1995	0.05	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.18	0.03	0.14	0.17	0.01			0.03	0.36
1996	0.06	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.66	0.11	0.03	0.13	0.25	0.01			0.04	0.31
1997	0.04	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.11	0.05	0.13	0.13	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.31
1998	0.06	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.09	0.05	0.10	0.09	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.30
1999	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.09	0.05	0.05	0.46	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.03	0.30
2000	0.10	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.69	0.13	0.12	0.07	0.08	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.30
2001	0.12	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.86	0.09	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.01	0.07	0.00	0.03	0.40
2002	0.14	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.83	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.04	0.36
2003	0.12	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.09	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.36
2004	0.10	0.24	0.00	0.01	0.75	0.11	0.09	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.42
2005	0.07	0.23	0.00	0.01	0.38	0.13	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.38
2006	0.05	0.24	0.00	0.01	0.29	0.14	0.04	0.06	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.43
2007	0.14	0.16	0.00	0.01	0.29	0.09	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.31
2008	0.11	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.25
2009	0.11	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.02	0.04	0.01	0.06	0.00	0.04	0.01	0.01	0.20
2010	0.16	0.09	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.17
2011	0.22	0.09	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.10	0.01	0.01	0.13

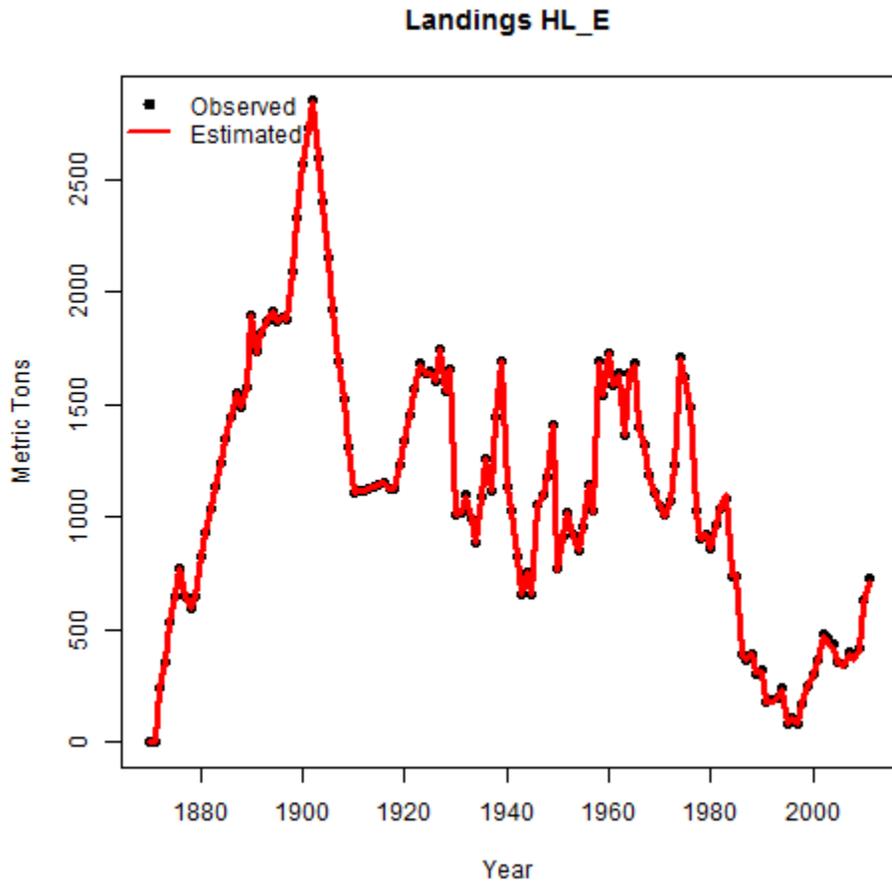


Figure 3.2.1.1. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

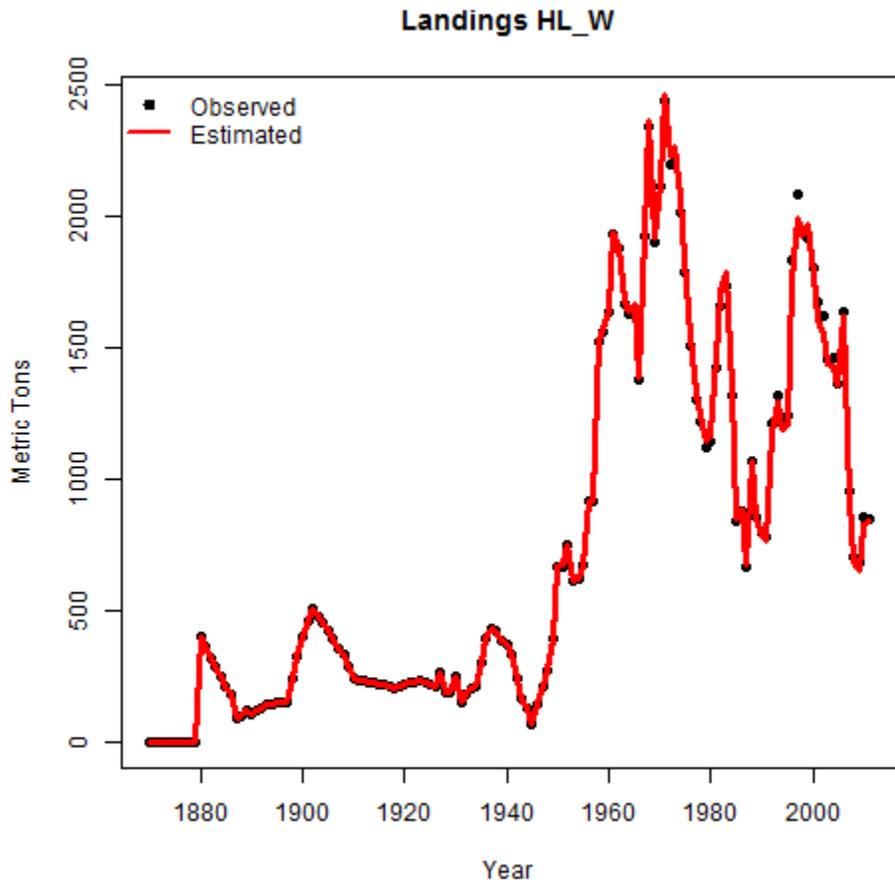


Figure 3.2.1.2. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

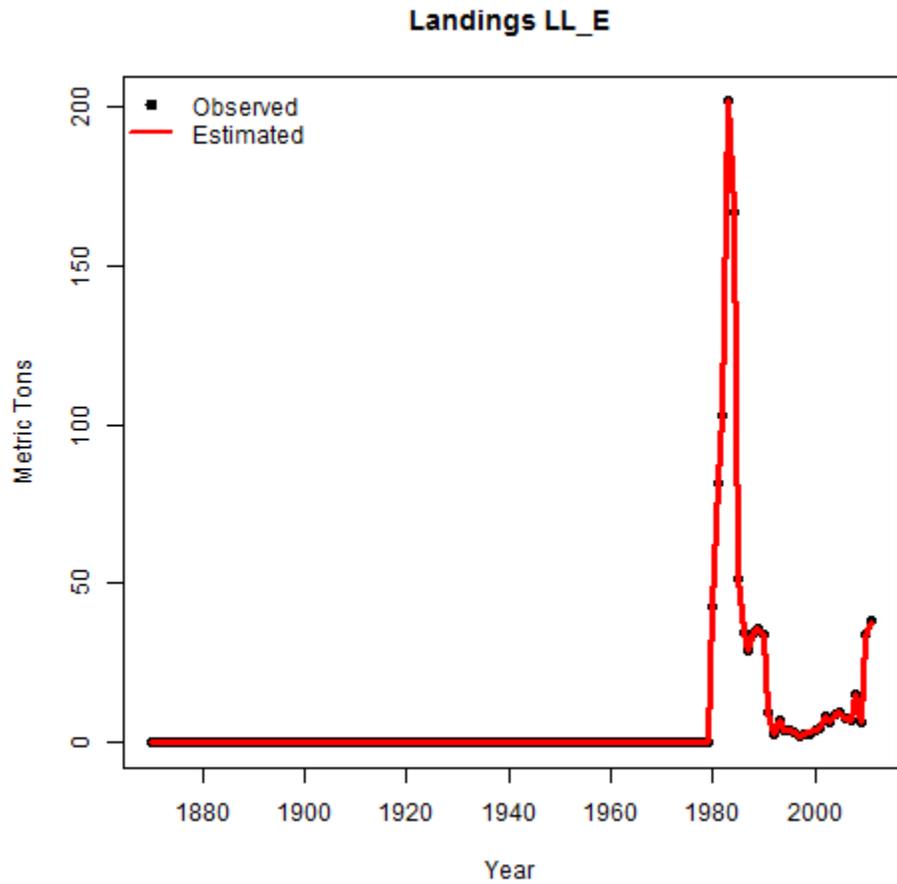


Figure 3.2.1.3. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

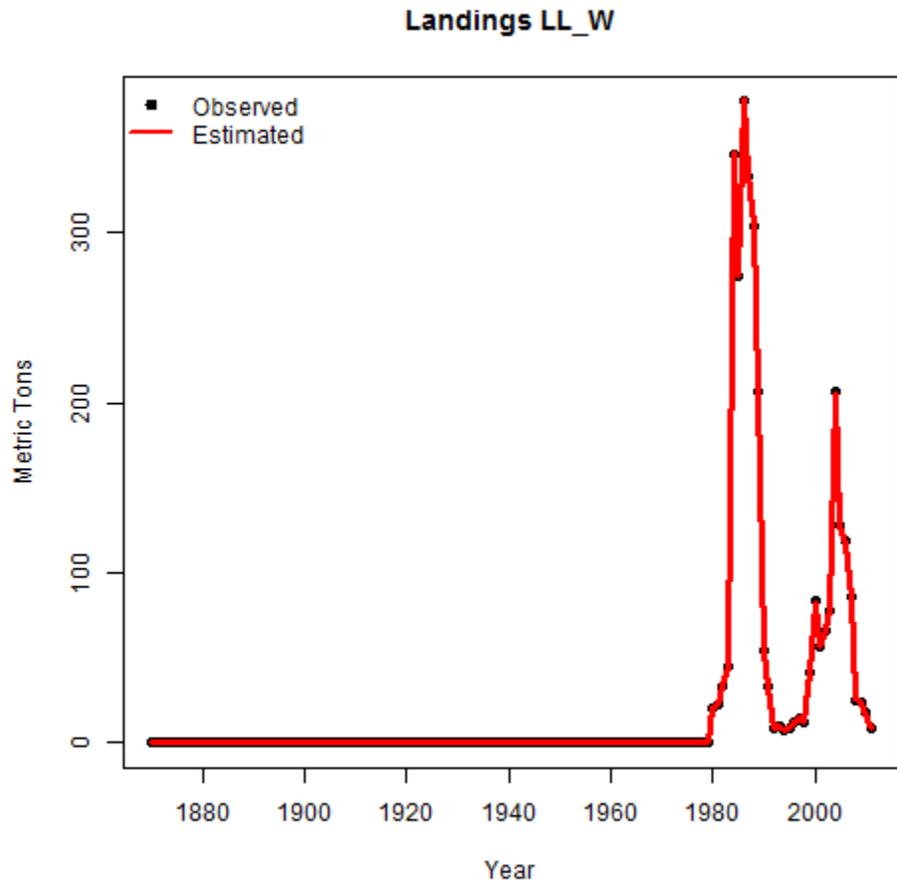


Figure 3.2.1.4. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

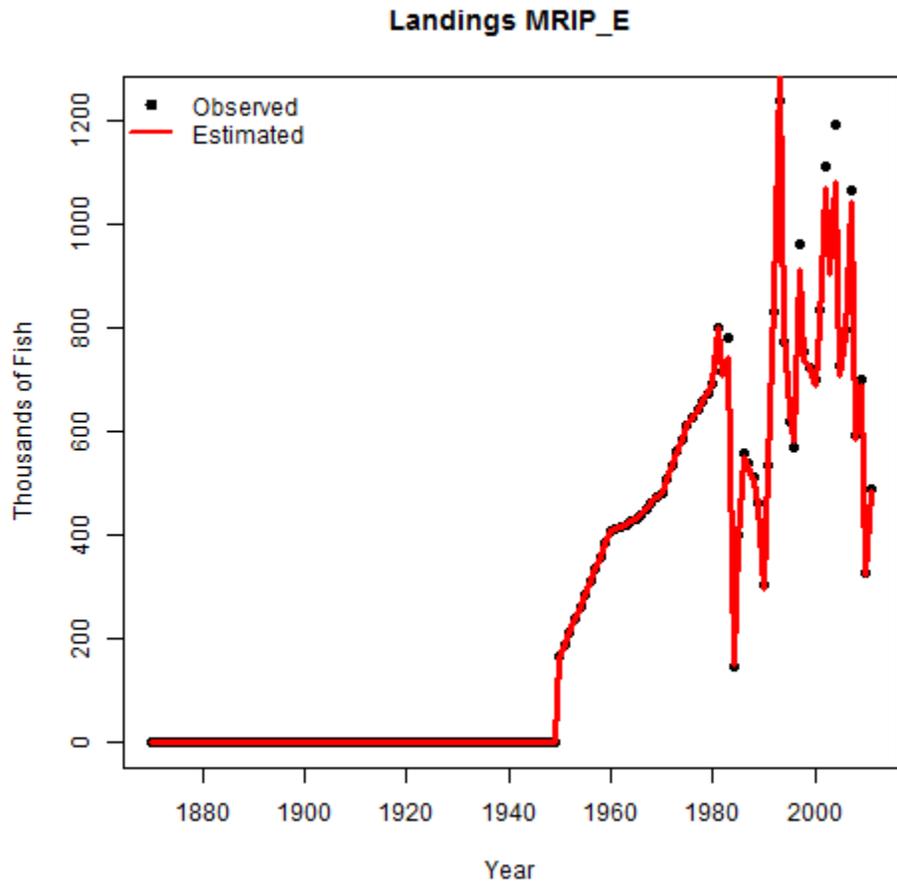


Figure 3.2.1.5. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

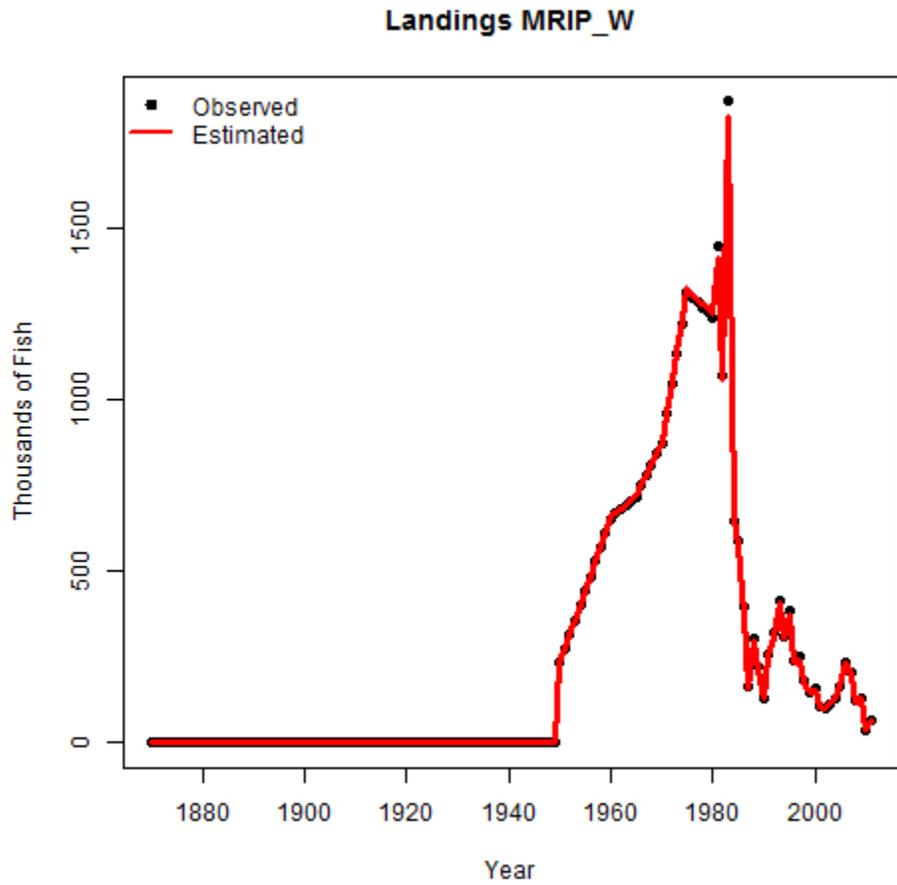


Figure 3.2.1.6. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

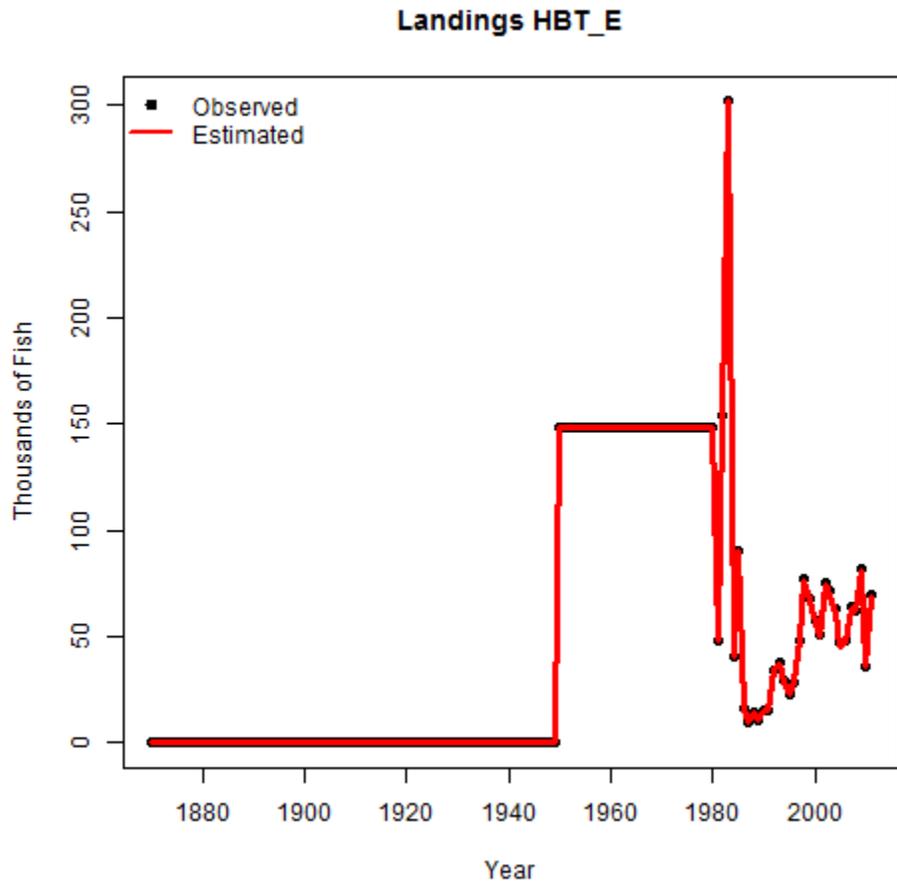


Figure 3.2.1.7. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

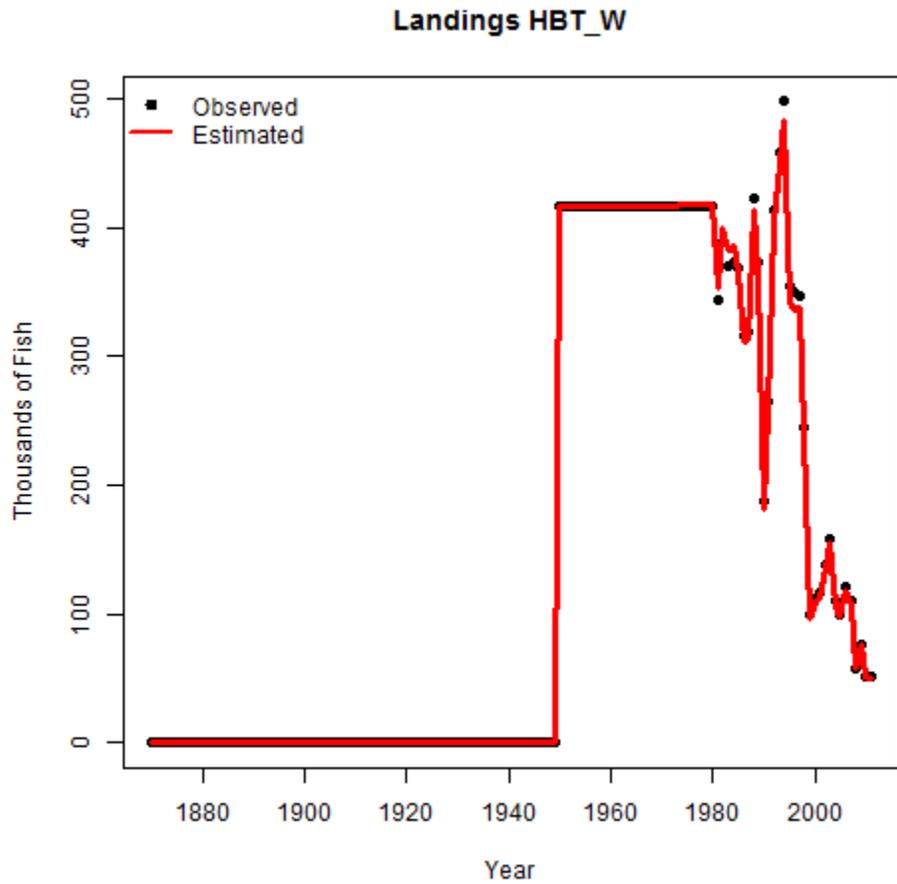


Figure 3.2.1.8. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

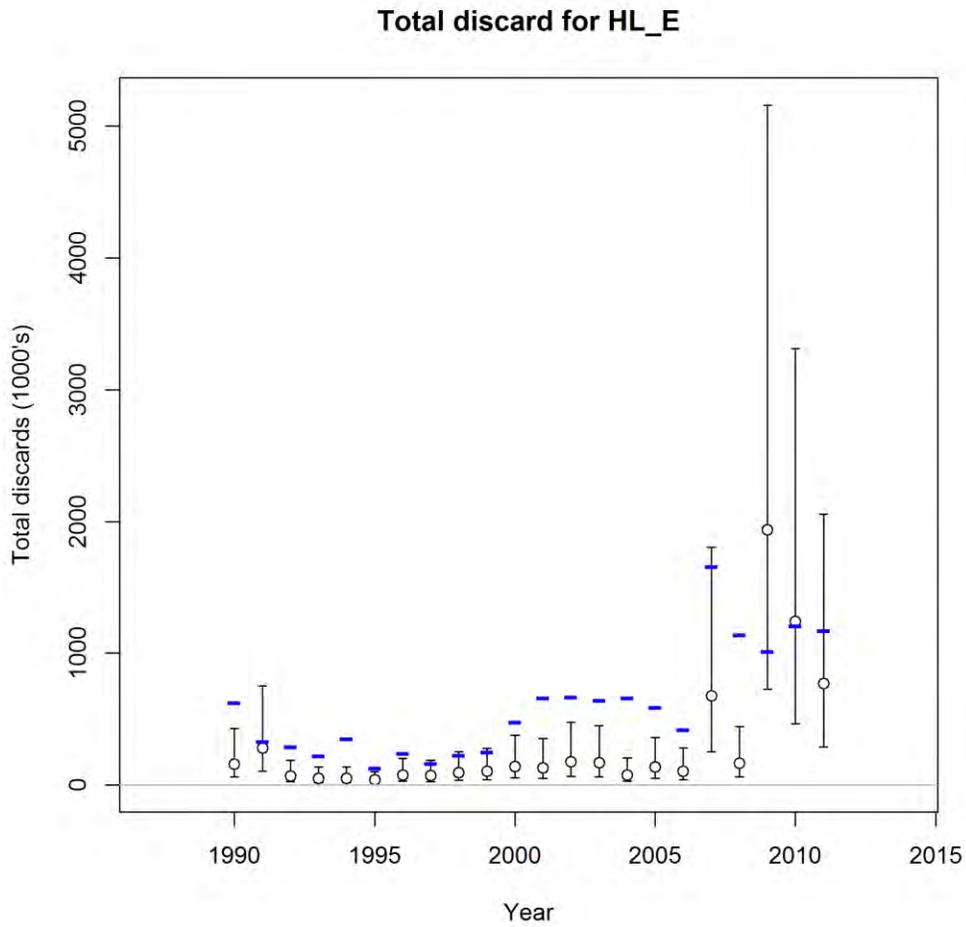


Figure 3.2.1.9. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

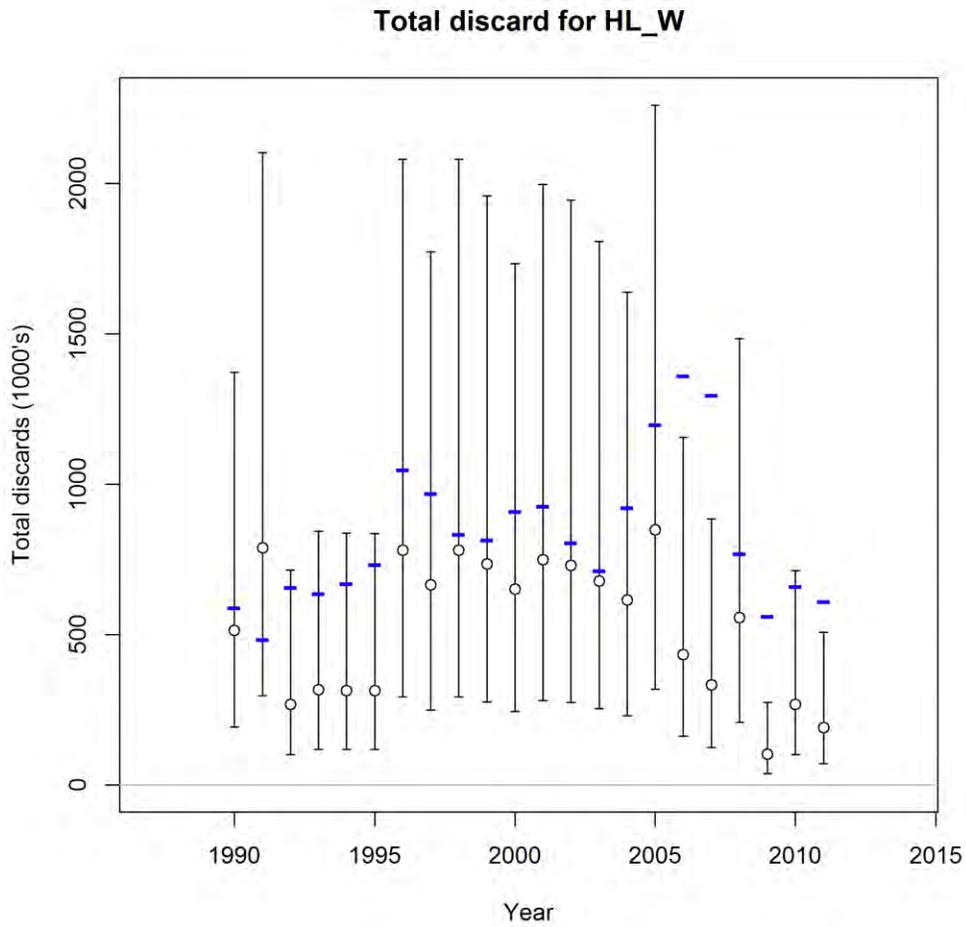


Figure 3.2.1.10. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

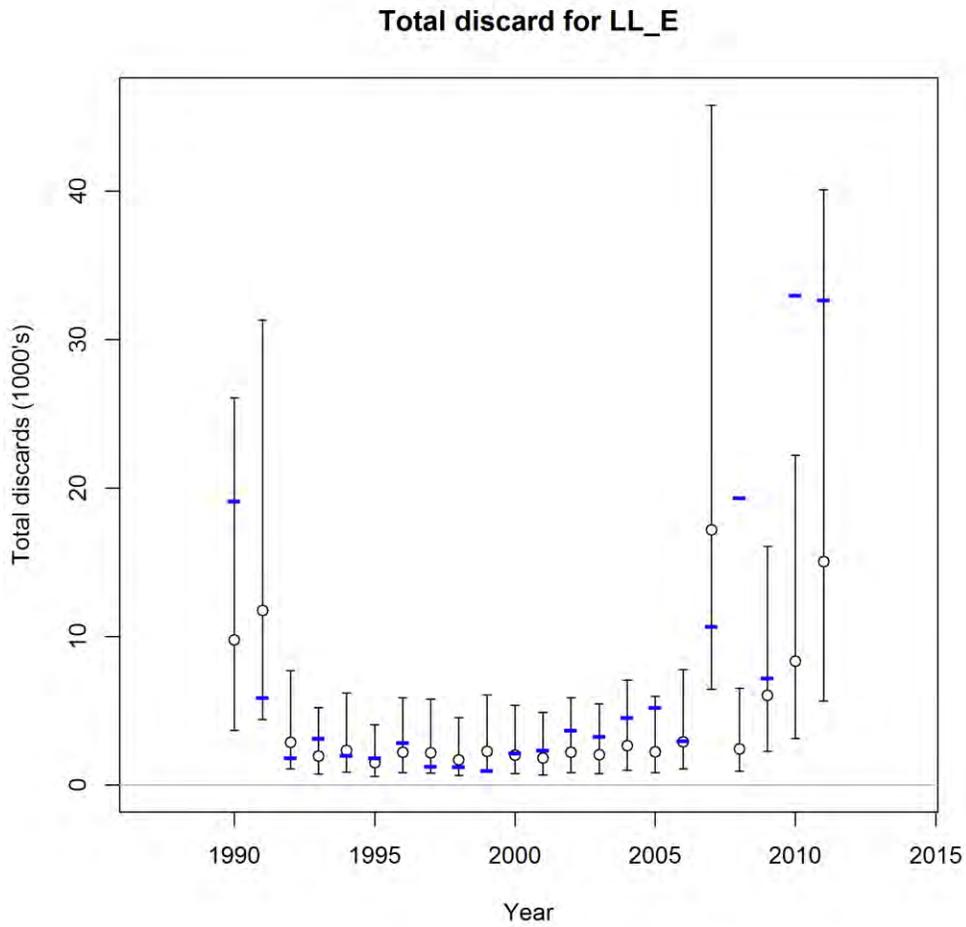


Figure 3.2.1.11. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

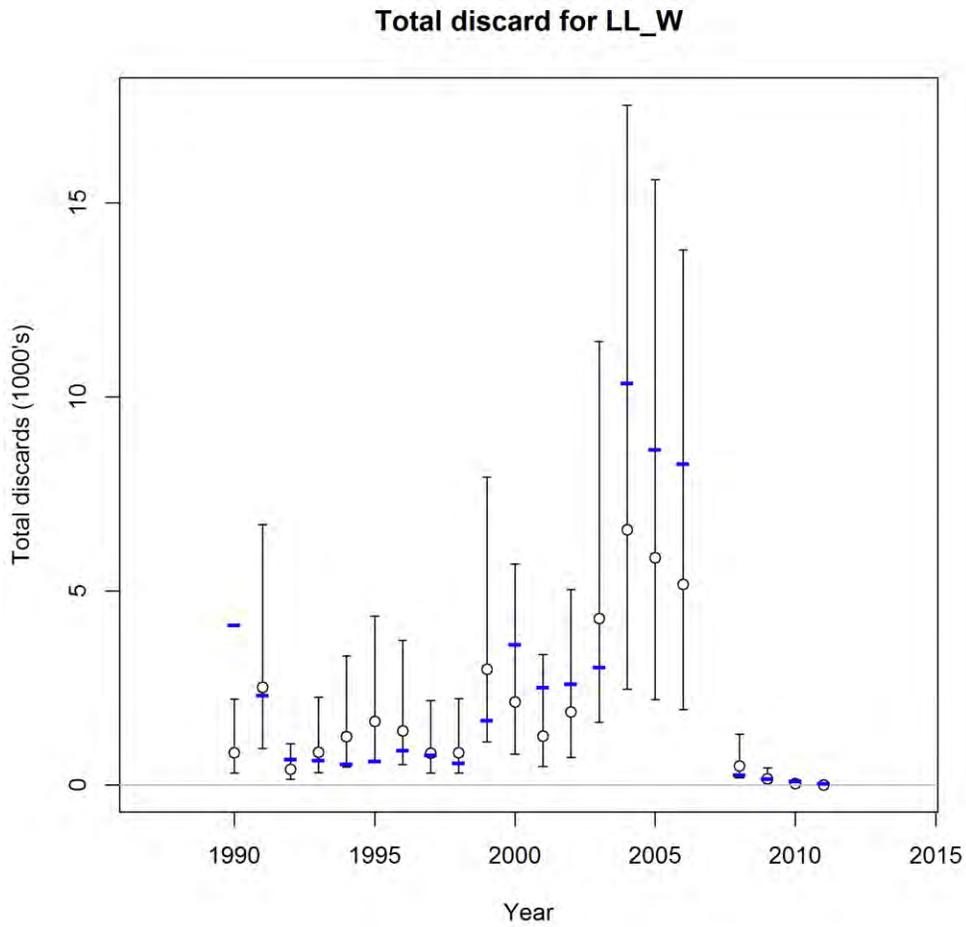


Figure 3.2.1.12. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

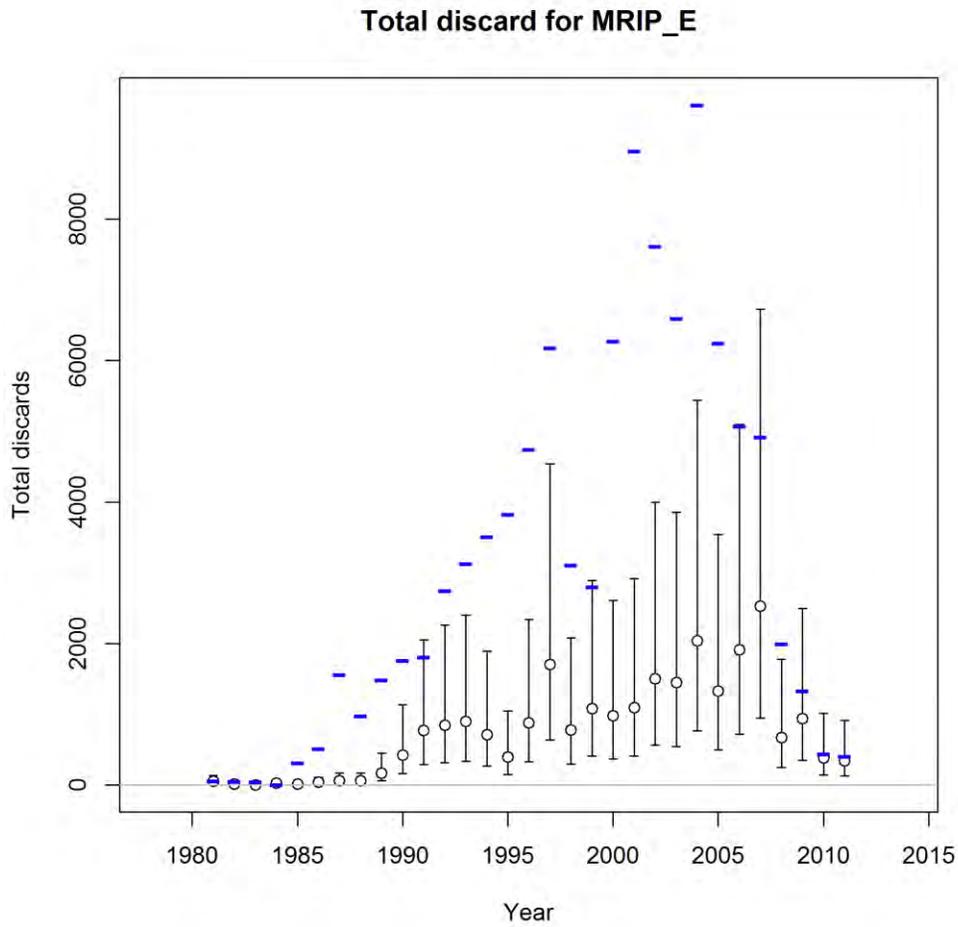


Figure 3.2.1.13. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

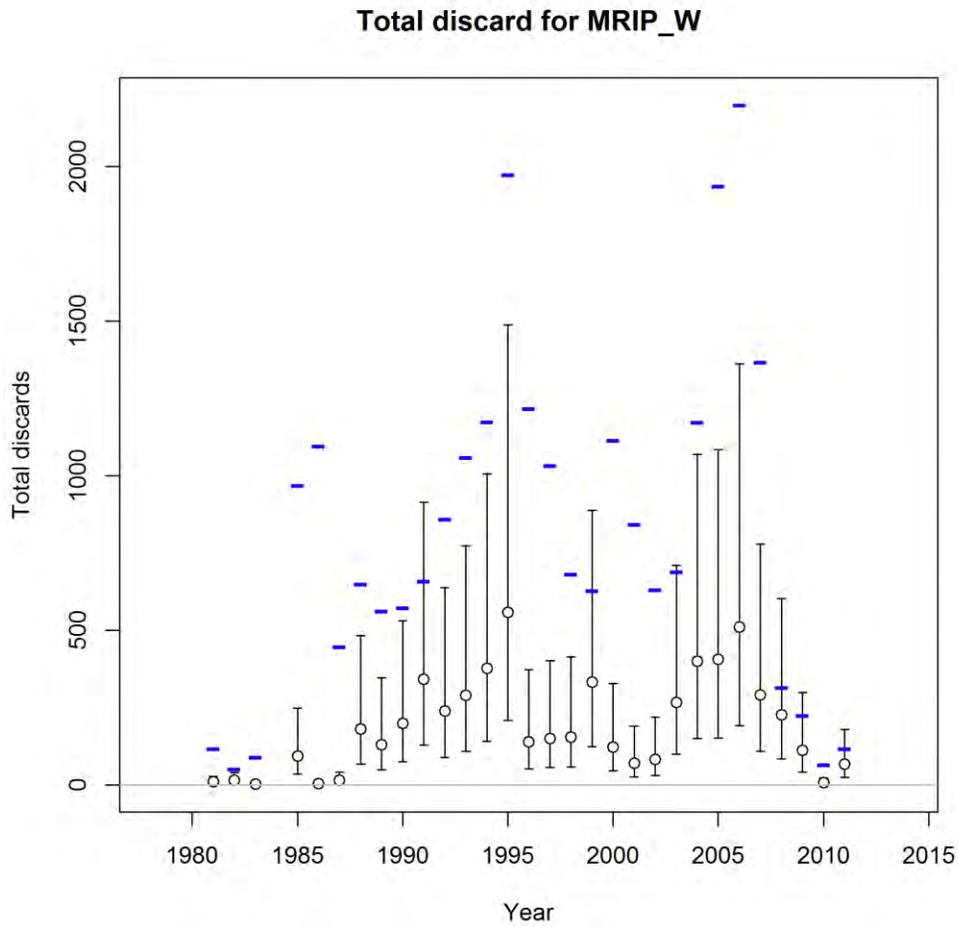


Figure 3.2.1.14. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

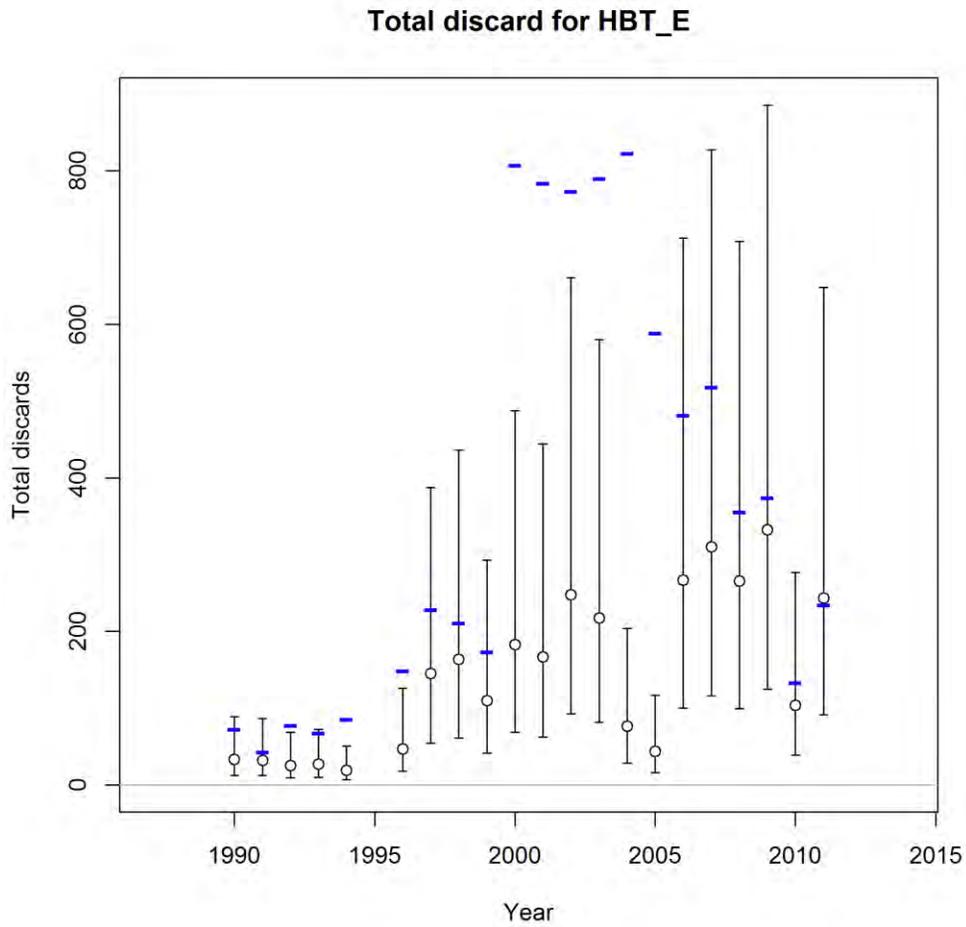


Figure 3.2.1.15. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

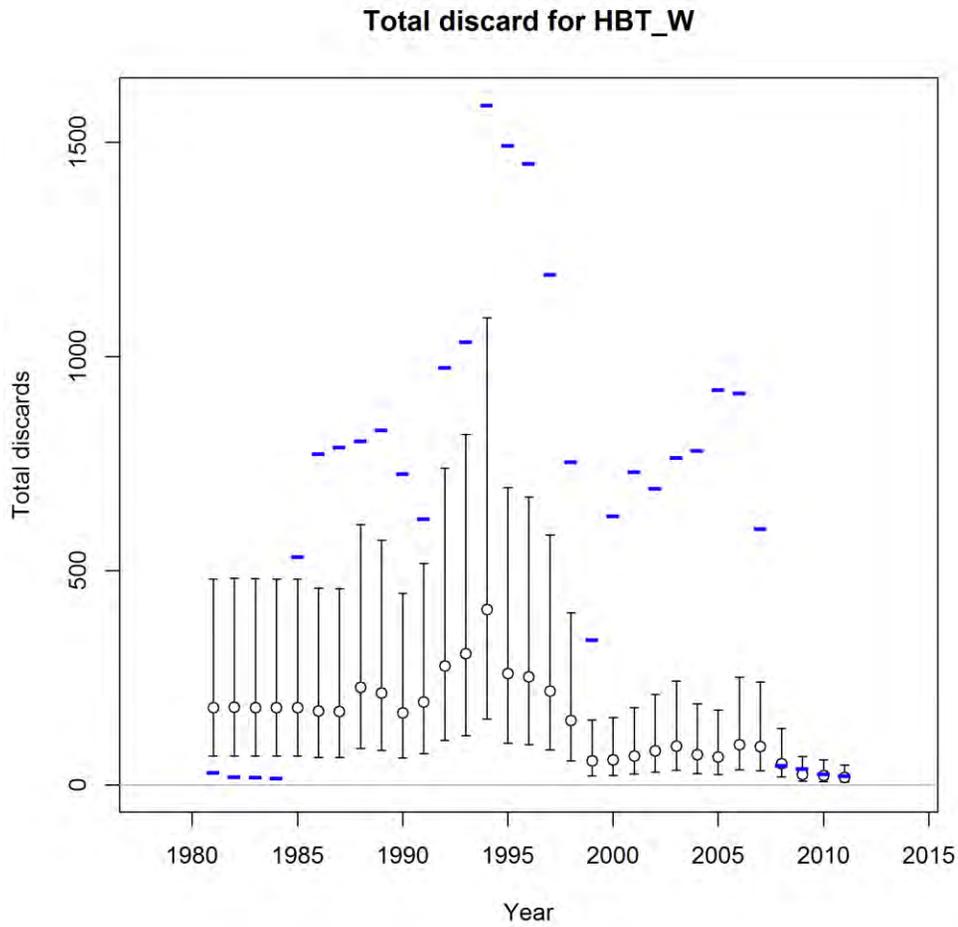


Figure 3.2.1.16. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

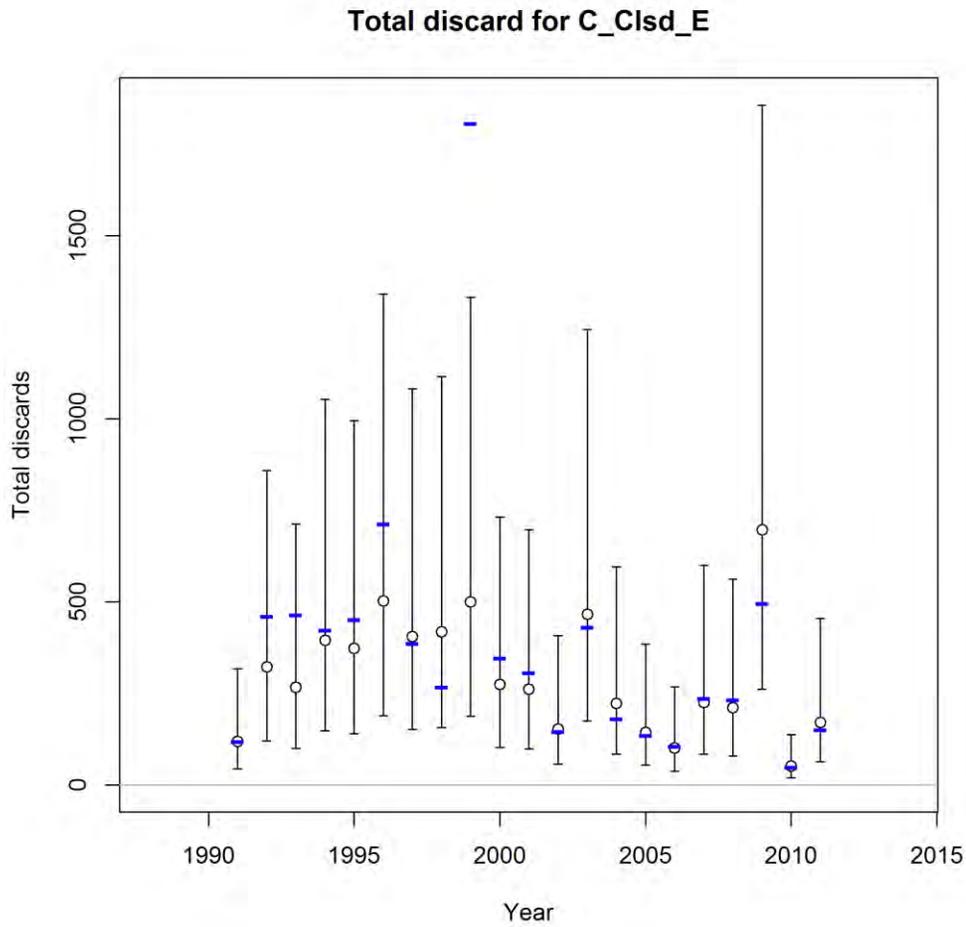


Figure 3.2.1.17. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1991-2011.

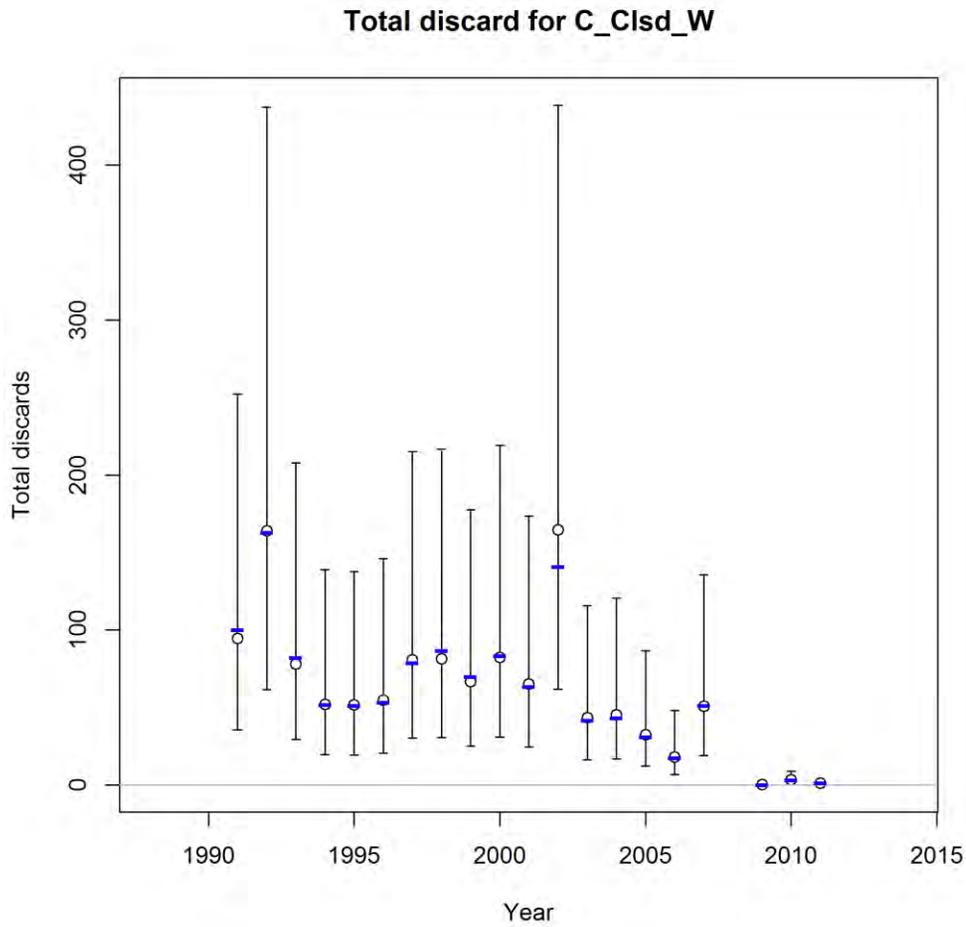


Figure 3.2.1.18. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1991-2011.

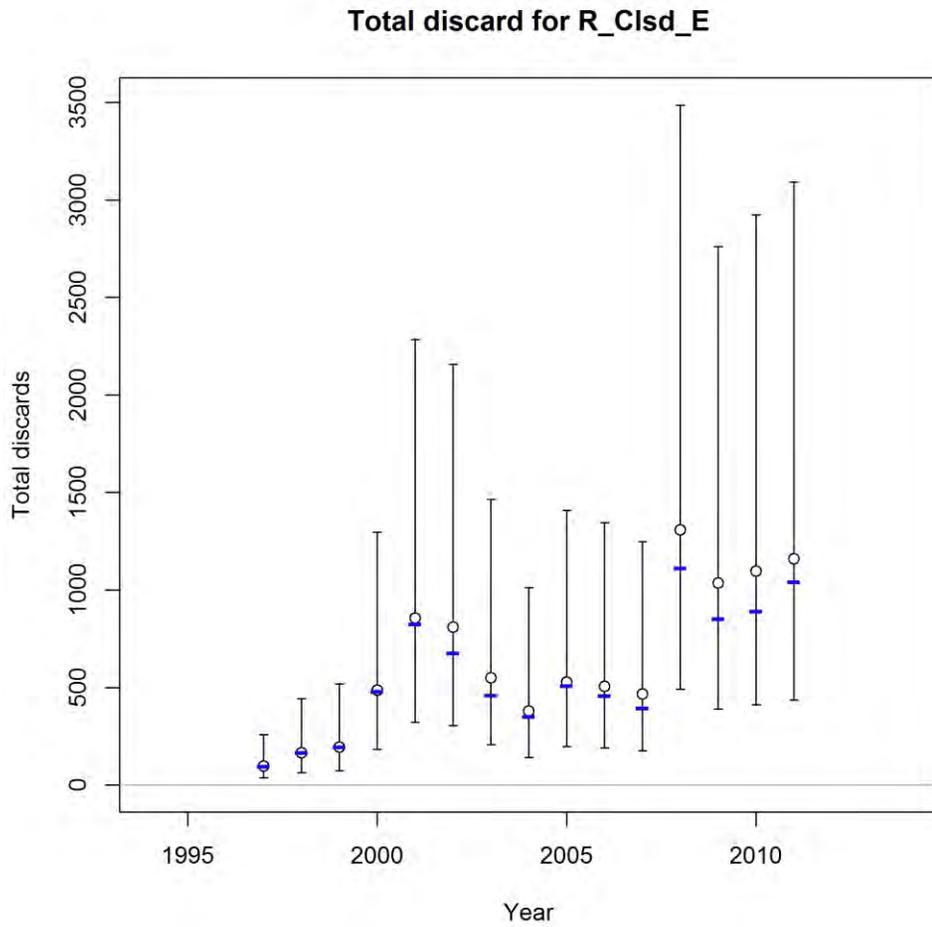


Figure 3.2.1.19. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1997-2011.

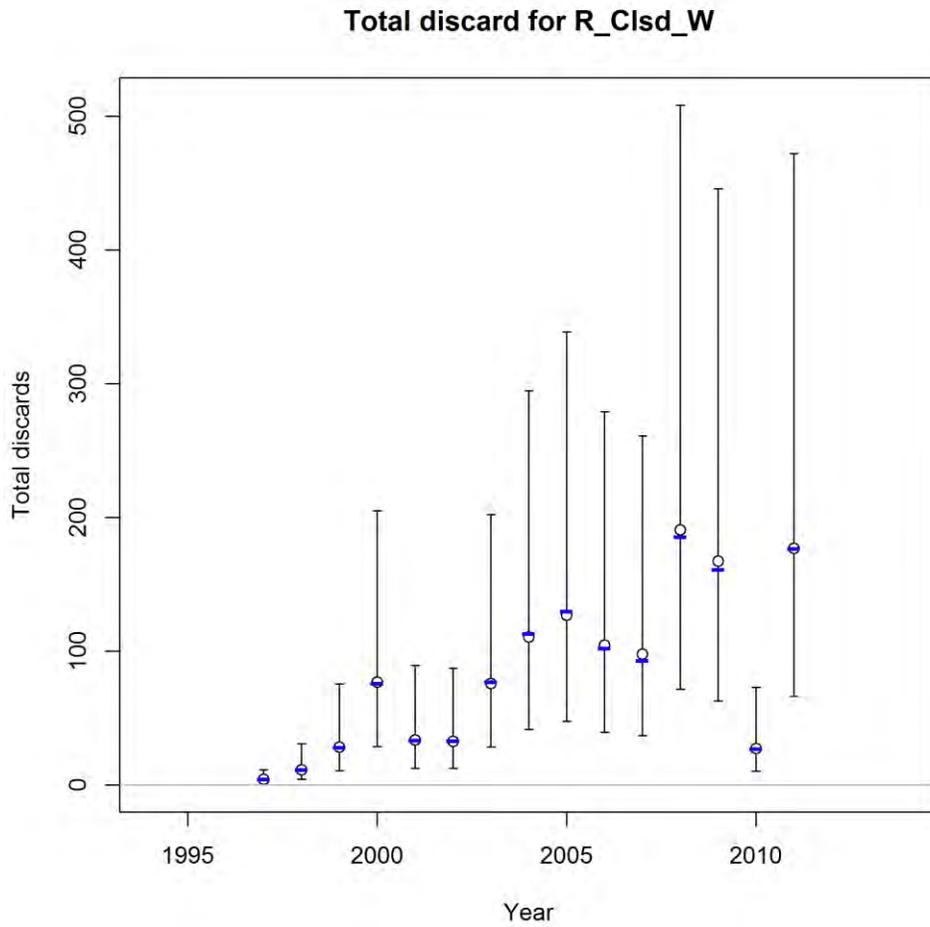


Figure 3.2.1.20. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1997-2011.

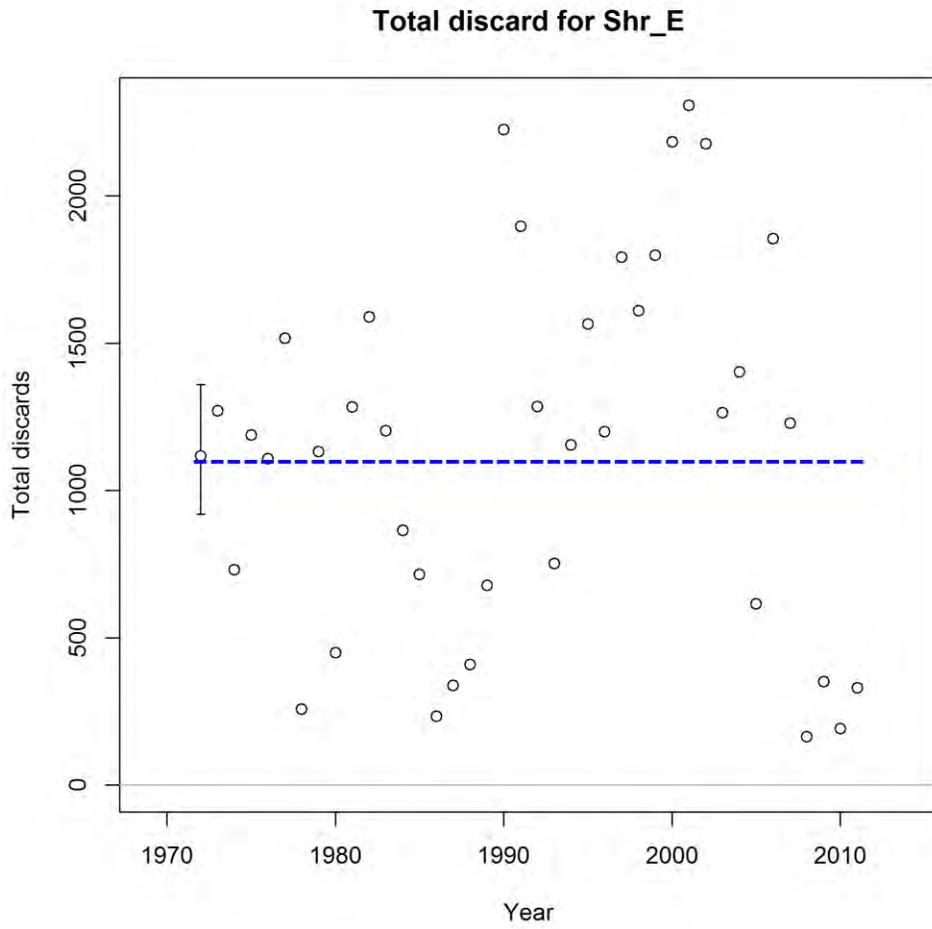


Figure 3.2.1.21. Model predicted mean bycatch (blue dashed line) of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1972-2011.

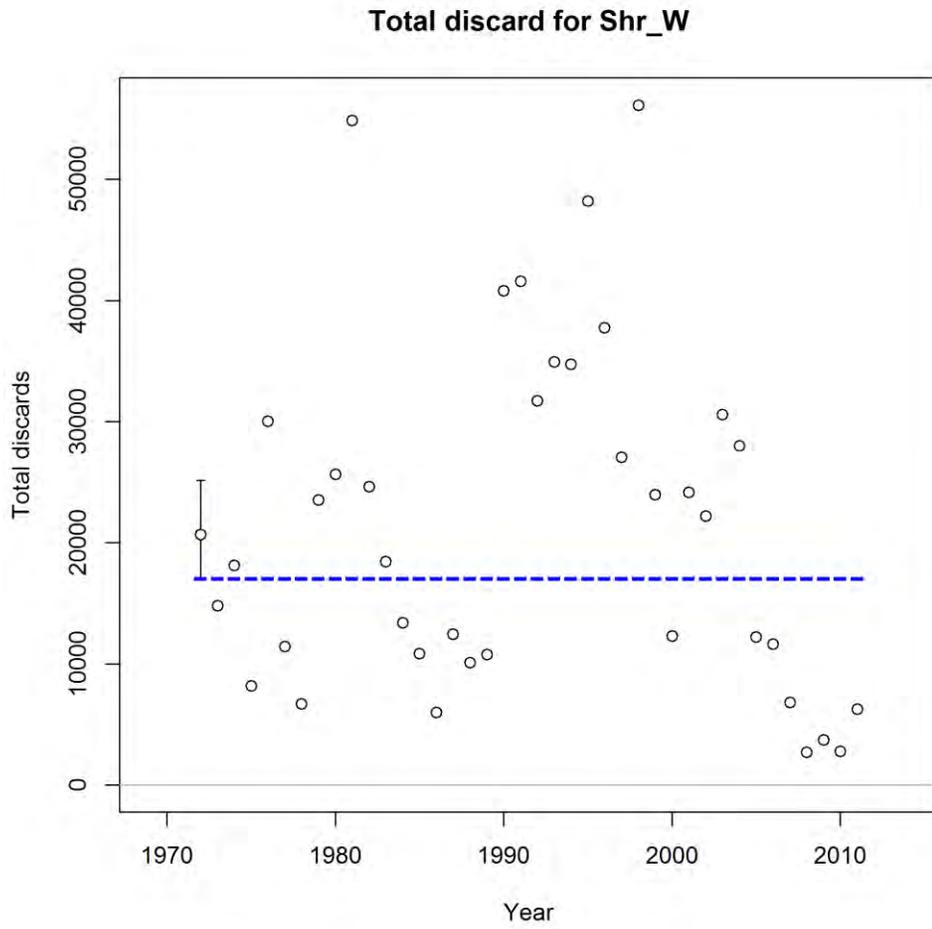


Figure 3.2.1.22. Model predicted mean bycatch (blue dashed line) of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1972-2011.

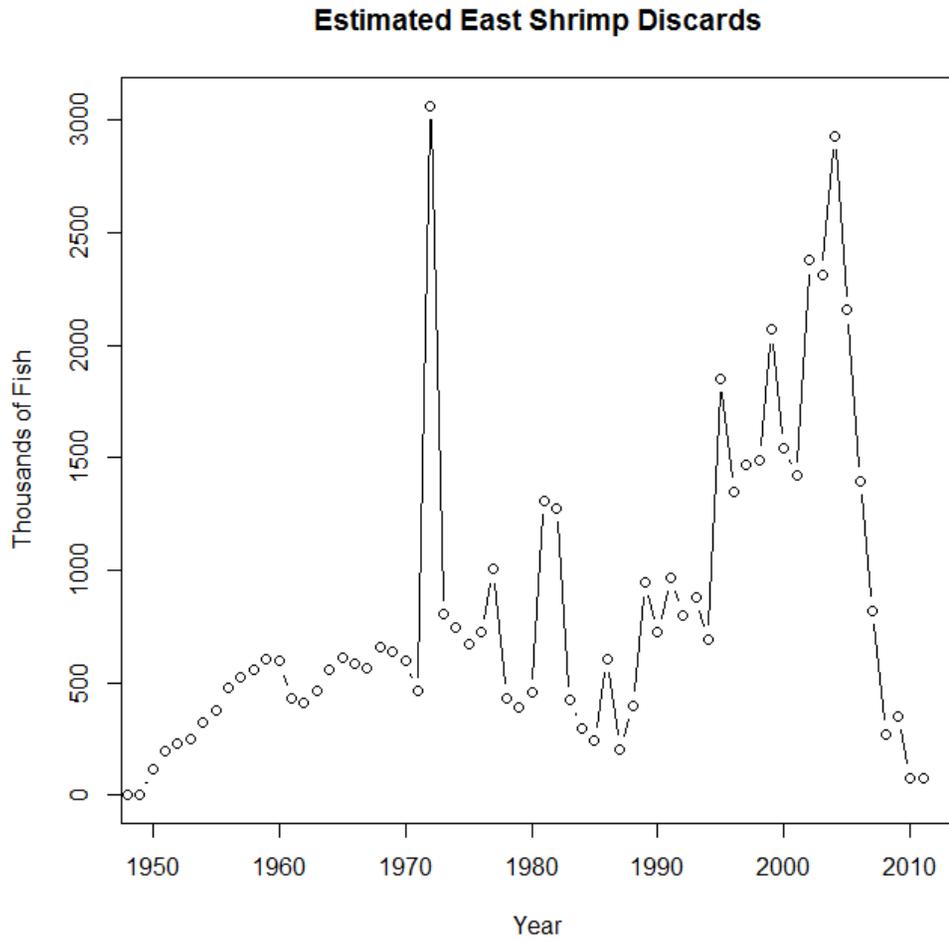


Figure 3.2.1.23. Model predicted total discards of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

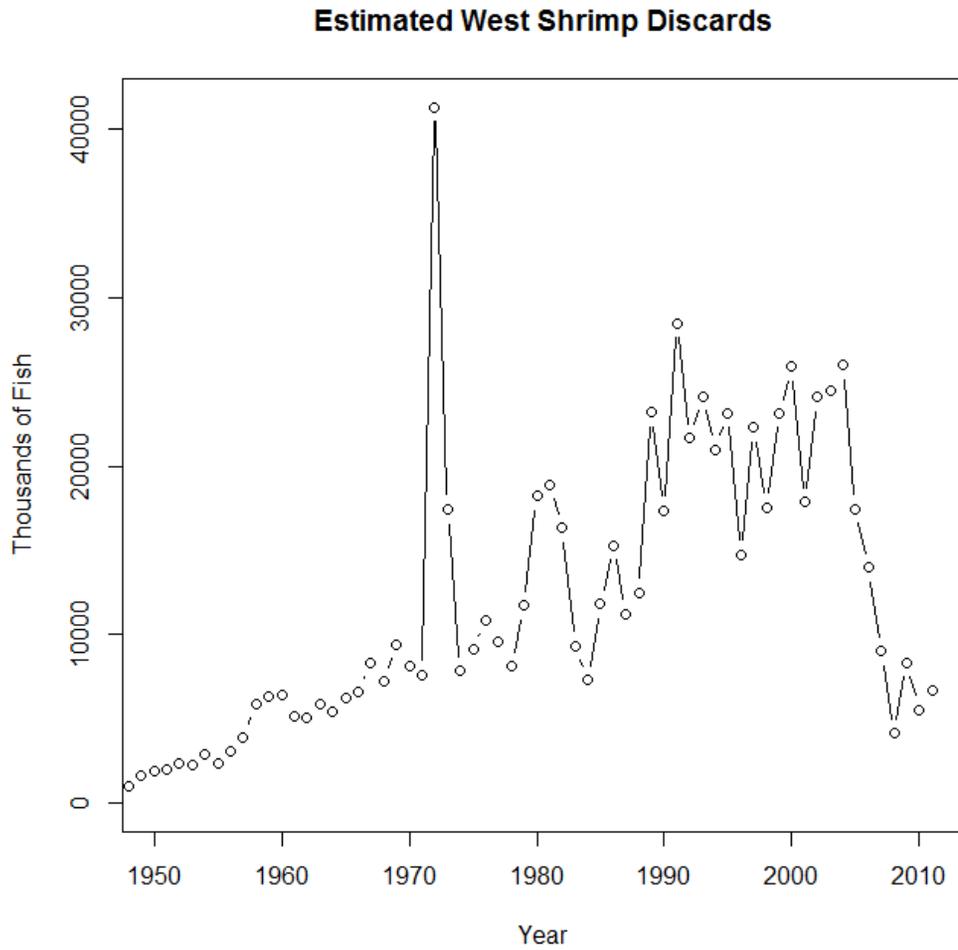


Figure 3.2.1.24. Model predicted total discards of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

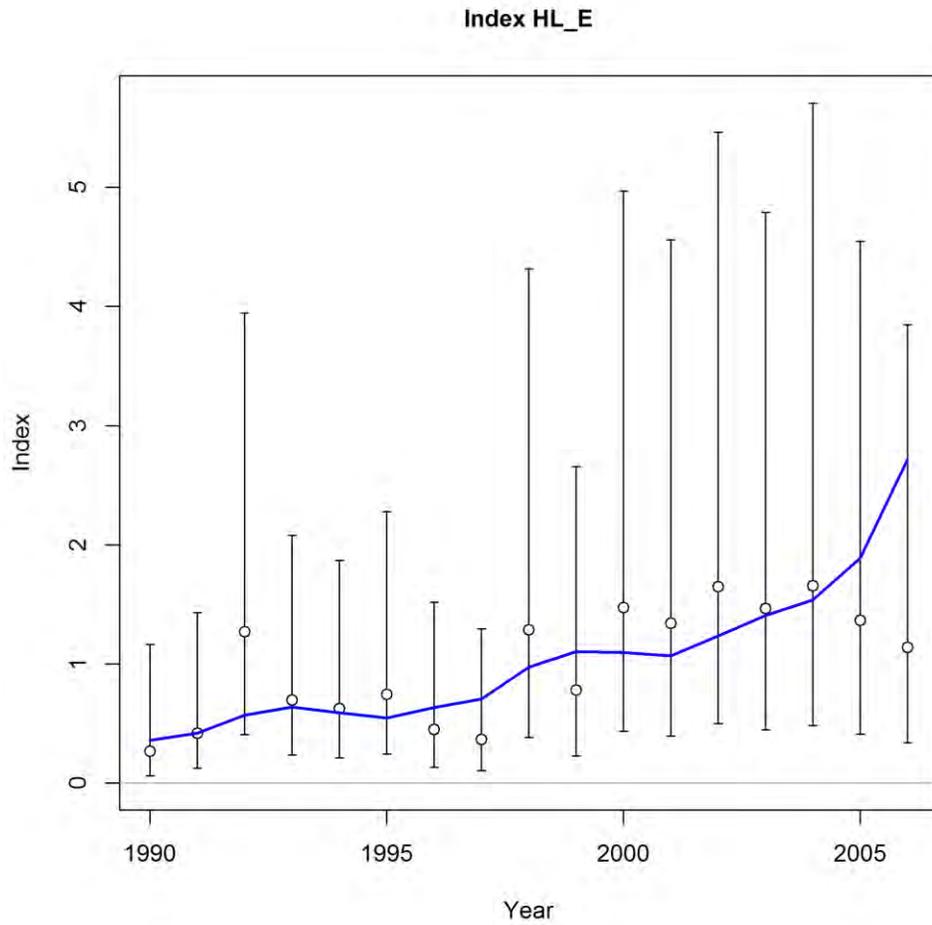


Figure 3.2.1.25. Observed and predicted vertical line standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

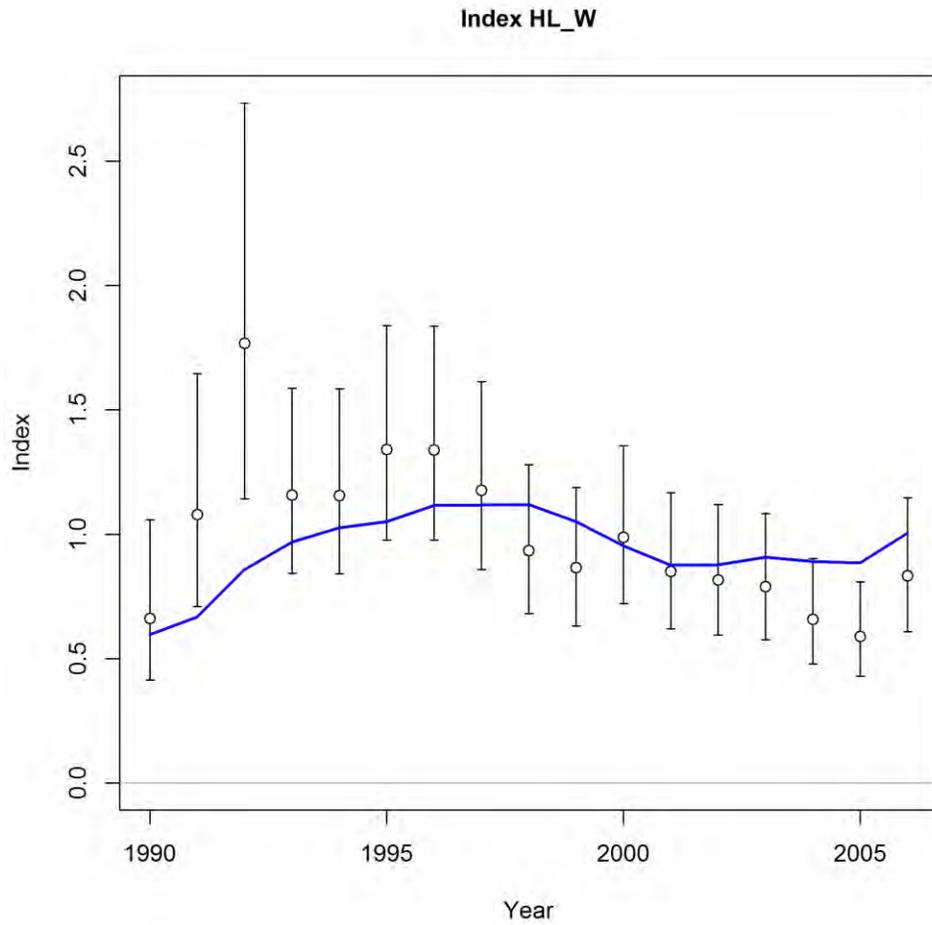


Figure 3.2.1.26. Observed and predicted vertical line standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

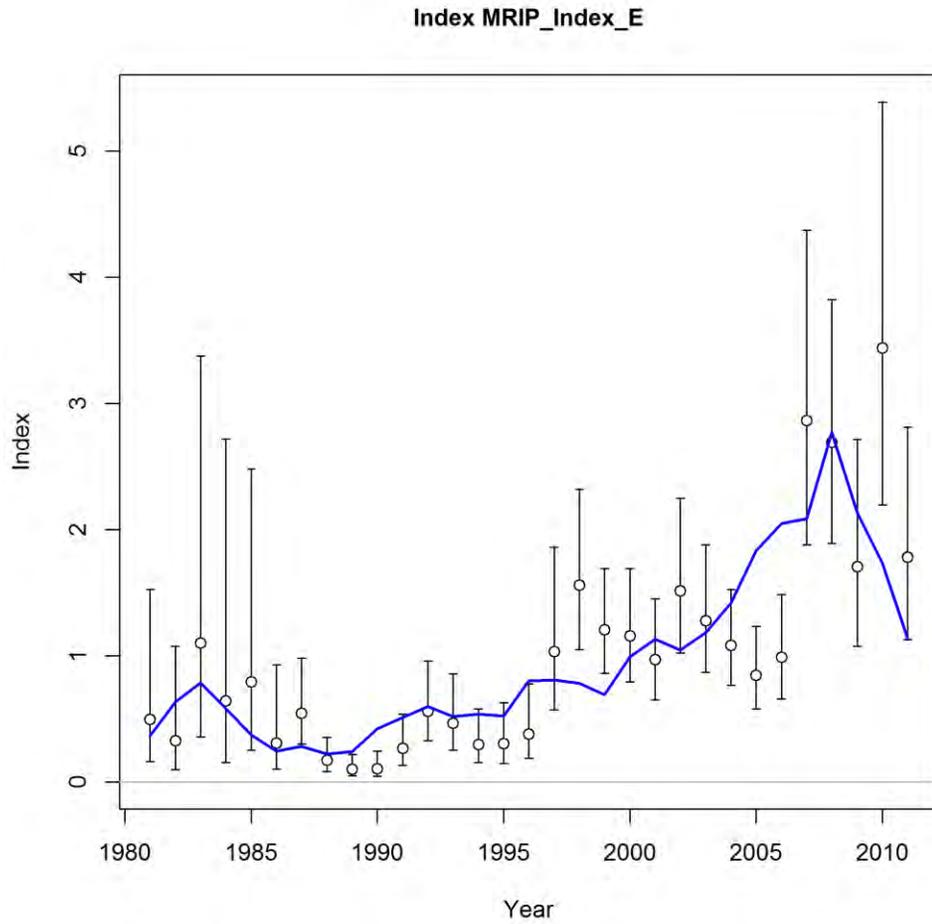


Figure 3.2.1.27. Observed and predicted private recreational fishery (MRIP) standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

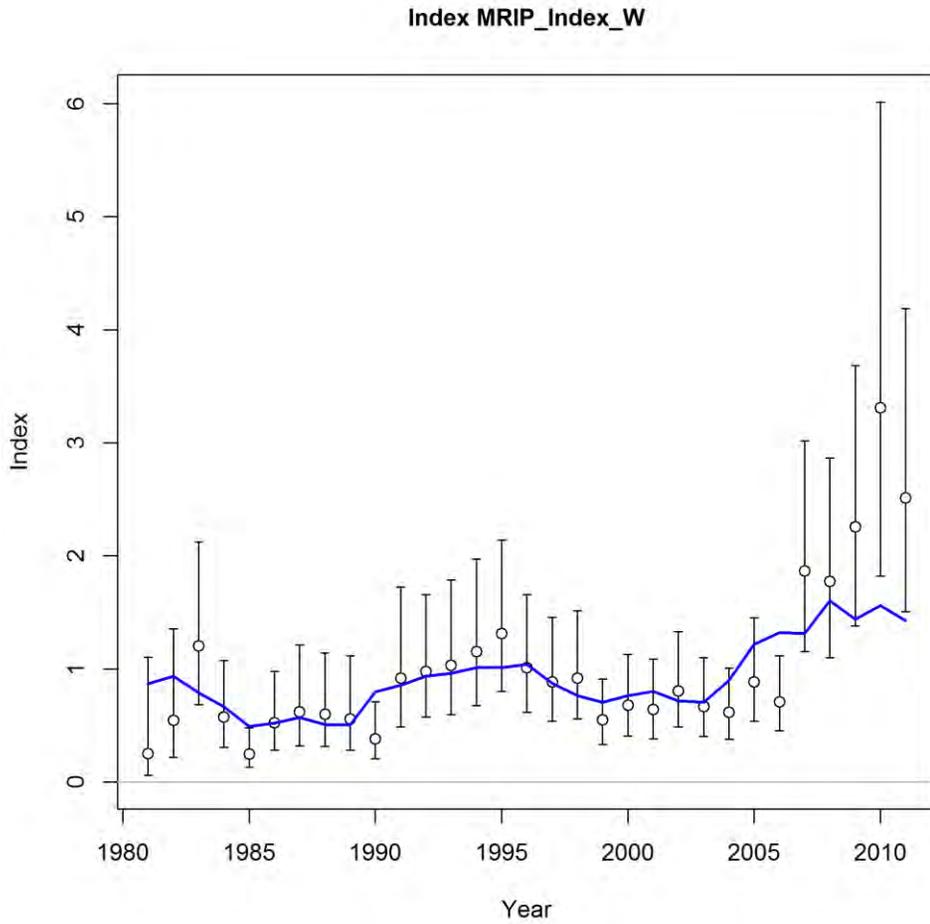


Figure 3.2.1.28. Observed and predicted private recreational fishery (MRIP) standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

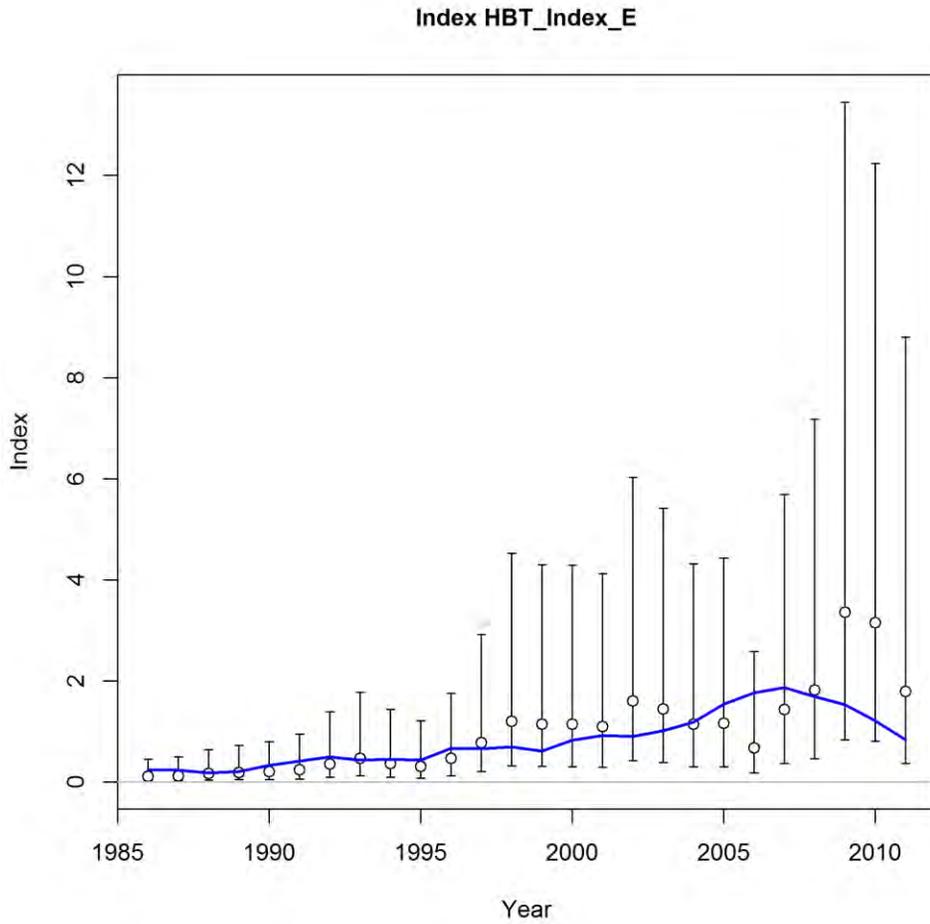


Figure 3.2.1.29. Observed and predicted recreational headboat fishery standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1986-2011.

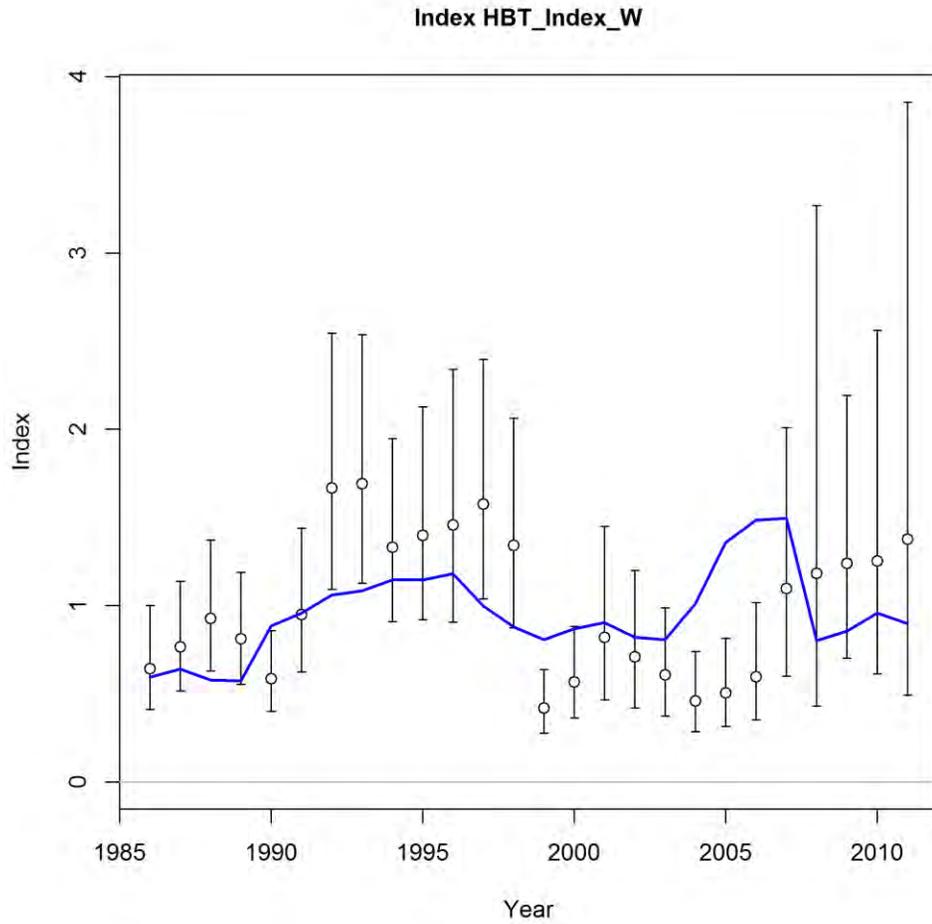


Figure 3.2.1.30. Observed and predicted recreational headboat fishery standardized index of abundance for red snapper fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1986-2011.

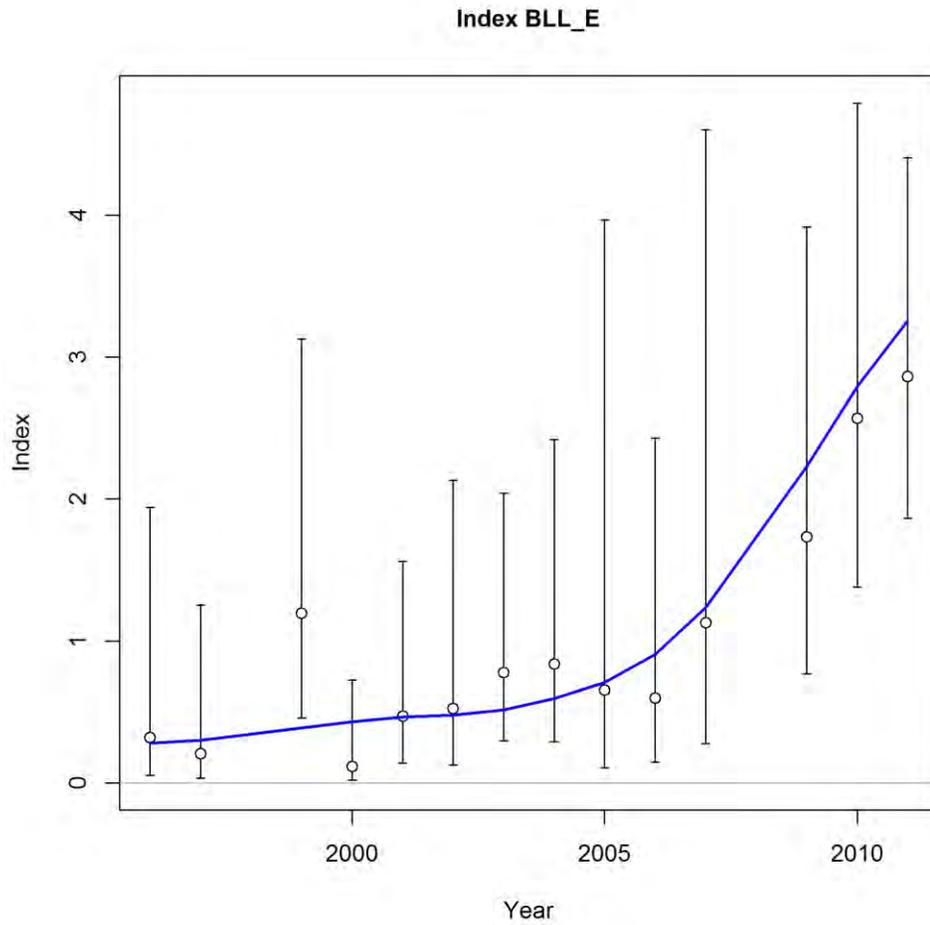


Figure 3.2.1.31. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the NMFS bottom longline survey, 1996-2011.

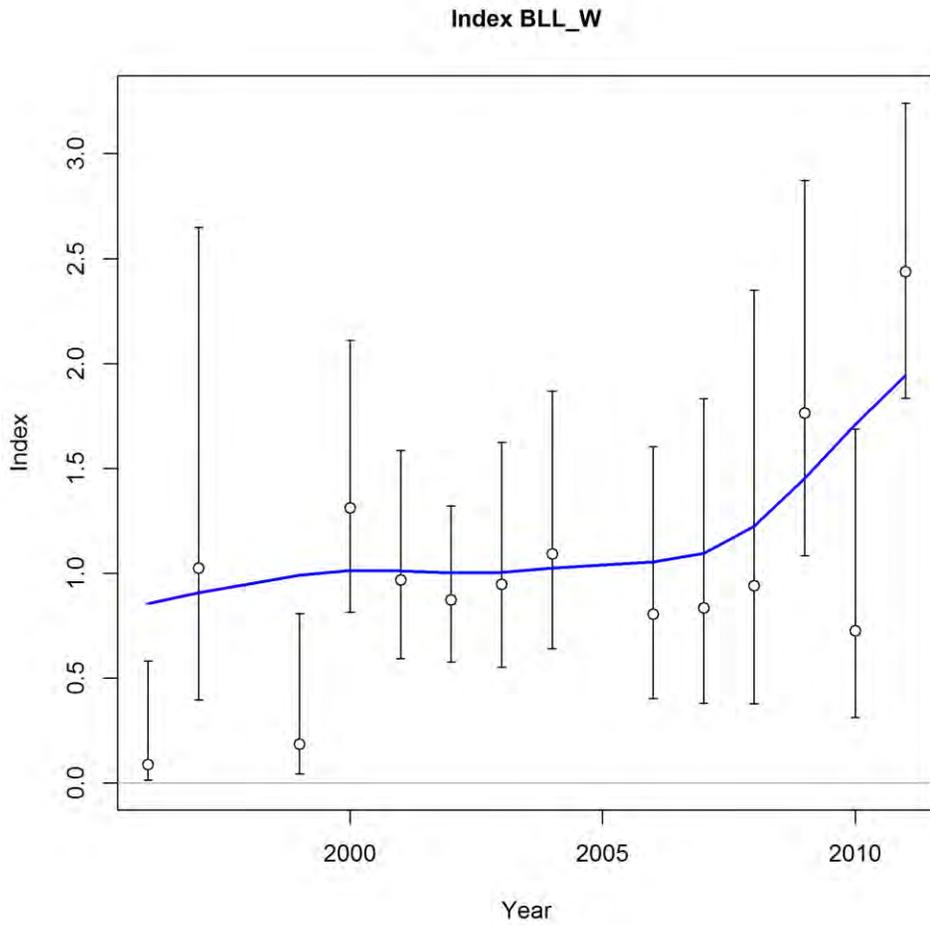


Figure 3.2.1.32. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the NMFS bottom longline survey, 1996-2011.

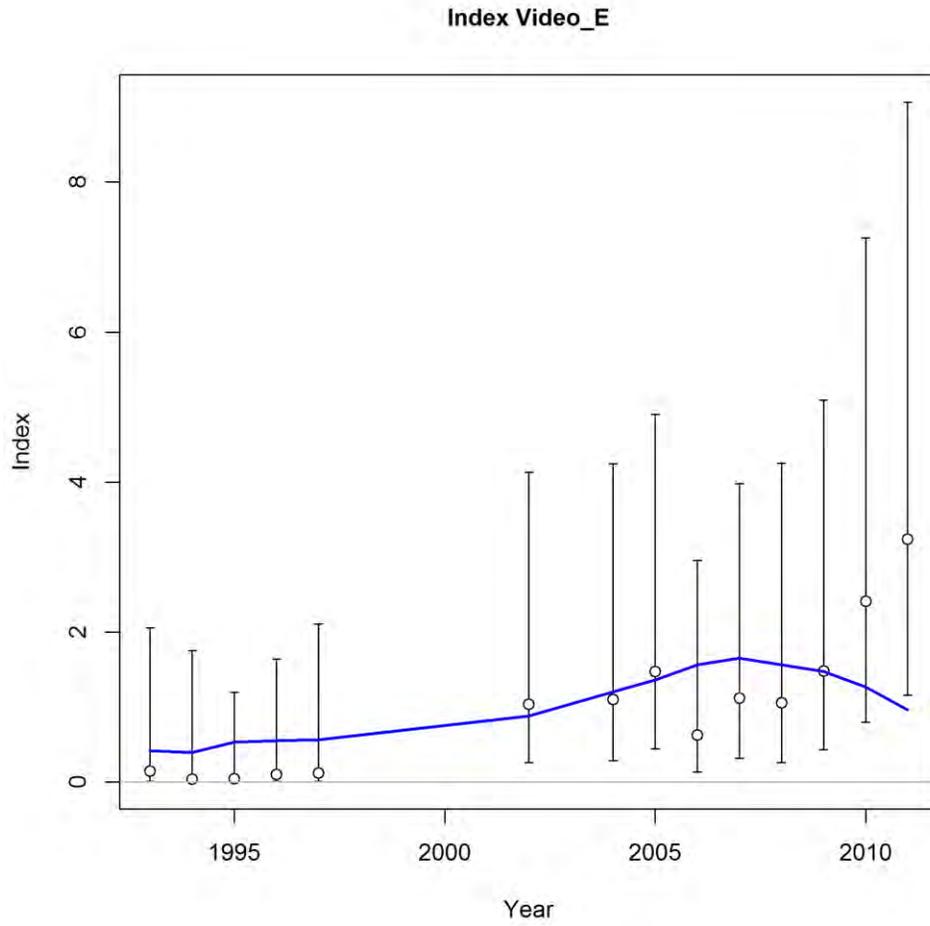


Figure 3.2.1.33. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, 1993-2011.

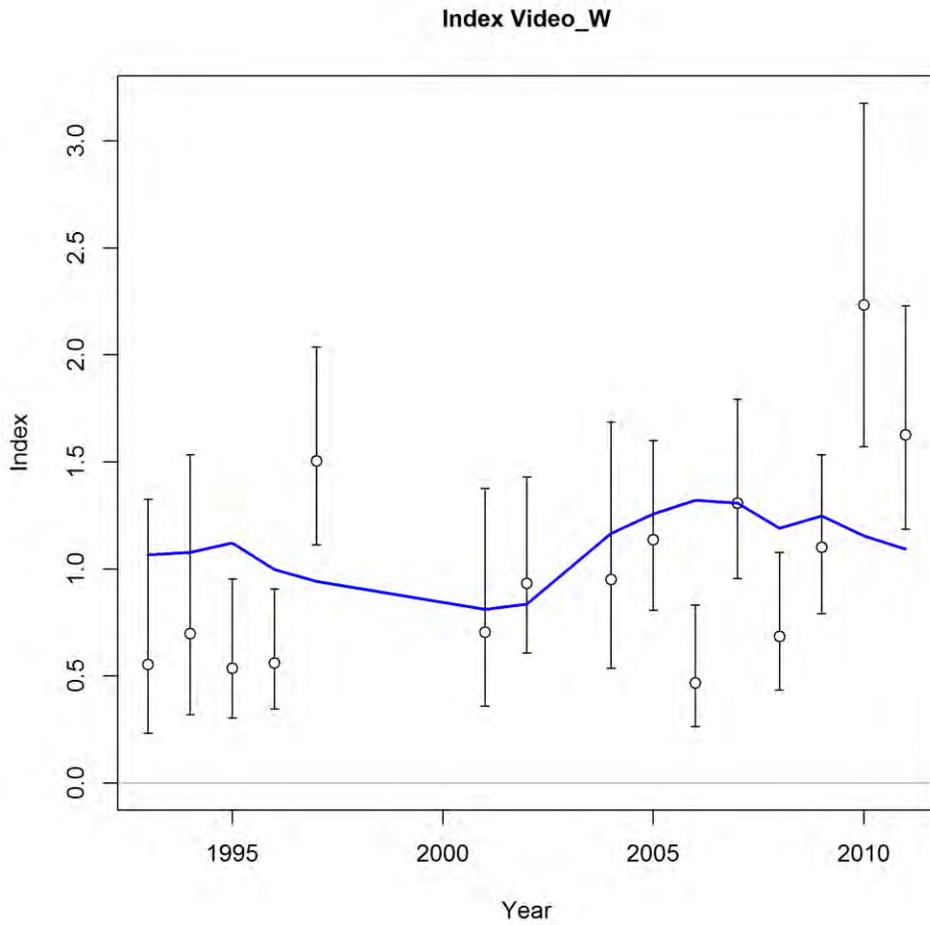


Figure 3.2.1.34. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, 1993-2011.

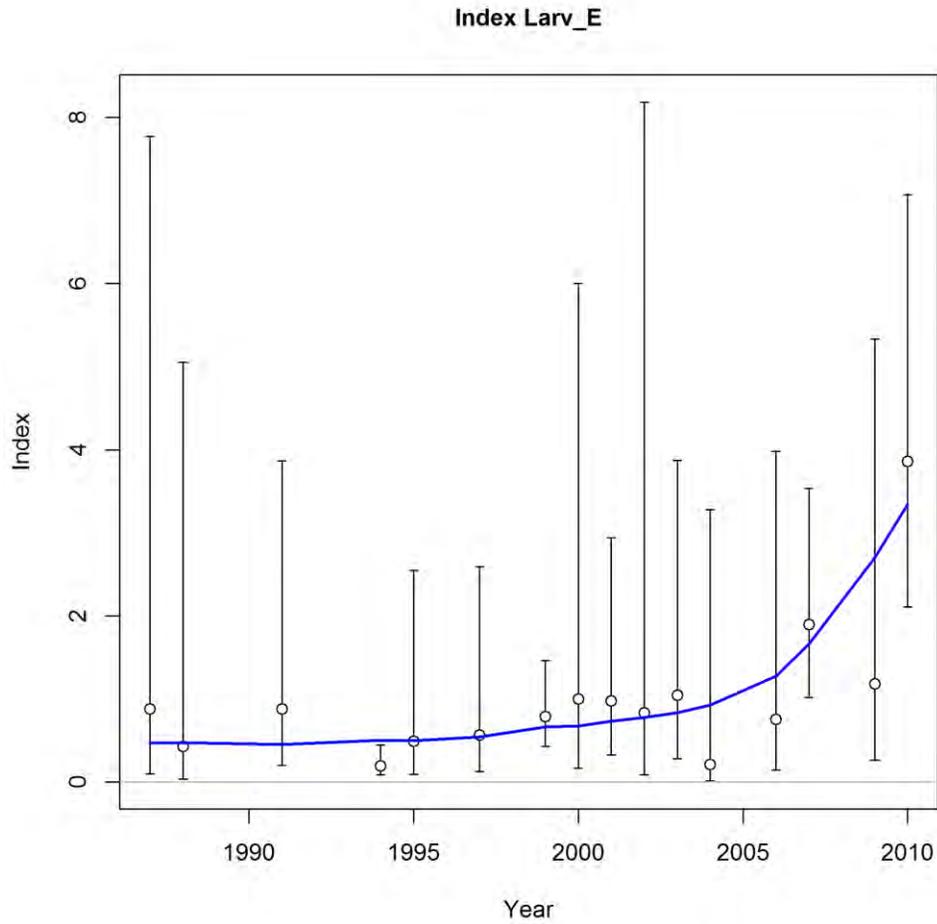


Figure 3.2.1.35. Observed and predicted index of abundance for larval red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey, 1986-2011.

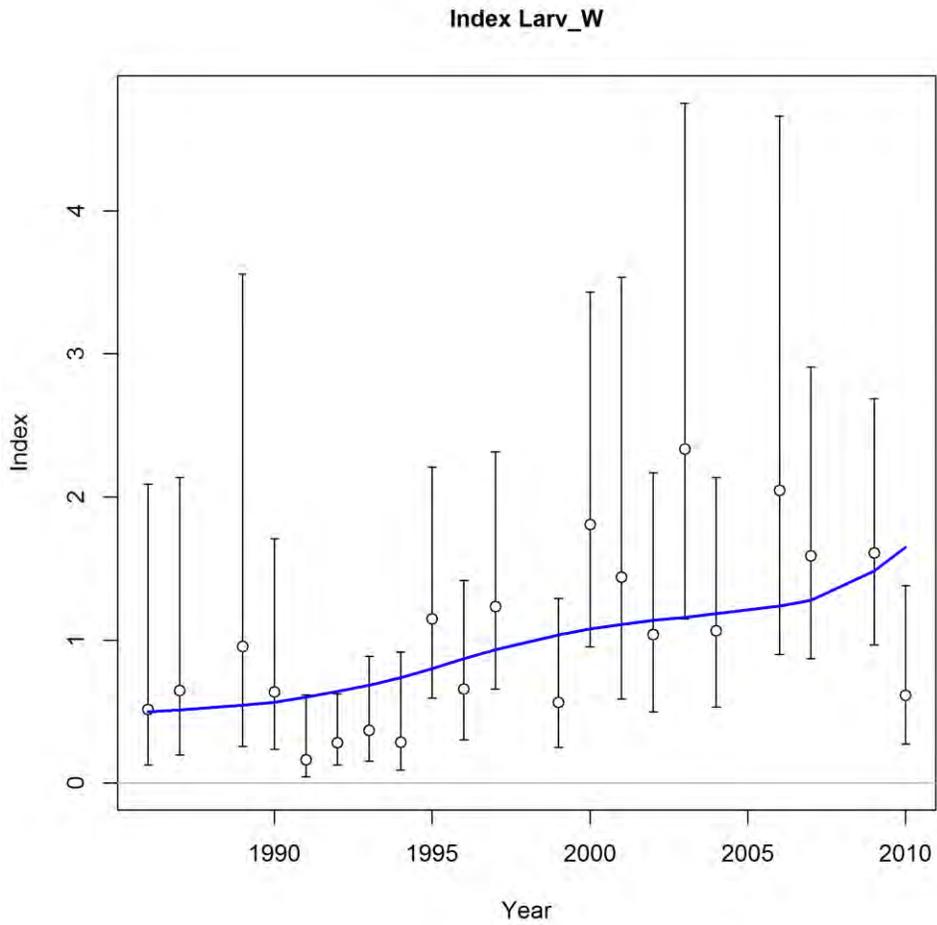


Figure 3.2.1.36. Observed and predicted index of abundance for larval red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey, 1986-2011.

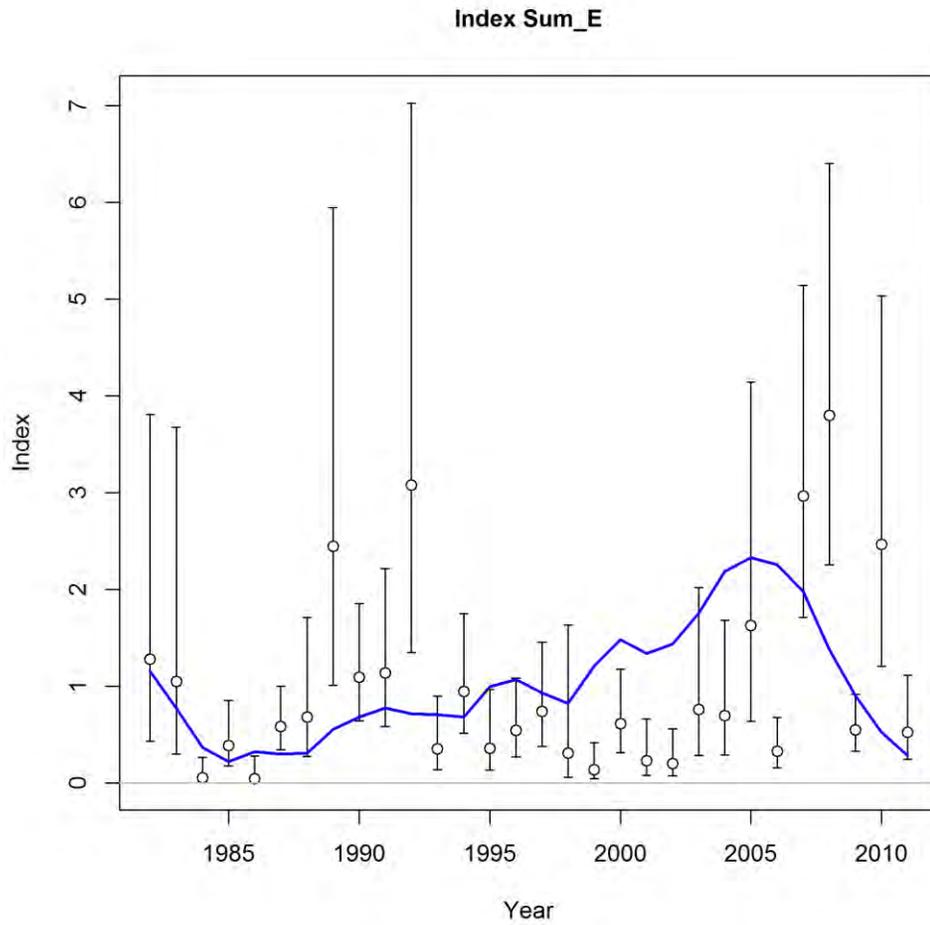


Figure 3.2.1.37. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey, 1982-2011.

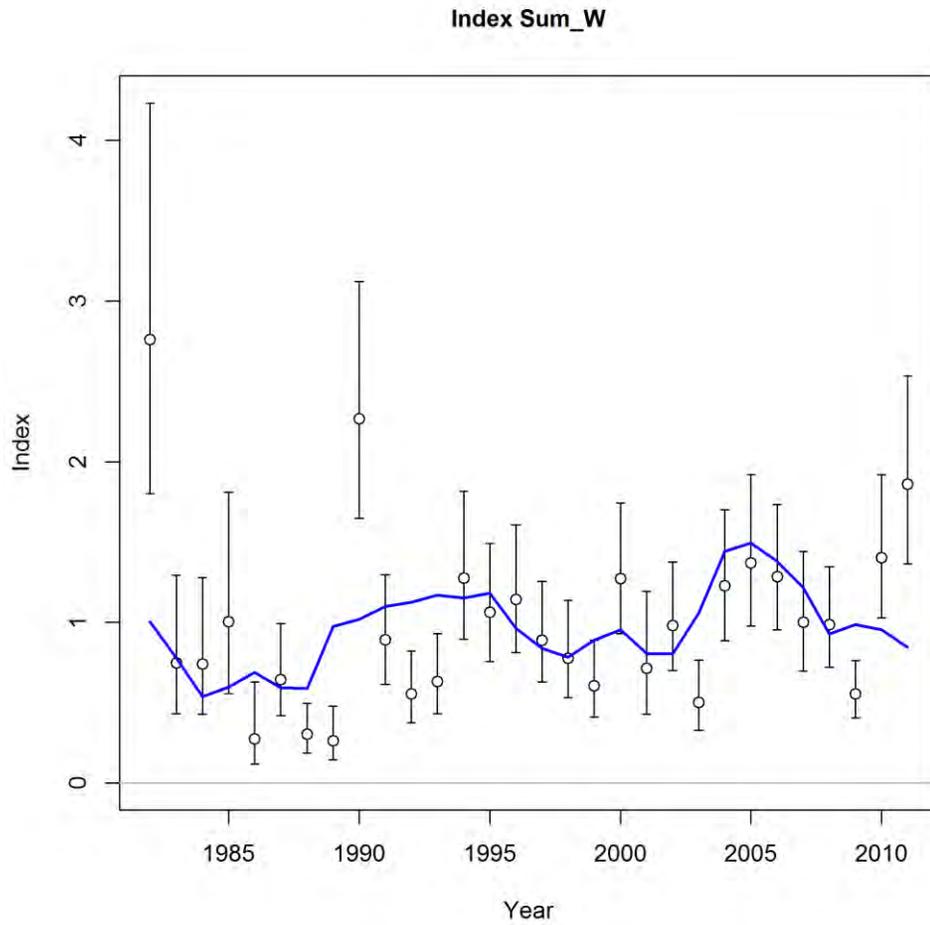


Figure 3.2.1.38. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey, 1982-2011.

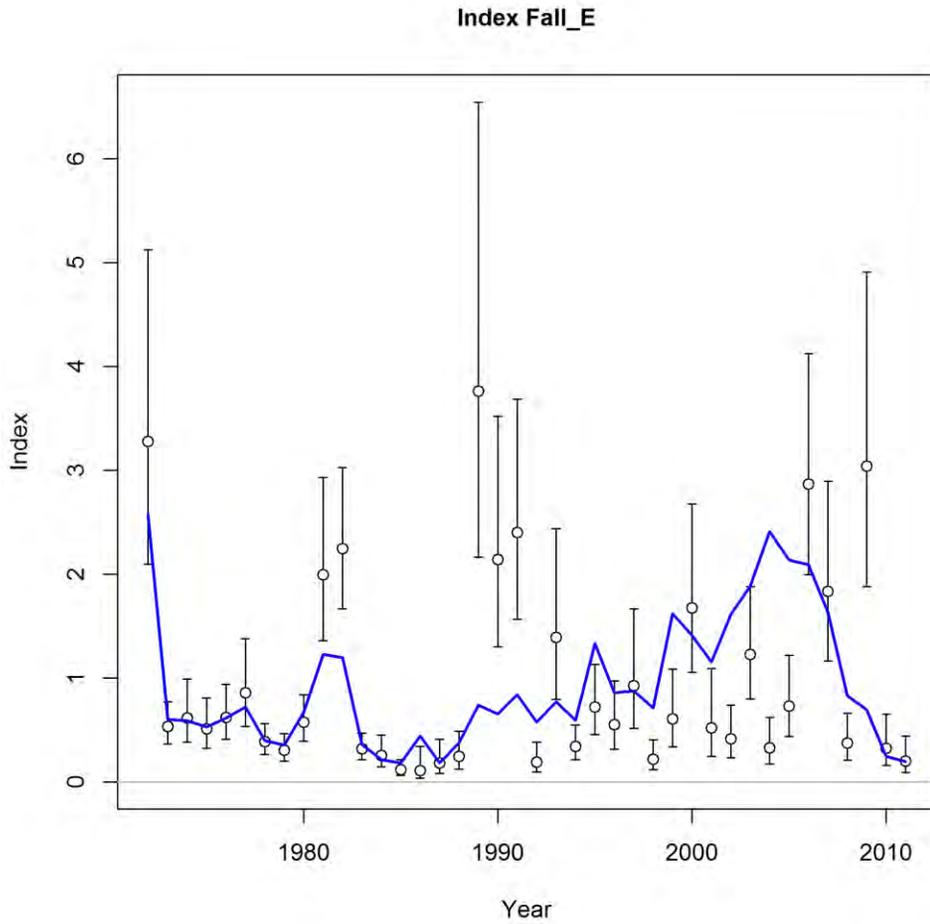


Figure 3.2.1.39. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey, 1972-2011.

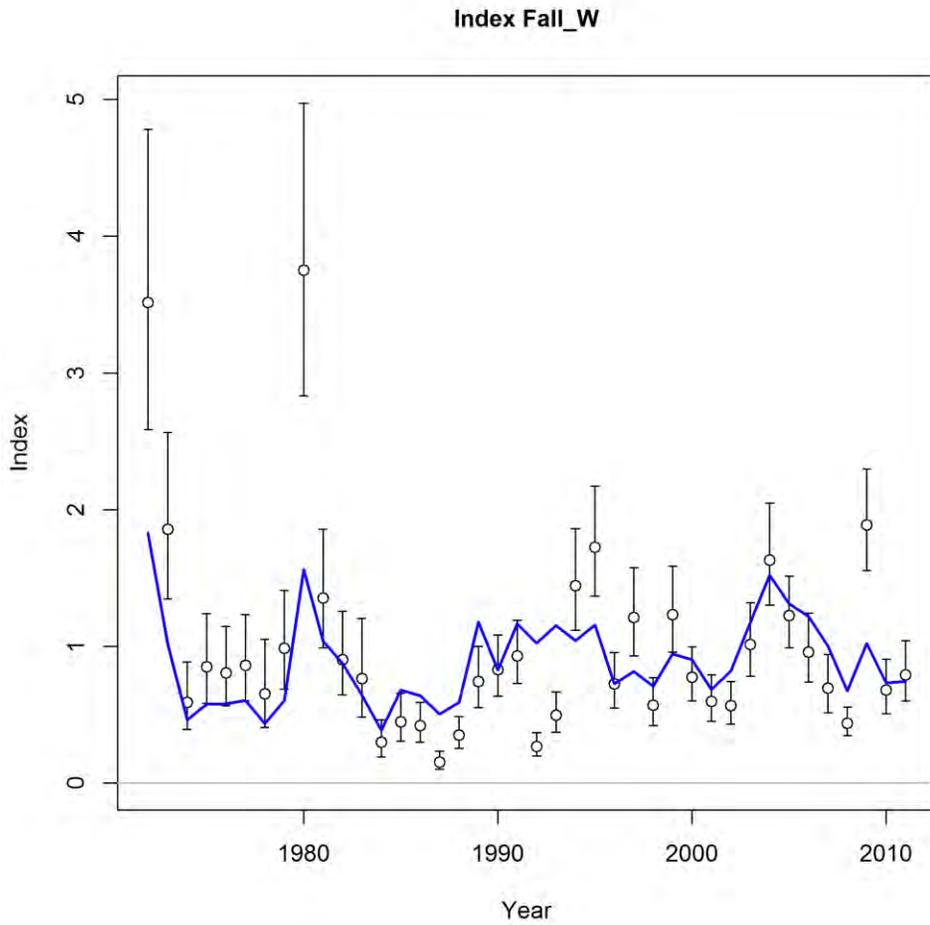


Figure 3.2.1.40. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey, 1972-2011.

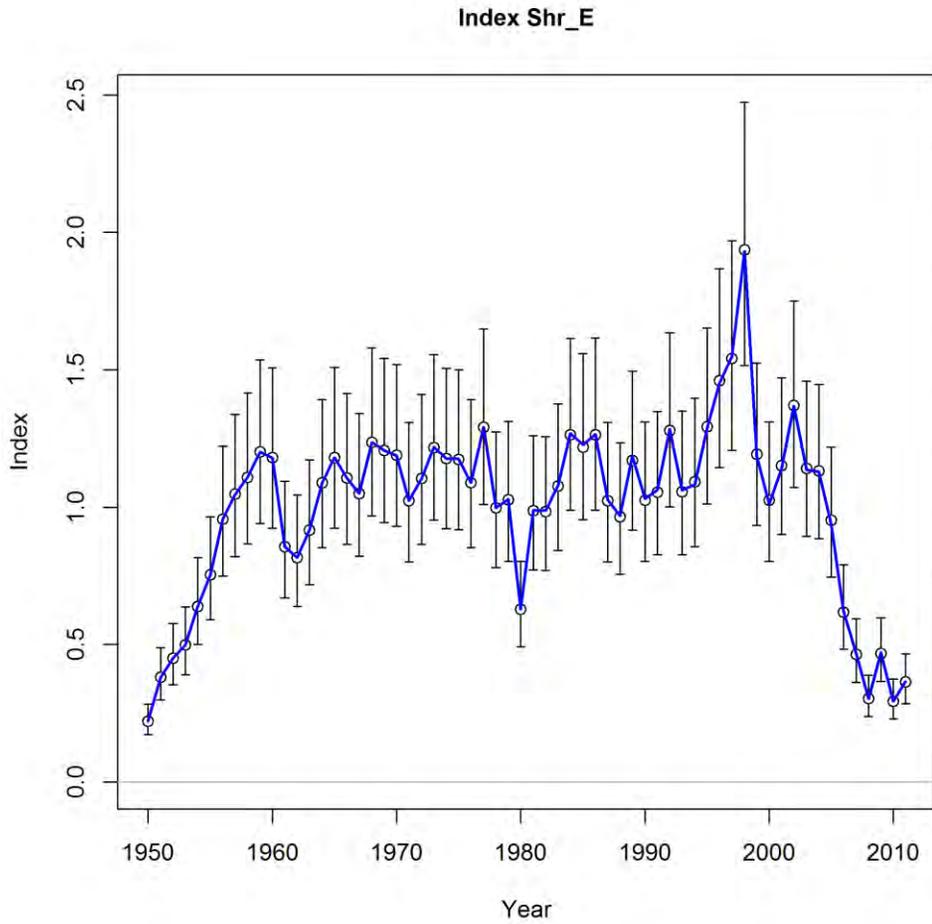


Figure 3.2.1.41. Observed and predicted index of fishing effort for the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1950-2011.

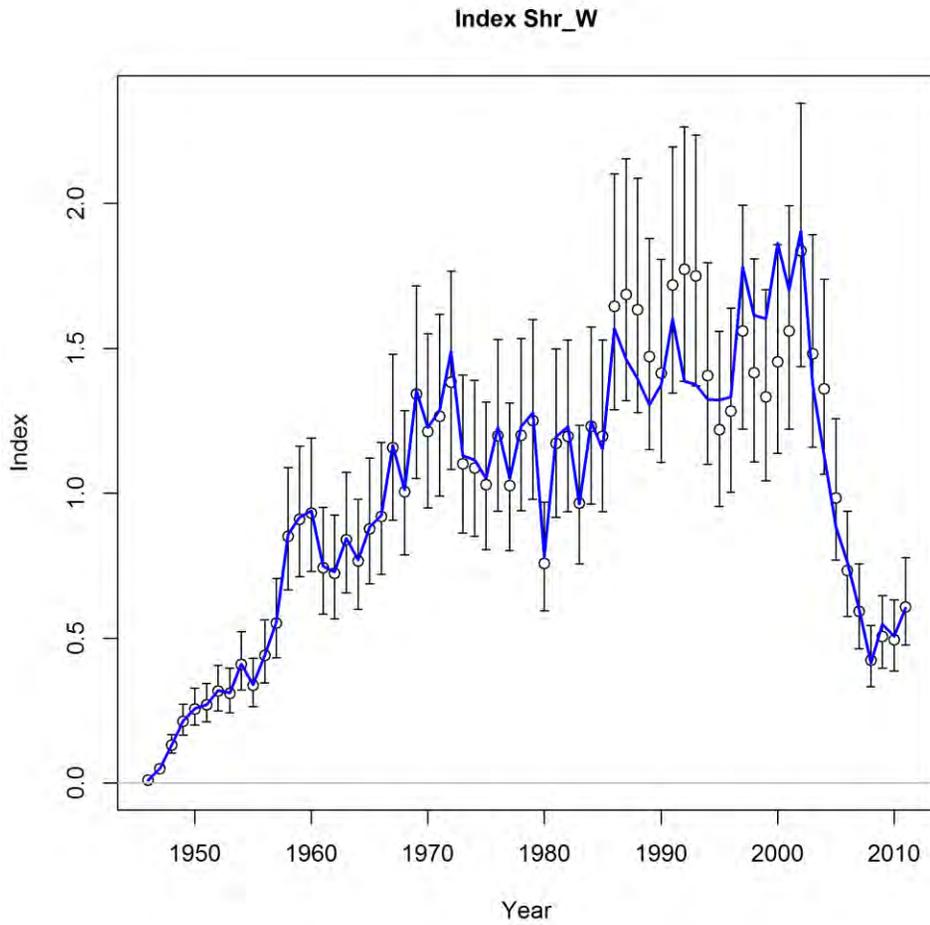


Figure 3.2.1.42. Observed and predicted index of fishing effort for the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

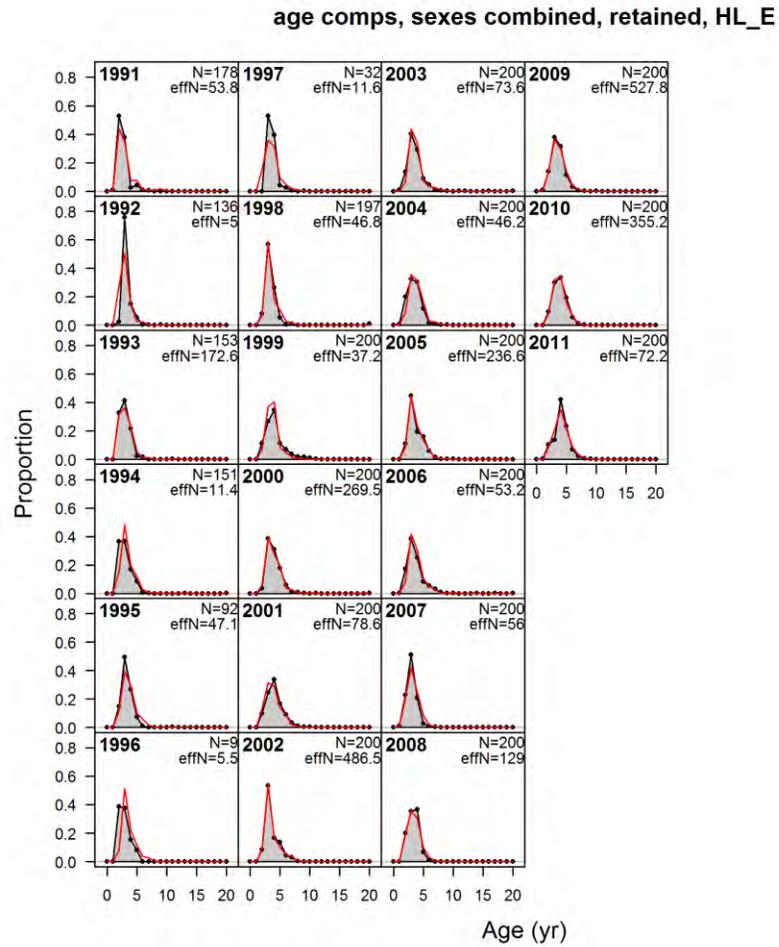


Figure 3.2.1.43. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

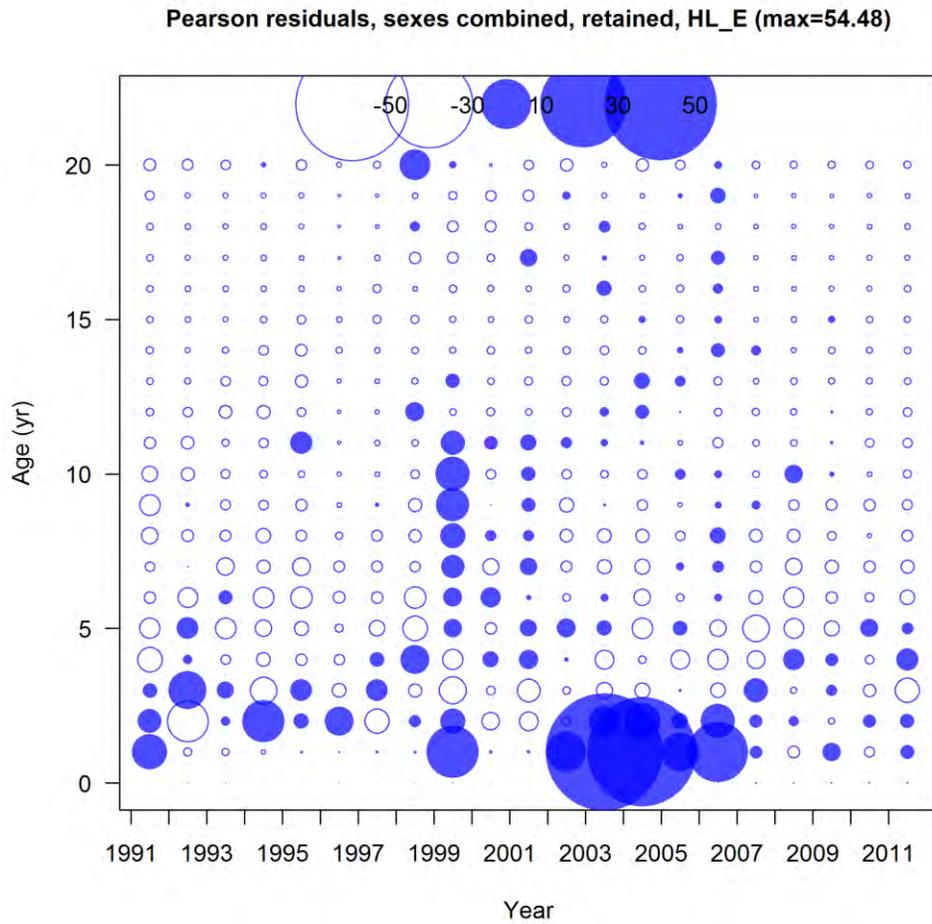


Figure 3.2.1.44. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HL_E

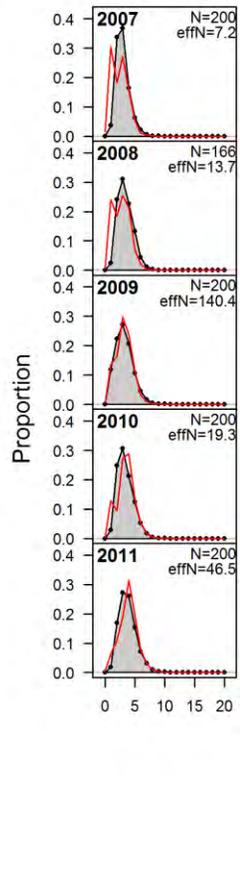


Figure 3.2.1.45. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

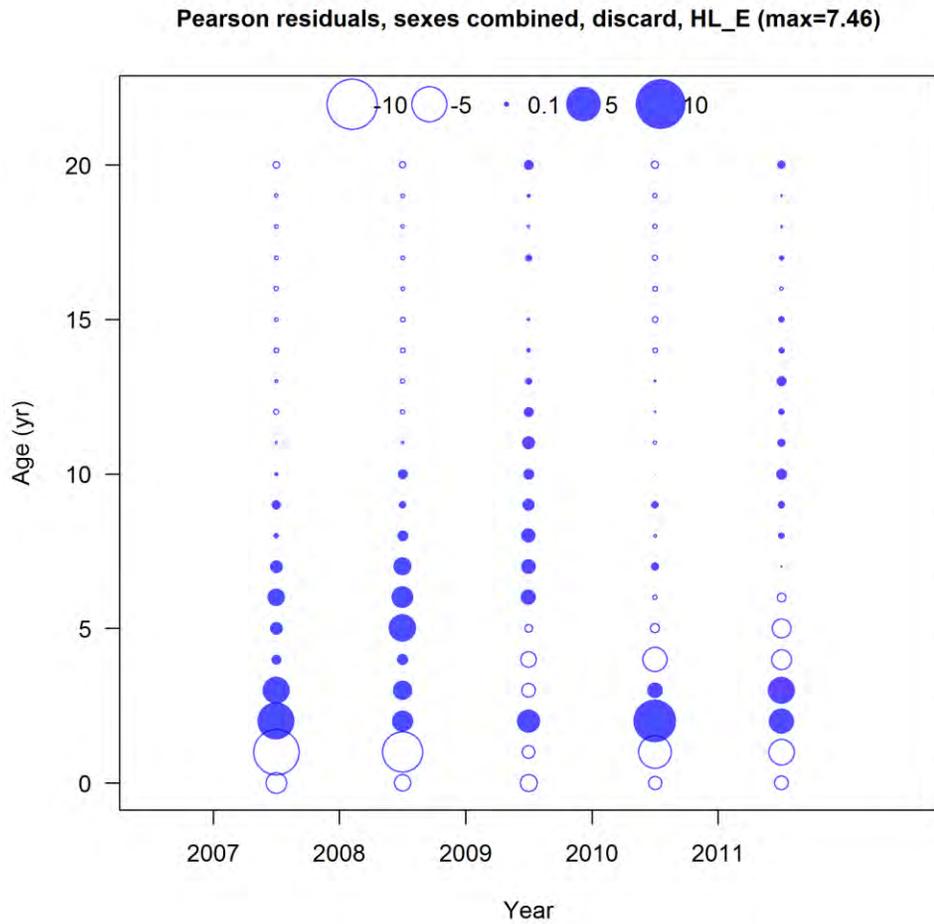


Figure 3.2.1.46. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

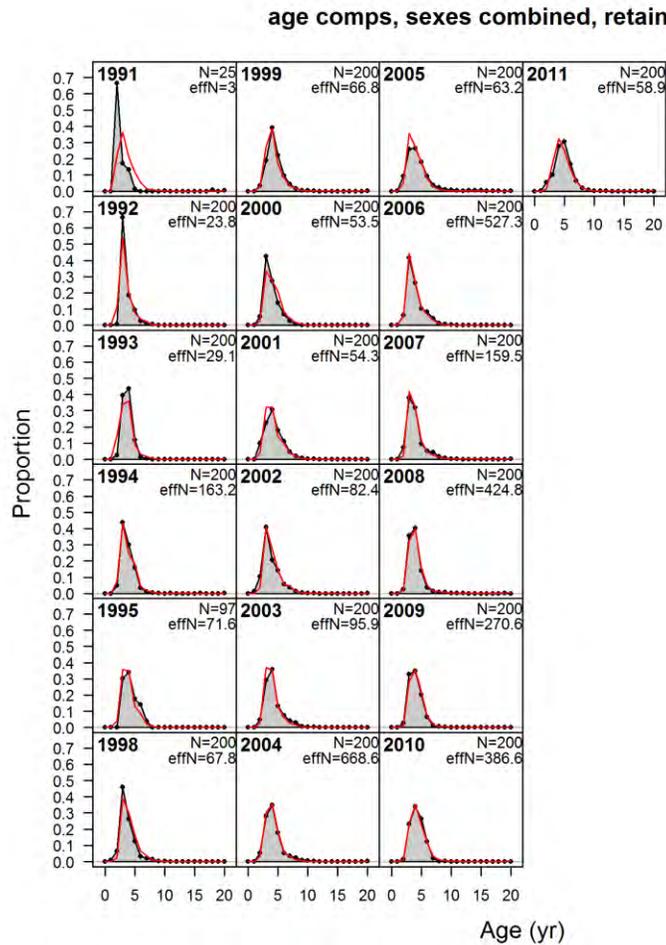


Figure 3.2.1.47. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

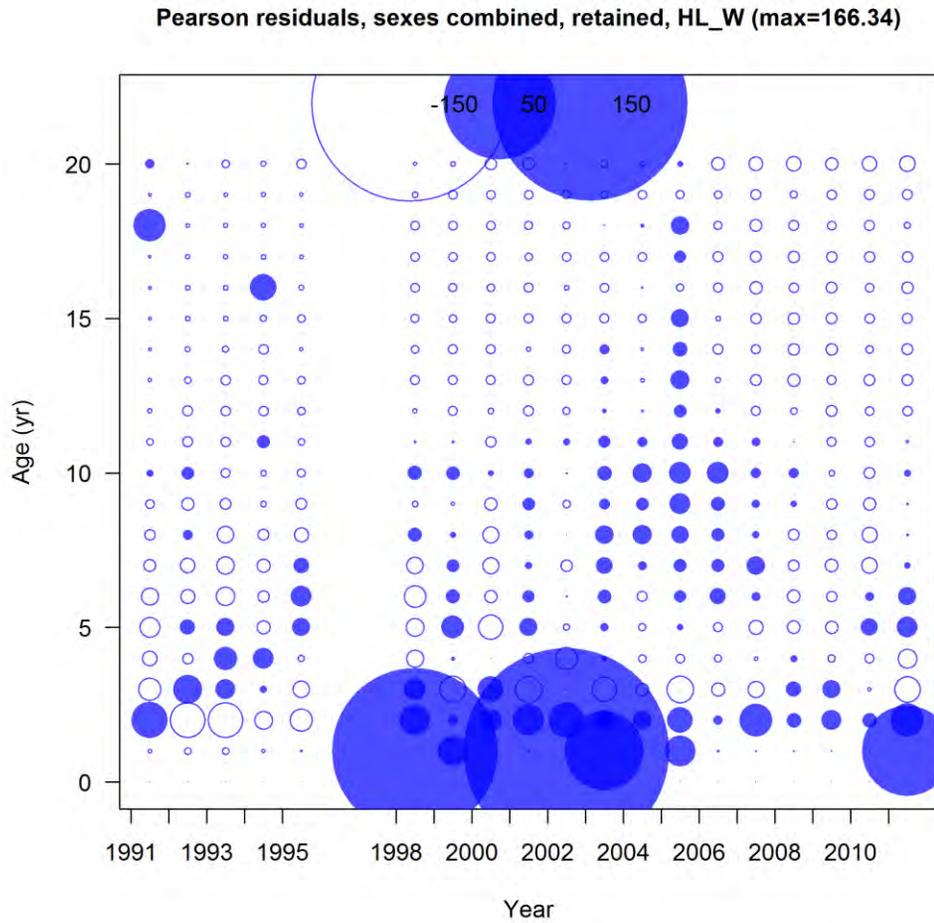


Figure 3.2.1.48. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HL_W

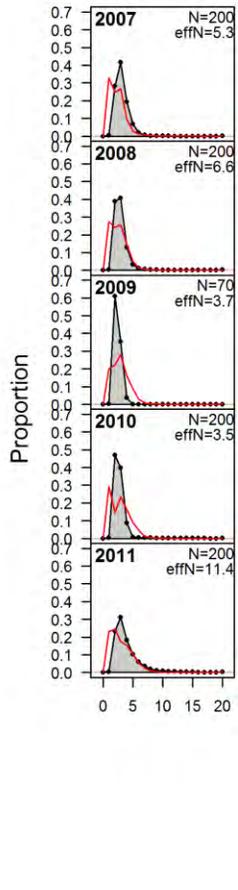


Figure 3.2.1.49. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

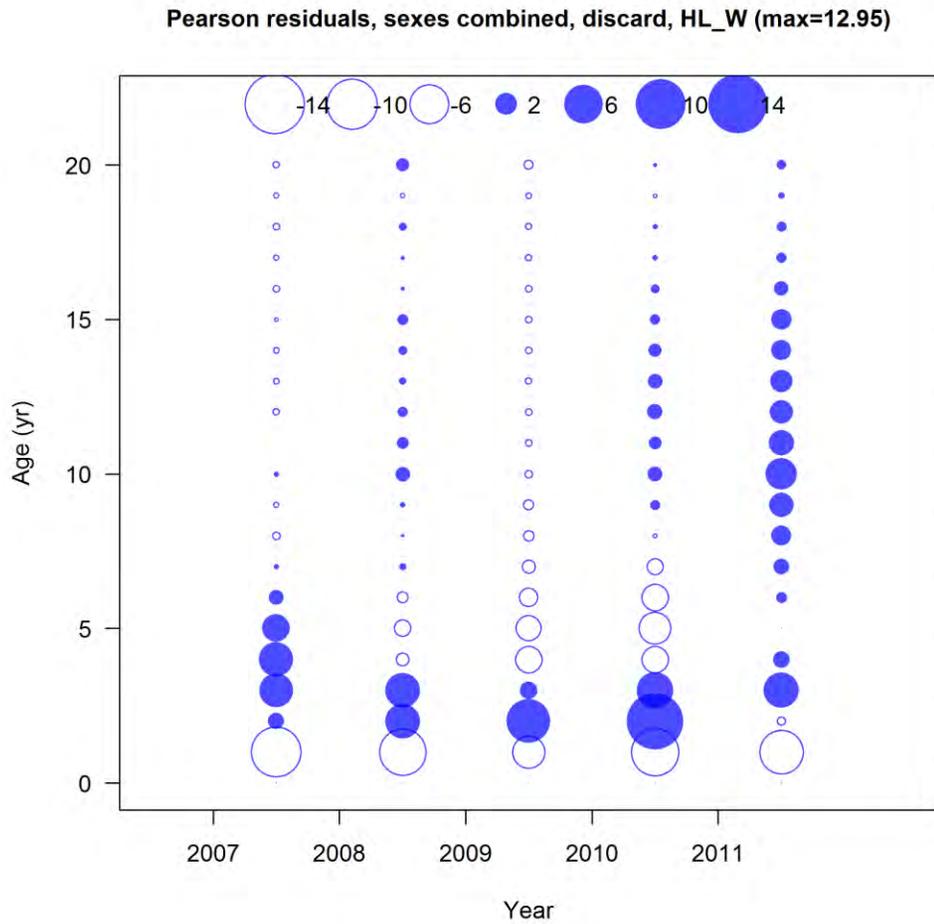


Figure 3.2.1.50. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

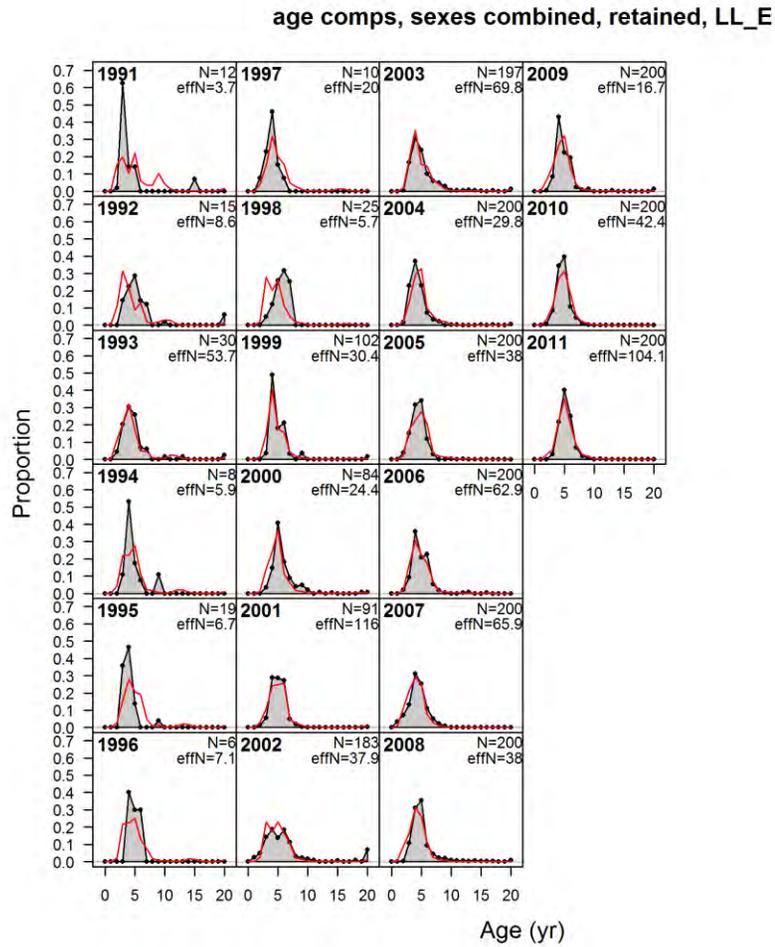


Figure 3.2.1.51. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

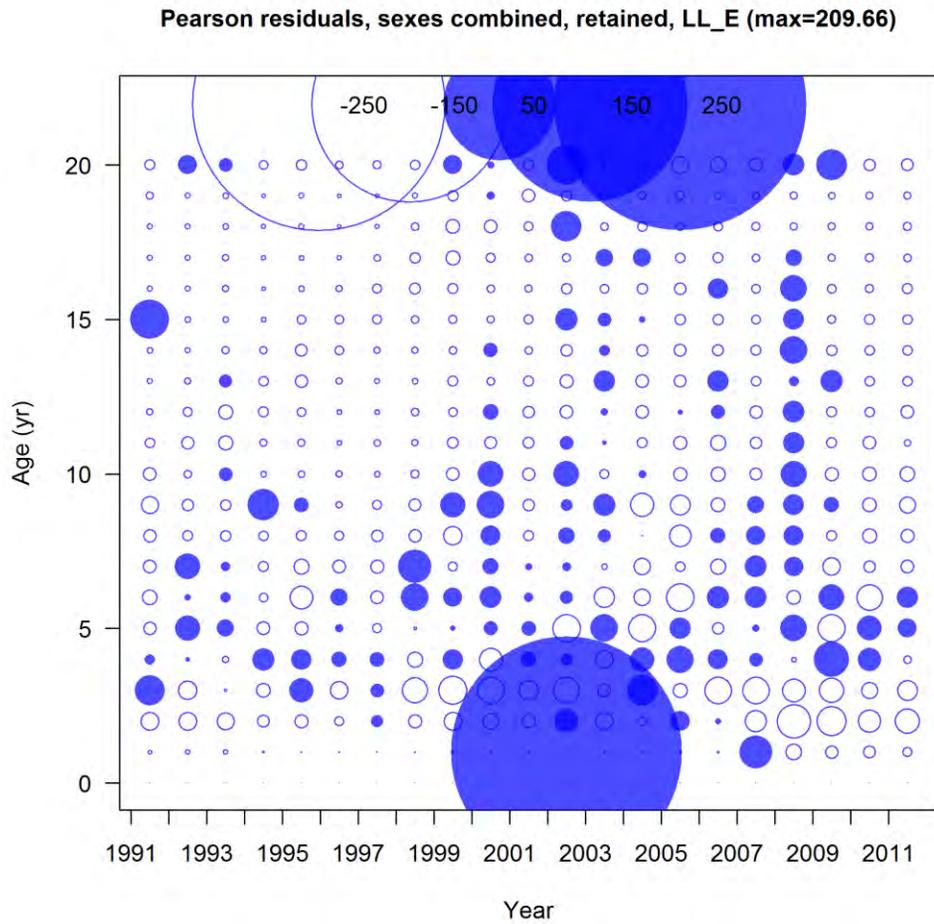
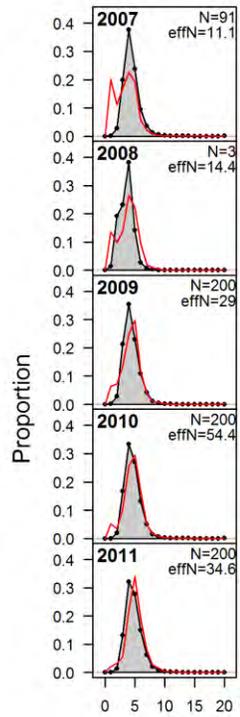


Figure 3.2.1.52. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, LL_E



Age (yr)

Figure 3.2.1.53. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

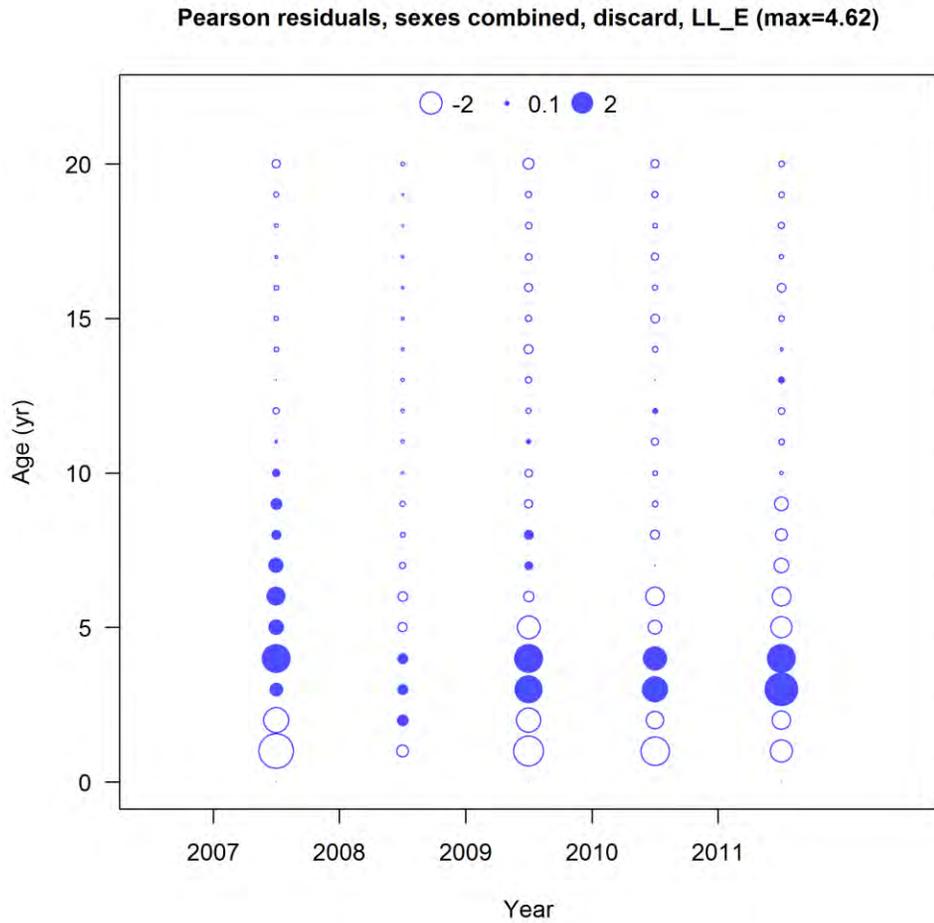


Figure 3.2.1.54. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, retained, LL_W

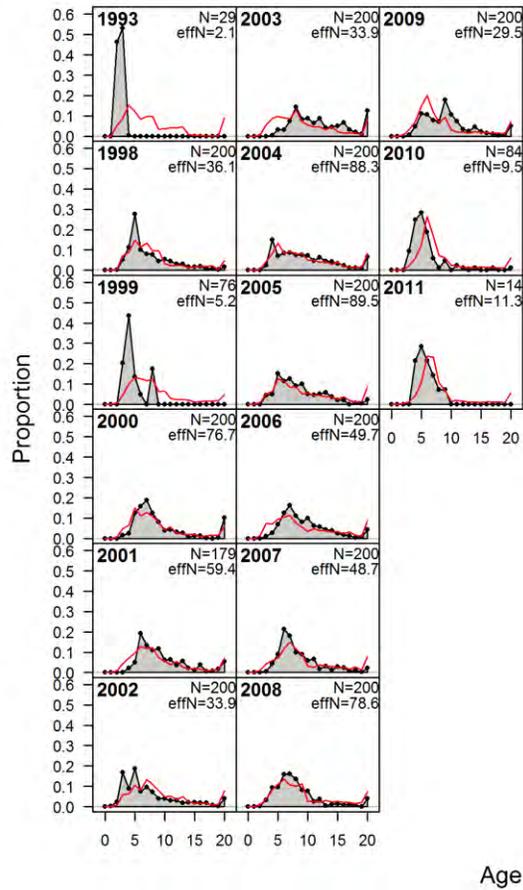


Figure 3.2.1.55. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

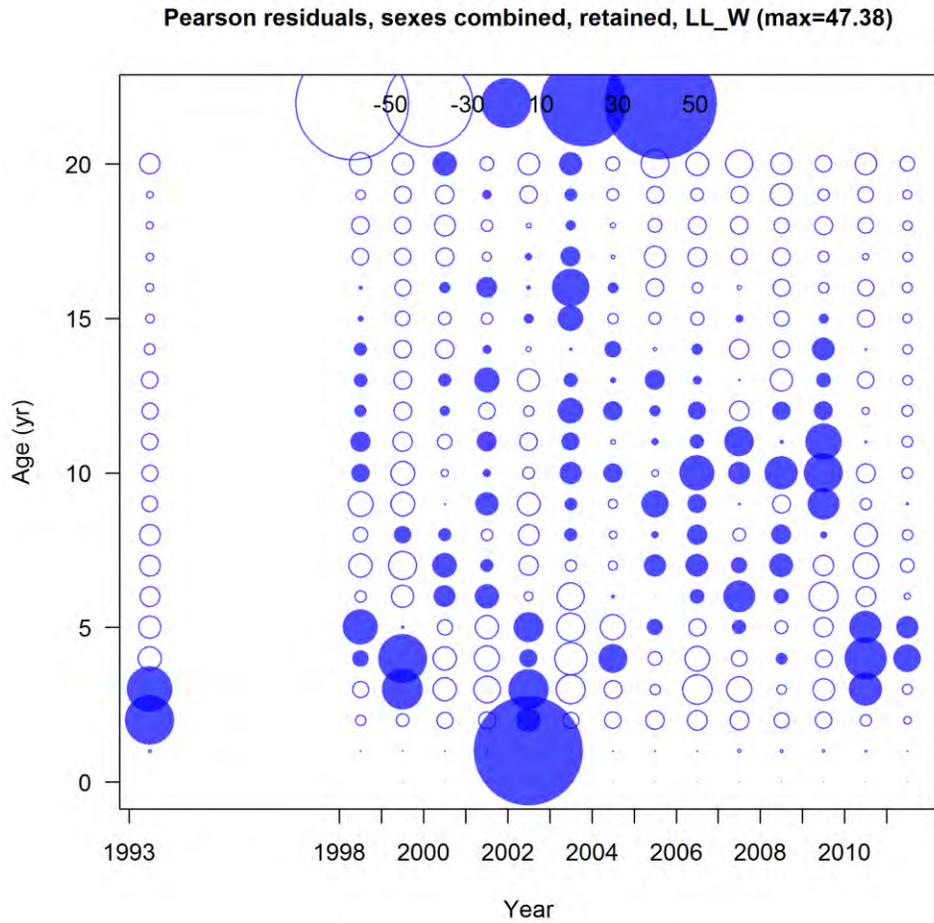


Figure 3.2.1.56. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

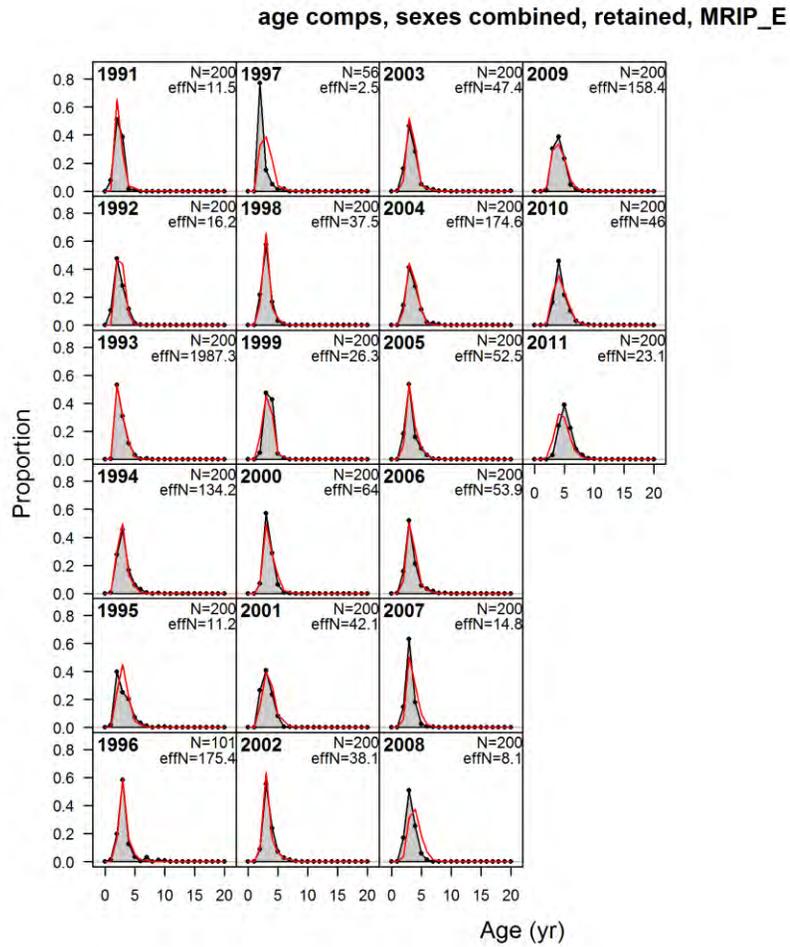


Figure 3.2.1.57. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

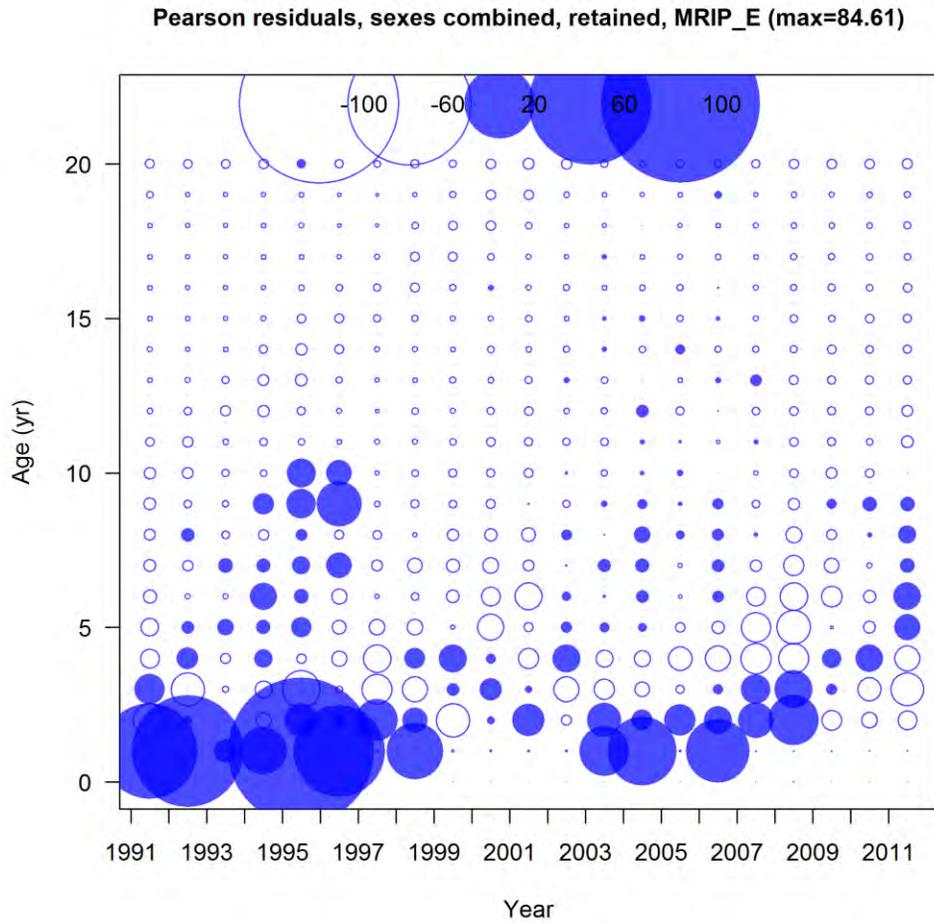


Figure 3.2.1.58. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, retained, MRIP_W

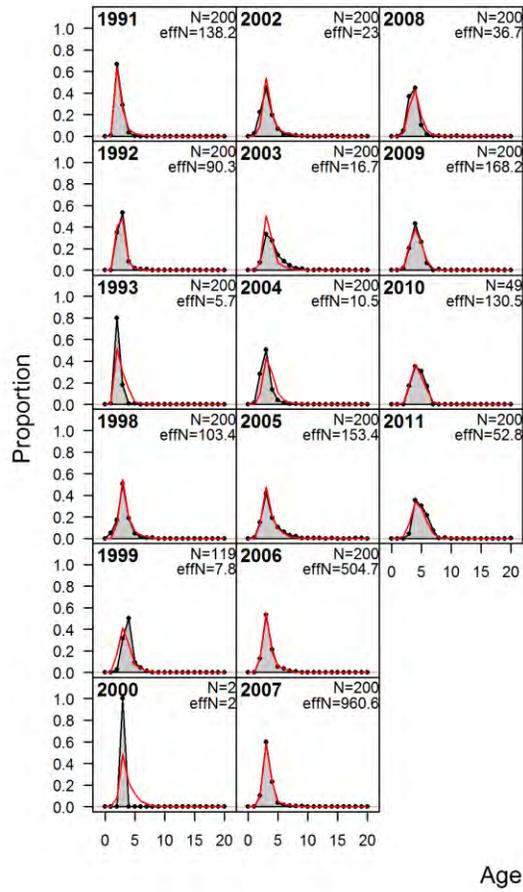


Figure 3.2.1.59. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

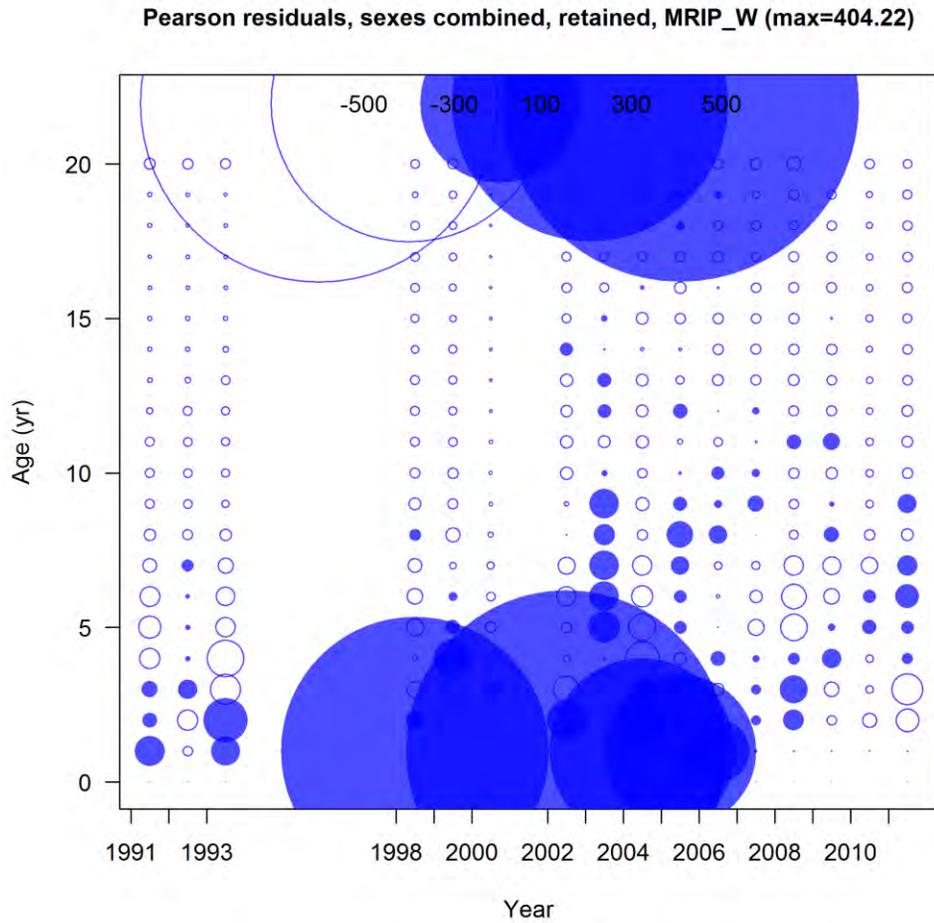


Figure 3.2.1.60. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

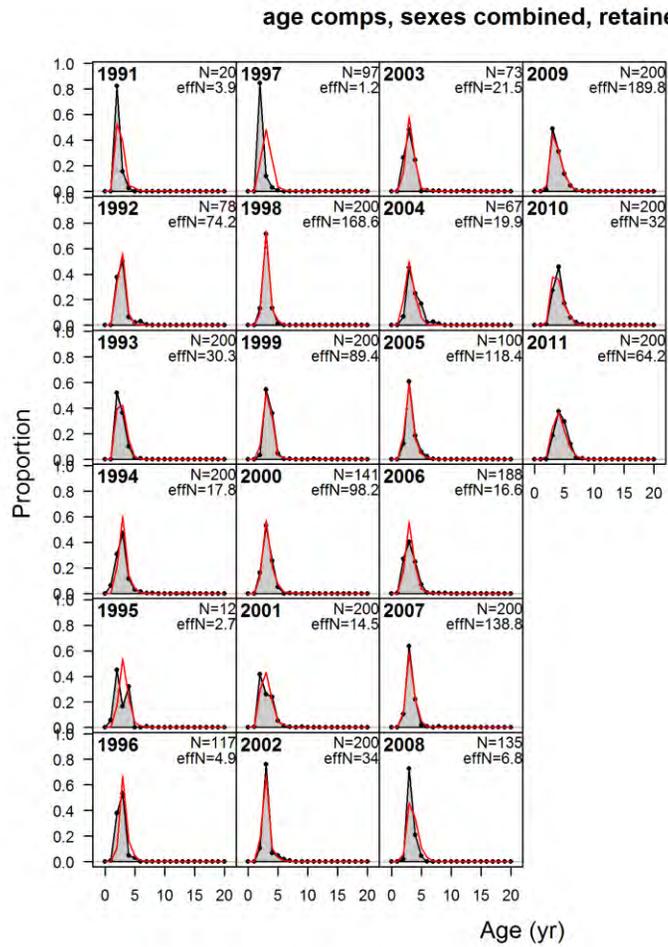


Figure 3.2.1.61. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

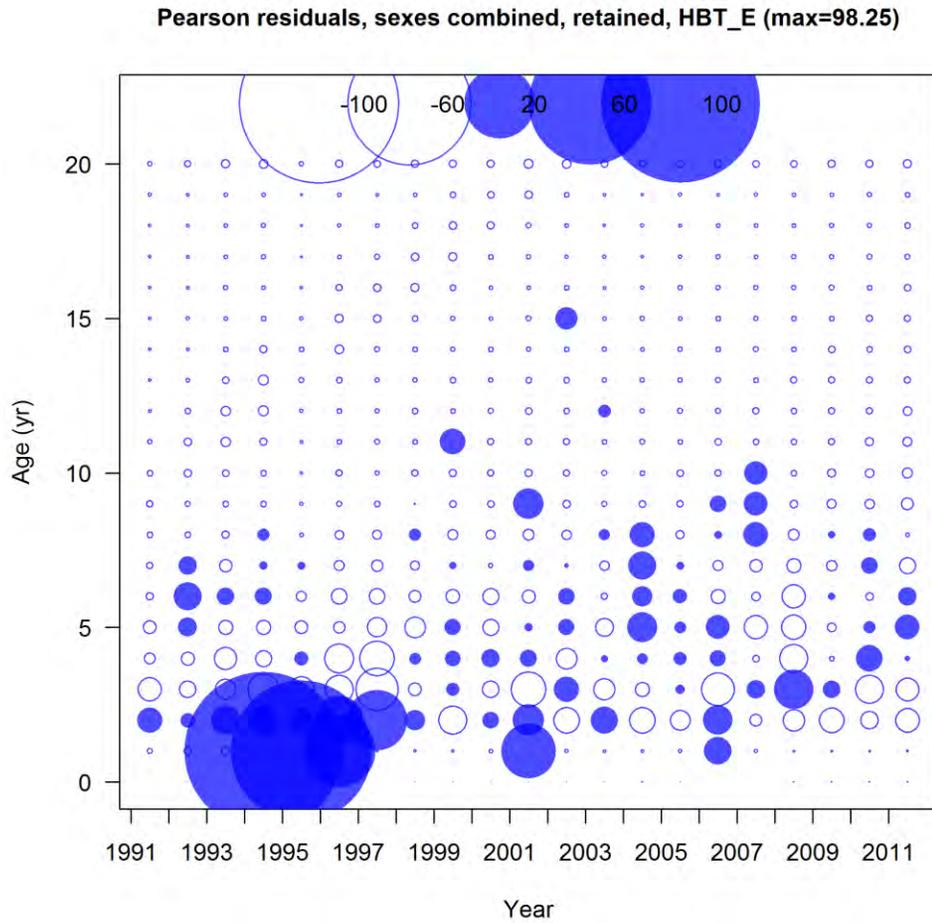


Figure 3.2.1.62. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HBT_E

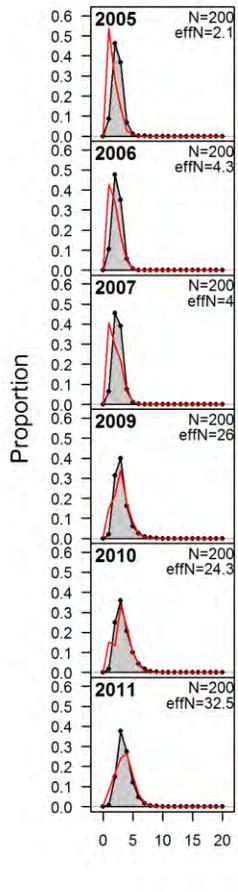


Figure 3.2.1.63. Observed and predicted age composition of discarded red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

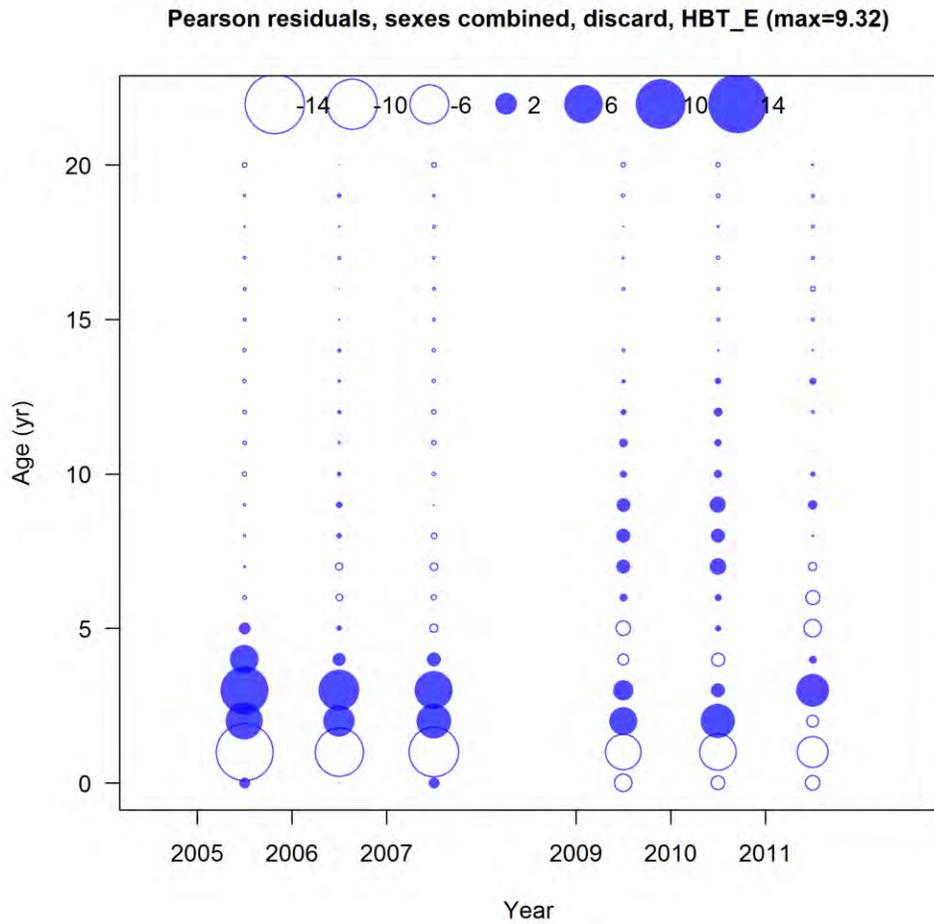


Figure 3.2.1.64. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

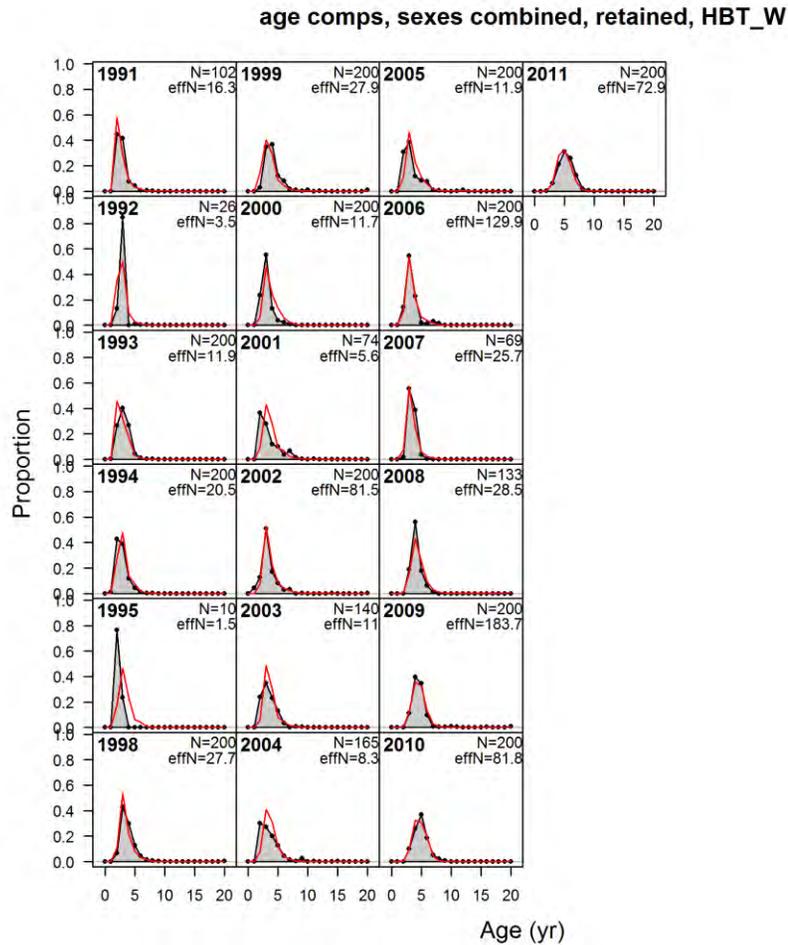


Figure 3.2.1.65. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

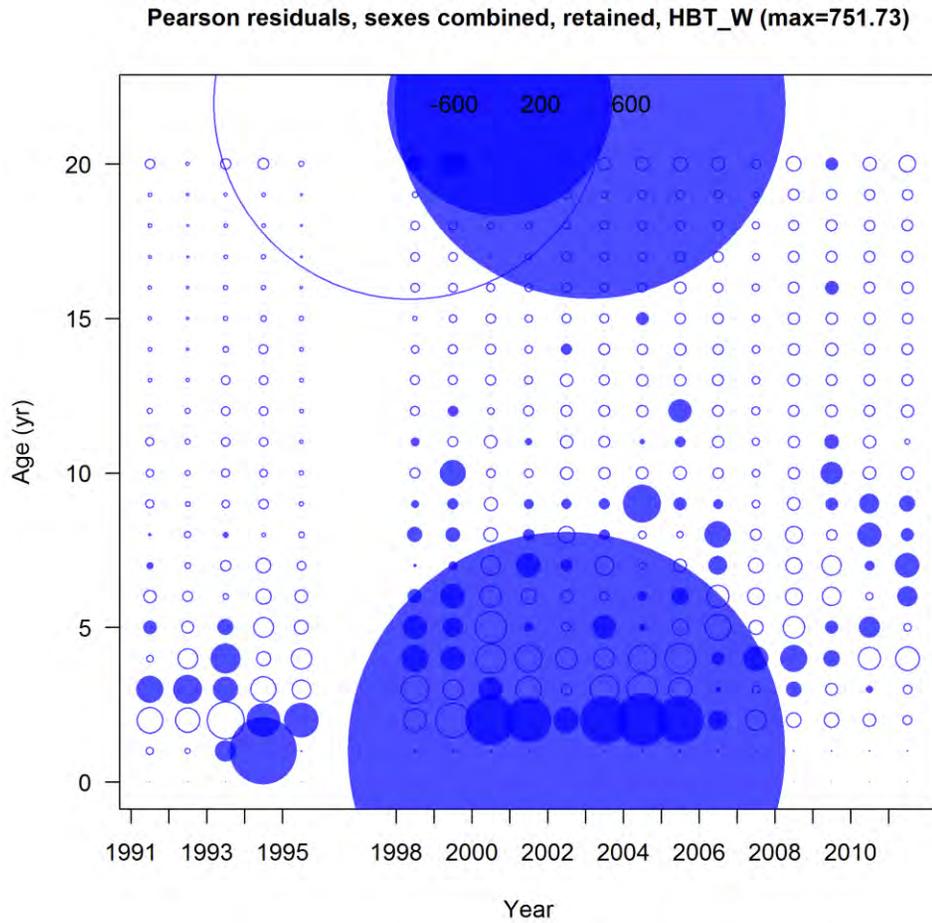


Figure 3.2.1.66. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, C_Clsd_E

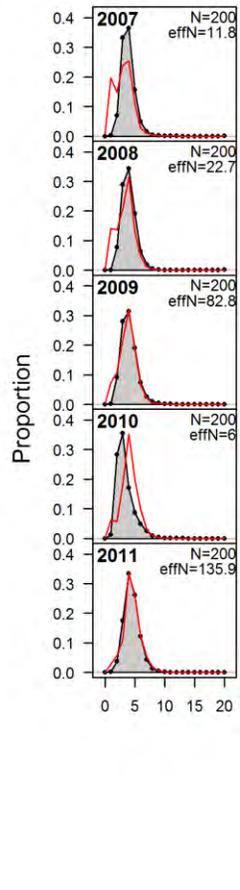


Figure 3.2.1.67. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

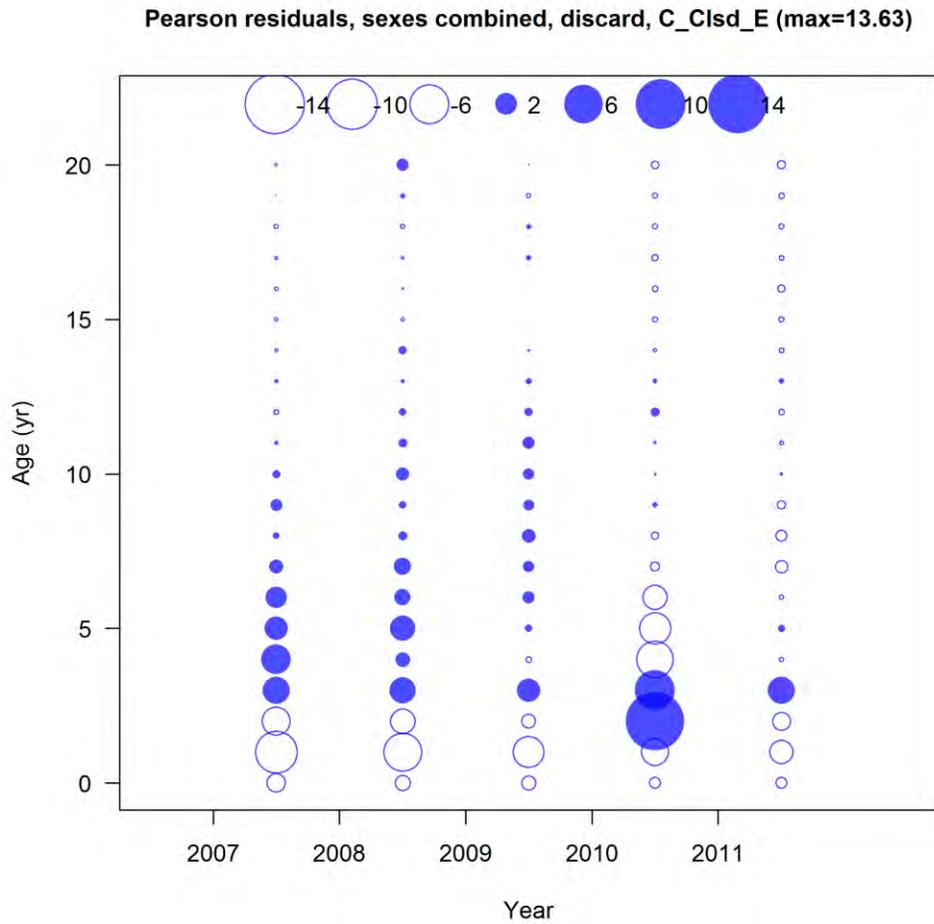


Figure 3.2.1.68. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, C_Clsd_W

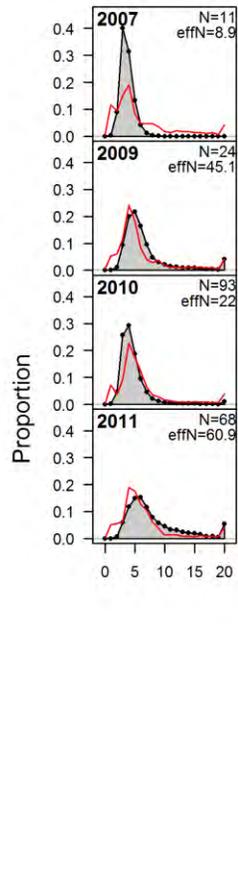


Figure 3.2.1.69. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

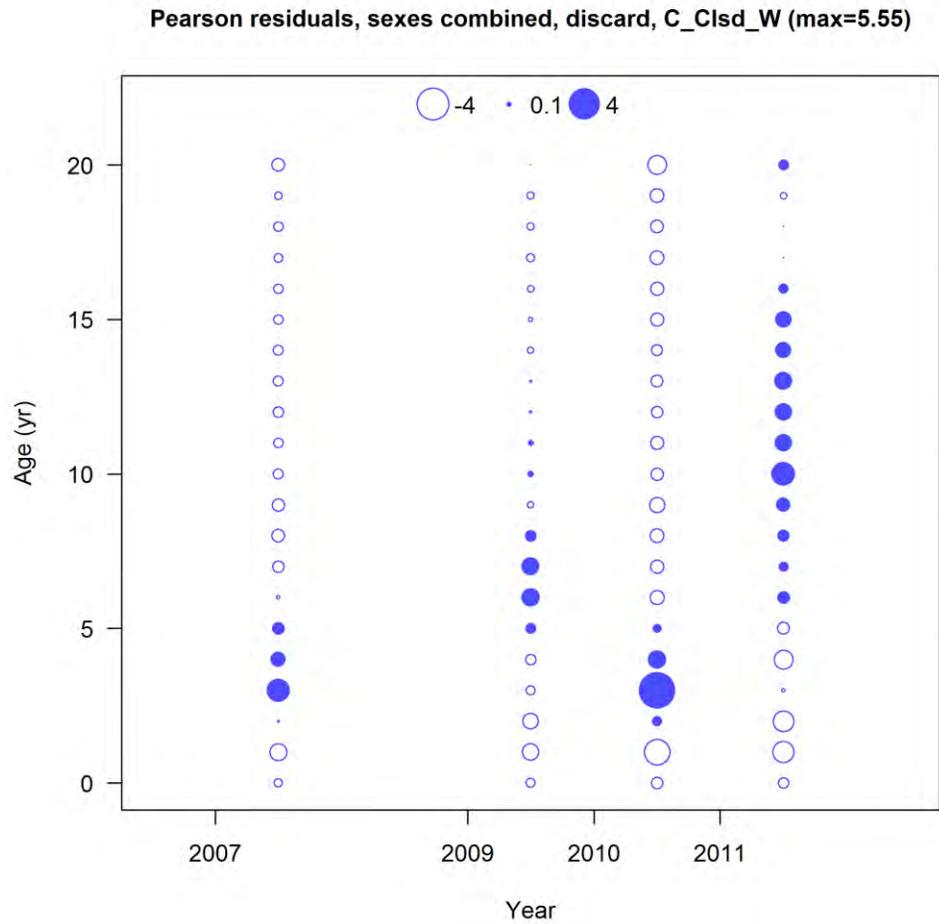


Figure 3.2.1.70. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

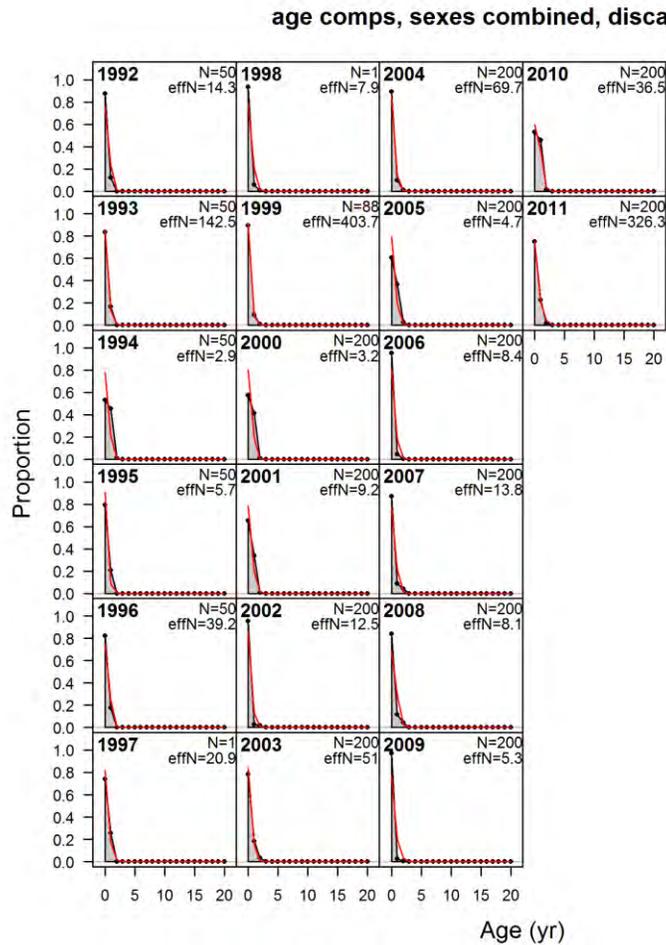


Figure 3.2.1.71. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

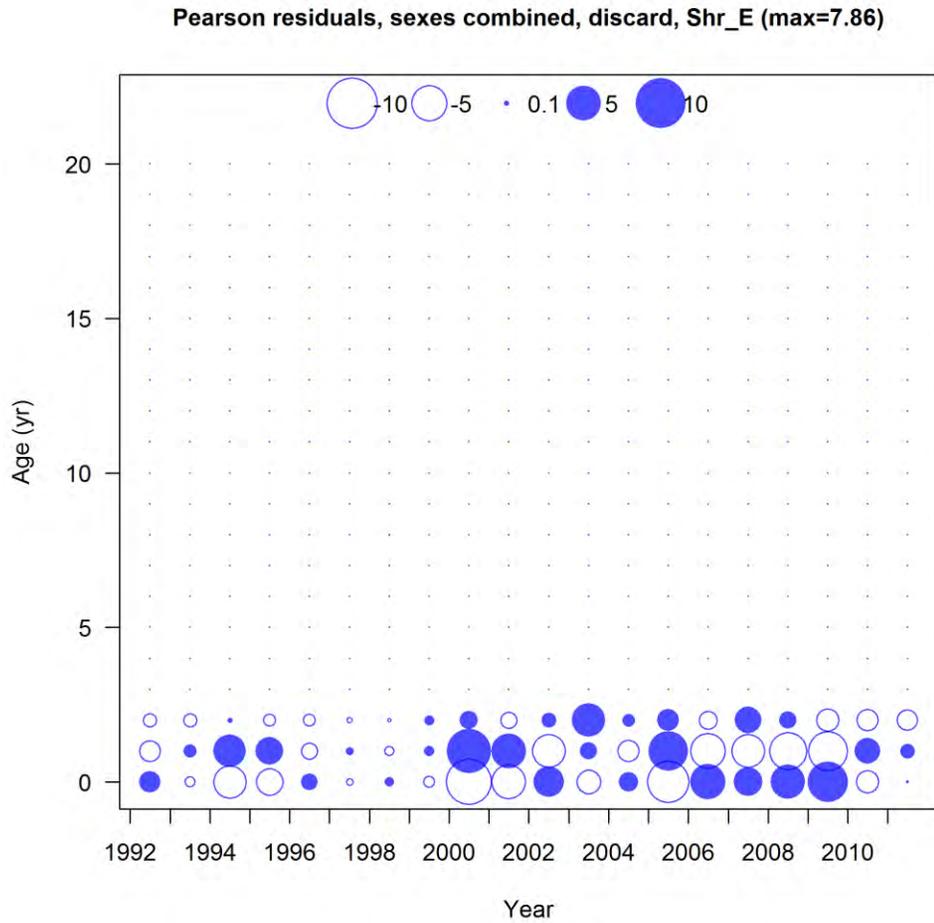


Figure 3.2.1.72. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

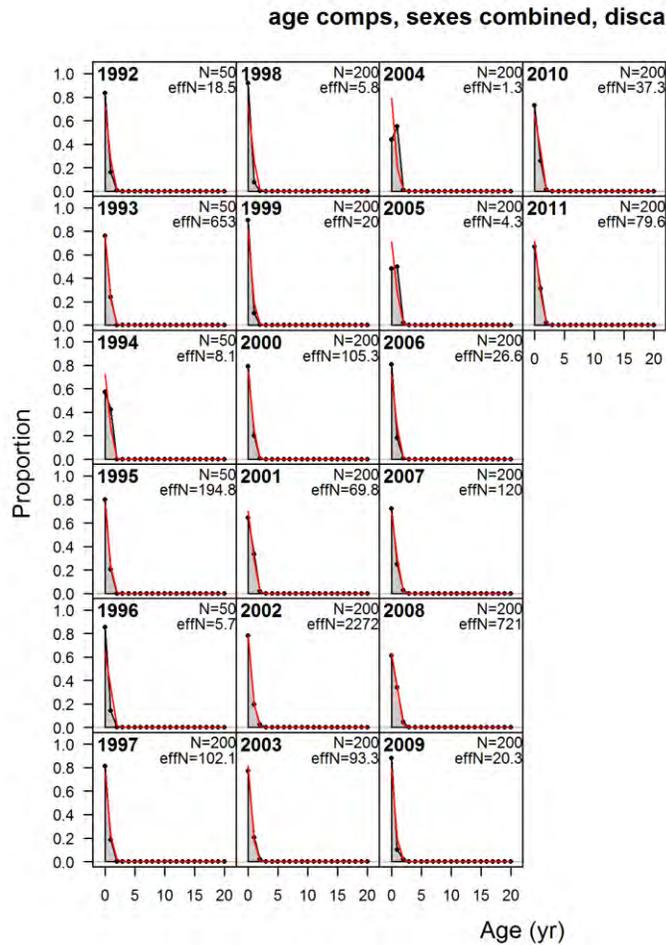


Figure 3.2.1.73. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

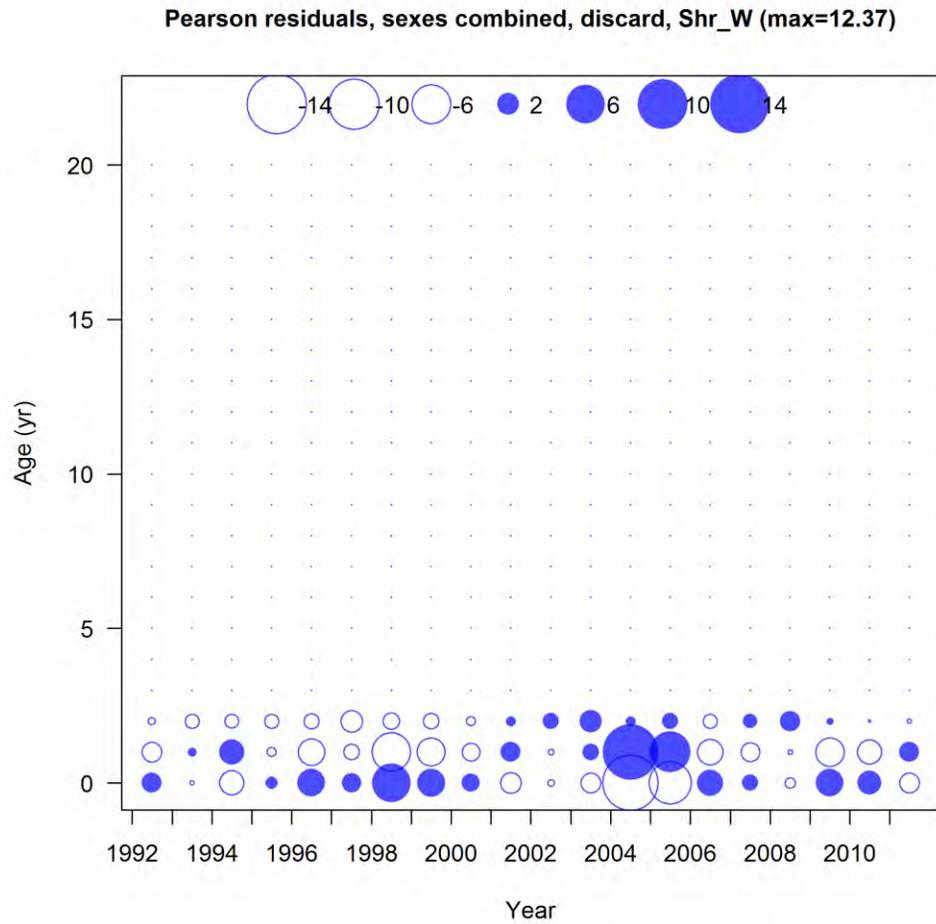


Figure 3.2.1.74. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_E

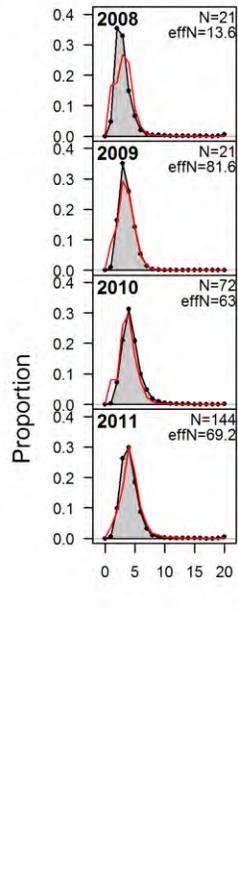


Figure 3.2.1.75. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

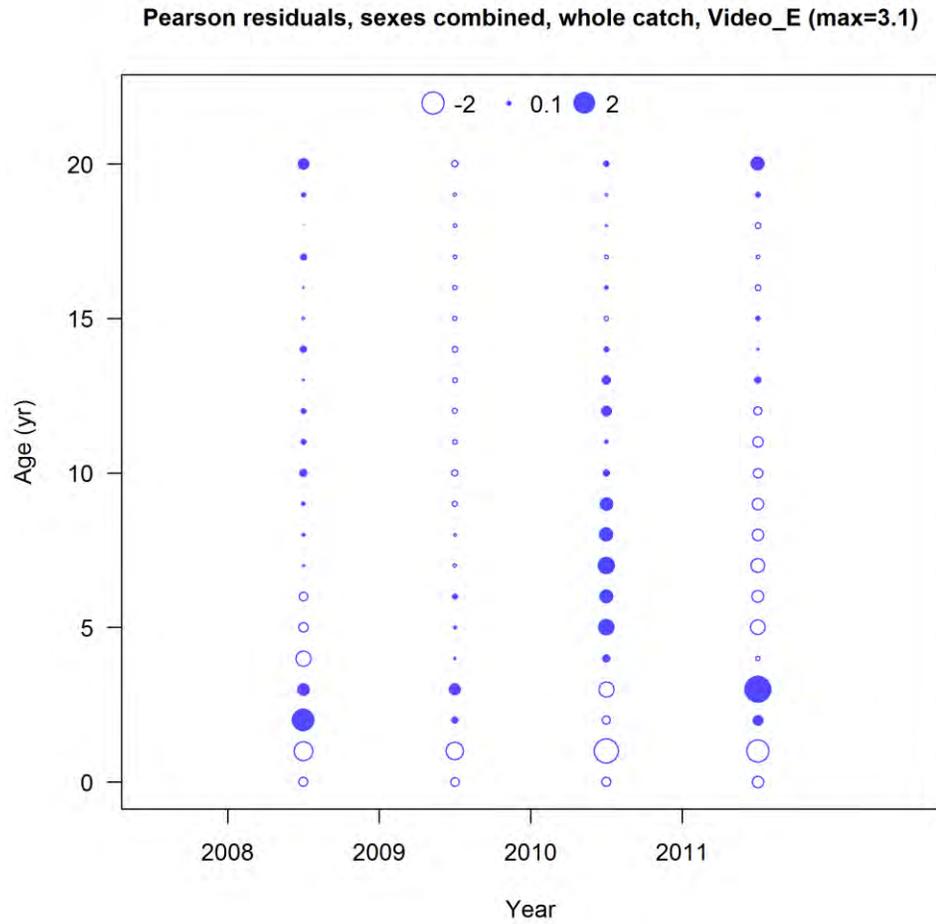


Figure 3.2.1.76. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_W

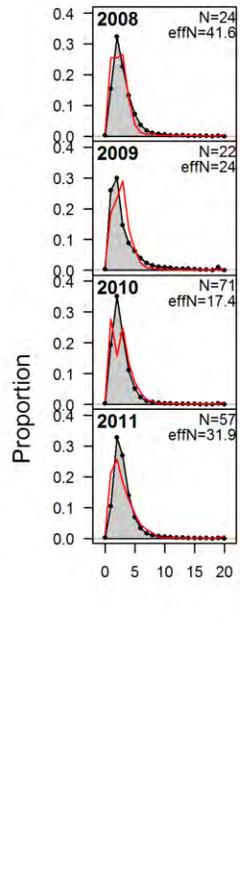


Figure 3.2.1.77. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

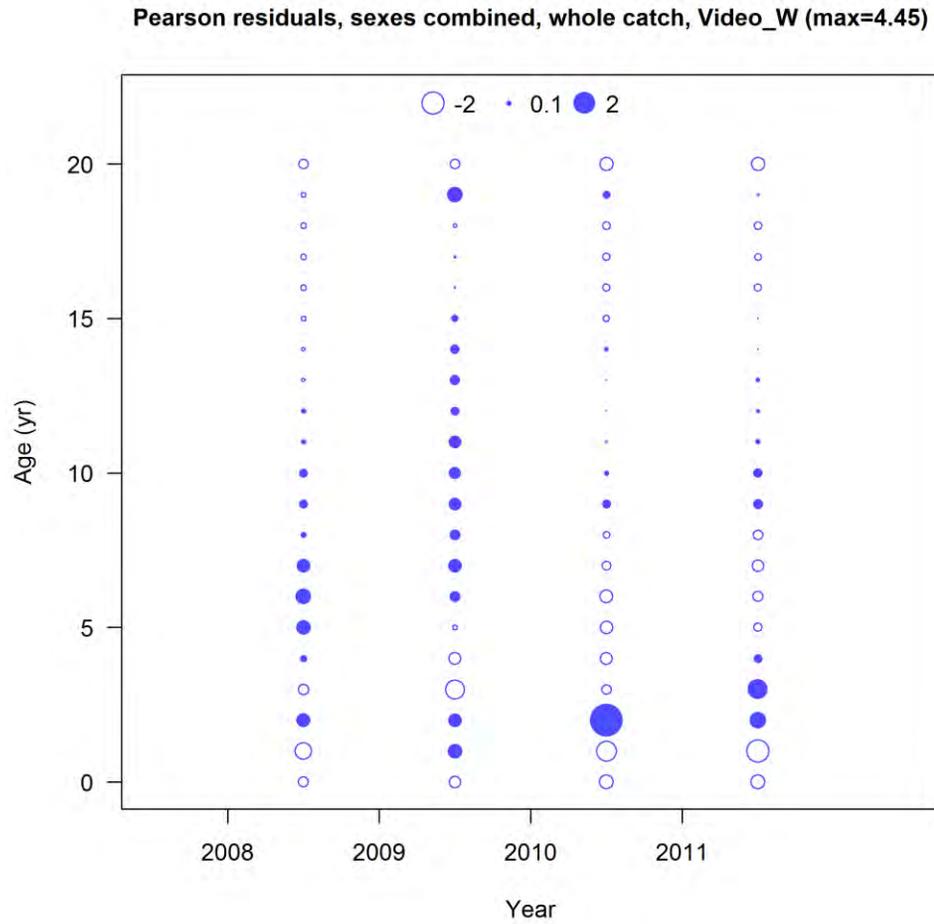


Figure 3.2.1.78. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

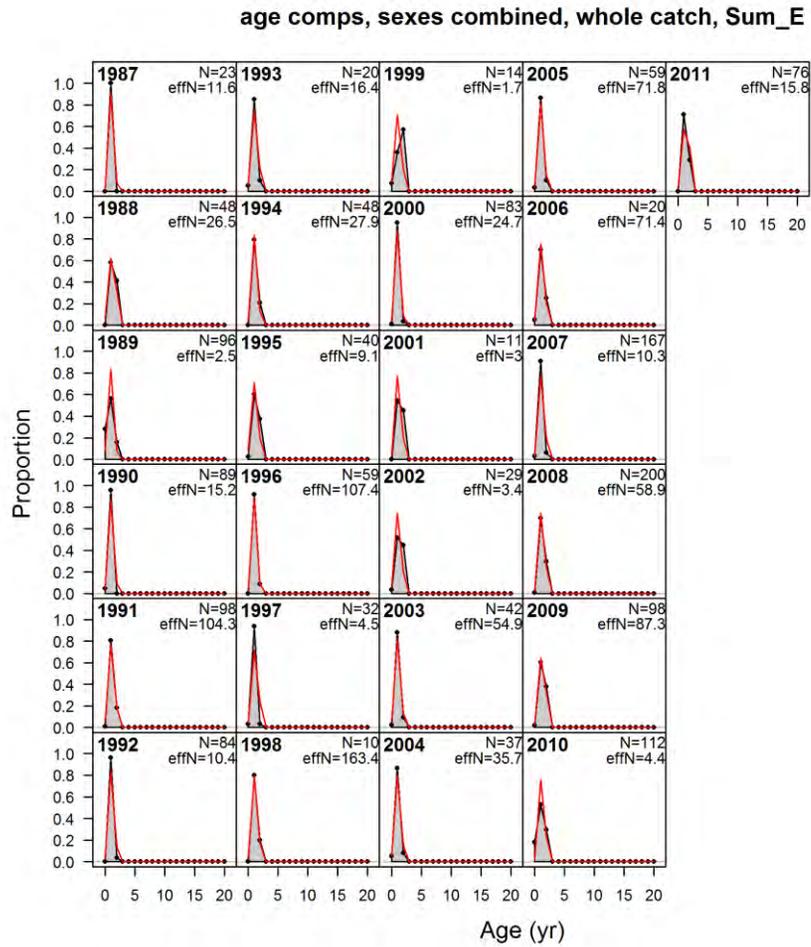


Figure 3.2.1.79. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

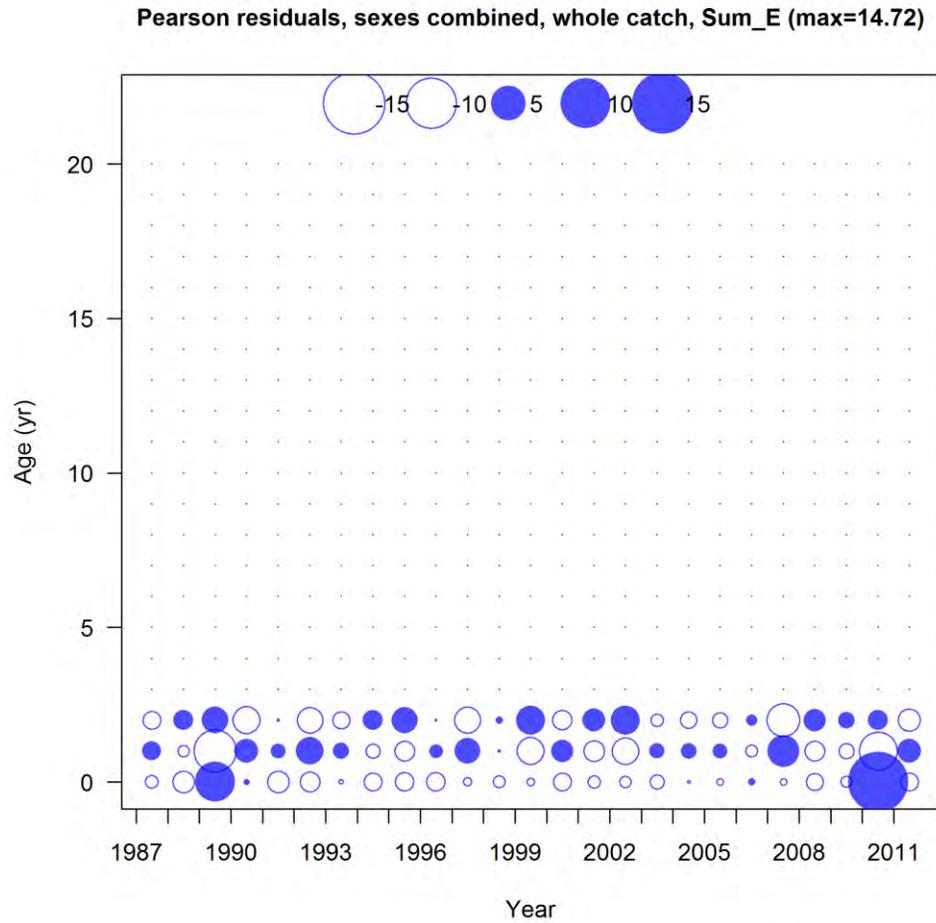


Figure 3.2.1.80. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

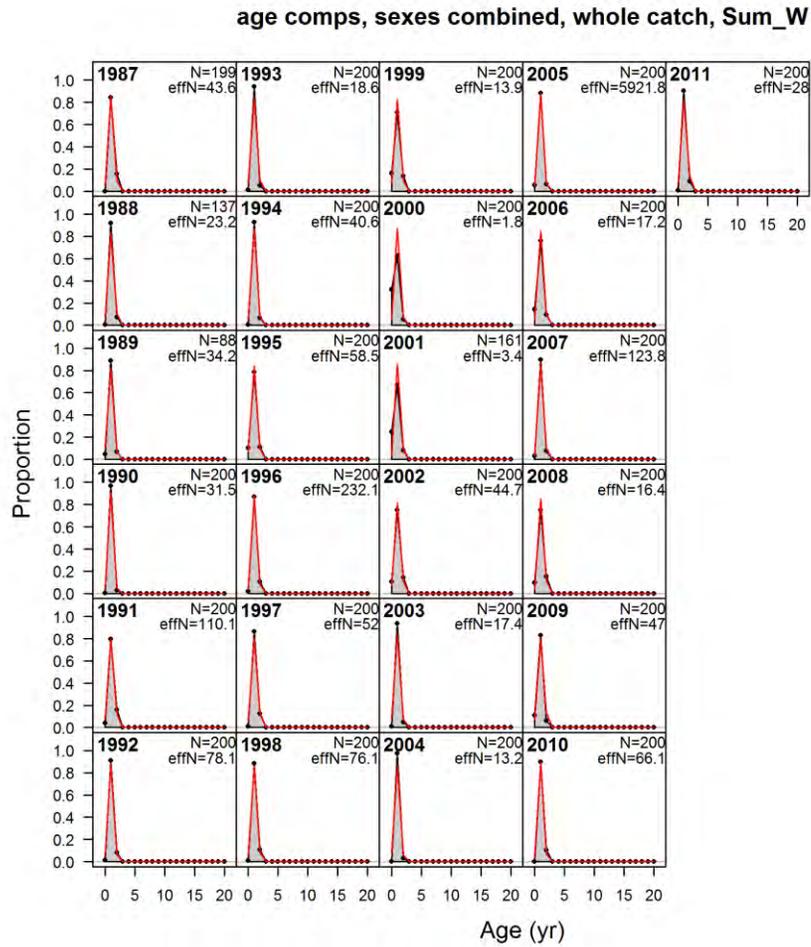


Figure 3.2.1.81. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

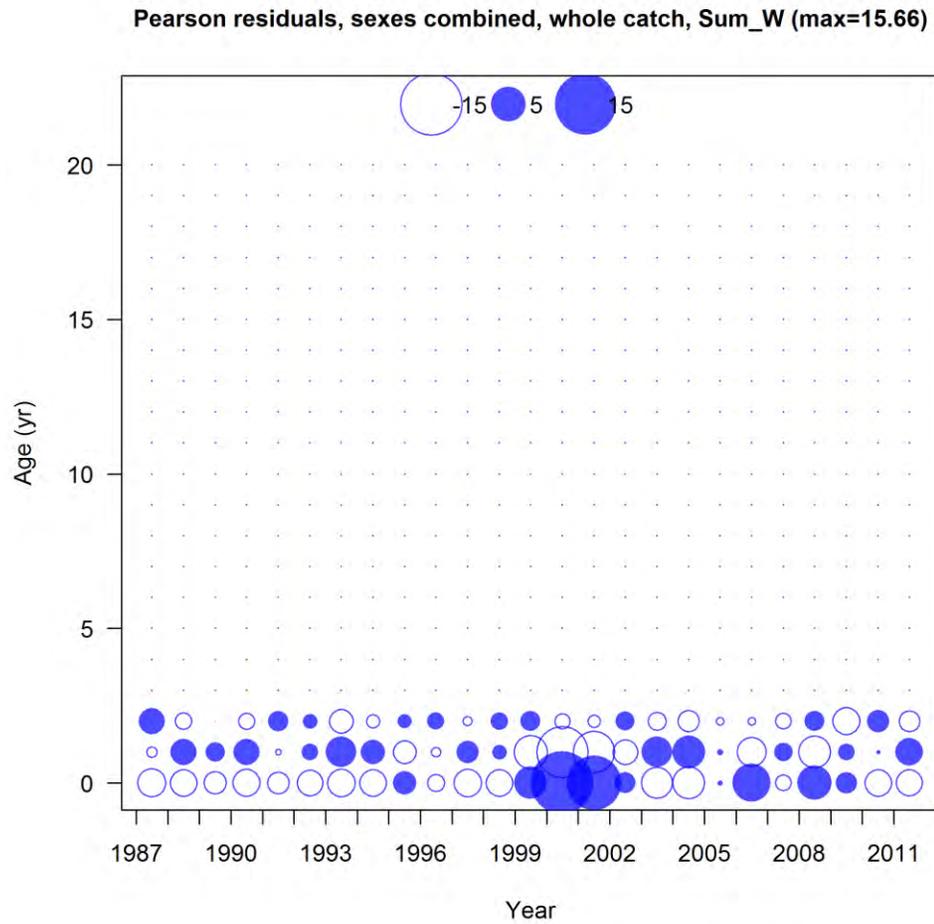


Figure 3.2.1.82. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

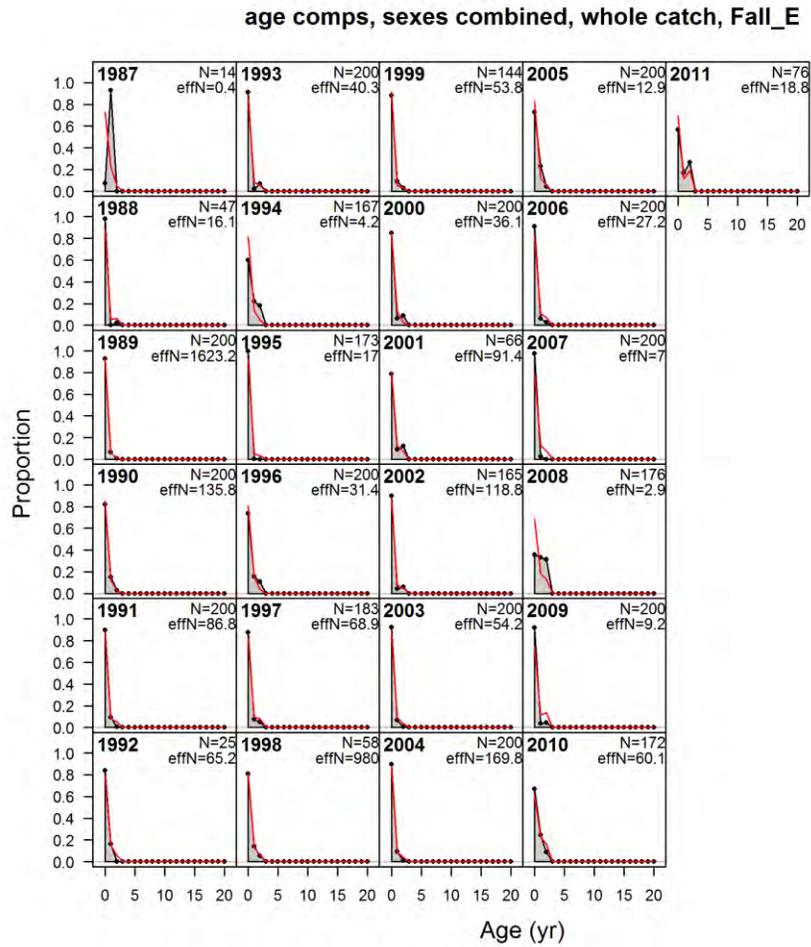


Figure 3.2.1.83. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

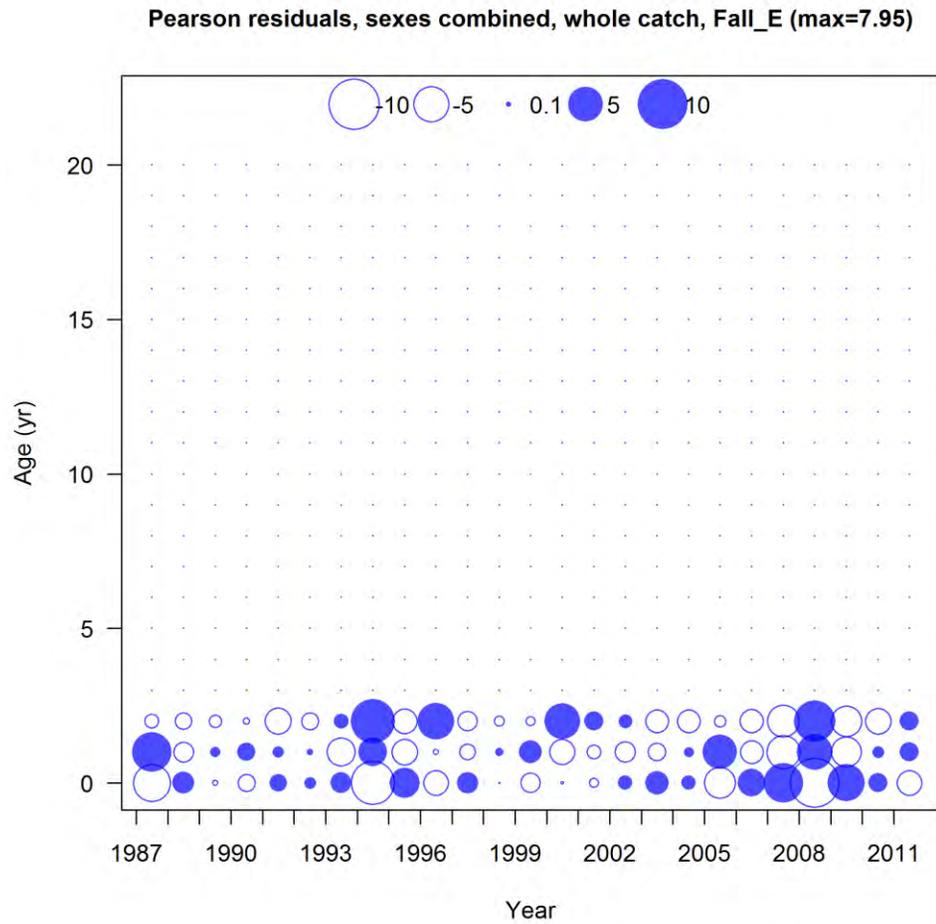


Figure 3.2.1.84. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

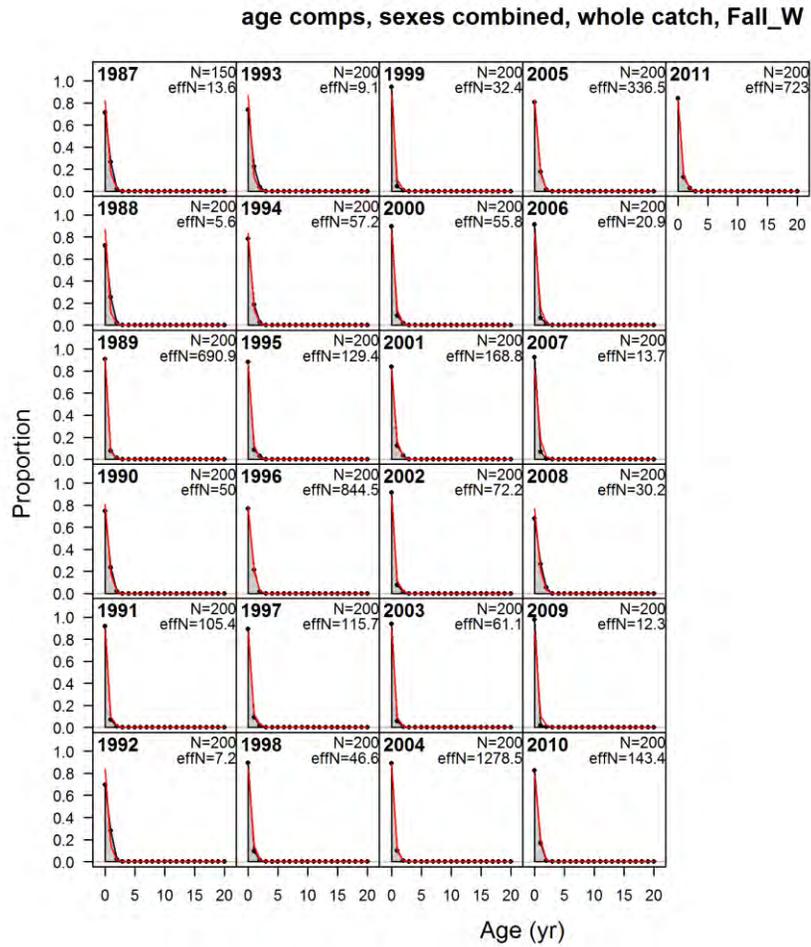


Figure 3.2.1.85. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

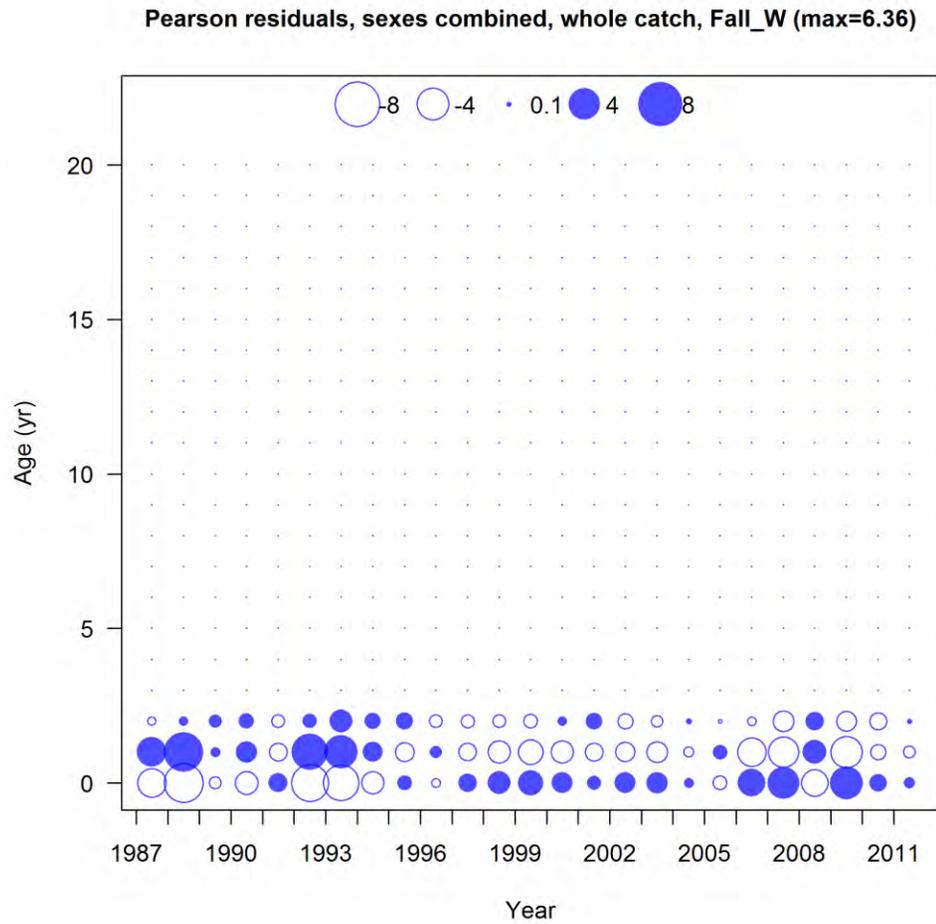


Figure 3.2.1.86. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, BLL_W

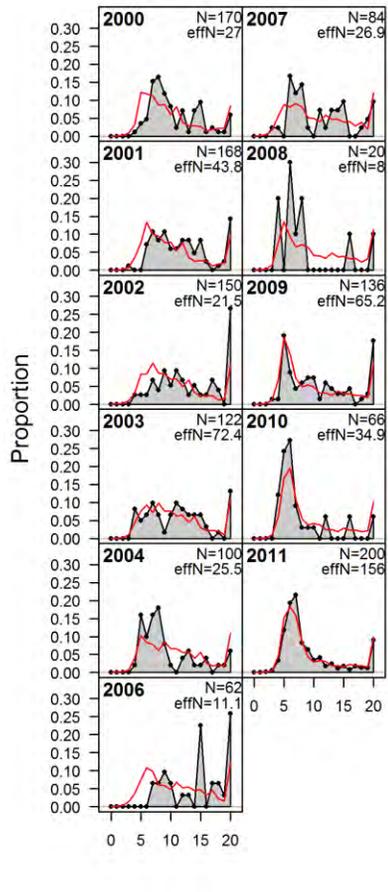


Figure 3.2.1.87. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

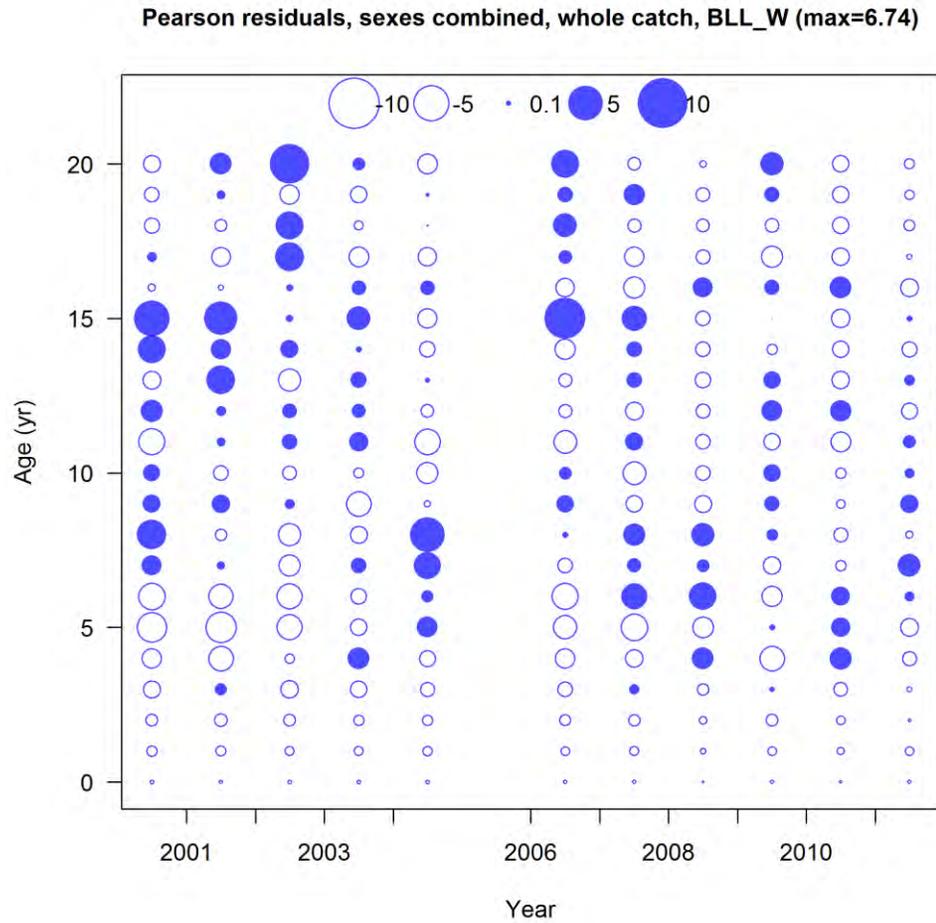


Figure 3.2.1.88. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, BLL_E

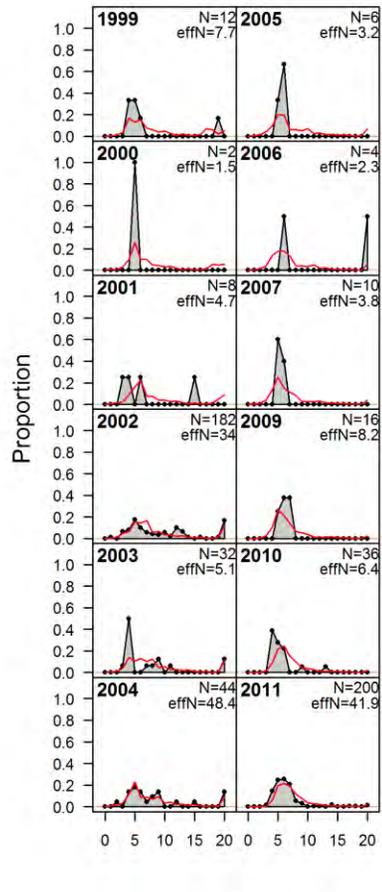


Figure 3.2.1.89. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

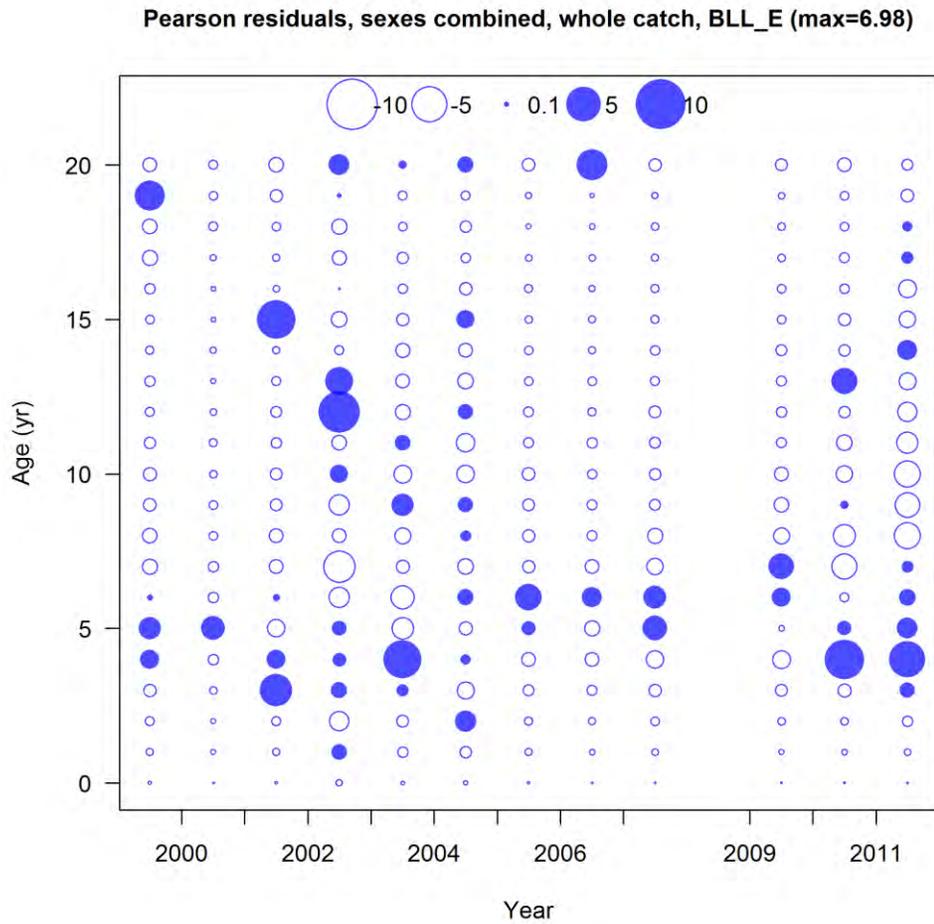


Figure 3.2.1.90. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the NMFS bottom longline fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, ROV_E

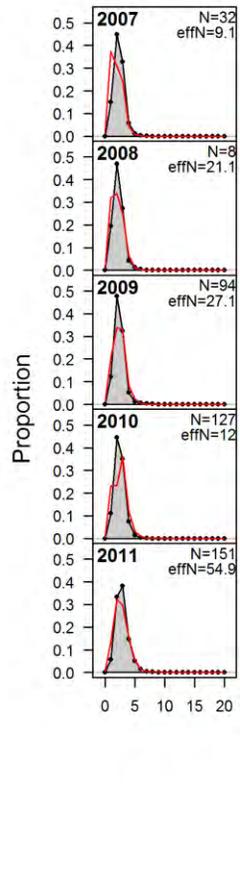


Figure 3.2.1.91. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from ROV survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

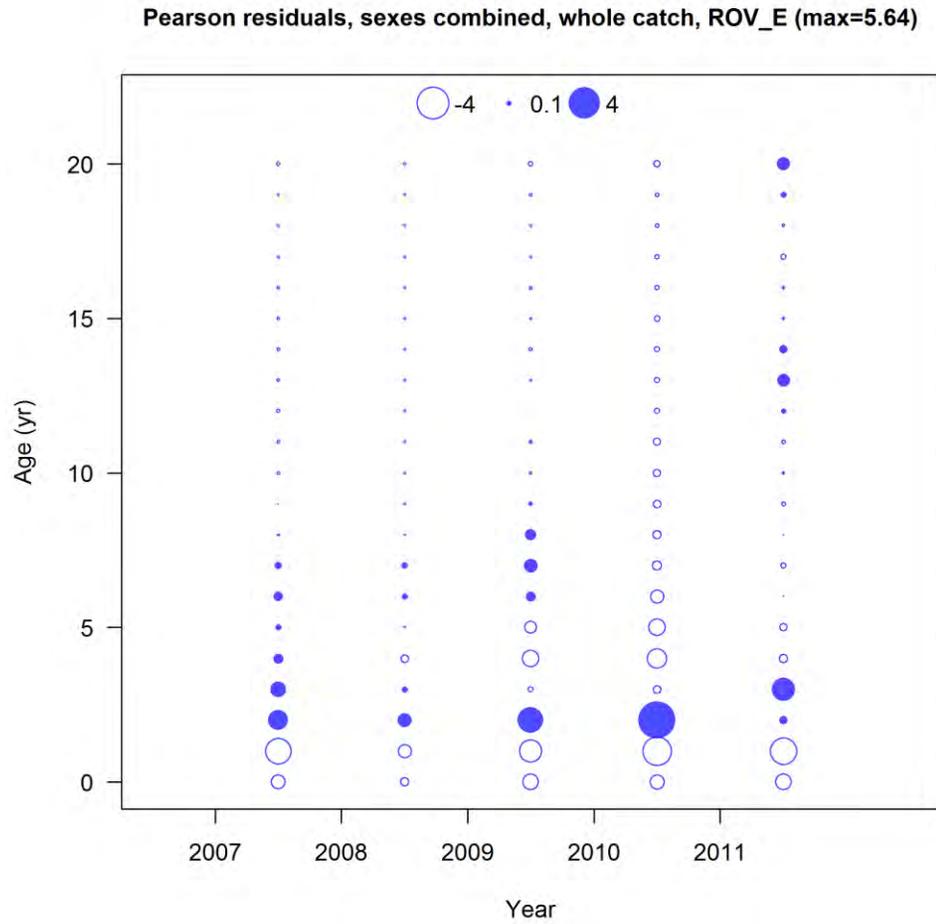
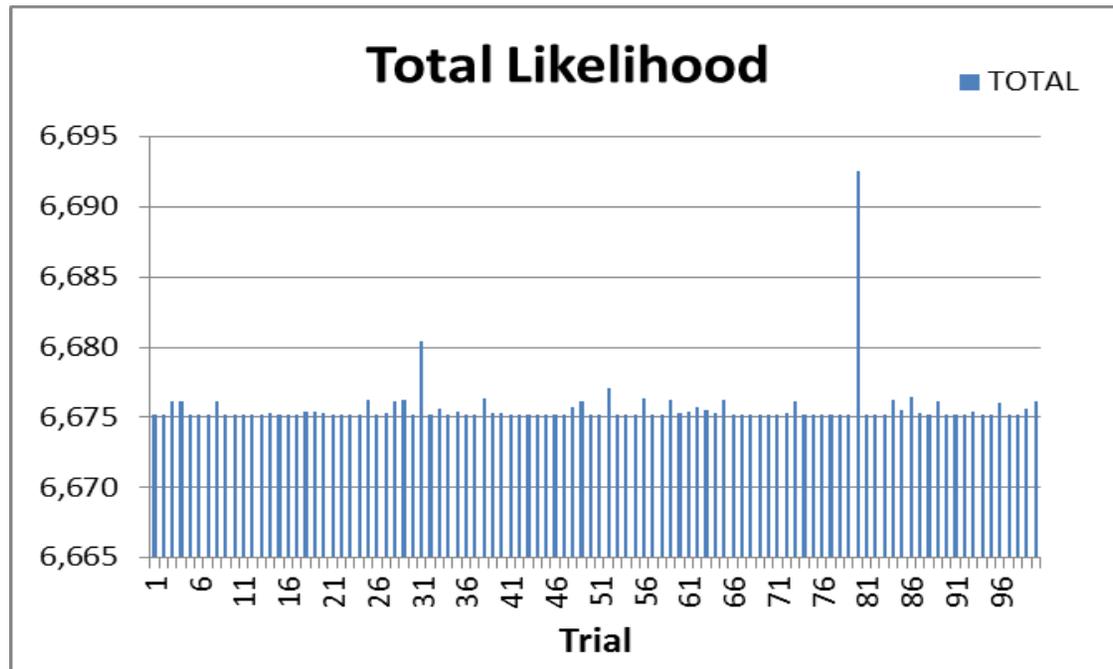


Figure 3.2.1.92. Pearson residuals of age composition fits from the ROV survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

a.



b.

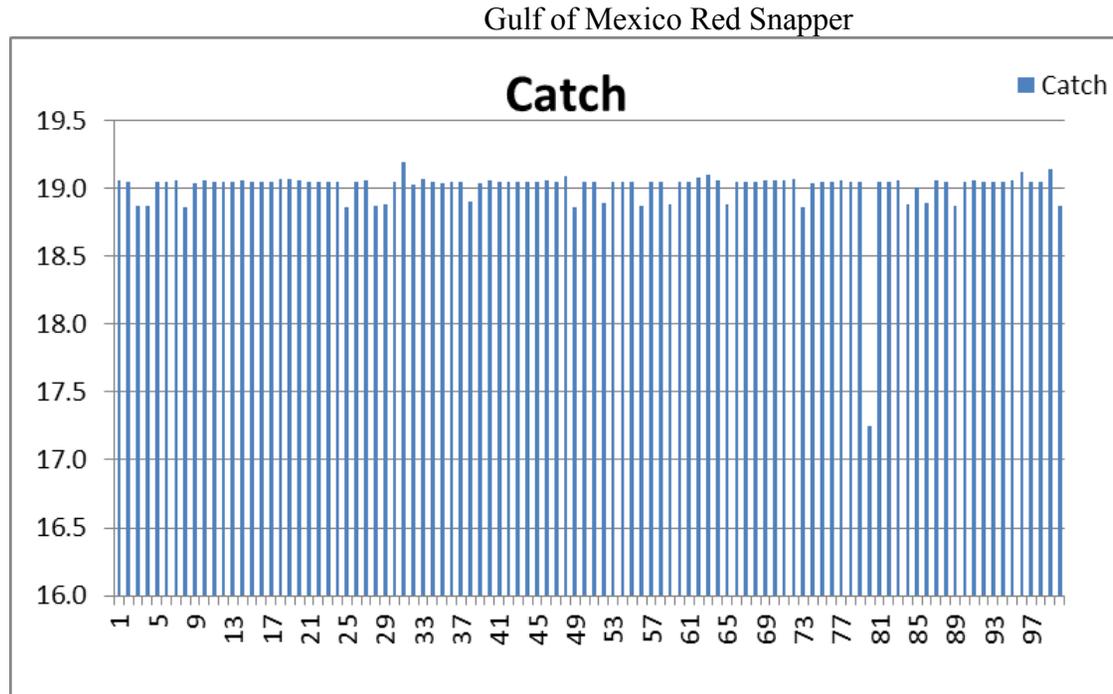
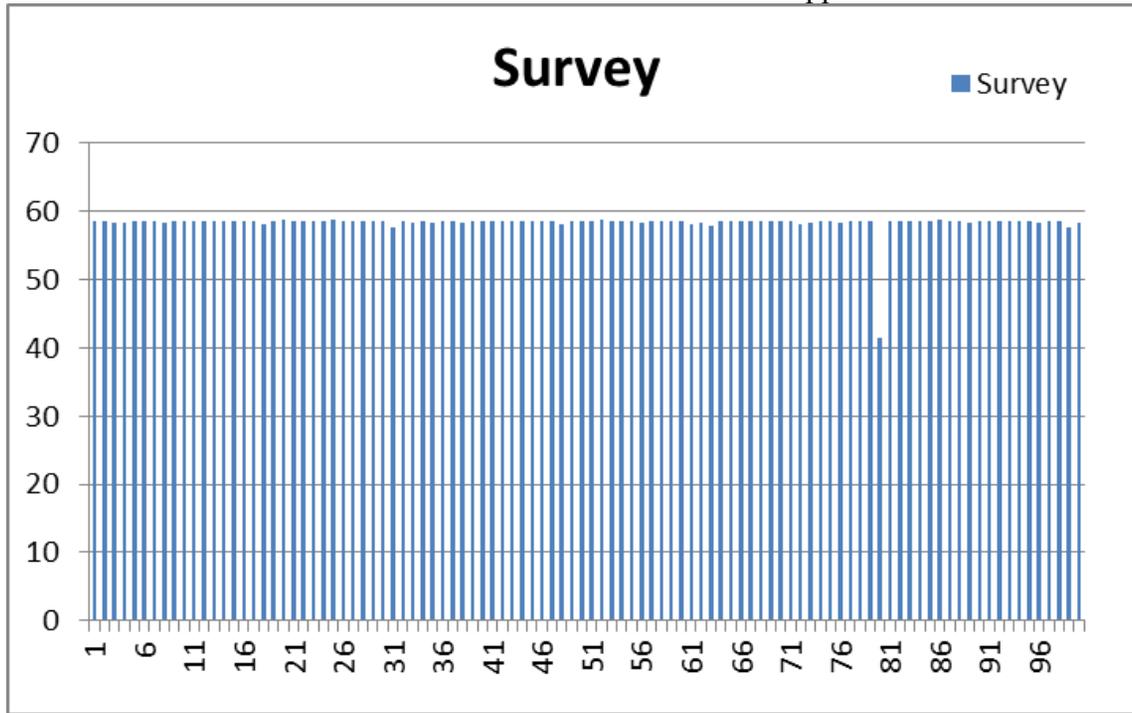


Figure 3.2.2.1 (a and b). Summary results of model likelihood estimates for 100 jittered runs of the SS red snapper stock assessment base model. The top panel (a) is the total model likelihood, while the bottom panel (b) is the catch likelihood.

c.



d.

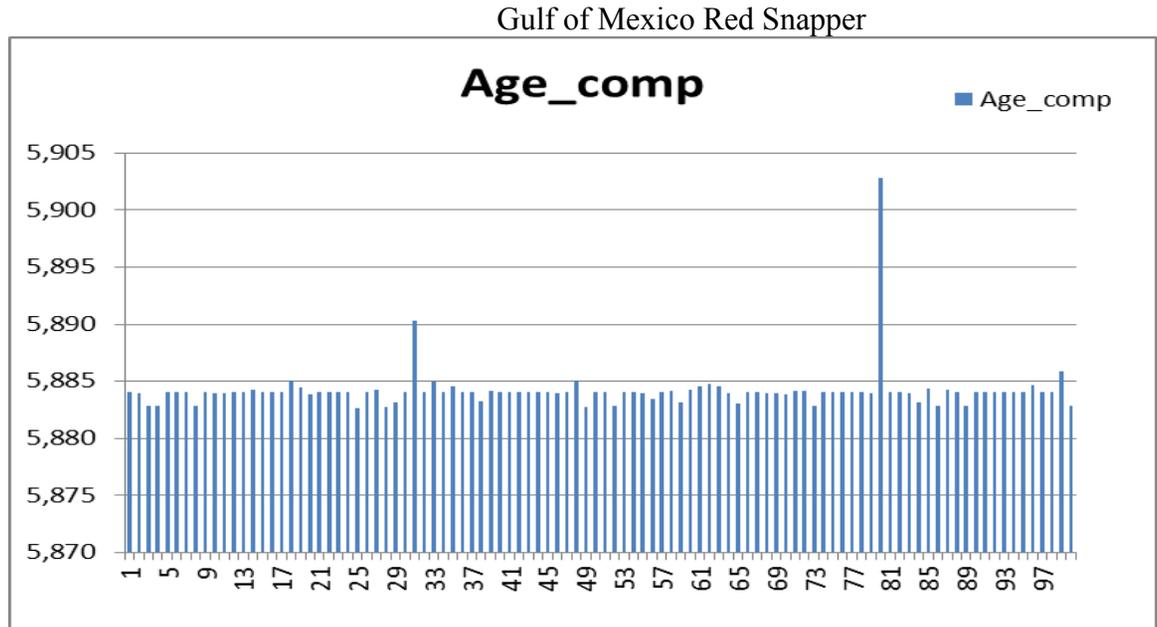


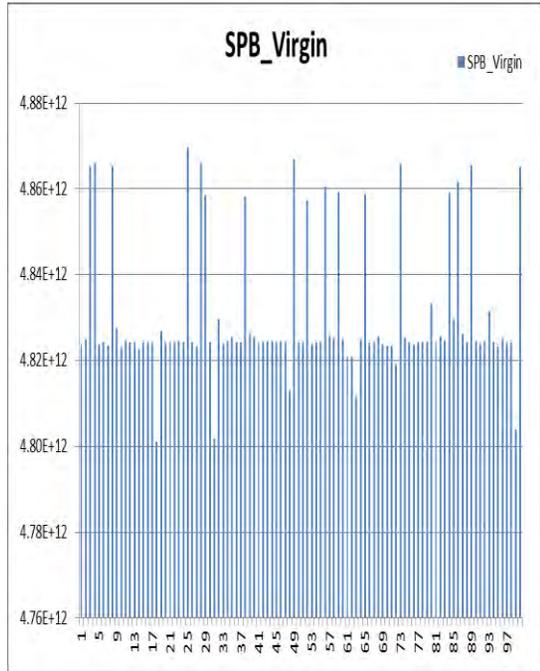
Figure 3.2.2.1 (c and d). Summary results of model likelihood estimates for 100 jittered runs of the SS red snapper stock assessment base model. The top panel (c) is the survey Likelihood, while the bottom panel (d) is the age composition likelihood.

a.

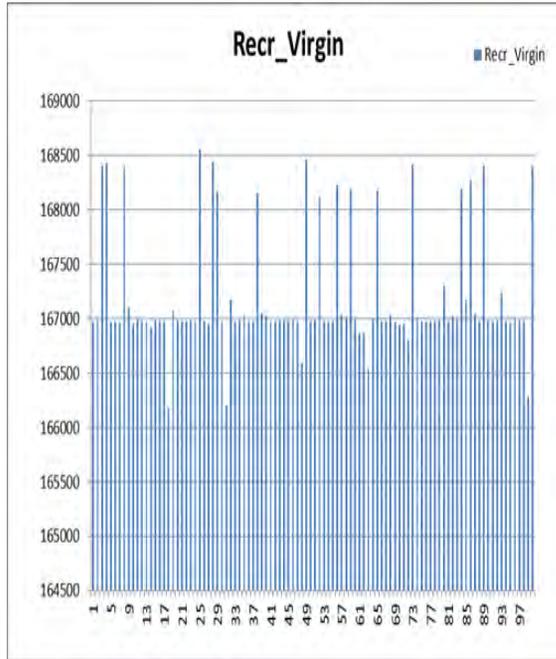
b.

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper



c.



d.

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

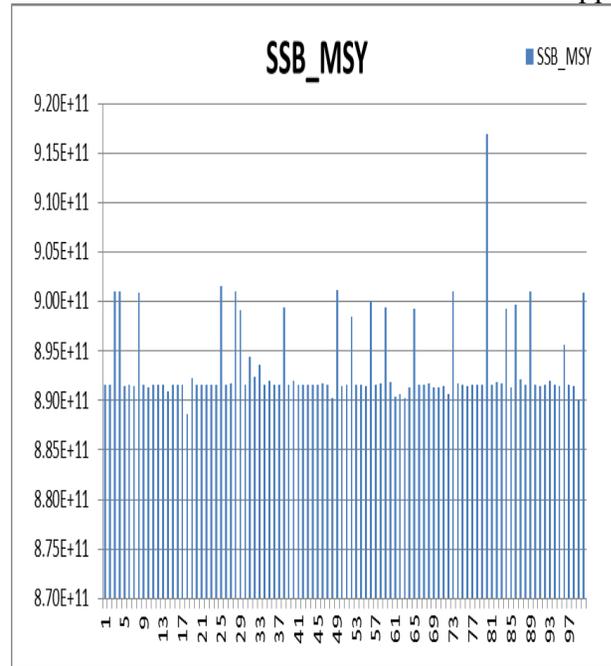
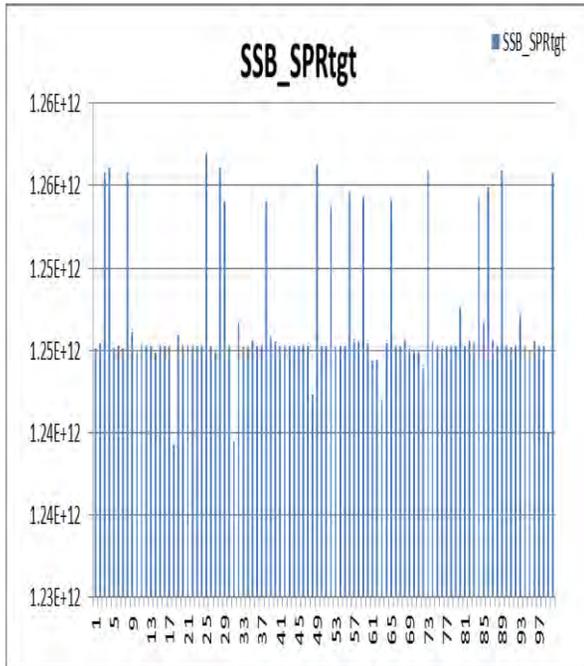


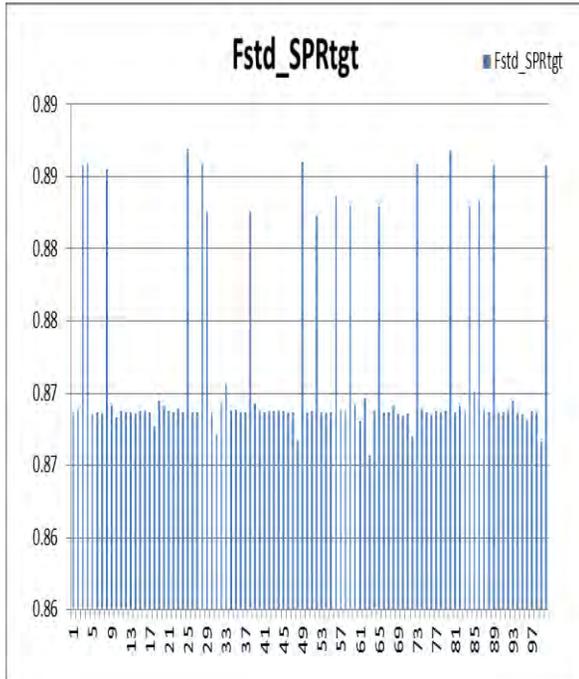
Figure 3.2.2.2. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

a.

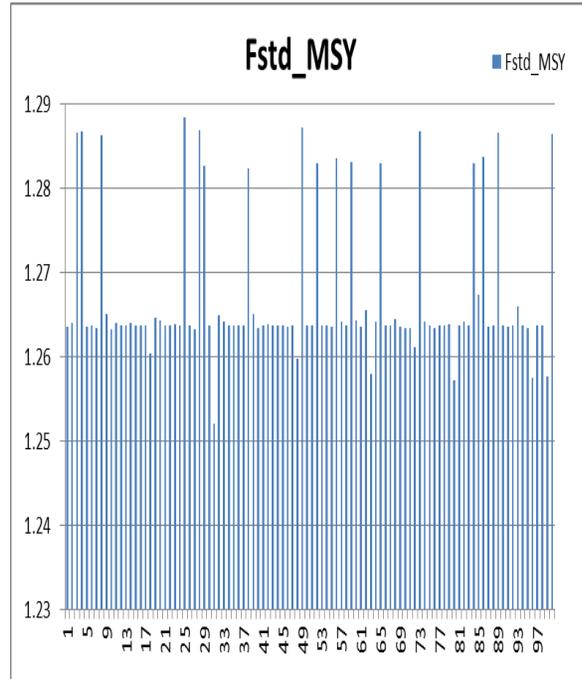
b.

APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper



c.



d.

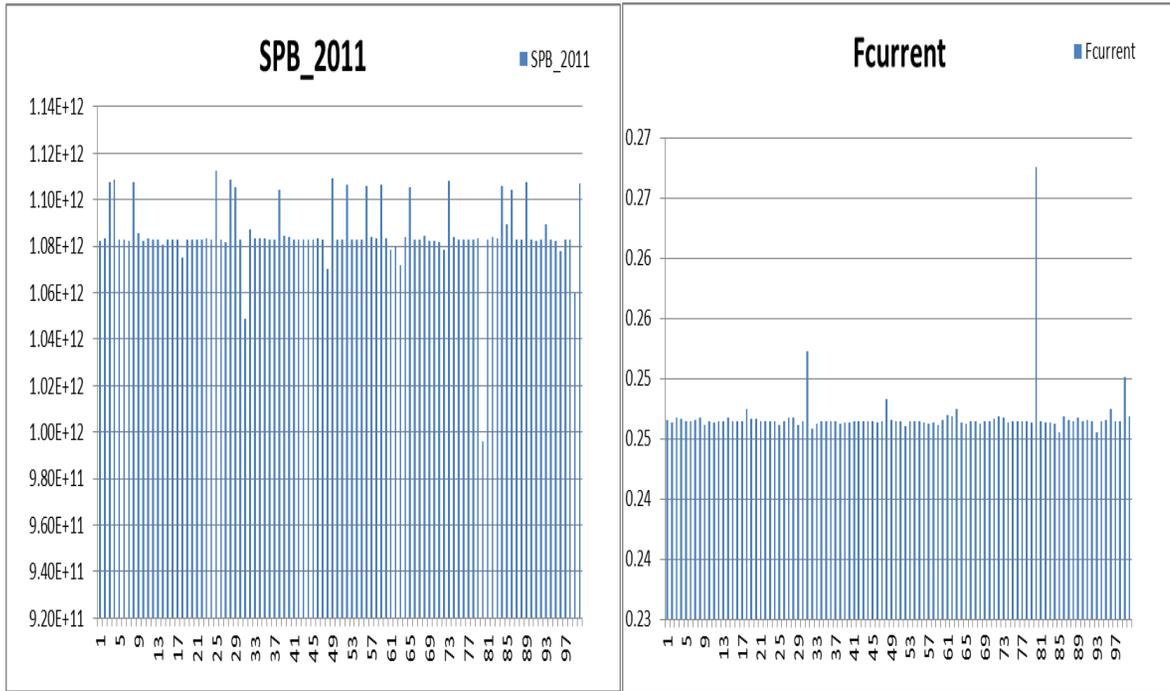
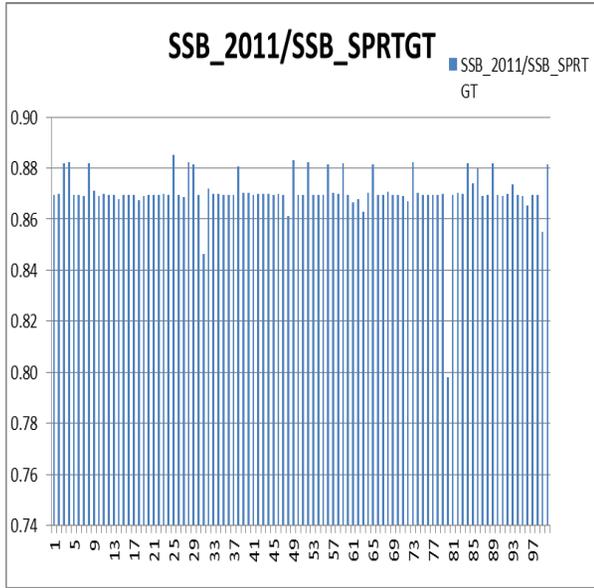


Figure 3.2.2.3. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

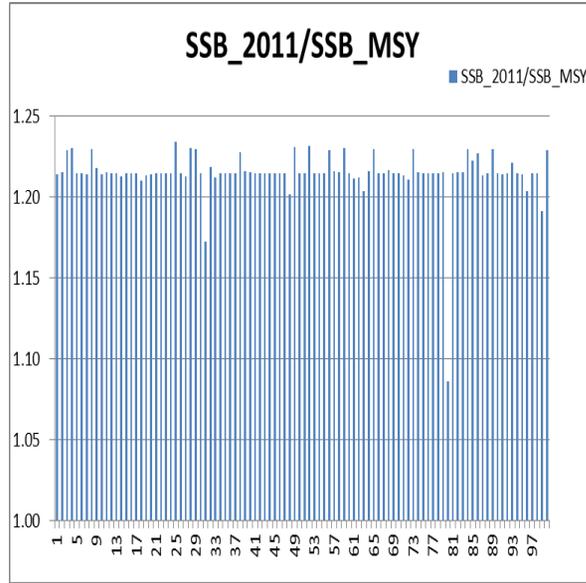
APRIL 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

a.



b.



c.

d.

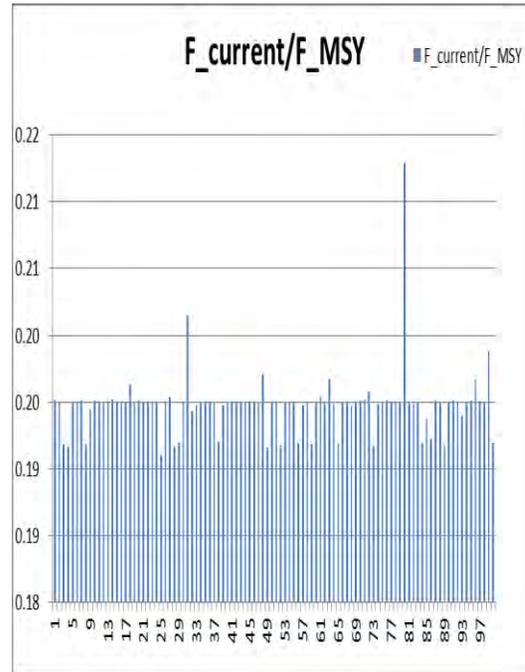
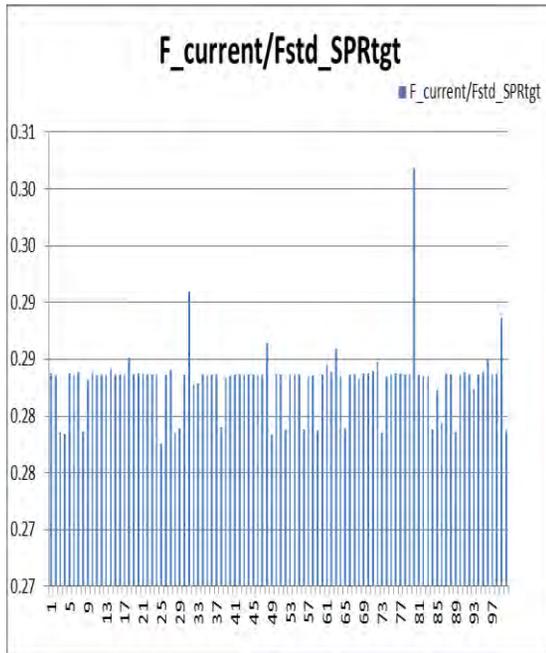


Figure 3.2.2.4. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

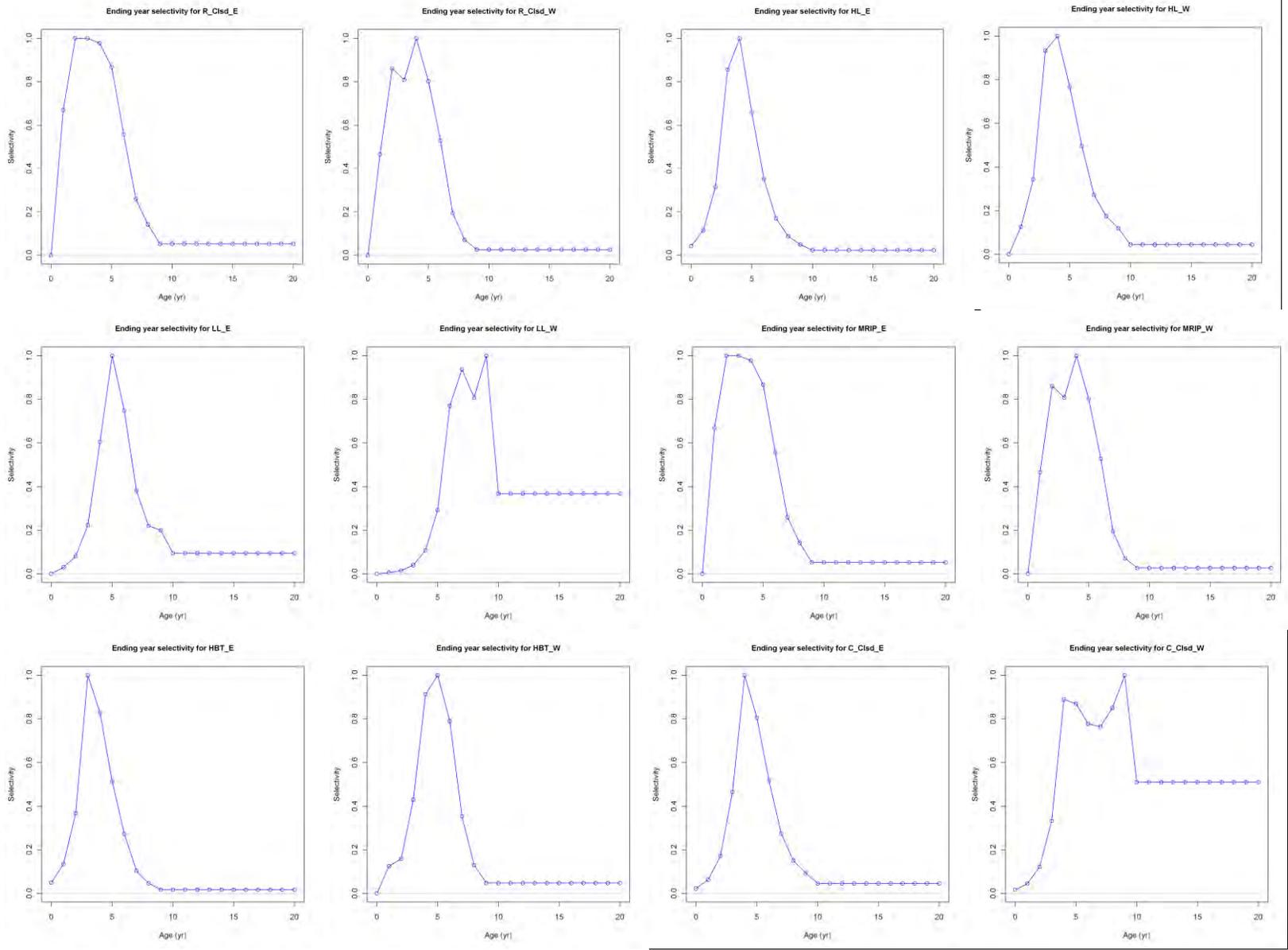


Figure 3.2.3.1a. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by fleet for the red snapper SS base model (continued on next page).

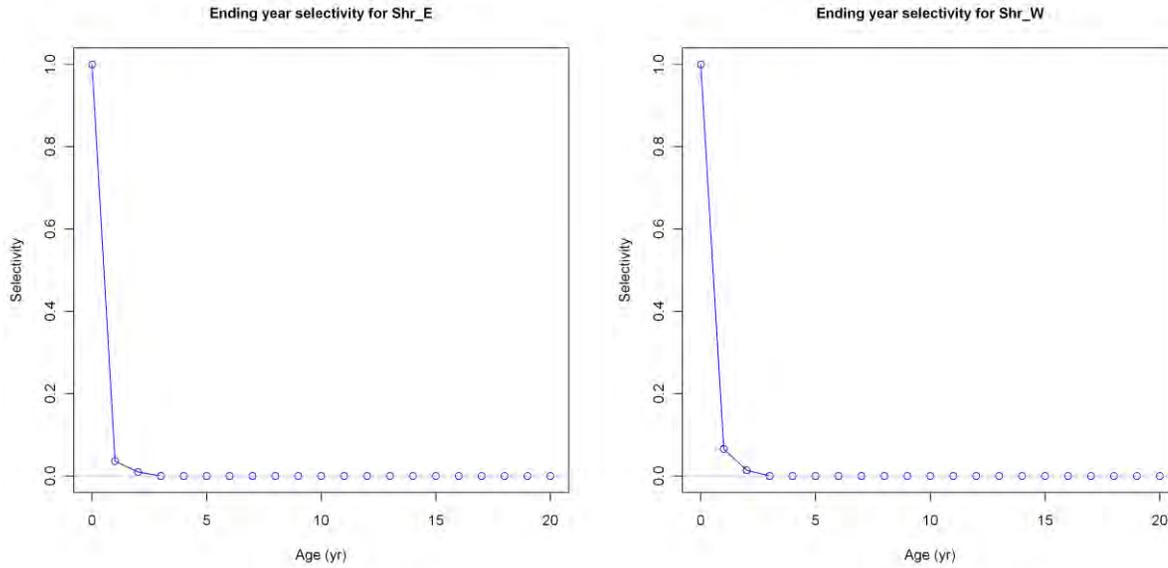


Figure 3.2.3.1b. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by fleet for the red snapper SS base model (continued from previous page).

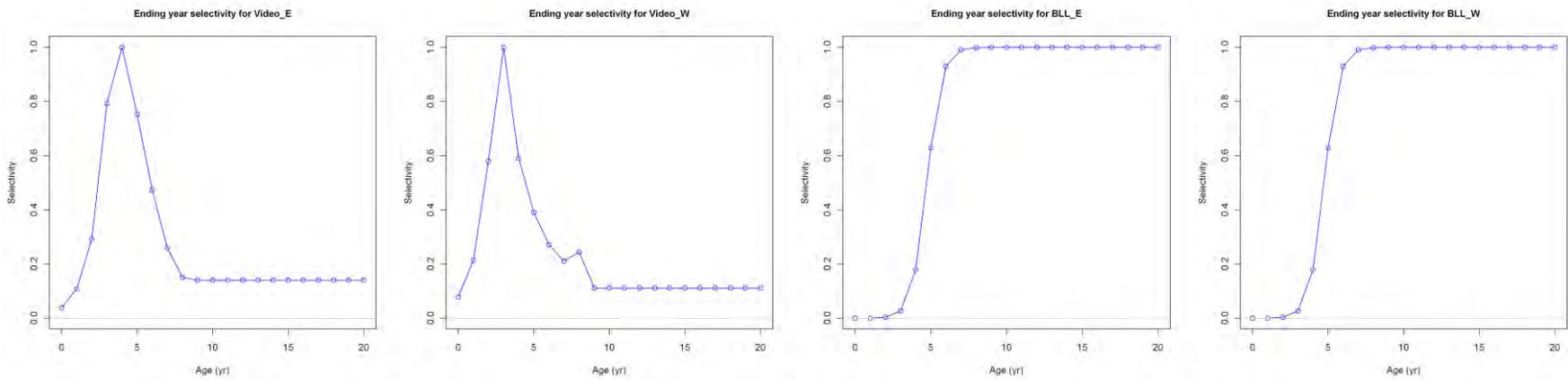


Figure 3.2.3.2a. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by survey for the red snapper SS base model (continued on next page).

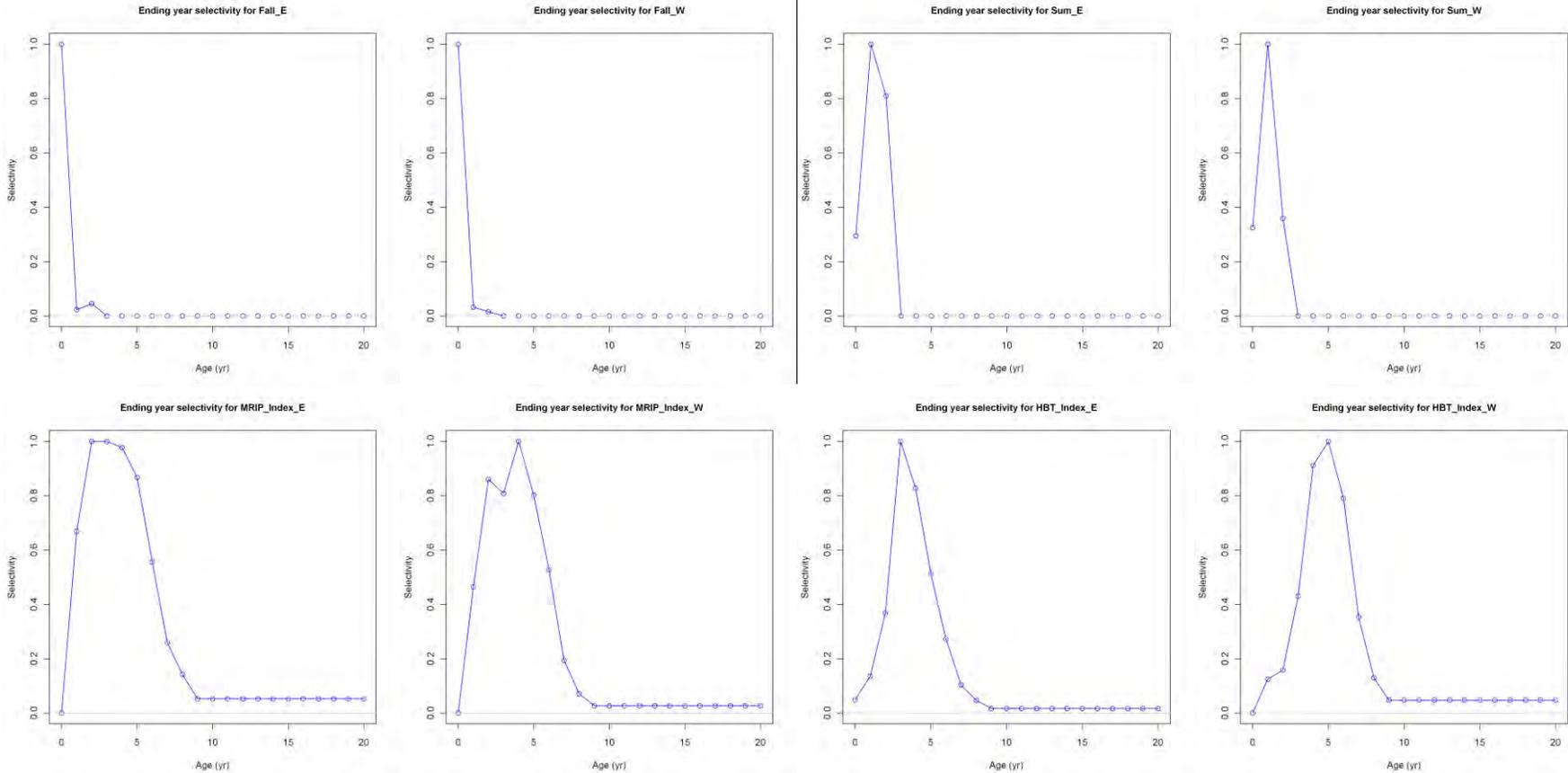


Figure 3.2.3.2b. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by survey for the red snapper SS base model (continued from previous page).

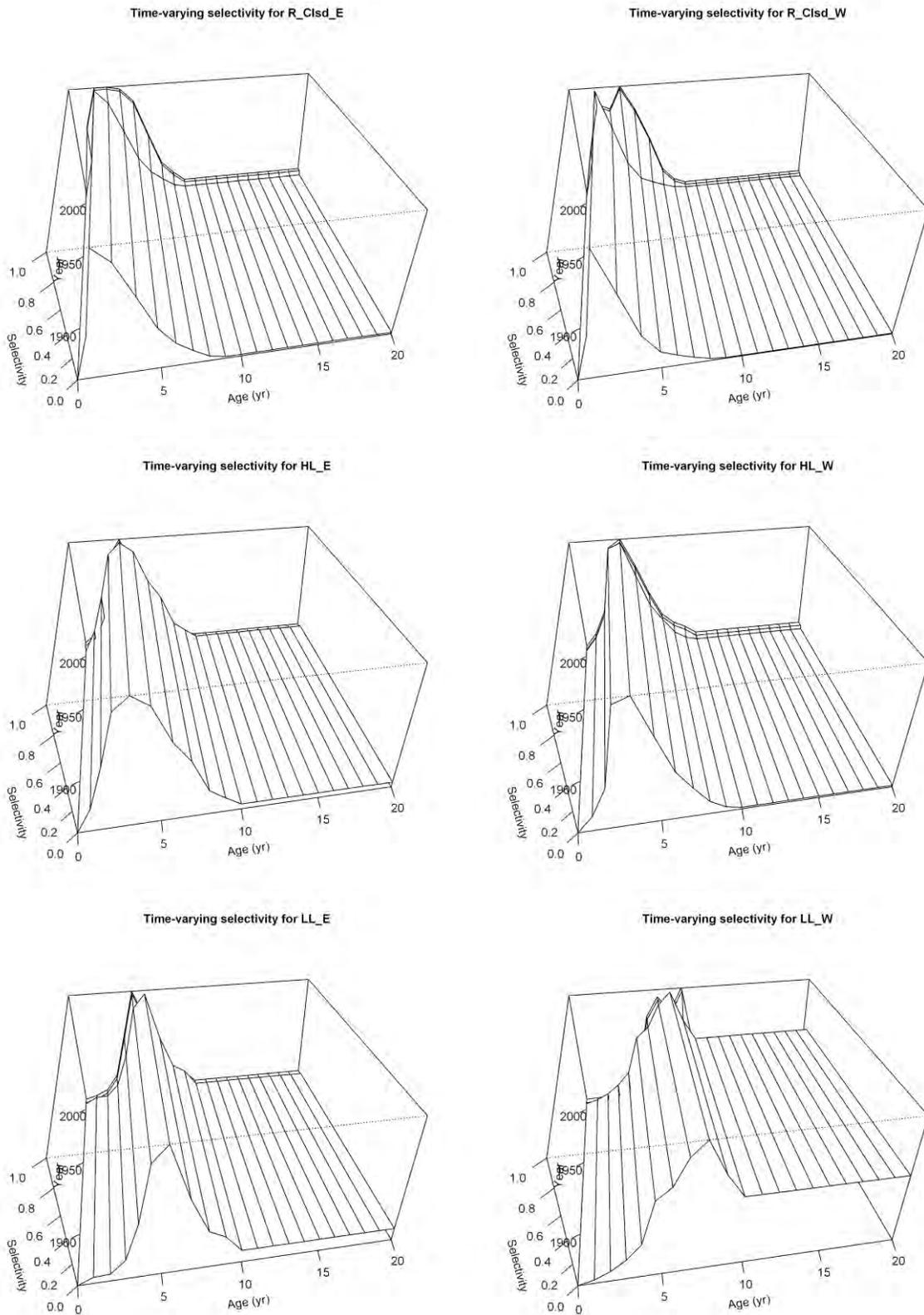


Figure 3.2.3.3a. Time-varying age-based selectivity by fleet (continued on next page).

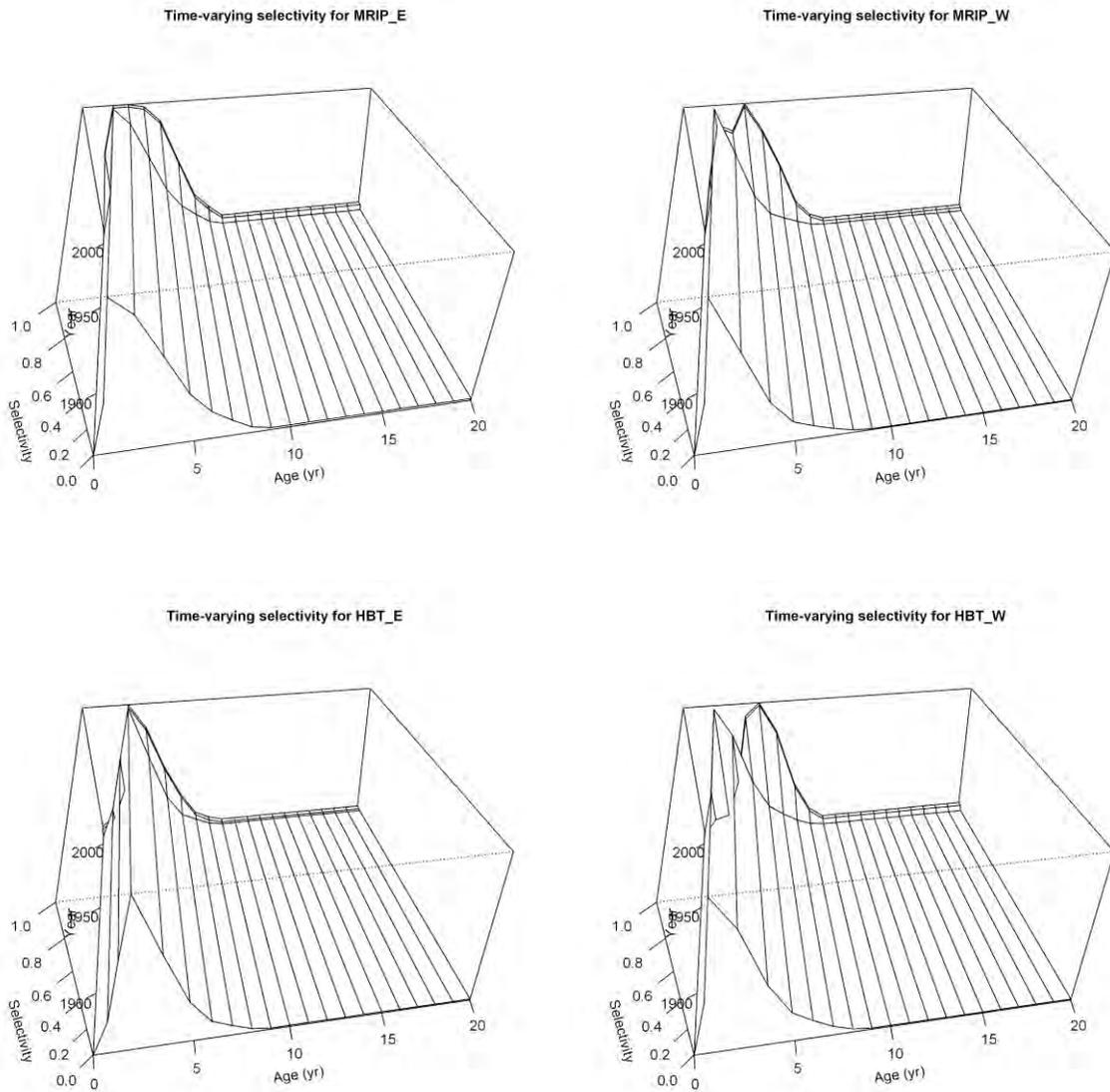


Figure 3.2.3.3b. Time-varying age-based selectivity by fleet (continued from previous page).

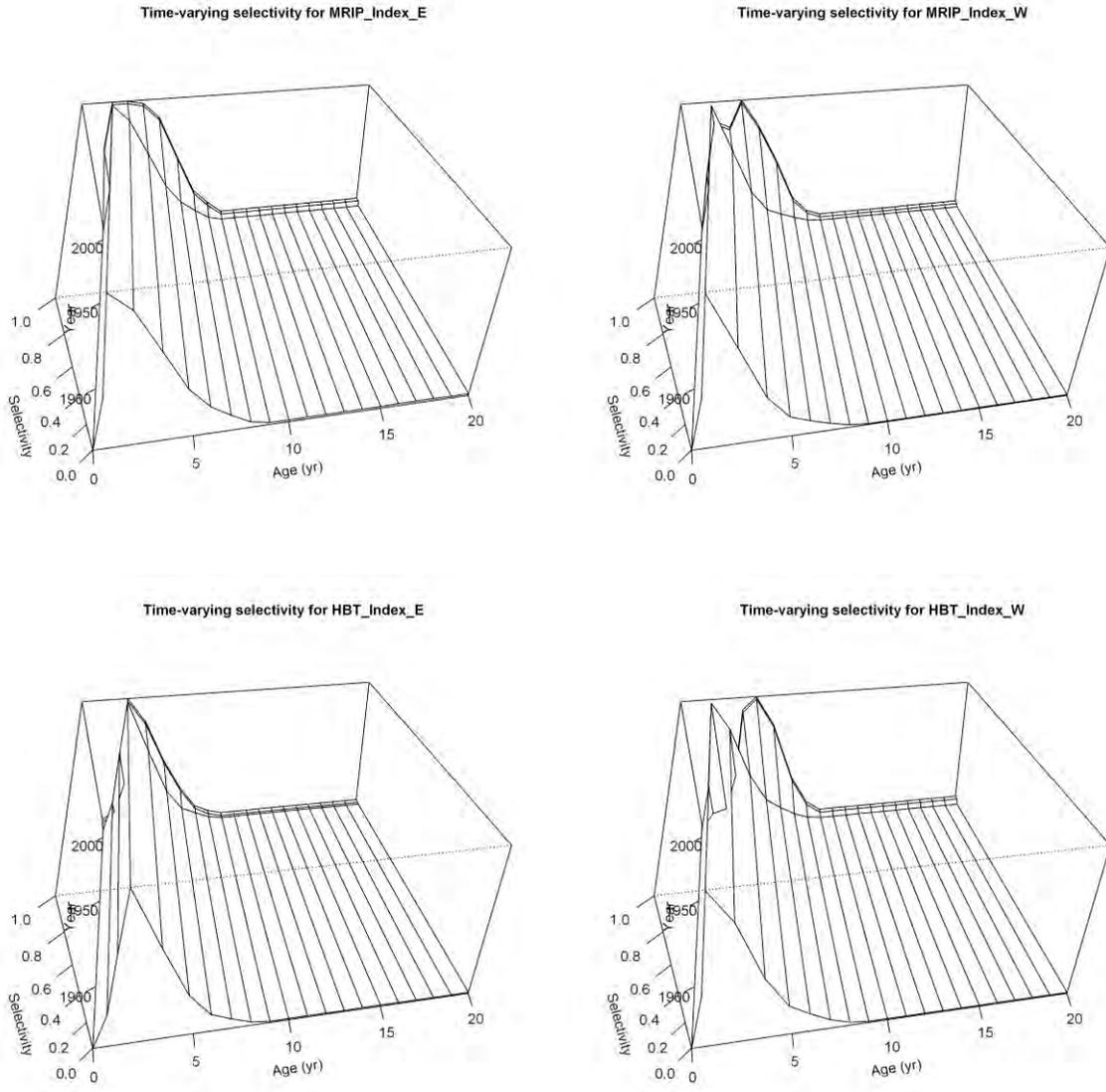


Figure 3.2.3.4. Time-varying age-based selectivity by survey.

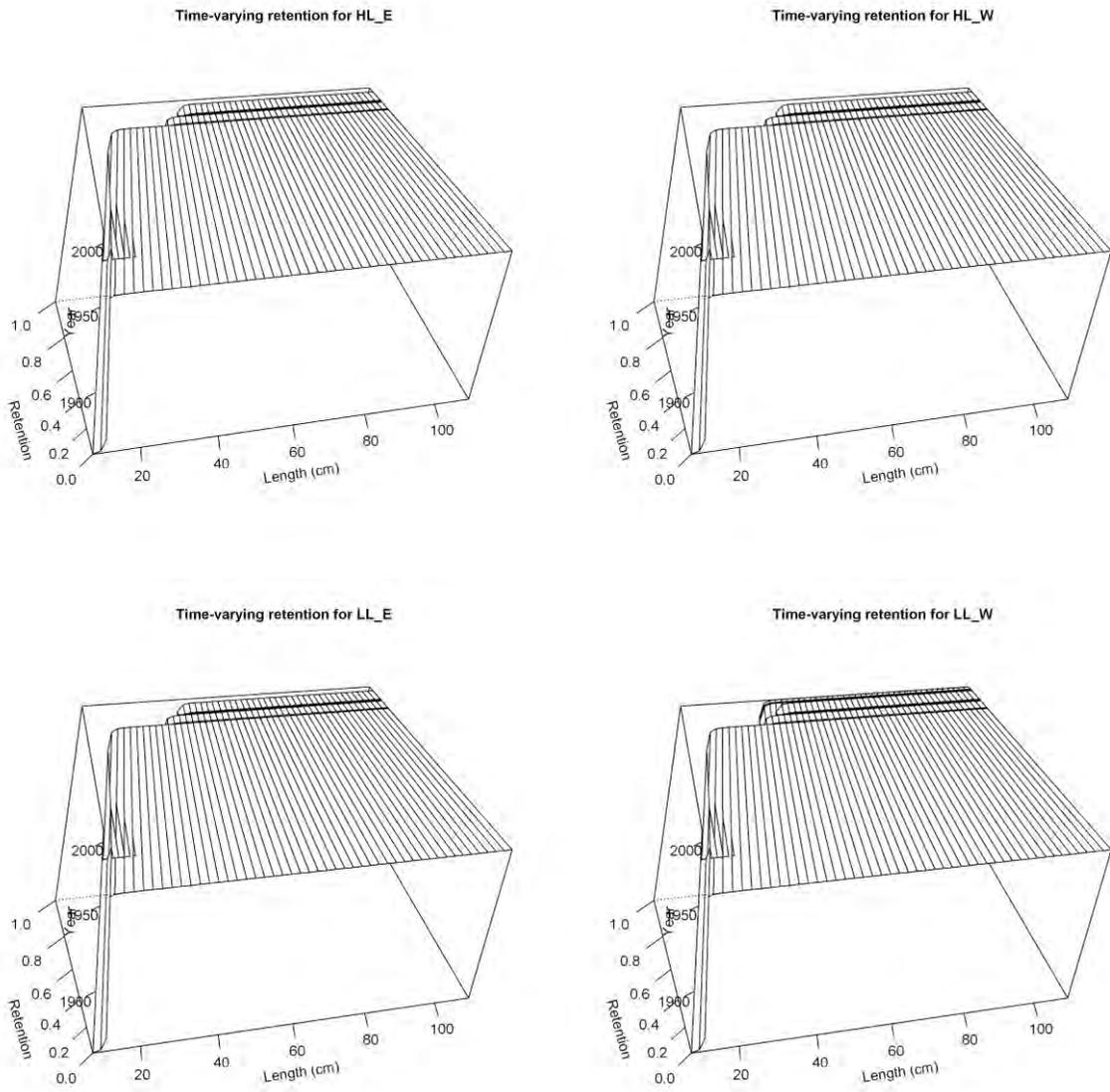


Figure 3.2.3.5a. Time-varying retention by fleet (continued on next page).

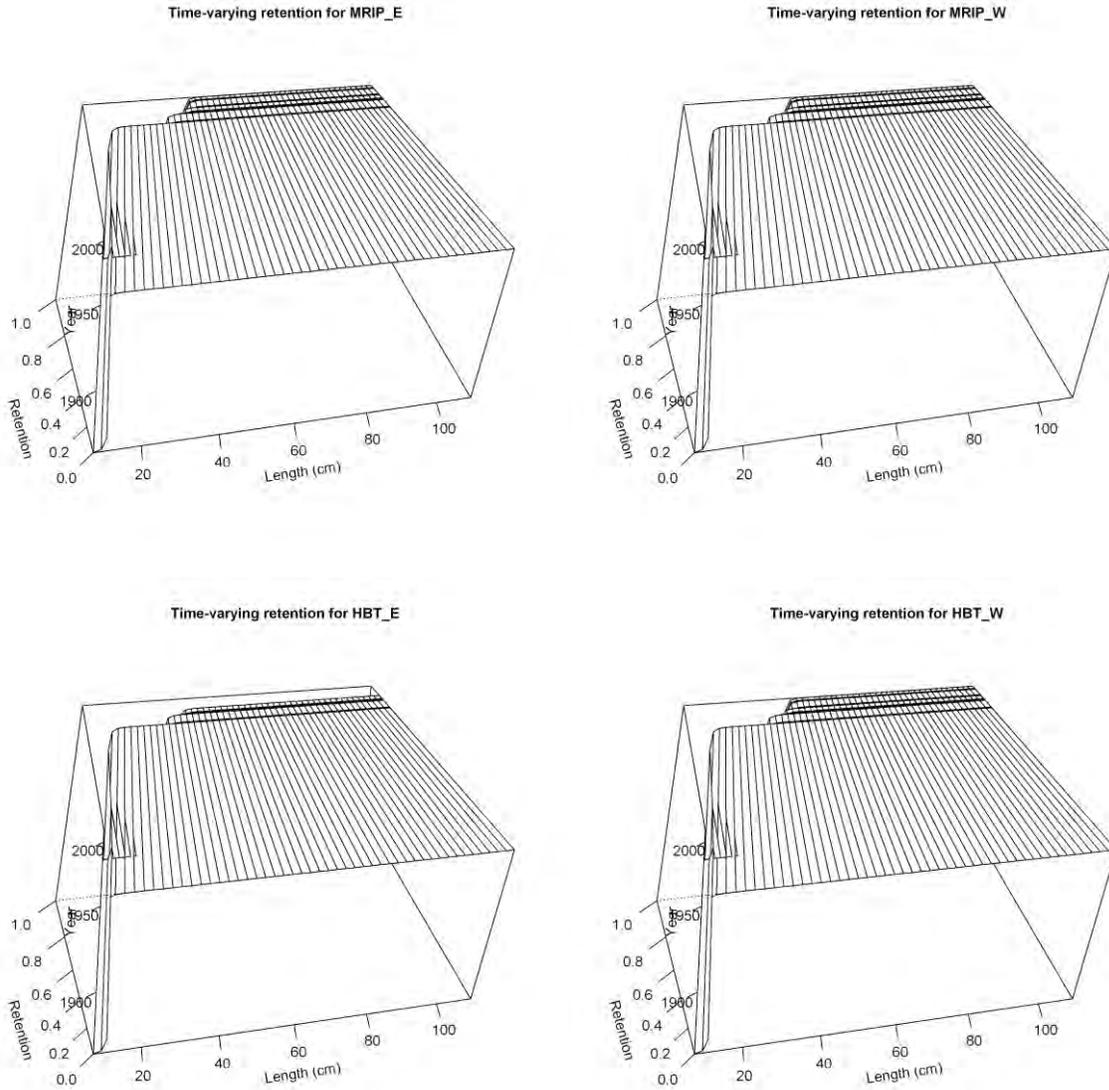


Figure 3.2.3.5b. Time-varying retention by fleet (continued from previous page).

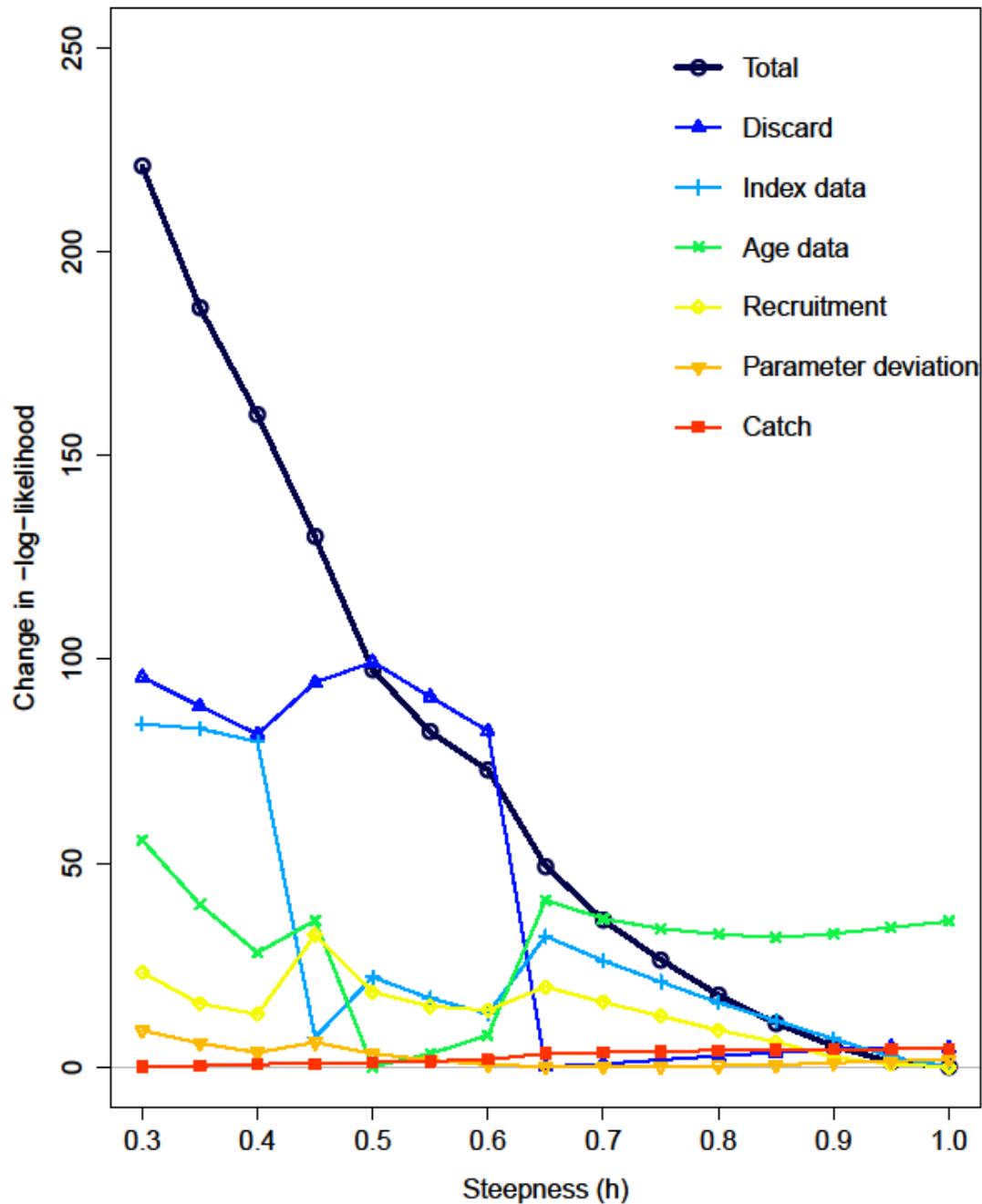


Figure 3.2.4.1. SS profile of Beverton – Holt steepness parameter for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for the base model configuration. The black line represents the change in total model data likelihood, the blue line is the change in discard data likelihood, the green line is the change in age likelihood, the aqua colored line is the change in index data likelihood, the red line is the change in catch data likelihood, and the yellow line is the change in recruitment data likelihood.

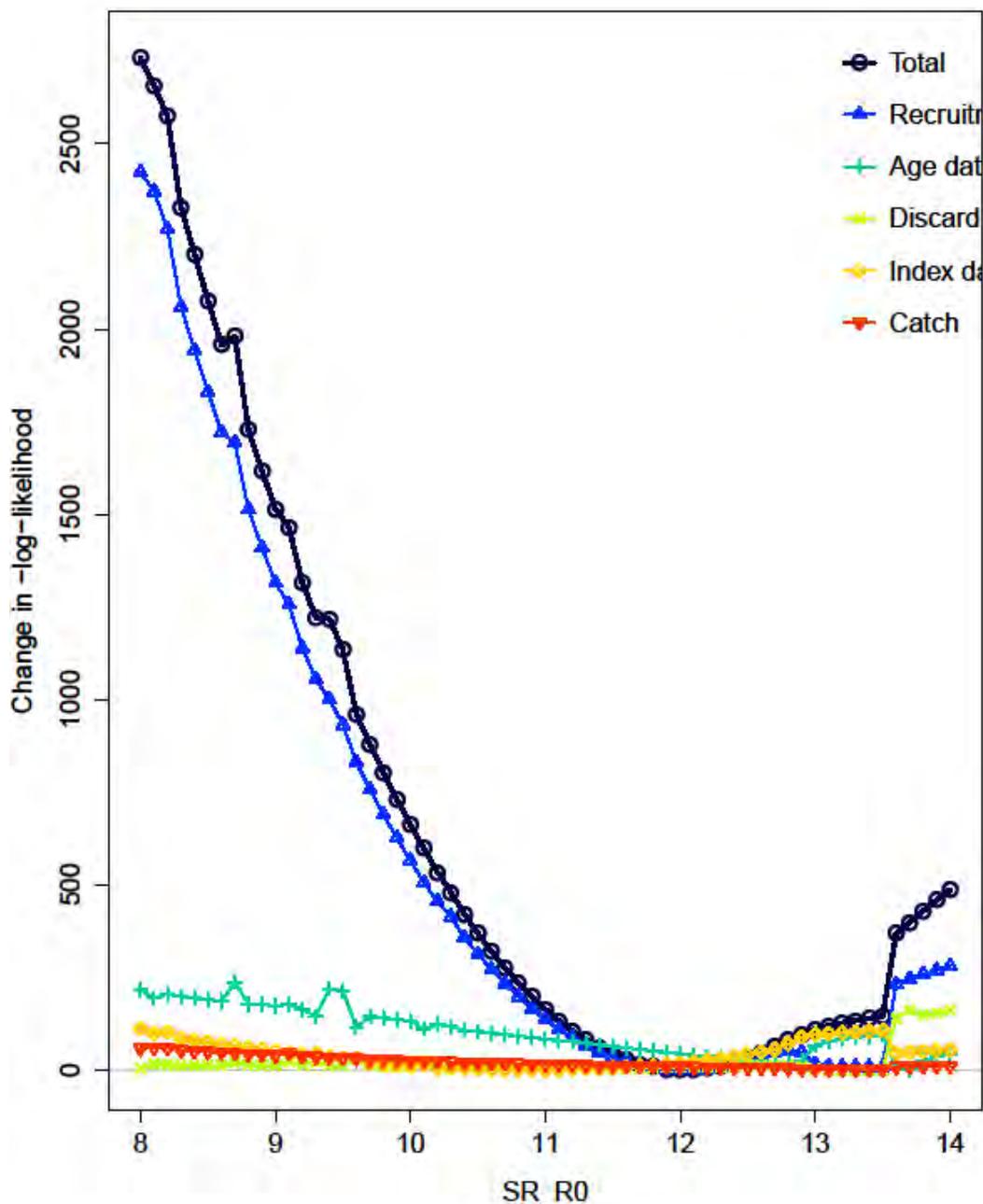


Figure 3.2.4.2. SS profile of virgin biomass (R_0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model configuration. The black line represents the change in total model data likelihood, the blue line is the change in recruitment data likelihood, the green line is the change in age likelihood, the mustard colored line is the change in index data likelihood, and the yellow line is the change in recruitment data likelihood. The SS base model estimated R_0 for the early period as 12.0255 (SD= 0.0587).

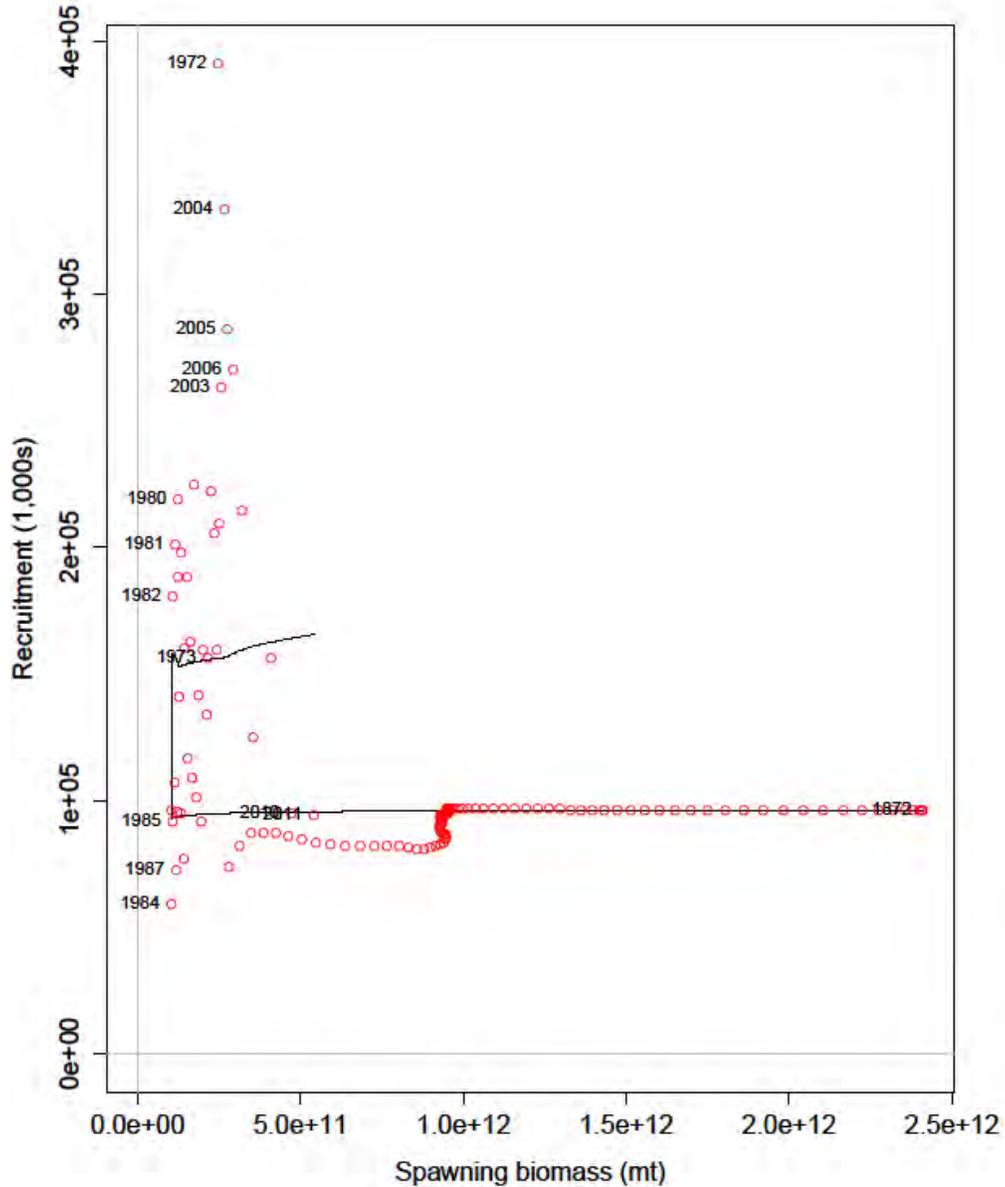


Figure 3.2.4.3. Predicted stock-recruitment relationship for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3). Plotted are predicted annual recruitments from SS (circles) and expected recruitment from the stock recruit relationship (black line). Labels are included on the first year, last year, and years with natural log deviations > 0.5.

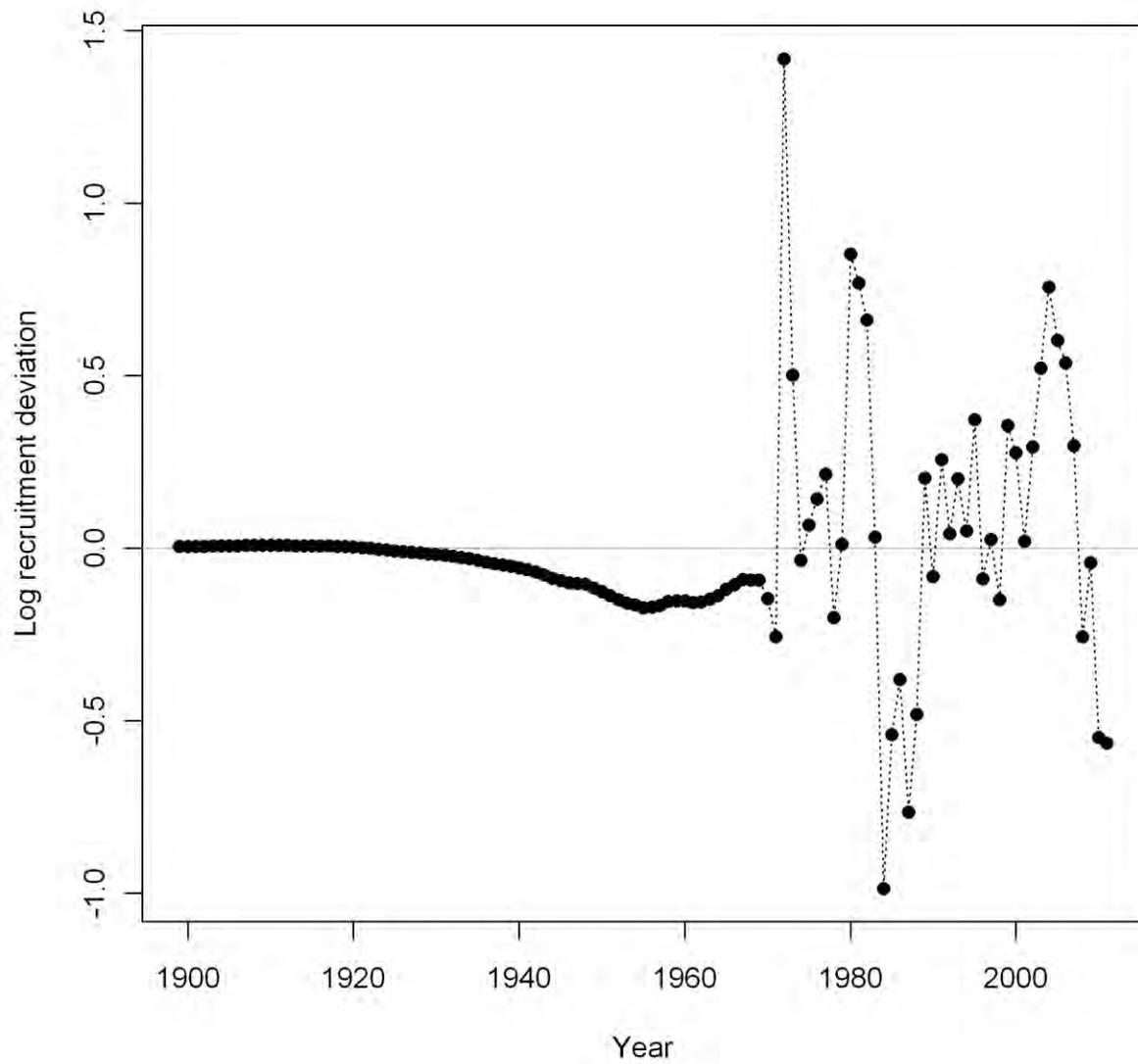


Figure 3.2.4.4. Asymptotic standard errors for recruitment deviations (1985-2010) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3).

Middle of year expected numbers at age in area 1 in thousands (max=100450)

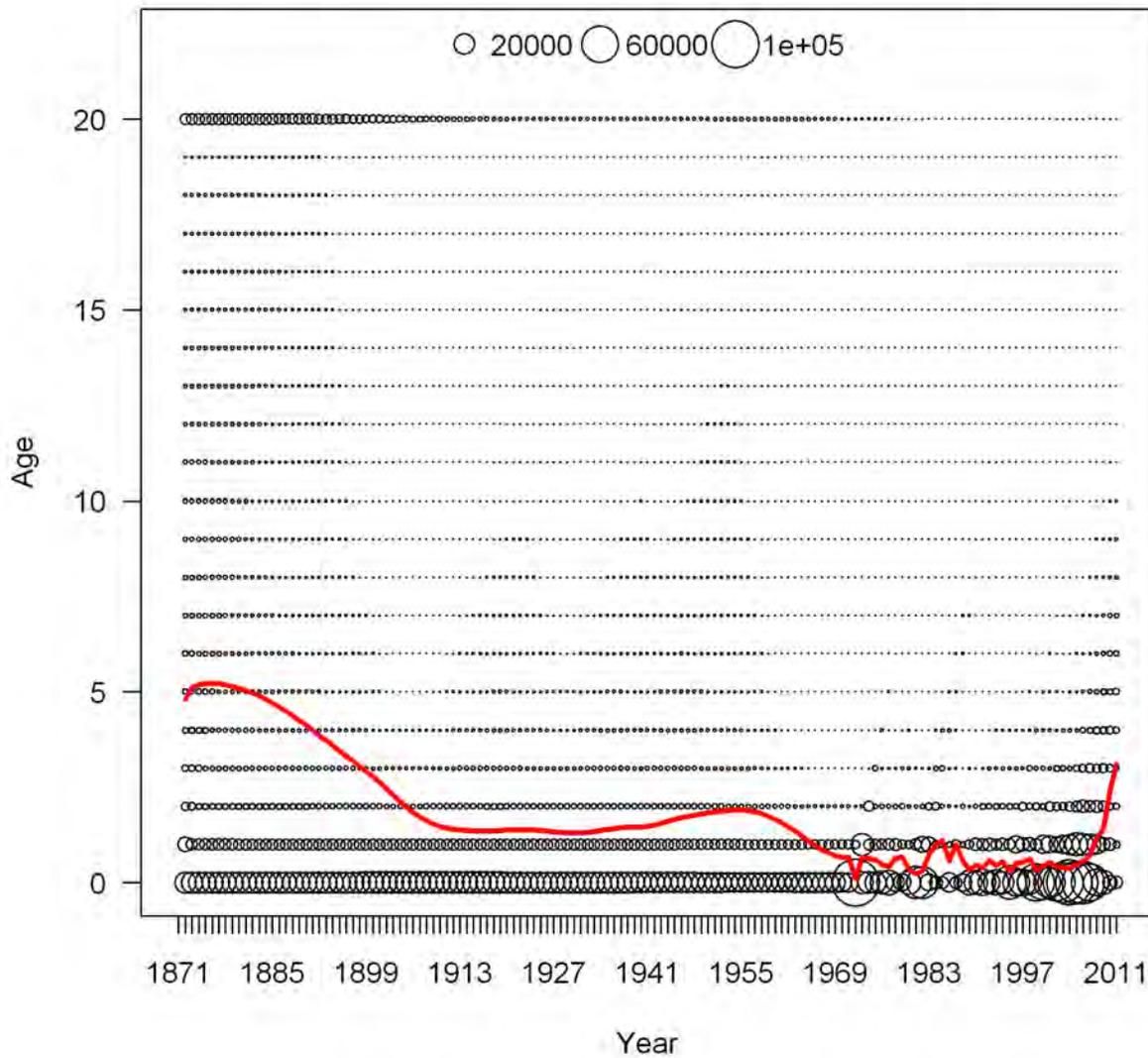


Figure 3.2.4.5. Predicted abundance at age (circles) and mean age (line) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for the East area, from the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3). Units are abundance in thousands of fish.

Middle of year expected numbers at age in area 2 in thousands (max=114492)

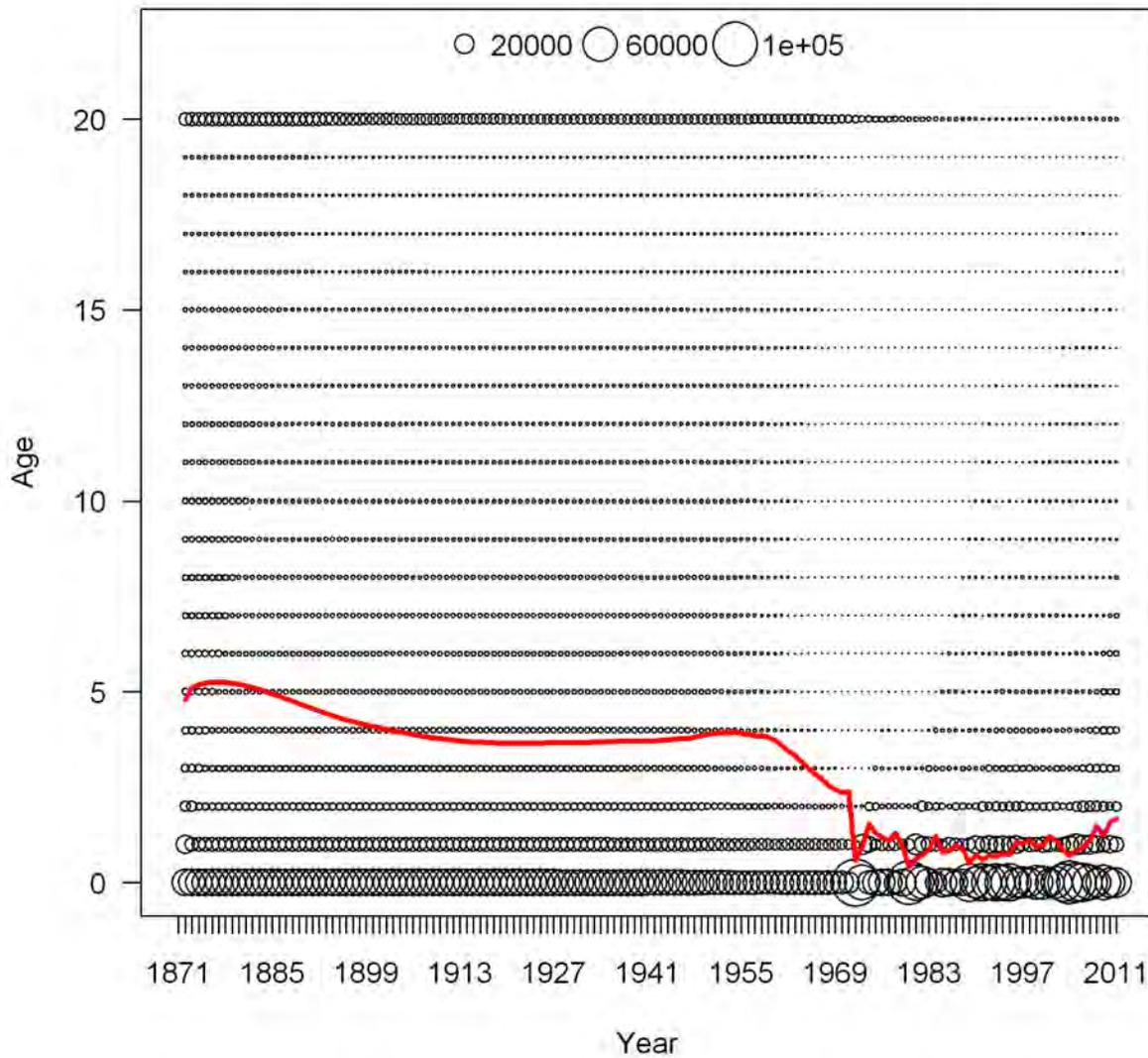
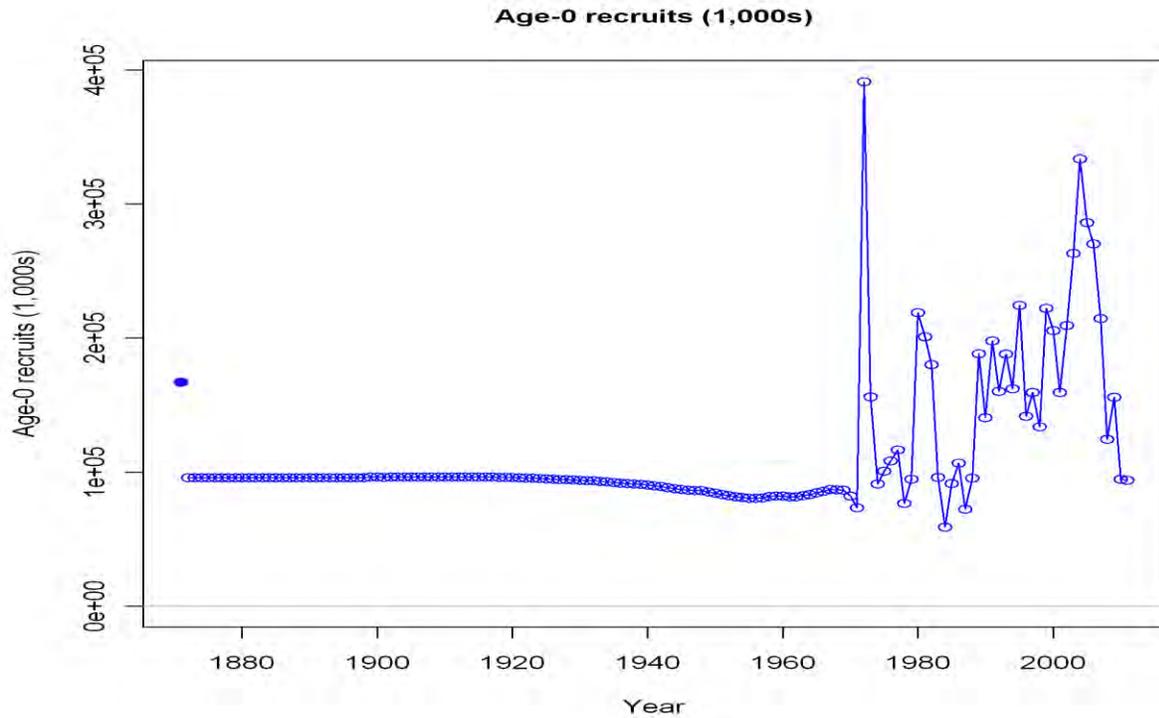


Figure 3.2.4.6. Predicted abundance at age (circles) and mean age (line) for Gulf of Mexico Red snapper for the West area, for the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3). Units are abundance in thousands of fish.

a. Age 0 recruits, all areas combined.



b. Age 0 Recruits by area (area 1 represents the eastern Gulf of Mexico and area 2 represents the western Gulf of Mexico).

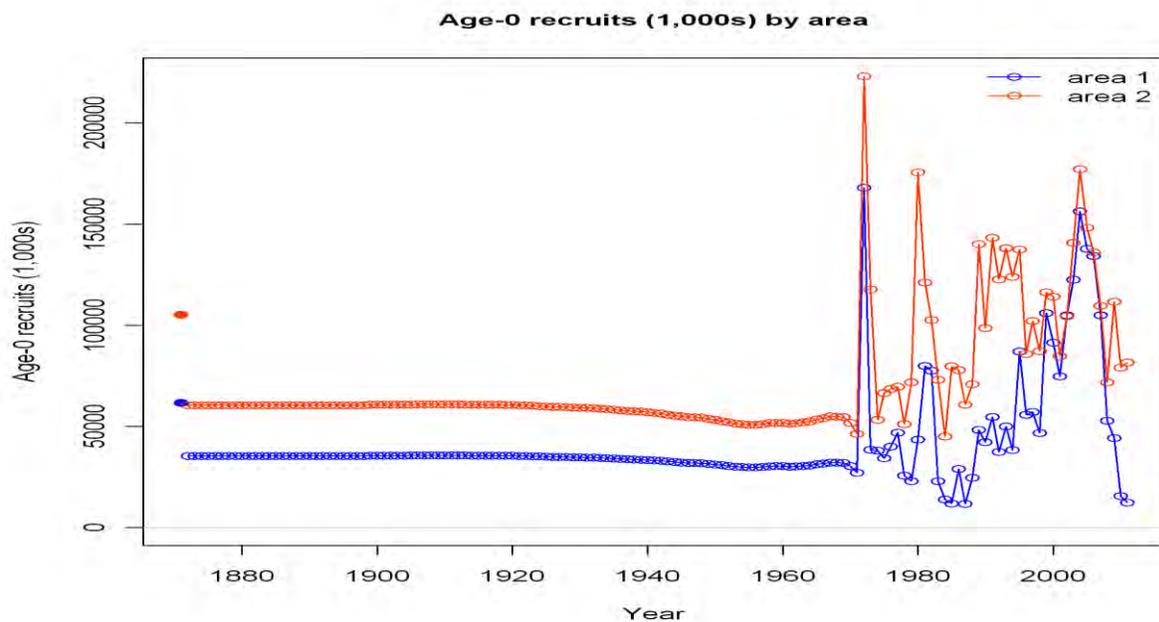


Figure 3.2.4.7. Predicted age-0 recruits in thousands of fish for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3).

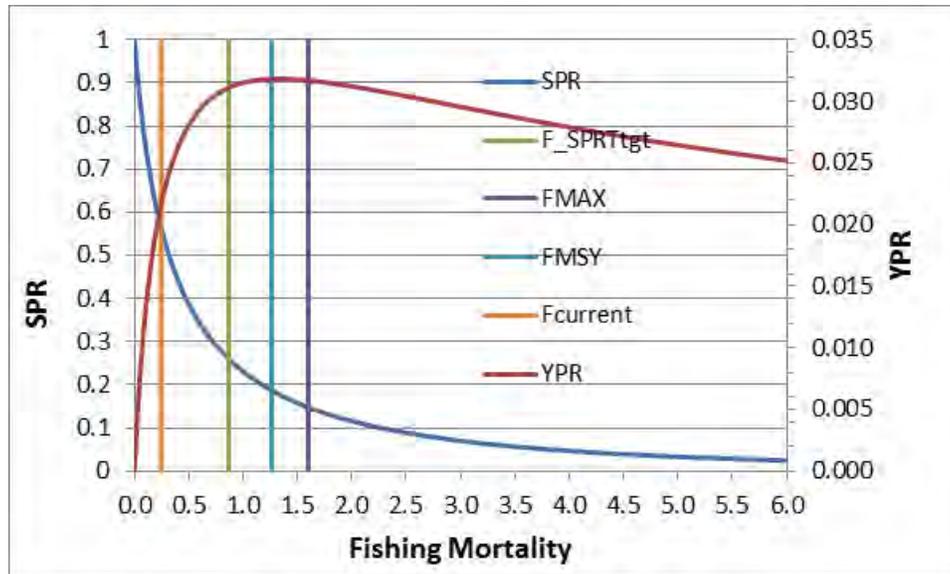


Figure 3.2.4.8. SS estimated yield per recruit and spawner per recruit for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0.3).

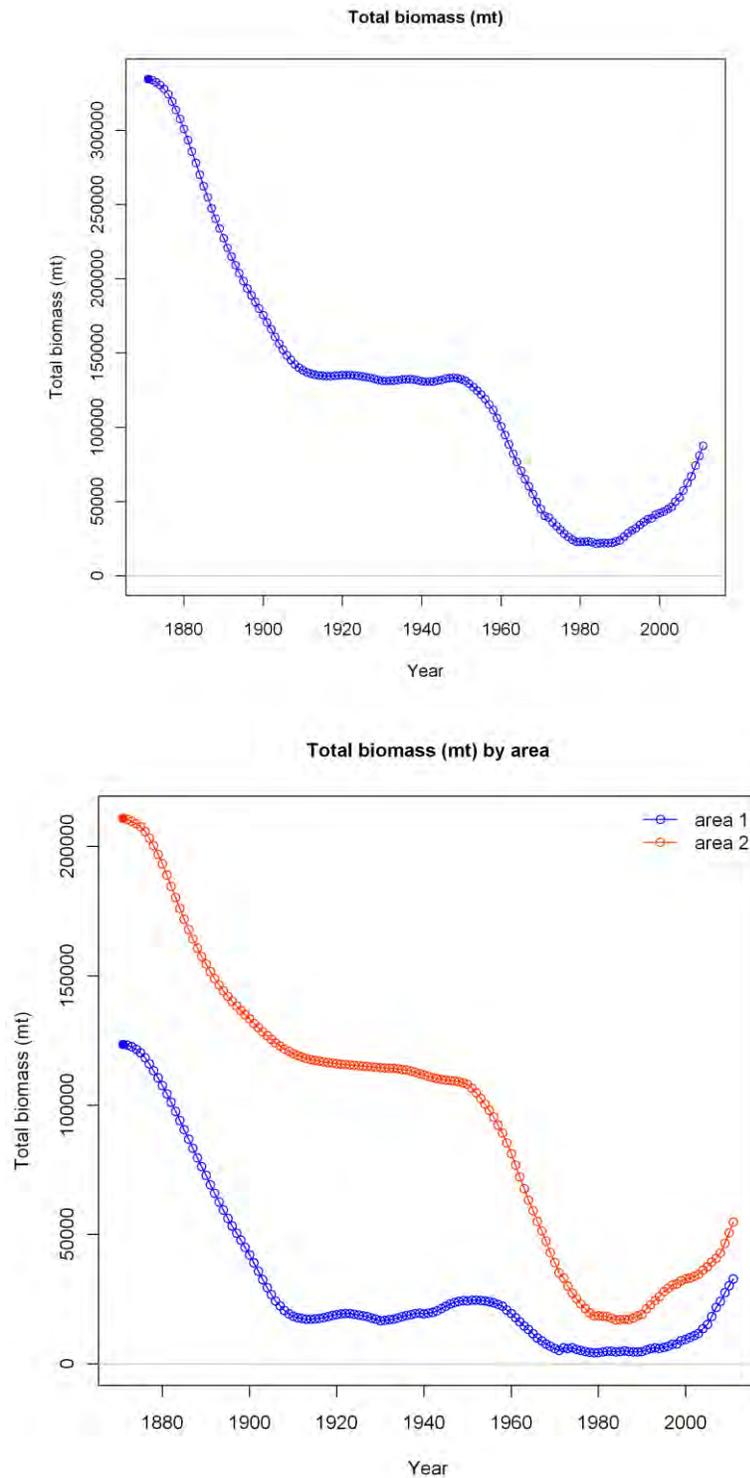


Figure 3.2.5.1. SS predicted total biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate.

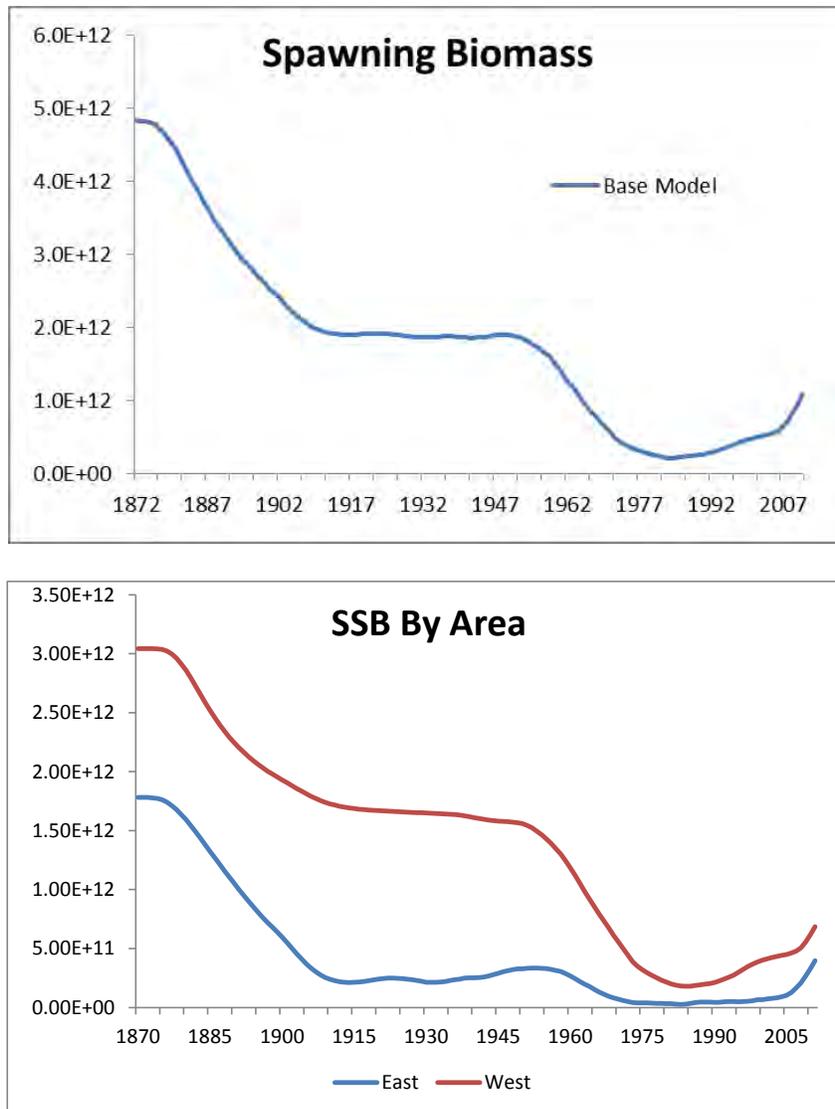


Figure 3.2.5.2. Spawning biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate.

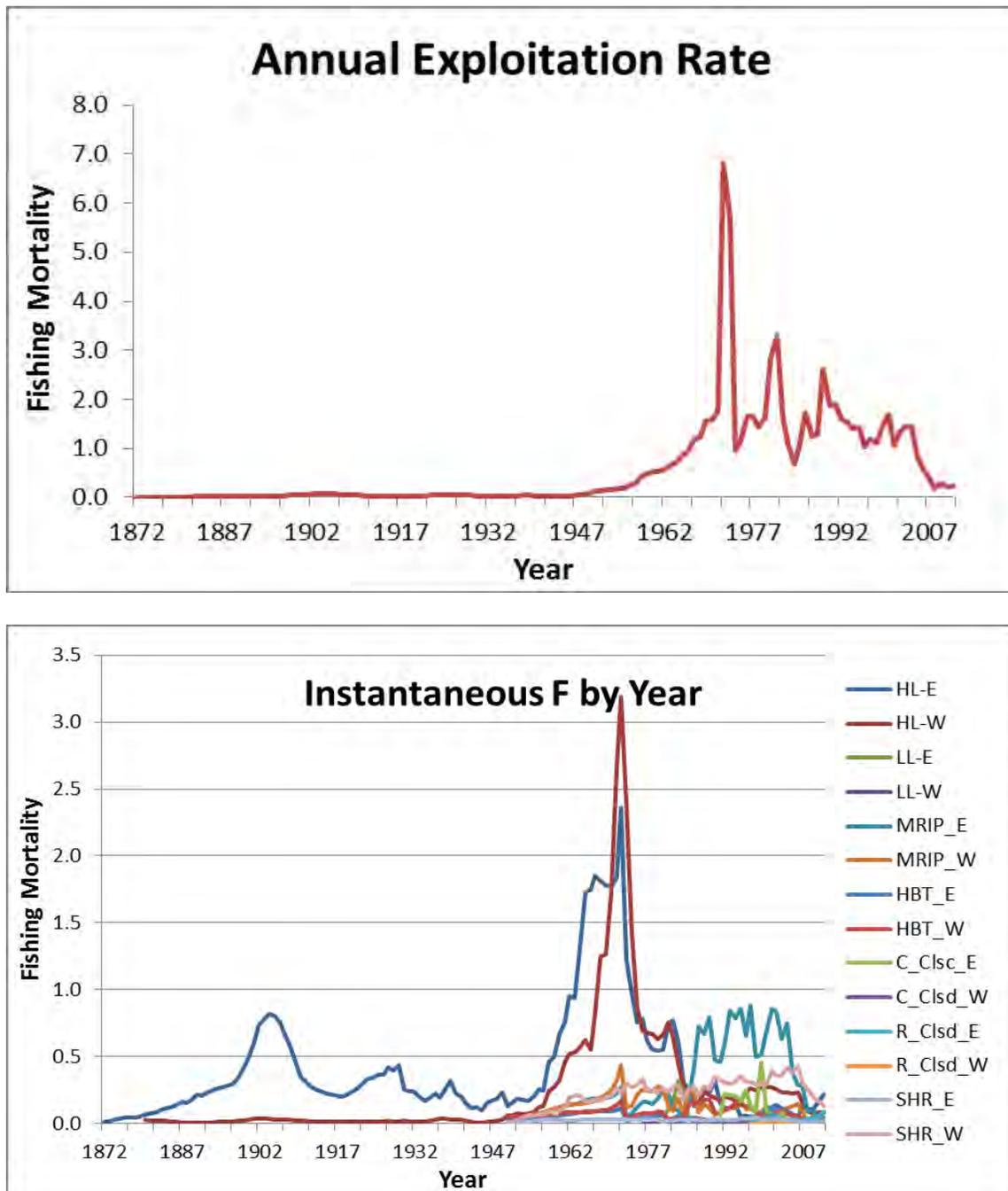


Figure 3.2.6.1. Predicted fishing mortality for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from SS for the base model configuration (Steepness = 0.99, sigmaR=0. This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class for each fleet. The top panel is annual exploitation rate and the bottom panel is fleet specific continuous fishing mortality.

20 #_Nages: this accumulator age should be large enough so that little growth occurs after reaching this age

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 #_init_equil_catch_for_each_fishery

140 #_N_lines_of_catch_to_read

#_HL_E	HL_W Shr_W	LL_E Year	LL_W Season	MRIP_E	MRIP_W	HBT_E	HBT_W	C_Clsd_E	C_Clsd_W	R_Clsd_E	R_Clsd_W	Shr_E
236.469	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1872	1									
354.704	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1873	1									
532.057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1874	1									
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1875	1									
768.526	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1876	1									
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1877	1									
591.174	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1878	1									
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1879	1									
827.643	404.166	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1880	1									
930.944	363.755	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1881	1									
1035.147	322.894	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1882	1									
1138.454	287.72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1883	1									
1241.764	252.544	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1884	1									
1345.078	216.919	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1885	1									
1449.293	181.742	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1886	1									
1552.613	92.519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1887	1									
1486.615	96.563	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1888	1									
1580.058	122.165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1889	1									
1901.608	110.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1890	1									
1733.754	122.262	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1891	1									
1819.08	132.982	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1892	1									
1874.349	141.507	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1893	1									
1917.621	147.355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1894	1									
1871.201	151.426	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1895	1									
1890.397	154.624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1896	1									
1877.08	154.513	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1897	1									
2092.14	247.059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1898	1									
2334.448	327.777	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1899	1									
2573.747	403.686	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1900	1									
2733.814	462.833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1901	1									
2850.182	510.76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1902	1									
2595.511	480.718	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1903	1									
2398.021	458.911	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1904	1									
2157.303	426.798	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1905	1									
1923.66	393.57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1906	1									
1697.843	359.066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1907	1									
1525.545	333.741	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1908	1									
1311.271	287.097	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1909	1									
1105.269	244.082	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1910	1									

1113.783	239.279	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1911	1									
1121.933	234.904	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1912	1									
1129.934	230.64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1913	1									
1137.315	226.265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1914	1									
1144.311	221.89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1915	1									
1150.897	217.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1916	1									
1124.573	212.712	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1917	1									
1130.603	208.337	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1918	1									
1233.286	213.815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1919	1									
1340.104	219.293	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1920	1									
1451.011	225.31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1921	1									
1565.878	230.788	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1922	1									
1681.61	236.265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1923	1									
1642.634	228.237	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1924	1									
1645.323	220.207	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1925	1									
1602.24	212.066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1926	1									
1749.768	265.763	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1927	1									
1562.257	193.625	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1928	1									
1659.604	189.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1929	1									
1013.096	251.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1930	1									
1020.483	155.489	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1931	1									
1095.896	186.565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1932	1									
990.809	203.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1933	1									
891.247	210.803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1934	1									
1093.623	306.234	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1935	1									
1258.258	395.255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1936	1									
1115.129	429.359	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1937	1									
1442.592	424.259	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1938	1									
1693.125	387.581	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1939	1									
1132.599	370.073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1940	1									
1030.467	334.702	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1941	1									
824.791	247.044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1942	1									
656.019	168.459	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1943	1									
757.513	126.865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1944	1									
660.07	69.736	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	1945	1									
1052.244	146.692	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.001	1946	1									
1103.225	216.899	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.001	1947	1									
1178.742	270.078	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.001	1948	1									
1409.947	394.532	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0.001	1949	1									
767.985	669.524	0	0	163.8740931	230.836805	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1950	1					
914.858	670.201	0	0	188.2718121	273.2406133	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1951	1					
1018.333	750.322	0	0	212.6695311	315.6444217	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1952	1					
919.191	616.247	0	0	237.0672502	358.04823	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0.001	0.001	1953	1						
854.201	619.599	0	0	261.4649692	400.4520383	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1954	1					
955.561	676.778	0	0	285.8626882	442.8558467	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1955	1					
1143.445	915.086	0	0	310.2604073	485.259655	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1956	1					
1025.976	913.316	0	0	334.6581263	527.6634633	148.1652877	416.2298968					0
	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1957	1					

1689.444	1522.886	0	0	359.0558454	570.0672717	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1958	1		
1545.775	1556.548	0	0	383.4535644	612.47108	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0.001	0.001	1959	1		
1731.283	1633.469	0	0	407.8512834	654.8748883	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1960	1		
1589.504	1927.299	0	0	412.1997075	667.6926936	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1961	1		
1638.699	1874.063	0	0	416.5481315	680.5104988	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1962	1		
1365.294	1667.933	0	0	420.8965555	693.328304	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1963	1		
1635.958	1628.533	0	0	425.2449796	706.1461093	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1964	1		
1683.991	1653.835	0	0	429.5934036	718.9639145	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1965	1		
1405.576	1379.478	0	0	440.121674	749.6151118	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1966	1		
1318.568	1919.127	0	0	450.6499443	780.266309	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1967	1		
1187.299	2340.939	0	0	461.1782147	810.9175063	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1968	1		
1107.646	1899.4	0	0	471.7064851	841.5687035	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1969	1		
1047.551	2110.442	0	0	482.2347554	872.2199008	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1970	1		
1008.594	2433.99	0	0	507.907431	960.2911658	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1971	1		
1076.974	2196.193	0	0	533.5801066	1048.362431	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1972	1		
1230.611	2207.723	0	0	559.2527822	1136.433696	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1973	1		
1708.939	2011.138	0	0	584.9254578	1224.504961	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1974	1		
1622.329	1783.962	0	0	610.5981334	1312.576226	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1975	1		
1491.469	1508.466	0	0.487	626.5253762	1298.242222	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1976	1		
1026.819	1303.215	0	0	642.4526191	1283.908218	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1977	1		
905.53	1221.978	0	0	658.3798619	1269.574214	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1978	1		
924.374	1121.499	0	0	674.3071048	1255.24021	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1979	1		
859.897	1141.469	42.64	19.983	690.2343476	1240.906206	148.1652877	416.2298968	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1980	1		
965.088	1425.778	81.582	22.344	800.8137606	1446.453354	47.78031999	344.2520058	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1981	1		
1039.592	1660.844	102.772	32.485	714.3988929	1070.947571	153.8230256	388.2474776	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1982	1		
1082.97	1732.789	201.859	44.786	781.4011802	1871.322401	301.7901615	370.50009	0
	0	0	0.001	0.001	1983	1		
740.225	1318.327	167.126	345.942	145.70364	649.4160468	40.84213878	373.2178774	0
	0	0	0.001	0.001	1984	1		
736.531	837.351	51.863	274.373	400.1327095	589.5885057	90.2343129	368.6049395	0
	0	0	0	0.001	1985	1		
390.013	876.968	34.426	377.106	558.4660968	397.2324893	16.364	316.09	0
	0	0.001	0.001	1986	1		0	0
361.431	668.724	28.791	332.954	538.0023492	164.7116171	9.685	319.348	0
	0	0.001	0.001	1987	1		0	0
389.164	1068.26	34.775	303.966	509.4928464	301.6810221	13.832	423.024	0
	0	0.001	0.001	1988	1		0	0
305.307	858.179	35.64	206.268	462.5192986	219.2916611	10.797	372.473	0
	0	0.001	0.001	1989	1		0	0
316.432	797.32	33.923	54.622	305.1307864	128.9756973	15.539	187.006	0
	0	0.001	0.001	1990	1		0	0
179.249	782.317	9.391	32.927	533.0869612	254.5001924	15.58	264.686	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1991	1		0.001	0
184.382	1213.132	2.58	8.99	830.9607683	318.4869281	33.873	413.056	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1992	1		0.001	0
198.211	1316.047	6.91	9.204	1235.076419	416.0116675	37.275	458.772	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1993	1		0.001	0
239.1	1211.754	3.61	7.171	772.8320665	311.8985931	28.998	497.738	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1994	1		0.001	0
78.354	1240.758	3.837	7.94	617.4837293	386.1209981	23.078	354.55	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1995	1		0.001	0
106.132	1834.388	3.442	12.411	570.5690071	241.8846121	28.388	349.266	0.001
	0	0.001	0.001	1996	1		0.001	0
83.647	2081.763	2.099	14.251	961.7805461	248.8867682	48.439	347.424	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	1997	1		0.001	0.001
172.093	1935.716	2.501	12.349	754.3286879	180.8237779	76.759	244.738	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	1998	1		0.001	0.001
248.76	1918.9	2.936	41.083	721.8827369	146.0185585	67.432	98.699	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	1999	1		0.001	0.001
301.768	1805.154	3.91	83.251	697.9807083	157.5912334	57.64	111.41	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2000	1		0.001	0.001
361.933	1675.012	4.595	56.451	833.1294816	107.5658317	51.289	116.358	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2001	1		0.001	0.001
475.685	1617.493	8.221	66.313	1108.290488	102.0921118	75.121	138.475	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2002	1		0.001	0.001
462.327	1453.422	6.284	77.687	967.57738	112.5934756	71.021	157.905	0.001
	0.001	0.001	2003	1			0.001	0.001
431.337	1462.943	8.778	206.761	1190.621924	129.1754529	63.482	110.329	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2004	1		0.001	0.001

359.25	1360.924	9.58	128.271	724.6629138	166.187208	46.791	99.988	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2005	1					
344.879	1638.234	7.409	118.23	793.645715	236.2178074	47.882	121.177	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2006	1					
397.002	954.023	7.134	85.504	1064.179522	206.4353258	63.603	110.314	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2007	1					
378.522	707.21	15.479	25.332	591.6374724	120.7530441	61.986	57.569	0.001	0	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2008	1					
416.794	679.616	6.635	23.481	698.3349386	131.636978	81.59	75.998	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2009	1					
633.962	853.143	34.251	17.324	327.0127363	36.87349948	35.943	51.514	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	0.001	2010	1					
731.693	851.987	38.231	8.55	488.9193338	67.480174	69.187	50.656	0.001	0.001	0.001
	0.001	0.001	2011	1						

580 #_N_cpue_and_surveyabundance_observations

#_Units: 0=numbers; 1=biomass; 2=F

#_Errtype: -1=normal; 0=lognormal; >0=T

#_Fleet/ Survey Units Errtype

1	1	0
2	1	0
3	1	0
4	1	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	0
9	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	2	0
14	2	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	0	0
19	0	0
20	0	0
21	0	0
22	0	0
23	0	0
24	0	0
25	0	0
26	0	0
27	0	0
28	0	0
29	0	0

#_year	seas	Fleet/ Survey	obs	err	# comment
1990	1	1	0.2659	0.7527	#_HL_E_index
1991	1	1	0.4204	0.624	#_HL_E_index
1992	1	1	1.2686	0.5789	#_HL_E_index
1993	1	1	0.6989	0.5566	#_HL_E_index
1994	1	1	0.6265	0.5571	#_HL_E_index
1995	1	1	0.7456	0.57	#_HL_E_index
1996	1	1	0.4489	0.621	#_HL_E_index
1997	1	1	0.3675	0.6419	#_HL_E_index
1998	1	1	1.2883	0.6167	#_HL_E_index
1999	1	1	0.7796	0.6255	#_HL_E_index
2000	1	1	1.4717	0.6209	#_HL_E_index
2001	1	1	1.3417	0.6239	#_HL_E_index
2002	1	1	1.6504	0.6105	#_HL_E_index
2003	1	1	1.4638	0.6048	#_HL_E_index
2004	1	1	1.6566	0.631	#_HL_E_index
2005	1	1	1.3668	0.6133	#_HL_E_index
2006	1	1	1.1386	0.6209	#_HL_E_index
1990	1	2	0.6614	0.2394	#_HL_W_index
1991	1	2	1.0801	0.2146	#_HL_W_index
1992	1	2	1.767	0.2224	#_HL_W_index
1993	1	2	1.1568	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
1994	1	2	1.155	0.1614	#_HL_W_index
1995	1	2	1.3402	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
1996	1	2	1.3387	0.1611	#_HL_W_index

1997	1	2	1.1762	0.1611	#_HL_W_index
1998	1	2	0.9335	0.1611	#_HL_W_index
1999	1	2	0.8658	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
2000	1	2	0.9879	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2001	1	2	0.8514	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
2002	1	2	0.8156	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2003	1	2	0.7899	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2004	1	2	0.6571	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2005	1	2	0.5891	0.1614	#_HL_W_index
2006	1	2	0.8341	0.1617	#_HL_W_index
1950	1	13	0.2218	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1951	1	13	0.3821	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1952	1	13	0.4515	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1953	1	13	0.4987	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1954	1	13	0.6394	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1955	1	13	0.7552	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1956	1	13	0.9565	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1957	1	13	1.0473	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1958	1	13	1.1079	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1959	1	13	1.2023	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1960	1	13	1.1801	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1961	1	13	0.8561	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1962	1	13	0.8172	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1963	1	13	0.917	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1964	1	13	1.0887	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1965	1	13	1.1809	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1966	1	13	1.1061	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1967	1	13	1.0498	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1968	1	13	1.2367	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1969	1	13	1.2062	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1970	1	13	1.1886	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1971	1	13	1.0241	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1972	1	13	1.1044	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1973	1	13	1.2174	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1974	1	13	1.1776	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1975	1	13	1.1743	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1976	1	13	1.0893	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1977	1	13	1.2908	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1978	1	13	0.9976	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1979	1	13	1.0267	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1980	1	13	0.6286	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1981	1	13	0.9868	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1982	1	13	0.9833	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1983	1	13	1.0771	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1984	1	13	1.2637	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1985	1	13	1.2196	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1986	1	13	1.2642	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1987	1	13	1.0244	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1988	1	13	0.9658	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1989	1	13	1.1707	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1990	1	13	1.0255	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1991	1	13	1.0555	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1992	1	13	1.2798	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1993	1	13	1.057	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1994	1	13	1.0933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1995	1	13	1.2933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1996	1	13	1.4612	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1997	1	13	1.541	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1998	1	13	1.9362	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1999	1	13	1.1931	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2000	1	13	1.0252	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2001	1	13	1.1516	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2002	1	13	1.37	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2003	1	13	1.1419	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2004	1	13	1.1325	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2005	1	13	0.9538	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2006	1	13	0.6183	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2007	1	13	0.4644	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2008	1	13	0.3036	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2009	1	13	0.4676	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2010	1	13	0.2933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2011	1	13	0.3652	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1946	1	14	0.0098	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1947	1	14	0.05	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1948	1	14	0.1314	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1949	1	14	0.2123	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1950	1	14	0.2564	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1951	1	14	0.2696	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1952	1	14	0.3182	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1953	1	14	0.3103	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1954	1	14	0.4093	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1955	1	14	0.3378	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1956	1	14	0.4407	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1957	1	14	0.5525	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1958	1	14	0.852	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1959	1	14	0.9104	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1960	1	14	0.9321	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1961	1	14	0.744	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1962	1	14	0.7237	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1963	1	14	0.8394	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1964	1	14	0.7658	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1965	1	14	0.8777	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1966	1	14	0.92	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1967	1	14	1.158	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1968	1	14	1.0056	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort

1969	1	14	1.343	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1970	1	14	1.213	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1971	1	14	1.2664	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1972	1	14	1.3829	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1973	1	14	1.1026	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1974	1	14	1.0879	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1975	1	14	1.0294	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1976	1	14	1.1977	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1977	1	14	1.0259	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1978	1	14	1.2005	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1979	1	14	1.2516	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1980	1	14	0.7586	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1981	1	14	1.1719	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1982	1	14	1.1969	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1983	1	14	0.9665	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1984	1	14	1.231	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1985	1	14	1.1964	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1986	1	14	1.6459	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1987	1	14	1.6859	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1988	1	14	1.6333	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1989	1	14	1.4713	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1990	1	14	1.4144	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1991	1	14	1.7185	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1992	1	14	1.7724	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1993	1	14	1.7508	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1994	1	14	1.4062	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1995	1	14	1.2205	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1996	1	14	1.2832	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1997	1	14	1.5609	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1998	1	14	1.4164	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1999	1	14	1.3332	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2000	1	14	1.4545	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2001	1	14	1.5595	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2002	1	14	1.8364	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2003	1	14	1.4817	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2004	1	14	1.361	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2005	1	14	0.9839	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2006	1	14	0.7344	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2007	1	14	0.5925	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2008	1	14	0.425	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2009	1	14	0.5059	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2010	1	14	0.4949	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2011	1	14	0.6082	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1993	1	15	0.1451	1.3527	#_Video_E_index
1994	1	15	0.0405	1.9222	#_Video_E_index
1995	1	15	0.0424	1.7055	#_Video_E_index
1996	1	15	0.1011	1.4224	#_Video_E_index
1997	1	15	0.121	1.4579	#_Video_E_index
2002	1	15	1.0414	0.7035	#_Video_E_index
2004	1	15	1.0998	0.6893	#_Video_E_index
2005	1	15	1.4742	0.6135	#_Video_E_index
2006	1	15	0.6298	0.7885	#_Video_E_index
2007	1	15	1.1209	0.6463	#_Video_E_index
2008	1	15	1.0571	0.7098	#_Video_E_index
2009	1	15	1.4792	0.6308	#_Video_E_index
2010	1	15	2.4086	0.5628	#_Video_E_index
2011	1	15	3.2389	0.5252	#_Video_E_index
1993	1	16	0.5543	0.4443	#_Video_W_index
1994	1	16	0.699	0.4005	#_Video_W_index
1995	1	16	0.5374	0.2926	#_Video_W_index
1996	1	16	0.56	0.2454	#_Video_W_index
1997	1	16	1.5053	0.1543	#_Video_W_index
2001	1	16	0.7038	0.3424	#_Video_W_index
2002	1	16	0.9325	0.2179	#_Video_W_index
2004	1	16	0.9505	0.2927	#_Video_W_index
2005	1	16	1.136	0.1744	#_Video_W_index
2006	1	16	0.4674	0.2935	#_Video_W_index
2007	1	16	1.3083	0.1608	#_Video_W_index
2008	1	16	0.6849	0.231	#_Video_W_index
2009	1	16	1.1012	0.169	#_Video_W_index
2010	1	16	2.2338	0.1794	#_Video_W_index
2011	1	16	1.6255	0.1613	#_Video_W_index
1987	1	17	0.881	1.111	#_Larv_E_index
1988	1	17	0.4313	1.256	#_Larv_E_index
1991	1	17	0.8782	0.7566	#_Larv_E_index
1994	1	17	0.1971	0.4177	#_Larv_E_index
1995	1	17	0.4904	0.8411	#_Larv_E_index
1997	1	17	0.568	0.7747	#_Larv_E_index
1999	1	17	0.7901	0.3144	#_Larv_E_index
2000	1	17	1.0029	0.9128	#_Larv_E_index
2001	1	17	0.9772	0.5626	#_Larv_E_index
2002	1	17	0.8339	1.1653	#_Larv_E_index
2003	1	17	1.0435	0.6694	#_Larv_E_index
2004	1	17	0.2115	1.3981	#_Larv_E_index
2006	1	17	0.7547	0.8488	#_Larv_E_index
2007	1	17	1.8977	0.3174	#_Larv_E_index
2009	1	17	1.1842	0.7678	#_Larv_E_index
2010	1	17	3.8585	0.309	#_Larv_E_index
1986	1	18	0.5131	0.7164	#_Larv_W_index
1987	1	18	0.6456	0.6103	#_Larv_W_index
1989	1	18	0.9543	0.6716	#_Larv_W_index
1990	1	18	0.6357	0.5045	#_Larv_W_index
1991	1	18	0.1633	0.6797	#_Larv_W_index
1992	1	18	0.2809	0.4066	#_Larv_W_index
1993	1	18	0.3673	0.4485	#_Larv_W_index

1994	1	18	0.2854	0.5957	#_Larv_W_index
1995	1	18	1.1469	0.3342	#_Larv_W_index
1996	1	18	0.6556	0.3931	#_Larv_W_index
1997	1	18	1.2344	0.321	#_Larv_W_index
1999	1	18	0.5658	0.4201	#_Larv_W_index
2000	1	18	1.8084	0.3271	#_Larv_W_index
2001	1	18	1.4411	0.4581	#_Larv_W_index
2002	1	18	1.04	0.3753	#_Larv_W_index
2003	1	18	2.3357	0.3625	#_Larv_W_index
2004	1	18	1.066	0.3548	#_Larv_W_index
2006	1	18	2.0481	0.4196	#_Larv_W_index
2007	1	18	1.5888	0.3083	#_Larv_W_index
2009	1	18	1.6099	0.2614	#_Larv_W_index
2010	1	18	0.6138	0.4128	#_Larv_W_index
-1982	1	19	1.0925	0.5059	#_Summer_E_index
-1983	1	19	0.8106	0.5388	#_Summer_E_index
-1984	1	19	0.0821	0.9255	#_Summer_E_index
-1985	1	19	0.566	0.4395	#_Summer_E_index
-1986	1	19	0.0665	0.9476	#_Summer_E_index
-1987	1	19	0.7576	0.3087	#_Summer_E_index
-1988	1	19	0.5971	0.4212	#_Summer_E_index
-1989	1	19	1.5778	0.3659	#_Summer_E_index
-1990	1	19	1.2186	0.2686	#_Summer_E_index
-1991	1	19	1.2724	0.3374	#_Summer_E_index
-1992	1	19	2.6585	0.3734	#_Summer_E_index
-1993	1	19	0.4352	0.4623	#_Summer_E_index
-1994	1	19	1.0018	0.3079	#_Summer_E_index
-1995	1	19	0.3872	0.4892	#_Summer_E_index
-1996	1	19	0.7369	0.3956	#_Summer_E_index
-1997	1	19	0.7938	0.3501	#_Summer_E_index
-1998	1	19	0.2617	0.7374	#_Summer_E_index
-1999	1	19	0.1891	0.62	#_Summer_E_index
-2000	1	19	0.7721	0.3634	#_Summer_E_index
-2001	1	19	0.3235	0.6009	#_Summer_E_index
-2002	1	19	0.3075	0.6039	#_Summer_E_index
-2003	1	19	0.6891	0.4549	#_Summer_E_index
-2004	1	19	0.7284	0.4504	#_Summer_E_index
-2005	1	19	1.7139	0.417	#_Summer_E_index
-2006	1	19	0.4742	0.4376	#_Summer_E_index
-2007	1	19	2.8421	0.2634	#_Summer_E_index
-2008	1	19	4.4579	0.2784	#_Summer_E_index
-2009	1	19	0.7116	0.284	#_Summer_E_index
-2010	1	19	1.764	0.3557	#_Summer_E_index
-2011	1	19	0.7105	0.4958	#_Summer_E_index
1982	1	20	2.7604	0.218	#_Summer_W_index
1983	1	20	0.7463	0.2811	#_Summer_W_index
1984	1	20	0.7414	0.2787	#_Summer_W_index
1985	1	20	1.0036	0.3014	#_Summer_W_index
1986	1	20	0.275	0.4231	#_Summer_W_index
1987	1	20	0.6449	0.2202	#_Summer_W_index
1988	1	20	0.3054	0.2491	#_Summer_W_index
1989	1	20	0.264	0.3032	#_Summer_W_index
1990	1	20	2.2675	0.163	#_Summer_W_index
1991	1	20	0.8919	0.1906	#_Summer_W_index
1992	1	20	0.5548	0.2001	#_Summer_W_index
1993	1	20	0.6329	0.1959	#_Summer_W_index
1994	1	20	1.275	0.1807	#_Summer_W_index
1995	1	20	1.0623	0.1733	#_Summer_W_index
1996	1	20	1.1433	0.174	#_Summer_W_index
1997	1	20	0.8891	0.176	#_Summer_W_index
1998	1	20	0.7765	0.1944	#_Summer_W_index
1999	1	20	0.6045	0.1965	#_Summer_W_index
2000	1	20	1.2735	0.1597	#_Summer_W_index
2001	1	20	0.715	0.2618	#_Summer_W_index
2002	1	20	0.9813	0.1731	#_Summer_W_index
2003	1	20	0.5011	0.2156	#_Summer_W_index
2004	1	20	1.2281	0.1663	#_Summer_W_index
2005	1	20	1.3698	0.1721	#_Summer_W_index
2006	1	20	1.2859	0.152	#_Summer_W_index
2007	1	20	1.0014	0.1856	#_Summer_W_index
2008	1	20	0.9855	0.1594	#_Summer_W_index
2009	1	20	0.5551	0.1615	#_Summer_W_index
2010	1	20	1.4043	0.1593	#_Summer_W_index
2011	1	20	1.8601	0.1579	#_Summer_W_index
-1972	1	21	3.2744	0.2263	#_Fall_E_index
-1973	1	21	0.5383	0.1862	#_Fall_E_index
-1974	1	21	0.6326	0.2413	#_Fall_E_index
-1975	1	21	0.5233	0.2196	#_Fall_E_index
-1976	1	21	0.6325	0.2043	#_Fall_E_index
-1977	1	21	0.8727	0.2405	#_Fall_E_index
-1978	1	21	0.3951	0.1843	#_Fall_E_index
-1979	1	21	0.3126	0.2131	#_Fall_E_index
-1980	1	21	0.5844	0.1974	#_Fall_E_index
-1981	1	21	2.0198	0.1905	#_Fall_E_index
-1982	1	21	2.2453	0.1505	#_Fall_E_index
-1983	1	21	0.323	0.1951	#_Fall_E_index
-1984	1	21	0.265	0.2934	#_Fall_E_index
-1985	1	21	0.1218	0.2987	#_Fall_E_index
-1986	1	21	0.1147	0.6042	#_Fall_E_index
-1987	1	21	0.1913	0.4125	#_Fall_E_index
-1988	1	21	0.2506	0.3648	#_Fall_E_index
-1989	1	21	3.7366	0.2776	#_Fall_E_index
-1990	1	21	2.0826	0.258	#_Fall_E_index
-1991	1	21	2.384	0.2255	#_Fall_E_index
-1992	1	21	0.1947	0.3295	#_Fall_E_index

-1993	1	21	1.4128	0.2926	#_Fall_E_index
-1994	1	21	0.3466	0.2421	#_Fall_E_index
-1995	1	21	0.7218	0.2399	#_Fall_E_index
-1996	1	21	0.5483	0.2783	#_Fall_E_index
-1997	1	21	0.9211	0.2987	#_Fall_E_index
-1998	1	21	0.2249	0.2984	#_Fall_E_index
-1999	1	21	0.5978	0.2834	#_Fall_E_index
-2000	1	21	1.6395	0.2292	#_Fall_E_index
-2001	1	21	0.5169	0.3698	#_Fall_E_index
-2002	1	21	0.4204	0.2956	#_Fall_E_index
-2003	1	21	1.2318	0.22	#_Fall_E_index
-2004	1	21	0.3355	0.3122	#_Fall_E_index
-2005	1	21	0.7299	0.2441	#_Fall_E_index
-2006	1	21	2.8423	0.1829	#_Fall_E_index
-2007	1	21	1.8403	0.2456	#_Fall_E_index
-2008	1	21	0.3737	0.2692	#_Fall_E_index
-2009	1	21	3.0438	0.2322	#_Fall_E_index
-2010	1	21	0.3534	0.354	#_Fall_E_index
-2011	1	21	0.2038	0.427	#_Fall_E_index
1972	1	22	3.5159	0.1569	#_Fall_W_index
1973	1	22	1.8579	0.1642	#_Fall_W_index
1974	1	22	0.5893	0.2069	#_Fall_W_index
1975	1	22	0.8492	0.193	#_Fall_W_index
1976	1	22	0.8068	0.1792	#_Fall_W_index
1977	1	22	0.8605	0.1827	#_Fall_W_index
1978	1	22	0.6528	0.2437	#_Fall_W_index
1979	1	22	0.9858	0.1826	#_Fall_W_index
1980	1	22	3.7524	0.1437	#_Fall_W_index
1981	1	22	1.3545	0.1607	#_Fall_W_index
1982	1	22	0.9019	0.1692	#_Fall_W_index
1983	1	22	0.7632	0.2335	#_Fall_W_index
1984	1	22	0.2977	0.2224	#_Fall_W_index
1985	1	22	0.4488	0.1949	#_Fall_W_index
1986	1	22	0.4198	0.1742	#_Fall_W_index
1987	1	22	0.1542	0.209	#_Fall_W_index
1988	1	22	0.3524	0.1643	#_Fall_W_index
1989	1	22	0.7427	0.1521	#_Fall_W_index
1990	1	22	0.8295	0.1365	#_Fall_W_index
1991	1	22	0.9302	0.1253	#_Fall_W_index
1992	1	22	0.2689	0.1597	#_Fall_W_index
1993	1	22	0.4971	0.1486	#_Fall_W_index
1994	1	22	1.4425	0.1302	#_Fall_W_index
1995	1	22	1.7244	0.1177	#_Fall_W_index
1996	1	22	0.7252	0.1407	#_Fall_W_index
1997	1	22	1.2111	0.1338	#_Fall_W_index
1998	1	22	0.5698	0.1538	#_Fall_W_index
1999	1	22	1.2337	0.1282	#_Fall_W_index
2000	1	22	0.7732	0.1287	#_Fall_W_index
2001	1	22	0.5977	0.1441	#_Fall_W_index
2002	1	22	0.5656	0.1393	#_Fall_W_index
2003	1	22	1.0151	0.1341	#_Fall_W_index
2004	1	22	1.6319	0.1159	#_Fall_W_index
2005	1	22	1.2243	0.1083	#_Fall_W_index
2006	1	22	0.9597	0.1322	#_Fall_W_index
2007	1	22	0.6961	0.1542	#_Fall_W_index
2008	1	22	0.4379	0.1201	#_Fall_W_index
2009	1	22	1.8892	0.0999	#_Fall_W_index
2010	1	22	0.6795	0.1478	#_Fall_W_index
2011	1	22	0.7917	0.1401	#_Fall_W_index
1996	1	24	0.3197	0.9198	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1997	1	24	0.2061	0.9211	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1999	1	24	1.1974	0.4896	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2000	1	24	0.1187	0.9225	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2001	1	24	0.4705	0.6116	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2002	1	24	0.5237	0.7163	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2003	1	24	0.7802	0.4908	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2004	1	24	0.8383	0.5409	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2005	1	24	0.6538	0.9196	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2006	1	24	0.5971	0.7157	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2007	1	24	1.1281	0.7172	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2009	1	24	1.7333	0.4156	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2010	1	24	2.5694	0.3175	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2011	1	24	2.8638	0.2194	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1996	1	23	0.0878	0.9637	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1997	1	23	1.0248	0.4844	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1999	1	23	0.1861	0.7486	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2000	1	23	1.3118	0.2427	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2001	1	23	0.9689	0.2515	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2002	1	23	0.8728	0.2112	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2003	1	23	0.9471	0.2748	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2004	1	23	1.0931	0.2732	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2006	1	23	0.8043	0.3523	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2007	1	23	0.8349	0.401	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2008	1	23	0.9418	0.4665	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2009	1	23	1.7631	0.2489	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2010	1	23	0.7251	0.4311	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2011	1	23	2.4383	0.1452	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1981	1	26	0.498	0.5711	#_MRIP_E_index
1982	1	26	0.328	0.6051	#_MRIP_E_index
1983	1	26	1.101	0.5719	#_MRIP_E_index
1984	1	26	0.645	0.7341	#_MRIP_E_index
1985	1	26	0.793	0.582	#_MRIP_E_index
1986	1	26	0.308	0.5632	#_MRIP_E_index
1987	1	26	0.545	0.301	#_MRIP_E_index
1988	1	26	0.172	0.3682	#_MRIP_E_index

1989	1	26	0.103	0.3879	# MRIP_E_index
1990	1	26	0.106	0.4251	# MRIP_E_index
1991	1	26	0.267	0.3564	# MRIP_E_index
1992	1	26	0.56	0.2747	# MRIP_E_index
1993	1	26	0.465	0.3113	# MRIP_E_index
1994	1	26	0.299	0.339	# MRIP_E_index
1995	1	26	0.305	0.3682	# MRIP_E_index
1996	1	26	0.381	0.3636	# MRIP_E_index
1997	1	26	1.033	0.3001	# MRIP_E_index
1998	1	26	1.559	0.2029	# MRIP_E_index
1999	1	26	1.207	0.1727	# MRIP_E_index
2000	1	26	1.158	0.1932	# MRIP_E_index
2001	1	26	0.972	0.2048	# MRIP_E_index
2002	1	26	1.517	0.201	# MRIP_E_index
2003	1	26	1.277	0.1971	# MRIP_E_index
2004	1	26	1.083	0.1756	# MRIP_E_index
2005	1	26	0.845	0.1922	# MRIP_E_index
2006	1	26	0.988	0.2077	# MRIP_E_index
2007	1	26	2.866	0.2155	# MRIP_E_index
2008	1	26	2.69	0.1795	# MRIP_E_index
2009	1	26	1.708	0.2366	# MRIP_E_index
2010	1	26	3.439	0.229	# MRIP_E_index
2011	1	26	1.781	0.2328	# MRIP_E_index
1981	1	27	0.253	0.7507	# MRIP_W_index
1982	1	27	0.546	0.4647	# MRIP_W_index
1983	1	27	1.206	0.2889	# MRIP_W_index
1984	1	27	0.574	0.3206	# MRIP_W_index
1985	1	27	0.25	0.3307	# MRIP_W_index
1986	1	27	0.526	0.3169	# MRIP_W_index
1987	1	27	0.621	0.3409	# MRIP_W_index
1988	1	27	0.599	0.3289	# MRIP_W_index
1989	1	27	0.56	0.3518	# MRIP_W_index
1990	1	27	0.381	0.3178	# MRIP_W_index
1991	1	27	0.918	0.3215	# MRIP_W_index
1992	1	27	0.977	0.27	# MRIP_W_index
1993	1	27	1.032	0.2804	# MRIP_W_index
1994	1	27	1.155	0.2728	# MRIP_W_index
1995	1	27	1.312	0.25	# MRIP_W_index
1996	1	27	1.01	0.2529	# MRIP_W_index
1997	1	27	0.886	0.2539	# MRIP_W_index
1998	1	27	0.921	0.2539	# MRIP_W_index
1999	1	27	0.552	0.2567	# MRIP_W_index
2000	1	27	0.68	0.2586	# MRIP_W_index
2001	1	27	0.643	0.2672	# MRIP_W_index
2002	1	27	0.804	0.2567	# MRIP_W_index
2003	1	27	0.667	0.2548	# MRIP_W_index
2004	1	27	0.616	0.251	# MRIP_W_index
2005	1	27	0.884	0.2529	# MRIP_W_index
2006	1	27	0.711	0.2299	# MRIP_W_index
2007	1	27	1.866	0.2453	# MRIP_W_index
2008	1	27	1.775	0.2443	# MRIP_W_index
2009	1	27	2.256	0.25	# MRIP_W_index
2010	1	27	3.308	0.3048	# MRIP_W_index
2011	1	27	2.512	0.2605	# MRIP_W_index
1986	1	28	0.114	0.704732569	# HBT_E_index
1987	1	28	0.125	0.705424885	# HBT_E_index
1988	1	28	0.166	0.689376455	# HBT_E_index
1989	1	28	0.188	0.690782393	# HBT_E_index
1990	1	28	0.204	0.694288533	# HBT_E_index
1991	1	28	0.243	0.697084503	# HBT_E_index
1992	1	28	0.359	0.690079673	# HBT_E_index
1993	1	28	0.468	0.679478977	# HBT_E_index
1994	1	28	0.372	0.689376455	# HBT_E_index
1995	1	28	0.313	0.690782393	# HBT_E_index
1996	1	28	0.468	0.675920382	# HBT_E_index
1997	1	28	0.783	0.672349228	# HBT_E_index
1998	1	28	1.2	0.677345326	# HBT_E_index
1999	1	28	1.149	0.673064465	# HBT_E_index
2000	1	28	1.145	0.673779199	# HBT_E_index
2001	1	28	1.1	0.674493429	# HBT_E_index
2002	1	28	1.602	0.675920382	# HBT_E_index
2003	1	28	1.443	0.675207157	# HBT_E_index
2004	1	28	1.147	0.675920382	# HBT_E_index
2005	1	28	1.165	0.681608117	# HBT_E_index
2006	1	28	0.68	0.680189191	# HBT_E_index
2007	1	28	1.44	0.701263592	# HBT_E_index
2008	1	28	1.819	0.700568314	# HBT_E_index
2009	1	28	3.357	0.70818922	# HBT_E_index
2010	1	28	3.152	0.692186341	# HBT_E_index
2011	1	28	1.798	0.810651078	# HBT_E_index
1986	1	29	0.642	0.227042423	# HBT_W_index
1987	1	29	0.768	0.200954069	# HBT_W_index
1988	1	29	0.929	0.199013104	# HBT_W_index
1989	1	29	0.812	0.194155801	# HBT_W_index
1990	1	29	0.587	0.193183512	# HBT_W_index
1991	1	29	0.949	0.212575746	# HBT_W_index
1992	1	29	1.667	0.215474556	# HBT_W_index
1993	1	29	1.691	0.206770131	# HBT_W_index
1994	1	29	1.331	0.194155801	# HBT_W_index
1995	1	29	1.4	0.213542315	# HBT_W_index
1996	1	29	1.457	0.241438383	# HBT_W_index
1997	1	29	1.577	0.213542315	# HBT_W_index
1998	1	29	1.343	0.219335421	# HBT_W_index
1999	1	29	0.421	0.21160888	# HBT_W_index
2000	1	29	0.567	0.226080136	# HBT_W_index

2001	1	29	0.821	0.289807082	#_HBT_W_index
2002	1	29	0.711	0.267161184	#_HBT_W_index
2003	1	29	0.609	0.247176132	#_HBT_W_index
2004	1	29	0.459	0.24430876	#_HBT_W_index
2005	1	29	0.507	0.242395508	#_HBT_W_index
2006	1	29	0.598	0.270950212	#_HBT_W_index
2007	1	29	1.098	0.308511365	#_HBT_W_index
2008	1	29	1.185	0.517368499	#_HBT_W_index
2009	1	29	1.24	0.290745981	#_HBT_W_index
2010	1	29	1.253	0.364546382	#_HBT_W_index
2011	1	29	1.376	0.525536175	#_HBT_W_index

#_SEAMAP groundfish index with DISL data

1982	1	19	1.2795	0.5567	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1983	1	19	1.0482	0.6401	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1984	1	19	0.0534	0.8136	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1985	1	19	0.3899	0.399	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1986	1	19	0.046	0.919	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1987	1	19	0.585	0.2739	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1988	1	19	0.684	0.4683	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1989	1	19	2.4489	0.4525	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1990	1	19	1.0921	0.2693	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1991	1	19	1.1373	0.34	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1992	1	19	3.0769	0.4212	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1993	1	19	0.3517	0.4772	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1994	1	19	0.9481	0.3132	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1995	1	19	0.3593	0.506	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1996	1	19	0.5434	0.3517	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1997	1	19	0.7403	0.3457	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1998	1	19	0.3116	0.8449	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1999	1	19	0.1385	0.564	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2000	1	19	0.6111	0.3355	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2001	1	19	0.2328	0.5349	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2002	1	19	0.204	0.5145	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2003	1	19	0.7617	0.4981	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2004	1	19	0.6962	0.4502	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2005	1	19	1.6259	0.4769	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2006	1	19	0.3275	0.3703	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2007	1	19	2.9675	0.2804	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2008	1	19	3.7999	0.2662	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2009	1	19	0.5502	0.2608	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2010	1	19	2.4658	0.3644	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2011	1	19	0.5233	0.3849	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1972	1	21	3.279	0.2279	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1973	1	21	0.5331	0.1894	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1974	1	21	0.6179	0.2411	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1975	1	21	0.5142	0.2322	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1976	1	21	0.6228	0.2111	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1977	1	21	0.8583	0.2425	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1978	1	21	0.3874	0.1904	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1979	1	21	0.3081	0.2114	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1980	1	21	0.5748	0.1934	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1981	1	21	1.9983	0.1961	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1982	1	21	2.2476	0.1523	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1983	1	21	0.3182	0.2021	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1984	1	21	0.2587	0.2851	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1985	1	21	0.1183	0.3016	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1986	1	21	0.1097	0.579	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1987	1	21	0.1852	0.4056	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1988	1	21	0.2453	0.3525	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1989	1	21	3.7635	0.2824	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1990	1	21	2.1418	0.2538	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1991	1	21	2.4028	0.2184	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1992	1	21	0.1932	0.3493	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1993	1	21	1.3914	0.2864	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1994	1	21	0.3439	0.2398	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1995	1	21	0.7211	0.2317	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1996	1	21	0.5548	0.2874	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1997	1	21	0.9297	0.2988	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1998	1	21	0.2211	0.3095	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1999	1	21	0.6077	0.298	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2000	1	21	1.6791	0.2376	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2001	1	21	0.5215	0.3769	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2002	1	21	0.4148	0.2964	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2003	1	21	1.2279	0.2177	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2004	1	21	0.3297	0.323	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2005	1	21	0.7323	0.2597	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2006	1	21	2.8692	0.1853	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2007	1	21	1.8366	0.2324	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2008	1	21	0.3735	0.2942	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2009	1	21	3.0412	0.2445	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2010	1	21	0.3246	0.3558	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
2011	1	21	0.2019	0.4042	#_DISL_Fall_E_index

14 #_N_fleets_with_discard

#_discard_units (1=same_as_catchunits(bio/num); 2=fraction; 3=numbers)

#_discard_errtype: >0 for DF of T-dist(read CV below); 0 for normal with CV; -1 for normal with se; -2 for lognormal

#Fleet	Disc_units	err_type
1	3	-2
2	3	-2
3	3	-2
4	3	-2
5	1	-2
6	1	-2
7	1	-2
8	1	-2
9	1	-2
10	1	-2
11	1	-2
12	1	-2
13	1	-2
14	1	-2

355 #N_discard_observations

#_year	seas	index	obs	err
1990	1	1	160.529	0.5
1991	1	1	283.019	0.5
1992	1	1	70.130	0.5
1993	1	1	51.412	0.5
1994	1	1	51.153	0.5
1995	1	1	38.470	0.5
1996	1	1	75.826	0.5
1997	1	1	70.864	0.5
1998	1	1	95.073	0.5
1999	1	1	104.236	0.5
2000	1	1	142.410	0.5
2001	1	1	131.998	0.5
2002	1	1	178.383	0.5
2003	1	1	168.982	0.5
2004	1	1	77.097	0.5
2005	1	1	135.848	0.5
2006	1	1	106.061	0.5
2007	1	1	676.711	0.5
2008	1	1	166.436	0.5
2009	1	1	1936.860	0.5
2010	1	1	1243.613	0.5
2011	1	1	771.486	0.5
1990	1	2	514.832	0.5
1991	1	2	789.015	0.5
1992	1	2	268.014	0.5
1993	1	2	316.531	0.5
1994	1	2	314.558	0.5
1995	1	2	313.774	0.5
1996	1	2	780.752	0.5
1997	1	2	665.234	0.5
1998	1	2	780.944	0.5
1999	1	2	735.395	0.5
2000	1	2	650.846	0.5
2001	1	2	749.238	0.5
2002	1	2	729.981	0.5
2003	1	2	678.232	0.5
2004	1	2	615.041	0.5
2005	1	2	848.414	0.5
2006	1	2	434.172	0.5
2007	1	2	332.439	0.5
2008	1	2	557.104	0.5
2009	1	2	103.320	0.5
2010	1	2	267.798	0.5
2011	1	2	190.414	0.5
1990	1	3	9.785	0.5
1991	1	3	11.759	0.5
1992	1	3	2.891	0.5
1993	1	3	1.955	0.5
1994	1	3	2.330	0.5
1995	1	3	1.522	0.5
1996	1	3	2.206	0.5
1997	1	3	2.177	0.5
1998	1	3	1.701	0.5
1999	1	3	2.283	0.5
2000	1	3	2.019	0.5
2001	1	3	1.833	0.5
2002	1	3	2.214	0.5
2003	1	3	2.054	0.5

2004	1	3	2.658	0.5
2005	1	3	2.239	0.5
2006	1	3	2.911	0.5
2007	1	3	17.188	0.5
2008	1	3	2.449	0.5
2009	1	3	6.030	0.5
2010	1	3	8.337	0.5
2011	1	3	15.046	0.5
1990	1	4	0.830	0.5
1991	1	4	2.521	0.5
1992	1	4	0.400	0.5
1993	1	4	0.851	0.5
1994	1	4	1.248	0.5
1995	1	4	1.635	0.5
1996	1	4	1.398	0.5
1997	1	4	0.818	0.5
1998	1	4	0.834	0.5
1999	1	4	2.979	0.5
2000	1	4	2.137	0.5
2001	1	4	1.261	0.5
2002	1	4	1.889	0.5
2003	1	4	4.289	0.5
2004	1	4	6.574	0.5
2005	1	4	5.853	0.5
2006	1	4	5.174	0.5
-2007	1	4	0.000	0.5
2008	1	4	0.491	0.5
2009	1	4	0.166	0.5
2010	1	4	0.043	0.5
2011	1	4	0.006	0.5
1981	1	5	51.548	0.5
1982	1	5	16.659	0.5
1983	1	5	0.479	0.5
1984	1	5	25.159	0.5
1985	1	5	15.349	0.5
1986	1	5	39.599	0.5
1987	1	5	62.666	0.5
1988	1	5	64.040	0.5
1989	1	5	168.435	0.5
1990	1	5	424.721	0.5
1991	1	5	769.651	0.5
1992	1	5	847.379	0.5
1993	1	5	900.495	0.5
1994	1	5	709.312	0.5
1995	1	5	393.610	0.5
1996	1	5	878.667	0.5
1997	1	5	1703.537	0.5
1998	1	5	781.128	0.5
1999	1	5	1083.969	0.5
2000	1	5	978.455	0.5
2001	1	5	1095.368	0.5
2002	1	5	1501.272	0.5
2003	1	5	1447.141	0.5
2004	1	5	2042.088	0.5
2005	1	5	1330.296	0.5
2006	1	5	1913.881	0.5
2007	1	5	2525.639	0.5
2008	1	5	668.307	0.5
2009	1	5	937.089	0.5
2010	1	5	381.545	0.5
2011	1	5	343.198	0.5
1981	1	6	10.551	0.5
1982	1	6	14.963	0.5
1983	1	6	3.671	0.5
-1984	1	6	0.000	0.5
1985	1	6	93.093	0.5
1986	1	6	5.272	0.5
1987	1	6	15.463	0.5
1988	1	6	181.540	0.5
1989	1	6	130.008	0.5
1990	1	6	199.581	0.5
1991	1	6	343.038	0.5
1992	1	6	239.695	0.5
1993	1	6	290.434	0.5
1994	1	6	377.895	0.5
1995	1	6	558.554	0.5
1996	1	6	139.802	0.5
1997	1	6	151.141	0.5
1998	1	6	155.640	0.5
1999	1	6	333.250	0.5
2000	1	6	123.306	0.5
2001	1	6	71.470	0.5
2002	1	6	82.585	0.5
2003	1	6	266.414	0.5
2004	1	6	401.279	0.5
2005	1	6	407.268	0.5
2006	1	6	511.576	0.5
2007	1	6	292.363	0.5
2008	1	6	226.577	0.5
2009	1	6	112.597	0.5
2010	1	6	8.681	0.5
2011	1	6	67.660	0.5
1990	1	7	33.485	0.5
1991	1	7	32.514	0.5
1992	1	7	25.686	0.5

1993	1	7	27.191	0.5
1994	1	7	19.137	0.5
-1995	1	7	0.000	0.5
1996	1	7	47.357	0.5
1997	1	7	145.427	0.5
1998	1	7	163.609	0.5
1999	1	7	109.930	0.5
2000	1	7	182.937	0.5
2001	1	7	166.822	0.5
2002	1	7	247.894	0.5
2003	1	7	217.624	0.5
2004	1	7	76.453	0.5
2005	1	7	43.765	0.5
2006	1	7	267.267	0.5
2007	1	7	310.466	0.5
2008	1	7	265.668	0.5
2009	1	7	332.307	0.5
2010	1	7	103.884	0.5
2011	1	7	243.191	0.5
1981	1	8	180.326	0.5
1982	1	8	181.278	0.5
1983	1	8	180.780	0.5
1984	1	8	180.326	0.5
1985	1	8	180.326	0.5
1986	1	8	172.405	0.5
1987	1	8	172.164	0.5
1988	1	8	228.068	0.5
1989	1	8	214.371	0.5
1990	1	8	167.931	0.5
1991	1	8	194.253	0.5
1992	1	8	277.476	0.5
1993	1	8	307.239	0.5
1994	1	8	409.424	0.5
1995	1	8	260.663	0.5
1996	1	8	252.035	0.5
1997	1	8	218.917	0.5
1998	1	8	150.965	0.5
1999	1	8	56.959	0.5
2000	1	8	59.240	0.5
2001	1	8	67.759	0.5
2002	1	8	79.538	0.5
2003	1	8	90.954	0.5
2004	1	8	71.153	0.5
2005	1	8	65.633	0.5
2006	1	8	94.376	0.5
2007	1	8	90.361	0.5
2008	1	8	49.594	0.5
2009	1	8	24.940	0.5
2010	1	8	21.956	0.5
2011	1	8	17.364	0.5
1991	1	9	119.128	0.5
1992	1	9	322.519	0.5
1993	1	9	267.299	0.5
1994	1	9	395.348	0.5
1995	1	9	373.652	0.5
1996	1	9	503.041	0.5
1997	1	9	405.851	0.5
1998	1	9	418.597	0.5
1999	1	9	499.850	0.5
2000	1	9	274.811	0.5
2001	1	9	261.631	0.5
2002	1	9	153.115	0.5
2003	1	9	466.757	0.5
2004	1	9	223.617	0.5
2005	1	9	144.575	0.5
2006	1	9	100.835	0.5
2007	1	9	224.966	0.5
2008	1	9	210.951	0.5
2009	1	9	696.804	0.5
2010	1	9	51.708	0.5
2011	1	9	170.873	0.5
1991	1	10	94.685	0.5
1992	1	10	164.140	0.5
1993	1	10	78.035	0.5
1994	1	10	52.136	0.5
1995	1	10	51.757	0.5
1996	1	10	54.827	0.5
1997	1	10	80.809	0.5
1998	1	10	81.316	0.5
1999	1	10	66.659	0.5
2000	1	10	82.290	0.5
2001	1	10	65.146	0.5
2002	1	10	164.643	0.5
2003	1	10	43.403	0.5
2004	1	10	45.313	0.5
2005	1	10	32.566	0.5
2006	1	10	17.996	0.5
2007	1	10	50.944	0.5
-2008	1	10	0.000	0.5
2009	1	10	0.229	0.5
2010	1	10	3.401	0.5
2011	1	10	1.282	0.5
1997	1	11	96.636	0.5
1998	1	11	166.715	0.5
1999	1	11	194.850	0.5

2000	1	11	486.259	0.5
2001	1	11	857.661	0.5
2002	1	11	810.308	0.5
2003	1	11	549.490	0.5
2004	1	11	379.867	0.5
2005	1	11	528.889	0.5
2006	1	11	505.109	0.5
2007	1	11	468.469	0.5
2008	1	11	1308.445	0.5
2009	1	11	1036.408	0.5
2010	1	11	1097.405	0.5
2011	1	11	1160.255	0.5
1997	1	12	4.330	0.5
1998	1	12	11.571	0.5
1999	1	12	28.425	0.5
2000	1	12	76.976	0.5
2001	1	12	33.609	0.5
2002	1	12	32.776	0.5
2003	1	12	75.882	0.5
2004	1	12	110.642	0.5
2005	1	12	127.018	0.5
2006	1	12	104.763	0.5
2007	1	12	97.917	0.5
2008	1	12	190.687	0.5
2009	1	12	167.291	0.5
2010	1	12	27.372	0.5
2011	1	12	177.106	0.5
1972	-1	13	1118.000	0.1
1973	1	-13	1270.000	0.5
1974	1	-13	731.100	0.5
1975	1	-13	1188.000	0.5
1976	1	-13	1108.000	0.5
1977	1	-13	1517.000	0.5
1978	1	-13	257.400	0.5
1979	1	-13	1133.000	0.5
1980	1	-13	450.000	0.5
1981	1	-13	1283.000	0.5
1982	1	-13	1590.000	0.5
1983	1	-13	1203.000	0.5
1984	1	-13	864.800	0.5
1985	1	-13	715.300	0.5
1986	1	-13	234.500	0.5
1987	1	-13	338.800	0.5
1988	1	-13	409.200	0.5
1989	1	-13	678.500	0.5
1990	1	-13	2225.000	0.5
1991	1	-13	1897.000	0.5
1992	1	-13	1286.000	0.5
1993	1	-13	752.900	0.5
1994	1	-13	1155.000	0.5
1995	1	-13	1566.000	0.5
1996	1	-13	1200.000	0.5
1997	1	-13	1793.000	0.5
1998	1	-13	1611.000	0.5
1999	1	-13	1799.000	0.5
2000	1	-13	2183.000	0.5
2001	1	-13	2308.000	0.5
2002	1	-13	2178.000	0.5
2003	1	-13	1265.000	0.5
2004	1	-13	1402.000	0.5
2005	1	-13	615.200	0.5
2006	1	-13	1855.000	0.5
2007	1	-13	1229.000	0.5
2008	1	-13	165.300	0.5
2009	1	-13	351.400	0.5
2010	1	-13	191.700	0.5
2011	-1	-13	329.900	0.5
1972	-1	14	20680.000	0.1
1973	1	-14	14820.000	0.5
1974	1	-14	18120.000	0.5
1975	1	-14	8205.000	0.5
1976	1	-14	30050.000	0.5
1977	1	-14	11440.000	0.5
1978	1	-14	6706.000	0.5
1979	1	-14	23550.000	0.5
1980	1	-14	25660.000	0.5
1981	1	-14	54870.000	0.5
1982	1	-14	24640.000	0.5
1983	1	-14	18460.000	0.5
1984	1	-14	13400.000	0.5
1985	1	-14	10860.000	0.5
1986	1	-14	5984.000	0.5
1987	1	-14	12440.000	0.5
1988	1	-14	10110.000	0.5
1989	1	-14	10790.000	0.5
1990	1	-14	40820.000	0.5
1991	1	-14	41610.000	0.5
1992	1	-14	31720.000	0.5
1993	1	-14	34920.000	0.5
1994	1	-14	34750.000	0.5
1995	1	-14	48220.000	0.5
1996	1	-14	37760.000	0.5
1997	1	-14	27080.000	0.5
1998	1	-14	56130.000	0.5
1999	1	-14	23980.000	0.5

2000	1	-14	12320.000	0.5
2001	1	-14	24160.000	0.5
2002	1	-14	22210.000	0.5
2003	1	-14	30610.000	0.5
2004	1	-14	27990.000	0.5
2005	1	-14	12220.000	0.5
2006	1	-14	11630.000	0.5
2007	1	-14	6837.000	0.5
2008	1	-14	2714.000	0.5
2009	1	-14	3736.000	0.5
2010	1	-14	2785.000	0.5
2011	-1	-14	6273.000	0.5

#

0 #_N_meanbodywt_obs

30 #_DF_for_meanbodywt_T-distribution_like

#

#Population length bins are needed even if there are no size data

These define the resolution at which the mean weight-at-length, maturity-at-length and size-selectivity are based. Calculations use the mid-length of the population bins.

2 # length bin method: 1=use databins(read below); 2=generate from binwidth,min,max below; 3=read vector

2 # binwidth for population size comp

8 # minimum size in the population (lower edge of first bin and size at age 0.00)

110 # maximum size in the population (lower edge of last bin)

#

-0.001 #_comp_tail_compression

1.00E-07 #_add_to_comp

0 #_combine males into females at or below this bin number

50 #_Nbins for length composition data

#lower edge of each length data bin (in cm)

```

12      14      16      18      20      22      24      26      28      30      32      34      36
      38      40      42      44      46      48      50      52      54      56      58      60
      62      64      66      68      70      72      74      76      78      80      82      84
      86      88      90      92      94      96      98      100     102     104     106     108
      110

```

```

0      #_N_Length_obs; this can be 0 if there are no length data
#year  Seas      Flt_Svy  Gender  Part      Nsamp      N.12      N.14      N.16      N.18      N.20      N.22      N.24
      N.26      N.28      N.30      N.32      N.34      N.36      N.38      N.40      N.42      N.44      N.46      N.48
      N.50      N.52      N.54      N.56      N.58      N.60      N.62      N.64      N.66      N.68      N.70      N.72
      N.74      N.76      N.78      N.80      N.82      N.84      N.86      N.88      N.90      N.92      N.94      N.96
      N.98      N.100     N.102     N.104     N.106     N.108     N.110
#

```

```

21      #_N_age'_bins; these are in terms of age', not true age. Age' is estimated age taking into account any ageing bias
and imprecision

```

```

# following vector is the lower edge of the integer age' for each age' bin; by starting at age' = 1, any zero-year-old fish that
are in the expected values will be accumulated up into the age 1 bin.

```

```

0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10     11     12
      13     14     15     16     17     18     19     20

```

```

2      #_N_ageerror_definitions; these define how SS will convert true age into a distribution of expected ages to represent
the effect of ageing bias and imprecision

```

```

#true_age=0      1      2      etc.,
-1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
0.001      0.845     0.552     0.517     0.661     0.860     0.800     1.035     1.008     1.141     1.579     2.019     2.019
      2.019     2.019     2.019     2.310     2.310     2.310     2.310     4.489

```

```

-1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
0.001      0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001
      0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001
#

```

```

419      #_N_Agecomp_obs

```

```

2      #_Lbin_method:      1=poplensbins;      2=datalenbins;      3=lengths This is needed because agecomp data can be
entered for a subset of the entire length range

```

```

0      #_combine males into females at or below this bin number

```

```

# the age composition data vectors below are by age' bins, not by true age

```

```

#Yr      Seas      Flt/Svy  Gender  Part      Ageerr  Lbin_lo  Lbin_hi  Nsamp      datavector(female, then male)

1991      1      1      0      2      2      -1      -1      178      0.00000  0.00970  0.52720  0.37950
      0.02670  0.04150  0.00840  0.00670  0.00030  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000
      0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000  0.00000

```

1992	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	136	0.00000	0.00000	0.02330	0.75810
	0.15170	0.05560	0.00310	0.00500	0.00000	0.00320	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1993	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	153	0.00000	0.00000	0.32770	0.41270
	0.21590	0.02330	0.01700	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040							
1994	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	151	0.00000	0.00000	0.36540	0.36690
	0.17050	0.08660	0.00490	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240							
1995	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	92	0.00000	0.00000	0.14860	0.49560
	0.26640	0.07400	0.00980	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00540	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1996	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	9	0.00000	0.00000	0.38720	0.37770
	0.15340	0.08170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1997	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	32	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.52970
	0.39530	0.04080	0.02530	0.00560	0.00000	0.00330	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	197	0.00000	0.00000	0.07990	0.56630
	0.26570	0.05290	0.00580	0.01250	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00130	0.00000	0.00110	0.00000	0.01020							
1999	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.11470	0.26600
	0.34600	0.11270	0.06880	0.03510	0.02000	0.01700	0.01100	0.00430	0.00000	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00150							
2000	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03650	0.38550
	0.31000	0.17940	0.06040	0.01360	0.00810	0.00310	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00120							
2001	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.09700	0.24360
	0.33730	0.16900	0.09180	0.03400	0.01280	0.00600	0.00310	0.00280	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100							
2002	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00090	0.08420	0.53370
	0.16690	0.13720	0.04260	0.03010	0.00210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00020							
2003	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00840	0.13700	0.40310
	0.29090	0.08890	0.04420	0.01320	0.00550	0.00270	0.00050	0.00100	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00080	0.00030	0.00040	0.00000	0.00180							
2004	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00770	0.20100	0.32570
	0.30590	0.11890	0.01710	0.01150	0.00300	0.00320	0.00000	0.00110	0.00180	0.00230	0.00000	0.00070
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2005	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00100	0.11100	0.44730
	0.19240	0.16090	0.05890	0.01590	0.00390	0.00270	0.00270	0.00040	0.00070	0.00100	0.00060	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00020	0.00040							
2006	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00190	0.17390	0.38710
	0.25080	0.08160	0.05490	0.03250	0.00830	0.00280	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110	0.00050
	0.00050	0.00090	0.00000	0.00050	0.00160							
2007	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01040	0.22720	0.51130
	0.20790	0.02820	0.01050	0.00330	0.00000	0.00090	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00180	0.19930	0.35480
	0.36540	0.06670	0.01050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00730	0.13910	0.37950
	0.31500	0.11670	0.03300	0.00640	0.00160	0.00000	0.00060	0.00020	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00020
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2010	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00070	0.09290	0.29950
	0.33510	0.19380	0.05920	0.01290	0.00550	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2011	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00270	0.10450	0.13640
	0.42020	0.23280	0.06910	0.02490	0.00690	0.00210	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010							
2007	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.03583	0.33730	0.36779
	0.16476	0.06317	0.02151	0.00671	0.00185	0.00066	0.00020	0.00011	0.00005	0.00004	0.00001	0.00001
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	166	0.00001	0.02470	0.24167	0.31125
	0.22743	0.13313	0.04448	0.01204	0.00331	0.00125	0.00045	0.00018	0.00004	0.00006	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.11872	0.22248	0.27216
	0.20656	0.10737	0.04509	0.01645	0.00524	0.00236	0.00101	0.00064	0.00042	0.00026	0.00023	0.00009
	0.00007	0.00012	0.00006	0.00005	0.00062							
2010	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.02848	0.24901	0.30729
	0.21311	0.12369	0.05293	0.01764	0.00479	0.00190	0.00051	0.00030	0.00015	0.00012	0.00003	0.00003
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00001							
2011	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01875	0.16916	0.27195
	0.26102	0.15424	0.07213	0.03147	0.01077	0.00453	0.00177	0.00117	0.00075	0.00049	0.00031	0.00030
	0.00014	0.00014	0.00012	0.00004	0.00075							
1991	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	25	0.00000	0.00000	0.66550	0.17010
	0.13460	0.01340	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00750	0.00000	0.00620							
1992	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00610	0.66360
	0.18570	0.09580	0.02710	0.01160	0.00600	0.00000	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190							
1993	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02560	0.39620
	0.43710	0.11860	0.01450	0.00640	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00090							
1994	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.04850	0.43810
	0.29910	0.15920	0.03400	0.01000	0.00420	0.00190	0.00020	0.00180	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00120							
1995	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	97	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.30300
	0.34050	0.17570	0.14110	0.03910	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1996	1	2	0	2	2	-1						

-1997	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00870	0.06440	0.45920
	0.26410	0.12650	0.03100	0.02090	0.01610	0.00440	0.00280	0.00060	0.00050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110							
1999	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00030	0.03290	0.19000
	0.39020	0.22140	0.09490	0.04420	0.01650	0.00350	0.00420	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110							
2000	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.05380	0.42610
	0.27360	0.13950	0.06800	0.02780	0.00600	0.00210	0.00180	0.00050	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030							
2001	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.09850	0.22620
	0.30610	0.17710	0.11060	0.04580	0.02080	0.00850	0.00320	0.00180	0.00060	0.00000	0.00050	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040							
2002	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01390	0.10310	0.41000
	0.20720	0.14230	0.05870	0.03730	0.01520	0.00420	0.00170	0.00230	0.00060	0.00060	0.00020	0.00000
	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00250							
2003	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00220	0.04910	0.28930
	0.35850	0.13370	0.07380	0.04160	0.02970	0.00690	0.00420	0.00300	0.00170	0.00160	0.00240	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00000	0.00180							
2004	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.05270	0.28130
	0.34910	0.17990	0.05240	0.03610	0.02300	0.00900	0.00620	0.00280	0.00130	0.00120	0.00090	0.00060
	0.00070	0.00000	0.00060	0.00000	0.00230							
2005	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00050	0.09370	0.25880
	0.26470	0.18100	0.09340	0.03730	0.02240	0.01140	0.00800	0.00450	0.00320	0.00510	0.00370	0.00390
	0.00070	0.00160	0.00260	0.00000	0.00340							
2006	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.06130	0.41690
	0.26050	0.10430	0.08360	0.04230	0.01380	0.00650	0.00540	0.00240	0.00140	0.00080	0.00000	0.00070
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.07190	0.38010
	0.31970	0.09580	0.05190	0.04340	0.01720	0.00820	0.00380	0.00290	0.00150	0.00050	0.00110	0.00050
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00160							
2008	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02690	0.35550
	0.40330	0.14050	0.03780	0.01250	0.00810	0.00840	0.00300	0.00170	0.00090	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080	0.00030							
2009	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02790	0.32850
	0.34780	0.20350	0.06510	0.01290	0.00600	0.00370	0.00160	0.00040	0.00000	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00180							
2010	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01490	0.23120
	0.33950	0.26240	0.12310	0.02040	0.00360	0.00170	0.00040	0.00070	0.00040	0.00000	0.00040	0.00040
	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00060							
2011	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.05370	0.10040
	0.27590	0.30690	0.16560	0.06230	0.02090	0.00690	0.00240	0.00190	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00040							
2007	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00349	0.28274	0.41549
	0.19545	0.06777	0.01924	0.00741	0.00280	0.00132	0.00079	0.00051	0.00038	0.00033	0.00030	0.00037
	0.00017	0.00017	0.00018	0.00010	0.00098							
2008	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00356	0.38950	0.40843
	0.12872	0.03268	0.01074	0.00644	0.00400	0.00278	0.00195	0.00143	0.00106	0.00105	0.00101	0.00127
	0.00054	0.00056	0.00062	0.00030	0.00337							
2009	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	70	0.00000	0.00229	0.60849	0.35197
	0.03724	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2010	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00423	0.47110	0.39726
	0.08777	0.00817	0.00424	0.00446	0.00389	0.00316	0.00268	0.00200	0.00206	0.00179	0.00133	0.00127
	0.00094	0.00065	0.00052	0.00028	0.00221							
2011	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00267	0.23462	0.31133
	0.18306	0.10292	0.06086	0.03538	0.01904	0.01225	0.00846	0.00620	0.00516	0.00373	0.00306	0.00283
	0.00208	0.00110	0.00102	0.00062	0.00358							
1991	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.01790	0.62500
	0.14290	0.14290	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.07140
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1992	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	15	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.14290
	0.22450	0.28570	0.14290	0.12240	0.00000	0.00000	0.02040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06120							
1993	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	30	0.00000	0.00000	0.04270	0.20430
	0.30600	0.25900	0.06840	0.05980	0.00000	0.00000	0.01710	0.00000	0.00000	0.01710	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02560							
1994	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	8	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10870
	0.53260	0.17390	0.07610	0.00000	0.00000	0.10870	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1995	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	19	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.35780
	0.46470	0.13820	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03920	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1996	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.40000	0.30000	0.30000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1997	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	10	0.00000	0.00000	0.07690	0.23080
	0.46150	0.15380	0.07690	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	25	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04920
	0.12300	0.25820	0.31560	0.25410	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1999	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	102	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03560
	0.48900	0.18010	0.21120	0.03360	0.00000	0.03460	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01580							
2000	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	84	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03380
	0.14650	0.40840	0.18200	0.09100	0.03990	0.04920	0.02080	0.00000	0.00750	0.00000	0.00560	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00750	0.00760							

2002	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	183	0.00000	0.02460	0.05090	0.14330
	0.18740	0.13700	0.18530	0.11330	0.03160	0.02250	0.01690	0.00730	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00460
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00730	0.00000	0.06780							
2003	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	197	0.00000	0.00000	0.00560	0.16630
	0.30890	0.23670	0.10090	0.05980	0.04960	0.02800	0.00400	0.00360	0.00400	0.00840	0.00400	0.00320
	0.00000	0.00400	0.00000	0.00000	0.01280							
2004	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01840	0.22930
	0.37130	0.23030	0.07290	0.03500	0.02320	0.00000	0.00490	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240
	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00720							
2005	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03880	0.15070
	0.31480	0.34060	0.11800	0.03050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00280	0.00000	0.00370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2006	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02210	0.09200
	0.35760	0.20730	0.22780	0.05290	0.01940	0.00420	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00840	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00420	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.03520	0.07260	0.13190
	0.31220	0.25460	0.11140	0.05070	0.02300	0.00840	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190	0.10730
	0.31060	0.35390	0.09480	0.04330	0.02350	0.01880	0.00800	0.00600	0.00580	0.00240	0.00580	0.00390
	0.00430	0.00190	0.00000	0.00000	0.00770							
2009	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00470	0.08430
	0.43000	0.22390	0.19470	0.02330	0.00770	0.01360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00510	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01270							
2010	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00560	0.08610
	0.34440	0.39610	0.10900	0.04430	0.01150	0.00310	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2011	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03020
	0.21830	0.40220	0.25090	0.06920	0.01980	0.00710	0.00000	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	91	0.00000	0.00041	0.02863	0.19848
	0.37748	0.23854	0.09511	0.03678	0.01264	0.00539	0.00236	0.00133	0.00078	0.00058	0.00037	0.00020
	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00000	0.00042							
2008	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	3	0.00000	0.01456	0.19118	0.23192
	0.38203	0.14117	0.02788	0.00700	0.00343	0.00041	0.00041	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00201	0.02830	0.21270
	0.35425	0.22927	0.10946	0.04197	0.01260	0.00516	0.00159	0.00107	0.00060	0.00042	0.00019	0.00014
	0.00004	0.00004	0.00004	0.00004	0.00014							
2010	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00032	0.01938	0.16668
	0.33295	0.26909	0.13251	0.04961	0.01520	0.00683	0.00245	0.00150	0.00098	0.00079	0.00041	0.00024
	0.00017	0.00010	0.00012	0.00003	0.00064							
2011	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00025	0.01447	0.13140
	0.32072	0.27750	0.15065	0.06346	0.02072	0.00934	0.00346	0.00230	0.00154	0.00114	0.00069	0.00039
	0.00025	0.00023	0.00018	0.00008	0.00123							
-1991	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1992	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1993	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	29	0.00000	0.00000	0.46410	0.53090
	0.00500	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1994	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1995	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1996	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1997	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00340	0.05140
	0.11340	0.27570	0.10160	0.08020	0.07750	0.04510	0.05330	0.04430	0.03180	0.03190	0.01700	0.01820
	0.01980	0.00770	0.00780	0.00250	0.01730							
1999	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	76	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.20360
	0.43730	0.13540	0.04890	0.00000	0.17480	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2000	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01450
	0.02610	0.12640	0.15730	0.18780	0.12440	0.08170	0.03900	0.04370	0.03260	0.02720	0.00630	0.01300
	0.01310	0.00260	0.00000	0.00290	0.10140							
2001	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	179	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.02080	0.04890	0.19110	0.13380	0.10980	0.11710	0.06170	0.06330	0.03530	0.05770	0.02200	0.01350
	0.03710	0.00660	0.00840	0.01790	0.05490							
2002	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00200	0.02280	0.16860
	0.08780	0.18690	0.07500	0.09630	0.07180	0.03960	0.04050	0.03140	0.02940	0.01790	0.02220	0.02070
	0.01820	0.01890	0.00760	0.00190	0.04030							
2003	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00390	0.03090	0.03090	0.07340	0.14290	0.08400	0.08840	0.06550	0.08840	0.04230	0.04600	0.04950
	0.06670	0.03090	0.01910	0.01140	0.12600							
2004	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02310
	0.14930	0.07180	0.08420	0.08610	0.07510	0.07560	0.07390	0.04780	0.06400	0.04460	0.04380	0.03430
	0.02390	0.01360	0.01350	0.00910	0.06610							
2005	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04340
	0.04990	0.15220	0.11380	0.12660	0.09210	0.09930	0.05250	0.04760	0.05180	0.05930	0.03750	0.01990
	0.02040	0.00000	0.00650	0.00370	0.02350							
2006	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1					

2007	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00550
	0.04220	0.08850	0.21320	0.17980	0.09900	0.08900	0.05930	0.06730	0.01670	0.03050	0.01160	0.02800
	0.02520	0.00850	0.01100	0.00280	0.02220							
2008	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00310	0.03200
	0.09270	0.09520	0.15950	0.16070	0.13640	0.08250	0.07820	0.02690	0.03670	0.00560	0.01210	0.01450
	0.00870	0.00870	0.00660	0.00000	0.03970							
2009	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00700
	0.04900	0.11080	0.10560	0.07930	0.07220	0.17830	0.10730	0.07340	0.03480	0.02510	0.04700	0.02230
	0.01450	0.01130	0.00420	0.00720	0.05090							
2010	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	84	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.09410
	0.24710	0.28240	0.18820	0.05880	0.01180	0.04710	0.00000	0.02350	0.01180	0.00000	0.01180	0.00000
	0.00000	0.01180	0.00000	0.00000	0.01180							
2011	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	14	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.21430	0.28570	0.21430	0.14290	0.07140	0.07140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2008	1	4	0	1	2	-1	-1	7	0.00000	0.00335	0.10426	0.44043
	0.30561	0.10879	0.02976	0.00663	0.00104	0.00012	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2010	1	4	0	1	2	-1	-1	6	0.00000	0.00090	0.14171	0.18468
	0.15822	0.14357	0.12084	0.08101	0.04443	0.02937	0.02220	0.01600	0.01406	0.01138	0.00746	0.00635
	0.00586	0.00307	0.00194	0.00097	0.00598							
1991	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.07580	0.50960	0.38810
	0.01700	0.00930	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1992	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.10540	0.47530	0.28210
	0.11590	0.01370	0.00610	0.00000	0.00150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1993	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00440	0.53000	0.30890
	0.11600	0.03150	0.00250	0.00590	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1994	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00700	0.27540	0.45550
	0.16410	0.06120	0.03090	0.00410	0.00000	0.00180	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1995	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01900	0.39860	0.25270
	0.20220	0.07150	0.03120	0.01220	0.00170	0.00600	0.00330	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00170							
1996	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	101	0.00000	0.01460	0.19650	0.58110
	0.12380	0.03360	0.00280	0.03080	0.00000	0.01120	0.00560	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1997	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	56	0.00000	0.00000	0.77030	0.15140
	0.05060	0.01340	0.01430	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00250	0.21660	0.57370
	0.16560	0.03180	0.00860	0.00030	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1999	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.04760	0.47450
	0.42570	0.03920	0.01180	0.00110	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010							
2000	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.06990	0.57200
	0.28710	0.06240	0.00520	0.00310	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2001	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.26380	0.40660
	0.23560	0.08400	0.00400	0.00530	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2002	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.08840	0.55460
	0.23780	0.07240	0.02730	0.01460	0.00330	0.00030	0.00050	0.00010	0.00010	0.00050	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00020							
2003	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00080	0.16170	0.46500
	0.28290	0.04880	0.02120	0.01300	0.00380	0.00080	0.00030	0.00000	0.00010	0.00000	0.00040	0.00020
	0.00000	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070							
2004	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00160	0.14340	0.41500
	0.27710	0.11400	0.02210	0.01380	0.00680	0.00220	0.00060	0.00070	0.00110	0.00030	0.00000	0.00040
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	0.00000	0.00080							
2005	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.18350	0.53400
	0.16070	0.07840	0.03180	0.00500	0.00300	0.00080	0.00120	0.00040	0.00000	0.00010	0.00060	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030							
2006	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00110	0.15710	0.52100
	0.21220	0.05560	0.03230	0.01510	0.00260	0.00120	0.00040	0.00040	0.00020	0.00040	0.00000	0.00020
	0.00010	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	0.00020							
2007	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.14750	0.63020
	0.18170	0.02390	0.00710	0.00570	0.00280	0.00000	0.00020	0.00040	0.00000	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.16870	0.50690
	0.25260	0.05830	0.01350	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00660	0.30460
	0.38780	0.23280	0.04770	0.01420	0.00360	0.00290	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2010	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00430	0.16460
	0.45940	0.21930	0.10420	0.03030	0.01210	0.00460	0.00060	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2011	1	5	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.03160
	0.24120	0.39050	0.22320	0.07070	0.03150	0.00830	0.00210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1991	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00690	0.66640	0.28940
	0.03500	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1992	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.34710	0.53110
	0.08010	0.02130	0.01200	0.00840	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1993	1	6	0	2	2	-1						

-1994	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1995	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1996	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1997	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.05270	0.17160	0.50890
	0.18740	0.04620	0.01810	0.00860	0.00600	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1999	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	119	0.00000	0.00000	0.02680	0.31430
	0.50420	0.09500	0.04560	0.01400	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2000	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	1.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2001	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2002	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.02640	0.22440	0.44680
	0.19710	0.06810	0.01490	0.01120	0.00660	0.00210	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2003	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.07270	0.33400
	0.27380	0.14160	0.08560	0.04600	0.01920	0.01390	0.00260	0.00000	0.00400	0.00320	0.00180	0.00120
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2004	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01200	0.27970	0.50480
	0.13780	0.04150	0.01270	0.00380	0.00280	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110	0.00000
	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2005	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00900	0.14900	0.42200
	0.18990	0.10570	0.05880	0.02880	0.02050	0.00380	0.00240	0.00140	0.00430	0.00070	0.00140	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2006	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.12910	0.53160
	0.21430	0.05520	0.03480	0.01440	0.01030	0.00200	0.00270	0.00070	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.09970	0.59900
	0.23080	0.03410	0.01480	0.01000	0.00400	0.00340	0.00150	0.00070	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.05170	0.36880
	0.44840	0.10610	0.01650	0.00120	0.00360	0.00060	0.00000	0.00320	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01760	0.20300
	0.43200	0.26080	0.06540	0.00360	0.00830	0.00180	0.00000	0.00360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00320	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	49	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.17200
	0.35100	0.30880	0.16820	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04300
	0.35620	0.30200	0.21330	0.07180	0.00510	0.00620	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1991	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.82340	0.15360
	0.02300	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1992	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	78	0.00000	0.00000	0.37660	0.49720
	0.06540	0.02460	0.03070	0.00550	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1993	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.51830	0.36360
	0.10050	0.01080	0.00680	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1994	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.06050	0.30830	0.47060
	0.11330	0.02990	0.01370	0.00190	0.00190	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1995	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	12	0.00000	0.05870	0.44890	0.16290
	0.32200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00760	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1996	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	117	0.00000	0.00680	0.37740	0.53350
	0.04860	0.03170	0.00000	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1997	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	97	0.00000	0.00000	0.84440	0.11930
	0.03010	0.00630	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.12990	0.71360
	0.13550	0.01420	0.00310	0.00160	0.00170	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1999	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03450	0.54510
	0.36030	0.04820	0.00560	0.00380	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240</				

2004	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	67	0.00000	0.00000	0.06900	0.44880
	0.25050	0.16700	0.02480	0.02790	0.01190	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2005	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	100	0.00000	0.00000	0.12140	0.60790
	0.18570	0.05810	0.02360	0.00340	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2006	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	188	0.00000	0.00100	0.27130	0.40320
	0.24650	0.06870	0.00460	0.00240	0.00090	0.00140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.10620	0.63450
	0.22010	0.01920	0.00760	0.00130	0.00710	0.00200	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	135	0.00000	0.00000	0.01920	0.72750
	0.20960	0.04370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00850	0.48900
	0.31180	0.13680	0.04470	0.00660	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2010	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00980	0.27030
	0.45610	0.17250	0.06030	0.02390	0.00710	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2011	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.18440
	0.37660	0.29780	0.11900	0.01520	0.00700	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2005	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.08562	0.46375	0.36916
	0.06762	0.01126	0.00199	0.00043	0.00011	0.00003	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2006	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.10412	0.47613	0.35058
	0.05775	0.00868	0.00162	0.00048	0.00020	0.00012	0.00007	0.00004	0.00004	0.00004	0.00003	0.00001
	0.00001	0.00000	0.00001	0.00001	0.00006							
2007	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.06505	0.45446	0.38980
	0.07557	0.01232	0.00216	0.00047	0.00011	0.00003	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.02170	0.31418	0.39974
	0.16356	0.06108	0.02506	0.00935	0.00288	0.00120	0.00044	0.00027	0.00017	0.00011	0.00006	0.00004
	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00006							
2010	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.01767	0.24806	0.35730
	0.20705	0.10092	0.04286	0.01676	0.00524	0.00212	0.00071	0.00050	0.00029	0.00020	0.00009	0.00007
	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00008							
2011	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00673	0.14961	0.37620
	0.27334	0.12158	0.04647	0.01652	0.00504	0.00210	0.00077	0.00046	0.00030	0.00027	0.00014	0.00008
	0.00006	0.00003	0.00004	0.00002	0.00025							
1991	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	102	0.00000	0.00000	0.44730	0.41600
	0.07670	0.04520	0.00800	0.00480	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1992	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	26	0.00000	0.00000	0.13350	0.84770
	0.00260	0.00790	0.00370	0.00380	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080							
1993	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00380	0.26410	0.40400
	0.26800	0.04470	0.01040	0.00290	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1994	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01130	0.42840	0.38880
	0.11700	0.04310	0.00870	0.00090	0.00180	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1995	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	10	0.00000	0.00000	0.76400	0.23600
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1996	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1997	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.06620	0.42950
	0.29940	0.12750	0.04530	0.01590	0.00800	0.00260	0.00000	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00440							
1999	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02680	0.34720
	0.36880	0.12180	0.08180	0.01910	0.01070	0.00280	0.01070	0.00000	0.00150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00890							
2000	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.23680	0.55170
	0.13230	0.04040	0.02550	0.00780	0.00240	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00050	0.00030	0.00000	0.00070							
2001	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	74	0.00000	0.00000	0.36670	0.28100
	0.11920	0.10240	0.03900	0.06870	0.01400	0.00450	0.00060	0.00280	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100							
2002	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.04450	0.12660	0.51080
	0.16910	0.08210	0.02960	0.03070	0.00000	0.00380	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00200	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00090							
2003	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	140	0.00000	0.00000	0.23860	0.34650
	0.23270	0.13260	0.03490	0.00000	0.01070	0.00410	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2004	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	165	0.00000	0.00000	0.30360	0.27210
	0.20010	0.12540	0.04670	0.01600	0.00370	0.02610	0.00000	0.00250	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00370
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2005	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.30610	0.38560
	0.11820	0.08550	0.07530	0.00980	0.00450	0.00350	0.00000	0.00310	0.00850	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2006	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.14420	0.54680
	0.22880	0.01890	0.01180	0.03060	0.01660	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	8	0	2	2	-1						

2008	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	133	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.18830
	0.55950	0.17750	0.06230	0.01230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.11150
	0.39490	0.34770	0.09860	0.01000	0.00440	0.00520	0.01010	0.00450	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00950							
2010	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10080
	0.25760	0.36960	0.18740	0.05110	0.02400	0.00750	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190							
2011	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00230	0.06140
	0.21000	0.31330	0.25920	0.12420	0.02090	0.00700	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2007	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00329	0.06930	0.33213
	0.36446	0.15571	0.04931	0.01613	0.00492	0.00191	0.00080	0.00047	0.00032	0.00027	0.00018	0.00008
	0.00007	0.00005	0.00003	0.00005	0.00052							
2008	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00117	0.07696	0.28802
	0.34322	0.19126	0.06465	0.02018	0.00612	0.00281	0.00123	0.00077	0.00060	0.00053	0.00041	0.00014
	0.00013	0.00014	0.00002	0.00015	0.00149							
2009	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00241	0.09181	0.28107
	0.31363	0.19134	0.07447	0.02624	0.00902	0.00415	0.00205	0.00106	0.00067	0.00047	0.00035	0.00015
	0.00018	0.00018	0.00017	0.00001	0.00054							
2010	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.01267	0.28254	0.35550
	0.17050	0.08834	0.04861	0.02565	0.00884	0.00357	0.00113	0.00101	0.00067	0.00041	0.00020	0.00018
	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00014							
2011	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00147	0.03684	0.17567
	0.33449	0.26217	0.12167	0.04411	0.01311	0.00557	0.00184	0.00114	0.00065	0.00049	0.00022	0.00015
	0.00007	0.00006	0.00006	0.00000	0.00021							
2007	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	11	0.00000	0.00277	0.09002	0.40073
	0.31407	0.13385	0.04253	0.01236	0.00258	0.00061	0.00028	0.00019	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	24	0.00000	0.00039	0.01077	0.09367
	0.19996	0.21738	0.16450	0.09582	0.04889	0.03134	0.02246	0.01467	0.01254	0.01016	0.00938	0.00883
	0.00676	0.00369	0.00474	0.00269	0.04136							
2010	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	93	0.00000	0.00142	0.04620	0.25766
	0.29161	0.18718	0.09589	0.04552	0.02051	0.01206	0.00767	0.00515	0.00390	0.00327	0.00304	0.00318
	0.00181	0.00131	0.00151	0.00079	0.01031							
2011	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	68	0.00000	0.00027	0.00706	0.05896
	0.11818	0.14884	0.15293	0.11654	0.07832	0.05673	0.04483	0.03374	0.03083	0.02362	0.02077	0.01891
	0.01510	0.00804	0.00812	0.00471	0.05350							
-1991	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.64706	0.30588
	0.03529	0.01176	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1992	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.04847	0.33345	0.33348
	0.23238	0.02727	0.02157	0.00054	0.00285	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1993	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00251	0.44399	0.34077
	0.14426	0.04812	0.00526	0.01509	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1994	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00916	0.26416	0.41488
	0.18394	0.08105	0.03925	0.00499	0.00013	0.00243	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1995	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.02431	0.27263	0.22170
	0.26799	0.11184	0.05326	0.02431	0.00266	0.01065	0.00533	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00533							
-1996	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.01927	0.25483	0.53159
	0.10699	0.02089	0.00943	0.02870	0.00000	0.00943	0.01886	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1997	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.73213	0.11041
	0.08846	0.01799	0.05100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1998	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00081	0.00244	0.23878	0.61671
	0.12015	0.01503	0.00407	0.00100	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1999	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.03069	0.47396
	0.44627	0.03588	0.01100	0.00147	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00073							
-2000	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.08136	0.59251
	0.26080	0.05628	0.00362	0.00181	0.00000	0.00000	0.00181	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00181	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2001	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00053	0.32186	0.42377
	0.19356	0.05186	0.00271	0.00298	0.00000	0.00271	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2002	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00321	0.08391	0.52179
	0.23009	0.08951	0.03960	0.02282	0.00518	0.00043	0.00086	0.00043	0.00043	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00043							
-2003	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00072	0.16528	0.45808
	0.28289	0.04678	0.02348	0.01367	0.00545	0.00086	0.00029	0.00000	0.00108	0.00000	0.00029	0.00014
	0.00000	0.00014	0.00000	0.00000	0.00086							
-2004	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00165	0.13197	0.40516
	0.27735	0.12191	0.02636	0.01833	0.00855	0.00283	0.00094	0.00118	0.00142	0.00047	0.00000	0.00047
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00024	0.00000	0.00118							
-2005	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.18279	0.53235
	0.16080	0.07804	0.03224	0.00577	0.00356	0.00125	0.00125	0.00053	0.00000	0.00018	0.00089	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00036							
-2006	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00283	0.14940	0.50540
	0.22122	0.05870	0.03527	0.01900	0.00308	0.00157	0.00051	0.00051	0.00051	0.00051	0.00025	0.00025
	0.00025	0.00000	0.00000	0.00051	0.00025							
-2007	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.09648	0.60144
	0.23053	0.03684	0.01130	0.01130	0.00685	0.00027	0.00185	0.00158	0.00000	0.00158	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2008	1	11	0	1	2							

-2009	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00158	0.00547	0.30249
	0.39557	0.21723	0.05402	0.01541	0.00504	0.00317	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2010	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00441	0.16408
	0.47254	0.21643	0.09783	0.02875	0.01092	0.00378	0.00063	0.00063	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2011	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00097	0.06375
	0.24498	0.38012	0.21835	0.06187	0.02221	0.00581	0.00097	0.00097	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1991	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1992	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.25341	0.56087
	0.05122	0.05506	0.02887	0.02887	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02172							
-1993	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00672	0.51788	0.27461
	0.15779	0.03266	0.00574	0.00230	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1994	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00515	0.27062	0.32732
	0.25773	0.10825	0.02577	0.00258	0.00258	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1995	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.60000	0.40000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1996	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1997	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-1998	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00491	0.08162	0.41201
	0.29265	0.12521	0.04797	0.02176	0.00866	0.00199	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00322							
-1999	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.01504	0.31458
	0.46654	0.12514	0.06279	0.00501	0.00545	0.00545	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2000	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.05409	0.75150
	0.06593	0.04733	0.04902	0.01690	0.00507	0.00000	0.00338	0.00000	0.00169	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00169	0.00169	0.00000	0.00169							
-2001	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.13699	0.20548
	0.20548	0.10959	0.09589	0.15068	0.01370	0.01370	0.01370	0.02740	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02740							
-2002	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.03978	0.18243	0.44155
	0.17292	0.07882	0.03027	0.03583	0.00225	0.00706	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00631	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00278							
-2003	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.18692	0.31491
	0.24057	0.13200	0.06178	0.01916	0.02652	0.01090	0.00104	0.00000	0.00207	0.00155	0.00104	0.00104
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00052							
-2004	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00686	0.26955	0.38157
	0.17144	0.09875	0.03146	0.01328	0.00996	0.00838	0.00053	0.00279	0.00000	0.00000	0.00053	0.00279
	0.00053	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00158							
-2005	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00357	0.16333	0.42610
	0.17039	0.10807	0.07129	0.02428	0.01506	0.00384	0.00204	0.00283	0.00616	0.00051	0.00102	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00051	0.00102	0.00000							
-2006	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00105	0.12048	0.54283
	0.22824	0.04507	0.02873	0.01335	0.01073	0.00323	0.00262	0.00052	0.00052	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00052	0.00000	0.00000	0.00105	0.00105							
-2007	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.07437	0.55370
	0.28839	0.04610	0.01736	0.00972	0.00324	0.00324	0.00130	0.00065	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00065							
-2008	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.01326	0.29586
	0.53322	0.12856	0.02072	0.00396	0.00110	0.00110	0.00000	0.00221	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
-2009	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00742	0.13294
	0.40825	0.33212	0.08717	0.00724	0.00765	0.00468	0.00256	0.00382	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00148
	0.00085	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00382							
-2010	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.08175
	0.30265	0.36626	0.19608	0.03106	0.01627	0.00444	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00148							
-2011	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00130	0.03529
	0.17873	0.33789	0.30960	0.11464	0.01255	0.00665	0.00000	0.00065	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00270							
1992	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	50	0.87620	0.12380	0.00010	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1993	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	50	0.83370	0.16590	0.00040	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1994	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	50	0.53270	0.45570	0.01160	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1995	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	50	0.79220	0.20770	0.00010	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1996	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	50	0.82170	0.17810	0.00020	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1997	1	13	0	1	2	-1	-1	1	0.74104	0.25702	0.00195	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
1998	1	13	0	1	2							

1995	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.88325	0.08698	0.02977	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1996	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.77026	0.21322	0.01652	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1997	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.89253	0.09002	0.01745	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.89577	0.09288	0.01135	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1999	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.94367	0.04762	0.00871	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2000	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.89746	0.08585	0.01669	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2001	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.83887	0.12532	0.03581	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2002	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.91552	0.07438	0.01010	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2003	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.93784	0.05541	0.00676	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2004	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.89183	0.09756	0.01060	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2005	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.80809	0.17662	0.01529	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2006	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.91409	0.06631	0.01959	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.92457	0.07037	0.00505	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.67985	0.26712	0.05304	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.97829	0.01676	0.00494	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.82593	0.16702	0.00705	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	22	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.84113	0.12825	0.03062	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1999	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.33333	0.33333	0.16667	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2000	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	2	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	1.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2001	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	8	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.25000
	0.25000	0.00000	0.25000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.25000
2002	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	182	0.00000	0.01099	0.00000	0.06593
	0.07692	0.17582	0.09890	0.05495	0.04396	0.03297	0.05495	0.02198	0.09890	0.06593	0.01099	0.00000
2003	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	32	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06250
	0.50000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06250	0.06250	0.12500	0.00000	0.06250	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2004	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	44	0.00000	0.00000	0.04545	0.00000
	0.13636	0.18182	0.13636	0.04545	0.09091	0.13636	0.00000	0.00000	0.04545	0.00000	0.00000	0.04545
2005	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.33333	0.66667	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2006	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	4	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.50000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	10	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.60000	0.40000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	16	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.25000	0.37500	0.37500	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	36	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.38889	0.27778	0.22222	0.00000	0.00000	0.05556	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.05556	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	24	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01176
	0.14706	0.24706	0.25294	0.20588	0.05294	0.02941	0.00000	0.00588	0.00588	0.00000	0.01765	0.00000
2000	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.01176	0.03529	0.04706	0.15294	0.16471	0.11765	0.08235	0.02353	0.07059	0.01176	0.07059	0.09412
2001	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	168	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01190
	0.00000	0.00000	0.07143	0.10714	0.08333	0.10714	0.05952	0.05952	0.08333	0.08333	0.04762	0.08333

2002	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.02667	0.02667	0.02667	0.06667	0.04000	0.09333	0.05333	0.09333	0.06667	0.02667	0.05333	0.02667
	0.02667	0.06667	0.04000	0.00000	0.26667							
2003	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	122	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.08197	0.04918	0.06557	0.09836	0.06557	0.01639	0.06557	0.09836	0.08197	0.06557	0.06557	0.06557
	0.03279	0.00000	0.01639	0.00000	0.13115							
2004	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.02000	0.16000	0.10000	0.16000	0.18000	0.08000	0.02000	0.00000	0.04000	0.06000	0.02000	0.02000
	0.04000	0.00000	0.02000	0.02000	0.06000							
2006	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	62	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06452	0.06452	0.09677	0.06452	0.00000	0.03226	0.03226	0.00000	0.22581
	0.00000	0.06452	0.06452	0.03226	0.25806							
2007	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	84	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02381
	0.02381	0.00000	0.16667	0.11905	0.14286	0.02381	0.00000	0.07143	0.02381	0.07143	0.07143	0.09524
	0.00000	0.00000	0.02381	0.04762	0.09524							
2008	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.20000	0.00000	0.30000	0.10000	0.20000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.10000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10000							
2009	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	136	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01471
	0.01471	0.19118	0.08824	0.04412	0.05882	0.07353	0.07353	0.01471	0.05882	0.04412	0.02941	0.02941
	0.04412	0.00000	0.01471	0.02941	0.17647							
2010	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	66	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.12121	0.24242	0.27273	0.09091	0.03030	0.03030	0.03030	0.00000	0.06061	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.06061	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06061							
2011	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00174	0.00521
	0.03299	0.11806	0.19271	0.21528	0.08160	0.06424	0.03472	0.04167	0.01736	0.02431	0.01042	0.01736
	0.00868	0.01736	0.01389	0.01215	0.09028							
2007	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	32	0.00000	0.15023	0.44842	0.32701
	0.05856	0.01087	0.00339	0.00108	0.00027	0.00011	0.00002	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2008	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	8	0.00000	0.19501	0.46845	0.27231
	0.04283	0.01358	0.00546	0.00168	0.00042	0.00017	0.00004	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2009	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	94	0.00000	0.12132	0.47615	0.32482
	0.05150	0.01292	0.00709	0.00357	0.00129	0.00058	0.00024	0.00017	0.00011	0.00007	0.00005	0.00003
	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00005							
2010	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	127	0.00000	0.11109	0.44544	0.35061
	0.07525	0.01398	0.00285	0.00059	0.00013	0.00003	0.00002	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000							
2011	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	151	0.00001	0.05783	0.33367	0.38069
	0.14824	0.05029	0.01518	0.00417	0.00198	0.00173	0.00110	0.00058	0.00077	0.00091	0.00053	0.00023
	0.00030	0.00000	0.00008	0.00015	0.00158							
2012	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	44	0.00001	0.07947	0.33316	0.34555
	0.14563	0.05639	0.02114	0.00857	0.00317	0.00165	0.00095	0.00061	0.00050	0.00026	0.00035	0.00025
	0.00016	0.00025	0.00010	0.00015	0.00169							

#

0 #_N_MeanSize-at-Age_obs

#

1 #_N_environ_variables

#_year	#_N_environ_obs	variable	value
1872	1	1	1
1873	1	1	1
1874	1	1	1
1875	1	1	1
1876	1	1	1
1877	1	1	1
1878	1	1	1
1879	1	1	1
1880	1	1	1
1881	1	1	1
1882	1	1	1
1883	1	1	1
1884	1	1	1
1885	1	1	1
1886	1	1	1
1887	1	1	1
1888	1	1	1
1889	1	1	1
1890	1	1	1
1891	1	1	1
1892	1	1	1
1893	1	1	1
1894	1	1	1
1895	1	1	1
1896	1	1	1
1897	1	1	1
1898	1	1	1
1899	1	1	1

1900	1	1
1901	1	1
1902	1	1
1903	1	1
1904	1	1
1905	1	1
1906	1	1
1907	1	1
1908	1	1
1909	1	1
1910	1	1
1911	1	1
1912	1	1
1913	1	1
1914	1	1
1915	1	1
1916	1	1
1917	1	1
1918	1	1
1919	1	1
1920	1	1
1921	1	1
1922	1	1
1923	1	1
1924	1	1
1925	1	1
1926	1	1
1927	1	1
1928	1	1
1929	1	1
1930	1	1
1931	1	1
1932	1	1
1933	1	1
1934	1	1
1935	1	1
1936	1	1
1937	1	1
1938	1	1
1939	1	1
1940	1	1
1941	1	1
1942	1	1
1943	1	1
1944	1	1
1945	1	1
1946	1	1
1947	1	1
1948	1	1
1949	1	1
1950	1	1
1951	1	1
1952	1	1
1953	1	1
1954	1	1
1955	1	1
1956	1	1
1957	1	1
1958	1	1
1959	1	1
1960	1	1
1961	1	1
1962	1	1
1963	1	1
1964	1	1
1965	1	1
1966	1	1
1967	1	1
1968	1	1
1969	1	1
1970	1	1
1971	1	1
1972	1	1
1973	1	1
1974	1	1
1975	1	1
1976	1	1
1977	1	1
1978	1	1
1979	1	1
1980	1	1
1981	1	1
1982	1	1
1983	1	1
1984	1	0
1985	1	0
1986	1	0
1987	1	0
1988	1	0
1989	1	0
1990	1	0
1991	1	0
1992	1	0
1993	1	0
1994	1	0

```
1995      1      0
1996      1      0
1997      1      0
1998      1      0
1999      1      0
2000      1      0
2001      1      0
2002      1      0
2003      1      0
2004      1      0
2005      1      0
2006      1      0
2007      1      0
2008      1      0
2009      1      0
2010      1      0
2011      1      0
#
0          # N sizefreq methods to read
#
0          # no tag data
#
0          # no morph composition data
#
999        # end of file marker
```

3.9 Appendix B: Stock Synthesis Control File

```

#V3.24f
#_data_and_control_files: data.ss // control.ss
#_SS=V3.24f-safe;_08/03/2012;_Stock_Synthesis_by_Richard_Methot_(NOAA)_using_ADMB_10.1
1 #_N_Growth_Patterns
1 #_N_Morphs_Within_GrowthPattern
#_Cond 1 #_Morph_within_within_stdev_ratio (no read if N_morphs=1)
#_Cond 1 #_vector_Morphdist_(-1_in_first_val_gives_normal_approx)
#
2 #_N_recruitment_designs_goes_here_if_N_GP*nseas*area>1
0 #_placeholder_for_recruitment_interaction_request
1 1 1 #_recruitment_design_element_for_GP=1,_seas=1,_area=1
1 1 2 #_recruitment_design_element_for_GP=1,_seas=1,_area=2
#
0 #_N_movement_definitions_goes_here_if_N_areas > 1
#_Cond 1.0 #_first_age_that_moves (real age at begin of season, not integer) also cond on do_migration>0
#_Cond 1 1 1 2 4 10 #_example_move_definition_for_seas=1,_morph=1,_source=1_dest=2,_age1=4,_age2=10
#
4 #_Nblock_Patterns
4 4 1 1 #_blocks_per_pattern
#_begin_and_end_years_of_blocks
1985 1993 1994 1994 1995 2006 2007 2011
1985 1993 1994 1994 1995 1999 2000 2011
2007 2011
2008 2011
#
0.5 #_fracfemale
3 #_natM_type:_0=1Parm;_1=N_breakpoints;_2=Lorenzen;_3=agespecific;_4=agespec_withseasinterpolate
#3 #_reference_age_for_Lorenzen_function
#_Age_natmort_by_gender_x_growthpattern
1.000 1.600 0.695 0.170 0.140 0.122 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.093 0.090 0.087 0.085
0.084 0.083 0.082 0.081 0.080 0.080 0.079 0.079
#0.725 0.522773 0.431125 0.38 0.348236 0.327179 0.312616 0.30225 0.294718 0.289164 0.285023 0.278818
#0.341 0.506661 0.425543 0.38 0.351759 0.333168 0.320444 0.311505 0.305108 0.300469 0.297074 0.292321
#0.495 0.62 0.43 0.37 0.35 0.34 0.33 0.325 0.321 0.32 0.32 0.32
1 #_GrowthModel:_1=vonBert_with_L1&L2;_2=Richards_with_L1&L2;_3=age_speciific_K;_4=not_implemented
0.75 #_Growth_Age_for_L1
999 #_Growth_Age_for_L2 (999 to use as Linf)
0 #_SD_add_to_LAA (set to 0.1 for SS2 V1.x compatibility)
0 #_CV_Growth_Pattern:_0 CV=f(LAA);_1 CV=F(A);_2 SD=F(LAA);_3 SD=F(A);_4 logSD=F(A)
4 #_maturity_option:_1=length_logistic;_2=age_logistic;_3=read_age-maturity_matrix_by_growth_pattern;_4=read_age-fecundity;_5=read_fec_and_wt_from_wtagage.ss
0 0 350000 2620000 9070000 20300000 34710000 49950000 64270000 76760000 87150000 95530000
102150000 107300000 111270000 114300000 116610000 118360000
119680000 120670000 123234591
2 #_First_Mature_Age
3 #_fecundity_option:(1)eggs=Wt*(a+b*Wt);(2)eggs=a*L^b;(3)eggs=a*Wt^b;(4)eggs=a+b*L;(5)eggs=a+b*W
0 #_hermaphroditism_option:_0=none;_1=age-specific_fxn
1 #_parameter_offset_approach (1=none, 2= M, G, CV_G as offset from female-GP1, 3=like SS2 V1.x)
2 #_env/block/dev_adjust_method (1=standard; 2=logistic transform keeps in base parm bounds; 3=standard w/ no bound check)
#
#_Prior_types (-1 = none, 0=normal, 1=symmetric beta, 2=full beta, 3=lognormal)
#_growth_parms
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE env-var use_dev dev_minyr dev_maxyr dev_stddev Block Block_Fxn
#_0.2 0.5 0.38 0.4 0 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_NatM_p_1_Fem_GP_1
7 21 9.96 9.96 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_L_at_Amin_Fem_GP_1
70 100 85.64 85.64 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1
0.05 0.8 0.1919 0.1919 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1
0.01 0.5 0.1735 0.1735 -1 1 -5 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_CV_young_Fem_GP_1
0.01 0.5 0.0715 0.0715 -1 1 -5 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_CV_old_Fem_GP_1
0 1 0.00001673 0.00001673 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 #_Wtlen_1_Fem
0 4 2.953 2.953 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_Wtlen_2_Fem
50 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_Mat50%_Fem
-1 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_Mat_slope_Fem
0 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_Eggs/kg_inter_Fem
0 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0
0 #_Eggs/kg_slope_wt_Fem

```

```

0      0      0      0      -1      0      -4      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      # RecrDist_GP_1
-4     4      -0.8    -0.8    -1     1     4     0     2     1972    2011    0.1    0
0      0      # RecrDist_Area1
-4     4      0      0      -1     1     -4     0     0     0     0     0     0
0      0      # RecrDist_Area2
0      0      0      0      -1     0     -4     0     0     0     0     0     0
0      0      # RecrDist_Seas_1
0      0      1      1      -1     0     -4     0     0     0     0     0     0
0      0      # CohortGrowDev
#
#_Cond 0 #custom_MG-env_setup (0/1)
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no MG-environ parameters
#
#_Cond 0 #custom_MG-block_setup (0/1)
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no MG-block parameters
#_Cond No MG parm trends
#
# seasonal_effects_on_biology_parms
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_femwtlen1,femwtlen2,mat1,mat2,fecl1,fecl2,Malewtlen1,malewtlen2,L1,K
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no seasonal MG parameters
#
5 #_MGparm_Dev_Phase
#
# Spawner-Recruitment
3 #_SR_function: 2=Ricker; 3=std_B-H; 4=SCAA; 5=Hockey; 6=B-H_flattop; 7=survival_3Parm
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
1      20      11.8    11.8    -1     1     1     # SR_LN(R0)
0.2    1      0.99    0.99    -1     1     -4     # SR_BH_steep
0      2      0.3     0.3     -1     1     -4     # SR_sigmaR
-5     5      0      0      -1     1     3     # SR_envlink
-5     5      0      0      -1     1     -4     # SR_R1_offset
0      0      0      0      -1     0     -99    # SR_autocorr
1 #_SR_env_link
2 #_SR_env_target_0=none;1=devs; 2=R0; 3=steepness
1 #do_recdev: 0=none; 1=devvector; 2=simple deviations
1899 # first year of main recr_devs; early devs can precede this era
2011 # last year of main recr_devs; forecast devs start in following year
4 #_recdev phase
1 # (0/1) to read 13 advanced options
0 #_recdev_early_start (0=none; neg value makes relative to recdev_start)
-5 #_recdev_early_phase
-5 #_forecast_recruitment phase (incl. late recr) (0 value resets to maxphase+1)
1 #_lambda for Fcast_recr_like occurring before endyr+1
1984 #_last_early_yr_nobias_adj_in_MPD
1990 #_first_yr_fullbias_adj_in_MPD
2005 #_last_yr_fullbias_adj_in_MPD
2011 #_first_recent_yr_nobias_adj_in_MPD
1 #_max_bias_adj_in_MPD (-1 to override ramp and set biasadj=1.0 for all estimated recdevs)
0 #_period of cycles in recruitment (N parms read below)
-5 #min rec_dev
5 #max rec_dev
0 #_read_recdevs
#_end of advanced SR options
#
#Fishing Mortality info
0.3 # F ballpark for tuning early phases
-2001 # F ballpark year (neg value to disable)
2 # F Method: 1=Pope; 2=instan. F; 3=hybrid (hybrid is recommended)
2.9 # max F or harvest rate, depends on F Method
# no additional F input needed for Fmethod 1
# if Fmethod=2; read overall start F value; overall phase; N detailed inputs to read
# 5 # if Fmethod=3; read N iterations for tuning for Fmethod 3
0.05 1 14 # overall start F value; overall phase; N detailed inputs to read
#Fleet Year Seas F_value se phase (for detailed setup of F_Method=2)
1      1872    1      0.05    0.05    1
2      1880    1      0.05    0.05    1
3      1980    1      0.05    0.05    1
4      1976    1      0.05    0.05    1
5      1950    1      0.05    0.05    1
6      1950    1      0.05    0.05    1
7      1950    1      0.05    0.05    1
8      1950    1      0.05    0.05    1
9      1991    1      0.05    0.05    1
10     1991    1      0.05    0.05    1
11     1997    1      0.05    0.05    1
12     1997    1      0.05    0.05    1
13     1950    1      0.05    0.05    1
14     1946    1      0.05    0.05    1
#
#_initial_F_parms

```

```

#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_HLE
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_HL_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_LL_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_LL_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_MRIP_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_MRIP_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_HBT_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_HBT_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_C_Clsd_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_C_Clsd_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_R_Clsd_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_R_Clsd_W
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_Shr_E
0 1 0 0.01 0 99 -1 #_Shr_W
#
#_Q_setup
#_Q_type options: <0=mirror, 0=float_nobiasadj, 1=float_biasadj, 2=parm_nobiasadj, 3=parm_w_random_dev,
4=parm_w_randwalk, 5=mean_unbiased_float_assign_to_parm
#_for_env-var:_enter_index_of_the_env-var_to_be_linked
#_Den-dep env-var extra_se Q_type
0 0 0 0 #_HLE
0 0 0 0 #_HL_W
0 0 0 0 #_LL_E
0 0 0 0 #_LL_W
0 0 0 0 #_MRIP_E
0 0 0 0 #_MRIP_W
0 0 0 0 #_HBT_E
0 0 0 0 #_HBT_W
0 0 0 0 #_C_Clsd_E
0 0 0 0 #_C_Clsd_W
0 0 0 0 #_R_Clsd_E
0 0 0 0 #_R_Clsd_W
0 0 0 2 #_Shr_E
0 0 0 2 #_Shr_W
0 0 0 0 #_Video_E
0 0 0 0 #_Video_W
0 0 0 0 #_Larv_E
0 0 0 0 #_Larv_W
0 0 0 0 #_Sum_E
0 0 0 0 #_Sum_W
0 0 0 0 #_Fall_E
0 0 0 0 #_Fall_W
0 0 0 0 #_BLL_W
0 0 0 0 #_BLL_E
0 0 0 0 #_ROV_E
0 0 0 0 #_MRIP_Index_E
0 0 0 0 #_MRIP_Index_W
0 0 0 0 #_HBT_Index_E
0 0 0 0 #_HBT_Index_W
#
#_Cond 0 #_If q has random component, then 0=read one parm for each fleet with random q; 1=read a parm for each
year of index
#_Q_parms(if_any)
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
-10 20 1 1 -1 1 1 #_Shr_E
-10 20 1 1 -1 1 1 #_Shr_W
#
#_size_selex_types
#discard_options:_0=none;_1=define_retention;_2=retention&mortality;_3=all_discarded_dead
#_Pattern Discard Male Special
0 2 0 0 #_HLE
0 2 0 0 #_HL_W
0 2 0 0 #_LL_E
0 2 0 0 #_LL_W
0 2 0 0 #_MRIP_E
0 2 0 0 #_MRIP_W
0 2 0 0 #_HBT_E
0 2 0 0 #_HBT_W
0 2 0 0 #_C_Clsd_E
0 2 0 0 #_C_Clsd_W
0 2 0 0 #_R_Clsd_E
0 2 0 0 #_R_Clsd_W
0 3 0 0 #_Shr_E
0 3 0 0 #_Shr_W
0 0 0 0 #_Video_E
0 0 0 0 #_Video_W
30 0 0 0 #_Larv_E
30 0 0 0 #_Larv_W
0 0 0 0 #_Sum_E
0 0 0 0 #_Sum_W

```

```

0      0      0      0      #_Fall_E
0      0      0      0      #_Fall_W
0      0      0      0      #_BLL_W
0      0      0      0      #_BLL_E
0      0      0      0      #_ROV_E
0      0      0      0      #_MRIP_Index_E
0      0      0      0      #_MRIP_Index_W
0      0      0      0      #_HBT_Index_E
0      0      0      0      #_HBT_Index_W
#
#_age_selex_types
#_Pattern  ___ Male Special
17      0      0      0      #_HLE
17      0      0      0      #_HL_W
17      0      0      0      #_LL_E
17      0      0      0      #_LL_W
17      0      0      0      #_MRIP_E
17      0      0      0      #_MRIP_W
17      0      0      0      #_HBT_E
17      0      0      0      #_HBT_W
17      0      0      0      #_C_Clsd_E
17      0      0      0      #_C_Clsd_W
15      0      0      5      #_R_Clsd_E
15      0      0      6      #_R_Clsd_W
17      0      0      0      #_Shr_E
17      0      0      0      #_Shr_W
17      0      0      0      #_Video_E
17      0      0      0      #_Video_W
10      0      0      0      #_Larv_E
10      0      0      0      #_Larv_W
17      0      0      0      #_Sum_E
17      0      0      0      #_Sum_W
17      0      0      0      #_Fall_E
17      0      0      0      #_Fall_W
12      0      0      0      #_BLL_W
15      0      0      23     #_BLL_E
17      0      0      0      #_ROV_E
15      0      0      5      #_MRIP_Index_E
15      0      0      6      #_MRIP_Index_W
15      0      0      7      #_HBT_Index_E
15      0      0      8      #_HBT_Index_W
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR type SD PHASE env-var use_dev dev_minyr dev_maxyr dev_stddev Block Block_Fxn
10     100  15.24  15.24  -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_1P_HL_E
-1     20   1      1      -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_2P_HL_E
0      1      1      1      -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_3P_HL_E
-1     2      0      0      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_Retain_4P_HL_E
-10    10   -5     -5     -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_1P_HL_E
-1     2      1      1      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_2P_HL_E
-1     2      0.75  0.75  -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      4
2      #_DiscMort_3P_HL_E
-1     2      0      0      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_4P_HL_E
10     100  15.24  15.24  -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_1P_HL_W
-1     20   1      1      -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_2P_HL_W
0      1      1      1      -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_3P_HL_W
-1     2      0      0      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_Retain_4P_HL_W
-10    10   -5     -5     -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_1P_HL_W
-1     2      1      1      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_2P_HL_W
-1     2      0.78  0.78  -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      4
2      #_DiscMort_3P_HL_W
-1     2      0      0      -1      1      -4      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      #_DiscMort_4P_HL_W
10     100  15.24  15.24  -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_1P_LL_E
-1     20   1      1      -1      1      -3      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_2P_LL_E
0      1      1      1      -1      1      -2      0      0      0      0      0      1
2      #_Retain_3P_LL_E

```

-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_4P_LL_E										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_1P_LL_E										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_2P_LL_E										
-1	2	0.81	0.81	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	# DiscMort_3P_LL_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_4P_LL_E										
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	1
	2	# Retain_1P_LL_W										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	1
	2	# Retain_2P_LL_W										
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	1
	2	# Retain_3P_LL_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_4P_LL_W										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_1P_LL_W										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_2P_LL_W										
-1	2	0.91	0.91	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	# DiscMort_3P_LL_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_4P_LL_W										
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_1P_MRIP_E										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_2P_MRIP_E										
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_3P_MRIP_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_4P_MRIP_E										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_1P_MRIP_E										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_2P_MRIP_E										
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	# DiscMort_3P_MRIP_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_4P_MRIP_E										
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_1P_MRIP_W										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_2P_MRIP_W										
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_3P_MRIP_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_4P_MRIP_W										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_1P_MRIP_W										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_2P_MRIP_W										
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	# DiscMort_3P_MRIP_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_4P_MRIP_W										
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_1P_HBT_E										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_2P_HBT_E										
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_3P_HBT_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_4P_HBT_E										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_1P_HBT_E										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_2P_HBT_E										
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	# DiscMort_3P_HBT_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# DiscMort_4P_HBT_E										
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_1P_HBT_W										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	2
	2	# Retain_2P_HBT_W										
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	# Retain_3P_HBT_W										

-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_4P_HBT_W										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_1P_HBT_W										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_2P_HBT_W										
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_4P_HBT_W										
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_1P_C_Clsd_E										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_2P_C_Clsd_E										
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_3P_C_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_4P_C_Clsd_E										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_1P_C_Clsd_E										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_2P_C_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0.74	0.74	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_4P_C_Clsd_E										
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_1P_C_Clsd_W										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_2P_C_Clsd_W										
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_3P_C_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_4P_C_Clsd_W										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_1P_C_Clsd_W										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_2P_C_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0.87	0.87	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_4P_C_Clsd_W										
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_1P_R_Clsd_E										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_2P_R_Clsd_E										
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_3P_R_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_4P_R_Clsd_E										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_1P_R_Clsd_E										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_2P_R_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_E										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_4P_R_Clsd_E										
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_1P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_2P_R_Clsd_W										
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_3P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_Retain_4P_R_Clsd_W										
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_1P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_2P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_DiscMort_4P_R_Clsd_W										
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P2										

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P9										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P10										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P20										
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P9										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P10										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P20										
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P0										

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P9										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P10										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P20										
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P9										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P10										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P19										

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3
	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P20									
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P9									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P10									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P13									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P14									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P15									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P16									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P17									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P18									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P19									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P20									
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P9									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P10									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P13									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P14									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P15									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P16									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P17									

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P18									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P19									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P20									
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P9									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P10									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P13									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P14									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P15									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P16									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P17									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P18									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P19									
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P9									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P10									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P13									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P14									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P15									

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P16									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P17									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P18									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P19									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4
	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P20									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P9									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P10									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P13									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P14									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P15									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P16									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P17									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P18									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P19									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P20									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P0									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P1									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P2									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P3									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P4									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P5									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P6									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P7									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P8									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P9									
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P10									
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P11									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P12									
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P13									

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P2										
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P5										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P7										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P11										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P2										
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P5										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P7										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P11										

-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P20										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P9										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P10										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P20										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P9										

-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P10										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P2										
-30	0	-10	-10	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P5										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P7										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P11										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P2										
-30	0	-10	-10	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P5										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P7										

-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P11										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P2										
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P5										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P7										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P11										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P20										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P0										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P1										
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P2										
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P3										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P4										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P5										

-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P6										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P7										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P8										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P9										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P10										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P11										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P12										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P13										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P14										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P15										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P16										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P17										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P18										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P19										
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P20										
4	18	12	12	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_BLL_W_P1										
-1	5	2	2	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_BLL_W_P2										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P0										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P1										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P2										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P3										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P4										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P5										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P6										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P7										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P8										
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P9										
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P10										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P11										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P12										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P13										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P14										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P15										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P16										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P17										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P18										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P19										
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P20										
#_Cond	0	#_custom_sel-env_setup			(0/1)							
#_Cond	-2	2	0	0	-1	99	-2	#_placeholder	when	no	enviro	
	fxns											

1	#_custom_sel-blk_setup			(0/1)			
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_2007
-1	2	0.56	0.56	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HL_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_2007
-1	2	0.6	0.6	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HL_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_2007
-1	2	0.64	0.64	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_LL_E_2008

10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-6	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1995
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-6	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_2007
-1	2	0.81	0.81	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_LL_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_2000
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1985

0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_W_2008
-1	2	0.55	0.55	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_E_2008
-1	2	0.74	0.74	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_W_2008
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_E_2008
-1	2	0.11	0.11	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_W_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P4_2008

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_E_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_E_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-2	# AgeSel_LL_W_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_LL_W_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P1_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P2_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P3_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P4_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P5_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P6_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P7_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P8_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P9_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P10_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P11_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P12_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P13_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P14_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P15_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P16_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P17_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P18_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P19_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_E_P20_2007
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P1_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P2_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P3_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P4_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P5_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P6_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P7_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P8_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P9_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P10_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P11_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P12_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P13_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P14_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P15_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P16_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P17_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P18_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P19_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_MRIP_W_P20_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	# AgeSel_HBT_E_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	# AgeSel_HBT_E_P1_2007

```

-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P2_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P3_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P4_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P5_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P6_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P7_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P8_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P9_2007
-1      1      0      0      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P10_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P11_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P12_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P13_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P14_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P15_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P16_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P17_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P18_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P19_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P20_2007
-1      1      -1000      -1000      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P0_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P1_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P2_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P3_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P4_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P5_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P6_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P7_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P8_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P9_2007
-1      1      0      0      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P10_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P11_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P12_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P13_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P14_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P15_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P16_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P17_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P18_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P19_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P20_2007

#_Cond No selex parm trends
#_Cond -4 # placeholder for selparm_Dev_Phase
3 #_env/block/dev_adjust_method (1=standard; 2=logistic trans to keep in base parm bounds; 3=standard w/ no
bound check)
#
# Tag loss and Tag reporting parameters go next
0 # TG_custom: 0=no read; 1=read if tags exist
#_Cond -6 6 1 1 2 0.01 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_placeholder if no parameters
#
1 #_Variance_adjustments_to_input_values
#_fleet: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 survey: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0 #_add_to_survey_CV
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0 #_add_to_discard_stddev
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0 #_add_to_bodywt_CV
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1 #_mult_by_lencomp_N
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1 #_mult_by_agecomp_N
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1 #_mult_by_size-at-age_N
#
7 #_maxlambdaphase
1 #_sd_offset
#
0 # number of changes to make to default Lambdas (default value is 1.0)
# Like_comp codes: 1=surv; 2=disc; 3=mnwt; 4=length; 5=age; 6=SizeFreq; 7=sizeage; 8=catch;
# 9=init_equ_catch; 10=recrdev; 11=parm_prior; 12=parm_dev; 13=CrashPen; 14=Morphcomp; 15=Tag-comp; 16=Tag-
negbin
#like_comp fleet/survey phase value sizefreq_method
# 2 7 1 0.6 1
# 2 8 1 0.6 1

```

```

#
# lambdas (for info only; columns are phases)
# 0 #_CPUE/survey:_1
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_2
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_3
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_4
# 1 #_discard:_1
# 1 #_discard:_2
# 1 #_discard:_3
# 0 #_discard:_4
# 1 #_lencomp:_1
# 1 #_lencomp:_2
# 1 #_lencomp:_3
# 0 #_lencomp:_4
# 0 #_agecomp:_1
# 1 #_agecomp:_2
# 0 #_agecomp:_3
# 0 #_agecomp:_4
# 1 #_init_equ_catch
# 1 #_recruitments
# 1 #_parameter-priors
# 1 #_parameter-dev-vectors
# 1 #_crashPenLambda
0 # (0/1) read specs for more stdev reporting
# 0 1 -1 5 1 5 1 -1 5 # placeholder for selex type, len/age, year, N selex bins, Growth pattern, N growth
ages, NatAge_area(-1 for all), NatAge_yr, N Natages
# placeholder for vector of selex bins to be reported
# placeholder for vector of growth ages to be reported
# placeholder for vector of NatAges ages to be reported
999

```

3.10 Appendix C: Stock Synthesis Starter File

```

#Control file for red snapper
#Stock Synthesis Version 3.24j
rsnapper.dat
rsnapper.ctl
0 # 0=use init values in control file; 1=use ss3.par
1 # run display detail (0,1,2)
1 # detailed age-structured reports in REPORT.SSO (0,1)
0 # write detailed checkup.sso file (0,1)
0 # write parm values to ParmTrace.sso
0 # report level in CUMREPORT.SSO (0,1,2)
1 # Include prior_like for non-estimated parameters (0,1)
1 # Use Soft Boundaries to aid convergence
1 # Number of bootstrap datafiles to produce
10 # Turn off estimation for parameters entering after this phase
1000 # MCMC burn interval
100 # MCMC thin interval
0 # jitter initial parm value by this fraction
-1 # min yr for sdreport outputs (-1 for styr)
-2 # max yr for sdreport outputs (-1 for endyr; -2 for endyr+Nforecastyrs)
0 # N individual STD years
0.0001 # final convergence criteria
0 # retrospective year relative to end year
2 # min age for calc of summary biomass
1 # Depletion basis: denom is: 0=skip; 1=rel X*B0; 2=rel X*Bmsy; 3=rel X*B_styr
1 # Fraction (X) for Depletion denominator
4 # (1-SPR)_reporting: 0=skip; 1=rel(1-SPR); 2=rel(1-SPR_MSY); 3=rel(1-SPR_Btarget); 4=notrel
2 # F_std reporting: 0=skip; 1=exploit(Bio); 2=exploit(Num); 3=sum(frates)
0 # F_report_basis: 0=raw; 1=rel Fspr; 2=rel Fmsy ; 3=rel Fbtgt
999

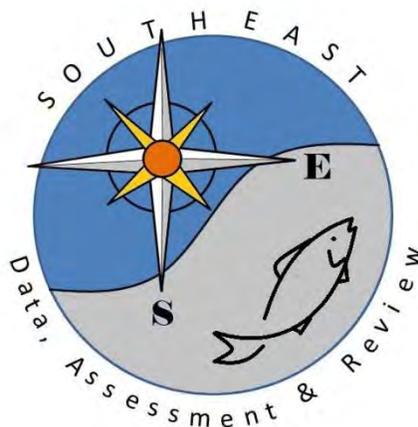
```

3.11 Appendix D: Stock Synthesis Forecast File

```

#C generic forecast file
#V3.20b
# for all year entries except rebuilder; enter either: actual year, -999 for sty, 0 for endyr, neg number for
rel.endyr
1 # Benchmarks: 0=skip; 1=calc F_spr,F_btgt,F_msy
#it calculates targets at MSY, SPR, and biomass targets all independently during model run
2 # MSY: 1= set to F(SPR); 2=calc F(MSY); 3=set to F(Btgt); 4=set to F(endyr)
0.26 # SPR target (e.g. 0.40)
0.3 # Biomass target (e.g. 0.40)
2008 2011 2008 2011 2008 2011 #_Bmark_years: beg_bio, end_bio, beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF (enter
actual year, or values of 0 or -integer to be rel. endyr) - use range of year where there was not change in any
time varying processes, i.e. time varying change in selectivity, chagne in R0, etc.
1 #Bmark_relF_Basis: 1 = use year range; 2 = set relF same as forecast below
0 # Forecast: 0=none; 1=F(SPR); 2=F(MSY) 3=F(Btgt); 4=Ave F (uses first-last relF yrs); 5=input annual F scalar
21 # N forecast years
0.2 # F scalar (only used for Do_Forecast==5)
2009 2011 2009 2011 #_Fcast_years: beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF (enter actual year, or values of 0
or -integer to be rel.endyr) # the last years to use F - typically use the last three years!
2 # Control rule method (1=catch=f(SSB) west coast; 2=F=f(SSB) ) # leave alone
0.01 # Control rule Biomass level for constant F (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.40) - leave this alone, this is west
coast thing
0.001 # Control rule Biomass level for no F (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.10) - leave this alone, this is west
coast thing
1.0 # Control rule target as fraction of Flimit (e.g. 0.75) # this is to do the F at OY - i.e. the 75 percent
of Fmsy
3 #_N forecast loops (1-3) (fixed at 3 for now) # leave alone
3 #_First forecast loop with stochastic recruitment # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #3 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #4 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #5 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
#get final 2012 landings info from data: commercial get from IFQ page, recreation may not be final and may have
to do some hole filling - get with Vivian on this.
2013 #FirstYear for caps and allocations (should be after years with fixed inputs) # thsi is the year when to
start the projections - remember triggefish, when we added the landings from the last year sicne they wanted
manamagement advice from current year
0 # stddev of log(realized catch/target catch) in forecast (set value>0.0 to cause active impl_error)
0 # Do West Coast gfish rebuilder output (0/1)
2013 # Rebuilder: first year catch could have been set to zero (Ydecl)(-1 to set to 1999)
2012 # Rebuilder: year for current age structure (Yinit) (-1 to set to endyear+1)
#this is how we allocate fishing effort and mortality with the fleets - i.e we want a fixed effort for the
shrimp fleets and constant level of closed season discards in the projections going forward - talk with Jake
about how to do this
1 # fleet relative F: 1=use first-last alloc year; 2=read seas(row) x fleet(col) below
# Note that fleet allocation is used directly as average F if Do_Forecast=4
# this will just give you retained biomass and won't have to back out the discards
3 # basis for fcast catch tuning and for fcast catch caps and allocation (2=deadbio; 3=retainbio;
5=deadnum;6=retainnum)
# Conditional input if relative F choice = 2
# Fleet relative F: rows are seasons, columns are fleets
# Fleet: FISHERY1
# 1
# max totalcatch by fleet (-1 to have no max)
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
# max totalcatch by area (-1 to have no max)
-1 -1
# fleet assignment to allocation group (enter group ID# for each fleet, 0 for not included in an alloc group)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
#_Conditional on >1 allocation group
# allocation fraction for each of: 0 allocation groups
# no allocation groups
0 # Number of forecast catch levels to input (else calc catch from forecast F)
3 # basis for input Fcast catch: 2=dead catch; 3=retained catch; 99=input Hrate(F) (units are from fleetunits;
note new codes in SSV3.20)
# Input fixed catch values
#Year Seas Fleet Catch(or_F)
#2012 1 1 112.565
#2012 1 2 68.27
#2012 1 3 48.6321
999 # verify end of input

```



SEDAR

Southeast Data, Assessment, and Review

SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

SECTION IV: Research Recommendations May 2013

SEDAR
4055 Faber Place Drive, Suite 201
North Charleston, SC 29405

Section IV: Research Recommendations

Contents

Data Workshop Research Recommendations:	3
Assessment Workshop Research Recommendations:	7
Review Workshop Research Recommendations:	8

Data Workshop Research Recommendations: Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Life History

- Review the evidence for density dependence in older ages (e.g. ages 2-3). Incorporate full age model of recruitment to examine density-dependent effect.
- Site and habitat specific comparisons from more regions of the Gulf are needed for estimation of age-0 and age-1 mortality, accounting for shelf characteristics (e.g., width, slope, depth) in tests of density-dependent variation in M and emigration.
- Broader understanding of habitat value and areal estimates of habitat (distribution—areas of trawlable vs. untrawlable bottom; more refined maps Gulf-wide etc) are needed to further inform the habitat limitation hypothesis for density dependence.
- Assess the impact of potential predation/competition for taxa of particular interest (lionfish, marine catfish, sciaenids, and red grouper). As well, investigate alternative population regulatory mechanisms including potential sources of density-independent increases in mortality and distant sources of recruitment (but see stock delineation section).
- Evaluate the potential for sea-bottom restoration or other means to expand habitat and increase survival for post-settlement red snapper.
- The LHW recommended that existing otolith archives (e.g., NOAA) be used to further investigate interpretation of increment formation based on section orientation, sample source (location), season and year. This could be conducted as a graduate student project in collaboration with agency personnel.
- Interested Academic representatives (e.g. Auburn University, University of S. Florida) should be included at Gulf States Marine Fisheries Commission sponsored otolith workshops (e.g., May 2013) to review age determinations and promote standardization.
- Based upon the results of Szedlmayer and Beyer (2011 SEDAR31-RD20), further investigation of longevity is warranted. More recent catches of older fish should allow a direct comparison to ¹⁴C coral chronologies established during the nuclear testing period and extend the age that can be directly validated (beyond 38 years in the earlier study by Baker and Wilson 2001).
- A general recommendation of the LHW is to expand design-based fishery-independent sampling to elucidate regional (i.e., eastern and western GOM) and sub-regional differences in the demographics of red snapper.
- A further recommendation is to increase random, representative sampling of the catch in order to avoid clustering effects and non-representative sampling which could lead to spurious differences in growth rates. Alternatively, and for localized- or small-scale

studies, corrections for length limits and appropriate weighting may need to be utilized to treat data gaps, missing ages and adjust for selectivity (see Chih 2012 SEDAR31-DW18).

- Future surveys should collect ovarian samples fixed in formalin for histology analysis, spawning marker fraction analysis and age/size at maturity analysis.
- Additional fecundity collections are necessary from all areas of the Gulf.
- Additional research is necessary to further clarify regional reproductive and demographic differences.
- More information is needed to understand movement of young and older adult red snapper across along shore barriers. In particular the LHW recommends a large scale tagging study focused west and east of the Mississippi River.
- Telemetry versus tagging approaches need to be expanded and evaluated according to shelf characteristics; e.g. cross compared in areas with little natural hard bottom habitat (yet high artificial reefs) versus areas with relatively high areal coverage of hard bottom and with more dispersed artificial reefs.
- The LHW recommends a workshop or research symposia be convened to synthesize results and assess methodology for estimating red snapper movements and home range.
- In order to reduce measurement error in the future, the LHW recommends that port agents, observers and field scientists record maximum total length for red snapper.

Commercial Fishery Statistics

Landings

- Revisit how the historical landings were constructed.
- Explore ways to ensure that IFQ and trip ticket landings match.
- Apportion landings accordingly in ALS for TX landings with missing gear.

Discards

- Add species to discard logbook form.
- Provide better instructions on how to complete the discard logbook.
- Consider and use relevant input from external review of observer program.
- Social and economic impacts on fisher behavior in terms of fish discards.
- Better determine available allocation to vessels on a given trip.

Length/Age

- Standardize length and age data formats from various data sources.
- Build age databases with Trip ID number for FL and FIN data.
- Evaluate how to handle catch at age of non-representative age samples.

Recreational Fishery Statistics

- Evaluate the technique used to apply sample weights to landings. Investigate the SEFSC
- Method by analyzing the order of variables in the hierarchy and the minimum number of fish used. Furthermore, evaluate alternative methods, including a meta-analysis of the existing information from difference sources, areas, states, surveys, etc. that could be performed.
- Develop methods to identify angler preference and targeted effort. Require a reef fish stamp for anglers targeting reef fish, pelagic stamp for migratory species, and deep-water complex stamp for deep-water species. The program would be similar to the federal duck stamp required of hunters and could help managers identify what anglers were fishing for.
- Continue and expand fishery dependent at sea observer surveys to collect discard information. This would help to validate self-reported headboat discard rates.
- Track Texas commercial and recreational discards.
- Estimate variances associated with the headboat program.
- Evaluate existing and new methods to estimate historical landings. Hind-casting of red snapper landings is complicated by a lack of reliable historical effort data. To get at estimating historical effort, analysts could track consumables (gas, ice, bait) to develop price indices.
- Investigate how CPUE changes over time due to technological advances and changes in fishing practices.

Measures of Population Abundance

The following are research recommendations that may improve the utility (precision) of the SEAMAP larval index for red snapper.

- Expand the use of molecular genetics to identify the smallest and most abundant snapper larvae in SEAMAP samples that cannot be positively identified as red snapper because diagnostic morphological characters are not yet developed.
- Begin directed sampling for fish eggs on SEAMAP summer trawl and fall plankton surveys using vertical nets hauls. The protocols for fish egg sampling have been established by NMFS/SWFSC scientists and are in use on the west coast. Fish egg collections are easy to make and take little additional sampling time. The eggs in these samples would have to be identified genetically but the protocols for genetic identification of red snapper eggs have been worked out by Frank Hernandez and Keith Bayha at DISL. The results of their MARFIN funded project using CUFES samples from our SEAMAP Fall Plankton surveys are impressive and significant. They produced maps of red snapper egg (i.e. spawning) distribution over the entire Gulfwide survey area.

- Estimates of egg abundance data coupled with the updated reproduction parameters (spawning frequency and fecundity) generated by NMFS scientists at the Panama City Lab could eventually be used to produce an actual spawning biomass estimate for red snapper.
- Continue aging red snapper larvae from SEAMAP samples to improve the age-length relationship (key). This should improve the precision of the SEAMAP larval abundance index that is now based on a single age class of larvae across years.
- Produce a SEAMAP larval index based on the abundance of red snapper larvae captured during SEAMAP summer shrimp/groundfish surveys (past and present). This survey has for a number of years now been expanded to include the entire northern Gulf of Mexico shelf. The data from summer months (i.e. during peak red snapper spawning months) could be a far better indication of spawning production than data from the end of season from which the current SEAMAP larval index is derived.
- Explore the utility of a larval red snapper index based on a comprehensive modeling approach that includes all SEAMAP stations (regardless of how many times they have been sampled over the time series) and both sampling gears, i.e. neuston and bongo samples. There are other likely explanatory variables (e.g., salinity) that could ultimately improve the index.

Discard Mortality Rate

Future surveys, at minimum, should be structured around quarterly sampling, collect water temperature profile data, reflect the range of depths associated with the fishery, and strive to calculate season and depth specific estimates. Due to the limited number of experiments evaluating the relationship between thermal stress and release mortality, it is strongly encouraged that investigators measure and report water temperatures and thermocline profiles associated with capture. More studies evaluating the use of bottom release devices are also needed. Future discard observation surveys should collect frequency data regarding specific barotraumas incurred and loss of reflex response, because similar relationships could be developed as better techniques are developed to measure the delayed mortality component. Experiments estimating impairment scaling, and both immediate and delayed mortality, would be particularly useful so that a relationship among components could be developed and historical immediate release mortality estimates could potentially be adjusted.

**Assessment Workshop Research Recommendations:
Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper**

None provided.

Review Workshop Research Recommendations: Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Below, the RW Panel highlights research recommendations they feel should be emphasized, and provides new recommendations partly based on assessment methodology and results.

Age and Mortality

The RW Panel recommends that research effort be focused on the issue of ageing error, both within and among ageing facilities. A more comprehensive analysis of ageing error should permit its inclusion in the SS3 model.

There appeared to be some confusion in the DW report as to the purpose of and resultant data from bomb radiocarbon analysis of otoliths. This method is a means to evaluate the estimated birthdate of a fish relative to the $\Delta^{14}\text{C}$ preserved in other aragonitic structures, such as corals. Radioactive ^{14}C was enriched in oceanic waters in the late 1950s and early 1960s following above ground nuclear weapons testing. Coral skeletons, for example, reflect this enrichment by having peak $\Delta^{14}\text{C}$ values in skeletons formed during the early to mid 1960s and then declines thereafter. If opaque zones in otoliths are formed annually, then fish estimated to have birthdates in the early 1960s should have similar high $\Delta^{14}\text{C}$ values at the core of their otoliths. Other radio chemistry validation techniques, such as $^{210}\text{Pb}/^{226}\text{Ra}$ dating, provide estimates of absolute fish age; bomb radiocarbon analysis only provides a relative age estimate but can be used to validate opaque zone formation. Both of these age validation techniques have been applied to red snapper, along with other validation and verification techniques. In fact, no other marine fish has been the subject of as many different age validation/verification studies as red snapper. Results of these studies are overwhelming: opaque zones in red snapper otoliths are formed annually.

Growth

The RW Panel recommends further analysis on the growth function fit to size at age data from 2003-11. The fitted model included in the assessment tends to overestimate size at age for fish <5 yr, overestimate size at age for fish 5-10 yr, and underestimate size at age for fish >20 yr. Part of this results from the manner in which the model accounts for variable size limits through time. However, the RW Panel expressed concern whether some of the observed variability in size at age in the data resulted from ageing error between laboratories. In the future, modeling growth with a random effects approach may be more appropriate.

Population Structure

The RW Panel reiterates various research recommendations focused on the population structure of Gulf red snapper. Hydrographic models should continue to be employed to estimate potential larval dispersal within the US Gulf, between the eastern and western Gulf, and on smaller spatial scales. A large-scale conventional tagging study might be useful to examine post-settlement mixing both between the eastern and western Gulf and within these areas. Lastly, advances in restriction-site-associated-DNA (RAD) sequencing mean that much more powerful genetic population structure analysis is now possible relative to historical mitochondrial DNA or microsatellite DNA approaches previously applied to Gulf red snapper.

Discard Mortality

Estimation of dead discards is a product of the number of discards and the discard mortality rate, both of which are highly uncertain for red snapper. Observer data in the shrimp trawl and directed commercial fisheries enable estimates of the magnitude of discards. There are much more limited data available in the recreational fishery to estimate the magnitude of discards. There are some observer-based estimates available for the headboat and charter boat sectors, but efforts to collect those data should be expanded. Reliance on self-reported discards in the MRIP to estimate discards in the private recreational sector is problematic with no clear solution. Electronic reporting through smart-phone applications does provide for instantaneous reporting of discards, but the process involved remains reliant on self-reporting which has been shown to be biased in other sectors where both self-reporting and observer-based estimates of discards are available.

Further research appears warranted with respect to estimating the magnitude of discards among fishery sectors, as well as providing more robust estimates of post-release mortality. Few of the existing discard mortality studies address the issue of depredation on released fish and that should be a focus moving forward. Several existing lines of research indicate chronic effects of barotrauma which may lead to mortality are pervasive in released red snapper, and that studies which simply examine surface condition or submergence of released fish may grossly underestimate release mortality. Therefore, a focus moving forward should be on conducting studies that examine both depredation on released fish and chronic versus acute mortality caused by catch and release.

Episodic Mortality Events

Episodic events have the potential to impact red snapper population ecology in the northern Gulf of Mexico. Among recent and ongoing events that have this potential are hypoxia associated with plumes of the Mississippi and other northern Gulf rivers, harmful algal blooms, particularly along the west Florida shelf, and the Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill (DHOS). Potential impacts of the DHOS were discussed during the RW but little work had been done attempting to examine potential impacts in either the DW or AW. In fact the words “Deepwater Horizon” appear only once in the DW Report and never in the AW Report. Part of this issue may stem from the fact that if potential impacts were restricted to recruitment effects then an assessment model would not capture that signal until affected cohorts moved into the fishery. Future assessments of Gulf red snapper should be conducted with the explicit goal of attempting to model any enduring DHOS effects.

Recommendation for Research on Improvement of the SS Model

The RW Panel recommends changing the model’s code to enable separate sets of SR parameters to be estimated for the different population subunits.

Recommendations for Improvement of the SEDAR Process

The third charge included in RW TOR number 6 is to provide recommendations on possible ways to improve the SEDAR process. Improvements should include:

- The most critical need is for timeliness in completion of tasks and reports. The SEDAR process is complex and demanding, involving scientists with diverse areas of specialization and including a large array of issues and concerns. Completion of work requirements on schedule is challenging and demanding, but the more closely that deadlines are met, the more efficient and productive the process can be.
- More standardization of report format would be helpful. Sections of reports are written by different individuals and groups, all of which have their own writing styles and preferences, but content of reports would be improved if each workgroup provided summaries of their results and conclusions, enumerated or in paragraph form. In addition, a more uniform identification of procedural and research issues, presented at the end of each workgroup section would be informative. Proposals and rationale for further study have potential for moving forward directly on problems that are recognized as especially important.
- Given that the AW analyzes the extant databases for the species under consideration, the group would be well placed to be critically aware of additional data needs. Recommendations for future research could profitably be a standard part of their SEDAR report.

Guidance on key improvements in data and modeling approaches which should be considered when scheduling the next assessment:

The RW Panel expressed serious concerns regarding the amount of time allotted for review of this assessment. As noted above, the AW Report was provided to the RW Panel on Friday, April 26th for a RW beginning on Monday, April 29th. Furthermore, the AW Report had not been reviewed by the AW Panel. The AW Report was incomplete, contained errors, and the documentation of the model inadequate for a thorough review.

The RW Panel recommends that given the data and model complexities inherently associated with stock assessment of Gulf red snapper, more realistic timelines be considered for the next assessment.

Addendum to the Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper Assessment

SEDAR 31

NOAA Southeast Fisheries Science Center

5/18/2013

Updated: 5/23/2013

Contents

1 Stock Synthesis 27

1.1 Overview 27

1.2 Data Sources 27

1.3 Model Configuration and Equations 28

1.4 Parameters Estimated 32

1.5 Model Convergence 32

1.6 Uncertainty and Measures of Precision 33

1.7 Sensitivity Analysis 33

1.8 Retrospective Analysis 34

1.9 Benchmark/Reference Point Methods 35

1.10 Projection Methods 35

2 Model Results 37

2.1 Fits to Landings 37

2.2 Fits to Discards 37

2.3 Fits to Indices 38

2.4 Fits to Age composition 40

2.5 Parameter estimates & associated measures of uncertainty 40

2.6 Fishery Selectivity 40

2.7 Recruitment 41

2.8 Stock Biomass 42

2.9 Fishing Mortality 42

2.10 Sensitivity Analyses 43

2.11 Retrospective Analyses 44

2.12 Benchmarks/Reference points 44

3 Projections 44

4 Acknowledgements 45

5 References 45

6 Tables 46

7 Figures 97

Appendix A: Stock Synthesis Data Input File 236

Appendix B: Stock Synthesis Control File 273
Appendix C: Stock Synthesis Starter File..... 292
Appendix D: Stock Synthesis Forecast File..... 293

1 Stock Synthesis

1.1 Overview

The primary assessment model selected for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock evaluation assessment was Stock Synthesis (Methot 2010) version 3.24p (beta). Stock Synthesis (SS) is an integrated statistical catch-at-age model which is widely used for stock assessments in the United States and throughout the world. SS takes relatively unprocessed input data and incorporates many of the important processes (mortality, selectivity, growth, etc.) that operate in conjunction to produce observed catch, size and age composition and CPUE indices. In addition, SS can incorporate time series of environmental data. Because many of these inputs are correlated, the concept behind SS is that they should be modeled together, which helps to ensure that uncertainties in the input data are properly accounted for in the assessment. SS has the ability to incorporate an early, data poor time period for which only catch data are available and a more recent, data-rich time period for which indices of abundance and length and age-length or age composition observations are available. Descriptions of SS algorithms and options are available in the SS user's manual (Methot 2010) and at the NOAA Fisheries Toolbox website (<http://nft.nefsc.noaa.gov/>).

The SS parametric bootstrap procedure (Methot R.D. 2011) was used to characterize the uncertainty in final model estimates and projections of future catches for a variety of alternative scenarios recommended by the Assessment (AW) and Review Workshop (RW) Panels.

The r4ss software (www.cran.r-project.org/web/packages/r4ss/index.html) was utilized extensively to develop various graphics for the SS outputs and also was used to summarize various SS output files and to conduct the parametric bootstrap analyses.

1.2 Data Sources

The SS model was fitted to landings, discards, age composition observations, and indices of abundance. Annual landings from the commercial and recreational fishing sector were input into the model, with commercial landings in metric tons and recreational landings in numbers (thousands of fish). Discards from the commercial and recreational fishing fleets were also input in numbers (thousands of fish). Annual estimates of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery (expressed as dead discards in thousands of fish) were estimated; however, there was a large amount of uncertainty in these annual estimates. As a result, the estimated annual median across the entire time series was used in conjunction with an annual time series of shrimp effort to allow the model to estimate shrimp bycatch (see further description in next section below).

Standardized indices of relative abundance from both fishery dependent and independent data sources were included in the model. The fishery dependent indices came from the commercial handline fleet, recreational headboat, and recreational private/for hire sectors. Fishery independent indices came from the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey, SEAMAP reef fish video survey, NMFS bottom longline survey, and the SEAMAP plankton survey.

Finally, age composition information was available from both fishery dependent and independent sources. Fishery dependent age composition came from the commercial handline and longline fleets, shrimp fishery bycatch, and the recreational headboat and charter/for hire fleets. Fishery

independent age composition came from the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey, SEAMAP reef fish video survey, NMFS bottom longline survey, and from the combined remotely operated vehicle (ROV) survey. All age composition distributions were from direct aging of fish by measuring otoliths, except observations from the combined ROV survey, the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, the commercial shrimp bycatch, and the SEAMAP bottom trawl survey. The combined ROV survey and SEAMAP reef fish video survey age observations were converted to age from length distributions using an age-length key. The age-length keys that were used to make these conversions were compiled using all direct aging data across all years for each area (east and west of the Mississippi River). The shrimp bycatch and SEAMAP groundfish trawl survey age composition data were developed through visual inspection of modes in the length composition data.

1.3 Model Configuration and Equations

The initial set up of the SS model was based off of the configuration of the last stock assessment model for red snapper, CATCHEM, in an effort to replicate model results and alleviate concern about differences in modeling platform affecting the assessment results. Like this base model, CATCHEM was age-structured and modeled red snapper as two separate stocks in the Gulf of Mexico: one stock east and the other stock west of the Mississippi River. The SEDAR 31 Data Workshop (DW) report provides information on the rationale behind the two-stock hypothesis. As a result, all input data series are split into east and west components.

Throughout the stock assessment process, various model configurations were tried with SS which included incorporating length data and age-length keys (age conditional on length) into the model; however, these length-based models revealed systematic bias in the fits to the age at length data that could not be resolved in the time frame of the assessment. A similar issue arose in a recent Pacific Hake stock assessment, where a similar decision was made to proceed with an age-based model over an age at length-based model (Richard Methot 2013, Personal Communication). The base model for this assessment represented red snapper age classes from age zero through age 20, where age 20 is a plus group. An age estimation error matrix, based on reader precision analyses, was available for those fleets and surveys for which we had direct age observations from otoliths. Stock Synthesis has the ability to use this information in the model as a source of error. The RW Panel considered model runs that incorporated aging error, but ultimately decided that the available age error matrix did not fully represent the true age estimation error, which likely varies over time and across fleets/surveys. Although no aging error was included in the base model, a sensitivity run was made with the aging error.

The time series in the model started in 1872, when the stock was assumed to be in a virgin, unfished state. The terminal year of data was 2011. The SEDAR 31 DW provides details and a characterization of the fisheries for red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico since the late 1800s. Recreational fishery removals were available since 1981 and were hindcast from 1950 to 1980 by the SEDAR 31 DW. It was generally thought that recreational removals of red snapper prior to 1955 were not large. Shrimp discards were available since 1972.

Fourteen fishing fleets and fifteen fishery independent surveys were set up in SS to represent the red snapper fishery. The fishing fleets in the model were separated into east and west and included the commercial handline and longline, recreational headboat and private/charter fleets,

the shrimp bycatch fleet, a commercial closed season fleet, and a recreational closed season fleet. The commercial and recreational closed season fleets were incorporated to represent fishery discards for those years when strict closed seasons were in place for each sector, in addition to the component of the commercial fishing fleet since 2007 that has had no red snapper IFQ allocation. Age composition data exist for the commercial closed season fishery (SEDAR 2013; Section 2.5.1) with which to estimate a selectivity pattern. No such age composition data exists for the recreational closed season fishery, therefore the recreational closed season fishery selectivity pattern was set to mirror the selectivity pattern of the private/charter fishery.

The fishery independent surveys that were incorporated were the SEAMAP video survey, SEAMAP larval survey, SEAMAP summer and fall groundfish trawl, NMFS bottom longline, and the combined ROV survey. In addition, the recreational private/charter and headboat indices of abundance were specified in SS as though they were fishery-independent surveys and not assigned directly to their corresponding fishing fleets because the indices were constructed using a censored regression to account for changes in the bag limit over time. The censored regression approach used data on landed catch for the entire time series; however, this time series included years when there were bag limits. The censored regression algorithm infers the distribution of catch per unit effort (CPUE) from the censored distributions of landings per unit effort for years when the bag limits were in effect, essentially assuming that any legal-sized red snapper would have been retained if the bag limit had not been in effect (because red snapper are highly-valued recreational fish). As a result, the final recreational indices actually represent total catch (retained + discarded fish). The SS program is configured such that fishery-dependent indices of abundance are assumed to represent retained catch only and fishery-independent surveys are assumed to represent total catch. Therefore, the recreational indices were specified as fishery-independent surveys, because they indexed total catch (removals and discards), but they were linked to the recreational fleets by mirroring the selectivity patterns of those fleets.

A special index that is incorporated into the model is an index of shrimp effort. As mentioned above in Section 1.1.2, this information is used by the model in conjunction with the median value from the time series (1972-2011) of annual shrimp bycatch estimates to estimate annual levels of shrimp bycatch. While annual estimates of shrimp bycatch do exist, they are highly uncertain, with large coefficients of variation. Therefore, we have more confidence in the estimate of the overall median level of shrimp bycatch across the time series than we do in the annual bycatch estimates. In order to inform the model of the trend over time, we use the shrimp effort time series (1946-2011), in which we have greater confidence than the annual bycatch estimates. In the estimation process, a catchability parameter (Q) is used to scale the effort series to the estimate of bycatch. Since shrimp bycatch was input as the median estimate across 1972-2011 (i.e., as a super year), the model estimates annual values of shrimp bycatch for 1946-2011, and fits the median of the 1972-2011 annual estimates to the observed 1972-2011 median shrimp bycatch.

The weight-length relationship, the maturity schedule, fecundity estimates, natural mortality vector, and growth were all reevaluated during the assessment workshop, and are described in the assessment report (SEDAR 2013). All of these values were incorporated into the base model as fixed parameters and these processes were not estimated. In SS, when fish recruit at the real age of 0.0, the body size at length is set equal to the lower edge of the first population bin (L_{bin} ;

fixed at 8-cm maximum total length). Then, individuals grow linearly until they reach a real age equal to the input value of A_{min} (growth age for L_{min}) and have a size equal to the L_{min} . Then, as fish advance in age, the size at age is then characterized according to a von Bertalanffy growth equation. The value of A_{min} was fixed at 0.75. The L_{min} value was set equal to the length at A_{min} from the growth curve described in the assessment report (SEDAR 2013; Section 2.1.2). L_{max} was specified as equivalent to L_{∞} .

For all fleets and surveys except the NMFS bottom longline survey, age-specific selectivity parameters were specified for each age using a random walk approach. In this approach, the age-specific selectivity parameters represent the rate of change from the selectivity value for the previous age. For some of the age classes within a given fleet or survey, selectivity was set equal to selectivity for the previous age by fixing the rate of change equal to zero. For example, the selectivity parameters for ages three and older of the SEAMAP groundfish surveys were fixed at zero because no red snapper older than age 2 are caught in the surveys. The only fleet that did not use this random walk function was the NMFS bottom longline survey, which was estimated using a two parameter logistic function, because all older ages of red snapper are assumed to be vulnerable to this survey. In some cases, the selectivity for one fleet was set equal to the estimated selectivity for another fleet – this is referred to as mirroring selectivity. In the base model, the selectivity pattern for the NMFS bottom longline survey in the east was mirrored off of that in the west, due to the low sample sizes of age compositions in the east. In addition, as mentioned above, the recreational closed season fisheries assume that fisher selectivity is the same as during the open season for the private/charter fishery, the difference being that no red snapper are retained during the closed season. Note that for the commercial closed season fisheries, the assumption is that selectivity during the true closed season period (i.e., prior to IFQs in 2007) is the same as selectivity for fishers with no IFQ allocation during the IFQ period. This assumption is necessary because we only have discard age or size data from the observer program for the period when IFQs were also in place. Finally, since the recreational indices were specified as surveys, they mirrored the selectivity patterns of their respective fisheries.

Several time-varying processes were included in the base model in order to account for the way changes to fishing regulations might alter fishing behavior. The time varying processes that were explored include changes in selectivity, catchability, discard mortality rates, retention, distribution of recruits between areas, and productivity. In order to account for these changes, four patterns of time blocks were established. The first pattern allowed the retention rate parameters for the commercial fleets to vary among five time blocks to accommodate changes in commercial fishing size limit regulations: 1872 to 1984, 1985 to 1993, 1994, 1995 to 2006, and 2007 to 2011. The second pattern similarly allowed the retention rate parameters for the recreational fleets to vary among five time blocks to accommodate changes in recreational fishing size limit regulations: 1872 to 1984, 1985 to 1993, 1994, 1995 to 1999, and 2000 to 2011. The third pattern allowed the selection and catchability parameters for each of the commercial fleets to vary among two time blocks to represent the implementation of the commercial IFQ program: 1872 to 2006 and 2007 to 2011. Finally, the fourth pattern allowed the selection and catchability parameters for each of the recreational fleets to vary among two time blocks to represent the implementation of the circle hook requirement for the recreational fishery: 1872 to 2007 and 2008 to 2011.

Changes in selectivity and catchability were explored to account for the switch to circle hooks in the recreational fishery, and to account for the switch to an IFQ system in the commercial fishery. A change in discard mortality rates was included to account for changes in venting practices, which were shown to have a significant effect on discard mortality rates (SEDAR 2013; Section 2.7). Various models were constructed early on to test the effect of incorporating these time varying processes on model fit. Akaike's Information Criteria corrected for small sample sizes (AICc) was used to determine which time varying process, or combination of processes, provided the best model fit (**Table 1.1.3.1**). These results support the study that was done prior to the AW which showed that the change to circle hooks was mainly manifested as a change in selectivity, not catchability (SEDAR 31-AW-4). As a result, the final base model contains time-varying discard mortality and time-varying selectivity.

Retention curves were used to account for discards that resulted from the implementation of minimum size regulations. The retention function was specified as a four parameter logistic function. For the early years of the time series, where discard age composition data were not available, these parameters were not estimated in the base model and the logistic function parameters were fixed to represent knife-edged retention at the minimum size limit. Retention function parameters varied over time as the size limits changed. For fleets and size limit time periods where discard age composition data were available (i.e., commercial handline east and west and long line east for 2007-2011, and headboat east for 2000-2011), the inflection point and asymptote of the retention functions were estimated. Attempts to estimate the slopes of the retention functions resulted in poor model convergence.

Although the red snapper SS model contained two areas (east and west of the Mississippi River), the model only estimates one stock recruitment relationship for the entire Gulf of Mexico. Annually estimated recruits are then allocated to each area using an annually-varying rate coefficient according to the following equation, where in the red snapper model, there are two parameters, p , one for each area, one which is fixed at zero and the other which is estimated:

$$\text{rate}_i = e^{p_i} / \sum_{j=1}^N e^{p_j}$$

The recruitment distribution parameter was allowed to vary over time according to a white noise model (i.e., annual deviations around the baseline parameter value) from 1972-2011 (i.e., the data rich period of the assessment).

The model tended to estimate values for the steepness parameter near its maximum of 1.0. This was consistent with previous assessments, leading the AW Panel to recommend fixing steepness at 0.99. It was noted that fixing the steepness near 1.0 in conjunction with a time-varying recruitment distribution parameter approximates the independent recruitment that is thought to exist between the eastern and western stocks. Estimated recruitments in the early data poor period of the assessment were consistently lower than recruitments from the later data rich period, which might suggest a change in productivity over time. Therefore, the parameter controlling recruitment at virgin levels (R_0) was estimated as a time-varying process for two blocks of the time series: one prior to 1984 and another from 1984 to the present. The time-varying component was accomplished by estimating a multiplicative adjustment to the R_0

parameter. Incorporating a time-varying R_0 allows us to use the more recent estimate of stock productivity in the projections and the calculation of reference points. This apparent change in productivity was acknowledged and accounted for in the SEDAR 7 (2005) and 2009 SEDAR 7 Update Assessment, where a stock-recruitment relationship calculated for the most recent years (i.e., 1984 forward) was used for projections and reference point calculations. The σ_R parameter, which represents the standard deviation of the log of recruitment, was fixed at 0.3. This parameter has two related roles: it penalizes deviations from the spawner-recruitment curve, and it defines the offset between the arithmetic mean spawner-recruitment curve (as calculated from log (R_0) and steepness) and the expected geometric mean (which is the basis from which the deviations are calculated). Due to the inclusion of time-varying R_0 , setting σ_R at higher values (e.g., 0.6) led to biologically implausible results, likely because the model was then allowed too much flexibility in estimating recruitment deviations.

SS is hard-coded to model recruits as age 0 fish. Annual deviations from the stock-recruit function were estimated in SS as a vector of deviations forced to sum to zero. SS assumes a lognormal error structure for recruitment. Consequently, expected recruitments were bias adjusted. Methot (2010) recommends that the full bias adjustment only be applied to data-rich years in the assessment; therefore, no bias adjustment was applied prior to 1985, when only catch data are available. This is done so SS will apply the full bias-correction only to those recruitment deviations that have enough data to inform the model about the full range of recruitment variability (Methot 2011). Full bias adjustment was used from 1990 to 2005 when age composition data are available. Bias adjustment was phased in linearly from no bias adjustment prior to 1985 to full bias adjustment in 1990. Bias adjustment was phased out over the last six years (2006-2011), linearly decreasing from full bias adjustment in 2005 to no bias adjustment in 2011, because the age composition data contained little information on younger year classes for those years. The years selected for full bias adjustment were estimated following the methods of Methot and Taylor (2011).

In the base model run, age composition data were weighted by the number of fish observed, with sample sizes capped at 200 fish to prevent the model fitting the age compositions to the exclusion of the indices of abundance. Indices of abundance were weighted by the log-scale standard deviations estimated as part of the index standardization process. Uninformative uniform priors were assigned to all model parameters, except for the random walk selectivity parameters which were assigned normal priors to smooth selectivity between ages. The SS input files are presented in Appendices A-D.

1.4 Parameters Estimated

Table 1.1.4.1 provides a listing of the parameters of primary importance estimated and held fixed in SS. Results include predicted parameter values, standard errors from SS, initial parameter values, minimum and maximum values a parameter could take, and prior densities assigned to parameters.

1.5 Model Convergence

The ability of the model to find a global minimum was evaluated using an internal SS parameter “jitter” option which randomly changes the input parameter by a specified value. A jitter value of 10% was input for this assessment and 100 runs were made. The purpose in changing the

parameter starting values across numerous model runs is to explore the model's ability to reach a global solution (i.e., minima) when starting at different places along the likelihood space.

1.6 Uncertainty and Measures of Precision

Uncertainty in parameter estimates was quantified by computing asymptotic standard errors for each parameter (Table 1.4.1). Asymptotic standard errors are calculated by inverting the Hessian matrix (i.e., the matrix of second derivatives) after the model fitting process. Asymptotic standard errors provide a minimum estimate of uncertainty in parameter values.

Uncertainty in parameter estimates was further investigated using a parametric bootstrap approach. Bootstrapping is a standard technique used to estimate confidence intervals for model parameters or other quantities of interest. In SS, there is a built-in option to create bootstrapped data-sets. This feature performs a parametric bootstrap using the error assumptions and sample sizes from the input data to generate new observations about the fitted model expectations. The model was refit to 1000 bootstrapped data-sets and the distribution of the parameter estimates was used to represent the uncertainty in the parameters and derived quantities of interest.

1.7 Sensitivity Analysis

Uncertainty in data inputs and model configuration assumptions was examined through various sensitivity analyses. In all, results of 15 separate SS3 sensitivity model runs and 4 retrospective model runs are included in this report describing the initial SS model configuration, sensitivity analyses, data exclusions, and reweighting runs conducted to evaluate a) sensitivity to parameter inputs (steepness), b) sensitivity to data inputs (M level, discard mortality, age error, data inclusions), and c) model component weighting. Over the course of the stock assessment, many additional sensitivity analyses were explored. Those runs that best explored the sensitivity of key model parameters and/or demonstrated discord (or agreement) in model estimates between runs are presented here. Table 1.7.1 describes the SS Base Model run and all the alternative sensitivity analyses made for the stock assessment.

Sensitivity runs to parameter inputs included varying steepness and estimating time-varying steepness. Sensitivity runs evaluating data inputs included high and low natural mortality, high and low discard mortality, incorporating aging error (i.e. reader precision), index exclusion, and the start year of the model. Finally, sensitivity runs were also made that considered different model component weightings.

A complete characterization of all the sensitivity and alternative models explored for the stock assessment are listed below and further detailed in Table 1.7.1:

Run 1: Base Model – Model configured as described in Section 1.3.

Run 2: M High – Set age zero M equal to 3.5 and age one M equal to 2.0. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 3: M Low – Set age zero M equal to 1.0 and age one M equal to 0.6. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 4: Density Dependent M – Set shrimp selectivity for age 0 equal to 1.0 (i.e. fully selected) and 0.0 for all other ages. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 5: Steepness fixed at 0.8. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 6: Set the Beverton-Holt spawner recruit equation σ_R parameter equal to 0.6. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 7: Time Varying Steepness – Steepness estimated for two time blocks, 1872 through 1983, and 1984 through 2011. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 8: High discard mortality – Added 20% of base model discard mortality to the base model discard mortality rates. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 9: Low discard mortality – Subtracted 20% of base model discard mortality from the base model discard mortality rates. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 10: Incorporate Age Reader Error – incorporate vector of reader precision estimates at age. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 11: Set start year of model equal to 1964. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 12: Removed the 1972 SEAMAP Fall Groundfish Survey index data values. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 13: Removed all fishery dependent indices from the model. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 14: Incorporated estimates of deaths due to explosive oil rig removals into the model. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 15: Increased weighting of the age composition data by increasing the maximum effective sample size to 1,000. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

Run 16: Increased weighting of the indices by rescaling the log-scale standard errors for each index to a mean of 0.1. All other model inputs were configured as in the Base Model.

1.8 Retrospective Analysis

A retrospective analysis was conducted to look for systematic bias in estimates of key model output quantities over time. For this analysis, the base model was refit while sequentially dropping the last four years of data from the assessment (i.e., 2011, 2010-2011, 2009-2011, and 2008-2011). The retrospective analysis could only be extended back to 2007, because closed season age composition data were not available prior to 2007.

1.9 Benchmark/Reference Point Methods

Various stock status benchmarks and reference points are calculated in SS. The user can select reference points based on maximum sustainable yield (MSY), spawning potential ratio (SPR), and spawning stock biomass (SSB). Stock Synthesis calculates SPR as the equilibrium spawning biomass per recruit that would result from a given selectivity pattern and fishing intensity. For SPR-based reference points, SS searches for an F that will produce the specified level of spawning biomass per recruit relative to the un-fished value. For spawning biomass-based reference points, SS searches for an F that produces the specified level of spawning biomass relative to the un-fished value. Both MSY and spawning biomass-based reference points are dependent on the stock-recruit relationship. In the present case, the steepness was estimated to be near the maximum of 1.0, which implies there is little relationship between the number of eggs produced by the adult stock and the subsequent recruitment of young fish to the population. In that case, the MSY reference points computed by the SS model are equivalent to those that maximize the yield per recruit (hereafter referred to with the subscripts MAX).

The previous Gulf of Mexico red snapper benchmark assessment (SEDAR 7) and subsequent updates defined the MSY proxy as the level that would produce an SPR of 26%, where the maximum fishing mortality threshold (MFMT) = $F_{26\%SPR}$ and the minimum stock size threshold (MSST) was defined as the equilibrium SSB at $F_{26\%SPR}$ multiplied by $1-M$ (where in the present case M equals 0.086).

The AW and RW Panels also discussed the alternative proxy for MSY based on the level of fishing that maximizes the yield per recruit (F_{MAX}). An important nuance, however, is that closed season discards and shrimp bycatch are not likely to change in the same way as directed landings. Following the logic used after SEDAR 7, the F_{MAX} benchmark used here is the level of fishing by the directed fleets, given 2011 rates of shrimp bycatch and closed season discarding, that would produce the SPR associated with F_{MAX} when all sources of fishing mortality may be changed in the same proportions (including shrimp bycatch and closed season discards). In the present case, the level of SPR corresponding to F_{MAX} in the base model is 20%; however, this value varies across the alternative model runs. For this reason, the appellation F_{MAX} is used to represent the alternative proxy for MSY discussed above, with the understanding that it is computed based on achieving the equivalent SPR with 2011 mortality rates due to shrimp bycatch and closed season discarding.

The biomass status indicator is defined as $SSB_{Current} / MSST$, and the fishing mortality status indicator is defined as $F_{Current} / MFMT$. $F_{Current}$ is defined as the 2009-2011 geometric mean F . $SSB_{Current}$ is defined as the 2011 SSB.

1.10 Projection Methods

Projections were run to evaluate stock status and associated yields for a range of fishing mortality rate scenarios. Projections were run from 2013 to 2032 for four model configurations:

1. Base (Run 1)
2. High M (Run 2)

3. Low M (Run 3)
4. Upweighted Indices Scenario (Run 16).

Projections were run assuming that selectivity, discarding rates, and retention were the same as the three most recent years (2009-2011). For the deterministic projections, annual recruitment deviations were not estimated for the forecast years. Forecast recruitments are derived from the model estimated Beverton-Holt stock-recruitment relationship, based on the recent time period (i.e., 1984-2011). Recruitment allocation between the two stocks for the forecast years was set equal to the average recruitment allocation of the recent stock-recruitment period (1984-2011) (65% West, 35% East). The catch allocation used for the projections reflects the average distribution of fishing intensity among fleets during 2009-2011. The terminal year of data for the stock assessment was 2011; therefore, in order to initialize the projection at 2013, 2012 landings data for the eight directed fleets were input into the model. For the six bycatch and discard fleets, removals for 2012 were assumed to be equal to removals in 2011. For each of the fishing mortality rate scenarios, exploitation rates for the bycatch and closed season discard fleets for the projection period (2013-2032) were set equal to exploitation rates in 2011.

Deterministic projections were run for eight fishing mortality rate scenarios for each of the four model configurations:

- F_0 : fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were held at 0 while fishing mortality for bycatch and discard fleets were held at 2011 values
- F_{Current} : fishing mortality rates for all fleets were set to the geometric mean of the past three years (2009-2011)
- $F_{\text{REBUILD(MAX)}}$: fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to achieve SSB_{MAX} in 2032
- F_{MAX} : fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to achieve an equilibrium SSB equal to SSB_{MAX}
- FOY_{MAX} : fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to 75% of F_{MAX}
- $F_{\text{REBUILD(26%)}}$: fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to achieve the SSB associated with an SPR of 26% by 2032
- $F_{\text{26%}}$: fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to achieve an equilibrium SSB associated with an SPR of 26%
- $FOY_{\text{26%}}$: fishing mortality rates for the bycatch and discard fleets were set to 2011 levels, fishing mortality rates for the eight directed fleets were set to 75% of $F_{\text{26%}}$

Uncertainty in stock status and forecasted yields for the projection years was investigated using the bootstrap approach discussed in Section 1.6. Bootstrap datasets were created for the same four model configurations used for deterministic projections. For each model configuration, the model was refit to 300 bootstrap datasets and then projected forward at two fishing mortality rate scenarios: F_{MAX} and $F_{SPR26\%}$. The projections followed the same methods and assumptions described above for the deterministic projections; however, the bootstrap projections included annual recruitment deviations for the forecasted period. Random log-scale recruitment deviations for the projection period were created from a normal distribution with mean of 0 and standard deviation equal to the model estimated standard deviation in recruitment from the recent time period (1984-2011). The projections from the bootstrap runs were used to create probability distribution functions for the development of management advice, including the overfishing limit (OFL) and acceptable biological catch (ABC).

2 Model Results

2.1 Fits to Landings

A log-scale standard error of 0.05 was assigned to all landings time series. As such, the landings are fit nearly precisely for all directed fleets (Figures 2.2.1 to 2.2.8).

2.2 Fits to Discards

The model fits to the discard data varied by fishing fleet. In general, the model fits to the commercial discard data were better than the fits to the recreational discard data. For each of the discard time series, a fixed CV of 0.5 was used to characterize uncertainty in the data. This forced the model to fit the landings data more precisely than the discard data when the two sources of information diverged from model expectations.

In general, the model tended to estimate discards levels that were higher than the input values for the handline fishery in both the eastern and western GOM. Model estimated discards were greater than input discards each year from 1990-2008 for the eastern GOM but captured the observed increase in discards for 2009-2011 (Figure 2.3.1). The model generally fit the handline discards in the western GOM over most of the time (Figure 2.3.2).

The model generally fit the eastern GOM longline discard time series from 1990-2006 but some lack of fit to the discards is noted for 2008-2011 (Figure 2.3.3). The model generally fit the western GOM longline discard time series over the entire time period and captured the observed decrease in discards from 2008-2011 (Figure 2.3.4).

The model generally did not fit the recreational (MRIP) discard data in both the eastern and western GOM for the majority of the time series, which is not unexpected given the level of uncertainty assigned to the discard observations (Figures 2.3.5 and 2.3.6). The model did capture the observed decrease in discards associated with the regulated change from J-hooks to circle-hooks in 2008, and the resulting change in selectivity.

The model generally did not fit the recreational headboat discard data in both the eastern and western GOM for the majority of the time series. For the eastern GOM, the most substantial difference between the model estimated headboat discards and the observed data occurred in

2000-2007, which coincided with an increase in the size of retention in the model (Figure 2.3.7). The model provided a closer fit to the observed discards in the most recent years, 2008-2011, relative to the early years. The patterns of model fit in the western GOM were similar to the eastern GOM. The model underestimated discards for 1981-1984, and then overestimated discards substantially from 1985-2007 (Figure 2.3.8). Similar to the eastern GOM, the model predicted a large decrease in discards for western GOM headboat fleet following a change in selectivity associated with circle hook requirements starting in 2008.

The model generally fit the commercial closed season discards in both the eastern and western GOM. Model fits to the observed time series were relatively precise in most years, especially for the western GOM commercial closed season (Figures 2.3.9 and 2.3.10). Since the closed season fleet was configured as a discard only fleet, the model did not have to fit to both landings and discard data as was done for the directed fishing fleets. This allowed the model to fit the commercial closed season discards more closely. Similarly, the model generally fit the recreational closed season discards. Model predicted discards were very similar to observations in almost all years for both the eastern and western GOM (Figures 2.3.11 and 2.3.12).

Predicted red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fishery was appropriately scaled and generally followed the patterns of shrimp fishing effort input into the model and model predicted recruitments. The model predicted mean bycatch level was similar to the input estimate used for the super-year approach for the eastern fleet (Figure 2.3.13). For the western GOM shrimp fleet, the model predicted a mean bycatch level on the lower end of what would be expected, given the specified uncertainty (Figure 2.3.14). The model predicted a generally increasing trend of red snapper bycatch from the shrimp fleet in both the eastern and western GOM through the early 2000s and then a large decline in red snapper bycatch associated with decreasing shrimp fishing effort (2.3.15 and 2.3.16). The model also predicts a large removal of red snapper bycatch in both the eastern and western GOM in 1972. The predicted bycatch in 1972 is the highest predicted level for both fleets over the entire time series. The bycatch in 1972 is associated with large model predicted recruitment in the same year.

2.3 Fits to Indices

The model generally was able to fit the commercial handline indices of abundance. The model predicted an increasing trend in abundance for the handline fishery in the eastern GOM which fit the observed data over most of the time period (Figure 2.4.1). The model did predict a stronger than observed increase in abundance over the most recent years; however, this index did have relatively high CVs throughout the time series. The root mean squared error (rmse) suggested that the model fit this index better than expected ($rmse < observed\ se$) (Table 2.4.1). The model generally fit the western handline index of abundance (Figure 2.4.2). The model predicted an increase in abundance from 1990 through the later 1990s followed by a slightly decreasing trend through the early 2000s. The model predicts an increasing trend in abundance over the most recent years and, similar to the eastern handline index, exhibits positive residuals in the most recent years.

In general, the model was able to track the observed changes in abundance in both the eastern and western GOM over the majority of the time series. Both the eastern and western MRIP abundance indices show a large increase in abundance between 2006 and 2007 (Figures 2.4.3

and 2.4.4). The model was not able to fit this large jump in both indices in 2007 with positive residuals for 2004 - 2006 and negative residuals from 2007 - 2011 for the western MRIP index (Figure 2.4.4). The model predicts abundance to be relatively constant from 2008-2011 for the eastern GOM MRIP index and an increasing trend in abundance for the western GOM MRIP index.

The model was able to fit the eastern GOM headboat index well throughout the majority of the time series. The eastern GOM headboat index shows a generally increasing trend in abundance over entire time series. The model predicts an increase in abundance from 1985-2007 followed by a decreasing trend from 2007-2011 (Figure 2.4.5). The observed western GOM headboat index exhibits strong fluctuations in abundance over the time series. The fit to this time series is characterized by consecutive years of negative residuals throughout the mid-1990s, positive residuals from 1999-2007, and negative residuals from 2008-2011 (Figure 2.4.6).

The model generally fit both the eastern and western GOM NMFS bottom longline indices of abundance. Both the observed and model predicted index show a strong trend of increasing abundance for the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern GOM (Figure 2.4.7). The model was unable to fit some of the large inter-annual observed changes in the western NMFS bottom longline index; however, the model does fit the overall trend in the data and predicts a strong increase in abundance for this index in the most recent years (Figure 2.4.8).

The model fits to the SEAMAP reef fish video survey had a high root mean squared error (Table 2.4.1). The model fit the eastern video survey better than the western survey; however, this index had high standard errors with the model predicting a declining trend in the most recent years whereas the data displays an increasing trend (Figure 2.4.9). The model generally did not fit the western video survey, with the observed index showing strong inter-annual changes in the abundance index. The model predicted index had negative residuals in the two most recent years (2010-2011) (Figure 2.4.10).

The model predicted an increasing trend in the abundance of larval red snapper that generally fit the observed SEAMAP fall plankton surveys for both the eastern and western GOM. The model generally fit the eastern plankton index in most years and predicted a strong increase in the abundance of larval red snapper in the most recent years (Figure 2.4.11). The model captured the general trend in the western GOM index, though it did not capture all of the interannual variation (Figure 2.4.12).

The model generally did not fit the SEAMAP summer groundfish survey for the eastern GOM (Figure 2.4.13). The model fit was stronger early in the time series but displayed a pattern of negative residuals from 1987-1992 and positive residuals from 1993-2006. The model predicted a strong decrease in this index from 2005-2011. The model generally fit the SEAMAP summer groundfish survey for the western GOM, with the exception of the first year (Figure 2.4.14).

The model generally fit the SEAMAP fall groundfish survey for both the eastern and western GOM. The model captured the overall pattern in the eastern index, especially early in the time series, while it failed to capture all of the interannual variation (Figure 2.4.15). The model was able to fit to the first year of this index (1972) which was higher than the following years. In

order to fit this point the model predicts the highest recruitment year in the time series in 1972. The reason the model is able to fit this point is that the only other information in the model in early 1970s are landings and discard data, since the other indices and age composition do not begin until the early 1980's. The model generally was able to fit the western SEAMAP fall groundfish survey. Similar to the eastern index, the model was able to fit the relatively high value for the first year of this index (Figure 2.4.16).

The model generally fit the observed fishing effort series for the shrimp fishery in both the eastern and western GOM (Figures 2.4.17 and 2.4.18). The model configuration did not require an exact match to the shrimp fishing effort; a CV of 0.10 was used for the index.

2.4 Fits to Age composition

The model fits to the age composition samples and the associated residual plots are presented in Figures 2.5.1 through 2.5.50. In general, the base model fit the age composition data, and no systematic biases across time or fleets were seen. The model had more difficulty fitting the discard age composition data, and also cases where there were a low number of samples in a given year.

2.5 Parameter estimates & associated measures of uncertainty

Table 1.4.1 lists many important parameters, both fixed and estimated, in SS for the base model recommended by the RW Panel for final projections and status determinations. It also includes predicted parameter values and their associated standard errors from SS, initial parameter values, minimum and maximum values a parameter could take, and prior densities assigned to parameters. Parameters designated as fixed were held at their initial values. Asymptotic standard errors are obtained in SS by inverting the Hessian matrix that is the matrix of second derivatives, after the final model fitting process.

In general, estimates of uncertainty from the bootstrap procedure were very similar to estimates of asymptotic standard errors calculated by inverting the Hessian matrix. A list of the mean, median and standard deviation from the distribution of parameter estimates for the 300 bootstrap samples from the base model is presented in Table 2.6.1.

Model convergence was examined by the SS jitter option. Summary results are presented in Table 2.6.2 and Figures 2.6.1a-d for the 100 jitter runs that were run against the SS model configuration for the base model. Of the 100 runs, 98 model runs resulted in likelihood values that fell within two units of the total likelihood of the base model value (6675.24, Figures 2.6.11a-d).

Results of the 100 jitter trials predicted very similar levels of a variety of key quantities and stock status metrics (Figures 2.6.2 to 2.6.4).

2.6 Fishery Selectivity

Predicted age-based selectivities for fleets and indices in the terminal year (2011) are illustrated in Figure 2.7.1. (fleet-specific) and in Figure 2.7.2 (survey-specific). In addition, time varying selectivity functions were estimated for the recreational fisheries to allow changes in selectivity

to be estimated due to the regulatory mandate requiring the use of circle-hooks (Figures 2.7.3 and 2.7.4).

Multiple length-based time-varying retention functions (logistic in form) were modeled for the commercial and recreational fisheries to account for the changes in the size of fish retained due to various minimum size limits (Figure 2.7.5).

For all of the fleets and most surveys, selectivity functions were estimated using a random-walk and are dome-shaped, except for the NMFS Bottom Longline Survey which was estimated using a logistic function. In the terminal year (2011) red snapper were fully selected at:

- age 0 for the eastern and western shrimp discard fleets (Shr_E and Shr_W)
- age 0 for the fall groundfish survey in the east and west (Fall_E, Fall_W)
- age 1 for the summer groundfish survey in the east and west (Sum_E, Sum_W)
- ages 2-5 for the R_Clsd_E, R_Clsd_W, MRIP_E, MRIP_W, and MRIP_Indices_E and W)
- age 3 for the western video survey and ROV_E
- ages 3-4 for the HL_E, HL_W and HB_E fleet and index.
- ages 3-5 for the eastern video survey
- age 4 for the eastern commercial closed season discard fleet (C_Clsd_E)
- ages 4-5 for the HBT_W fleet and index
- ages 4-9 for the western commercial closed season discard fleet (C_Clsd_W)
- age 5 for the LL_E
- ages 6-9 for the LL_W
- ages 6-20+ for the NMFS Bottom Longline Survey in the east and West (BLL_E, BLL_W)

As expected, the longline fisheries and the NMFS Bottom Longline survey landed the oldest fish while the youngest fish were discarded by the shrimp fleet or landed by the recreational private and charterboat (MRIP) fleets in the eastern and western Gulf (Figures 2.7.1 and 2.7.2).

In general, a shift in selectivity toward older red snapper was estimated for the time block 2007-2011, with one exception being the eastern longline fishery (Figure 2.7.3a). Also as expected, increases in the minimum size limit resulted in larger red snapper retained by the fisheries, while red snapper below the size limit were generally discarded (Figure 2.7.5).

2.7 Recruitment

Profiling of the steepness parameter is presented in Figure 2.8.1 for the base model configuration. The profile of steepness for base model configuration is noisy for the age composition, the index, and the discard data components as seen in Figure 2.8.1; however, the overall pattern across all data components suggested a steepness value towards the upper bound of 1. The SEDAR 31 AW Panel recommended fixing the Beverton – Holt steepness parameter at 0.99. Additional discussion of the model parameterization as relates this parameter was given earlier in Section 1.3.

Section 3.1.3 also described the base model parameterization of the spawner – recruit relationship R_0 parameter. SS was able to estimate the R_0 (log of virgin recruitment level for the

early time period, i.e., block 1 early period 1872-1983 time period, without difficulty for the red snapper base model configuration. SS estimated $\ln(R_0)$ for the recent time period (1984-2011) to be 12.0255 (0.0587 = SD) for the base model. As mentioned earlier in section 1.3, σ_R , the standard error of log recruitment was fixed at 0.3. Figure 2.8.2 presents the profile for R_0 in the recent time period (1984-2011).

The spawner-recruit relationship as estimated from SS for the base model configuration (assuming steepness = 0.99 and $\sigma_R = 0.3$) is shown in Figure 2.8.3. Estimated recruitment deviations varied without trend over the time series except during two periods: in the mid 1980's and the recent years, since 2008 (Figure 2.8.4). The recent years (since 2008) contain less information from which to estimate the level of recruitment, since not all cohorts have fully contributed to the fishery. The high estimated recruitment deviation value for 1972 corresponds to observed high recruitment index values from the Fall SEAMAP groundfish trawl survey indices.

Predicted abundance at age is presented in Figures 2.8.5 and 2.8.6 for the base model configuration for the east and west areas. Predicted age-0 recruits are also presented in Table 2.9.1 and Figure 2.8.7 for the base model configuration.

Figure 2.8.8 presents SS estimates of YPR and SPR from the red snapper base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$).

2.8 Stock Biomass

Predicted total biomass and spawning biomass are presented in Table 2.9.1 and in Figures 2.9.1 and 2.9.2 for the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Total biomass and spawning biomass show a steady declining trend from the late 1880's through the early 1900s, followed by a flat trend up to the 1940s. Predicted SS total biomass showed strong declines starting in the 1940s and lasting through the late 1970s. Increases in total and spawning stock biomass are predicted by SS beginning in the late 1980s. This trend is also consistent across both areas.

Predicted abundance at age was presented previously (Figures 2.8.5 and 2.8.6 for the base model (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$)). SS predicted the mean age of Gulf of Mexico red snapper to be approximately 3.5 in the unfished state in 1872. The population mean age showed a steady decline until around 1910, after which it remained stable at around age 2, until the early 1940s, when average age slightly increased, followed by a sharp drop around 1960. Since 1972, average age fluctuated between about 0.5 and 0.9, until 2004 when it started increasing again.

The decline in mean age in the earliest years of the time series corresponds with increasing landings and the development of the commercial handline fishery. The sharp decline in mean age that began in the early 1960s corresponds to the increasing popularity of red snapper by recreational anglers.

2.9 Fishing Mortality

Exploitation rate (catch in numbers including discards / total numbers) was used as the proxy for annual fishing mortality rate in this assessment. Predicted annual fishing mortality rates are

presented in Table 2.10.1 and Figure 2.10.1 (top panel) for the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99 and $\sigma_R = 0.3$). This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class (the most vulnerable age class varies with changes in the relative effort and selectivity patterns of the various fisheries). Predicted annual fishing mortality estimates (all fleets combined, top panel plot) shows flat and low levels of F through the late 1940s. From the early 1950s through the mid-1970s, steady increasing trend in F are predicted. Since the mid-1970s estimated total annual F 's have continued to decline.

Table 2.10.2 and Figure 2.10.1 (bottom panel) present instantaneous fishing mortality by year and fleet. An increasing trend in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in the east beginning in the early 1880s as the fishery developed, which lasted until the early 1900s. Fishing mortality remained variable without trend until the late 1950s, when after which a significant increase in fishing mortality was observed for the handline fleet in both the east and the west. Fishing mortality declined in the early 1970s until the mid-1980s, after which an increase in fishing mortality was observed for the recreational fleet.

2.10 Sensitivity Analyses

Table 1.4.1 presented estimates of asymptotic standard errors for all SS estimated parameters for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock assessment for the base model configuration. Table 2.6.1 provides a complete listing of the mean, median, and standard deviation of estimated parameters. Table 1.7.1 provides a listing of all the sensitivity runs carried out for the stock assessment. Figures 2.12.1 to 2.12.12 present key metrics from the SS model for all the sensitivity analyses considered for the stock assessment. For each type of sensitivity (natural mortality, steepness assumption, data inputs, model component weighting) plots of total biomass, spawning biomass, recruits, and fishing mortality are presented. Detailed results are summarized in the following sections for the various sensitivity and retrospective and alternative run configurations that were conducted to further examine impacts on model results from varying assumptions on steepness, natural mortality, data exclusion, data weighting and discard release mortality.

Figures 2.12.1 - 2.12.4 present SS model results from varying input levels of natural mortality, varying assumptions on the Beverton and Holt steepness parameter (fixed = base, time varying), and also on varying assumptions on the Beverton and Holt and the R_0 parameter. As expected the red snapper model was sensitive to the assumed input level of M (Figures 2.12.1 and 2.12.2). Alternative model configurations were also made exploring assumptions about steepness (Base model = 0.99, steepness = 0.8, and time-varying steepness). Results (Figures 2.12.3 - 2.12.4) indicate that input assumptions about steepness and R_0 did affect model results, particularly the model estimates of total biomass and spawning biomass for the western Gulf.

Figures 2.12.5 - 2.12.6 present SS model results from alternative assumptions about discard mortality (Base model run discard level + 20%, Base model run - 20%). Results indicate that changing the discard mortality level plus or minus 20% from the Base model configuration did not have any visible impact on model estimates of total biomass, spawning biomass, recruitment or fishing mortality.

*Figures 2.12.7 and 2.12.8 present results from alternative assumptions about age reader error, beginning year of model = 1964, and assuming an additional source of mortality from explosive oil rig removals. These results indicate the model results are sensitive to assumptions about age error. Early examinations by the assessment team incorporating the empirical estimates of age error introduced atypical behavior with some parameters thus the AW Panel recommended excluding age error from the final base model.

Figures 2.12.9 and 2.12.10 illustrate results from alternative runs that explored removal of indices and/or specific years of an index (i.e., 1972 Fall SEAMAP groundfish survey data point). Exclusion of the fishery dependent indices of abundance (HL_E, HL_W, LL_E, LL_W, BLL_W, BLL_E, MRIP_Index_E, MRIP_Index_W, HBT_Index_E, HBT_Index_W) from the base model had some impact on model results, though the perception of the current stock status from the base model relative to SPR26% was not altered.

Figure 2.12.11 and 2.12.12 present results from evaluating the impact of alternative weighting schemes for different data components (i.e., indices of abundance and age composition data) in the model. In general, the estimated trends in fishing mortality rate, recruitment and biomass were similar across weighting schemes. Estimates of spawning biomass in recent years were somewhat higher than the base model with increased weight on the indices of abundance and somewhat lower than the base with increased weight on the age composition data.

2.11 Retrospective Analyses

Results of the retrospective analysis are presented in Figures 2.13.1 - 2.13.2. Key model output quantities shown in the plots are: total biomass, spawning biomass, recruitment, and fishing mortality rate. There was some variability in model estimates of these key quantities as the most recent years of data were dropped from the assessment, but no systematic bias was discernible. Sequentially eliminating the last four years of data did not alter the perception of current stock status compared to the base model.

2.12 Benchmarks/Reference points

Benchmarks for the SPR26% and for maximum YPR reference points are presented in Tables 2.14.1 and 2.14.2, and Figures 2.14.1 and 2.14.2 for the base run. The MFMT was the fishing mortality rate that produced SPR26% or maximum YPR. The MSST was calculated as $(1-M) * SSB_{FSPR26\%}$ or $SSB_{F_{MAX}}$. Figures 2.14.3 and 2.14.4 present phase plots of the SPR26% and maximum YPR reference points for the base model and each sensitivity model presented in Sections 1.7 and 2.12. Figures 2.14.1 and 2.14.2 present estimates of reference points for status determinations from the base model run. These results suggest that the Gulf of Mexico red snapper stock remains overfished according to the base model and all of the sensitivity models examined, except the M High sensitivity model. The results suggest that overfishing is not occurring according to the base model and all of the sensitivity models examined.

3 Projections

Benchmarks for the MAX and SPR26% reference points and projections are presented in Table 3.1.1 and Table 3.1.2, respectively. Only a subset of the available sensitivity runs were selected for use in projections. The RW Panel felt this subset represented possible alternative states of

nature. The RW Panel recommended using three values of natural mortality rate (Runs 1-3) and the model configuration that upweighted the indices (Run 16) for projections. Stock status and SPR for each combination of model configuration and fishing mortality rate scenario are presented in Tables 3.1.3 and 3.1.4.

The projected fishing mortality rate from the base model is summarized in Figures 3.1.1 and 3.2.1. In general, all fishing mortality rates explored resulted in nearly constant fishing mortality during the projection interval, with none resulting in overfishing. The projected SPR for the base model is illustrated in Figures 3.1.3. and 3.1.4. As expected, eliminating directed fishing ($F = 0$) resulted in the most significant recovery in SPR ($SPR > 0.6$) while fishing at F_{MAX} resulted in a slower increase in SPR.

The projected spawning stock biomass from the base model is shown in Figures 3.1.5 and 3.1.6. Similar to the projected SPR, eliminating directed fishing ($F = 0$) resulted in the most significant recovery in spawning biomass while fishing at F_{MAX} resulted in a slower increase in spawning stock biomass.

Regional (East, West GOM) trends in spawning biomass from the base model are illustrated in Figures 3.1.7 and 3.1.8. In the eastern Gulf of Mexico, maintaining current levels of fishing allows the spawning stock to increase while the other F scenarios result in a generally constant spawning biomass. All F scenarios result in increasing spawning biomass in the western Gulf of Mexico.

The projected yield from the base model is summarized in Figures 3.1.9 and 3.1.10. A peak in yield is noted during 2013. This peak is a transient feature caused by a few strong year classes passing through the fishery. The model predicts below average recruitment in the two most recent years (2010-2011); therefore, the yield declines in 2014 then stabilizes at levels supported by near constant recruitment during the projection interval.

4 Acknowledgements

Thanks are extended to all of the SEDAR 31 Data, Assessment and Review Workshop panelists and SEDAR staff who provided input into this evaluation. Our thanks also to all who volunteered their time to review and improve this document.

5 References

- Chih, C. 2013. Age frequency distributions estimated with reweighting methods for red snappers in the Gulf of Mexico from 1991 to 2011. SEDAR31-AW15. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.
- Gitschlag, G.R., M.J. Schirripa, and J.E. Powers. 2000. Estimation of fisheries impacts due to underwater explosives used to sever and salvage oil and gas platforms in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico: Final report. OCS Study MMS 2000-087. Prepared by the National Marine

Fisheries Service. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, Minerals Mgmt. Service, Gulf of Mexico OCS Region, New Orleans, LA.

Goodyear, C.P. 1995. Red snapper in U.S. waters of the Gulf of Mexico. MIA-95/96-05. Southeast Fisheries Science Center, Miami, FL.

Linton, B. 2012. Shrimp fishery bycatch estimates for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1972-2011. SEDAR31-DW30. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

Linton, B. 2013a. Age composition of red snapper bycatch in the Gulf of Mexico shrimp fishery, 1997-2011. SEDAR31-AW05. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

Linton, B. 2013b. Shrimp trawl index of abundance for Gulf of Mexico red snapper, 1967-1989. SEDAR31-AW06. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

Porch, C., G. Fitzhugh, and B. Linton. 2013. Modeling the dependence of batch fecundity and spawning frequency on size and age for use in stock assessments of red snapper in the U.S. Gulf of Mexico waters. SEDAR31-AW03. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

SEDAR. 2009. Stock assessment of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico: SEDAR update assessment. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC.

SEDAR 2013. SEDAR 31 Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper: SECTION III: Assessment Workshop Report. April 2013. 399 pp.
http://www.sefsc.noaa.gov/sedar/download/SEDAR%2031%20Section%20III-%20AW%20Report%20PD_sizedreduced.pdf?id=DOCUMENT

6. Tables

Table 1.3.1. AIC table comparing model runs with time varying processes.

Run	Neg Log Like	N Parm	N Data	AIC	AICc	Delta AICc
Time-varying Discard	4883.68	1026	7914	11819.36	12125.36	787.77
Time-varying Discard and Selectivity	4391.03	1100	7914	10982.06	11337.59	0.00
Time-varying Discard and Catchability	4874.84	1034	7914	11817.68	12128.83	791.24
Time-varying Discard, Selectivity and Catchability	4383.28	1108	7914	10982.56	11343.70	6.11

Table 1.4.1. Listing of predicted parameter values and associated standard errors from the base model run (with initial parameter values, the upper and lower bounds on that parameter, and any prior densities assigned to parameters). Parameters that are designated as fixed were held at their initial value and not estimated.

Label	Value/Estimate	Parm_StDev	Init	Min	Max	PR_type	Prior	Pr_SD	Status	Description
L_at_Amin_Fem_GP_1	9.96	—	9.96	7	21	No_prior			Fixed	Size at age 0.5
L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1	85.64	—	85.64	70	100	No_prior			Fixed	von Bertalanffy Linfintiy
VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1	0.1919	—	0.1919	0.05	0.8	No_prior			Fixed	von Bertalanffy K
CV_young_Fem_GP_1	0.1735	—	0.1735	0.01	0.5	No_prior			Fixed	Young growth CV
CV_old_Fem_GP_1	0.0715	—	0.0715	0.01	0.5	No_prior			Fixed	Old growth CV
Wtlen_1_Fem	1.67E-05	—	1.67E-05	0	1	No_prior			Fixed	Weight length a parameter
Wtlen_2_Fem	2.953	—	2.953	0	4	No_prior			Fixed	weight length b parameter
Mat50%_Fem	999	—	999	50	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Maturity inflection point
Mat_slope_Fem	999	—	999	-1	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Maturity slope
Eggs_scalar_Fem	999	—	999	0	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Fecundity scalar
Eggs_exp_wt_Fem	999	—	999	0	1000	No_prior			Fixed	Fecundity slope
RecrDist_Area_1	-0.665361	0.0462155	-0.8	-4	4	No_prior			Estimated	Distribution of recruits to east
RecrDist_Area_2	0	—	0	-4	4	No_prior			Fixed	Distribution of recruits to west
CohortGrowDev	1	—	1	0	0	No_prior			Fixed	Cohort growth deviation
SR_LN(R0)	12.0011	0.0593635	11.8	1	20	No_prior			Estimated	Virgin Recruitment
SR_BH_steep	0.99	—	0.99	0.2	1	No_prior			Fixed	Steepness
SR_sigmaR	0.3	—	0.3	0	2	No_prior			Fixed	Stock recruitment standard deviation
SR_envlink	-0.509195	0.0768754	0	-5	5	No_prior			Estimated	stock recruitment environmental link
SR_R1_offset	0	—	0	-5	5	No_prior			Fixed	stock recruitment offset
SR_autocorr	0	—	0	0	0	No_prior			Fixed	stock recruitment autocorrelation
InitF_1HL_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: handline east
InitF_2HL_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: handline west
InitF_3LL_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: longline east
InitF_4LL_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: longline west
InitF_5MRIP_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: charter/for hire east
InitF_6MRIP_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: charter/for hire west
InitF_7HBT_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: headboat east
InitF_8HBT_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: headboat west
InitF_9C_Clsd_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: commercial closed season east
InitF_10C_Clsd_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: commercial closed season west
InitF_11R_Clsd_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: recreational closed season east
InitF_12R_Clsd_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: recreational closed season west
InitF_13Shr_E	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: shrimp bycatch east
InitF_14Shr_W	0	—	0	0	1	Normal	0.01	99	Fixed	initial F: shrimp bycatch west

LnQ_base_13_Shr_E	3.48E+00	0.104906	1	-10	20	No_prior			Estimated	catchability coefficient for the shrimp effort index in east
LnQ_base_14_Shr_W	1.25E+00	0.0833721	1	-10	20	No_prior			Estimated	catchability coefficient for the shrimp effort index in west

Table 1.7.1 Description of base model run and alternative sensitivity runs for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper SS evaluation. Sensitivity runs evaluated SS model results to changing input assumptions on model parameters, data inputs, index indices, and model component weightings.

Run	Name	Sensitivity Type	Description
1	Base Model	Base Model	Fixed von Bertalanffy growth, fixed M for ages zero and one, and Lorenzen at age natural mortality for ages two and older, scaled to age three, age specific fecundity, steepness was fixed at 0.99, time varying virgin stock parameter (R_0) was estimated for two different time blocks (recent, 1984-2011 and historical, 1872-1983), model was spatially structured into two areas (east and west), one stock recruitment relationship was estimated and the distribution of recruitment between areas was estimated assuming the historical period as described in section 3.1.3, recruitment deviations were estimated from 1899 to the present, discards were input as discards (thousands of fish for all fleets, one super period for shrimp bycatch fishery and annual for the other fisheries), time varying selectivity, retention, and discard blocks as described in section 3.1.3.
2	M High	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set age zero M to 3.5 and age one M to 2.0, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
3	M Low	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set age zero M to 1.0 and age one M to 0.6, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
4	Density Dependent M	Natural Mortality Sensitivity	Set shrimp selectivity for age zero = 1.0 (i.e. fully selected) and selectivity = 0.0 for all other ages, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
5	Steepness = 0.8	Steepness	Steepness = 0.8, all other model inputs configured as Base Model.
6	$\sigma R = 0.6$.	Steepness	Assumed the Beverton-Holt spawner recruit equation sigma R parameter equals 0.6, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
7	Time Varying Steepness	Steepness	Two time blocks assumed for steepness parameter, 1872 through 1983, and 1984 through 2011

8	Plus 20% discard mortality	Data Inputs	Base model discard mortality modified by adding 20% to base model run level all other model inputs configured as Base Model
9	Minus 20% discard mortality	Data Inputs	Incorporate vector of reader precision at age, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
10	Incorporate Age Reader Error	Data Inputs	Removal of 1972 SEAMAP Fall Groundfish Survey index data values, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
11	Start Year 1964	Data Inputs	Assume start year of model equal to 1964 all other model inputs configured as Base Model
12	Exclude 1972 SEAMAP index	Index Exclusion	Removal of 1972 SEAMAP Fall Groundfish Survey index data values, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
13	Exclude Fishery Dependent Indices	Data Inputs	Remove fishery dependent indices, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
14	Incorporate Oil Rig Mortality	Data Inputs	Incorporate oil rig removal mortality all other model inputs configured as Base Model
15	Age composition Weighting	Model Weighting	Increase weighting of age composition by capping the sample sizes at 1000, all other model inputs configured as Base Model
16	Index CV 0.1	Model Weighting	Increase weight of indices by assuming indices error is 0.1, all other model inputs configured as Base Model

Table 2.4.1. Input standard errors and model estimated root mean squared error for each index of abundance.

Definition of fisheries/surveys: HL_E = handline east, HL_W = handline west, Shr_E= shrimp effort index, Shr_W=shrimp effort index west, Video_E = NMFS, Pascagoula Lab video survey East, Video_W= NMFS, Pascagoula Lab video survey west, Larv_E=SEAMAP ichthyoplankton survey east, Larv_W= SEAMAP ichthyoplankton survey west, Sum_E = summer SEAMAP trawl survey east, Sum_W=summer SEAMAP trawl survey west, Fall_E= fall SEAMAP trawl survey east, Fall_W =fall SEAMAP trawl survey west, BLL_W = SEFSC, bottom longline survey west, BLL_E= SEFSC bottom longline survey east, ROV_E=Dauphin Island Sea Lab Remote Operated Vehicle juvenile survey east, MRIP_Index_E= MRIP survey east. MRIP_Index_W = MRIP survey west, HBT_Index_E= SEFSC, headboat survey east, HBT_Index_W=SEFSC, headboat survey west.

Fishery/Survey	N	mean_input_SE	r.m.s.e.
HL_E	17	0.62	0.37
HL_W	17	0.17	0.21
Shr_E	62	0.13	0.00
Shr_W	66	0.13	0.10
Video_E	14	0.98	1.10
Video_W	15	0.25	0.44
Larv_E	16	0.78	0.53
Larv_W	21	0.45	0.62
Sum_E	30	0.46	1.05
Sum_W	30	0.21	0.49
Fall_E	40	0.27	0.73
Fall_W	40	0.16	0.44
BLL_W	14	0.39	0.84
BLL_E	14	0.64	0.55
ROV_E	0	0.00	0.00
MRIP_Index_E	31	0.33	0.50
MRIP_Index_W	31	0.30	0.30
HBT_Index_E	26	0.69	0.45
HBT_Index_W	26	0.26	0.38

Table 2.6.1 Mean, median, and standard deviation of estimated parameter from 300 bootstrap samples for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the Base Model Run.

Label	Mean	Median	SD
RecrDist_Area_1	-0.711	-0.710	0.038
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1972	0.032	0.030	0.041
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1973	-0.093	-0.092	0.042
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1974	0.038	0.039	0.048
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1975	-0.019	-0.016	0.049
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1976	0.006	0.007	0.048
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1977	0.023	0.025	0.046
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1978	-0.040	-0.038	0.048
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1979	-0.104	-0.103	0.046
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1980	-0.146	-0.145	0.039
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1981	-0.001	0.003	0.036
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1982	0.024	0.024	0.034
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1983	-0.124	-0.124	0.041
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1984	-0.127	-0.126	0.046
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1985	-0.274	-0.274	0.039
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1986	-0.106	-0.107	0.031
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1987	-0.229	-0.230	0.034
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1988	-0.072	-0.072	0.025
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1989	-0.092	-0.091	0.019
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1990	-0.019	-0.018	0.021
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1991	-0.049	-0.048	0.021
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1992	-0.114	-0.114	0.022
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1993	-0.067	-0.067	0.021
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1994	-0.121	-0.121	0.020
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1995	0.073	0.073	0.018
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1996	0.091	0.092	0.021

RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1997	0.054	0.054	0.022
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1998	0.014	0.014	0.020
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_1999	0.138	0.139	0.020
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2000	0.093	0.093	0.021
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2001	0.102	0.102	0.022
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2002	0.119	0.118	0.022
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2003	0.078	0.078	0.017
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2004	0.110	0.110	0.017
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2005	0.127	0.127	0.018
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2006	0.150	0.150	0.019
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2007	0.163	0.162	0.020
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2008	0.170	0.171	0.022
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2009	0.057	0.055	0.024
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2010	-0.083	-0.083	0.030
RecrDist_Area_1_DEVadd_2011	-0.140	-0.140	0.040
SR_LN(R0)	12.010	12.010	0.026
SR_envlink	-0.481	-0.482	0.023
Main_RecrDev_1899	-0.003	-0.003	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1900	-0.004	-0.003	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1901	-0.004	-0.004	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1902	-0.004	-0.004	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1903	-0.004	-0.004	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1904	-0.004	-0.004	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1905	-0.005	-0.005	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1906	-0.005	-0.005	0.001
Main_RecrDev_1907	-0.005	-0.005	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1908	-0.006	-0.006	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1909	-0.006	-0.006	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1910	-0.007	-0.006	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1911	-0.007	-0.007	0.002

Main_RecrDev_1912	-0.008	-0.007	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1913	-0.008	-0.008	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1914	-0.009	-0.008	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1915	-0.009	-0.009	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1916	-0.010	-0.010	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1917	-0.010	-0.010	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1918	-0.011	-0.011	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1919	-0.012	-0.012	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1920	-0.013	-0.012	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1921	-0.014	-0.013	0.002
Main_RecrDev_1922	-0.015	-0.014	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1923	-0.016	-0.015	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1924	-0.017	-0.016	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1925	-0.018	-0.018	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1926	-0.019	-0.019	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1927	-0.021	-0.021	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1928	-0.022	-0.022	0.003
Main_RecrDev_1929	-0.024	-0.024	0.004
Main_RecrDev_1930	-0.026	-0.026	0.004
Main_RecrDev_1931	-0.028	-0.028	0.004
Main_RecrDev_1932	-0.030	-0.030	0.004
Main_RecrDev_1933	-0.032	-0.032	0.004
Main_RecrDev_1934	-0.034	-0.034	0.005
Main_RecrDev_1935	-0.036	-0.036	0.005
Main_RecrDev_1936	-0.039	-0.039	0.005
Main_RecrDev_1937	-0.042	-0.042	0.005
Main_RecrDev_1938	-0.045	-0.045	0.006
Main_RecrDev_1939	-0.049	-0.049	0.006
Main_RecrDev_1940	-0.053	-0.053	0.007
Main_RecrDev_1941	-0.057	-0.057	0.007

Main_RecrDev_1942	-0.061	-0.061	0.008
Main_RecrDev_1943	-0.065	-0.065	0.008
Main_RecrDev_1944	-0.069	-0.069	0.009
Main_RecrDev_1945	-0.073	-0.073	0.009
Main_RecrDev_1946	-0.077	-0.077	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1947	-0.079	-0.079	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1948	-0.084	-0.084	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1949	-0.089	-0.089	0.011
Main_RecrDev_1950	-0.094	-0.094	0.012
Main_RecrDev_1951	-0.100	-0.100	0.012
Main_RecrDev_1952	-0.104	-0.103	0.013
Main_RecrDev_1953	-0.108	-0.108	0.013
Main_RecrDev_1954	-0.108	-0.108	0.013
Main_RecrDev_1955	-0.111	-0.110	0.013
Main_RecrDev_1956	-0.109	-0.109	0.012
Main_RecrDev_1957	-0.106	-0.106	0.011
Main_RecrDev_1958	-0.099	-0.098	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1959	-0.097	-0.097	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1960	-0.098	-0.098	0.009
Main_RecrDev_1961	-0.102	-0.101	0.009
Main_RecrDev_1962	-0.100	-0.100	0.008
Main_RecrDev_1963	-0.094	-0.094	0.007
Main_RecrDev_1964	-0.089	-0.089	0.008
Main_RecrDev_1965	-0.081	-0.081	0.008
Main_RecrDev_1966	-0.075	-0.075	0.010
Main_RecrDev_1967	-0.067	-0.068	0.014
Main_RecrDev_1968	-0.065	-0.065	0.018
Main_RecrDev_1969	-0.058	-0.059	0.022
Main_RecrDev_1970	-0.060	-0.061	0.027
Main_RecrDev_1971	-0.057	-0.058	0.032

Main_RecrDev_1972	1.106	1.102	0.110
Main_RecrDev_1973	0.376	0.373	0.112
Main_RecrDev_1974	-0.075	-0.077	0.123
Main_RecrDev_1975	0.024	0.039	0.123
Main_RecrDev_1976	0.087	0.080	0.118
Main_RecrDev_1977	0.155	0.155	0.102
Main_RecrDev_1978	-0.158	-0.149	0.129
Main_RecrDev_1979	-0.018	-0.018	0.116
Main_RecrDev_1980	0.706	0.709	0.086
Main_RecrDev_1981	0.767	0.769	0.083
Main_RecrDev_1982	0.490	0.489	0.078
Main_RecrDev_1983	-0.050	-0.049	0.092
Main_RecrDev_1984	-0.881	-0.880	0.096
Main_RecrDev_1985	-0.523	-0.520	0.069
Main_RecrDev_1986	-0.413	-0.419	0.062
Main_RecrDev_1987	-0.782	-0.777	0.060
Main_RecrDev_1988	-0.465	-0.467	0.050
Main_RecrDev_1989	0.254	0.253	0.038
Main_RecrDev_1990	-0.061	-0.065	0.043
Main_RecrDev_1991	0.240	0.240	0.045
Main_RecrDev_1992	-0.006	-0.006	0.042
Main_RecrDev_1993	0.177	0.178	0.046
Main_RecrDev_1994	0.047	0.046	0.042
Main_RecrDev_1995	0.394	0.394	0.036
Main_RecrDev_1996	-0.061	-0.062	0.038
Main_RecrDev_1997	0.073	0.073	0.047
Main_RecrDev_1998	-0.133	-0.136	0.044
Main_RecrDev_1999	0.340	0.338	0.038
Main_RecrDev_2000	0.251	0.248	0.044
Main_RecrDev_2001	-0.068	-0.068	0.043

Main_RecrDev_2002	0.136	0.135	0.045
Main_RecrDev_2003	0.253	0.250	0.035
Main_RecrDev_2004	0.453	0.452	0.033
Main_RecrDev_2005	0.292	0.293	0.035
Main_RecrDev_2006	0.386	0.385	0.037
Main_RecrDev_2007	0.277	0.278	0.038
Main_RecrDev_2008	-0.121	-0.122	0.044
Main_RecrDev_2009	0.294	0.292	0.044
Main_RecrDev_2010	-0.115	-0.116	0.058
Main_RecrDev_2011	-0.290	-0.285	0.064
Main_RecrDev_2012	0.005	0.005	0.004
LnQ_base_13_Shr_E	3.441	3.435	0.107
LnQ_base_14_Shr_W	1.261	1.261	0.078
AgeSel_1P_3_HL_E	2.967	2.913	0.478
AgeSel_1P_4_HL_E	0.435	0.435	0.063
AgeSel_1P_5_HL_E	0.209	0.215	0.056
AgeSel_1P_6_HL_E	0.152	0.158	0.078
AgeSel_1P_7_HL_E	0.013	0.027	0.127
AgeSel_1P_8_HL_E	-0.023	-0.028	0.186
AgeSel_1P_9_HL_E	-0.677	-0.671	0.323
AgeSel_1P_10_HL_E	-0.452	-0.422	0.471
AgeSel_1P_11_HL_E	-1.137	-1.157	0.448
AgeSel_2P_3_HL_W	1.599	1.563	0.306
AgeSel_2P_4_HL_W	0.932	0.928	0.087
AgeSel_2P_5_HL_W	0.116	0.118	0.050
AgeSel_2P_6_HL_W	-0.249	-0.250	0.068
AgeSel_2P_7_HL_W	-0.397	-0.394	0.100
AgeSel_2P_8_HL_W	-0.390	-0.391	0.141
AgeSel_2P_9_HL_W	-0.524	-0.513	0.205
AgeSel_2P_10_HL_W	-0.876	-0.882	0.314

AgeSel_2P_11_HL_W	-1.381	-1.399	0.339
AgeSel_3P_3_LL_E	-0.180	-0.181	0.271
AgeSel_3P_4_LL_E	1.010	1.007	0.204
AgeSel_3P_5_LL_E	1.496	1.492	0.088
AgeSel_3P_6_LL_E	0.803	0.806	0.075
AgeSel_3P_7_LL_E	0.478	0.478	0.106
AgeSel_3P_8_LL_E	-0.140	-0.125	0.134
AgeSel_3P_9_LL_E	-0.346	-0.353	0.212
AgeSel_3P_10_LL_E	-0.153	-0.139	0.279
AgeSel_3P_11_LL_E	-0.916	-0.915	0.275
AgeSel_4P_3_LL_W	1.824	1.833	0.521
AgeSel_4P_4_LL_W	0.383	0.360	0.245
AgeSel_4P_5_LL_W	0.643	0.644	0.130
AgeSel_4P_6_LL_W	0.924	0.922	0.119
AgeSel_4P_7_LL_W	0.245	0.242	0.105
AgeSel_4P_8_LL_W	0.356	0.361	0.099
AgeSel_4P_9_LL_W	0.190	0.191	0.107
AgeSel_4P_10_LL_W	-0.170	-0.176	0.125
AgeSel_4P_11_LL_W	-0.212	-0.223	0.107
AgeSel_5P_3_MRIP_E	2.373	2.365	0.186
AgeSel_5P_4_MRIP_E	-0.209	-0.212	0.048
AgeSel_5P_5_MRIP_E	-0.245	-0.243	0.048
AgeSel_5P_6_MRIP_E	-0.285	-0.290	0.086
AgeSel_5P_7_MRIP_E	-0.266	-0.268	0.157
AgeSel_5P_8_MRIP_E	-0.217	-0.209	0.247
AgeSel_5P_9_MRIP_E	-1.063	-0.975	0.565
AgeSel_5P_10_MRIP_E	-0.500	-0.491	0.779
AgeSel_5P_11_MRIP_E	-1.543	-1.577	0.736
AgeSel_6P_3_MRIP_W	3.933	3.950	0.312
AgeSel_6P_4_MRIP_W	-0.548	-0.557	0.057

AgeSel_6P_5_MRIP_W	-0.651	-0.651	0.059
AgeSel_6P_6_MRIP_W	-0.614	-0.614	0.102
AgeSel_6P_7_MRIP_W	-0.342	-0.342	0.162
AgeSel_6P_8_MRIP_W	-0.450	-0.455	0.233
AgeSel_6P_9_MRIP_W	-0.472	-0.479	0.336
AgeSel_6P_10_MRIP_W	-0.899	-0.862	0.491
AgeSel_6P_11_MRIP_W	-0.908	-0.959	0.549
AgeSel_7P_3_HBT_E	3.285	3.270	0.130
AgeSel_7P_4_HBT_E	0.212	0.215	0.055
AgeSel_7P_5_HBT_E	-0.361	-0.362	0.061
AgeSel_7P_6_HBT_E	-0.536	-0.532	0.118
AgeSel_7P_7_HBT_E	-0.465	-0.462	0.224
AgeSel_7P_8_HBT_E	-0.215	-0.173	0.385
AgeSel_7P_9_HBT_E	-0.441	-0.400	0.714
AgeSel_7P_10_HBT_E	-0.764	-0.829	0.870
AgeSel_7P_11_HBT_E	-1.423	-1.432	0.886
AgeSel_8P_3_HBT_W	2.367	2.380	0.226
AgeSel_8P_4_HBT_W	-0.325	-0.329	0.061
AgeSel_8P_5_HBT_W	-0.524	-0.523	0.058
AgeSel_8P_6_HBT_W	-0.583	-0.578	0.090
AgeSel_8P_7_HBT_W	-0.346	-0.357	0.142
AgeSel_8P_8_HBT_W	-0.559	-0.542	0.219
AgeSel_8P_9_HBT_W	-0.656	-0.657	0.325
AgeSel_8P_10_HBT_W	-0.388	-0.373	0.432
AgeSel_8P_11_HBT_W	-1.303	-1.316	0.436
AgeSel_9P_2_C_Clsd_E	1.353	1.558	0.602
AgeSel_9P_3_C_Clsd_E	4.268	4.241	0.384
AgeSel_9P_4_C_Clsd_E	1.611	1.601	0.108
AgeSel_9P_5_C_Clsd_E	0.597	0.596	0.083
AgeSel_9P_6_C_Clsd_E	0.385	0.388	0.083

AgeSel_9P_7_C_Clsd_E	-0.284	-0.285	0.139
AgeSel_9P_8_C_Clsd_E	-0.006	0.020	0.210
AgeSel_9P_9_C_Clsd_E	-0.867	-0.811	0.492
AgeSel_9P_10_C_Clsd_E	-0.408	-0.355	0.766
AgeSel_9P_11_C_Clsd_E	-1.528	-1.552	0.800
AgeSel_10P_2_C_Clsd_W	1.165	1.179	0.344
AgeSel_10P_3_C_Clsd_W	3.003	3.054	0.637
AgeSel_10P_4_C_Clsd_W	2.343	2.319	0.469
AgeSel_10P_5_C_Clsd_W	0.437	0.433	0.248
AgeSel_10P_6_C_Clsd_W	0.176	0.202	0.240
AgeSel_10P_7_C_Clsd_W	0.181	0.198	0.271
AgeSel_10P_8_C_Clsd_W	0.261	0.242	0.299
AgeSel_10P_9_C_Clsd_W	1.190	1.195	0.263
AgeSel_10P_10_C_Clsd_W	-1.508	-1.476	0.431
AgeSel_10P_11_C_Clsd_W	-0.048	-0.062	0.429
AgeSel_13P_2_Shr_E	-3.249	-3.249	0.044
AgeSel_13P_3_Shr_E	-1.126	-1.113	0.139
AgeSel_13P_4_Shr_E	-20.000	-20.000	0.000
AgeSel_14P_2_Shr_W	-2.642	-2.641	0.046
AgeSel_14P_3_Shr_W	-1.438	-1.425	0.137
AgeSel_14P_4_Shr_W	-20.000	-20.000	0.000
AgeSel_15P_2_Video_E	1.210	1.344	0.598
AgeSel_15P_3_Video_E	3.195	3.159	0.533
AgeSel_15P_4_Video_E	1.401	1.393	0.232
AgeSel_15P_5_Video_E	0.351	0.342	0.180
AgeSel_15P_6_Video_E	0.098	0.101	0.194
AgeSel_15P_7_Video_E	0.039	0.063	0.261
AgeSel_15P_8_Video_E	-0.077	-0.050	0.391
AgeSel_15P_9_Video_E	-0.176	-0.159	0.639
AgeSel_15P_10_Video_E	0.029	-0.047	0.813

AgeSel_15P_11_Video_E	0.116	0.102	0.832
AgeSel_16P_2_Video_W	1.865	1.857	0.718
AgeSel_16P_3_Video_W	1.934	1.938	0.237
AgeSel_16P_4_Video_W	0.227	0.217	0.207
AgeSel_16P_5_Video_W	-0.490	-0.481	0.272
AgeSel_16P_6_Video_W	-0.236	-0.229	0.364
AgeSel_16P_7_Video_W	-0.260	-0.248	0.518
AgeSel_16P_8_Video_W	-0.135	-0.175	0.637
AgeSel_16P_9_Video_W	0.157	0.131	0.737
AgeSel_16P_10_Video_W	-0.099	-0.188	0.878
AgeSel_16P_11_Video_W	-0.362	-0.342	0.787
AgeSel_19P_2_Sum_E	1.175	1.172	0.119
AgeSel_19P_3_Sum_E	-0.092	-0.094	0.065
AgeSel_19P_4_Sum_E	-9.994	-10.011	0.124
AgeSel_20P_2_Sum_W	1.166	1.165	0.067
AgeSel_20P_3_Sum_W	-0.990	-0.986	0.051
AgeSel_20P_4_Sum_W	-9.983	-10.023	0.201
AgeSel_21P_2_Fall_E	-3.698	-3.697	0.050
AgeSel_21P_3_Fall_E	0.750	0.756	0.079
AgeSel_21P_4_Fall_E	-20.000	-20.000	0.000
AgeSel_22P_2_Fall_W	-3.354	-3.349	0.045
AgeSel_22P_3_Fall_W	-0.727	-0.722	0.109
AgeSel_22P_4_Fall_W	-20.000	-20.000	0.000
AgeSel_23P_1_BLL_W	5.663	5.660	0.091
AgeSel_23P_2_BLL_W	1.689	1.688	0.055
AgeSel_25P_2_ROV_E	2.208	2.528	0.557
AgeSel_25P_3_ROV_E	2.379	2.374	0.184
AgeSel_25P_4_ROV_E	0.348	0.350	0.118
AgeSel_25P_5_ROV_E	-0.979	-0.969	0.175
AgeSel_25P_6_ROV_E	-0.669	-0.663	0.356

AgeSel_25P_7_ROV_E	-0.409	-0.384	0.584
AgeSel_25P_8_ROV_E	-0.338	-0.345	0.769
AgeSel_25P_9_ROV_E	-0.036	-0.077	0.811
AgeSel_25P_10_ROV_E	0.094	0.087	0.799
AgeSel_25P_11_ROV_E	0.105	0.105	0.854
Retain_1P_1_HL_E_BLK1repl_2007	27.809	27.842	0.879
Retain_1P_3_HL_E_BLK1repl_2007	0.432	0.429	0.049
Retain_2P_1_HL_W_BLK1repl_2007	37.186	37.182	0.699
Retain_2P_3_HL_W_BLK1repl_2007	0.872	0.873	0.025
Retain_3P_1_LL_E_BLK1repl_2007	13.509	13.809	5.199
Retain_3P_3_LL_E_BLK1repl_2007	0.472	0.473	0.054
Retain_7P_1_HBT_E_BLK2repl_2000	37.724	37.734	0.285
Retain_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK2repl_2000	0.395	0.396	0.035
AgeSel_1P_3_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	3.056	3.063	0.174
AgeSel_1P_4_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1.091	1.093	0.070
AgeSel_1P_5_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.381	0.385	0.059
AgeSel_1P_6_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.032	-0.030	0.088
AgeSel_1P_7_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.154	-0.145	0.117
AgeSel_1P_8_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.285	-0.269	0.232
AgeSel_1P_9_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.341	-0.319	0.378
AgeSel_1P_10_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.502	-0.454	0.624
AgeSel_1P_11_HL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.839	-0.870	0.753
AgeSel_2P_3_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	4.861	4.966	0.176
AgeSel_2P_4_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1.467	1.479	0.131
AgeSel_2P_5_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.279	0.286	0.076
AgeSel_2P_6_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.049	-0.044	0.079
AgeSel_2P_7_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.282	-0.287	0.118
AgeSel_2P_8_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.511	-0.511	0.185
AgeSel_2P_9_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.405	-0.382	0.312
AgeSel_2P_10_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.358	-0.316	0.477

AgeSel_2P_11_HL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.955	-1.015	0.465
AgeSel_3P_3_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	2.537	2.504	0.410
AgeSel_3P_4_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	2.502	2.490	0.201
AgeSel_3P_5_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	1.579	1.578	0.082
AgeSel_3P_6_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.659	0.660	0.067
AgeSel_3P_7_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.194	0.200	0.088
AgeSel_3P_8_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.224	-0.231	0.144
AgeSel_3P_9_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.250	-0.238	0.207
AgeSel_3P_10_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	0.081	0.098	0.303
AgeSel_3P_11_LL_E_BLK3repl_2007	-0.962	-0.957	0.330
AgeSel_4P_3_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.385	0.338	0.708
AgeSel_4P_4_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	2.090	2.057	0.519
AgeSel_4P_5_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1.723	1.708	0.280
AgeSel_4P_6_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1.043	1.033	0.177
AgeSel_4P_7_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	1.014	1.019	0.146
AgeSel_4P_8_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.292	0.295	0.142
AgeSel_4P_9_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-0.086	-0.101	0.158
AgeSel_4P_10_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	0.385	0.384	0.173
AgeSel_4P_11_LL_W_BLK3repl_2007	-1.052	-1.050	0.153
AgeSel_5P_3_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	1.410	1.386	0.505
AgeSel_5P_4_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.398	-0.408	0.161
AgeSel_5P_5_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.257	0.250	0.090
AgeSel_5P_6_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	0.219	0.223	0.099
AgeSel_5P_7_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.008	0.000	0.137
AgeSel_5P_8_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.180	-0.167	0.210
AgeSel_5P_9_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.047	-0.034	0.342
AgeSel_5P_10_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.601	-0.510	0.673
AgeSel_5P_11_MRIP_E_BLK4repl_2008	-1.705	-1.738	0.731
AgeSel_6P_3_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	1.634	1.637	0.696
AgeSel_6P_4_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.188	0.192	0.263

AgeSel_6P_5_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.393	0.401	0.111
AgeSel_6P_6_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.093	-0.091	0.105
AgeSel_6P_7_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.145	-0.151	0.155
AgeSel_6P_8_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.976	-0.979	0.282
AgeSel_6P_9_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-1.077	-1.011	0.573
AgeSel_6P_10_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.697	-0.671	0.736
AgeSel_6P_11_MRIP_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.965	-1.011	0.767
AgeSel_7P_2_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	1.379	1.736	0.726
AgeSel_7P_3_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	3.601	3.590	0.325
AgeSel_7P_4_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	1.337	1.336	0.105
AgeSel_7P_5_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.003	0.000	0.075
AgeSel_7P_6_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.058	-0.058	0.090
AgeSel_7P_7_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.129	-0.121	0.141
AgeSel_7P_8_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.471	-0.466	0.259
AgeSel_7P_9_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-0.316	-0.290	0.503
AgeSel_7P_10_HBT_E_BLK4repl_2008	-1.278	-1.259	0.685
AgeSel_8P_3_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.199	-0.189	0.587
AgeSel_8P_4_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	1.749	1.723	0.460
AgeSel_8P_5_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.850	0.850	0.126
AgeSel_8P_6_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	0.284	0.292	0.098
AgeSel_8P_7_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.047	-0.048	0.119
AgeSel_8P_8_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.523	-0.517	0.189
AgeSel_8P_9_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-0.849	-0.836	0.369
AgeSel_8P_10_HBT_W_BLK4repl_2008	-1.559	-1.579	0.433

Table 2.6.2. Summary of jitter results for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for: Total Likelihood, Total Biomass Unfished, SSB_SPRTtgt, SSB_MAX, SSB-2011, SPR_MAX, F_current, SSB/SSB_SPRTtgt, F_SPRTtgt, F_MAX, SSB/SSB_MAX and Fcurrent/F_MAX. F_SPRTtgt = F26%SPR. F_{Current} is from the SS jitter analysis for the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99). F_{Current} = geometric mean of F in 2009 through 2011.

Run_ID	Likelihood	Total Biomass Unfished	SSB_SPRTtgt	SSB_MAX	SSB_2011	SPR_MAX	F_CURRENT	SSB / SSB_SPRTtgt	F_SPRTtgt	F_MAX	Fcurrent / F_SPRTtgt	SSB / SSB_MAX	Fcurrent / F_MAX
1	5,227	326,442	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
2	5,227	326,445	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
3	5,220	325,676	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
4	5,220	325,660	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
5	5,220	325,705	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
6	5,220	325,656	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
7	5,227	326,447	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
8	5,227	326,451	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
9	5,227	326,412	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.45E+11	0.204	0.054	0.366	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.577
10	5,221	325,708	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.47E+11	0.204	0.054	0.369	0.078	0.093	0.693	0.471	0.575
11	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
12	5,227	326,438	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
13	5,220	325,666	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.573
14	5,227	326,455	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
15	5,227	326,444	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
16	5,227	326,449	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.470	0.576
17	5,227	326,443	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
18	5,227	326,429	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
19	5,220	325,652	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
20	5,227	326,503	1.22E+12	9.49E+11	4.47E+11	0.204	0.054	0.368	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.471	0.575
21	5,227	326,474	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
22	5,227	326,454	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576

23	7,185	349,222	1.30E+12	1.04E+12	2.66E+11	0.209	0.051	0.205	0.043	0.052	1.172	0.256	0.980
24	6,487	617,548	2.30E+12	2.10E+12	2.26E+11	0.238	0.234	0.098	0.151	0.161	1.557	0.107	1.458
25	5,220	325,662	1.21E+12	9.49E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.690	0.474	0.573
26	7,164	416,741	1.55E+12	1.21E+12	2.96E+11	0.203	0.044	0.191	0.047	0.058	0.929	0.245	0.757
27	5,220	325,618	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.370	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.472	0.574
28	5,227	326,463	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
29	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
30	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
31	5,220	325,658	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
32	5,227	326,441	1.22E+12	9.49E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
33	5,227	326,445	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
34	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
35	5,227	326,439	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
36	5,227	326,450	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
37	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
38	8,138	313,490	1.17E+12	9.63E+11	3.21E+11	0.215	0.036	0.275	0.040	0.048	0.898	0.333	0.757
39	5,220	325,655	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
40	5,234	324,840	1.21E+12	9.29E+11	4.12E+11	0.200	0.053	0.341	0.074	0.090	0.717	0.444	0.588
41	5,220	325,576	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
42	5,227	326,526	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.470	0.576
43	5,221	325,700	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.53E+11	0.204	0.054	0.373	0.078	0.094	0.688	0.477	0.571
44	5,227	326,481	1.22E+12	9.49E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.470	0.575
45	5,227	326,508	1.22E+12	9.49E+11	4.47E+11	0.204	0.054	0.368	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.471	0.575
46	5,220	325,762	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
47	5,220	325,693	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.51E+11	0.204	0.054	0.372	0.078	0.094	0.689	0.475	0.572
48	5,227	326,433	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
49	5,227	326,443	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
50	5,220	325,661	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
51	5,227	326,447	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
52	5,222	325,760	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.47E+11	0.204	0.054	0.369	0.078	0.094	0.692	0.470	0.575

53	5,227	326,438	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
54	5,227	326,444	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
55	5,220	325,662	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
56	5,220	325,658	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
57	5,227	326,444	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
58	5,220	325,679	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.690	0.474	0.573
59	5,227	326,431	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
60	5,220	325,648	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
61	5,220	325,658	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
62	5,227	326,487	1.22E+12	9.63E+11	4.45E+11	0.207	0.054	0.366	0.077	0.093	0.697	0.462	0.583
63	5,227	326,446	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
64	5,220	325,690	1.21E+12	9.48E+11	4.48E+11	0.204	0.054	0.369	0.078	0.094	0.692	0.472	0.574
65	5,234	324,840	1.21E+12	9.29E+11	4.12E+11	0.200	0.053	0.341	0.074	0.090	0.717	0.444	0.588
66	5,227	326,425	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
67	5,220	325,703	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.52E+11	0.204	0.054	0.373	0.078	0.094	0.688	0.475	0.572
68	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
69	5,220	325,635	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
70	5,220	325,656	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.50E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.690	0.473	0.573
71	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
72	5,227	326,454	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
73	5,227	326,478	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
74	5,227	326,445	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
75	5,220	325,655	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
76	5,220	325,656	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
77	5,227	326,442	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
78	5,227	326,417	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
79	5,227	326,436	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
80	5,220	325,658	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
81	5,220	325,579	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.370	0.078	0.093	0.692	0.472	0.575
82	5,227	326,494	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.469	0.576

83	5,227	326,399	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
84	5,227	326,440	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
85	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
86	5,220	325,648	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
87	5,227	326,452	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
88	5,227	326,446	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
89	5,227	326,359	1.21E+12	9.51E+11	4.45E+11	0.204	0.054	0.366	0.077	0.093	0.696	0.468	0.577
90	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
91	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
92	5,929	359,353	1.34E+12	1.08E+12	2.58E+11	0.211	0.073	0.193	0.064	0.076	1.138	0.238	0.963
93	5,220	325,658	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
94	5,220	325,659	1.21E+12	9.50E+11	4.49E+11	0.204	0.054	0.371	0.078	0.094	0.691	0.473	0.574
95	5,227	326,235	1.21E+12	9.48E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.368	0.078	0.094	0.694	0.471	0.575
96	5,227	326,452	1.22E+12	9.51E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
97	5,227	326,471	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
98	5,227	326,431	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
99	5,227	326,445	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576
100	5,227	326,445	1.22E+12	9.50E+11	4.46E+11	0.204	0.054	0.367	0.078	0.094	0.695	0.469	0.576

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 2.9.1. Predicted total biomass (whole weight metric tons), spawning biomass (eggs), age-0 recruits (thousand fish), and fishing mortality for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model.

Year	Region						Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits	Instantaneous Fishing Mortality			
	East			West							East and West Combined		
	Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits	Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits					Total Biomass	Spawning Biomass	Recruits
1872	66,600	9.61E+11	33,249	129,560	1.87E+12	64,675	196,160	2.83E+12	97,923	0.00			
1873	66,400	9.57E+11	33,248	129,560	1.87E+12	64,675	195,960	2.83E+12	97,923	0.00			
1874	66,000	9.52E+11	33,248	129,560	1.87E+12	64,674	195,560	2.82E+12	97,923	0.00			
1875	65,400	9.43E+11	33,248	129,560	1.87E+12	64,674	194,960	2.81E+12	97,922	0.00			
1876	64,700	9.32E+11	33,248	129,560	1.87E+12	64,673	194,260	2.80E+12	97,921	0.00			
1877	63,800	9.19E+11	33,247	129,560	1.87E+12	64,672	193,360	2.79E+12	97,920	0.00			
1878	63,000	9.07E+11	33,247	129,560	1.87E+12	64,672	192,560	2.78E+12	97,919	0.00			
1879	62,300	8.96E+11	33,247	129,559	1.87E+12	64,671	191,859	2.77E+12	97,918	0.00			
1880	61,600	8.85E+11	33,246	129,559	1.87E+12	64,670	191,159	2.76E+12	97,917	0.00			
1881	60,700	8.71E+11	33,246	129,125	1.86E+12	64,669	189,825	2.73E+12	97,915	0.00			
1882	59,700	8.56E+11	33,245	128,674	1.86E+12	64,668	188,374	2.72E+12	97,913	0.00			
1883	58,600	8.40E+11	33,244	128,227	1.85E+12	64,666	186,827	2.69E+12	97,911	0.00			
1884	57,400	8.22E+11	33,243	127,799	1.84E+12	64,665	185,199	2.66E+12	97,908	0.00			
1885	56,200	8.03E+11	33,243	127,403	1.84E+12	64,663	183,603	2.64E+12	97,906	0.00			
1886	54,800	7.82E+11	33,242	127,055	1.83E+12	64,661	181,855	2.61E+12	97,903	0.00			
1887	53,400	7.61E+11	33,241	126,763	1.83E+12	64,660	180,163	2.59E+12	97,900	0.00			
1888	51,800	7.38E+11	33,240	126,593	1.82E+12	64,658	178,393	2.56E+12	97,897	0.00			
1889	50,400	7.16E+11	33,239	126,456	1.82E+12	64,656	176,856	2.54E+12	97,895	0.00			
1890	48,900	6.93E+11	33,238	126,324	1.82E+12	64,654	175,224	2.51E+12	97,892	0.00			
1891	47,200	6.67E+11	33,237	126,229	1.82E+12	64,652	173,429	2.49E+12	97,889	0.00			
1892	45,600	6.43E+11	33,236	126,141	1.82E+12	64,650	171,741	2.46E+12	97,886	0.00			
1893	44,000	6.18E+11	33,235	126,057	1.81E+12	64,648	170,057	2.43E+12	97,883	0.00			
1894	42,300	5.94E+11	33,234	125,974	1.81E+12	64,646	168,274	2.40E+12	97,880	0.00			

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1895	40,700	5.69E+11	33,233	125,892	1.81E+12	64,644	166,592	2.38E+12	97,877	0.00
1896	39,200	5.46E+11	33,232	125,812	1.81E+12	64,642	165,012	2.36E+12	97,874	0.00
1897	37,700	5.23E+11	33,231	125,732	1.81E+12	64,640	163,432	2.33E+12	97,871	0.00
1898	36,300	5.02E+11	33,230	125,658	1.81E+12	64,638	161,958	2.31E+12	97,868	0.01
1899	34,700	4.79E+11	33,154	125,487	1.81E+12	64,491	160,187	2.29E+12	97,645	0.01
1900	32,900	4.52E+11	33,143	125,220	1.80E+12	64,470	158,120	2.25E+12	97,613	0.01
1901	30,900	4.23E+11	33,132	124,850	1.80E+12	64,447	155,750	2.22E+12	97,579	0.01
1902	28,700	3.91E+11	33,121	124,392	1.79E+12	64,426	153,092	2.18E+12	97,546	0.01
1903	26,500	3.58E+11	33,109	123,854	1.78E+12	64,403	150,354	2.14E+12	97,512	0.01
1904	24,400	3.28E+11	33,098	123,324	1.78E+12	64,382	147,724	2.11E+12	97,480	0.01
1905	22,600	3.01E+11	33,087	122,808	1.77E+12	64,361	145,408	2.07E+12	97,448	0.01
1906	21,200	2.78E+11	33,077	122,329	1.76E+12	64,342	143,529	2.04E+12	97,419	0.01
1907	20,000	2.59E+11	33,067	121,900	1.75E+12	64,321	141,900	2.01E+12	97,388	0.01
1908	19,200	2.46E+11	33,055	121,530	1.75E+12	64,299	140,730	2.00E+12	97,354	0.01
1909	18,700	2.36E+11	33,044	121,217	1.74E+12	64,277	139,917	1.98E+12	97,321	0.01
1910	18,500	2.32E+11	33,029	120,985	1.74E+12	64,248	139,485	1.97E+12	97,276	0.00
1911	18,700	2.33E+11	33,011	120,834	1.74E+12	64,213	139,534	1.97E+12	97,224	0.00
1912	19,000	2.36E+11	32,994	120,725	1.73E+12	64,179	139,725	1.97E+12	97,173	0.00
1913	19,400	2.42E+11	32,974	120,652	1.73E+12	64,140	140,052	1.97E+12	97,113	0.00
1914	19,800	2.49E+11	32,951	120,609	1.73E+12	64,096	140,409	1.98E+12	97,048	0.00
1915	20,400	2.58E+11	32,932	120,591	1.73E+12	64,058	140,991	1.99E+12	96,990	0.00
1916	21,000	2.67E+11	32,909	120,592	1.73E+12	64,014	141,592	2.00E+12	96,922	0.00
1917	21,500	2.76E+11	32,880	120,611	1.73E+12	63,957	142,111	2.01E+12	96,837	0.00
1918	22,200	2.86E+11	32,846	120,642	1.73E+12	63,892	142,842	2.02E+12	96,739	0.00
1919	22,800	2.97E+11	32,810	120,684	1.74E+12	63,821	143,484	2.04E+12	96,631	0.00
1920	23,300	3.05E+11	32,773	120,723	1.74E+12	63,750	144,023	2.05E+12	96,523	0.00
1921	23,700	3.12E+11	32,731	120,755	1.74E+12	63,668	144,455	2.05E+12	96,399	0.00
1922	23,900	3.16E+11	32,681	120,775	1.74E+12	63,572	144,675	2.06E+12	96,253	0.00
1923	24,000	3.18E+11	32,626	120,782	1.74E+12	63,464	144,782	2.06E+12	96,090	0.01
1924	23,900	3.17E+11	32,572	120,774	1.74E+12	63,358	144,674	2.06E+12	95,929	0.01
1925	23,700	3.15E+11	32,519	120,763	1.74E+12	63,255	144,463	2.06E+12	95,774	0.01
1926	23,600	3.12E+11	32,466	120,751	1.74E+12	63,153	144,351	2.05E+12	95,619	0.01

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1927	23,400	3.09E+11	32,408	120,738	1.74E+12	63,039	144,138	2.05E+12	95,447	0.01
1928	23,000	3.04E+11	32,345	120,659	1.74E+12	62,917	143,659	2.04E+12	95,261	0.01
1929	22,800	3.00E+11	32,272	120,640	1.74E+12	62,775	143,440	2.04E+12	95,046	0.01
1930	22,500	2.96E+11	32,197	120,620	1.74E+12	62,629	143,120	2.04E+12	94,825	0.00
1931	22,900	2.99E+11	32,117	120,528	1.73E+12	62,474	143,428	2.03E+12	94,591	0.00
1932	23,300	3.04E+11	32,029	120,522	1.73E+12	62,303	143,822	2.03E+12	94,332	0.00
1933	23,700	3.10E+11	31,931	120,481	1.73E+12	62,112	144,181	2.04E+12	94,044	0.00
1934	24,200	3.18E+11	31,800	120,413	1.73E+12	61,907	144,613	2.05E+12	93,707	0.00
1935	24,900	3.27E+11	31,700	120,322	1.73E+12	61,691	145,222	2.06E+12	93,391	0.00
1936	25,300	3.35E+11	31,600	120,114	1.73E+12	61,467	145,414	2.07E+12	93,067	0.00
1937	25,600	3.41E+11	31,500	119,778	1.73E+12	61,240	145,378	2.07E+12	92,740	0.00
1938	26,100	3.48E+11	31,400	119,365	1.72E+12	60,999	145,465	2.07E+12	92,399	0.01
1939	26,100	3.50E+11	31,200	118,918	1.71E+12	60,721	145,018	2.06E+12	91,921	0.01
1940	25,800	3.48E+11	31,100	118,478	1.71E+12	60,416	144,278	2.06E+12	91,516	0.00
1941	26,100	3.51E+11	30,881	118,036	1.70E+12	60,070	144,136	2.05E+12	90,951	0.00
1942	26,400	3.56E+11	30,687	117,618	1.69E+12	59,691	144,018	2.05E+12	90,378	0.00
1943	27,000	3.64E+11	30,484	117,287	1.69E+12	59,297	144,287	2.05E+12	89,781	0.00
1944	27,800	3.74E+11	30,287	117,047	1.69E+12	58,913	144,847	2.06E+12	89,200	0.00
1945	28,500	3.85E+11	30,111	116,865	1.68E+12	58,571	145,365	2.07E+12	88,682	0.00
1946	29,300	3.97E+11	29,973	116,758	1.68E+12	58,303	146,058	2.08E+12	88,275	0.00
1947	29,600	4.04E+11	29,889	116,579	1.68E+12	58,140	146,179	2.08E+12	88,029	0.01
1948	29,900	4.09E+11	29,729	116,305	1.68E+12	57,829	146,205	2.09E+12	87,559	0.01
1949	30,000	4.12E+11	29,527	115,921	1.67E+12	57,435	145,921	2.08E+12	86,962	0.02
1950	29,900	4.11E+11	29,314	115,333	1.67E+12	57,022	145,233	2.08E+12	86,336	0.03
1951	29,900	4.12E+11	29,082	113,602	1.65E+12	56,570	143,502	2.06E+12	85,652	0.03
1952	29,600	4.10E+11	28,930	111,521	1.62E+12	56,275	141,121	2.03E+12	85,205	0.04
1953	29,100	4.03E+11	28,770	109,034	1.59E+12	55,962	138,134	1.99E+12	84,732	0.04
1954	28,600	3.96E+11	28,790	106,423	1.55E+12	56,003	135,023	1.95E+12	84,793	0.04
1955	28,000	3.89E+11	28,700	103,585	1.51E+12	55,827	131,585	1.90E+12	84,528	0.04
1956	27,300	3.78E+11	28,846	100,543	1.47E+12	56,111	127,843	1.85E+12	84,956	0.05
1957	26,300	3.64E+11	29,037	97,104	1.42E+12	56,482	123,404	1.78E+12	85,519	0.06
1958	25,300	3.50E+11	29,423	93,532	1.36E+12	57,234	118,832	1.71E+12	86,657	0.08

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1959	23,600	3.26E+11	29,541	89,164	1.30E+12	57,462	112,764	1.63E+12	87,003	0.09
1960	22,000	3.02E+11	29,587	84,596	1.23E+12	57,552	106,596	1.53E+12	87,138	0.09
1961	20,200	2.75E+11	29,461	79,817	1.16E+12	57,308	100,017	1.44E+12	86,770	0.08
1962	18,500	2.50E+11	29,543	74,730	1.09E+12	57,466	93,230	1.34E+12	87,009	0.08
1963	16,800	2.24E+11	29,784	69,727	1.01E+12	57,936	86,527	1.23E+12	87,721	0.09
1964	15,400	2.02E+11	29,932	65,015	9.40E+11	58,223	80,415	1.14E+12	88,154	0.09
1965	13,800	1.78E+11	30,251	60,505	8.70E+11	58,844	74,305	1.05E+12	89,095	0.10
1966	12,100	1.55E+11	30,421	56,107	8.03E+11	59,174	68,207	9.58E+11	89,595	0.10
1967	10,800	1.35E+11	30,616	52,139	7.42E+11	59,554	62,939	8.77E+11	90,170	0.12
1968	9,660	1.17E+11	30,436	47,740	6.78E+11	59,204	57,400	7.95E+11	89,639	0.12
1969	8,680	1.02E+11	30,368	43,062	6.11E+11	59,071	51,742	7.13E+11	89,439	0.14
1970	7,820	8.97E+10	29,400	38,868	5.50E+11	57,189	46,688	6.40E+11	86,589	0.13
1971	7,050	7.86E+10	27,994	34,640	4.90E+11	54,454	41,690	5.69E+11	82,449	0.14
1972	7,660	6.86E+10	141,205	32,444	4.26E+11	243,390	40,104	4.95E+11	384,595	0.15
1973	7,240	5.84E+10	35,351	28,923	3.68E+11	128,639	36,163	4.26E+11	163,990	0.12
1974	7,170	5.12E+10	34,338	26,030	3.23E+11	57,697	33,200	3.74E+11	92,035	0.13
1975	6,600	4.94E+10	31,508	23,829	2.94E+11	72,725	30,429	3.43E+11	104,233	0.13
1976	6,190	4.92E+10	36,965	21,799	2.71E+11	74,361	27,989	3.20E+11	111,326	0.13
1977	5,620	4.57E+10	43,326	19,825	2.47E+11	76,143	25,445	2.93E+11	119,469	0.12
1978	5,180	4.27E+10	23,647	17,925	2.24E+11	57,064	23,105	2.67E+11	80,711	0.13
1979	4,837	4.04E+10	20,866	16,425	2.02E+11	76,311	21,262	2.42E+11	97,178	0.16
1980	4,632	3.79E+10	41,209	16,124	1.82E+11	173,007	20,756	2.20E+11	214,216	0.11
1981	4,743	3.38E+10	76,171	15,660	1.62E+11	145,027	20,404	1.96E+11	221,198	0.12
1982	4,657	2.69E+10	59,050	14,890	1.45E+11	103,457	19,547	1.72E+11	162,507	0.12
1983	4,323	2.20E+10	21,129	13,947	1.35E+11	72,327	18,270	1.57E+11	93,456	0.13
1984	3,683	1.97E+10	12,273	12,415	1.27E+11	43,930	16,098	1.47E+11	56,203	0.14
1985	3,779	2.41E+10	10,974	11,896	1.19E+11	77,461	15,675	1.43E+11	88,435	0.15
1986	3,710	2.79E+10	24,813	11,495	1.14E+11	74,166	15,205	1.42E+11	98,978	0.16
1987	3,365	2.91E+10	11,075	10,842	1.09E+11	55,597	14,207	1.38E+11	66,672	0.15
1988	2,960	2.53E+10	24,588	10,921	1.08E+11	65,910	13,881	1.33E+11	90,499	0.15
1989	2,888	2.08E+10	47,205	11,337	1.04E+11	139,542	14,225	1.25E+11	186,747	0.14
1990	2,956	1.69E+10	41,570	11,513	1.04E+11	92,841	14,470	1.21E+11	134,412	0.12

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1991	3,501	1.62E+10	52,393	12,978	1.11E+11	131,347	16,479	1.27E+11	183,740	0.15
1992	3,985	1.87E+10	34,135	13,848	1.17E+11	109,896	17,833	1.36E+11	144,031	0.13
1993	4,311	2.10E+10	47,051	14,890	1.25E+11	127,608	19,201	1.46E+11	174,659	0.14
1994	3,961	2.02E+10	35,961	15,808	1.37E+11	118,046	19,769	1.57E+11	154,007	0.13
1995	4,400	1.92E+10	86,381	17,121	1.52E+11	131,715	21,522	1.71E+11	218,096	0.12
1996	4,814	1.98E+10	57,730	17,713	1.67E+11	80,789	22,527	1.87E+11	138,519	0.11
1997	5,415	2.14E+10	60,208	18,365	1.79E+11	97,872	23,780	2.00E+11	158,079	0.16
1998	5,636	2.48E+10	43,895	15,973	1.57E+11	84,090	21,610	1.82E+11	127,984	0.15
1999	6,884	3.30E+10	95,156	16,243	1.63E+11	112,067	23,127	1.96E+11	207,223	0.14
2000	7,746	4.02E+10	79,054	16,340	1.67E+11	111,318	24,086	2.07E+11	190,372	0.15
2001	6,635	2.88E+10	58,722	15,899	1.68E+11	77,692	22,533	1.97E+11	136,413	0.13
2002	6,709	2.87E+10	74,849	15,950	1.69E+11	93,172	22,659	1.98E+11	168,020	0.15
2003	6,632	2.90E+10	76,582	15,944	1.67E+11	113,747	22,576	1.96E+11	190,329	0.12
2004	7,125	3.00E+10	102,013	16,546	1.69E+11	131,607	23,670	1.99E+11	233,620	0.10
2005	7,214	2.83E+10	90,919	16,889	1.69E+11	107,950	24,102	1.97E+11	198,869	0.08
2006	8,492	3.42E+10	106,584	17,619	1.72E+11	114,033	26,111	2.06E+11	220,617	0.07
2007	9,964	4.46E+10	99,625	17,967	1.74E+11	100,616	27,931	2.19E+11	200,241	0.05
2008	10,555	5.31E+10	68,778	19,270	1.87E+11	67,132	29,824	2.40E+11	135,910	0.03
2009	12,517	7.24E+10	80,892	22,592	2.17E+11	127,205	35,110	2.89E+11	208,097	0.05
2010	13,573	9.28E+10	36,335	26,167	2.60E+11	103,576	39,740	3.53E+11	139,911	0.05
2011	15,634	1.30E+11	24,635	30,281	3.16E+11	92,795	45,916	4.46E+11	117,430	0.06

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 2.10.1 Annual fishing mortality rate in terms of exploitable biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model configuration from SS (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$).

Year	Annual Exploitation Rate	Standard Deviation
1872	0.0005	0.0000
1873	0.0007	0.0001
1874	0.0010	0.0001
1875	0.0013	0.0001
1876	0.0015	0.0001
1877	0.0013	0.0001
1878	0.0012	0.0001
1879	0.0013	0.0001
1880	0.0029	0.0002
1881	0.0030	0.0002
1882	0.0031	0.0002
1883	0.0032	0.0002
1884	0.0033	0.0002
1885	0.0035	0.0002
1886	0.0036	0.0002
1887	0.0036	0.0003
1888	0.0035	0.0003
1889	0.0038	0.0003
1890	0.0045	0.0003
1891	0.0042	0.0003
1892	0.0045	0.0003
1893	0.0047	0.0004
1894	0.0049	0.0004
1895	0.0048	0.0004
1896	0.0050	0.0004

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1897	0.0050	0.0004
1898	0.0059	0.0004
1899	0.0068	0.0005
1900	0.0078	0.0007
1901	0.0085	0.0008
1902	0.0092	0.0010
1903	0.0088	0.0009
1904	0.0084	0.0009
1905	0.0079	0.0009
1906	0.0072	0.0009
1907	0.0065	0.0008
1908	0.0059	0.0008
1909	0.0050	0.0007
1910	0.0042	0.0005
1911	0.0041	0.0005
1912	0.0041	0.0005
1913	0.0040	0.0005
1914	0.0039	0.0005
1915	0.0039	0.0004
1916	0.0039	0.0004
1917	0.0038	0.0004
1918	0.0037	0.0004
1919	0.0040	0.0004
1920	0.0043	0.0005
1921	0.0046	0.0005
1922	0.0049	0.0006
1923	0.0053	0.0006
1924	0.0052	0.0006
1925	0.0052	0.0006
1926	0.0051	0.0006
1927	0.0057	0.0007
1928	0.0050	0.0006

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1929	0.0053	0.0007
1930	0.0037	0.0004
1931	0.0034	0.0004
1932	0.0037	0.0004
1933	0.0034	0.0004
1934	0.0031	0.0003
1935	0.0040	0.0004
1936	0.0047	0.0005
1937	0.0044	0.0004
1938	0.0053	0.0005
1939	0.0059	0.0006
1940	0.0043	0.0004
1941	0.0040	0.0004
1942	0.0031	0.0003
1943	0.0024	0.0002
1944	0.0025	0.0002
1945	0.0020	0.0002
1946	0.0040	0.0004
1947	0.0071	0.0012
1948	0.0130	0.0029
1949	0.0195	0.0047
1950	0.0289	0.0059
1951	0.0315	0.0064
1952	0.0363	0.0075
1953	0.0360	0.0074
1954	0.0438	0.0097
1955	0.0409	0.0084
1956	0.0509	0.0109
1957	0.0594	0.0135
1958	0.0846	0.0200
1959	0.0906	0.0217
1960	0.0948	0.0224

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1961	0.0837	0.0184
1962	0.0834	0.0181
1963	0.0912	0.0209
1964	0.0896	0.0199
1965	0.0993	0.0227
1966	0.1011	0.0239
1967	0.1209	0.0291
1968	0.1165	0.0265
1969	0.1374	0.0336
1970	0.1339	0.0309
1971	0.1428	0.0310
1972	0.1463	0.0234
1973	0.1193	0.0174
1974	0.1267	0.0156
1975	0.1317	0.0186
1976	0.1338	0.0205
1977	0.1156	0.0176
1978	0.1295	0.0211
1979	0.1554	0.0245
1980	0.1114	0.0169
1981	0.1213	0.0179
1982	0.1192	0.0167
1983	0.1261	0.0151
1984	0.1351	0.0197
1985	0.1528	0.0223
1986	0.1596	0.0246
1987	0.1472	0.0208
1988	0.1477	0.0197
1989	0.1409	0.0202
1990	0.1188	0.0181
1991	0.1519	0.0232
1992	0.1343	0.0171

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1993	0.1385	0.0175
1994	0.1334	0.0187
1995	0.1231	0.0190
1996	0.1074	0.0151
1997	0.1577	0.0246
1998	0.1451	0.0229
1999	0.1352	0.0233
2000	0.1526	0.0282
2001	0.1334	0.0198
2002	0.1540	0.0230
2003	0.1241	0.0170
2004	0.1047	0.0128
2005	0.0793	0.0095
2006	0.0707	0.0088
2007	0.0540	0.0062
2008	0.0339	0.0037
2009	0.0540	0.0074
2010	0.0469	0.0066
2011	0.0619	0.0089

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 2.10.2. Fleet-specific estimates of instantaneous fishing mortality rate in terms of exploitable biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper estimated by SS for the Base model.

Fleet														
Year	HL-E	HL-W	LL-E	LL-W	MRIP_E	MRIP_W	HBT_E	HBT_W	C_Clsc_E	C_Clsc_W	R_Clsc_E	R_Clsc_W	SHR_E	SHR_W
1872	0.01													
1873	0.02													
1874	0.03													
1875	0.04													
1876	0.05													
1877	0.04													
1878	0.04													
1879	0.04													
1880	0.06	0.02												
1881	0.06	0.02												
1882	0.07	0.02												
1883	0.08	0.02												
1884	0.09	0.02												
1885	0.10	0.01												
1886	0.11	0.01												
1887	0.12	0.01												
1888	0.12	0.01												
1889	0.13	0.01												
1890	0.17	0.01												
1891	0.16	0.01												
1892	0.17	0.01												
1893	0.18	0.01												
1894	0.19	0.01												
1895	0.19	0.01												
1896	0.20	0.01												
1897	0.20	0.01												

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1898	0.24	0.01												
1899	0.28	0.02												
1900	0.33	0.02												
1901	0.38	0.03												
1902	0.44	0.03												
1903	0.44	0.03												
1904	0.44	0.03												
1905	0.42	0.03												
1906	0.38	0.02												
1907	0.33	0.02												
1908	0.29	0.02												
1909	0.23	0.02												
1910	0.18	0.02												
1911	0.17	0.01												
1912	0.16	0.01												
1913	0.15	0.01												
1914	0.14	0.01												
1915	0.14	0.01												
1916	0.14	0.01												
1917	0.13	0.01												
1918	0.13	0.01												
1919	0.14	0.01												
1920	0.15	0.01												
1921	0.17	0.01												
1922	0.18	0.01												
1923	0.20	0.01												
1924	0.20	0.01												
1925	0.21	0.01												
1926	0.21	0.01												
1927	0.23	0.02												
1928	0.21	0.01												
1929	0.23	0.01												

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1930	0.14	0.02												
1931	0.13	0.01												
1932	0.13	0.01												
1933	0.12	0.01												
1934	0.10	0.01												
1935	0.12	0.02												
1936	0.14	0.02												
1937	0.12	0.03												
1938	0.16	0.03												
1939	0.19	0.03												
1940	0.13	0.02												
1941	0.12	0.02												
1942	0.09	0.02												
1943	0.07	0.01												
1944	0.08	0.01												
1945	0.07	0.00												
1946	0.10	0.01												0.00
1947	0.11	0.01												0.01
1948	0.12	0.02												0.04
1949	0.15	0.03												0.06
1950	0.08	0.05			0.04	0.05	0.04	0.06					0.01	0.07
1951	0.10	0.05			0.05	0.06	0.05	0.07					0.01	0.08
1952	0.12	0.06			0.06	0.07	0.05	0.07					0.01	0.09
1953	0.11	0.05			0.07	0.08	0.05	0.08					0.02	0.09
1954	0.11	0.06			0.08	0.10	0.05	0.08					0.02	0.12
1955	0.13	0.07			0.09	0.11	0.05	0.08					0.02	0.10
1956	0.17	0.10			0.10	0.13	0.06	0.08					0.03	0.13
1957	0.16	0.11			0.11	0.14	0.06	0.09					0.03	0.16
1958	0.29	0.19			0.12	0.16	0.06	0.09					0.03	0.25
1959	0.30	0.22			0.14	0.19	0.06	0.10					0.04	0.26
1960	0.38	0.26			0.15	0.22	0.07	0.11					0.04	0.27
1961	0.40	0.37			0.16	0.25	0.07	0.12					0.03	0.22

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1962	0.48	0.42			0.17	0.27	0.08	0.12					0.03	0.21
1963	0.44	0.43			0.17	0.27	0.08	0.12					0.03	0.24
1964	0.59	0.47			0.18	0.28	0.08	0.13					0.03	0.22
1965	0.71	0.52			0.19	0.30	0.09	0.13					0.04	0.25
1966	0.68	0.46			0.20	0.31	0.09	0.13					0.03	0.27
1967	0.72	0.71			0.21	0.34	0.09	0.14					0.03	0.33
1968	0.71	1.07			0.22	0.41	0.09	0.16					0.04	0.29
1969	0.71	1.10			0.22	0.49	0.09	0.18					0.04	0.39
1970	0.71	1.53			0.23	0.57	0.09	0.20					0.04	0.35
1971	0.73	2.34			0.25	0.86	0.09	0.25					0.03	0.37
1972	0.87	2.76			0.28	1.19	0.10	0.31					0.03	0.40
1973	1.11	2.51			0.15	0.89	0.08	0.13					0.04	0.32
1974	0.88	1.37			0.09	0.23	0.03	0.06					0.04	0.32
1975	0.72	0.81			0.16	0.31	0.04	0.08					0.04	0.30
1976	0.67	0.69		0.00	0.22	0.59	0.06	0.13					0.03	0.35
1977	0.49	0.75		0.00	0.25	0.58	0.07	0.14					0.04	0.30
1978	0.46	0.85		0.00	0.23	0.60	0.07	0.14					0.03	0.35
1979	0.46	0.90		0.00	0.24	0.59	0.06	0.15					0.03	0.36
1980	0.50	1.12	0.04	0.00	0.35	0.84	0.09	0.19					0.02	0.22
1981	0.74	1.54	0.10	0.00	0.44	0.72	0.04	0.09					0.03	0.33
1982	1.03	1.18	0.17	0.01	0.24	0.21	0.08	0.06					0.03	0.35
1983	0.92	0.80	0.49	0.01	0.18	0.40	0.10	0.07					0.03	0.28
1984	0.46	0.50	0.42	0.07	0.04	0.16	0.01	0.08					0.04	0.36
1985	0.39	0.30	0.08	0.06	0.24	0.34	0.05	0.19					0.04	0.33
1986	0.19	0.31	0.03	0.08	0.54	0.30	0.02	0.21					0.04	0.44
1987	0.21	0.24	0.02	0.07	0.84	0.11	0.02	0.19					0.03	0.41
1988	0.30	0.36	0.03	0.07	0.77	0.19	0.02	0.23					0.03	0.39
1989	0.34	0.29	0.05	0.04	0.96	0.16	0.02	0.24					0.04	0.36
1990	0.47	0.27	0.07	0.01	0.50	0.09	0.03	0.11					0.03	0.39
1991	0.22	0.22	0.03	0.01	0.46	0.10	0.01	0.09	0.21	0.21			0.03	0.46
1992	0.16	0.26	0.01	0.00	0.61	0.12	0.02	0.14	0.46	0.22			0.04	0.38
1993	0.15	0.25	0.01	0.00	0.88	0.15	0.03	0.15	0.51	0.08			0.03	0.38

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

1994	0.21	0.22	0.01	0.00	0.86	0.15	0.03	0.20	0.49	0.05			0.03	0.37
1995	0.08	0.22	0.01	0.00	0.96	0.25	0.03	0.18	0.37	0.05			0.04	0.39
1996	0.09	0.30	0.01	0.00	0.76	0.15	0.03	0.17	0.59	0.04			0.04	0.39
1997	0.06	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.16	0.05	0.18	0.22	0.78	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.53
1998	0.09	0.37	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.13	0.05	0.14	0.19	0.09	0.03	0.00	0.06	0.48
1999	0.09	0.41	0.00	0.01	0.46	0.12	0.04	0.07	0.27	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.49
2000	0.13	0.40	0.00	0.01	0.71	0.19	0.10	0.10	1.32	0.07	0.09	0.02	0.03	0.60
2001	0.20	0.39	0.01	0.01	1.08	0.14	0.11	0.12	0.22	0.09	0.14	0.01	0.04	0.51
2002	0.25	0.39	0.01	0.01	1.11	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.14	0.17	0.11	0.01	0.04	0.57
2003	0.23	0.36	0.01	0.01	0.92	0.14	0.12	0.15	0.23	0.06	0.08	0.02	0.04	0.40
2004	0.22	0.37	0.01	0.03	1.26	0.18	0.12	0.12	0.13	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.33
2005	0.18	0.37	0.01	0.02	0.76	0.23	0.08	0.10	0.10	0.04	0.08	0.03	0.03	0.26
2006	0.13	0.43	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.26	0.06	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.23
2007	0.23	0.21	0.01	0.02	0.63	0.18	0.07	0.07	0.15	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.01	0.17
2008	0.17	0.11	0.01	0.01	0.26	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.07	0.00	0.12	0.02	0.01	0.12
2009	0.14	0.08	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.03	0.05	0.02	0.22	0.00	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.16
2010	0.16	0.08	0.01	0.00	0.08	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.01	0.14
2011	0.15	0.07	0.01	0.00	0.10	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.03	0.00	0.11	0.02	0.01	0.17

Table 2.14.1. Summary of benchmarks and reference points for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model run and the alternative sensitivity runs examined for the SPR26% status definition.

Run Number	Run	R0	B0		Bcurrent		SSB0		current				SPR26%			
			B0_east	B0_west	Bcurrent_east	Bcurrent_west	SSB0_east	SSB0_west	SSBcurrent_east	SSBcurrent_west	Fcurr	SSBcurr	Fref_spr	SSBref_spr	Fratio_spr	SSBratio_spr
1	Base Model Run Configuration	162,940	110,828	215,581	15,634	30,281	1.60E+12	3.11E+12	1.30E+11	3.16E+11	0.05391844	4.45E+11	0.08	1.22E+12	0.70	0.37
2	M High	1,087,770	102,442	157,989	19,438	39,896	1.37E+12	2.12E+12	1.29E+11	3.21E+11	0.00952747	4.51E+11	0.02	9.01E+11	0.63	0.50
3	M Low	51,292	142,772	360,706	15,884	32,157	2.08E+12	5.27E+12	1.39E+11	3.56E+11	0.11235873	4.95E+11	0.14	1.90E+12	0.82	0.26
4	Density Dependent M	159,399	109,298	210,018	15,635	32,427	1.58E+12	3.03E+12	1.33E+11	3.46E+11	0.05270051	4.80E+11	0.08	1.19E+12	0.66	0.40
5	Steepness = 0.8	2,357,920	1,537,610	3,185,900	17,180	43,907	2.22E+13	4.59E+13	1.49E+11	5.07E+11	0.04815849	6.56E+11	0.10	1.44E+13	0.50	0.05
6	SigmaR = 0.6	11,565,500	7,758,930	15,409,600	16,550	37,077	1.12E+14	2.22E+14	1.41E+11	4.10E+11	0.0492311	5.51E+11	0.09	7.04E+13	0.55	0.01
7	Time Vary Steepness	112,850	76,267	149,800	14,891	29,285	1.10E+12	2.16E+12	1.24E+11	3.06E+11	0.05204949	4.29E+11	0.08	8.48E+11	0.64	0.51
8	Plus 20% discard mortality	169,305	115,845	223,316	16,418	31,070	1.67E+12	3.22E+12	1.37E+11	3.23E+11	0.05244998	4.60E+11	0.08	1.26E+12	0.69	0.36
9	Minus 20% discard mortality	156,163	105,574	207,261	14,879	29,518	1.52E+12	2.99E+12	1.23E+11	3.09E+11	0.05529037	4.32E+11	0.08	1.16E+12	0.69	0.37
10	Incorporate Age Reader Error	148,712	96,484	201,423	13,904	30,308	1.39E+12	2.90E+12	1.12E+11	3.22E+11	0.0582621	4.35E+11	0.09	1.11E+12	0.62	0.39
11	Start Year 1964	168,492	119,346	218,185	15,820	27,551	1.72E+12	3.15E+12	1.32E+11	2.77E+11	0.05059884	4.09E+11	0.08	1.26E+12	0.65	0.33
12	Exclude 1972 SEAMAP index	168,571	114,396	223,294	16,011	31,127	1.65E+12	3.22E+12	1.33E+11	3.24E+11	0.05756373	4.57E+11	0.09	1.26E+12	0.63	0.36
13	Exclude Fishery Dependent Indices	160,951	109,225	213,200	14,859	34,542	1.58E+12	3.07E+12	1.23E+11	3.80E+11	0.05296234	5.03E+11	0.09	1.20E+12	0.58	0.42
14	Incorporate Oil Rig Mortality	163,190	110,900	216,010	15,663	30,192	1.60E+12	3.12E+12	1.30E+11	3.14E+11	0.05399721	4.44E+11	0.06	1.22E+12	0.83	0.37
15	Age composition Weighting	214,448	135,832	293,761	18,158	26,198	1.96E+12	4.24E+12	1.38E+11	2.47E+11	0.08478682	3.85E+11	0.11	1.60E+12	0.81	0.24
16	Index CV 0.1 Weighting	172,978	121,484	225,034	19,266	32,541	1.75E+12	3.25E+12	1.62E+11	3.43E+11	0.05554654	5.05E+11	0.08	1.29E+12	0.66	0.39

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Table 2.14.2. Summary of benchmarks and reference points for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model run and the alternative sensitivity runs examined for the SPR_MAX status definition.

Run Number	Run	R0	B0		Bcurrent		SSB0		current				SPR_MAX			
			B0_east	B0_west	Bcurrent_east	Bcurrent_west	SSB0_east	SSB0_west	SSBcurrent_east	SSBcurrent_west	Fcurr	SSBcurr	Fref_MAX	SSBref_MAX	Fratio_MAX	SSBratio_MAX
1	Base Model Run Configuration	162,940	110,828	215,581	15,634	30,281	1.60E+12	3.11E+12	1.30E+11	3.16E+11	0.053918	4.45E+11	0.09	9.50E+11	0.58	0.47
2	M High	1,087,770	102,442	157,989	19,438	39,896	1.37E+12	2.12E+12	1.29E+11	3.21E+11	0.009527	4.51E+11	0.03	3.86E+11	0.35	1.17
3	M Low	51,292	142,772	360,706	15,884	32,157	2.08E+12	5.27E+12	1.39E+11	3.56E+11	0.112359	4.95E+11	0.14	1.89E+12	0.82	0.26
4	Density Dependent M	159,399	109,298	210,018	15,635	32,427	1.58E+12	3.03E+12	1.33E+11	3.46E+11	0.052701	4.80E+11	0.10	9.41E+11	0.55	0.51
5	Steepness = 0.8	2,357,920	1,537,610	3,185,900	17,180	43,907	2.22E+13	4.59E+13	1.49E+11	5.07E+11	0.048158	6.56E+11	0.08	1.97E+13	0.63	0.03
6	SigmaR = 0.6	11,565,500	7,758,930	15,409,600	16,550	37,077	1.12E+14	2.22E+14	1.41E+11	4.10E+11	0.049231	5.51E+11	0.07	9.60E+13	0.68	0.01
7	Time Vary Steepness	112,850	76,267	149,800	14,891	29,285	1.10E+12	2.16E+12	1.24E+11	3.06E+11	0.052049	4.29E+11	0.10	6.26E+11	0.51	0.69
8	Plus 20% discard mortality	169,305	115,845	223,316	16,418	31,070	1.67E+12	3.22E+12	1.37E+11	3.23E+11	0.05245	4.60E+11	0.09	9.83E+11	0.57	0.47
9	Minus 20% discard mortality	156,163	105,574	207,261	14,879	29,518	1.52E+12	2.99E+12	1.23E+11	3.09E+11	0.05529	4.32E+11	0.10	9.09E+11	0.57	0.47
10	Incorporate Age Reader Error	148,712	96,484	201,423	13,904	30,308	1.39E+12	2.90E+12	1.12E+11	3.22E+11	0.058262	4.35E+11	0.12	8.30E+11	0.50	0.52
11	Start Year 1964	168,492	119,346	218,185	15,820	27,551	1.72E+12	3.15E+12	1.32E+11	2.77E+11	0.050599	4.09E+11	0.09	9.58E+11	0.53	0.43
12	Exclude 1972 SEAMAP index	168,571	114,396	223,294	16,011	31,127	1.65E+12	3.22E+12	1.33E+11	3.24E+11	0.057564	4.57E+11	0.11	9.97E+11	0.53	0.46
13	Exclude Fishery Dependent Indices	160,951	109,225	213,200	14,859	34,542	1.58E+12	3.07E+12	1.23E+11	3.80E+11	0.052962	5.03E+11	0.11	9.53E+11	0.49	0.53
14	Incorporate Oil Rig Mortality	163,190	110,900	216,010	15,663	30,192	1.60E+12	3.12E+12	1.30E+11	3.14E+11	0.053997	4.44E+11	0.08	9.10E+11	0.67	0.49
15	Age composition Weighting	214,448	135,832	293,761	18,158	26,198	1.96E+12	4.24E+12	1.38E+11	2.47E+11	0.084787	3.85E+11	0.12	1.29E+12	0.69	0.30
16	Index CV 0.1 Weighting	172,978	121,484	225,034	19,266	32,541	1.75E+12	3.25E+12	1.62E+11	3.43E+11	0.055547	5.05E+11	0.10	1.03E+12	0.55	0.49

Table 3.1.1. Required MSRA evaluations using MAX reference points for Gulf of Mexico red snapper. Yield (retained) is in lbs whole weight. Run 1 = Base Model, Run 2 = M High, Run 3 = M Low, Run 16 = Index CV =0.1.

Criteria	Definition	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 16
Base M		0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Steepness		0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Virgin Recruitment		1.63E+05	1.09E+06	5.15E+04	1.74E+05
SSB unfished (eggs)		4.72E+12	3.49E+12	7.38E+12	5.02E+12
SPR		0.20	0.11	0.26	0.21
Mortality Rate Criteria					
F_{MSY} or proxy	F _{MAX}	0.094	0.028	0.138	0.102
MFMT	F _{MAX}	0.094	0.028	0.138	0.102
F_{CURRENT}	F _{2009-F2011}	0.054	0.010	0.113	0.057
F_{CURRENT}/MFMT	F _{2009-F2011}	0.577	0.347	0.819	0.557
Biomass Criteria					
SSB_{MSY} or proxy	Equilibrium SSB @ MAX	9.54E+11	3.85E+11	1.90E+12	1.03E+12
MSST	(1-M)*SSB _{MAX}	8.72E+11	3.52E+11	1.74E+12	9.38E+11
SSB_{CURRENT}	SSB ₂₀₁₁	4.46E+11	4.51E+11	4.95E+11	5.03E+11
SS_{CURRENT}/MSST	SSB ₂₀₁₁	0.511	1.279	0.285	0.536
OFL	Annual Yield (lbs) @ MFMT				
	OFL 2013	19,219,196	25,979,447	16,078,412	22,821,137
	OFL 2014	15,338,416	16,949,714	14,320,067	18,306,337
	OFL 2015	12,901,253	12,883,837	13,037,277	15,088,812
	OFL 2016	11,753,737	11,394,497	12,431,761	12,835,909
	OFL 2017	11,519,564	10,976,593	12,516,374	12,149,683
	OFL 2018	11,625,164	10,904,635	12,831,015	12,194,833
	OFL 2019	11,668,727	10,812,968	13,005,332	12,140,556
	OFL 2020	11,791,259	10,782,125	13,288,667	12,354,160
	OFL 2021	11,881,912	10,754,722	13,495,260	12,512,119
	OFL 2022	11,911,233	10,710,035	13,580,667	12,555,572
	OFL 2023	11,937,380	10,668,787	13,667,815	12,589,280
	OFL 2024	11,961,366	10,630,846	13,747,996	12,620,365
	OFL 2025	11,982,817	10,595,396	13,821,211	12,648,319
	OFL 2026	12,002,019	10,562,503	13,887,988	12,673,209
	OFL 2027	12,018,663	10,531,705	13,948,240	12,694,836
	OFL 2028	12,033,214	10,503,332	14,002,561	12,713,642
	OFL 2029	12,047,125	10,478,221	14,052,760	12,731,278
	OFL 2030	12,059,603	10,455,580	14,098,152	12,746,799
	OFL 2031	12,071,177	10,435,408	14,139,665	12,760,886
	OFL 2032	12,082,178	10,417,595	14,178,003	12,773,871
Annual OY (ACT)	Annual Yield @ F _{OY}				
	OY 2013	15,025,473	20,760,079	12,425,015	17,919,915
	OY 2014	12,935,138	15,128,494	11,692,537	15,673,648
	OY 2015	11,366,719	12,052,570	11,021,170	13,690,853

OY 2016	10,500,245	10,726,724	10,656,618	11,840,466
OY 2017	10,344,005	10,366,228	10,803,620	11,228,866
OY 2018	10,484,063	10,355,822	11,130,144	11,337,420
OY 2019	10,565,105	10,317,043	11,326,000	11,284,466
OY 2020	10,750,093	10,348,106	11,654,662	11,632,528
OY 2021	10,887,682	10,368,631	11,894,941	11,906,141
OY 2022	10,939,578	10,355,337	11,991,635	11,982,574
OY 2023	10,986,382	10,342,727	12,089,806	12,036,918
OY 2024	11,029,239	10,330,866	12,180,106	12,087,359
OY 2025	11,068,018	10,319,203	12,262,735	12,133,589
OY 2026	11,103,115	10,308,004	12,338,286	12,175,719
OY 2027	11,134,310	10,296,893	12,406,805	12,213,528
OY 2028	11,162,066	10,286,267	12,468,777	12,247,281
OY 2029	11,187,882	10,277,184	12,525,920	12,278,718
OY 2030	11,211,030	10,268,917	12,577,618	12,306,871
OY 2031	11,232,194	10,261,685	12,624,840	12,332,554
OY 2032	11,251,904	10,255,579	12,668,447	12,356,210

Annual Yield

Annual Yield @ F_{REBUILD}

OY 2013	18,062,310	26,485,623	13,460,472	21,738,326
OY 2014	14,722,804	17,091,823	12,472,260	17,761,845
OY 2015	12,528,587	12,939,966	11,638,436	14,812,156
OY 2016	11,451,751	11,440,882	11,205,409	12,626,626
OY 2017	11,236,890	11,018,040	11,335,502	11,937,093
OY 2018	11,353,051	10,939,666	11,660,923	11,980,678
OY 2019	11,407,857	10,842,928	11,852,459	11,918,112
OY 2020	11,547,783	10,806,641	12,170,406	12,151,799
OY 2021	11,651,333	10,774,894	12,402,418	12,327,594
OY 2022	11,687,180	10,727,099	12,496,599	12,375,302
OY 2023	11,719,301	10,683,029	12,592,300	12,412,603
OY 2024	11,748,710	10,642,508	12,680,308	12,447,017
OY 2025	11,775,143	10,604,721	12,760,776	12,478,058
OY 2026	11,798,887	10,569,668	12,834,299	12,505,858
OY 2027	11,819,698	10,536,930	12,900,856	12,530,175
OY 2028	11,837,997	10,506,793	12,960,998	12,551,471
OY 2029	11,855,303	10,480,095	13,016,465	12,571,379
OY 2030	11,870,801	10,456,021	13,066,642	12,588,971
OY 2031	11,885,109	10,434,570	13,112,476	12,604,933
OY 2032	11,898,579	10,415,589	13,154,804	12,619,637

Annual Yield

Annual Yield @ F_{CURRENT}

Y 2013	8,712,954	7,993,108	9,362,892	10,317,704
Y 2014	8,354,795	7,487,108	9,198,517	10,159,723
Y 2015	7,892,953	6,936,267	8,935,861	9,712,916
Y 2016	7,538,277	6,519,597	8,779,665	8,718,840
Y 2017	7,545,729	6,443,671	8,985,751	8,285,019
Y 2018	7,724,918	6,540,806	9,319,395	8,343,221

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Y 2019	7,846,701	6,602,667	9,532,580	8,149,282
Y 2020	8,096,834	6,785,097	9,877,556	8,546,330
Y 2021	8,287,753	6,924,208	10,132,143	8,908,215
Y 2022	8,364,715	6,973,304	10,236,377	8,987,647
Y 2023	8,433,278	7,018,388	10,338,935	9,049,155
Y 2024	8,496,418	7,059,724	10,433,512	9,105,836
Y 2025	8,554,289	7,097,379	10,520,439	9,157,952
Y 2026	8,607,310	7,131,727	10,600,290	9,205,814
Y 2027	8,655,436	7,162,657	10,673,108	9,249,267
Y 2028	8,698,911	7,190,413	10,739,290	9,288,487
Y 2029	8,739,056	7,216,053	10,800,379	9,324,951
Y 2030	8,775,256	7,239,047	10,855,759	9,357,733
Y 2031	8,808,347	7,260,034	10,906,465	9,387,694
Y 2032	8,838,947	7,279,545	10,953,313	9,415,406

Table 3.1.2. Required MSRA evaluations using SPR 26% reference points for Gulf of Mexico red snapper. Yield (retained) is in lbs whole weight. Run 1 = Base Model, Run 2 = M High, Run 3 = M Low, Run 16 = Index CV =0.1.

Criteria	Definition	Run 1	Run 2	Run 3	Run 16
Base M		0.09	0.09	0.09	0.09
Steepness		0.99	0.99	0.99	0.99
Virgin Recruitment		1.63E+05	1.09E+06	5.15E+04	1.74E+05
SSB unfished (eggs)		4.72E+12	3.49E+12	7.38E+12	5.02E+12
SPR		0.26	0.26	0.26	0.26
Mortality Rate Criteria					
F_{MSY or proxy}	F _{SPR26%}	0.078	0.015	0.138	0.085
MFMT	F _{SPR26%}	0.078	0.015	0.138	0.085
F_{CURRENT}	F _{2009-F2011}	0.054	0.010	0.113	0.057
F_{CURRENT}/MFMT	F _{2009-F2011}	0.695	0.630	0.821	0.664
Biomass Criteria					
SSB_{MSY or proxy}	Equilibrium SSB @ F _{SPR26%}	1.22E+12	9.01E+11	1.91E+12	1.30E+12
MSST	(1-M)*SSB _{SPR26%}	1.11E+12	8.24E+11	1.74E+12	1.18E+12
SSB_{CURRENT}	SSB ₂₀₁₁	4.46E+11	4.51E+11	4.95E+11	5.03E+11
SS_{CURRENT}/MSST	SSB ₂₀₁₁	0.400	0.547	0.284	0.425
OFL	Annual Yield (lbs)@ MFMT				
	OFL 2013	15,901,868	14,921,460	16,058,836	18,972,236
	OFL 2014	13,477,095	12,238,198	14,306,884	16,236,416
	OFL 2015	11,731,095	10,388,097	13,027,643	13,964,774
	OFL 2016	10,800,578	9,400,877	12,423,384	11,990,202
	OFL 2017	10,626,238	9,137,824	12,508,349	11,308,562
	OFL 2018	10,759,991	9,183,790	12,823,100	11,347,473
	OFL 2019	10,834,044	9,199,311	12,997,572	11,255,938
	OFL 2020	11,006,289	9,309,607	13,281,194	11,540,398
	OFL 2021	11,134,156	9,390,075	13,487,985	11,764,385
	OFL 2022	11,181,621	9,409,630	13,573,458	11,821,969
	OFL 2023	11,224,368	9,427,333	13,660,694	11,867,516
	OFL 2024	11,263,478	9,443,118	13,740,941	11,909,514
	OFL 2025	11,298,818	9,456,852	13,814,222	11,947,675
	OFL 2026	11,330,762	9,468,867	13,881,043	11,982,155
	OFL 2027	11,359,047	9,478,942	13,941,361	12,012,711
	OFL 2028	11,384,158	9,487,430	13,995,727	12,039,762
	OFL 2029	11,407,570	9,495,565	14,045,970	12,064,938
	OFL 2030	11,428,580	9,502,686	14,091,406	12,087,337
	OFL 2031	11,447,804	9,509,300	14,132,941	12,107,685
	OFL 2032	11,465,750	9,515,671	14,171,323	12,126,402
Annual OY (ACT)	Annual Yield @ F _{OY}				
	OY 2013	12,338,595	11,592,206	12,409,407	14,781,446
	OY 2014	11,137,154	10,153,175	11,680,566	13,603,396
	OY 2015	10,086,001	8,978,498	11,011,580	12,334,142

OY 2016	9,428,016	8,251,465	10,648,042	10,804,480
OY 2017	9,332,447	8,070,666	10,795,309	10,240,389
OY 2018	9,488,025	8,145,446	11,121,810	10,337,590
OY 2019	9,586,571	8,188,149	11,317,733	10,229,917
OY 2020	9,807,031	8,343,573	11,646,549	10,625,092
OY 2021	9,972,442	8,459,028	11,886,917	10,954,922
OY 2022	10,036,331	8,495,492	11,983,654	11,038,873
OY 2023	10,094,312	8,528,826	12,081,869	11,099,632
OY 2024	10,147,443	8,559,073	12,172,192	11,155,893
OY 2025	10,195,746	8,586,189	12,254,842	11,207,591
OY 2026	10,239,662	8,610,594	12,330,438	11,254,968
OY 2027	10,279,080	8,632,133	12,398,979	11,297,715
OY 2028	10,314,353	8,651,093	12,460,972	11,336,119
OY 2029	10,346,959	8,668,686	12,518,138	11,371,856
OY 2030	10,376,236	8,684,338	12,569,858	11,403,933
OY 2031	10,402,978	8,698,624	12,617,102	11,433,210
OY 2032	10,427,736	8,711,984	12,660,731	11,460,216

Annual Yield

Annual Yield @ F_{REBUILD}

OY 2013	13,699,428	14,277,100	13,217,305	16,476,387
OY 2014	12,073,823	11,865,620	12,291,681	14,688,941
OY 2015	10,766,737	10,151,963	11,496,901	13,005,156
OY 2016	10,001,278	9,212,847	11,079,989	11,265,749
OY 2017	9,874,139	8,965,667	11,214,139	10,614,929
OY 2018	10,022,619	9,019,041	11,540,001	10,650,533
OY 2019	10,113,117	9,041,439	11,732,705	10,524,760
OY 2020	10,316,514	9,161,899	12,053,342	10,851,548
OY 2021	10,468,367	9,249,995	12,287,426	11,120,421
OY 2022	10,526,524	9,273,319	12,382,246	11,185,479
OY 2023	10,579,148	9,294,373	12,478,587	11,237,133
OY 2024	10,627,318	9,313,267	12,567,168	11,284,708
OY 2025	10,671,014	9,329,867	12,648,187	11,328,139
OY 2026	10,710,674	9,344,528	12,722,240	11,367,579
OY 2027	10,746,080	9,357,006	12,789,303	11,402,853
OY 2028	10,777,694	9,367,720	12,849,886	11,434,246
OY 2029	10,806,971	9,377,839	12,905,795	11,463,435
OY 2030	10,833,250	9,386,746	12,956,324	11,489,471
OY 2031	10,857,258	9,394,969	13,002,510	11,513,193
OY 2032	10,879,525	9,402,795	13,045,169	11,535,018

Annual Yield

Annual Yield @ F_{CURRENT}

Y 2013	8,712,954	7,993,108	9,362,892	10,317,704
Y 2014	8,354,795	7,487,108	9,198,517	10,159,723
Y 2015	7,892,953	6,936,267	8,935,861	9,712,916
Y 2016	7,538,277	6,519,597	8,779,665	8,718,840
Y 2017	7,545,729	6,443,671	8,985,751	8,285,019
Y 2018	7,724,918	6,540,806	9,319,395	8,343,221

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

Y 2019	7,846,701	6,602,667	9,532,580	8,149,282
Y 2020	8,096,834	6,785,097	9,877,556	8,546,330
Y 2021	8,287,753	6,924,208	10,132,143	8,908,215
Y 2022	8,364,715	6,973,304	10,236,377	8,987,647
Y 2023	8,433,278	7,018,388	10,338,935	9,049,155
Y 2024	8,496,418	7,059,724	10,433,512	9,105,836
Y 2025	8,554,289	7,097,379	10,520,439	9,157,952
Y 2026	8,607,310	7,131,727	10,600,290	9,205,814
Y 2027	8,655,436	7,162,657	10,673,108	9,249,267
Y 2028	8,698,911	7,190,413	10,739,290	9,288,487
Y 2029	8,739,056	7,216,053	10,800,379	9,324,951
Y 2030	8,775,256	7,239,047	10,855,759	9,357,733
Y 2031	8,808,347	7,260,034	10,906,465	9,387,694
Y 2032	8,838,947	7,279,545	10,953,313	9,415,406

Table 3.1.3. Stock status, in terms of exploitation rate (F/MFMT) and biomass (SSB/MSST), and SPR for the four model configurations and four fishing mortality scenarios related to MAX benchmarks ($F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , F_{OY}). Run 1 = Base Model, Run 2 = M High, Run 3 = M Low, Run 16 = Index CV = 0.1.

Year	Fscenario	Run 1			Run 2			Run 3			Run 16		
		F/MFMT	SSB/MSST	SPR									
2013	Fcurrent	0.56	0.73	0.13	0.33	1.74	0.18	0.79	0.42	0.10	0.55	0.77	0.14
2014	Fcurrent	0.54	0.82	0.15	0.32	1.94	0.20	0.77	0.48	0.11	0.53	0.86	0.16
2015	Fcurrent	0.54	0.91	0.17	0.32	2.12	0.21	0.75	0.54	0.13	0.52	0.94	0.18
2016	Fcurrent	0.53	1.00	0.18	0.31	2.28	0.23	0.74	0.61	0.14	0.52	1.02	0.19
2017	Fcurrent	0.53	1.08	0.20	0.31	2.45	0.25	0.73	0.67	0.16	0.51	1.10	0.21
2018	Fcurrent	0.53	1.17	0.22	0.32	2.61	0.26	0.73	0.74	0.17	0.51	1.19	0.22
2019	Fcurrent	0.53	1.26	0.23	0.32	2.76	0.28	0.72	0.80	0.19	0.51	1.27	0.24
2020	Fcurrent	0.53	1.34	0.25	0.32	2.90	0.29	0.72	0.86	0.20	0.51	1.35	0.25
2021	Fcurrent	0.53	1.41	0.26	0.32	3.03	0.31	0.72	0.92	0.22	0.51	1.43	0.27
2022	Fcurrent	0.53	1.48	0.27	0.32	3.14	0.32	0.71	0.97	0.23	0.51	1.49	0.28
2023	Fcurrent	0.53	1.54	0.28	0.32	3.25	0.33	0.71	1.03	0.24	0.51	1.56	0.29
2024	Fcurrent	0.53	1.60	0.30	0.32	3.35	0.34	0.70	1.07	0.25	0.51	1.61	0.30
2025	Fcurrent	0.53	1.65	0.31	0.32	3.44	0.35	0.70	1.12	0.26	0.51	1.67	0.31
2026	Fcurrent	0.53	1.71	0.31	0.32	3.53	0.36	0.70	1.16	0.27	0.51	1.72	0.32
2027	Fcurrent	0.53	1.75	0.32	0.32	3.60	0.36	0.69	1.20	0.28	0.51	1.76	0.33
2028	Fcurrent	0.53	1.79	0.33	0.32	3.67	0.37	0.69	1.23	0.29	0.51	1.80	0.34
2029	Fcurrent	0.53	1.83	0.34	0.32	3.74	0.38	0.69	1.27	0.30	0.51	1.84	0.34
2030	Fcurrent	0.53	1.87	0.35	0.32	3.80	0.38	0.69	1.30	0.31	0.51	1.88	0.35
2031	Fcurrent	0.53	1.90	0.35	0.32	3.85	0.39	0.69	1.33	0.31	0.51	1.91	0.36
2032	Fcurrent	0.53	1.93	0.36	0.32	3.90	0.39	0.68	1.35	0.32	0.51	1.94	0.36
2013	Frebuild	0.70	0.73	0.13	0.48	1.74	0.18	0.88	0.42	0.10	0.69	0.77	0.14
2014	Frebuild	0.66	0.75	0.14	0.42	1.57	0.16	0.85	0.47	0.11	0.65	0.77	0.14
2015	Frebuild	0.64	0.77	0.14	0.41	1.48	0.15	0.83	0.51	0.12	0.63	0.78	0.15
2016	Frebuild	0.64	0.80	0.15	0.40	1.44	0.15	0.82	0.56	0.13	0.63	0.80	0.15
2017	Frebuild	0.64	0.83	0.15	0.40	1.42	0.14	0.82	0.61	0.14	0.62	0.83	0.15
2018	Frebuild	0.64	0.86	0.16	0.40	1.40	0.14	0.82	0.66	0.15	0.62	0.86	0.16
2019	Frebuild	0.64	0.89	0.16	0.40	1.38	0.14	0.81	0.70	0.17	0.62	0.89	0.17
2020	Frebuild	0.64	0.92	0.17	0.40	1.35	0.14	0.81	0.75	0.18	0.62	0.92	0.17
2021	Frebuild	0.64	0.94	0.17	0.40	1.33	0.13	0.81	0.79	0.19	0.62	0.94	0.18
2022	Frebuild	0.64	0.96	0.18	0.40	1.30	0.13	0.80	0.83	0.19	0.62	0.96	0.18
2023	Frebuild	0.64	0.98	0.18	0.40	1.28	0.13	0.80	0.86	0.20	0.62	0.98	0.18
2024	Frebuild	0.64	1.00	0.18	0.40	1.26	0.13	0.80	0.90	0.21	0.62	1.00	0.19
2025	Frebuild	0.64	1.02	0.19	0.40	1.24	0.12	0.79	0.93	0.22	0.62	1.02	0.19
2026	Frebuild	0.64	1.03	0.19	0.40	1.22	0.12	0.79	0.96	0.23	0.62	1.03	0.19
2027	Frebuild	0.64	1.04	0.19	0.40	1.20	0.12	0.79	0.98	0.23	0.62	1.04	0.20
2028	Frebuild	0.64	1.06	0.19	0.40	1.18	0.12	0.79	1.01	0.24	0.62	1.06	0.20
2029	Frebuild	0.64	1.07	0.20	0.40	1.17	0.12	0.78	1.03	0.24	0.62	1.07	0.20
2030	Frebuild	0.64	1.08	0.20	0.40	1.16	0.12	0.78	1.05	0.25	0.62	1.08	0.20
2031	Frebuild	0.64	1.09	0.20	0.40	1.14	0.12	0.78	1.07	0.25	0.62	1.09	0.20

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

2032	Frebuild	0.64	1.09	0.20	0.40	1.13	0.11	0.78	1.09	0.26	0.62	1.09	0.20
2013	FMAX	0.71	0.73	0.13	0.48	1.74	0.18	0.93	0.42	0.10	0.70	0.77	0.14
2014	FMAX	0.67	0.74	0.14	0.42	1.58	0.16	0.88	0.45	0.11	0.66	0.76	0.14
2015	FMAX	0.65	0.75	0.14	0.41	1.50	0.15	0.86	0.49	0.12	0.64	0.77	0.14
2016	FMAX	0.65	0.77	0.14	0.40	1.46	0.15	0.86	0.53	0.12	0.63	0.78	0.15
2017	FMAX	0.65	0.80	0.15	0.40	1.44	0.15	0.85	0.57	0.13	0.63	0.80	0.15
2018	FMAX	0.65	0.83	0.15	0.40	1.43	0.14	0.85	0.61	0.14	0.63	0.83	0.16
2019	FMAX	0.65	0.86	0.16	0.40	1.40	0.14	0.85	0.65	0.15	0.63	0.86	0.16
2020	FMAX	0.65	0.88	0.16	0.40	1.38	0.14	0.84	0.68	0.16	0.63	0.89	0.17
2021	FMAX	0.65	0.90	0.17	0.40	1.36	0.14	0.84	0.72	0.17	0.63	0.91	0.17
2022	FMAX	0.65	0.92	0.17	0.40	1.33	0.13	0.84	0.75	0.18	0.63	0.93	0.17
2023	FMAX	0.65	0.93	0.17	0.40	1.31	0.13	0.84	0.78	0.18	0.63	0.94	0.18
2024	FMAX	0.65	0.95	0.17	0.40	1.29	0.13	0.83	0.80	0.19	0.63	0.96	0.18
2025	FMAX	0.65	0.96	0.18	0.40	1.27	0.13	0.83	0.83	0.20	0.63	0.97	0.18
2026	FMAX	0.65	0.97	0.18	0.40	1.25	0.13	0.83	0.85	0.20	0.63	0.98	0.18
2027	FMAX	0.65	0.98	0.18	0.40	1.24	0.12	0.83	0.87	0.21	0.63	1.00	0.19
2028	FMAX	0.65	0.99	0.18	0.40	1.22	0.12	0.83	0.89	0.21	0.63	1.01	0.19
2029	FMAX	0.65	1.00	0.18	0.40	1.21	0.12	0.82	0.91	0.21	0.63	1.01	0.19
2030	FMAX	0.65	1.01	0.19	0.40	1.19	0.12	0.82	0.93	0.22	0.63	1.02	0.19
2031	FMAX	0.65	1.01	0.19	0.40	1.18	0.12	0.82	0.94	0.22	0.63	1.03	0.19
2032	FMAX	0.65	1.02	0.19	0.40	1.17	0.12	0.82	0.95	0.22	0.63	1.04	0.19
2013	FOY	0.67	0.73	0.13	0.44	1.74	0.18	0.87	0.42	0.10	0.54	0.77	0.14
2014	FOY	0.64	0.77	0.14	0.41	1.68	0.17	0.84	0.47	0.11	0.51	0.80	0.15
2015	FOY	0.63	0.81	0.15	0.39	1.66	0.17	0.82	0.52	0.12	0.49	0.83	0.16
2016	FOY	0.62	0.86	0.16	0.39	1.66	0.17	0.81	0.57	0.13	0.49	0.87	0.16
2017	FOY	0.62	0.90	0.17	0.39	1.67	0.17	0.80	0.62	0.15	0.49	0.91	0.17
2018	FOY	0.62	0.95	0.18	0.39	1.69	0.17	0.80	0.67	0.16	0.49	0.96	0.18
2019	FOY	0.62	1.00	0.18	0.39	1.69	0.17	0.80	0.73	0.17	0.49	1.01	0.19
2020	FOY	0.62	1.04	0.19	0.39	1.70	0.17	0.79	0.77	0.18	0.49	1.06	0.20
2021	FOY	0.62	1.07	0.20	0.39	1.70	0.17	0.79	0.82	0.19	0.49	1.10	0.21
2022	FOY	0.62	1.10	0.20	0.39	1.70	0.17	0.79	0.86	0.20	0.49	1.13	0.21
2023	FOY	0.62	1.13	0.21	0.39	1.69	0.17	0.78	0.90	0.21	0.49	1.17	0.22
2024	FOY	0.62	1.16	0.21	0.39	1.69	0.17	0.78	0.94	0.22	0.49	1.20	0.22
2025	FOY	0.62	1.19	0.22	0.39	1.69	0.17	0.78	0.97	0.23	0.49	1.23	0.23
2026	FOY	0.62	1.21	0.22	0.39	1.68	0.17	0.77	1.00	0.24	0.49	1.25	0.23
2027	FOY	0.62	1.23	0.23	0.39	1.68	0.17	0.77	1.03	0.24	0.49	1.28	0.24
2028	FOY	0.62	1.25	0.23	0.39	1.68	0.17	0.77	1.06	0.25	0.49	1.30	0.24
2029	FOY	0.62	1.27	0.23	0.39	1.67	0.17	0.77	1.09	0.26	0.48	1.32	0.25
2030	FOY	0.62	1.28	0.24	0.39	1.67	0.17	0.76	1.11	0.26	0.48	1.34	0.25
2031	FOY	0.62	1.30	0.24	0.39	1.67	0.17	0.76	1.13	0.27	0.48	1.36	0.25
2032	FOY	0.62	1.31	0.24	0.39	1.67	0.17	0.76	1.15	0.27	0.48	1.37	0.26

Table 3.1.4. Stock status, in terms of exploitation rate (F/MFMT) and biomass (SSB/MSST), and SPR for the four model configurations and four fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26% benchmarks ($F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, F_{OY}). Run 1 = Base Model, Run 2 = M High, Run 3 = M Low, Run 16 = Index CV=0.1.

Year	Fscenario	Run 1			Run 2			Run 3			Run 16		
		F/MFMT	SSB/MSST	SPR									
2013	Fcurrent	0.67	0.57	0.13	0.59	0.74	0.18	0.80	0.42	0.10	0.65	0.61	0.14
2014	Fcurrent	0.65	0.64	0.15	0.58	0.83	0.20	0.77	0.48	0.11	0.63	0.68	0.16
2015	Fcurrent	0.65	0.71	0.17	0.57	0.90	0.21	0.75	0.54	0.13	0.62	0.75	0.18
2016	Fcurrent	0.64	0.78	0.18	0.57	0.98	0.23	0.74	0.60	0.14	0.62	0.81	0.19
2017	Fcurrent	0.64	0.85	0.20	0.57	1.05	0.25	0.74	0.67	0.16	0.61	0.88	0.21
2018	Fcurrent	0.64	0.92	0.22	0.57	1.12	0.26	0.73	0.73	0.17	0.61	0.94	0.22
2019	Fcurrent	0.64	0.98	0.23	0.57	1.18	0.28	0.73	0.80	0.19	0.61	1.01	0.24
2020	Fcurrent	0.64	1.05	0.25	0.57	1.24	0.29	0.72	0.86	0.20	0.61	1.07	0.25
2021	Fcurrent	0.64	1.10	0.26	0.57	1.30	0.31	0.72	0.92	0.22	0.61	1.13	0.27
2022	Fcurrent	0.64	1.16	0.27	0.57	1.34	0.32	0.71	0.97	0.23	0.61	1.18	0.28
2023	Fcurrent	0.64	1.21	0.28	0.57	1.39	0.33	0.71	1.02	0.24	0.61	1.23	0.29
2024	Fcurrent	0.64	1.25	0.30	0.57	1.43	0.34	0.71	1.07	0.25	0.61	1.28	0.30
2025	Fcurrent	0.64	1.29	0.31	0.57	1.47	0.35	0.70	1.12	0.26	0.61	1.32	0.31
2026	Fcurrent	0.64	1.33	0.31	0.57	1.51	0.36	0.70	1.16	0.27	0.61	1.36	0.32
2027	Fcurrent	0.64	1.37	0.32	0.57	1.54	0.36	0.70	1.20	0.28	0.61	1.40	0.33
2028	Fcurrent	0.64	1.41	0.33	0.57	1.57	0.37	0.69	1.23	0.29	0.61	1.43	0.34
2029	Fcurrent	0.63	1.44	0.34	0.57	1.60	0.38	0.69	1.27	0.30	0.60	1.46	0.34
2030	Fcurrent	0.63	1.46	0.35	0.57	1.62	0.38	0.69	1.30	0.31	0.60	1.49	0.35
2031	Fcurrent	0.63	1.49	0.35	0.57	1.65	0.39	0.69	1.32	0.31	0.60	1.52	0.36
2032	Fcurrent	0.63	1.51	0.36	0.57	1.67	0.39	0.68	1.35	0.32	0.60	1.54	0.36
2013	Frebuild	0.79	0.57	0.13	0.73	0.74	0.18	0.88	0.42	0.10	0.77	0.61	0.14
2014	Frebuild	0.76	0.61	0.14	0.69	0.78	0.18	0.85	0.47	0.11	0.74	0.64	0.15
2015	Frebuild	0.74	0.65	0.15	0.68	0.80	0.19	0.83	0.51	0.12	0.73	0.67	0.16
2016	Frebuild	0.74	0.69	0.16	0.67	0.83	0.20	0.82	0.56	0.13	0.72	0.71	0.17
2017	Frebuild	0.74	0.74	0.17	0.68	0.86	0.20	0.82	0.61	0.14	0.71	0.74	0.18
2018	Frebuild	0.74	0.78	0.18	0.68	0.90	0.21	0.81	0.66	0.16	0.71	0.79	0.19
2019	Frebuild	0.74	0.82	0.19	0.68	0.92	0.22	0.81	0.71	0.17	0.71	0.83	0.19
2020	Frebuild	0.74	0.85	0.20	0.68	0.95	0.22	0.81	0.75	0.18	0.71	0.87	0.20
2021	Frebuild	0.74	0.89	0.21	0.68	0.97	0.23	0.80	0.80	0.19	0.71	0.90	0.21
2022	Frebuild	0.74	0.92	0.22	0.68	0.99	0.23	0.80	0.83	0.20	0.71	0.93	0.22
2023	Frebuild	0.74	0.94	0.22	0.68	1.00	0.24	0.80	0.87	0.21	0.71	0.96	0.23
2024	Frebuild	0.74	0.97	0.23	0.68	1.02	0.24	0.79	0.91	0.21	0.71	0.98	0.23
2025	Frebuild	0.74	0.99	0.23	0.68	1.03	0.24	0.79	0.94	0.22	0.71	1.00	0.24
2026	Frebuild	0.74	1.02	0.24	0.68	1.04	0.25	0.79	0.97	0.23	0.71	1.03	0.24
2027	Frebuild	0.74	1.04	0.24	0.68	1.05	0.25	0.78	0.99	0.23	0.71	1.05	0.25
2028	Frebuild	0.74	1.05	0.25	0.68	1.06	0.25	0.78	1.02	0.24	0.71	1.06	0.25
2029	Frebuild	0.74	1.07	0.25	0.68	1.07	0.25	0.78	1.04	0.25	0.71	1.08	0.25
2030	Frebuild	0.74	1.08	0.26	0.68	1.08	0.25	0.78	1.06	0.25	0.71	1.09	0.26
2031	Frebuild	0.74	1.10	0.26	0.68	1.09	0.26	0.78	1.08	0.26	0.71	1.11	0.26

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

2032	Frebuild	0.74	1.11	0.26	0.68	1.09	0.26	0.78	1.10	0.26	0.71	1.12	0.26
2013	FSPR26	0.81	0.57	0.13	0.75	0.74	0.18	0.93	0.42	0.10	0.80	0.61	0.14
2014	FSPR26	0.78	0.60	0.14	0.72	0.77	0.18	0.88	0.45	0.11	0.76	0.63	0.15
2015	FSPR26	0.76	0.63	0.15	0.70	0.79	0.19	0.86	0.49	0.12	0.74	0.65	0.15
2016	FSPR26	0.76	0.66	0.15	0.70	0.82	0.19	0.86	0.53	0.12	0.73	0.67	0.16
2017	FSPR26	0.76	0.69	0.16	0.70	0.85	0.20	0.85	0.57	0.13	0.73	0.70	0.17
2018	FSPR26	0.76	0.72	0.17	0.70	0.88	0.21	0.85	0.61	0.14	0.73	0.73	0.17
2019	FSPR26	0.76	0.76	0.18	0.70	0.90	0.21	0.85	0.65	0.15	0.73	0.77	0.18
2020	FSPR26	0.76	0.78	0.18	0.70	0.92	0.22	0.85	0.68	0.16	0.73	0.80	0.19
2021	FSPR26	0.76	0.81	0.19	0.70	0.94	0.22	0.84	0.72	0.17	0.73	0.82	0.19
2022	FSPR26	0.76	0.83	0.20	0.70	0.95	0.23	0.84	0.75	0.18	0.73	0.85	0.20
2023	FSPR26	0.76	0.85	0.20	0.70	0.97	0.23	0.84	0.78	0.18	0.73	0.87	0.20
2024	FSPR26	0.76	0.87	0.21	0.70	0.98	0.23	0.83	0.80	0.19	0.73	0.89	0.21
2025	FSPR26	0.76	0.89	0.21	0.70	0.99	0.23	0.83	0.83	0.20	0.73	0.90	0.21
2026	FSPR26	0.76	0.90	0.21	0.70	1.00	0.24	0.83	0.85	0.20	0.73	0.92	0.22
2027	FSPR26	0.76	0.92	0.22	0.70	1.01	0.24	0.83	0.87	0.21	0.73	0.94	0.22
2028	FSPR26	0.76	0.93	0.22	0.70	1.02	0.24	0.83	0.89	0.21	0.73	0.95	0.22
2029	FSPR26	0.76	0.94	0.22	0.70	1.03	0.24	0.82	0.91	0.21	0.73	0.96	0.23
2030	FSPR26	0.75	0.95	0.23	0.70	1.03	0.24	0.82	0.93	0.22	0.73	0.97	0.23
2031	FSPR26	0.75	0.96	0.23	0.70	1.04	0.25	0.82	0.94	0.22	0.73	0.98	0.23
2032	FSPR26	0.75	0.97	0.23	0.70	1.05	0.25	0.82	0.95	0.23	0.73	0.99	0.23
2013	FOY	0.77	0.57	0.13	0.69	0.74	0.18	0.87	0.42	0.10	0.61	0.61	0.14
2014	FOY	0.75	0.62	0.15	0.67	0.80	0.19	0.84	0.47	0.11	0.58	0.66	0.15
2015	FOY	0.73	0.67	0.16	0.66	0.85	0.20	0.82	0.52	0.12	0.57	0.70	0.16
2016	FOY	0.73	0.72	0.17	0.66	0.89	0.21	0.81	0.57	0.13	0.56	0.74	0.17
2017	FOY	0.73	0.76	0.18	0.66	0.94	0.22	0.81	0.62	0.15	0.56	0.78	0.18
2018	FOY	0.73	0.81	0.19	0.66	0.98	0.23	0.80	0.67	0.16	0.56	0.83	0.20
2019	FOY	0.73	0.86	0.20	0.66	1.02	0.24	0.80	0.73	0.17	0.56	0.88	0.21
2020	FOY	0.73	0.90	0.21	0.66	1.06	0.25	0.79	0.77	0.18	0.56	0.93	0.22
2021	FOY	0.73	0.94	0.22	0.66	1.10	0.26	0.79	0.82	0.19	0.56	0.97	0.23
2022	FOY	0.73	0.98	0.23	0.66	1.12	0.27	0.79	0.86	0.20	0.56	1.01	0.24
2023	FOY	0.73	1.01	0.24	0.66	1.15	0.27	0.78	0.90	0.21	0.56	1.05	0.25
2024	FOY	0.73	1.04	0.24	0.66	1.18	0.28	0.78	0.94	0.22	0.56	1.08	0.26
2025	FOY	0.73	1.07	0.25	0.66	1.20	0.28	0.78	0.97	0.23	0.56	1.11	0.26
2026	FOY	0.73	1.09	0.26	0.66	1.22	0.29	0.77	1.00	0.24	0.56	1.14	0.27
2027	FOY	0.73	1.12	0.26	0.66	1.24	0.29	0.77	1.03	0.24	0.56	1.17	0.28
2028	FOY	0.73	1.14	0.27	0.66	1.25	0.30	0.77	1.06	0.25	0.56	1.19	0.28
2029	FOY	0.72	1.16	0.27	0.66	1.27	0.30	0.77	1.08	0.26	0.56	1.21	0.29
2030	FOY	0.72	1.17	0.28	0.66	1.28	0.30	0.77	1.11	0.26	0.56	1.23	0.29
2031	FOY	0.72	1.19	0.28	0.66	1.30	0.31	0.76	1.13	0.27	0.56	1.25	0.30
2032	FOY	0.72	1.21	0.28	0.66	1.31	0.31	0.76	1.15	0.27	0.56	1.27	0.30

7. Figures

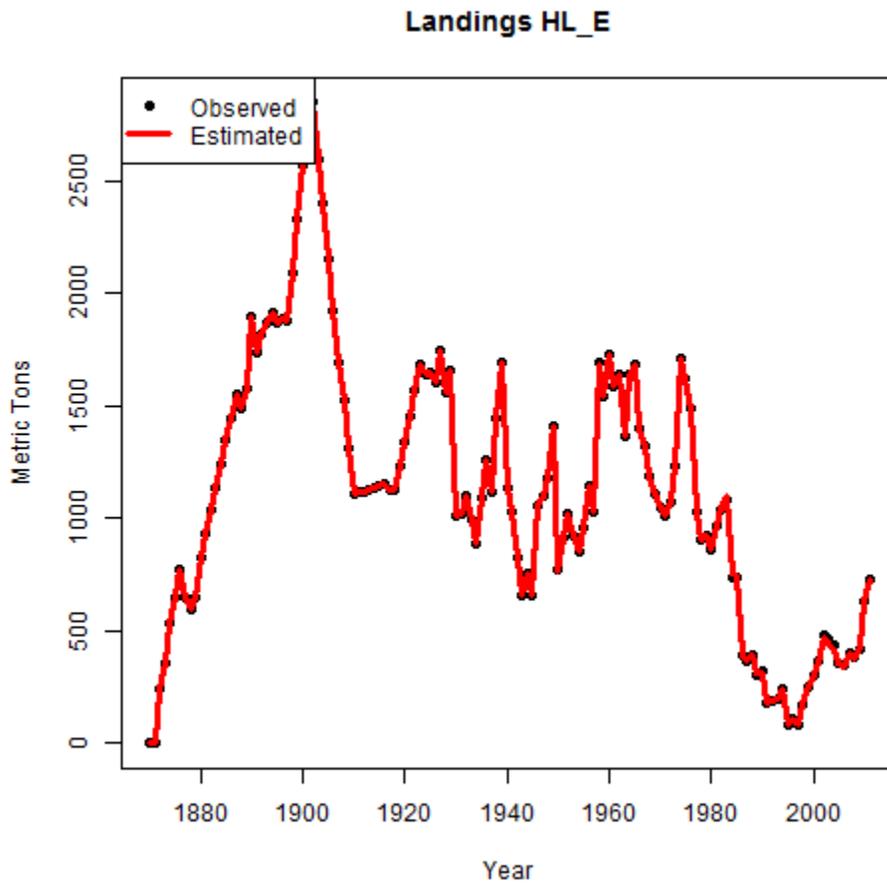


Figure 2.2.1. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

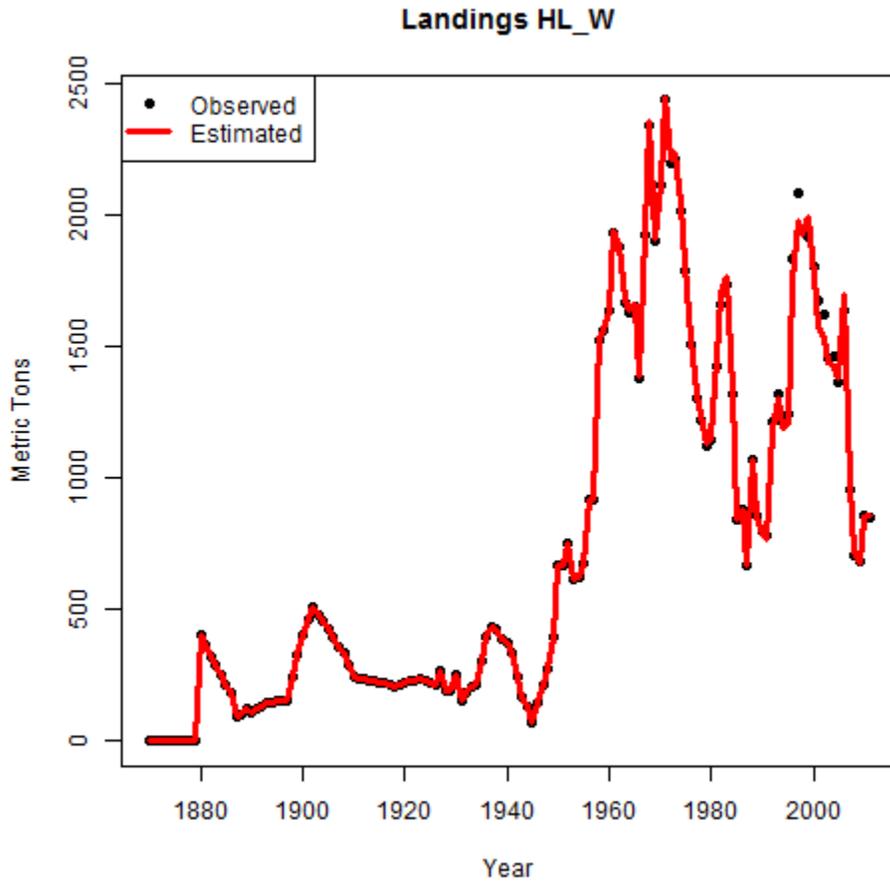


Figure 2.2.2. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

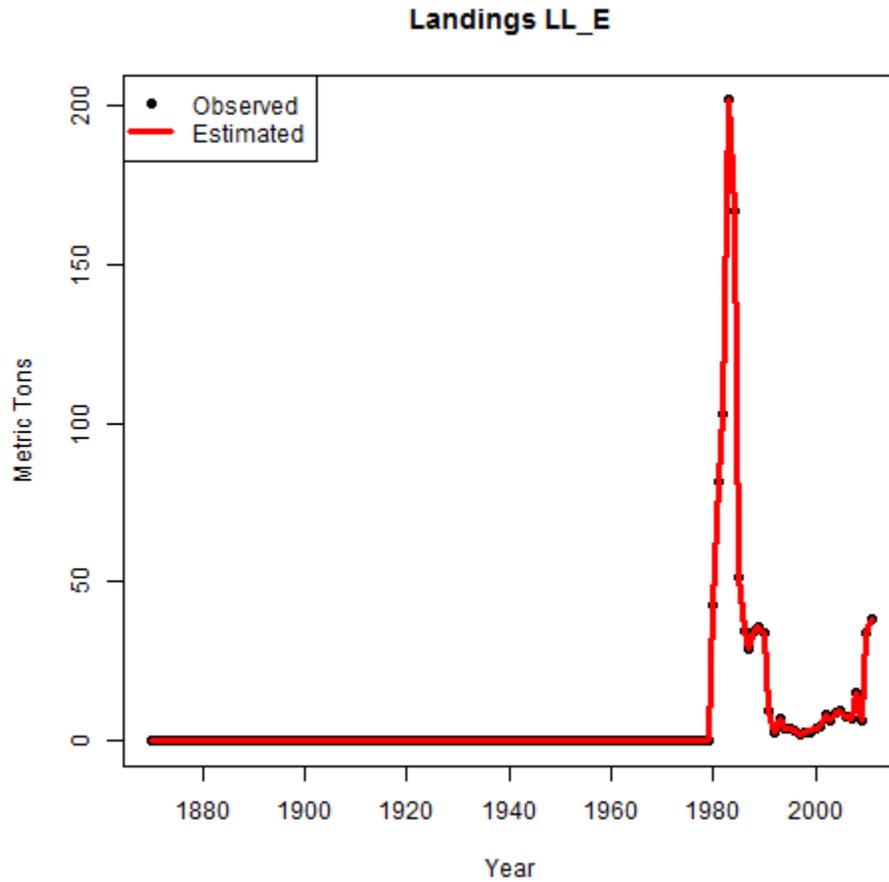


Figure 2.2.3. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

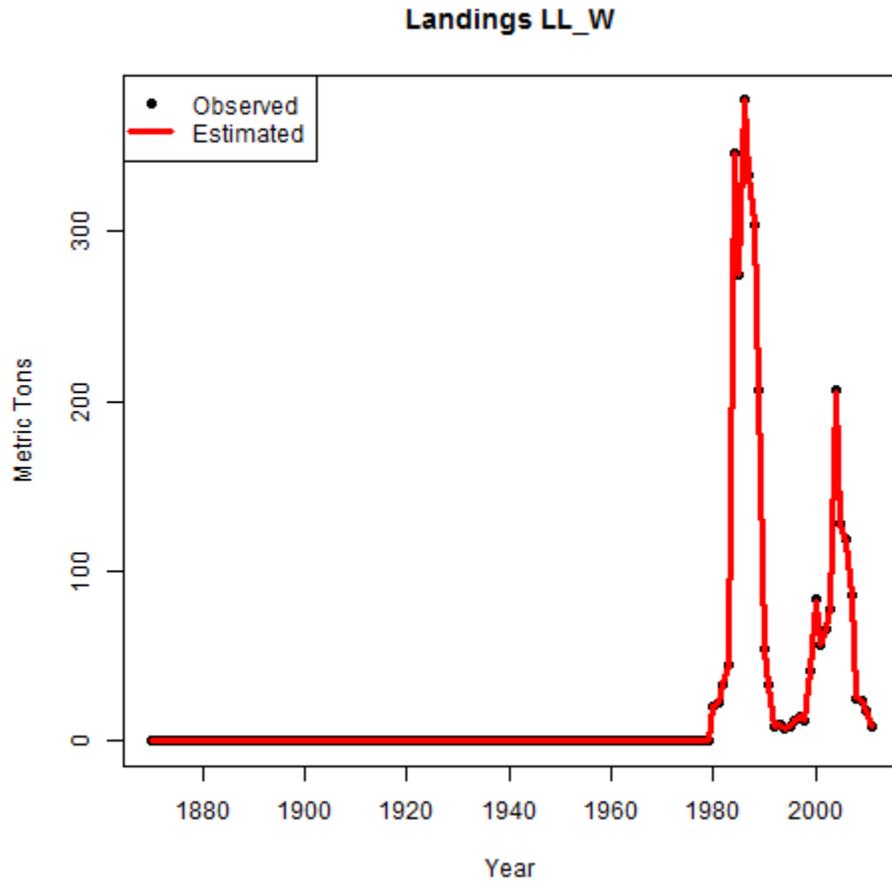


Figure 2.2.4. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

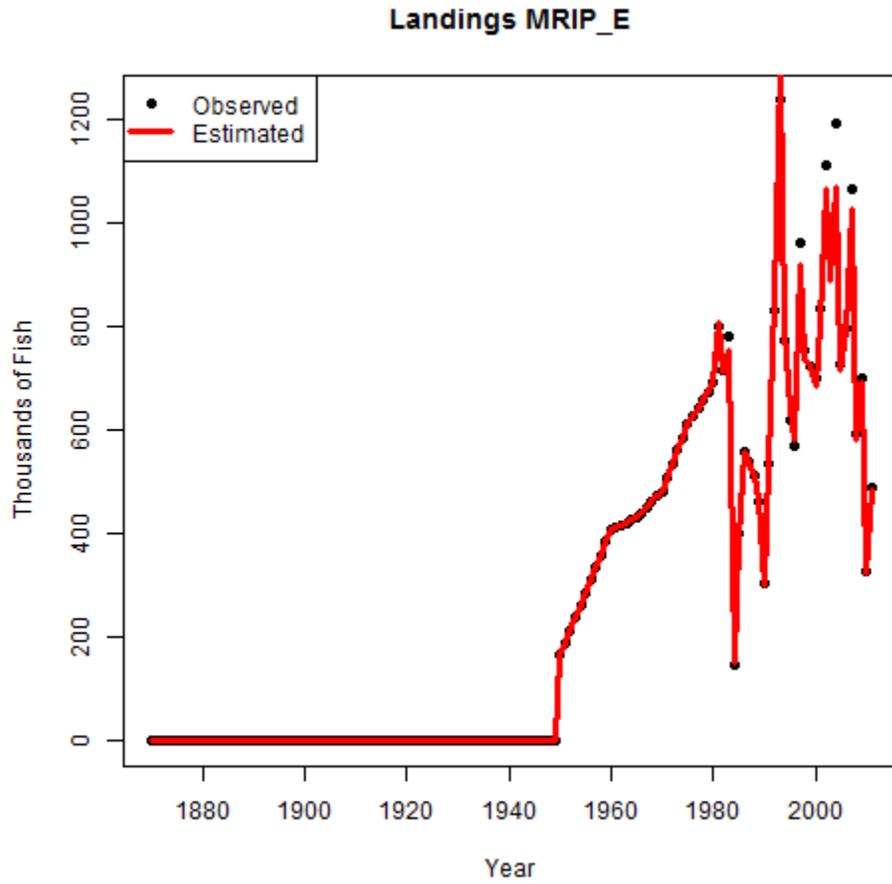


Figure 2.2.5. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

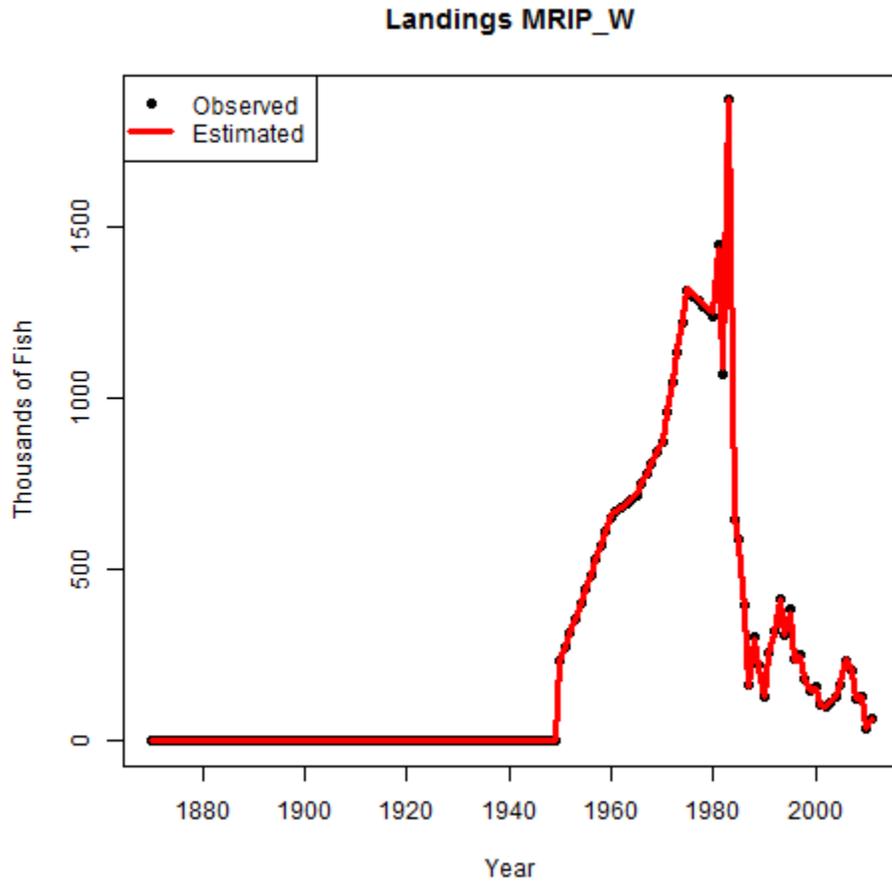


Figure 2.2.6. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

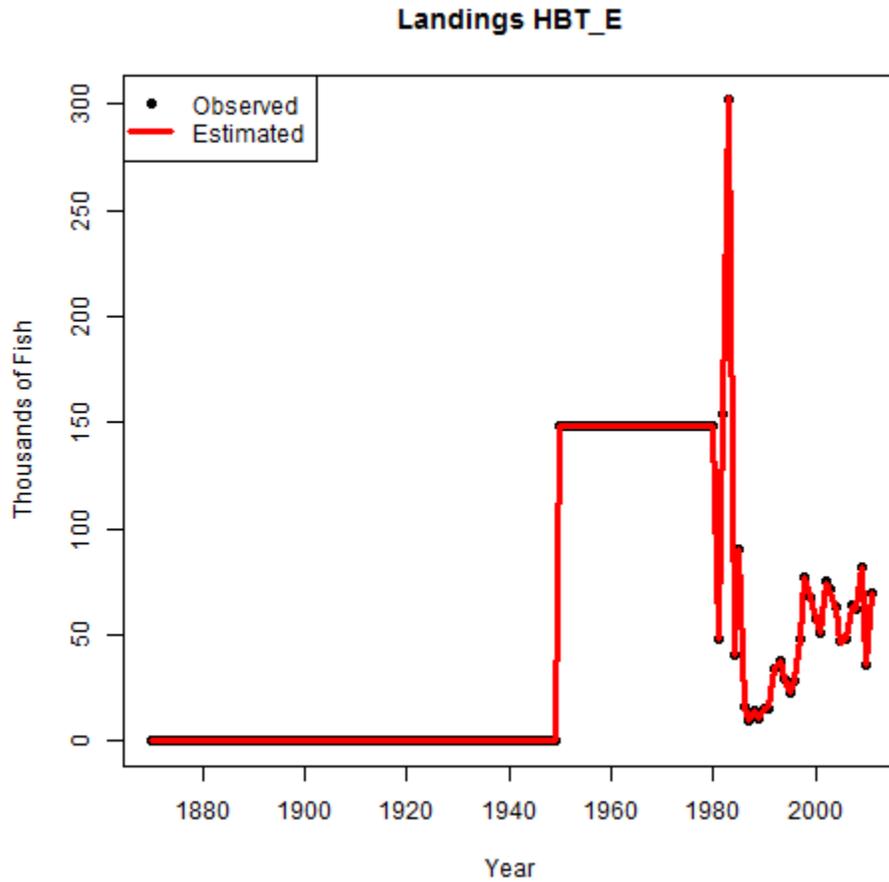


Figure 2.2.7. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

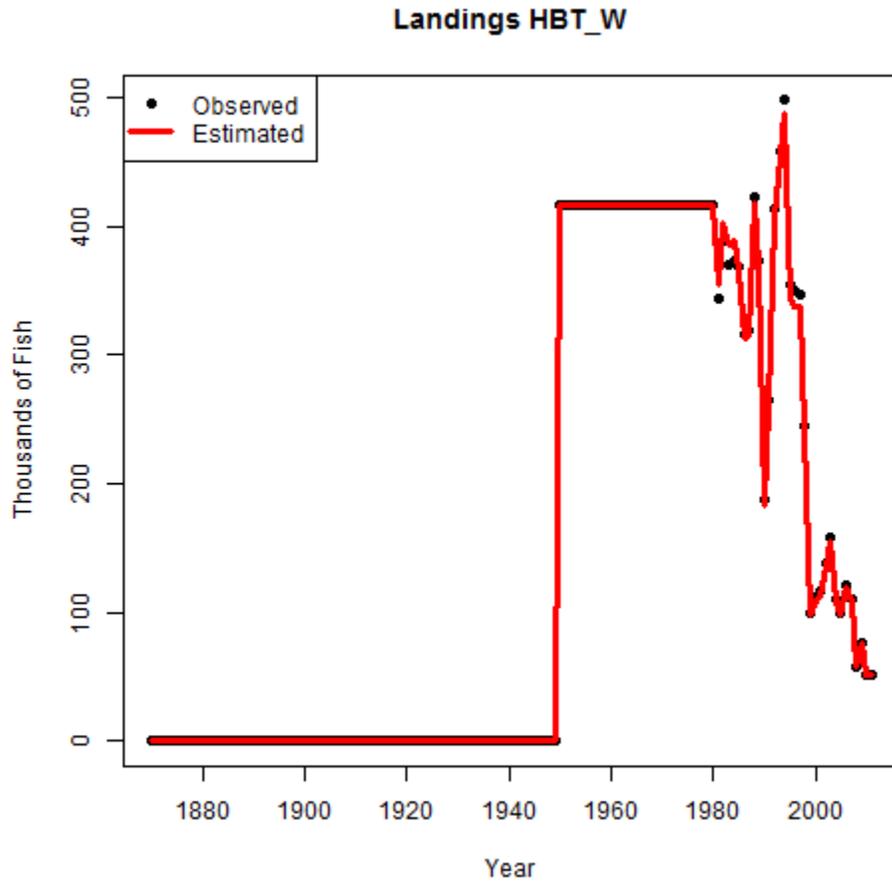


Figure 2.2.8. Observed (black dots) and estimated landings (red line) of red snapper for the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1872-2011.

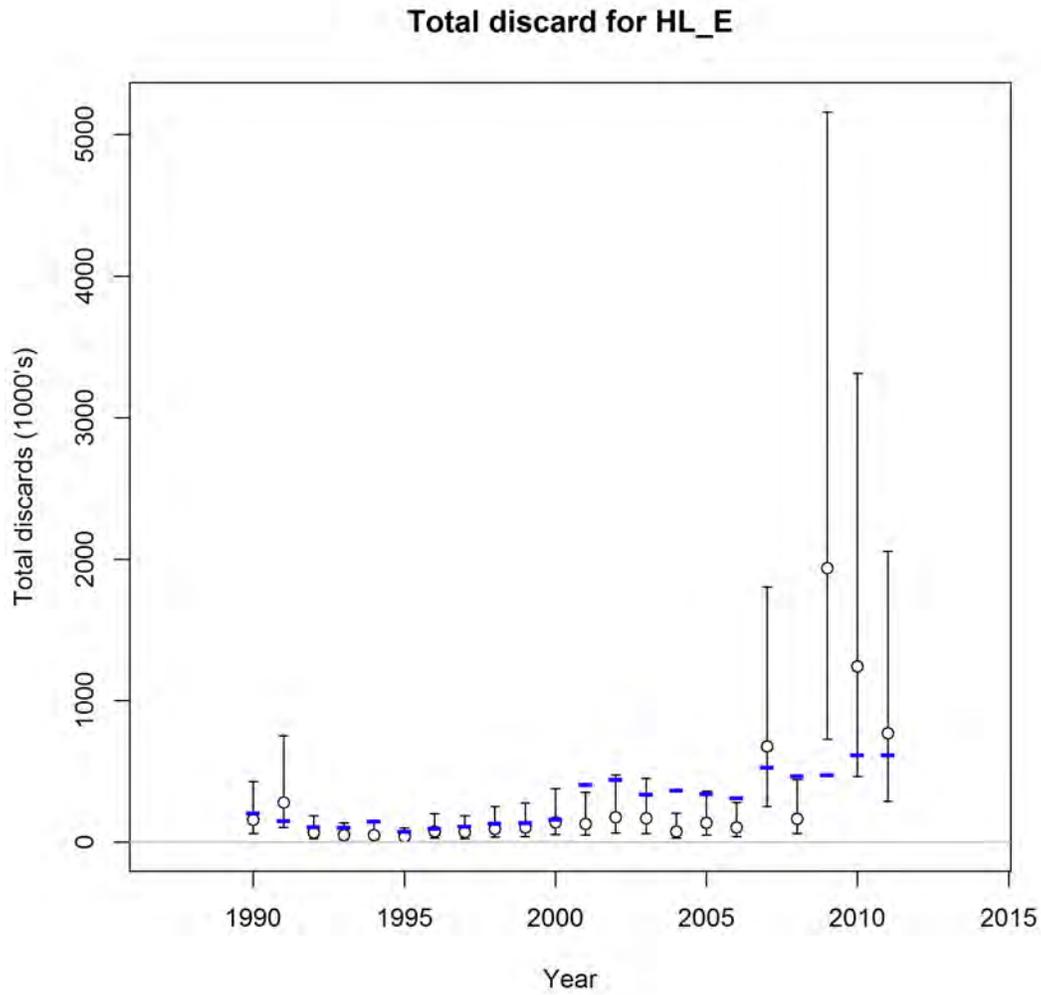


Figure 2.3.1. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

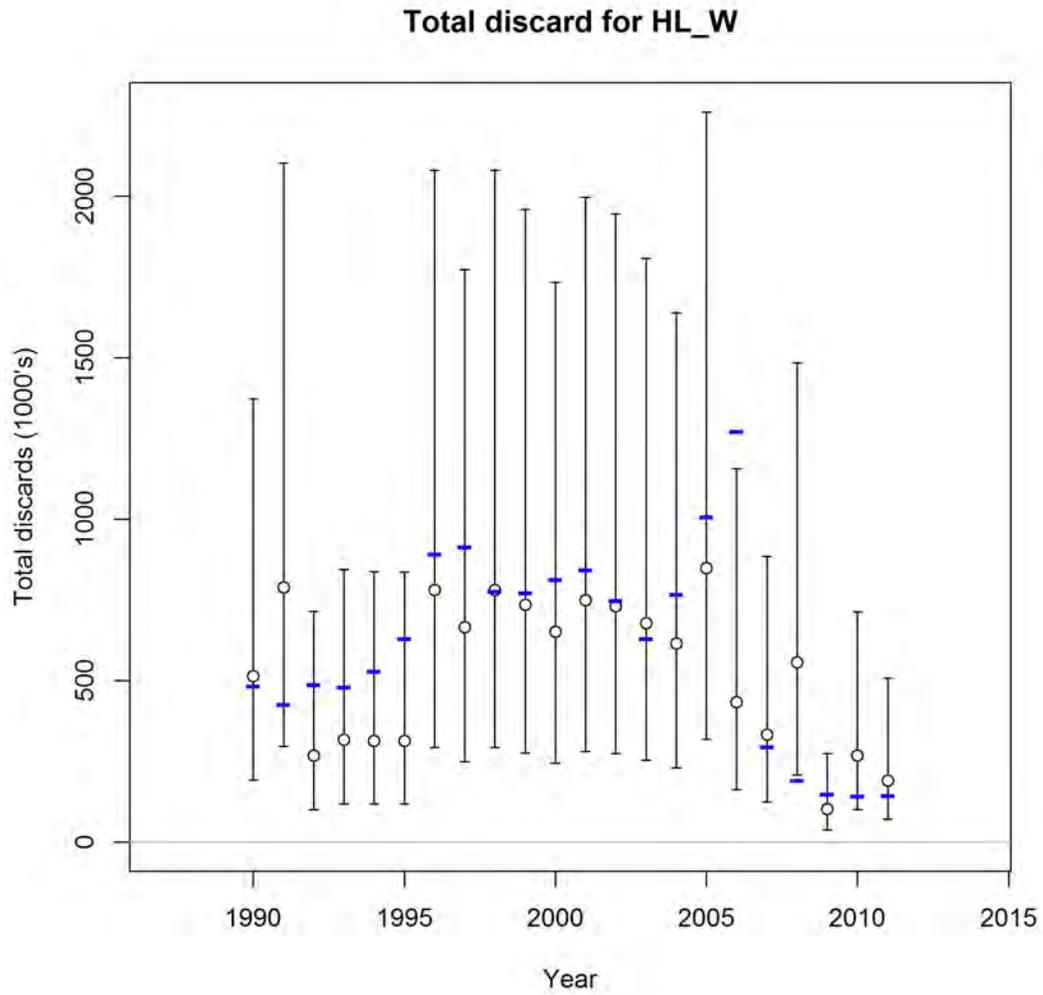


Figure 2.3.2. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

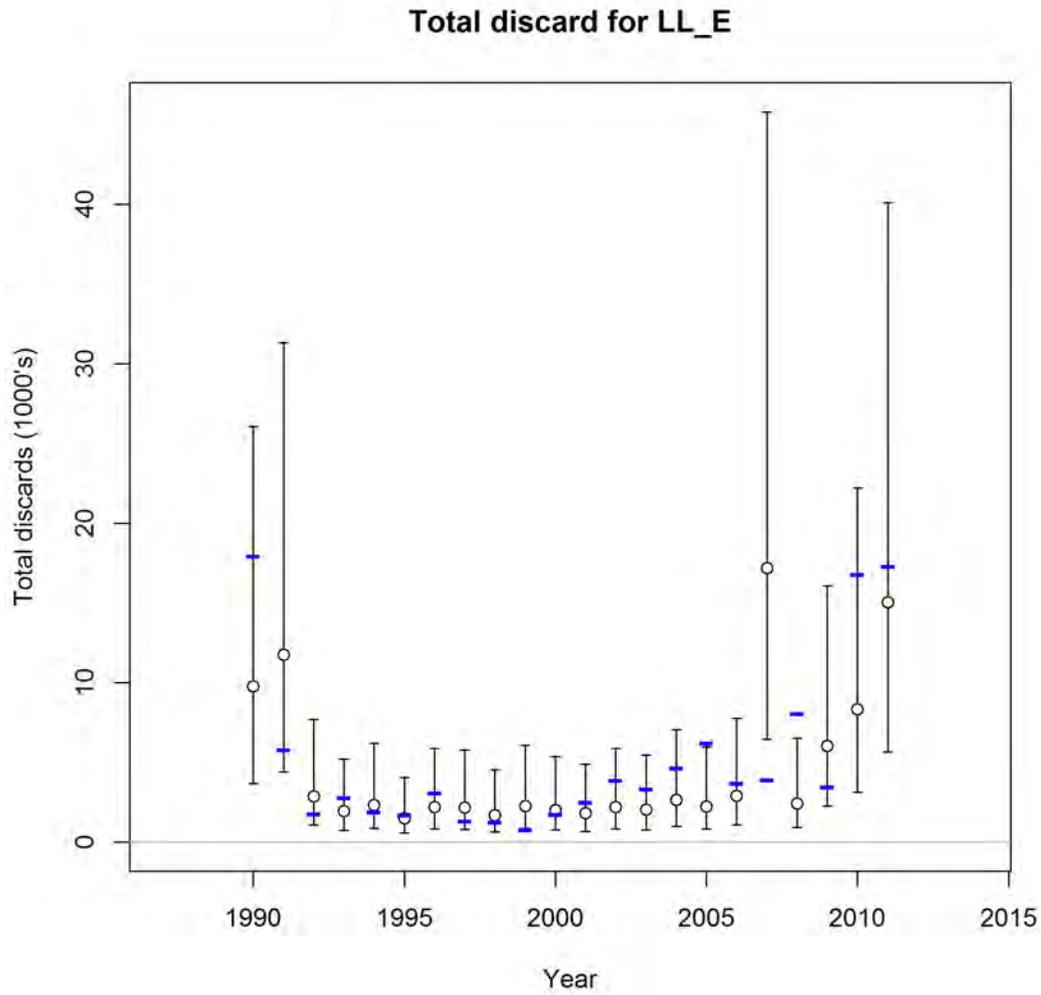


Figure 2.3.3. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

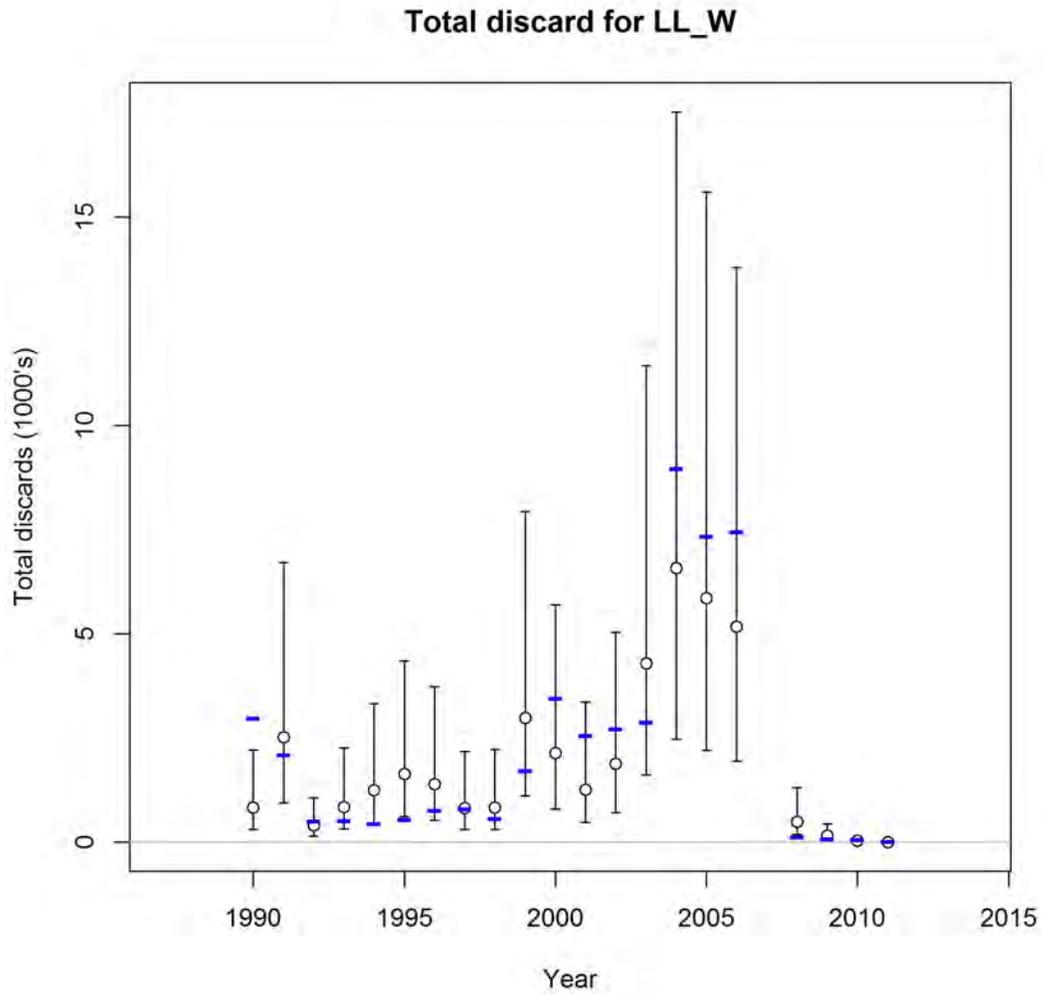


Figure 2.3.4. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

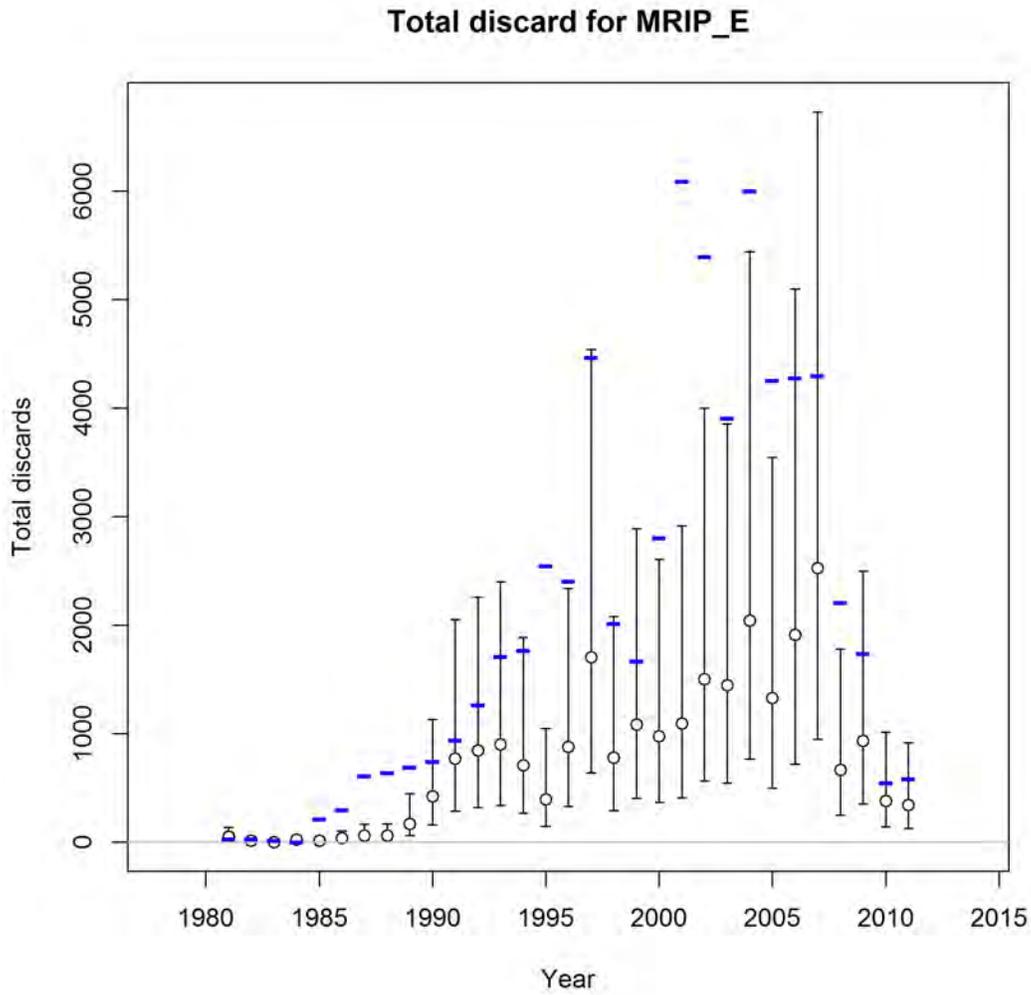


Figure 2.3.5. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

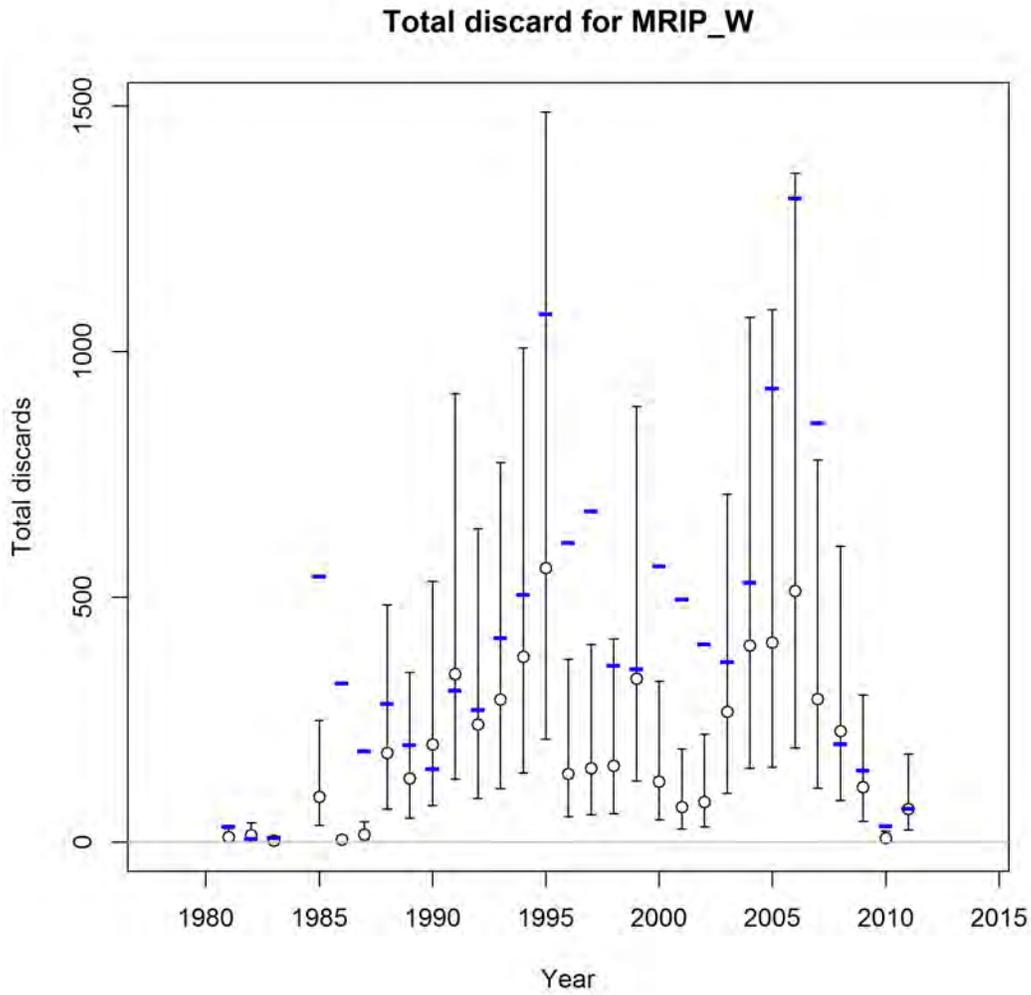


Figure 2.3.6. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

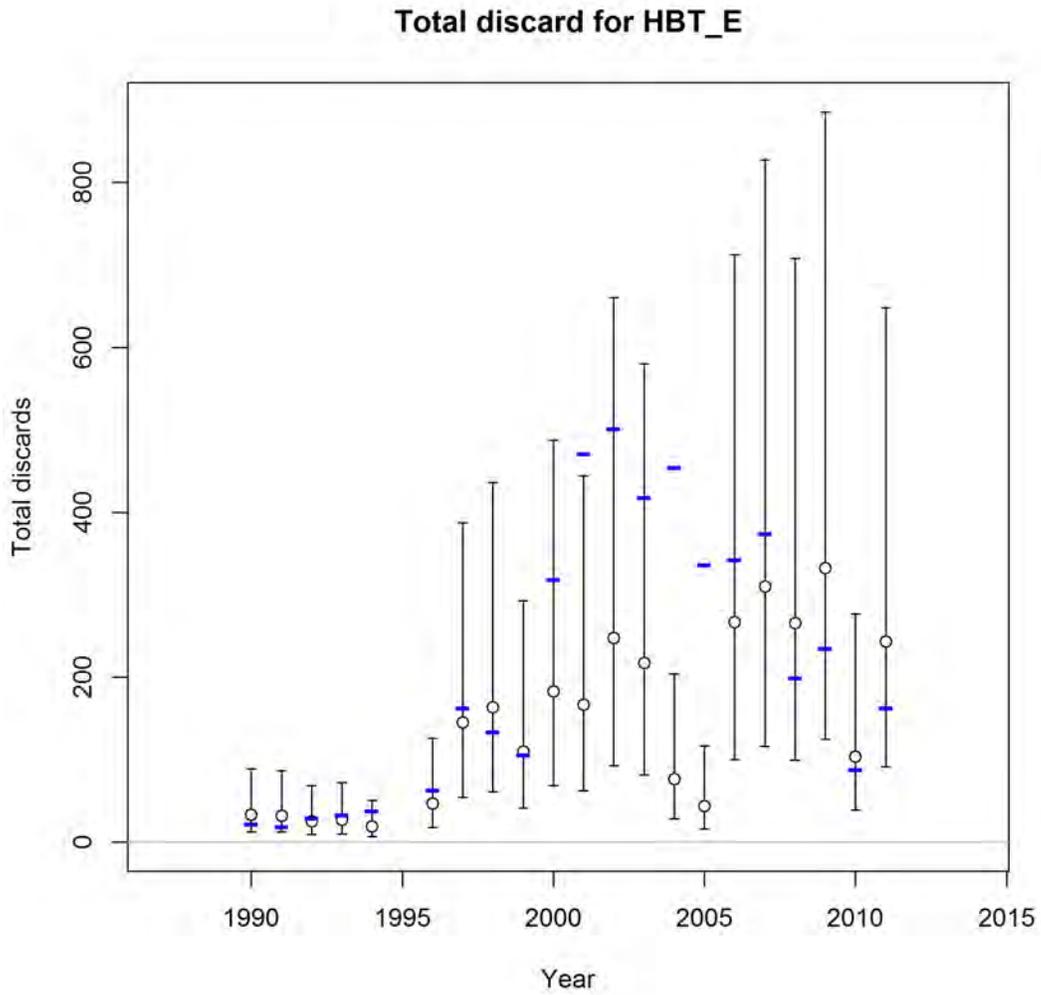


Figure 2.3.7. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2011.

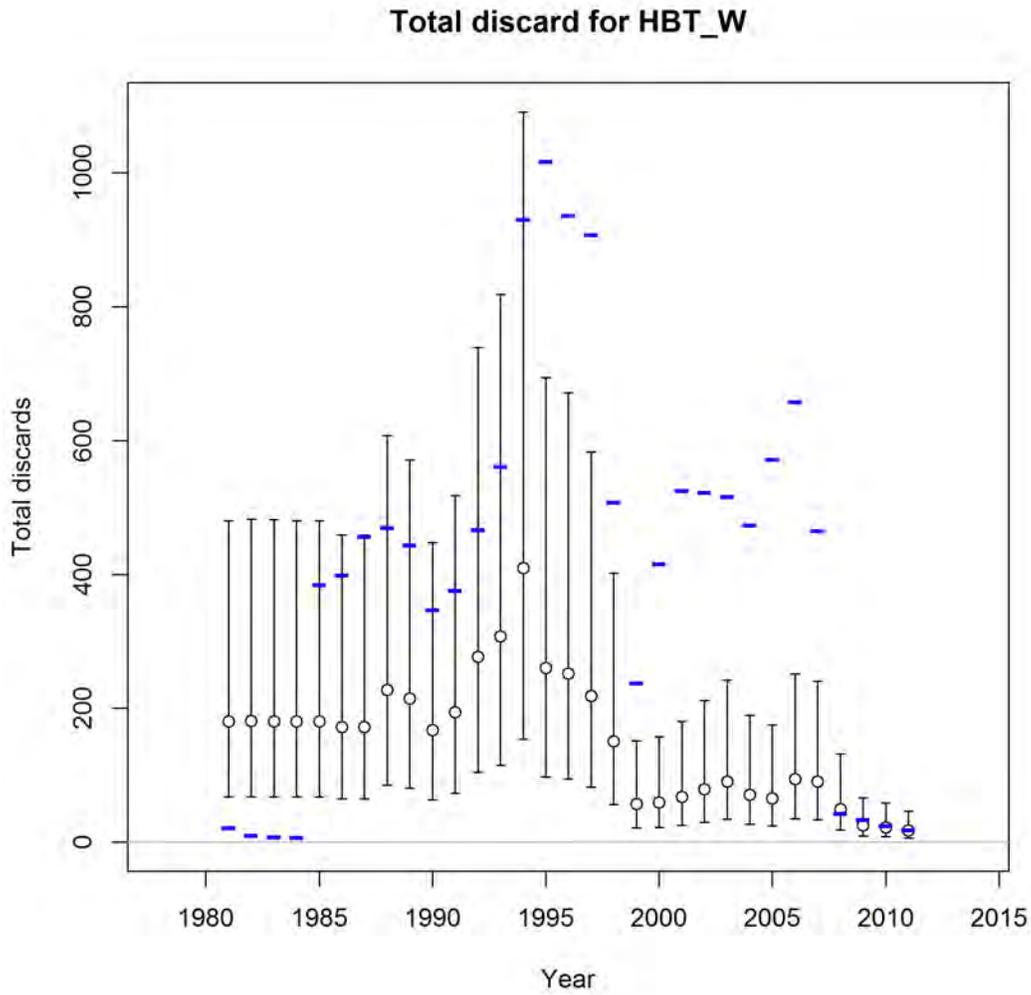


Figure 2.3.8. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

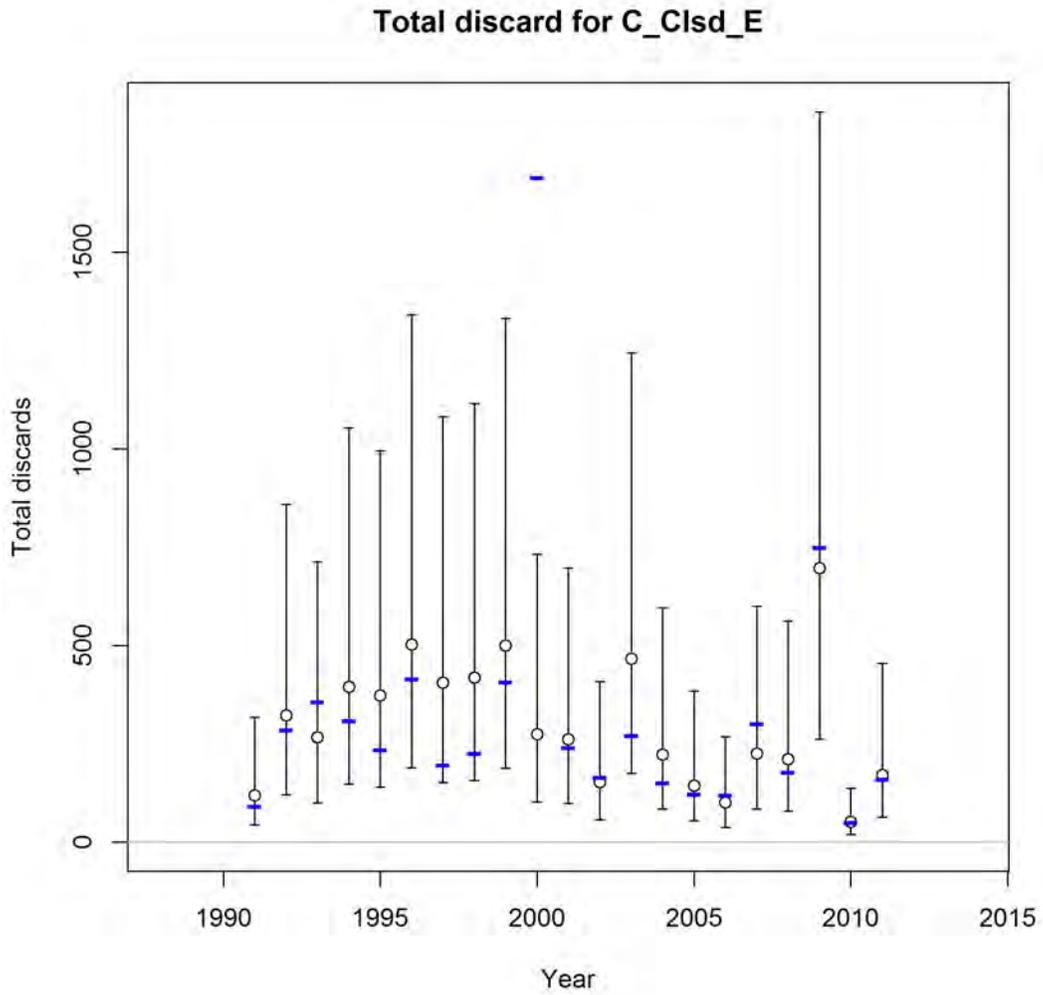


Figure 2.3.9. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1991-2011.

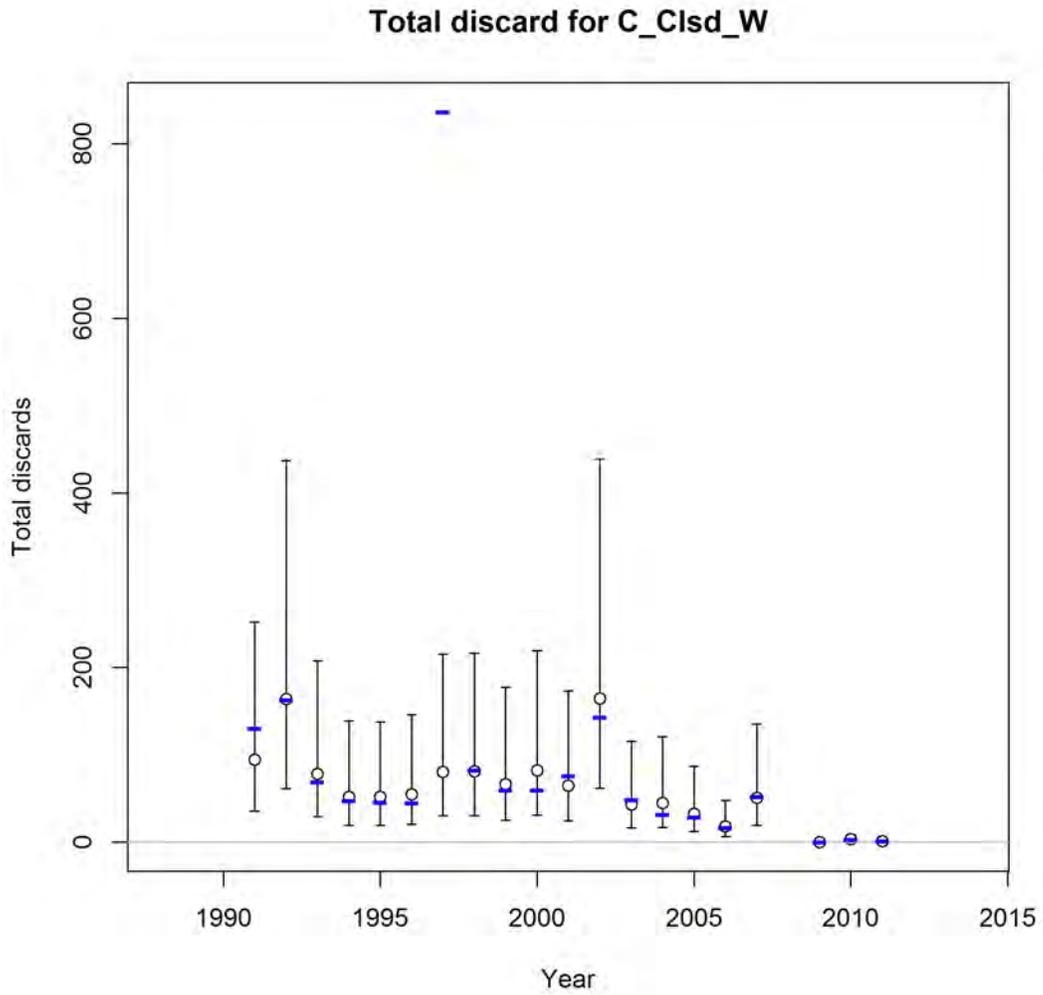


Figure 2.3.10. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1991-2011.

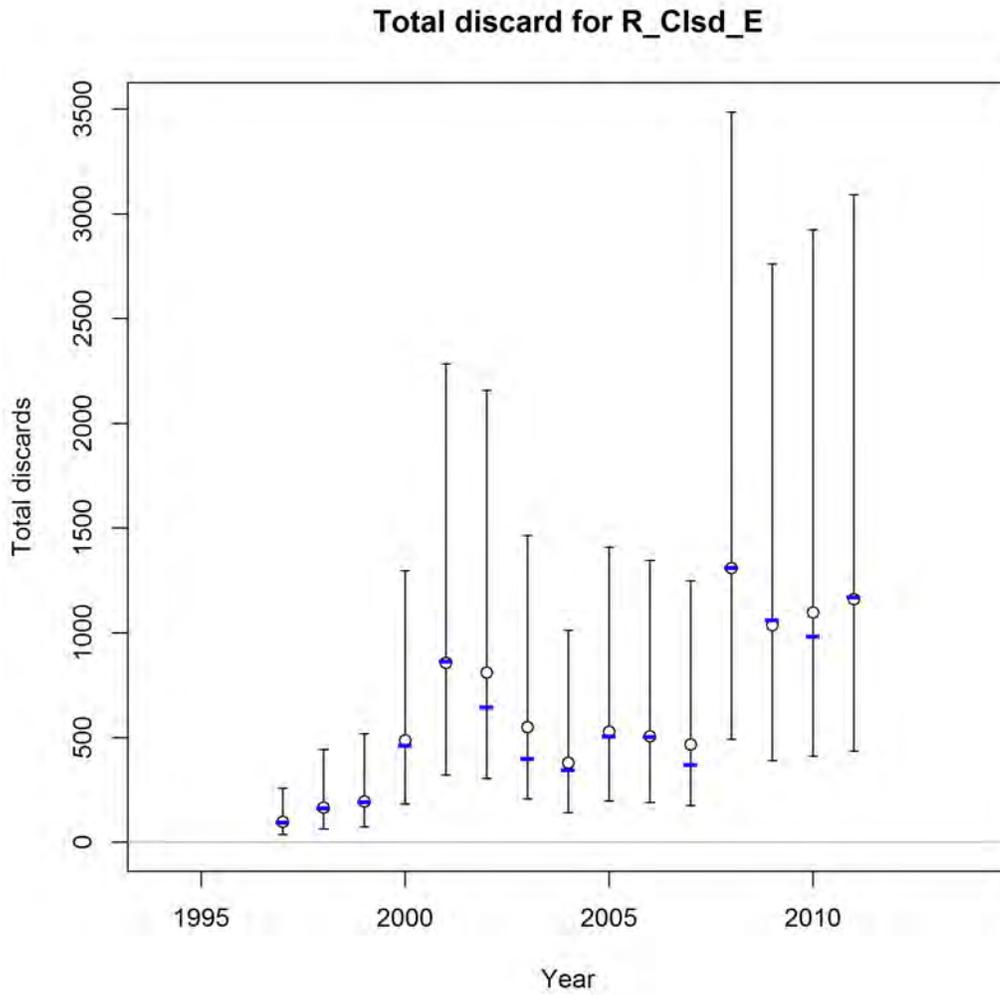


Figure 2.3.11. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1997-2011.

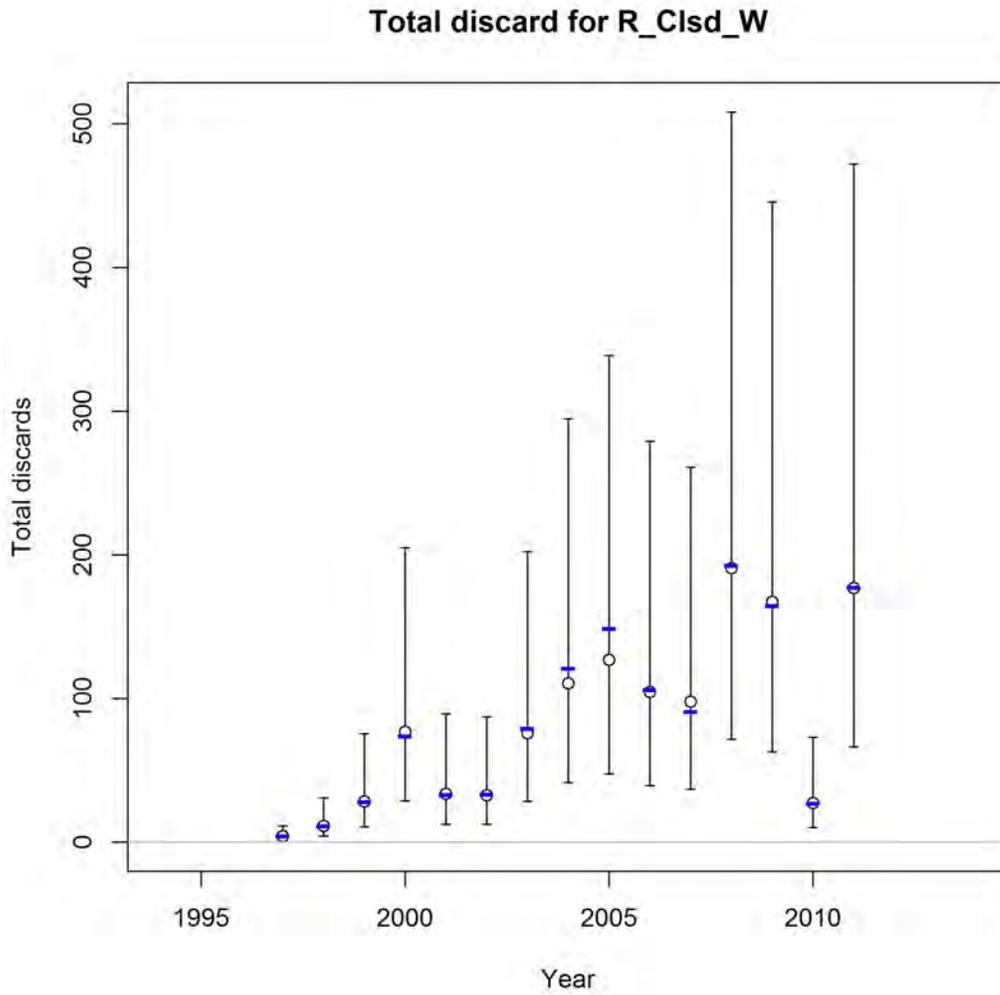


Figure 2.3.12. Observed (open circles) and predicted total discards (blue dashes) of red snapper from the recreational closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1997-2011.

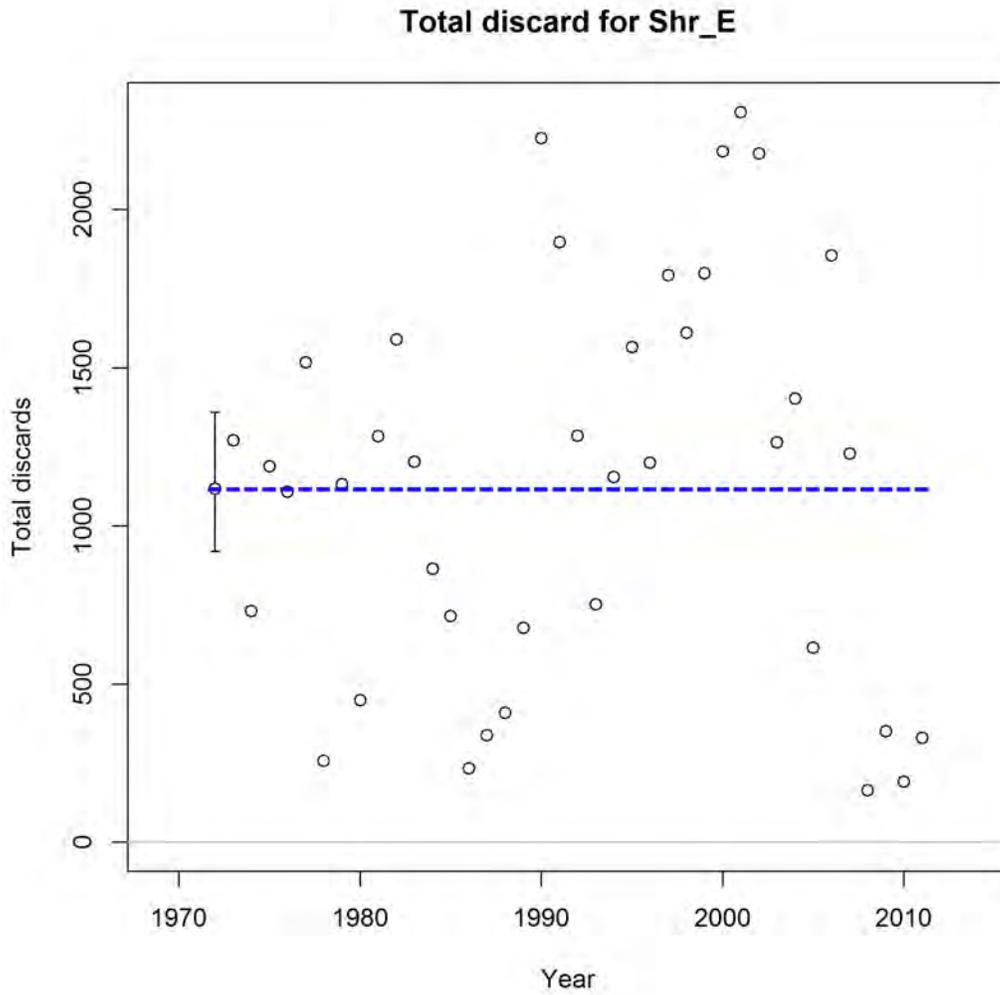


Figure 2.3.13. Model predicted mean bycatch (blue dashed line) of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1972-2011.

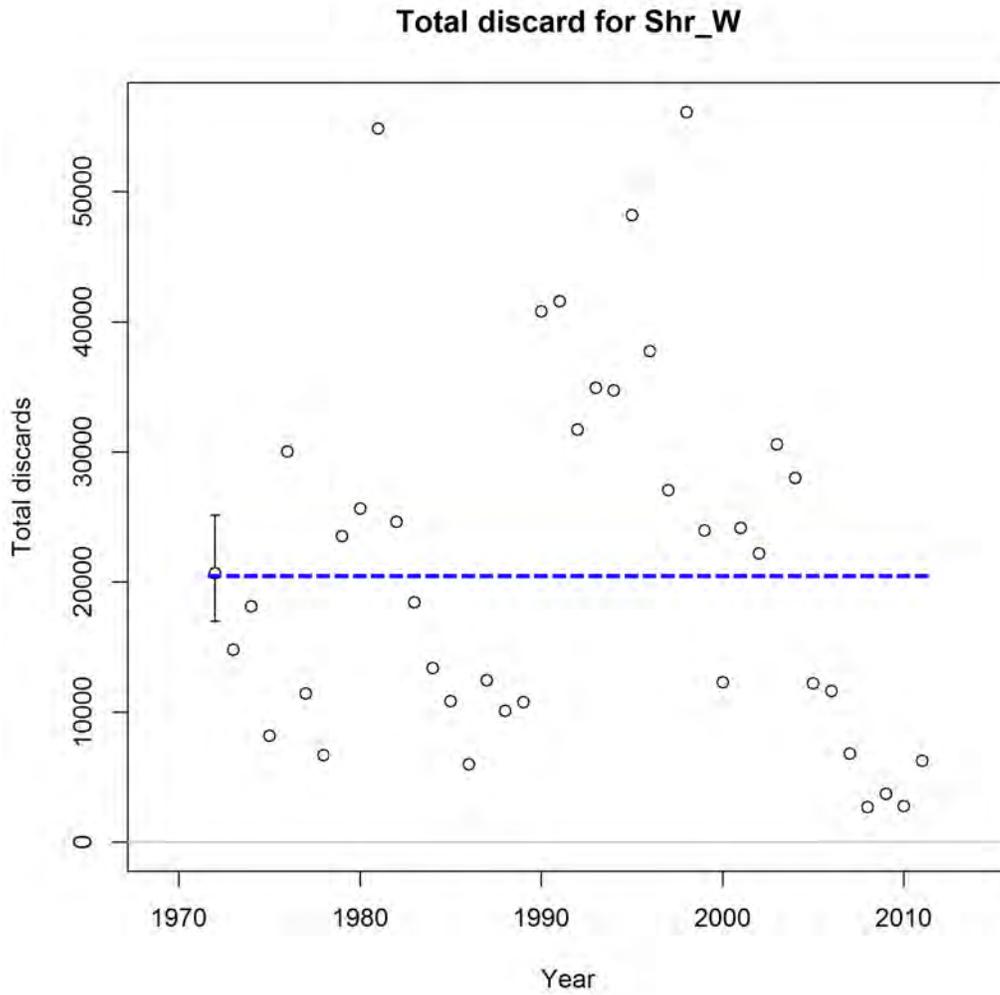


Figure 2.3.14. Model predicted mean bycatch (blue dashed line) of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1972-2011.

Estimated East Shrimp Discards

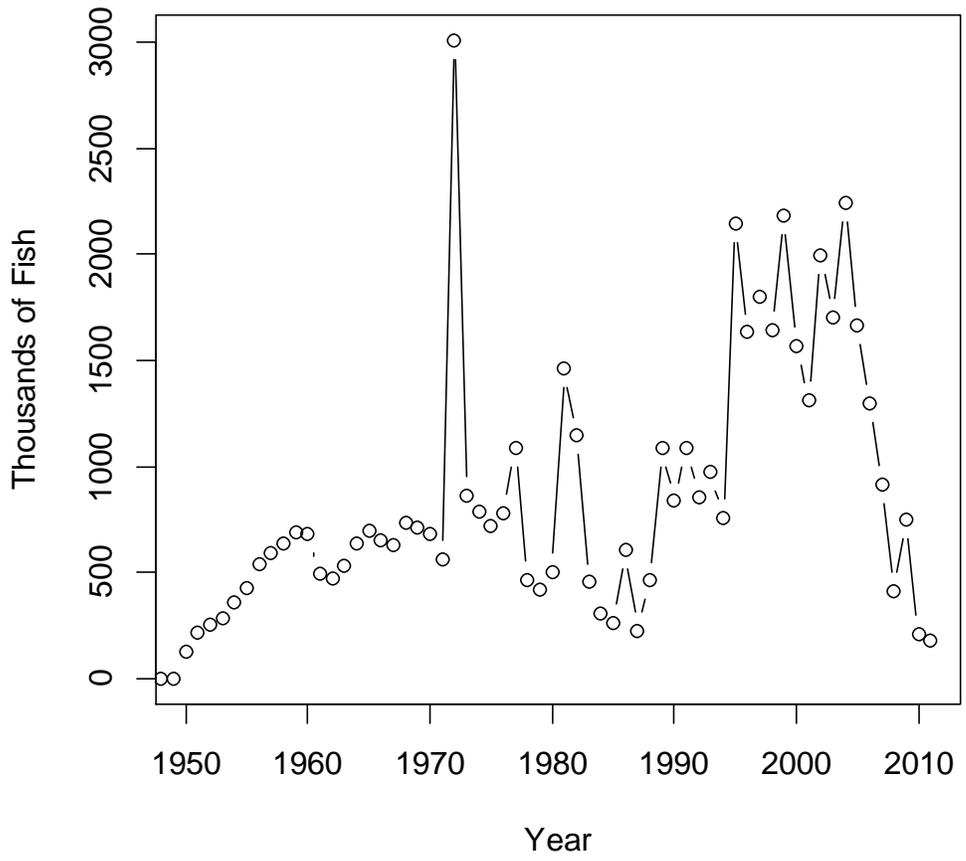


Figure 2.3.15. Model predicted total discards of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

Estimated West Shrimp Discards

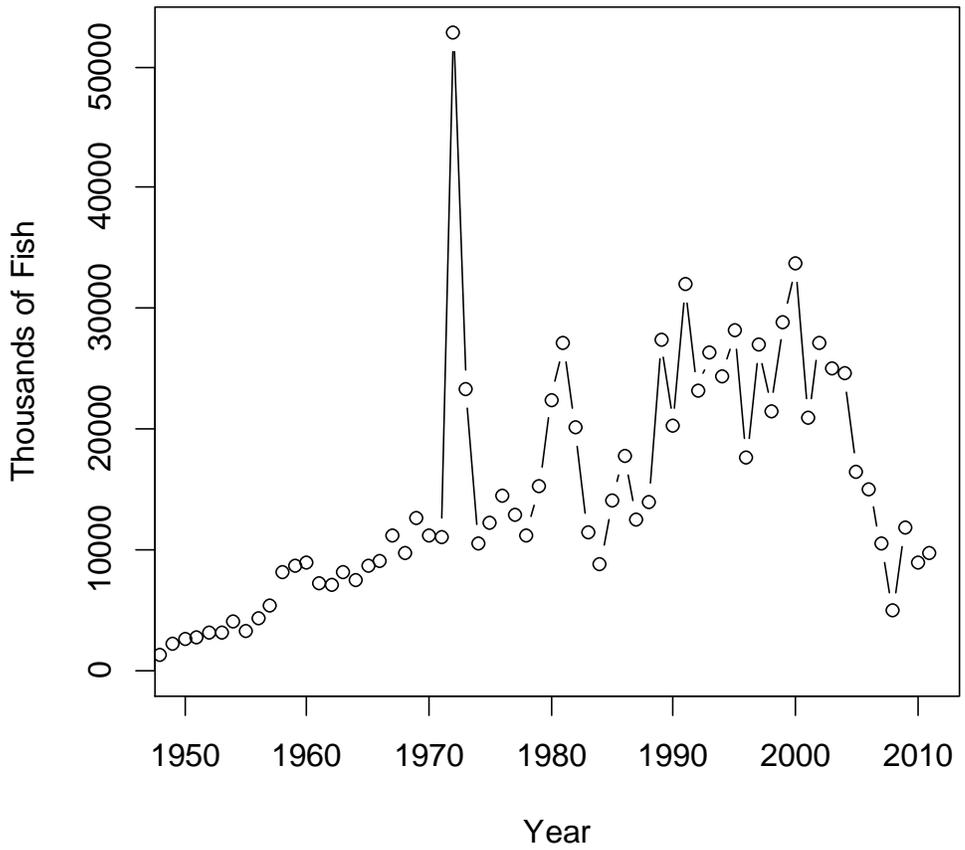


Figure 2.3.16. Model predicted total discards of red snapper from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

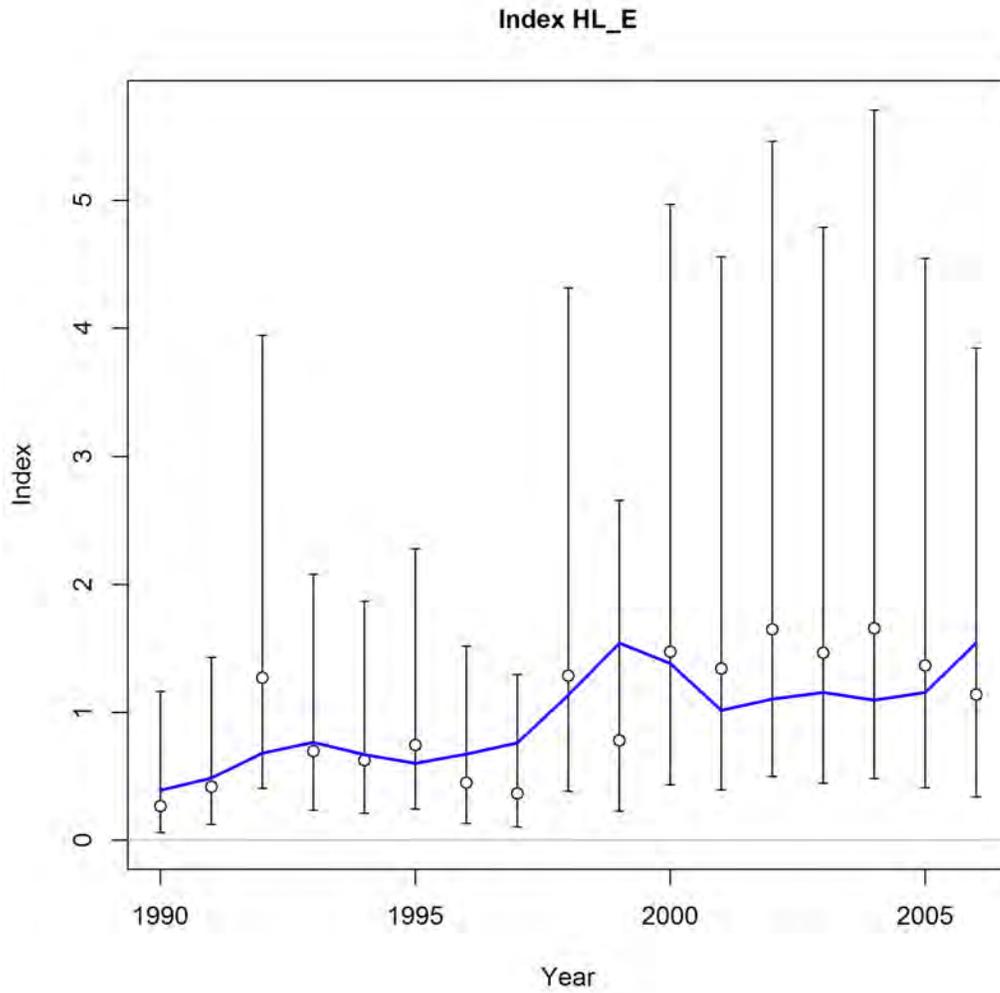


Figure 2.4.1. Observed and predicted vertical line standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2006.

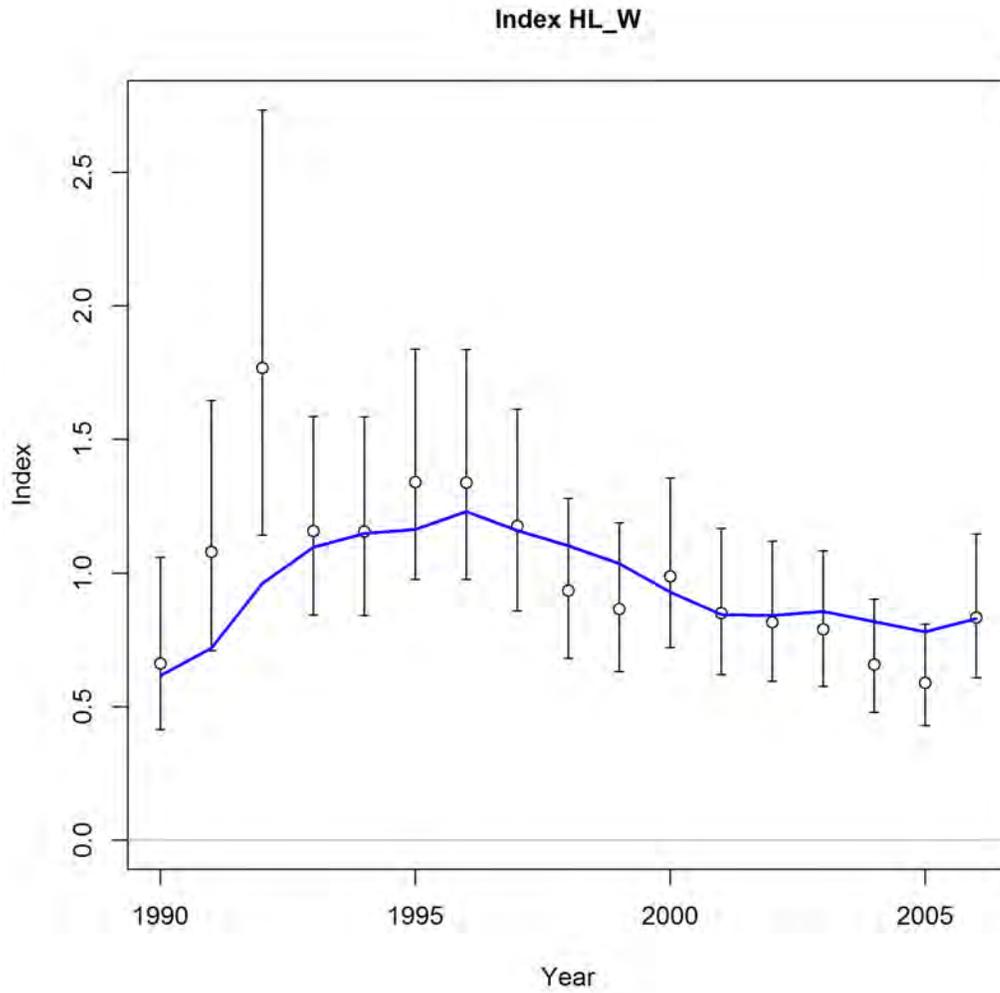


Figure 2.4.2. Observed and predicted vertical line standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1990-2006.

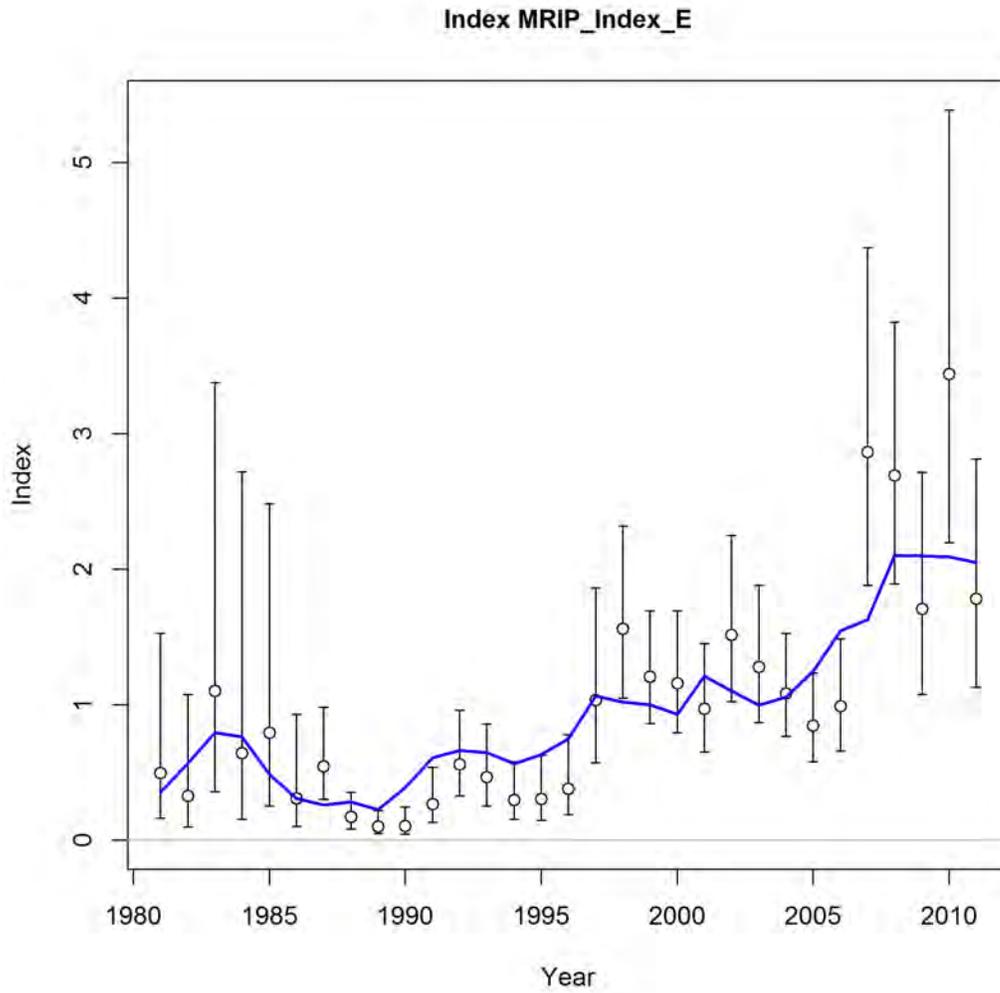


Figure 2.4.3. Observed and predicted private recreational fishery (MRIP) standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

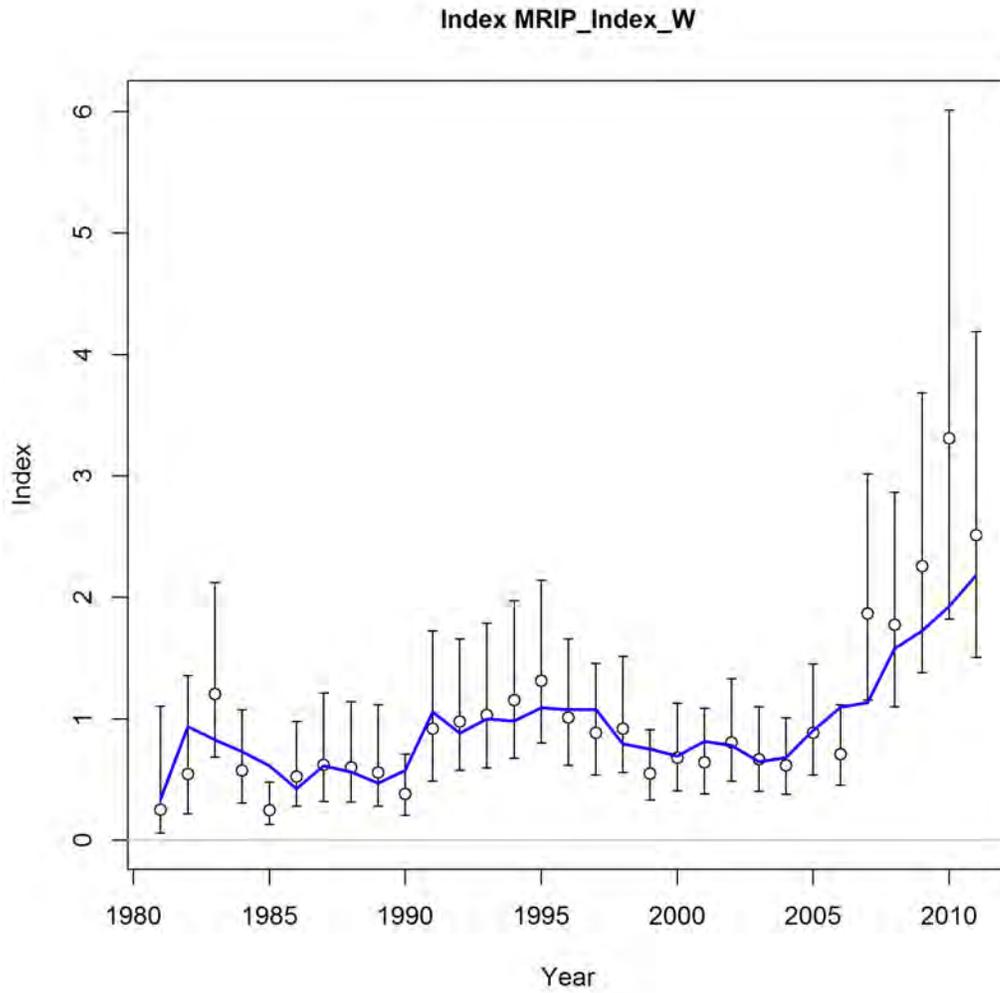


Figure 2.4.4. Observed and predicted private recreational fishery (MRIP) standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1981-2011.

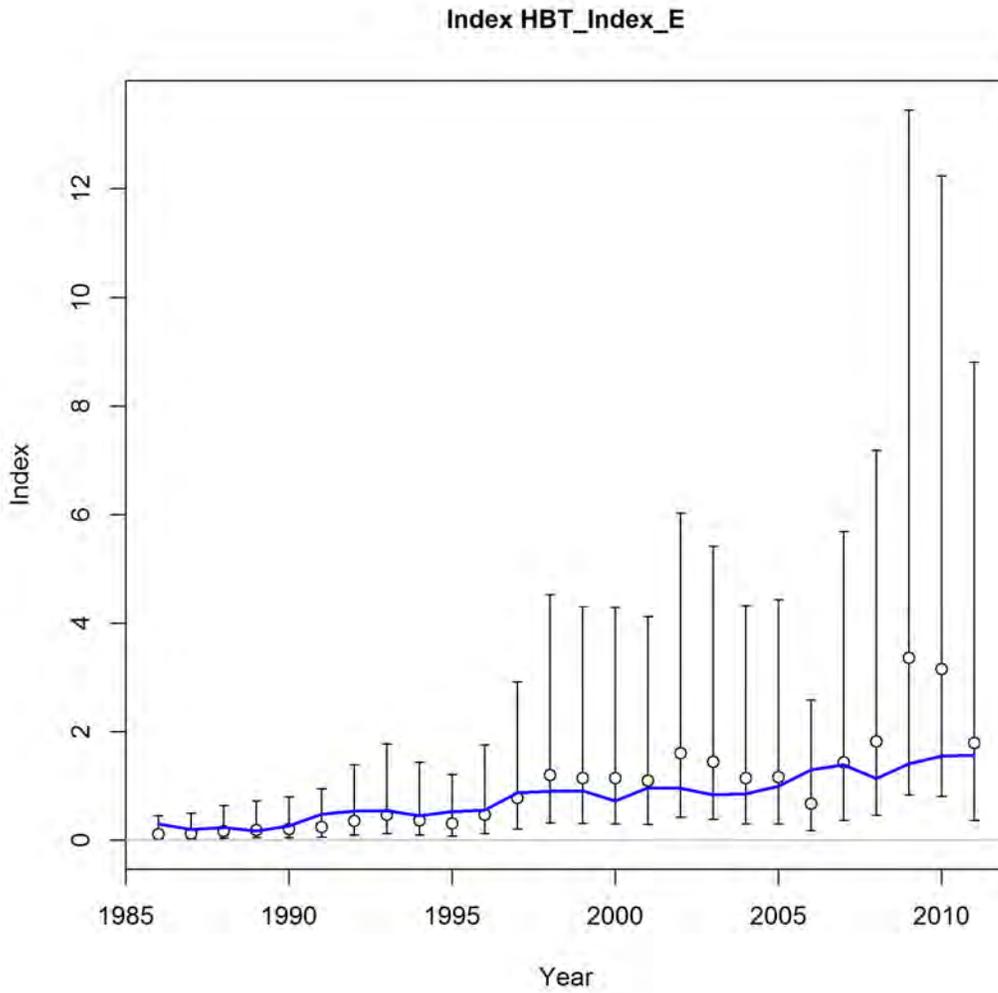


Figure 2.4.5. Observed and predicted recreational headboat fishery standardized index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1986-2011.

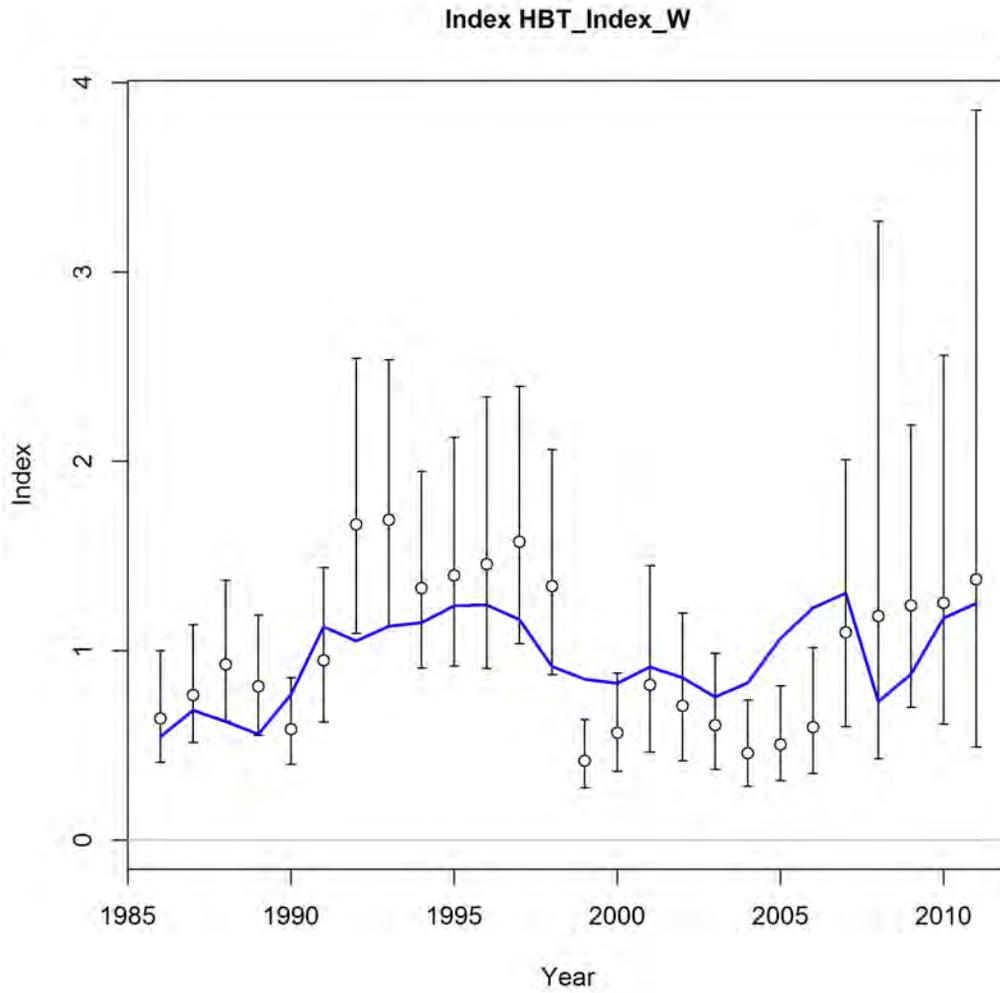


Figure 2.4.6. Observed and predicted recreational headboat fishery standardized index of abundance for red snapper fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1986-2011.

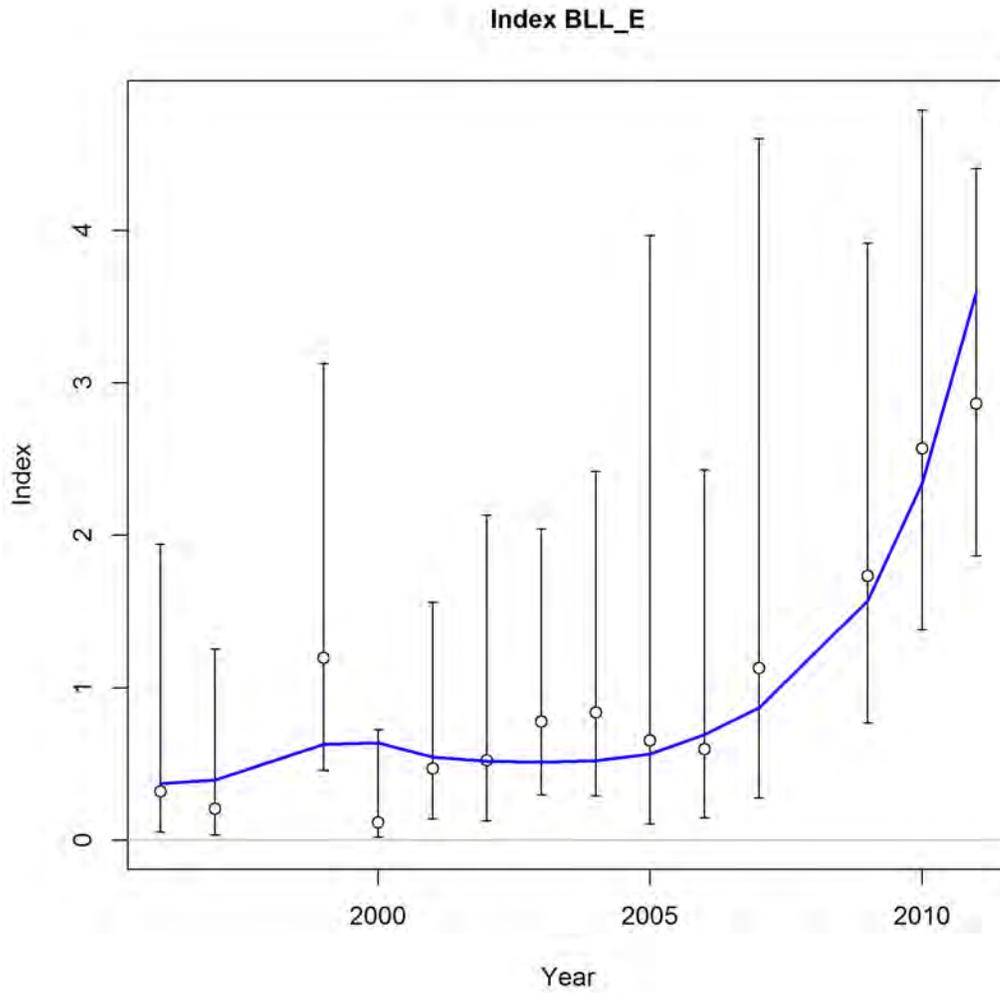


Figure 2.4.7. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the NMFS bottom longline survey, 1996-2011.

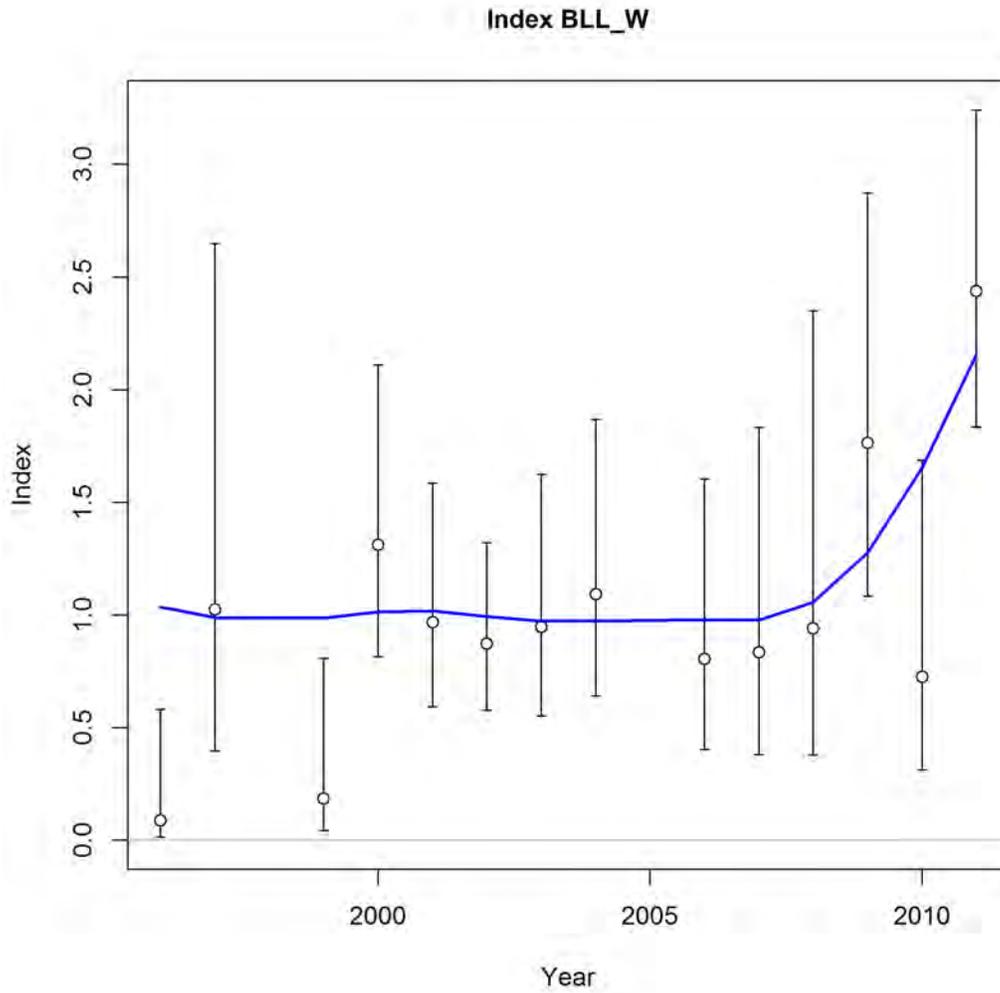


Figure 2.4.8. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the NMFS bottom longline survey, 1996-2011.

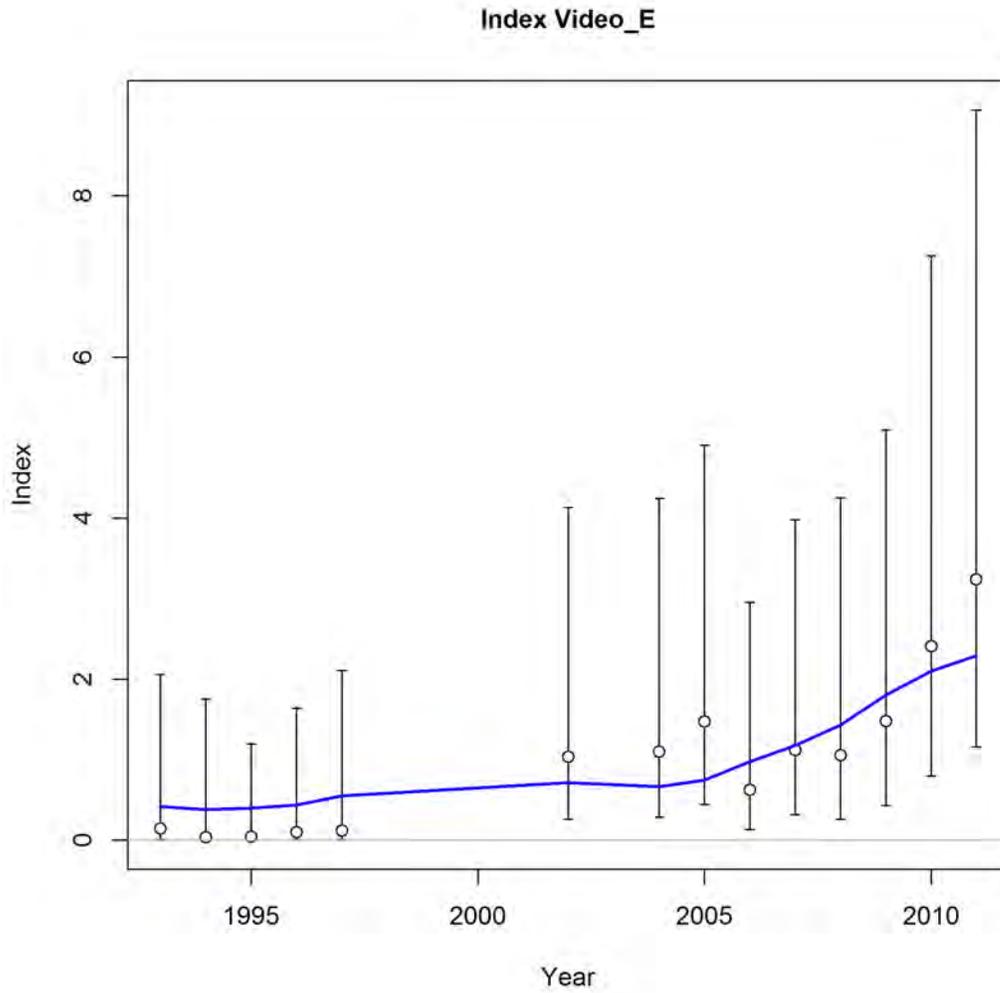


Figure 2.4.9. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, 1993-2011.

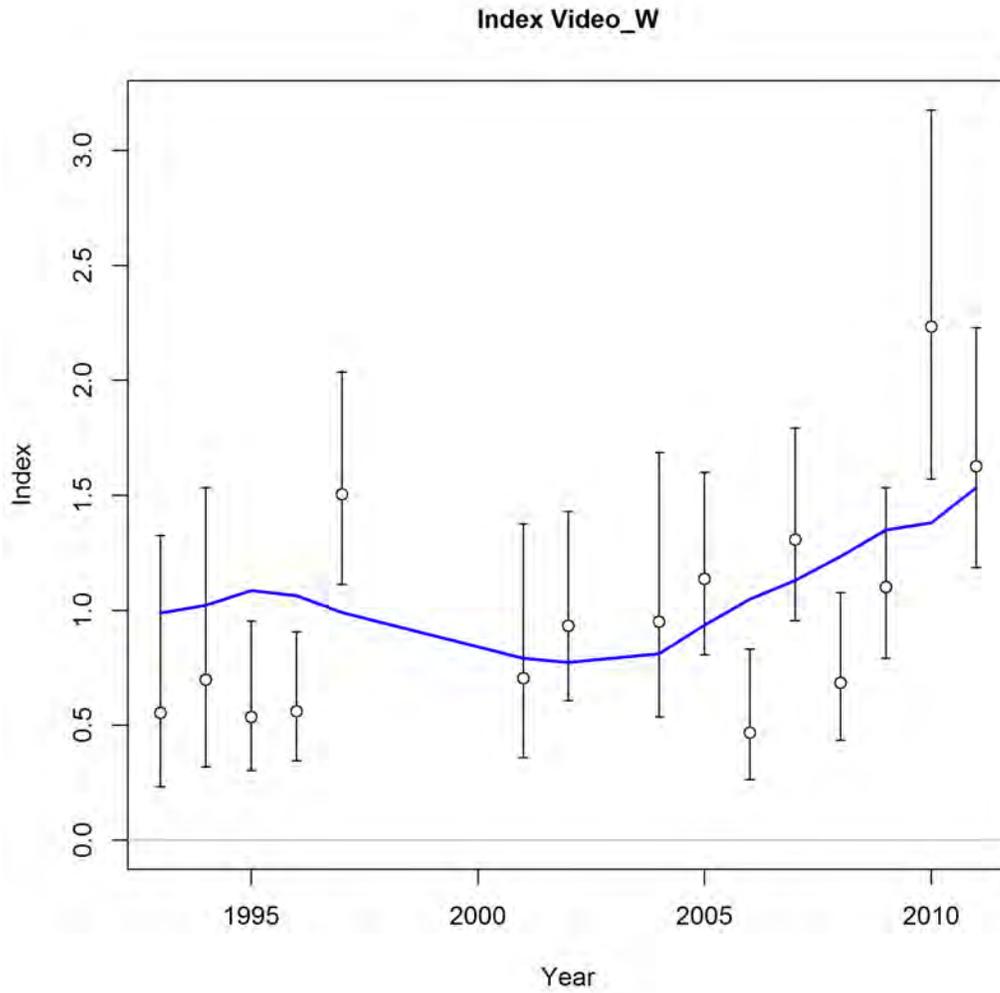


Figure 2.4.10. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey, 1993-2011.

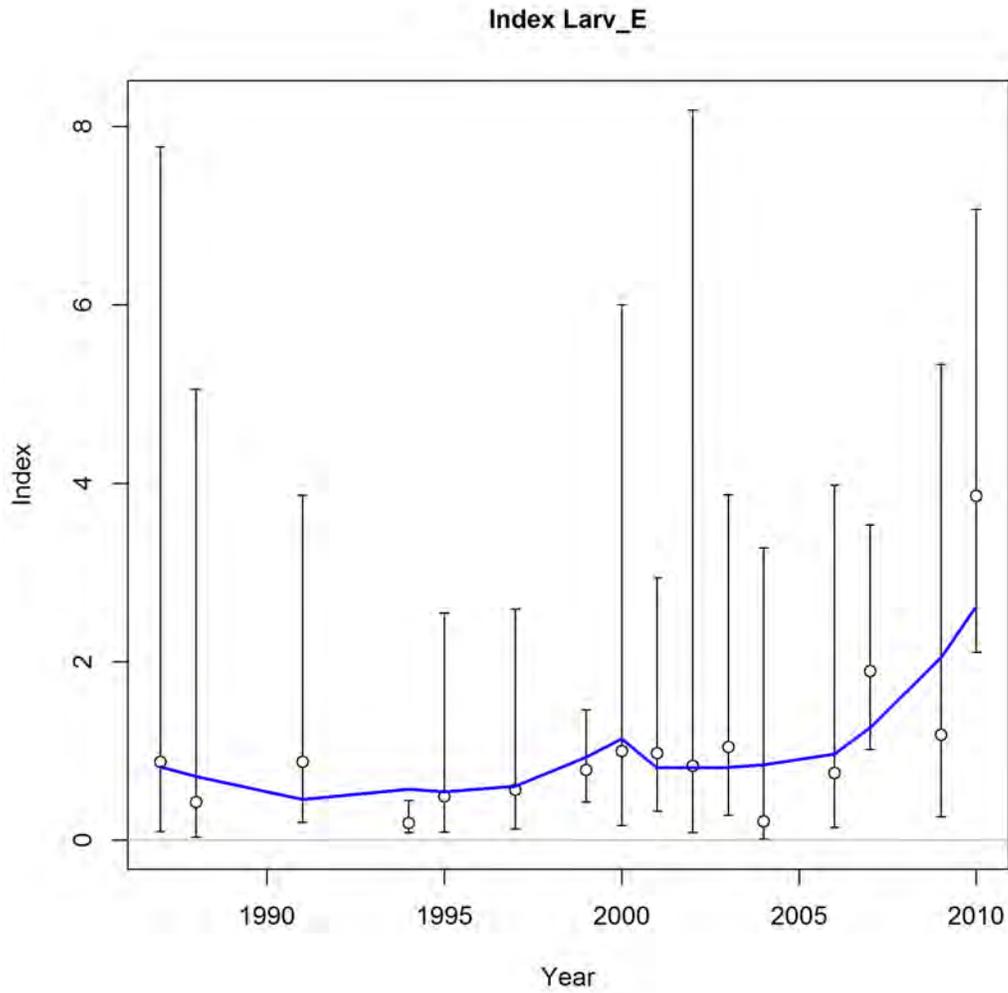


Figure 2.4.11. Observed and predicted index of abundance for larval red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey, 1986-2010.

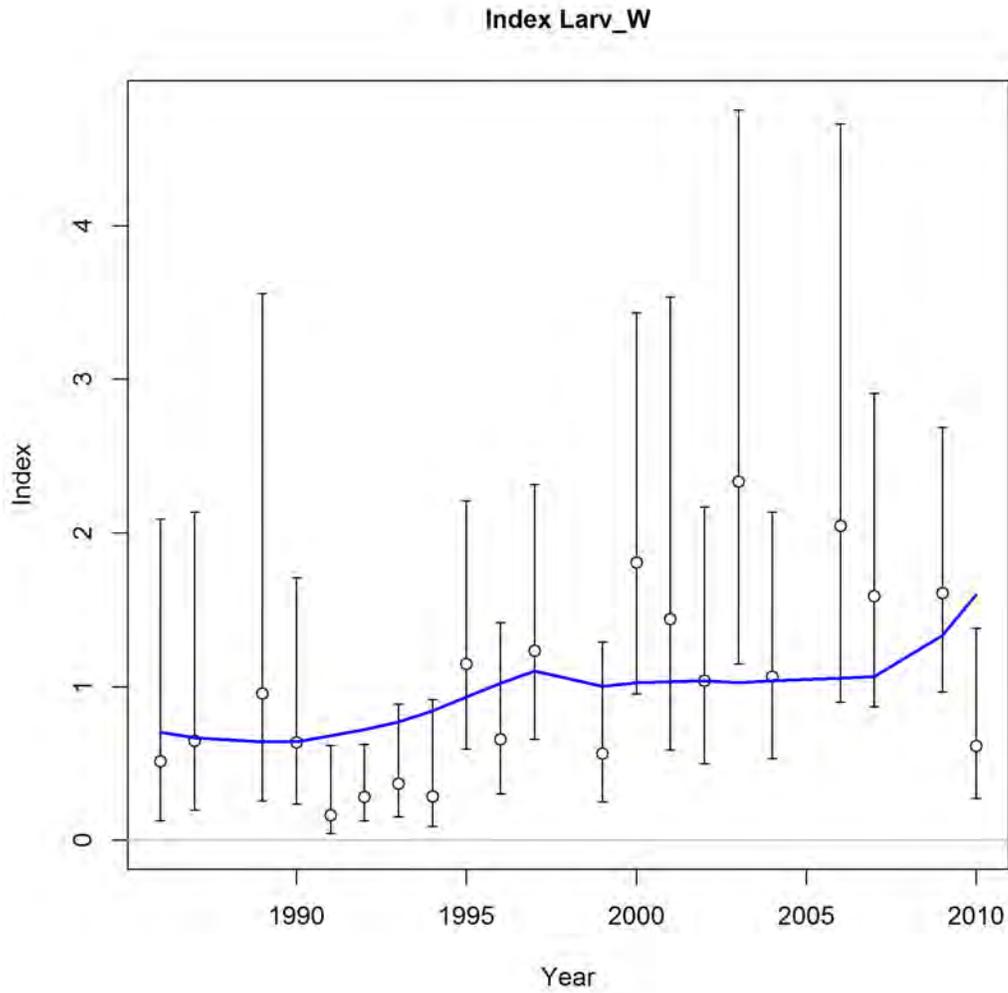


Figure 2.4.12. Observed and predicted index of abundance for larval red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP Fall Plankton Survey, 1986-2010.

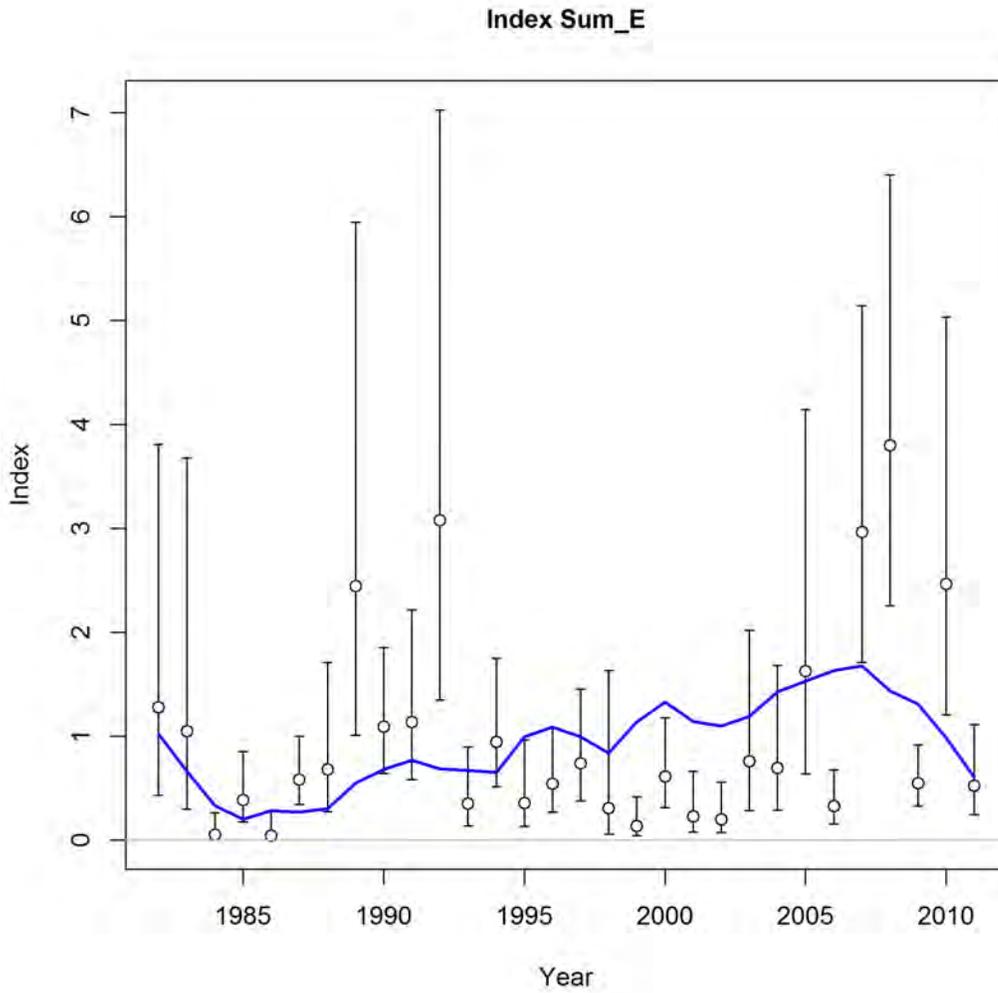


Figure 2.4.13. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey, 1982-2011.

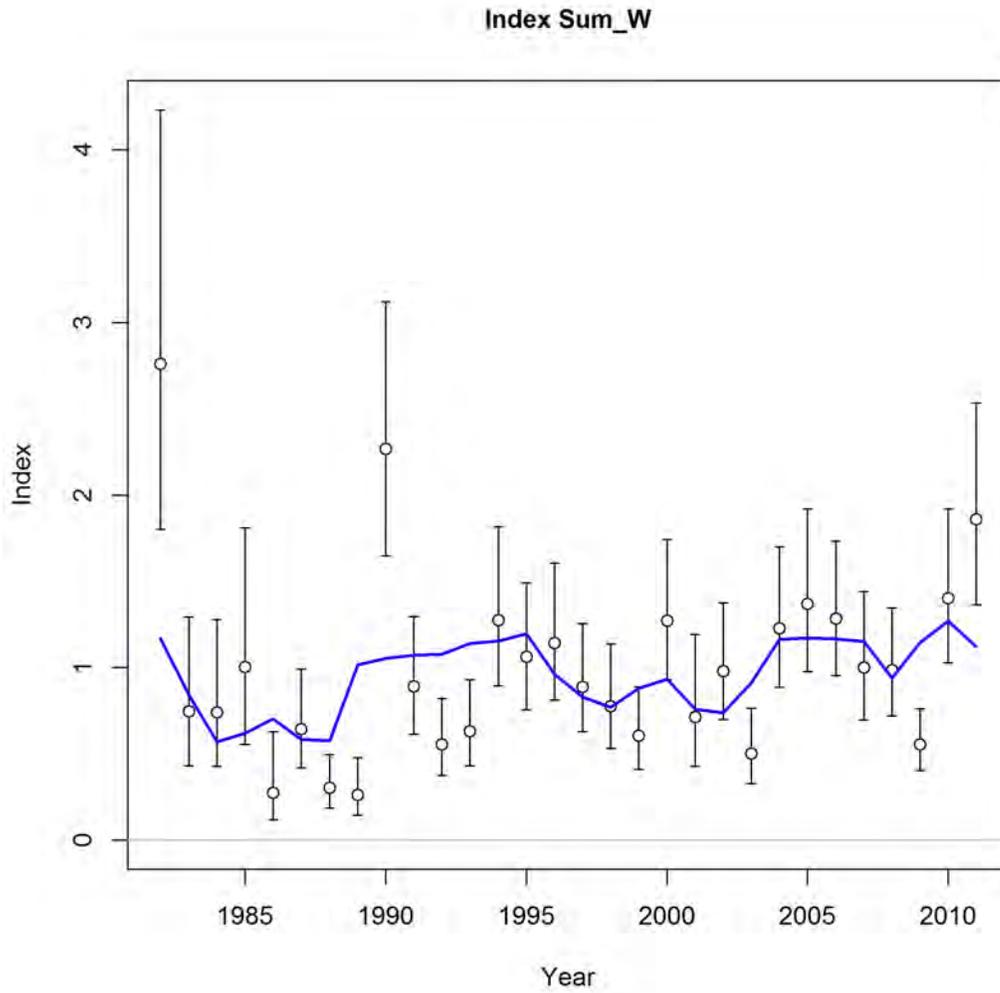


Figure 2.4.14. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey, 1982-2011.

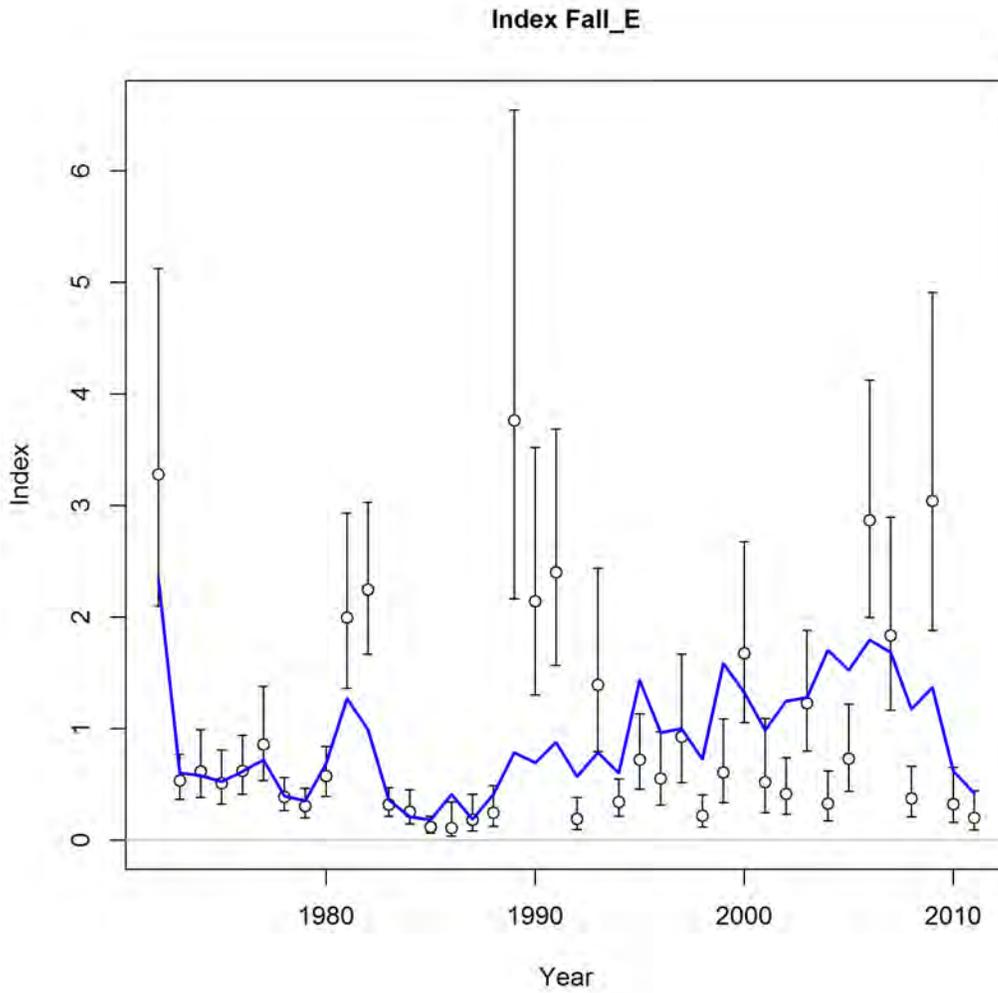


Figure 2.4.15. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the eastern Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey, 1972-2011.

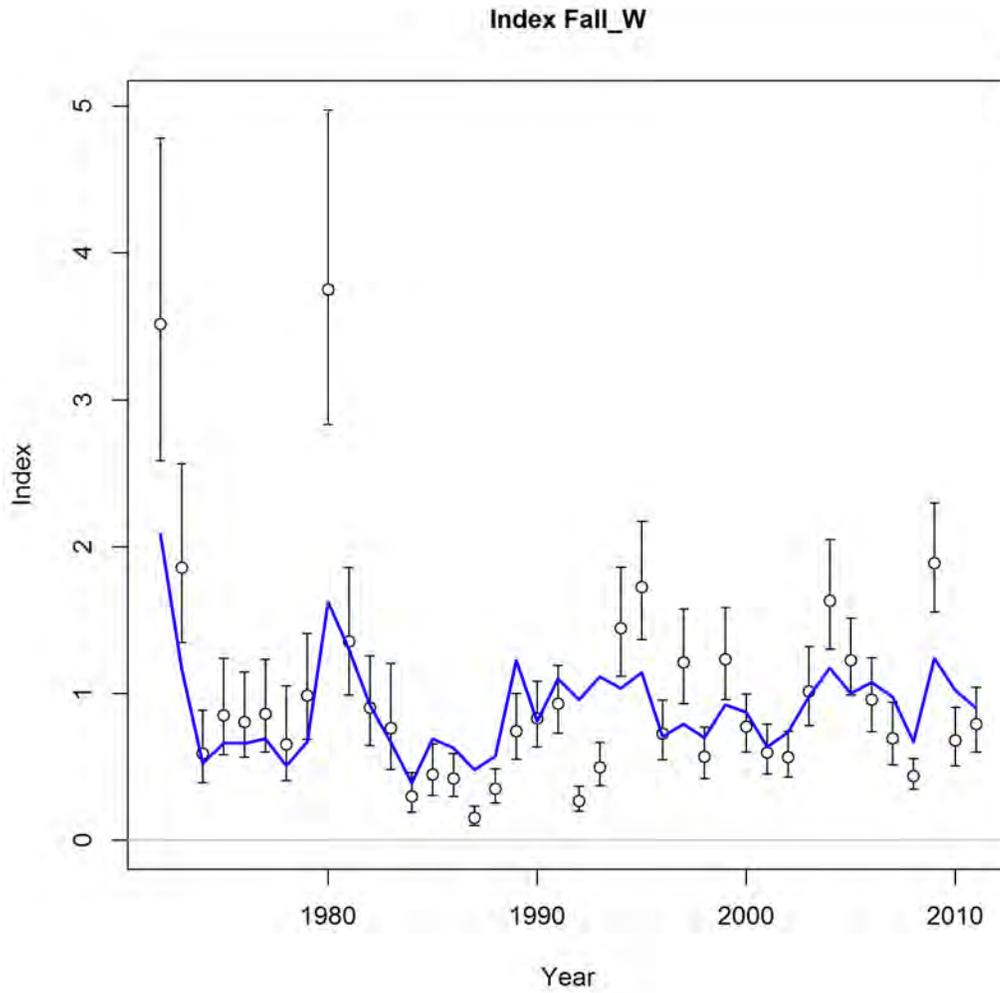


Figure 2.4.16. Observed and predicted index of abundance for red snapper in the western Gulf of Mexico from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey, 1972-2011.

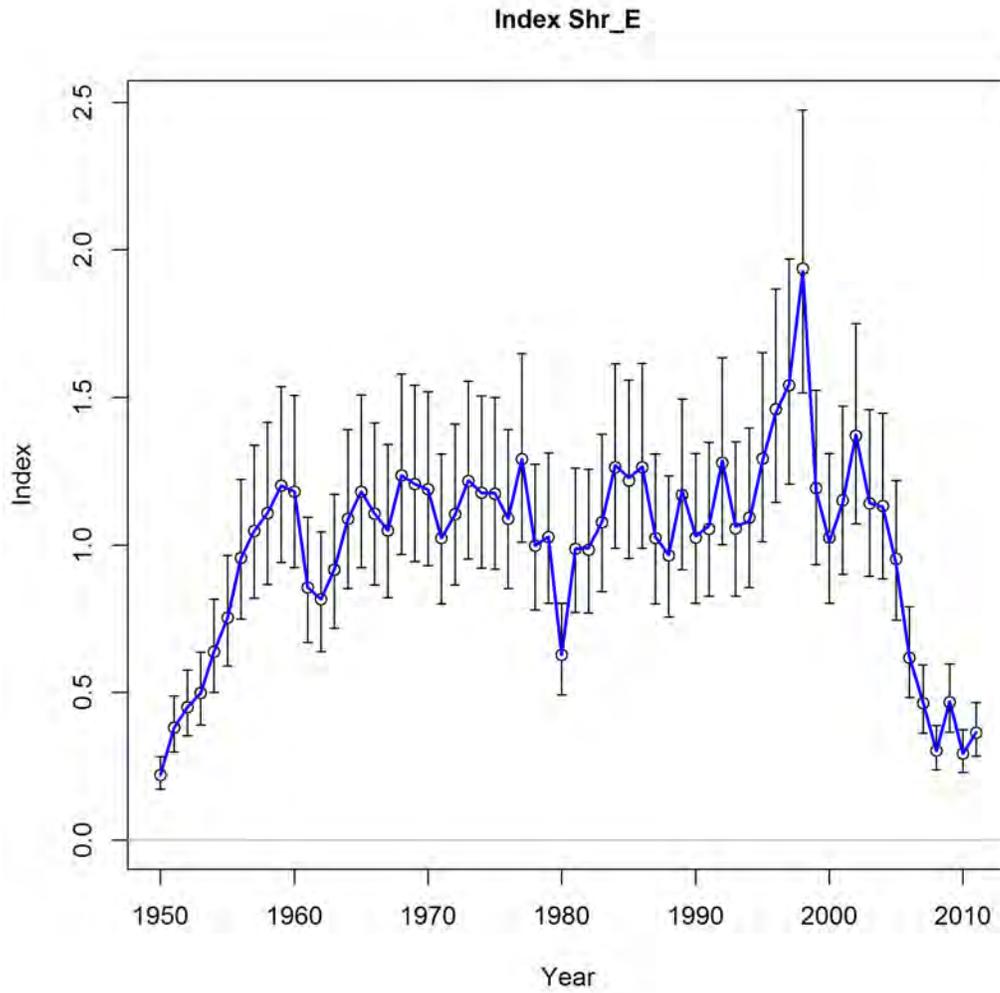


Figure 2.4.17. Observed and predicted index of fishing effort for the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico, 1950-2011.

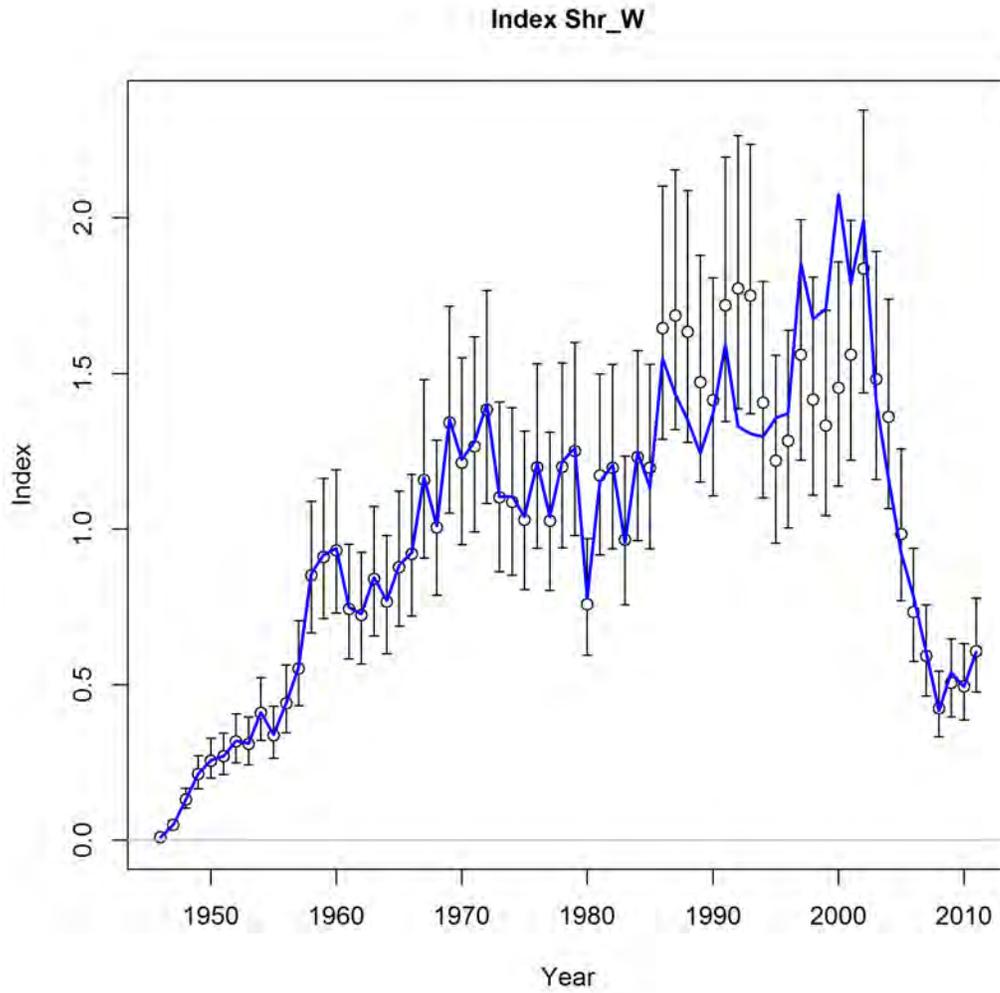


Figure 2.4.18. Observed and predicted index of fishing effort for the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico, 1946-2011.

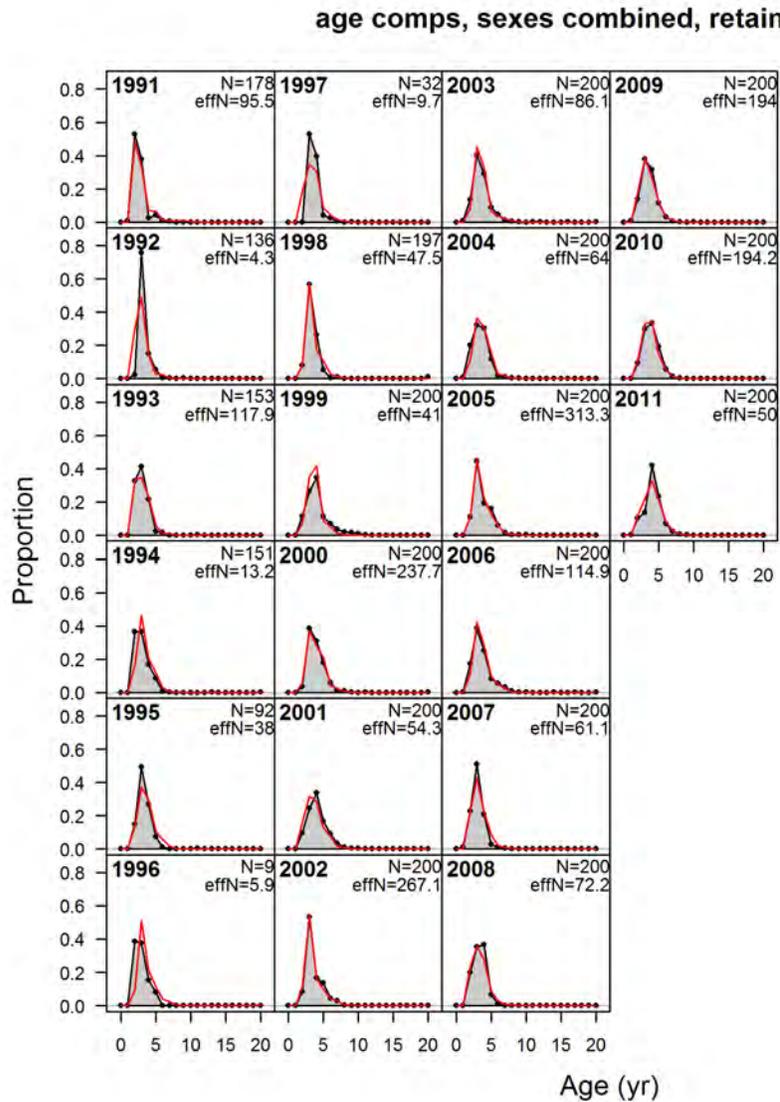


Figure 2.5.1. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

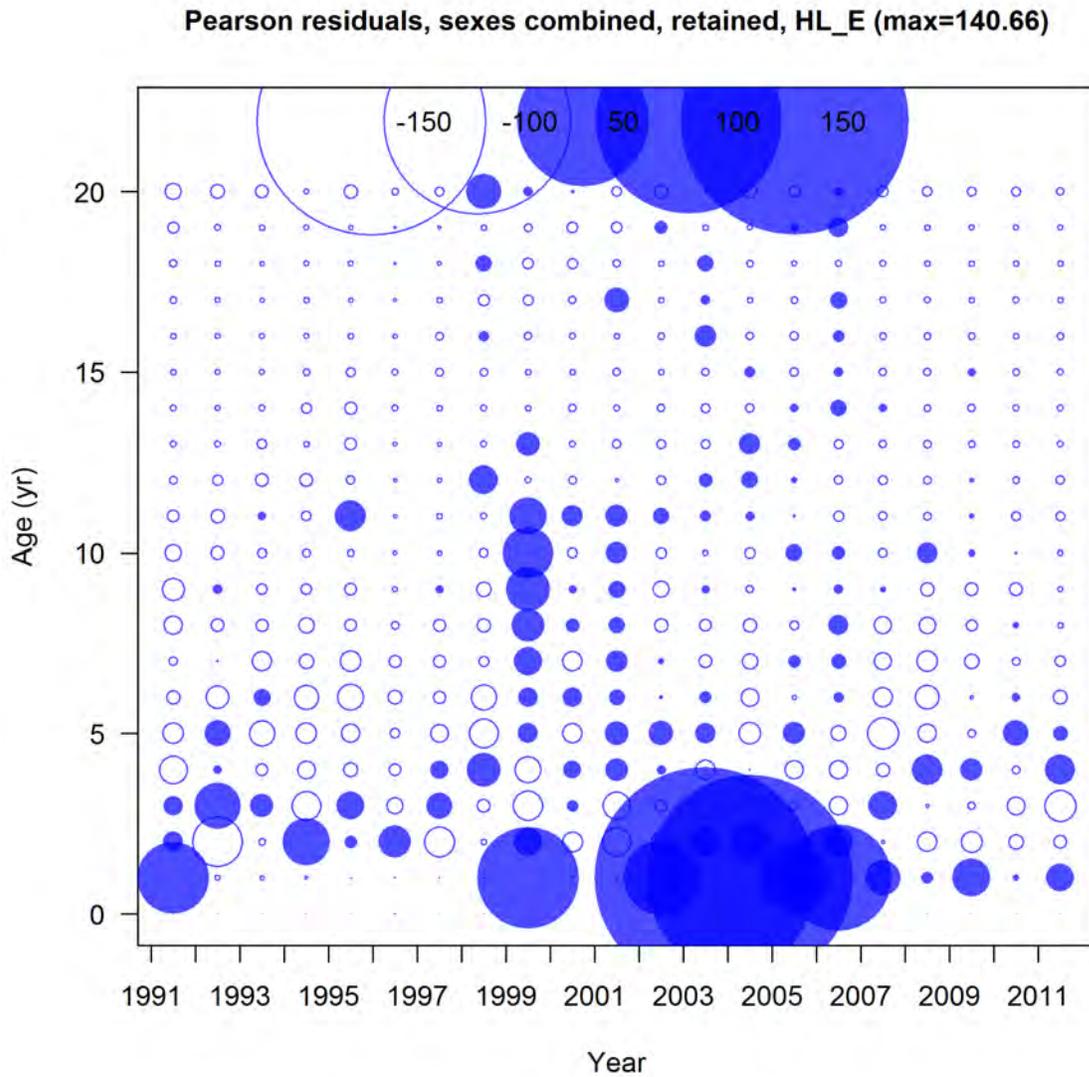


Figure 2.5.2. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HL_E

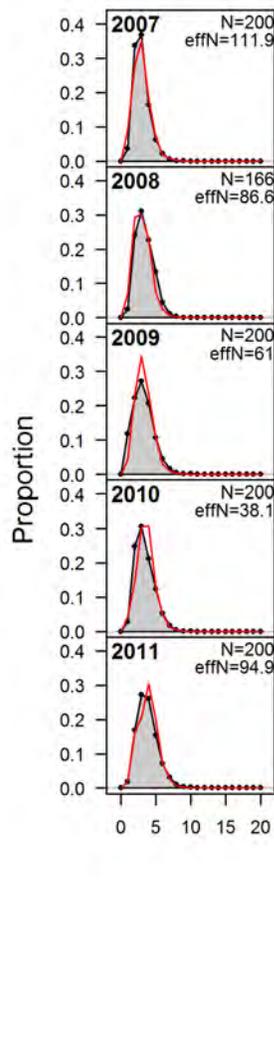


Figure 2.5.3. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

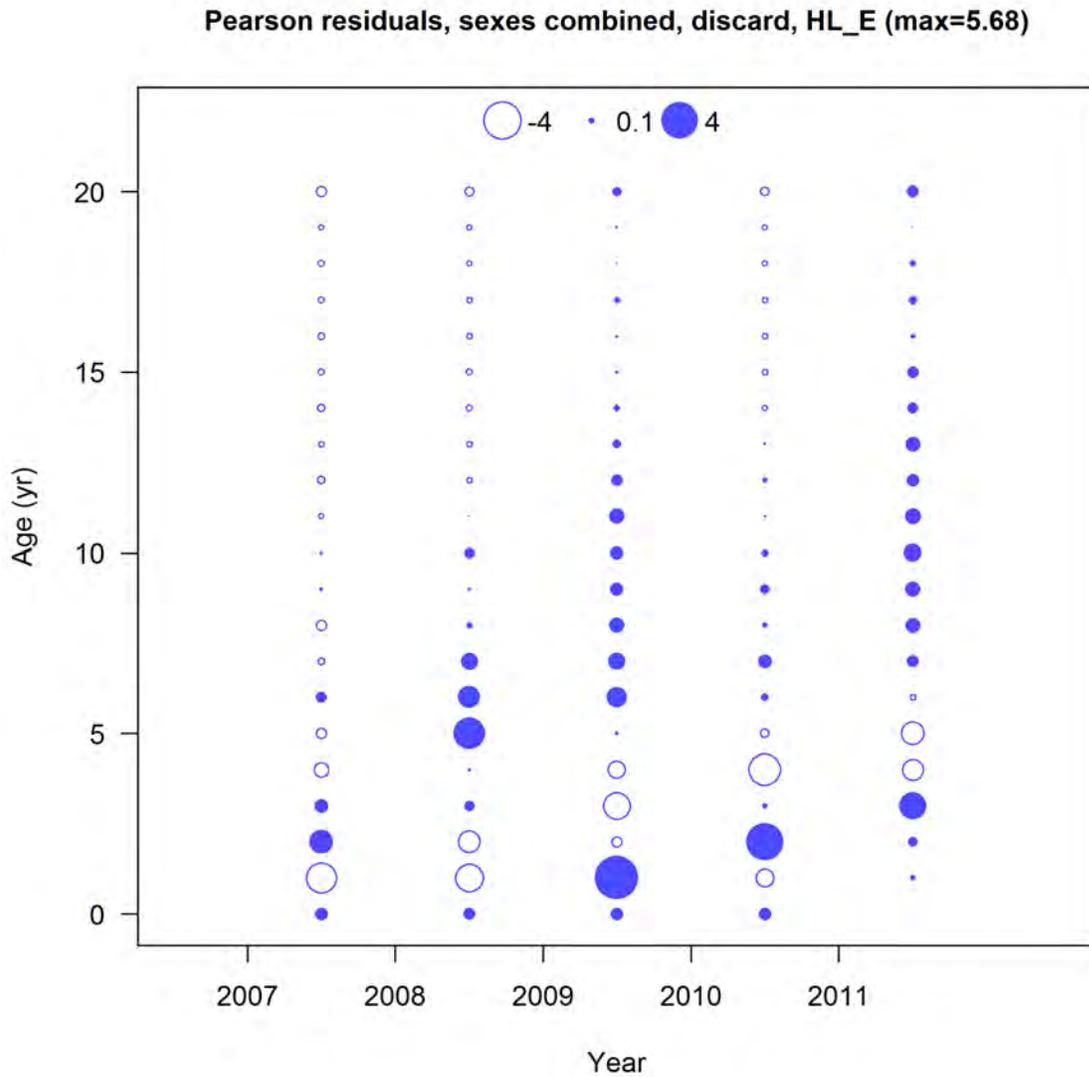


Figure 2.5.4. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

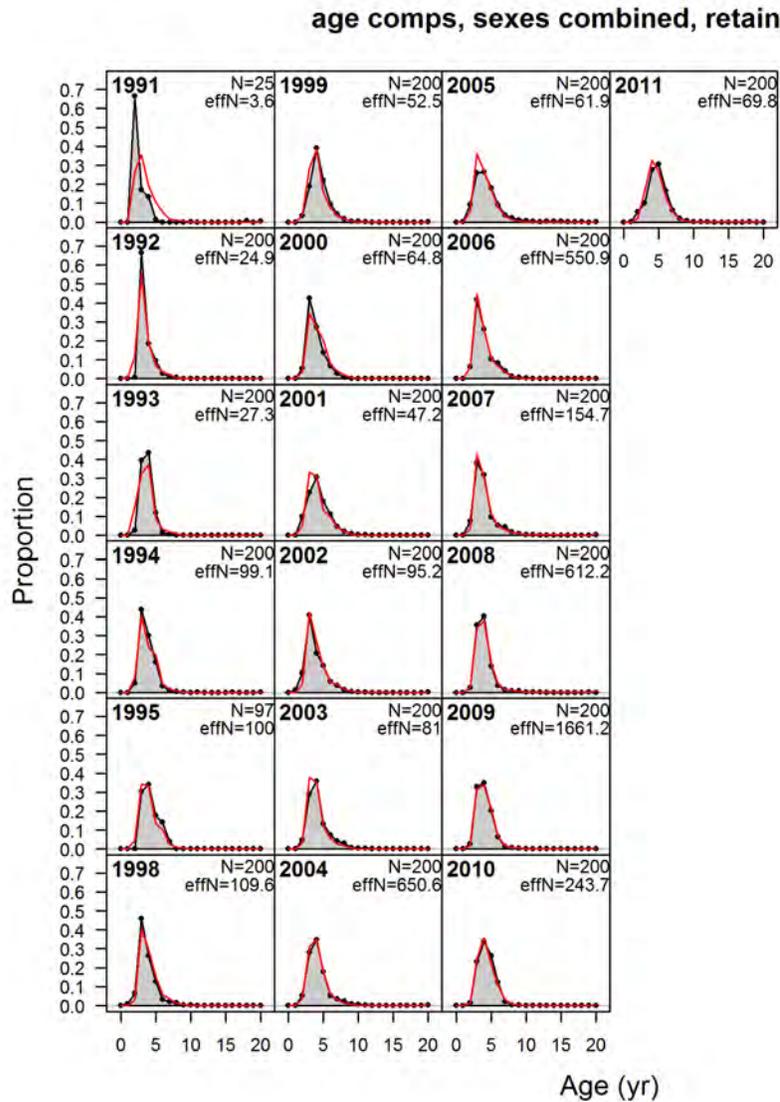


Figure 2.5.5. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

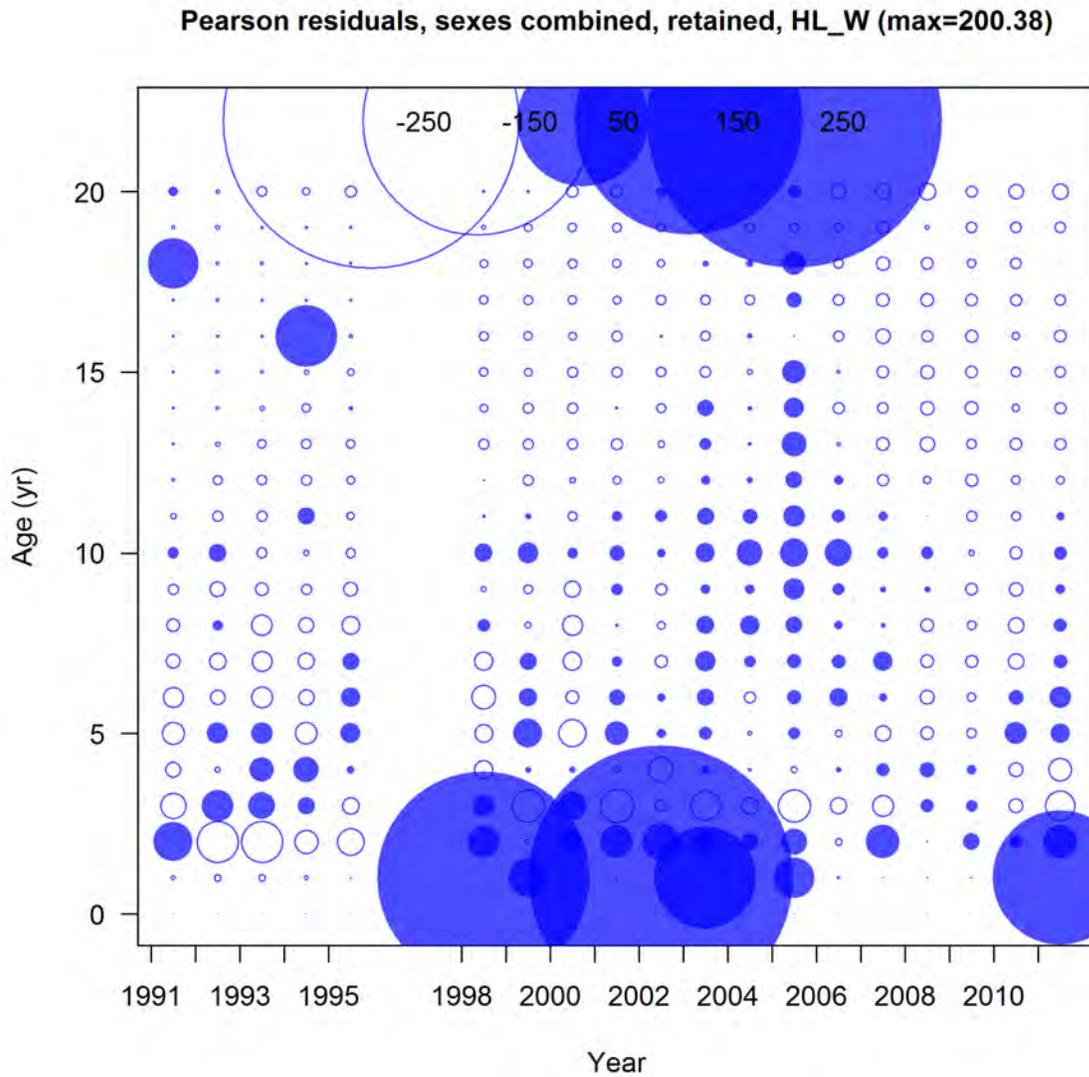


Figure 2.5.6. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HL_W

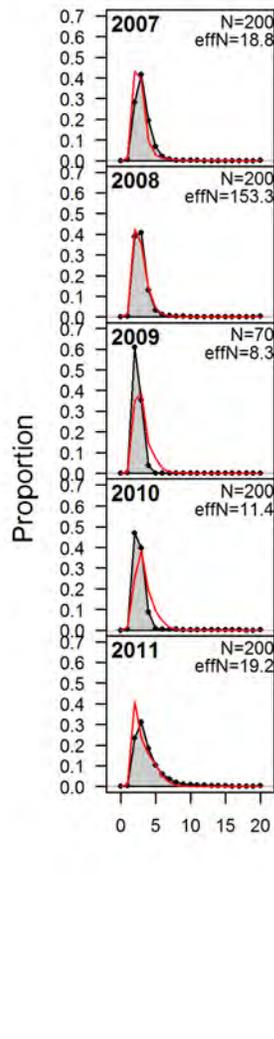


Figure 2.5.7. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

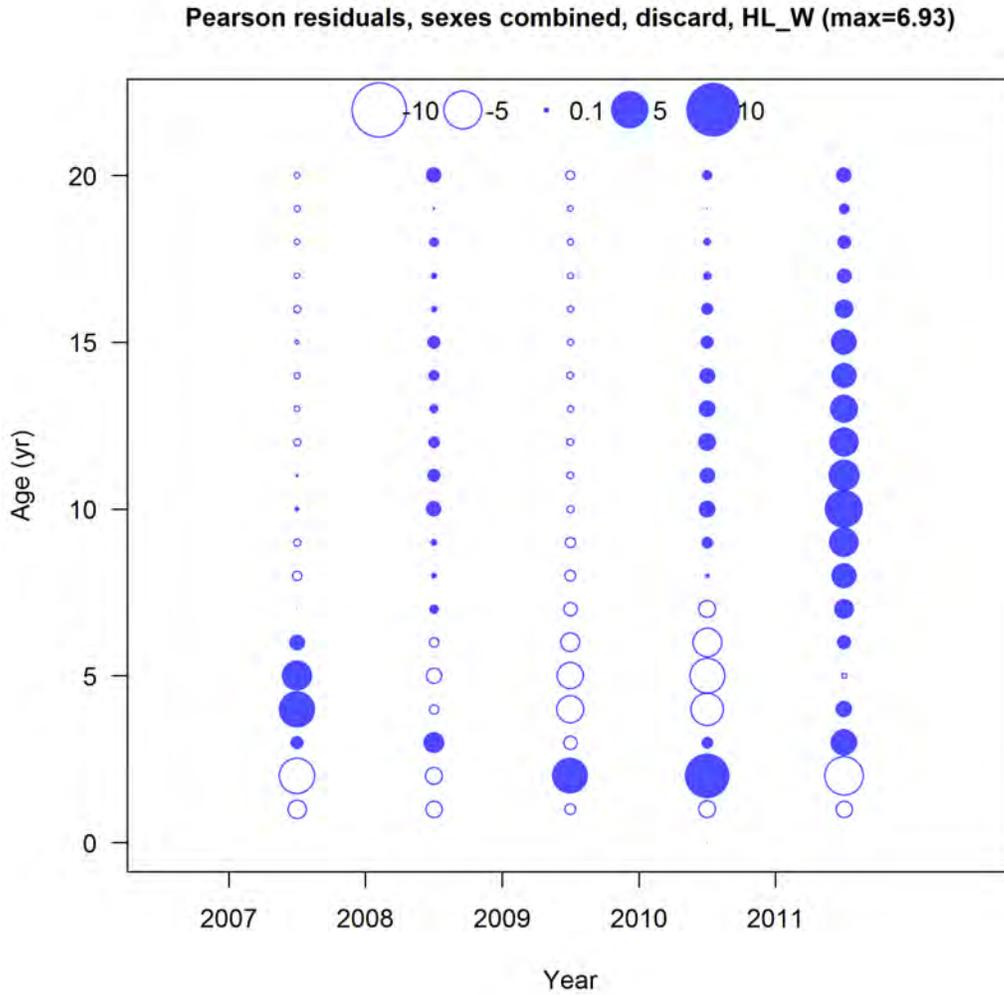


Figure 2.5.8. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial handline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, retained, LL_E

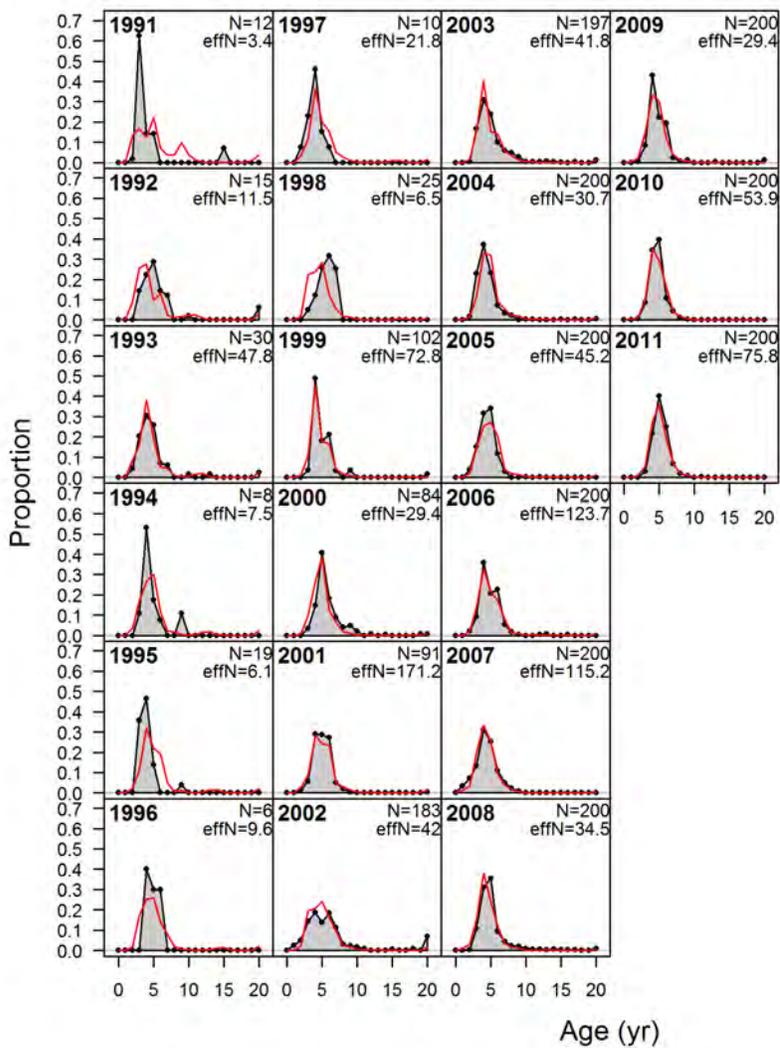


Figure 2.5.9. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

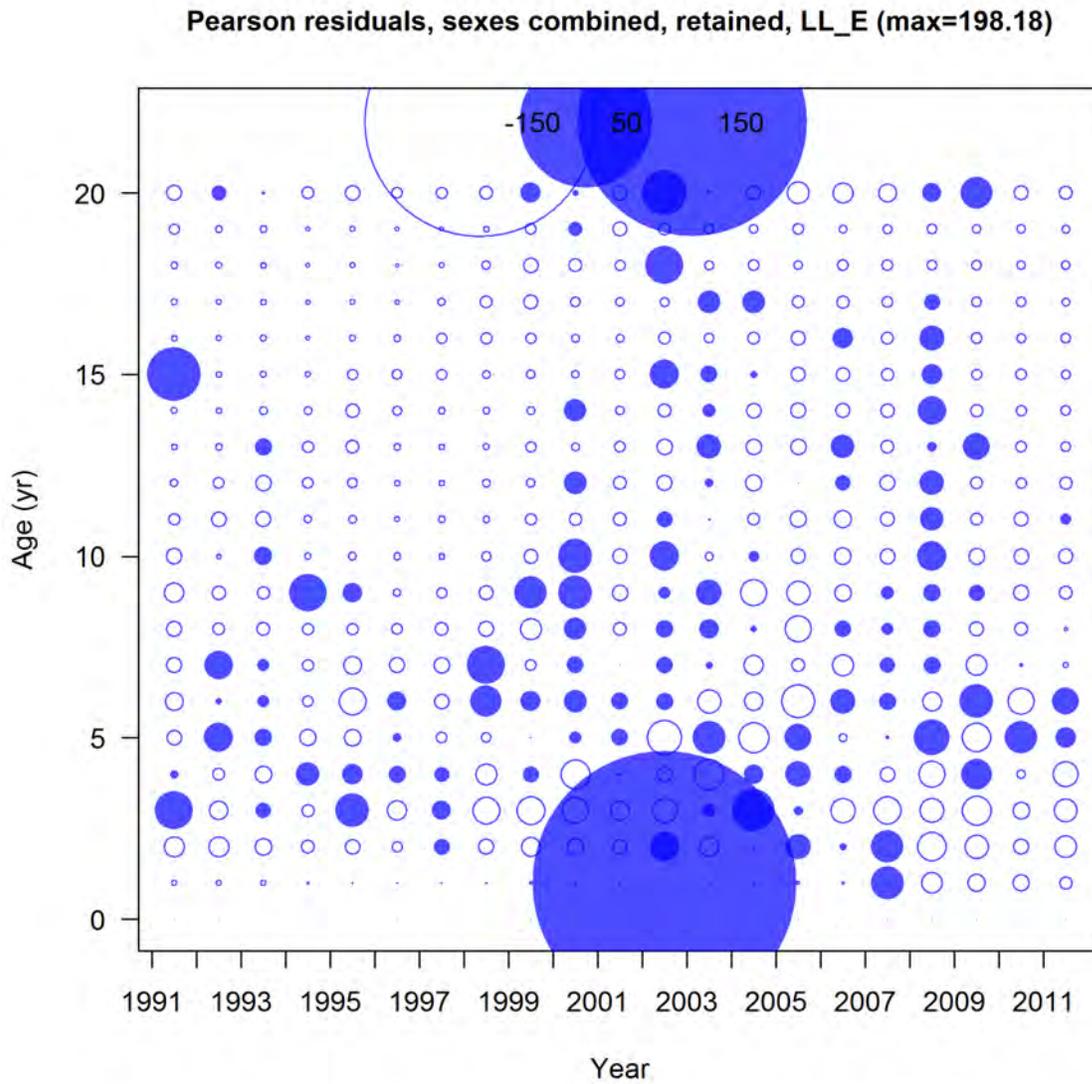


Figure 2.5.10. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, LL_E

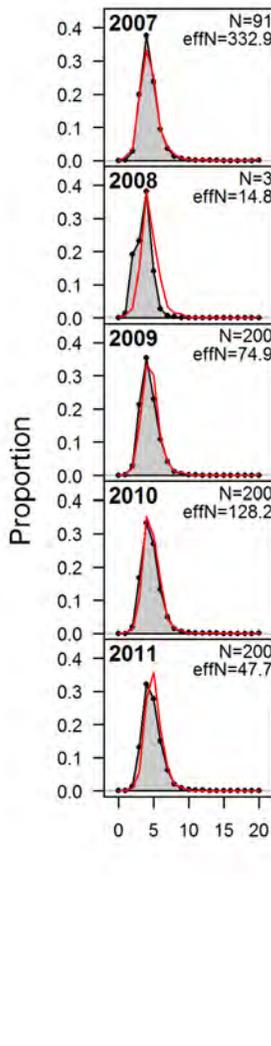


Figure 2.5.11. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

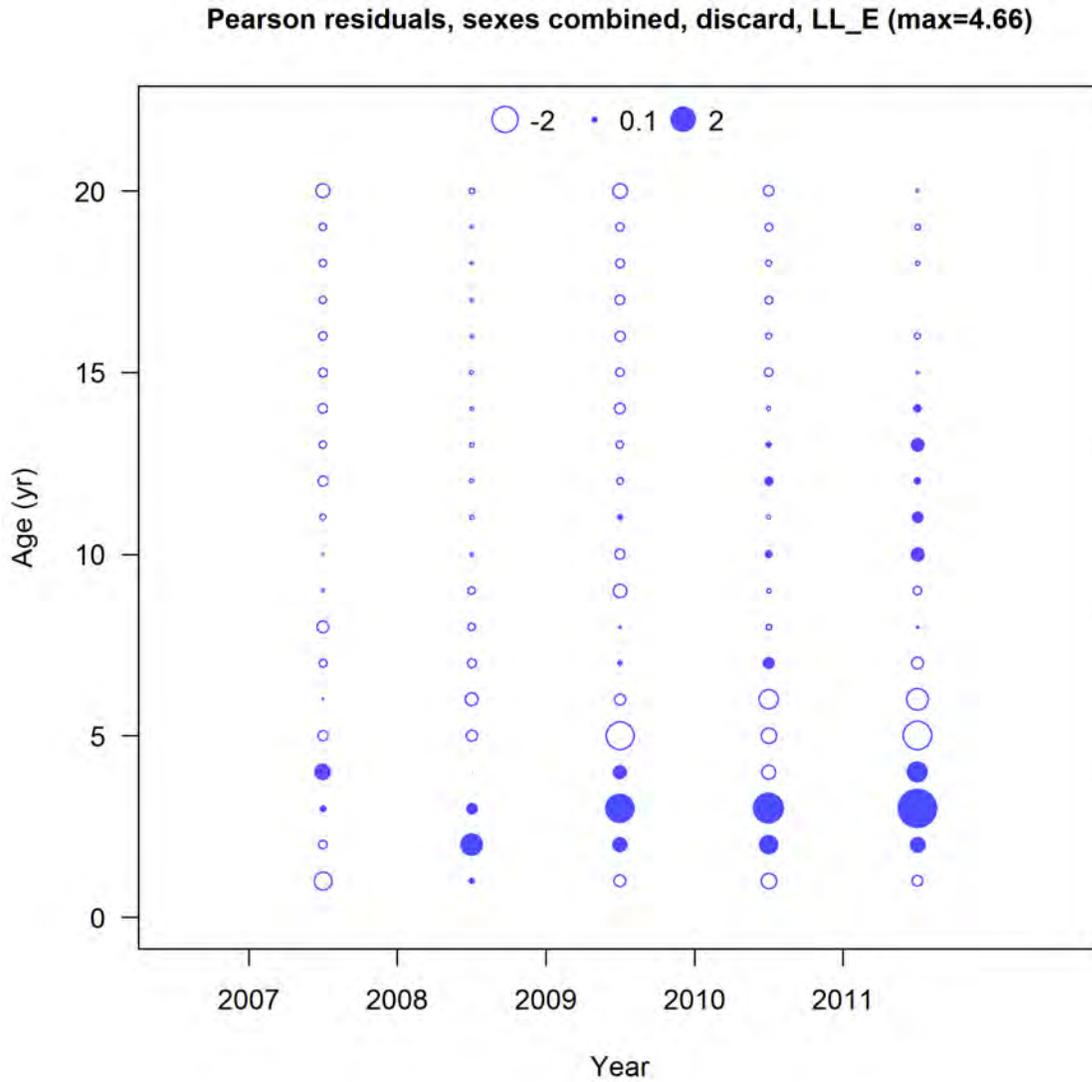


Figure 2.5.12. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, retained, LL_W

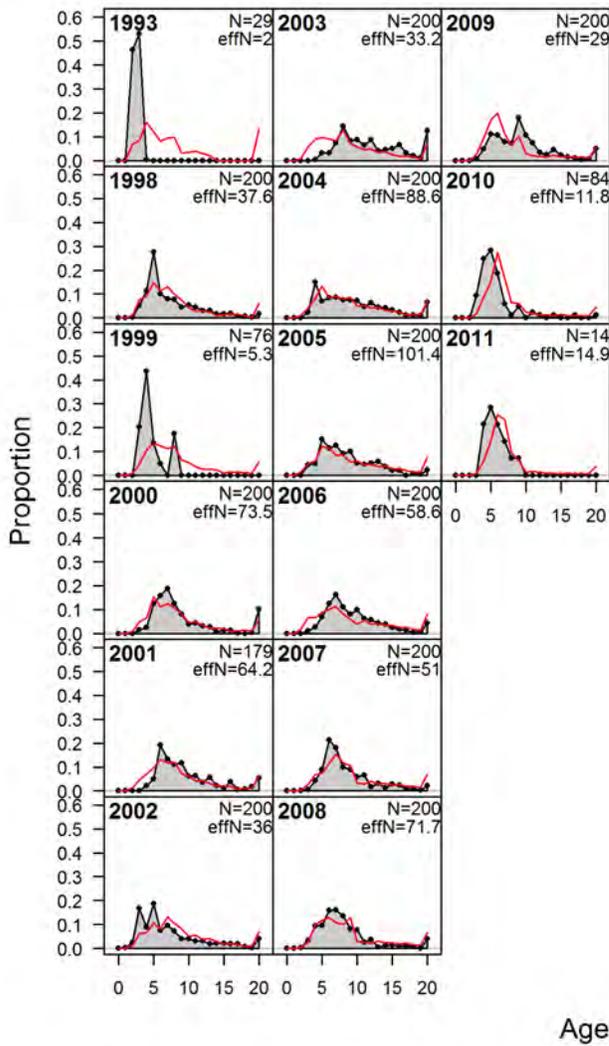


Figure 2.5.13. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

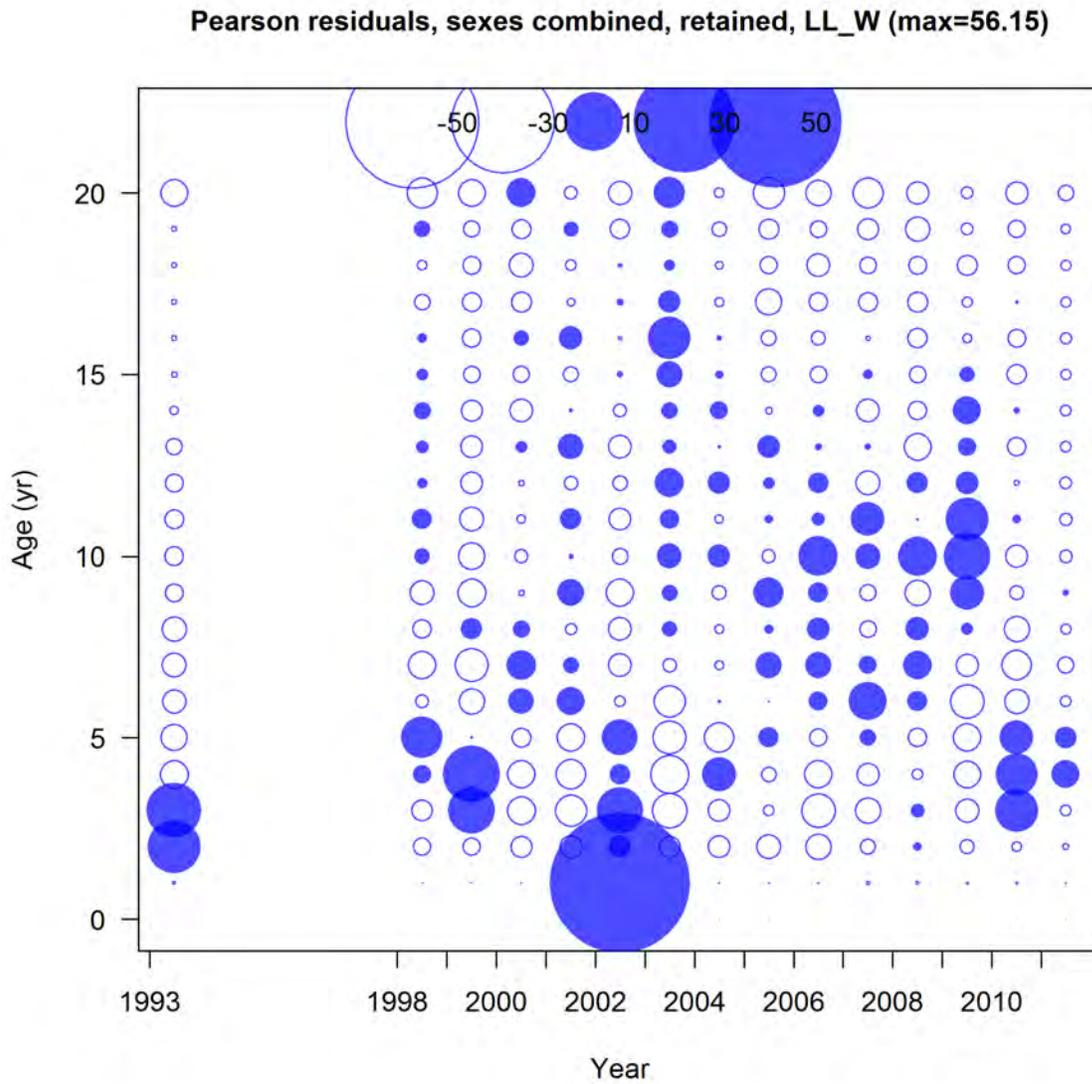


Figure 2.5.14. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the commercial longline fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

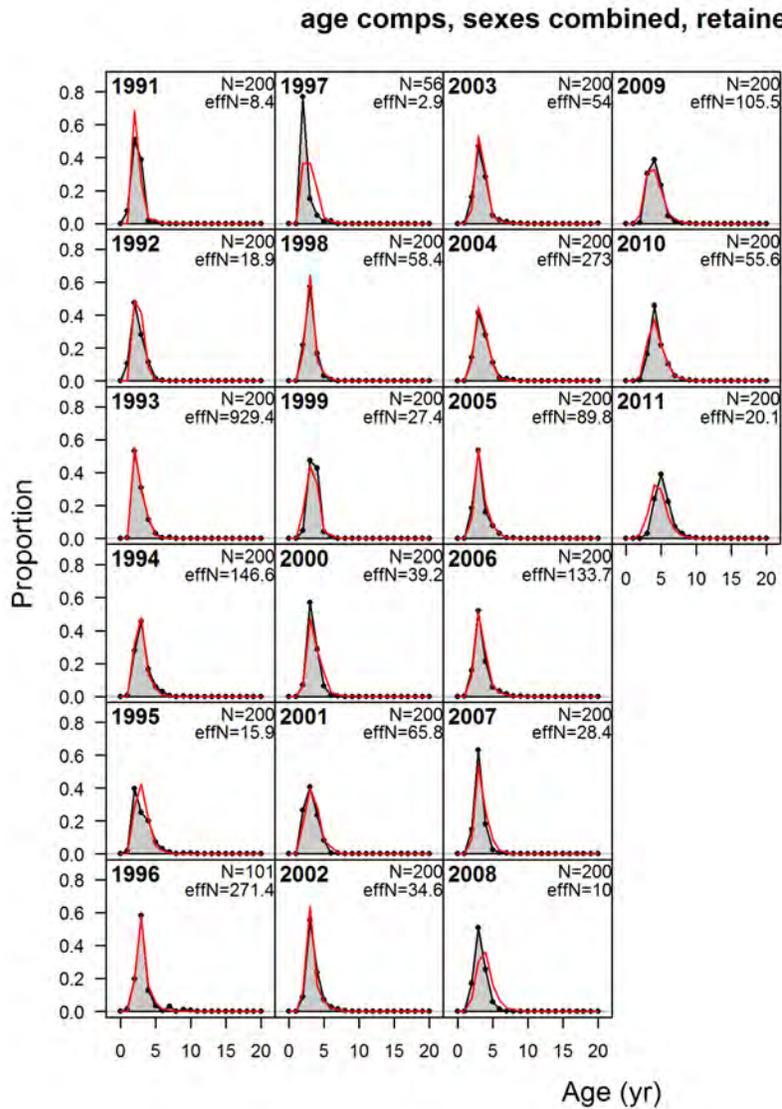


Figure 2.5.15. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

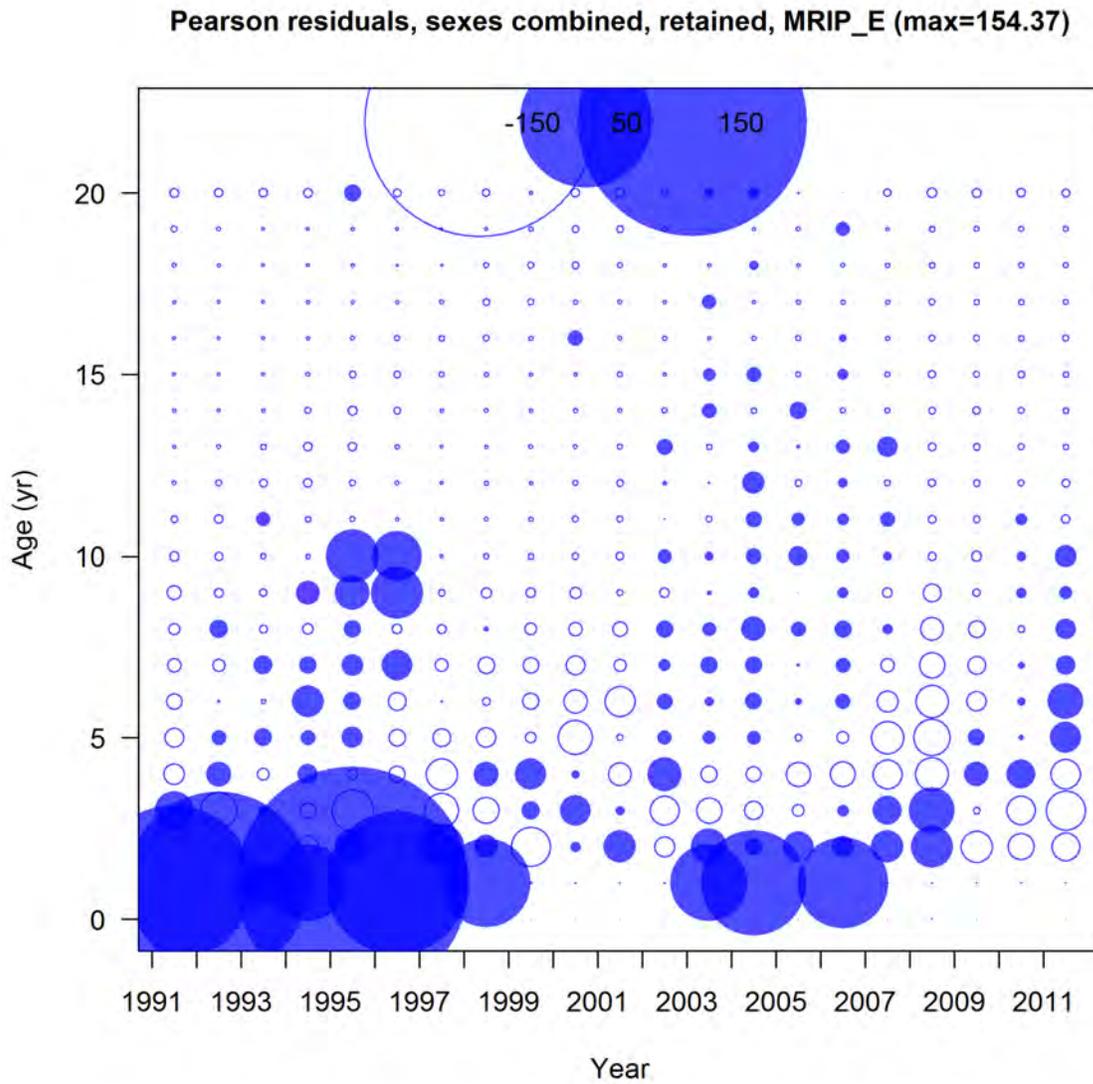


Figure 2.5.16. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

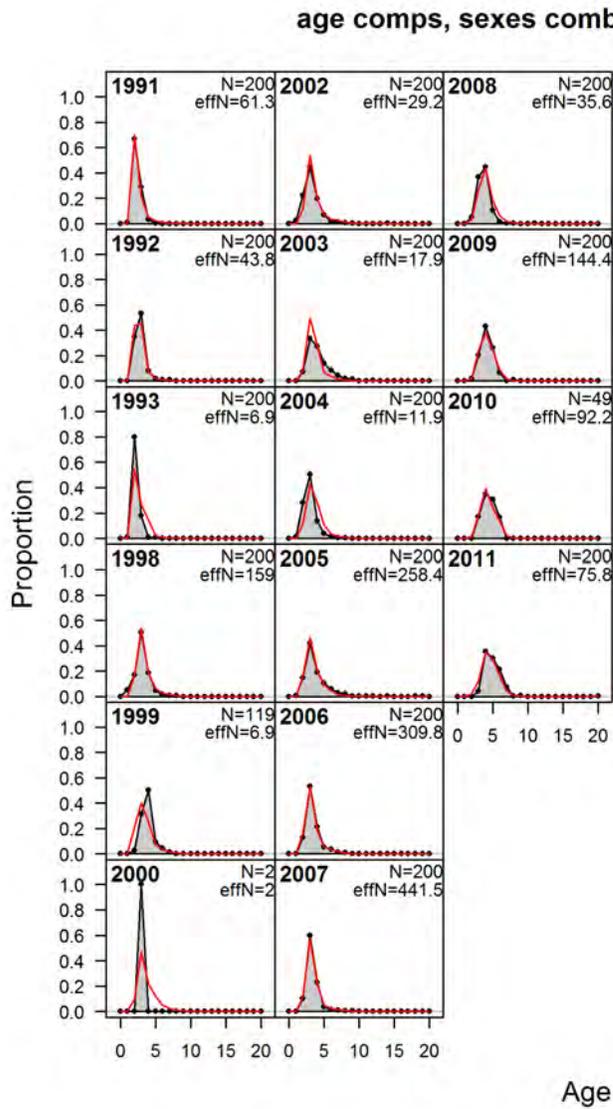


Figure 2.5.17. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

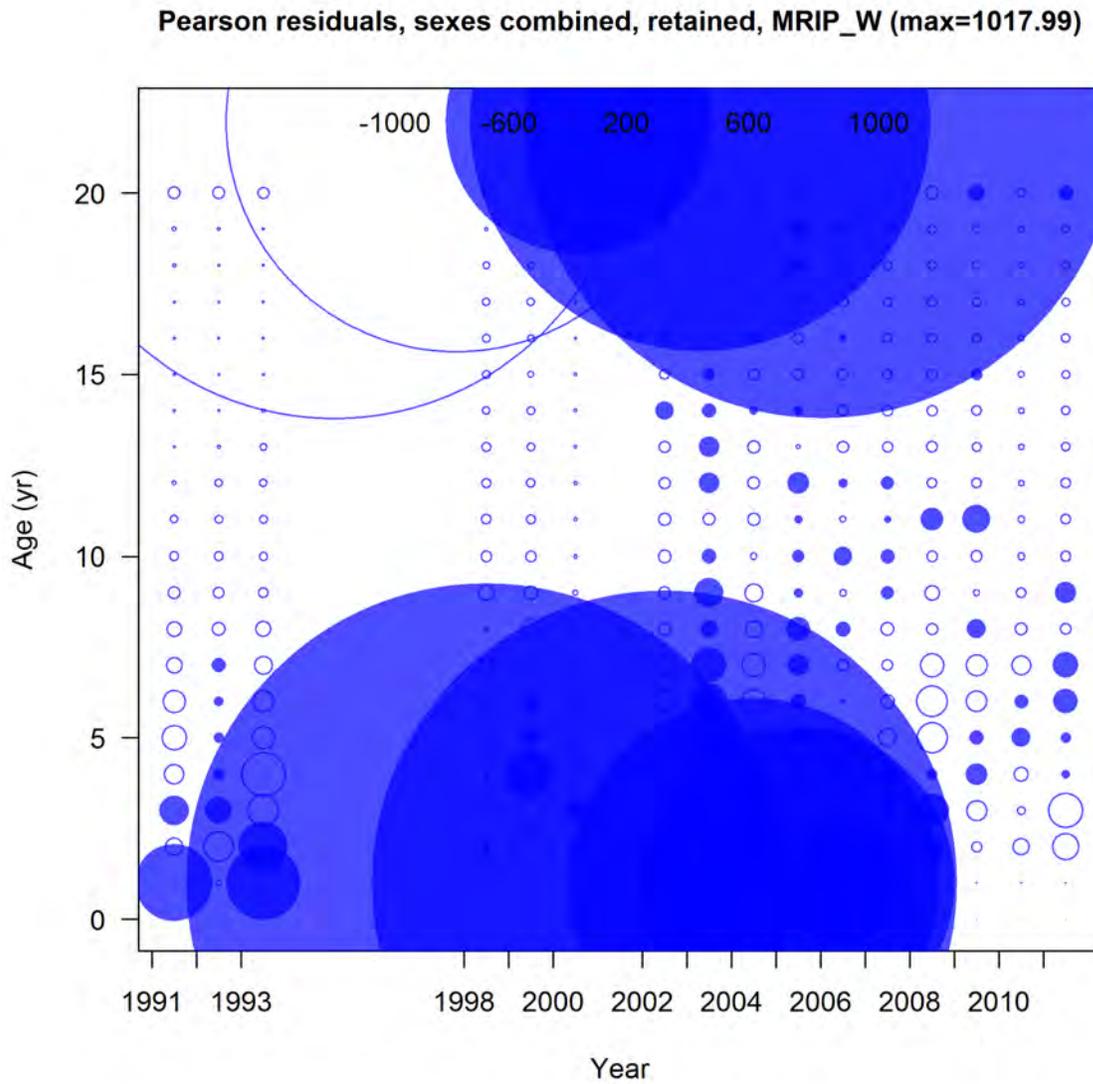


Figure 2.5.18. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the private recreational fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

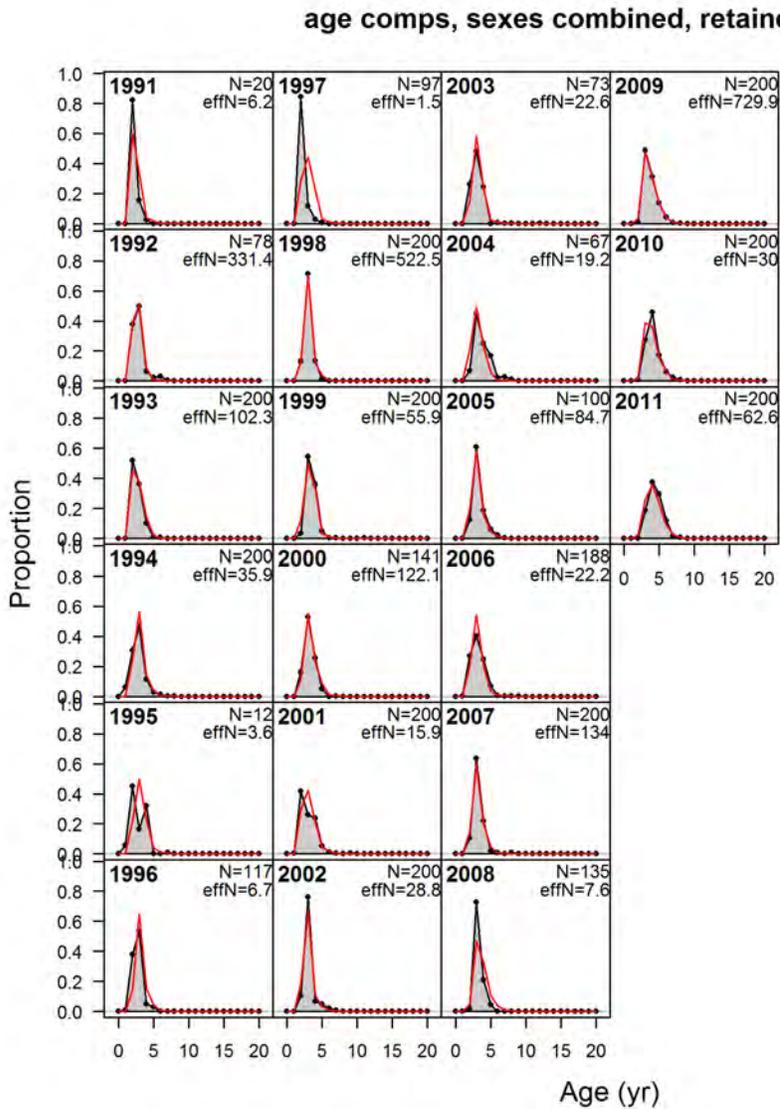


Figure 2.5.19. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

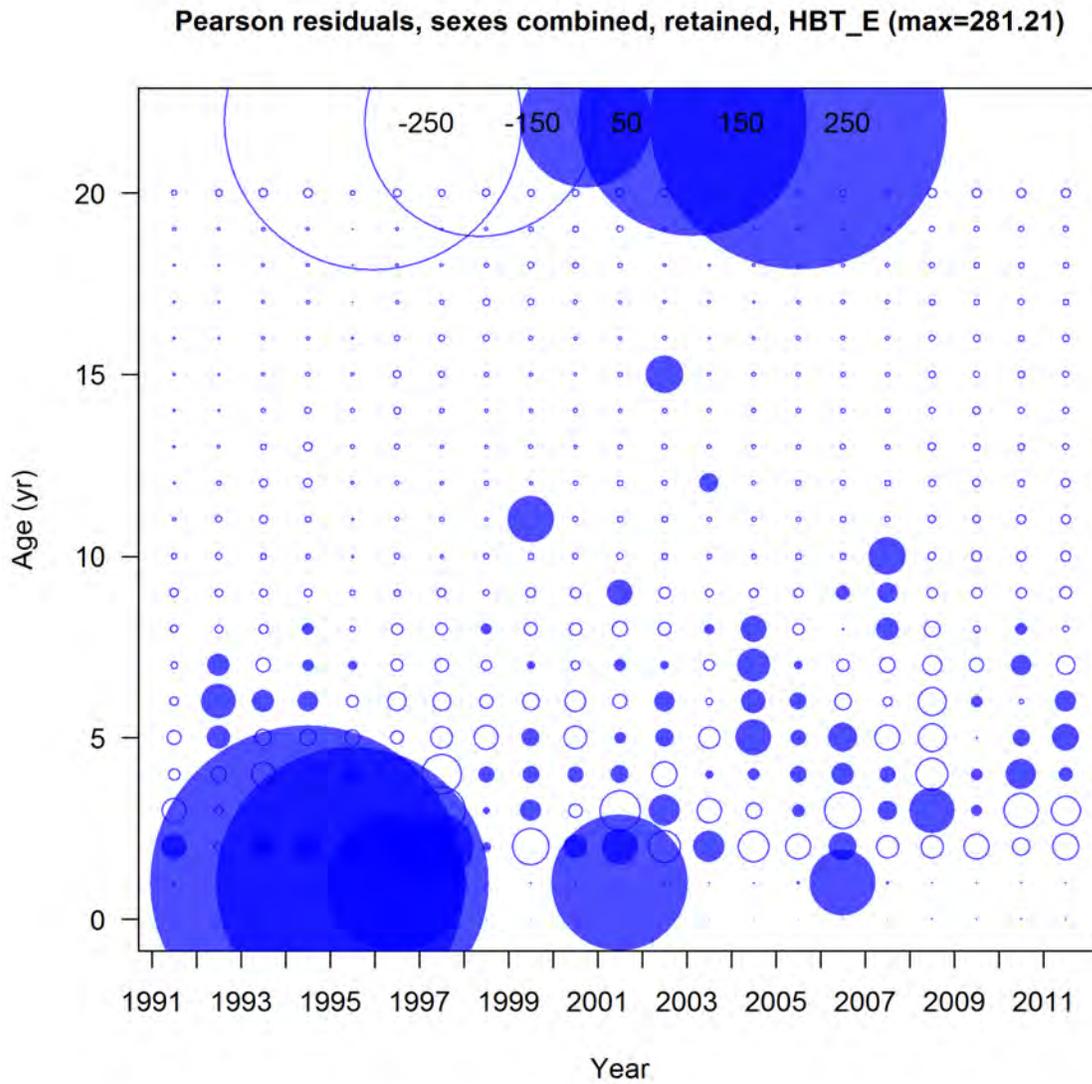


Figure 2.5.20. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, HBT_E

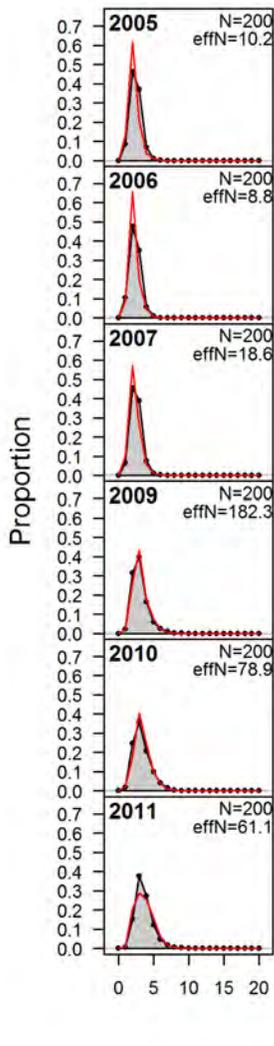


Figure 2.5.21. Observed and predicted age composition of discarded red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

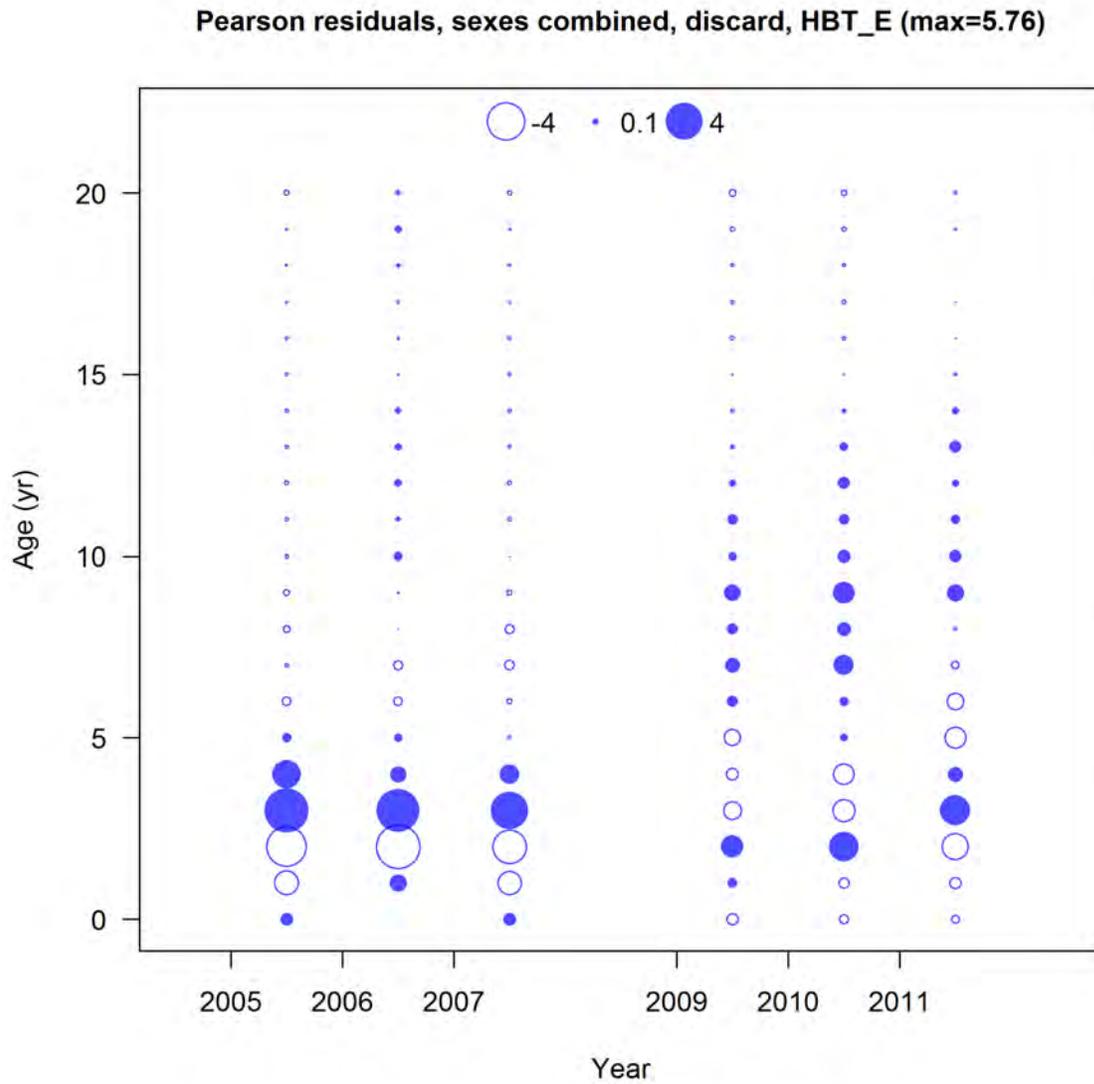


Figure 2.5.22. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for discarded red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

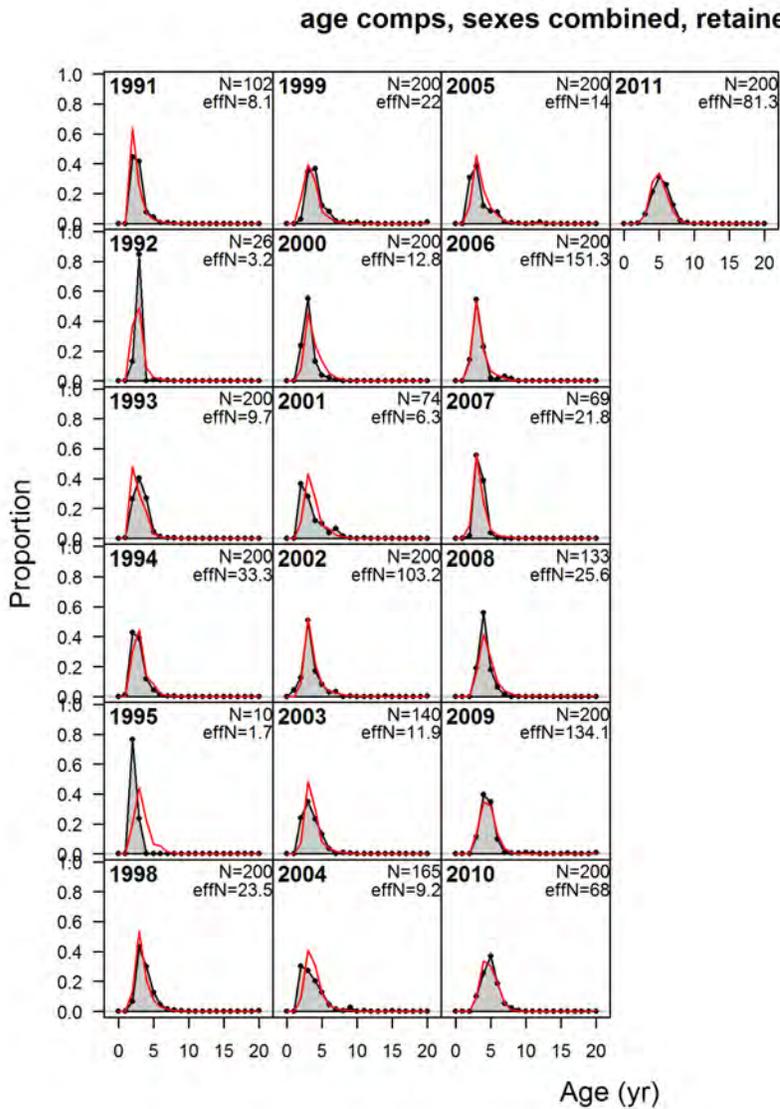


Figure 2.5.23. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper landed from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

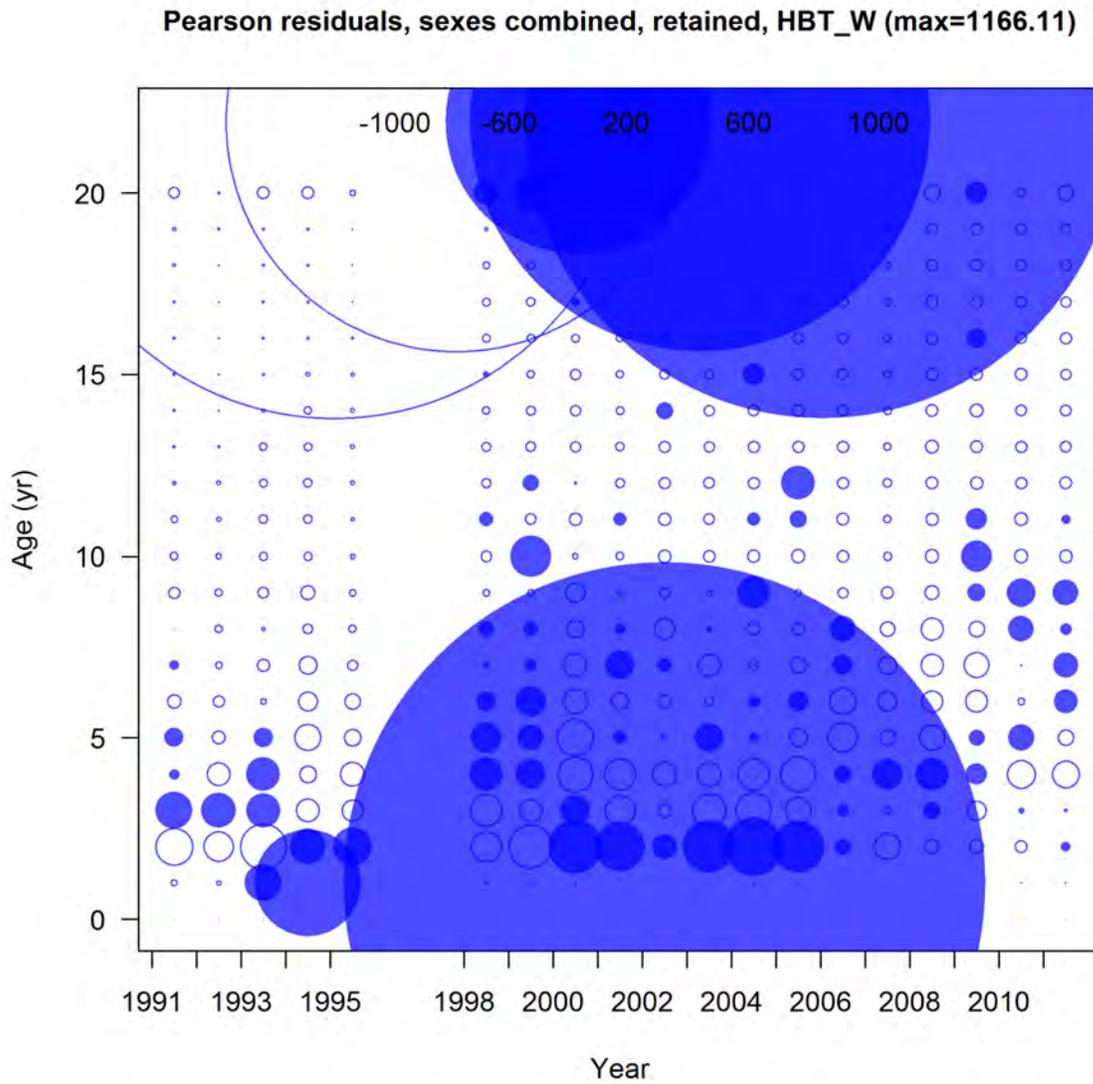


Figure 2.5.24. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for landed red snapper from the recreational headboat fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, C_Clsd_E

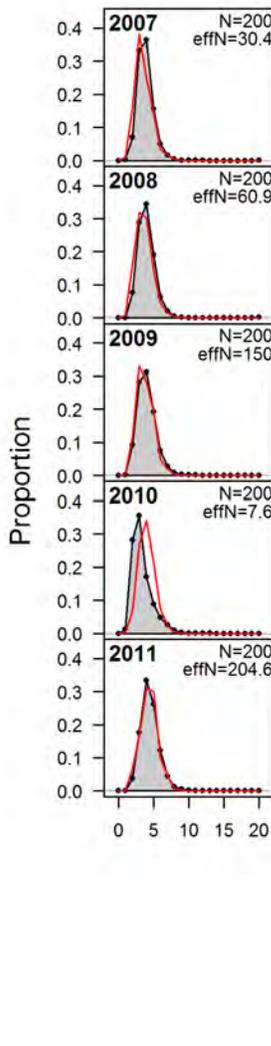


Figure 2.5.25. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

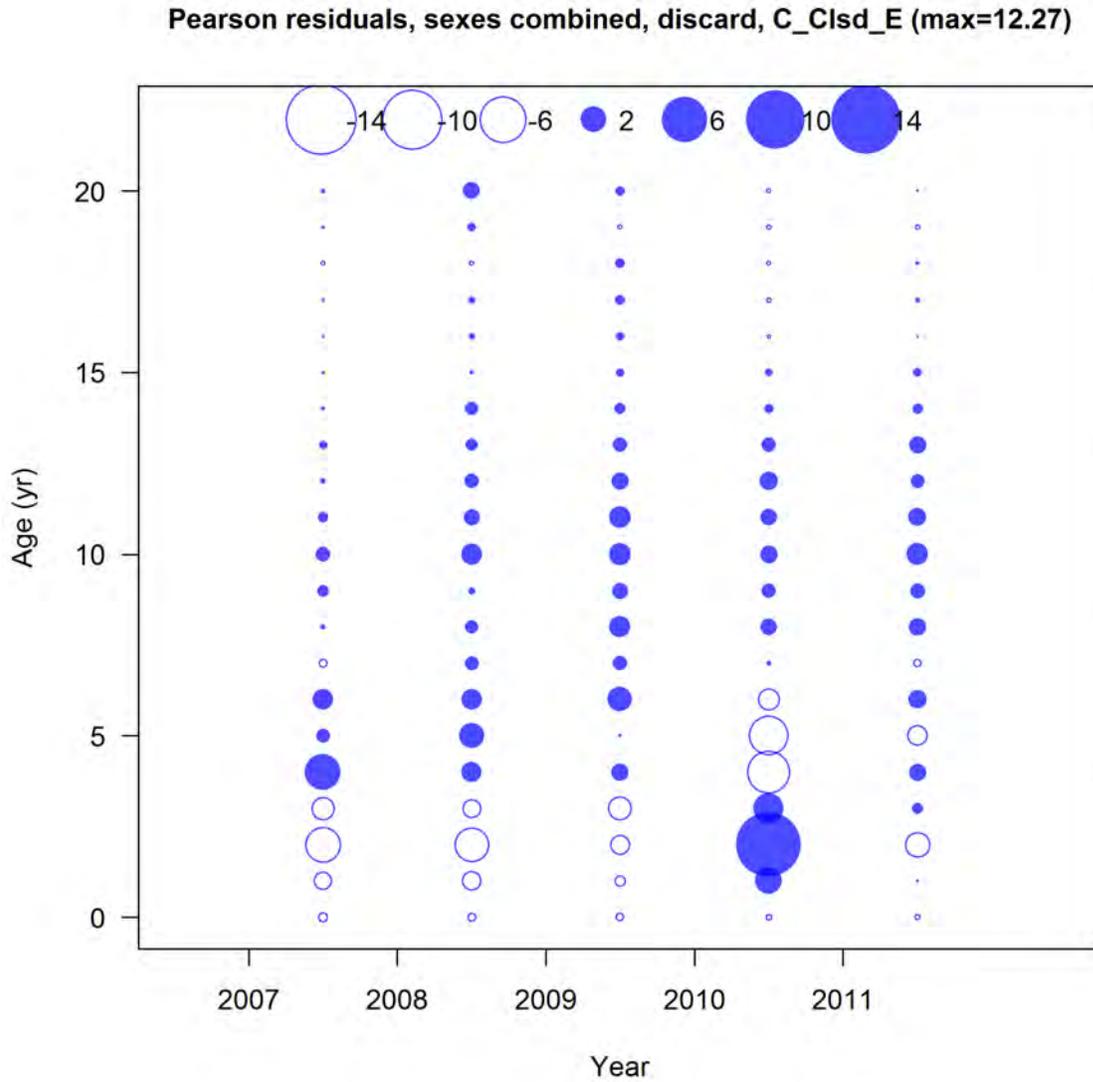
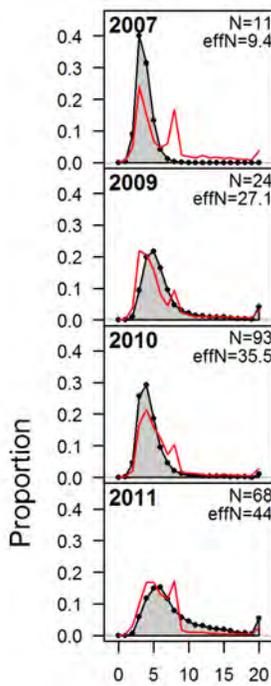


Figure 2.5.26. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, C_Clsd_W



Age (yr)

Figure 2.5.27. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

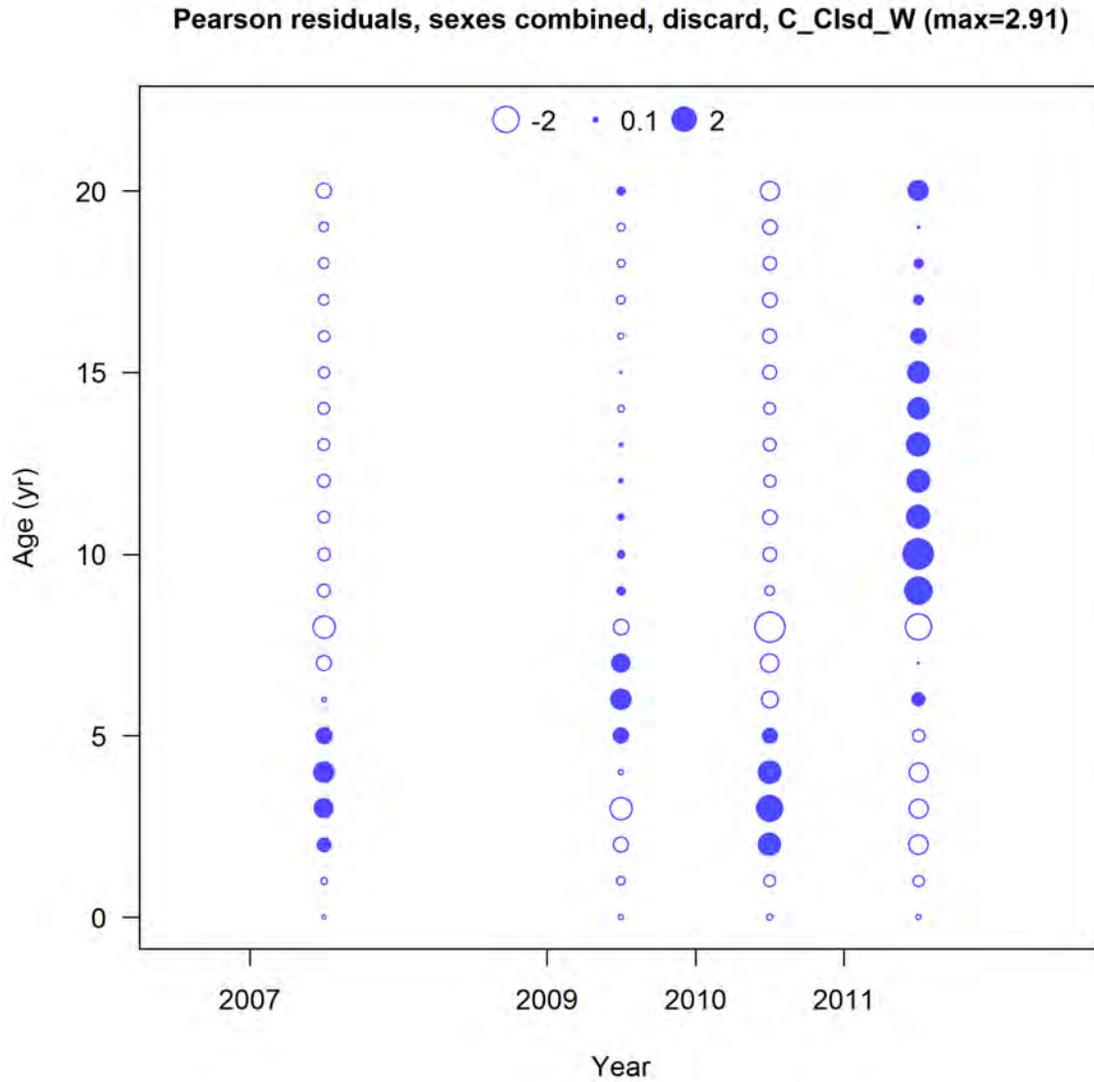


Figure 2.5.28. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the commercial closed season fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, Shr_E

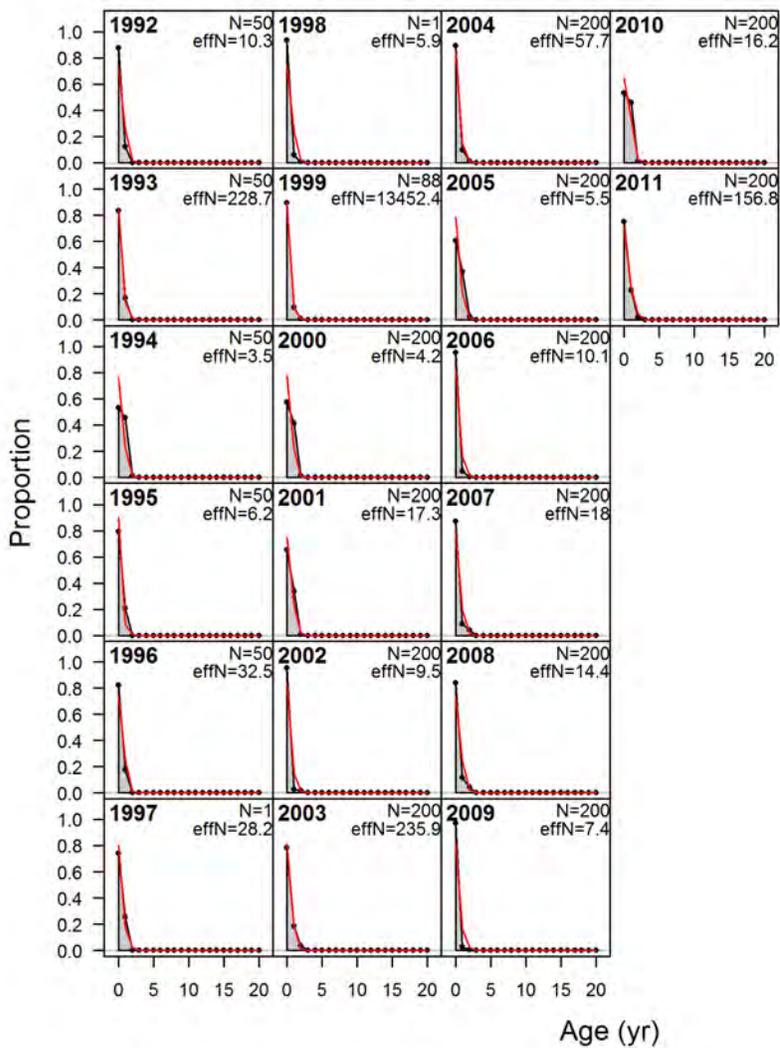


Figure 2.5.29. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

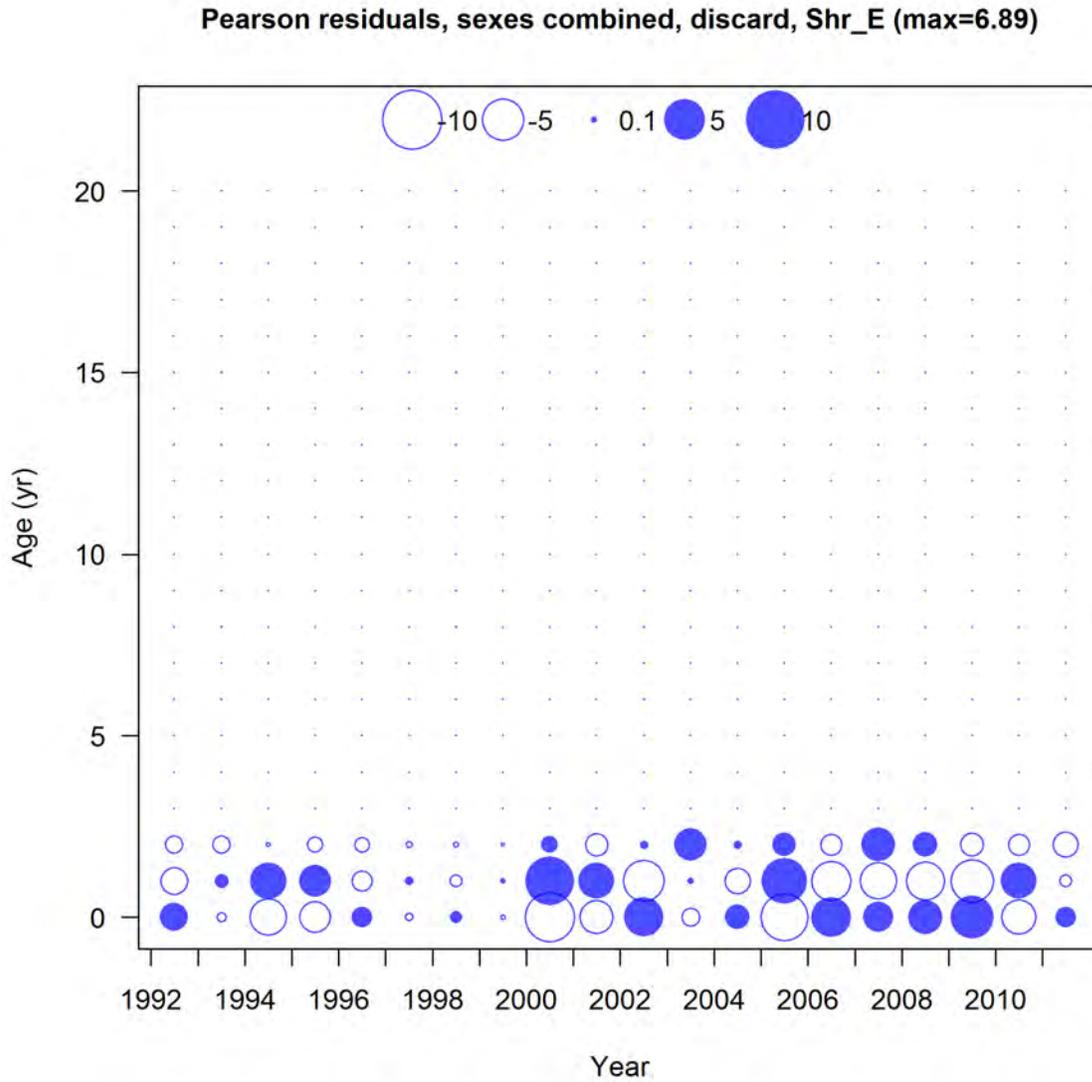


Figure 2.5.30. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, discard, Shr_W

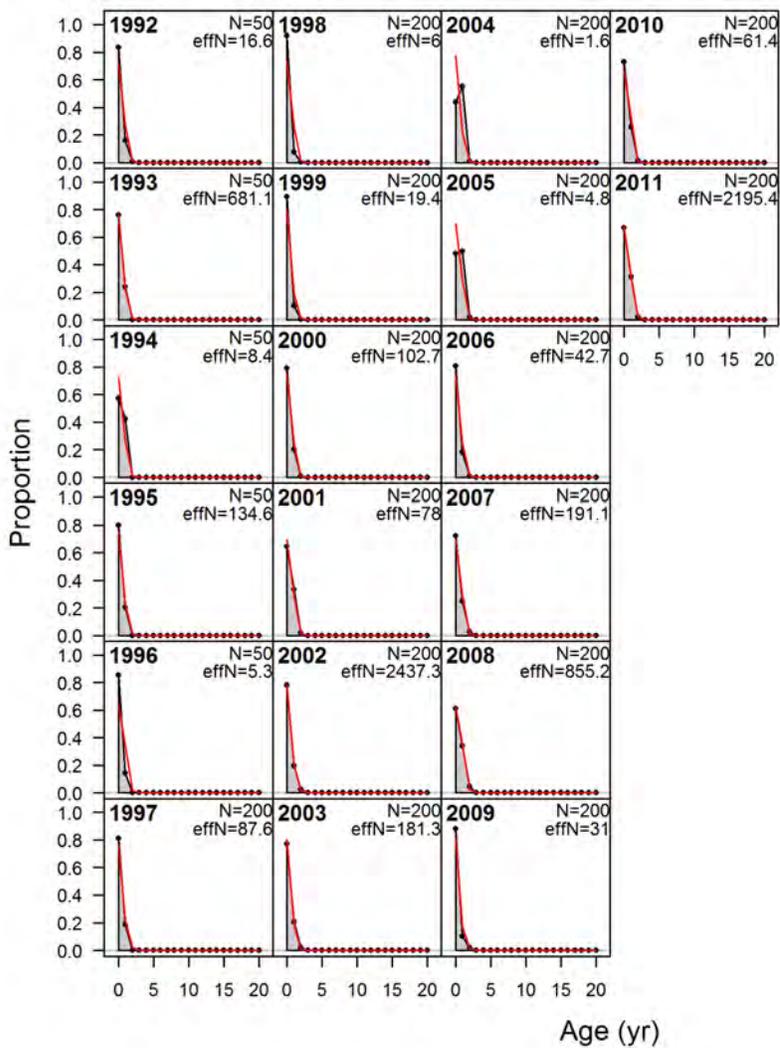


Figure 2.5.31. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

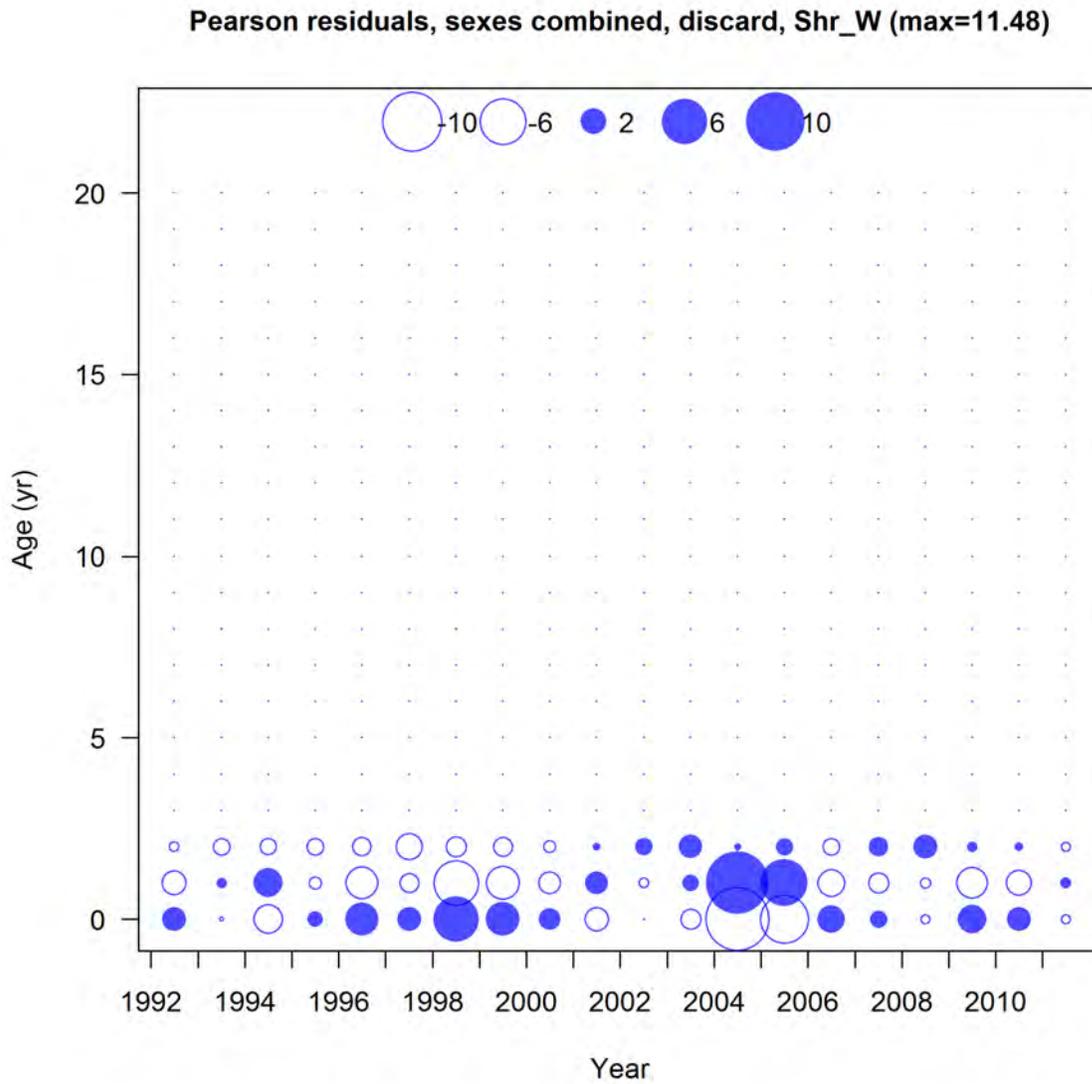


Figure 2.5.32. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for of red snapper discarded from the shrimp fishery in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_E

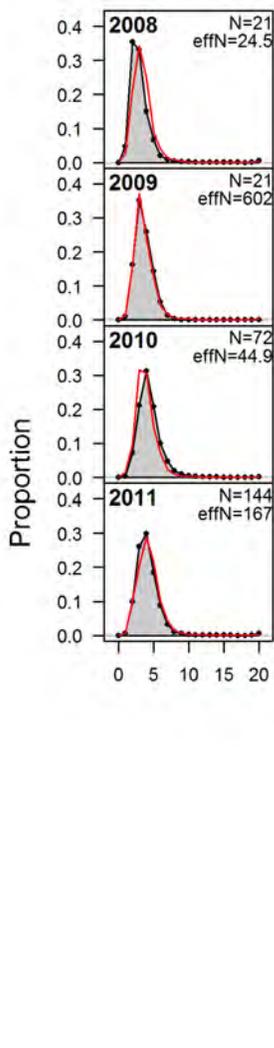


Figure 2.5.33. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

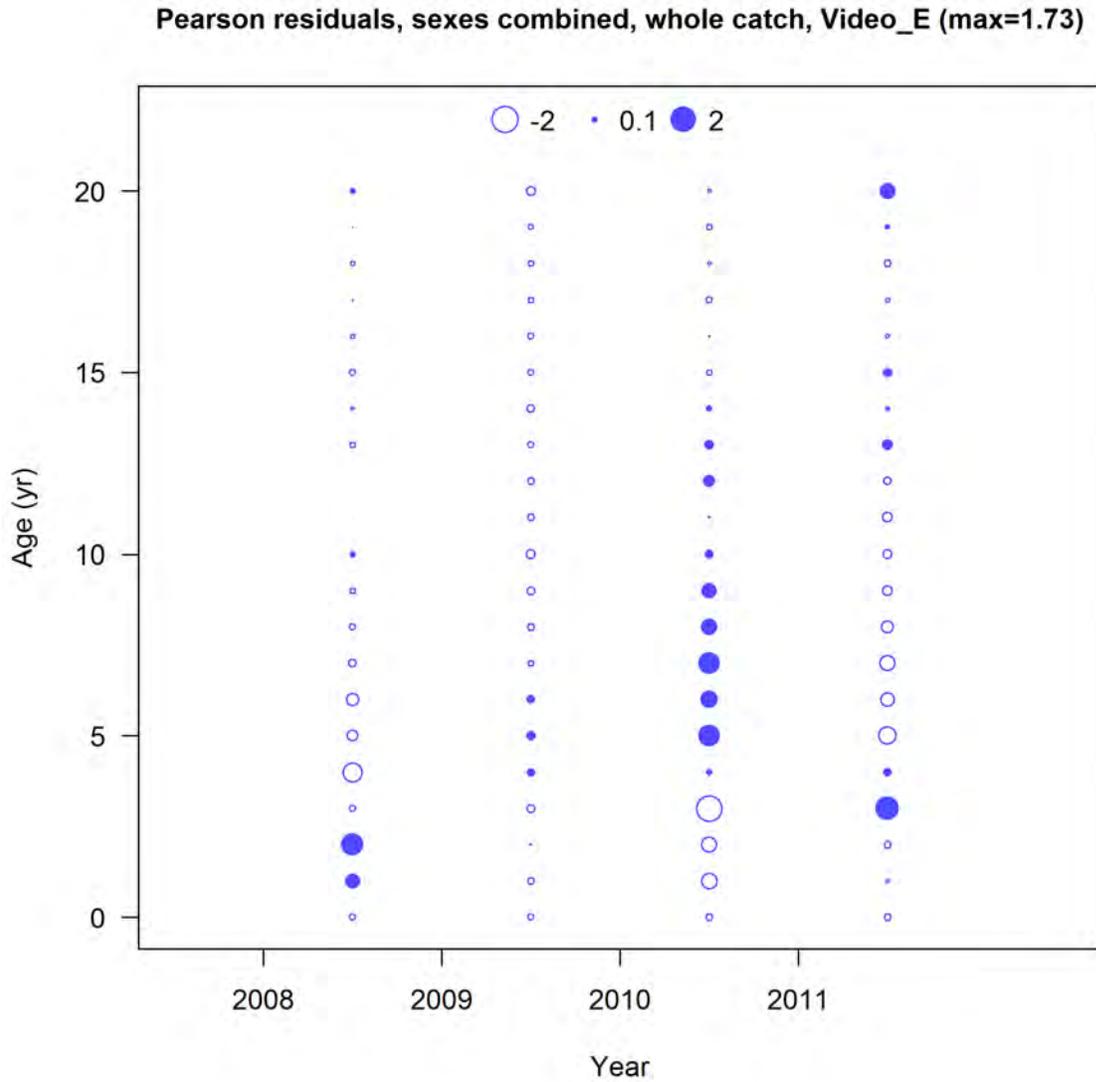


Figure 2.5.34. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, Video_W

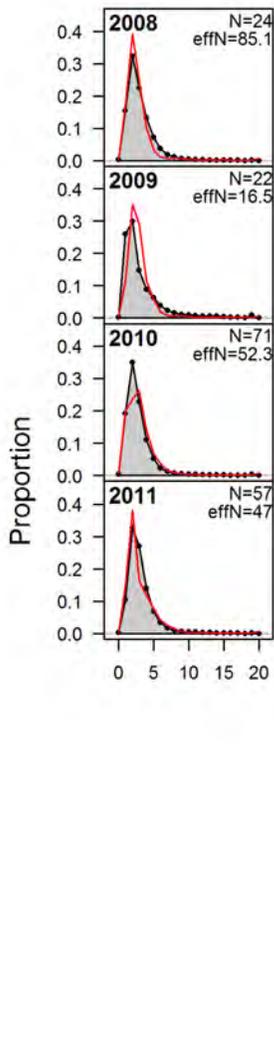


Figure 2.5.35. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

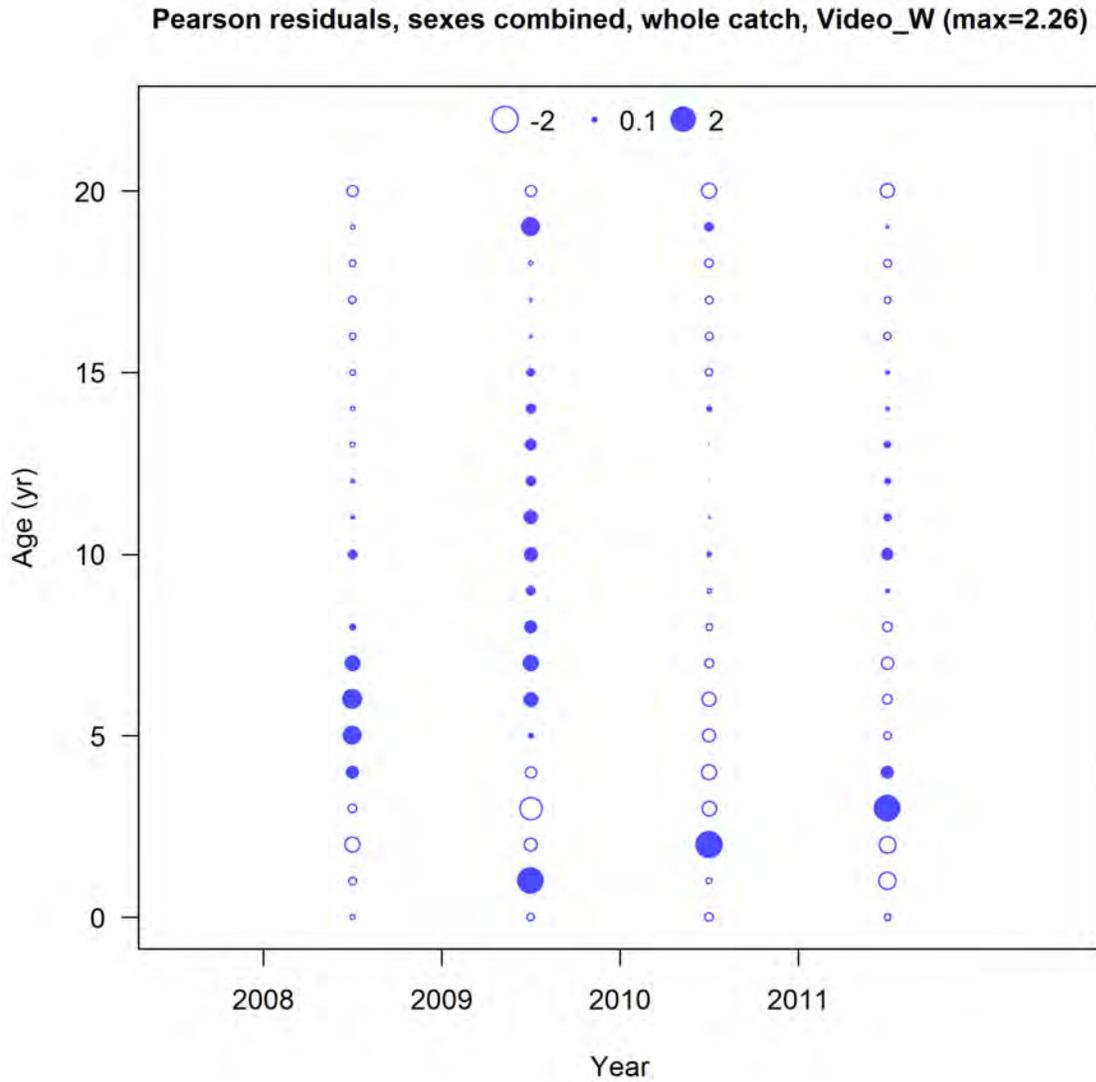


Figure 2.5.36. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP reef fish video survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

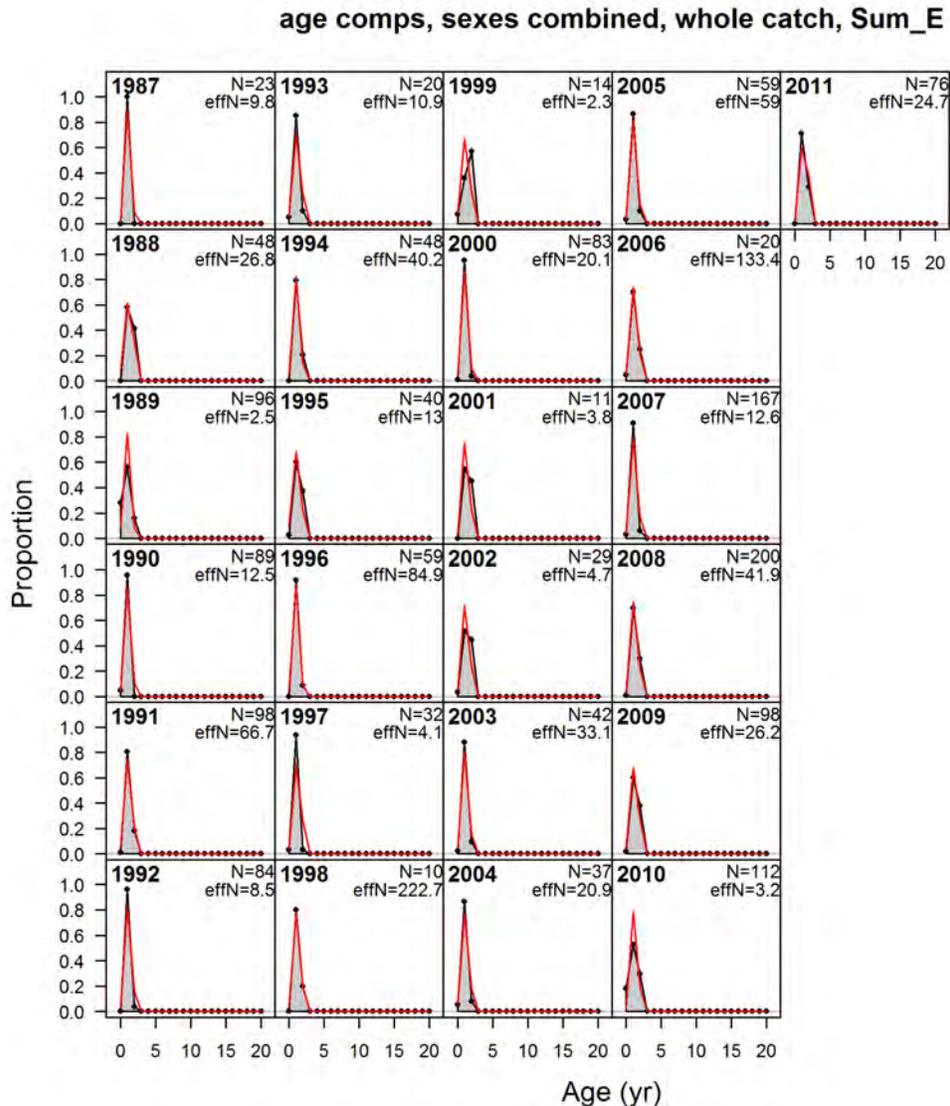


Figure 2.5.37. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

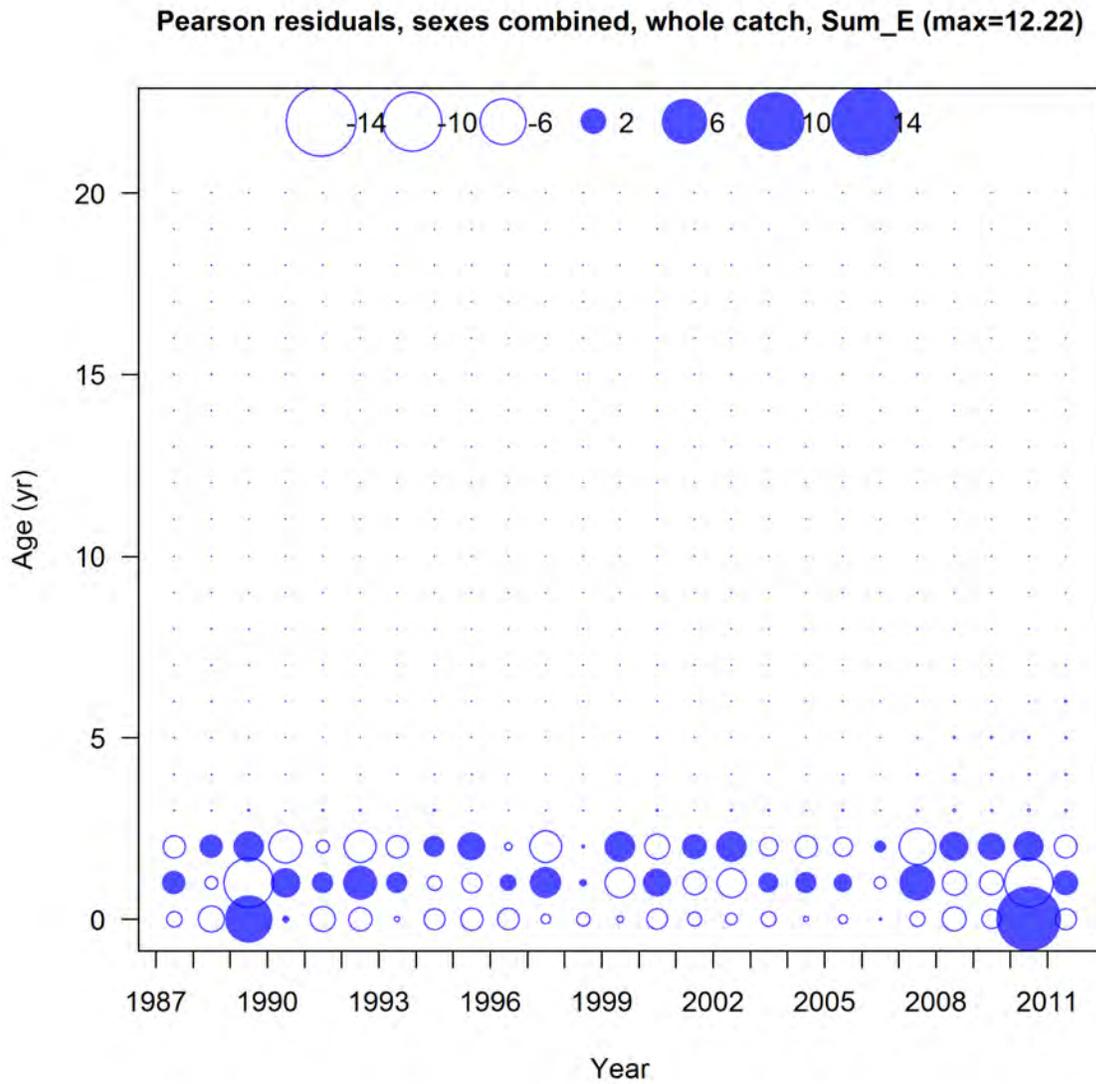


Figure 2.5.38. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

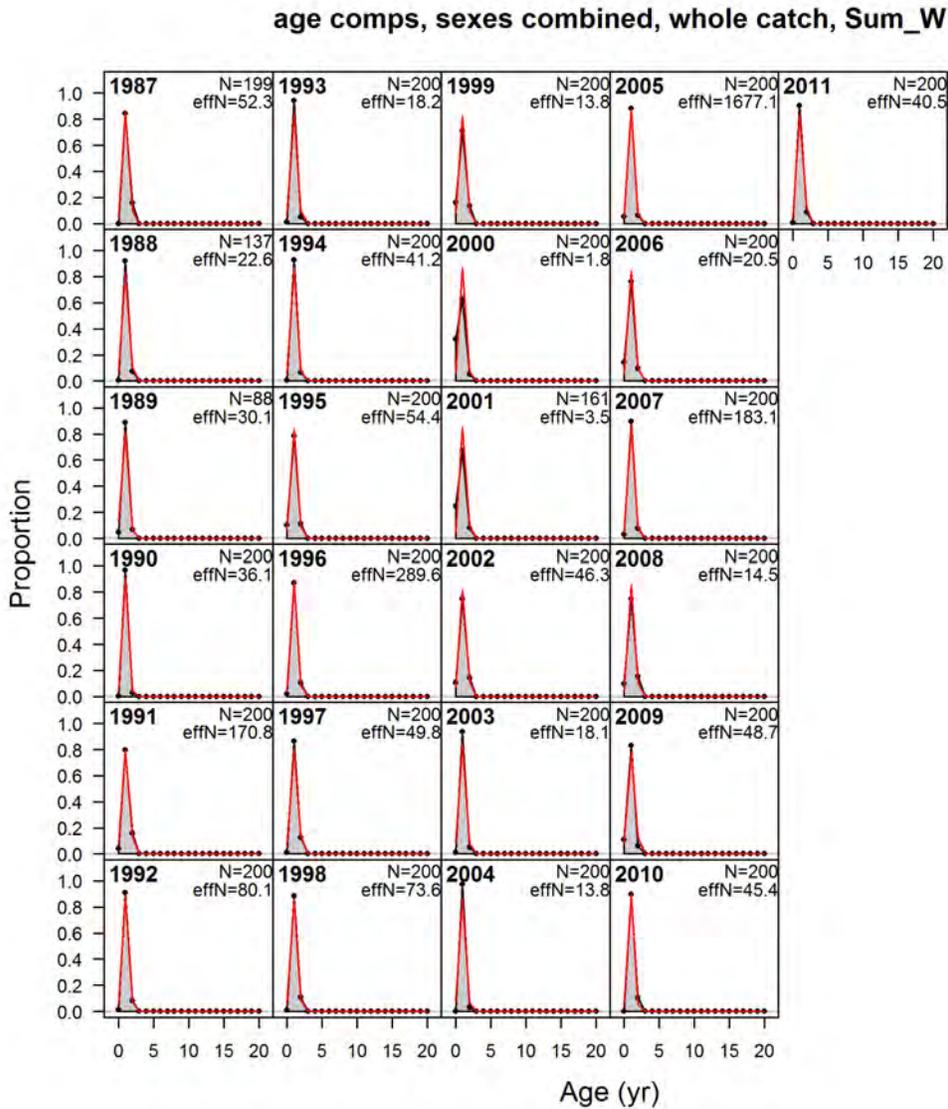


Figure 2.5.39. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

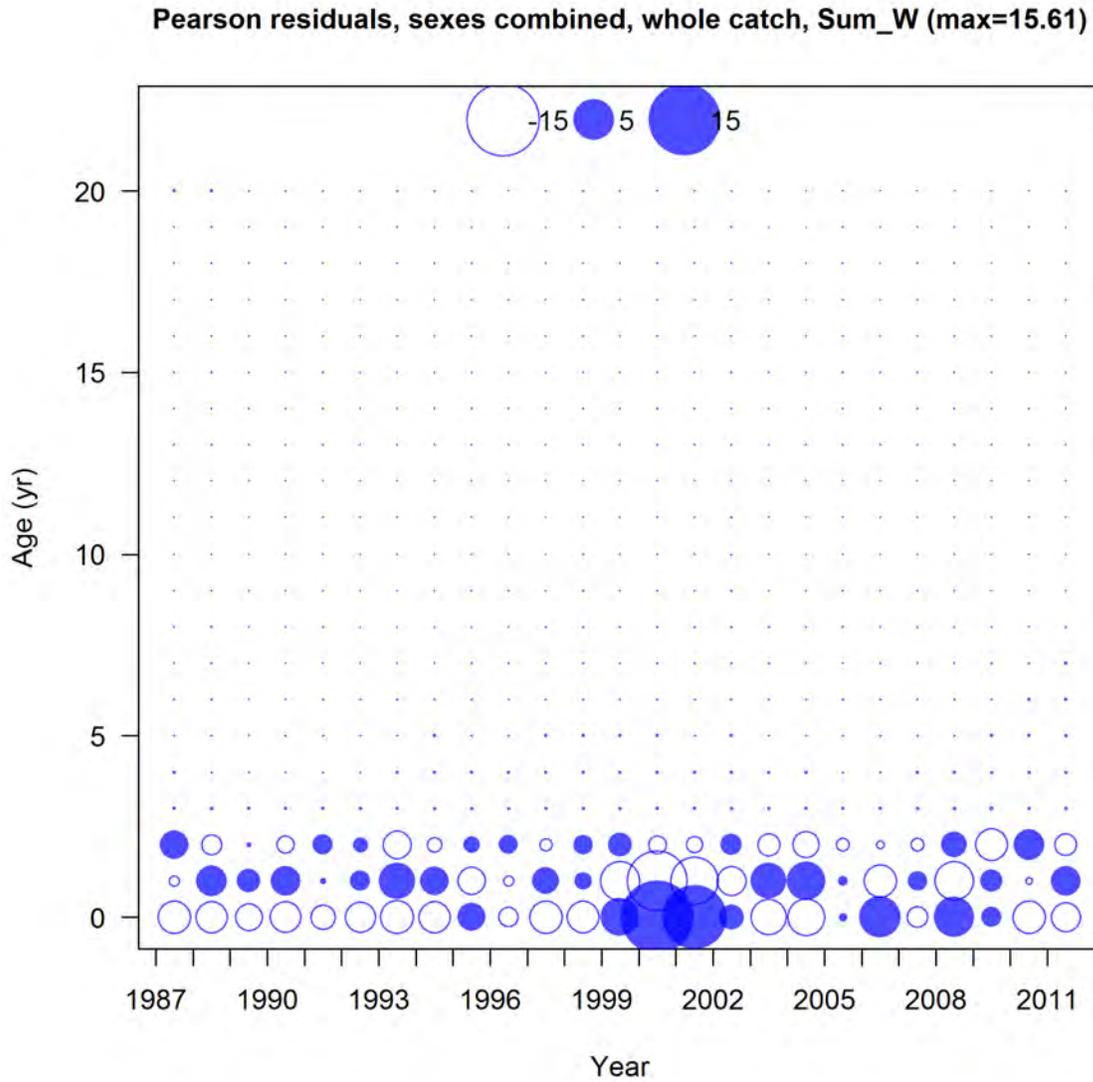


Figure 2.5.40. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish summer survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, Fall_E

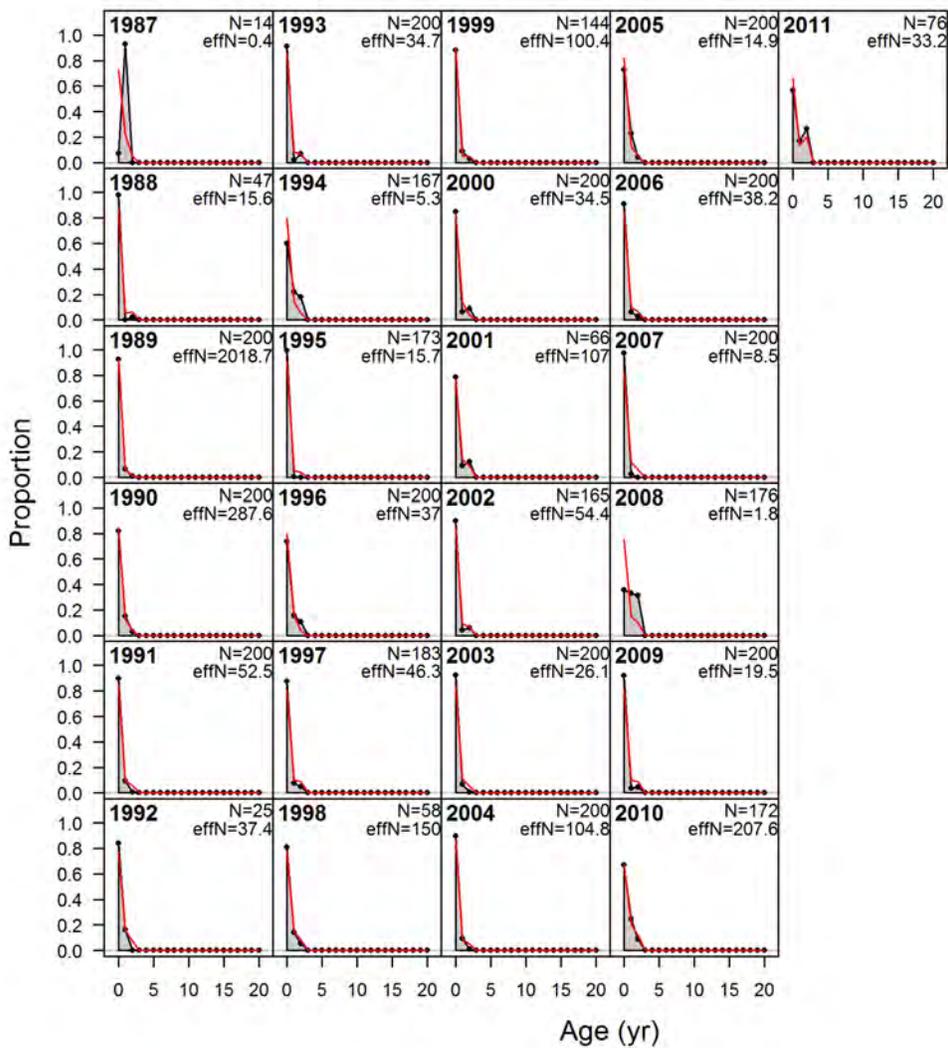


Figure 2.5.41. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

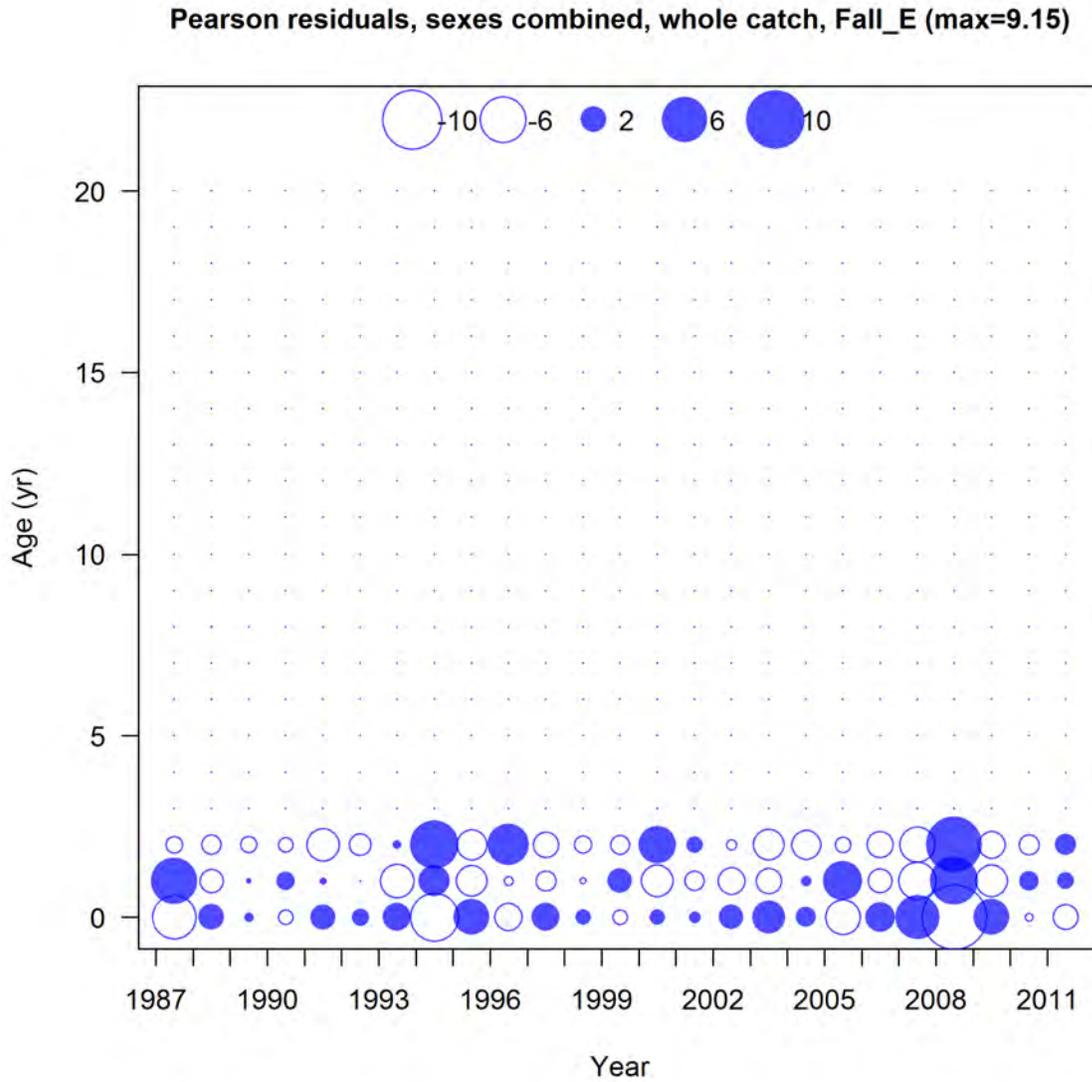


Figure 2.5.42. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

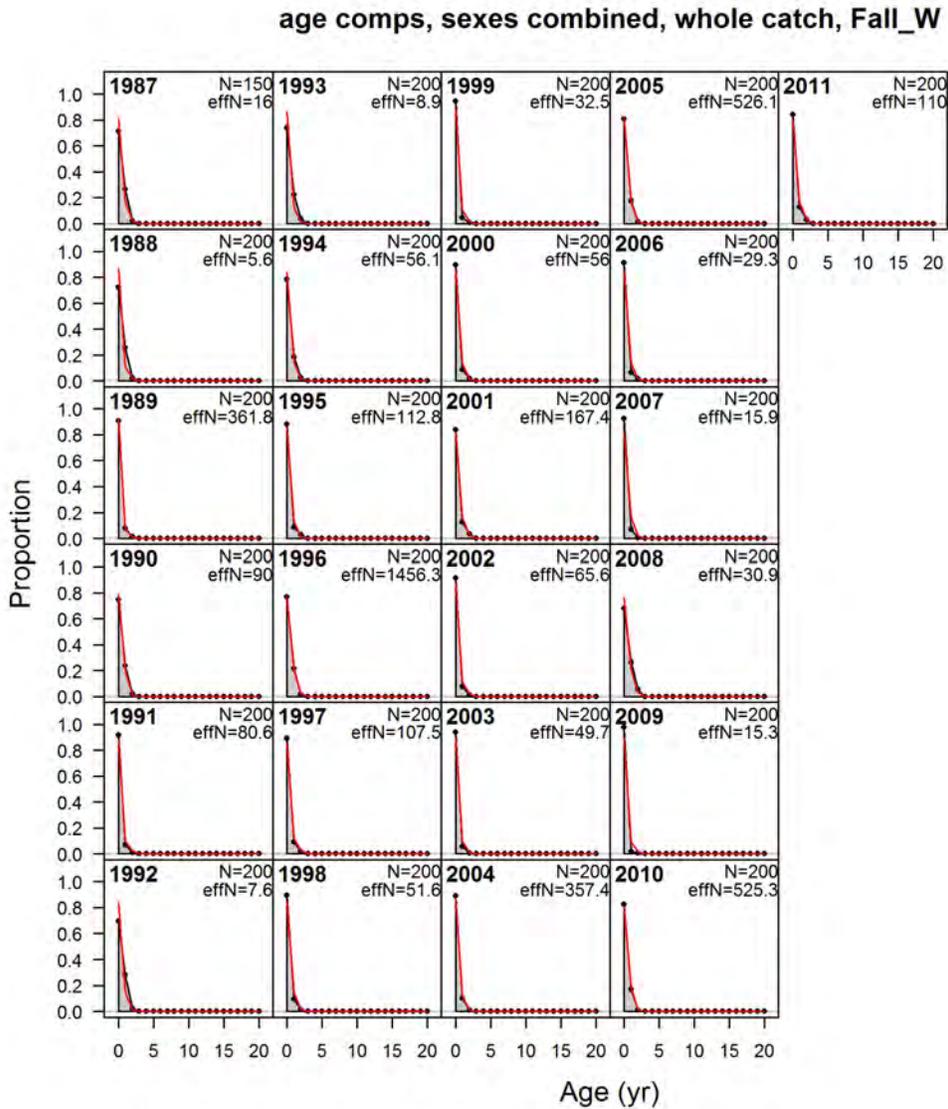


Figure 2.5.43. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

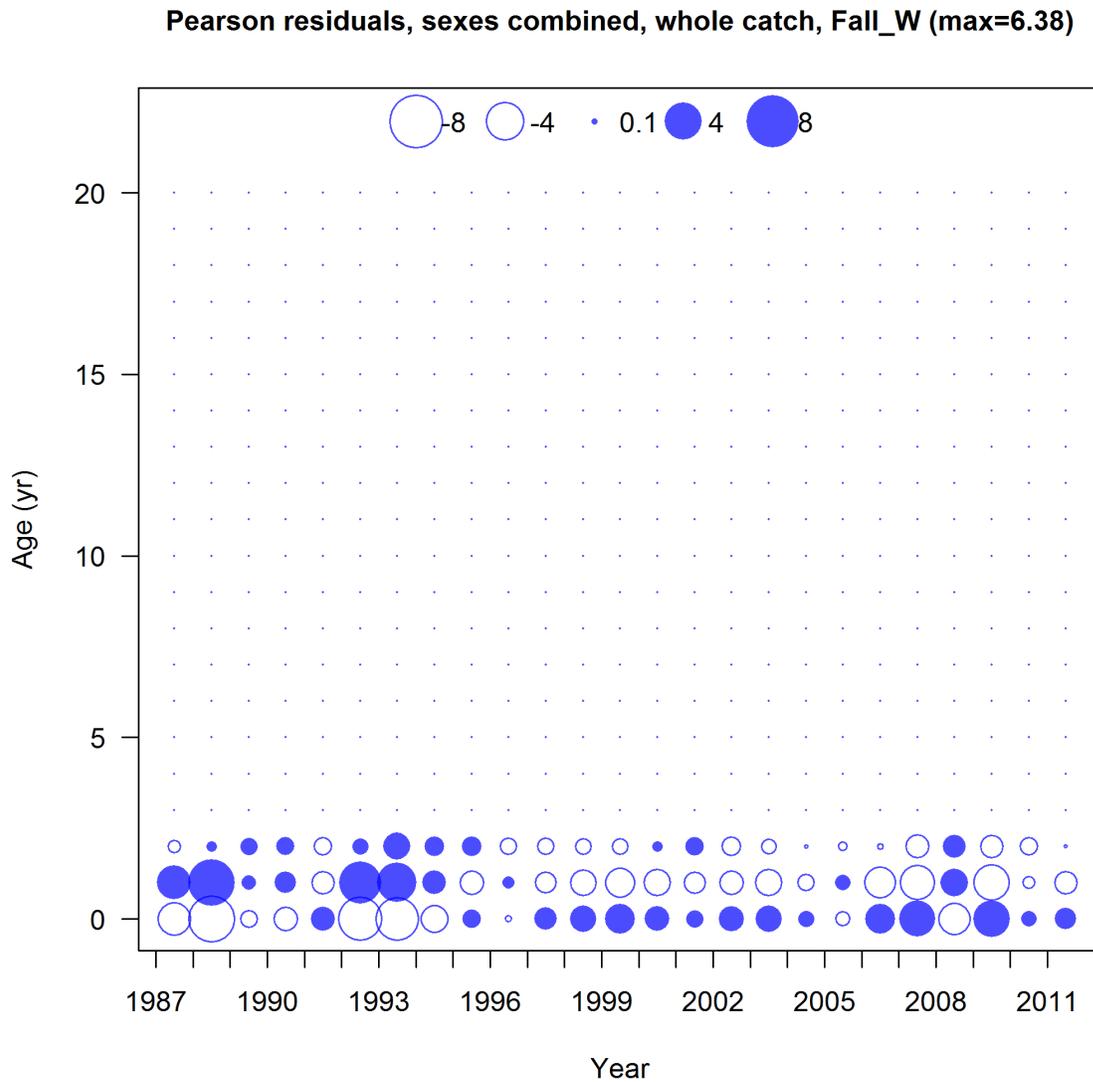


Figure 2.5.44. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the SEAMAP groundfish fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

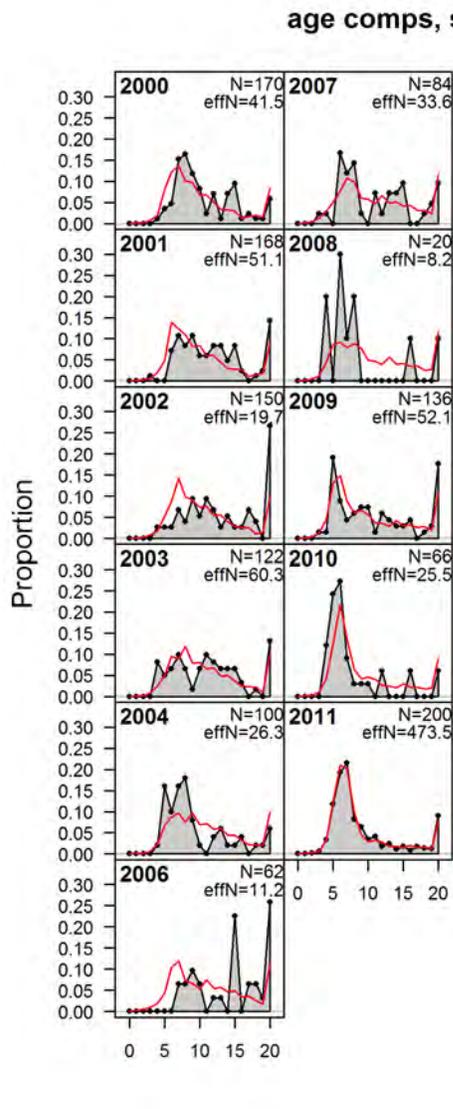


Figure 2.5.45. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

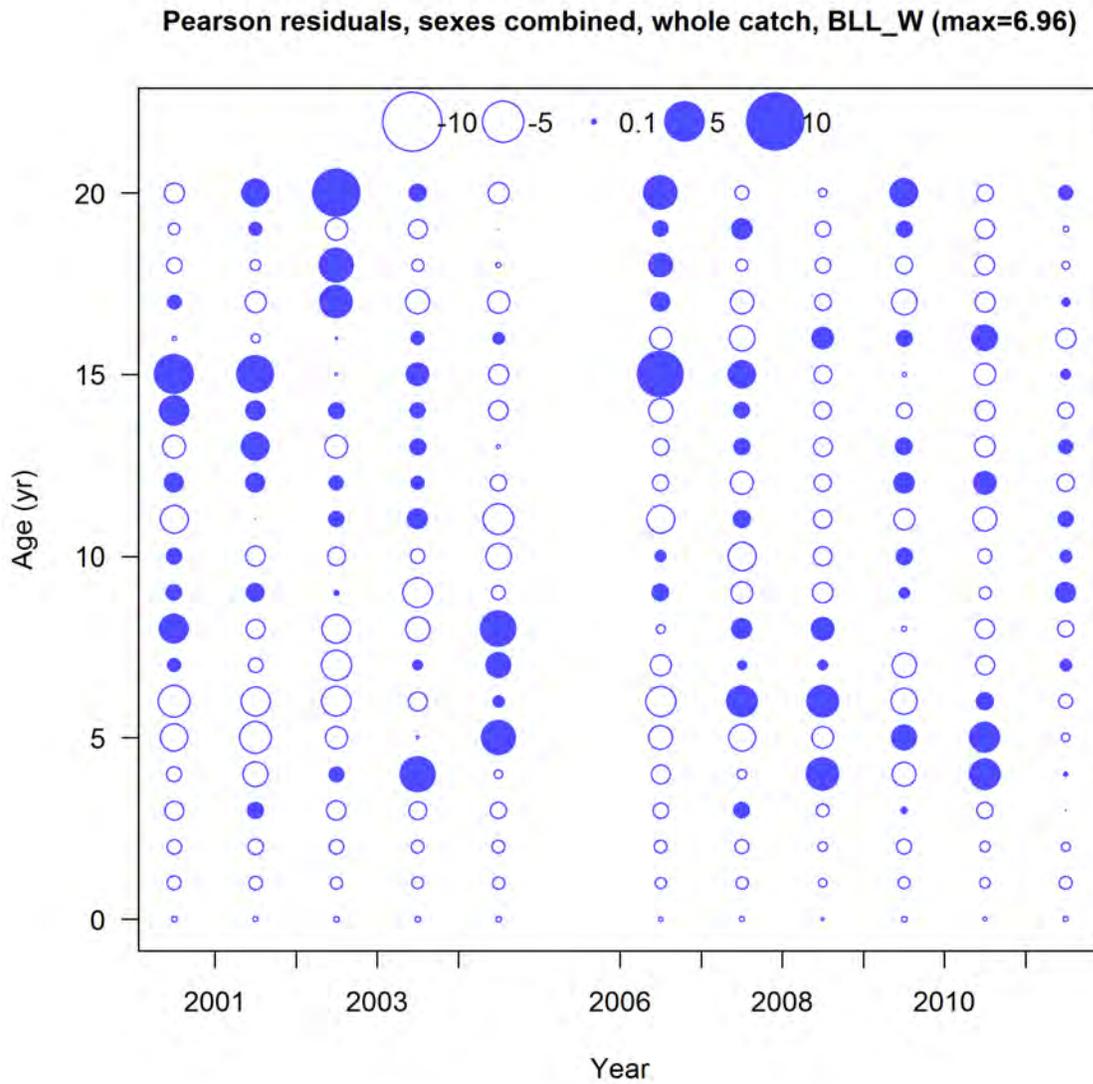


Figure 2.5.46. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, BLL_E

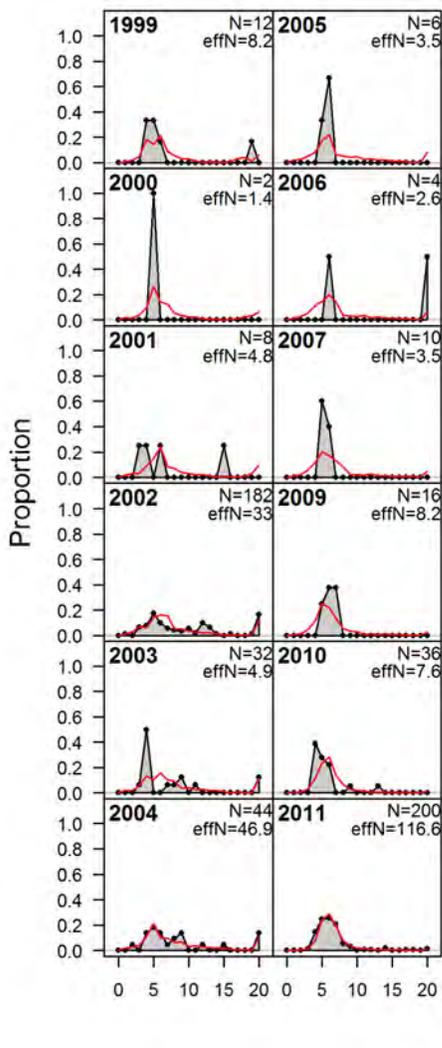


Figure 2.5.47. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

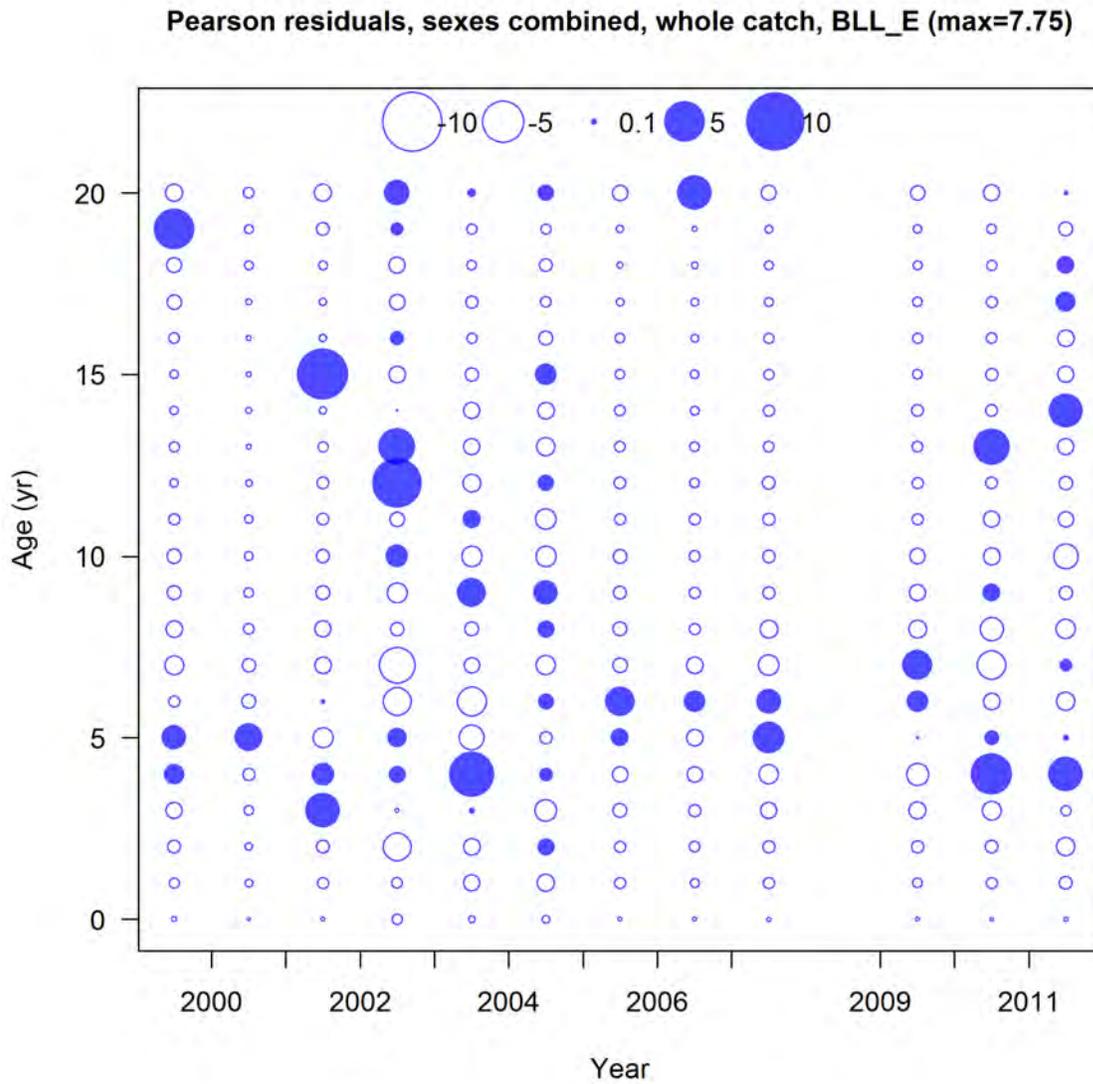


Figure 2.5.48. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the NMFS bottom longline fall survey in the western Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

age comps, sexes combined, whole catch, ROV_E

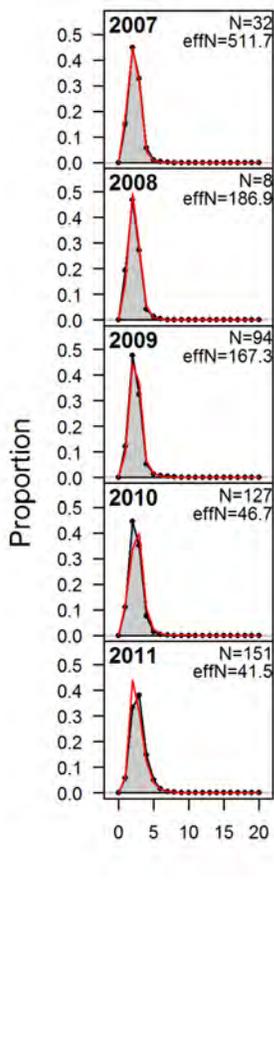


Figure 2.5.49. Observed and predicted age composition of red snapper from ROV survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Observed (N) sample sizes and effective sample sizes (effN) estimated by SS are also reported. Observed sample sizes were capped at a maximum of 200 fish.

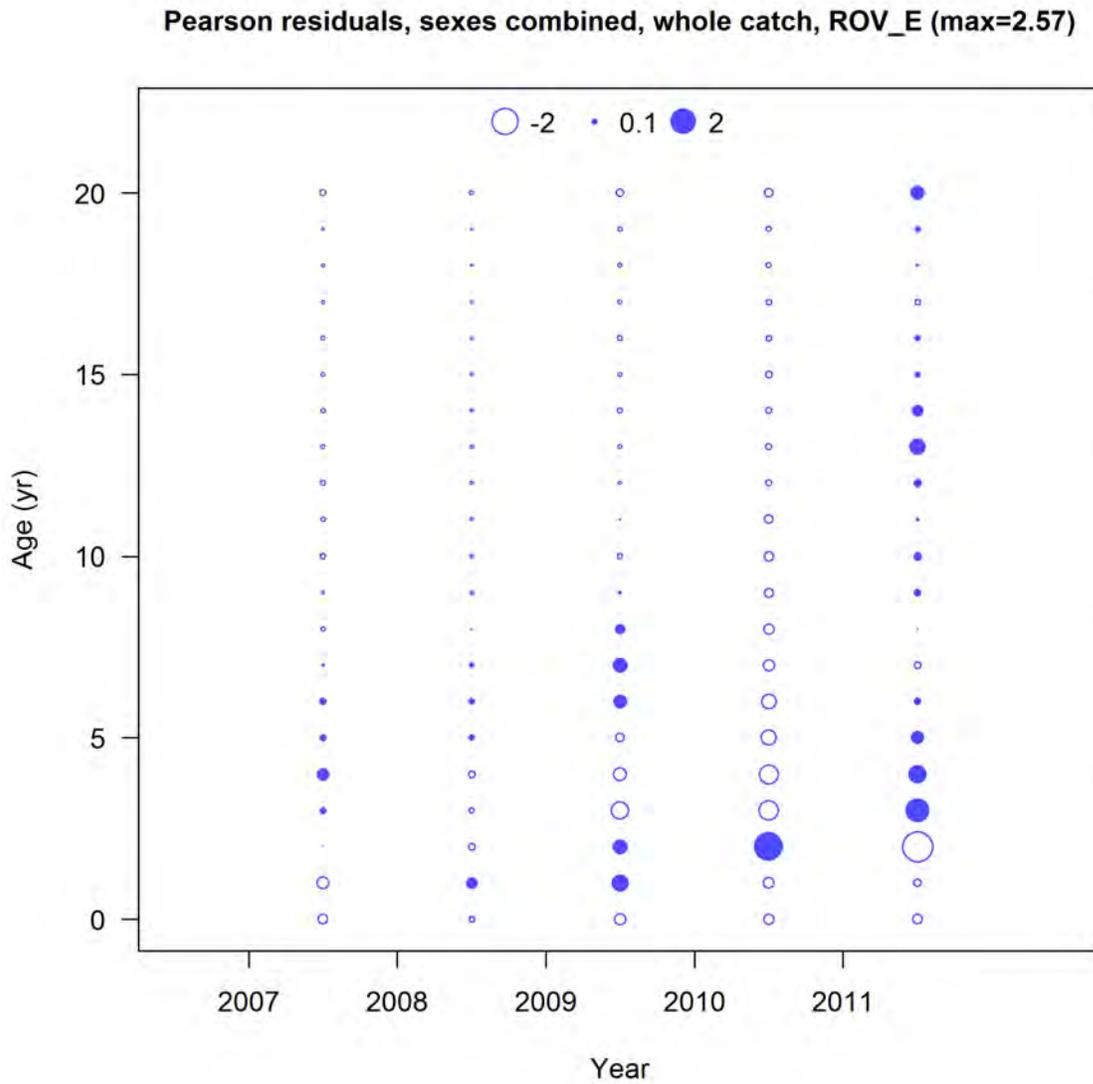
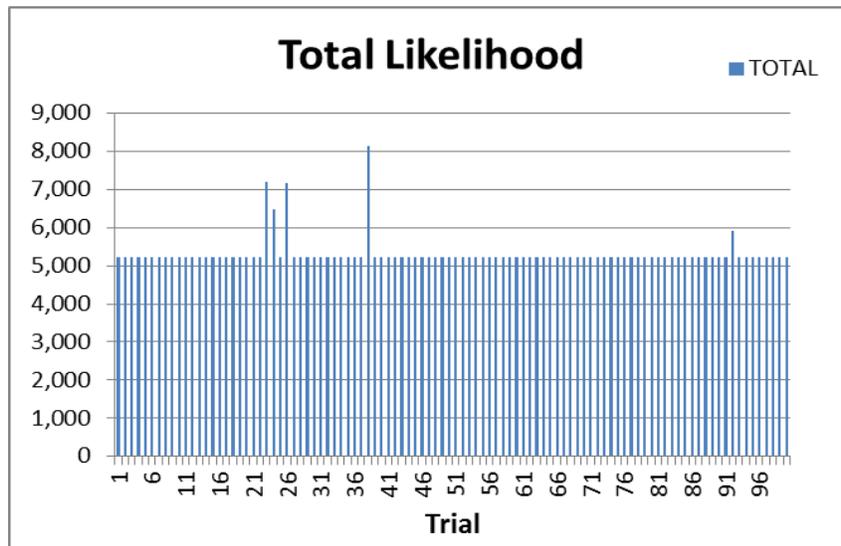


Figure 2.5.50. Pearson residuals of age composition fits for red snapper from the ROV survey in the eastern Gulf of Mexico. Solid circles are positive residuals (i.e., observed greater than predicted) and open circles are negative residuals (i.e., predicted greater than observed).

a.



b.

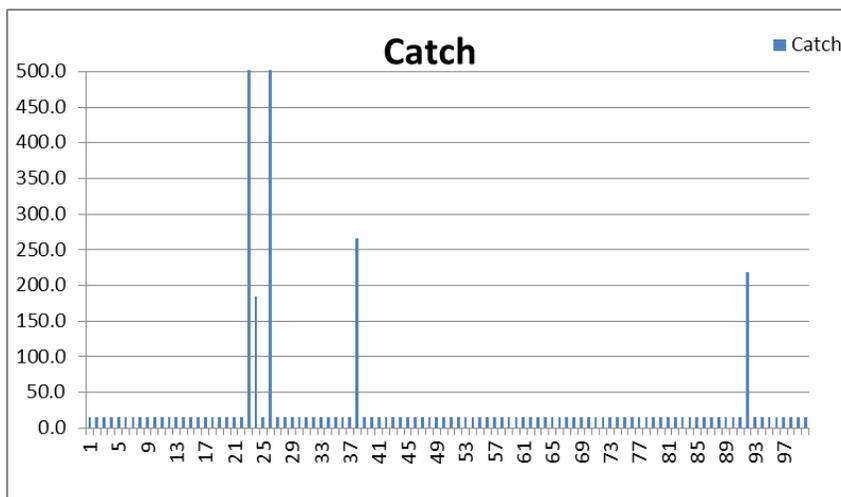
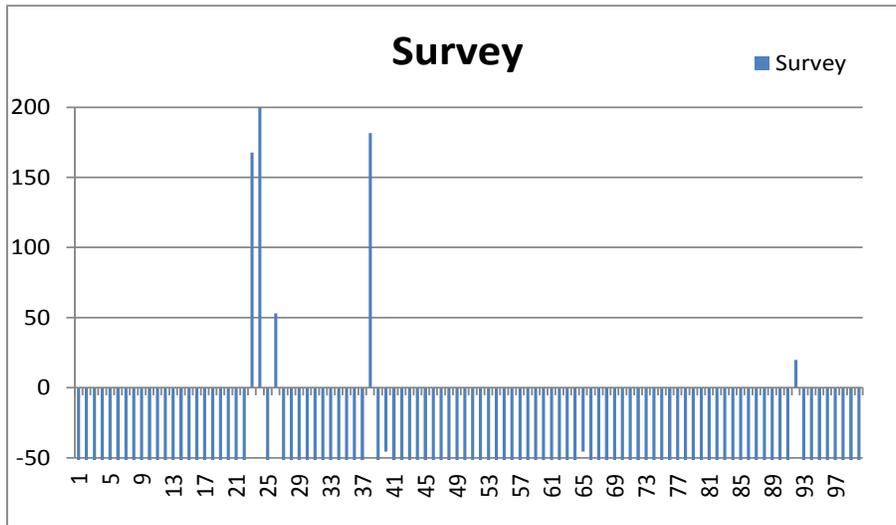


Figure 2.6.1 (a and b). Summary results of model likelihood estimates for 100 jittered runs of the SS red snapper stock assessment base model. The top panel (a) is the total model likelihood, while the bottom panel (b) is the catch likelihood.

c.



d.

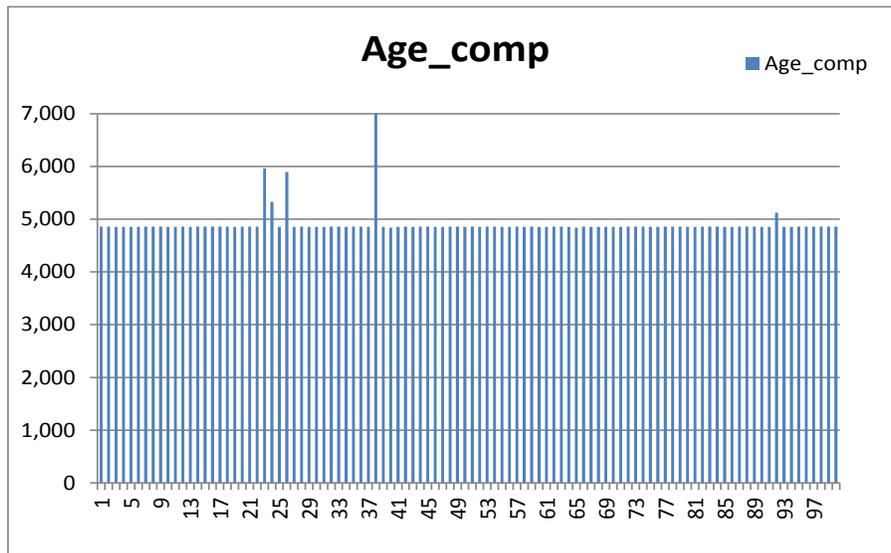
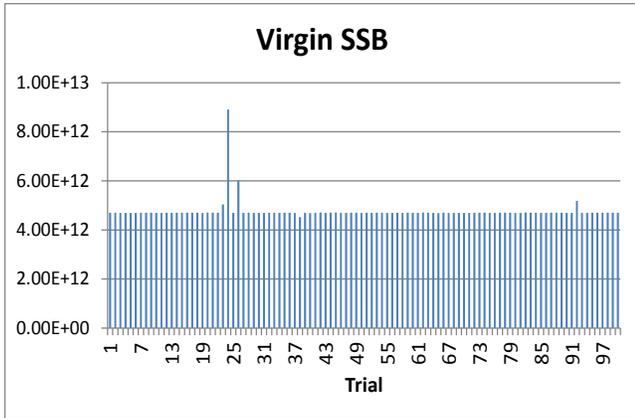
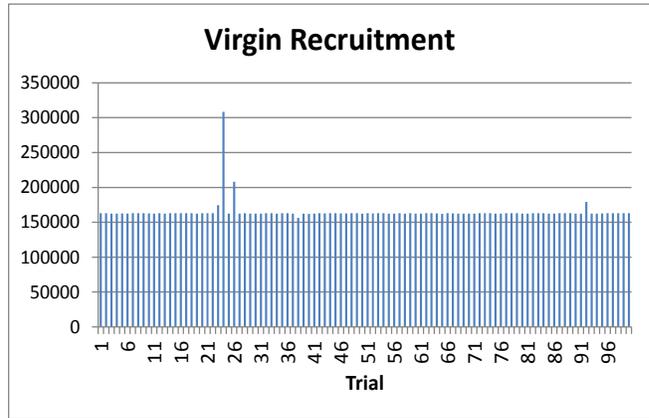


Figure 2.6.1 (c and d). Summary results of model likelihood estimates for 100 jittered runs of the SS red snapper stock assessment base model. The top panel (c) is the survey Likelihood, while the bottom panel (d) is the age composition likelihood.

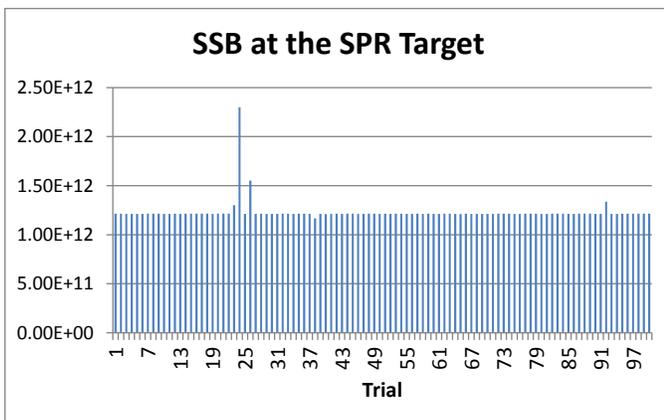
a.



b.



c.



d.

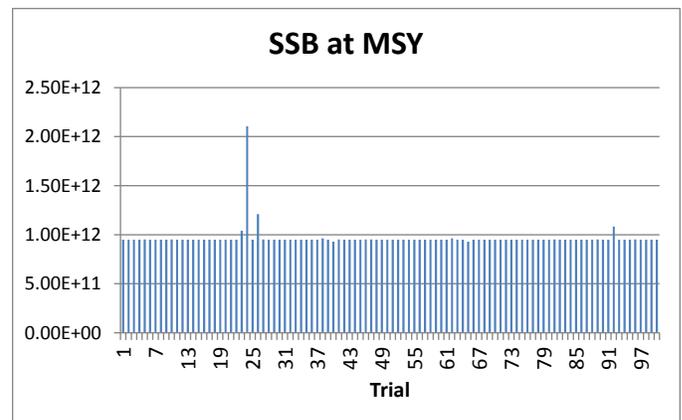
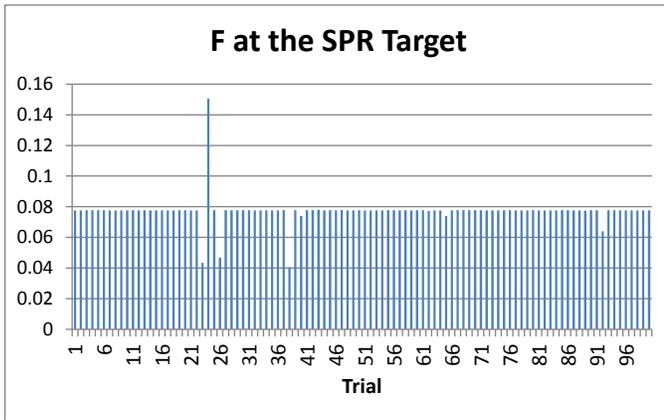
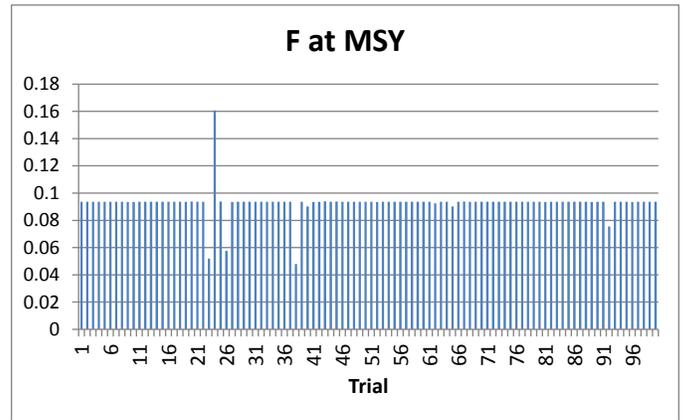


Figure 2.6.2. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

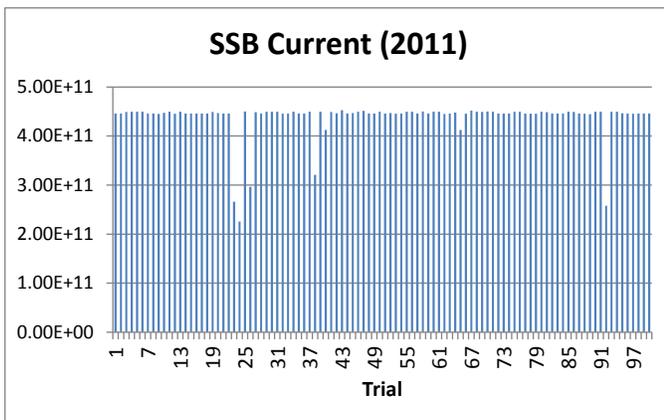
a.



b.



c.



d.

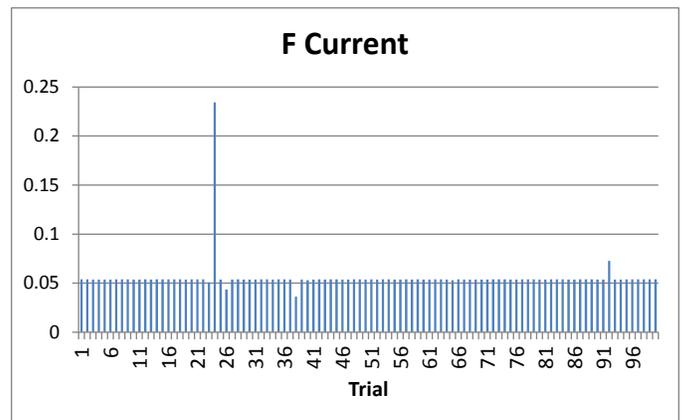
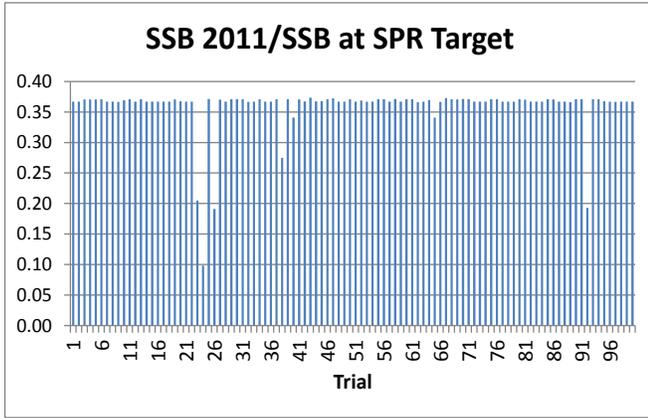
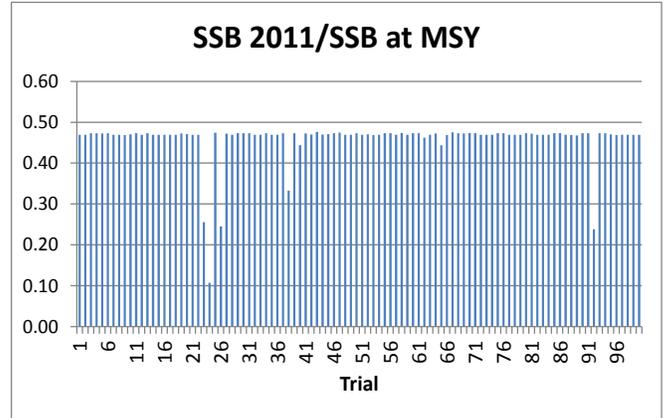


Figure 2.6.3. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

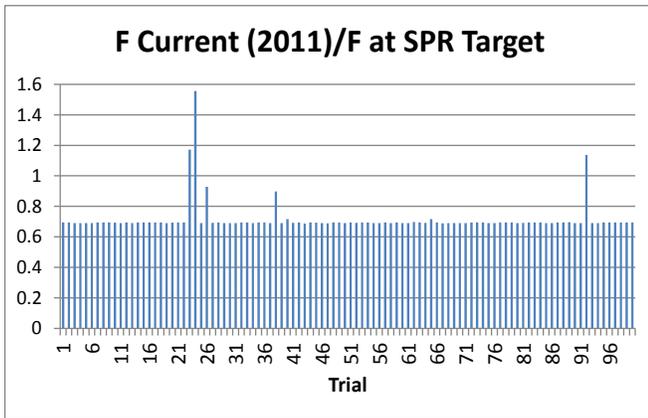
a.



b.



c.



d.

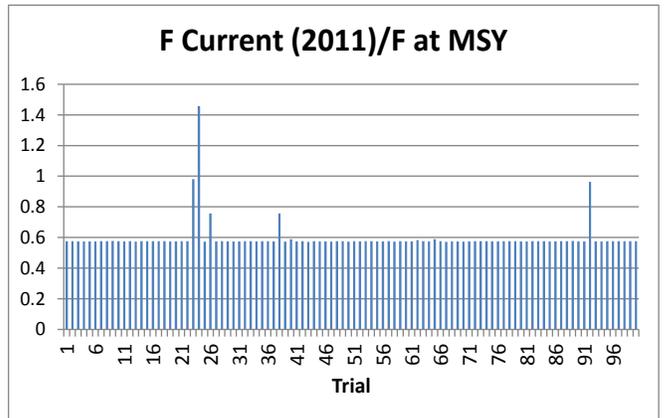


Figure 2.6.4. Summary results for key SS model parameters for 100 jitter runs from the SS stock assessment base model for Gulf of Mexico red snapper.

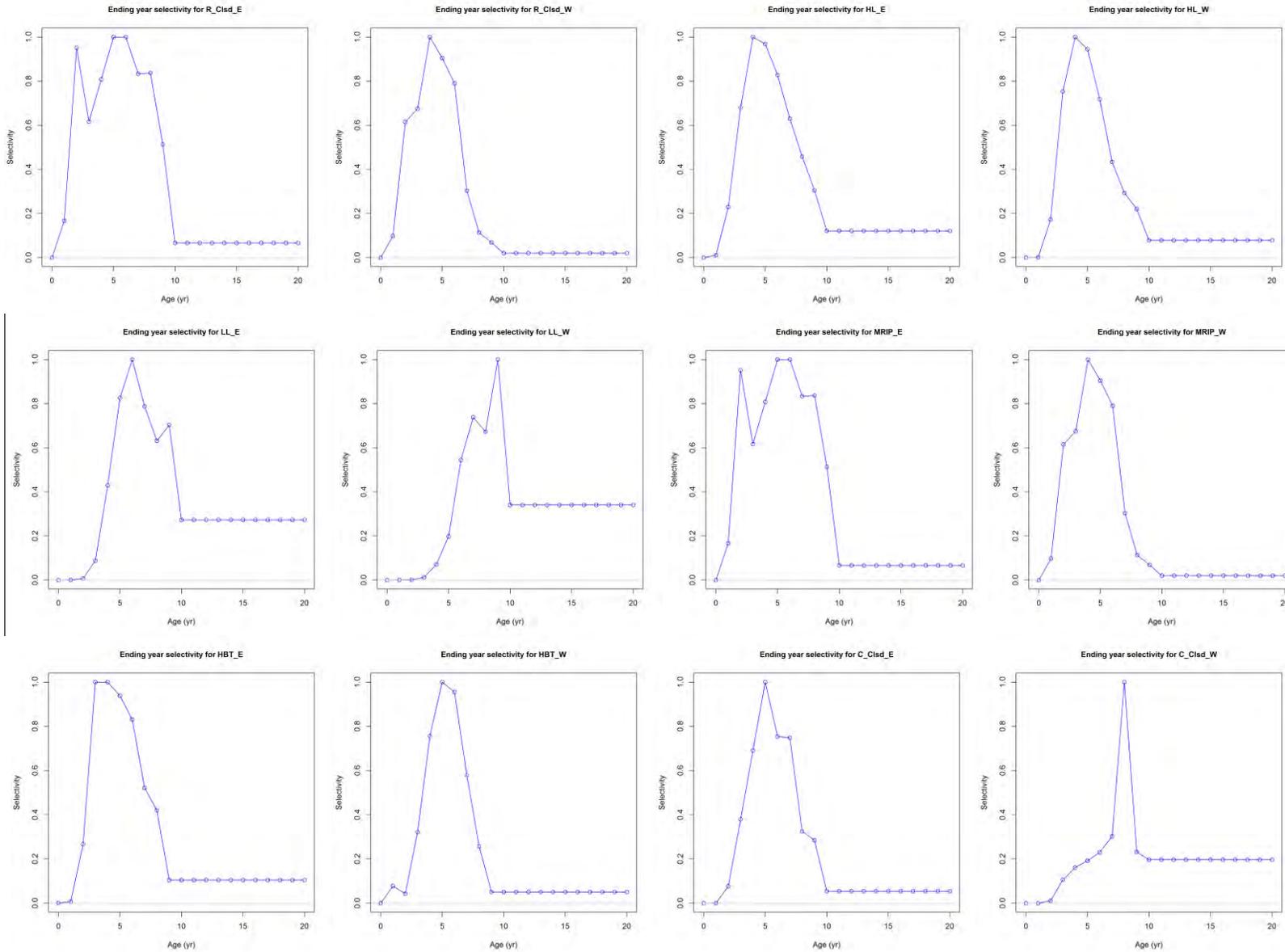


Figure 2.7.1a. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by fleet for the red snapper SS base model (continued on next page).

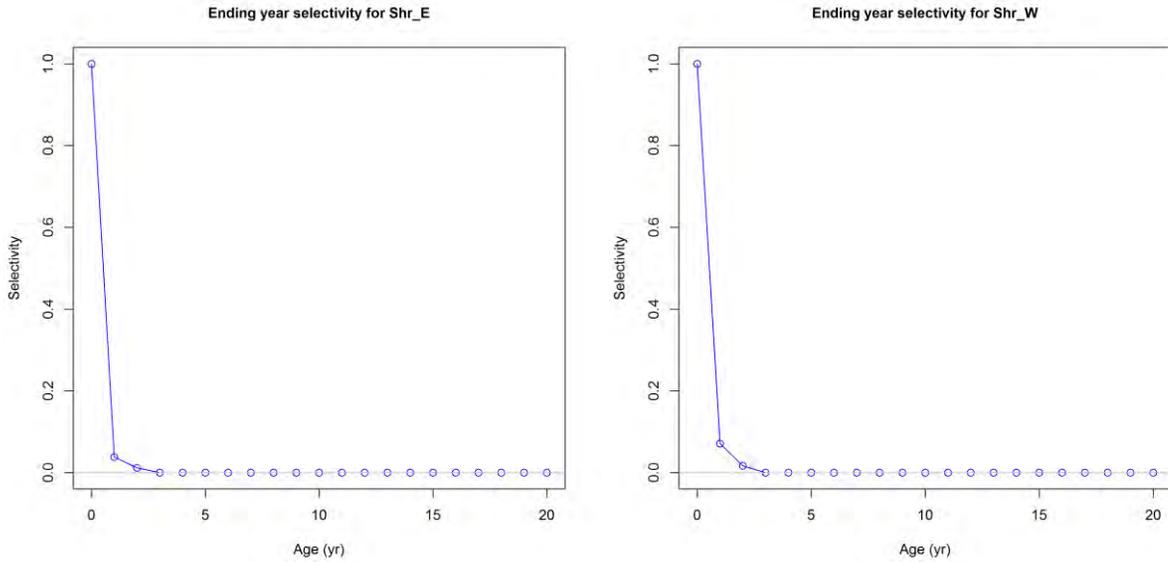


Figure 2.7.1b. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by fleet for the red snapper SS base model (continued from previous page).

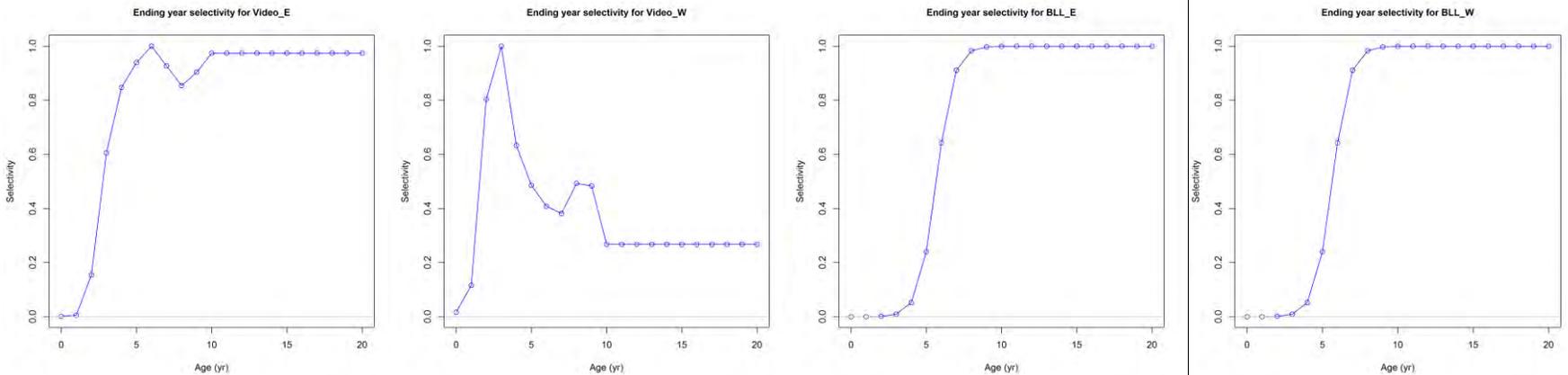


Figure 2.7.2. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by survey for the red snapper SS base model (continued on next page).

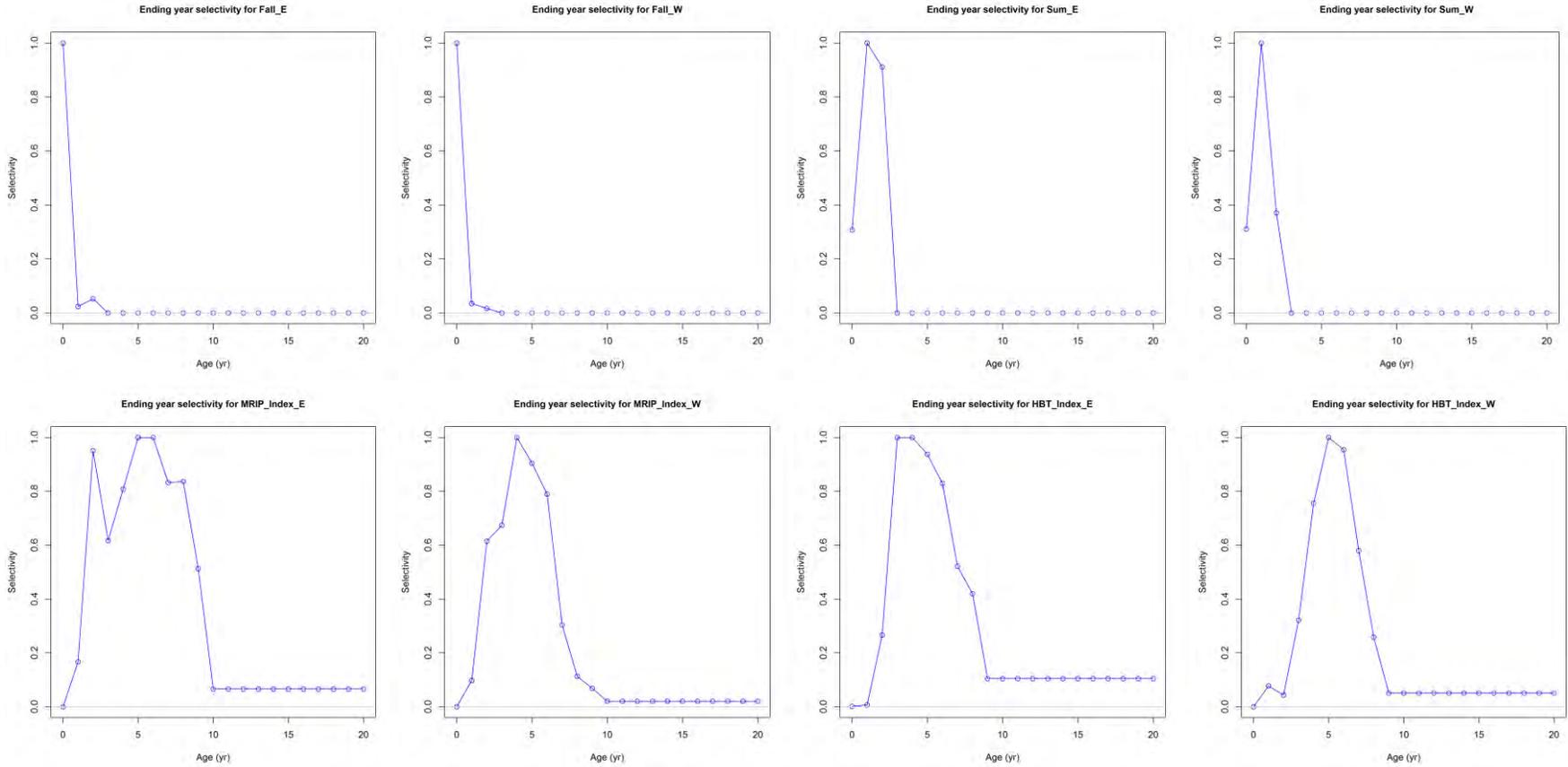


Figure 2.7.2b. Ending year (2011) age-based selectivity by survey for the red snapper SS base model (continued from previous page).

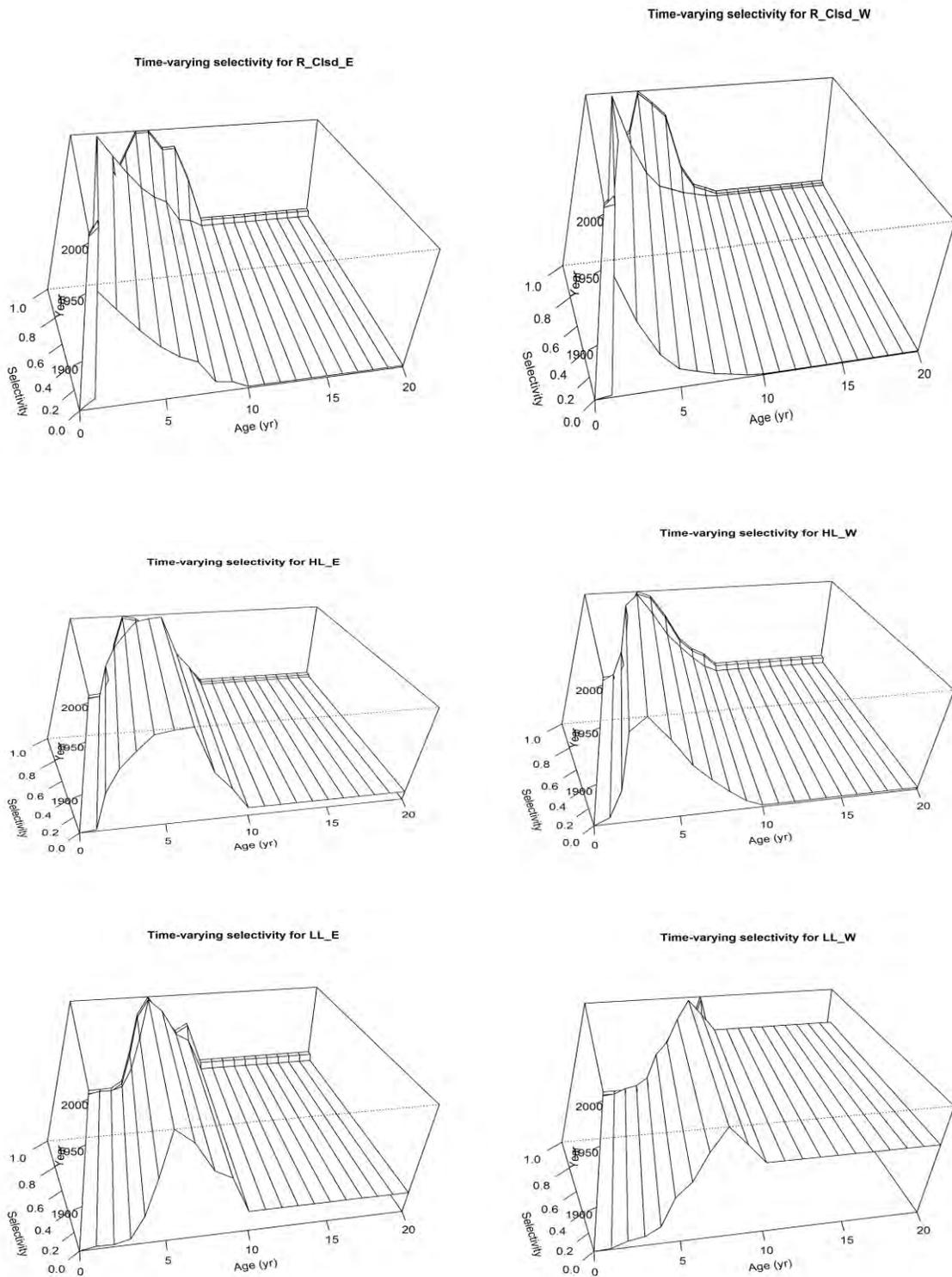


Figure 2.7.3a. Time-varying age-based selectivity by fleet (continued on next page).

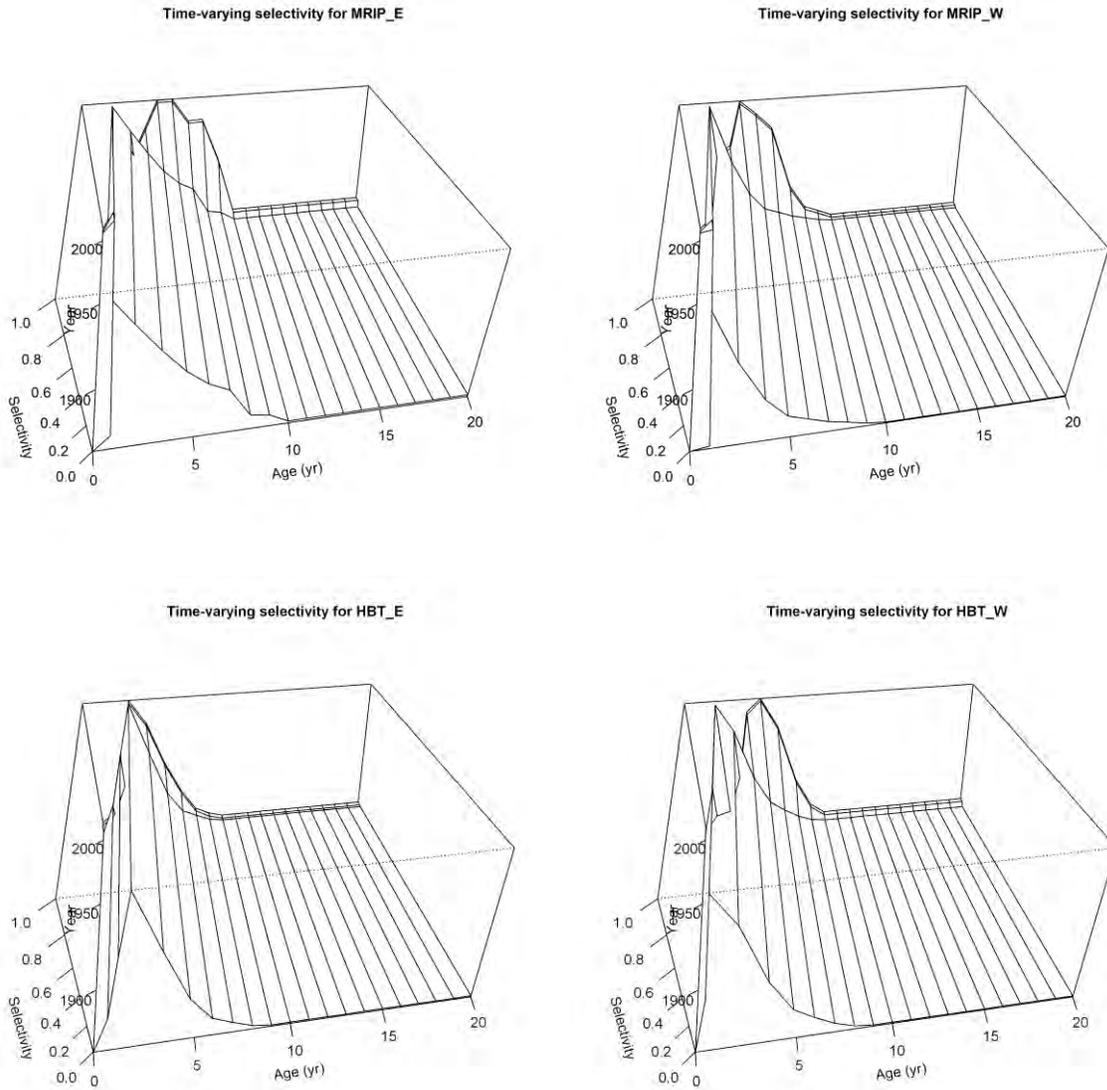


Figure 2.7.3b. Time-varying age-based selectivity by fleet (continued from previous page).

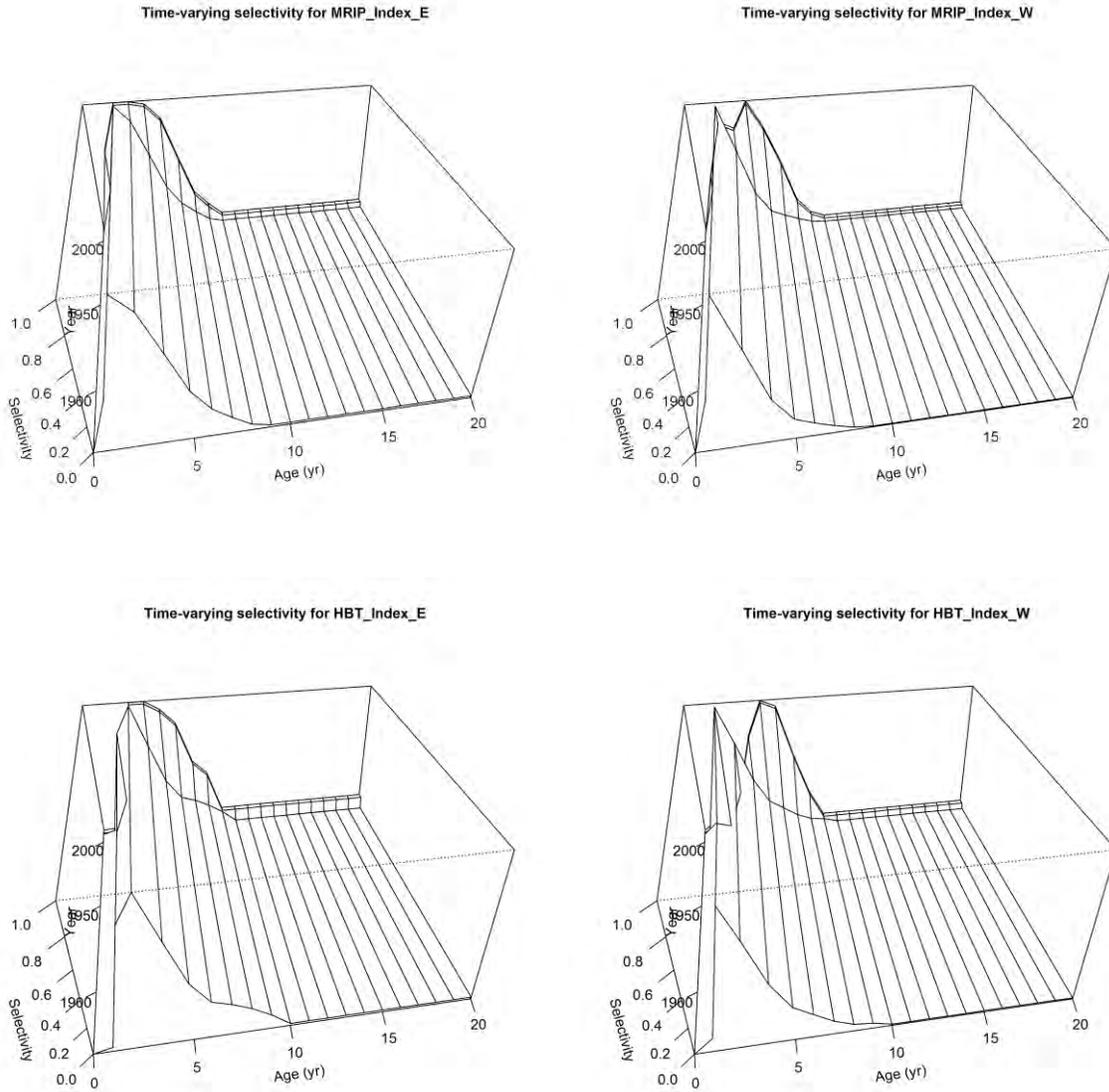


Figure 2.7.4. Time-varying age-based selectivity by survey.

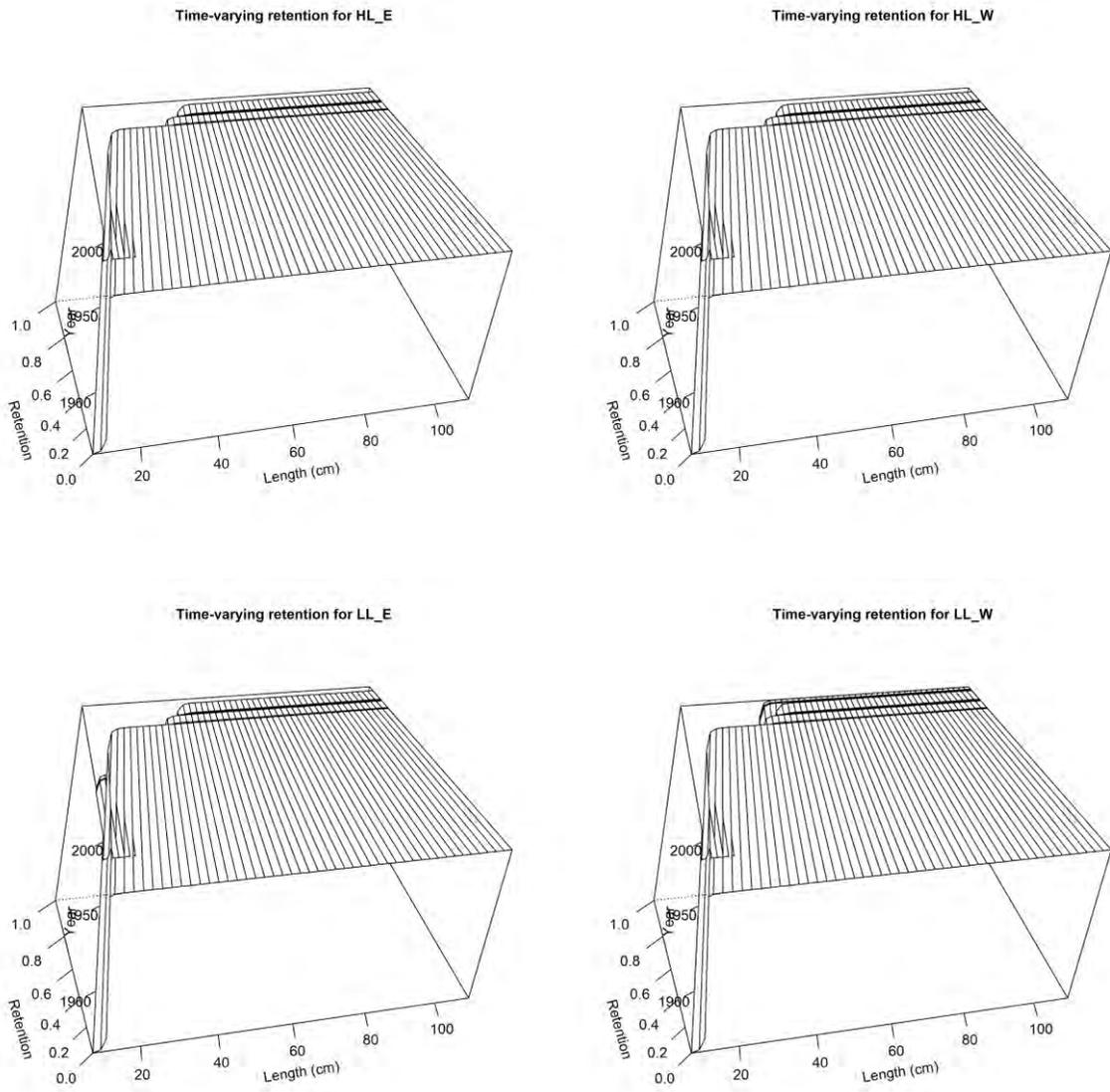


Figure 2.7.5a. Time-varying retention by fleet (continued on next page).

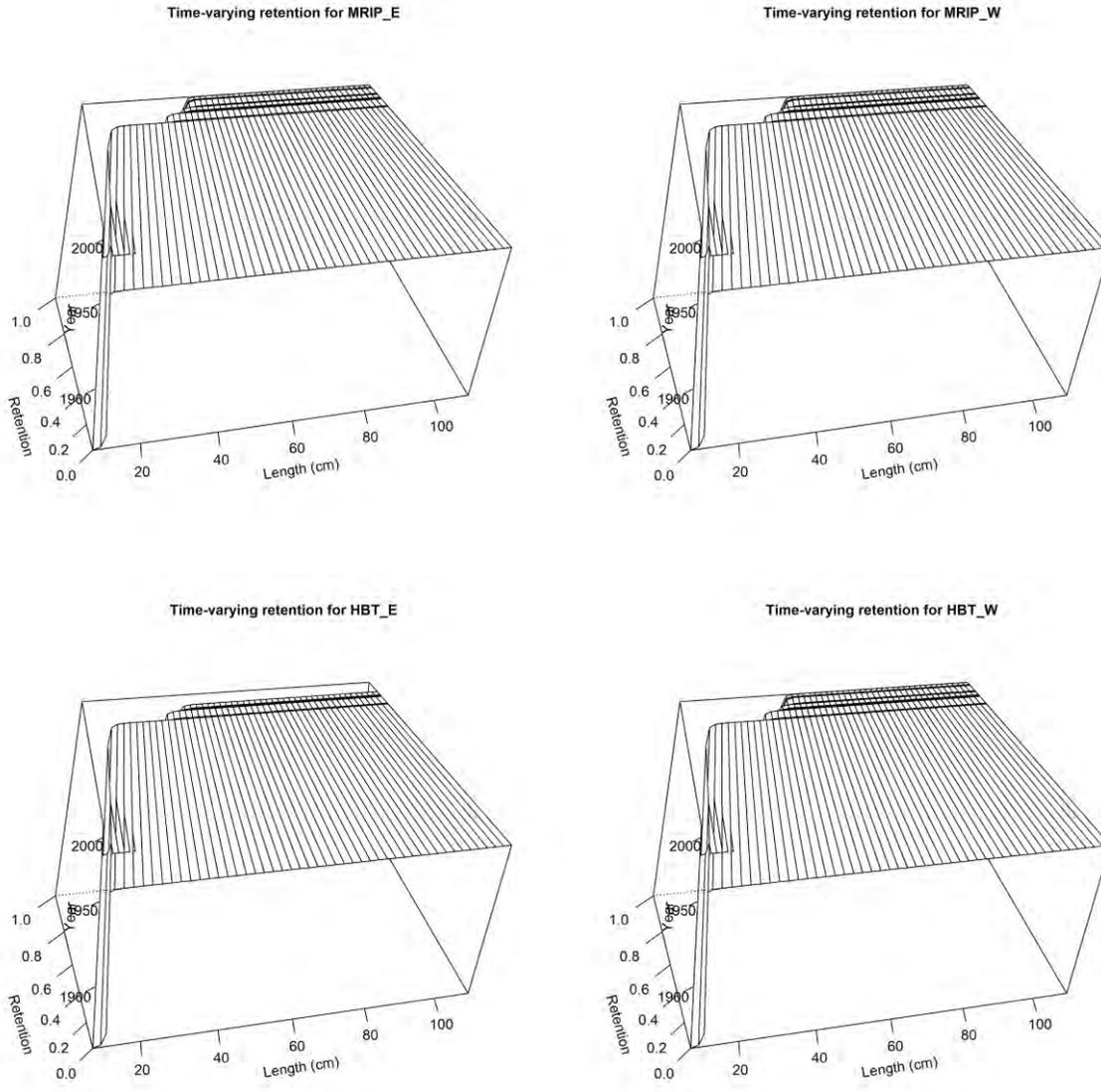


Figure 2.7.5b. Time-varying retention by fleet (continued from previous page).

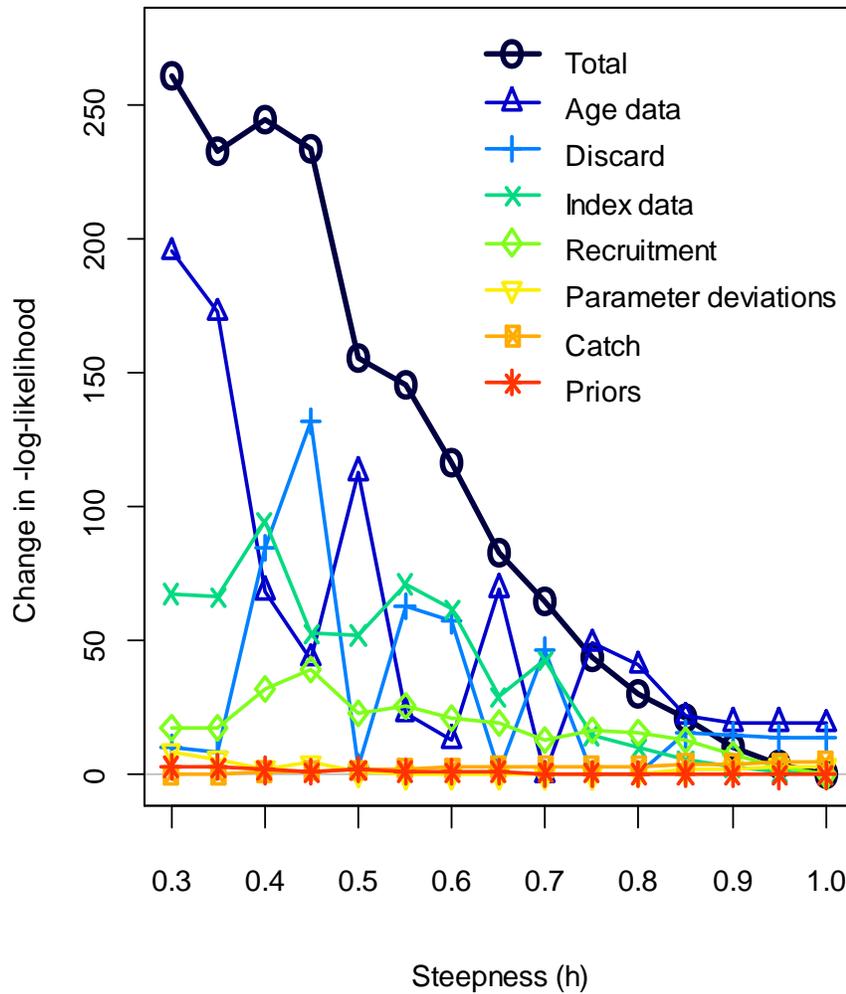


Figure 2.8.1. SS profile of Beverton – Holt steepness parameter for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for the base model configuration. The black line represents the change in total model data likelihood, the blue line is the change in discard data likelihood, the green line is the change in age likelihood, the aqua colored line is the change in index data likelihood, the red line is the change in catch data likelihood, and the yellow line is the change in recruitment data likelihood.

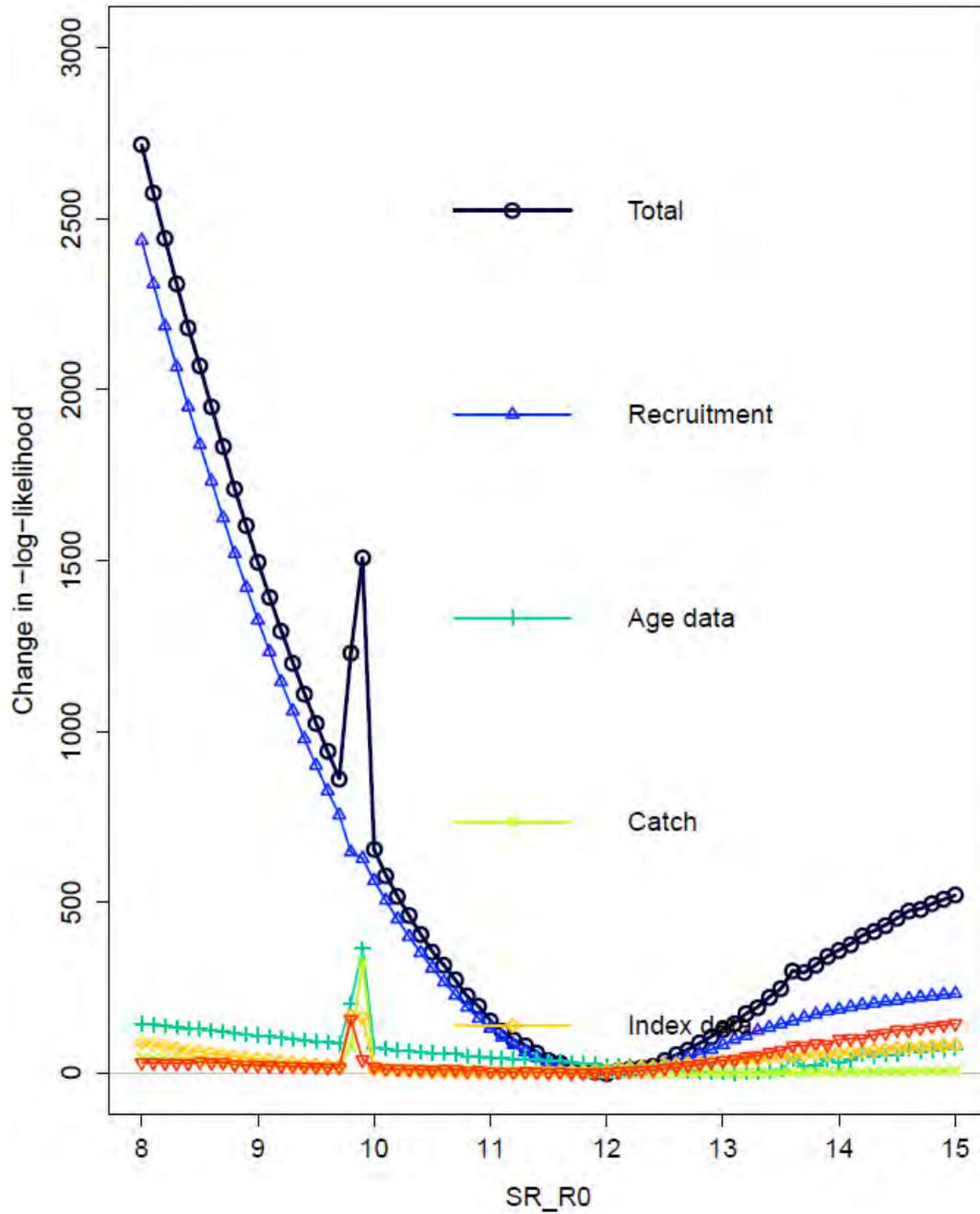


Figure 2.8.2. SS profile of virgin biomass (R_0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model configuration. The black line represents the change in total model data likelihood, the blue line is the change in recruitment data likelihood, the green line is the change in age likelihood, the orange/mustard colored line is the change in index data likelihood, and the yellow line is the change in recruitment data likelihood. The SS base model estimated R_0 for the early period as 12.0011 (SD=0.0587).

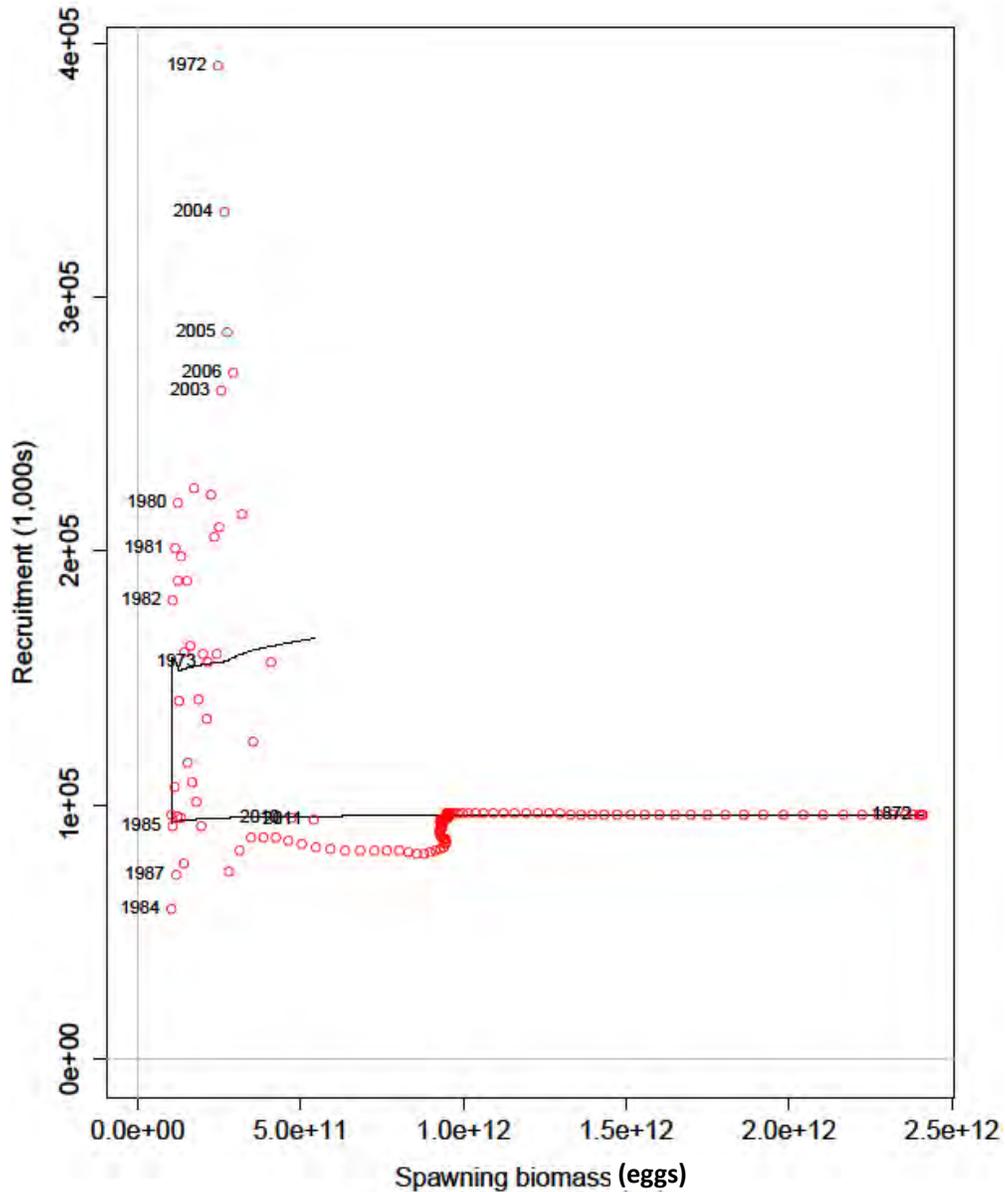


Figure 2.8.3. Predicted stock-recruitment relationship for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R=0.3$). Plotted are predicted annual recruitments from SS (circles) and expected recruitment from the stock recruit relationship (black line). Labels are included on the first year, last year, and years with natural log deviations > 0.5.

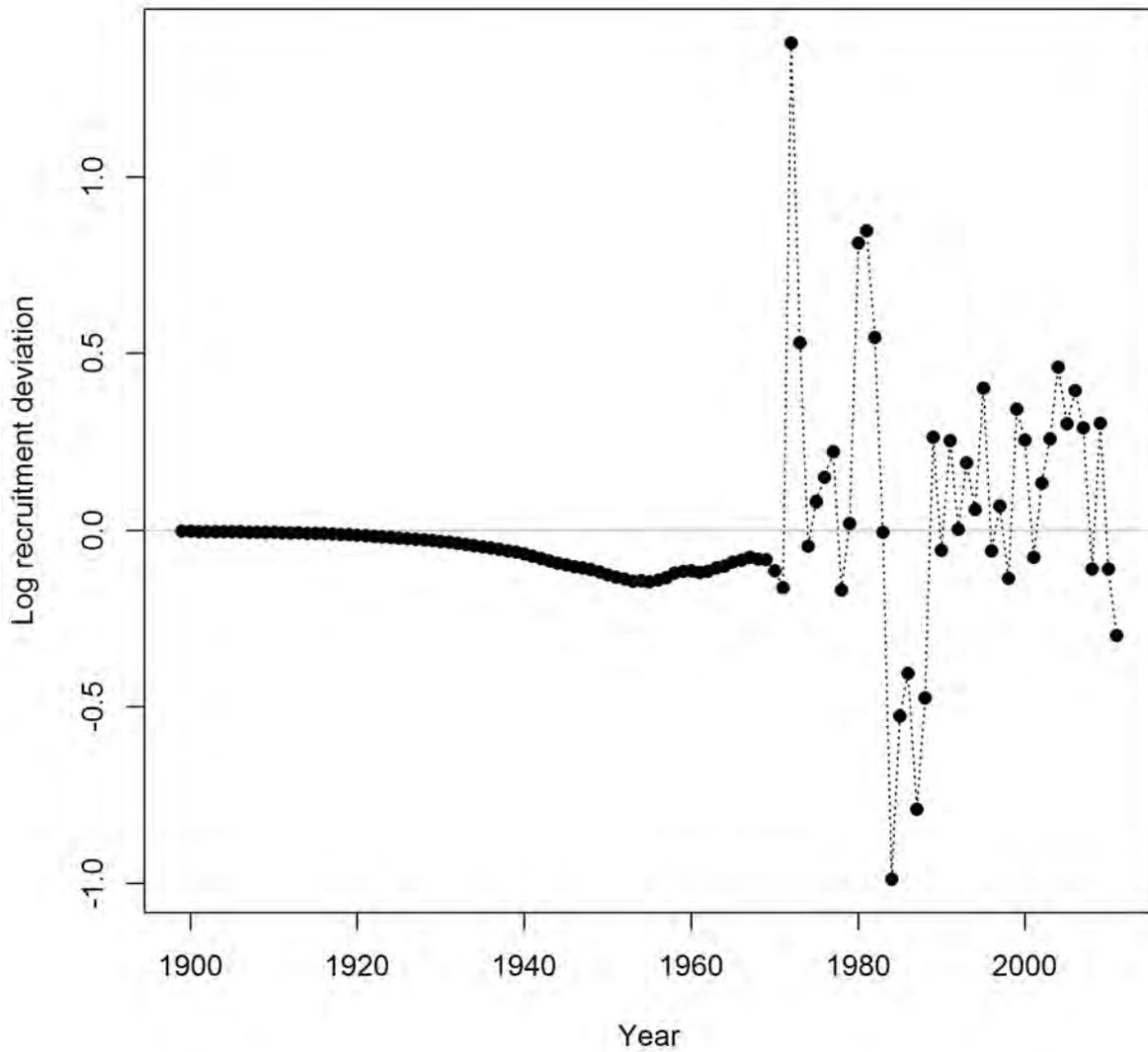


Figure 2.8.4. Log recruitment deviations (1985-2010) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$).

Middle of year expected numbers at age in area 1 in thousands (max=84196.8)

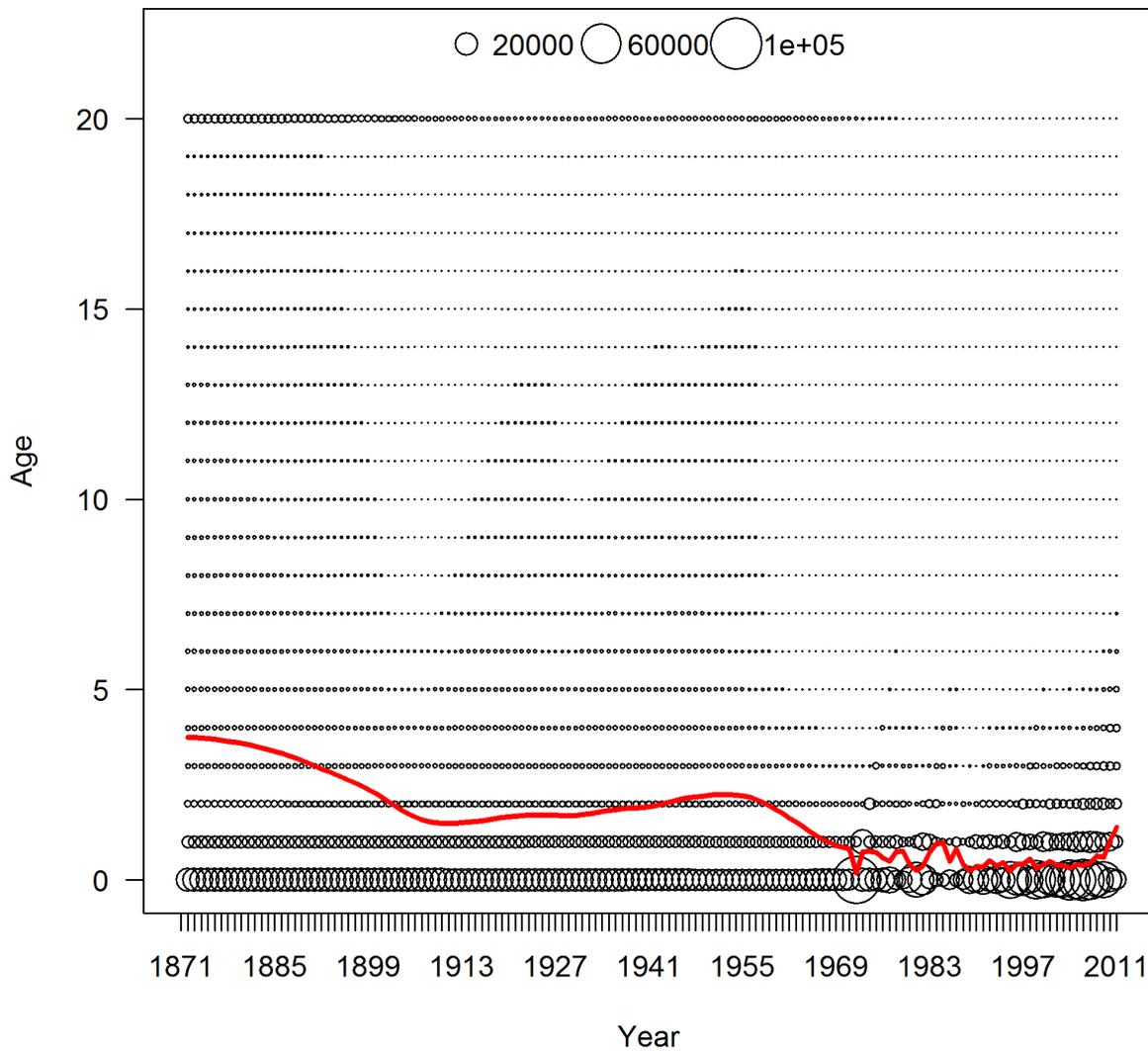


Figure 2.8.5. Predicted abundance at age (circles) and mean age (line) for Gulf of Mexico red snapper for the east area, from the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Units are abundance in thousands of fish.

Middle of year expected numbers at age in area 2 in thousands (max=120716)

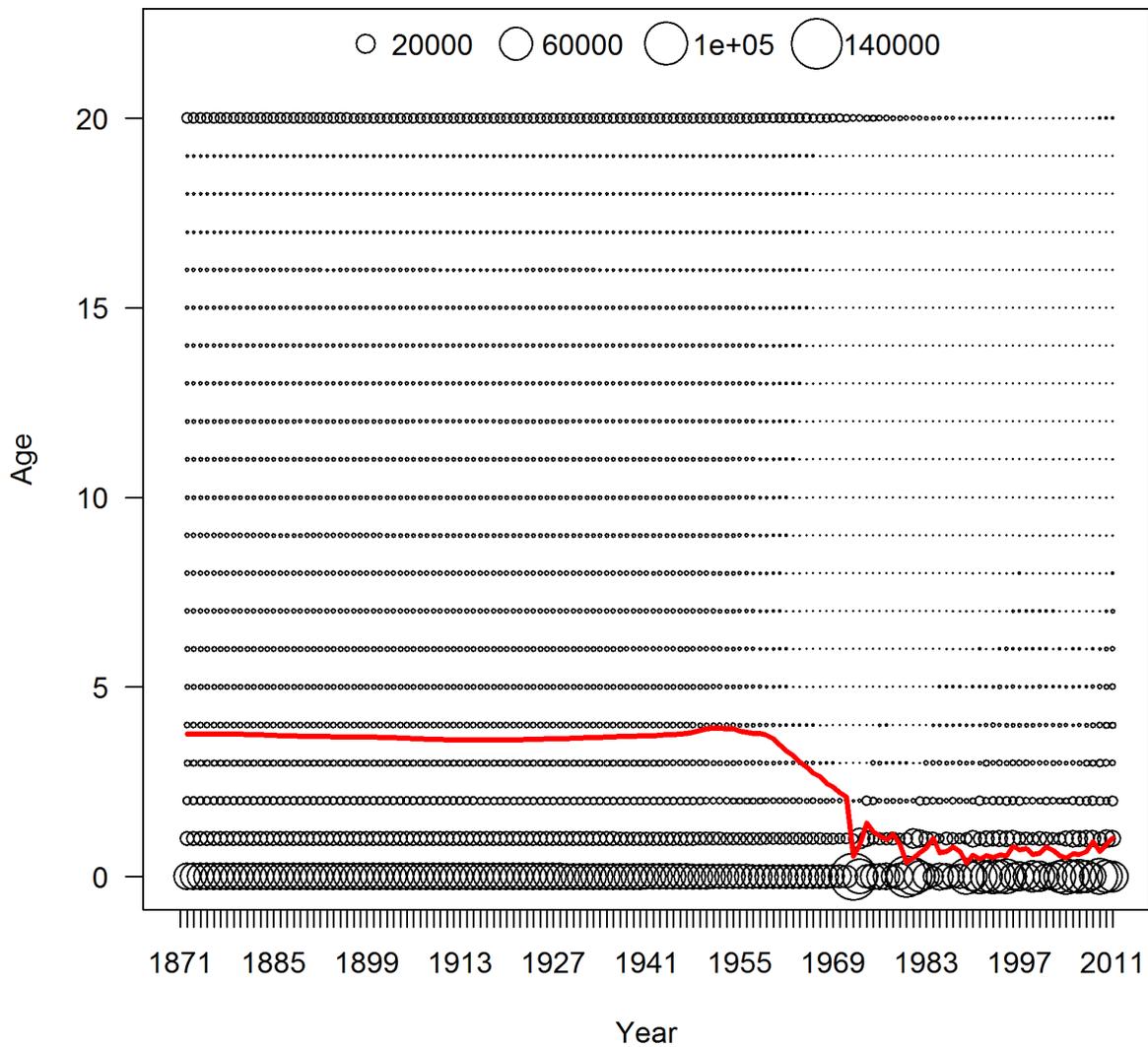
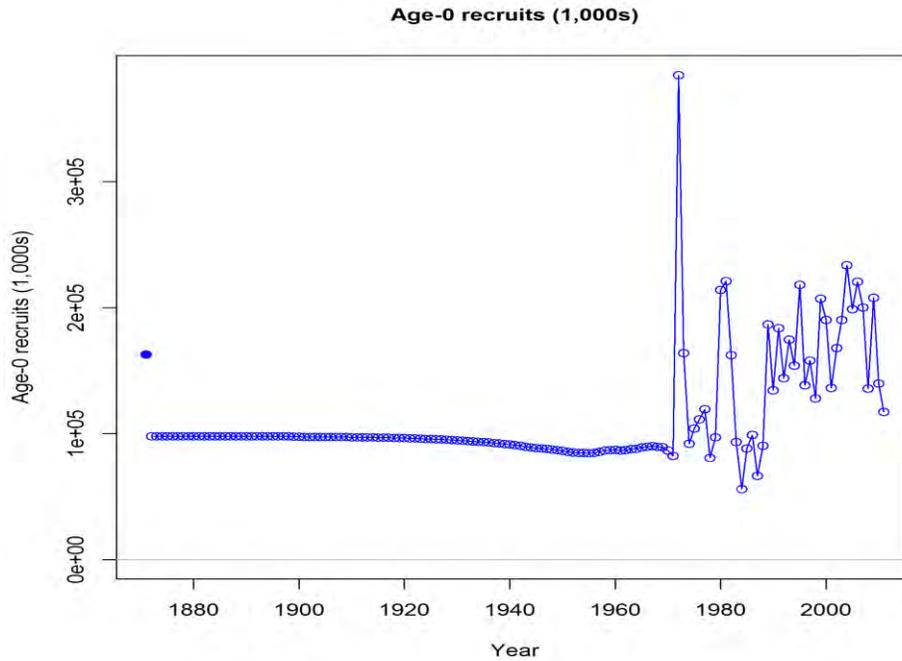


Figure 2.8.6. Predicted abundance at age (circles) and mean age (line) for Gulf of Mexico Red snapper for the west area, for the SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Units are abundance in thousands of fish.

a. Age 0 recruits, all areas combined.



b. Age 0 Recruits by area (area 1 represents the eastern Gulf of Mexico and area 2 represents the western Gulf of Mexico).

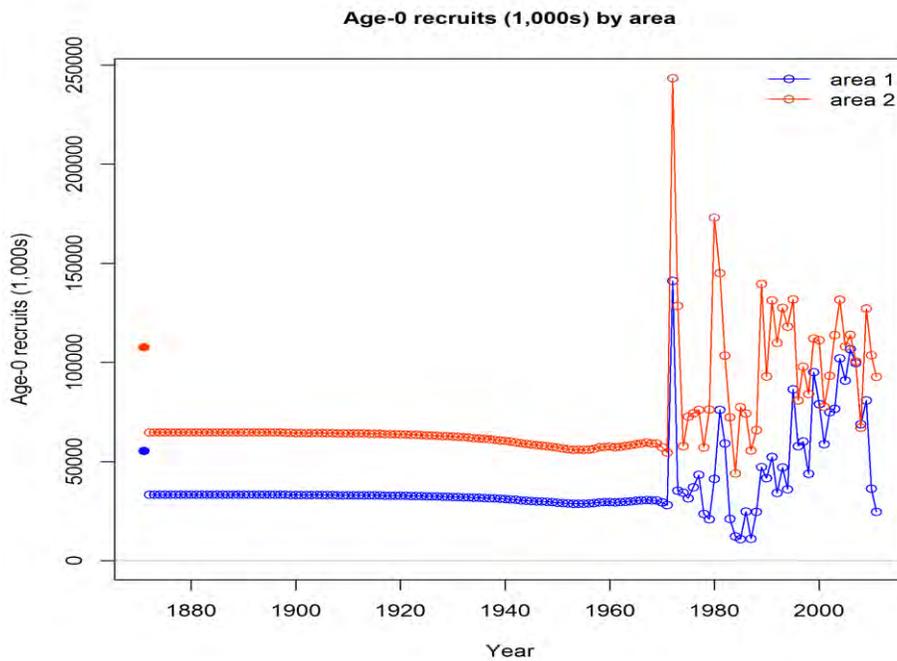


Figure 2.8.7. Predicted age-0 recruits in thousands of fish for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper SS base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$).

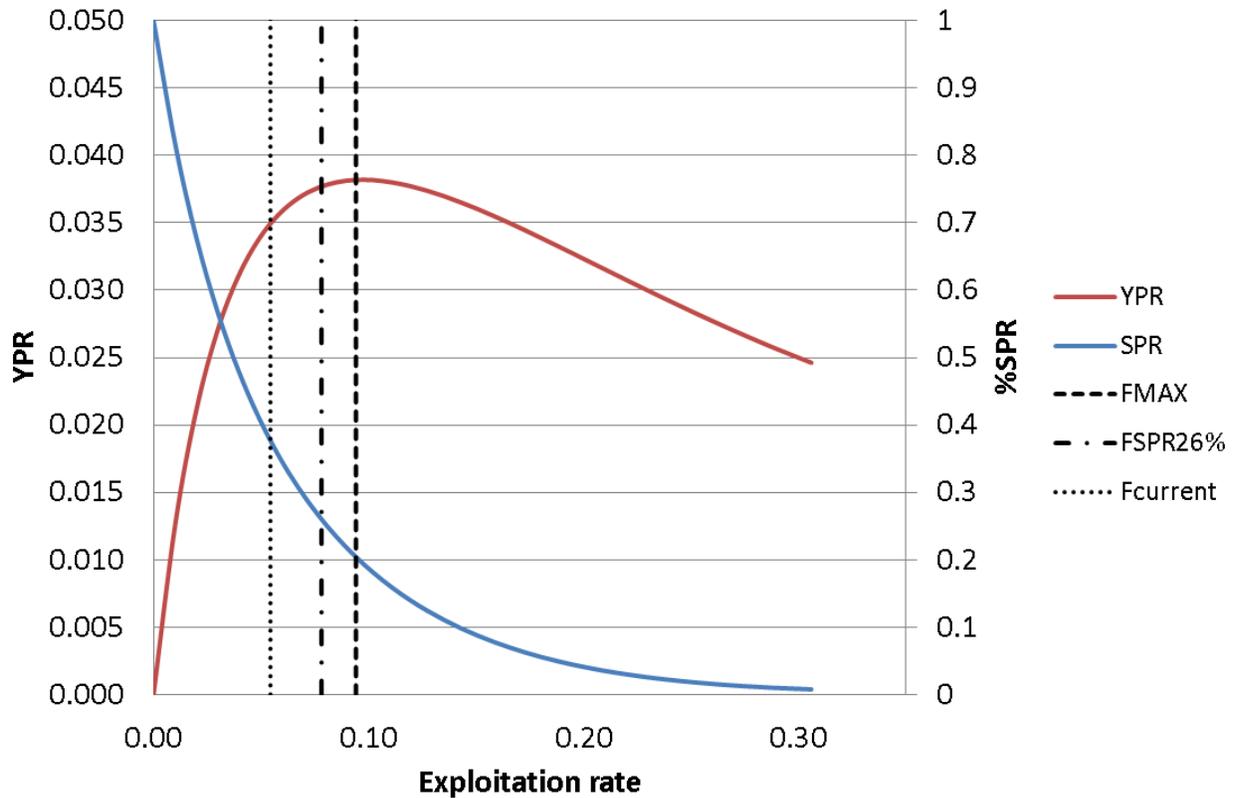


Figure 2.8.8. Yield per recruit (red line, in metric tons) and equilibrium spawning potential ratio (blue line) as a function of exploitation rate for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the base model configuration (steepness = 0.99, $\sigma_R = 0.3$). Vertical lines represent F_{MAX} (0.094), $F_{SPR26\%}$ (0.078), and $F_{CURRENT}$ (0.054).

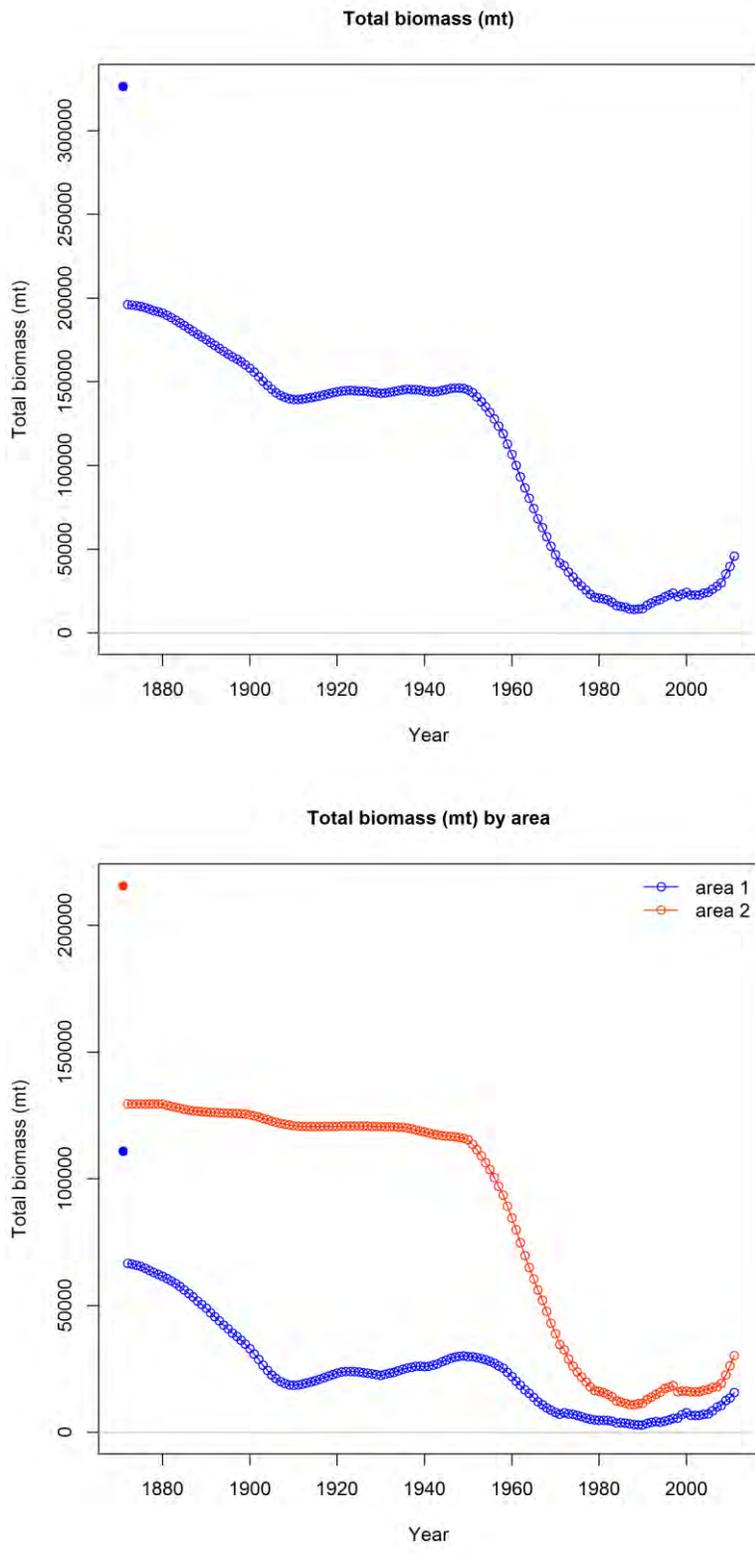


Figure 2.9.1. SS predicted total biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate.

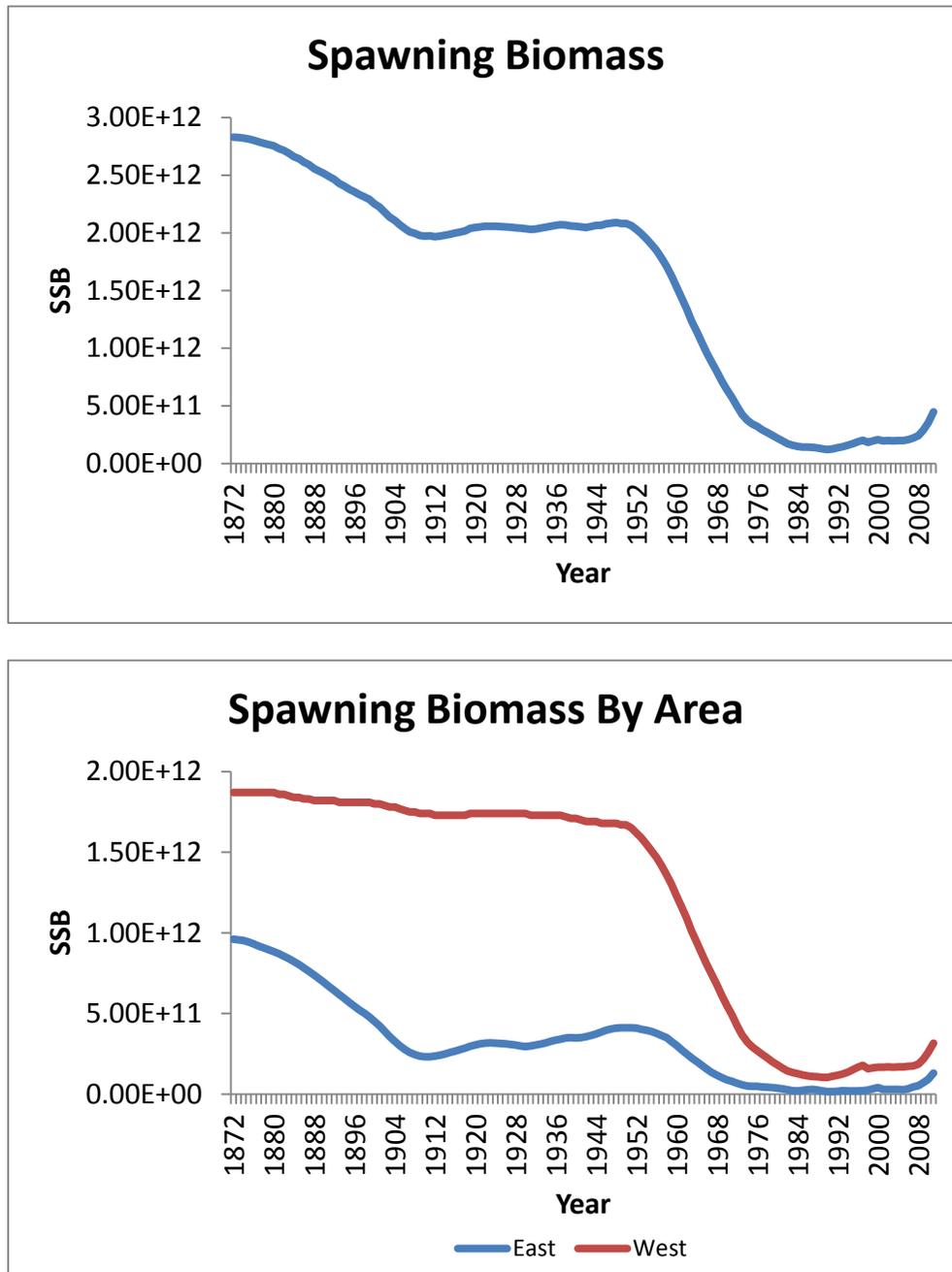


Figure 2.9.2. Spawning biomass for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from the base model run. The top panel represents east and west combined and bottom panel represents east and west separate.

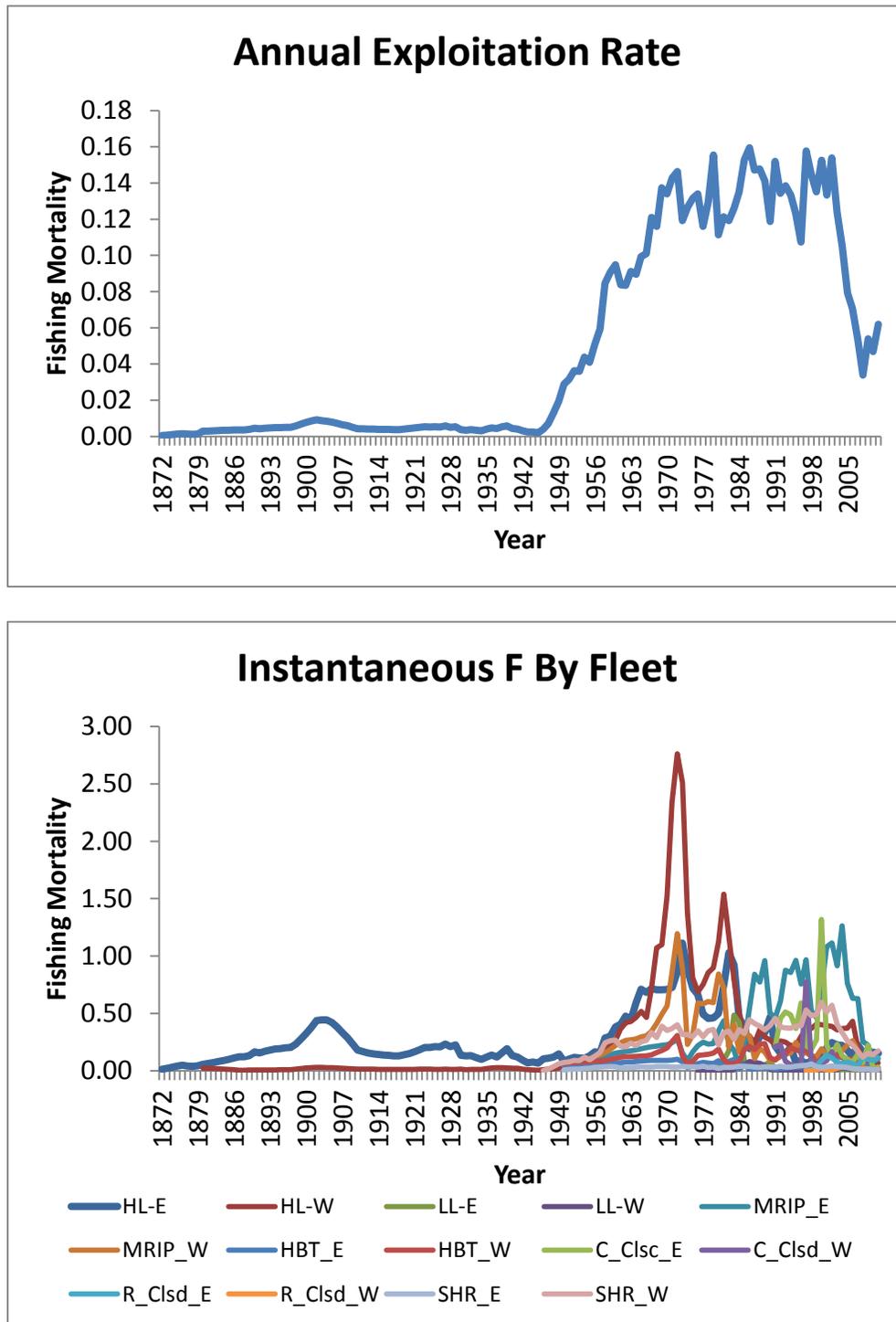


Figure 2.10.1. Predicted fishing mortality for Gulf of Mexico red snapper from SS for the base model configuration. This represents the fishing mortality level on the most vulnerable age class for each fleet. The top panel is annual exploitation rate and the bottom panel is fleet specific continuous fishing mortality.

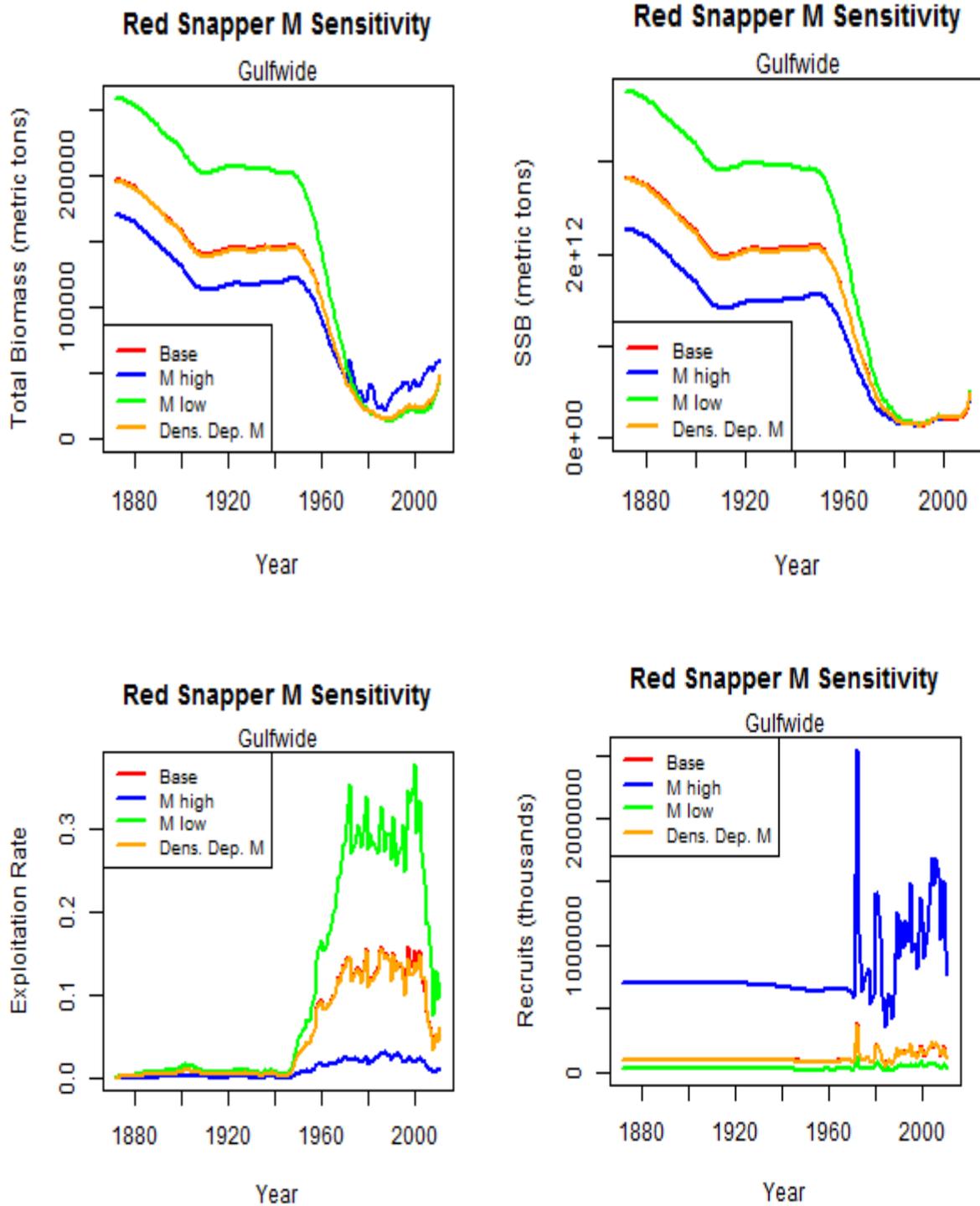


Figure 2.12.1. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in natural mortality.

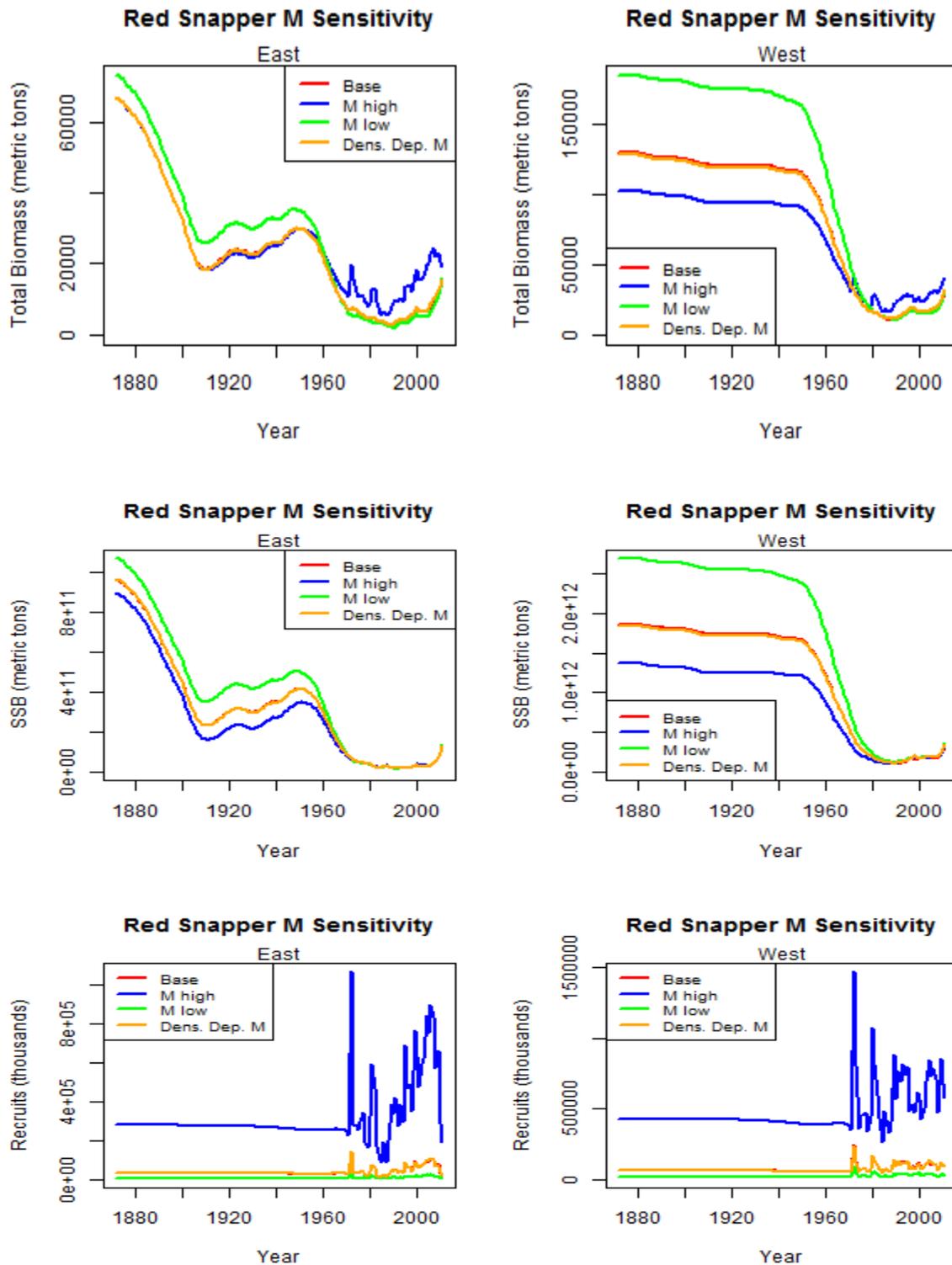


Figure 2.12.2 Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in natural mortality.

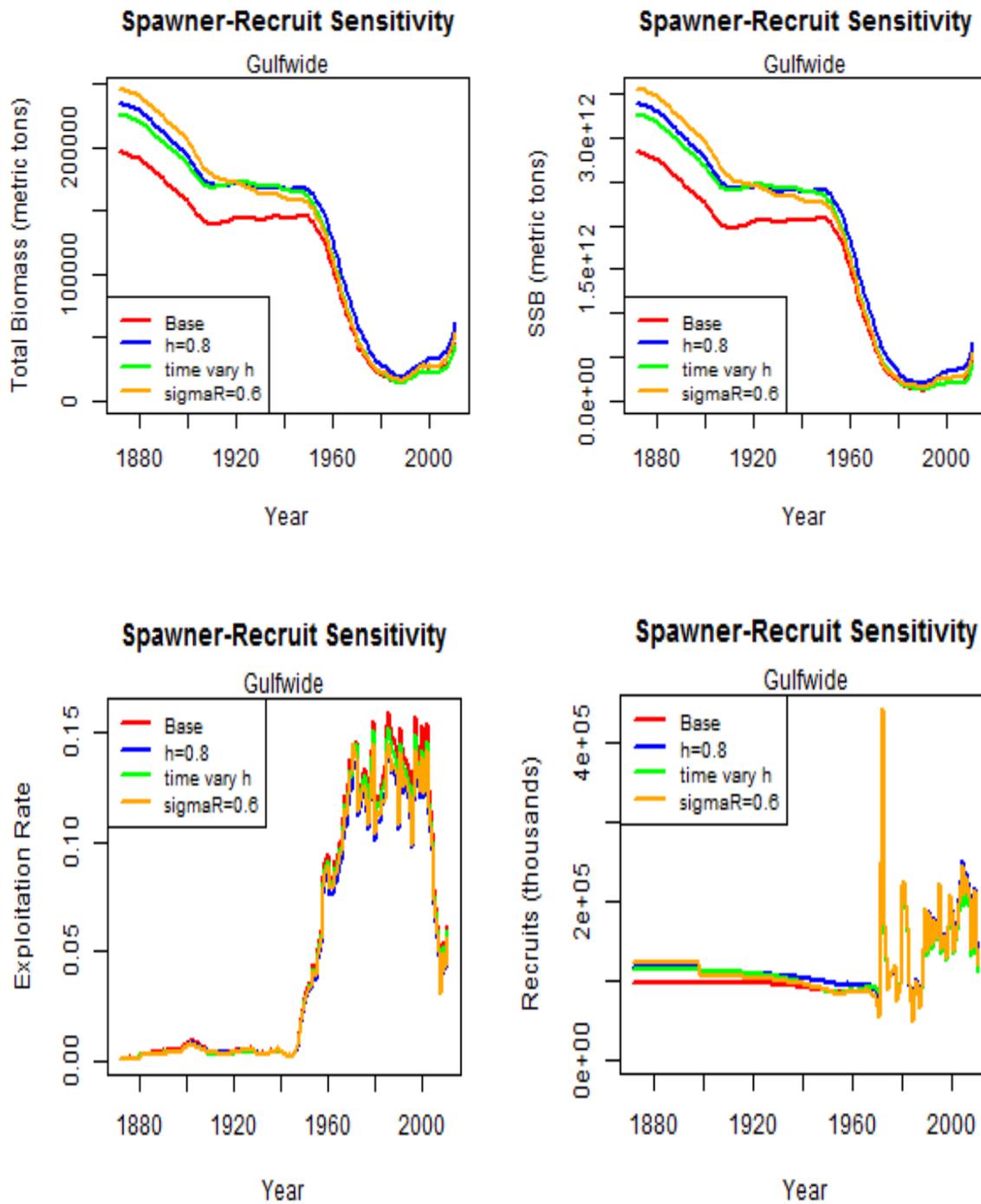


Figure 2.12.3. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in the spawner recruit relationship.

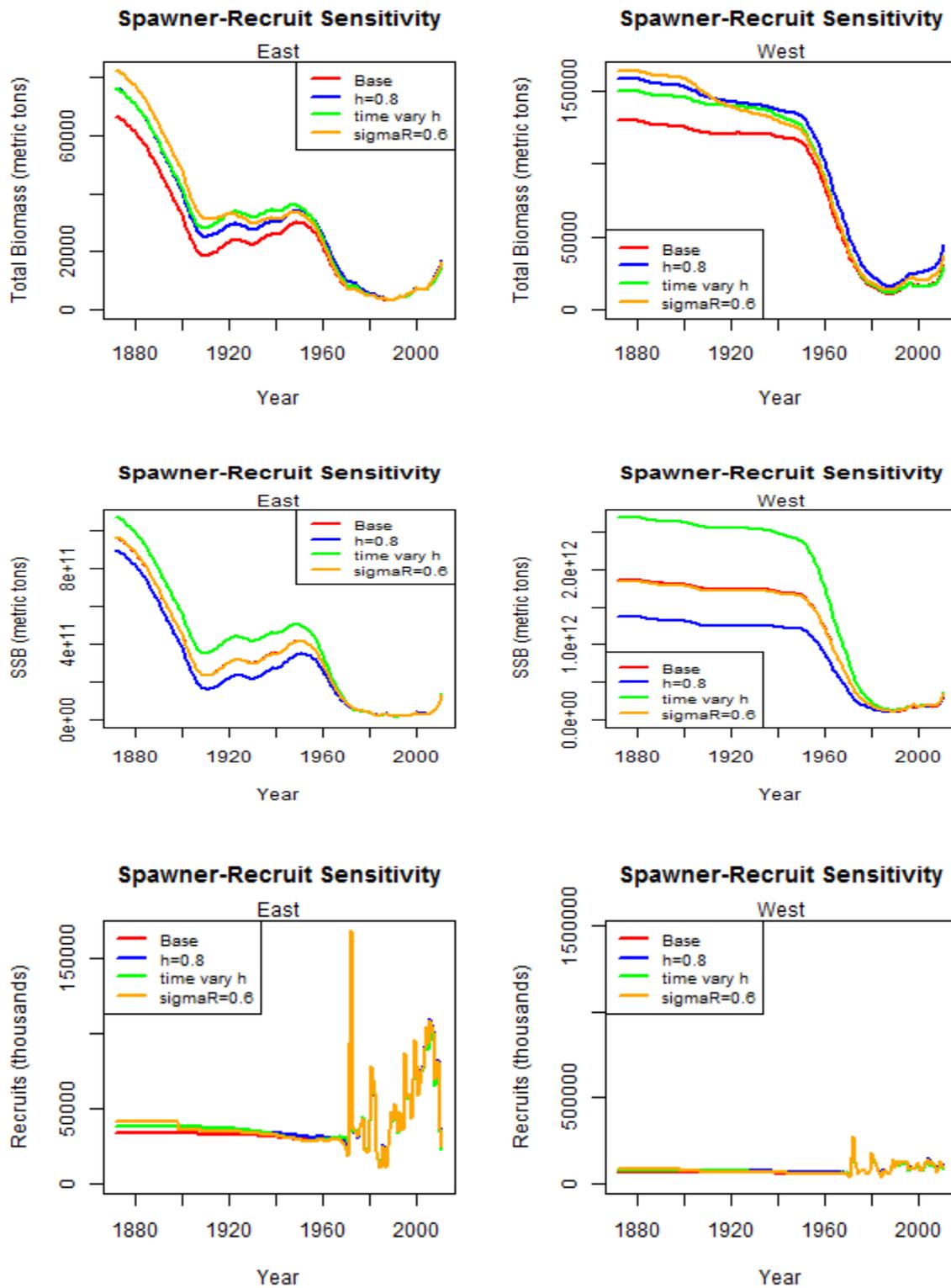


Figure 2.12.4 Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in the spawner recruit relationship.

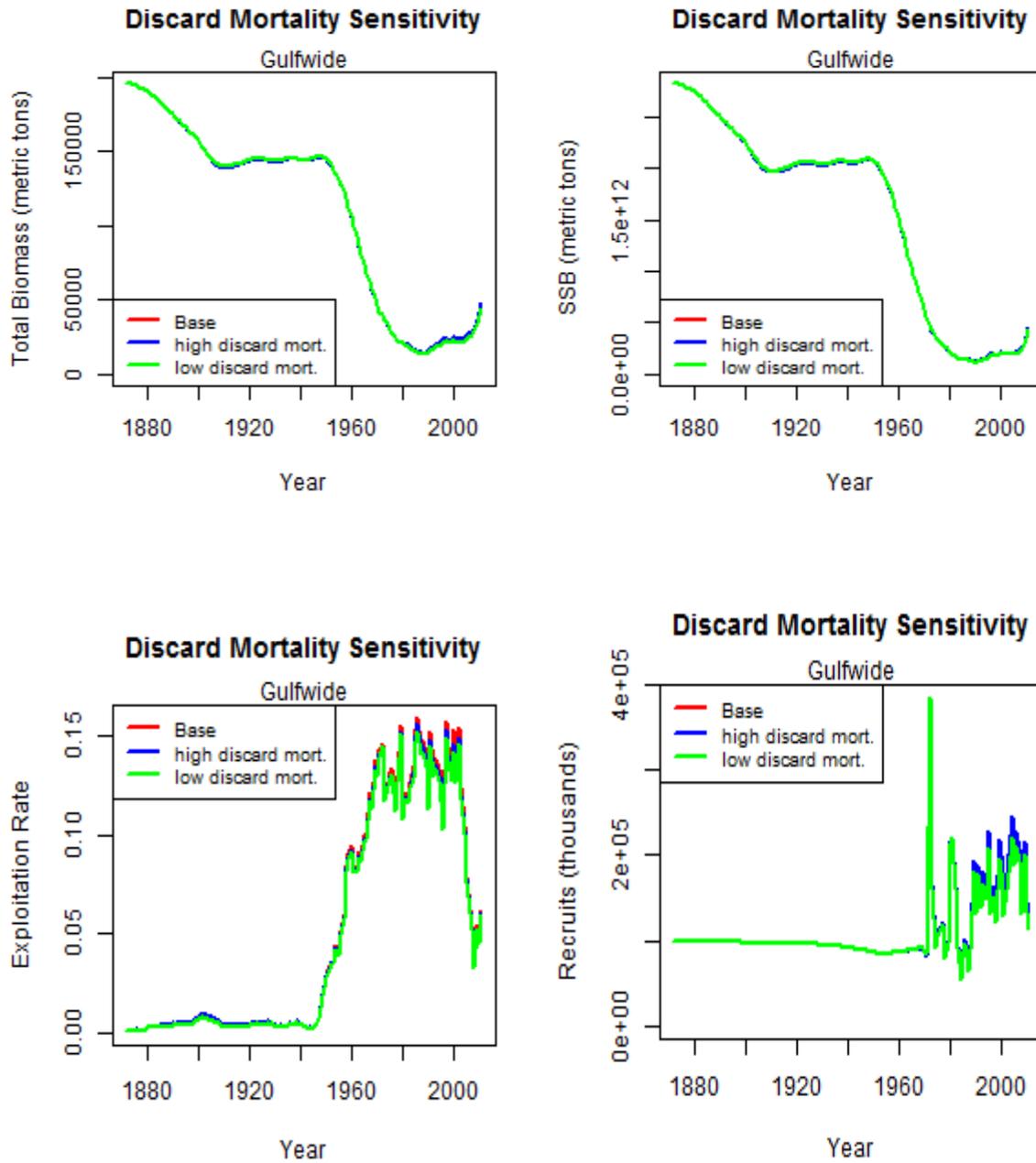


Figure 2.12.5. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in discard mortality.

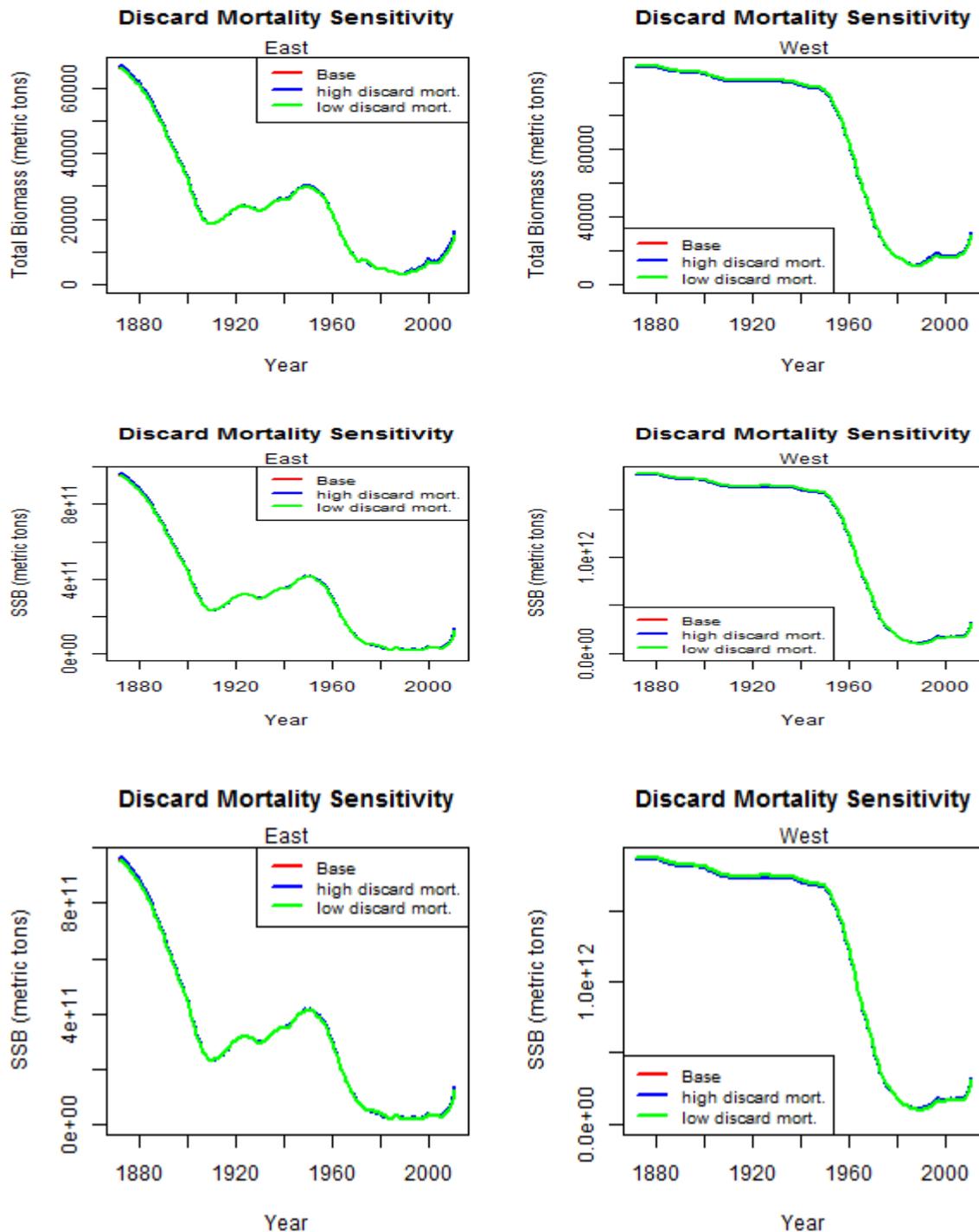


Figure 2.12.6. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in discard mortality.

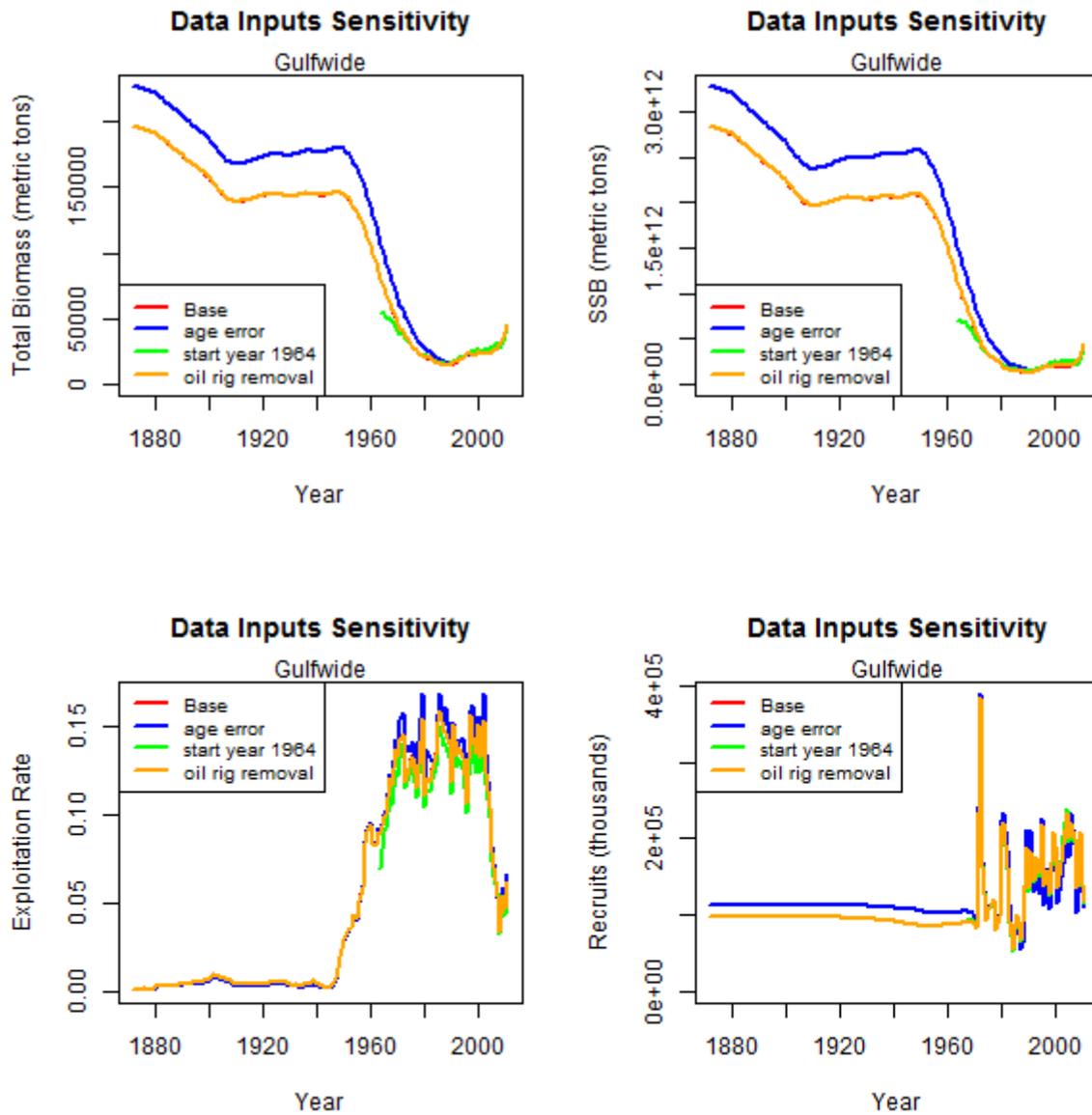


Figure 2.12.7. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in data inputs relating to ageing error, beginning year of model and addition of mortality from oil rig removals.

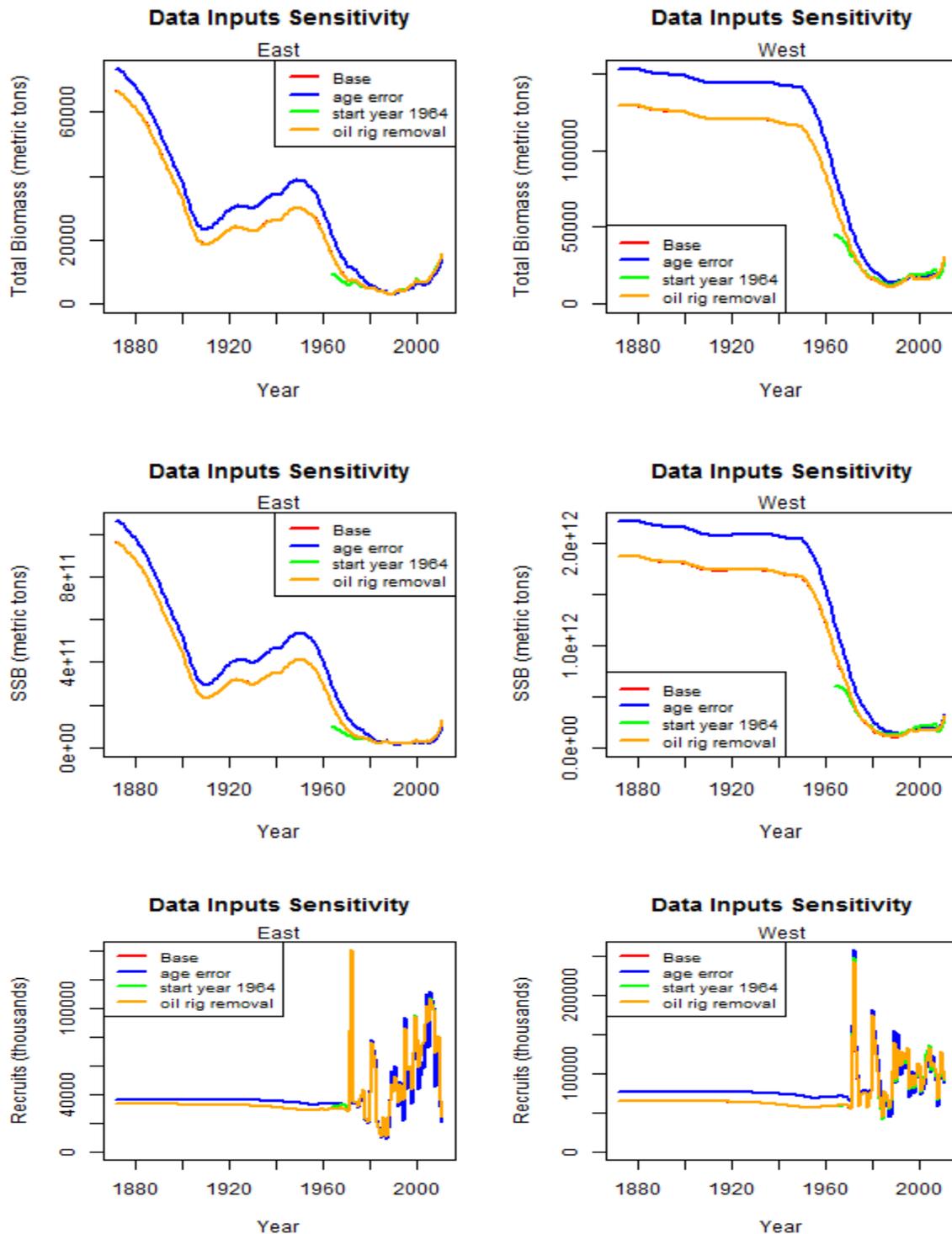


Figure 2.12.8. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in data inputs relating to ageing error, beginning year of model and addition of mortality from oil rig removals.

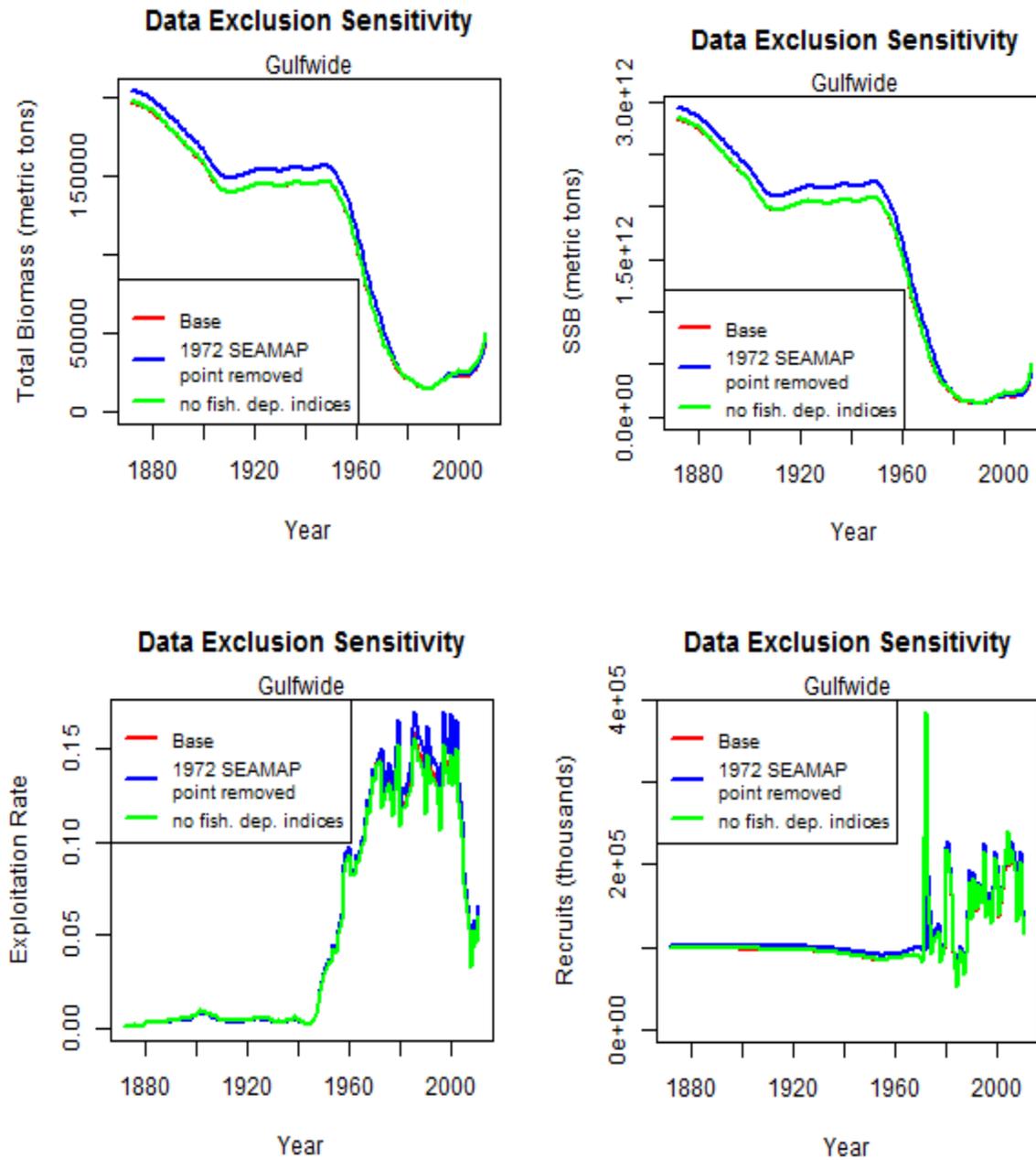


Figure 2.12.9. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in assumptions index inclusion.

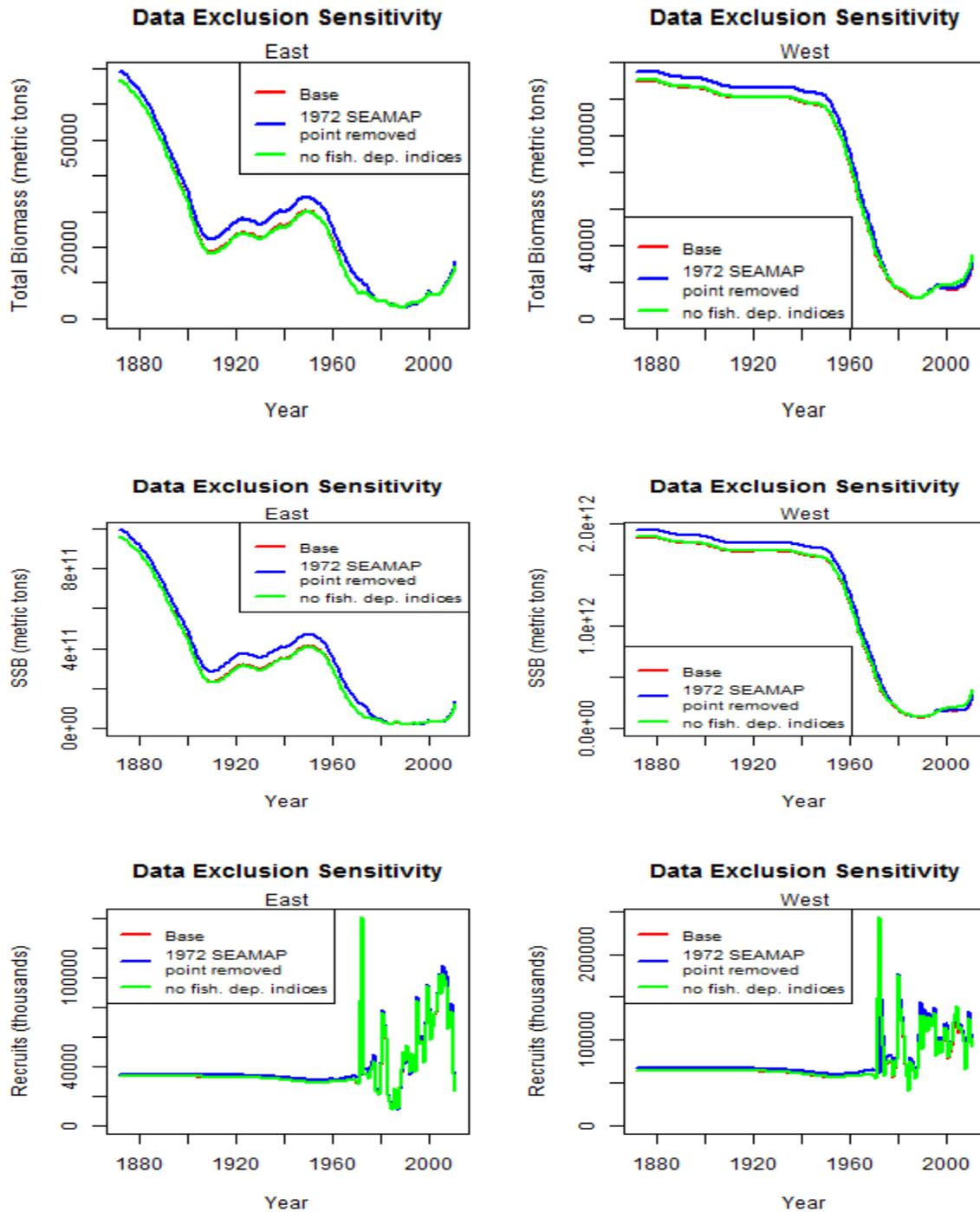


Figure 2.12.10. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in assumptions index inclusion.

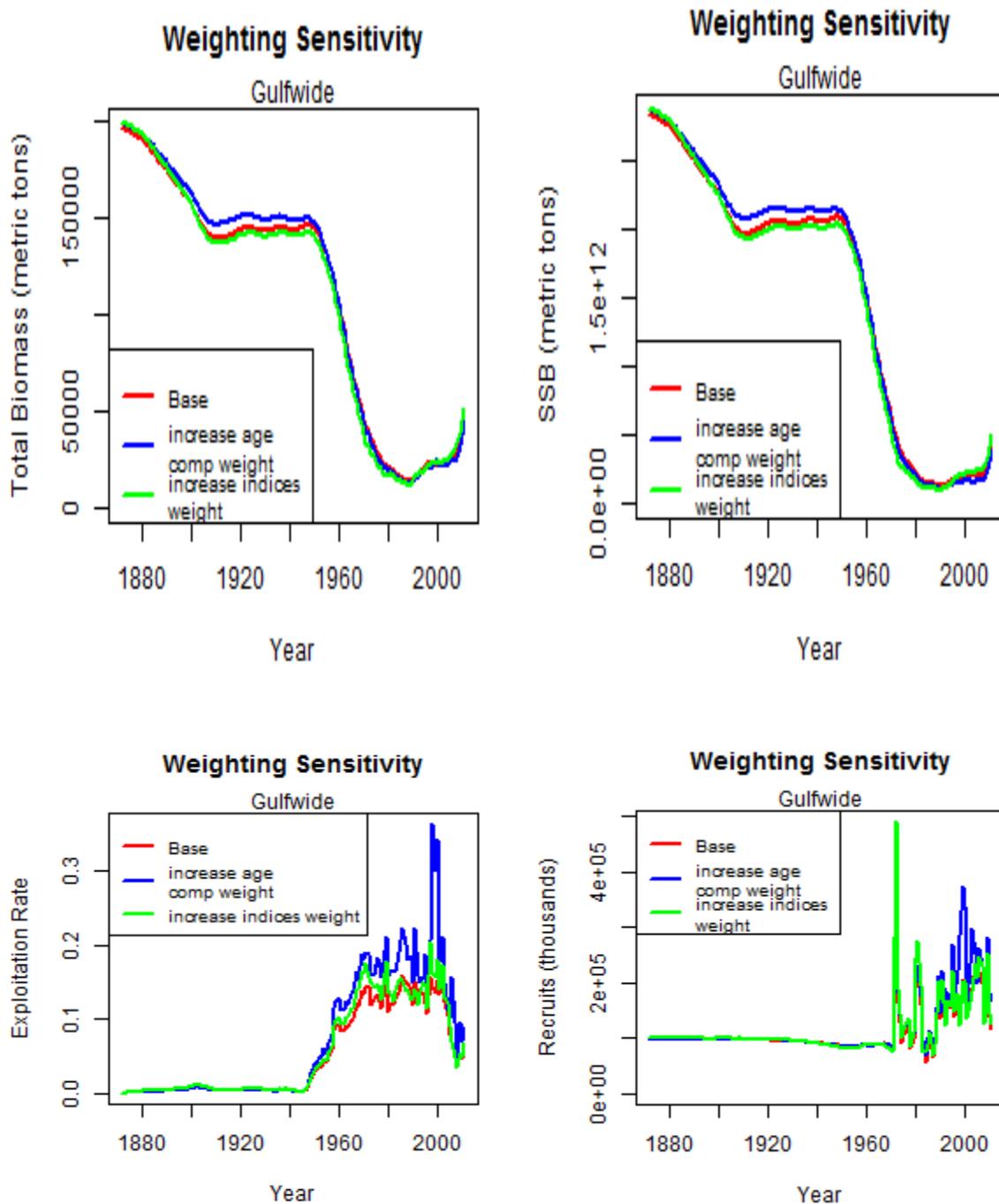


Figure 2.12.11. Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in model component weightings.

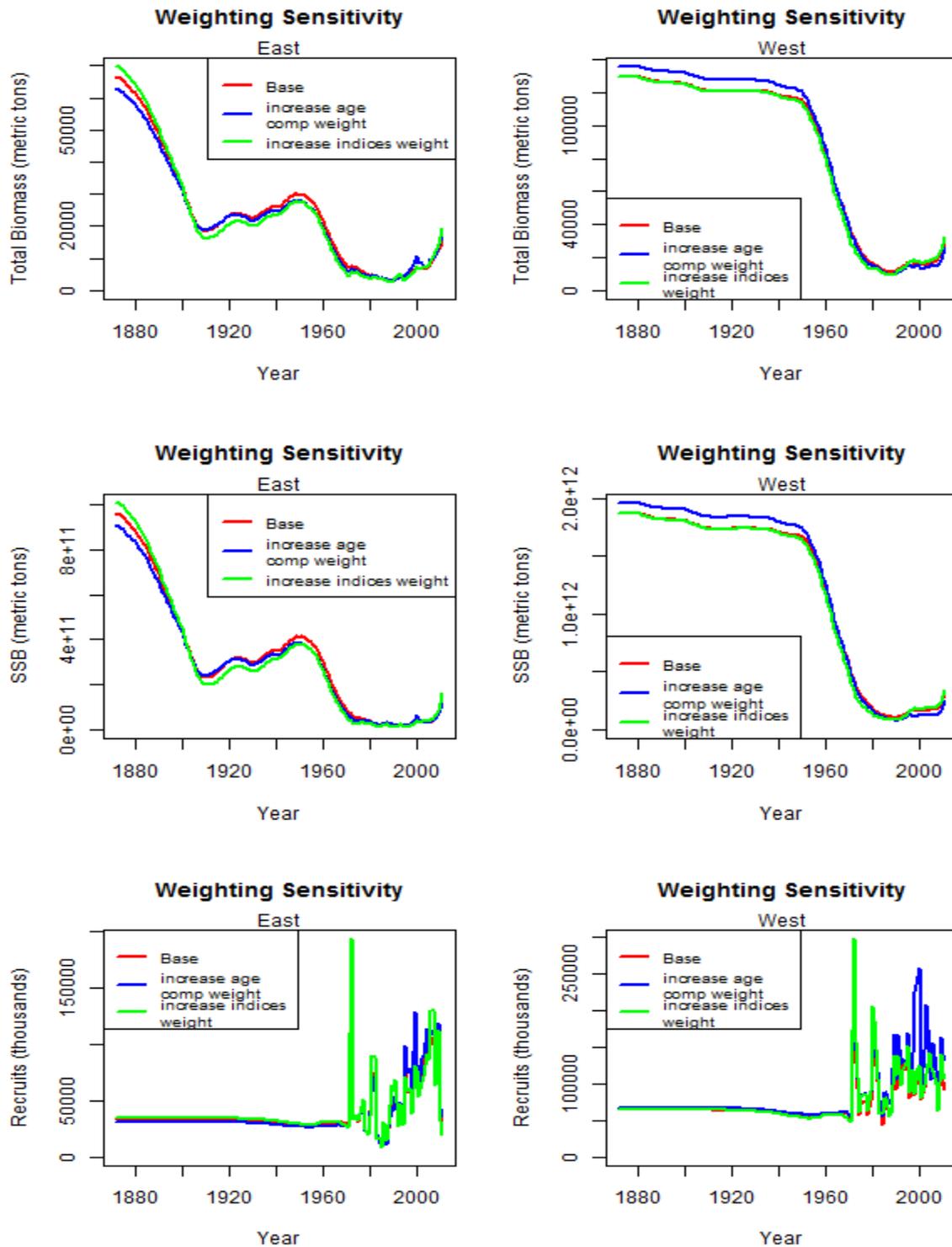


Figure 2.12.12 Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in model component weighting.

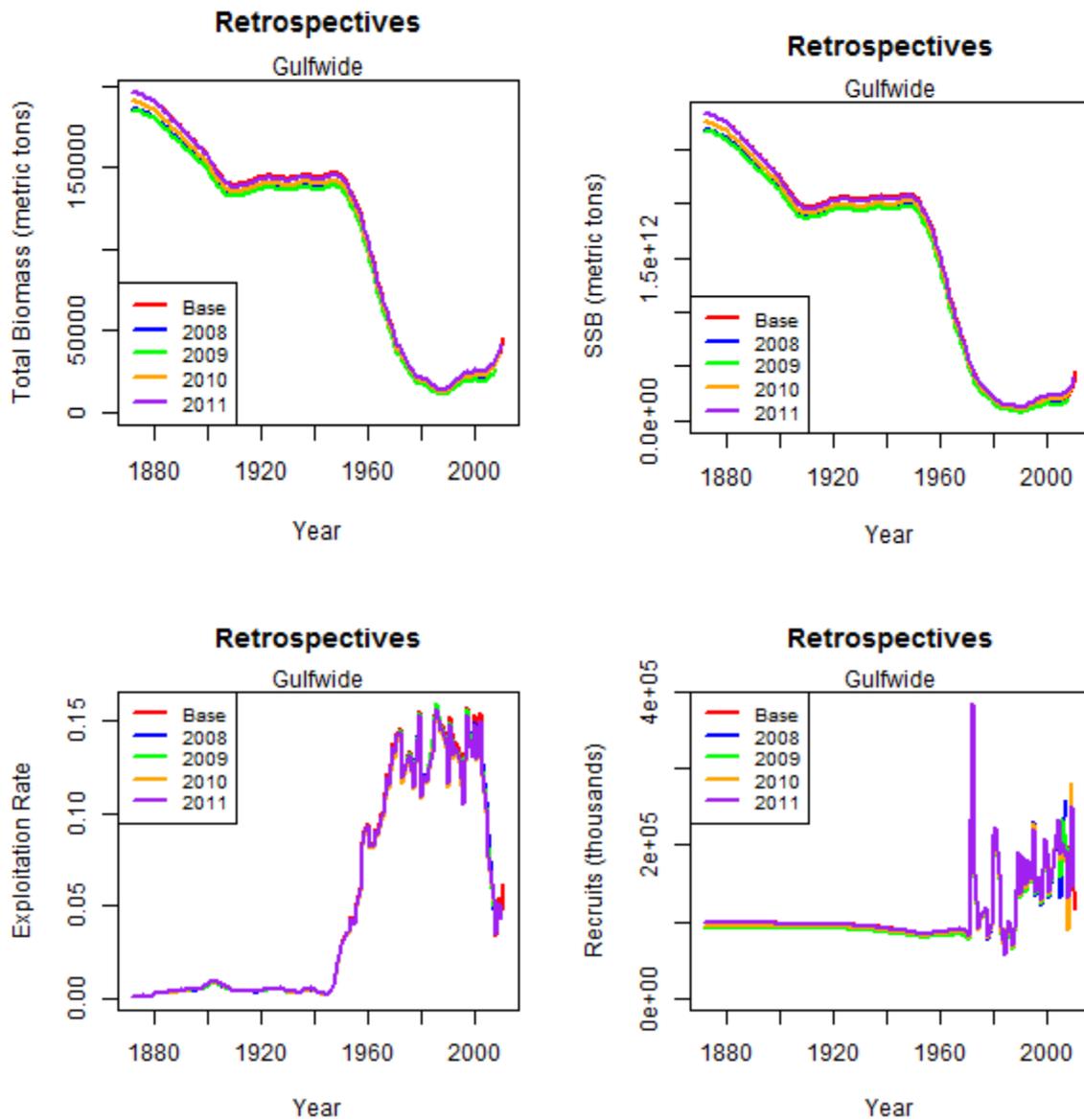


Figure 2.13.1 Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and four retrospective analyses.

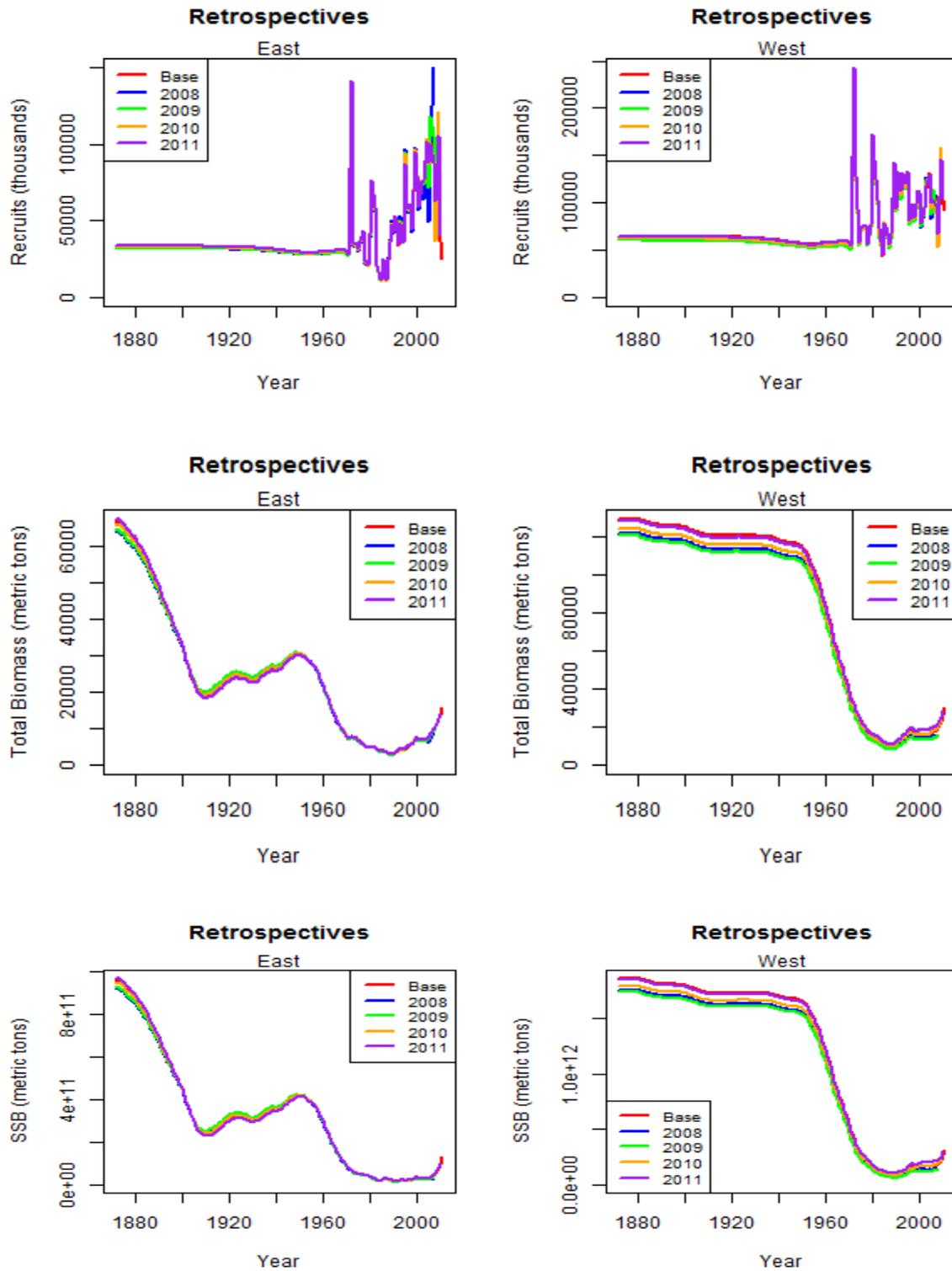


Figure 2.13.2 Model estimated total biomass, spawning biomass and recruitment (age 0) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model run and three alternative model runs examining assumptions in model component weighting.

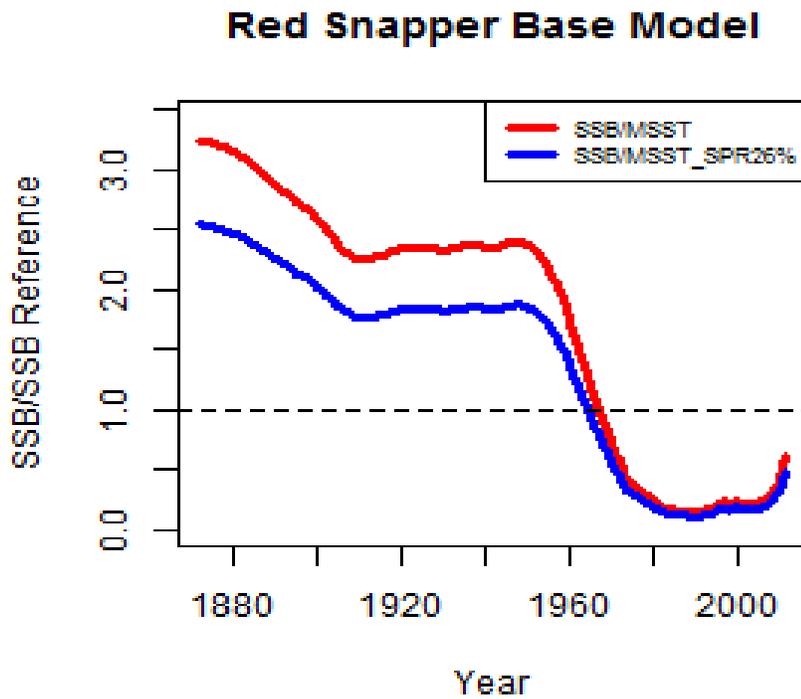
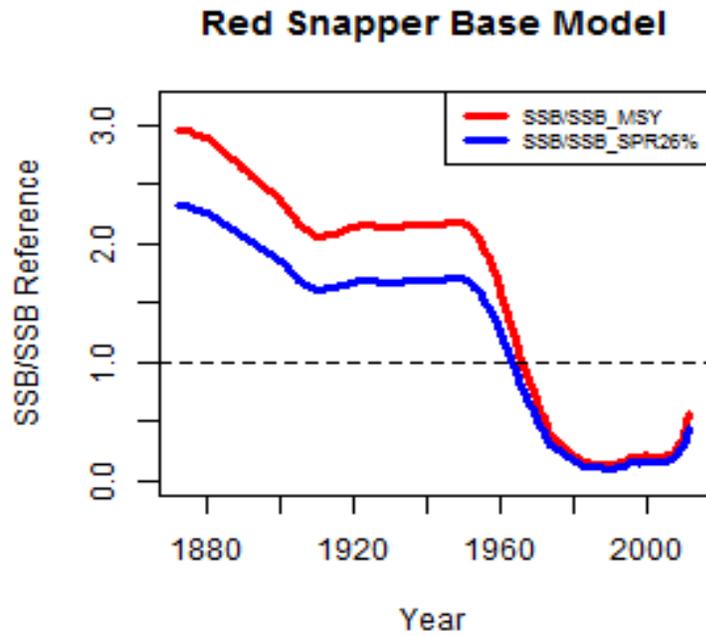


Figure 2.14.1. Estimated red snapper spawning stock biomass benchmarks for two MSRA scenarios (MSST at F_{MAX} and MSST at $F_{26\%SPR}$).

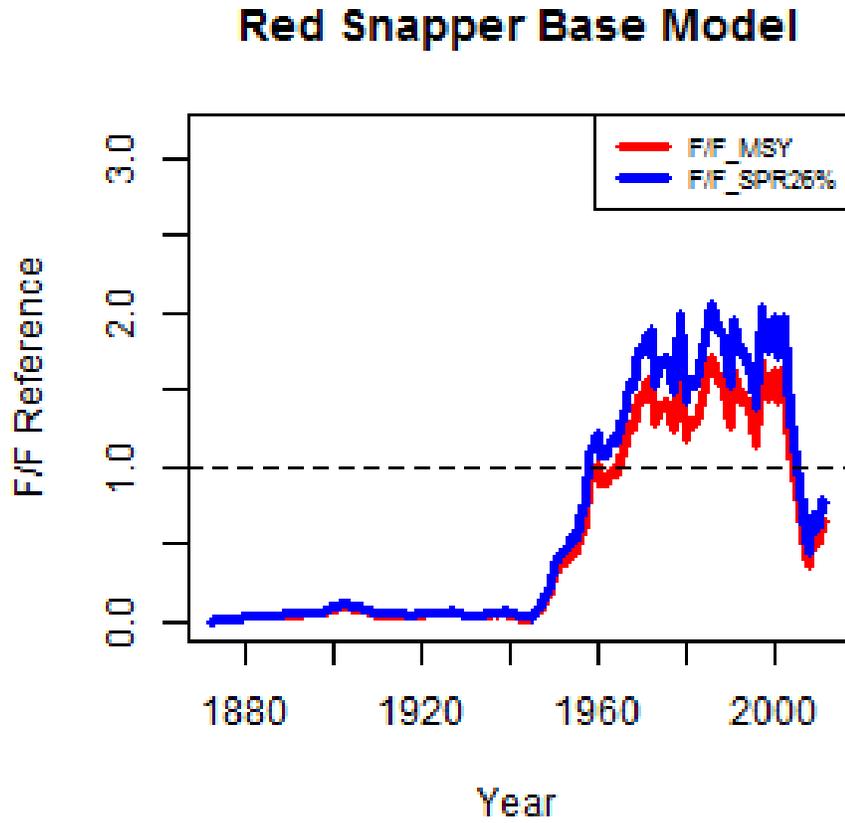


Figure 2.14.2 Estimated red snapper fishing mortality benchmarks for two MSRA scenarios (MSST at F_{MAX} and MSST at $F_{26\%SPR}$).

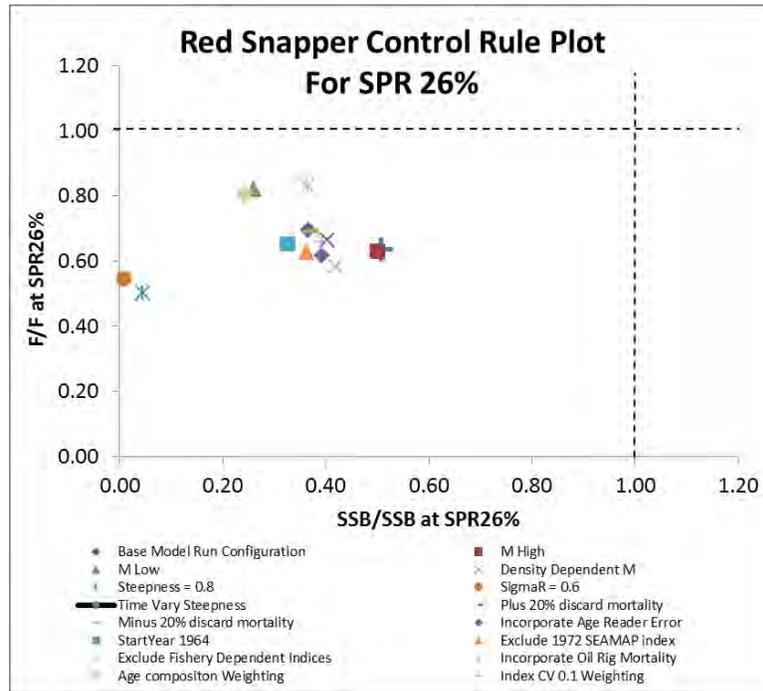


Figure 2.14.3. Gulf of Mexico red snapper control rule plot for the base SS model and 15 alternative sensitivity SS runs under the SPR26% status definition.

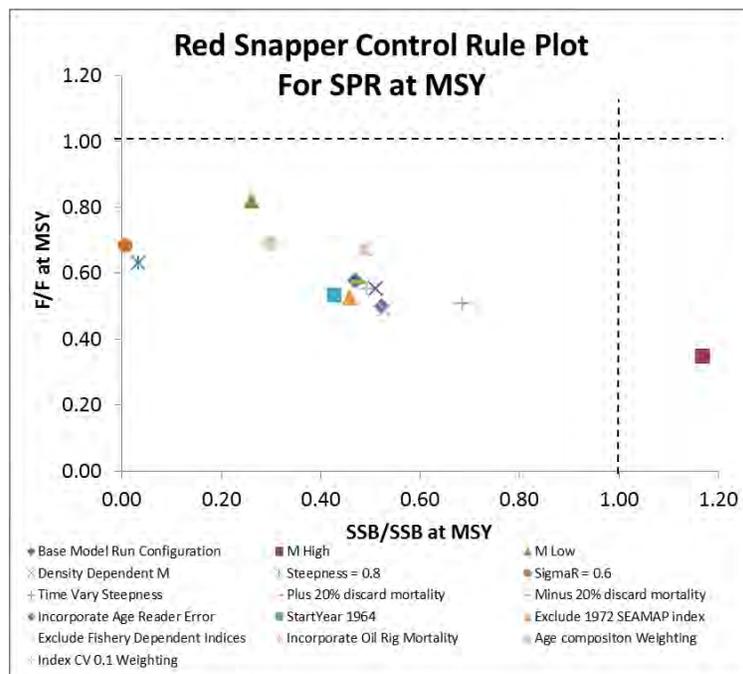


Figure 2.14.4. Gulf of Mexico red snapper control rule plot for the base SS model and 15 alternative sensitivity SS runs under the SPR_MSY=SPR_MAX status definition.

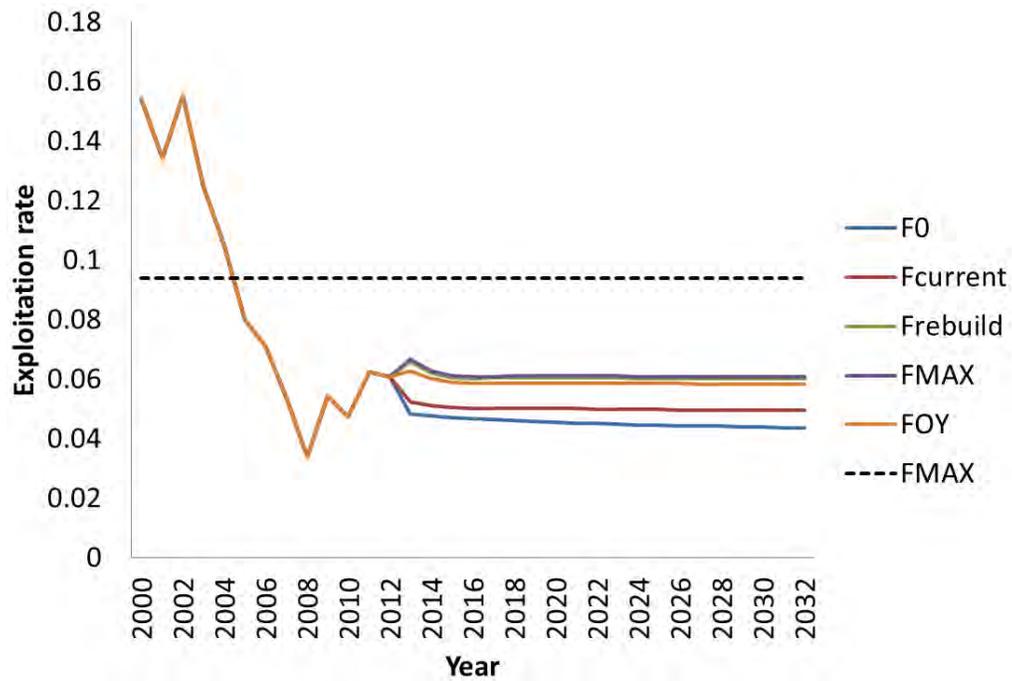


Figure 3.1.1 Projected fishing mortality rate for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to maximum yield per recruit: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , and F_{OY} .

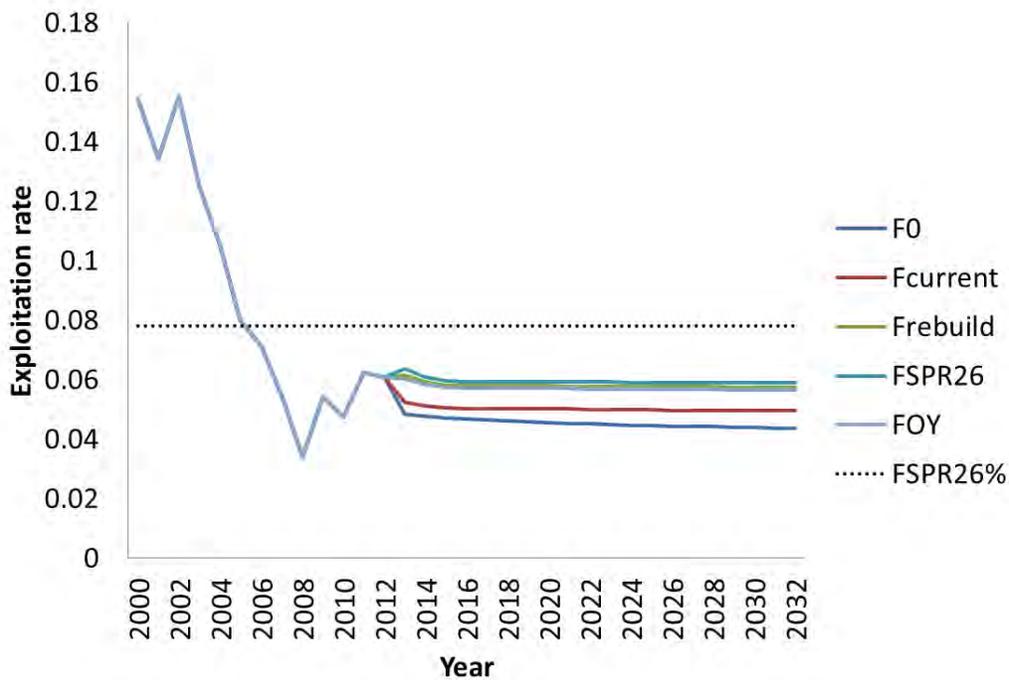


Figure 3.1.2. Projected fishing mortality rate for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26%: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, and F_{OY} .

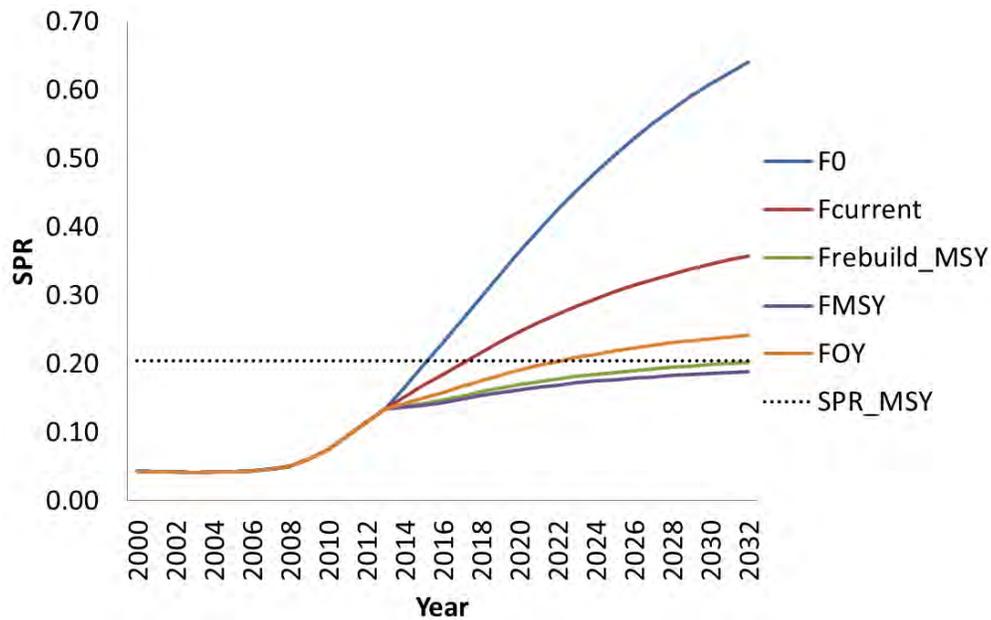


Figure 3.1.3. Projected SPR for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to maximum yield per recruit: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , and F_{OY} .

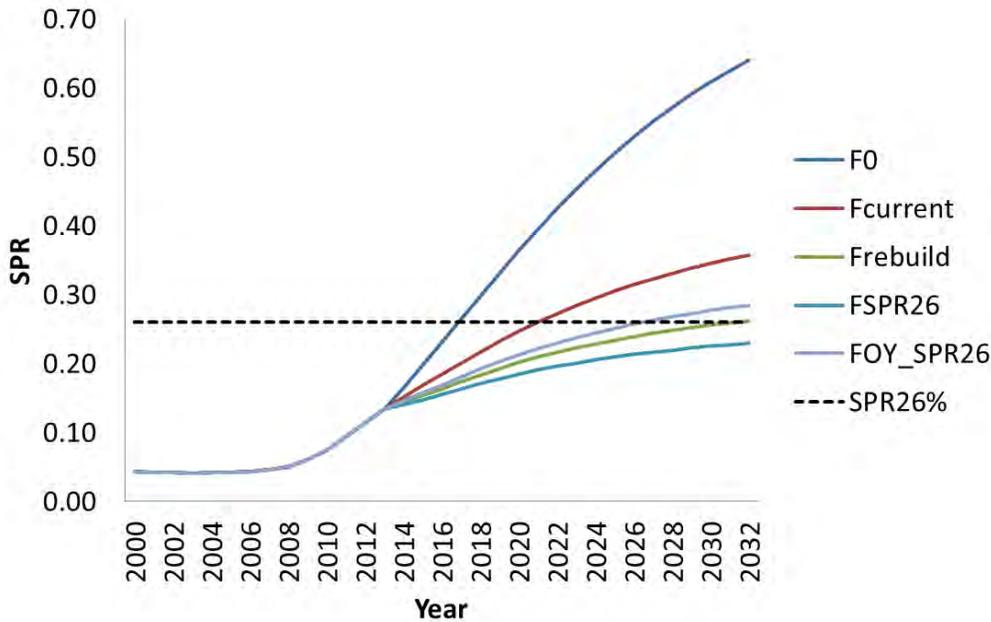


Figure 3.1.4. Projected SPR for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26%: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, and F_{OY} .

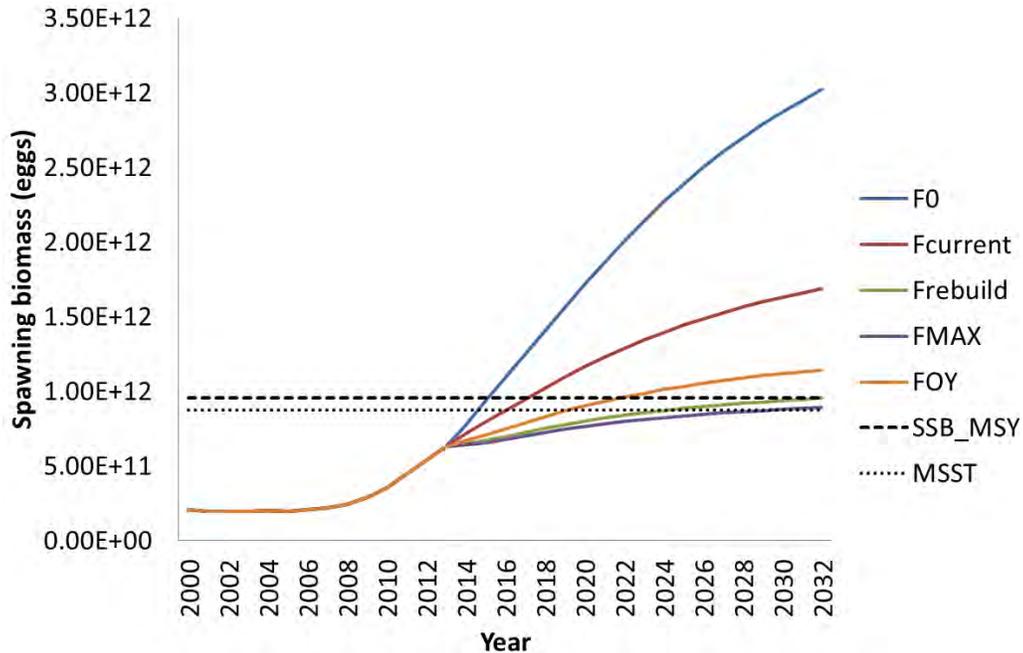


Figure 3.1.5. Projected spawning biomass of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico for the base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to maximum yield per recruit: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , and F_{OY} . The black dashed line represents SSB at F_{MAX} . The black dotted line represents the minimum stock size threshold (MSST).

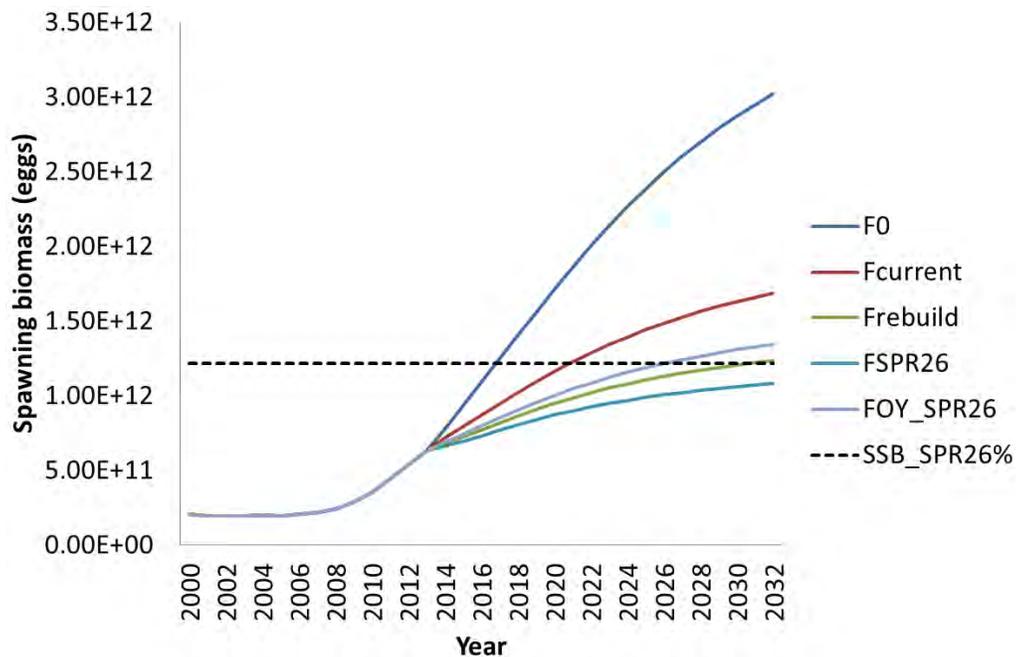


Figure 3.1.6. Projected spawning biomass of red snapper in the Gulf of Mexico for the base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26%: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, and F_{OY} . The black dashed line represents SSB at $F_{SPR26\%}$. The black dotted line represents the minimum stock size threshold (MSST).

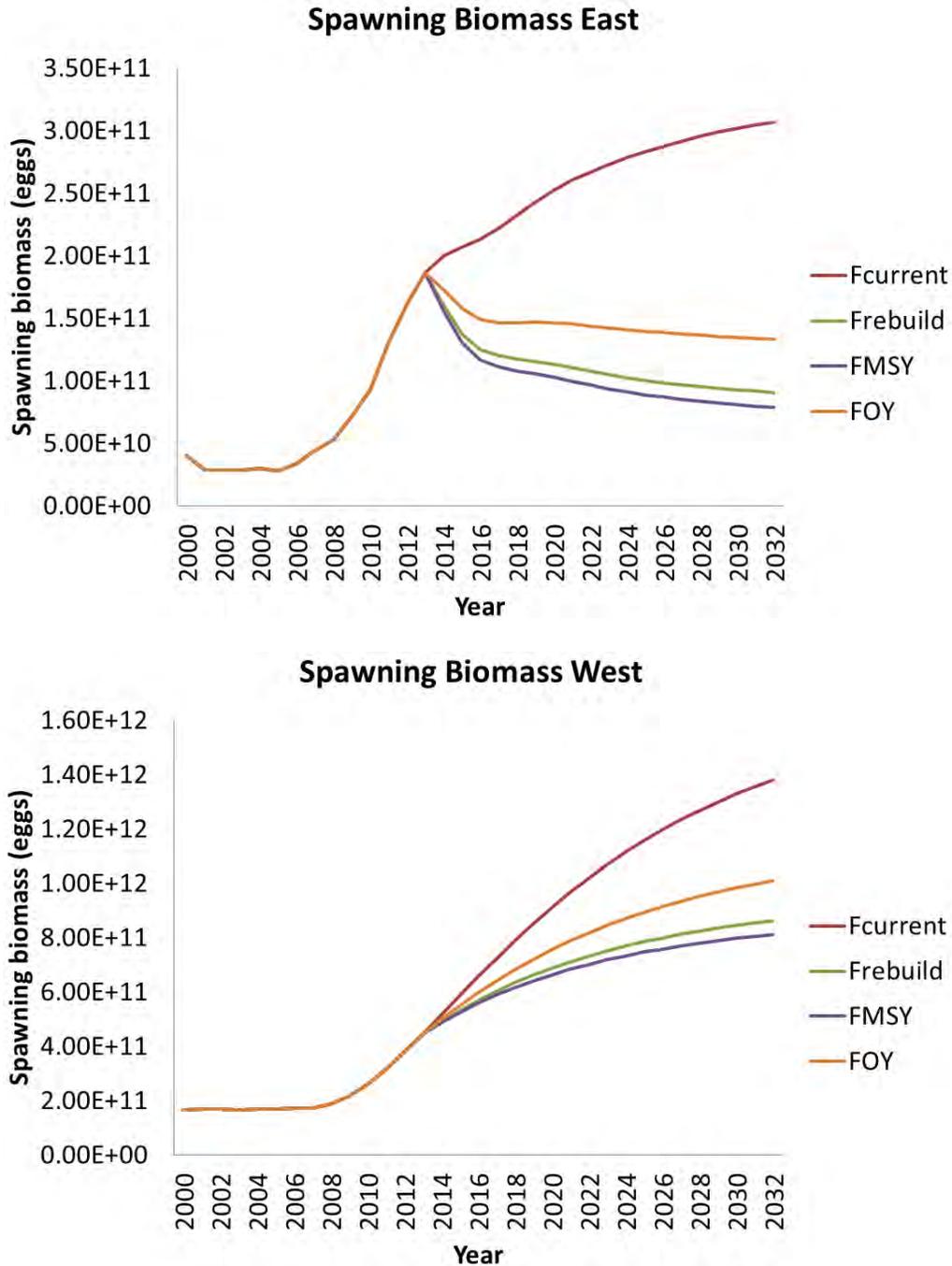


Figure 3.1.7. Projected spawning biomass of red snapper split into the Eastern (top) and Western (bottom) Gulf of Mexico for the base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to maximum yield per recruit: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , and F_{OY} .

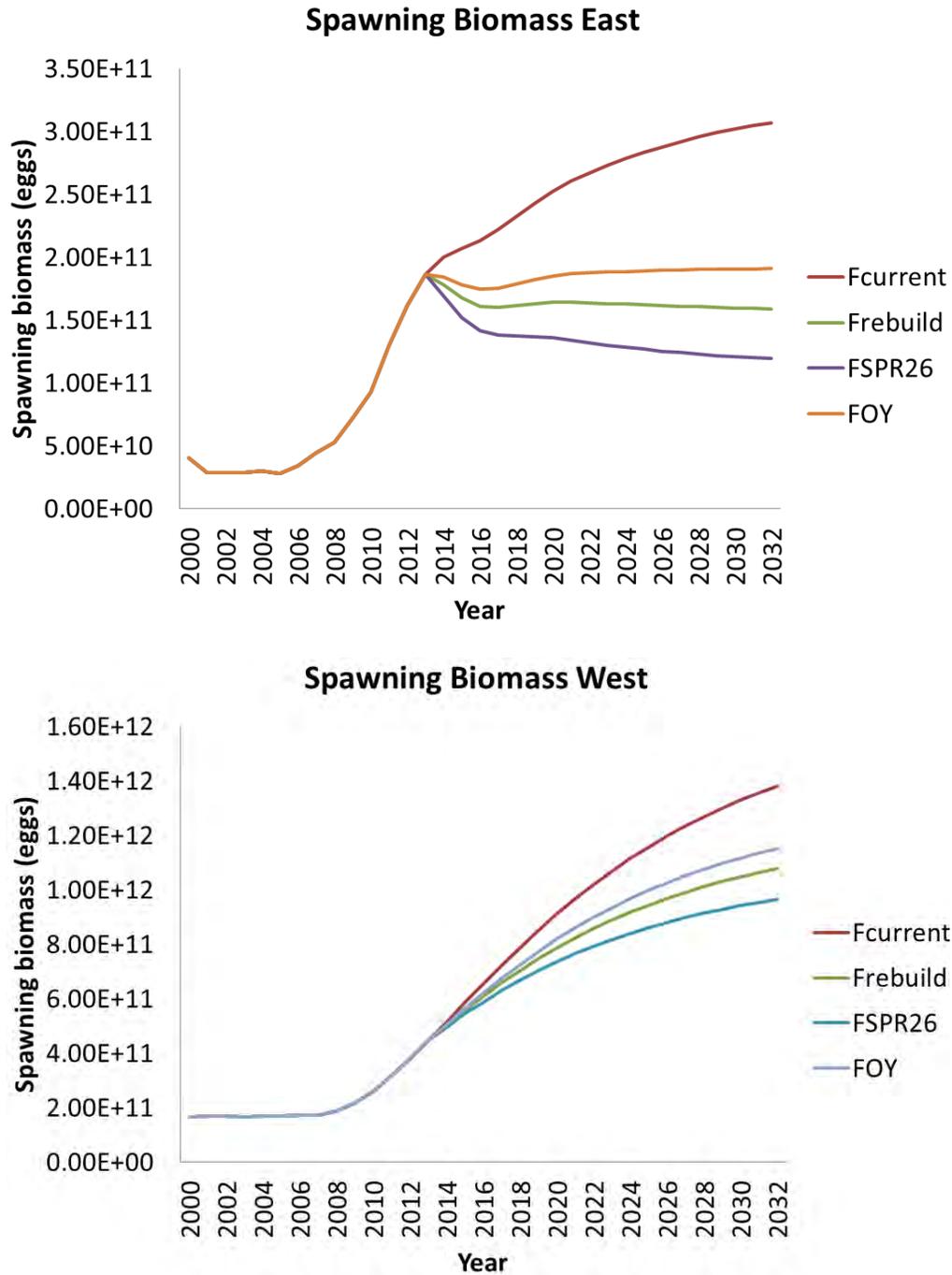


Figure 3.1.8. Projected spawning biomass of red snapper split into the Eastern and Western Gulf of Mexico for the base model under five fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26%: F_0 , $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, and F_{OY} .

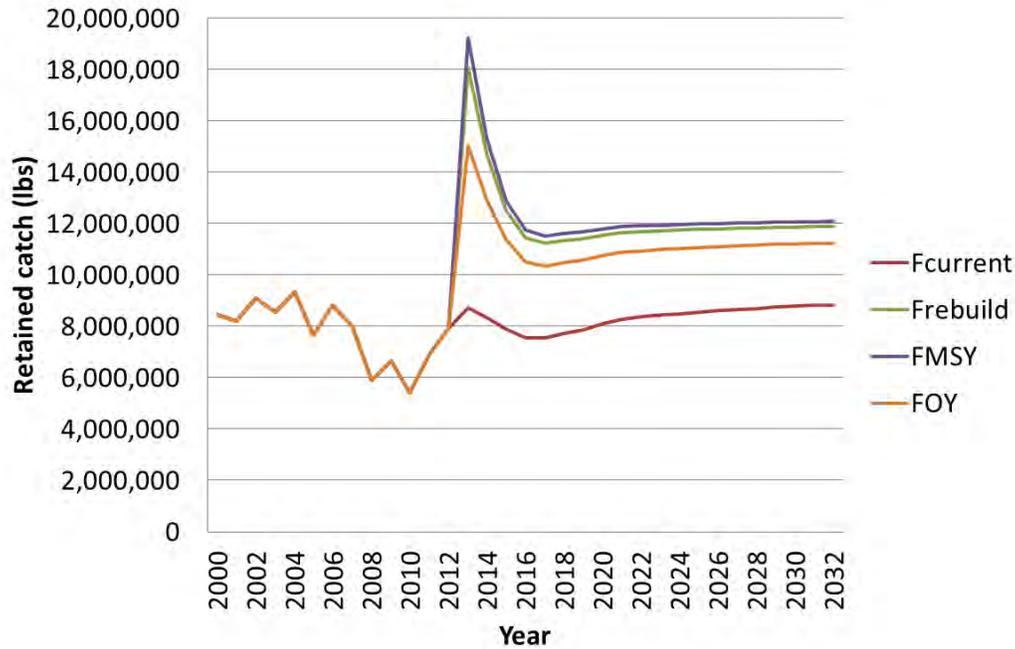


Figure 3.1.9. Projected retained yield (lbs) for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under four fishing mortality scenarios related to maximum yield per recruit: $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, F_{MAX} , and F_{OY} .

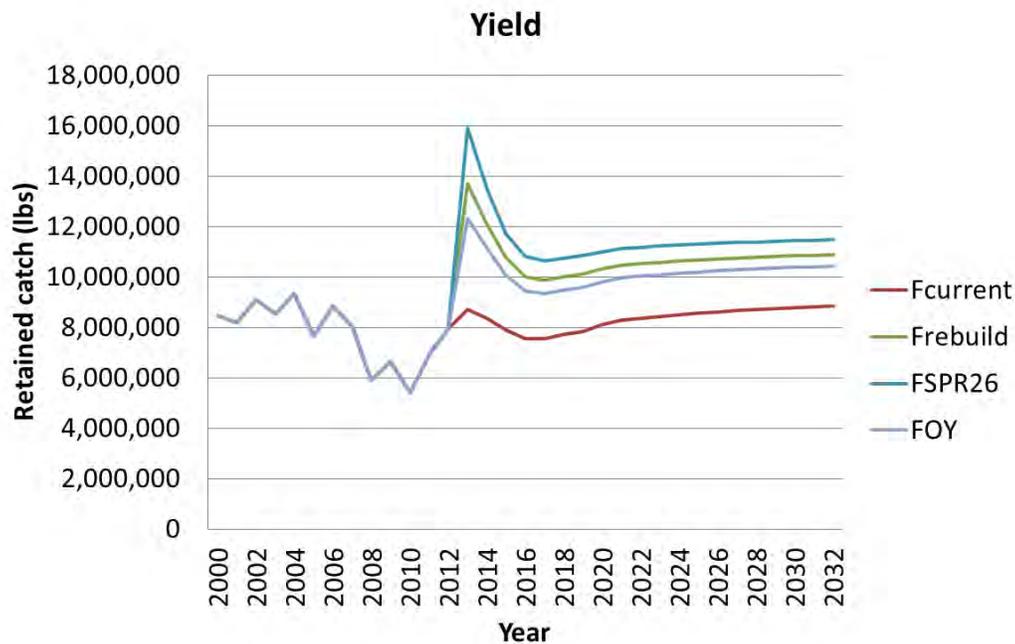


Figure 3.1.10. Projected retained yield for the Gulf of Mexico red snapper base model under four fishing mortality scenarios related to SPR26%: $F_{CURRENT}$, $F_{REBUILD}$, $F_{SPR26\%}$, and F_{OY} .

Appendix A: Stock Synthesis Data Input File

```
#V3.224j

#C Run1, age data only, single season

1872  #_styr
2011  #_endyr

1     #_nseas

12    #_months/season

1     #_spawn_seas

14    #_Nfleet

15    #_Nsurveys

2     #_N_areas

# below are the fishery and survey names, separated by a % delimiter; later the data from first survey will have index number 2 and survey 2 will have index number 3

HL_E%HL_W%LL_E%LL_W%MRIP_E%MRIP_W%HBT_E%HBT_W%C_Clsd_E%C_Clsd_W%C_Clsd_E%R_Clsd_E%R_Clsd_W%Shr_E%Shr_W%Video_E%Video_W%Larv_E%Larv_W%Sum_E%Sum_W%Fall_E%Fall_W%BLL_W%BLL_E%ROV_E%MRIP_Index_
E%MRIP_Index_W%HBT_Index_E%HBT_Index_W
-1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    -1    0.5    0.5    0.5    0.5
0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   0.5   #_surveytiming_in_season; but use -1 for a fishery so that the expected value
will be same as the whole season catch-at-age, rather than a midseason sample

1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2     1     2
1     1     2     1     2     2     1     1     1     2     1     2     #_area_assignments_for_each_fishery_and_survey; so in a multi-area setup, each fleet and
survey only occurs in one area

1     1     1     1     2     2     2     2     2     2     2     2     2     2     2
#_units_of_Catch_for_each_Fleet:_1=biomass;_2=numbers; It is OK to have some fleets with catch in biomass and some in numbers
```

0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 #_se_of_log(catch) for each fleet.
 This is used for init_eq_catch_and_for_Fmethod_2_and_3;_do_not_make_this_overly_small. Year specific values can be input in the control file if needed.

1 #_Ngenders: if 2 genders are used, females will be gender=1 and their data will be entered first

20 #_Nages: this accumulator age should be large enough so that little growth occurs after reaching this age

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_init_equil_catch_for_each_fishery

140 #_N_lines_of_catch_to_read

#_HL_E	HL_W	LL_E	LL_W	MRIP_E	MRIP_W	HBT_E	HBT_W	C_Clsd_E	C_Clsd_W	R_Clsd_E	R_Clsd_W	Shr_E	Shr_W	Year	Season
236.469	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1872	1
354.704	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1873	1
532.057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1874	1
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1875	1
768.526	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1876	1
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1877	1
591.174	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1878	1
650.291	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1879	1
827.643	404.166	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1880	1
930.944	363.755	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1881	1
1035.147	322.894	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1882	1
1138.454	287.72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1883	1
1241.764	252.544	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1884	1
1345.078	216.919	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1885	1
1449.293	181.742	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1886	1
1552.613	92.519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1887	1
1486.615	96.563	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1888	1
1580.058	122.165	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1889	1
1901.608	110.01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1890	1
1733.754	122.262	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1891	1
1819.08	132.982	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1892	1
1874.349	141.507	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1893	1
1917.621	147.355	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1894	1
1871.201	151.426	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1895	1
1890.397	154.624	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1896	1
1877.08	154.513	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1897	1
2092.14	247.059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1898	1
2334.448	327.777	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1899	1
2573.747	403.686	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1900	1
2733.814	462.833	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1901	1
2850.182	510.76	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1902	1
2595.511	480.718	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1903	1
2398.021	458.911	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1904	1
2157.303	426.798	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1905	1
1923.66	393.57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1906	1
1697.843	359.066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1907	1
1525.545	333.741	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1908	1
1311.271	287.097	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1909	1
1105.269	244.082	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1910	1
1113.783	239.279	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1911	1
1121.933	234.904	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1912	1
1129.934	230.64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1913	1
1137.315	226.265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1914	1
1144.311	221.89	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1915	1
1150.897	217.087	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1916	1
1124.573	212.712	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1917	1

1130.603	208.337	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1918	1
1233.286	213.815	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1919	1
1340.104	219.293	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1920	1
1451.011	225.31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1921	1
1565.878	230.788	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1922	1
1681.61	236.265	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1923	1
1642.634	228.237	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1924	1
1645.323	220.207	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1925	1
1602.24	212.066	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1926	1
1749.768	265.763	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1927	1
1562.257	193.625	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1928	1
1659.604	189.19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1929	1
1013.096	251.09	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1930	1
1020.483	155.489	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1931	1
1095.896	186.565	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1932	1
990.809	203.038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1933	1
891.247	210.803	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1934	1
1093.623	306.234	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1935	1
1258.258	395.255	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1936	1
1115.129	429.359	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1937	1
1442.592	424.259	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1938	1
1693.125	387.581	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1939	1
1132.599	370.073	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1940	1
1030.467	334.702	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1941	1
824.791	247.044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1942	1
656.019	168.459	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1943	1
757.513	126.865	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1944	1
660.07	69.736	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1945	1
1052.244	146.692	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0	0	1946	1
1103.225	216.899	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0	0	1947	1
1178.742	270.078	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0	0	1948	1
1409.947	394.532	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0	0	1949	1
767.985	669.524	0	0	163.8740931	230.836805	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1950	1														
914.858	670.201	0	0	188.2718121	273.2406133	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1951	1														
1018.333	750.322	0	0	212.6695311	315.6444217	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1952	1														
919.191	616.247	0	0	237.0672502	358.04823	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1953	
	1953	1														
854.201	619.599	0	0	261.4649692	400.4520383	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1954	1														
955.561	676.778	0	0	285.8626882	442.8558467	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1955	1														
1143.445	915.086	0	0	310.2604073	485.259655	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1956	1														
1025.976	913.316	0	0	334.6581263	527.6634633	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1957	1														
1689.444	1522.886	0	0	359.0558454	570.0672717	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1958	1														
1545.775	1556.548	0	0	383.4535644	612.47108	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1959	
	1959	1														
1731.283	1633.469	0	0	407.8512834	654.8748883	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1960	1														
1589.504	1927.299	0	0	412.1997075	667.6926936	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1961	1														
1638.699	1874.063	0	0	416.5481315	680.5104988	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1962	1														
1365.294	1667.933	0	0	420.8965555	693.328304	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1963	1														
1635.958	1628.533	0	0	425.2449796	706.1461093	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1964	1														
1683.991	1653.835	0	0	429.5934036	718.9639145	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1965	1														
1405.576	1379.478	0	0	440.121674	749.6151118	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1966	1														
1318.568	1919.127	0	0	450.6499443	780.266309	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
	1967	1														

1187.299	2340.939	0	0	461.1782147	810.9175063	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1107.646	1899.4	0	0	471.7064851	841.5687035	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1047.551	2110.442	0	0	482.2347554	872.2199008	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1008.594	2433.99	0	0	507.907431	960.2911658	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1076.974	2196.193	0	0	533.5801066	1048.362431	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1230.611	2207.723	0	0	559.2527822	1136.433696	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1708.939	2011.138	0	0	584.9254578	1224.504961	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1622.329	1783.962	0	0	610.5981334	1312.576226	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1491.469	1508.466	0	0.487	626.5253762	1298.242222	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1026.819	1303.215	0	0	642.4526191	1283.908218	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
905.53	1221.978	0	0	658.3798619	1269.574214	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
924.374	1121.499	0	0	674.3071048	1255.24021	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
859.897	1141.469	42.64	19.983	690.2343476	1240.906206	148.1652877	416.2298968	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
965.088	1425.778	81.582	22.344	800.8137606	1446.453354	47.78031999	344.2520058	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1039.592	1660.844	102.772	32.485	714.3988929	1070.947571	153.8230256	388.2474776	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
1082.97	1732.789	201.859	44.786	781.4011802	1871.322401	301.7901615	370.50009	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1983	
740.225	1318.327	167.126	345.942	145.70364	649.4160468	40.84213878	373.2178774	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1984
736.531	837.351	51.863	274.373	400.1327095	589.5885057	90.2343129	368.6049395	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	
390.013	876.968	34.426	377.106	558.4660968	397.2324893	16.364	316.09	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1986
361.431	668.724	28.791	332.954	538.0023492	164.7116171	9.685	319.348	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1987
389.164	1068.26	34.775	303.966	509.4928464	301.6810221	13.832	423.024	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1988
305.307	858.179	35.64	206.268	462.5192986	219.2916611	10.797	372.473	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1989
316.432	797.32	33.923	54.622	305.1307864	128.9756973	15.539	187.006	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.001	1990
179.249	782.317	9.391	32.927	533.0869612	254.5001924	15.58	264.686	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1991
184.382	1213.132	2.58	8.99	830.9607683	318.4869281	33.873	413.056	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1992
198.211	1316.047	6.91	9.204	1235.076419	416.0116675	37.275	458.772	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1993
239.1	1211.754	3.61	7.171	772.8320665	311.8985931	28.998	497.738	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1994
78.354	1240.758	3.837	7.94	617.4837293	386.1209981	23.078	354.55	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1995
106.132	1834.388	3.442	12.411	570.5690071	241.8846121	28.388	349.266	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	0.001	1996
83.647	2081.763	2.099	14.251	961.7805461	248.8867682	48.439	347.424	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	1997
172.093	1935.716	2.501	12.349	754.3286879	180.8237779	76.759	244.738	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	1998
248.76	1918.9	2.936	41.083	721.8827369	146.0185585	67.432	98.699	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	1999
301.768	1805.154	3.91	83.251	697.9807083	157.5912334	57.64	111.41	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2000
361.933	1675.012	4.595	56.451	833.1294816	107.5658317	51.289	116.358	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2001
475.685	1617.493	8.221	66.313	1108.290488	102.0921118	75.121	138.475	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2002
462.327	1453.422	6.284	77.687	967.57738	112.5934756	157.905	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2003
431.337	1462.943	8.778	206.761	1190.621924	129.1754529	63.482	110.329	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2004
359.25	1360.924	9.58	128.271	724.6629138	166.187208	46.791	99.988	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2005
344.879	1638.234	7.409	118.23	793.645715	236.2178074	47.882	121.177	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2006
397.002	954.023	7.134	85.504	1064.179522	206.4353258	63.603	110.314	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2007
378.522	707.21	15.479	25.332	591.6374724	120.7530441	61.986	57.569	0.001	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2008
416.794	679.616	6.635	23.481	698.3349386	131.636978	81.59	75.998	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2009
633.962	853.143	34.251	17.324	327.0127363	36.87349948	35.943	51.514	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2010
731.693	851.987	38.231	8.55	488.9193338	67.4801174	69.187	50.656	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	2011

580 #_N_cpue_and_surveyabundance_observations

#_Units: 0=numbers; 1=biomass; 2=F

#_Errtype: -1=normal; 0=lognormal; >0=T

#_Fleet/ Survey Units Errtype

1	1	0
2	1	0
3	1	0
4	1	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	0
9	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	2	0
14	2	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	0	0
19	0	0
20	0	0
21	0	0
22	0	0
23	0	0
24	0	0
25	0	0
26	0	0
27	0	0
28	0	0
29	0	0

#_year	seas	Fleet/ Survey	obs	err	# comment
1990	1	1	0.2659	0.7527	#_HL_E_index
1991	1	1	0.4204	0.624	#_HL_E_index
1992	1	1	1.2686	0.5789	#_HL_E_index
1993	1	1	0.6989	0.5566	#_HL_E_index
1994	1	1	0.6265	0.5571	#_HL_E_index
1995	1	1	0.7456	0.57	#_HL_E_index
1996	1	1	0.4489	0.621	#_HL_E_index
1997	1	1	0.3675	0.6419	#_HL_E_index
1998	1	1	1.2883	0.6167	#_HL_E_index
1999	1	1	0.7796	0.6255	#_HL_E_index
2000	1	1	1.4717	0.6209	#_HL_E_index
2001	1	1	1.3417	0.6239	#_HL_E_index
2002	1	1	1.6504	0.6105	#_HL_E_index
2003	1	1	1.4638	0.6048	#_HL_E_index
2004	1	1	1.6566	0.631	#_HL_E_index
2005	1	1	1.3668	0.6133	#_HL_E_index
2006	1	1	1.1386	0.6209	#_HL_E_index
1990	1	2	0.6614	0.2394	#_HL_W_index
1991	1	2	1.0801	0.2146	#_HL_W_index
1992	1	2	1.767	0.2224	#_HL_W_index
1993	1	2	1.1568	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
1994	1	2	1.155	0.1614	#_HL_W_index

1995	1	2	1.3402	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
1996	1	2	1.3387	0.1611	#_HL_W_index
1997	1	2	1.1762	0.1611	#_HL_W_index
1998	1	2	0.9335	0.1611	#_HL_W_index
1999	1	2	0.8658	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
2000	1	2	0.9879	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2001	1	2	0.8514	0.1612	#_HL_W_index
2002	1	2	0.8156	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2003	1	2	0.7899	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2004	1	2	0.6571	0.1613	#_HL_W_index
2005	1	2	0.5891	0.1614	#_HL_W_index
2006	1	2	0.8341	0.1617	#_HL_W_index
1950	1	13	0.2218	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1951	1	13	0.3821	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1952	1	13	0.4515	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1953	1	13	0.4987	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1954	1	13	0.6394	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1955	1	13	0.7552	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1956	1	13	0.9565	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1957	1	13	1.0473	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1958	1	13	1.1079	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1959	1	13	1.2023	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1960	1	13	1.1801	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1961	1	13	0.8561	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1962	1	13	0.8172	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1963	1	13	0.917	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1964	1	13	1.0887	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1965	1	13	1.1809	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1966	1	13	1.1061	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1967	1	13	1.0498	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1968	1	13	1.2367	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1969	1	13	1.2062	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1970	1	13	1.1886	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1971	1	13	1.0241	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1972	1	13	1.1044	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1973	1	13	1.2174	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1974	1	13	1.1776	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1975	1	13	1.1743	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1976	1	13	1.0893	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1977	1	13	1.2908	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1978	1	13	0.9976	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1979	1	13	1.0267	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1980	1	13	0.6286	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1981	1	13	0.9868	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1982	1	13	0.9833	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1983	1	13	1.0771	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1984	1	13	1.2637	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1985	1	13	1.2196	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1986	1	13	1.2642	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1987	1	13	1.0244	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1988	1	13	0.9658	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1989	1	13	1.1707	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1990	1	13	1.0255	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1991	1	13	1.0555	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1992	1	13	1.2798	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1993	1	13	1.057	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1994	1	13	1.0933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1995	1	13	1.2933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1996	1	13	1.4612	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1997	1	13	1.541	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1998	1	13	1.9362	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1999	1	13	1.1931	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2000	1	13	1.0252	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2001	1	13	1.1516	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2002	1	13	1.37	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2003	1	13	1.1419	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2004	1	13	1.1325	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2005	1	13	0.9538	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort

2006	1	13	0.6183	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2007	1	13	0.4644	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2008	1	13	0.3036	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2009	1	13	0.4676	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2010	1	13	0.2933	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
2011	1	13	0.3652	0.125	#_Shr_E_effort
1946	1	14	0.0098	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1947	1	14	0.05	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1948	1	14	0.1314	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1949	1	14	0.2123	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1950	1	14	0.2564	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1951	1	14	0.2696	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1952	1	14	0.3182	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1953	1	14	0.3103	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1954	1	14	0.4093	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1955	1	14	0.3378	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1956	1	14	0.4407	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1957	1	14	0.5525	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1958	1	14	0.852	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1959	1	14	0.9104	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1960	1	14	0.9321	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1961	1	14	0.744	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1962	1	14	0.7237	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1963	1	14	0.8394	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1964	1	14	0.7658	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1965	1	14	0.8777	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1966	1	14	0.92	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1967	1	14	1.158	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1968	1	14	1.0056	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1969	1	14	1.343	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1970	1	14	1.213	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1971	1	14	1.2664	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1972	1	14	1.3829	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1973	1	14	1.1026	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1974	1	14	1.0879	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1975	1	14	1.0294	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1976	1	14	1.1977	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1977	1	14	1.0259	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1978	1	14	1.2005	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1979	1	14	1.2516	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1980	1	14	0.7586	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1981	1	14	1.1719	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1982	1	14	1.1969	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1983	1	14	0.9665	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1984	1	14	1.231	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1985	1	14	1.1964	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1986	1	14	1.6459	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1987	1	14	1.6859	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1988	1	14	1.6333	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1989	1	14	1.4713	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1990	1	14	1.4144	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1991	1	14	1.7185	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1992	1	14	1.7724	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1993	1	14	1.7508	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1994	1	14	1.4062	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1995	1	14	1.2205	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1996	1	14	1.2832	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1997	1	14	1.5609	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1998	1	14	1.4164	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1999	1	14	1.3332	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2000	1	14	1.4545	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2001	1	14	1.5595	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2002	1	14	1.8364	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2003	1	14	1.4817	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2004	1	14	1.361	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2005	1	14	0.9839	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2006	1	14	0.7344	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2007	1	14	0.5925	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort

2008	1	14	0.425	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2009	1	14	0.5059	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2010	1	14	0.4949	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
2011	1	14	0.6082	0.125	#_Shr_W_effort
1993	1	15	0.1451	1.3527	#_Video_E_index
1994	1	15	0.0405	1.9222	#_Video_E_index
1995	1	15	0.0424	1.7055	#_Video_E_index
1996	1	15	0.1011	1.4224	#_Video_E_index
1997	1	15	0.121	1.4579	#_Video_E_index
2002	1	15	1.0414	0.7035	#_Video_E_index
2004	1	15	1.0998	0.6893	#_Video_E_index
2005	1	15	1.4742	0.6135	#_Video_E_index
2006	1	15	0.6298	0.7885	#_Video_E_index
2007	1	15	1.1209	0.6463	#_Video_E_index
2008	1	15	1.0571	0.7098	#_Video_E_index
2009	1	15	1.4792	0.6308	#_Video_E_index
2010	1	15	2.4086	0.5628	#_Video_E_index
2011	1	15	3.2389	0.5252	#_Video_E_index
1993	1	16	0.5543	0.4443	#_Video_W_index
1994	1	16	0.699	0.4005	#_Video_W_index
1995	1	16	0.5374	0.2926	#_Video_W_index
1996	1	16	0.56	0.2454	#_Video_W_index
1997	1	16	1.5053	0.1543	#_Video_W_index
2001	1	16	0.7038	0.3424	#_Video_W_index
2002	1	16	0.9325	0.2179	#_Video_W_index
2004	1	16	0.9505	0.2927	#_Video_W_index
2005	1	16	1.136	0.1744	#_Video_W_index
2006	1	16	0.4674	0.2935	#_Video_W_index
2007	1	16	1.3083	0.1608	#_Video_W_index
2008	1	16	0.6849	0.231	#_Video_W_index
2009	1	16	1.1012	0.169	#_Video_W_index
2010	1	16	2.2338	0.1794	#_Video_W_index
2011	1	16	1.6255	0.1613	#_Video_W_index
1987	1	17	0.881	1.111	#_Larv_E_index
1988	1	17	0.4313	1.256	#_Larv_E_index
1991	1	17	0.8782	0.7566	#_Larv_E_index
1994	1	17	0.1971	0.4177	#_Larv_E_index
1995	1	17	0.4904	0.8411	#_Larv_E_index
1997	1	17	0.568	0.7747	#_Larv_E_index
1999	1	17	0.7901	0.3144	#_Larv_E_index
2000	1	17	1.0029	0.9128	#_Larv_E_index
2001	1	17	0.9772	0.5626	#_Larv_E_index
2002	1	17	0.8339	1.1653	#_Larv_E_index
2003	1	17	1.0435	0.6694	#_Larv_E_index
2004	1	17	0.2115	1.3981	#_Larv_E_index
2006	1	17	0.7547	0.8488	#_Larv_E_index
2007	1	17	1.8977	0.3174	#_Larv_E_index
2009	1	17	1.1842	0.7678	#_Larv_E_index
2010	1	17	3.8585	0.309	#_Larv_E_index
1986	1	18	0.5131	0.7164	#_Larv_W_index
1987	1	18	0.6456	0.6103	#_Larv_W_index
1989	1	18	0.9543	0.6716	#_Larv_W_index
1990	1	18	0.6357	0.5045	#_Larv_W_index
1991	1	18	0.1633	0.6797	#_Larv_W_index
1992	1	18	0.2809	0.4066	#_Larv_W_index
1993	1	18	0.3673	0.4485	#_Larv_W_index
1994	1	18	0.2854	0.5957	#_Larv_W_index
1995	1	18	1.1469	0.3342	#_Larv_W_index
1996	1	18	0.6556	0.3931	#_Larv_W_index
1997	1	18	1.2344	0.321	#_Larv_W_index
1999	1	18	0.5658	0.4201	#_Larv_W_index
2000	1	18	1.8084	0.3271	#_Larv_W_index
2001	1	18	1.4411	0.4581	#_Larv_W_index
2002	1	18	1.04	0.3753	#_Larv_W_index
2003	1	18	2.3357	0.3625	#_Larv_W_index
2004	1	18	1.066	0.3548	#_Larv_W_index
2006	1	18	2.0481	0.4196	#_Larv_W_index
2007	1	18	1.5888	0.3083	#_Larv_W_index

2009	1	18	1.6099	0.2614	#_Larv_W_index
2010	1	18	0.6138	0.4128	#_Larv_W_index
-1982	1	19	1.0925	0.5059	#_Summer_E_index
-1983	1	19	0.8106	0.5388	#_Summer_E_index
-1984	1	19	0.0821	0.9255	#_Summer_E_index
-1985	1	19	0.566	0.4395	#_Summer_E_index
-1986	1	19	0.0665	0.9476	#_Summer_E_index
-1987	1	19	0.7576	0.3087	#_Summer_E_index
-1988	1	19	0.5971	0.4212	#_Summer_E_index
-1989	1	19	1.5778	0.3659	#_Summer_E_index
-1990	1	19	1.2186	0.2686	#_Summer_E_index
-1991	1	19	1.2724	0.3374	#_Summer_E_index
-1992	1	19	2.6585	0.3734	#_Summer_E_index
-1993	1	19	0.4352	0.4623	#_Summer_E_index
-1994	1	19	1.0018	0.3079	#_Summer_E_index
-1995	1	19	0.3872	0.4892	#_Summer_E_index
-1996	1	19	0.7369	0.3956	#_Summer_E_index
-1997	1	19	0.7938	0.3501	#_Summer_E_index
-1998	1	19	0.2617	0.7374	#_Summer_E_index
-1999	1	19	0.1891	0.62	#_Summer_E_index
-2000	1	19	0.7721	0.3634	#_Summer_E_index
-2001	1	19	0.3235	0.6009	#_Summer_E_index
-2002	1	19	0.3075	0.6039	#_Summer_E_index
-2003	1	19	0.6891	0.4549	#_Summer_E_index
-2004	1	19	0.7284	0.4504	#_Summer_E_index
-2005	1	19	1.7139	0.417	#_Summer_E_index
-2006	1	19	0.4742	0.4376	#_Summer_E_index
-2007	1	19	2.8421	0.2634	#_Summer_E_index
-2008	1	19	4.4579	0.2784	#_Summer_E_index
-2009	1	19	0.7116	0.284	#_Summer_E_index
-2010	1	19	1.764	0.3557	#_Summer_E_index
-2011	1	19	0.7105	0.4958	#_Summer_E_index
1982	1	20	2.7604	0.218	#_Summer_W_index
1983	1	20	0.7463	0.2811	#_Summer_W_index
1984	1	20	0.7414	0.2787	#_Summer_W_index
1985	1	20	1.0036	0.3014	#_Summer_W_index
1986	1	20	0.275	0.4231	#_Summer_W_index
1987	1	20	0.6449	0.2202	#_Summer_W_index
1988	1	20	0.3054	0.2491	#_Summer_W_index
1989	1	20	0.264	0.3032	#_Summer_W_index
1990	1	20	2.2675	0.163	#_Summer_W_index
1991	1	20	0.8919	0.1906	#_Summer_W_index
1992	1	20	0.5548	0.2001	#_Summer_W_index
1993	1	20	0.6329	0.1959	#_Summer_W_index
1994	1	20	1.275	0.1807	#_Summer_W_index
1995	1	20	1.0623	0.1733	#_Summer_W_index
1996	1	20	1.1433	0.174	#_Summer_W_index
1997	1	20	0.8891	0.176	#_Summer_W_index
1998	1	20	0.7765	0.1944	#_Summer_W_index
1999	1	20	0.6045	0.1965	#_Summer_W_index
2000	1	20	1.2735	0.1597	#_Summer_W_index
2001	1	20	0.715	0.2618	#_Summer_W_index
2002	1	20	0.9813	0.1731	#_Summer_W_index
2003	1	20	0.5011	0.2156	#_Summer_W_index
2004	1	20	1.2281	0.1663	#_Summer_W_index
2005	1	20	1.3698	0.1721	#_Summer_W_index
2006	1	20	1.2859	0.152	#_Summer_W_index
2007	1	20	1.0014	0.1856	#_Summer_W_index
2008	1	20	0.9855	0.1594	#_Summer_W_index
2009	1	20	0.5551	0.1615	#_Summer_W_index
2010	1	20	1.4043	0.1593	#_Summer_W_index
2011	1	20	1.8601	0.1579	#_Summer_W_index
-1972	1	21	3.2744	0.2263	#_Fall_E_index
-1973	1	21	0.5383	0.1862	#_Fall_E_index
-1974	1	21	0.6326	0.2413	#_Fall_E_index
-1975	1	21	0.5233	0.2196	#_Fall_E_index
-1976	1	21	0.6325	0.2043	#_Fall_E_index
-1977	1	21	0.8727	0.2405	#_Fall_E_index

-1978	1	21	0.3951	0.1843	#_Fall_E_index
-1979	1	21	0.3126	0.2131	#_Fall_E_index
-1980	1	21	0.5844	0.1974	#_Fall_E_index
-1981	1	21	2.0198	0.1905	#_Fall_E_index
-1982	1	21	2.2453	0.1505	#_Fall_E_index
-1983	1	21	0.323	0.1951	#_Fall_E_index
-1984	1	21	0.265	0.2934	#_Fall_E_index
-1985	1	21	0.1218	0.2987	#_Fall_E_index
-1986	1	21	0.1147	0.6042	#_Fall_E_index
-1987	1	21	0.1913	0.4125	#_Fall_E_index
-1988	1	21	0.2506	0.3648	#_Fall_E_index
-1989	1	21	3.7366	0.2776	#_Fall_E_index
-1990	1	21	2.0826	0.258	#_Fall_E_index
-1991	1	21	2.384	0.2255	#_Fall_E_index
-1992	1	21	0.1947	0.3295	#_Fall_E_index
-1993	1	21	1.4128	0.2926	#_Fall_E_index
-1994	1	21	0.3466	0.2421	#_Fall_E_index
-1995	1	21	0.7218	0.2399	#_Fall_E_index
-1996	1	21	0.5483	0.2783	#_Fall_E_index
-1997	1	21	0.9211	0.2987	#_Fall_E_index
-1998	1	21	0.2249	0.2984	#_Fall_E_index
-1999	1	21	0.5978	0.2834	#_Fall_E_index
-2000	1	21	1.6395	0.2292	#_Fall_E_index
-2001	1	21	0.5169	0.3698	#_Fall_E_index
-2002	1	21	0.4204	0.2956	#_Fall_E_index
-2003	1	21	1.2318	0.22	#_Fall_E_index
-2004	1	21	0.3355	0.3122	#_Fall_E_index
-2005	1	21	0.7299	0.2441	#_Fall_E_index
-2006	1	21	2.8423	0.1829	#_Fall_E_index
-2007	1	21	1.8403	0.2456	#_Fall_E_index
-2008	1	21	0.3737	0.2692	#_Fall_E_index
-2009	1	21	3.0438	0.2322	#_Fall_E_index
-2010	1	21	0.3534	0.354	#_Fall_E_index
-2011	1	21	0.2038	0.427	#_Fall_E_index
1972	1	22	3.5159	0.1569	#_Fall_W_index
1973	1	22	1.8579	0.1642	#_Fall_W_index
1974	1	22	0.5893	0.2069	#_Fall_W_index
1975	1	22	0.8492	0.193	#_Fall_W_index
1976	1	22	0.8068	0.1792	#_Fall_W_index
1977	1	22	0.8605	0.1827	#_Fall_W_index
1978	1	22	0.6528	0.2437	#_Fall_W_index
1979	1	22	0.9858	0.1826	#_Fall_W_index
1980	1	22	3.7524	0.1437	#_Fall_W_index
1981	1	22	1.3545	0.1607	#_Fall_W_index
1982	1	22	0.9019	0.1692	#_Fall_W_index
1983	1	22	0.7632	0.2335	#_Fall_W_index
1984	1	22	0.2977	0.2224	#_Fall_W_index
1985	1	22	0.4488	0.1949	#_Fall_W_index
1986	1	22	0.4198	0.1742	#_Fall_W_index
1987	1	22	0.1542	0.209	#_Fall_W_index
1988	1	22	0.3524	0.1643	#_Fall_W_index
1989	1	22	0.7427	0.1521	#_Fall_W_index
1990	1	22	0.8295	0.1365	#_Fall_W_index
1991	1	22	0.9302	0.1253	#_Fall_W_index
1992	1	22	0.2689	0.1597	#_Fall_W_index
1993	1	22	0.4971	0.1486	#_Fall_W_index
1994	1	22	1.4425	0.1302	#_Fall_W_index
1995	1	22	1.7244	0.1177	#_Fall_W_index
1996	1	22	0.7252	0.1407	#_Fall_W_index
1997	1	22	1.2111	0.1338	#_Fall_W_index
1998	1	22	0.5698	0.1538	#_Fall_W_index
1999	1	22	1.2337	0.1282	#_Fall_W_index
2000	1	22	0.7732	0.1287	#_Fall_W_index
2001	1	22	0.5977	0.1441	#_Fall_W_index
2002	1	22	0.5656	0.1393	#_Fall_W_index
2003	1	22	1.0151	0.1341	#_Fall_W_index
2004	1	22	1.6319	0.1159	#_Fall_W_index
2005	1	22	1.2243	0.1083	#_Fall_W_index

2006	1	22	0.9597	0.1322	#_Fall_W_index
2007	1	22	0.6961	0.1542	#_Fall_W_index
2008	1	22	0.4379	0.1201	#_Fall_W_index
2009	1	22	1.8892	0.0999	#_Fall_W_index
2010	1	22	0.6795	0.1478	#_Fall_W_index
2011	1	22	0.7917	0.1401	#_Fall_W_index
1996	1	24	0.3197	0.9198	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1997	1	24	0.2061	0.9211	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1999	1	24	1.1974	0.4896	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2000	1	24	0.1187	0.9225	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2001	1	24	0.4705	0.6116	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2002	1	24	0.5237	0.7163	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2003	1	24	0.7802	0.4908	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2004	1	24	0.8383	0.5409	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2005	1	24	0.6538	0.9196	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2006	1	24	0.5971	0.7157	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2007	1	24	1.1281	0.7172	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2009	1	24	1.7333	0.4156	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2010	1	24	2.5694	0.3175	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
2011	1	24	2.8638	0.2194	#_NMFS_BLL_E_index
1996	1	23	0.0878	0.9637	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1997	1	23	1.0248	0.4844	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1999	1	23	0.1861	0.7486	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2000	1	23	1.3118	0.2427	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2001	1	23	0.9689	0.2515	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2002	1	23	0.8728	0.2112	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2003	1	23	0.9471	0.2748	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2004	1	23	1.0931	0.2732	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2006	1	23	0.8043	0.3523	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2007	1	23	0.8349	0.401	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2008	1	23	0.9418	0.4665	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2009	1	23	1.7631	0.2489	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2010	1	23	0.7251	0.4311	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
2011	1	23	2.4383	0.1452	#_NMFS_BLL_W_index
1981	1	26	0.498	0.5711	#_MRIP_E_index
1982	1	26	0.328	0.6051	#_MRIP_E_index
1983	1	26	1.101	0.5719	#_MRIP_E_index
1984	1	26	0.645	0.7341	#_MRIP_E_index
1985	1	26	0.793	0.582	#_MRIP_E_index
1986	1	26	0.308	0.5632	#_MRIP_E_index
1987	1	26	0.545	0.301	#_MRIP_E_index
1988	1	26	0.172	0.3682	#_MRIP_E_index
1989	1	26	0.103	0.3879	#_MRIP_E_index
1990	1	26	0.106	0.4251	#_MRIP_E_index
1991	1	26	0.267	0.3564	#_MRIP_E_index
1992	1	26	0.56	0.2747	#_MRIP_E_index
1993	1	26	0.465	0.3113	#_MRIP_E_index
1994	1	26	0.299	0.339	#_MRIP_E_index
1995	1	26	0.305	0.3682	#_MRIP_E_index
1996	1	26	0.381	0.3636	#_MRIP_E_index
1997	1	26	1.033	0.3001	#_MRIP_E_index
1998	1	26	1.559	0.2029	#_MRIP_E_index
1999	1	26	1.207	0.1727	#_MRIP_E_index
2000	1	26	1.158	0.1932	#_MRIP_E_index
2001	1	26	0.972	0.2048	#_MRIP_E_index
2002	1	26	1.517	0.201	#_MRIP_E_index
2003	1	26	1.277	0.1971	#_MRIP_E_index
2004	1	26	1.083	0.1756	#_MRIP_E_index
2005	1	26	0.845	0.1922	#_MRIP_E_index
2006	1	26	0.988	0.2077	#_MRIP_E_index
2007	1	26	2.866	0.2155	#_MRIP_E_index
2008	1	26	2.69	0.1795	#_MRIP_E_index
2009	1	26	1.708	0.2366	#_MRIP_E_index
2010	1	26	3.439	0.229	#_MRIP_E_index
2011	1	26	1.781	0.2328	#_MRIP_E_index
1981	1	27	0.253	0.7507	#_MRIP_W_index
1982	1	27	0.546	0.4647	#_MRIP_W_index
1983	1	27	1.206	0.2889	#_MRIP_W_index

1984	1	27	0.574	0.3206	#_MRIP_W_index
1985	1	27	0.25	0.3307	#_MRIP_W_index
1986	1	27	0.526	0.3169	#_MRIP_W_index
1987	1	27	0.621	0.3409	#_MRIP_W_index
1988	1	27	0.599	0.3289	#_MRIP_W_index
1989	1	27	0.56	0.3518	#_MRIP_W_index
1990	1	27	0.381	0.3178	#_MRIP_W_index
1991	1	27	0.918	0.3215	#_MRIP_W_index
1992	1	27	0.977	0.27	#_MRIP_W_index
1993	1	27	1.032	0.2804	#_MRIP_W_index
1994	1	27	1.155	0.2728	#_MRIP_W_index
1995	1	27	1.312	0.25	#_MRIP_W_index
1996	1	27	1.01	0.2529	#_MRIP_W_index
1997	1	27	0.886	0.2539	#_MRIP_W_index
1998	1	27	0.921	0.2539	#_MRIP_W_index
1999	1	27	0.552	0.2567	#_MRIP_W_index
2000	1	27	0.68	0.2586	#_MRIP_W_index
2001	1	27	0.643	0.2672	#_MRIP_W_index
2002	1	27	0.804	0.2567	#_MRIP_W_index
2003	1	27	0.667	0.2548	#_MRIP_W_index
2004	1	27	0.616	0.251	#_MRIP_W_index
2005	1	27	0.884	0.2529	#_MRIP_W_index
2006	1	27	0.711	0.2299	#_MRIP_W_index
2007	1	27	1.866	0.2453	#_MRIP_W_index
2008	1	27	1.775	0.2443	#_MRIP_W_index
2009	1	27	2.256	0.25	#_MRIP_W_index
2010	1	27	3.308	0.3048	#_MRIP_W_index
2011	1	27	2.512	0.2605	#_MRIP_W_index
1986	1	28	0.114	0.704732569	#_HBT_E_index
1987	1	28	0.125	0.705424885	#_HBT_E_index
1988	1	28	0.166	0.689376455	#_HBT_E_index
1989	1	28	0.188	0.690782393	#_HBT_E_index
1990	1	28	0.204	0.694288533	#_HBT_E_index
1991	1	28	0.243	0.697084503	#_HBT_E_index
1992	1	28	0.359	0.690079673	#_HBT_E_index
1993	1	28	0.468	0.679478977	#_HBT_E_index
1994	1	28	0.372	0.689376455	#_HBT_E_index
1995	1	28	0.313	0.690782393	#_HBT_E_index
1996	1	28	0.468	0.675920382	#_HBT_E_index
1997	1	28	0.783	0.672349228	#_HBT_E_index
1998	1	28	1.2	0.677345326	#_HBT_E_index
1999	1	28	1.149	0.673064465	#_HBT_E_index
2000	1	28	1.145	0.673779199	#_HBT_E_index
2001	1	28	1.1	0.674493429	#_HBT_E_index
2002	1	28	1.602	0.675920382	#_HBT_E_index
2003	1	28	1.443	0.675207157	#_HBT_E_index
2004	1	28	1.147	0.675920382	#_HBT_E_index
2005	1	28	1.165	0.681608117	#_HBT_E_index
2006	1	28	0.68	0.680189191	#_HBT_E_index
2007	1	28	1.44	0.701263592	#_HBT_E_index
2008	1	28	1.819	0.700568314	#_HBT_E_index
2009	1	28	3.357	0.70818922	#_HBT_E_index
2010	1	28	3.152	0.692186341	#_HBT_E_index
2011	1	28	1.798	0.810651078	#_HBT_E_index
1986	1	29	0.642	0.227042423	#_HBT_W_index
1987	1	29	0.768	0.200954069	#_HBT_W_index
1988	1	29	0.929	0.199013104	#_HBT_W_index
1989	1	29	0.812	0.194155801	#_HBT_W_index
1990	1	29	0.587	0.193183512	#_HBT_W_index
1991	1	29	0.949	0.212575746	#_HBT_W_index
1992	1	29	1.667	0.215474556	#_HBT_W_index
1993	1	29	1.691	0.206770131	#_HBT_W_index
1994	1	29	1.331	0.194155801	#_HBT_W_index
1995	1	29	1.4	0.213542315	#_HBT_W_index
1996	1	29	1.457	0.241438383	#_HBT_W_index
1997	1	29	1.577	0.213542315	#_HBT_W_index
1998	1	29	1.343	0.219335421	#_HBT_W_index
1999	1	29	0.421	0.21160888	#_HBT_W_index

2000	1	29	0.567	0.226080136	#_HBT_W_index
2001	1	29	0.821	0.289807082	#_HBT_W_index
2002	1	29	0.711	0.267161184	#_HBT_W_index
2003	1	29	0.609	0.247176132	#_HBT_W_index
2004	1	29	0.459	0.24430876	#_HBT_W_index
2005	1	29	0.507	0.242395508	#_HBT_W_index
2006	1	29	0.598	0.270950212	#_HBT_W_index
2007	1	29	1.098	0.308511365	#_HBT_W_index
2008	1	29	1.185	0.517368499	#_HBT_W_index
2009	1	29	1.24	0.290745981	#_HBT_W_index
2010	1	29	1.253	0.364546382	#_HBT_W_index
2011	1	29	1.376	0.525536175	#_HBT_W_index
#_SEAMAP groundfish index with DISL data					
1982	1	19	1.2795	0.5567	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1983	1	19	1.0482	0.6401	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1984	1	19	0.0534	0.8136	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1985	1	19	0.3899	0.399	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1986	1	19	0.046	0.919	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1987	1	19	0.585	0.2739	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1988	1	19	0.684	0.4683	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1989	1	19	2.4489	0.4525	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1990	1	19	1.0921	0.2693	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1991	1	19	1.1373	0.34	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1992	1	19	3.0769	0.4212	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1993	1	19	0.3517	0.4772	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1994	1	19	0.9481	0.3132	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1995	1	19	0.3593	0.506	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1996	1	19	0.5434	0.3517	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1997	1	19	0.7403	0.3457	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1998	1	19	0.3116	0.8449	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1999	1	19	0.1385	0.564	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2000	1	19	0.6111	0.3355	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2001	1	19	0.2328	0.5349	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2002	1	19	0.204	0.5145	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2003	1	19	0.7617	0.4981	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2004	1	19	0.6962	0.4502	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2005	1	19	1.6259	0.4769	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2006	1	19	0.3275	0.3703	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2007	1	19	2.9675	0.2804	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2008	1	19	3.7999	0.2662	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2009	1	19	0.5502	0.2608	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2010	1	19	2.4658	0.3644	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
2011	1	19	0.5233	0.3849	#_DISL_Sum_E_index
1972	1	21	3.279	0.2279	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1973	1	21	0.5331	0.1894	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1974	1	21	0.6179	0.2411	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1975	1	21	0.5142	0.2322	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1976	1	21	0.6228	0.2111	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1977	1	21	0.8583	0.2425	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1978	1	21	0.3874	0.1904	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1979	1	21	0.3081	0.2114	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1980	1	21	0.5748	0.1934	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1981	1	21	1.9983	0.1961	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1982	1	21	2.2476	0.1523	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1983	1	21	0.3182	0.2021	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1984	1	21	0.2587	0.2851	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1985	1	21	0.1183	0.3016	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1986	1	21	0.1097	0.579	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1987	1	21	0.1852	0.4056	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1988	1	21	0.2453	0.3525	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1989	1	21	3.7635	0.2824	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1990	1	21	2.1418	0.2538	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1991	1	21	2.4028	0.2184	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1992	1	21	0.1932	0.3493	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1993	1	21	1.3914	0.2864	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1994	1	21	0.3439	0.2398	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1995	1	21	0.7211	0.2317	#_DISL_Fall_E_index
1996	1	21	0.5548	0.2874	#_DISL_Fall_E_index

```

1997      1      21      0.9297    0.2988    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
1998      1      21      0.2211    0.3095    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
1999      1      21      0.6077    0.298     #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2000      1      21      1.6791    0.2376    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2001      1      21      0.5215    0.3769    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2002      1      21      0.4148    0.2964    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2003      1      21      1.2279    0.2177    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2004      1      21      0.3297    0.323     #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2005      1      21      0.7323    0.2597    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2006      1      21      2.8692    0.1853    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2007      1      21      1.8366    0.2324    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2008      1      21      0.3735    0.2942    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2009      1      21      3.0412    0.2445    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2010      1      21      0.3246    0.3558    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
2011      1      21      0.2019    0.4042    #_DISL_Fall_E_index
#

```

```

14      #_N_fleets_with_discard

```

```

#_discard_units (1=same_as_catchunits(bio/num); 2=fraction; 3=numbers)

```

```

#_discard_errtype: >0 for DF of T-dist(read CV below); 0 for normal with CV; -1 for normal with se; -2 for lognormal

```

```

#Fleet    Disc_units    err_type
1          3          -2
2          3          -2
3          3          -2
4          3          -2
5          1          -2
6          1          -2
7          1          -2
8          1          -2
9          1          -2
10         1          -2
11         1          -2
12         1          -2
13         1          -2
14         1          -2

```

```

355      #N_discard_observations

```

```

#_year    seas    index    obs    err
1990      1      1      160.529  0.5
1991      1      1      283.019  0.5
1992      1      1      70.130   0.5
1993      1      1      51.412   0.5
1994      1      1      51.153   0.5
1995      1      1      38.470   0.5
1996      1      1      75.826   0.5
1997      1      1      70.864   0.5
1998      1      1      95.073   0.5
1999      1      1      104.236  0.5
2000      1      1      142.410  0.5
2001      1      1      131.998  0.5

```

2002	1	1	178.383	0.5
2003	1	1	168.982	0.5
2004	1	1	77.097	0.5
2005	1	1	135.848	0.5
2006	1	1	106.061	0.5
2007	1	1	676.711	0.5
2008	1	1	166.436	0.5
2009	1	1	1936.860	0.5
2010	1	1	1243.613	0.5
2011	1	1	771.486	0.5
1990	1	2	514.832	0.5
1991	1	2	789.015	0.5
1992	1	2	268.014	0.5
1993	1	2	316.531	0.5
1994	1	2	314.558	0.5
1995	1	2	313.774	0.5
1996	1	2	780.752	0.5
1997	1	2	665.234	0.5
1998	1	2	780.944	0.5
1999	1	2	735.395	0.5
2000	1	2	650.846	0.5
2001	1	2	749.238	0.5
2002	1	2	729.981	0.5
2003	1	2	678.232	0.5
2004	1	2	615.041	0.5
2005	1	2	848.414	0.5
2006	1	2	434.172	0.5
2007	1	2	332.439	0.5
2008	1	2	557.104	0.5
2009	1	2	103.320	0.5
2010	1	2	267.798	0.5
2011	1	2	190.414	0.5
1990	1	3	9.785	0.5
1991	1	3	11.759	0.5
1992	1	3	2.891	0.5
1993	1	3	1.955	0.5
1994	1	3	2.330	0.5
1995	1	3	1.522	0.5
1996	1	3	2.206	0.5
1997	1	3	2.177	0.5
1998	1	3	1.701	0.5
1999	1	3	2.283	0.5
2000	1	3	2.019	0.5
2001	1	3	1.833	0.5
2002	1	3	2.214	0.5
2003	1	3	2.054	0.5
2004	1	3	2.658	0.5
2005	1	3	2.239	0.5
2006	1	3	2.911	0.5
2007	1	3	17.188	0.5
2008	1	3	2.449	0.5
2009	1	3	6.030	0.5
2010	1	3	8.337	0.5
2011	1	3	15.046	0.5
1990	1	4	0.830	0.5
1991	1	4	2.521	0.5
1992	1	4	0.400	0.5
1993	1	4	0.851	0.5
1994	1	4	1.248	0.5
1995	1	4	1.635	0.5
1996	1	4	1.398	0.5
1997	1	4	0.818	0.5
1998	1	4	0.834	0.5
1999	1	4	2.979	0.5
2000	1	4	2.137	0.5
2001	1	4	1.261	0.5
2002	1	4	1.889	0.5
2003	1	4	4.289	0.5

2004	1	4	6.574	0.5
2005	1	4	5.853	0.5
2006	1	4	5.174	0.5
-2007	1	4	0.000	0.5
2008	1	4	0.491	0.5
2009	1	4	0.166	0.5
2010	1	4	0.043	0.5
2011	1	4	0.006	0.5
1981	1	5	51.548	0.5
1982	1	5	16.659	0.5
1983	1	5	0.479	0.5
1984	1	5	25.159	0.5
1985	1	5	15.349	0.5
1986	1	5	39.599	0.5
1987	1	5	62.666	0.5
1988	1	5	64.040	0.5
1989	1	5	168.435	0.5
1990	1	5	424.721	0.5
1991	1	5	769.651	0.5
1992	1	5	847.379	0.5
1993	1	5	900.495	0.5
1994	1	5	709.312	0.5
1995	1	5	393.610	0.5
1996	1	5	878.667	0.5
1997	1	5	1703.537	0.5
1998	1	5	781.128	0.5
1999	1	5	1083.969	0.5
2000	1	5	978.455	0.5
2001	1	5	1095.368	0.5
2002	1	5	1501.272	0.5
2003	1	5	1447.141	0.5
2004	1	5	2042.088	0.5
2005	1	5	1330.296	0.5
2006	1	5	1913.881	0.5
2007	1	5	2525.639	0.5
2008	1	5	668.307	0.5
2009	1	5	937.089	0.5
2010	1	5	381.545	0.5
2011	1	5	343.198	0.5
1981	1	6	10.551	0.5
1982	1	6	14.963	0.5
1983	1	6	3.671	0.5
-1984	1	6	0.000	0.5
1985	1	6	93.093	0.5
1986	1	6	5.272	0.5
1987	1	6	15.463	0.5
1988	1	6	181.540	0.5
1989	1	6	130.008	0.5
1990	1	6	199.581	0.5
1991	1	6	343.038	0.5
1992	1	6	239.695	0.5
1993	1	6	290.434	0.5
1994	1	6	377.895	0.5
1995	1	6	558.554	0.5
1996	1	6	139.802	0.5
1997	1	6	151.141	0.5
1998	1	6	155.640	0.5
1999	1	6	333.250	0.5
2000	1	6	123.306	0.5
2001	1	6	71.470	0.5
2002	1	6	82.585	0.5
2003	1	6	266.414	0.5
2004	1	6	401.279	0.5
2005	1	6	407.268	0.5
2006	1	6	511.576	0.5
2007	1	6	292.363	0.5
2008	1	6	226.577	0.5
2009	1	6	112.597	0.5

2010	1	6	8.681	0.5
2011	1	6	67.660	0.5
1990	1	7	33.485	0.5
1991	1	7	32.514	0.5
1992	1	7	25.686	0.5
1993	1	7	27.191	0.5
1994	1	7	19.137	0.5
-1995	1	7	0.000	0.5
1996	1	7	47.357	0.5
1997	1	7	145.427	0.5
1998	1	7	163.609	0.5
1999	1	7	109.930	0.5
2000	1	7	182.937	0.5
2001	1	7	166.822	0.5
2002	1	7	247.894	0.5
2003	1	7	217.624	0.5
2004	1	7	76.453	0.5
2005	1	7	43.765	0.5
2006	1	7	267.267	0.5
2007	1	7	310.466	0.5
2008	1	7	265.668	0.5
2009	1	7	332.307	0.5
2010	1	7	103.884	0.5
2011	1	7	243.191	0.5
1981	1	8	180.326	0.5
1982	1	8	181.278	0.5
1983	1	8	180.780	0.5
1984	1	8	180.326	0.5
1985	1	8	180.326	0.5
1986	1	8	172.405	0.5
1987	1	8	172.164	0.5
1988	1	8	228.068	0.5
1989	1	8	214.371	0.5
1990	1	8	167.931	0.5
1991	1	8	194.253	0.5
1992	1	8	277.476	0.5
1993	1	8	307.239	0.5
1994	1	8	409.424	0.5
1995	1	8	260.663	0.5
1996	1	8	252.035	0.5
1997	1	8	218.917	0.5
1998	1	8	150.965	0.5
1999	1	8	56.959	0.5
2000	1	8	59.240	0.5
2001	1	8	67.759	0.5
2002	1	8	79.538	0.5
2003	1	8	90.954	0.5
2004	1	8	71.153	0.5
2005	1	8	65.633	0.5
2006	1	8	94.376	0.5
2007	1	8	90.361	0.5
2008	1	8	49.594	0.5
2009	1	8	24.940	0.5
2010	1	8	21.956	0.5
2011	1	8	17.364	0.5
1991	1	9	119.128	0.5
1992	1	9	322.519	0.5
1993	1	9	267.299	0.5
1994	1	9	395.348	0.5
1995	1	9	373.652	0.5
1996	1	9	503.041	0.5
1997	1	9	405.851	0.5
1998	1	9	418.597	0.5
1999	1	9	499.850	0.5
2000	1	9	274.811	0.5
2001	1	9	261.631	0.5
2002	1	9	153.115	0.5
2003	1	9	466.757	0.5

2004	1	9	223.617	0.5
2005	1	9	144.575	0.5
2006	1	9	100.835	0.5
2007	1	9	224.966	0.5
2008	1	9	210.951	0.5
2009	1	9	696.804	0.5
2010	1	9	51.708	0.5
2011	1	9	170.873	0.5
1991	1	10	94.685	0.5
1992	1	10	164.140	0.5
1993	1	10	78.035	0.5
1994	1	10	52.136	0.5
1995	1	10	51.757	0.5
1996	1	10	54.827	0.5
1997	1	10	80.809	0.5
1998	1	10	81.316	0.5
1999	1	10	66.659	0.5
2000	1	10	82.290	0.5
2001	1	10	65.146	0.5
2002	1	10	164.643	0.5
2003	1	10	43.403	0.5
2004	1	10	45.313	0.5
2005	1	10	32.566	0.5
2006	1	10	17.996	0.5
2007	1	10	50.944	0.5
-2008	1	10	0.000	0.5
2009	1	10	0.229	0.5
2010	1	10	3.401	0.5
2011	1	10	1.282	0.5
1997	1	11	96.636	0.5
1998	1	11	166.715	0.5
1999	1	11	194.850	0.5
2000	1	11	486.259	0.5
2001	1	11	857.661	0.5
2002	1	11	810.308	0.5
2003	1	11	549.490	0.5
2004	1	11	379.867	0.5
2005	1	11	528.889	0.5
2006	1	11	505.109	0.5
2007	1	11	468.469	0.5
2008	1	11	1308.445	0.5
2009	1	11	1036.408	0.5
2010	1	11	1097.405	0.5
2011	1	11	1160.255	0.5
1997	1	12	4.330	0.5
1998	1	12	11.571	0.5
1999	1	12	28.425	0.5
2000	1	12	76.976	0.5
2001	1	12	33.609	0.5
2002	1	12	32.776	0.5
2003	1	12	75.882	0.5
2004	1	12	110.642	0.5
2005	1	12	127.018	0.5
2006	1	12	104.763	0.5
2007	1	12	97.917	0.5
2008	1	12	190.687	0.5
2009	1	12	167.291	0.5
2010	1	12	27.372	0.5
2011	1	12	177.106	0.5
1972	-1	13	1118.000	0.1
1973	1	-13	1270.000	0.5
1974	1	-13	731.100	0.5
1975	1	-13	1188.000	0.5
1976	1	-13	1108.000	0.5
1977	1	-13	1517.000	0.5
1978	1	-13	257.400	0.5
1979	1	-13	1133.000	0.5
1980	1	-13	450.000	0.5

1981	1	-13	1283.000	0.5
1982	1	-13	1590.000	0.5
1983	1	-13	1203.000	0.5
1984	1	-13	864.800	0.5
1985	1	-13	715.300	0.5
1986	1	-13	234.500	0.5
1987	1	-13	338.800	0.5
1988	1	-13	409.200	0.5
1989	1	-13	678.500	0.5
1990	1	-13	2225.000	0.5
1991	1	-13	1897.000	0.5
1992	1	-13	1286.000	0.5
1993	1	-13	752.900	0.5
1994	1	-13	1155.000	0.5
1995	1	-13	1566.000	0.5
1996	1	-13	1200.000	0.5
1997	1	-13	1793.000	0.5
1998	1	-13	1611.000	0.5
1999	1	-13	1799.000	0.5
2000	1	-13	2183.000	0.5
2001	1	-13	2308.000	0.5
2002	1	-13	2178.000	0.5
2003	1	-13	1265.000	0.5
2004	1	-13	1402.000	0.5
2005	1	-13	615.200	0.5
2006	1	-13	1855.000	0.5
2007	1	-13	1229.000	0.5
2008	1	-13	165.300	0.5
2009	1	-13	351.400	0.5
2010	1	-13	191.700	0.5
2011	-1	-13	329.900	0.5
1972	-1	14	20680.000	0.1
1973	1	-14	14820.000	0.5
1974	1	-14	18120.000	0.5
1975	1	-14	8205.000	0.5
1976	1	-14	30050.000	0.5
1977	1	-14	11440.000	0.5
1978	1	-14	6706.000	0.5
1979	1	-14	23550.000	0.5
1980	1	-14	25660.000	0.5
1981	1	-14	54870.000	0.5
1982	1	-14	24640.000	0.5
1983	1	-14	18460.000	0.5
1984	1	-14	13400.000	0.5
1985	1	-14	10860.000	0.5
1986	1	-14	5984.000	0.5
1987	1	-14	12440.000	0.5
1988	1	-14	10110.000	0.5
1989	1	-14	10790.000	0.5
1990	1	-14	40820.000	0.5
1991	1	-14	41610.000	0.5
1992	1	-14	31720.000	0.5
1993	1	-14	34920.000	0.5
1994	1	-14	34750.000	0.5
1995	1	-14	48220.000	0.5
1996	1	-14	37760.000	0.5
1997	1	-14	27080.000	0.5
1998	1	-14	56130.000	0.5
1999	1	-14	23980.000	0.5
2000	1	-14	12320.000	0.5
2001	1	-14	24160.000	0.5
2002	1	-14	22210.000	0.5
2003	1	-14	30610.000	0.5
2004	1	-14	27990.000	0.5
2005	1	-14	12220.000	0.5
2006	1	-14	11630.000	0.5
2007	1	-14	6837.000	0.5
2008	1	-14	2714.000	0.5

2009	1	-14	3736.000	0.5
2010	1	-14	2785.000	0.5
2011	-1	-14	6273.000	0.5

#

0 #_N_meanbodywt_obs

30 #_DF_for_meanbodywt_T-distribution_like

#

#Population length bins are needed even if there are no size data

These define the resolution at which the mean weight-at-length, maturity-at-length and size-selectivity are based. Calculations use the mid-length of the population bins.

2 # length bin method: 1=use databins(read below); 2=generate from binwidth,min,max below; 3=read vector

2 # binwidth for population size comp

8 # minimum size in the population (lower edge of first bin and size at age 0.00)

110 # maximum size in the population (lower edge of last bin)

#

-0.001 #_comp_tail_compression

1.00E-07 #_add_to_comp

0 #_combine males into females at or below this bin number

50 #_Nbins for length composition data

#lower edge of each length data bin (in cm)

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

```

12      14      16      18      20      22      24      26      28      30      32      34      36      38      40      42      44      46
48      50      52      54      56      58      60      62      64      66      68      70      72      74      76      78      80
82      84      86      88      90      92      94      96      98      100     102     104     106     108     110

0      #_N_Length_obs; this can be 0 if there are no length data
#year  Seas      Flt_Svy  Gender  Part      Nsamp      N.12      N.14      N.16      N.18      N.20      N.22      N.24      N.26      N.28      N.30      N.32      N.34
      N.36      N.38      N.40      N.42      N.44      N.46      N.48      N.50      N.52      N.54      N.56      N.58      N.60      N.62      N.64      N.66      N.68
      N.70      N.72      N.74      N.76      N.78      N.80      N.82      N.84      N.86      N.88      N.90      N.92      N.94      N.96      N.98      N.100     N.102
#      N.104     N.106     N.108     N.110

21      #_N_age'_bins; these are in terms of age', not true age. Age' is estimated age taking into account any ageing bias and imprecision

# following vector is the lower edge of the integer age' for each age' bin; by starting at age' = 1, any zero-year-old fish that are in the expected values will be accumulated up
into the age 1 bin.

0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7      8      9      10     11     12     13     14     15     16     17     18
19     20

2      #_N_ageerror_definitions; these define how SS will convert true age into a distribution of expected ages to represent the effect of ageing bias and imprecision

#true_age=0      1      2      etc.,
-1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
0.001      0.845     0.552     0.517     0.661     0.860     0.800     1.035     1.008     1.141     1.579     2.019     2.019     2.019     2.019     2.019     2.310     2.310
      2.310     2.310     4.489

-1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1      -1
0.001      0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001     0.001
#      0.001     0.001     0.001

419      #_N_Agecomp_obs

2      #_Lbin_method:      1=popenbins;      2=datalenbins;      3=lengths This is needed because agecomp data can be entered for a subset of the entire length range

0      #_combine males into females at or below this bin number

# the age composition data vectors below are by age' bins, not by true age

```

#Yr	Seas	Flt/Svy	Gender	Part	Ageerr	Lbin_lo	Lbin_hi	Nsamp	datavector(female, then male)									
1991	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	178	0.00000	0.00970	0.52720	0.37950	0.02670	0.04150	0.00840	0.00670	0.00030	
1991	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
1992	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	136	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02330	0.75810	0.15170	0.05560	0.00310	0.00500	0.00000
1992	0.00320	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1993	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	153	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.32770	0.41270	0.21590	0.02330	0.01700	0.00080	0.00000
1993	0.00000	0.00000	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.17050	0.08660	0.00490	0.00170	0.00000
1994	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	151	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.36540	0.36690	0.17050	0.08660	0.00490	0.00170	0.00000
1994	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240	0.26640	0.07400	0.00980	0.00000	0.00000
1995	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	92	0.00000	0.00000	0.14860	0.49560	0.26640	0.07400	0.00980	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1995	0.00000	0.00000	0.00540	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1996	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	9	0.00000	0.00000	0.38720	0.37770	0.15340	0.08170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1996	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1997	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	32	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.39530	0.04080	0.02530	0.00560	0.00000	0.00000
1997	0.00330	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	197	0.00000	0.00000	0.07990	0.56630	0.26570	0.05290	0.00580	0.01250	0.00130	0.00000
1998	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00130	0.00000	0.00110	0.00000	0.01020	0.34600	0.11270	0.06880	0.03510	0.02000	0.00000
1999	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.11470	0.26600	0.34600	0.11270	0.06880	0.03510	0.02000	0.00000
1999	0.01700	0.01100	0.00430	0.00000	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00150	0.31000	0.17940	0.06040	0.01360	0.00810	0.00000
2000	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03650	0.38550	0.31000	0.17940	0.06040	0.01360	0.00810	0.00000
2000	0.00310	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00120	0.00600	0.16900	0.09180	0.03400	0.01280	0.00000
2001	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.09700	0.24360	0.33730	0.16900	0.09180	0.03400	0.01280	0.00000
2001	0.00600	0.00310	0.00280	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2002	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00090	0.08420	0.53370	0.16690	0.13720	0.04260	0.03010	0.00210	0.00000
2002	0.00000	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2003	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00840	0.13700	0.40310	0.29090	0.08890	0.04420	0.01320	0.00550	0.00000
2003	0.00270	0.00050	0.00100	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080	0.00030	0.00040	0.00000	0.00180	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2004	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00770	0.20100	0.32570	0.30590	0.11890	0.01710	0.01150	0.00300	0.00000
2004	0.00320	0.00000	0.00110	0.00180	0.00230	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2005	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00100	0.11100	0.44730	0.19240	0.16090	0.05890	0.01590	0.00390	0.00000
2005	0.00270	0.00270	0.00040	0.00070	0.00100	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00020	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2006	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00190	0.17390	0.38710	0.25080	0.08160	0.05490	0.03250	0.00830	0.00000
2006	0.00280	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110	0.00050	0.00050	0.00090	0.00000	0.00050	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01040	0.22720	0.51130	0.20790	0.02820	0.01050	0.00330	0.00000	0.00000
2007	0.00090	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00180	0.19930	0.35480	0.36540	0.06670	0.01050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	0.00000	0.00150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00730	0.13910	0.37950	0.31500	0.11670	0.03300	0.00640	0.00160	0.00000
2009	0.00000	0.00060	0.00020	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00070	0.09290	0.29950	0.33510	0.19380	0.05920	0.01290	0.00550	0.00000
2010	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	1	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00270	0.10450	0.13640	0.42020	0.23280	0.06910	0.02490	0.00690	0.00000
2011	0.00210	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00010	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.03583	0.33730	0.36779	0.16476	0.06317	0.02151	0.00671	0.00185	0.00000
2007	0.00066	0.00020	0.00011	0.00005	0.00004	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	166	0.00001	0.02470	0.24167	0.31125	0.22743	0.13313	0.04448	0.01204	0.00331	0.00000
2008	0.00125	0.00045	0.00018	0.00004	0.00006	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.11872	0.22248	0.27216	0.20656	0.10737	0.04509	0.01645	0.00524	0.00000
2009	0.00236	0.00101	0.00064	0.00042	0.00026	0.00023	0.00009	0.00007	0.00012	0.00006	0.00005	0.00062	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.02848	0.24901	0.30729	0.21311	0.12369	0.05293	0.01764	0.00479	0.00000
2010	0.00190	0.00051	0.00030	0.00015	0.00012	0.00003	0.00003	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	1	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01875	0.16916	0.27195	0.26102	0.15424	0.07213	0.03147	0.01077	0.00000
2011	0.00453	0.00177	0.00117	0.00075	0.00049	0.00031	0.00030	0.00014	0.00014	0.00012	0.00004	0.00075	0.13460	0.01340	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1991	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	25	0.00000	0.00000	0.66550	0.17010	0.13460	0.01340	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1991	0.00000	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00750	0.00000	0.00620	0.18570	0.09580	0.02710	0.01160	0.00600	0.00000
1992	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00610	0.66360	0.18570	0.09580	0.02710	0.01160	0.00600	0.00000
1992	0.00000	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190	0.43710	0.11860	0.01450	0.00640	0.00060	0.00000
1993	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02560	0.39620	0.43710	0.11860	0.01450	0.00640	0.00060	0.00000
1993	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00090	0.29910	0.15920	0.03400	0.01000	0.00420	0.00000
1994	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.04850	0.43810	0.29910	0.15920	0.03400	0.01000	0.00420	0.00000

-1997	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
1998	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00870	0.06440	0.45920	0.26410	0.12650	0.03100	0.02090	0.01610
	0.00440	0.00280	0.00060	0.00050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110					
1999	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00030	0.03290	0.19000	0.39020	0.22140	0.09490	0.04420	0.01650	
	0.00350	0.00420	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110						
2000	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.05380	0.42610	0.27360	0.13950	0.06800	0.02780	0.00600
	0.00210	0.00180	0.00050	0.00060	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030						
2001	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.09850	0.22620	0.30610	0.17710	0.11060	0.04580	0.02080
	0.00850	0.00320	0.00180	0.00060	0.00000	0.00050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040						
2002	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01390	0.10310	0.41000	0.20720	0.14230	0.05870	0.03730	0.01520	
	0.00420	0.00170	0.00230	0.00060	0.00060	0.00020	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00250						
2003	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00220	0.04910	0.28930	0.35850	0.13370	0.07380	0.04160	0.02970	
	0.00690	0.00420	0.00300	0.00170	0.00160	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00000	0.00180						
2004	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.05270	0.28130	0.34910	0.17990	0.05240	0.03610	0.02300	
	0.00900	0.00620	0.00280	0.00130	0.00120	0.00090	0.00060	0.00070	0.00000	0.00060	0.00000	0.00230						
2005	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00050	0.09370	0.25880	0.26470	0.18100	0.09340	0.03730	0.02240	
	0.01140	0.00800	0.00450	0.00320	0.00510	0.00370	0.00390	0.00070	0.00160	0.00260	0.00000	0.00340						
2006	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.06130	0.41690	0.26050	0.10430	0.08360	0.04230	0.01380	
	0.00650	0.00540	0.00240	0.00140	0.00080	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
2007	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.07190	0.38010	0.31970	0.09580	0.05190	0.04340	0.01720	
	0.00820	0.00380	0.00290	0.00150	0.00050	0.00110	0.00050	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00160						
2008	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02690	0.35550	0.40330	0.14050	0.03780	0.01250	0.00810	
	0.00840	0.00300	0.00170	0.00090	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080	0.00030						
2009	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02790	0.32850	0.34780	0.20350	0.06510	0.01290	0.00600	
	0.00370	0.00160	0.00040	0.00000	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040	0.00000	0.00180						
2010	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01490	0.23120	0.33950	0.26240	0.12310	0.02040	0.00360	
	0.00170	0.00040	0.00070	0.00040	0.00000	0.00040	0.00040	0.00040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00060						
2011	1	2	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.05370	0.10040	0.27590	0.30690	0.16560	0.06230	0.02090	
	0.00690	0.00240	0.00190	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00040						
2007	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00349	0.28274	0.41549	0.19545	0.06777	0.01924	0.00741	0.00280	
	0.00132	0.00079	0.00051	0.00038	0.00033	0.00030	0.00037	0.00017	0.00017	0.00018	0.00010	0.00098						
2008	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00356	0.38950	0.40843	0.12872	0.03268	0.01074	0.00644	0.00400	
	0.00278	0.00195	0.00143	0.00106	0.00105	0.00101	0.00127	0.00054	0.00056	0.00062	0.00030	0.00337						
2009	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	70	0.00000	0.00229	0.60849	0.35197	0.03724	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
2010	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00423	0.47110	0.39726	0.08777	0.00817	0.00424	0.00446	0.00389	
	0.00316	0.00268	0.00200	0.00206	0.00179	0.00133	0.00127	0.00094	0.00065	0.00052	0.00028	0.00221						
2011	1	2	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00267	0.23462	0.31133	0.18306	0.10292	0.06086	0.03538	0.01904	
	0.01225	0.00846	0.00620	0.00516	0.00373	0.00306	0.00283	0.00208	0.00110	0.00102	0.00062	0.00358						
1991	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	12	0.00000	0.00000	0.01790	0.62500	0.14290	0.14290	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.07140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1992	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	15	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.14290	0.22450	0.28570	0.14290	0.12240	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.02040	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06120						
1993	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	30	0.00000	0.00000	0.04270	0.20430	0.30600	0.25900	0.06840	0.05980	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.01710	0.00000	0.00000	0.01710	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02560						
1994	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	8	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10870	0.53260	0.17390	0.07610	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.10870	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1995	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	19	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.35780	0.46470	0.13820	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.03920	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1996	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	6	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.40000	0.30000	0.30000	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1997	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	10	0.00000	0.00000	0.07690	0.23080	0.46150	0.15380	0.07690	0.00000	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1998	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	25	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04920	0.12300	0.25820	0.31560	0.25410	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000						
1999	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	102	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03560	0.48900	0.18010	0.21120	0.03360	0.00000	
	0.03460	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01580						
2000	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	84	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03380	0.14650	0.40840	0.18200	0.09100	0.03990	
	0.04920	0.02080	0.00000	0.00750	0.00000	0.00560	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00750	0.00760						
2001	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	91	0.00000	0.00000	0.01550	0.05600	0.28900	0.28530	0.27400	0.05170	0.01900	
	0.00480	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00480						
2002	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	183	0.00000	0.02460	0.05090	0.14330	0.18740	0.13700	0.18530	0.11330	0.03160	
	0.02250	0.01690	0.00730	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00460	0.00000	0.00000	0.00730	0.00000	0.06780						
2003	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	197	0.00000	0.00000	0.00560	0.16630	0.30890	0.23670	0.10090	0.05980	0.04960	
	0.02800	0.00400	0.00360	0.00400	0.00840	0.00400	0.00320	0.00000	0.00400	0.00000	0.00000	0.01280						
2004	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01840	0.22930	0.37130	0.23030	0.07290	0.03500	0.02320	
	0.00000	0.00490	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00720						

2005	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03880	0.15070	0.31480	0.34060	0.11800	0.03050	0.00000	
	0.00000	0.00280	0.00000	0.00370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	
2006	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02210	0.09200	0.35760	0.20730	0.22780	0.05290	0.01940
	0.00420	0.00000	0.00000	0.00420	0.00840	0.00000	0.00000	0.00420	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.03520	0.07260	0.13190	0.31220	0.25460	0.11140	0.05070	0.02300	0.00000
	0.00840	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190	0.10730	0.31060	0.35390	0.09480	0.04330	0.02350
	0.01880	0.00800	0.00600	0.00580	0.00240	0.00580	0.00390	0.00430	0.00190	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00470	0.08430	0.43000	0.22390	0.19470	0.02330	0.00770
	0.01360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00510	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01270	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00560	0.08610	0.34440	0.39610	0.10900	0.04430	0.01150
	0.00310	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	3	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.03020	0.21830	0.40220	0.25090	0.06920	0.01980
	0.00710	0.00000	0.00220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	91	0.00000	0.00041	0.02863	0.19848	0.37748	0.23854	0.09511	0.03678	0.01264	0.00000
	0.00539	0.00236	0.00133	0.00078	0.00058	0.00037	0.00020	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017	0.00000	0.00042	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	3	0.00000	0.01456	0.19118	0.23192	0.38203	0.14117	0.02788	0.00700	0.00343	0.00000
	0.00041	0.00041	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00201	0.02830	0.21270	0.35425	0.22927	0.10946	0.04197	0.01260	0.00000
	0.00516	0.00159	0.00107	0.00060	0.00042	0.00019	0.00014	0.00004	0.00004	0.00004	0.00000	0.00014	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2010	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00032	0.01938	0.16668	0.33295	0.26909	0.13251	0.04961	0.01520	0.00000
	0.00683	0.00245	0.00150	0.00098	0.00079	0.00041	0.00024	0.00017	0.00010	0.00012	0.00003	0.00064	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2011	1	3	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00025	0.01447	0.13140	0.32072	0.27750	0.15065	0.06346	0.02072	0.00000
	0.00934	0.00346	0.00230	0.00154	0.00114	0.00069	0.00039	0.00025	0.00023	0.00018	0.00008	0.00123	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1991	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1992	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1993	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	29	0.00000	0.00000	0.46410	0.53090	0.00500	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1994	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1995	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1996	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1997	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1998	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00340	0.05140	0.11340	0.27570	0.10160	0.08020	0.07750
	0.04510	0.05330	0.04430	0.03180	0.03190	0.01700	0.01820	0.01980	0.00770	0.00780	0.00250	0.01730	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
1999	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	76	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.43730	0.13540	0.04890	0.00000	0.17480	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2000	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01450	0.02610	0.12640	0.15730	0.18780	0.12440	0.00000
	0.08170	0.03900	0.04370	0.03260	0.02720	0.00630	0.01300	0.01310	0.00260	0.00000	0.00290	0.10140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2001	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	179	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02080	0.04890	0.19110	0.13380	0.10980	0.00000
	0.11710	0.06170	0.06330	0.03530	0.05770	0.02200	0.01350	0.03710	0.00660	0.00840	0.01790	0.05490	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2002	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00200	0.02280	0.16860	0.08780	0.18690	0.07500	0.09630	0.07180	0.00000
	0.03960	0.04050	0.03140	0.02940	0.01790	0.02220	0.02070	0.01820	0.01890	0.00760	0.00190	0.04030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2003	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00390	0.03090	0.03090	0.07340	0.14290	0.00000
	0.08400	0.08840	0.06550	0.08840	0.04230	0.04600	0.04950	0.06670	0.03090	0.01910	0.01140	0.12600	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2004	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02310	0.14930	0.07180	0.08420	0.08610	0.07510	0.00000
	0.07560	0.07390	0.04780	0.06400	0.04460	0.04380	0.03430	0.02390	0.01360	0.01350	0.00910	0.06610	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2005	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04340	0.04990	0.15220	0.11380	0.12660	0.09210	0.00000
	0.09930	0.05250	0.04760	0.05180	0.05930	0.03750	0.01990	0.02040	0.00000	0.00650	0.00370	0.02350	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2006	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01000	0.02790	0.06970	0.12580	0.16230	0.11050	0.00000
	0.08070	0.09960	0.06260	0.05750	0.04300	0.03870	0.02420	0.01850	0.01420	0.00400	0.00610	0.04480	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2007	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00550	0.04220	0.08850	0.21320	0.17980	0.09900	0.00000
	0.08900	0.05930	0.06730	0.01670	0.03050	0.01160	0.02800	0.02520	0.00850	0.01100	0.00280	0.02220	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2008	1	4	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00310	0.03200	0.09270	0.09520	0.15950	0.16070	0.13640	0.00000
	0.08250	0.07820	0.02690	0.03670	0.00560	0.01210	0.01450	0.00870	0.00870	0.00660	0.00000	0.03970	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
2009	1	4	0															

2003	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.07270	0.33400	0.27380	0.14160	0.08560	0.04600	0.01920
	0.01390	0.00260	0.00000	0.00400	0.00320	0.00180	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040					
2004	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01200	0.27970	0.50480	0.13780	0.04150	0.01270	0.00380	0.00280
	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00110	0.00000	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00220					
2005	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00900	0.14900	0.42200	0.18990	0.10570	0.05880	0.02880	0.02050
	0.00380	0.00240	0.00140	0.00430	0.00070	0.00140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.00130	0.00000					
2006	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00130	0.12910	0.53160	0.21430	0.05520	0.03480	0.01440	0.01030
	0.00200	0.00270	0.00070	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00070	0.00100					
2007	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.23080	0.03410	0.01480	0.01000	0.00400
	0.00340	0.00150	0.00070	0.00160	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00040					
2008	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.36880	0.44840	0.10610	0.01650	0.00120	0.00360
	0.00060	0.00000	0.00320	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.01760	0.20300	0.43200	0.26080	0.06540	0.00360	0.00830
	0.00180	0.00000	0.00360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00320					
2010	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	49	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.17200	0.35100	0.30880	0.16820	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2011	1	6	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.04300	0.35620	0.30200	0.21330	0.07180	0.00510
	0.00620	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240						
1991	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.82340	0.15360	0.02300	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1992	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	78	0.00000	0.00000	0.37660	0.49720	0.06540	0.02460	0.03070	0.00550	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1993	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.51830	0.36360	0.10050	0.01080	0.00680	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1994	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.06050	0.30830	0.47060	0.11330	0.02990	0.01370	0.00190	0.00190
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1995	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	12	0.00000	0.05870	0.44890	0.16290	0.32200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00760	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1996	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	117	0.00000	0.00680	0.37740	0.53350	0.04860	0.03170	0.00000	0.00200	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1997	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	97	0.00000	0.00000	0.84440	0.11930	0.03010	0.00630	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1998	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.12990	0.71360	0.13550	0.01420	0.00310	0.00160	0.00170
	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1999	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.03450	0.54510	0.36030	0.04820	0.00560	0.00380	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00240	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2000	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	141	0.00000	0.00000	0.16400	0.52860	0.25430	0.04910	0.00000	0.00410	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2001	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00480	0.41820	0.26140	0.24000	0.05280	0.01240	0.00570	0.00000
	0.00470	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2002	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.10260	0.75910	0.06730	0.04670	0.01730	0.00620	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2003	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	73	0.00000	0.00000	0.26380	0.47950	0.24410	0.00000	0.00680	0.00100	0.00390
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2004	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	67	0.00000	0.00000	0.06900	0.44880	0.25050	0.16700	0.02480	0.02790	0.01190
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2005	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	100	0.00000	0.00000	0.12140	0.60790	0.18570	0.05810	0.02360	0.00340	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2006	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	188	0.00000	0.00100	0.27130	0.40320	0.24650	0.06870	0.00460	0.00240	0.00090
	0.00140	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2007	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.10620	0.63450	0.22010	0.01920	0.00760	0.00130	0.00710
	0.00200	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2008	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	135	0.00000	0.00000	0.01920	0.72750	0.20960	0.04370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00850	0.48900	0.31180	0.13680	0.04470	0.00660	0.00270
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2010	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00980	0.27030	0.45610	0.17250	0.06030	0.02390	0.00710
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2011	1	7	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.18440	0.37660	0.29780	0.11900	0.01520	0.00700
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2005	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.08562	0.46375	0.36916	0.06762	0.01126	0.00199	0.00043	0.00011
	0.00003	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2006	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.10412	0.47613	0.35058	0.05775	0.00868	0.00162	0.00048	0.00020
	0.00012	0.00007	0.00004	0.00004	0.00004	0.00003	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00001	0.00001	0.00006					
2007	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.06505	0.45446	0.38980	0.07557	0.01232	0.00216	0.00047	0.00011
	0.00003	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.02170	0.31418	0.39974	0.16356	0.06108	0.02506	0.00935	0.00288
	0.00120	0.00044	0.00027	0.00017	0.00011	0.00006	0.00004	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00006					

2010	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.01767	0.24806	0.35730	0.20705	0.10092	0.04286	0.01676	0.00524
	0.00212	0.00071	0.00050	0.00029	0.00020	0.00009	0.00007	0.00002	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00008					
2011	1	7	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00673	0.14961	0.37620	0.27334	0.12158	0.04647	0.01652	0.00504
	0.00210	0.00077	0.00046	0.00030	0.00027	0.00014	0.00008	0.00006	0.00003	0.00004	0.00002	0.00025					
1991	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	102	0.00000	0.00000	0.44730	0.41600	0.07670	0.04520	0.00800	0.00480	0.00200
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1992	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	26	0.00000	0.00000	0.13350	0.84770	0.00260	0.00790	0.00370	0.00380	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00080					
1993	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00380	0.26410	0.40400	0.26800	0.04470	0.01040	0.00290	0.00220
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1994	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.01130	0.42840	0.38880	0.11700	0.04310	0.00870	0.00090	0.00180
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1995	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	10	0.00000	0.00000	0.76400	0.23600	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
-1996	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
-1997	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	0	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
1998	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.06620	0.42950	0.29940	0.12750	0.04530	0.01590	0.00800
	0.00260	0.00000	0.00120	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00030	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00440					
1999	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.02680	0.34720	0.36880	0.12180	0.08180	0.01910	0.01070
	0.00280	0.01070	0.00000	0.00150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00890					
2000	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.23680	0.55170	0.13230	0.04040	0.02550	0.00780	0.00240
	0.00000	0.00080	0.00000	0.00070	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00050	0.00030	0.00000	0.00070					
2001	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	74	0.00000	0.00000	0.36670	0.28100	0.11920	0.10240	0.03900	0.06870	0.01400
	0.00450	0.00060	0.00280	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00100					
2002	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.04450	0.12660	0.51080	0.16910	0.08210	0.02960	0.03070	0.00000
	0.00380	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00090					
2003	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	140	0.00000	0.00000	0.23860	0.34650	0.23270	0.13260	0.03490	0.00000	0.01070
	0.00410	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2004	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	165	0.00000	0.00000	0.30360	0.27210	0.20010	0.12540	0.04670	0.01600	0.00370
	0.02610	0.00000	0.00250	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00370	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2005	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.30610	0.38560	0.11820	0.08550	0.07530	0.00980	0.00450
	0.00350	0.00000	0.00310	0.00850	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2006	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.14420	0.54680	0.22880	0.01890	0.01180	0.03060	0.01660
	0.00230	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2007	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	69	0.00000	0.00000	0.01990	0.55470	0.38670	0.03590	0.00270	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2008	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	133	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.18830	0.55950	0.17750	0.06230	0.01230	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.11150	0.39490	0.34770	0.09860	0.01000	0.00440
	0.00520	0.01010	0.00450	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00360	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00950					
2010	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10080	0.25760	0.36960	0.18740	0.05110	0.02400
	0.00750	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00190					
2011	1	8	0	2	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00230	0.06140	0.21000	0.31330	0.25920	0.12420	0.02090
	0.00700	0.00000	0.00170	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2007	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00329	0.06930	0.33213	0.36446	0.15571	0.04931	0.01613	0.00492
	0.00191	0.00080	0.00047	0.00032	0.00027	0.00018	0.00008	0.00007	0.00005	0.00003	0.00005	0.00052					
2008	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00117	0.07696	0.28802	0.34322	0.19126	0.06465	0.02018	0.00612
	0.00281	0.00123	0.00077	0.00060	0.00053	0.00041	0.00014	0.00013	0.00014	0.00002	0.00015	0.00149					
2009	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.00241	0.09181	0.28107	0.31363	0.19134	0.07447	0.02624	0.00902
	0.00415	0.00205	0.00106	0.00067	0.00047	0.00035	0.00015	0.00018	0.00018	0.00017	0.00001	0.00054					
2010	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00001	0.01267	0.28254	0.35550	0.17050	0.08834	0.04861	0.02565	0.00884
	0.00357	0.00113	0.00101	0.00067	0.00041	0.00020	0.00018	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00014					
2011	1	9	0	1	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00147	0.03684	0.17567	0.33449	0.26217	0.12167	0.04411	0.01311
	0.00557	0.00184	0.00114	0.00065	0.00049	0.00022	0.00015	0.00007	0.00006	0.00006	0.00000	0.00021					
2007	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	11	0.00000	0.00277	0.09002	0.40073	0.31407	0.13385	0.04253	0.01236	0.00258
	0.00061	0.00028	0.00019	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	24	0.00000	0.00039	0.01077	0.09367	0.19996	0.21738	0.16450	0.09582	0.04889
	0.03134	0.02246	0.01467	0.01254	0.01016	0.00938	0.00883	0.00676	0.00369	0.00474	0.00269	0.04136					
2010	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	93	0.00000	0.00142	0.04620	0.25766	0.29161	0.18718	0.09589	0.04552	0.02051
	0.01206	0.00767	0.00515	0.00390	0.00327	0.00304	0.00318	0.00181	0.00131	0.00151	0.00079	0.01031					
2011	1	10	0	1	2	-1	-1	68	0.00000	0.00027	0.00706	0.05896	0.11818	0.14884	0.15293	0.11654	0.07832
	0.05673	0.04483	0.03374	0.03083	0.02362	0.02077	0.01891	0.01510	0.00804	0.00812	0.00471	0.05350					
-1991	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.64706	0.30588	0.03529	0.01176	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
-1992	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.04847	0.33345	0.33348	0.23238	0.02727	0.02157	0.00054	0.00285
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					

-1993	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00251	0.44399	0.34077	0.14426	0.04812	0.00526	0.01509	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1994	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00916	0.26416	0.41488	0.18394	0.08105	0.03925	0.00499	0.00013
	0.00243	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1995	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.02431	0.27263	0.22170	0.26799	0.11184	0.05326	0.02431	0.00266
	0.01065	0.00533	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00533	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1996	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.01927	0.25483	0.53159	0.10699	0.02089	0.00943	0.02870	0.00000
	0.00943	0.01886	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1997	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.08846	0.01799	0.05100	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1998	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00081	0.00244	0.23878	0.61671	0.12015	0.01503	0.00407	0.00100	0.00100
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1999	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.03069	0.47396	0.44627	0.03588	0.01100	0.00147	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00073	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2000	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.08136	0.59251	0.26080	0.05628	0.00362	0.00181	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00181	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00181	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2001	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00053	0.32186	0.42377	0.19356	0.05186	0.00271	0.00298	0.00000
	0.00271	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2002	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00321	0.08391	0.52179	0.23009	0.08951	0.03960	0.02282	0.00518
	0.00043	0.00086	0.00043	0.00043	0.00130	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00043	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2003	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00072	0.16528	0.45808	0.28289	0.04678	0.02348	0.01367	0.00545
	0.00086	0.00029	0.00000	0.00108	0.00000	0.00029	0.00014	0.00000	0.00014	0.00000	0.00000	0.00086	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2004	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00165	0.13197	0.40516	0.27735	0.12191	0.02636	0.01833	0.00855
	0.00283	0.00094	0.00118	0.00142	0.00047	0.00000	0.00047	0.00000	0.00000	0.00024	0.00000	0.00118	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2005	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.18279	0.53235	0.16080	0.07804	0.03224	0.00577	0.00356
	0.00125	0.00125	0.00053	0.00000	0.00018	0.00089	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00036	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2006	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00283	0.14940	0.50540	0.22122	0.05870	0.03527	0.01900	0.00308
	0.00157	0.00051	0.00051	0.00051	0.00051	0.00025	0.00025	0.00025	0.00000	0.00000	0.00051	0.00025	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2007	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.09648	0.60144	0.23053	0.03684	0.01130	0.01130	0.00685
	0.00027	0.00185	0.00158	0.00000	0.00158	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2008	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.16204	0.52824	0.24616	0.05266	0.01090	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2009	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00158	0.00547	0.30249	0.39557	0.21723	0.05402	0.01541	0.00504
	0.00317	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2010	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00441	0.16408	0.47254	0.21643	0.09783	0.02875	0.01092
	0.00378	0.00063	0.00063	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2011	1	11	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00097	0.06375	0.24498	0.38012	0.21835	0.06187	0.02221
	0.00581	0.00097	0.00097	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1991	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1992	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.25341	0.56087	0.05122	0.05506	0.02887	0.02887	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02172	0.05179	0.03266	0.00574	0.00230	0.00230
-1993	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00672	0.51788	0.27461	0.15779	0.03266	0.00574	0.00230	0.00230
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1994	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00515	0.27062	0.32732	0.25773	0.10825	0.02577	0.00258	0.00258
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1995	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.60000	0.40000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1996	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1997	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1998	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00491	0.08162	0.41201	0.29265	0.12521	0.04797	0.02176	0.00866
	0.00199	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00322	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-1999	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.01504	0.31458	0.46654	0.12514	0.06279	0.00501	0.00545
	0.00545	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2000	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.05409	0.75150	0.06593	0.04733	0.04902	0.01690	0.00507
	0.00000	0.00338	0.00000	0.00169	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00169	0.00169	0.00000	0.00169	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2001	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.13699	0.20548	0.20548	0.10959	0.09589	0.15068	0.01370
	0.01370	0.01370	0.02740	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02740	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2002	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.03978	0.18243	0.44155	0.17292	0.07882	0.03027	0.03583	0.00225
	0.00706	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00631	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00278	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
-2003	1	12	0	1	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.18692	0.31491	0.24057	0.13200	0.06178	0.01916	0.02652
	0.01090	0.00104	0.00000	0.00207	0.00155	0.00104	0.00104	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00052	0				

2004	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	100	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02000	0.16000	0.10000	0.16000	0.18000
		0.08000	0.02000	0.00000	0.04000	0.06000	0.02000	0.02000	0.04000	0.00000	0.02000	0.02000	0.06000				
2006	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	62	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06452	0.06452
		0.09677	0.06452	0.00000	0.03226	0.03226	0.00000	0.22581	0.00000	0.06452	0.06452	0.03226	0.25806				
2007	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	84	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.02381	0.02381	0.00000	0.16667	0.11905	0.14286
		0.02381	0.00000	0.07143	0.02381	0.07143	0.07143	0.09524	0.00000	0.00000	0.02381	0.04762	0.09524				
2008	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	20	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.20000	0.00000	0.30000	0.10000	0.20000
		0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.10000					
2009	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	136	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.01471	0.01471	0.19118	0.08824	0.04412	0.05882
		0.07353	0.07353	0.01471	0.05882	0.04412	0.02941	0.02941	0.04412	0.00000	0.01471	0.02941	0.17647				
2010	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	66	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.12121	0.24242	0.27273	0.09091	0.03030
		0.03030	0.03030	0.00000	0.06061	0.00000	0.00000	0.06061	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.06061					
2011	1	23	0	0	2	-1	-1	200	0.00000	0.00000	0.00174	0.00521	0.03299	0.11806	0.19271	0.21528	0.08160
		0.06424	0.03472	0.04167	0.01736	0.02431	0.01042	0.01736	0.00868	0.01736	0.01389	0.01215	0.09028				
2007	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	32	0.00000	0.15023	0.44842	0.32701	0.05856	0.01087	0.00339	0.00108	0.00027
		0.00011	0.00002	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2008	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	8	0.00000	0.19501	0.46845	0.27231	0.04283	0.01358	0.00546	0.00168	0.00042
		0.00017	0.00004	0.00002	0.00001	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2009	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	94	0.00000	0.12132	0.47615	0.32482	0.05150	0.01292	0.00709	0.00357	0.00129
		0.00058	0.00024	0.00017	0.00011	0.00007	0.00005	0.00003	0.00002	0.00002	0.00000	0.00005					
2010	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	127	0.00000	0.11109	0.44544	0.35061	0.07525	0.01398	0.00285	0.00059	0.00013
		0.00003	0.00002	0.00001	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000					
2011	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	151	0.00001	0.05783	0.33367	0.38069	0.14824	0.05029	0.01518	0.00417	0.00198
		0.00173	0.00110	0.00058	0.00077	0.00091	0.00053	0.00023	0.00030	0.00000	0.00008	0.00015					
2012	1	25	0	0	2	-1	-1	44	0.00001	0.07947	0.33316	0.34555	0.14563	0.05639	0.02114	0.00857	0.00317
		0.00165	0.00095	0.00061	0.00050	0.00026	0.00035	0.00025	0.00016	0.00025	0.00010	0.00015	0.00169				

#

0 #_N_MeanSize-at-Age_obs

#

1 #_N_environ_variables

#_year	#_N_environ_obs	variable	value
1872	1	1	1
1873	1	1	1
1874	1	1	1
1875	1	1	1
1876	1	1	1
1877	1	1	1
1878	1	1	1
1879	1	1	1
1880	1	1	1
1881	1	1	1
1882	1	1	1
1883	1	1	1
1884	1	1	1
1885	1	1	1
1886	1	1	1
1887	1	1	1
1888	1	1	1
1889	1	1	1
1890	1	1	1
1891	1	1	1
1892	1	1	1
1893	1	1	1
1894	1	1	1
1895	1	1	1

1896	1	1
1897	1	1
1898	1	1
1899	1	1
1900	1	1
1901	1	1
1902	1	1
1903	1	1
1904	1	1
1905	1	1
1906	1	1
1907	1	1
1908	1	1
1909	1	1
1910	1	1
1911	1	1
1912	1	1
1913	1	1
1914	1	1
1915	1	1
1916	1	1
1917	1	1
1918	1	1
1919	1	1
1920	1	1
1921	1	1
1922	1	1
1923	1	1
1924	1	1
1925	1	1
1926	1	1
1927	1	1
1928	1	1
1929	1	1
1930	1	1
1931	1	1
1932	1	1
1933	1	1
1934	1	1
1935	1	1
1936	1	1
1937	1	1
1938	1	1
1939	1	1
1940	1	1
1941	1	1
1942	1	1
1943	1	1
1944	1	1
1945	1	1
1946	1	1
1947	1	1
1948	1	1
1949	1	1
1950	1	1
1951	1	1
1952	1	1
1953	1	1
1954	1	1
1955	1	1
1956	1	1
1957	1	1
1958	1	1
1959	1	1
1960	1	1
1961	1	1
1962	1	1
1963	1	1

1964	1	1
1965	1	1
1966	1	1
1967	1	1
1968	1	1
1969	1	1
1970	1	1
1971	1	1
1972	1	1
1973	1	1
1974	1	1
1975	1	1
1976	1	1
1977	1	1
1978	1	1
1979	1	1
1980	1	1
1981	1	1
1982	1	1
1983	1	1
1984	1	0
1985	1	0
1986	1	0
1987	1	0
1988	1	0
1989	1	0
1990	1	0
1991	1	0
1992	1	0
1993	1	0
1994	1	0
1995	1	0
1996	1	0
1997	1	0
1998	1	0
1999	1	0
2000	1	0
2001	1	0
2002	1	0
2003	1	0
2004	1	0
2005	1	0
2006	1	0
2007	1	0
2008	1	0
2009	1	0
2010	1	0
2011	1	0
#		
0	# N sizefreq methods to read	
#		
0	# no tag data	
#		
0	# no morph composition data	
#		
999	# end of file marker	

Appendix B: Stock Synthesis Control File

```
#V3.24f
#_data_and_control_files: data.ss // control.ss
#_SS-V3.24f-safe;_08/03/2012;_Stock_Synthesis_by_Richard_Methot_(NOAA)_using_ADMB_10.1
1 #_N_Growth_Patterns
1 #_N_Morphs_Within_GrowthPattern
#_Cond 1 #_Morph_between/within_stddev_ratio (no read if N_morphs=1)
#_Cond 1 #_vector_Morphdist_(-1_in_first_val_gives_normal_approx)
#
2 # N recruitment designs goes here if N_GP*nseas*area>1
0 # placeholder for recruitment interaction request
1 1 1 #_recruitment design element for GP=1, seas=1, area=1
1 1 2 #_recruitment design element for GP=1, seas=1, area=2
#
0 # N movement definitions goes here if N_areas > 1
#_Cond 1.0 # first age that moves (real age at begin of season, not integer) also cond on do_migration>0
#_Cond 1 1 1 2 4 10 # example move definition for seas=1, morph=1, source=1 dest=2, age1=4, age2=10
#
4 #_Nblock_Patterns
4 4 1 1 #_blocks_per_pattern
# begin and end years of blocks
1985 1993 1994 1994 1995 2006 2007 2011
1985 1993 1994 1994 1995 1999 2000 2011
2007 2011
2008 2011
#
0.5 #_fracfemale
3 #_natM_type: 0=1Parm; 1=N_breakpoints; 2=Lorenzen; 3=agespecific; 4=agespec_withseasinterpolate
#3 #_reference_age for Lorenzen function
#_Age_natmort_by_gender x growthpattern
1.000 1.600 0.695 0.170 0.140 0.122 0.110 0.103 0.097 0.093 0.090 0.087 0.085 0.084 0.083 0.082 0.081 0.080
0.080 0.079 0.079
#0.725 0.522773 0.431125 0.38 0.348236 0.327179 0.312616 0.30225 0.294718 0.289164 0.285023 0.278818
#0.341 0.506661 0.425543 0.38 0.351759 0.333168 0.320444 0.311505 0.305108 0.300469 0.297074 0.292321
#0.495 0.62 0.43 0.37 0.35 0.34 0.33 0.325 0.321 0.32 0.32 0.32
1 #_GrowthModel: 1=vonBert with L1&L2; 2=Richards with L1&L2; 3=age_speciific_K; 4=not implemented
0.75 #_Growth_Age_for_L1
999 #_Growth_Age_for_L2 (999 to use as Linf)
0 #_SD_add_to_LAA (set to 0.1 for SS2 V1.x compatibility)
0 #_CV_Growth_Pattern: 0 CV=f(LAA); 1 CV=F(A); 2 SD=F(LAA); 3 SD=F(A); 4 logSD=F(A)
4 #_maturity_option: 1=length logistic; 2=age logistic; 3=read age-maturity matrix by growth_pattern; 4=read age-fecundity; 5=read fec and wt from
wtatage.ss
0 0 350000 2620000 9070000 20300000 34710000 49950000 64270000 76760000 87150000 95530000 102150000 107300000 111270000
114300000 116610000 118360000 119680000 120670000 123234591
2 #_First_Mature_Age
3 #_fecundity_option: (1)eggs=Wt*(a+b*Wt); (2)eggs=a*L^b; (3)eggs=a*Wt^b; (4)eggs=a+b*L; (5)eggs=a+b*W
0 #_hermaphroditism_option: 0=none; 1=age-specific fxn
1 #_parameter_offset_approach (1=none, 2= M, G, CV_G as offset from female-GP1, 3=like SS2 V1.x)
2 #_env/block/dev_adjust_method (1=standard; 2=logistic transform keeps in base parm bounds; 3=standard w/ no bound check)
#
# Prior types (-1 = none, 0=normal, 1=symmetric beta, 2=full beta, 3=lognormal)
#_growth_parms
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE env-var use_dev dev_minyr dev_maxyr dev_stddev Block Block_Fxn
#_0.2 0.5 0.38 0.4 0 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_NatM_p_1_Fem_GP_1
7 21 9.96 9.96 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_L_at_Amin_Fem_GP_1
70 100 85.64 85.64 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_L_at_Amax_Fem_GP_1
```

```

0.05 0.8 0.1919 0.1919 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # VonBert_K_Fem_GP_1
0.01 0.5 0.1735 0.1735 -1 1 -5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # CV_young_Fem_GP_1
0.01 0.5 0.0715 0.0715 -1 1 -5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # CV_old_Fem_GP_1
0 1 0.00001673 0.00001673 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Wtlen_1_Fem
0 4 2.953 2.953 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Wtlen_2_Fem
50 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Mat50%_Fem
-1 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Mat_slope_Fem
0 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Eggs/kg_inter_Fem
0 1000 999 999 -1 1 -3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # Eggs/kg_slope_wt_Fem
0 0 0 0 -1 0 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # RecrDist_GP_1
-4 4 -0.8 -0.8 -1 1 4 0 2 1972 2011 0.1 0 0 # RecrDist_Areal
-4 4 0 0 -1 1 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # RecrDist_Area2
0 0 0 0 -1 0 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # RecrDist_Seas_1
0 0 1 1 -1 0 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 # CohortGrowDev
#
#_Cond 0 #custom_MG-env_setup (0/1)
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no MG-environ parameters
#
#_Cond 0 #custom_MG-block_setup (0/1)
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no MG-block parameters
#_Cond No MG parm trends
#
#_seasonal_effects_on_biology_parms
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_femwtlen1,femwtlen2,mat1,mat2,fecl1,fecl2,Malewtlen1,malewtlen2,L1,K
#_Cond -2 2 0 0 -1 99 -2 #_placeholder when no seasonal MG parameters
#
5 #_MGparm_Dev_Phase
#
#_Spawner-Recruitment
3 #_SR_function: 2=Ricker; 3=std_B-H; 4=SCAA; 5=Hockey; 6=B-H_flattop; 7=survival_3Parm
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
1 20 11.8 11.8 -1 1 1 #_SR_LN(R0)
0.2 1 0.99 0.99 -1 1 -4 #_SR_BH_steep
0 2 0.3 0.3 -1 1 -4 #_SR_sigmaR
-5 5 0 0 -1 1 3 #_SR_envlink
-5 5 0 0 -1 1 -4 #_SR_R1_offset
0 0 0 0 -1 0 -99 #_SR_autocorr
1 #_SR_env_link
2 #_SR_env_target_0=none;1=devs;2=R0;3=steepness
1 #do_recdev: 0=none;1=devvector;2=simple deviations
1899 #_first_year_of_main_recdevs; early devs can precede this era
2011 #_last_year_of_main_recdevs; forecast devs start in following year
4 #_recdev phase
1 # (0/1) to read 13 advanced options
0 #_recdev_early_start (0=none; neg value makes relative to recdev_start)
-5 #_recdev_early_phase
-5 #_forecast_recruitment phase (incl. late recr) (0 value resets to maxphase+1)
1 #_lambda for Fcast_recr like occurring before endyr+1
1984 #_last_early_yr_nobias_adj_in_MPD
1990 #_first_yr_fullbias_adj_in_MPD
2005 #_last_yr_fullbias_adj_in_MPD
2011 #_first_recent_yr_nobias_adj_in_MPD
1 #_max_bias_adj_in_MPD (-1 to override ramp and set biasadj=1.0 for all estimated recdevs)
0 #_period of cycles in recruitment (N parms read below)
-5 #min_rec_dev
5 #max_rec_dev
0 #_read_recdevs
#_end_of_advanced_SR_options
#

```

```

#Fishing Mortality info
0.3 # F ballpark for tuning early phases
-2001 # F ballpark year (neg value to disable)
2 # F_Method: 1=Pope; 2=instan. F; 3=hybrid (hybrid is recommended)
2.9 # max F or harvest rate, depends on F_Method
# no additional F input needed for Fmethod 1
# if Fmethod=2; read overall start F value; overall phase; N detailed inputs to read
# 5 # if Fmethod=3; read N iterations for tuning for Fmethod 3
0.05 1 14 # overall start F value; overall phase; N detailed inputs to read
#Fleet Year Seas F_value se phase (for detailed setup of F_Method=2)
1      1872  1      0.05  0.05  1
2      1880  1      0.05  0.05  1
3      1980  1      0.05  0.05  1
4      1976  1      0.05  0.05  1
5      1950  1      0.05  0.05  1
6      1950  1      0.05  0.05  1
7      1950  1      0.05  0.05  1
8      1950  1      0.05  0.05  1
9      1991  1      0.05  0.05  1
10     1991  1      0.05  0.05  1
11     1997  1      0.05  0.05  1
12     1997  1      0.05  0.05  1
13     1950  1      0.05  0.05  1
14     1946  1      0.05  0.05  1
#
#_initial_F_parms
#_LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_HLE
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_HL_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_LL_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_LL_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_MRIP_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_MRIP_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_HBT_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_HBT_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_C_Clsd_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_C_Clsd_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_R_Clsd_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_R_Clsd_W
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_Shr_E
0      1      0      0.01  0      99      -1      #_Shr_W
#
#_Q_setup
#_Q_type options: <0=mirror, 0=float_nobiasadj, 1=float_biasadj, 2=parm_nobiasadj, 3=parm_w_random_dev, 4=parm_w_randwalk,
5=mean_unbiased_float_assign_to_parm
#_for_env-var:_enter_index_of_the_env-var_to_be_linked
#_Den-dep env-var extra_se Q_type
0      0      0      0      #_HLE
0      0      0      0      #_HL_W
0      0      0      0      #_LL_E
0      0      0      0      #_LL_W
0      0      0      0      #_MRIP_E
0      0      0      0      #_MRIP_W
0      0      0      0      #_HBT_E
0      0      0      0      #_HBT_W
0      0      0      0      #_C_Clsd_E
0      0      0      0      #_C_Clsd_W
0      0      0      0      #_R_Clsd_E
0      0      0      0      #_R_Clsd_W

```

```

0      0      0      2      # Shr_E
0      0      0      2      # Shr_W
0      0      0      0      # Video_E
0      0      0      0      # Video_W
0      0      0      0      # Larv_E
0      0      0      0      # Larv_W
0      0      0      0      # Sum_E
0      0      0      0      # Sum_W
0      0      0      0      # Fall_E
0      0      0      0      # Fall_W
0      0      0      0      # BLL_W
0      0      0      0      # BLL_E
0      0      0      0      # ROV_E
0      0      0      0      # MRIP_Index_E
0      0      0      0      # MRIP_Index_W
0      0      0      0      # HBT_Index_E
0      0      0      0      # HBT_Index_W
#
# Cond 0 # If q has random component, then 0=read one parm for each fleet with random q; 1=read a parm for each year of index
# Q_parms(if_any)
# LO HI INIT PRIOR PR_type SD PHASE
-10   20    1    1    -1    1    1    # Shr_E
-10   20    1    1    -1    1    1    # Shr_W
#
# size_selex_types
#discard_options: 0=none; 1=define_retention; 2=retention&mortality; 3=all_discarded_dead
#_Pattern Discard Male Special
0      2      0      0      # HLE
0      2      0      0      # HL_W
0      2      0      0      # LL_E
0      2      0      0      # LL_W
0      2      0      0      # MRIP_E
0      2      0      0      # MRIP_W
0      2      0      0      # HBT_E
0      2      0      0      # HBT_W
0      2      0      0      # C_Clsd_E
0      2      0      0      # C_Clsd_W
0      2      0      0      # R_Clsd_E
0      2      0      0      # R_Clsd_W
0      3      0      0      # Shr_E
0      3      0      0      # Shr_W
0      0      0      0      # Video_E
0      0      0      0      # Video_W
30     0      0      0      # Larv_E
30     0      0      0      # Larv_W
0      0      0      0      # Sum_E
0      0      0      0      # Sum_W
0      0      0      0      # Fall_E
0      0      0      0      # Fall_W
0      0      0      0      # BLL_W
0      0      0      0      # BLL_E
0      0      0      0      # ROV_E
0      0      0      0      # MRIP_Index_E
0      0      0      0      # MRIP_Index_W
0      0      0      0      # HBT_Index_E
0      0      0      0      # HBT_Index_W
#
#_age_selex_types
#_Pattern ___ Male Special

```


-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_LL_W
-1	2	0.91	0.91	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_LL_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_LL_W
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_MRIP_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_MRIP_E
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_MRIP_E
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_MRIP_E
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_MRIP_E
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_MRIP_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_MRIP_W
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_MRIP_W
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_MRIP_W
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_MRIP_W
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_HBT_E
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_HBT_E
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_HBT_E
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_HBT_E
10	100	15.24	15.24	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	2	2	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_HBT_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_HBT_W
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_HBT_W
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_HBT_W
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_HBT_W
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_1P_C_Clsd_E
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_2P_C_Clsd_E
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_C_Clsd_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_C_Clsd_E
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_C_Clsd_E
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_C_Clsd_E
-1	2	0.74	0.74	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_C_Clsd_E
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_1P_C_Clsd_W
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_2P_C_Clsd_W
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_C_Clsd_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_C_Clsd_W
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_C_Clsd_W
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_C_Clsd_W
-1	2	0.87	0.87	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_C_Clsd_W
10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_1P_R_Clsd_E
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_2P_R_Clsd_E
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_R_Clsd_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_R_Clsd_E
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_R_Clsd_E
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_R_Clsd_E
-1	2	0.21	0.21	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_E
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_R_Clsd_E

10	100	10	10	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_1P_R_Clsd_W
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-3	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_2P_R_Clsd_W
0	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_3P_R_Clsd_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_Retain_4P_R_Clsd_W
-10	10	-5	-5	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_1P_R_Clsd_W
-1	2	1	1	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_2P_R_Clsd_W
-1	2	0.22	0.22	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	4	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_W
-1	2	0	0	-1	1	-4	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_DiscMort_4P_R_Clsd_W
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P8

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	3	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P4

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P20
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	4	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_W_P20
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P0

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_E_P20
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P9
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P10
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_C_Clsd_W_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P2
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P9
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P17

-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_E_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P2
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P9
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P17
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Shr_W_P20
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_E_P20
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P13

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Video_W_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P2
-30	0	-10	-10	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P9
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P17
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_E_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P2
-30	0	-10	-10	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P9
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P17
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Sum_W_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P2
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P9

-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P17
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_E_P20
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P0
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P1
-20	20	-0.1	-0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P2
-30	0	-20	-20	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P3
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P4
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P5
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P6
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P7
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P8
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P9
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P10
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P11
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P12
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P13
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P14
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P15
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P16
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P17
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P18
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P19
-20	20	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_Fall_W_P20
4	18	12	12	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_BLL_W_F1
-1	5	2	2	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_BLL_W_F2
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P0
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P1
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P2
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P3
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P4
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P5
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P6
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P7
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P8
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P9
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P10
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P11
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P12
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P13
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P14
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P15
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P16
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P17
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P18
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P19
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	#_AgeSel_ROV_E_P20
#_Cond	0	#_custom_sel-env_setup			(0/1)								
#_Cond	-2	2	0	0	-1	99	-2	#_placeholder	when	no	enviro	fxns	
1		#_custom_sel-blk_setup			(0/1)								
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4		#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1985					

10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HL_E_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_E_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HL_E_2007
-1	2	0.56	0.56	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HL_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HL_W_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HL_W_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HL_W_2007
-1	2	0.6	0.6	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HL_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_LL_E_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_E_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_LL_E_2007
-1	2	0.64	0.64	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_LL_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_1995
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-6	#_Retain_1P_LL_W_2007
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_LL_W_2007
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_1995
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-6	#_Retain_3P_LL_W_2007
-1	2	0.81	0.81	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_LL_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_E_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_E_2000

-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_MRIP_W_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_MRIP_W_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_MRIP_W_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	6	#_Retain_1P_HBT_E_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_E_2000
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1985
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1994
0	1	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_1995
0	1	0.5	0.5	-1	1	6	#_Retain_3P_HBT_E_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_E_2008
10	100	33.02	33.02	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1985
10	100	35.56	35.56	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1994
10	100	38.1	38.1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_1995
10	100	40.64	40.64	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_1P_HBT_W_2000
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1985
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1994
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_1995
-1	20	1	1	-1	1	-4	#_Retain_2P_HBT_W_2000
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_HBT_W_2008
-1	2	0.55	0.55	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_E_2008
-1	2	0.74	0.74	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_C_Clsd_W_2008
-1	2	0.1	0.1	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_E_2008
-1	2	0.11	0.11	-1	1	-4	#_DiscMort_3P_R_Clsd_W_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_E_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P1_2008

-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HL_W_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P18_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_E_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P0_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P1_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P2_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P3_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P4_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P5_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P6_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P7_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P8_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P9_2008
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P10_2008
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P11_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-2	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P12_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P13_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P14_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P15_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P16_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P17_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P18_2008

-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P19_2008
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_LL_W_P20_2008
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P1_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P2_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P3_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P4_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P5_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P6_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P7_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P8_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P9_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P10_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P11_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P12_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P13_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P14_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P15_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P16_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P17_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P18_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P19_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_E_P20_2007
-1	1	-1000	-1000	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P1_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P2_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P3_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P4_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P5_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P6_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P7_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P8_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P9_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P10_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P11_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P12_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P13_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P14_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P15_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P16_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P17_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P18_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P19_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_MRIP_W_P20_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P0_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P1_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P2_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P3_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P4_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P5_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P6_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P7_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P8_2007
-1	1	0.1	0.1	-1	1	2	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P9_2007
-1	1	0	0	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P10_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P11_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P12_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P13_2007
-1	1	-999	-999	-1	1	-1	#_AgeSel_HBT_E_P14_2007

```

-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P15_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P16_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P17_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P18_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P19_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_E_P20_2007
-1      1      -1000     -1000     -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P0_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P1_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P2_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P3_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P4_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P5_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P6_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P7_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P8_2007
-1      1      0.1      0.1      -1      1      2      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P9_2007
-1      1      0      0      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P10_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P11_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P12_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P13_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P14_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P15_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P16_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P17_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P18_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P19_2007
-1      1      -999      -999      -1      1      -1      # AgeSel_HBT_W_P20_2007
# Cond No selex parm trends
# Cond -4 # placeholder for selparm_Dev_Phase
3 #_env/block/dev_adjust_method (1=standard; 2=logistic trans to keep in base parm bounds; 3=standard w/ no bound check)
#
# Tag loss and Tag reporting parameters go next
0 # TG_custom: 0=no read; 1=read if tags exist
# Cond -6 6 1 1 2 0.01 -4 0 0 0 0 0 0 #_placeholder if no parameters
#
1 # Variance adjustments to input values
#_fleet: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 survey: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0      0
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1      1
#
7 #_maxlambdaphase
1 #_sd_offset
#
0 # number of changes to make to default Lambdas (default value is 1.0)
# Like_comp codes: 1=surv; 2=disc; 3=mnwt; 4=length; 5=age; 6=SizeFreq; 7=sizeage; 8=catch;
# 9=init_equ_catch; 10=recrdev; 11=parm_prior; 12=parm_dev; 13=CrashPen; 14=Morphcomp; 15=Tag-comp; 16=Tag-negbin
#like_comp fleet/survey phase value sizefreq_method
# 2 7 1 0.6 1
# 2 8 1 0.6 1

```

```

#
# lambdas (for info only; columns are phases)
# 0 #_CPUE/survey:_1
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_2
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_3
# 1 #_CPUE/survey:_4
# 1 #_discard:_1
# 1 #_discard:_2
# 1 #_discard:_3
# 0 #_discard:_4
# 1 #_lencomp:_1
# 1 #_lencomp:_2
# 1 #_lencomp:_3
# 0 #_lencomp:_4
# 0 #_agecomp:_1
# 1 #_agecomp:_2
# 0 #_agecomp:_3
# 0 #_agecomp:_4
# 1 #_init_equ_catch
# 1 #_recruitments
# 1 #_parameter-priors
# 1 #_parameter-dev-vectors
# 1 #_crashPenLambda
0 # (0/1) read specs for more stdev reporting
# 0 1 -1 5 1 5 1 -1 5 # placeholder for selex type, len/age, year, N selex bins, Growth pattern, N growth ages, NatAge_area(-1 for all), NatAge_yr, N
Natages
# placeholder for vector of selex bins to be reported
# placeholder for vector of growth ages to be reported
# placeholder for vector of NatAges ages to be reported
999

```

Appendix C: Stock Synthesis Starter File

```

#Control file for red snapper
#Stock Synthesis Version 3.24j
rsnapper.dat
rsnapper.ctl
0 # 0=use init values in control file; 1=use ss3.par
1 # run display detail (0,1,2)
1 # detailed age-structured reports in REPORT.SSO (0,1)
0 # write detailed checkup.sso file (0,1)
0 # write parm values to ParmTrace.sso
0 # report level in CUMREPORT.SSO (0,1,2)
1 # Include prior_like for non-estimated parameters (0,1)
1 # Use Soft Boundaries to aid convergence
1 # Number of bootstrap datafiles to produce
10 # Turn off estimation for parameters entering after this phase
1000 # MCMC burn interval
100 # MCMC thin interval
0 # jitter initial parm value by this fraction
-1 # min yr for sdreport outputs (-1 for styr)
-2 # max yr for sdreport outputs (-1 for endyr; -2 for endyr+Nforecastyrs)
0 # N individual STD years
0.0001 # final convergence criteria
0 # retrospective year relative to end year
2 # min age for calc of summary biomass
1 # Depletion basis: denom is: 0=skip; 1=rel X*B0; 2=rel X*Bmsy; 3=rel X*B_styr
1 # Fraction (X) for Depletion denominator
4 # (1-SPR)_reporting: 0=skip; 1=rel(1-SPR); 2=rel(1-SPR_MSY); 3=rel(1-SPR_Btarget); 4=notrel
2 # F_std reporting: 0=skip; 1=exploit(Bio); 2=exploit(Num); 3=sum(frates)
0 # F_report_basis: 0=raw; 1=rel Fspr; 2=rel Fmsy ; 3=rel Fbtgt
999

```

Appendix D: Stock Synthesis Forecast File

```

#C generic forecast file
#V3.20b
# for all year entries except rebuilder; enter either: actual year, -999 for sty, 0 for endyr, neg number for rel.endyr
1 # Benchmarks: 0=skip; 1=calc F_spr,F_btgt,F_msy
#it calculates targets at MSY, SPR, and biomass targets all independently during model run
2 # MSY: 1= set to F(SPR); 2=calc F(MSY); 3=set to F(Btgt); 4=set to F(endyr)
0.26 # SPR target (e.g. 0.40)
0.3 # Biomass target (e.g. 0.40)
2008 2011 2008 2011 2008 2011 # Bmark_years: beg_bio, end_bio, beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF (enter actual year, or values of 0 or -integer to
be rel. endyr) - use range of year where there was not change in any time varying processies, i.e. time varying change in selectivity, chagne in R0, etc.
1 #Bmark_relF_Basis: 1 = use year range; 2 = set relF same as forecast below
0 # Forecast: 0=none; 1=F(SPR); 2=F(MSY) 3=F(Btgt); 4=Ave F (uses first-last relF yrs); 5=input annual F scalar
21 # N forecast years
0.2 # F scalar (only used for Do_Forecast==5)
2009 2011 2009 2011 # Fcast_years: beg_selex, end_selex, beg_relF, end_relF (enter actual year, or values of 0 or -integer to be rel.endyr) # the last
years to use F - typically use the last three years!
2 # Control rule method (1=catch=f(SSB) west coast; 2=F=f(SSB) ) # leave alone
0.01 # Control rule Biomass level for constant F (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.40) - leave this alone, this is west coast thing
0.001 # Control rule Biomass level for no F (as frac of Bzero, e.g. 0.10) - leave this alone, this is west coast thing
1.0 # Control rule target as fraction of Flimit (e.g. 0.75) # this is to do the F at OY - i.e. the 75 percent of Fmsy
3 # N forecast loops (1-3) (fixed at 3 for now) # leave alone
3 #_First forecast loop with stochastic recruitment # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #3 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #4 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
0 #_Forecast loop control #5 (reserved for future bells&whistles) # leave alone
#get final 2012 landings info from data: commecial get from IFQ page, recreation may not be final and may have to do some hole filling - get with Vivian
on this.
2013 #FirstYear for caps and allocations (should be after years with fixed inputs) # thsi is the year when to start the projections - remember
triggefsh, when we added the landings from the last year sicne they wanted managment advice from current year
0 # stddev of log(realized catch/target catch) in forecast (set value>0.0 to cause active impl_error)
0 # Do West Coast gfish rebuilder output (0/1)
2013 # Rebuilder: first year catch could have been set to zero (Ydecl)(-1 to set to 1999)
2012 # Rebuilder: year for current age structure (Yinit) (-1 to set to endyear+1)
#this is how we allocate fishing effort and mortality with the fleets - i.e we want a fixed effort for the shrimp fleets and constant level of closed
season discards in the projections going forward - talk with Jake about how to do this
1 # fleet relative F: 1=use first-last alloc year; 2=read seas(row) x fleet(col) below
# Note that fleet allocation is used directly as average F if Do_Forecast=4
# this will just give you retained biomass and won't have to back out the discards
3 # basis for fcast catch tuning and for fcast catch caps and allocation (2=deadbio; 3=retainbio; 5=deadnum;6=retainnum)
# Conditional input if relative F choice = 2
# Fleet relative F: rows are seasons, columns are fleets
# Fleet: FISHERY1
# 1
# max totalcatch by fleet (-1 to have no max)
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1
# max totalcatch by area (-1 to have no max)
-1 -1
# fleet assignment to allocation group (enter group ID# for each fleet, 0 for not included in an alloc group)
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
#_Conditional on >1 allocation group
# allocation fraction for each of: 0 allocation groups
# no allocation groups
0 # Number of forecast catch levels to input (else calc catch from forecast F)
3 # basis for input Fcast catch: 2=dead catch; 3=retained catch; 99=input Hrate(F) (units are from fleetunits; note new codes in SSV3.20)
# Input fixed catch values

```

May 2013

Gulf of Mexico Red Snapper

```
#Year Seas Fleet Catch(or_F)
#2012 1 1 112.565
#2012 1 2 68.27
#2012 1 3 48.6321
999 # verify end of input
```