# **Headboat Data Evaluation**

National Marine Fisheries Service – Southeast Fishery Science Center Beaufort Laboratory

SEDAR41-DW46

Submitted: 20 July 2015



This information is distributed solely for the purpose of pre-dissemination peer review. It does not represent and should not be construed to represent any agency determination or policy.

Please cite this document as:

National Marine Fisheries Service, Southeast Fishery Science Center, Beaufort Laboratory. 2015. Headboat Data Evaluation. SEDAR41-DW46. SEDAR, North Charleston, SC. 686 pp.

# Headboat Data Evaluation SEDAR 41-DW 46

National Marine Fisheries Service Southeast Fishery Science Center Beaufort Laboratory

#### **Executive summary**

The Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS), administered by the NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC), has operated along the southeast coast of the U.S. (hereafter South Atlantic) since 1972 and in the Gulf of Mexico since 1986. For South Atlantic waters, the survey is the longest continuous time series of recreational fisheries data, and SRHS data are used in stock assessments for a suite of reef-associated and pelagic species managed by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council. For many stocks in the South Atlantic, the SRHS CPUE index is the only source of abundance information before 1992, covering a critical time period in the exploitation history of those species. The SRHS involves industry-reported catch and effort data submitted to headboat personnel (referred to as "logbooks", "catch records", or "trip reports", currently required for all trips), as well as catch, effort and biological data collected at the docks by SRHS port samplers (a subset of trips).

The SEDAR 41 Data Workshop (DW) for South Atlantic Red Snapper and Gray Triggerfish was held on 4-8 August 2014, during which SRHS data were discussed and were anticipated to be an important data source for both assessments. On 27 August 2014, several industry representatives submitted a SEDAR working document that questioned the previous DW decisions (Nelson et al. 2014, SEDAR41-DW40). SEDAR41-DW40 asserted that SRHS data prior to 1992 were unreliable and should not be used in the assessments, because of (1) errors in industry-reported data in the 1970s and 1980s (e.g., late, intermittent, or fabricated reporting in addition to any recall bias), and (2) regulatory changes over time in the red snapper fishery. These assertions have the potential to affect all stock assessments that use SRHS data. In response to SEDAR41-DW40, the SEDAR41 process was put on hold to allow the SEFSC time to investigate the assertions in the working paper, and ultimately to correct the database if any misreporting was found.

This document describes a comprehensive evaluation of the SRHS program and South Atlantic data in response to the SEDAR41-DW40 assertion of industry-reported data errors, with resulting recommendations for the use of SRHS data in support of South Atlantic stock assessments. This document is a smaller version of a larger report that contains the full evaluation of the confidential database for all species and vessels over all areas and years. The

larger report cannot legally be made publically available, because of the confidential data it contains; however, this document reports the findings without compromising the confidentiality of the SRHS data.

The potential effect of regulatory changes over time on the quality and utility of SRHS data is not an issue with the data collection program, but rather pertains to the use of the data (e.g., making inferences about factors underlying changes in CPUE over time). That issue should be addressed during SEDAR data workshops (as it was in SEDAR41), and therefore is not addressed in this document.

We found no evidence of chronic misreporting by vessels, no evidence of apparent temporal trends in potentially misreported data, and minimal spatial trends in potentially misreported data. We identified minimal obvious erroneous data (161 extreme outliers), all of which have been corrected or removed from the database. Data filtering for use in index standardization has removed erroneous data in the past, but removing the extreme outliers from the database will prevent any potential inclusion of those data in the future. Relatively few data outliers (potentially erroneous data, rather than extreme outliers) were identified, nearly all of which were explained upon further investigation. There were no apparent temporal trends in the outliers or underreporting identified. From a spatial perspective, while small in scale, the majority of issues were observed in South Florida data, but do not come from any vessel in particular.

We recommend continuing to apply standard data filtering methods when creating a species-specific index of abundance index. The Recommendations section below provides tools to improve the SRHS data program and data use based on the analyses contained in this report. Following those recommendations will ensure the best collection and use of the SRHS data.

The larger, confidential report was reviewed by five scientists external to the Beaufort Laboratory who had no involvement in creating the report. The external reviewers included one scientist from within the Southeast Fisheries Science Center (but from a different laboratory), two scientists from the Northeast Fisheries Science Center, and two scientists from the Marine

Recreational Information Program. The summary conclusions of those reviewers stated that the larger report met its objectives and that the conclusions were supported by the analyses.

# 1. Background and Introduction

The Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS) is administered by the NMFS Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) and has operated along the southeast coast of the United States (hereafter South Atlantic) since 1972 and in the Gulf of Mexico since 1986. The survey is the longest continuous time series of recreational fisheries data for South Atlantic waters. SRHS data are frequently used in stock assessments for a suite of reef-associated and pelagic species managed by the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council. For many stocks in the South Atlantic, the index of relative abundance computed from SRHS data is the only source of abundance information prior to 1992, covering a critical time period in the exploitation history of those species. The SRHS is composed of industry-reported catch and effort data (referred to as "logbooks," "catch records," or "trip reports") for all headboat trips, as well as catch, effort and biological data collected dockside by SRHS port samplers for a subset of trips.

The SEDAR 41 Data Workshop (DW) for South Atlantic Red Snapper and Gray Triggerfish was held on 4-8 August 2014, during which SRHS data were discussed and were anticipated to be an important data source for both assessments. On 27 August 2014, several industry representatives submitted a SEDAR working document that questioned the previous DW decisions (Nelson et al. 2014, SEDAR41-DW40). SEDAR41-DW40 asserted that SRHS data were unreliable prior to 1992 and should not be used in the assessments due to (1) errors in industry-reported data in the 1970s and 1980s (e.g., late, intermittent, or fabricated reporting in addition to recall bias), and (2) regulatory changes over time in the red snapper fishery. Because the assertions had the potential to affect all stock assessments that use SRHS data, SEDAR41 was suspended until a thorough investigation of the assertions and the SRHS database could be conducted, and any errors corrected.

This document describes a comprehensive SRHS programmatic evaluation and data assessment for South Atlantic waters, with resulting recommendations for the use of SRHS data in support

of stock assessments. The potential effect of regulatory changes over time (2 above) on the quality and utility of SRHS data is not related to the actual data collection program, but pertains to the use of the data for particular stock assessments (e.g., computing and interpreting indices of relative abundance). Because regulatory changes are ongoing and are specific to particular stocks, they should be addressed during SEDAR data workshops (as was done during SEDAR41), and therefore are not addressed in this report. This report focuses on identifying widespread and chronic misreporting (1 above) that would potentially bias stock assessment inputs that are computed from those data (e.g., landings, indices of abundance), as well as identifying otherwise erroneous data in the SRHS database.

#### 2. Methods

Both programmatic and analytical approaches were pursued in evaluating the SRHS sampling methodology and database. The programmatic component involved an assessment of SRHS sampling protocols and policies relevant to data quality control and the ability to detect misreported or otherwise erroneous data. The analytical component involved a suite of quantitative approaches designed to identify "outlier" data and to compare industry-reported and port sampler-collected data over time and space. Both programmatic and analytical components are described in more detail below. A third option was also considered: a scientific survey of SRHS headboat captains to assess the extent and nature of potential misreporting. Inquiries with two experts in the field of social science indicated that such a survey would not be productive due to multiple factors, including recall bias (which would require re-collections over decades), difficulty in developing a statistically valid sampling design (e.g., many of the captains from the 1970s and 1980s are deceased), and competing incentives to respond honestly or dishonestly to survey questions about misreporting. Thus, a survey option was not pursued.

# **2.1 Programmatic Component** - Description and History of the NMFS SEFSC Southeast Region Headboat Survey

#### 2.1.1 Overview

The Southeast Region Headboat Survey (SRHS), administered by National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) personnel based at the Beaufort, NC NOAA Laboratory has operated along the South Atlantic coast since 1972 and along the

U.S. Gulf of Mexico coast since 1986. The survey is the longest continuous time series of recreational fisheries data from federal waters on the U.S. east coast, and the second longest time series for the U.S. Gulf of Mexico coast (behind the NMFS Marine Recreational Fisheries Statistics Survey / Marine Recreational Information Program, initiated along the Gulf Coast in 1981).

The SRHS provides multiple products to fishery managers through its data collection programs. For example, annual SRHS landings estimates by species, area and month are generated for all species encountered in the survey. These landings estimates are an important data source for stock assessments of federally managed fishery species in South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico waters. SRHS logbook data are used to develop species-specific indices of relative abundance for use in stock assessments. Additionally, lengths, otoliths (for ages), and gonads (for maturity and reproductive parameters) collected by SRHS port agents are used as inputs to stock assessment models and in life history studies.

# 2.1.2 Development of the headboat fishery

Headboats (also referred to as "party boats") are defined by the SRHS program as vessels that carry more than six passengers, charge a per-angler ("by the head") fee, and target reef fish and coastal migratory pelagic species. The headboat fishery developed in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico in the 1920s and 1930s. Headboat operations were located in coastal areas such as Morehead City and Carolina Beach, NC; Little River, Murrells Inlet, and Charleston, SC; Mayport, St. Augustine, Ponce Inlet, Jupiter, Miami, Key West, Cortez, and Panama City, FL; and Galveston, TX. During this early period, headboat captains often fished commercially during times when tourist activity was low, and operated headboat trips during periods of high tourist activity. Most vessels were wooden and fished within sight of land (i.e., close to shore). Following World War II (1939-1945), U.S. Navy PT boats and other similar vessels became available as surplus that could be purchased by the public. These vessels were technologically advanced for this time period, with significant horsepower and steel hulls that were capable of carrying many passengers. From the 1940s through the 1960s the headboat fishery steadily developed, expanding geographically and in the number of vessels participating in the fishery. Ellis (1958) estimated that in 1955 there were 164 headboats operating in Florida waters, 83 on

the east (Atlantic) coast of Florida and 81 on the west (Gulf of Mexico) coast of Florida. Huntsman (1976) reported that ~ 25 headboats operated from Cape Hatteras, NC to Charleston, SC from 1972 to 1973. Estimates of the annual number of headboats operating in the South Atlantic have fluctuated since the early 1970s (see next section and Table 1). A decline in the number of headboats began in the early 2000s, likely due to multiple factors, including declining fish stocks, more restrictive regulations, and other economic factors (i.e., high operational costs, increases in the number of private fishing vessels).

# 2.1.3 History of the Southeast Region Headboat Survey

Prior to 1970, exploration of the continental shelf off of North Carolina and South Carolina was oriented to the discovery of commercially fishable concentrations of demersal fishes and usually avoided areas with bottom that was not amenable to commercial trawl gear (Huntsman 1976). Dr. Gene R. Huntsman, a scientist (now retired) with the NMFS SEFSC, recognized that the recreational headboat fishery accounted for significant landings of a variety of species (e.g., 1.6 million pounds of marketable fish landed in 1973 from the Carolinas; Huntsman 1976), and that sampling the fishery was an excellent opportunity to collect catch data of species such as snappers (Lutjanidae), groupers (Serranidae), grunts (Haemulidae), porgies (Sparidae) and jacks (Carangidae). As a result, Dr. Huntsman initiated the SRHS in 1972 in North Carolina and South Carolina. The survey expanded to Georgia and northeast Florida (Nassau-Indian River counties) in 1976, and then to southeast Florida (St. Lucie-Monroe counties) in 1978. The number of headboats participating in the SRHS by year for South Atlantic waters is listed in Table 1. The SRHS extended to the Gulf of Mexico in 1986, with sampling from Naples, FL to South Padre Island, TX. In recent years the number of headboats has been relatively constant in both the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico, with approximately 70-80 vessels operating in each region.

The original SRHS survey design incorporated both logbook reporting by headboat personnel and dockside sampling by NMFS SEFSC port agents, the same general approach currently used. After Dr. Huntsman's departure as SRHS coordinator in 1995, the SRHS was coordinated by Bob Dixon (1995-2006) and then by Ken Brennan (2006-present).

#### 2.1.4 Survey design and data collection

The SRHS is divided into discrete geographic/statistical areas to which headboat trips and associated catches are assigned (Figure 1). SRHS port agents are responsible for sampling headboats operating in single or multiple statistical areas. The main components of the survey are a dockside intercept sampling program (DISP), the logbook or trip report, and the headboat activity report (HAR).

#### 2.1.4.1 Dockside Intercept Sampling Program (DISP)

The DISP is used to obtain length and weight data from landings to determine the size distribution and mean size of species landed in the headboat fishery. Port agents also collect otoliths and gonads to characterize the age distributions, sex ratios, and reproductive parameters of species landed in the fishery. Port agents may collect other biological samples (e.g., stomachs, fin clips) in support of research or management needs (e.g., trophic interactions and stock structure studies). The SRHS has been a primary source of fishery-dependent data for age and growth studies that are used as inputs for stock assessments in the southeast U.S. During 1972-1991 the SRHS was the only fishery-dependent source of age and growth samples for life history studies in the South Atlantic (sampling of the commercial sector began in 1992). The dataset containing data collected from the DISP is referred to as the bioprofile (BP) dataset.

The survey design for the DISP can best be described as a systematic opportunistic design. Each port agent assigned to a particular area is required to sample all headboats within their area of responsibility in a systematic rotation, ideally sampling each vessel at least once each month during periods of operation. In some areas, headboat trips occur year-round, while in other areas there are periods (typically winter) during which no trips occur. There is considerable variation in the operational schedules of individual vessels and it is rare that agents are able to sample vessels in an exact and repeatable rotation. Consequently, SRHS port agents have the latitude to adjust their sampling schedules to ensure sampling of all vessels approximately the same number of times each month during periods of operation.

When conducting dockside intercept sampling, port agents are instructed to identify themselves as NMFS port agents conducting a survey of headboat fishing. They are further instructed to

identify and select anglers with unusual, uncommon or rare fishes in their catches (on stringers, in coolers, etc.). The rationale for this approach is that if catches with uncommon fishes are selected, sufficient numbers of more common species will likely be obtained as well. Port agents are instructed to measure and weigh all fishes from selected catches. However, once they have measured 10 fish of a given species, they are not required to (but may if time allows) measure additional individuals of that species from additional catches sampled from that trip. This approach allows port agents to spend more time collecting information on less common species while collecting sufficient information on more common species.

Upon obtaining an angler's catch for sampling, the port agent measures and weighs individual fish using an electronic fish measuring board connected to an electronic balance. All measurements are recorded into computer memory for later download and editing. While sampling, the port agent often performs education and outreach functions by answering bystanders' questions about the SRHS, fish biology and ecology, and fisheries regulations and management.

## 2.1.4.2 Logbooks

The second component of the SRHS is the logbook, commonly called the catch record or trip report. The logbook component was originally designed to be a census, but fluctuations in reporting cooperation have resulted in changes in methodology over time (e.g., addition of corrections for non-reporting). The survey has always asked or required (see below) vessel personnel to complete self-reported trip reports of catch and effort for each trip. From 1972-2012, the mechanism used by captains and crew to report catch and effort was a single-page, paper logbook form. The paper form originally (in 1972) used in NC and SC listed several of the most commonly caught species in NC and SC (Appendices 1 and 2). As the survey expanded in the South Atlantic and later into the Gulf of Mexico, the logbook form was altered to reflect the species typically caught in specific geographic areas. Unique forms were created for North Carolina to northeast Florida, southeast Florida, southwest Florida, northwest Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, and Texas. Due to the limited amount of space, the form for each geographic area reflected only those species that were most likely to be caught in that area. The area-specific forms changed several times to accommodate additional data elements (Appendix 1 and 2). The

most recent change in 2004 included the addition of fields for the number of anglers who fished on a particular trip, the number of fish released alive, and the number of fish released dead.

In 2009 the SRHS conducted a pilot project, "Phase I: Implementation of Electronic Logbooks on Headboats Operating in the U.S. South Atlantic," to test the feasibility of developing an electronic logbook reporting system. The PC-based software was installed on eight vessels in the South Atlantic; two in NC, two in SC, one in GA, and three in FL. The project was concluded in November 2010. The results from this project and feedback from captains were favorable regarding the application and ease of use of the electronic logbooks. Project results indicated that electronic reporting would streamline data collection and facilitate the timely completion of data analysis and provision of results to support stock assessments and fishery management.

The SRHS received fiscal year 2012 funding from the Marine Recreational Information Program Operations (MRIP) Team to continue the electronic reporting pilot project with a project entitled "Phase II: Survey-Wide Implementation of Electronic Logbook (eLog) Reporting on Headboats Operating in the U.S. South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico." The objective of this project was to develop and implement a Web-based portal and mobile application for electronic logbook data entry in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico headboat sector. This project included software development by a contractor to include additional features of the web-based data form that would be useful to users and scientists (e.g., depth, geographic location, maps). The software contractor and SRHS staff provided technical support to all participants during each stage of the transition process. These procedures were tested for the first 60 days of the project and implemented on January 1, 2013.

Since implementation in 2013, the eLog has been updated several times, and most updates have been minor adjustments on the "back end" of the program that did not affect the user. The most significant update that did impact the user was in August 2014, when four socioeconomic fields were added; number of paying passengers, number of crew, fuel used and price per gallon of fuel. Currently the eLog requires the following fields to be completed for each trip; date(s) and duration of the fishing trip; vessel and captain's name; number of anglers and number of paying

passengers; number of crew, number of gallons of fuel used and price per gallon of fuel; geographic location of fishing activity in latitude and longitude (optional point and click maps); minimum, maximum and primary depth fished; number of individuals of each caught species that were kept; and number of individuals of each caught species that were released either alive or dead (Appendix 2).

# 2.1.4.3 Headboat Activity Report

The third component of the SRHS is the headboat activity report (HAR). Port agents record all known information about a vessel's activity (trip date, trip type, and number of anglers) on the headboat activity report (HAR), regardless of whether a trip was sampled under the DISP. These observations are used to track compliance and to correct for misreporting. HAR observations are collected by multiple methods, including direct observation, contacting the ticket office to confirm activity, observations made by samplers from other surveys (ex: MRIP samplers), and in recent years by checking websites for fishing trips.

# 2.1.5 Reporting and Compliance

During 1972-1995 logbook reporting was voluntary for headboats participating in the SRHS. Starting in 1972, as part of the strategy to encourage captains to report, participating vessels in the South Atlantic were paid for reporting. The amount of payment was related to the length of a trip, which in turn affected the size and complexity of the catch. Vessel personnel were paid \$1.50 for each record of a "full day" trip, \$1.25 for a "three-quarter" day trip and \$1.00 for a "half" day trip (Dixon and Huntsman unpublished). When the survey began in the Gulf of Mexico (1986), this strategy was never initiated, and so captains submitted logbooks strictly on a voluntary basis. Payment for participation in the South Atlantic survey continued until logbook reporting became mandatory in 1995 with Amendment 7 to the Snapper-Grouper Fishery Management Plan (Code of Federal Regulations 646.4). This amendment required charter vessels and headboats to be in possession of a permit in order to fish for snapper and grouper. As a condition of this permit, the reporting requirements (FR 622.5) state "charter vessel/headboat owners and operators that if selected to report by the Science and Research Director (SRD), must maintain a fishing record for each trip." The rule further states that

headboats are required to report on a monthly basis by submitting trip reports within seven days of the end of each month.

Although the reporting requirements established in CFR 646.4 clearly state that reporting is mandatory, enforcement has been difficult. Since the implementation of these requirements, SRHS staff has consistently worked with headboat captains and vessel staff to collect trip reports before any enforcement action is taken. Under CFR 622.5, reporting compliance is required in order to possess a charter vessel/headboat permit. As a consequence for non-reporting, a vessel's permit renewal can be placed on hold until all delinquent records are submitted. This measure was not strictly enforced until 2008, when SRHS staff worked with NOAA General Counsel and the NMFS Southeast Regional Office (SERO) Permit Office to develop specific protocols for holding vessel owners/captains accountable for non-reporting. This approach included drafting a selection letter to inform vessel owners that their vessel was selected to participate in the SRHS. These letters are sent by certified mail to each headboat owner in the southeast region on an annual basis. If the certified letter is not picked up at the post office, it is hand delivered by the port agent. A second measure that improved compliance was to develop a system for "flagging" vessels that are not compliant with the Permit Office. This mechanism enables Permit Office staff to identify headboats that are non-compliant and effectively restrict the renewal of federal permits for those vessels. These efforts had a noticeable effect on reporting compliance in recent years (Table 2; Figure 2).

The South Atlantic has "open access permits," which allows charter\headboat owners to apply for a permit for a new vessel or a renewal if their current permit expires. This allows owners considerable flexibility to enter or leave the charter or headboat fishery at any time. Consequently, this reduces the leverage the SRHS has on non-compliant vessels in the South Atlantic, as they are able to exit and enter the fishery by other means.

From 1995 to 2013 reporting requirements were unchanged. On December 27, 2013 and February 3, 2014, NOAA published a final rule for the For-Hire Reporting Amendment which modified headboat reporting requirements for the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico respectively (50 CFR Part 622 Federal Register / Vol. 78, No. 249 / Friday, December 27, 2013

and Federal Register / Vol. 79, No. 22 / Monday, February 3, 2014 / Rules and Regulations). The notable changes include when and how to report. By January 27, 2014 and March 5, 2014 the legal framework was completed by the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Councils, respectively; this ensured that electronic logbook reporting is the accepted procedure, as well as to ensure that timely and complete reporting is required to possess and maintain a forhire permit in the applicable fisheries. The rule (1) requires headboat personnel to submit fishing records to the Southeast Fisheries Science Center (SEFSC) on a weekly basis, or at intervals shorter than a week if notified by the SRD, (2) changes the method of submitting paper forms by mail to submitting electronically (i.e., internet), and (3) prohibits headboat owners and operators who are delinquent in submitting reports from continuing to harvest or possess snapper grouper, dolphin, wahoo, reef fish, and coastal migratory pelagic species until they have submitted the required reports.

#### 2.1.6 Data Management

#### 2.1.6.1 Database formats

Data management practices from the early years of the survey are not well documented. Survey trip reports (logbook), bioprofiles (from DISP surveys), and HAR information were recorded on paper forms. All landings estimates, angler effort estimates, and correction factors were calculated manually. From 1972 to the late 1980s all SRHS data were entered into a dBase database (see http://www.dbase.com/) by SRHS staff.

Beginning in the late 1980s the trip reports were sent to a data entry contractor. The trip report data were entered into two files, the MASTER file which contained the trip information and the CATCH file which contained the trips' catch information. These files were returned to the SRHS, at which point dBase was used to merge the MASTER and CATCH files into the catch record (CR) database files. While the trip reports were sent to the data entry contractor, data from the DISP (which comprised the bioprofile (BP) database) continued to be processed inhouse by the SEFSC.

Port agents in most areas began using electronic fish measuring boards (FMBs) for DISP surveys in 1986. Those port agents that did not use FMBs recorded bioprofile data on paper forms which

were sent to Beaufort, NC for entry into electronic format by SRHS staff. FMB data files were downloaded and copied onto minitapes (1986-87) or 3.5mm floppy discs (1987-early 2000s) which were mailed to SRHS staff in Beaufort. In the early 2000s the FMB text files were emailed directly to SRHS staff in Beaufort. A CLIPPER (MS DOS-based programming language) program was used to extract the FMB data into the current BP file format, which was managed using dBase. In 2011 a SAS program was developed to extract the data from the FMB files into the proper BP structure and format to replace the CLIPPER program, which was no longer compatible with MS Windows.

The HAR information is used to estimate angler effort and calculate correction factors for landings estimates. In the early years of the survey this information was calculated manually and the correction factors were entered into dBase (see "Data Products / Effort Estimates section below). The actual raw HAR data were not entered into electronic format until 2012. In 2012 an MS Access HAR database was implemented. In 2013, the HAR was transferred from MS Access to the Southeast Region Headboat (SRH) Oracle data management system, and the historical (1974-2011) HAR data are currently being entered into MS Access for eventual loading into the new SRH Oracle system.

Through June 2012, all bioprofile, catch record, and correction-factor file data were stored in delimited files and accessed using dBase. In July 2012, the SRHS transitioned to a fully relational Oracle system. This system addressed deficiencies in the storage and accessibility of historical and current headboat logbook data. The system is integrated into the SEFSC Data Warehouse, which employs a modern underlying architecture and technology supporting a database with increased access efficiency and data security, as well as improved capabilities for reporting, analysis, and integration with other data sources. The Oracle system, known as the SRH, incorporates trip report data (both historical and transferred from the electronic logbook), headboat activity reports, bioprofiles, vessel directory, validation data, vessel reporting compliance, quality assurance/quality control, and data query. The trip reports, bioprofiles, vessel directory, headboat activity reports, and vessel reporting compliance functions (as well as data queries associated with those components) became available in April 2013. Other components of the system are currently under development.

# 2.1.6.2 Data quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) protocols

While QA/QC protocols have been in place for the duration of the SRHS, those procedures were not well documented in the early years of the survey. They are described below for the various facets of the SRHS.

# 2.1.6.2.1 *Logbooks*

Prior to the initiation of electronic reporting, logbooks underwent multiple layers of QA/QC checks. When initially collected from vessel personnel by the port agent, each form was reviewed to ensure there were no species identification issues (e.g., unusual species, species counts, or misidentified species). Port agents were instructed to pay particular attention to logbooks collected for days they sampled (DISP) to ensure that species and numbers of fish recorded were comparable to what they encountered during the DISP sampling event. Compliance in submitting trip reports was tracked by the local port agent. Port agents encouraged all vessel operators to submit their trip reports in a timely fashion and to submit any late trip reports. However, reporting was not mandatory until 1995. For trip reports submitted substantially late there was a general policy to use data related to effort and reporting compliance, but not to use data related to landings and discards in order to limit the effects of recall bias. For such cases, landings and discards data were subsequently estimated (see "Data products" section below). However, the specific policy defining "substantially late" was not documented, and decisions may have been made on a case-by-case basis based on guidance from the local port agent. Once the logbooks were received at the Beaufort laboratory, survey personnel checked them again to ensure there were no obvious errors (e.g., trips made on April 31; or issues with local common names, such as black grouper for gag, or gray snapper for white grunt). Data entry contractors used key entry verification procedures (data was entered twice, and the two datasets compared to one another) to ensure that data were entered correctly.

# 2.1.6.2.2 Bioprofile samples

As with logbooks, the initial QA/QC checks for bioprofiles was done by the port agents, who were instructed to finalize their data for submission within a day of collecting it, in order to minimize recall errors. This included insuring species codes were accurate, lengths and weights

were within reasonable limits for given species, and that pertinent biological information was recorded on any samples collected (i.e., otolith envelopes). When the data were received at the Beaufort Laboratory, survey personnel perform QA/QC checks on the data to ensure that species coding were accurate, length type (e.g., fork length, total length) was properly assigned, and biological samples were recorded if collected. In 2013 port agents began loading their own data into the SRH Oracle system, and QA/QC checks are now performed by Beaufort SRHS staff after entry to the Oracle system.

# 2.1.6.2.3 Headboat activity reports

HARs themselves are a quality assurance/compliance tracking tool used to verify the accuracy and completeness of the submitted logbooks. These reports are filled out by individual port agents and checked for accuracy by SRHS staff at the Beaufort Laboratory. HARs were compared to the submitted logbooks on a weekly (by the local port agent, 1973-2012) and later twice-weekly basis (by Beaufort SRHS staff, 2013-present). Any discrepancies between the HAR and the submitted logbooks were investigated by the port agent. If necessary, enforcement measures were taken in order to compel a vessel operator to submit missing logbook entries. Any logbooks submitted substantially late (see "Logbooks" section) were recorded for compliance purposes but the catch data were not recorded. The trip (date, type, number of anglers) would be recorded on the HAR but the catch data were estimated later (see "Data products" section below).

#### 2.1.6.2.4 eLog QA

The eLog system has many parameters in place to limit data entry errors by system users. These include: minimum and maximum values for the number of anglers on a trip, the number of paying passengers and crew, the amount of fuel used and price per gallon, minimum and maximum depth fished and a requirement that primary depth fished fall between the minimum and the maximum, the maximum number of fish kept and released, parameters set on the location information entered based on a given vessel's fishing area, parameters set to prevent trip date/time conflicts, and trip types assigned by the eLog system based on discrete definitions rather than assigned by survey staff in order to limit differences in interpretation. Port agents are instructed to review every trip report in the eLog system for errors in all fields, including species

identification and number of fish, trip date and time, angler numbers, etc. If necessary the port agents correct any errors.

# 2.1.6.2.5 Oracle system QA

The quality assurance procedures within the Oracle system are focused mainly on the bioprofile (BP) data. Port agents load BP data directly from the FMB text files into the SRH Oracle system. Those that do not use FMBs enter the data directly into the SRH Oracle system through a data entry form. The FMB text files contain various delimiters. The Oracle upload system checks that these delimiters are in place and are valid; if any delimiters are entered incorrectly the upload is rejected. The Oracle system also rejects any upload where the alpha and numeric portions of the species code do not match. Once the data are loaded, the port agents are instructed to review each collection for accuracy/completeness.

The SRH Oracle system "Angler Counts Report" directly compares the HAR data (entered into the system by port agents) with all trip report data. Any discrepancies can be viewed within the Oracle system by all port agents at any time. This enables port agents and SRHS staff to track compliance and review the trip reports for completeness and correctness. For example, if a port agent records a half-day trip but the vessel operator makes an error that records that trip as a full day trip in the eLog, this error will display on the Angler Counts Report. The Angler Counts Report is reviewed twice weekly by SRHS staff and compared to the eLog itself. Any errors or missing trip reports are emailed to the port agents for closer inspection and review with vessel operators.

# 2.1.6.2.6 Error check programs

Error check programs have been written in SAS and used since the mid-2000s that check for duplicate collection numbers, invalid catch information, etc. The scope of these error-checking programs has been expanded over time. In the bioprofile data these programs check for errors in length (TL<FL, extremely high values), invalid values (dates, species codes, sex or biological samples, invalid vessel numbers and incorrect vessel areas) as well as duplicate collection numbers and sample identification numbers. In the catch record files these programs check for trips with zero catch (a possibly valid circumstance that must be verified by the port agent),

unusually high catch numbers, commonly misidentified species, and invalid values (dates, species codes, trip types, vessel numbers/areas, etc.). Once identified, these errors are corrected or validated (in the case of trips with zero catch and possible species identification errors), and corrections are made to the eLog.

#### 2.1.6.2.7 Catch estimates

Once the annual estimates are generated, a comprehensive review of species caught in each area is performed by senior SRHS personnel. During this process the landings of each species by area are compared to landings estimates from past years in order to isolate any significant increases or decreases in species landed, or unexplained changes in fishing activity. Any logbook records identified as questionable are re-examined and corrected if necessary.

#### 2.1.7 Data products

#### 2.1.7.1Effort estimates

Reported effort is summed by month and vessel after converting number of anglers to angler days. An "angler day" is the amount of effort expended by one angler, using rod and reel, on a full day fishing trip (usually 10-12 hours), and includes travel time to and from the fishing grounds (e.g., 40 anglers on a half-day trip would yield 40 \* 0.5 = 20 angler days). This conversion is done to standardize effort for CPUE calculations. In order to adjust for incomplete reporting, information summarized on HARs is used to calculate total estimated effort. Total estimated effort is then divided by reported effort to calculate a correction factor to adjust reported landings.

# 2.1.7.2 Landings and discard estimates

Landings estimates are provided by species, area, and month. Effort correction factors are calculated by month and vessel to adjust for misreporting as described above. These correction factors are applied to the reported landings by species-vessel-month combinations to generate total estimated numbers of fish landed. These numbers are then multiplied by mean weights of fish calculated from the bioprofile data by species-area-month combinations to generate a total weight of fish landed for each species-vessel-month combination.

# 2.2 Analytical component

The analytical component focused on the entire SRHS time series (1972 to 2013, with 2013 representing the latest year for which full data were available when analyses began) and involved two main sub-components: (1) analysis of industry-reported logbooks (catch records) to identify "outlier" data, which might be indicative of misreporting, and (2) comparison of trip-level catch records with data collected by SRHS port samplers ("bioprofiles") during Dockside Intercept Sampling Program surveys. Both sub-components are described in detail below.

#### 2.2.1 Logbook (catch record) analyses

The self-reported catch records (CRs) were investigated using two approaches. The first approach focused on the landings of individual species reported in the catch records, and the second approach focused on the species composition of reported trips. For both of these approaches, comparisons were made among vessels from similar geographic locations that would be expected to fish in similar areas and, therefore, show similar trends in landings. In addition, comparisons were made within distinct time periods, to account for changes in fleet dynamics over time. These area-time comparisons were used to define common patterns in catches, and to identify individual vessels that deviated from the common patterns (i.e., outlier vessels) for further investigation. Outlier vessels were further investigated to determine whether deviations in catch could be explained by unique characteristics of particular vessels, or whether misreporting was a more likely explanation. Data were pooled across trip types (i.e., half-day, 3/4-day, full-day) to ensure sufficient sample sizes for analyses.

#### 2.2.1.1 Data filtering

Data provided by the SRHS program are often filtered to ensure the data are free of anomalies or other errors. Prior to conducting the analyses reported here, if reported catch for an individual species was 15 times greater than the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile, that trip was classified as a potential error and further investigated. Trips identified as a potential error were then either verified or removed from the database. After exploring multiple approaches (5, 10 and 15 times the 90<sup>th</sup> and 95<sup>th</sup> percentile), the most conservative approach (removing fewest trips) was chosen to identify "extreme" outliers thought to be erroneous records for a single trip (e.g., one trip reported > 8,000 red porgy caught). This criterion identified 161 extreme outliers for further

investigation (see Results Section 3.2.1.1), all of which were excluded from subsequent analyses in this report.

Most species were reported in numbers caught throughout the time series, and therefore our analyses were based on the numbers reported. Black Sea Bass and bank sea bass were removed from all but two of the analyses conducted (see Section 2.2.1.4.2) due to changes in reporting methodologies. In the early years of the survey, Black Sea Bass catch was reported in weight, then beginning in 1992, was reported in both numbers and weight. However, estimates of the average weight of Black Sea Bass were not available prior to 1992, so that the number of Black Sea Bass caught per trip could not be estimated. SRHS data have been used to develop an index of relative abundance for Black Sea Bass stock assessments, but that index was based on weight per unit effort and did not rely on the actual number of fish caught. Also, in the earlier years of the survey, Bank Sea Bass were sometimes reported as Black Sea Bass. Since the proportion of mixing between Black and Bank Sea Bass was unknown, Bank Sea Bass were also removed from the analyses.

#### 2.2.1.2 Strata

Fifteen area-time blocks were developed based on multivariate statistical techniques and regulatory changes in the fishery (detailed below). Using area-time blocks prevented the misidentification of potential outliers due to spatial or temporal dynamics within the fishery, which might occur, for example, because species exhibit uneven distributions of abundance or because of management regulations. The are-time blocks permitted a more meaningful evaluation of potential outliers.

#### 2.2.1.2.1 Spatial strata

Spatial strata were developed based on analysis of thirty-two inlets throughout the South Atlantic region (Figure 3). Nonmetric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) with the Bray-Curtis measure of distance was used to identify inlets with similar species catch compositions, following the methods described in Shertzer et al. (2009). Prior to analysis, the data were filtered to include the top 40 species for which at least one individual was caught at each inlet. The mean catch rate by inlet and species was arranged into a matrix, where rows represented unique inlets and

columns represented the species' catch rates. Before computing the Bray-Curtis measure of distance, data were transformed with the fourth-root transformation to moderate the influence of abundant species (McCune and Grace 2002). In addition to NMDS, nonhierarchical cluster analysis was used to partition inlets into groups (Kaufman and Rousseeuw 1990). Both methods identified the inlets within the Carolinas as similar, areas off Georgia and north Florida (GAnFL) as similar, and areas off south Florida (sFL) as similar (Figures 3, 4 & 5). These three broad geographic regions (Carolinas, GA-nFL, and sFL) were used in subsequent analyses as area blocks.

# 2.2.1.2.2 Temporal strata

Temporal strata were developed to account for various regulatory changes in the fishery over time. Years when important regulations were implemented were used to delineate appropriate time blocks. In 1984, the snapper-grouper fishery management plan (FMP) was implemented. In 1992 various regulations were implemented for high-profile species. In 2001 the red porgy bag limit was implemented (red porgy are a dominant species in headboat catches). In 2010 the red snapper closure occurred, potentially affecting fishing behavior to avoid red snapper. Therefore, five time blocks were chosen; 1973-1983, 1984-1991, 1992-2000, 2001-2009 and 2010-2013.

# 2.2.1.3 Species selection

Species that were present in at least 15% of headboat trips in at least one of these 15 area-time blocks were included in the analysis (Table 3). In some cases, a species was rare in one area and common in another because of changes in species assemblage structure with latitude (Shertzer et al. 2009).

#### 2.2.1.4 *Metrics*

For both reported landings of individual species and species catch composition, analyses were conducted to identify individual vessels within each area-time block combination (N = 15) that were 'outlier vessels' and, therefore, potentially misreported (N = 637 vessel-area-time block combinations). A single vessel could be identified as an outlier vessel in multiple area-time blocks. These analyses relied on 62 metrics designed to flag different types of potential

misreporting. Fifty of these metrics focused on the reported landings of individual species (number caught and catch rate for each of the 25 species excluding black and bank sea bass in Table 3), and twelve focused on metrics describing species compositions (Table 4). With 637 vessel-area-time block combinations and 62 metrics, there were 39,494 metrics that could potentially be flagged. Initially, an individual vessel's mean for a given metric (e.g., total number of fish caught) was compared to the mean for the fleet, but with the inclusion of so many metrics (62), a more standardized approach was needed (modified z-score). This approach is detailed below.

# 2.2.1.4.1. Species-specific metrics

# 2.2.1.4.1.1 Total catch and catch rates

For each of the 25 species listed in Table 3, two metrics (*species*.m and *species*.v; see Table 4) were used to quantify individual vessel's reported catch and reported catch rate (catch/anglers\*hours fished) relative to that of other vessels in each area-time block. Values were transformed to a modified z-score so that all metrics were on a similar scale. Iglewicz and Hoaglin (1993) recommended using a modified z-score computed as,

$$z = (0.65 (x_i - x) / MAD)$$

where MAD denotes the median absolute deviation,  $x_i$  is the value of a particular metric for vessel I, and x is the median of that particular metric for all vessels in a particular area-time block. Based on Iglewicz and Hoaglin (1993), a modified z-score was defined as an outlier if |z| > 3.5.

#### 2.2.1.4.1.2 Rounding and heaping

Rounding is defined as increasing or decreasing the actual amount of catch, usually to a common whole number (e.g., 10, 25, 50, 100). Assuming an even distribution of reported catches ending in the digits zero through nine, one would expect 20% of reported catch to end with either the digit 0 or 5 (e.g., 10, 25, 50, 100). However, if a significant amount of rounding occurs, a higher than expected proportion of reported catches would end in 0 or 5. For each vessel within each

area-time block, the proportion of trips for which rounding occurred (catch entries where the final digit was a 0 or a 5) was calculated. Some rounding is expected for this type of data reporting and may not result in bias if the value is a best-guess estimate of the actual catch. Thus, to identify extreme cases of rounding, vessels that rounded more than 80% of the trips within an area-time block were investigated further.

Heaping is when a vessel repeatedly reports the same number of fish caught for a specific species. Heaping could be evidence of misreporting if, for example, the same catch is repeated across multiple trips (e.g., 10 red snapper for all trips). To determine the prevalence of heaping, the coefficient of variation (CV) of catch was computed for each species. Reporting the same catch value across multiple trips would result in a relatively low CV potentially indicative of misreporting.

#### 2.2.1.4.2 Species composition metrics

The second approach applied to the catch records was to investigate variation in species composition of the catch among vessels within each area-time block. Twelve metrics were developed to quantify the reported species composition of individual trips (Table 4). The first eight metrics were the total number of fish reported on a trip, the overall catch rate, total number of unique species caught (species richness), species diversity (Shannon-Weiner diversity index), and the associated variances of each of these metrics. The intent of these metrics was to isolate specific types of misreporting. For example, a vessel that always reported the same number of fish, or the same three to four species, or much higher catches than the other vessels would be flagged for further investigation. Once identified, a flagged metric (outlier) and the trip level data from that vessel were explored by examining in detail the trip type, mean number of anglers, fishing area, and other metrics to determine whether misreporting had occurred.

Nonmetric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) was used to create four additional metrics to characterize vessels within each area-time block. The first NMDS metric used the mean species-specific catch rates of all species by vessel arranged into a matrix, where rows represented unique vessels and columns represented the species' catch rates. The second NMDS metric was similar to the first, but used only a subset of species (species present in > 15% of trips for one or

more area-time blocks; see Table 3). The third NMDS metric explored dissimilarities among vessels using presence/absence (instead of catch rate) for all the species. The fourth NMDS metric explored dissimilarities among vessels using presence/absence (instead of catch rates) for the subset of species noted above. Black Sea Bass and Bank Sea Bass were only included in the two presence-absence analyses and were excluded from all other analyses (See *Data filtering* above).

NMDS was applied in three dimensional Euclidean space (McCune and Grace 2002). Given a vessel's location (coordinates) in the three-dimensional space, Euclidean distance was calculated as a metric to rank a vessel's distance from the origin. Then, these distance metrics were transformed to modified z-scores to identify outlier vessels. Thus, the definition of an outlier depends on the distribution of results using each metric. A flagged metric (outlier) indicates a significant deviation from the mean, whether the mean is the mean number of fish caught, the mean number of anglers, the species composition in that area-time block, etc.

# 2.2.1.5 Preliminary Analysis

Several preliminary methods were explored that helped refine the analysis as well as provide a detailed understanding of the data. Metrics were converted to modified z-scores using the approach described by Iglewicz and Hoaglin (1993). A vessel whose metric(s) with an absolute value (modified z-score) greater than 3.5 was classified as an outlier. This approach is conservative, and so a less restrictive criterion for identifying outliers was also considered. This less restrictive approach considered the full distribution of each metric and flagged 10% of vessels in the tail(s) of the distribution. For metrics that were two-sided (i.e. outliers could be small or large values), the upper and lower tails of the distribution were considered; outliers were defined as those values  $< 5^{th}$  percentile and  $> 95^{th}$  percentile. For metrics that were one-sided, such as variance measures where small values were of primary interest, outliers were defined as those in the  $< 10^{th}$  percentile.

#### 2.2.1.6 *Methods summary*

We first identified and excluded from further analyses 161 trips (from a total of 369,260 trips) that reported catch for at least one species that was an extreme outlier (> 15 times greater than

the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile). We then used the flagging approach of Iglewicz and Hoaglin (1993) to identify outlier vessels based on modified z-scores of multiple metrics characterizing the reported catches. Additionally, we explored vessels having metrics with absolute modified z-scores greater than 3.0 and greater than 2.5, rather than 3.5. Percent rounding and coefficient of variation (CV) for the 25 species were also examined to identify rounding and heaping in reported catches. To aid further investigation of outlier vessels, descriptive statistics for all vessels were generated for several species that exhibited rounding higher than 80%. Vessels were highlighted / noted if percent rounded was above 80% for any species, trips were fewer than 100, or the vessel's mean catch was significantly greater than the fleet's mean catch.

# 2.2.2 Logbook (catch records) – bioprofile comparisons

The Biological Profiles (bioprofiles or BPs) collected dockside by port samplers (DISP, see Section 2.1.4.1) at the completion of headboat trips were compared with the catch records (CRs) from those same trips to determine if discrepancies existed that might be indicative of catch misreporting. First, an Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) was conducted to characterize spatial and temporal patterns in fishing effort, sampling effort, the number of species sampled, and the number of fish sampled and measured per trip. Second, criteria were developed to uniquely identify individual headboat trips and the type of trip (e.g., half-day, full-day, etc.). Third, the BPs for individual trips were matched to the CR data for the same trip. Spatial and temporal patterns in multiple response variables developed from the BPs were compared to similar response variables developed from the CRs to determine if the two datasets were congruent. Lack of congruence might indicate misreporting in the CRs.

The BP database contained six types of collections: (1) dockside sampling of headboat vessels by port samplers, (2) research collections, (3) commercial collections, (4) charter collections, (5) market collections, and (6) unknown. Only records designated as type (1) were included in the analysis (99.3% of all records). The same area-time blocks used for the analysis of CRs were used to summarize and visualize the BP data.

#### 2.2.2.1 Defining a trip – Matching BPs to CRs

There is no single unique identifier associated with headboat trips throughout the entire SRHS database (1972-present). This posed a problem when trying to match BPs to CRs. After assessing multiple potential approaches to creating a unique identifier, vessel number and date, both of which are recorded on CRs and BPs, were used to identify individual trips. A limitation of this approach is that some vessels can make more than one trip in a single day. Therefore, the matching analysis was constrained to trips on dates for which the vessels reported a single trip, based on information provided in the CR. This constraint limited the available data set to 15,748 trips out of a total 369,260 trips over all years, areas, and trip types (4.3% of all trips). Because the proportion of alternative trip types (e.g., half-day, ¾-day, full-day, etc.) differs for headboats operating in different regions of the South Atlantic, the subsample represents a varying proportion of the total headboat fishing effort across regions. For example, half-day and full-day trips occur with about equal frequency off the Carolinas, full-day trips are more common in Georgia-north Florida, and half-day trips are more common in south Florida waters.

# 2.2.2.2. Proportion of missed observations

For all matched (BP with CR) trips, the number of fish (all species combined and by individual species) measured in the BPs was compared to the number of fish reported caught in the CRs. Because the BPs are a sample of the total catch on a trip, the number of fish measured in the BP should always be equal to or less than the number of fish reported in the matched CR. If the number of fish measured in the BP is greater than the number reported caught in the CR, then an error necessarily exists in the BP or the CR. The BP data were assumed to be accurate for these matched BP-CR comparisons. The sum of CR reported number of fish landed was compared to the sum of the number of fish measured on the BPs for all matched trips for all vessels to determine if discrepancies (e.g., chronic underreporting) were specific to particular vessels. Similar analyses were conducted for individual species to determine whether particular species, or suites of species, were more likely to be underreported in the CRs. The analysis was conducted for the three regions (Carolinas, Georgia-north Florida, and south Florida) as specified above, and for two matched trip types, half-day trips and "other" trips (predominantly full-day trips but including ¾-day trips).

#### 2.2.2.3. Matching landings

We compared temporal trends in the CR-reported landings (number caught) with trends in the number of fish measured on the matched BPs. The DISP protocol recommends limiting the number of length measurements recorded all the BPs to 10 individuals per species, but frequently additional lengths were recorded (e.g., when there were few other species caught or when a majority of the fish caught on a trip were a particular species). Additionally, in some years biological collections were prioritized for specific species as a result of special project or research needs, resulting in a large number of BP-measured fish for that species. Thus, the number of species-specific length measurements recorded on the BPs has often exceeded 10.

We assessed the degree of correlation between the species-specific number of fish measured on the BPs to those reported caught on the CRs using Spearman rank correlation analysis. Discrepancies between the BP and CR data may be indicative of misreporting of catch. We would expect a poor relationship in the number of fish measured and the number caught for uncommon species likely to be missed (or misidentified) by port samplers, especially on trips for which there were a large number of anglers. Therefore, we limited comparisons to species with combined annual estimated landings greater than 50,000 fish, and scaled the landings and the number of length measurements to their respective means to compare trends from the two datasets over time.

#### 3. Results

# 3.1. Programmatic component

Until recently, SRHS protocols related to data quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC) were sparsely documented. Thus, an assessment of historical SRHS data protocols and their relevance to data QA/QC was not possible. Some obvious outliers were found in the database, as described below.

- 3.2 Analytical component
- 3.2.1 Logbook (catch record) analyses
- 3.2.1.1 Data Filtering

A total of 161 "extreme outlier" trips (0.04% of the total 369,260 trips) were identified that included reported catch for a particular species that was > 15 times larger than the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile (Table 5; Appendix 3 and 5). These extreme outliers were considered to be erroneous data. Nearly 50% of the 161 outliers occurred in the south Florida region prior to 2000. Only 15.1% of these outliers (0.006% of the total number of trips) occurred in the Ga-nFL region prior to 1992.

# 3.2.1.2 Total catch, catch rates, and species composition

Seventy-four vessels (11.6% of the 637 vessel-area-time block combinations in the SRHS database) had at least one flagged metric with an absolute modified z-score greater than 3.5. Across all metrics, 97 of the potential 39,494 vessel-area-time block metrics were flagged (0.25%). Seven species-specific metrics were flagged (Yellowtail Snapper, Vermilion Snapper, Tomtate, Mutton Snapper, White Grunt, Key West Porgy, and Sand Perch) and three NMDS metrics were flagged (Tables 9-11, & Appendix 5). Table 6 shows the modified z-score that caused the flag (in the case of the two Yellowtail Snapper flagged, it was -4.6) and Table 7 provides information regarding what caused the flag (in the case of the Yellowtail Snapper the numbers reported caught was considerably different from that of the other vessels in the areatime block). Twenty-one additional vessels (3.2 %) were flagged based on similar metrics with a modified z-score outside ±3 (Appendix 6), and forty-six additional vessels (7.2%) were flagged with a modified z-score outside  $\pm 2.5$  (Appendix 7). Among the 74 vessels with flagged metrics outside ±3.5, 51 vessels had fewer than 100 total trips within their time-area block, and all but one of those vessels were flagged using the NMDS metrics. Similarly, the majority of outlier metrics in the sensitivity analysis (outside  $\pm 3$  and outside  $\pm 2$  .5) occurred for vessels having fewer than 100 total trips. Fifteen percent (N = 11) of the 74 vessels with at least one flagged metric occurred in the south Florida region during the 1972-1983 time block (Figure 6). The percentage of the 74 vessels with at least one flagged metric was < 10% in all other area-time blocks (Figure 6).

Of the 74 vessels that had at least one flag (using  $\pm 3.5$  threshold), 23 vessels had more than 100 total trips, and 10 vessels were flagged by the NMDS analysis based on species composition (Appendices 8 and 9). The remaining 13 vessels were flagged based on species-specific metrics. Four of those vessels had very few positive trips for the species in question (two Vermilion

Snapper, one Tomtate, and one Sand Perch, respectively; Appendices 10 and 11). The remaining nine vessels had larger sample sizes and were flagged based on species metrics with above average catches. Those nine vessels required further (trip-by-trip) evaluation to identify a reason for their outlier status (see bullets below and Table 8). Seven of the nine vessels were from the Carolinas region, one from the Georgia-north Florida region, and two from the south Florida region (Table 8). (In the bulleted list below, vessel names are listed as '######### 'to protect confidentiality.)

- '#######' reported very few species (90% of trips reported exclusively Black Sea Bass) (Appendix 11, p.2; Appendix 13, p.314).
- '#######' took 26 trips in area 1 in end of the 1972-1983 time period and might have moved to ###########. Common species reported were Gag, Red Porgy, Tomtate, and White Grunt. Two NMDS metrics flagged for this vessel (Appendix 11, p.947-948).
- '#######' reported very few species in two time periods (1984-1991 and 1992-2000) (99% of all trips exclusively Black Sea Bass) (Appendix 9, p.7 and p. 12; Appendix 11, p.371 372).
- '#######' reported very few species (91% of all trips exclusively Black Sea Bass) (Appendix 9, p.8; Appendix 11, p.94 95).
- '#######' frequently reported Spanish mackerel, king mackerel, cobia and barracuda. The mean number of anglers was 6.6. (Appendix 9, p.11-13; Appendix 11, p.738 739).
- '#######' frequently reported exactly 10 anglers (98.9%) and a maximum of 4 species (Black Sea Bass, Gag, Red Snapper, and Vermilion Snapper). (Appendix 9, p.37; Appendix 10, p.637-638).
- '#######' reported very few species (exclusively reported Black Sea Bass, Atlantic Sharpnose Shark, and Tomtate) (Appendix 9, p.22; Appendix 11, p.920 921).
- '#######' reported a species composition that was much different from the surrounding fleet. Common species reported include Atlantic Croaker, Bluefish, Weakfish, Spotted Sea Trout, and Kingfishes (whiting). (Appendix 9, p.22; Appendix 11, p.920 921).
- '#######' reported very few species (exclusively reported Almaco jack, Vermilion Snapper, and Yellowtail Snapper) (Appendix 9, p.73; Appendix 11, p.928 929).

Appendix 12 (vessel report card) provides box plots of all the metrics for unique vessels relative to other vessels in the area-time blocks.

# 3.2.1.3. Rounding and variance of reported catch

Rounding on the 5's and 10's was prevalent for reported high catches. By itself rounding may not be an indicator of misreporting, but the combination of high rounding with low variance in reported catch suggests that a vessel consistently reported the same value.

Tables for Gray Triggerfish, Red Porgy, Red Snapper, Vermillion Snapper, White Grunt, Tomtate, Scamp, Mutton Snapper, and Yellowtail Snapper show similar patterns (Tables 9 – 17; Appendix 13). Vessels with a higher rounding percentage typically had above average catches or very few trips. Vessels with a relatively low coefficient of variation of catch typically had fewer than 100 reported trips.

#### 3.2.2. Logbook (catch record) – bioprofile comparisons

#### *3.2.2.1. EDA Results*

The average number of fish (pooled across species) measured per trip by year (x-axis) and by area (3 panels) is shown in Figure 7. The median number of fish measured per trip ranged from 9 to 46.5 and was typically higher in the Carolinas (range: 15 to 46.5) than in Georgia-north Florida (range: 10 to 31) and south Florida (range: 9 to 23). There were no obvious temporal trends or substantive regional differences in the median number of fish measured. However, we observed generally higher variation among trips in the total number of fish measured in the Carolinas compared to the other two regions, as well as higher maximum numbers of fish measured in the Carolinas during the mid-1990s and in south Florida during the mid- to late-2000s. Overall, the total number of fish measured has been relatively consistent across regions and through time.

The average number of species sampled on a trip ranged from 3 to 8 and was slightly higher in the 1980s and 1990s in the Carolinas compared to the other two regions (Figure 8). The maximum number of species sampled also appeared to be high in the 1980s and 1990s, particularly in the Carolinas and in Georgia-north Florida, while the maximum number of species

sampled was also high throughout the 2000s in south Florida. While there do not appear to be consistent temporal or regional patterns in the number of species sampled, there are series of consecutive years within each region where the number of species sampled is nearly identical. For example, the number of species sampled in the Carolinas was nearly identical between 1996 and 1998 and then again between 2008 and 2010. South Florida, in particular, showed several consecutive years (e.g., 1997-2001, 2005-2008) where the distribution of species sampled was nearly identical.

Typically, about 10 fish per species were measured on a trip, and this has been consistent throughout the time series and across regions (Figure 9). Though this number has centered around 10 for the entire time series, there has been significant variation in the number of fish sampled by species. This variation is likely due to the opportunistic nature of the BP sampling.

#### 3.2.2.2. Matching Records

The CR trip field categorically identifies trip length (Table 18 and Figures 10 to 12). There are about equal numbers of single-trip and multi-trip days off the Carolinas, while single-trip days are the most common trip type in Georgia-north Florida, and multi-trip days are most common in South Florida (Figures 10, 11 and 12). Of the multi-trip days in the Carolinas and Georgia/North Florida, there were rarely more than two trips in a day, while three trips per day was fairly common in South Florida, particularly in the half-day category. All analyses were limited to the single-trip days for matched BP and CR records (see Figures 13, 14, and 15). There is a predominance of full-day trips in the Carolinas and Georgia-north Florida (Figures 13 and 14). Although the overall (across all regions) number of matched trips is relatively small, it is fairly consistent through time and across vessels. In south Florida, there is a predominance of half-day trips and very few single-trip days. Also, the tenure of vessels in the south Florida region is shorter and more sporadic than in the other two regions (Figure 15).

# 3.2.2.3. Proportion of Missed Observations

Across regions, underreporting (fewer fish reported caught on CRs than reported measured on matched BPs) was evident for only a small proportion of vessels. When underreporting was observed, the number of "missed fish" (i.e., greater numbers of fish measured on BPs than

reported caught on matched CRs) was very small across years for vessels in the Carolinas and in Georgia-north Florida (Figures 16 and 17). For half-day trips in south Florida, there is evidence of more missed fish than observed fish for a few vessels (Figure 18), for which there were very few matched trips. Those vessels were not determined to be chronic mis-reporters based on other analyses in this report as well as the low sample sizes for matched trips in south Florida.

# 3.2.2.3.1 By-Species Comparison

The above analysis was repeated across individual species to determine if BP-CR discrepancies (underreporting on CRs) varied by species. Red Snapper and Gray Triggerfish had relatively few and small discrepancies between the BPs and CRs (Figures 19 and 20), while Littlehead Porgy and Ocean Triggerfish had more frequent and relatively large discrepancies between the BPs and CRs (Figures 21 and 22). For Red Snapper and Gray Triggerfish, the number of fish missed (underreported) on the CRs (based on comparison to the BPs) was a very small proportion of the reported catch, and those instances occurred sporadically across the time series and the three regions. For rarer species such as Littlehead Porgy and Ocean Triggerfish, the proportion of missed fish in the Carolinas and Georgia-north Florida was relatively low and similar to that for well-sampled species in those areas. However, in south Florida there tended to be more missed fish for less common species or species that were difficult to identify to species (e.g., species within the porgy complex). All other species-specific plots are included in Appendix 14.

#### 3.2.2.4. Matched Landings

Species-specific correlations between reported landings and numbers sampled on the BPs were typically highest in regions where the focal species occurs in highest abundance (and therefore is most commonly caught). Species-specific trends in landings and numbers sampled in BPs were generally consistent through time, area, and by species (for example, see Figure 23 for Red Porgy, Figure 24 for Red Snapper and Figure 25 for Gray Triggerfish), although correlations between reported landings and numbers sampled in BPs tended to be weaker in the south Florida region than in the Carolinas and Georgia-north Florida (Figures 23, 24 and 25 and Appendix 15). These results were consistent even for rarer species such as Littlehead Porgy. Landings and number of fish sampled were well correlated after 1990 for Black Sea Bass, but under-sampling

of the landings occurred prior to 1990 (Figure 26), likely due to the fact that Black Sea Bass were reported in weight (not numbers) in catch records and in numbers in the BPs prior to 1992. This problem was apparent in the Carolinas, but does not seem to compromise the overall trends for Black Sea Bass ( $\rho = 0.77$ ). The remaining species plots can be found in Appendix 15.

#### 3.3 Caveats to the Analyses

- Because data collection by the SRHS program is based on self-reporting by headboat personnel and is not independently validated, instances of potential misreporting could only be identified by outlier analysis. The methods used here would not detect misreported data that were reasonably consistent with valid self-reported data. However, this type of misreporting would likely have negligible effects on resulting data products (e.g., indices of abundance).
- For the logbook (catch record) analyses, the identification of outliers was based on the modified z-score methodology of Iglewicz and Hoaglin (1993). Other approaches were considered but were not pursued as they appeared to identify large portions of seemingly accurate data (e.g., consistent with other data from the same area-time blocks) as outliers. Other methods of outlier analysis could potentially lead to more or less conservative detection.
- The detection of outliers and patterns in the computed metrics was likely dependent to some extent on the choice of spatial and temporal strata. Our choice of strata seems rational to us, with spatial strata based on multivariate statistical analyses and temporal strata based on major regulatory changes. However, we recognize that other choices could potentially lead to different results.
- The analyses that used DISP data were limited to a subsample of trips for which BP data could be matched to logbook (catch record) data. It was only possible to match BP and CR data for single-day trips (i.e., trips on days when the vessel made only one trip, regardless of trip type). This was a reasonable subsample of trips in the Carolinas and in Georgia-north Florida because single day trips are common in these regions. In contrast, the matched trips were only a small proportion of the total trips in the south Florida because there are very few single day trips in this region. Additionally, because there are few single day trips in south Florida, it is possible that the single day trips that do occur

are atypical in some way. For example, a vessel might make only one trip in a day if inclement weather or a mechanical issue prevented subsequent trips, both of which could affect fishing success (e.g., landings reported on the logbook report). Thus, results from matched-trip analyses for the south Florida region should be interpreted with caution given the relatively small sample sizes and the potential inclusion of atypical trips.

- For the comparison of catch records (CRs) with biological profiles (BPs):
  - The number of fish (all species combined and by individual species) measured in the BP data were compared to the number of fish that were reported caught on the CRs for matched trips. Because the BPs are a sample of the total catch on a trip, the number of fish measured in the BP should always be equal to or less than the number of fish reported in the CR. If the number of fish measured in the BP is greater than the number reported caught in the CR, then this suggests an error necessarily exists in either the CR-reported catch or in the BP data. We assumed accuracy in the BP data and that any discrepancy was due to error (underreporting) in the CR.
  - O All comparisons of CRs and BPs were conducted at the level of individual vessels. For example, the total number of a species landed by a vessel was compared to the total number reported in the BPs across all matched trips for that vessel. It is possible that underreporting could have occurred at the level of individual trips for specific vessels that would not necessarily have been identified with this approach. The method used would identify chronic misreported or isolated but very large incidents of misreporting.
  - o The utility of the analysis may have been limited to some extent by changes over time in protocols determining the number of individuals of each species that *should* be measured in BP samples or in consistency in carrying out those protocols. The generally observed consistency and degree of correlation between CR-reported landings and number of fish sampled on the BPs suggests that the approach used was robust to this potential source of error.

# 4. Discussion

The objective of this report was to perform a comprehensive evaluation of the SRHS program and South Atlantic data, with a focus on identifying potentially misreported data. As noted

above, without some independent source of validation, it is generally not possible to determine whether self-reported data that are consistent with others in the dataset are accurate. Therefore, our approach relied on outlier analysis to identify instances of potential misreporting, followed by detailed investigation of identified records to determine whether a plausible explanation existed or misreporting was likely. A primary assumption of this approach is that, if misreporting were prevalent, it was not done in collusion with others to misreport all in the same fashion. Even though some misreporting could remain undetected by outlier analysis, it is likely to have negligible effects on resulting data products (e.g., abundance indices), because misreported data would be similar to average self-reported data. Efforts were focused on identifying potentially erroneous data based on outlier analysis, discrepancies in landings information, and trends over space and time. This multi-pronged approach provided a thorough assessment of SRHS data, a mechanism to detect and correct incidents of misreporting, and recommendations to strengthen the data and its use in stock assessments and other activities.

We note that the analyses conducted here are a second-tier investigation. The first tier of detecting outliers or otherwise misreported data is conducted routinely as part of the QA/QC protocol. Since the inception of the SRHS, port samplers have inspected all catch records visually. If gross misreporting were detected, those records would be corrected before being keyed into the database. Database managers would make obvious corrections themselves, but if clarification were needed, port agents would ask the headboat captain who submitted the record in question. Although the QA/QC protocol could not catch all instances of misreporting, it is highly unlikely that consistent or intentional misreporting would have gone unnoticed by program personnel.

## 4.1 Logbook (catch record) analyses

A total of 161 extreme outliers were identified in the SRHS data set. About 15% of those outliers occurred in the Georgia-north Florida region and prior to 1992, consistent with allegations of misreporting in this area and time period. However, they comprised only 0.04% of the 369,260 trips in the SRHS database (Appendix 4). These extreme outliers could also be due to data entry or other types of errors in addition to misreporting. Development of abundance indices routinely applies filters to remove extreme outliers from the data set, and thus previously

computed indices are unlikely to have been affected by these values. Potential data errors may be corrected following subsequent investigation and evaluation (see Recommendations section below).

Only 0.25% (N = 97) of the 39,494 vessel-area-time block values considered were flagged as outliers (potentially erroneous data targeted for subsequent investigation). Those flagged outliers were associated with 74 vessel-area-time blocks, representing a relatively small percentage (11.6%) of the total 637 vessel-area-time block combinations in the SRHS database. This suggests there is little evidence to support widespread and chronic misreporting in the SRHS database. No spatial or temporal trends in the occurrence of outliers were observed, with the exception of the south Florida region during the 1972-1983 time block. This is inconsistent with claims of widespread misreporting prior to 1992 in the Georgia-north Florida region. Upon further examination, it was determined that nearly all of the outliers could be explained by factors such as (1) different vessel fishing behavior (e.g., some vessels consistently fish in nearshore waters targeting nearshore species such as Spot and Croaker); (2) different number of anglers (e.g., some vessels consistently carried relatively small numbers of fishers resulting in lower total landings per trip ); and (3) likely misidentification of species by either the captain or the port sampler. Thus, results from the outlier analyses provided no evidence for systematic misreporting by vessel for any area-time block combination.

Single species metrics were generally less informative than the multivariate NMDS metrics for identifying outliers. Over-reporters (vessels that tended to report "high" catch) were more easily detected than under-reporters using the modified z-score approach (Iglewicz and Hoaglin 1993). That approach identified outliers based on a distribution of each metric which was generally skewed to the right, with under-reporters generally contained in the left tail and over-reporters in the right tail.

# 4.2 Logbook (catch record) - bioprofile comparisons

Because the BPs are a subsample of the total catch of a particular trip, they can be used to detect under-reporting but not over-reporting. No temporal patterns in under-reporting or correlations between CR-reported landings and number of fish sampled in BPs were observed. Under-

reporting and relatively low correlations between landings and the number of fish sampled were most frequent in the south Florida region, and appeared to be driven by species identification issues (e.g., the suite of multiple porgy species). Species identification issues may be due to a lack of agreement in species identification by the vessel crew, a discrepancy between the common and colloquial name of particular species, or failure to observe the catch of all rare species. The port sampler is directed to sample stringers with rare species first, thus, the Dockside Intercept Sampling Program (DISP) data may be more accurate for the rarer species than the catch records, particularly on vessels with many anglers. No changes in the response variables were apparent near years when major changes in regulations were implemented (e.g., 1992).

For the "missed-fish" analyses, chronic misreporting would have been characterized by a relatively high proportion of missed (under-reported) individuals and species per observed trip. The frequency of vessels with "missed fish" (all species combined) was very small in each of the regions. Species-specific analyses indicated under-reporting in catch records for multiple species, many of which were likely driven by species identification issues in the CR reports (e.g., species within the porgy complex, Ocean Triggerfish, several species of grunts). Very little to no underreporting was apparent for major, well-recognized species (e.g., Black Sea Bass, Red Porgy, Vermilion Snapper, Red Snapper), particularly in the Carolinas and Georgia-north Florida regions. In combination, these results provide no evidence for chronic misreporting, and no evidence for temporal or spatial trends in under-reporting, with the exception of potentially higher levels of under-reporting for some species in the south Florida region.

For the "matched landings" analyses, consistent trends over time between CR-reported landings and numbers sampled in BPs would be indicative of consistent sampling coverage through time, by area and by species. Correlations between catch record-reported landings and numbers sampled in BPs indicate the degree to which the proportion of landed fish sampled has remained consistent over time, with higher correlations indicative of greater consistency. We found that species-specific trends in CR-reported landings and numbers sampled in BPs were generally consistent through time, area and by species, but tended to be weaker in the south Florida region than in the Carolinas and in Georgia-north Florida. For each species, correlations also tended to

be higher in regions where the species is most abundant (e.g., Red Porgy in the Carolinas region), and lower in regions where the species is more rare (e.g., Red Porgy in the south Florida region; Figure 23). There was evidence of "under-sampling" (smaller than typical proportions of fish sampled) in south Florida, particularly from 1981 to 1997. Such under-sampling could have been a result of over-reporting in the catch records, species misidentifications, the potential "atypical" nature of matched trips in the south Florida region (see "Caveats" section), or some combination thereof. For several species, under-sampling appeared to occur for relatively short time periods (e.g., Sand Perch in the Carolinas and Georgia-north Florida regions in the late 1980s; Almaco Jack in the Carolinas in the mid-2000s; Appendix 15); however, such periods were not consistent across species, areas, or time periods, providing no evidence for chronic misreporting.

## 4.3 Summary

In summary, the analyses indicated no evidence of chronic, widespread misreporting, no evidence of an apparent temporal pattern in potentially misreported data, and minimal spatial patterns in potentially misreported data. We identified relatively few obviously erroneous data (161 extreme outliers), all of which will be corrected or removed from the database (note that data filtering for use in index standardization has removed erroneous data in the past, but removing the extreme outliers from the database will prevent any potential inclusion of those data in the future). No vessels were identified that consistently had data outliers or underreported landings. Relatively few data outliers (potentially erroneous data targeted for further investigation) were identified, nearly all of which were explained upon further investigation. There were no apparent temporal trends in outliers or in under-reporting. From a spatial perspective, while small in scale, the majority of data issues were observed in the South Florida area; however, no vessels were flagged as "problem vessels" by both the catch records and the bioprofile analyses.

## 5. Recommendations

## 5.1 Procedural Improvements:

- Continue to evaluate and improve QA/QC procedures for SRHS data. As discussed in this report and in the "Data quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) protocols" section of Appendix 1, historical SRHS QA/QC procedures are not well documented. Current QA/QC procedures (particularly those implemented with electronic reporting) are extensive (see "Electronic QA/QC" section of Appendix 1) but should be regularly evaluated and strengthened where possible.
- Consider re-estimating landings based on the extent and magnitude of error corrections.
- Employ a systematic, consistent method to link catch records (CRs) to bioprofiles (BPs). The definition of a trip needs to be improved for the BPs. A time stamp from the electronic measuring boards used to collect BP data could be used to link the BP data to the related CR and allow for a better analysis of trip level samples in the future. The number of anglers sampled and trip type should also be reported as part of the BP.
- Develop a method to combine concurrent collection numbers when they apply to the same trip. In some instances when large numbers of fish were sampled in the BP, BP data from a single trip are *listed* under two collection numbers, with no indication that those collection numbers are associated with the same trip. Since 1990, this issue has occurred when more than 99 fish were measured in a BP.
- Digitize Headboat Activity Records (HARs, historical documents that contain information about trip type and effort) and make them available for analysis.
- Use HARs to create a single unique identifier that identifies individual headboat trips
  throughout the historical years of the database in a way that is consistent with modern trip
  identifiers.
- Consider species identification issues, particularly in south Florida, when creating correction factors (k factors; see Appendix 1) for landings estimation.
- The SRHS program should maintain a living document describing all details of the program procedures and changes in those procedures over time. Procedures and protocols are not well documented for the early years of the survey. SRHS personnel should document when sampling effort intensifies for special collections. Unexplained increases in sampling effort in the historical data are often due to a special collection effort that was communicated by word of mouth among SRHS staff.

- Provide a categorical grouping of the vessels by type (# of anglers, location of fishing, etc.) to facilitate evaluation of whether the vessels are representative of the headboat fishery. In the analyses described in this report, some vessels were flagged that seemed to operate more like a charterboat (e.g., carried a small number of anglers.
- Increase efforts to verify data through observer programs and/or whole-haul sampling dockside.

# 5.2 Logbook (Catch Records) Data:

- Examine the cause of the 161 extreme outliers and correct if possible or remove from the database. This may not require removing the entire trip in which the extreme outlier was reported, but removing the outlier species entry for that trip. All data outliers from the historical time period should be explored. Some of these outliers may be transcription errors that could be corrected by examining the paper data sheets.
- Consider using a minimum cutoff of number of trips made by a vessel for inclusion in a species-specific index of abundance.
- Identify and filter vessels or trips that fall outside the range of those relevant for analyses
  of interest. For example, a vessel entirely making inshore trips could be identified and
  excluded from analyses focused on an offshore-caught species. Many of the methods
  described in this report could be used to identify outlier trips and vessels at the species
  level.

# 5.3 Bioprofile data:

The bioprofile analyses described in this report should be investigated when the SRHS
data are used for a new species assessment. Each species investigated shows different
patterns in reporting by region. If BPs do not match CRs for a particular species, caution
should be used when developing an index of abundance for that species.

## 6. Literature Cited

Iglewicz, B. and D. Hoaglin. 1993. "Volume 16: How to Detect and Handle Outliers", The ASQC Basic References in Quality Control: Statistical Techniques, Edward F. Mykytka, Ph.D., Editor.

- Kaufman, L., and P.J. Rousseeuw. 1990. Finding groups in data: an introduction to cluster analysis, 319 p. John Wiley and Sons, Inc., New York, NY.
- McCune, B., Grace, J.B. 2002. Analysis of ecological communities. MjM Software Design, Gleneden Beach Oregon.
- Shertzer, KW, EH Williams, and JC Taylor. 2009. Spatial structure and temporal patterns in a large marine ecosystem: Exploited reef fishes of the southeast United States. *Fisheries Research* 100:126–133.

Table 1. Number of South Atlantic Southeast Region Headboat Survey vessels, 1972-2013.

Year	Number of vessels
1972	34
1973	34
1974	33
1975	32
1976	40
1977	42
1978	46
1979	73
1980	90
1981	87
1982	88
1983	86
1984	90
1985	89
1986	94
1987	94
1988	94
1989	96
1990	93
1991	94
1992	99
1993	94
1994	96
1995	89
1996	91
1997	92
1998	89
1999	86
2000	91
2001	85
2002	77
2003	67
2004	81
2005	76
2006	76
2007	78
2008	83
2009	83
2010	80
2011	77
2012	78
2013	76

Table 2. Number of reported trips, estimated trips and reporting compliance from the Southeast Region Headboat Survey, 1980-2013. The number of reported and estimated trips are not available in electronic format prior to 1980.

_		South Atlantic	
Year	Reported Trips	Estimated Trips	Compliance
1980	11,435	24,724	0.46
1981	11,395	24,134	0.47
1982	12,353	25,520	0.48
1983	12,195	24,534	0.50
1984	11,280	22,871	0.49
1985	11,187	22,630	0.49
1986	13,990	24,128	0.58
1987	14,152	25,123	0.56
1988	12,103	23,457	0.52
1989	10,982	23,853	0.46
1990	11,432	24,624	0.46
1991	10,844	25,382	0.43
1992	15,154	22,377	0.68
1993	14,011	20,009	0.70
1994	12,708	21,412	0.59
1995	12,405	19,595	0.63
1996	9,200	19,270	0.48
1997	6,429	16,559	0.39
1998	9,372	15,237	0.62
1999	7,746	15,831	0.49
2000	7,865	16,980	0.46
2001	7,002	14,917	0.47
2002	5,779	13,323	0.43
2003	5,752	12,086	0.48
2004	6,509	15,090	0.43
2005	5,857	14,876	0.39
2006	6,162	15,363	0.40
2007	6,608	14,451	0.46
2008	9,492	11,627	0.82
2009	10,718	11,670	0.92
2010	11,489	12,090	0.95
2011	11,537	12,018	0.96
2012	12,423	13,222	0.94
2013	13,764	14,708	0.94

Table 3. Proportion of trips with at least one species recorded within time-area blocks. The year listed is the last year in that time block (i.e., 1983 refers to the 1972 to 1983 time block, 1991 refers to the 1984-1991 time block, 2000 refers to the 1992 to 2000 time block, 2009 refers to the 2001-2009 time block, and 2013 refers to the 2010 to 2013 time block). Shaded values represent species encountered at least 15% of trips. Excluding Black Sea Bass and Bank Sea Bass, the species in this table were used for the species-specific catch record analyses.

			NC/SC					GA-nFL					sFL		
Species	1983	1991	2000	2009	2013	1983	1991	2000	2009	2013	1983	1991	2000	2009	2013
BLACK.SEABASS	79.4	86.6	75.7	70.6	59.7	78.4	82.3	59.4	66.6	66.0	4.8	9.3	11.3	20.9	11.4
VERMILION.SNAPPER	31.4	29.9	41.6	32.7	20.8	82.5	90.6	54.1	83.0	58.8	20.7	23.7	11.5	12.3	10.8
GRAY.TRIGGERFISH	30.6	22.4	43.0	34.5	29.5	51.2	52.6	50.9	59.7	71.3	19.6	26.4	21.9	26.4	31.5
TOMTATE	33.6	46.3	46.0	24.6	28.4	57.3	86.7	44.2	17.0	25.2	8.7	16.6	9.0	8.0	8.9
GAG	24.0	25.4	23.9	19.6	14.8	49.7	43.1	50.7	33.1	18.3	10.6	9.4	12.1	12.5	2.6
KING.MACKEREL	1.2	12.7	21.8	19.0	8.6	21.0	18.9	16.6	17.0	5.6	51.3	45.8	34.9	31.6	28.3
GRAY.SNAPPER	0.1	0.3	1.2	2.6	0.4	21.5	29.2	45.4	42.8	29.2	17.9	25.2	39.3	41.7	35.4
RED.SNAPPER	16.0	15.4	12.8	10.8	0.4	70.0	52.4	46.5	72.3	2.2	5.0	5.6	5.5	13.1	0.4
WHITE.GRUNT	26.1	26.8	44.1	38.5	34.6	0.6	2.5	7.6	4.2	5.3	10.9	18.5	28.9	36.6	31.6
WHITEBONE.PORGY	10.3	18.4	31.1	14.0	6.4	21.2	51.8	43.1	33.5	45.9	1.6	3.5	4.0	5.9	9.2
YELLOWTAIL.SNAPPER	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.2	5.2	11.4	2.2	10.9	2.1	50.8	48.2	54.2	52.2	54.3
RED.PORGY	44.0	34.2	31.0	25.6	16.3	42.6	24.4	9.8	11.1	5.7	6.4	6.6	1.3	0.7	1.7
ATLANTIC.SHARPNOSE.SHARK	0.0	0.3	14.3	22.3	36.1	0.0	4.5	44.7	53.1	48.0	0.0	0.1	3.5	11.9	7.4
GREATER.AMBERJACK	13.0	17.7	17.3	14.6	11.0	41.1	30.0	27.5	29.2	21.8	8.4	6.2	3.1	3.5	1.6
LANE.SNAPPER	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	11.6	15.2	35.8	40.8	19.4	10.3	22.3	29.1	28.5	19.4
MUTTON.SNAPPER	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	3.2	3.9	7.5	8.6	5.1	44.3	36.4	31.3	31.9	30.0
LITTLE.TUNNY	0.1	4.3	7.3	4.5	5.4	4.4	23.9	15.7	7.1	6.8	10.1	32.0	20.7	15.0	24.2
SCAMP	22.4	25.7	28.7	22.3	11.4	5.6	7.2	19.6	16.8	4.7	4.4	3.6	3.1	3.2	0.6
BLUE.RUNNER	0.4	1.3	1.6	1.4	0.6	1.0	4.3	1.4	2.2	1.4	29.1	31.2	22.0	16.9	25.8
SPOTTAIL.PINFISH	12.5	17.3	19.2	23.0	28.9	0.5	10.9	13.0	6.1	5.9	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.1
COBIA	0.5	2.4	4.4	4.4	3.3	7.7	18.4	19.7	26.1	21.7	4.7	4.5	6.0	5.8	7.2
RED.GROUPER	3.5	2.8	12.1	10.4	3.2	15.8	8.0	7.8	7.5	1.6	13.0	10.5	16.5	17.8	6.1
KEY.WEST.PORGY	10.4	17.9	22.1	9.8	2.8	2.0	1.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	9.3	10.8	9.3	14.6	11.2
BANK.SEABASS	0.0	13.5	21.5	15.0	12.6	0.0	26.3	11.1	9.1	9.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
GREAT.BARRACUDA	0.2	2.9	4.1	2.8	1.3	2.8	10.6	17.5	15.8	14.2	16.3	8.9	8.5	3.5	1.6
SAND.PERCH	0.3	11.4	6.3	4.5	3.3	0.9	21.9	4.2	1.6	1.5	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.8
ATLANTIC.BONITO	0.0	1.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	9.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	20.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0

Table 4. List and description of metrics developed to identify misreporting.

			Flagging criteria	
z-score metric	n	Type of potential misreporting	(modified z score)	Description
		consistently report high or low number		
num.m	1	of total caught	>a bs (3.5)	relative ranking of the mean of reported caught among vessels by area & time period
		consistently report high or low catch		
ca tra te .m	1	rates	>a bs (3.5)	relative ranking of the mean of reported(CPUE) among vessels by area & time period
		consistently report high or low number		relative ranking of the mean of reported count of all species among vessels by area & time
s pcount.m	1	of species	>a bs (3.5)	period
		consistently report very few species or		relative ranking of the mean of the Shannon-Wiener index value among vessels by area &
s w.m	1	many species	>a bs (3.5)	time period
		vessels that consistently report low or		relative ranking of the mean species.X 'caught' for the 27 various species* among vessels
"species.m"	25	high numbers of species 'x'	>a bs (3.5)	by area & time period
		vessels that consistently report the		
num.v	1	same number of indiviuals	>a bs (3.5)	relative ranking of the variance of reported caught among vessels by area & time period
		vessels that consistently report the		
catrate.v	1	same catch rates	>a bs (3.5)	relative ranking of the variance of reported(CPUE) among vessels by area & time period
		vessels that consistently report the		relative ranking of the coeffient of variation of reported count of all species among
s pcount.cv	1	same number of species	>a bs (3.5)	vessels by area & time period
		vessels that consistently report the		
		same level of species diversity at the		relative ranking of the coeffient of variation of the Shannon-Wiener index value among
s w.cv	1	trip level (similar to spcount.cv)	>a bs (3.5)	vessels by area & time period
		consistently report simliar catch rates for		relative ranking of the variation species.X 'CPUE' for the 27 various species* among vessels
"species.v"	25	species 'x'	>a bs (3.5)	by area & time period
		vessel reporting species' that are much		
		different than similar vessels fishing in		
"MDS.species"	1	similar habitat	>a bs (3.5)	Non-Metric Multi-dimensional scaling (isoMDS) - presence/absence of 27 species
		vessel reporting species' catch rates that		
		are much different than similar vessels		
"MDS.species"	1	fishing in similar habitat	>a bs (3.5)	Non-Metric Multi-dimensional scaling (isoMDS) - CPUE of 27 species
*27 Cnasins Dr		nt in at least 15% of trins for at least one a	roo timo block	·

<sup>\*27</sup> Species- Present in at least 15% of trips for at least one area-time block

<sup>\*</sup>abbreviated species: yts=yellowtail snapper, vs=vermillion snapper, rs =red snapper, atlsharpnose= Atlantic sharpnose shark,tom=tomtate, gtf=gray triggerfish, wbp= whitebone porgy, ms=mutton snapper, grsnp= gray snapper, gag=gag, wg=white grunt, rp=red porgy, kmack=king mackerel, gaj=greater amberjack, lns=lane snapper,blrun=blue runner, scamp=scamp, spotpin=spottail pinfish, littun=little tunny, sdprch=sand perch, cobia=cobia, kwporgy=key west porgy, rg=red grouper, cuda=barracuda

Table 5. Percentage of 161 extreme outliers occurring in each area and time block.

		Area	
Time blocks	Carolinas	Ga-nFL	sFL
1972-1983	4.2%	11.4%	13.3%
1984-1991	4.8%	3.6%	23.5%
1992-2000	7.2%	0.0%	12.7%
2001-2009	7.8%	0.0%	2.4%
2010-2013	1.2%	0.0%	7.8%
Grand Total	25.3%	15.1%	59.6%

Table 6. Flagged metrics by z-score. The trend for flagged metrics relative to sample size is displayed (4th column; note that metrics that were not flagged are not included in the table). Column designations are: Region (1=Carolinas, 2=Ga-nFL, 3=sFL), n.trips=Number of trips, yts.m=Yellowtail Snapper, vs.m=Vermilion Snapper, tom=Tomtate, ms.m=Mutton Snapper, wg.m=White Grunt, kwporgy.m=Key West Porgy, sdprch.v=Sand Perch variance, z\_sp\_27=NMDS presence/absence top 27 species, z\_sp\_all= NMDS presence/absence all species, z\_cpue\_all= NMDS catch rate all species. \*('.m' represents mean number caught).

Year	Region vessel	n.trips	yts.m	vs.m	tom.m	ms.m	wg.m	kwporgy.m	s d prch.v	z_sp_27	z_sp_all z_cp	ue_all
1972-1983	1	1								4.5	2.5	2.2
1972-1983	1	1					0.1			4.6	2.7	1.9
1972-1983	2	1		0.1						4.2	2.5	1.2
1972-1983	3	1	1.1		1.1	0.5		1.5		4.1	3.1	2.0
1972-1983 1972-1983	3	1			0.1	-0.2	0.3			4.8 6.3	2.8 4.0	1.3 2.5
1972-1983	3	1		0.7			0.3			5.5	4.0	1.5
1992-2000	3	1	-1.5	0.7		-0.6				5.9	6.8	3.4
1972-1983	2	2	1.5			0.0				6.3	4.0	2.4
1984-1991	3	2				0.9				7.0	4.0	2.5
1992-2000	1	2				0.5				5.1	4.4	1.9
1984-1991	3	3		-0.7	0.3					4.6	3.0	1.8
2001-2009	1	3								7.1	5.6	3.2
2001-2009	2	3		0.2						7.9	5.0	2.7
2010-2013	2	3		-1.2						304.1	4.1	4.8
2010-2013	2	3				0.2				303.9	4.5	3.5
1984-1991	3	4	-0.3			-0.4				3.9	1.2	1.6
1984-1991	3	5	0.2			1.2				4.0	1.9	1.0
1984-1991	3	6	0.1		0.2	0.2	0.0			3.6	2.2	1.6
1972-1983	3	7								8.2	4.8	3.1
1972-1983	3	7				0.2				5.7	3.3	2.1
1984-1991	3	7	0.9		-1.0	0.4	-1.0			4.0	2.5	1.6
1992-2000 1992-2000	2 3	7	0.3		0.4					5.6 6.2	7.3 7.0	3.4 2.1
2010-2013	2	7	0.3			-0.3				304.7	4.1	3.0
1972-1983	3	8		-0.5		-0.3	-0.4			4.0		1.7
2010-2013	2	8		0.5			0.4			658.8	10.3	4.9
1992-2000	1	9								5.3	4.0	1.8
2001-2009	3	9	0.6			0.3	-0.8			6.0	4.6	0.9
2001-2009	3	9	0.1			-0.4	0.2	0.7		4.2	5.1	1.0
1972-1983	3	10		0.1		-0.1		0.0		5.7	3.3	1.9
2010-2013	3	10	0.2	0.8		0.4				7.2	2.8	1.3
2001-2009	2	12					-0.7			7.6	3.1	1.8
2010-2013	3	12	-1.1			-0.7				11.9	6.1	4.7
1984-1991	2	14		-1.6	-0.8					4.8		1.6
2001-2009	1	15								3.5	2.2	2.4
1984-1991	2	16		-0.5	0.0				0.3	5.1	1.6	0.8
1992-2000	2	16		0.1	-1.0		-0.1			3.9	5.0	3.2
2001-2009	2	16		0.4			-0.8		-0.4	4.1	3.2 3.2	1.0 2.2
1984-1991 1984-1991	3	17 25	0.3			-0.7	-1.5	-0.3	-0.4	6.5 3.6	2.0	0.4
1972-1983	3	26	0.5		0.0	-0.7	0.1	-0.5		4.6	3.4	1.0
1972-1983	3	33	-0.7		0.0	-0.9	-0.3	0.2		3.5	1.4	0.6
2010-2013	2	35	0.7		-1.1	0.5	0.4	0.2		303.3	3.0	2.4
2001-2009	1	40			1.1		0.1			3.8	2.6	1.0
1972-1983	1	57								4.5	2.5	2.2
2001-2009	1	62								5.8	3.4	1.5
1992-2000	1	78								3.6	2.5	0.6
1972-1983	2	82		-0.3	0.3			3.8		0.3	0.4	-0.7
1992-2000	1	92								4.9	3.1	1.0
2010-2013	1	95			-0.7		0.1			3.7	3.2	0.9
2010-2013	3	126	-0.2	0.1		0.4				5.7	2.1	1.5
2010-2013	1	128		-4.2						2.4	2.7	0.2
1984-1991	2	132	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.6	4.6	0.4	0.8	-0.4	-0.2	-0.5
2010-2013	1	153				- 0.0				3.7	4.0	1.2
1992-2000	1	163		-0.2	0.7	3.6	0.6	0.7		0.0	-0.1	-0.4
1984-1991 2001-2009	1	213 263			-0.7					4.8	1.8 2.3	0.1
2010-2013	1	272		-4.6	-0.6		0.1	-0.5	0.4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.5
1992-2000	2	289		0.6	-0.0		0.1	-0.5	0.4	2.5	4.0	1.0
1984-1991	1	298		0.0	-1.3					7.8	3.0	3.9
1992-2000	1	299		1.4	1.3					3.6	2.6	0.5
1972-1983	3	362	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.5	-5.5	0.0	0.2	-0.7
1984-1991	2	377	0.1	-0.3	0.2	1.7		0.0	0.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.5
2010-2013	1	387	4.6	-0.6	-0.1		0.0	0.0		0.0	-0.1	-0.6
2010-2013	1	406	4.6	-0.5	0.5	2.0	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	-0.4	-1.2
2010-2013	1	455					0.0			5.3	5.1	1.2
1984-1991	2	459	-0.3	0.1	-0.3	-0.4		-0.3	1.6	-0.4	-0.3	-0.2
2010-2013	3	542	0.0			-0.4		0.3		4.0	0.8	0.2
1984-1991	1	823		-2.1	-1.5	4.6	-1.0	-1.2	0.0	-0.5	0.3	0.0
2001-2009	1	968	0.7	0.1	1.3	7.0	0.4	0.4	1.1	0.0	-0.4	-0.6
2001-2009	2	1696	0.3	-0.7	-0.7	0.5	0.0	3.8		-0.4	-0.6	-0.4
1984-1991	2	2141	0.0	-0.7	-3.6	-0.2	4.5	0.0		0.4	-0.1	0.2
1984-1991	1	2143		-0.3	0.7		-1.6			6.4	2.9	0.3

Table 7. **Redacted for confidentiality**. Summary of trip level data for each vessel flagged. Metric flagged, NMDS=nonmetric multidimensional scaling, ms=Mutton Snapper, wg=White Grunt, tom=Tomtate, vs=Vermilion Snapper, yts=Yellowtail Snapper.

Table 8. **Redacted for confidentiality**. List of vessels examined in the EDA plots including sample size (n.trips), metric flagged, description of trip level data and list of concerns/recommendations. Region 1 - Carolinas, Region 2 = GA-nFL, Region 3 = sFL.

Table 9. Rounding and variance for Gray Triggerfish for all year blocks from the Carolinas region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips m	ax n	nean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips n	nax n	nean
1972-1983		0.9	16.2	69.7	309	100	17.4	1984-1991		2.1	89.7	48.5	235 9	00	42.9	1992-2000		1.1	108.3	85.9	9 1053	700	103.0	2001-2009		0.6	11.3	93.7	104	50	20.0	2010-2013		0.7	32.1	80.6	203 2	250	42.9
1972-1983		1.0	24.9	64.8	931	300	25.1	1984-1991		1.0	11.4	42.6	779 1	30	11.1	1992-2000		0.8	25.6	85.4	1 1176	250	30.7	2001-2009		0.6	16.0	91.6	695	130	24.7	2010-2013		1.1	99.1	74.0	100 5	500	87.1
1972-1983		1.1	26.4	60.2	209	202	24.2	1984-1991		1.4	15.9	41.6	617 2	25	11.0	1992-2000		1.1	14.7	71.4	4 22	60	13.9	2001-2009		1.4	92.8	78.4	450	750	67.3	2010-2013		1.4	63.6	70.4	431	400	46.5
1972-1983		0.9	10.8	39.8	313	75	12.4	1984-1991		0.9	10.2	35.7	204	75	11.0	1992-2000		1.1	110.4	70.8	8 777	700	99.5	2001-2009		1.2 1	105.4	68.5	522	800	86.3	2010-2013		1.2	123.2	58.3	405	750 1	01.7
1972-1983		0.8	6.4	39.1	70	25	7.6	1984-1991		1.4	16.6	29.6	363 2	00	11.9	1992-2000		1.4	45.8	67.5	818	450	33.7	2001-2009		1.1	10.7	66.7	20	40	10.1	2010-2013		0.7	34.3	36.9	203 2	240	50.0
1972-1983		1.2	24.2	37.9	40	100	19.5	1984-1991		1.0	7.9	28.6	312	50	8.0	1992-2000		0.8	14.1	64.4	4 240	100	16.9	2001-2009		1.3 1	106.8	65.8	711	600	80.5	2010-2013		1.3	80.7	33.3	317	470	60.9
1972-1983		0.6	4.6	35.0	392	30	7.3	1984-1991		1.7	35.5	27.1	243 3	00	20.8	1992-2000		1.1	137.5	64.0	696	700	125.5	2001-2009		1.1	11.3	52.5	195	80	10.2	2010-2013		1.1	60.2	32.7	227	400	53.9
1972-1983		1.3	23.5	34.2	457	150	18.1	1984-1991		1.8	37.5	23.0	85 2	00	21.3	1992-2000		1.5	69.8	50.1	1 948	550	47.4	2001-2009		1.4	19.0	51.6	22	80	13.5	2010-2013		4.3	62.2	21.5	77	550	14.5
1972-1983		1.3	15.4	34.1	284	150	11.6	1984-1991		1.0	7.7	13.0	265	50	7.9	1992-2000		1.2	134.2	36.5	37	750	112.6	2001-2009		1.4	54.1	50.4	203	350	37.7	2010-2013		0.8	5.9	11.9	75	30	7.2
1972-1983		1.9	17.9	33.2	797	329	9.3	1984-1991		0.8	4.8	12.2	35	30	6.0	1992-2000		1.1	9.4	27.1	1 269	50	8.6	2001-2009		1.1	84.6	48.0	666	400	80.1	2010-2013		1.5	16.1	10.5	280	78	10.6
1972-1983		1.1	9.9	30.0	31	45	9.4	1984-1991		0.8	6.7	8.8	105	30	8.2	1992-2000		1.2	12.1	22.7	7 157	100	10.2	2001-2009		1.0	22.4	46.6	340	175	23.3	2010-2013		1.2	7.8	9.4	30	30	6.8
1972-1983		1.0	27.5	29.0	571	200	27.4	1984-1991		0.6	2.2	7.4	41	10	3.7	1992-2000		1.2	19.9	21.8	425	250	16.8	2001-2009		1.9	77.8	36.4	515	600	41.9	2010-2013		0.9	7.8	6.5	129	51	8.6
1972-1983		0.4	24.7	28.7	77	156	55.9	1984-1991		0.9	3.0	5.4	51	15	3.2	1992-2000		0.2	28.9	18.8	3	150	116.7	2001-2009		0.8	18.3	33.6	194	100	22.7	2010-2013		0.7	27.9	6.3	45 1	112	40.8
1972-1983		2.7	39.5	28.2	689	600	14.5	1984-1991		1.3	9.5	2.8	95	60	7.1	1992-2000		0.7	3.8	17.7	7 83	21	5.2	2001-2009		1.2	27.4	32.0	35	100	22.5	2010-2013		1.0	11.0	4.4	111	80	11.1
1972-1983		1.1	10.1	27.0	247	75	9.0	1984-1991		0.6	1.1	1.7	19	5	1.8	1992-2000		0.5	3.4	16.7	7 4	10	6.5	2001-2009		0.9	42.1	31.3	26	155	45.2	2010-2013		0.6	5.5	2.3	73	35	8.6
1972-1983		2.0	41.9	25.2	188	250	21.2	1984-1991		1.5	54.4	1.5	3 1	.00	37.3	1992-2000		1.5	16.2	16.6	93	100	10.5	2001-2009		1.2	10.7	23.7	452	100	8.9	2010-2013		0.0	0.0	1.8	2	10	10.0
1972-1983		1.0	29.6	25.0	43	100	29.3	1984-1991		0.5	1.0	1.4	64	5	1.9	1992-2000		0.9	2.9	13.3	3 9	10	3.3	2001-2009		1.1	17.8	15.1	112	85	16.1	2010-2013		1.2	8.2	1.8	93	42	6.7
1972-1983		1.1	10.7	18.4	91	100	9.5	1984-1991		1.2	2.6	1.1	86	20	2.1	1992-2000		2.1	15.1	11.0	219	115	7.2	2001-2009		0.7	7.0	10.5	10	25	10.3	2010-2013		1.1	9.6	1.7	58	42	8.7
1972-1983		_		13.6			5.6	1984-1991		0.7	1.6	1.0	24	6		1992-2000		0.9	9.0	10.9	9 76		_	2001-2009		2.2	27.6	10.1		300	12.7	2010-2013		1.9	12.3	1.7	37	60	6.6
1972-1983		0.9	28.6	13.3	486	212	33.2	1984-1991		1.0	5.1	0.9	24	20	5.2	1992-2000		1.2	6.3			50	5.3	2001-2009		0.8	8.4	9.8	107	50	10.8	2010-2013		1.1	5.1	1.2	166	30	4.4
1972-1983				12.1	7		15.6	1984-1991		1.2	3.2	0.8	42	15		1992-2000		3.0		_			_	2001-2009		0.6	3.4	6.7	5			2010-2013		0.7	3.5	1.1		13	5.3
1972-1983					126		-	1984-1991	- 1	0.7	1.2	0.7	44	6		1992-2000		0.8					_			0.9	9.6	6.6		45		2010-2013		2.1	6.6	0.9		45	3.2
1972-1983		_	29.5		207			1984-1991		0.9	2.0	0.4		15		1992-2000		0.9					_			0.8	5.2	5.4	21			2010-2013		0.3	40.5	0.7		208 1	
1972-1983		0.8			3		8.7	1984-1991	- 1	0.7	1.3	0.4		8		1992-2000		1.5				100	_	2001-2009		1.0	9.1	5.2		60		2010-2013		0.7	1.3	0.4	94	7	1.8
1972-1983		0.9				100	24.5	1984-1991		1.6	19.6	0.2	3	35		1992-2000		0.8		_			_	2001-2009		0.6	36.2	5.0				2010-2013		0.9	4.6	0.4		15	4.9
1972-1983			15.4			100	12.1					_	_	-		1992-2000	-	1.0					_	2001-2009		1.9	9.3	5.0	96	75		2010-2013		0.7	0.9	0.4	60	6	1.4
1972-1983		_	3.8			_	5.3						_	-		1992-2000		1.3	4.6	_		_	_	2001-2009		1.2	4.1	3.5	58	20		2010-2013		0.5	1.1	0.2	30	5	2.2
1972-1983		_	4.2			_	4.2				-	_	-	-		1992-2000	-	0.9	2.4					2001-2009		0.8	2.9	3.3	8	10		2010-2013	_	1.0	1.3	0.1	163	11	1.4
1972-1983		1.9			53	40	2.8				-	-	-	-		1992-2000		1.0		_			_	2001-2009		1.0	3.7	2.9	5	10	3.6			+			-	-	
1972-1983			12.1		16		9.0			$\vdash$		-	-	-		1992-2000		0.9					_			0.6	1.6	1.9	9	5	2.6		-	+				-	
1972-1983		2.0					5.3							-		1992-2000		3.2				112	_	2001-2009		1.2	2.9	1.5	13	11	2.5			-				-	
1972-1983		_	3.2			_	3.6			$\vdash$		-	-	-		1992-2000		1.0		_			_	2001-2009		1.3	3.6	1.3		20	2.8		-	-					
1972-1983			1.0			5	2.0			$\vdash$	-		-	-		1992-2000		0.6		_			_	2001-2009		0.8	1.9	1.1		10	2.5			+			-		
1972-1983		1.1	3.6		125 94	25	3.4			$\vdash$	-	-	-	-		1992-2000 1992-2000		1.4					_	2001-2009		0.8	3.0	1.0		18	3.8		-	+			-	-	
1972-1983 1972-1983		2.6				12 500	2.5					-	-	-		1992-2000		0.6 1.3		_		39		2001-2009		1.0	4.9	1.0	16	10 41	3.2 4.6		-	-				-	
1972-1983		0.9		0.6	47		1.9					-		-		1992-2000		2.0		_			_	2001-2009		1.5	3.1		309	25	2.0		-	-				-	
1972-1983		0.9				-	5.3					-		-		1992-2000		0.7		_			_			1.0	1.7	0.6	309	10	1.8			$\rightarrow$				-	
1972-1983			3.6		4	10	3.8			$\vdash$		-				1992-2000		1.1	2.1				_	2001-2009		0.8	4.0	0.4		10	5.3		-	-					
13/2-1383	_	1.0	5.0	0.1	3	10	5.8							-		1992-2000		1.1								0.0	4.0	0.1	3	10	5.3			$\rightarrow$				-	
										$\vdash$			_			1992-2000		0.9		_			_										-	-					
								L								1332-2000		0.9	1.4	0.1	7.	11	1.0	<u> </u>	$\Box$				_					_					

Table 10. Rounding and variance for Red Porgy for all year blocks from the Carolinas region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	vr	ves c	/ sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves (	v sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	vr	ves	cv s	d %r	nd tri	ps ma	x mean
1972-1983		0.6 1	46.6	98.6	1276.0			1984-1991	0.	5 13.0	100.0	7.0	50.0	24.3	1992-2000	0.9		85.0		500.0	81.5	2001-2009		.9 93.2	100.0	111.0	500.0	105.0	2010-2013					3.0 195	
1972-1983		1.0 1	99.7	98.3	523.0	1200.0	210.1	1984-1991	0.	6 100.8	93.9	490.0	700.0	160.6	1992-2000	1.0	68.6	79.5	114.0	650.0	42.9	2001-2009	0	.8 91.8	91.2	735.0	600.0	108.6	2010-2013		0.6 20	0.5 7	0.6 179	9.0 177	7.0 31.7
1972-1983		0.8 1	03.5	98.3	58.0	600.0	135.6	1984-1991	0.	7 137.3	93.7	1026.0	1000.0	196.3	1992-2000	0.8	8 27.9	73.5	214.0	200.0	36.4	2001-2009	0	.6 14.8	74.2	26.0	60.0	25.6	2010-2013		0.4 12	2.1 3	5.6 163	3.0 65	31.7
1972-1983		0.9 1	08.2	96.3	1012.0	1000.0	122.7	1984-1991	0.	9 115.4	91.0	480.0	680.0	134.7	1992-2000	1.:	61.2	68.6	710.0	490.0	56.4	2001-2009	0	.7 34.1	71.8	242.0	200.0	51.4	2010-2013		0.6 52	2.4 3	5.0 50	0.0 200	0.0 82.9
1972-1983		0.9	91.0	95.5	1122.0	1000.0	102.7	1984-1991	0.	8 94.6	88.2	284.0	700.0	115.9	1992-2000	0.8	68.2	61.2	609.0	400.0	83.0	2001-2009	0	.5 19.6	70.8	19.0	70.0	36.1	2010-2013		0.8 59	9.7 3	0.4 197	7.0 210	0.0 75.9
1972-1983		0.7	54.0	95.5	22.0	200.0	79.0	1984-1991	0.	8 78.7	85.6	729.0	500.0	94.0	1992-2000	1.0	73.5	59.6	738.0	500.0	71.2	2001-2009	0	.0 0.0	66.7	2.0	20.0	20.0	2010-2013		0.7 61	1.0 2	7.3 153	3.0 300	0.0 91.6
1972-1983		0.5	99.8	94.7	637.0	799.0	195.3	1984-1991	0.	8 65.7	81.4	446.0	600.0	85.7	1992-2000	0.8	57.5	56.7	343.0	300.0	70.9	2001-2009	1	.2 31.6	51.5	345.0	360.0	27.4	2010-2013		0.7 45	5.1 1	6.7 137	7.0 215	67.8
1972-1983		0.9 1	09.6	94.5	391.0	965.0	120.2	1984-1991	0.	8 31.6	80.3	143.0	200.0	37.5	1992-2000	0.4	4 8.1	53.6	15.0	40.0	20.3	2001-2009	0	.7 14.9	42.6	281.0	100.0	22.4	2010-2013		0.7	5.6 1	1.4 62	2.0 30	0.0 9.3
1972-1983		0.8 1	34.8	93.6	327.0	800.0	158.6	1984-1991	0.	8 33.0	79.7	65.0	150.0	41.2	1992-2000	1.4	48.1	49.9	821.0	700.0	35.4	2001-2009	1	.4 51.0	41.1	174.0	640.0	36.7	2010-2013		0.7 21	1.3 1	1.2 91	1.0 100	0.0 28.8
1972-1983		0.8 1	27.3	93.2	427.0	600.0	155.2	1984-1991	1.	1 105.9	78.5	451.0	1000.0	93.7	1992-2000	1.4	111.8	46.5	467.0	1200.0		2001-2009	0	.4 10.3		40.0			2010-2013		0.5 11			0.0 51	1.0 20.2
1972-1983		0.8	80.1	86.6	240.0			1984-1991	0.	8 54.9	75.7	118.0	450.0	64.8	1992-2000	0.	7 23.3	46.3	27.0	100.0		2001-2009	1	.2 38.0	36.1	417.0	264.0		2010-2013		0.7 10	0.8	7.8 17	7.0 36	5.0 14.8
1972-1983		1.1	66.2	85.6	211.0	385.0		1984-1991	0.	9 43.9	73.8					0.4		45.5	10.0	41.0		2001-2009	0	.9 41.8		555.0		-	2010-2013		0.8 25			8.0 127	
1972-1983					110.0			1984-1991		0 168.5					1992-2000	1.0		39.4	108.0	217.0		2001-2009		.6 16.9		124.0			2010-2013		0.9 12				0.0 14.8
1972-1983		0.5		85.0	38.0			1984-1991		9 57.6					1992-2000		7 16.7		87.0	75.0		2001-2009		.8 39.3	_	212.0			2010-2013		0.4 4	_			3.0 11.8
1972-1983		0.8			15.0			1984-1991		9 22.6		50.0	100.0		1992-2000		1 19.8	-	138.0	125.0		2001-2009		.5 4.5					2010-2013		1.4 23				0.0 17.3
1972-1983								1984-1991	0.		_	49.0	80.0		1992-2000		3 20.1	_	139.0	125.0		2001-2009		.7 9.1		611.0			2010-2013		1.0 7			0.0 30	
1972-1983				73.8	449.0			1984-1991		7 20.0		66.0	90.0		1992-2000		7 11.6		520.0	75.0		2001-2009		.7 23.4		218.0			2010-2013		0.7 3			6.0 15	
1972-1983					192.0			1984-1991		9 138.1		425.0	900.0		1992-2000		2 31.5		157.0	200.0		2001-2009		.8 39.0		174.0			2010-2013		1.1 8			5.0 45	
1972-1983				66.9	131.0			1984-1991		8 12.0		233.0	50.0		1992-2000	0.		26.7	8.0	25.0		2001-2009		.9 8.5		132.0			2010-2013					5.0 30	
1972-1983		_						1984-1991		0 29.8			200.0		1992-2000		5 48.2		276.0	500.0		2001-2009		.9 6.8		27.0			2010-2013		0.7 9			5.0 28	
1972-1983		0.7			71.0			1984-1991	0.			46.0	75.0		1992-2000		7 14.7		17.0	65.0		2001-2009		.8 9.1	_	_	_		2010-2013		0.8			4.0 33	
1972-1983				55.1	160.0			1984-1991		7 27.3		123.0	150.0		1992-2000	0.:		12.5	2.0	30.0		2001-2009		.2 13.2					2010-2013		1.0 19			6.0 45	
1972-1983				54.0	680.0			1984-1991		1 22.7		20.0	100.0		1992-2000	0.8		12.5	5.0	30.0		2001-2009		.8 6.6	4.7	44.0			2010-2013		1.0 2	2.7 (	0.2 16	6.0 10	0.0 2.6
1972-1983		_		53.6	35.0			1984-1991		9 38.0	_	119.0	350.0		1992-2000	0.8	_	11.3	173.0	100.0		2001-2009		.6 8.6		29.0		13.9			-	-	_	_	
1972-1983		0.9			23.0			1984-1991		0 39.6		14.0	150.0 180.0			0.9			4.0	27.0 150.0		2001-2009		.8 9.9		39.0		12.9			-	-		_	
1972-1983 1972-1983				39.2	47.0 12.0			1984-1991 1984-1991	_	7 24.5 0 57.3		107.0 42.0	200.0		1992-2000	0.4			61.0 3.0	150.0		2001-2009		.7 3.2		259.0	_	4.5 10.2			-	-		_	
1972-1983		1.0			14.0			1984-1991		5 12.8		6.0	50.0		1992-2000 1992-2000	1.0	_			200.0		2001-2009		.3 1.2	1.0	3.0	20.0 5.0	3.7			-	-	-	_	
1972-1983				32.5	608.0			1984-1991		2 25.6		33.0	125.0		1992-2000	0.9			25.0 16.0	15.0		2001-2009		.5 15.4	0.6	10.0		28.7			-	-	-	_	
1972-1983		0.6			65.0			1984-1991	0.			16.0	75.0		1992-2000		3 11.6		9.0	35.0		2001-2009		.4 6.6	0.6	6.0	23.0	14.8							
1972-1983		0.6			9.0			1984-1991	0.			38.0	14.0		1992-2000	0.0			37.0	30.0		2001-2009		.7 2.4			10.0	3.7			-				+
1972-1983		0.6			54.0			150.1551		5 5.0	1.2	30.0	14.0	4.4	1992-2000	0.0			13.0	24.0	8.2	2001 2003		2.4	5.5	01.0	10.0	5.7							
1972-1983				14.2	106.0										1992-2000	1.0			7.0	150.0	62.6														
1972-1983															1992-2000	0.9			16.0	15.0	4.0														
1972-1983		_	2.8	8.8	199.0										1992-2000		NA NA	1.6	1.0	240.0	_														_
1972-1983		0.9		7.6	86.0										1992-2000	1.3			87.0	65.0	7.8														+
1972-1983		1.6		4.8	54.0										1992-2000	0.0			4.0	5.0	3.0														
1972-1983		0.6		1.8	8.0										1992-2000	0.			48.0	5.0	2.4														
1972-1983		1.3 2		1.1		1000.0									1992-2000	1.			22.0	40.0	4.7														
1972-1983		NA N		0.4	1.0										1992-2000	0.	_		8.0	10.0	5.3														
1972-1983		1.4		0.4	8.0										1992-2000	1.3			2.0	10.0	5.5														
1972-1983		1.7		0.1	4.0																														
															•		_		_												_				

Table 11. Rounding and variance for Red Snapper for the first time block from the Georgia-north Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number

reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean
1972-1983		NA	NA	100.0	1	55	55.0
1972-1983		1.1	74.2	75.5	52	325	69.0
1972-1983		0.9	18.1	71.8	1270	200	19.8
1972-1983		1.3	77.9	66.7	3	150	60.7
1972-1983		0.9	17.1	53.8	13	60	18.6
1972-1983		1.0	14.6	49.6	310	100	14.6
1972-1983		1.1	23.3	47.4	205	200	20.3
1972-1983		1.2	19.8	45.0	95	85	16.8
1972-1983		1.4	49.3	43.7	732	500	35.3
1972-1983		1.1	49.8	39.5	77	275	44.4
1972-1983		1.6	49.5	37.7	166	300	31.7
1972-1983		1.0	25.9	37.4	1182	200	26.5
1972-1983		1.3	12.9	36.4	9	40	9.7
1972-1983		1.6	19.2	30.5	1059	400	12.0
1972-1983		0.8	19.3	30.4	84	76	24.2
1972-1983		1.0	7.0	29.9	57	40	7.0
1972-1983		0.8	8.5	29.4	15	30	10.1
1972-1983		1.8	22.0	26.7	91	200	12.2
1972-1983		1.3	18.0	23.2	914	100	13.9
1972-1983		1.8	20.6	21.9	111	200	11.4
1972-1983		2.1	30.2	21.5	772	300	14.2
1972-1983		0.7	21.3	21.4	10	71	29.2
1972-1983		1.5	44.2	17.9	107	317	29.5
1972-1983		0.9	6.6	14.6	28	27	7.3
1972-1983		1.2	15.7	13.5	38	70	13.0
1972-1983		1.3	9.0	13.3	176	67	6.7
1972-1983		1.9	20.0	12.8	650	225	10.6
1972-1983		1.0	6.3	11.1	6	18	6.5
1972-1983		1.1	7.1	8.5	63	30	6.7
1972-1983		0.9	5.0	2.6	19	16	5.8
1972-1983		2.1	10.0	1.1	49	68	4.7

Table 12a. Rounding and variance for Vermilion Snapper for all year blocks from the Carolinas region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	maz	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd '	%rnd	trips	maz	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	maz	mean	yr	ves	cv sc	1 %	rnd tr	ips n	nax m	nean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean
1972-1983		NA	NA	100.0	1	250	250.0	1984-1991		0.7 1	169.3	93.3	506	1400	249.4	1992-2000		0.4				_	33.3			0.6 25	.2 10	0.0	3	70	43.3	2010-2013		0.5	129.9	79.7	122	700	240.7
1972-1983		1.0	63.6	93.8	16	200	63.9	1984-1991		0.7 1	160.2	91.5	1078	1200	217.9	1992-2000		0.4	196.0	97.9	889	1220	472.7	2001-2009		0.4 184	.5 10	0.00	111 1	000 4	87.2	2010-2013		0.4	74.8	79.4	247	400	203.8
1972-1983		1.1	108.4	85.0	1288	900	101.0	1984-1991	1	1.0 2	296.5	85.7	820	2500	303.2	1992-2000		0.4	176.6	96.6	261	800	468.4	2001-2009		0.4 264	.9 9	8.8	738 2	000 6	95.8	2010-2013			84.1			390	
1972-1983		1.2	107.1	75.7	115	1000	91.3	1984-1991	1	1.0 1	72.0	84.1	514	1000	164.0	1992-2000		0.4	180.1	96.2	1268	1380	408.9	2001-2009		0.5 191	.9 9	3.3	74	800 3	56.6	2010-2013		0.6	118.0	68.4	508	600	193.1
1972-1983		0.7	33.8	72.1	134	300	45.9	1984-1991		0.7	46.2	74.3	74	250	67.9	1992-2000		1.0	112.9	92.9	28	350	118.7	2001-2009		1.4 134	.8	90.6	254	880	99.7	2010-2013		0.4	56.5	47.2	435	289	126.2
1972-1983		0.9	48.0	67.2	58	160	56.3	1984-1991	1	1.1	71.6	72.5	148	500	66.9	1992-2000		0.8	155.7	89.8	1119	1000	205.7	2001-2009		1.2 194	.5	0.3	31	900 1	60.7	2010-2013		0.6	122.0	38.1	523	750	197.5
1972-1983		1.8	250.4	65.2	528	1500	140.4	1984-1991	1	1.0 2	200.3	72.5	305	1200	190.8	1992-2000		0.9	65.6	84.8	132	350	72.3	2001-2009		1.0 246	.7 8	37.5	24	700 2	55.6	2010-2013		0.4	63.8	35.2	458	350	162.2
1972-1983		0.7	39.4	65.0	39	150	53.6	1984-1991		0.8	307.9	68.6	347	2000	407.3	1992-2000		0.8	153.7	83.6	924	800	198.7	2001-2009		1.0 207	.9 8	35.2	198 1	600 2	14.0	2010-2013		0.7	12.0	28.1	60	50	16.9
1972-1983		1.1	69.7	62.7	1141	600	64.4	1984-1991	1	1.0	51.2	65.7	140	300	50.7	1992-2000		0.7	176.4	76.6	1111	850	253.1	2001-2009		0.8 215	.1 8	34.2	550 1	000 2	61.1	2010-2013		0.6	18.8	26.9	383	80	29.2
1972-1983		1.5	86.4	57.4	1024	1200	57.8	1984-1991	1	1.0	41.4	63.2	152	300	40.2	1992-2000		1.0	140.9	76.1	905	950	147.4	2001-2009		0.7 196	.2 €	9.4	242	670 2	97.3	2010-2013		0.7	24.4	25.0	174	100	33.4
1972-1983		1.2	87.4	55.3	704	600	71.7	1984-1991	1	1.1 1	187.3	59.3	508	1000	178.0	1992-2000		0.9	119.7	71.1	402	800	128.5	2001-2009		0.7 130	1.8	8.6 1	012	700 1	95.9	2010-2013		0.3	12.9	20.7	479	120	36.9
1972-1983		1.3	89.3	52.0	440	600	68.4	1984-1991		1.2 2	200.6	58.8	148	1000	162.4	1992-2000		1.0	57.0	66.4	327	410	56.1	2001-2009		0.6 173	.2 5	3.8	506	660 3	08.3	2010-2013		0.9	55.6	17.8	461	250	64.0
1972-1983		1.4	53.1	48.6	403	300	39.0	1984-1991		0.4	16.5	53.7	94	80	37.2	1992-2000		0.6	24.8	62.0	156	130	40.5	2001-2009		1.0 71	.0 5	1.4	788 1	320	71.7	2010-2013		0.5	19.3	17.2	399	90	36.6
1972-1983	ш	0.5	15.5	45.7	88	90	30.2	1984-1991	1	1.1	64.3	52.8	53	250	58.0	1992-2000		0.5	34.9	57.4	275	170	71.5	2001-2009		0.7 129	.9 5	0.6	285	750 1	.89.0	2010-2013		0.4	70.6	14.0	708	400	188.9
1972-1983		0.9	189.9	44.7	694	1200	215.1	1984-1991		0.8 1	22.4	50.3	471	750	153.9	1992-2000		0.9	284.3	52.2	748	3600	333.8	2001-2009		0.7 44	.4 4	6.6	981	600	66.6	2010-2013		0.7	23.9	12.9	280	75	35.5
1972-1983		1.1	85.8	43.8	201	603	80.1	1984-1991		0.8	21.1	28.6	7	50	27.7	1992-2000		1.3	143.5	50.0	51	500	113.6	2001-2009		0.7 211	.8 4	6.1	319 1	260 2	87.3	2010-2013		0.6	24.5	12.0	788	110	42.0
1972-1983		1.0	283.2	43.7	87	1200	278.3	1984-1991	1	1.1	50.7	25.0	461	400	44.1	1992-2000		0.9	34.9	45.4	1025	160	38.7	2001-2009		0.7 116	.8 3	1.0	937	600 1	74.8	2010-2013		0.5	19.9	7.0	454	93	38.9
1972-1983		1.6	84.9	40.9	22	350	54.0	1984-1991		0.8	48.5	22.2	115	200	59.8	1992-2000		1.6	70.5	41.6	173	580	43.6	2001-2009		0.5 40	.8 2	7.7	389	200	86.3	2010-2013		0.6	13.2	6.8	272	50	22.9
1972-1983		1.2	26.2	40.6	330	200	21.7	1984-1991		0.7	30.7	20.8	595	175	44.4	1992-2000		1.3	52.7	39.1	56	270	41.0	2001-2009		0.4 28	.9 2	6.4	763	190	65.4	2010-2013		0.7	13.6	6.6	403	60	20.0
1972-1983		1.1	70.4	39.9	641	600	64.7	1984-1991	1	1.3	41.0	20.4	535	200	30.5	1992-2000		0.8	180.1	31.7	1188	650	222.6	2001-2009		0.9 27	.2 2	4.8	372	230	28.7	2010-2013		0.9	59.2	5.1	540	185	66.5
1972-1983		1.5	24.7	34.8	178	200	16.3	1984-1991		0.8	16.7	19.4	98	75	21.9	1992-2000		0.5	33.4	28.7	244	180	70.7	2001-2009		0.4 25	.8 2	2.8	57	120	61.2	2010-2013		0.4	8.4	4.5	104	30	22.0
1972-1983		1.0	40.7	34.2	99	200	39.0	1984-1991		0.9	39.0	15.2	24	150	43.1	1992-2000		0.9	20.9	28.3	324	130	23.8	2001-2009		0.6 23	.9 2	1.5	125	100	39.1	2010-2013		1.8	37.4	4.4	272	230	20.3
1972-1983		0.9	331.2	33.0	401	1500	353.8	1984-1991	1	1.2 1	07.6	12.4	708	601	89.0	1992-2000		0.7	31.4	27.2	92	120	47.4	2001-2009		0.5 9	.6 1	5.8	38	40	19.9	2010-2013		0.7	30.2	1.7	486	120	44.8
1972-1983		0.9	67.4	30.4	616	650	76.0	1984-1991		0.9	7.0	8.1	413	30	7.6	1992-2000		1.1	80.7	26.7	72	300	71.5	2001-2009		0.4 14	.6 1	5.5	97	60	33.9	2010-2013		0.7	8.5	0.9	536	25	12.7
1972-1983		1.3	39.2	30.1	244	210	30.9	1984-1991		0.8	49.7	8.1	1260	300	61.3	1992-2000		0.5	12.0	25.0	23	40	22.3	2001-2009		0.7 173	.1 1	3.8 1	256	850 2	53.8								
1972-1983		0.9	12.9	26.1	222	60	13.8	1984-1991	1	1.0 1	26.4	7.5	35	400	127.5	1992-2000		0.7	53.2	20.3	72	180	72.3	2001-2009		1.0 53	.7 1	2.0	260	295	51.7								
1972-1983		1.2	40.6	24.2	13	100	33.9	1984-1991		0.9	60.9	5.8	376	250	70.0	1992-2000		1.0	10.1	20.0	15	25	10.4	2001-2009		1.1 30	.0 1	0.6	145	181	26.4								
1972-1983		0.7	29.6	21.9	19	100	42.8	1984-1991	1	1.3	44.5	1.7	19	100	34.0	1992-2000		0.7	31.8	18.8	16	80	43.3	2001-2009		0.7 45	.5 1	0.5 1	359	210	69.9								
1972-1983		0.9	31.1	21.4	402	175	34.1	1984-1991		0.8	43.3	1.5	214	150	53.0	1992-2000		0.3	8.2	18.2	11	40	23.7	2001-2009		0.6 25	.5	9.8	941	100	41.3								
1972-1983		0.9	35.8	20.8	24	150	38.2	1984-1991	1	1.2	4.4	0.1	593	10	3.5	1992-2000		0.6	10.3	18.2	9	31	16.2	2001-2009		0.9 48	.6	7.8	81	130	56.8								
1972-1983		1.3	28.0	15.8	96	145	20.8	1984-1991		IA N	IA	0.0	190	150	150.0	1992-2000		1.2	14.7	16.1	56	75	12.2	2001-2009		1.0 58	.1	6.7	26	120	60.8								
1972-1983		2.5	74.5	14.3	39	300	29.5									1992-2000		0.6	8.4	13.5	92	30	14.1	2001-2009		1.3 20	.7	6.3	32	54	15.8								
1972-1983		1.2	34.7	9.8	459	200	28.4									1992-2000		0.8	46.9	12.5	1127	200	60.4	2001-2009		0.6 31	.8	5.9	32	75	52.5								
1972-1983		0.8	32.7	7.4	220	160	39.4									1992-2000		0.6	11.6	11.5	190	60	19.3	2001-2009		1.1 30	.8	5.6	301	125	29.0								
1972-1983		1.0	46.3	6.7	1046	200	46.7									1992-2000		1.0	30.7	10.3	428	150	31.8	2001-2009		0.4 10	.7	5.6	172	50	27.0								
1972-1983		2.0	29.1	6.6	215	150	14.8									1992-2000		0.6	28.4	9.3	343	120	45.7	2001-2009		0.5 100	.6	5.3 1	346	500 2	15.8								
1972-1983		0.9	30.0	6.0	432	120	34.4									1992-2000		1.1	37.7	6.4	196	163	35.6	2001-2009		1.1 50	.7	4.7	246	150	45.3								
1972-1983		1.1	82.3	6.0	428	450	76.9									1992-2000		0.6	55.9	6.4	1272	270	96.4	2001-2009		1.3 40	.4	3.6	165	132	31.2								
1972-1983		0.8	164.8	5.2	46	500	195.0									1992-2000		1.3	71.9	0.6	1678	250	54.1	2001-2009		0.6 16	.1	2.0	224	50	28.6								
1972-1983		1.9	36.8	3.6	244	225	19.7									1992-2000		2.6	18.6	0.2	474	60	7.2	2001-2009		0.9 127	.2	0.8 1	390	400 1	39.2								
1972-1983		0.4	15.7	2.4	369	60	38.9									1992-2000		1.7	48.0	0.1	1134	100	28.3			id.													
1972-1983		0.9	103.2	1.3	124	400	112.5																																
1972-1983		0.9	22.3	1.1	892	90	26.3																																
1972-1983		1.3	8.5	1.0	256	30	6.6																																
1972-1983		1.1	16.4	0.5	209	50	14.9																																

Table 12b. Rounding and variance for Vermilion Snapper for all year blocks from the Georgia-north Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr ve	es cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd 9	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves _	v sd	%rn	d trips	max m	ean
1972-1983		0.5 1	32.5	100.0	13	500	244.6	1984-1991	0.6	116.2	97.2	669	900	192.8	1992-2000		0.3	69.3	96.9	312	320	200.1	2001-2009	0.5	95.9	95.8	1299	450	185.4	2010-2013		.6 48	0 81.	5 375	220	\$5.8
1972-1983	ŀ	NA N	4	100.0	1	150	150.0	1984-1991	0.6	80.2	94.7	180	400	138.8	1992-2000		3.0	41.0	87.9	855	350	48.8	2001-2009	0.7	71.8	95.0	793	1150	99.0	2010-2013	C	.5 56	5 75.	2 361	215 1:	.0.0
1972-1983		0.7 1	65.8	96.5	224	1000	222.5	1984-1991	0.9	86.7	93.5	2046	600	101.1	1992-2000		1.2	99.5	64.5	461	750	80.0	2001-2009	0.7	73.8	91.6	133	310	98.9	2010-2013	C	.7 34	8 59.	3 378	220	7.0
1972-1983		0.9	76.7	93.8	77	325	84.2	1984-1991	0.9	152.0	93.5	442	1000	167.2	1992-2000		1.1	56.2	54.4	667	250	49.1	2001-2009	1.2	42.0	67.7	299	220	34.1	2010-2013	C	.8 66	4 42.	5 99	250	9.2
1972-1983		0.8 1	15.8	91.7	104	600	154.2	1984-1991	1.2	221.9	93.2	128	1500	190.2	1992-2000		3.0	55.2	49.5	645	240	70.8	2001-2009	0.9	64.5	67.7	617	350	71.7	2010-2013	C	.7 33	3 32.	2 192	160	6.7
1972-1983		0.7	98.6	90.5	315	800	149.1	1984-1991	0.6	57.2	92.7	181	300	88.8	1992-2000		0.5	12.3	47.4	248	100	22.6	2001-2009	0.9	121.8	67.5	599	550	130.9	2010-2013	C	.8 23	4 25.	2 278	95	1.1
1972-1983		0.7	31.2	88.1	61	200	46.3	1984-1991	0.6	103.7	92.2	795	500	160.2	1992-2000		0.7	66.4	44.4	8	216	99.6	2001-2009	0.6	7.3	49.2	42	30	12.5	2010-2013	C	.9 18	0 22.	4 315	112	١9.7
1972-1983		1.1 1	26.7	86.0	249	700	118.2	1984-1991	0.8	93.8	90.0	260	600	121.2	1992-2000		1.0	37.7	35.1	668	301	38.6	2001-2009	1.1	26.4	47.9	1121	215	24.2	2010-2013	C	.8 7	5 21.	7 57	30	9.0
1972-1983		0.6	54.3	85.3	102	250	96.3	1984-1991	1.0	173.8	89.9	1993	1200	176.8	1992-2000		0.9	11.7	23.4	317	60	13.3	2001-2009	0.7	63.4	45.7	1076	230	87.0	2010-2013	1	.1 22	5 13.	4 318	200	11.3
1972-1983		1.0	97.4	84.9	191	575	99.9	1984-1991	0.9	87.1	88.9	344	500	93.2	1992-2000		1.2	12.2	18.7	740	150	10.3	2001-2009	0.7	25.6	43.8	16	80	34.1	2010-2013	C	0.7 16.	3 7.	3 44	61	14.4
1972-1983		0.9 1	31.5	84.2	1317	1000	142.8	1984-1991	0.6	13.6	83.6	53	60	24.5	1992-2000		0.7	9.6	18.0	399	70	13.1	2001-2009	1.3	18.3	40.3	958	300	14.3	2010-2013	1	1 9.	3 7.	ე 34	50	8.8
1972-1983		1.1 1	18.6	80.6	1432	1257	111.3	1984-1991	0.9	61.0	83.5	157	300	66.7	1992-2000		1.2	10.8	15.0	589	100	8.9	2001-2009	0.4	5.7	33.3	2	18	14.0	2010-2013	C	).8 3.	4 2.	7 107	17	4.2
1972-1983		1.0	93.9	77.3	1077	600	93.9	1984-1991	1.0	76.1	81.3	15	250	75.1	1992-2000		0.7	19.5	13.8	60	100	27.4	2001-2009	0.9	69.9	31.6	49	405	74.2	2010-2013	1	3 7	6 2.	6 134	68	5.7
1972-1983		0.7	76.3	75.8	103	400	108.0	1984-1991	1.2	85.0	80.9	501	600	73.1	1992-2000		0.7	4.9	12.3	42	20	6.9	2001-2009	0.7	16.3	22.4	24	60	23.5	2010-2013	2	.2 10.	6 2.	1 160	130	4.8
1972-1983		0.7 1	14.1	74.2	1112	800	155.8	1984-1991	1.0	87.2	71.0	1100	500	85.6	1992-2000		1.4	18.4	12.0	274	100	13.0	2001-2009	0.9	9.7	22.3	1248	150	11.2	2010-2013	C	0.4	5 NA	11	2	1.5
1972-1983		0.9	21.9	72.7	10	70	25.5	1984-1991	1.1	29.1	67.0	152	150	27.3	1992-2000		1.1	12.0	11.7	202	40	11.4	2001-2009	0.8	8.2	17.4	29	30	9.8	2010-2013	N	A NA	NA	1	2	2.0
1972-1983		0.9	48.2	71.7	40	225	53.5	1984-1991	0.7	131.1	66.2	228	720	201.3	1992-2000		1.2	14.1	10.4	217	70	11.6	2001-2009	2.2	26.4	15.4	335	460	11.9							
1972-1983		1.0	95.2	71.4	11	300	93.9	1984-1991	0.7	14.9	65.9	1198	100	22.4	1992-2000		0.7	12.1	8.0	3	30	17.0	2001-2009	0.7	4.1	5.5	30	15	5.9							
1972-1983		0.9	84.2	70.7	86	400	89.0	1984-1991	1.1	26.0	61.1	149	150	23.4	1992-2000		1.6	10.3	2.4	135	100	6.5	2001-2009	0.8	26.9	4.3	2	53	34.0							
1972-1983		1.1	77.6	69.5	63	500	70.7	1984-1991	1.5	47.9	58.9	163	500	31.3	1992-2000		1.0	11.6	1.6	36	50	11.2	2001-2009	0.7	2.9	3.9	43	12	4.0							
1972-1983		1.1	54.8	63.5	943	775	51.0	1984-1991	1.7	60.8	49.6	254	500	35.2	1992-2000		0.7	5.0	1.5	41	20	7.3	2001-2009	1.3	6.3	3.5	264	40	5.0							
1972-1983		1.0	91.3	60.0	115	400	94.2	1984-1991	1.2	28.7	45.5	47	193	23.2	1992-2000		1.2	3.4	1.4	8	10	2.9	2001-2009	1.4	5.9	1.7	217	45	4.3							
1972-1983		0.9 1	67.1	56.0	703	1000	185.6	1984-1991	0.8	7.4	26.1	56	37	9.0	1992-2000		1.3	4.4	1.0	81	25	3.5	2001-2009	1.4	9.2	1.3	19	36	6.7							
1972-1983		0.9	66.3	51.1	58	250	73.2	1984-1991	1.1	114.2	18.7	165	900	108.1	1992-2000		0.6	1.7	0.9	4	5	2.8	2001-2009	0.9	3.3	0.2	52	15	3.7							
1972-1983		1.0	28.9	47.1	14	104	28.4	1984-1991	0.3	2.2	14.3	6	10	7.2									2001-2009	0.8	1.7	NA	17	6	2.1							
1972-1983		1.3	59.5	41.8	865	500	47.6	1984-1991	0.5	32.9	12.0	263	175	59.9																						
1972-1983		0.7	17.9	34.6	28	70	26.1	1984-1991	0.4	4.1	2.6	5	15	10.6																						
1972-1983		0.8	14.3	33.3	15	50	17.1																													
1972-1983		1.1	41.0	33.3	2	65	36.0																													
1972-1983		1.8	71.3	22.2	7	200	40.0																													
1972-1983		0.8	10.9	18.4	23	35	13.0																													
1972-1983		0.8	7.3	16.7	20	30	9.3																													

Table 13a. Rounding and variance for White Grunt for all year blocks from the Carolinas region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

1972-1988	yr v	es cv sd	%rnd t	rips max	mean	yr	ves c	v s	d %r	nd trip	s max	mean	yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max n	nean	yr v	es o	v so	d %rn	d trips	max	mean	yr	ves c	sd	%rnd	trips n	nax mean
1972-1988	1972-1983	NA NA				1984-1991	0	.5 1	5.0 10	0.0	7 50	30.0	1992-2000	0.6	87.1	100.0	28	350 1	136.1	2001-2009	0	.7 68	3.6 100	.0 24	250	104.6	2010-2013	0.	6 77.1	92.4	144 5	134.2
1971-1983 08 62 90 90 82 22 00 837 1984-1991 07 98 87 87 87 85 10 90 98 12 20 08 18 1992-1990 1992-1993 1992-1992-1993 1992-19	1972-1983	0.8 116.9	97.3	403 1000	148.6	1984-1991	1	.0 7	1.2 8	8.0 5	35 500	71.7	1992-2000	0.6	86.7	97.0	132	480 1	138.9	2001-2009	О	.3 15	5.3 100	.0 3	60	46.7	2010-2013	0.	8 47.7	82.3	247 4	100 59.0
1971-1988	1972-1983	0.8 76.2	92.1	330 400	90.0	1984-1991	0	.7 5	3.6 8	7.9 1	18 300	80.2	1992-2000	0.9	84.8	77.3	196	479	95.3	2001-2009	О	.5 79	9.7 98	.8 254	500	147.1	2010-2013	1.	0 106.4	70.7	122 5	00 109.8
1871-1888	1972-1983	0.8 62.9	90.9	22 200	83.7	1984-1991	0	.9 8	3.7 8	7.5 1	600	97.1	1992-2000	0.9	53.6	74.0	327	350	62.6	2001-2009	0	.8 108	3.2 93	.5 31	500	129.0	2010-2013	0.	7 30.9	41.5	174 1	50 41.6
1977-1988 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1972-1983	0.5 76.4	90.2	641 600	152.2	1984-1991	0	.6 7	2.7 8	2.9 1	10 400	118.2	1992-2000	1.0	39.2	71.9	56	150	39.5	2001-2009	1	.0 16	5.8 67	.1 738	200	16.5	2010-2013	1.	0 13.7	41.4	523 1	00 13.2
1972-1983    0.7   521   797   244   300   7.8   1984-1991   1.2   791   74.1   514   750   66.7   1992-2000   1.3   48.9   62.4   111   500   36.7   201-2009   1.6   26.5   45.8   500   35.3   201-2003   1.7   30.2   30.5   3	1972-1983	1.1 76.4	89.2	222 42	68.5	1984-1991	0	.9 7	1.0 7	7.4	300	83.3	1992-2000	0.6	99.7	71.6	402	700 1	162.4	2001-2009	1	.1 133	3.0 64	.7 498	800	119.4	2010-2013	0.	9 110.2	38.3	508 5	00 126.9
1972-1983 0.5 17.0 72.8 18.1 10.0 3.9 1984-1991 1.1 133.6 66.4 598 800 126.8 1992-2000 1.0 9.9 107.4 61.1 1199 750 115.3 1001-2009 1.2 44.8 4.8 1.5 45.90 5.0 30.2 1010-2013 0.9 26.2 16.7 70.8 1992-1993 1.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 73.1 1984-1991 1.0 8.0 11.3 15.6 64.5 98.8 00 12.8 1992-2000 1.0 8.3 74.5 1.0 1001-2009 1.2 44.8 4.8 1.5 4.5 4.0 10.0 1986. 2010-2013 0.9 12.8 15.5 12.7 66.1 13.9 13.9 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0 13.0	1972-1983	0.9 30.0	87.5	16 100	33.3	1984-1991	1	.3 8	0.4 7	5.6 8	20 700	62.5	1992-2000	0.3	7 35.7	69.3	156	200	53.9	2001-2009	1	.0 108	3.2 60	.3 606	500	103.2	2010-2013	1.	4 64.2	37.8	458 3	860 44.9
1971-1989   0.6   71.2   72.2   11.5   82.5   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6   18.6   1984-1991   0.8   18.6	1972-1983	0.7 52.1	79.7	244 30	71.4	1984-1991	1	.2 7	9.1 7	4.1 5	14 750	66.7	1992-2000	1.3	48.9	62.4	1111	500	36.7	2001-2009	1	.0 133	3.6 52	.3 285	650	135.3	2010-2013	1.	1 106.1	26.6	435 6	96.0
1972-1982 10. 48.0 68.0 459 500 47.3 1984-1991 04. 22.9 57.9 94 105 54.8 1992-2000 0.8 1974 1984-1991 12. 15.8 1982-2000 0.8 1974-1983 11.0 1971-1982 11.0 1982 11.0 1984-1991 12. 15.8 49.5 305 80 1345 1992-2000 0.7 44.7 51.8 1972-1982 11.0 1982-1982 11.0 1982-1982-1982-1982-1982-1982-1982-1982-	1972-1983	0.5 17.0	72.8	88 10	33.9	1984-1991	1	.1 13	3.6 6	6.4 5	800	126.8	1992-2000	0.9	9 107.4	61.1	1119	750 1	115.3	2001-2009	1	.6 62	2.4 51	.3 819	500	39.2	2010-2013	1.	7 33.0	21.6	708 1	150 19.7
1972-1983	1972-1983	0.6 71.2	72.2	115 42	118.6	1984-1991	1	.3 10	8.3 6	5.1 3	17 1000	83.8	1992-2000	1.0	39.9	57.4	51	200	38.0	2001-2009	1	.2 44	1.4 48	.2 165	450	36.9	2010-2013	0.	9 26.2	21.0	272 1	67 28.7
1972-1983 1.0 8.2 63 2 001 800 78.7 1984-1991 1.1 159.8 495 305 800 114.5 1992-2000 0.7 41.7 51.4 173 260 588 2001-2009 1.0 18.0 6. 41.4 650 1000 18.7 2010-2013 1.0 2.5 81.5 82 33 3.6 6 1972-1983 1.1 391 55.0 1141 240 35.0 1984-1991 1.1 179.0 473 148 1000 18.8 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 18.0 1992-2000 1.0 18.0 18.0 1992	1972-1983	1.0 48.0	68.0	459 500	47.3	1984-1991	0	.4 2	2.9 5	7.9	105	54.4	1992-2000	0.8	37.4	57.3	1025	200	44.6	2001-2009	0	.8 159	9.2 46	.4 1012	1000	198.6	2010-2013	0.	9 12.8	16.5	127	66 13.8
1972-1983 1. 3 9.1 5. 5 3.5 5.6 5.8 1. 18 1. 30, 1 73.8 1984-1991 1. 11 19.0 4.73 1. 184 1.00 1. 18.9 1. 1992-2000 0. 2 3 126.2 4. 13 5.0 1. 48 1.00 1. 46 6.3 5.3 3. 3. 2 75 1. 20 1. 2010-2010 1. 4 16.5 3. 3 3. 2 75 1. 20 1. 2010-2010 1. 4 16.5 1. 2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011-2011	1972-1983	0.8 16.9	68.0	178 100	21.2	1984-1991	0	.8 1	3.1 5	5.4	74 80	16.8	1992-2000	0.8	3 151.9	54.5	924	700 1	183.8	2001-2009	0	.7 9	9.7 46	.0 242	60	14.8	2010-2013	0.	5 12.3	14.9	479	75 22.6
1972-1983	1972-1983	1.0 82.0	63.2	201 800	78.7	1984-1991	1	.2 15	5.8 4	9.5 3	5 800	134.5	1992-2000	0.7	7 41.7	51.4	173	260	58.8	2001-2009	1	.0 180	0.6 41	.4 650	1000	184.7	2010-2013	1.	25.8	12.8	272 1	25 25.3
1972-1983 0.6 6.5 7.7 5. 24 266 91. 1984-1991 1.1 19.7 26.5 98 100 17.8 1992-2000 0.6 31.9 15.0 16.5 1992-2000 1.6 31.9 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0 15.0	1972-1983	1.5 253.5	57.6	528 1500	173.8	1984-1991	1	.1 17	9.0 4	7.3 1	18 1000	158.8	1992-2000	0.9	20.3	50.0			22.8	2001-2009	0	.6 5	5.9 36	.0 111			2010-2013	1.	0 6.6	8.5	383	36 6.9
1972-1983																																
1972-1983   0.8   48.7   36.7   36.7   36.7   37.8   38.8   39.2   20.7   1984-1991   1.9   27.1   10.7   506   300   13.9   13.9   1992-2000   0.8   23.3   33.3   23.   75.   29.8   2001-2009   0.6   14.7   23.7   38.   80.   25.2   2010-2013   0.2   27.   53.   94.   15.   1992-2000   1.0   16.1   32.4   77.   70.1   2001-2009   0.9   26.3   19.8   89.   150   29.3   2010-2013   0.2   27.   53.   94.   15.   1992-2000   1.0   16.1   32.4   77.   70.1   2001-2009   0.9   26.3   19.8   89.   150   29.3   2010-2013   0.2   27.   53.   94.   15.   31.9   1992-2000   1.0   16.1   32.4   77.   70.1   2001-2009   0.9   26.3   19.8   89.   150   29.3   2010-2013   0.2   27.   53.   94.   15.   31.9   1992-2000   1.0   16.1   32.4   77.   70.1   2001-2009   0.9   26.3   19.8   89.   150   29.3   2010-2013   0.2   27.   53.   94.   15.   19.9							1										905										2010-2013	1.				
1972-1983																																
1972-1983   0,7   1,7   1,8   1,8   1,9   1,9   1,9   1,1   1,0																																50 31.4
1972-1983																							_									15 13.0
1972-1983   1.3   1.3   1.2   1.5																							_						_		_	53 13.9
1972-1983   0.5   1.5   1.5   4.0   2.0   2.5   1984-1991   1.4   50.6   7.5   37.6   200   37.1   1992-2000   1.5   1.5   2								-															_							_		50 18.3
1972-1983   0,9   15,6   15,8   96   60   17,4   1984-1991   1,4   50,6   7,5   376   200   37,1   1992-2000   1,3   15,3   27,9   889   12,0   17,1   2001-2009   0,9   6,0   13,1   12,3   981   75   13,8   2010-2013   1,4   4,2   4,2   1,8   27,9   20   3,8   1972-1983   1,0   11,1   1,1																													-			
1.6 1.9 1.4 1.8 1.8 20 8.9 1984-1991 1.4 4.8 5.2 58 25 3.4 1992-2000 1.2 12.4 25.8 261 100 9.9 2001-2009 1.1 34.0 8.0 74 100 3.0 201-2003 1.3 11.8 1.5 4.4 2.2 1.8 279 20 3 1972-1983 1.1 31.5 209 25 70.1 1984-1991 0.7 10.0 2.7 21.4 40 14.1 1992-2000 1.2 12.4 25.8 261 100 9.9 2001-2009 1.1 34.0 8.0 74 100 3.0 201-2013 1.3 11.8 1.5 45.4 53 8.4 1972-1983 1.1 31.5 20.0 1984-1991 1.1 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.4 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.1 1.2 5 30.0 1992-2000 1.2 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3																																
1972-1983   0.6   44.3   13.5   209   250   70.1   1984-1991   0.8   36.6   3.4   19   100   48.8   1992-2000   1.2   12.4   25.8   261   100   9.9   2001-2009   1.1   34.0   8.0   74   100   30.1   2010-2013   1.3   11.8   1.5   454   53   88   1972-1983   1.3   18.7   15.0   4.8   1992-2000   1.8   4.																_							_									
1972-1983								_								_													_			
1972-1983																															_	
1972-1983																																
1972-1983																																
1972-1983																							-				2010-2013	0.	b 5.4	0.2	444	18 9.5
1972-1983								_														_							-		-	
1972-1983			-																										-		-	
1972-1983																																
1972-1983									-							_						-										
1972-1983						1 1 1 3 0 4 - 1 3 3 1		H IVA	_	J.1 1	77 73	75.0																				
1972-1983						í																-										
1972-1983					_																	-	-	-								
1972-1983																																
1972-1983																-						-										
1972-1983 4.4 31.8 0.4 1046 250 7.3 1992-2000 0.7 3.2 2.9 324 15 4.4 2001-2009 0.8 8.7 1.3 695 30 10.3						5																									_	
1972-1983 <b>10</b> 0.7 26.6 0.3 124 75 38.4 1992-2000 <b>10</b> 2.0 7.5 2.7 173 40 3.8 2001-2009 <b>10</b> 0.2 1.4 1.1 <b>81</b> 10 9.0	1972-1983	0.7 26.6	0.3		38.4								1992-2000	2.0			173	40														
1972-1983 0.8 19.8 0.2 403 40 26.0 1992-2000 0.7 2.4 1.3 267 10 3.3																																
1972-1983 NA NA 0.1 892 100 100.0		NA NA				)																										

Table 13b. Rounding and variance for White Grunt for all year blocks from the south Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

vr	ves	CV	sd	%rnd	trins	may	mean	vr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trins	max n	2020	vr	ves	CV	sd	%rnd	trins	may	mean	vr	vec	cv	cd 6	%rnd	tring	may	mean	vr	-	ves (	cv s	d 9	6rnd	trine	may	maan
1972-1983		1 AN		100.0	1	15	_	1984-1991			112.7			700 1		1992-2000	ves	0.8	81.2			_	106.8	2001-2009	VC3	0.6 4				400							93.9		720	96.7
1972-1983			37.1	84.6	23	125	45.3	1984-1991				87.5			63.6	1992-2000		0.4	73.5		1505		164.9	2001-2009		0.6 5						2010-20		_			92.6			77.9
1972-1983			74.0	84.3	81	450	77.4	1984-1991	-	0.7			1744		66.4	1992-2000		0.6		92.4						0.5 5						2010-20					81.1			56.9
1972-1983			87.3	63.6	18	300	94.6	1984-1991		1.0	61.4				63.2	1992-2000		1.0		87.5				2001-2009		0.7 2				150		2010-20					74.5			20.5
1972-1983			48.8	63.3	557	250	65.9	1984-1991			59.1		10		94.6	1992-2000		1.0		84.1				2001-2009		0.3 2			25			2010-20			0.9 18			523		21.2
1972-1983		1.7	23.2	36.7	127	250	13.8	1984-1991		0.6	39.2	78.4	120	175	61.9	1992-2000		0.8	41.6	82.8	923	270	55.1	2001-2009		0.7 1	2.6	54.6	447	75	17.2	2010-20	13	0	0.6 25	5.5	63.7	518	150	44.5
1972-1983				31.9	71	80	33.7	1984-1991			39.5				63.3	1992-2000		1.1		80.1				2001-2009		0.8 3				248		2010-20	013		0.4			14		17.2
1972-1983		0.7	30.5	31.6	65	170	44.7	1984-1991		0.7	52.6	56.0	43	200	75.7	1992-2000		1.0	31.1	63.9	834	250	31.5	2001-2009		0.5	6.8	53.3	793	80	13.9	2010-20	13	0	0.5 16	6.9	24.3	477	150	31.6
1972-1983		1.0	26.9	28.9	293	200	26.8	1984-1991		0.7	12.7	52.8	3264	136	18.1	1992-2000		0.7	15.1	63.3	898	140	20.2	2001-2009		1.0 5	3.7	47.2	1245	411	53.7	2010-20	13	0	0.9 19	9.4	17.9	185	105	21.7
1972-1983		0.7	38.3	27.8	36	150	56.9	1984-1991		1.4	351.4	43.1	81	1450 2	51.5	1992-2000		0.8	27.5	53.8	35	150	33.7	2001-2009		0.7 1	1.1	45.5	2103	123	16.1	2010-20	013	0	0.8 10	0.9	15.9	32	50	14.3
1972-1983		0.5	3.4	27.8	9	10	7.2	1984-1991		0.9	38.8	40.6	14	100	41.3	1992-2000		1.0	35.7	52.6	587	250	37.2	2001-2009		0.7 1	5.7	44.6	222	100	22.9	2010-20	013	0	).7 (	6.1	8.5	112	30	8.4
1972-1983		0.9	6.6	25.6	25	25	7.6	1984-1991	ш	1.0	29.3	29.6	1108	250	28.8	1992-2000		0.8	12.6	48.7	1260	125	15.1	2001-2009		0.2	7.7	22.2	9	46	37.4	2010-20	13	1	1.1 32	2.3	7.0	17	100	28.8
1972-1983		8.0	24.7	25.0	2	50	32.5	1984-1991		1.1	49.5	26.0	34	200	45.2	1992-2000		0.6	13.0	48.0	17	50	21.3	2001-2009		0.6 1	0.4	9.9	45	50	17.8	2010-20	13	0	0.9	5.0	6.4	662	40	5.6
1972-1983			24.1	20.5	125	100	32.3	1984-1991			24.2		787		24.3	1992-2000		0.8		40.6						0.9 1		8.1	133			2010-20				6.2	5.1	56	30	10.7
1972-1983			23.9	20.1	35	104	38.5	1984-1991		NA I		16.7	1		15.0	1992-2000		0.5		34.0				2001-2009		1.0 1		7.5	93			2010-20		_		9.8		117	50	9.9
1972-1983			20.7	19.6	501	120	22.2	1984-1991		0.5	31.0		33			1992-2000		0.8		31.6				2001-2009		0.6 1		7.4	63	82	32.5	2010-20		0		4.3	4.7	288	24	6.0
1972-1983			18.6	19.4	11	50		1984-1991		0.5		12.4	116					1.2		31.1		305		2001-2009		0.8		7.2	138		5.6					3.4	4.7	203	20	4.3
1972-1983			26.4	16.0	117	160	19.6	1984-1991		0.6	8.9		89		16.0	1992-2000		1.0		26.6		208		2001-2009			9.5	7.0	93			2010-20				4.3	4.6	397	26	5.7
1972-1983			12.2		170	100		1984-1991	-		18.1		42			1992-2000		0.8		22.5		60		2001-2009		0.7		6.1	197			2010-20				7.4	3.9	27	30	18.0
1972-1983		0.6	43.8	8.6	18	191	69.1	1984-1991			26.9	9.4	20		23.1	1992-2000		0.7		17.9		40		2001-2009			8.4	5.9	140			2010-20				2.8	3.7	297	20	4.0
1972-1983		0.6	3.9	6.7	9	12	6.1	1984-1991		0.3	1.4	8.3	6	6		1992-2000		0.9		13.7	88	50		2001-2009			3.8	5.9	21			2010-20				3.5	3.0	111	25	4.5
1972-1983		1.0	6.2	5.7	60	35	6.5	1984-1991		0.7	6.4	7.3	5	20	9.8	1992-2000		-		12.6		150		2001-2009		0.5	-	5.3	3			2010-20					2.5	201	50	9.6
1972-1983		0.7	4.6 23.3	5.2	28	20	6.4	1984-1991	-		11.1	5.5	14	42 35		1992-2000		0.9		12.3		126		2001-2009			2.7	4.6	81 50			2010-20			1.7 23		1.8			13.4
1972-1983 1972-1983		_	13.9	3.8	2	35 40	18.5 20.5	1984-1991 1984-1991		1.2	3.4 5.2	4.5	164	15	4.5	1992-2000 1992-2000		0.6	6.8	10.4		30 120		2001-2009			7.8	4.5 2.9	50			2010-20				7.2	1.5	68 75	26	6.6 2.8
1972-1983		0.7	3.9	2.6	540	35	4.6	1984-1991		0.8	3.2	2.2	6 75	19	4.3	1992-2000		-	159.4					2001-2009			5.6	2.6	22		6.0					8.6	0.8	78	50	6.7
1972-1983		1.3	47.9	2.4	16	200	37.2	1984-1991		1.9	25.1	1.6	121			1992-2000		0.9	10.3		98	50		2001-2009		1.1 2		2.5	29			2010-20				9.4	0.8	27	48	13.7
1972-1983		0.5	1.7	2.4	5	5	-	1984-1991	-	0.8	6.5	1.4	205	50		1992-2000		0.7	3.4			20		2001-2009		0.7		2.0	28		4.5					2.9	0.4	7	10	4.0
1972-1983		1.2	8.0	1.0	14	25	6.8	1984-1991		0.7	5.4	1.3	5	15	7.2	1992-2000		1.0	20.9			198		2001-2009		0.7		1.7	36			2010-20		_	.0 12			10	36	12.6
1972-1983	_	1.2	4.4	1.0	4	10	3.5	1984-1991	-	0.2	2.3	1.0	11			1992-2000		1.1	16.5			150		2001-2009		0.8 5		1.5	13			2010-20	_			4.5 N		25	23	3.0
1972-1983		1.1	9.9	0.7	32	40		1984-1991		1.0	3.4	1.0	171	25	3.2	1992-2000		1.1				100		2001-2009		0.9		0.8	20			2010-20			.2 17			5		14.0
1972-1983		0.7	2.0	0.7	23	10		1984-1991		1.0	4.9	0.8	26	21	5.0	1992-2000		0.9	5.9			50		2001-2009		0.7		0.8	82		3.1		-	_					- 1	
1972-1983		1.1	7.0	0.5	72	40	6.6	1984-1991			16.3	0.8	2		18.5	1992-2000		0.7	9.9			60		2001-2009		2.3 1		0.6	8											
1972-1983		1.5	6.5	0.5	141	50	4.4			1.2	4.1	0.8	452	55	3.5	1992-2000		0.8	2.9		13	10		2001-2009		2.3 5		0.3	18	168										
1972-1983		0.9	7.2	0.4	29	30	8.1	1984-1991		1.7	15.0	0.7	49	100	8.8	1992-2000		1.3	9.6			50	7.1	2001-2009		0.8 1	3.8	0.1	4	32	17.5	;								
1972-1983		1.4	4.8	0.4	128	20	3.5	1984-1991		0.9	3.2	0.7	347	30	3.6	1992-2000		0.7	12.3	4.8	27	50		2001-2009		0.9	8.5	NΑ	3	19	10.0	)								
1972-1983		1.0	3.9	0.4	35	16	4.0	1984-1991		0.5	7.0	0.6	28	30	14.0	1992-2000		0.8	9.4	4.5	12	30	11.1	2001-2009		NA N	1 A	NΑ	1	6	6.0	)								
1972-1983		1 AV	IA	0.4	1	25	25.0	1984-1991		0.8	3.8	0.1	29	15	4.6	1992-2000		0.5	8.4	3.6	5	30	18.0	2001-2009		0.9	5.4	NΑ	7	16	6.1									
1972-1983		0.6	1.5	0.4	31	7	2.6	1984-1991		1.1	14.9	0.1	3	30	13.0	1992-2000		1.6	47.2	3.1	28	240	29.5																	
1972-1983		1.3	5.2	0.2	3	10	4.0	1984-1991		0.7	2.0	0.1	47	8	3.0	1992-2000		0.9	3.9	3.0	64	20	4.4																	
1972-1983		0.9	2.1	0.1	171	13	2.4	1984-1991		1.1	6.4	0.0	4	15	6.0	1992-2000		0.8	10.3	2.8	35	50	13.1																	
1972-1983		0.7	1.3	0.1	60	6	1.8									1992-2000		0.9	28.3		2	50	30.0				_								_	_	_			
1972-1983		0.7	1.3	0.1	14	5	1.8									1992-2000		0.8	7.8			40	9.2				_								_	_				
										_						1992-2000		0.9	5.7			35	6.6			$\perp$	_						_		_	_	_		_	
		_							_	-						1992-2000		0.9	5.7		2		6.0				-						-	_	-	-	-		_	
		_							_	-						1992-2000		1.1	4.4			42	3.9				-						-	_	+	-	_		_	
		-					_		-	-				_		1992-2000		0.6	5.0		52	20	7.7			$\vdash$	-					-	-	-	+	-	-	_	-	
-	-	-							-	-	-			-		1992-2000		0.6	4.6		3	10	7.3			$\vdash$	-					1	-	-	+	-	-		-	
		-							-	-	-					1992-2000		0.7	2.4		41					$\vdash$	-						-	-	+	-	-		-	
		-								-				-		1992-2000 1992-2000		0.6	9.4 7.2		9	30 20				$\vdash$	-					1	-	-	+	-	-		-	
	$\vdash$								-	-	-					1992-2000		1.1	2.6		12					$\vdash$	-					1	-	-	+		-			
	$\vdash$									-						1992-2000		0.5	1.4		2	4	3.0			$\vdash$	-						-	-	+	-	-			
	$\vdash$								-	-	-					1992-2000		0.5		NA NA	2					$\vdash$	-					1	-	-	+		-			
										-						1992-2000		0.6	1.6		13					$\vdash$	-						-	-	+					
										-						1992-2000		0.4	1.0		6					$\vdash$	_						-	-	+					
	$\vdash$									-						1992-2000		NA		NA	1	8				$\vdash$								_	+					
																1992-2000		0.8	2.2		37					$\vdash$								$\rightarrow$	$\perp$					
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	212								_	_	_		_	_		_	_		_	_	_	_	_

Table 14. Rounding and variance for Tomtate for two year blocks from the Georgia-north Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean
1972-1983		0.5	41.9	100.0	13	200	89.2	1992-2000		0.4	54.8	97.5	312	300	156.1
1972-1983		0.5	90.6	98.8	343	500	179.2	1992-2000		0.7	153.4	97.2	72	700	214.8
1972-1983		0.4	13.4	95.5	64	100	34.8	1992-2000		0.5	12.4	81.0	1140	200	23.7
1972-1983		0.6	68.1	94.5	105	325	113.0	1992-2000		0.9	59.6	78.6	476	400	67.6
1972-1983		0.8	138.0	94.3	219	1000	176.0	1992-2000		0.7	42.0	76.7	1420	200	58.4
1972-1983		0.6	51.9	92.7	80	250	80.4	1992-2000		0.9	26.1	56.8	617	200	30.4
1972-1983		0.7	91.1	92.2	120	500	126.3	1992-2000		1.0	29.7	39.6	893	240	31.2
1972-1983		0.5	67.6	91.4	108	300	124.7	1992-2000		0.6	16.2	32.9	71	61	25.7
1972-1983		0.4	36.6	90.6	52	200	89.0	1992-2000		0.8	23.5	30.6	334	150	31.3
1972-1983		0.4	44.2	88.9	72	200	98.7	1992-2000		0.6	13.4	28.6	6	40	20.8
1972-1983		0.6	7.9	85.7	7	25	13.3	1992-2000		0.8	21.8	23.3	580	161	28.2
1972-1983		0.8	42.8	68.3	205	200	51.2	1992-2000		0.5	13.5	22.6	95	70	29.3
1972-1983		0.7	54.9	64.7	11	200	81.8	1992-2000		0.4	9.8	20.6	390	80	23.0
1972-1983		0.8	36.7	64.1	852	400	44.5	1992-2000		0.5	6.9	20.0	6	25	13.5
1972-1983		0.4	39.8	64.0	918	300	90.2	1992-2000		0.5	14.4	14.3	4	48	27.0
1972-1983		0.8	34.4	57.1	11	100	44.7	1992-2000		0.5	13.7	13.8	131	75	28.3
1972-1983		0.8	42.9	53.8	126	300	52.7	1992-2000		0.5	13.3	11.2	92	80	27.7
1972-1983		0.7	32.2	52.8	812	200	49.1	1992-2000		0.7	16.0	10.4	95	100	22.9
1972-1983		1.2	40.8	52.6	32	200	33.6	1992-2000		0.5	3.0	2.8	6	10	6.5
1972-1983		0.7	23.1	52.1	26	100	33.1	1992-2000		1.0	22.1	2.2	29	100	21.3
1972-1983		0.5	15.3	43.3	14	50	28.7	1992-2000		0.7	19.4	1.7	39	50	27.1
1972-1983		0.9	23.1	42.4	874	175	24.8	1992-2000		0.6	24.6	0.7	9	100	43.0
1972-1983		0.6	13.3	40.4	31	50	24.2	1992-2000		NA	NA	0.1	1	40	40.0
1972-1983		0.2	5.8	36.4	4	30	25.0	1992-2000		0.8	6.4	NA	2	12	7.5
1972-1983		1.1	33.2	35.9	62	200	29.3								
1972-1983		1.0	29.1	30.7	37	130	28.9								
1972-1983		1.0	32.6	23.9	511	250	32.0								
1972-1983		0.6	18.7	17.2	63	82	30.7								
1972-1983		0.8	71.1	14.0	154	383	89.7								
1972-1983		0.5	18.1	3.0	72	125	37.1								
1972-1983		1.9	205.5	NA	5	473	105.6								

Table 15. Rounding and variance for Scamp for two year blocks from the Carolinas region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean	yr	ves	cv	sd	%rnd	trips	max	mean
1992-2000		0.8	27.1	80.3	251	160	32.7	2001-2009		0.7	17.9	93.7	107	100	25.7
1992-2000		1.1	25.6	67.9	1150	250	24.3	2001-2009		0.9	37.2	92.0	714	500	40.8
1992-2000		1.1	31.9	63.9	851	310	30.2	2001-2009		0.9	6.1	45.8	23	30	6.5
1992-2000		0.6	7.8	30.3	170	40	12.8	2001-2009		0.9	15.3	37.7	324	130	16.5
1992-2000		0.9	5.4	28.6	26	30	6.1	2001-2009		0.8	5.3	29.8	212	28	6.5
1992-2000		1.5	15.0	20.4	371	200	9.9	2001-2009		0.5	12.6	21.3	214	60	22.8
1992-2000		0.9	8.7	18.8	3	20	10.0	2001-2009		1.2	9.5	17.2	367	100	7.9
1992-2000		0.6	14.5	17.5	82	60	24.0	2001-2009		0.9	5.5	16.0	43	25	6.4
1992-2000		0.9	14.8	17.5	382	160	15.7	2001-2009		1.1	8.4	15.7	132	45	7.8
1992-2000		0.8	4.2	16.9	316	30	5.0	2001-2009		0.6	4.7	13.5	396	30	7.4
1992-2000		1.0	8.1	15.8	784	60	7.9	2001-2009		0.8	6.7	8.9	221	45	7.9
1992-2000		0.9	6.9	13.2	465	40	7.5	2001-2009		1.0	7.2	8.4	427	41	7.0
1992-2000		0.8	4.0	9.3	18	15	4.8	2001-2009		0.8	9.9	8.1	251	80	11.9
1992-2000		2.5	18.1	8.3	316	300	7.2	2001-2009		1.1	5.4	7.0	258	35	4.9
1992-2000		0.6	3.0	6.7	13	10	5.0	2001-2009		0.8	4.2	6.8	154	20	5.3
1992-2000		1.3	7.7	5.9	588	63	5.8	2001-2009		0.5	2.8	6.5	30	12	5.1
1992-2000		1.0	4.5	5.7	92	20	4.7	2001-2009		1.1	4.4	3.3	130	36	4.1
1992-2000		0.8	2.4	3.5	75	11	3.0	2001-2009		1.4	5.1	2.9	144	30	3.8
1992-2000		1.0	4.2	3.3	26	15	4.2	2001-2009		0.8	5.8	2.5	140	35	7.2
1992-2000		1.0	8.1	2.8	161	38	8.4	2001-2009		0.9	11.0	2.5	82	60	12.6
1992-2000		0.9	3.0	2.4	130	17	3.1	2001-2009		0.8	5.4	2.4	120	25	6.4
1992-2000		0.8	7.2	2.2	79	30	8.8	2001-2009		0.8	4.6	2.3	22	21	5.6
1992-2000		1.3	9.9	2.0	27	50	7.8	2001-2009		1.0	4.2	2.0	65	23	4.2
1992-2000		1.7	7.3	1.8	117	60	4.3	2001-2009		0.7	4.5	1.6	255	29	6.0
1992-2000		0.6	1.2	0.8	35	5	1.9	2001-2009		0.5	1.7	1.1	4	5	3.3
1992-2000		0.8	1.4	0.6	46	7	1.7	2001-2009		0.5	1.4	0.6	7	5	2.7
1992-2000		0.8	1.5	0.5	6	5	2.0	2001-2009		0.8	2.6	0.3	9	8	3.1
1992-2000		1.1	4.4	0.1	9	15	3.9	2001-2009		1.0	1.9	0.1	19	8	1.8
1992-2000		NA	NA	NA	1	1	1.0	2001-2009		0.2	0.5	NA	4	3	2.3
1992-2000		NA	NA	NA	1	7	7.0	2001-2009		NA	NA	NA	1	1	1.0
1992-2000		0.3	0.5	NA	5	2	1.6	2001-2009		0.5	0.6	NA	15	3	1.3
1992-2000		0.6	1.0	NA	21	4	1.7	2001-2009		NA	NA	NA	1	1	1.0
1992-2000		0.0	0.0	NA	2	1	1.0	2001-2009		0.2	0.5	NA	4	3	2.3
1992-2000		0.0		NA	2	3	3.0	2001-2009		0.6	0.9	NA	5	3	1.6
1992-2000		0.3	0.7	NA	2	3	2.5	2001-2009		0.7	2.8	NA	2	6	4.0
1992-2000		NA	NA	NA	1	2	2.0	2001-2009		0.4	2.0	NA	4	8	5.0
1992-2000		0.4		NA	4	2	1.3	2001-2009		0.5	0.9	NA	10	4	1.8
1992-2000		0.4	0.4	NA	5	2	1.2	2001-2009		0.5	2.1	NA	10	8	4.1
1992-2000		0.4	0.4	NA	5	2	1.2								
1992-2000		0.4		NA	9	4	2.3								
1992-2000		NA	NA	NA	1	1	1.0								

Table 16. Rounding and variance for Mutton Snapper for all year blocks from the south Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, sd=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr	ves cv sd	%rnd t	rips max	mean	vr v	ves cv	sd %	rnd tr	ips max	mean	vr v	es cv	sd %rnd	trips max	mean	vr	ves	cv sd 9	%rnd trips	max m	ean vr	· V	es cv	sd 9	6rnd tri	os max	mean
1972-1983	0.6 58.		22 250		1984-1991	0.5			11 70	32.7	1992-2000	0.6	13.3 87.5	8 50		2001-2009		1.0 121.9			26.6 2010-2			53.0			103.4
1972-1983	0.6 62.	87.5	8 180	102.6	1984-1991	1.1	108.5	81.3	114 800	97.0	1992-2000	0.7	52.5 85.4	138 300	74.7	2001-2009		1.0 47.0	43.8 363	250	44.8 2010-2	2013	0.8	70.4	50.0	6 385	84.8
1972-1983	1.1 54.		95 267		1984-1991	0.8	14.2	65.6	30 78	16.7	1992-2000	1.1	25.2 56.5	200 200	23.2	2001-2009		0.8 5.7	17.6 46	25	7.5 2010-2	2013	0.9		8.4 42		4.6
1972-1983	0.8 7.	40.7	176 48	9.2	1984-1991	0.9	18.3	64.0	70 120	21.0	1992-2000	0.7	4.3 20.8	64 20	5.9	2001-2009		0.9 5.3	14.5 168	27	6.2 2010-2	2013	1.3	7.6	8.0 40	6 57	5.7
1972-1983	0.7 5.	3 23.2	101 25	7.3	1984-1991	0.2	2.1	40.0	4 15	12.3	1992-2000	0.8	3.2 18.2	7 10	4.0	2001-2009		0.8 3.4	12.7 435	20	4.2 2010-2	2013	1.2	6.3	7.5 65	3 50	5.2
1972-1983	0.9 4.	16.7	92 25	5.5	1984-1991	1.0	26.0	24.1	107 186	25.9	1992-2000	0.5	2.6 10.3	167 12	5.0	2001-2009		0.8 2.9	8.7 513	18	3.7 2010-2	2013	1.0	4.4	6.6 54	42	4.4
1972-1983	0.9 3.	10.7	40 20	3.6	1984-1991	0.7	3.0	20.0	12 12	4.3	1992-2000	0.7	2.4 9.5	668 20	3.3	2001-2009		0.7 3.2	6.9 72	12	4.4 2010-2	2013	1.0	2.8	4.3 32	9 27	2.7
1972-1983	1.4 8.	9.4	96 80	6.1	1984-1991	0.8	4.6	17.0	83 25	5.6	1992-2000	1.7	6.9 7.2	504 80	4.1	2001-2009		0.8 2.8	6.8 309	20	3.6 2010-2	2013	1.8	7.1	3.7	8 48	4.0
1972-1983	1.0 4.	8.8	129 21	1 4.4	1984-1991	2.0	79.3	13.2	62 528	40.5	1992-2000	1.1	3.9 6.9	625 30	3.4	2001-2009		1.3 6.7	6.3 461	52	5.0 2010-2	2013	1.2	3.1	3.3 66	2 46	2.7
1972-1983	0.9 6.	8.7	230 37			0.6	4.9	11.1	2 12	8.5	1992-2000	1.7	8.8 4.9	373 85	5.3	2001-2009		0.8 2.3	4.9 383	16	2.8 2010-2	2013	2.1	14.0	3.1 1	9 100	6.8
1972-1983	1.0 4.	8.3	160 40	4.4	1984-1991	0.9	3.3	8.3	36 14	3.7	1992-2000	1.4	4.7 4.5	91 37	3.2	2001-2009		0.7 2.1	4.6 26	10	3.2 2010-2	2013	0.9	2.4	2.9 81	6 24	2.7
1972-1983	1.7 7.	8.2	691 150	4.7	1984-1991	1.0	3.0	5.7 10	017 21	3.1	1992-2000	0.9	4.9 4.3	32 20	5.6	2001-2009		1.1 3.2	4.6 155	30	3.0 2010-2	2013	0.9	10.4	1.7	11 42	11.4
1972-1983	0.7 3.	8.0	11 13	3 4.9	1984-1991	0.7	1.9	5.6	46 10	2.8	1992-2000	1.4	4.5 4.3	345 45	3.3	2001-2009		0.8 2.1	3.6 195	15	2.5 2010-2	2013	0.8	2.2	1.6	0 11	2.6
1972-1983	1.0 4.				1984-1991	1.2	3.8	5.3 10		3.2		1.1	5.4 4.0	20 20		2001-2009			2.8 101		3.5 2010-2		0.9		1.4 13		2.3
1972-1983	1.1 4.		25 19		1984-1991	1.2	5.1		944 70	4.2		2.1	8.0 3.9	518 101		2001-2009			2.6 524		2.6 2010-2		0.8		1.4 35		2.2
1972-1983	0.9 3.				1984-1991	0.9	2.6		541 15		1992-2000	0.9	2.5 3.8	763 25		2001-2009			2.3 435		2.9 2010-2		0.8		1.3 14		2.4
1972-1983	1.3 5.		134 40		1984-1991	1.1	3.4	5.1 2			1992-2000	1.1	4.0 3.6			2001-2009			2.0 263		6.3 2010-2		0.8		1.2 2		2.0
1972-1983	1.1 5.		132 37		1984-1991	1.1	3.2		155 40	3.0		0.7	1.7 3.6	49 10		2001-2009			1.8 328		2.7 2010-2		1.1		1.0 15		2.5
1972-1983	0.8 3.		62 17		1984-1991	0.9	3.0	4.0	92 15	3.5		1.6	5.7 3.1			2001-2009			1.8 187		2.3 2010-2		0.9		0.9 45		2.0
1972-1983	1.0 3.				1984-1991	0.7	2.7	3.3	81 12	4.0		0.9	2.3 2.8	44 15		2001-2009			1.7 525		2.6 2010-2		0.8		0.9 68		1.9
1972-1983	1.0 3.				1984-1991	1.7	4.8		329 100		1992-2000	2.0		1352 100		2001-2009			1.6 40		2.3 2010-2		0.9		0.8 35		2.0
1972-1983	0.8 3.		131 18		1984-1991	0.8	2.0	3.3			1992-2000	1.1		159 44		2001-2009			1.6 249		4.1 2010-2		0.7		0.8 12		1.8
1972-1983	1.1 3.		686 25		1984-1991	1.2	4.0		338 102	3.4		1.1	2.6 2.1			2001-2009		1.0 2.5	1.6 45		2.5 2010-2		0.7		0.7 17		1.7
1972-1983			541 50		1984-1991	0.9	2.3		252 23		1992-2000	0.6	1.4 2.1			2001-2009		1.7 5.7	1.1 30		3.4 2010-2		0.7		0.7 33		1.7
1972-1983	1.4 4.		740 58		1984-1991	0.9	3.8		57 18		1992-2000	1.1		581 35		2001-2009			0.9 29		2.2 2010-2		1.0		0.6		2.7
1972-1983	0.8 2.		604 12 18 8		1984-1991	1.1	2.7		11 10	2.4		1.5		1456 50		2001-2009			0.9 610		1.9 2010-2		2.4		0.5 36		2.3
1972-1983 1972-1983	0.8 1.		18 8 31 13		1984-1991 1984-1991	1.1 0.8	3.2 1.6	2.7 2.7			1992-2000 1992-2000	2.9 1.0	12.8 1.9 2.3 1.8	177 110 792 18		2001-2009			0.8 311 0.8 812		2.0 2010-2		0.8		0.4 15		1.9
1972-1983	1.1 4.		149 23		1984-1991	1.0	3.5		308 10 274 32	2.1 3.5		1.3	5.1 1.6			2001-2009			0.8 209		1.8 2010-2		0.6		0.4 3		2.1 1.5
1972-1983	1.0 2.		725 31		1984-1991	0.7	1.8		204 11		1992-2000	1.1	2.6 1.6	304 21		2001-2009		1.4 3.4	0.5 40		2.6 2010-2		1.0			0 16	1.9
1972-1983	0.9 2.		321 16		1984-1991	1.2	3.3	2.6 1			1992-2000	3.3	15.8 1.5	696 174		2001-2009			0.5 136		1.6 2010-2		0.9				1.8
1972-1983	1.1 3.		281 23			1.1	3.7		279 24	3.4		1.0	4.9 1.5			2001-2009			0.3 166		1.9 2010-2		0.9			13 9	1.5
1972-1983	0.9 2.		223 14		1984-1991	1.0	2.6		274 17	2.6		1.1	2.3 1.4	345 25		2001-2009		0.7 1.1	0.3 623		1.6 2010-2			15.3 N		5 37	11.4
1972-1983	0.8 2.		69 12		1984-1991	1.1	3.8		354 40	3.5		1.7	4.3 1.2			2001-2009			0.2 101		1.3 2010-2		NA			1 1	
1972-1983	0.9 1.		643 16		1984-1991	1.3	3.7		500 44	2.8		0.8		591 11		2001-2009			0.1 206		1.7		-	1			
1972-1983	0.8 1.				1984-1991	0.8	2.1	1.5	47 9	2.7		0.8	1.4 1.1	229 10		2001-2009		0.7 1.0 M			1.5						
1972-1983	0.8 1.		757 14		1984-1991	3.3	14.5		196 200	4.4		1.6	4.2 1.0	622 75		2001-2009			VA 1		2.0						
1972-1983	1.2 3.		72 20		1984-1991	1.1	2.9		147 21		1992-2000	0.9	1.4 0.7			2001-2009			VA 1		1.0						
1972-1983	1.0 3.	0.6	50 17	7 3.5	1984-1991	1.3	2.7	1.1 19	943 41	2.0	1992-2000	0.8	1.6 0.6	171 11	2.1	2001-2009		0.5 0.8	VA 6	3	1.7						
1972-1983	0.8 1.	0.4	649 15	5 1.9	1984-1991	0.8	1.5	0.9 1	358 12	1.9	1992-2000	0.9	1.6 0.6	453 20	1.8	2001-2009		2.1 15.0	NA 8	44	7.1						
1972-1983	0.7 1.	0.1	137 8	1.6	1984-1991	1.6	3.9	0.6	343 49	2.4	1992-2000	1.4	2.5 0.6	208 30	1.8												
1972-1983	NA NA	NA	1 1	1 1.0	1984-1991	1.2	2.6	0.4	347 34	2.2	1992-2000	1.4	3.4 0.6	210 40	2.3	В											
1972-1983	0.9 1.	NA NA	23 7		1984-1991	0.7	1.1	0.1	637 9	1.6	1992-2000	0.7	1.2 0.5	631 20													
1972-1983		NA NA	27 6		1984-1991	0.9	1.7 N		3 4	2.0		1.7	3.3 0.4	200 34													]
1972-1983		NA NA	2 1		1984-1991	0.8	2.0 N		25 8		1992-2000	2.0	3.7 0.4	177 49													]
1972-1983		B NA	9 4		1984-1991	0.7	1.4 N		2 3	2.0		0.9	1.4 0.3	76 11													]
1972-1983		) NA	8 3		1984-1991	1.0	2.6 N		5 7	2.6		0.9	1.4 0.3	177 10									_		_		
1972-1983		3 NA	8 3		1984-1991	0.7	1.2 N		3 3	1.7		0.3	0.5 NA	7 2									_		_		
1972-1983		l NA	11 4		1984-1991	NA	NA NA		1 3	3.0		0.4	0.5 NA	73 3								-	_		_		
1972-1983		) NA	4 3		1984-1991	0.8	1.9 N		14 7	2.4		NA	NA NA	1 1			_					-	-		_		
1972-1983	NA NA	NA	1 2		1984-1991	0.7	1.1 N		15 4	1.6		0.7	1.6 NA	11 6					_			-	-		-		
1972-1983	NA NA	NA	1 33		1984-1991	0.3	0.6 N		3 2	1.7		0.5	0.7 NA	64 4					_			-	-		-		
1972-1983		) NA	2 4		1984-1991	0.4	1.2 N		3 4		1992-2000	0.4	0.8 NA	11 3					_			-	-		-		
1972-1983 1972-1983		NA NA	16 28 17 6		1984-1991	0.5	0.7 N	4	8 3	1.4	1992-2000	0.8	2.7 NA 0.0 NA	18 11 2 1									-		-		-
1972-1983		7 NA			-			-			1992-2000	0.0	0.0 NA 0.5 NA	2 1 5 2			-					-	-		-		-
		NA NA	6 14		-	-		-			1992-2000	0.4		5 2 126 7					_			-	-		-		$\dashv$
1972-1983 1972-1983	NA NA	NA NA	1 4		-	_		-			1992-2000		0.9 NA NA NA	126 /					_			-	-		-		-
1972-1983	111 1111	NA 5 NA	4 4			-					1992-2000	0.5	0.7 NA	14 3					_						-		-
13/2-1303	0.7 1.		- "	2.3		_					1992-2000	0.3	0.6 NA	3 2									-				
			_			_		-			1992-2000	0.3	1.0 NA	4 3									-				
						_		_				9.7	1.0 101				_		_			_			_		

Table 17. Rounding and variance for Yellowtail Snapper for all year blocks from the south Florida region. Ves=Vessel number, cv=coefficient of variation, d=standard deviation, %rnd=percent rounding, trips=number of trips, max=maximum reported, mean=mean number reported. The red shaded blocks indicate vessels with percent rounding higher than 80% and/or less than 100 trips and/or vessel mean reported was higher than total mean reported.

yr v	ves	cv	sd	%rr	nd tri	ps max	mean	yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd trip	s max	mean	yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd tr	ips ma	x mean	yr	ves c	v sd	%rnd	trips ma	x mean	yr yr	ves cv	sd	%rnd	trips ma	ax mean
1972-1983		0.5	301.	_		88 170		1984-1991	0.7			2 300	122.5	1992-2000		186.3			0 537.5	2001-2009	0.	_	6 89.2		0 159.8	2010-2013			5 89.2		
1972-1983		0.7	198.	5 90	1.9	21 75	282.0	1984-1991	0.7	256.9	100.0 1	1 800	350.5	1992-2000	0.6 2	225.0	99.1	216 150	0 354.6	2001-2009	0.	6 33	1 87.0	755 22	5 58.0	2010-2013	0.7	100	2 82.3	141 65	50 144.0
1972-1983		0.4	107.	4 75	.0	7 40		1984-1991	0.7	290.4	96.0 7	2 1600	393.6	1992-2000	0.6 1	101.9	96.8	154 70	00 167.9	2001-2009	0.	9 32	.0 86.6	2344 25	0 34.6	2010-2013	0.6	141	1 76.9	26 60	08 238.4
1972-1983		1.1	33.			20 20			0.7	136.2	93.5 11		201.8	1992-2000	0.10		90.6 1						6 85.6			2010-2013				653 30	
1972-1983		0.7	18.			66 15		1984-1991	0.9	36.1	84.2 105		39.0	1992-2000				798 25		2001-2009	0.			124 20		2010-2013	0.9			504 15	
1972-1983		1.1	55.			87 40		1984-1991	0.6	24.4		5 100	40.4	1992-2000			84.5 1				0.			1031 49		2010-2013				1420 20	
1972-1983		0.9	18.			95 100 34 90		1984-1991	0.8	33.5 21.6	79.1 13 75.5 78		34.3	1992-2000			83.2 3 83.1 1			2001-2009	0.		.5 66.7	875 16 8 13		2010-2013	0.8			96 29 1841 21	
1972-1983 1972-1983		0.8	15.			34 9I 81 10I		1984-1991	0.8	26.9	74.8 18		31.8	1992-2000				797 20			0.		.8 45.3			2010-2013	0.8			580 15	
1972-1983		1.0	33.			22 20			1.0	26.7	73.4 178		27.5	1992-2000				358 25		2001-2009	0.		.0 44.4	8 2		2010-2013	1.0			1360 25	
1972-1983		1.0	25.						210	1039.3		3 4488	1180.7	1992-2000				134 20		2001-2009	0.			1567 30		2010-2013	0.8		9 36.3		75 16.4
1972-1983		1.0	23.		.3 4			1984-1991		1128.1		6 5862	1836.1	1992-2000			71.4		55 39.7		0.			686 24		2010-2013	0.6		5 28.2		50 11.1
1972-1983		1.2	9.	4 26	.0 1	29 5	8.1	1984-1991	0.7	8.3	60.0	4 35	12.1	1992-2000	0.7	21.1	60.0	47 10	0 29.5	2001-2009	0.	9 11	4 39.2	426 8	0 12.6	2010-2013	0.9	39	9 27.4	790 23	30 42.8
1972-1983		0.9	10.	5 23	.2 13	79 7	11.5	1984-1991	0.8	11.5	52.9 84	6 75	14.6	1992-2000	0.4	8.9	59.6	185 6	0 19.8	2001-2009	0.	9 9	6 29.9	455 7	5 10.9	2010-2013	1.0	10	8 27.0	1315 8	87 11.3
1972-1983		1.1	14.		.9 1	38 7	13.0	1984-1991	1.0	8.6	50.0	4 20	8.5	1992-2000	0.9	18.6	50.0	11 5	0 21.5	2001-2009	0.	8 8	6 24.6	181 4	1 10.6	2010-2013	0.9		0 25.3		80 13.2
1972-1983		1.4	20.		.0 1				1.0	21.4		4 40	21.5	1992-2000	0.6		47.4			2001-2009	0.	-	.9 23.5			3 2010-2013				694 10	
1972-1983		1.3	33.		.3 4			1984-1991	0.8	37.0	36.3 17		44.6	1992-2000			46.4 1			2001-2009	1.			2590 11		2010-2013	1.2			222 15	
1972-1983		1.3	13.		.4 9			1984-1991	0.4	3.5		3 10	8.0	1992-2000				536 20		2001-2009	0.					2010-2013				318 7	
1972-1983 1972-1983		0.7	18.		.3 23			1984-1991	0.9	42.2 34.4	28.8 155		48.1	1992-2000 1992-2000	0.0		37.0			2001-2009	1.		.4 21.9 .0 18.4	241 20		2010-2013	1.0		2 14.6 1 13.9	448 13	
1972-1983		0.7	3.			60 2! 24 1		1984-1991	1.5	12.7	22.7 191 22.4 116			1992-2000	0.9		35.7 14 31.7			2001-2009	0.					7 2010-2013	1.7		1 13.9		65 7.3 70 7.7
1972-1983		0.8	10.			01 8			1.1	9.7	17.2 279		8.5	1992-2000			30.3 1				1.		5 14.8			2010-2013	1.0		0 11.5		71 12.4
1972-1983		0.7	2.			30 1		1984-1991	0.8	5.5	16.9 23		6.6	1992-2000	0.0					2001-2009	1.		3 14.7	261 17		2010-2013	1.1		3 11.1		80 10.7
1972-1983		0.6	18.	6 11	.1	13 6	31.5	1984-1991	0.7	13.7	16.7	3 67	19.0	1992-2000	0.8	11.0	29.2	113 5	5 14.2	2001-2009	1.	0 5	3 10.8			2010-2013	1.4	17	6 9.3		73 12.2
1972-1983		0.8	4.			38 1		1984-1991	0.9	10.2	16.2 210			1992-2000	0.8		28.9			2001-2009			1 10.5			2010-2013			7 7.9		60 9.2
1972-1983		1.4	12.	8 9	.7 7	40 12	9.1	1984-1991	1.1	33.1	14.5 36	2 197	30.7	1992-2000	0.8	12.6	28.0	586 12	5 15.2	2001-2009	1.	2 12	3 9.4	109 6	1 10.3	2010-2013	1.0	8	1 6.8	221 5	51 7.9
1972-1983		1.0	5.			45 2			0.2	5.7		2 30	26.0	1992-2000			27.9 1	030 20		2001-2009	0.			159 3		2010-2013	1.2				47 7.5
1972-1983		1.1	7.		.8 16				1.2	9.8	13.2 193		8.2	1992-2000			27.3			2001-2009	1.					2010-2013	1.2		2 2.5		30 5.2
1972-1983		1.1	38.	-		47 16		1984-1991	1.0	7.6	12.2 40		7.5	1992-2000			27.1 2			2001-2009	1.			52 3		2010-2013	1.6				5.5
1972-1983		1.9	70.			60 40			1.1	15.8		9 65		1992-2000				403 19		2001-2009	1.					2 2010-2013	1.0		0 1.0		25 4.0
1972-1983 1972-1983		0.9	13.			45 8: 23 30			1.2	10.9	11.3 91 11.1	7 85 3 15	8.8 5.7	1992-2000	0.8		24.0			2001-2009	0.	-	.1 4.9	63 4 79 1		2010-2013	0.4		9 0.2 4 NA		11 2.8 2 1.2
1972-1983		1.4	11.			50 120			1.0	4.2	10.7 332			1992-2000	1.1			759 10		2001-2009	0.		.0 3.1			2010-2013	0.9		3 NA	6 10	
1972-1983		1.6	9.			93 10			1.2	18.9	9.7 68		16.1	1992-2000	1.0		20.3 10			2001-2009	1.					2010-2013	0.7		4 NA		3 2.0
1972-1983		0.6	10.	2 6	.7	4 30	18.5	1984-1991	0.9	5.7	9.5 34	5 38	6.2	1992-2000	0.8	6.7	18.6 1	287 5	0 7.9	2001-2009	1.	6 10	3 2.2	92 5	5 6.5	5					
1972-1983		1.4	8.	6 6	.4 17	30 8	6.0	1984-1991	1.1	7.9	8.8	0 37	7.5	1992-2000	1.1	11.9	15.4	317 9	0 11.3	2001-2009	0.	9 2	1 0.4	35 1	3 2.2	2					
1972-1983		1.4	11.	0 6	.1 8	68 11:	8.0	1984-1991	1.5	10.0	8.6 23	1 80	6.7	1992-2000	1.2	14.6	15.4	321 11	12.0	2001-2009	1.	3 3	.0 0.1	36 1	8 2.4	1					
1972-1983		1.1	5.			16 4		1984-1991	1.0	6.7	7.9 28			1992-2000			12.5	56 15		2001-2009	0.		.5 NA		9 3.6						
1972-1983		0.9	2.			06 3			1.1	14.9	6.7 23			1992-2000	1.0		10.7		6.2	2001-2009	0.	7 2	.2 NA	4	6 3.0	)					
1972-1983		0.8	3.			87 1			1.0	5.8	6.3 191		5.9	1992-2000			10.7 1					-	_		-	-		-	_	-	-
1972-1983 1972-1983		0.7	1.		.8	6			1.0	7.8 9.7		8 33 2 41		1992-2000 1992-2000	1.3		10.5 1				-	-			-			-	_	$\rightarrow$	
1972-1983		0.0	3.			15 10			1.2	7.4		2 28	6.0	1992-2000		22.7		800 20				-			-	1		-		-	
1972-1983		1.0	5.			27 20			1.3	9.8	5.1 55			1992-2000	2.10	15.1		204 12													$\neg$
1972-1983		0.7	4.		.4	4 10			0.9	3.8	4.8 166			1992-2000	1.1	8.3			2 7.8	8											
1972-1983		0.6	2.	9 3	.2	4			0.9	4.0	4.6 104	8 42	4.2	1992-2000	1.1	28.4		179 15	4 26.0												
1972-1983		1.4	6.	8 2	.8 10	27 6:			1.0	5.5	3.4 103	9 50		1992-2000	1.0	4.7	7.0	214 3	15 4.6												
1972-1983		0.8	3.	_	.4 1			1984-1991	1.0	3.6		8 10		1992-2000	0.5	3.2	6.3		.0 6.3	3											
1972-1983		0.8	3.			16 1			0.8	1.4				1992-2000		23.1	5.3		7 18.6	i i	_	-				1			$\perp$	_	
1972-1983		2.5	13.		1.9	40 80			0.9	7.8		4 18		1992-2000	2.0	11.7			5 6.3		-	-	-		-	-		-		-	$\perp$
1972-1983		0.6		2 NA		6 1			1.3	3.5		4 8	2.8	1992-2000	1.2	4.4			5 3.6		-	-			-			-	-	-	
1972-1983 1972-1983		0.6 NA		5 NA NA		2			0.6	0.8 12.7		7 3 2 34	25.0	1992-2000 1992-2000	0.9	2.0	3.3 4 2.8	488 2	7 3.4 6 2.4			+	-		-	1	$\vdash$		+	-	+
1972-1983		_	NA NA	NA		1 3		1304-1331	- v.3	12.7			23.0	1992-2000	0.8	2.8		-	2 3.1			+								_	+
1972-1983		2.2		0 NA		10 3								1992-2000	1.7	8.8	2.0		5.2												$\neg \neg$
														1992-2000	1.3	9.0			0 6.8	3											
														1992-2000	0.9	4.4			32 4.7												
														1992-2000	1.5	4.6	0.5		7 3.0												
														1992-2000	NA N		NA		1 1.0												
				-	_	_								1992-2000	NA N		NA		3 3.0		_	-				-			$\perp$	_	$\perp$
				-	-	-			-			-		1992-2000	NA N	0.5 AI	NA.		2 2.0		-	+	-		-	1	$\vdash$	-	+	-	-
	_	-				_								1337-7000	0.9	5.0 1	NA.	19 2	14 5.4	1	_		_					_			اللب

Table 18. Trip types in the headboat logbook database (CR files) and associated EDA naming and groupings.

Definition	Hours	Plot Category	Plot Name	Analysis
Half day AM	4-6	Half	Halfday1	half
Halfday PM	4-6	Half	Halfday2	half
Halfday night	4-6	Half	Halfnight1	half
Halfday night second trip	4-6	Half	Halfnight2	half
³⁄₄ day	6-8	Halfplus	.75day1	other
<sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> day second trip	6-8	Halfplus	.75day2	other
Full day	8-12	Full	Fullday	other
Overnight	8-12	Full	Fullnight	other
1.5 days	18	Multi	1.5day	other
Two days	24	Multi	2day	other
Three days	36	Multi	3day	other
Four days	48	Multi	4day	other
Five days	60	Multi	5day	other
Six days	72	Multi	6day	other
Seven days	84	Multi	7day	other

# **Figures**

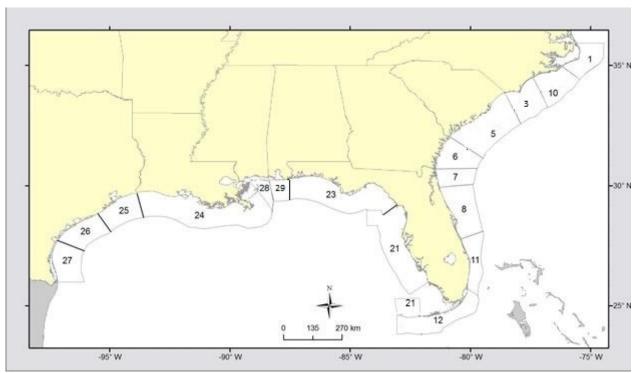


Figure 1. Southeast Region Headboat Survey statistical reporting areas.

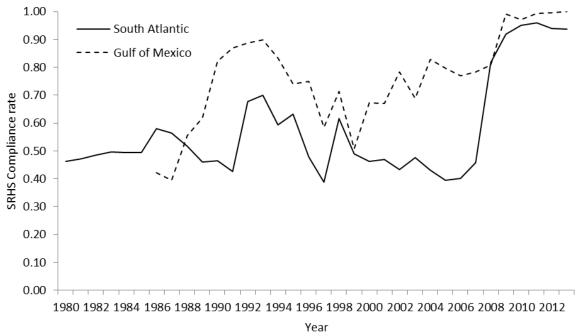


Figure 2. Reporting compliance rates in the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico, 1980-2013.

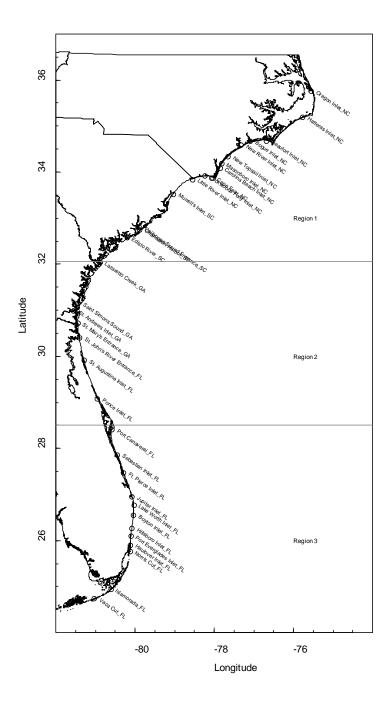


Figure 3. Common fishing inlets in the Carolinas, Georgia-north Florida, and south Florida regions.

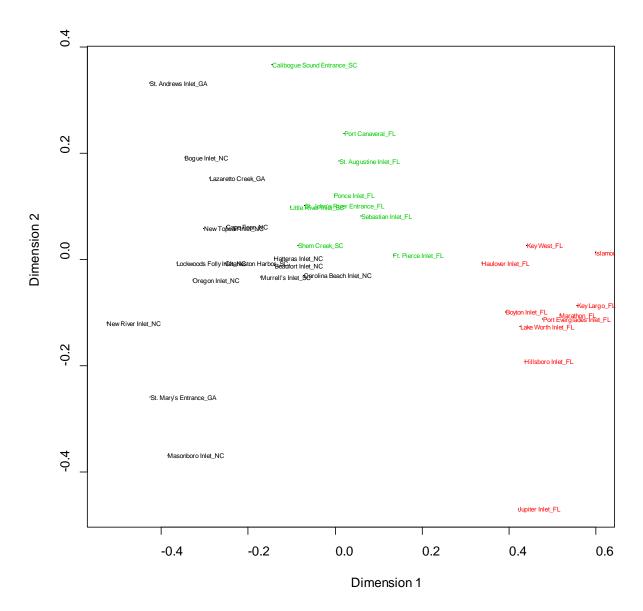


Figure 4. Results from multi-dimensional scaling to assign common fishing areas using inlet and catch per unit effort. Each color represents a different fishing area that was common among inlets within those areas. Black represents the Carolinas. Green represents Georgia-north Florida and red represents south Florida.

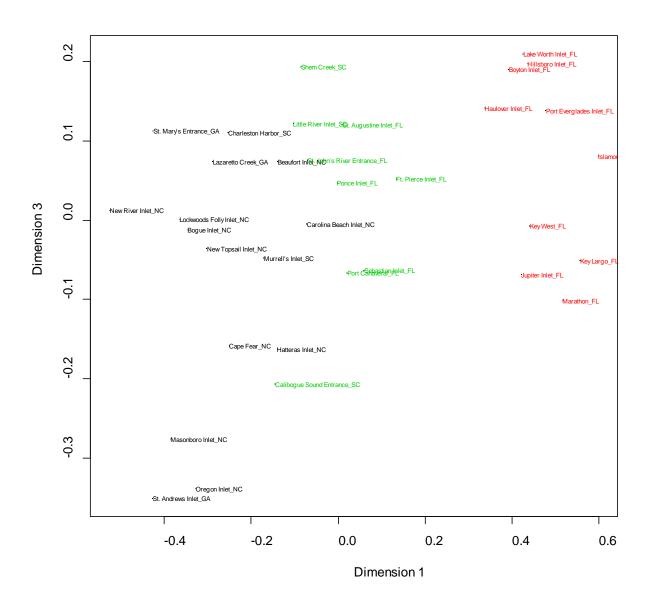


Figure 4. continued.

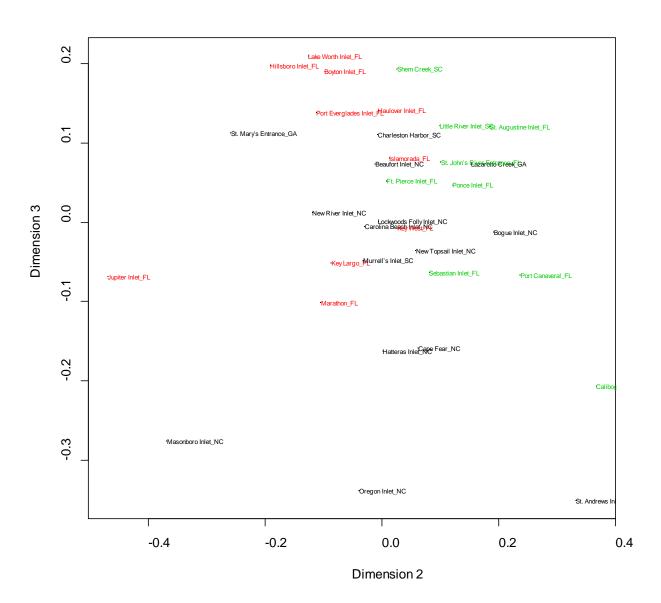
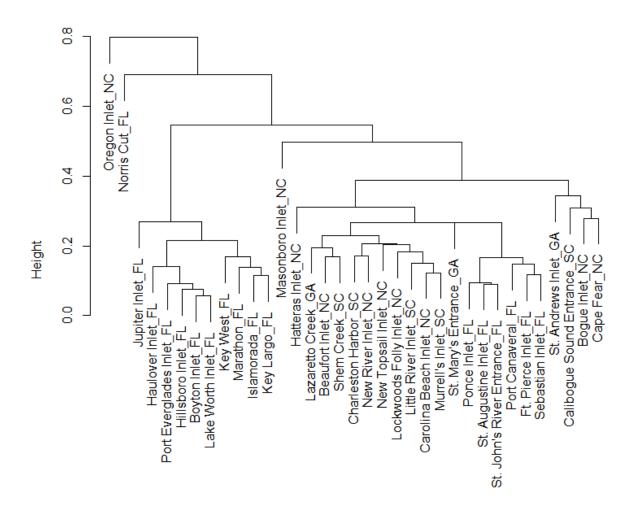


Figure 4. continued.

# **Cluster Dendrogram**



dat.d hclust (\*, "mcquitty")

Figure 5. Results from cluster analysis to assign common fishing areas using inlet and catch per unit effort.

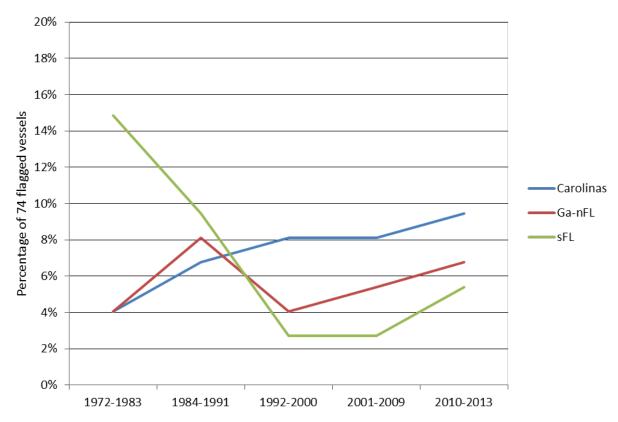


Figure 6: Percentage of the 74 vessels with at least one flagged metric occurring within each time block, by region.

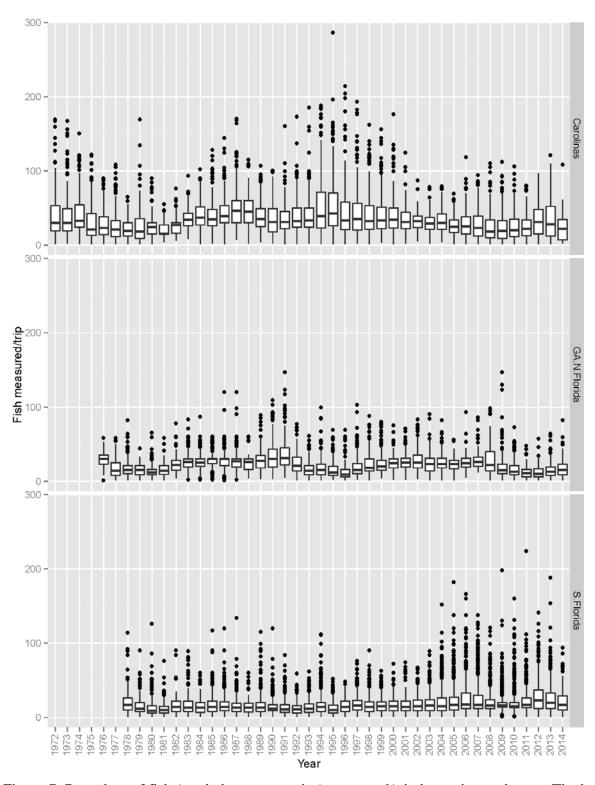


Figure 7. Box plots of fish (pooled across species) measured/trip by region and year. The box is the interquartile region and the dots indicate outliers of the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentiles.

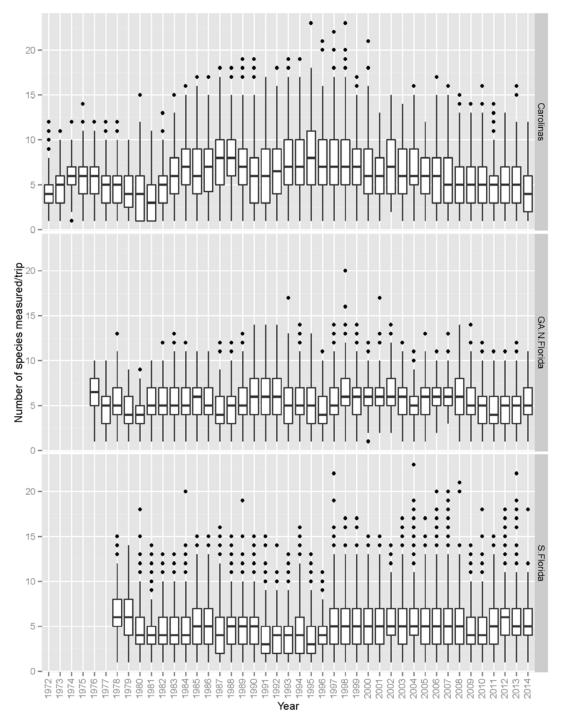


Figure 8. Box plots of average number of species measured by region and year. The box is the interquartile region and the dots indicate outliers of the  $25^{th}$  and  $75^{th}$  percentiles.

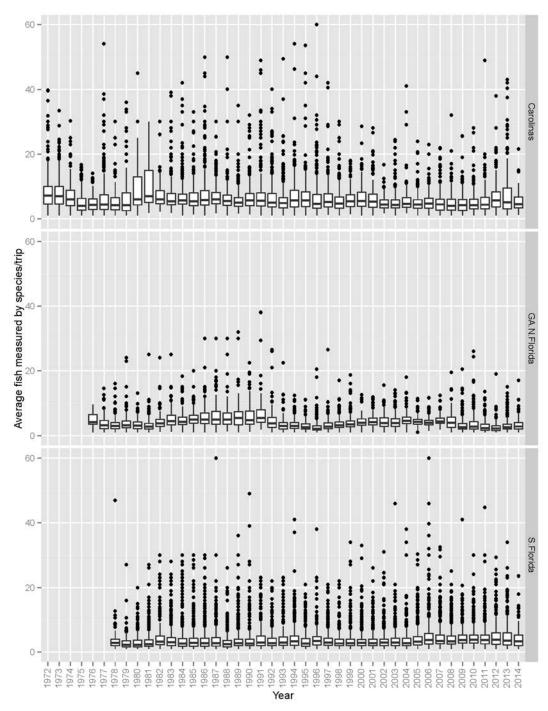


Figure 9. Box plots of the average number of fish of each species measured per trip by region and year. The box is the interquartile region and the dots indicate outliers of the 25<sup>th</sup> and 75<sup>th</sup> percentiles.

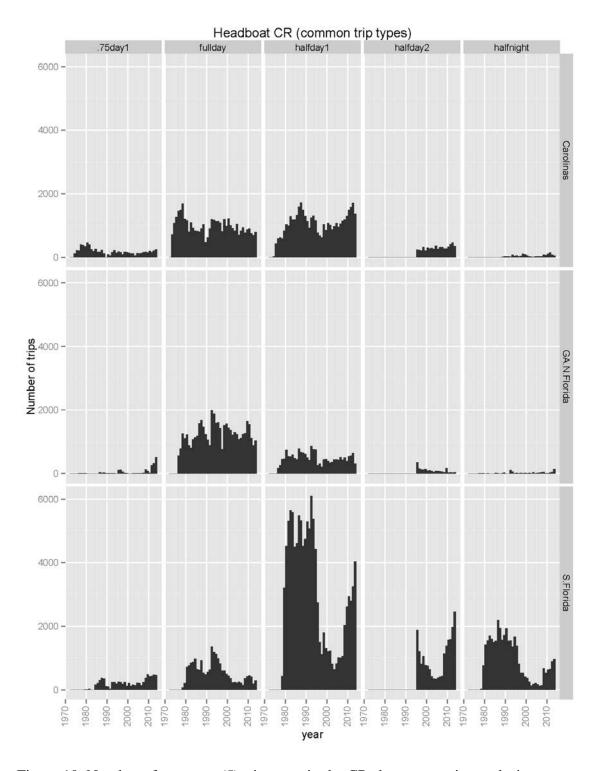


Figure 10. Number of common (5) trip types in the CRs by year, region and trip type.

Figure 11. (**Redacted for confidentiality**) Number of uncommon trip types in the CRs by year, region and trip type.



Figure 12. Number of all trip types in the CRs by year and region (7).

- Figure 13. (**Redacted for confidentiality**) Bubble plot of matched records. The size of the bubbles indicates the number of trips. The blue bubbles indicate all trips in the CR, the orange bubble indicates of those how many had only one trip in a day, and the green bubble is the matched BP to the CR with only one trip in a day in the Carolinas.
- Figure 14. (**Redacted for confidentiality**) Bubble plot of matched records. The size of the bubbles indicates the number of trips. The blue bubbles indicate all trips in the CR, the orange bubble indicates of those how many had only one trip in a day, and the green bubble is the matched BP to the CR with only one trip in a day in GA/N.Florida.
- Figure 15. (**Redacted for confidentiality**) Bubble plot of matched records. The size of the bubbles indicates the number of trips. The blue bubbles indicate all trips in the CR, the orange bubble indicates of those how many had only one trip in a day, and the green bubble is the matched BP to the CR with only one trip in a day in S.Florida.

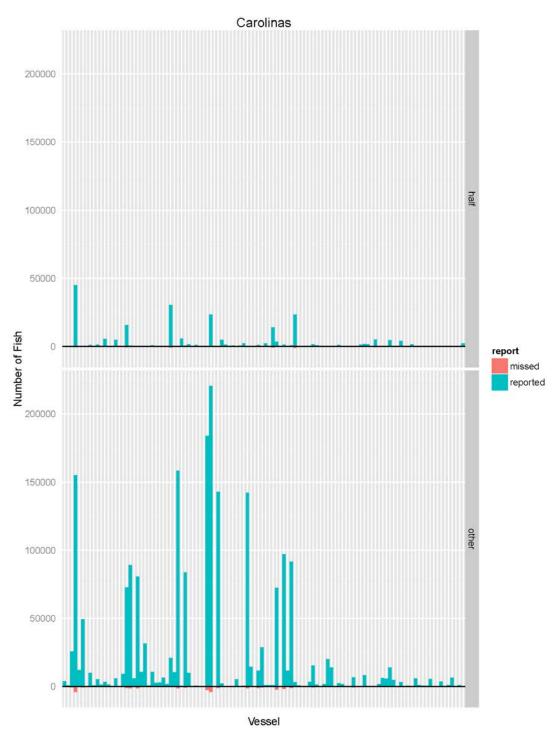


Figure 16. Number of missed fish reported in the Carolinas, by vessel, using matched trips over all years. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of all species reported on the CR for the matched trips. The orange bar is the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips. For confidentiality vessels are unidentified.

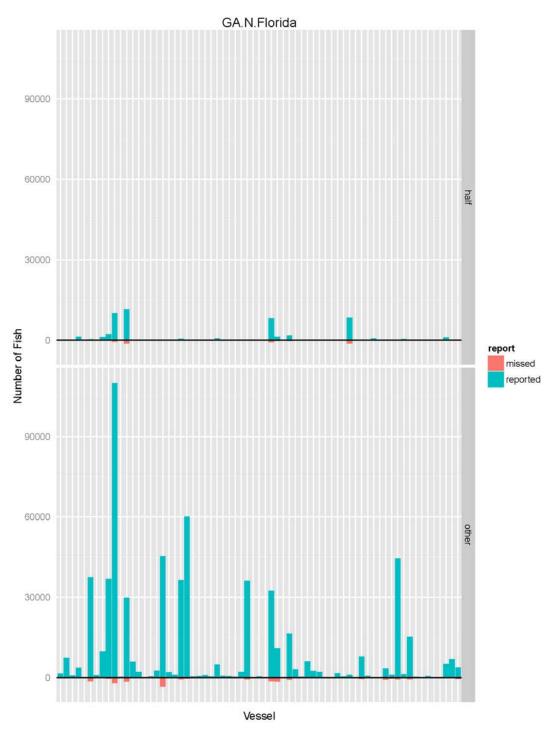


Figure 17. Number of missed fish reported in GA/N. Florida by vessel using matched trips over all years. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of all species reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for the that vessel over all years. For confidentiality vessels are unidentified.

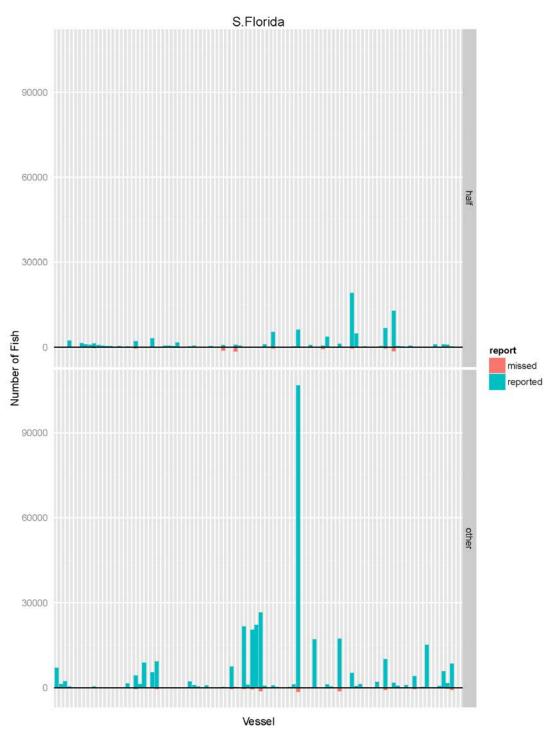


Figure 18. Number of missed fish reported in S. Florida by vessel using matched trips over all years. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of all species reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for the that vessel over all years. For confidentiality vessels are unidentified.

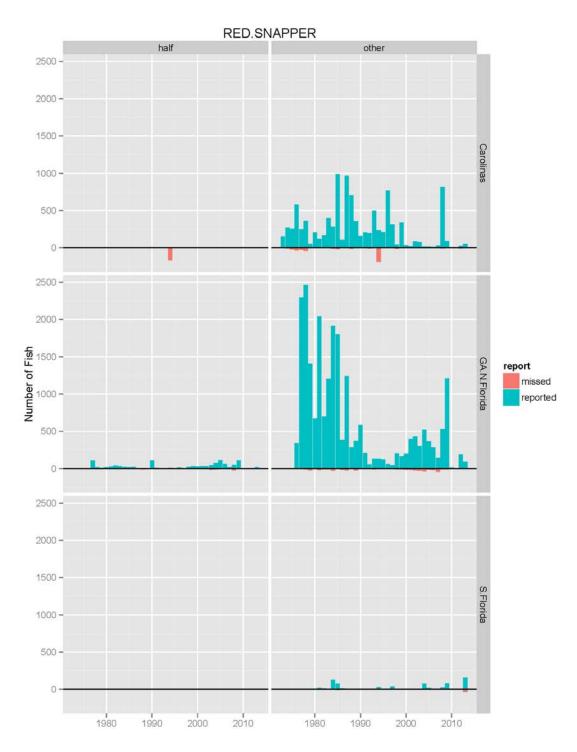


Figure 19. The number of missed Red Snapper reported by year in each region by all vessels using matched trips. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for that year over all vessels.

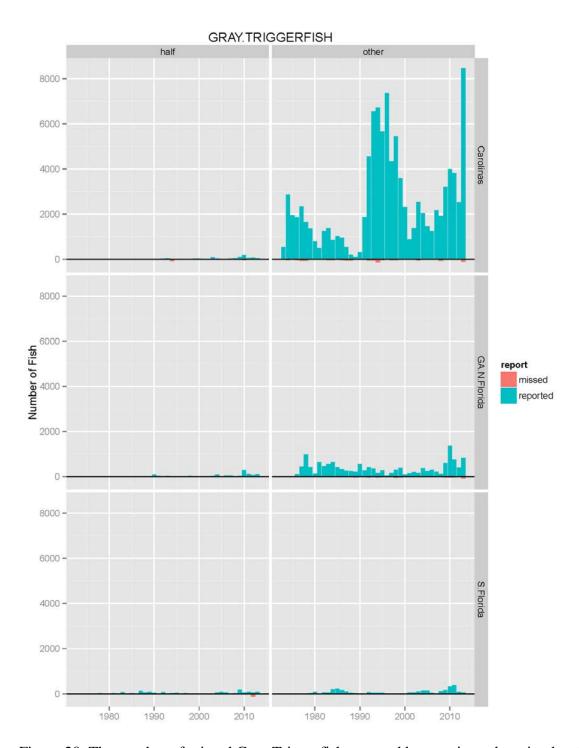


Figure 20. The number of missed Gray Triggerfish reported by year in each region by all vessels using matched trips. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for that year over all vessels.

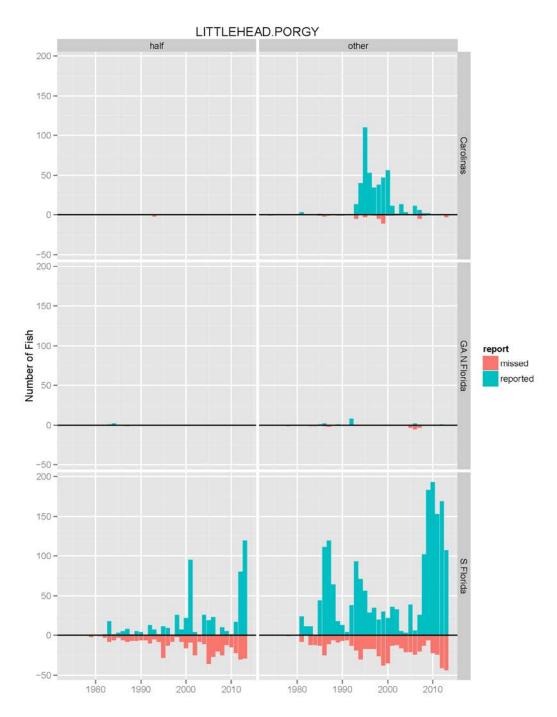


Figure 21. The number of missed Littlehead Porgy reported by year in each region by all vessels using matched trips. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for that year over all vessels.

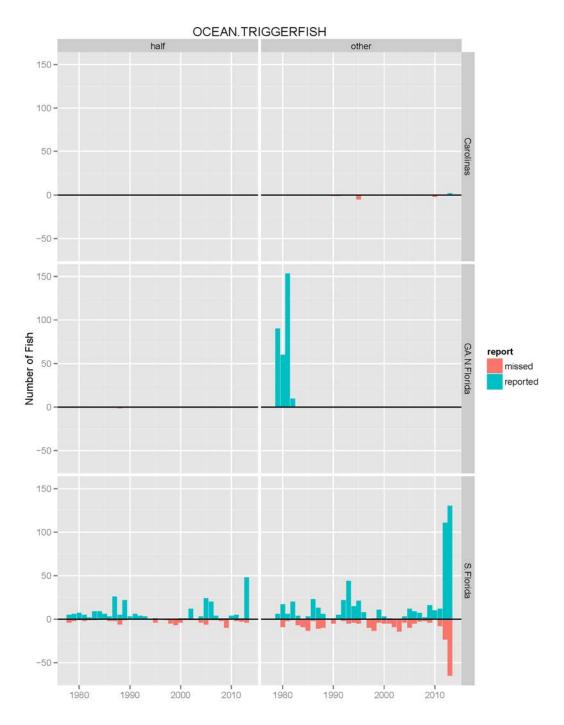


Figure 22. The number of missed Ocean Triggerfish reported by year in each region by all vessels using matched trips. The teal bar is the quantity of fish of reported by the vessel for the matched trips. The orange bar represents the difference between the number of fish reported on the BP and the number of fish reported on the CR for the matched trips for that year over all vessels.

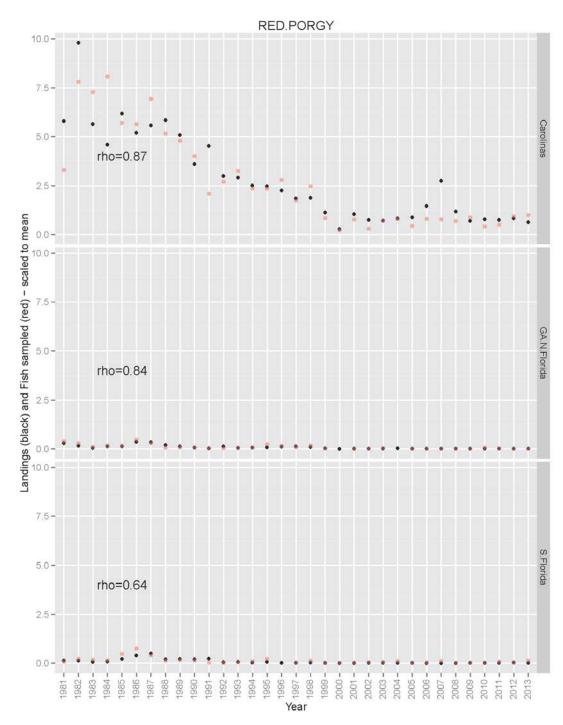


Figure 23. The number of Red Porgy landed of versus the number sampled by year and region. The landings and fish sampled are scaled to their means to make them comparable, and the Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  values are provided in each region panel.

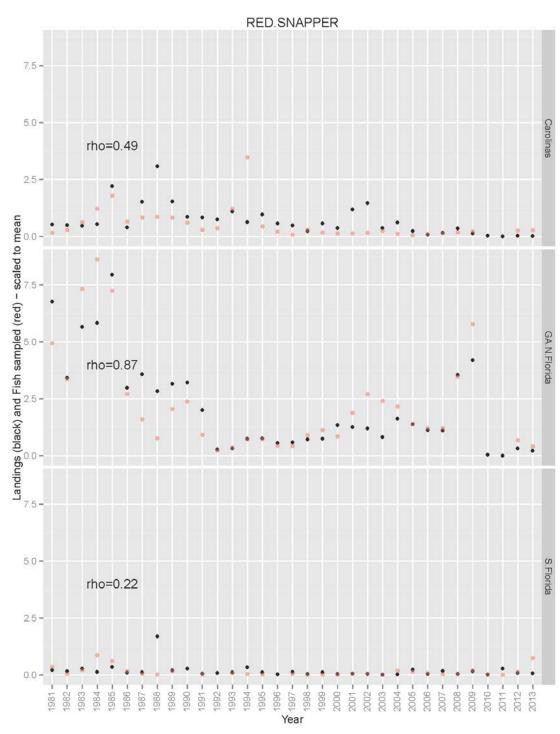


Figure 24. The number of Red Snapper landed versus the number sampled by year and region. The landings and fish sampled are scaled to their means to make them comparable, and the Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  values are provided in each region panel.

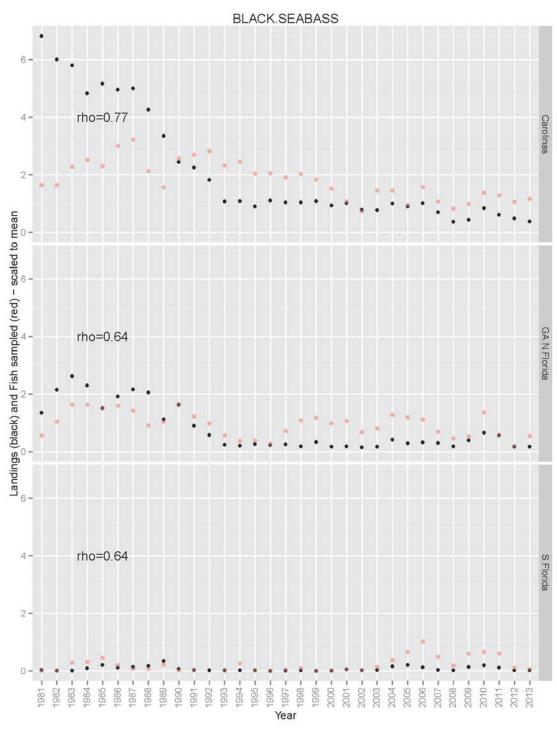


Figure 25. The number of Grey Triggerfish landed versus number sampled by year and region. The landings and fish sampled are scaled to their means to make them comparable, and the Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  values are provided in each region panel.

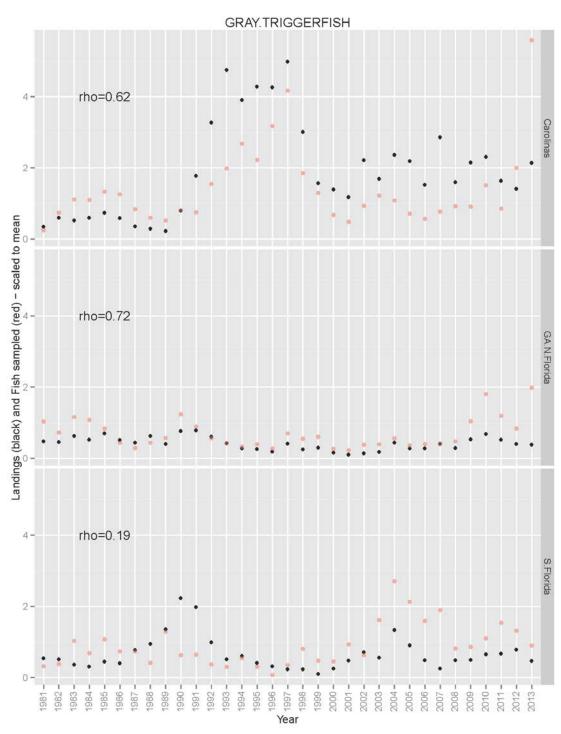


Figure 26. The number of black sea bass landed versus number sampled by year and region. The landings and fish sampled are scaled to their means to make them comparable, and the Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  values are provided in each region panel.

# **Appendices**

Appendix 1: Changes in Southeast Region Headboat Survey logbook forms

The Headboat Survey Trip Report forms were investigated to provide historical documentation of the major changes such as the addition of species on the form and trip information. In order to document form changes consistently through time, forms from three vessels were investigated from NC, SC, and FL that have been involved in the Headboat fishery since 1973. Along with these three vessels, forms were observed from additional vessels within each state to validate consistent changes within each year.

Sixteen form changes occurred from 1973 to 2005 with subtle changes occurring more frequently in the late 1970s and major changes occurring in 1980, 1984, 1992 and 2004 (Appendix 1). All form changes were documented from these three vessels but only major form changes are summarized below such as species added and changes to the "header information" (Table 1A). Table 2A and 3A summarize forms used by year and species present on forms.

Table 1A. Summary of headboat form changes by year.

			black sea		
	Form	Number of	bass		Additions to Header/Master information
Year	#	Species	(units)	Discards	and other major changes
			Number		
			of 100 lb.		Number Captured vessel, date, Number
1973	1	24	boxes	n/a	of Anglers aboard
1373			Болез	11, 4	or Anglers about
			Number		
		(NC/SC) - 35	of 100 lb.		(Florida Added), Location, Full, 1/2 and
1976	3,4,5	(GA/FL) - 32	boxes	n/a	3/4 day
		(NC/SC) - 35			
1978	4,5,6,7	(GA/FL) - 31	Pounds	n/a	a.m., p.m.
		(1.12/22)		hand written	
4000		(NC/SC) - 36		by species,	
1980	8,9	(GA/FL) - 67	Pounds	inconsistent	night, overnight, Captain signature
				hand written	Number Captured changed to Number
		(NC/SC) - 62		by species,	Caught, Night (1st, 2nd), Departure Time,
1984	10,11	(GA/FL) - 71	Pounds	inconsistent	agency use only section
					King Mackerel, Spanish Mackerel, Cero,
					Dolphin, Cobia, Little Tunny above bold
					black line with mandatory reporting
				hand written	statement "It is unlawful to falsify or fail
		(NC/SC) - 64		by species,	to report". Added in July, deleted in
1986	12,13	(GA/FL) - 74	Pounds	inconsistent	October.
				SC only -	
				very few	
				vessels,	
			Number	released	
			& Weight	('92-'03),	
			(SC-	released	
			released	alive and	
1002	1/1/1	60	on few	dead ('00-	Como os shave
1992	14,15	69	forms)	'02)	Same as above
			Number,	released	
			Weight, Released	alive and dead	
			Alive,	standard on	
			Released	all forms and	Distance from shore, pay type, number of
2004	16	69	Dead	areas	anglers who fished
2004	10	09	Dead	areas	anglers who halled

Table 2A. Headboat form changes by year and number of species present for each form.

Year	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3			Form 6 (NC/SC)					Form 11 (FL/GA)		Form 13 (FL)	Form 14 (NC/GA/FL)	Form 15 (SC only)*	Form 1
Number of Species	24	26	30	35	32	35	31	36	67	62	71	65	74	69	69	69
1973	х															
1974	х	х														
1975		х	х													
1976			х	х	х											
1977				х	х	х	х									
1978						х	х									
1979						х	х									
1980								х	х							
1981								х	х							
1982						х			х							
1983						х			х							
1984										х	х					
1985										х	х					
1986										х	х	х	х			
1987												х	х			
1988												х	х			
1989												х	х			
1990												х	х			
1991												х	х			
1992														х	х	
1993														х	х	
1994														х	х	
1995														х	х	
1996														х	Х	
1997														х	х	
1998														х	х	
1999														х	х	
2000														х	х	
2001														х	х	
2002														х	х	
2003														х	х	
2004																х
2005																х
2006																х
2007																х
2008																х
2009																х
2010																х

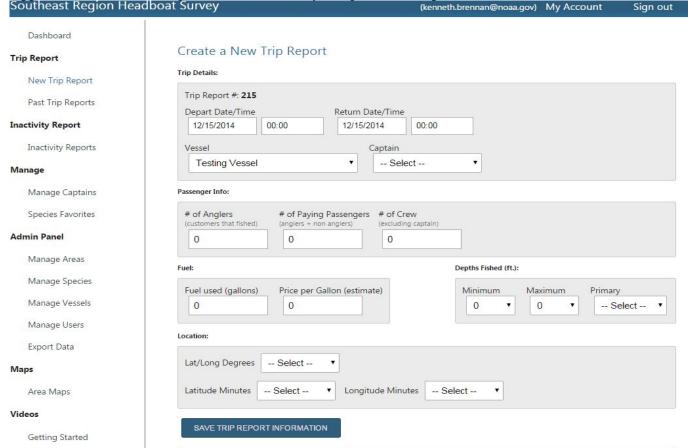
Table 3A. List of species present on Headboat Survey Trip Report for each form change from 1973 to 2005.

	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6	Form 7	Form 8	Form 9	Form 10	Form 11	Form 12	Form 13	Form 14,
Species				(NC/SC)	(GA/FL)	15,16								
Number of Species	24	26	30	35	32	35	31	36	67	62	71	65	74	69
Years Used ('YY-'YY)	73-74	74-75	75-76	76-77	76-77	77-83	77-79	80-81	80-83	84-86	84-86	86-91	86-91	92-04
Stawberry Grouper (Kitty Mitchell)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Warsaw Grouper	х	х	х	х	х	Х		х		х		х		х
Red Grouper	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х
Gag	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Scamp	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х
Black Grouper	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	
Yellowfin Grouper	х	х	х	х		х		х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Snowy Grouper	х	х	х	х		х		х		х		х		х
Other Groupers	Х	X	X	X		Х		Х		X		X		
Red Snapper	X	X	X	X	х	Х	х	X	х	X	х	X	х	х
Yelloweye Snapper	x	X	_ ^	X	_ ^	X		x	_ ^	X	_ ^	X		X
Vermillion Snapper	X	X	х	X	х	X	х	X	х	X	х	X	х	X
Yellowtail Snapper	X	^	^	^	x	^	×	^	X	_^	X	_ ^	X	^
Other Snapper	X	х	х	х	_ ^	х	^	х	^	х	^	х	^	
White Grunt (Margate)	X	X	X	X		X		X	x	X	х	X	х	x
Other Grunts							.,							X
	Х	X	х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Red Porgy (Silver Snapper)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Other Porgies	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Tilefish	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х		Х		
Amberjack	х		х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Triggerfish	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	
Dolphin	Х									Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Others	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х		Х		Х		Х		
Boxes of Sea Bass	Х	X	Х	Х	Х									
Rock hind		Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	X	Х	Х	X
Red hind		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	Х
Tomtate		х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	Х
Knobbed Porgy (Key West)		Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	Х
Other Porgies (Spot Tail Bream, Scup, etc.)		х	Х	Х		Х		Х		х		х		
Bream (Spot-tail Porgy)			Х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	x
Scup (Northern Porgy)			х	х		х		х		х		х		х
Whitebone Porgy (Chocolate Porgy)			х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	x
Squirrelfish			х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Yellowedge Grouper				х		Х		х		х		х		
Other Groupers (Marbled, Yellowfin)				х		Х		х		х		х		
Other Snappers (Mutton, etc.)				х		х		х		х		х		
Longspine Porgy				Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	Х	
Nassau Grouper					х		х		х		х		х	
Other Grouper (Chocolate, etc.)					х		х							
Gray Snapper					X		X		х		х		х	х
Lane Snapper					X		X		X		X		X	X
Mutton Snapper					X		X		X		X		X	X
Other Snappers (Cubera, Schoolmaster, Silk)					X		X		_ ^		_ ^			
Porkfish					X		X		х		х		х	
Amberina					X		X		X		X		X	
Angelfish					X		X		X		X		X	x
Pounds of Black Sea Bass						v	X	V				v		^
Almaco Jack						Х	Х	X	X	X	X	X	X	
								Х	X	X	X	X	X	X
Graysby									X	X	X	X	X	X
Coney									Х	X	Х	Х	Х	
Yellowmouth Grouper									Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Yellowfin chocolate (Yellowedge)									Х		Х		Х	
Jewfish									х		х		х	

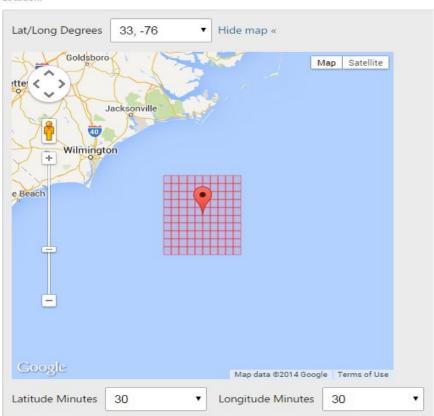
Table 3A. Continued.

	Form 1	Form 2	Form 3	Form 4	Form 5	Form 6	Form 7	Form 8	Form 9	Form 10	Form 11	Form 12		Form 14,
Species				(NC/SC)	(GA/FL)	15,16								
Number of Species	24	26	30	35	32	35	31	36	67	62	71	65	74	69
Years Used ('YY-'YY)	73-74	74-75	75-76	76-77	76-77	77-83	77-79	80-81	80-83	84-86	84-86	86-91	86-91	92-04
Sailor's choice									Х		Х		Х	
Black margate									х		х		Х	
French Grunt									х		Х		х	
Bluestripe grunt									х		х		х	х
Littlehead porgy									х		Х	х	х	Х
Saucereye porgy									х		х		х	
Sheepshead porgy									х	Х	х	х	Х	
Jolthead porgy									х		х		х	х
Blackfin snapper									х	х	х	х	х	х
Cubera snapper									х		х		Х	Х
Schoolmaster snapper									х		х		х	
Silk snapper									х		х		х	Х
Black snapper									х		х		х	
Queen triggerfish									Х	х	Х	х	Х	Х
Gray triggerfish									х	Х	X	X	Х	X
Ocean triggerfish									X		X		X	
Gray tilefish (Blueline)									x	х	x	х	X	х
Sand tilefish (Sand eel)									X	X	X	X	X	X
African pompano									X	X	X	X	X	X
Blue runner									X	X	X	X	X	X
Rainbow runner									X		X		X	X
King Mackerel									X	х	X	х	X	X
Spanish Mackerel	_								X	X	X	X	X	X
Cero														X
Bluefish									X	X	X	X	X	
	_								Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х
Bigeye (Toro)									X	X	X	X	X	X
Bonito	_								Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Barracuda									Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Cobia									х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Marbled Grouper										Х		Х		
Dog Snapper											Х		Х	
Hogfish (Hog snapper)										Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Pigfish										х		X		
Spadefish										Х	х	Х	х	Х
Sand perch										Х		Х	Х	Х
Wahoo										Х		Х		
Bank Sea Bass												Х	Х	Х
spottail pinfish												Х	Х	Х
Black Sea bass (# and weight)														Х
Pinfish														Х
Sharpnose Shark														Х
Sandbar Shark														Х
Blacktip Shark														Х
Smooth Dogfish														Х
Nurse Shark														х
Dusky Shark														Х
Remora														Х
Banded Rudderfish														х
Yellowfin Tuna														х
Short Bigeye														х
Spotted Soapfish														X
Tattler														X
Inshore Lizardfish			_											X

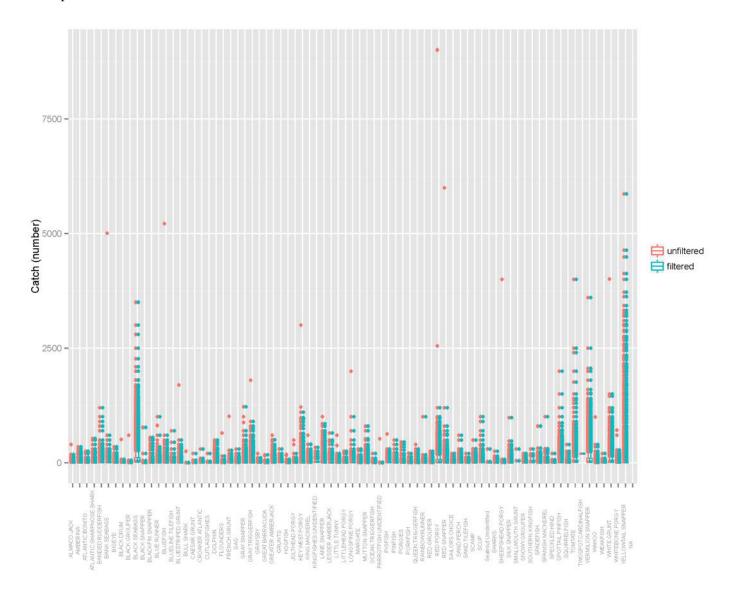
Appendix 2. Southeast Region Headboat Survey eLog web based portal. Southeast Region Headboat Survey (kenneth.bren



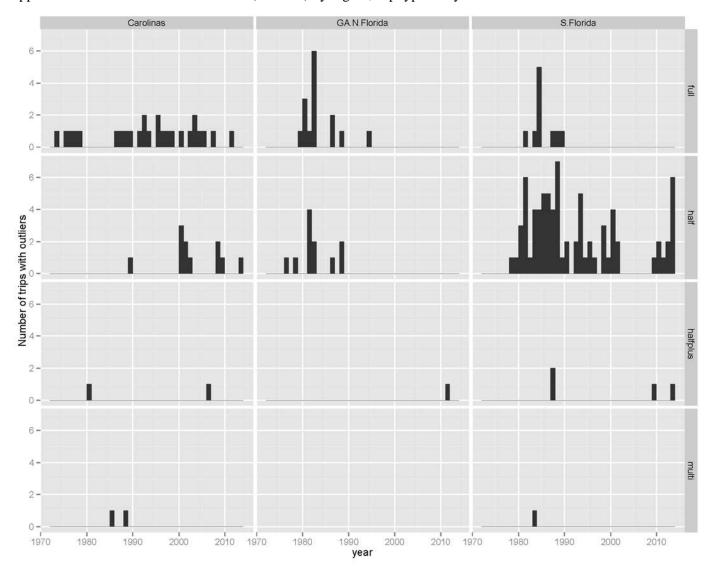
#### Location:



Appendix 3. Reported catch per trip, by species (pink dots). Catches represented by pink dots without an adjacent blue dot were identified as extreme outliers. Species were not plotted if they were reported on < 250 trips.



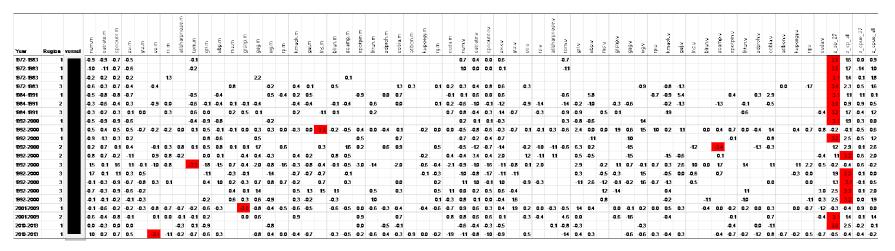
Appendix 4. Number of extreme outliers (N = 161) by region, trip type and year.



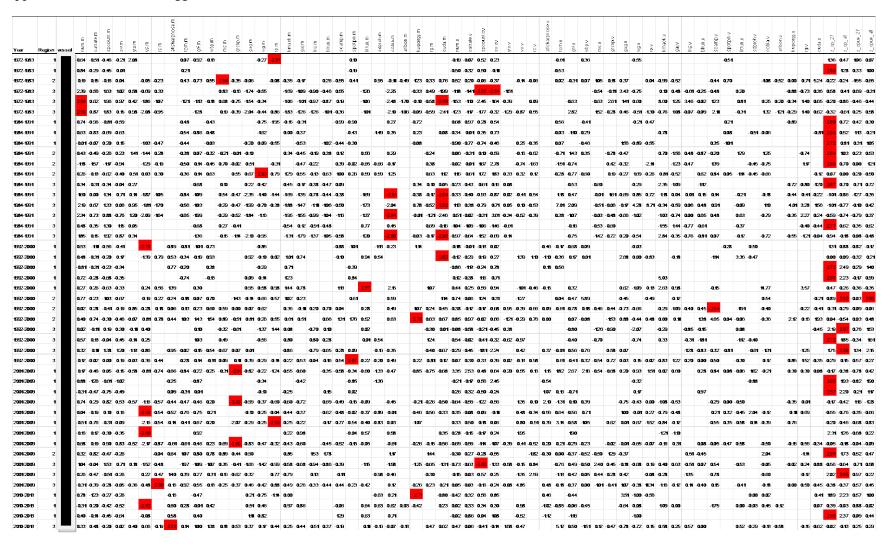
Appendix 5. Vessels with flagged metrics (modified z-score > absolute value (3.5) in red).

Region 1	vessel	E 2 -2	-1	E 8 1	E 3	E	atisharpnose	E .	E sp	E SE	grsnp.m	m.ge8	Er6»	Ę.	Kmaok.m	E SU	plrum	scamp.m	spotpin.m	littun.m sderch m	sopron.m	atlbon.m	kwporgym	Ę.		A 1		70 %S	A 50	8.87	atisharpnos	tomo etta	**dq**	NS.E	Adusub	2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ndu	kmackw	<u> </u>	olinun.u	scamp.v	spotpinu	littern.v	adproha	atlbony	kwporggw	N D	ouda.v	(2 = 3 St St St N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N
1 1 2		1 1		0	١,				-1			0	0		0		-1		1	0				0	0				١,				-1		-1						1	۰	۰						4 3 5 3
2		-2 -2	-1	0								ŭ			Ĭ				İ	ō					0											•						ŭ	Ť						6 4
2		0 0 -1 0		0					0		,			1										0		3 4	-1	-2	1	1		-	1															-	4 3 6 3
3		-2 -	-1												0	0								1	1	-1 0 0			_1								1	-1 -1			1				2				8 5
3		1 2	1	1	1			1	1				_									Ľ	1																										4 3
3		2 0		1				1	1	0 0		0	۰	1			-2	0			1	2		۰	1	3 1			3 1	1		0	1 0		1	2	1 0	0	1	1	1 1		0	-5	4 0		1	1	5 3 0 0
3		-1 0		1					1		۰	0	0	1			0							1	3	-1 0								-2		-1	1						-						6 4
3		1 0	0	0	1	0					1 -1		0		•		0	0					0			-1 -1			1					-1		-1 -1 -		-1		0						0	0		4
3		2 0		-1		1 1			0 -1			-2	۰	2		-1	1	0	0				-1	-2		2 1	-1	1		-1			1			1 (	, 1				5					1		-	6 4 5 3
1		-1 -1	-1	-1 0				-1		1												2				0 -1 0 1					-																		8 3
1		4 -		0	-2	0		-2	•	-1 <mark></mark> 0		0		-2	0	0 (		۰	0	•	0	1	-1		0	0 1 -1 0		1		-1		0 0	-1			-1 (	1	۰	-1 -1		-1	-1		0				۰	-1 C
1		0 0	-1 -1	-1		)		1		1			-2	۰			-1		-1		-1	1				0 0	-1	-1				0	-1						-1			-1			1				6 3
2		0 0	0	0	0 0		1			0 0	0	0	- 4	٥	0	0 -	1 0		0	0	-1	•	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0 0		4	•	1 0	0	1	1	2		1	0 0					1	0	0	۰	
2		-1 -1	0	-1	-2	2 0		0 -1	-1 -1	0		0 -1		1		0 :	2		-1	0	1				0	0 0 -1 -1		0	-1			2 -2 -	1			-1 -1	-2	-1 -2	0				1	0	-1			-1	5 2
2		0 0	0	0	0 0	1 0		0		1 2	2 O	0	5			0 0	0 0	0	0			0	0			0 1	1 0	-1	1 0		0	0 0		12	0	1	1 0	3		4 0	0 1 -1		0		0	0	0		-1 -1 0 0
2		4 -		0	• -	1 0	Ĭ		0	-1 (	0			ŏ		0 (	0	o	Ĭ	0		Ö		ě	0	-1 0	-1	0	0 1		1	-	1 -1	0	-1	0	0	o		0 =			0		Ö	2	0	0	0 0
3		0 0			0			0	-1				0		-1		1 -1		-	0				1		-1 -1 0 0	2	-1	1		+	-1	1	0	-1					-1	,		0				-1 -1		4 2
3		0 0	0	0	1	1		-1			0		-1	-1	0		0			0	0					0 1 -1 -1		-2	-1						-1			-2		-1 -	1		-1 -1						4 2
3		0 0	Ö	0	0					-	1 0		-1		0							0	0			0 0		1	-1					-1	-1		1			-1						-1	-1		4 2
3		0 0	0	0	0	1 0		0	0	0	1 -1	0	-	۰	•	•	1 1		-	1	1	0		-1	0	4 2	-1	-2	1	2	+	4 -	1	-3	-1	0		1	-1	+			-1		-1		0	-1	4 2 5 3
1		4 -	-1	4		1												1				2				3 6		4					1 -1									-1							4 2
1		0 0	0	0			0				1	0	1	0	1	1		0	-	1		1	1	0		0 0		0	-1	1 -1	0		1 -1		0	-1 (	0	1	-1		0		0			0	0	-1	0 0
1		-1 -0		-1 -1											1							2			2 -	0 -0	-1	-0										-0							-1			1	5.1 4 1.9 3
1 2		-1 -2	-1	-1				0	2													1						.0				-1																- 5	3
2		-1 -0	-1	-1		1 1			1			1		i	1	1		1		1		1			1	1 1		3	-0	.0						0		-1	.0		-0	1	-2		-1			-1 2	25
2		1 -1		.0	2			-1		-	-0 1		-0			- 1	1					0				1 3	2	0		-1		2			1	(	1			1					•			3	9 5
3		0 0		-1	•					-1		-0			.0							٠		۰		-1 -1 0 0			1																				2
1 1		-1 -1 -0 0		-0	1 0	, 1	1	1	0	1	-2	0	0	-0		0	2	1	0	1	1	1 0		0	1	0 0		-1 1 -	0 -0	1		0 0	1			0 0		1	-0			-0	1	1	-1 0 -0		-0	2	-0 -0
1		-1 -1 -1 -0		-0			1								1		1					1				-1 0 -1 -1		-0			-1							0			1				-1			-0 3	7.1 E
1		1 0	-0	-0			-0								0							o			0 -	0 0		0			1							-0					_					3	3.5 2
1 2		-1 -0	-1	-0	0 -		0	-1	0	0 0		۰	-0	۰	1		1	۰	-1	1 -			4	1		-1 -0 -0 1		-0			1	2 0				0 3			0	1 0		1	1		0		1	0	
2		0 1		-1 -0		1			-0			1	-1 -1	0	1	0	1	1		٠.				1		0 -0 1 3		-1	0	2 4						3 4			-2	-2	-0	1						- 4	4.1 3 7.6 3
2		-0 -0	-1	-0			Ĭ		-0									0		1		1				-1 -1	1	2	-2											-			-1					7	.9
3		0 0			1				.0		0 1		-1				_0 1						1	0		1 2		8 -1	4 -1						1	- 4				-2						1		-	6 5
1		-0 0		-1	5 -	1 0	0	-0	0	0	-0	1	-0	1	1		0		1			1	0	0		0 1		-0	0 0	-0	3	4 0		-		1 (			0	-0			0		0		-0	0	3 S
1		0 0	0	0	-	ĭ	-0			0	ō	o	0	-0	.0	۰	-1		0	-1 -		Ö	-0		-2	-1 -1	-1	-1	1	1		3 -0	1		-0	1 0			.0		1	1 2	-0	0	-1	0			0 4
1		0 0		-0					1	0		0	-	-1 0		0	-0		-1	-1 -0				0	+	-1 -1 0 1		-1	1		+		1 -0	+			2		-1 2	-0	,	-1	-1				-0	- 2	3.7 4 2.4 3
1		0 0	0	0	5 -	1	0		0		2 0		0			ō	Ē	0	1		0	1 0	0		-0	1 1	1	-1	-0	)		0 0	-1			0 0		1	0	Ŧ	-0	-0	1	0	0 -0	0	1	1	0 -0
2		. 0	.0	-0			1		1	1 -6			-				1		-0							0 -1	-1	-3			-1	-	1 -1		-1	-				4			#					3(	5
2		-1 -0 -0 -0		-0	-	1 0	-0 1	-1	0		-0	1	0		1	-1		-1	1			1				2 -0 0 1		-1 0			-2	3 4				-1 5 4	,		-1			-0			0			0 30	04 4 03 3
2		0 0		0		-1			1		1						1									1 1		ō			-2		1		8					4								30	)4
2 3		1 0		0 -	0				-1 -1 -	0 -0		0	1		-1		-1					•				4 -1	-1	-1	0				1	-1	1	0 4	,	-1		1 -0	,		$\pm$		-1 0	-0			59 T.
3		-1 -1 1 0			0 0	)			-0 1			1			0	0	-1			-0		1	1	0		0 0		-0	1 -1	1			1	1	0	-1		-0		-2	2		-1		0	)	-1	- 5	7 2 72 3

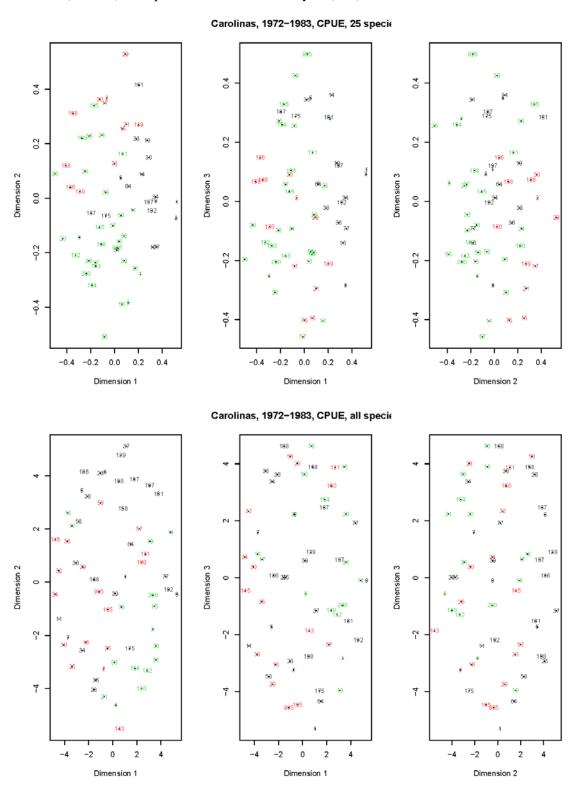
Appendix 6. Vessels with flagged metrics (modified z score between 3.0 & 3.5 in red).



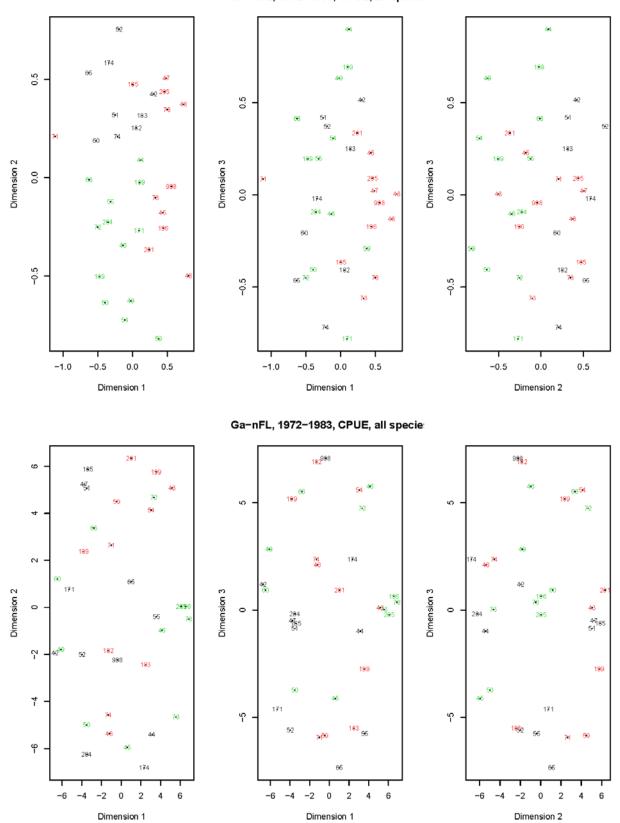
Appendix 7. Vessels with flagged metrics (modified z score between 2.5 & 3.0 in red).



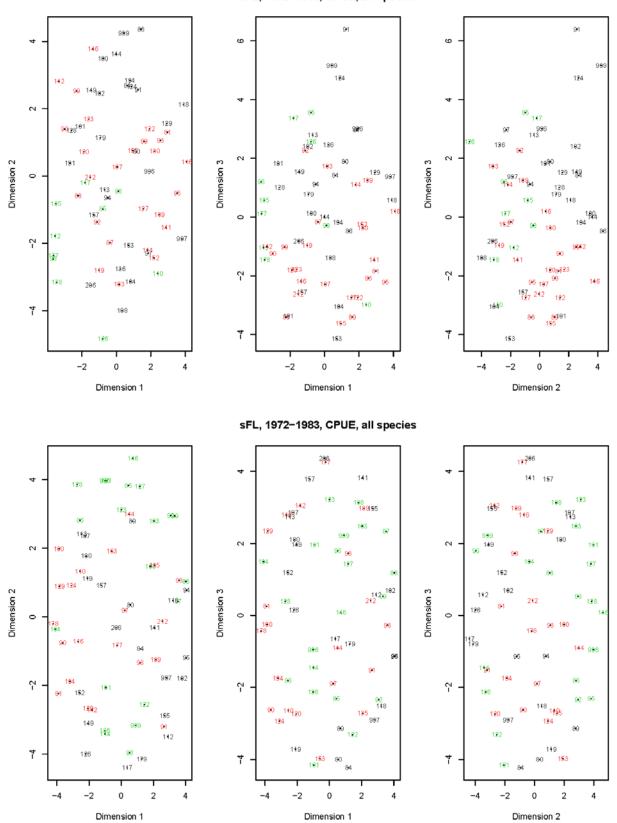
Appendix 8. Non metric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) results for time-area blocks from analysis using CPUE of the top 25 species and all species. The three colors represent the default number of medoids (clusters) used prior to final NMDS analysis (k=3).



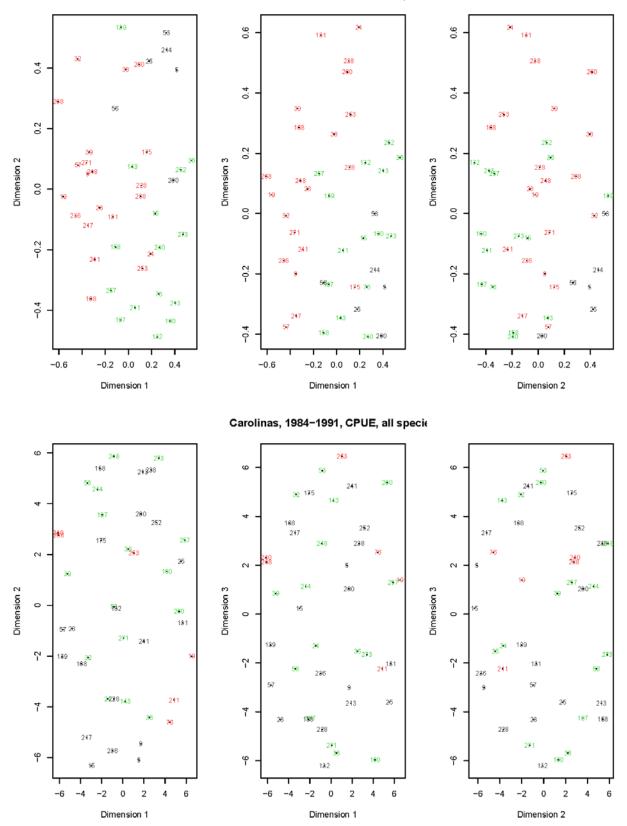
# GA-nFL, 1972-1983, CPUE, 25 specie



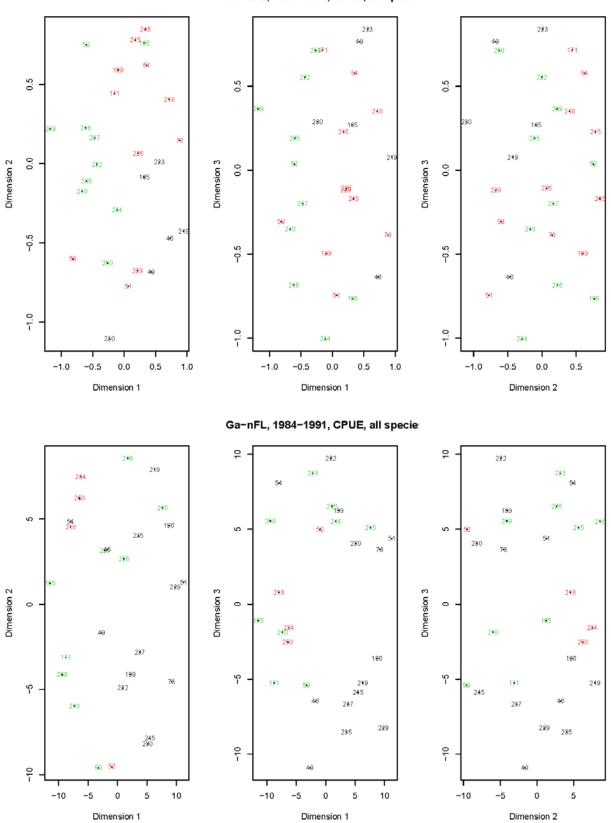
#### sFL, 1972-1983, CPUE, 25 species



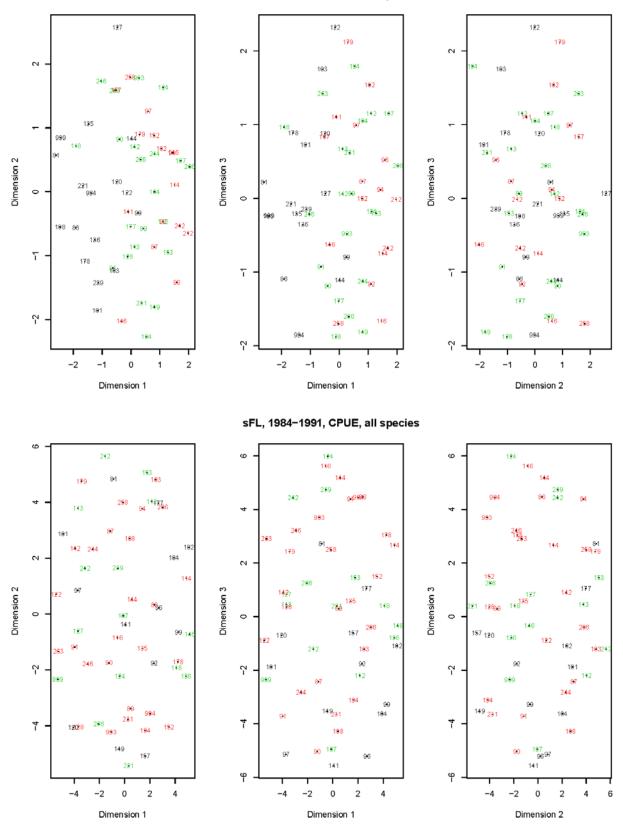
# Carolinas, 1984-1991, CPUE, 25 specie



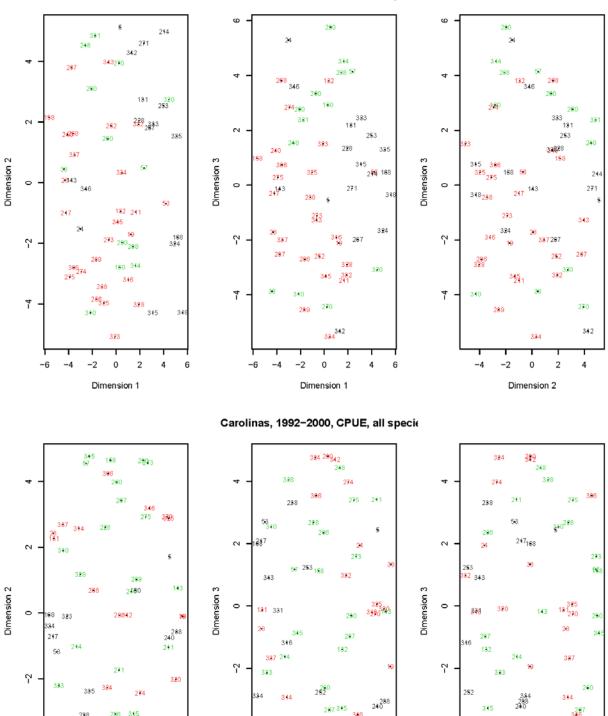
# Ga-nFL, 1984-1991, CPUE, 25 specie



### sFL, 1984-1991, CPUE, 25 species



### Carolinas, 1992-2000, CPUE, 25 specie



271 160

0

Dimension 1

2

4

323

-4

268

-2

4-

315 33287 24

332

2

253 252

-2

0

Dimension 1

4

-4

348

346<sup>7</sup>

4

4-

385

-2

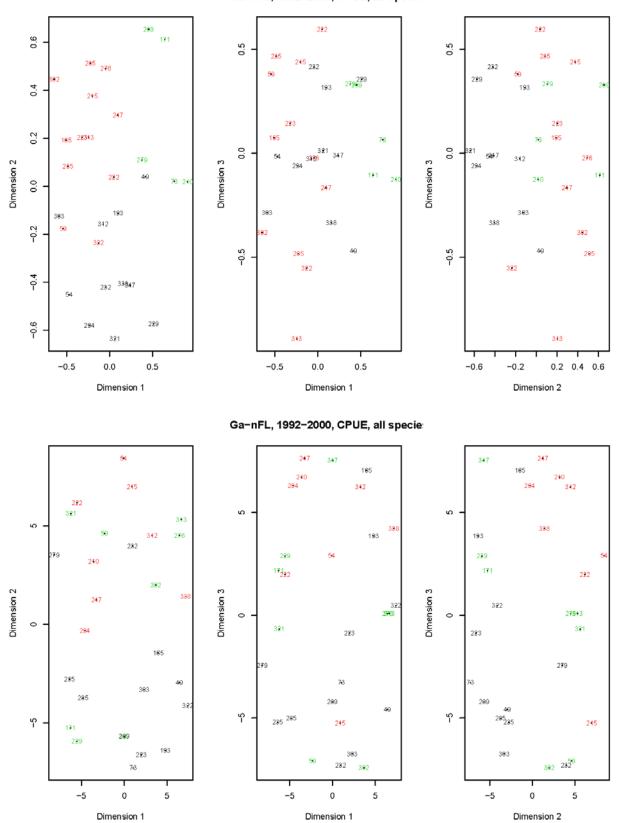
-4

0

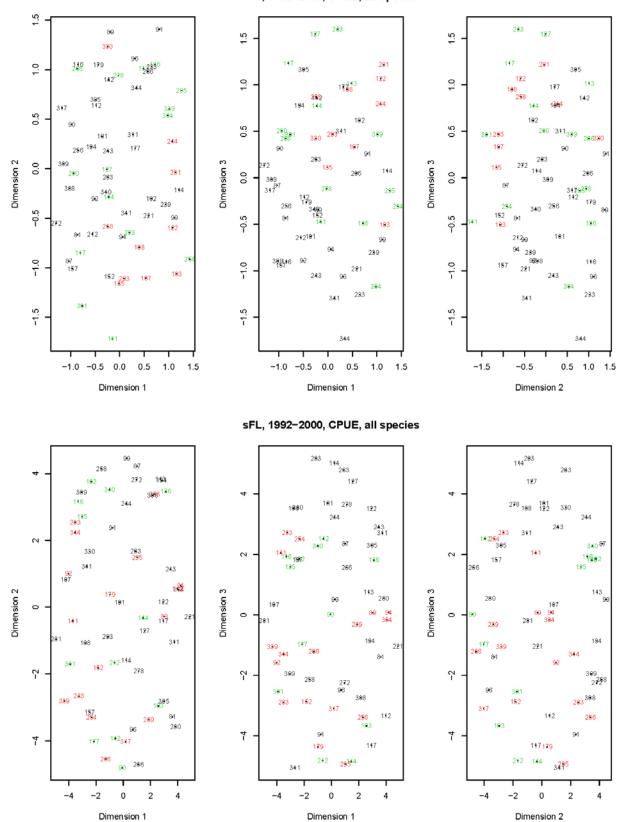
Dimension 2

2

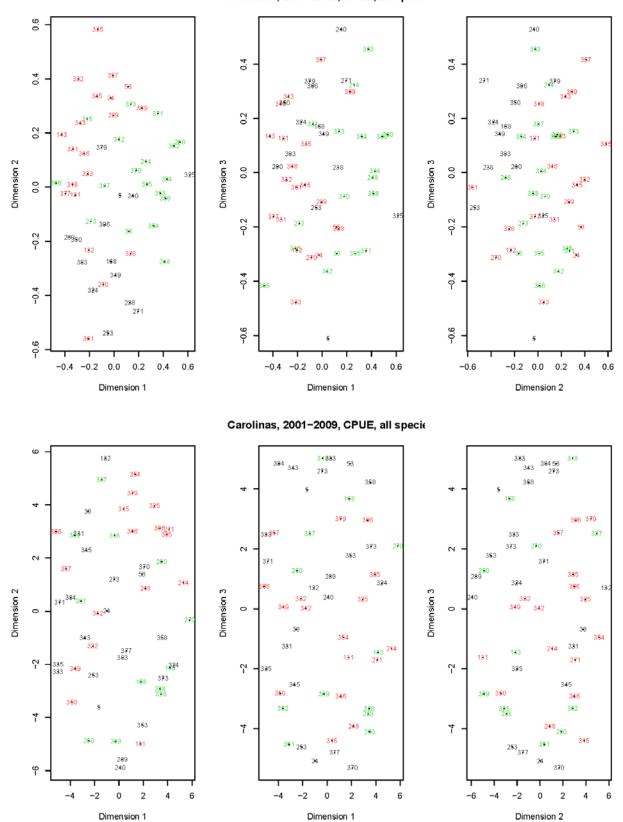
# Ga-nFL, 1992-2000, CPUE, 25 specie



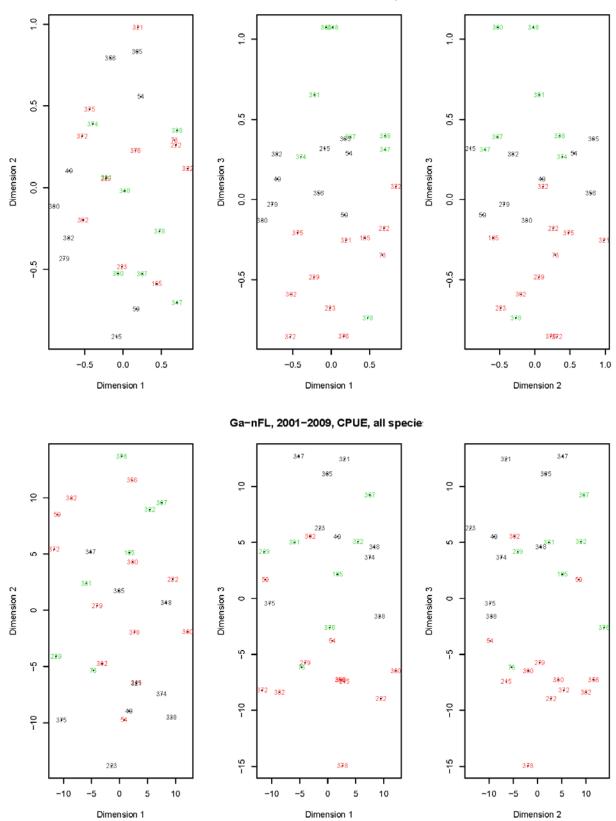
#### sFL, 1992-2000, CPUE, 25 species



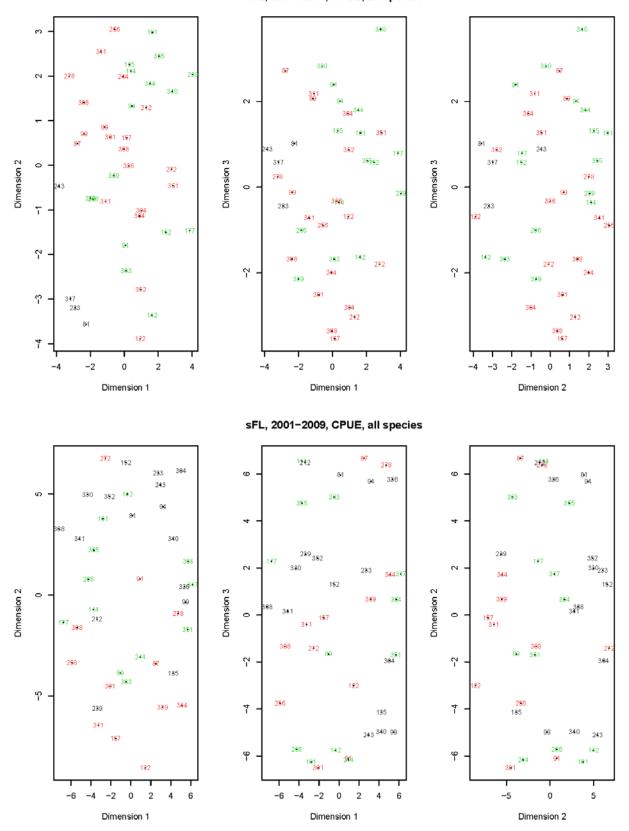
## Carolinas, 2001-2009, CPUE, 25 specie



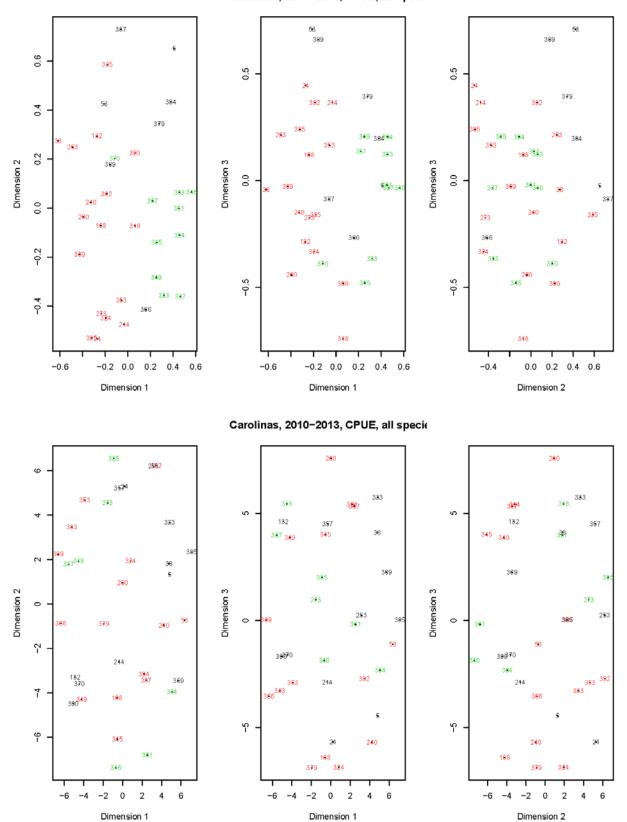
# Ga-nFL, 2001-2009, CPUE, 25 specie

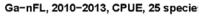


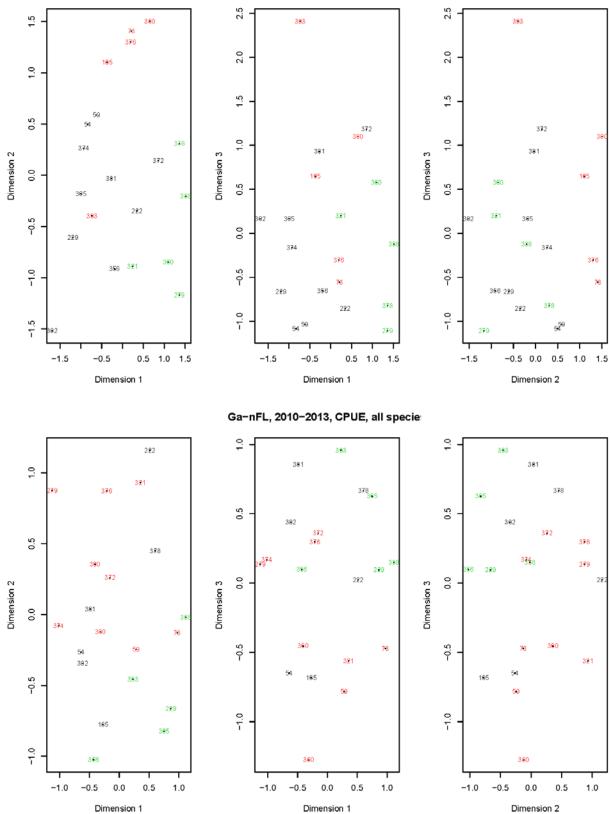
# sFL, 2001-2009, CPUE, 25 species



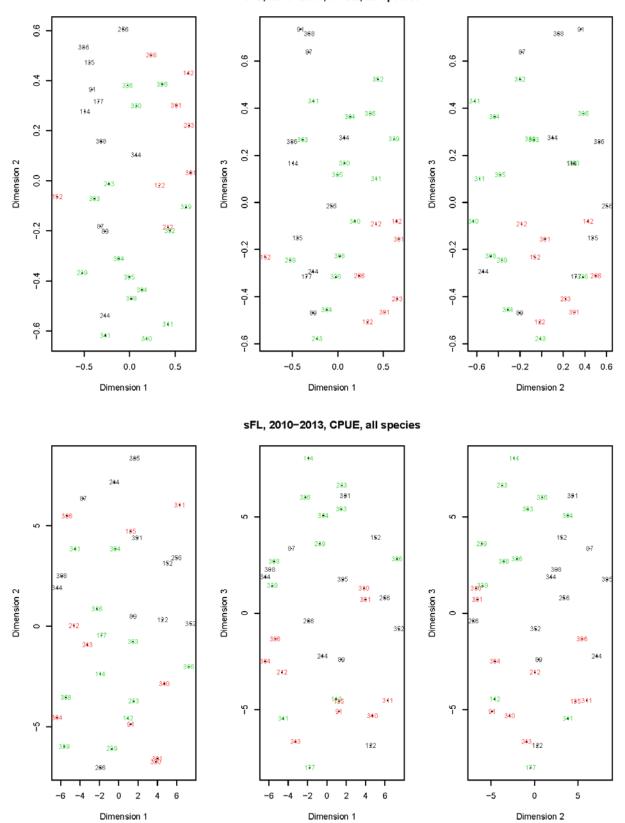
# Carolinas, 2010-2013, CPUE, 25 specie



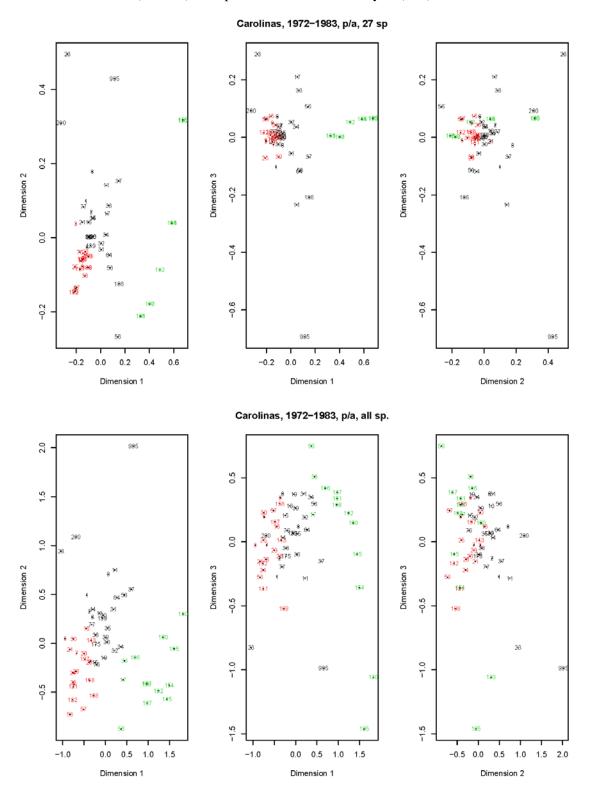


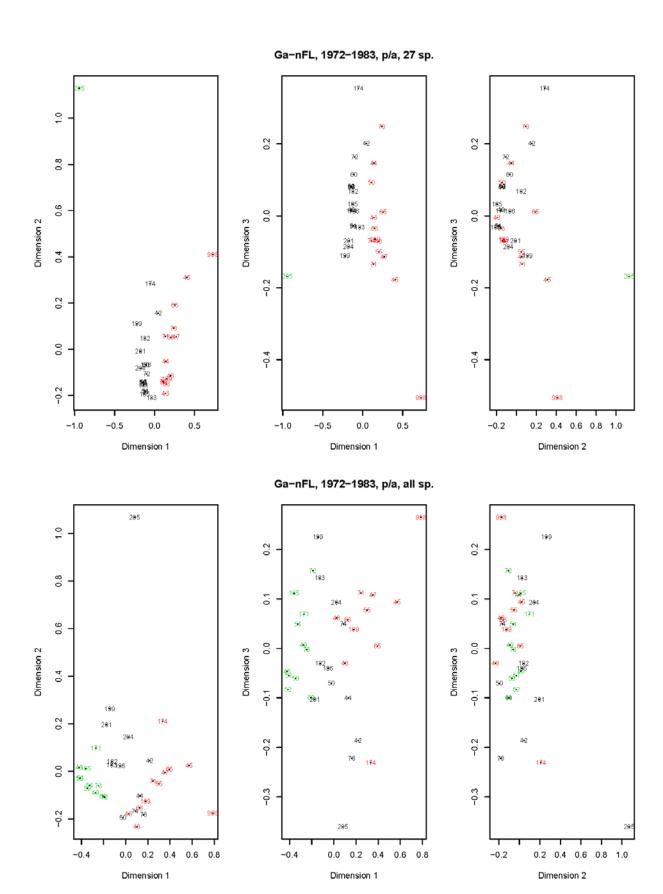


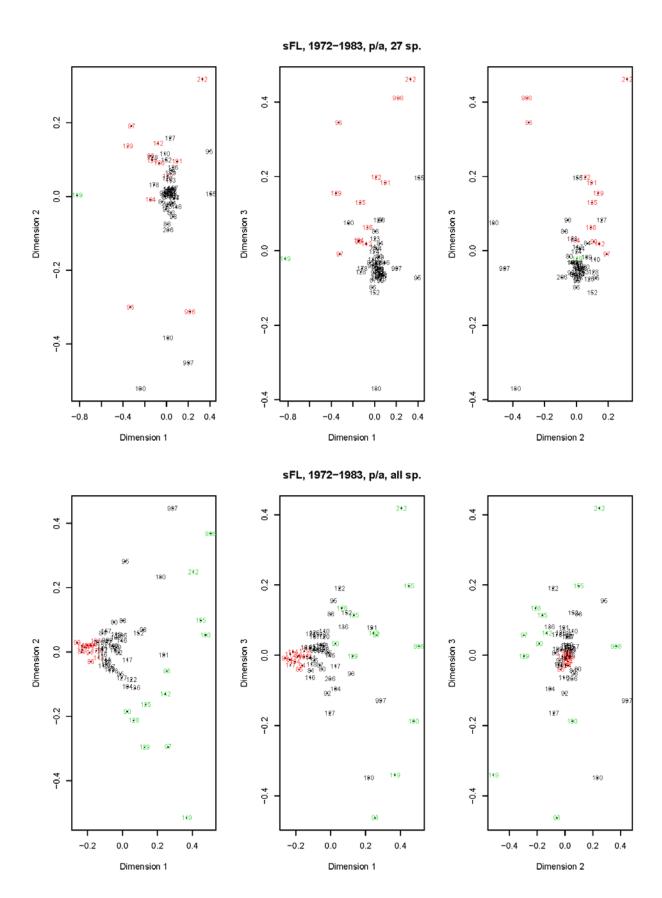
# sFL, 2010-2013, CPUE, 25 species

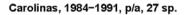


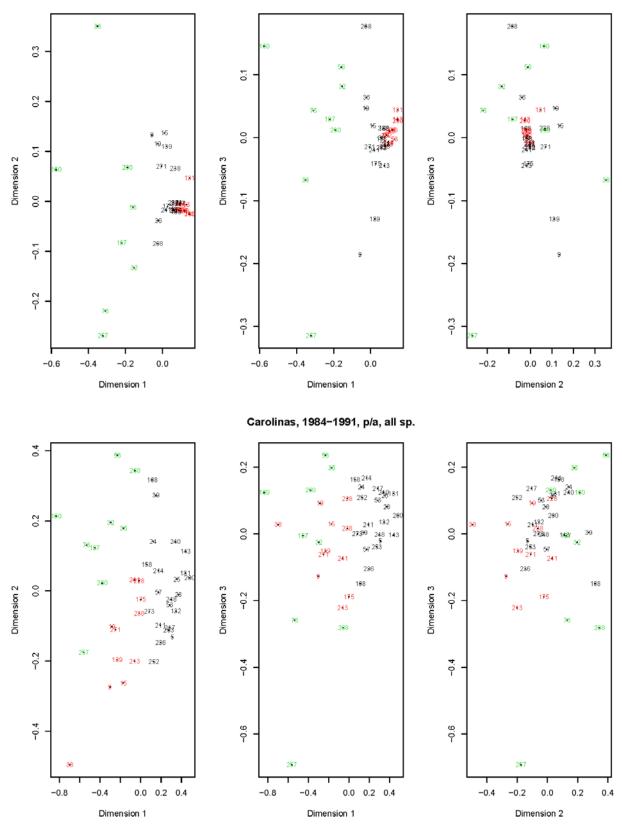
Appendix 9. Non metric multidimensional scaling (NMDS) results for time-area blocks from analysis using presence/absence (p/a) of the top 27 species and all species. The three colors represent the default number of medoids (clusters) used prior to final NMDS analysis (k=3).

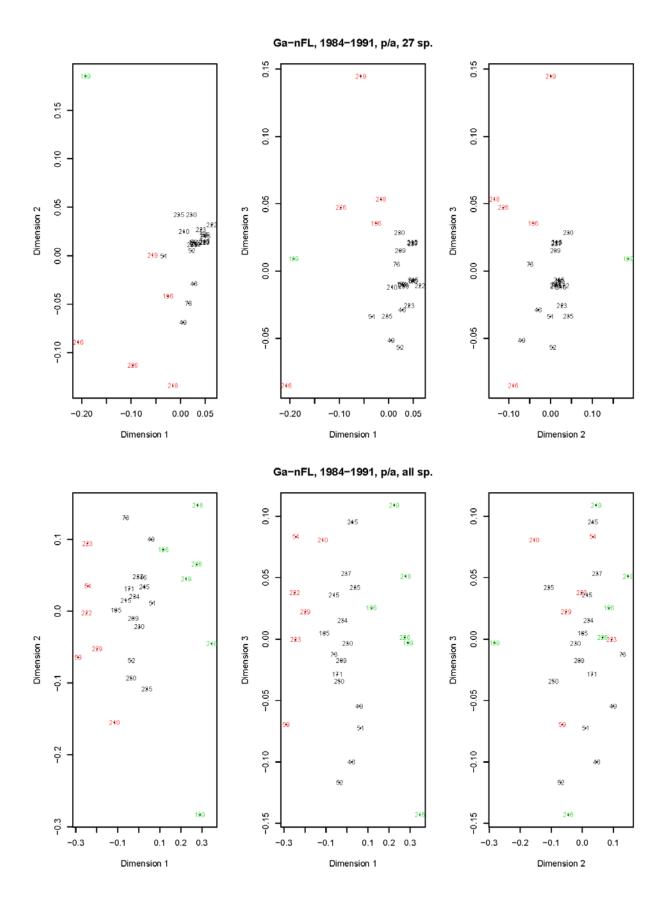


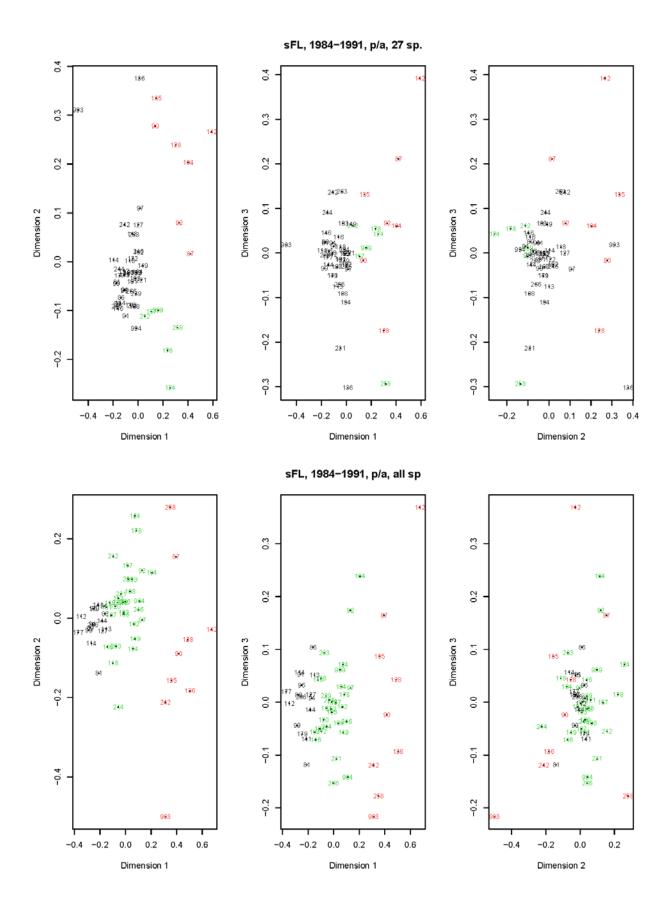


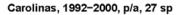


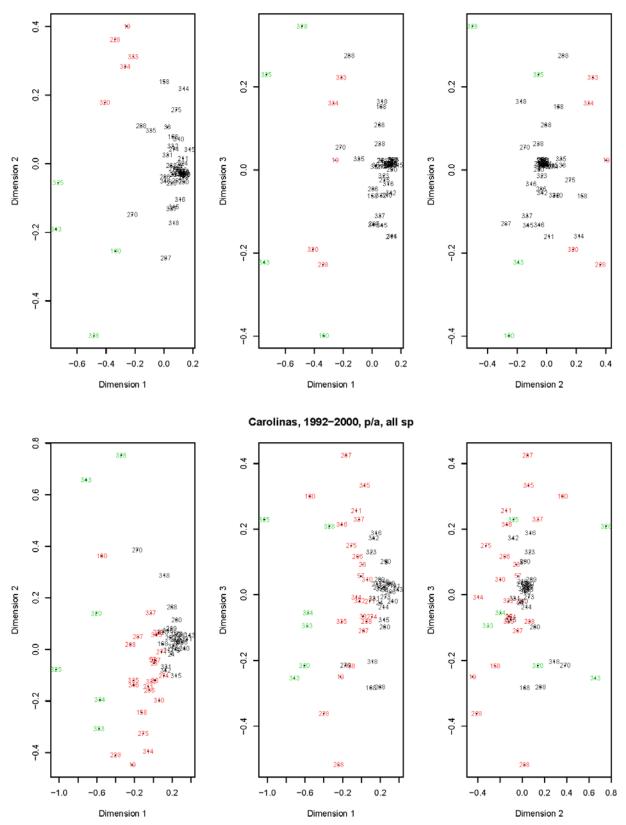


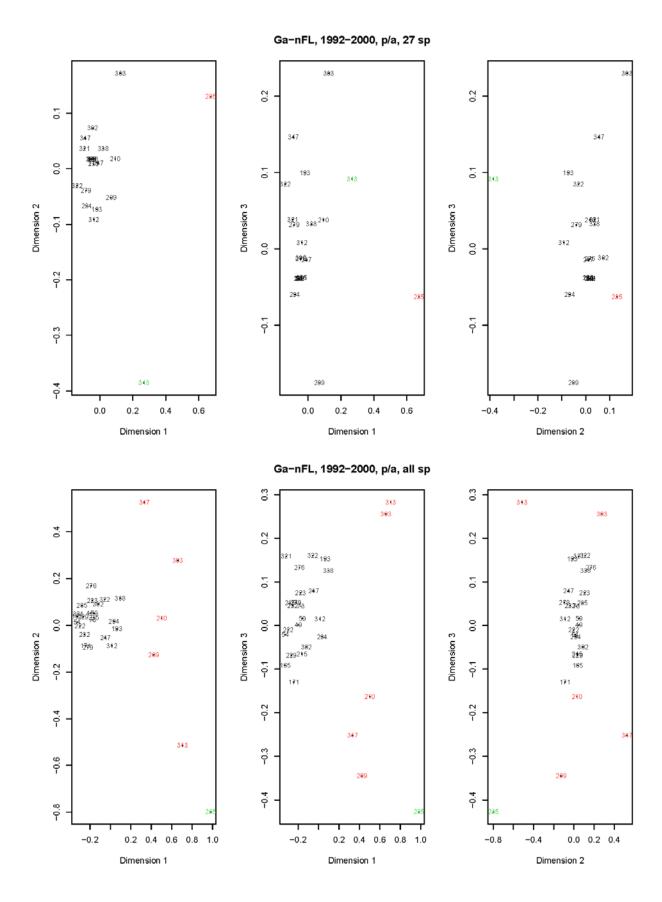


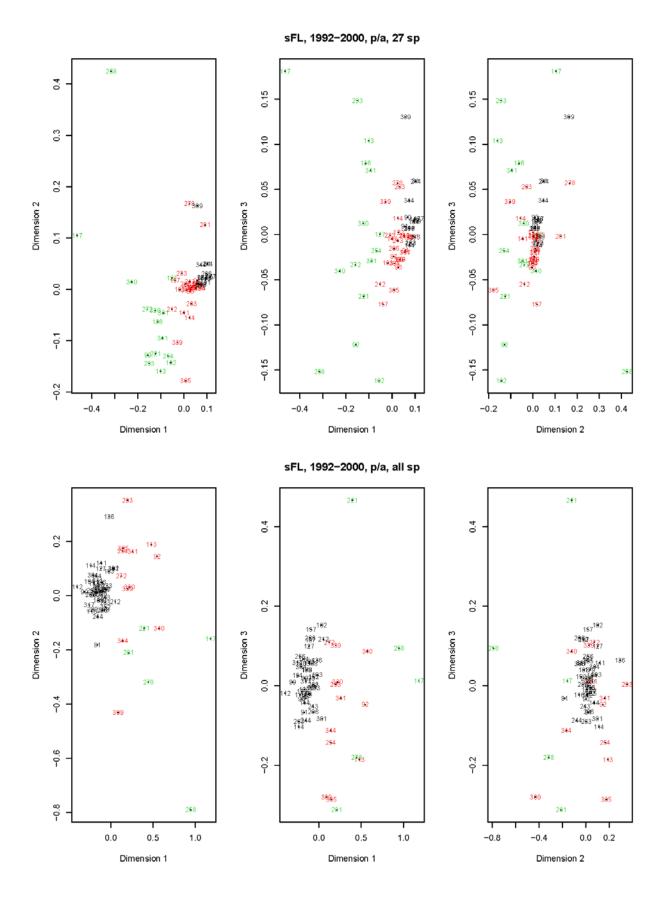


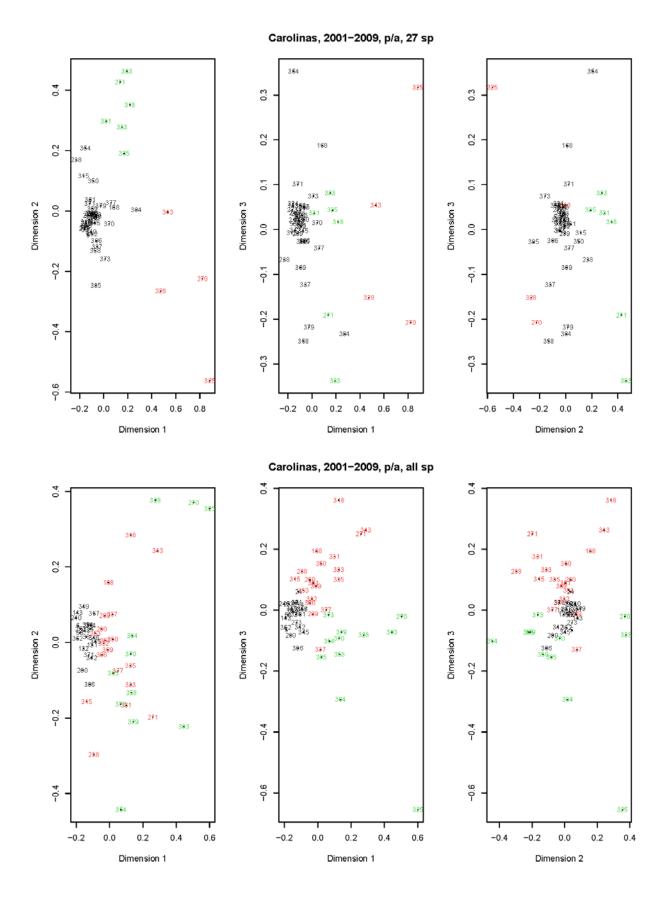


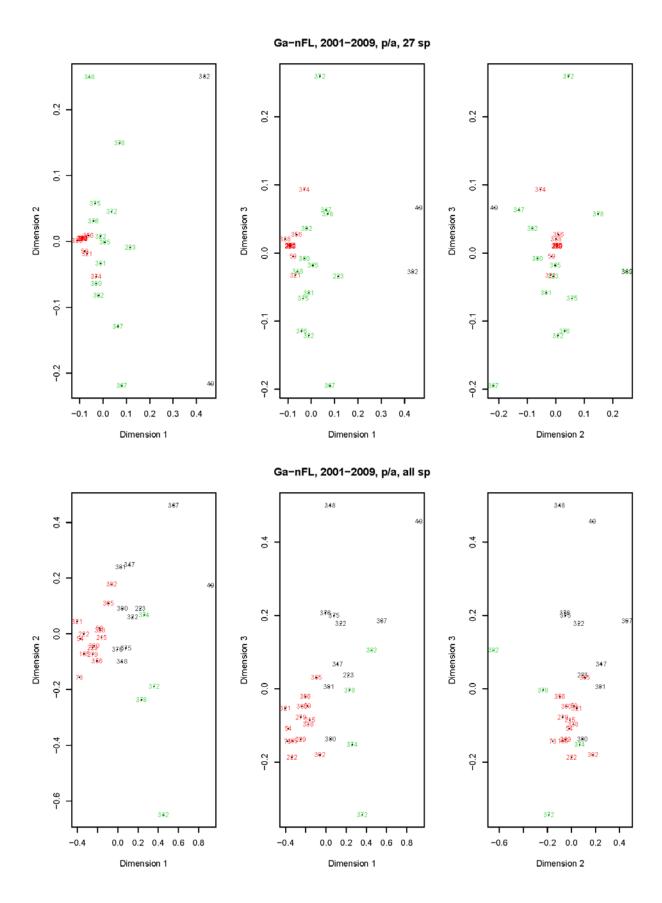


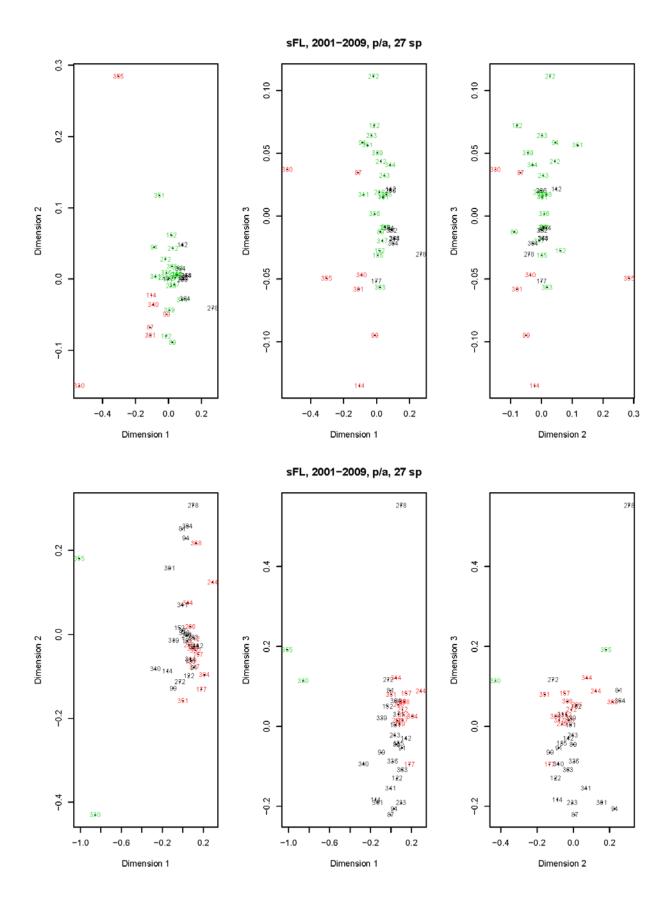


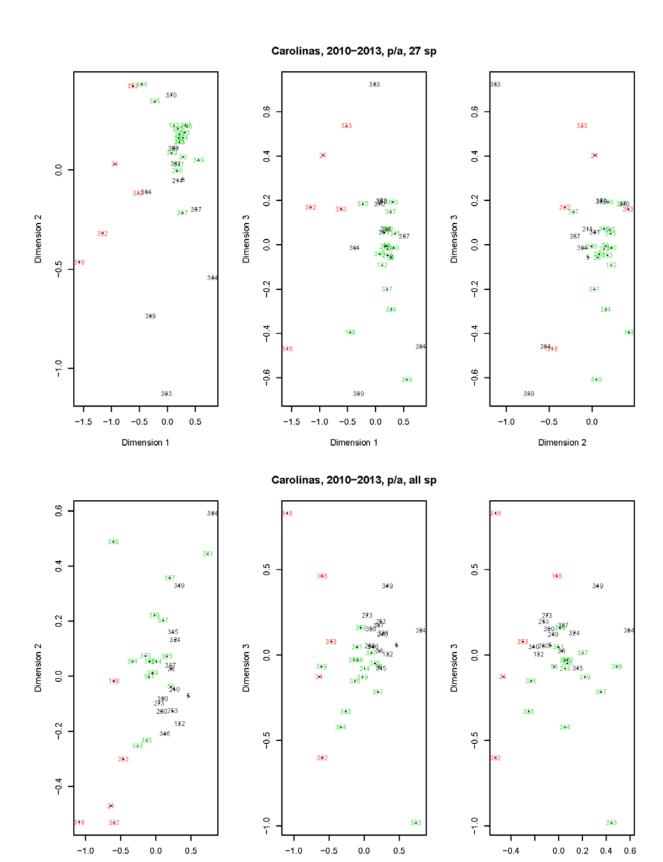








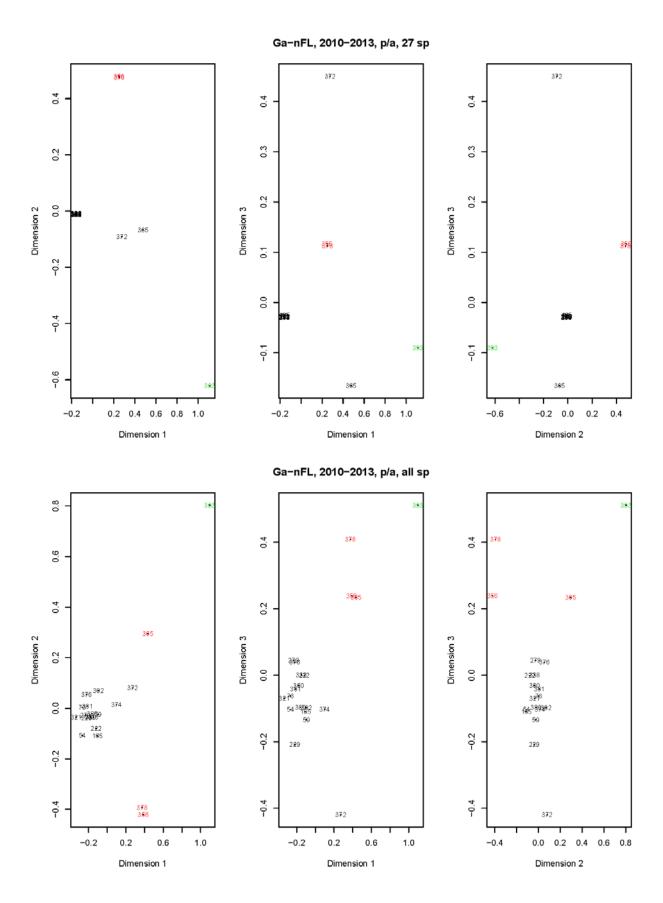


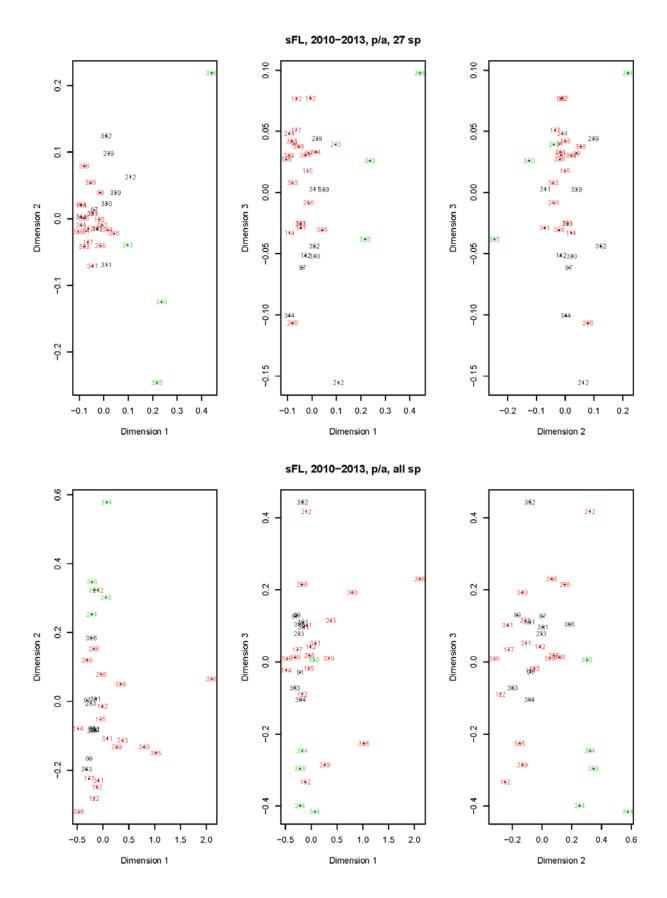


Dimension 1

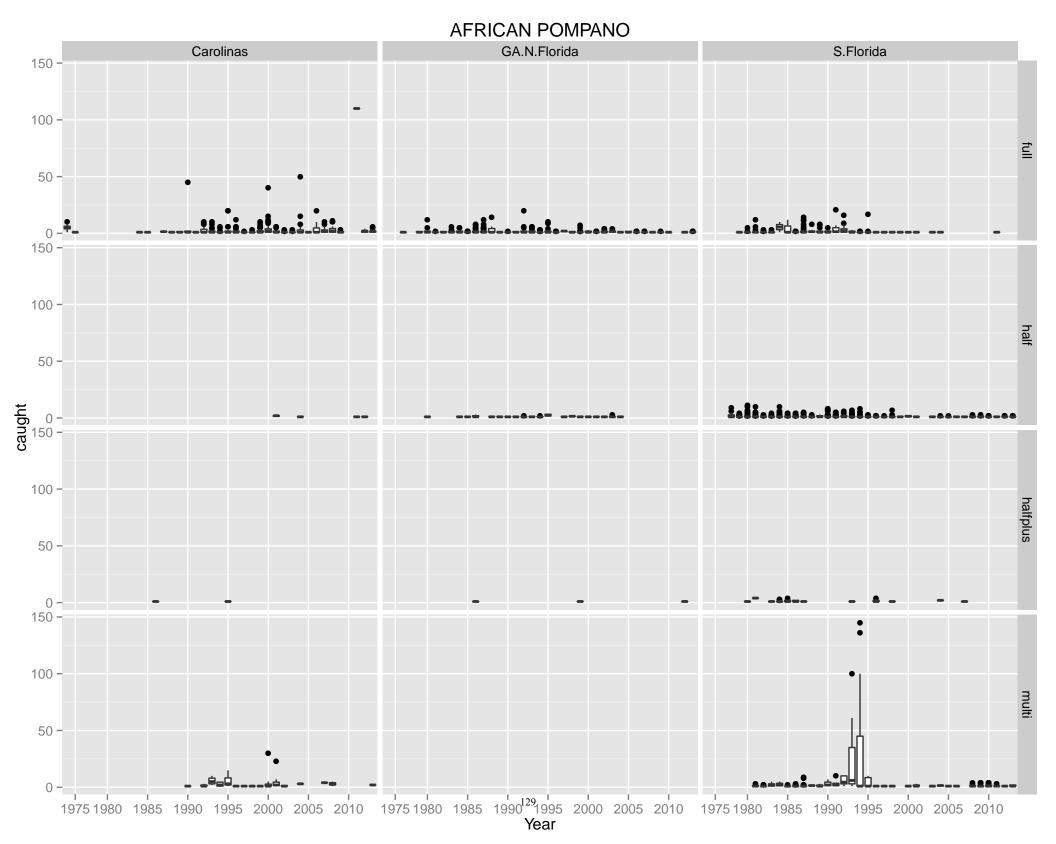
Dimension 2

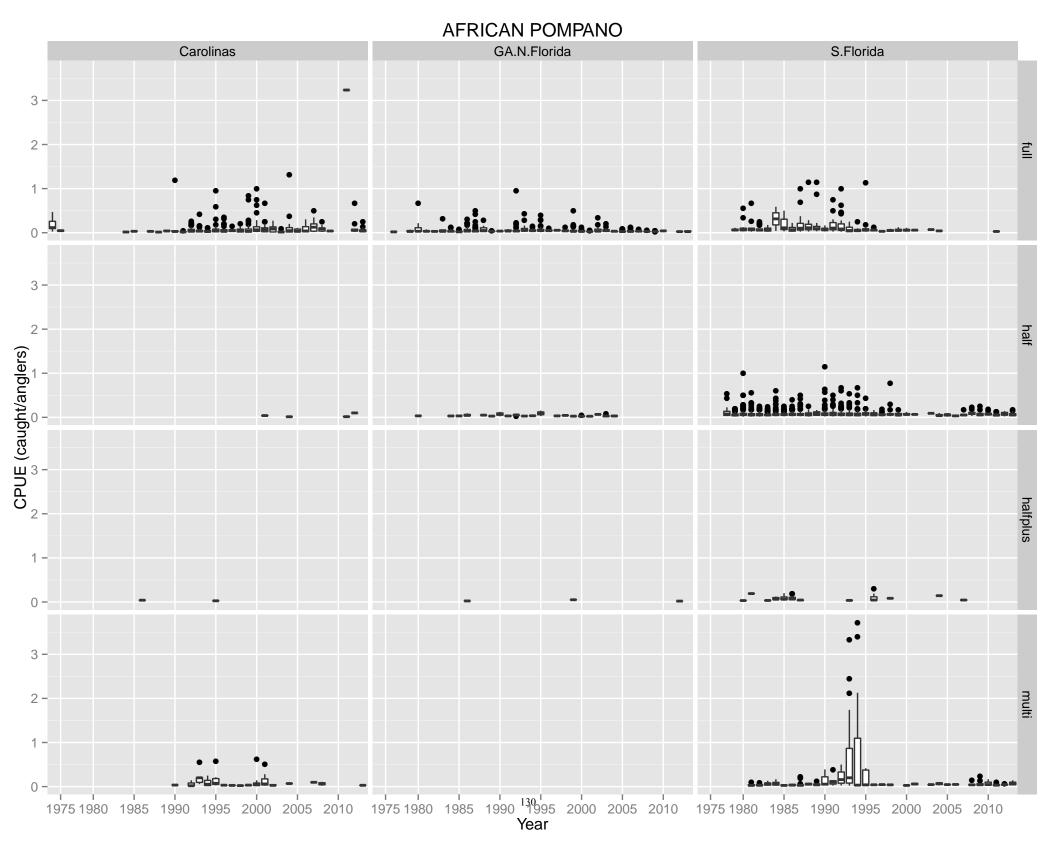
Dimension 1

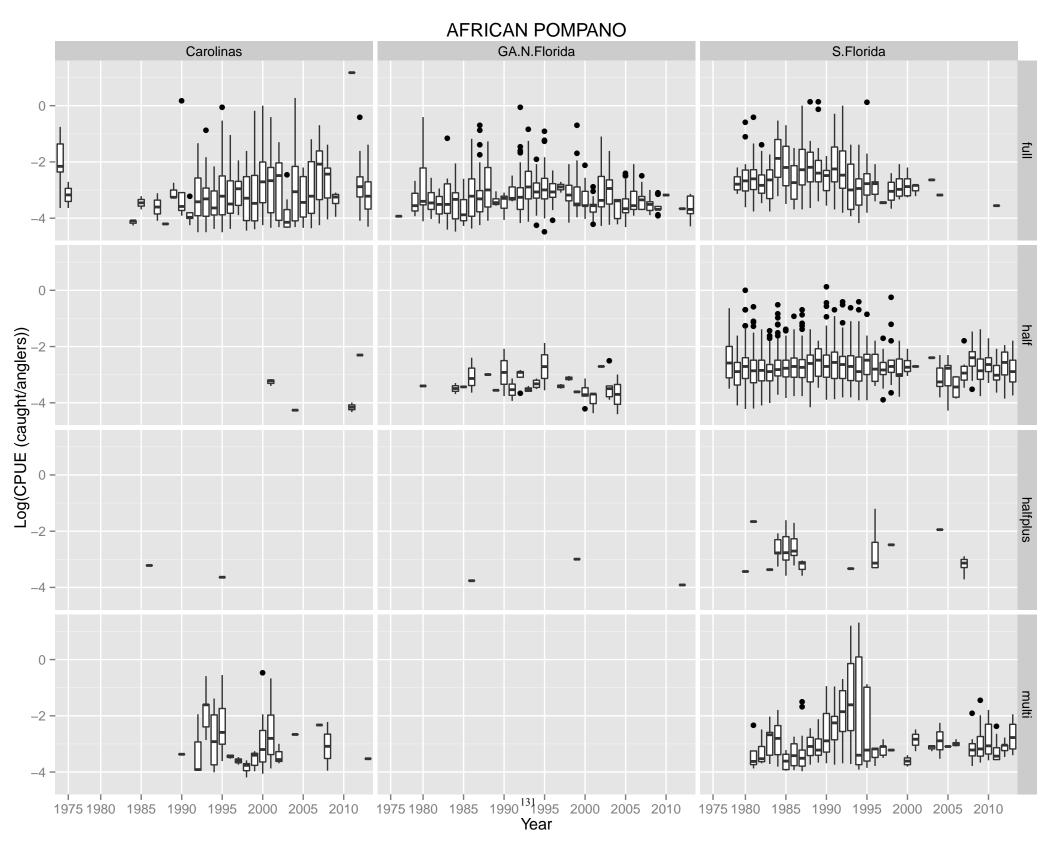


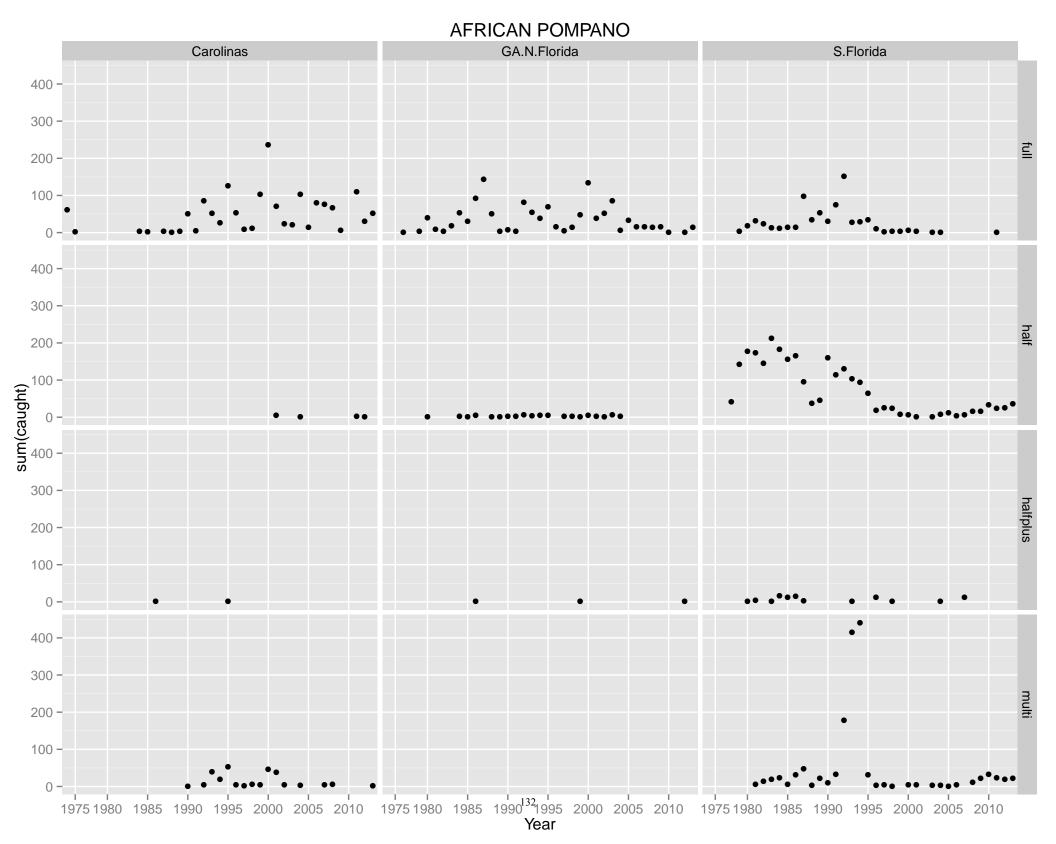




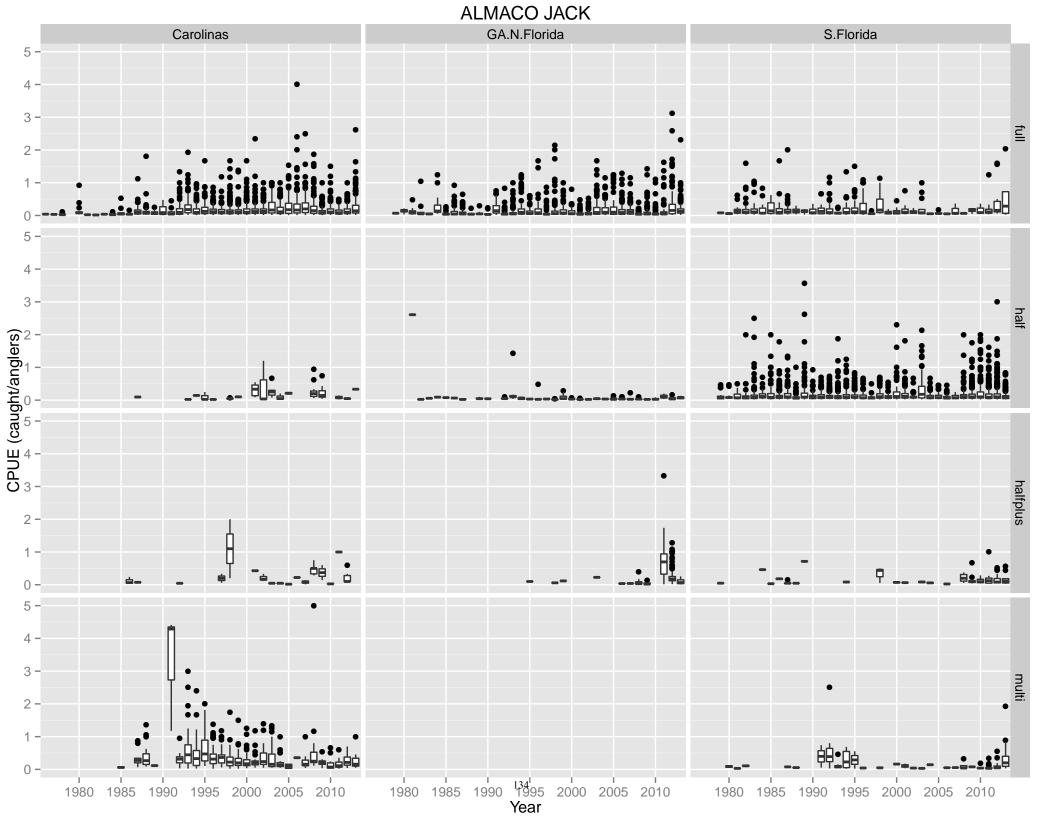




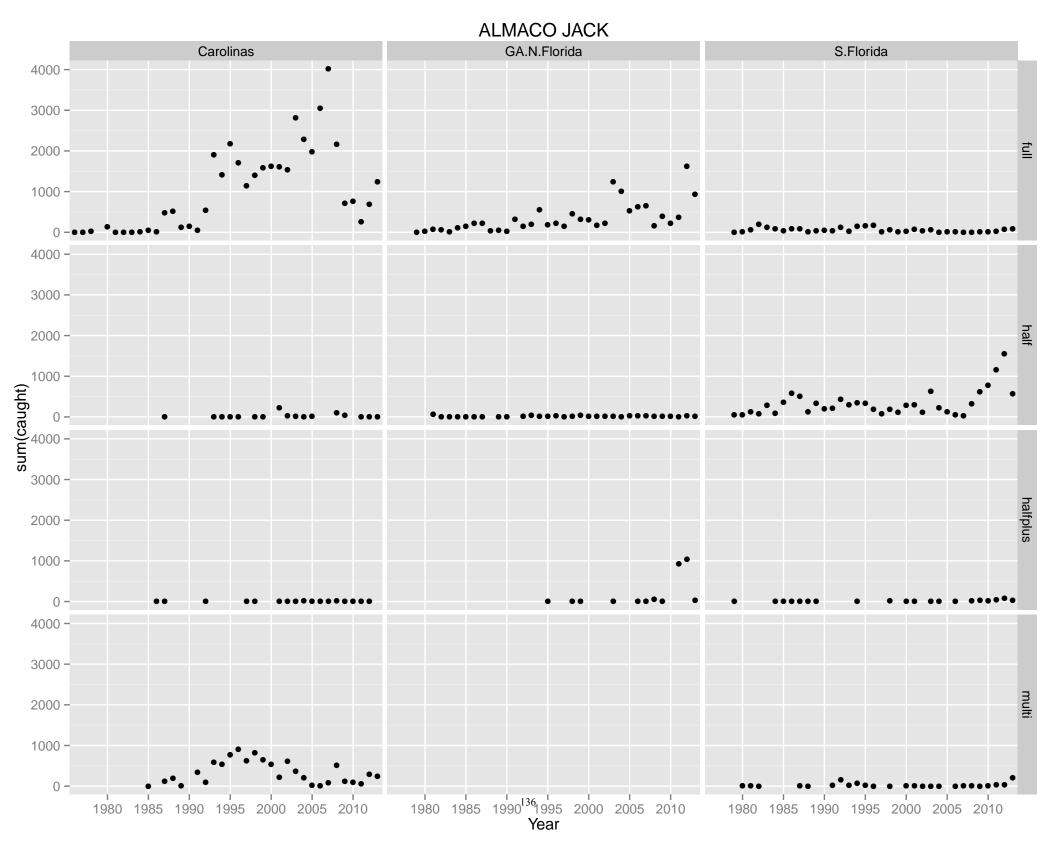




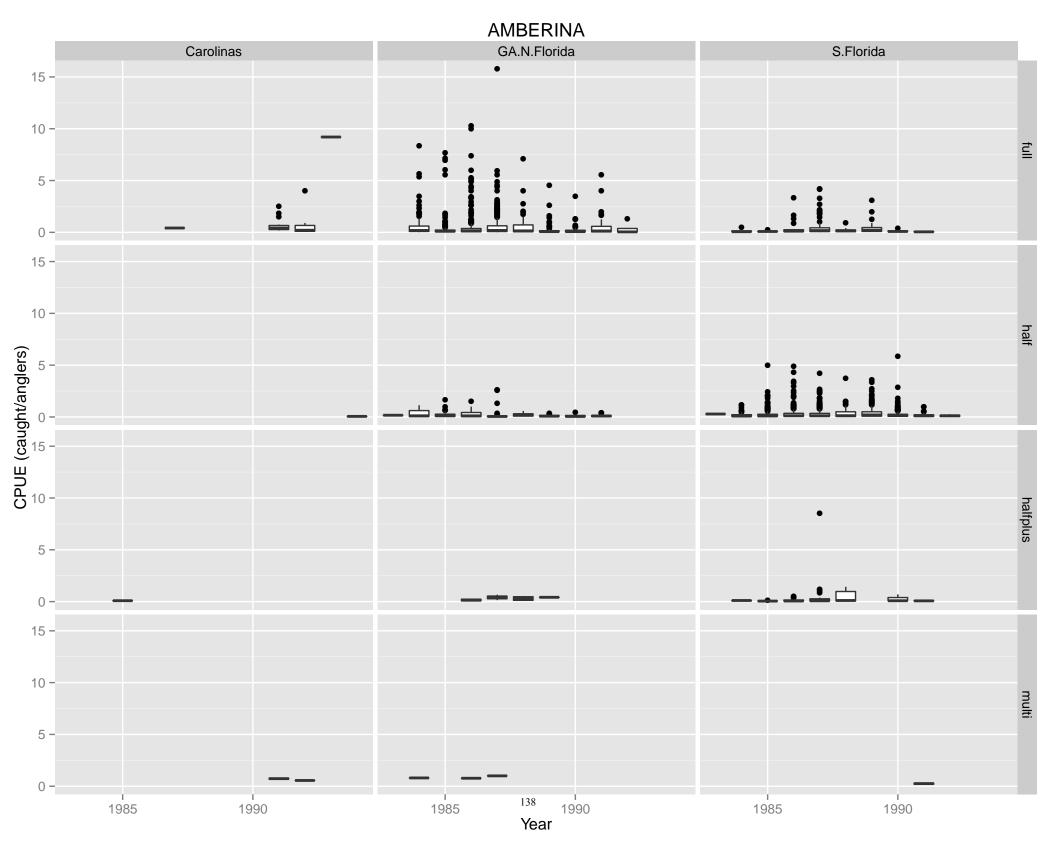
ALMACO JACK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 150 -100 -50 -150 -100 -50 caught 0 -150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 -0 -1980 1985 1990 <sup>133</sup> 1995 **Year** 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980



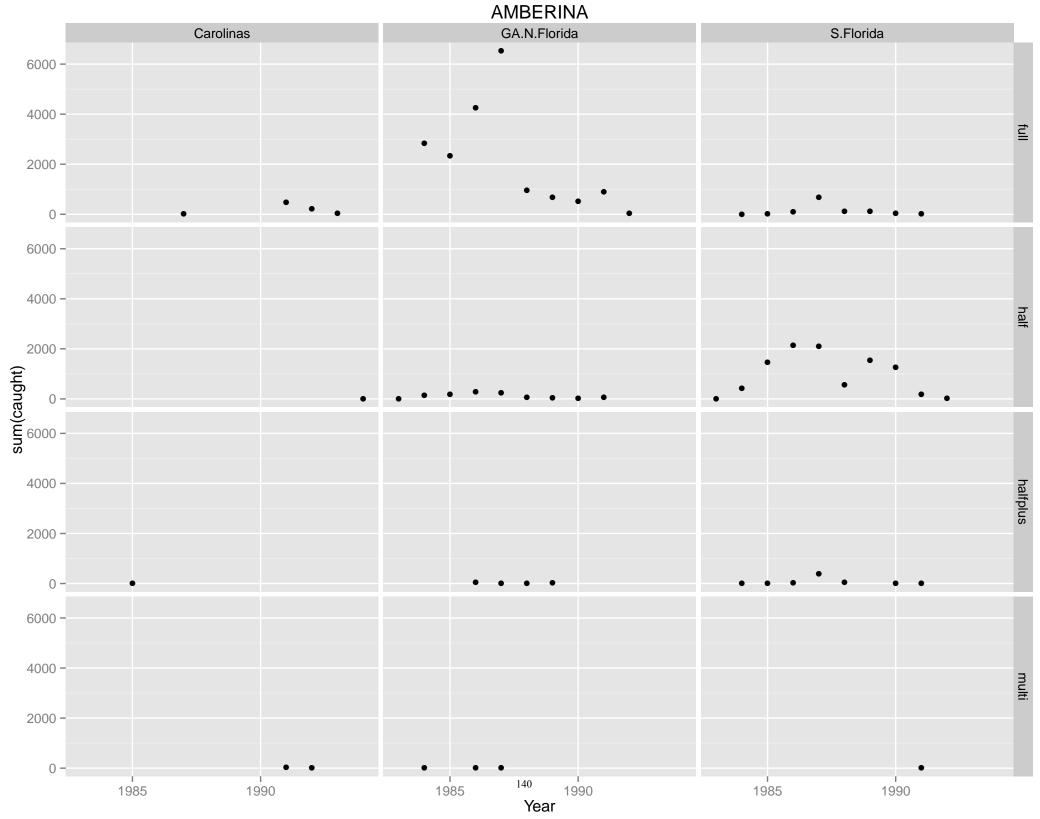
**ALMACO JACK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -4 -135 I 1995 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year



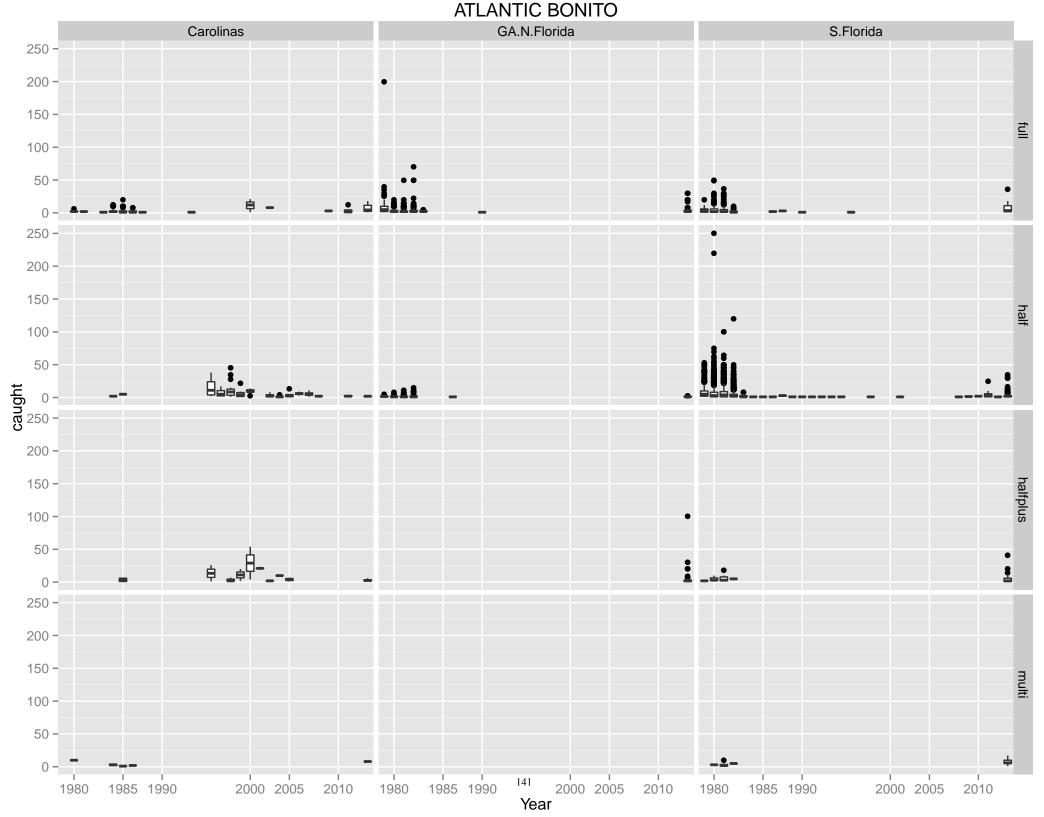
**AMBERINA** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 caught 0 -300 halfplus 200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -0 -1990 1985 1985 1990 1985 1990 Year

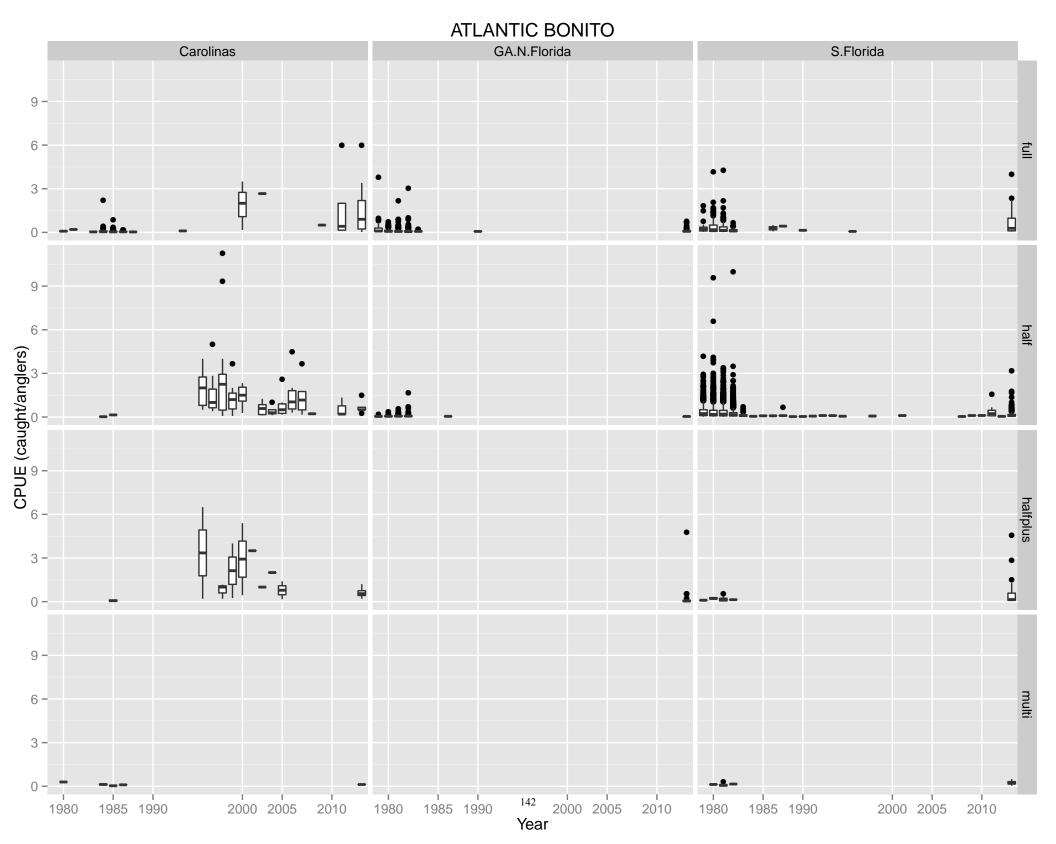


**AMBERINA** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2.5 -0.0 --2.5 -2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 -中 -2.5 **-**1985 1990 1985 1990 1990 1985 Year



ATLANTIC BONITO





ATLANTIC BONITO Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 -2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 þ -2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 --2.5 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 Year

ATLANTIC BONITO Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10000 -5000 -10000 -5000 sum(caught) 5000 -0 -10000 -5000 -

1985 1990

2000 2005

Year

2010

1980

1985 1990

2000 2005

2010

2000 2005

1980

1985 1990

2010

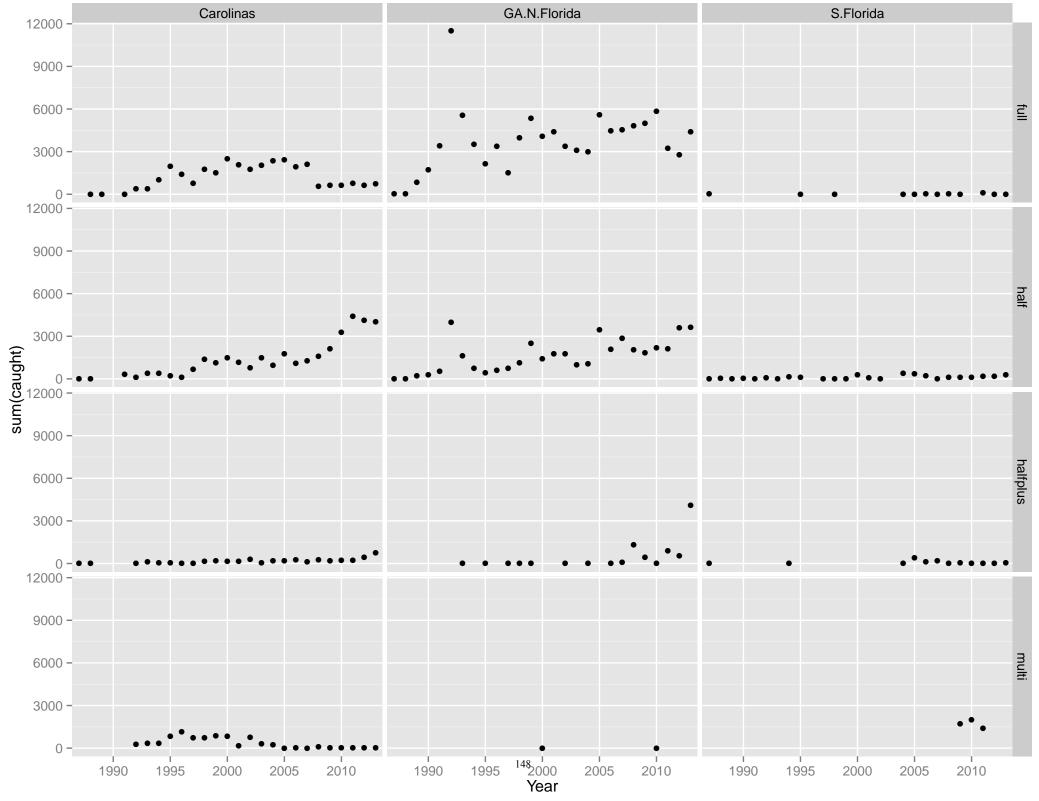
1980

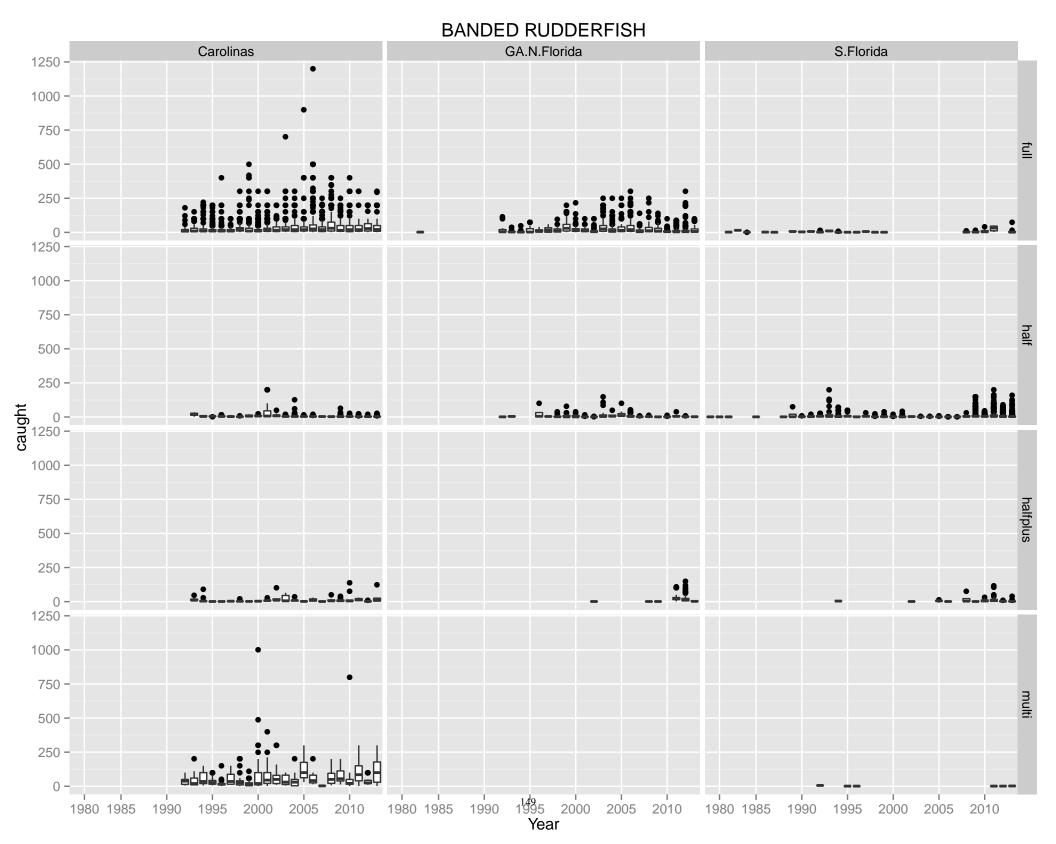
ATLANTIC SHARPNOSE SHARK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 400 -200 -400 -200 caught 400 -200 -400 -200 -1990 <sup>145</sup>2000 **Year** 2005 2010 1995 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

ATLANTIC SHARPNOSE SHARK S.Florida Carolinas GA.N.Florida 20 -15 -10 -5 -20 -15 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 -5 -20 -15 -10 -5 -146<sup>l</sup> 2000 **Year** 2010 2005 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 1990 1995 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

ATLANTIC SHARPNOSE SHARK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -0 -2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 **-**2 -0 --2 -**-4 -**147<sup>l</sup> 2000 **Year** 1990 1995 2005 2010 1990 1995 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2000

ATLANTIC SHARPNOSE SHARK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 12000 -9000 -6000 -3000 -12000 -9000 -6000 -3000 -9000 -6000 -3000 -12000 -





**BANDED RUDDERFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 20 -15 -10 -5 -0 -20 -15 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 -5 -0 -20 -15 -10 -

> 1995 **Year**

1990

2000

2005

2010

1980 1985

1995

2005

1990

5 -

1980 1985

1990

1995

2005

2010

1980 1985

**BANDED RUDDERFISH** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2 -0 -2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 --4 -2 --2 -1995 **Year** 1980 1985 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000

**BANDED RUDDERFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 15000 -10000 -5000 -0 -15000 -10000 -5000 o - 0 - 00001 - 00001 10000 halfplus 5000 -0 -15000 -10000 -5000 -1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1985 1995 2000 2005 1990 1995 2000 Year

BANK SEABASS (YELLOW SEABASS) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -600 -400 -200 caught 400 halfplus 200 0 -600 -400 200 -1995 **Year** 1990 1980 2010 1980 2000 2005 1990 1980 1995

BANK SEABASS (YELLOW SEABASS) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 20 -15 -10 -5 -20 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 10 -5 -0 -20 -15 -10 -1995 **Year** 2000 1985 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 1980 1990 1995 2010 1980

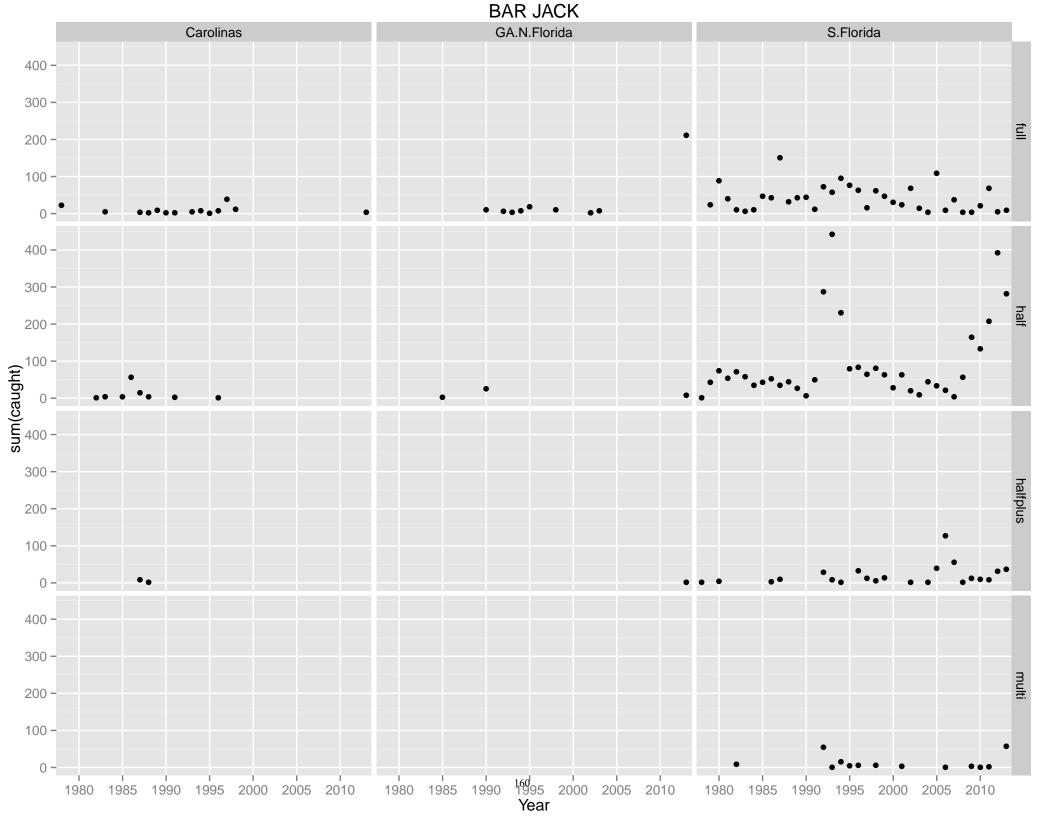
BANK SEABASS (YELLOW SEABASS) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2.5 -2.5-5.02.5 0.0 Log(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Comparison (caught/anglers) 2.5 0.0 halfplus -2.5 **-**-5.02.5 -0.0 -2.5 · -5.0 -1995 Year 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005

BANK SEABASS (YELLOW SEABASS) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 20000 -10000 -20000 -10000 sum(caught) 0 -• 20000 halfplus 10000 -0 -20000 -10000 -156 2000 1985 1990 2005 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 2010 1980 1990 1995 2005 Year

**BAR JACK** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 50 -40 -30 -20 -10 0 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 caught - 05 40 -30 -20 -10 -0 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 -0 -1995 2000 Year 1980 1990 1985 ı 1985 2005 1980 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2010 1980 1985 1990 2010 1995 2000 2005

**BAR JACK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 4 -2 -4 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -0 -4 -2 -1980 1990 1995 **Year** 2000 2005 2010 1985 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990

BAR JACK GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 **-**2 -0 --2 -**Year** 

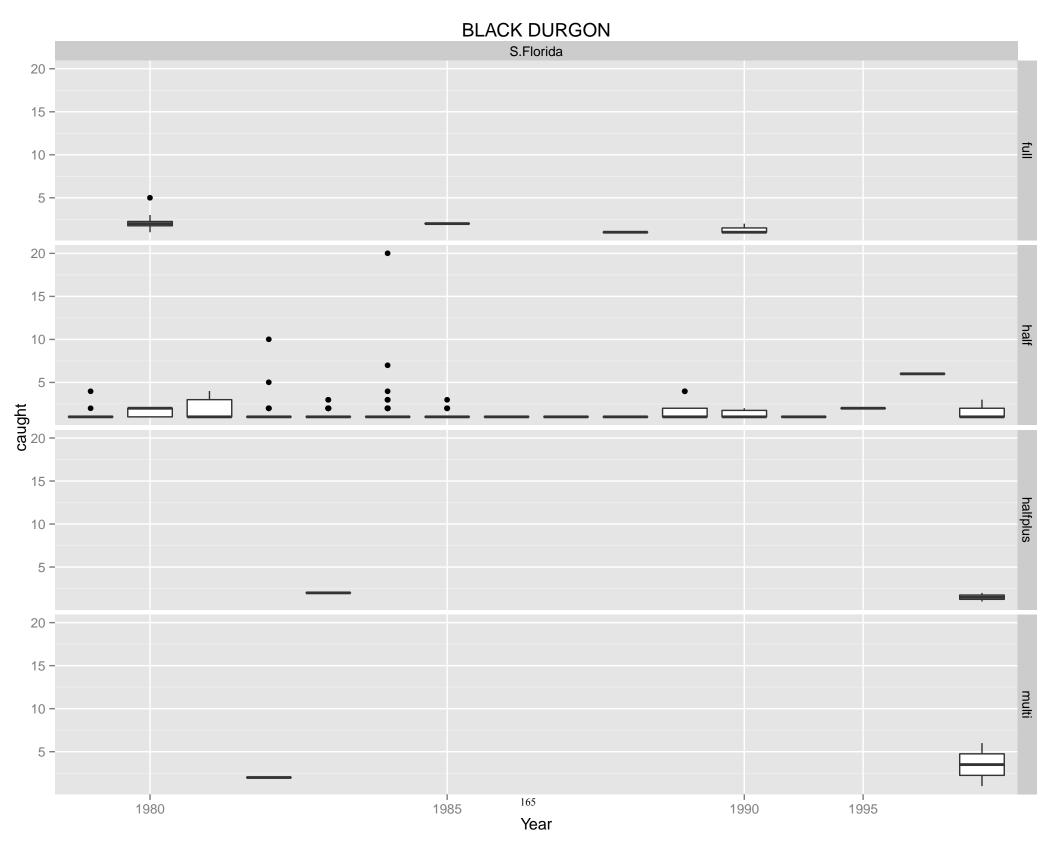


**BIGEYE (TORO)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -300 -200 -100 caught 300 -200 -100 -300 -200 -100 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 199<mark>0</mark> 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**BIGEYE (TORO)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 9 -6 -3 -9 -6 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 3 -9 -6 -3 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

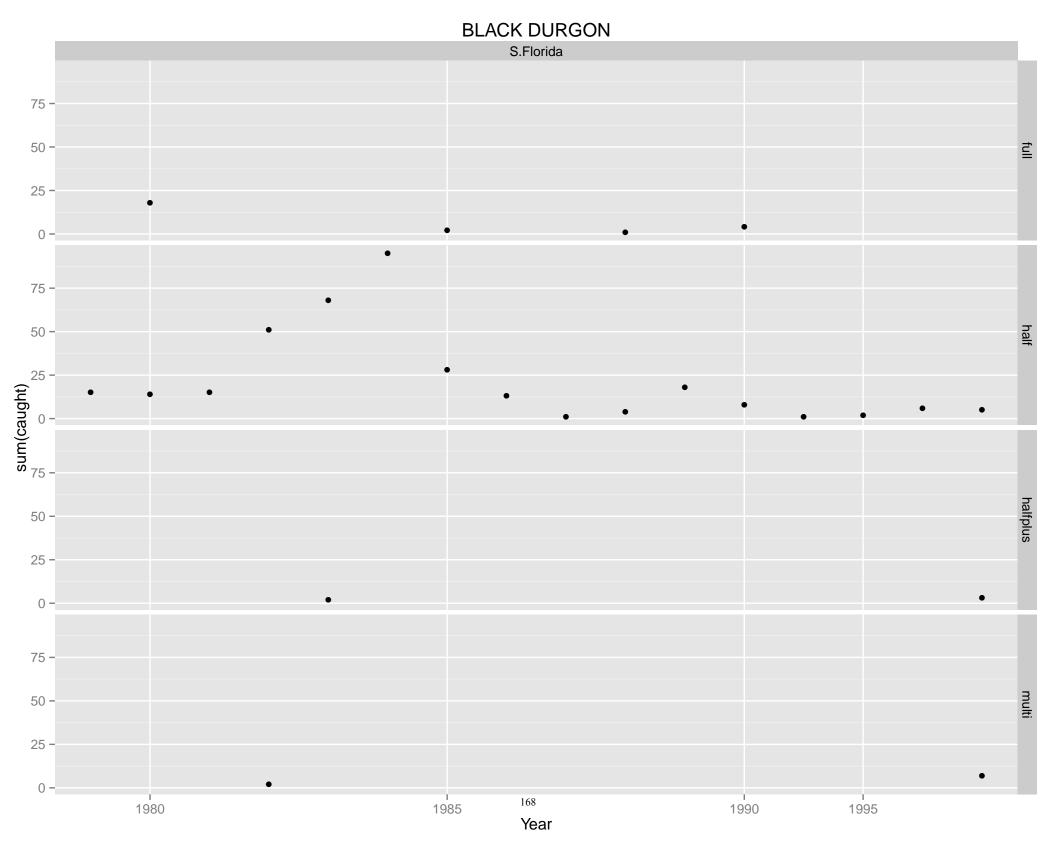
**BIGEYE (TORO)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 --5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2.5 **-**-5.0 **-** 2.5 **-**0.0 --2.5-5.0 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

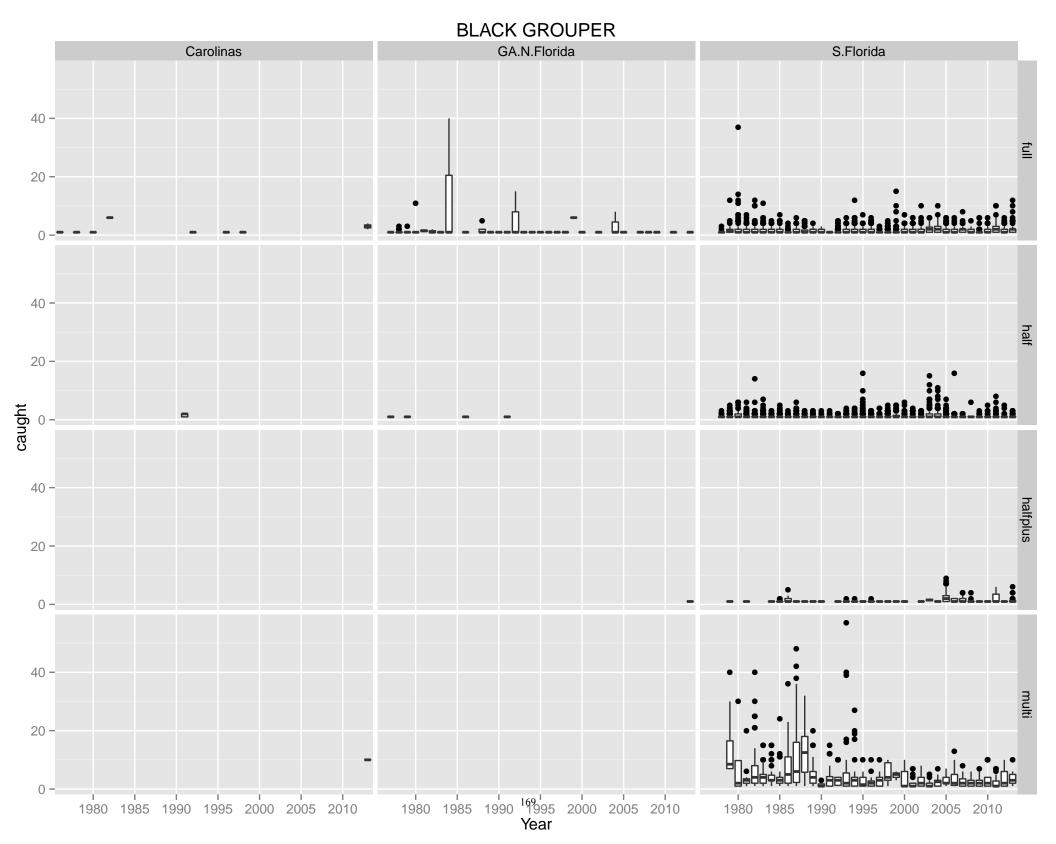
**BIGEYE (TORO)** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 sum(caught) - 0000-3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1996 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

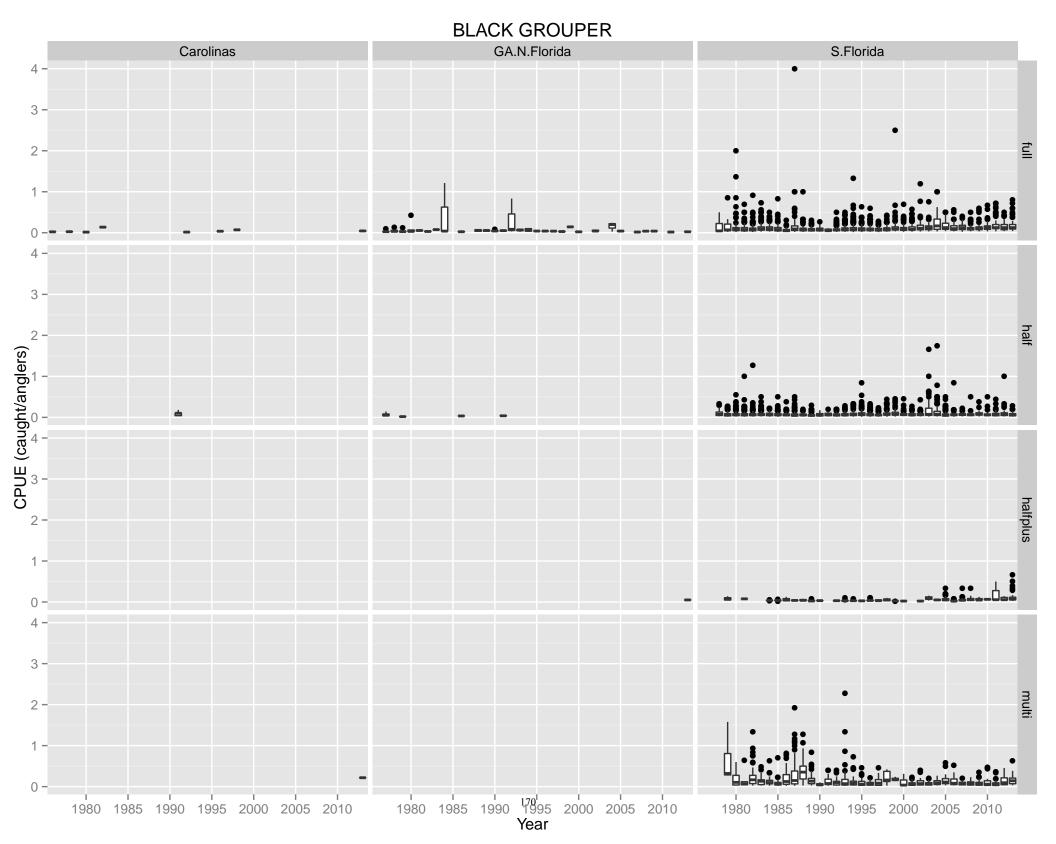


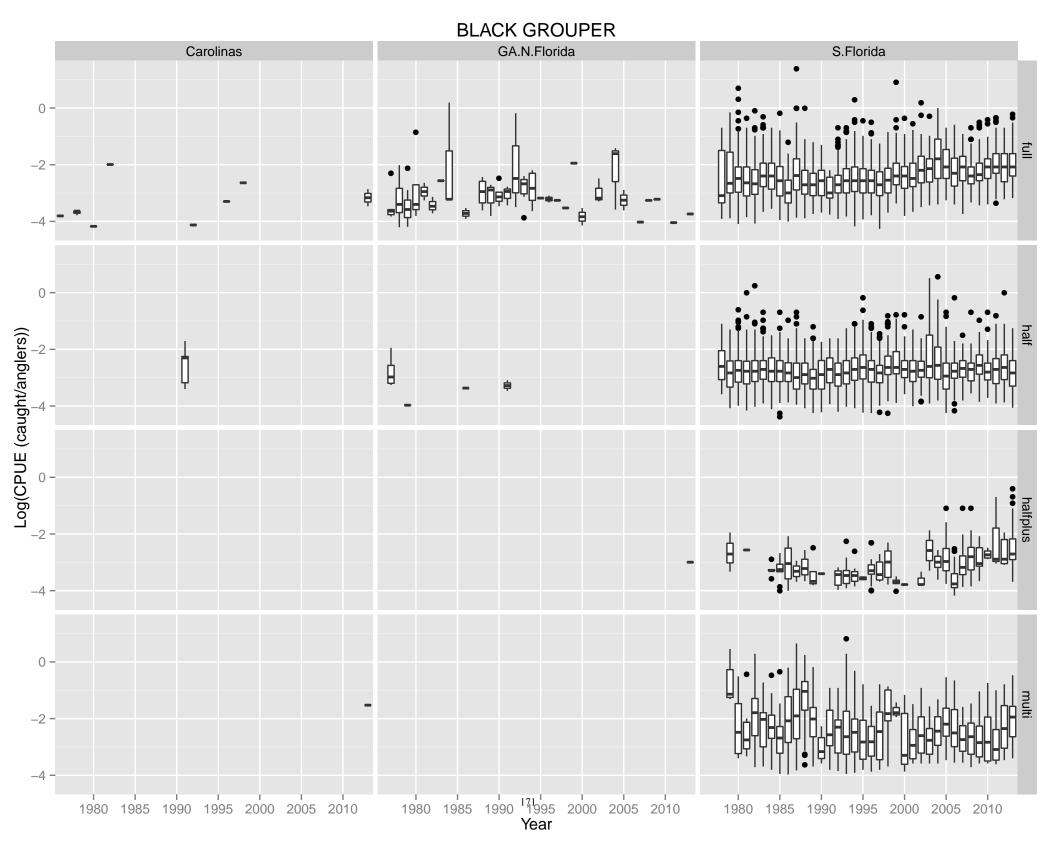
**BLACK DURGON** S.Florida 1.2 -0.9 -Í 0.6 -0.3 -0.0 **-**1.2 **-**0.9 -0.6 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 0.6 -0.3 -0.0 **-**1.2 **-**0.9 -0.6 -0.3 -0.0 -1980 1985 1990 1995 166 Year

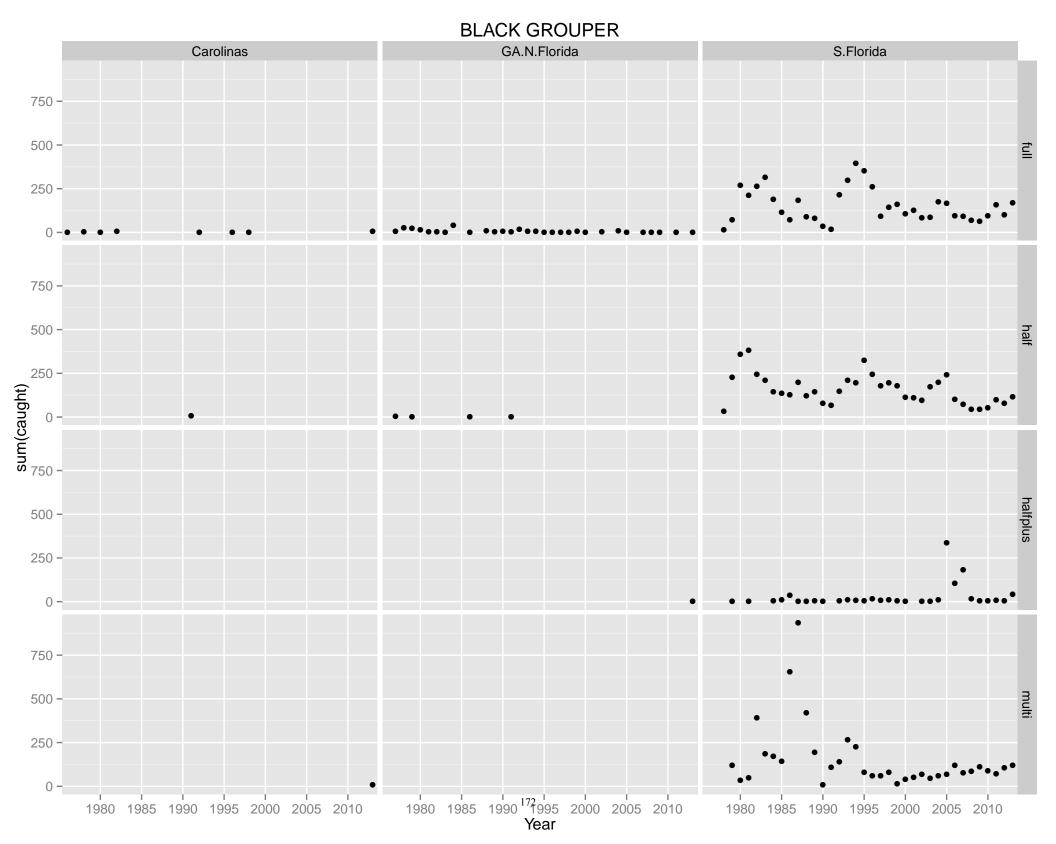
**BLACK DURGON** S.Florida 0 --1 --2 --3 --4 -0 --1 half Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -3 **-**0 multi -2 **-**-3 **-**-4 -1980 1985 1990 167 1995 Year



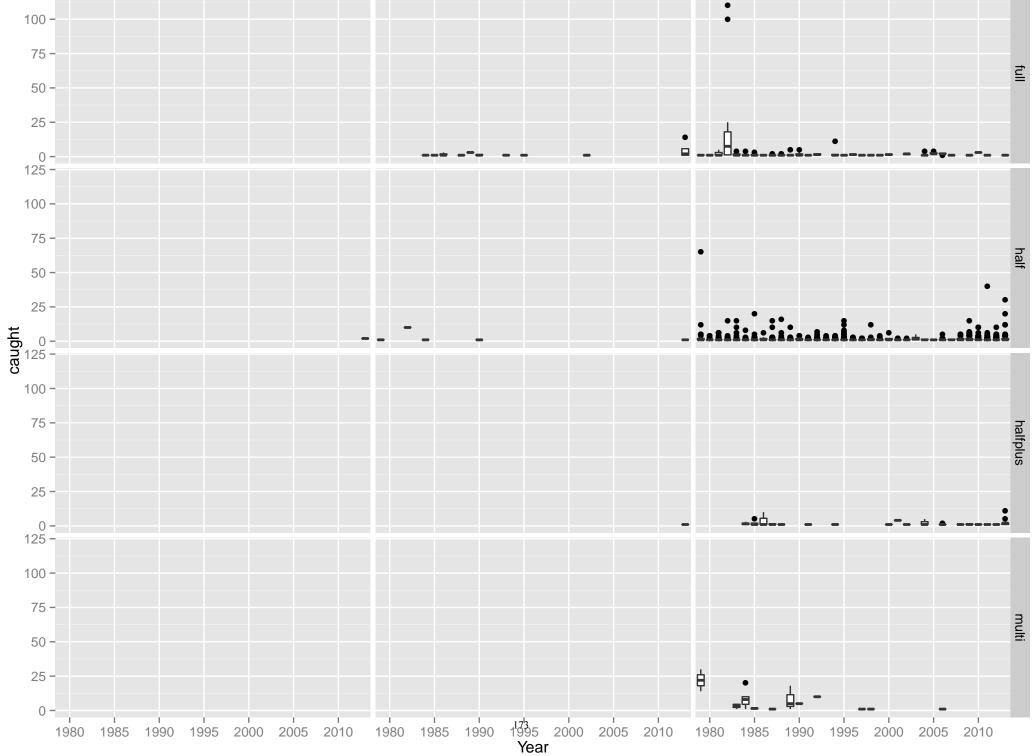


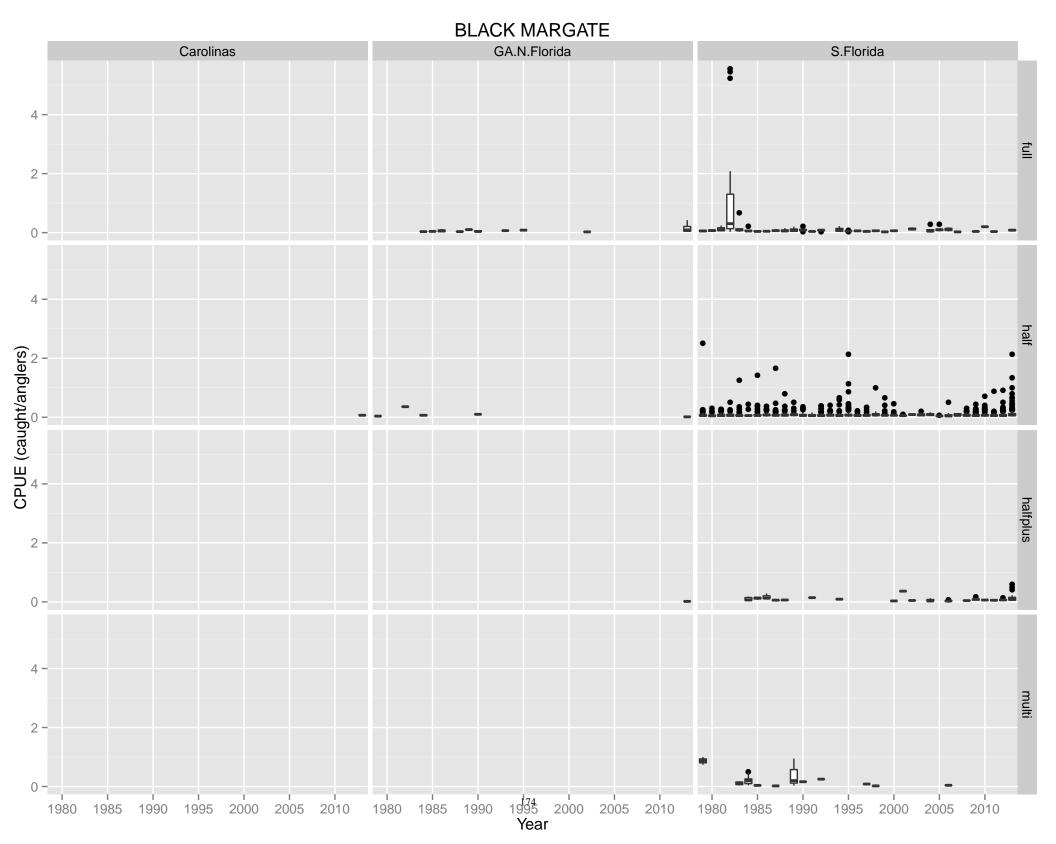




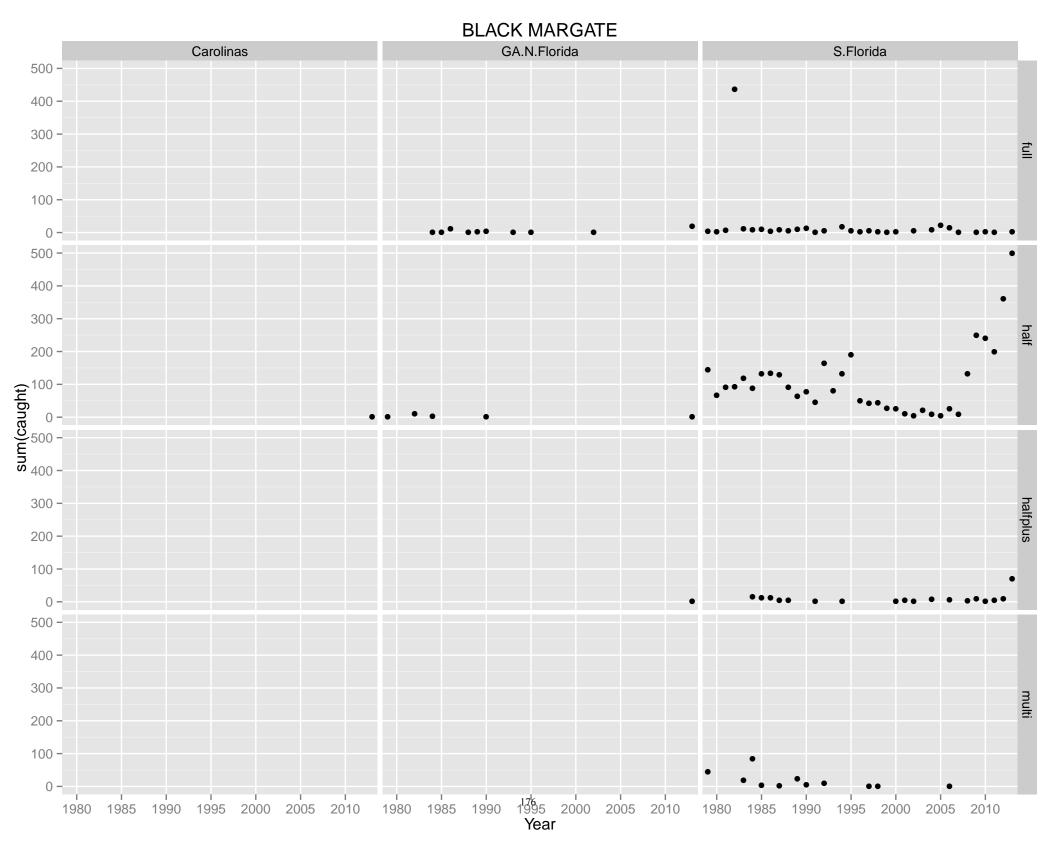


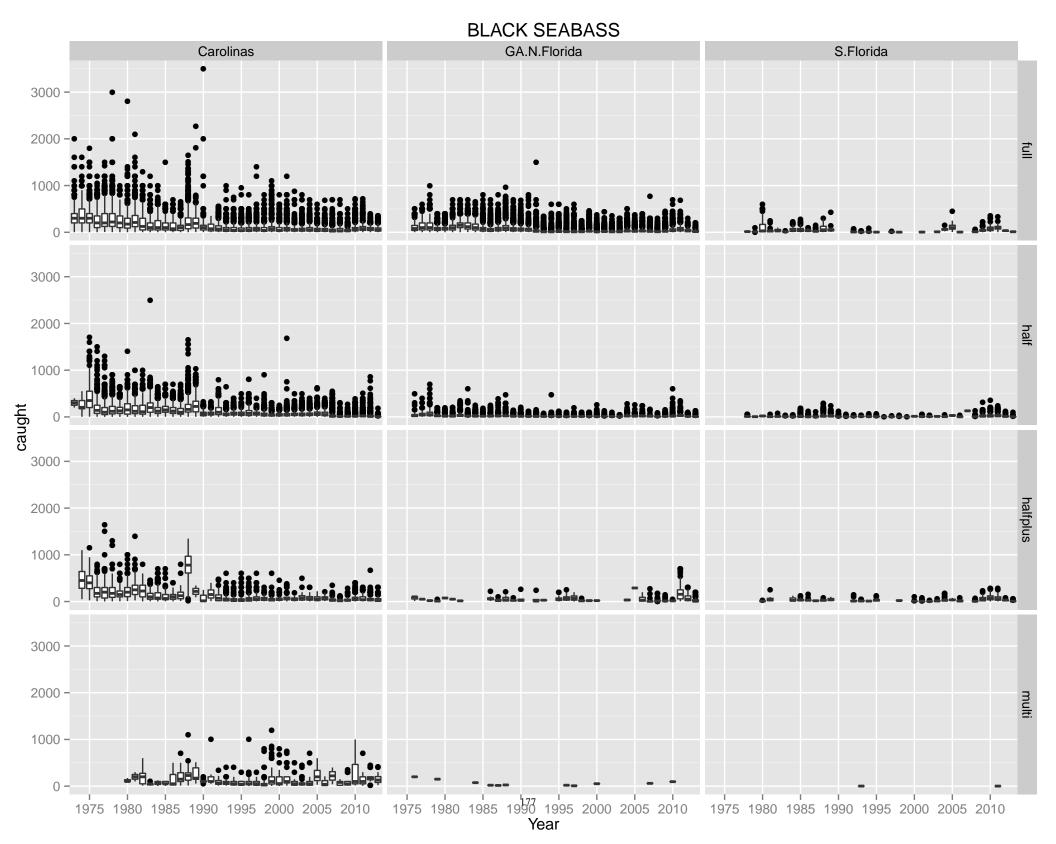
**BLACK MARGATE** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 125 -100 -75 -50 -25 -0 -125 -100 -75 -50 -



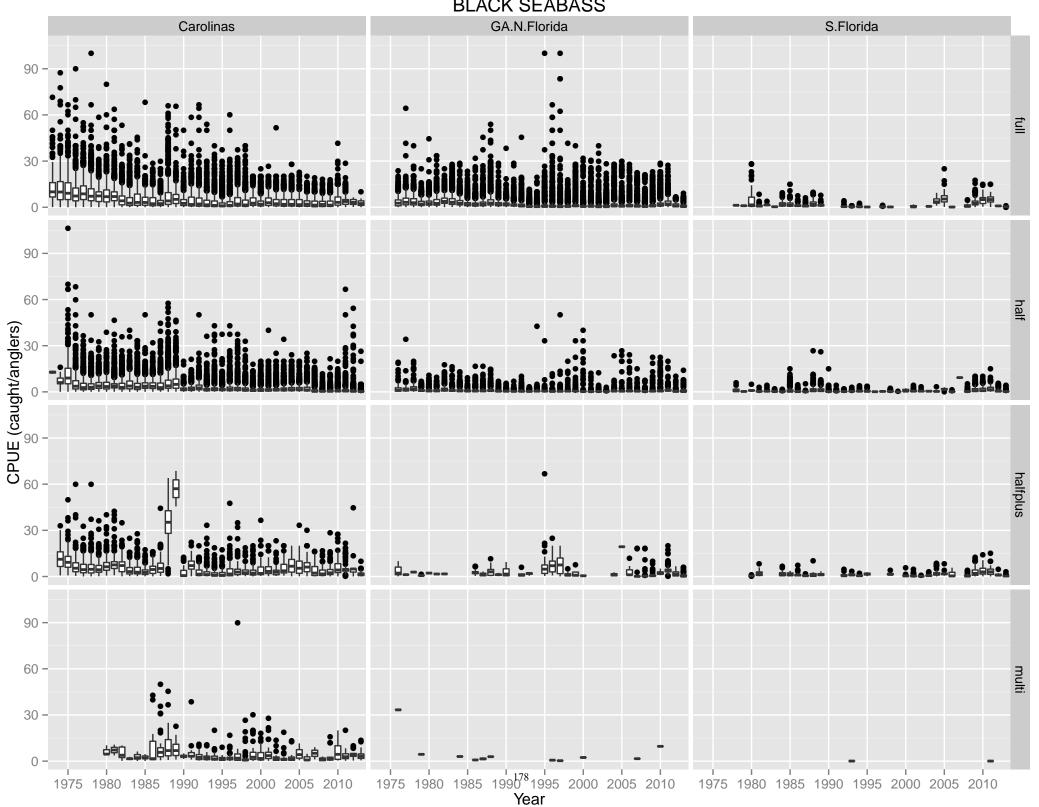


**BLACK MARGATE** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 --2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) þ -4 -0 --2 -**Year** 

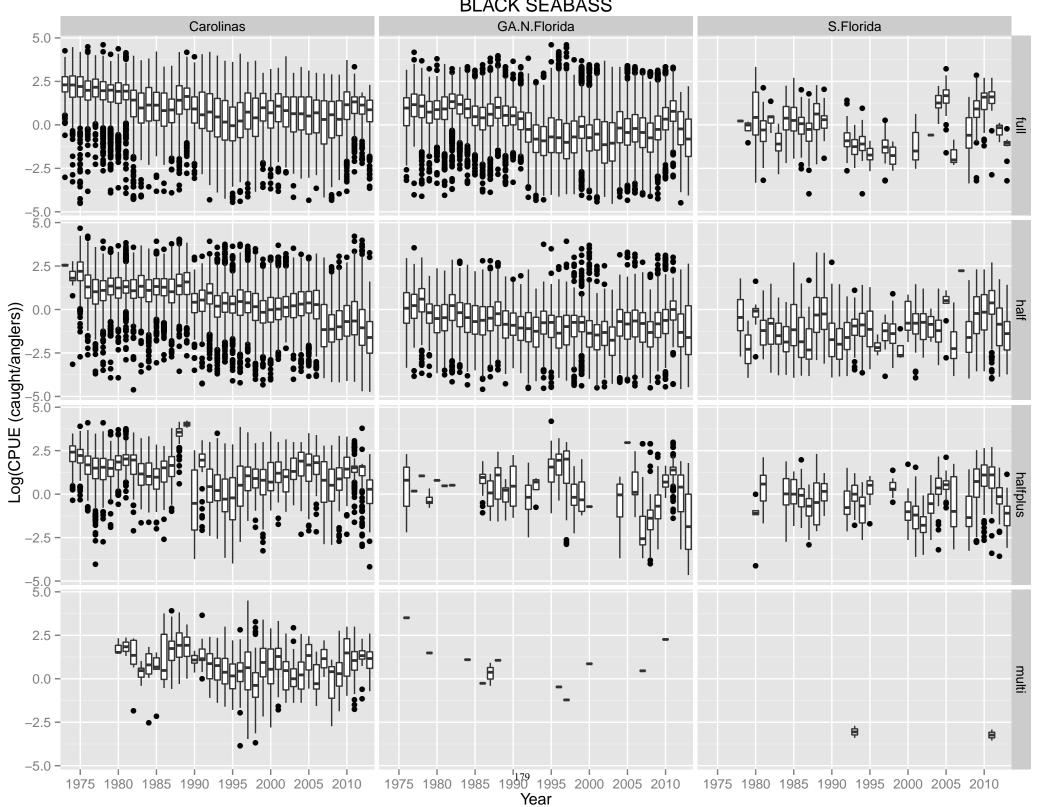


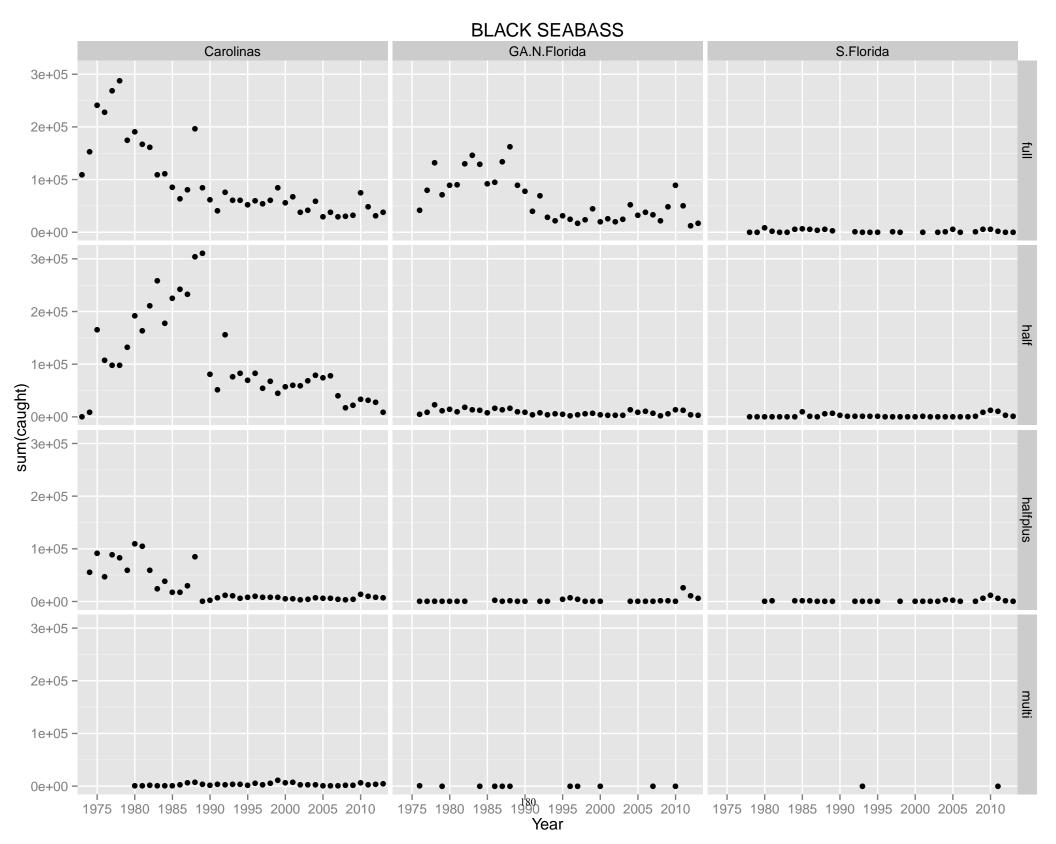


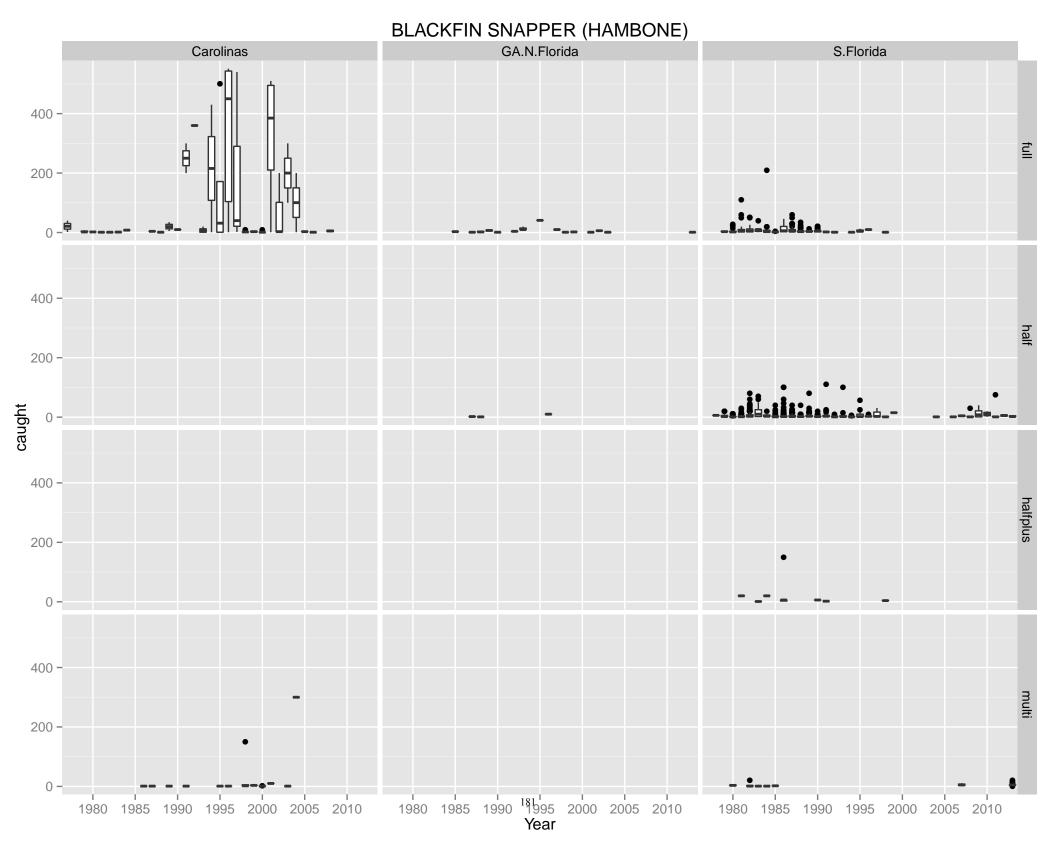
**BLACK SEABASS** 



**BLACK SEABASS** 





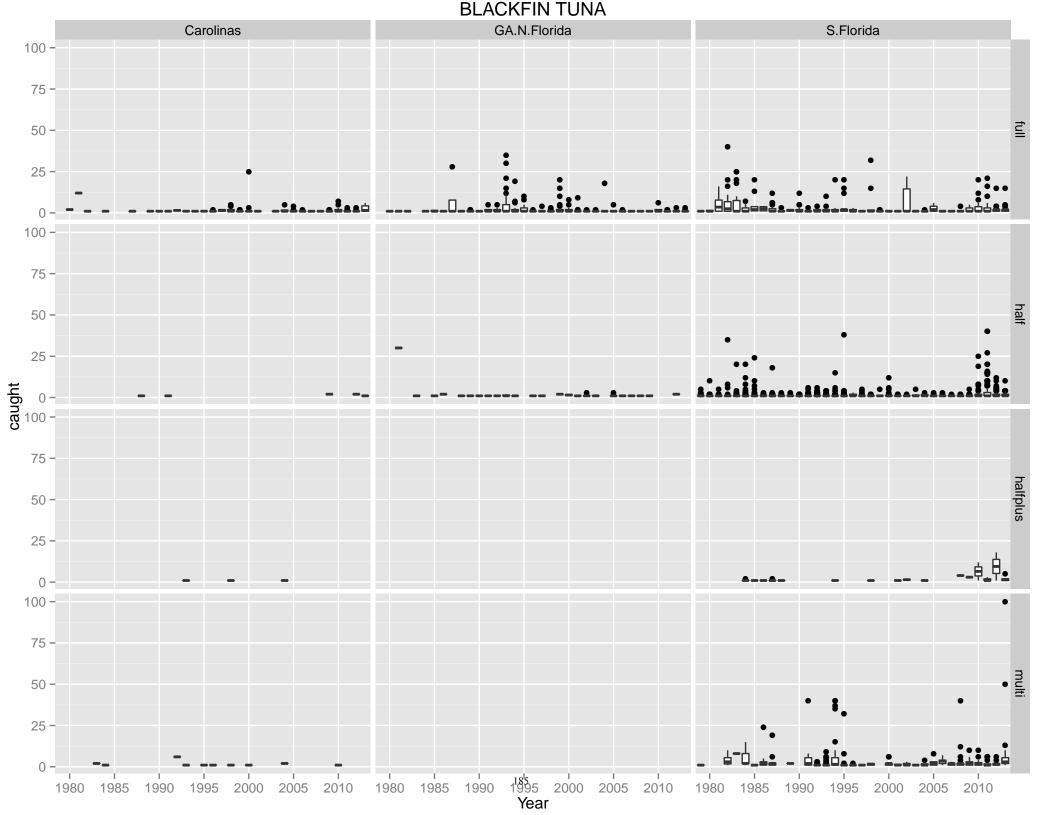


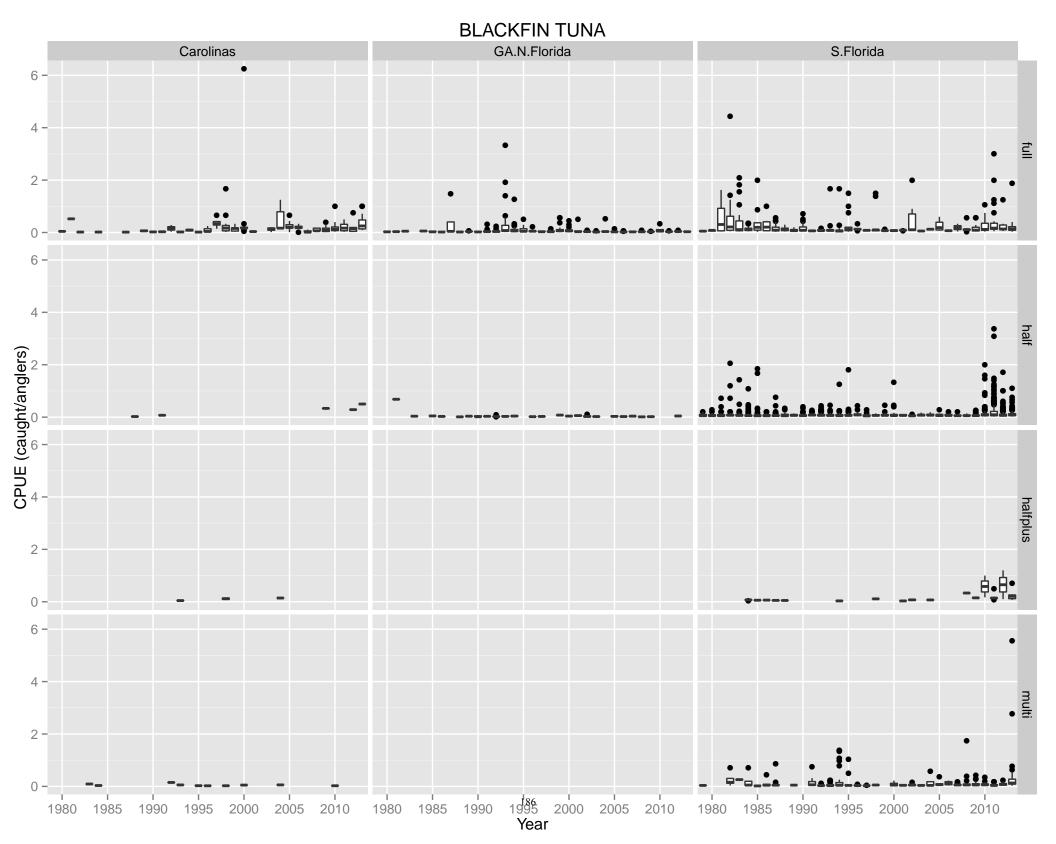
**BLACKFIN SNAPPER (HAMBONE)** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 15 -10 -5 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 5 -0 -15 -10 -5 -182<sup>1</sup> 1995 1985 1990 2010 1980 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 1980 1985 2000 2005 2010 Year

**BLACKFIN SNAPPER (HAMBONE)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) **+** halfplus -2 -2 -0 --2 --4 -183<sup>1</sup> 1995 **Year** 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000

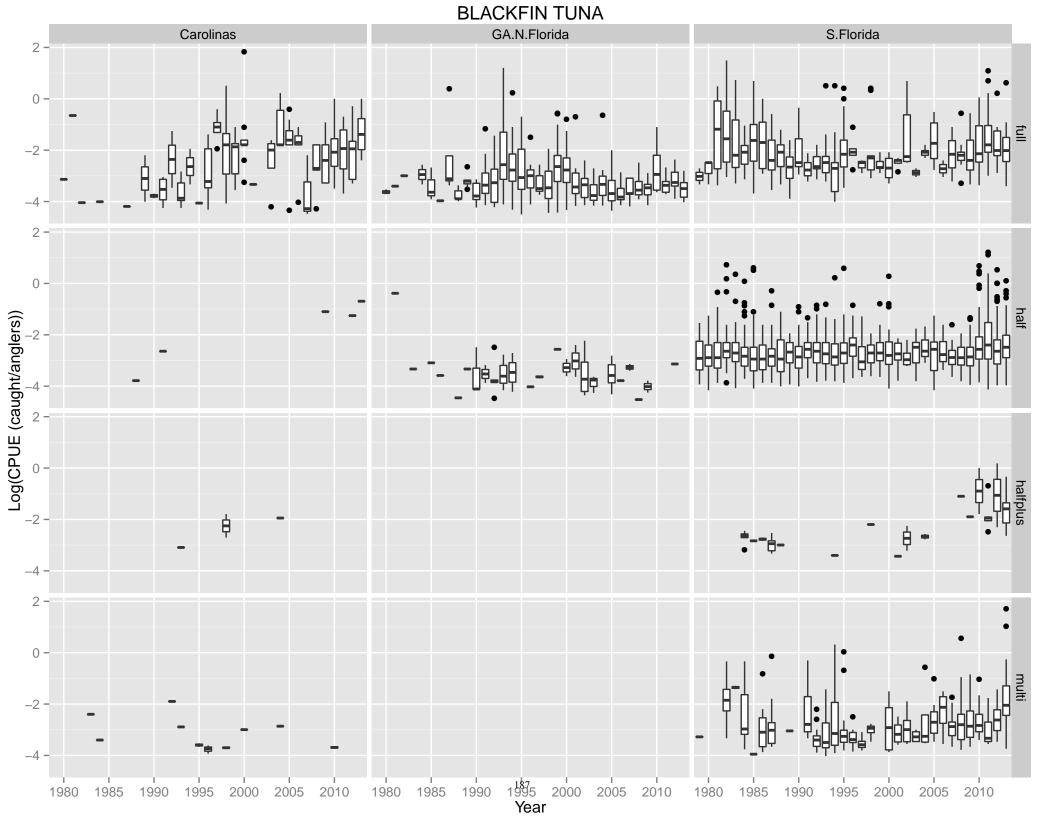
**BLACKFIN SNAPPER (HAMBONE)** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 sum(caught) 1500 -1000 -500 -0 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -1980 1985 1990 <sup>184</sup> 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 Year

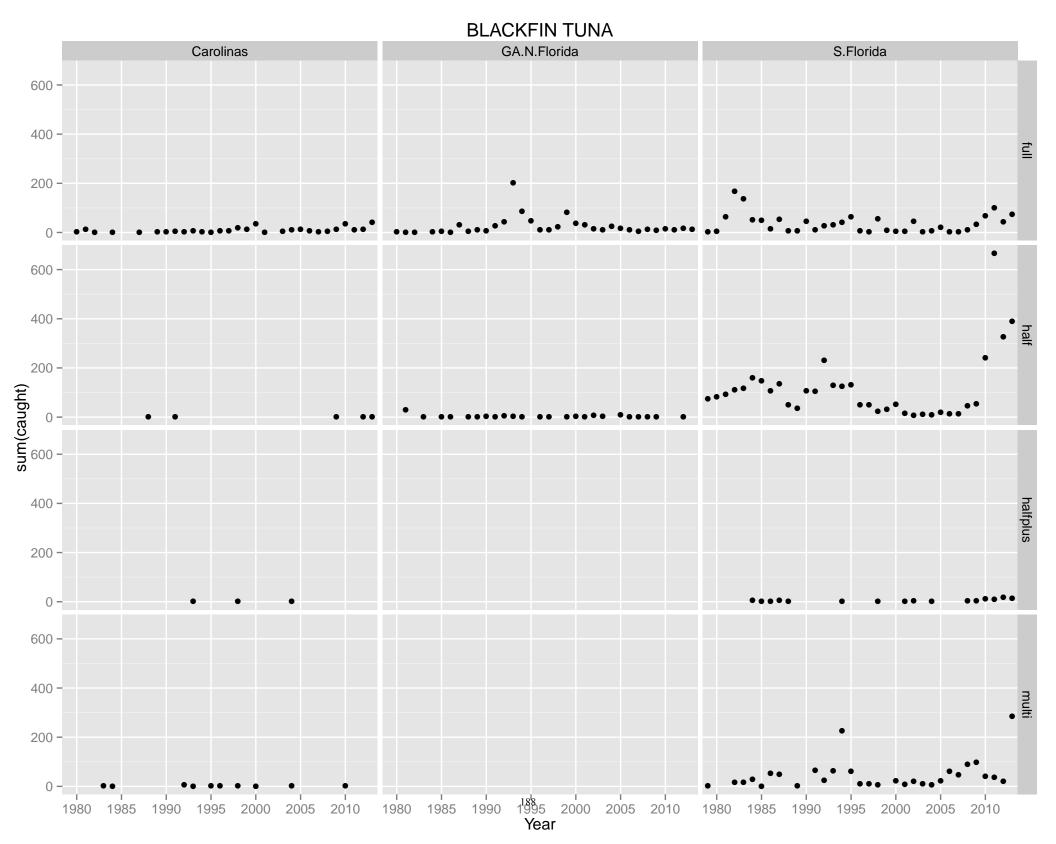
**BLACKFIN TUNA** Carolinas GA.N.Florida



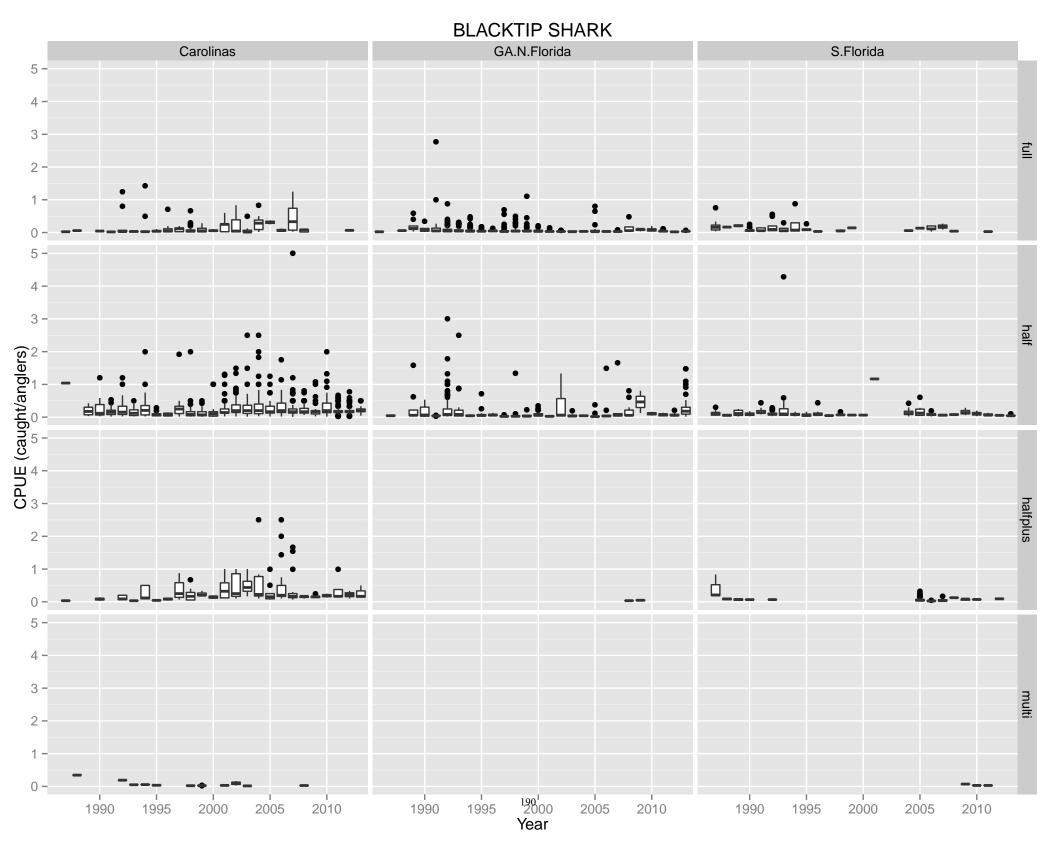


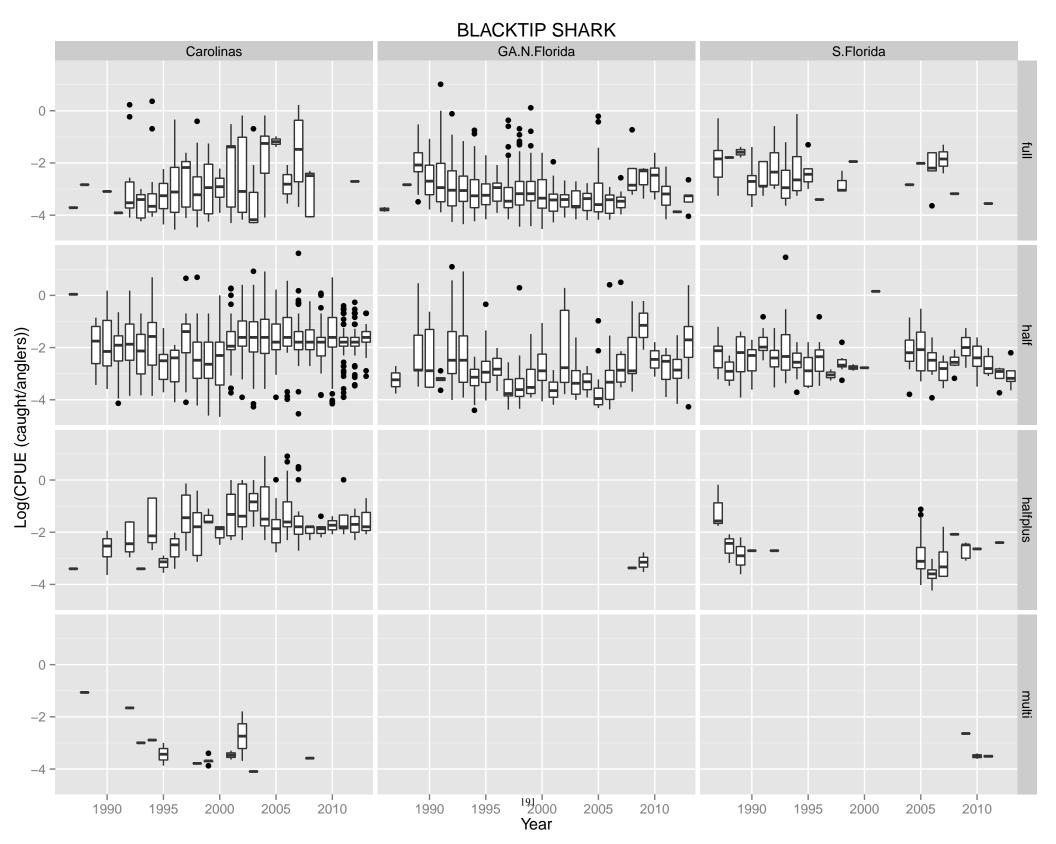
Carolinas GA.N.Florida

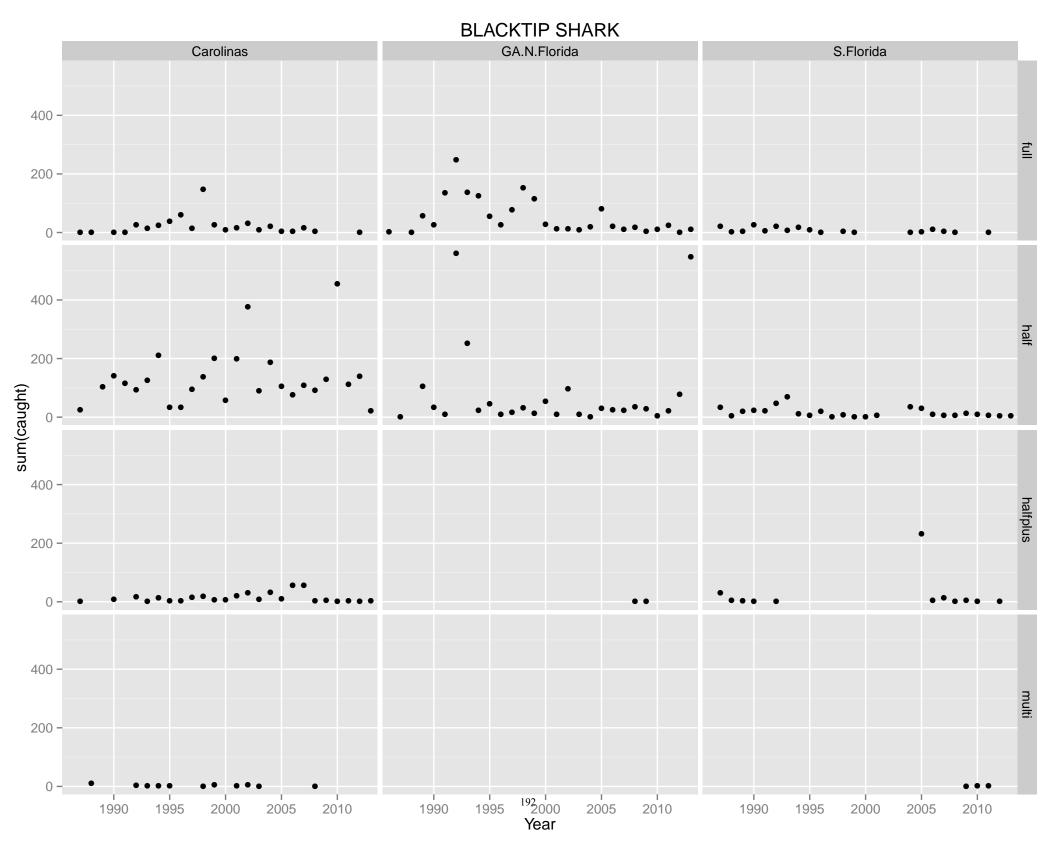




**BLACKTIP SHARK** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 100 -75 -50 -25 -100 -75 -50 -25 -75 -50 -25 -100 -75 -50 -25 -2005 1995 1990 189 1 2000 **Year** 2010 1990 2010 1995 1995 1990 2000 2005 2000 2005 2010

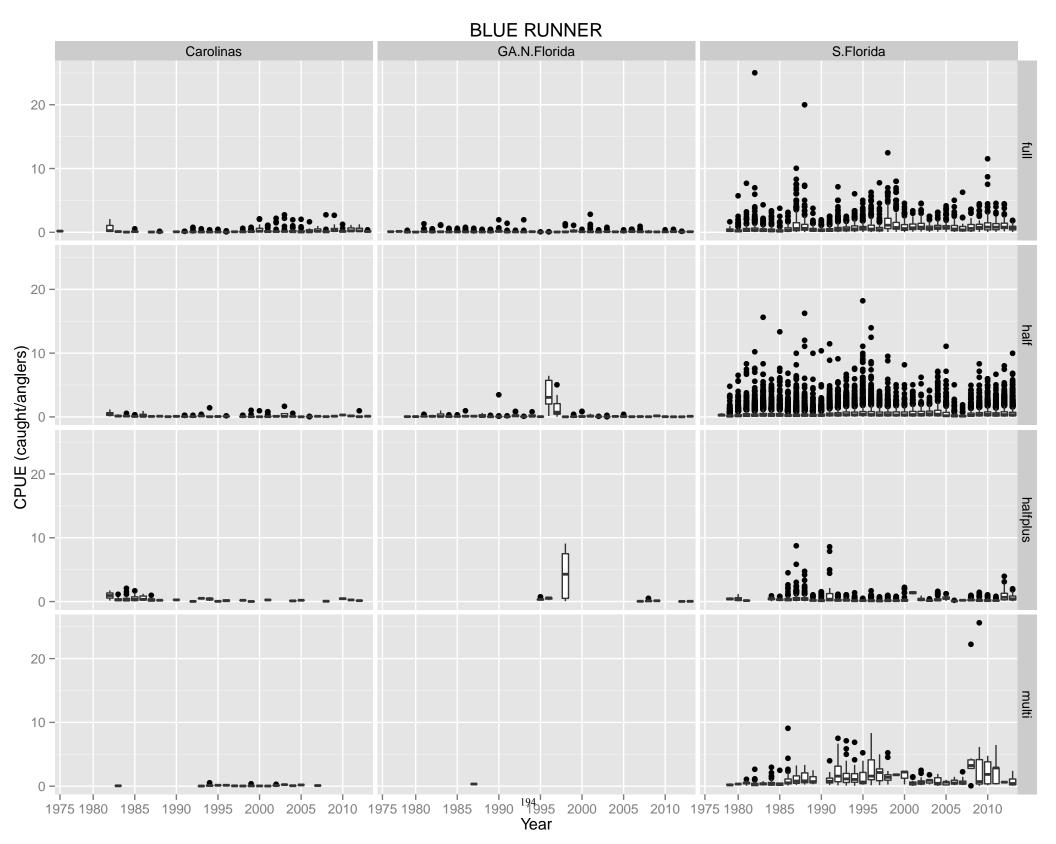




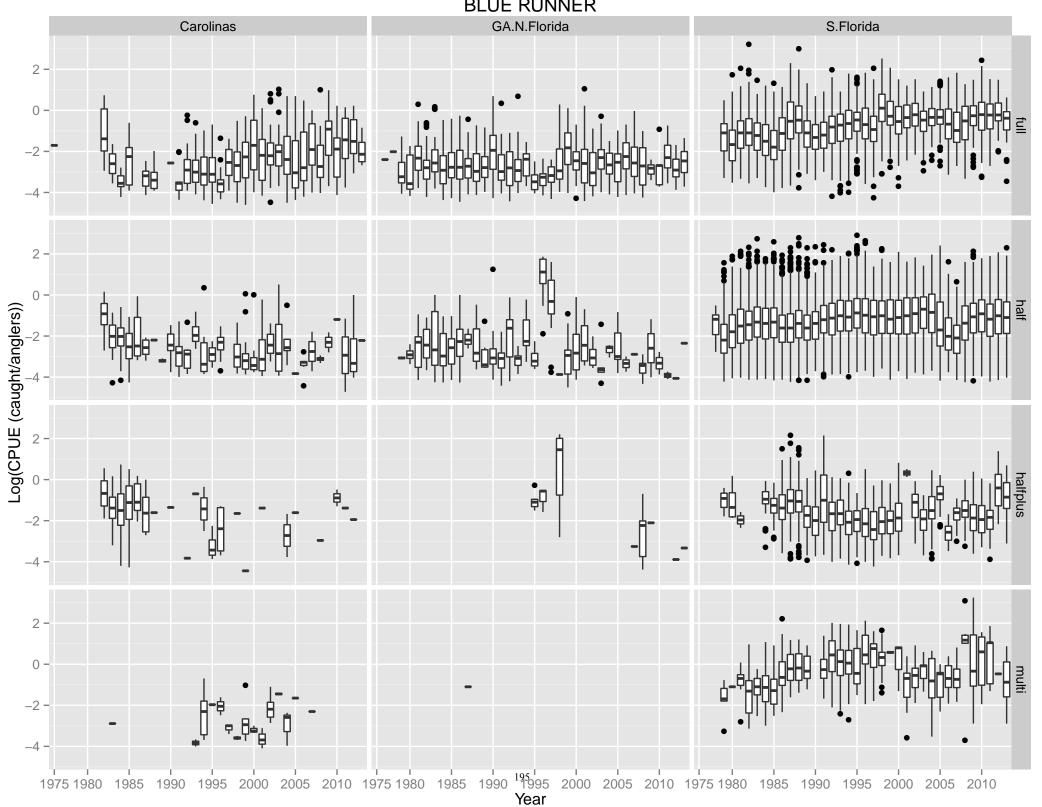


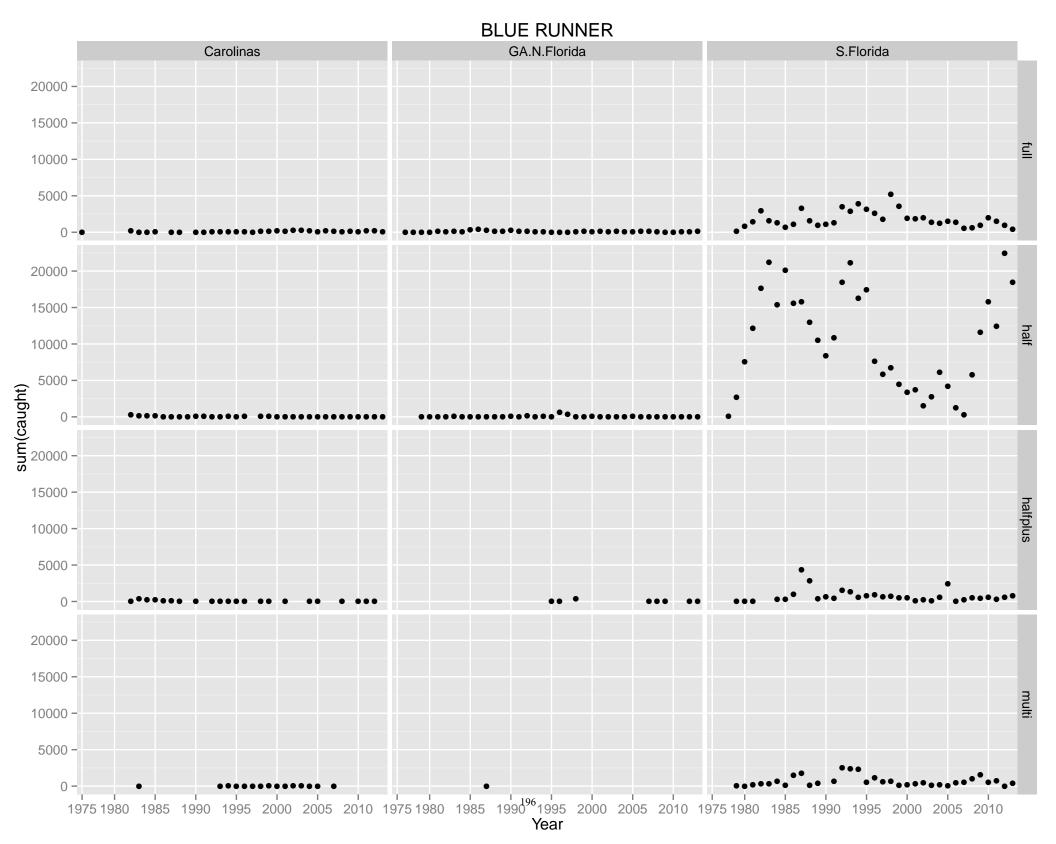
**BLUE RUNNER** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 1000 -750 -500 -250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 canght - 0 750 -500 -250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 -

1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 



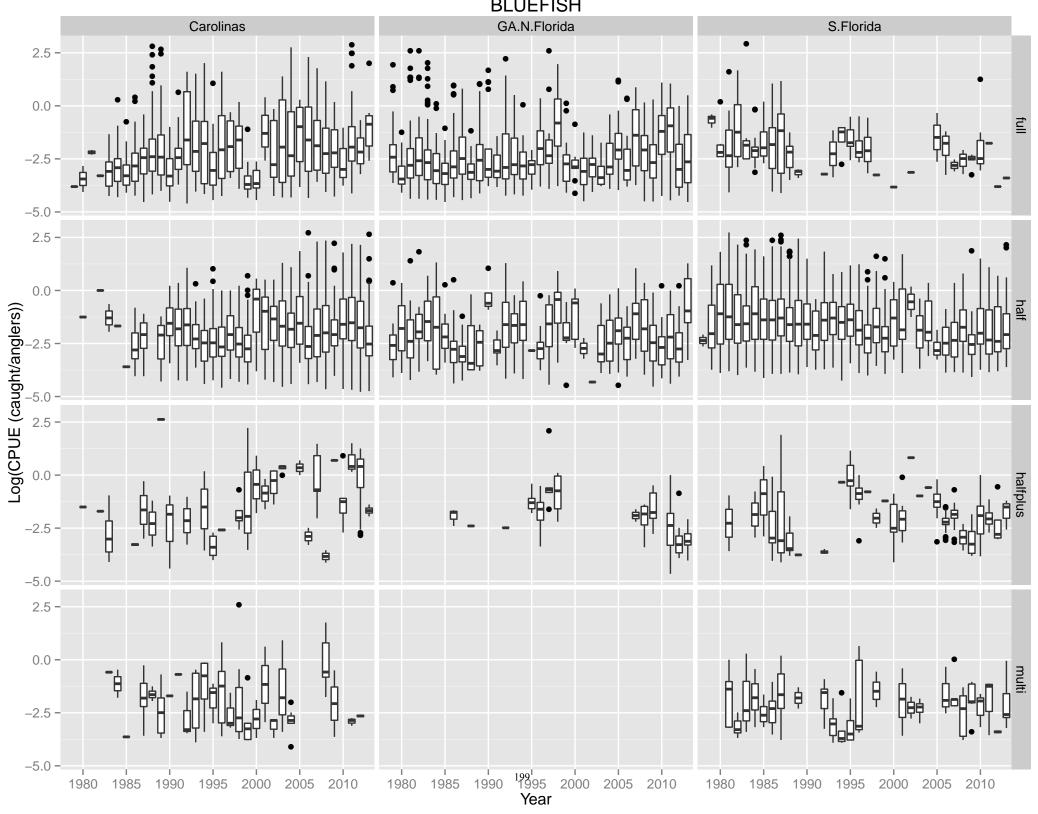
**BLUE RUNNER** 

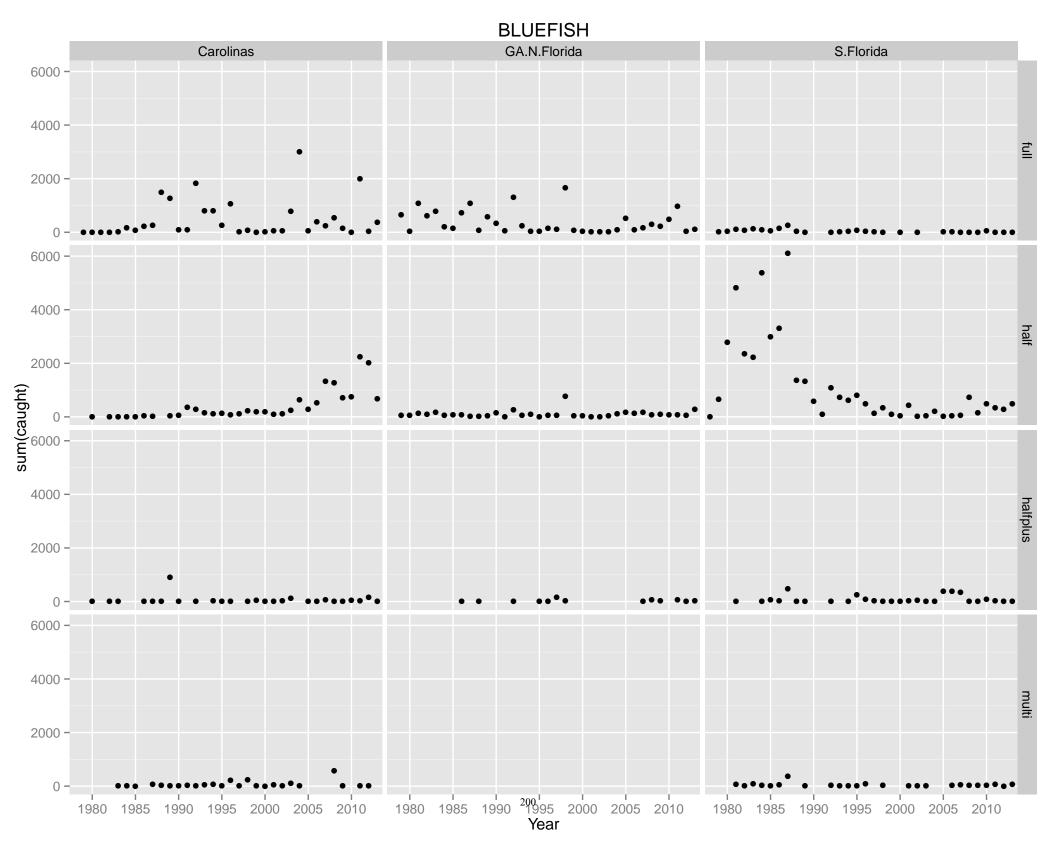




**BLUEFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -600 -400 -200 caught 000 400 -200 -600 -400 -200 -197 1995 **Year** 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**BLUEFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 15 -10 -5 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 5 -15 -10 -5 -1995 **Year** 1995 2000 2010 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1990 1985 1990 1995



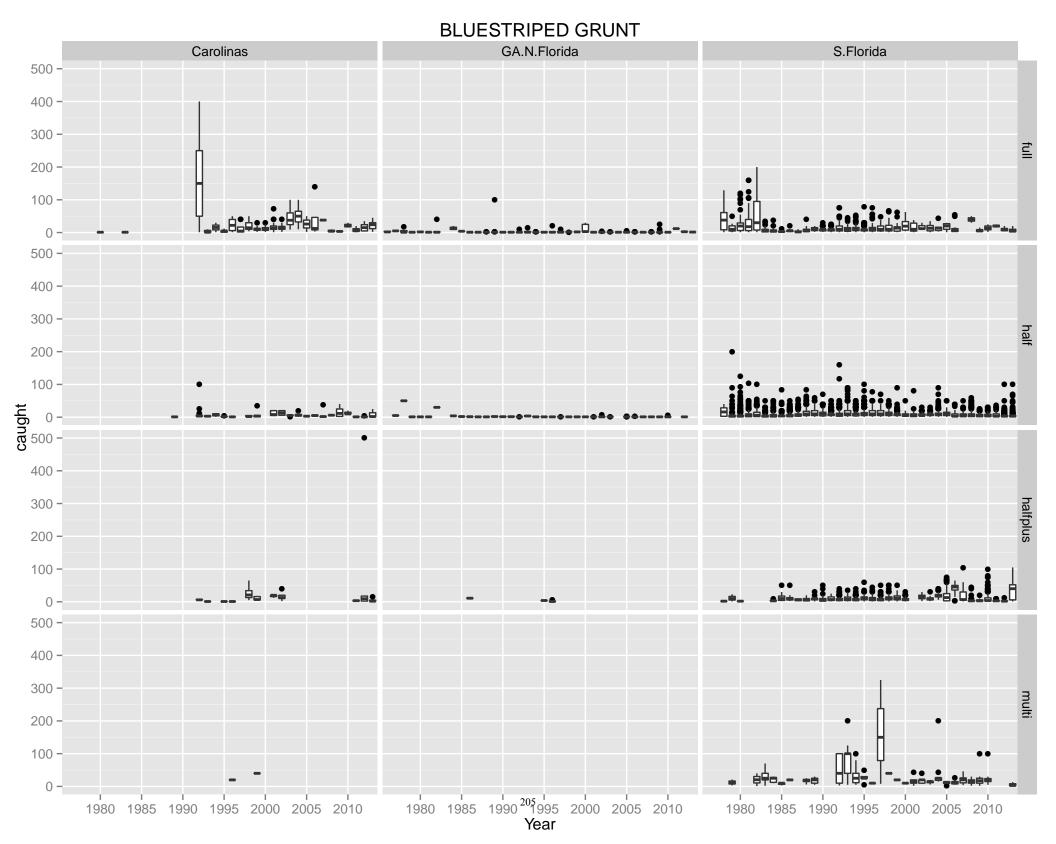


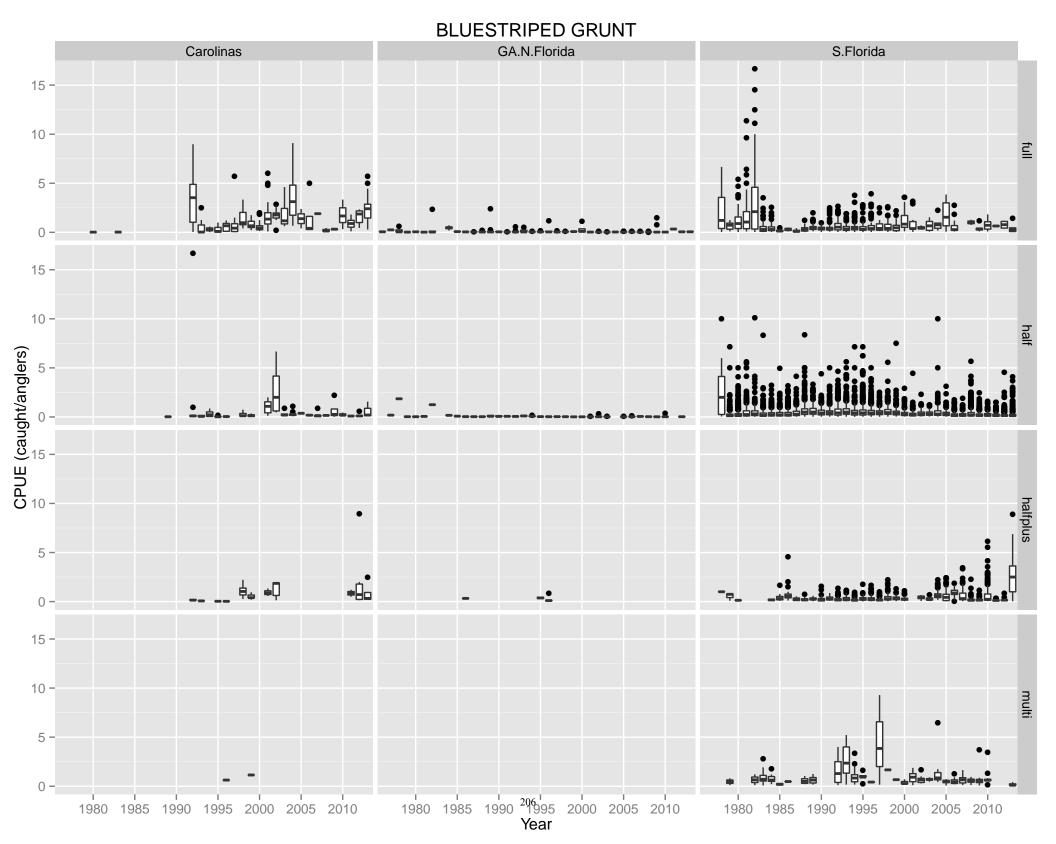
**BLUELINE TILEFISH (GRAY)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -600 -400 -200 caught 600 -400 -200 -0 -600 -400 -200 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

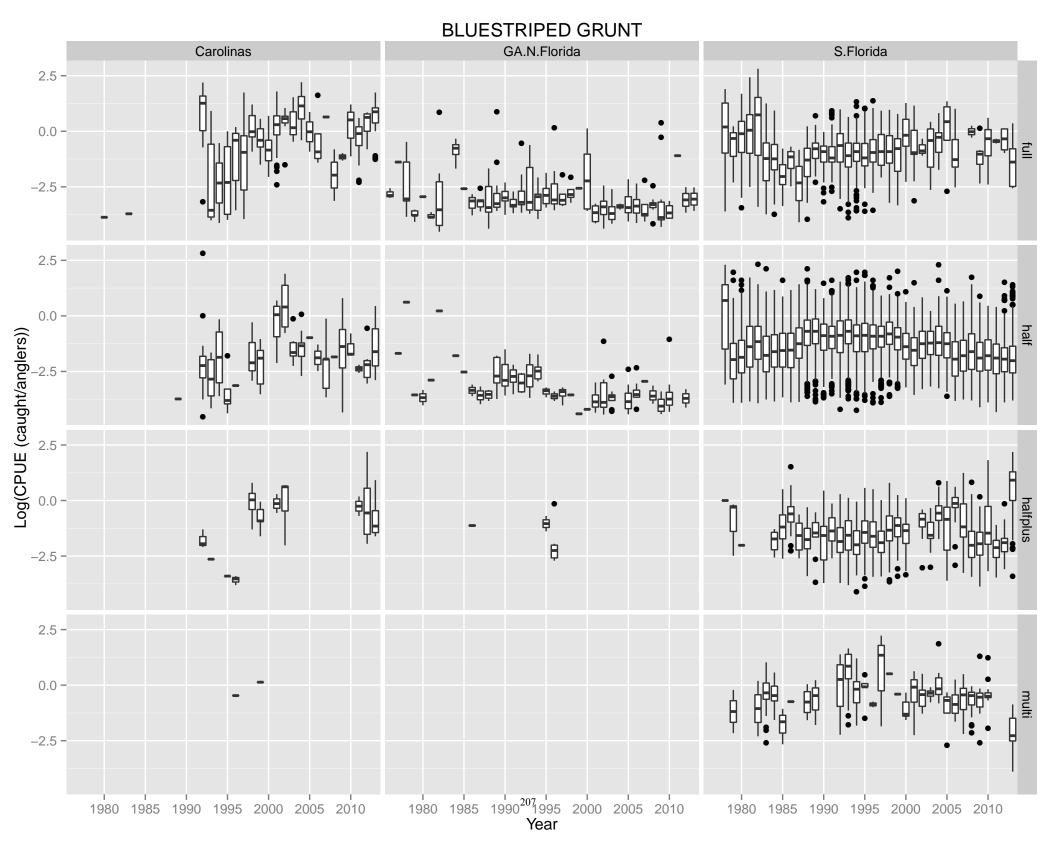
**BLUELINE TILEFISH (GRAY)** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 40 30 -20 -10 -40 -30 -20 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 20 -10 -0 -40 -30 -20 -10 -1975 1980 1985 199<sup>2</sup>0<sup>2</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

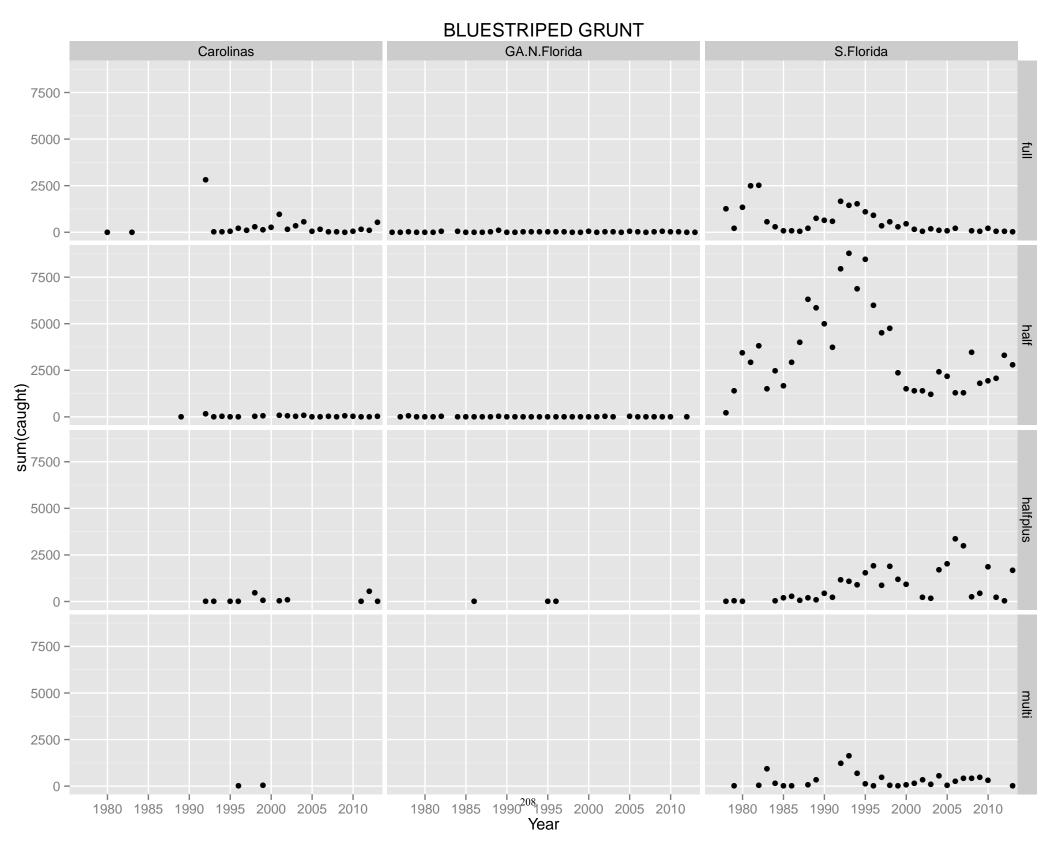
**BLUELINE TILEFISH (GRAY)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) P -2 **-**2 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**BLUELINE TILEFISH (GRAY)** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 3000 -2000 -1000 0 -3000 -2000 -1000 sum(caught) 2000 halfplus 1000 -0 -3000 -2000 -1000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year









CERO GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 80 -60 -40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 caught - 08 60 -40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 -0 -1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1985 2010 1980 1985 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

CERO Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 5 -3 -2 -3 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -4 -3 -2 -0 -1980 1990 1995 **Year** 2000 2000 2005 2010

2005 2010

1980

1985

1990 1995

1985

1985

1990

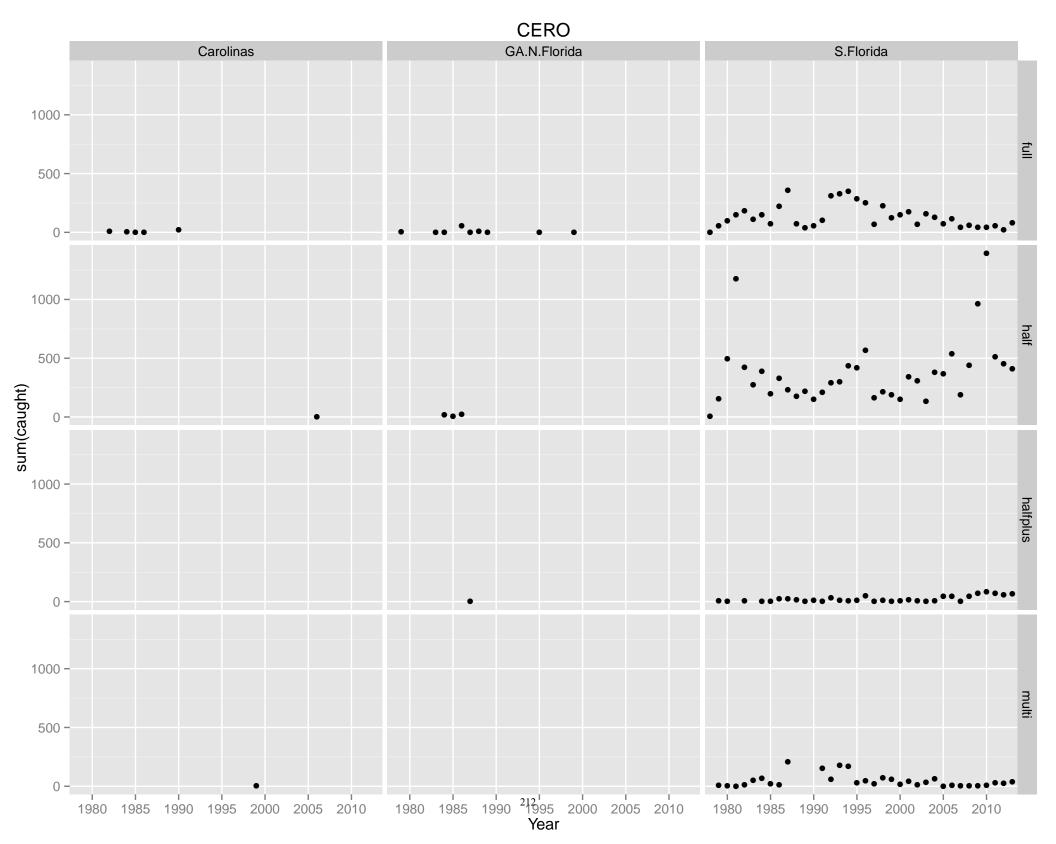
1995

2000

2005

2010

CERO GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 -Year 



COBIA GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 60 -40 -20 --60 -40 -20 caught 40 -20 -60 -40 -20 -1995 2000 2005 **Year** 1985 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995

COBIA GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 3 -2 -1 -3 -2 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 3 -2 -1 -1995 **Year** 

1990

1985

1995

2000 2005

2010

1980

1985

1990

2000 2005 2010

1980 1985

1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

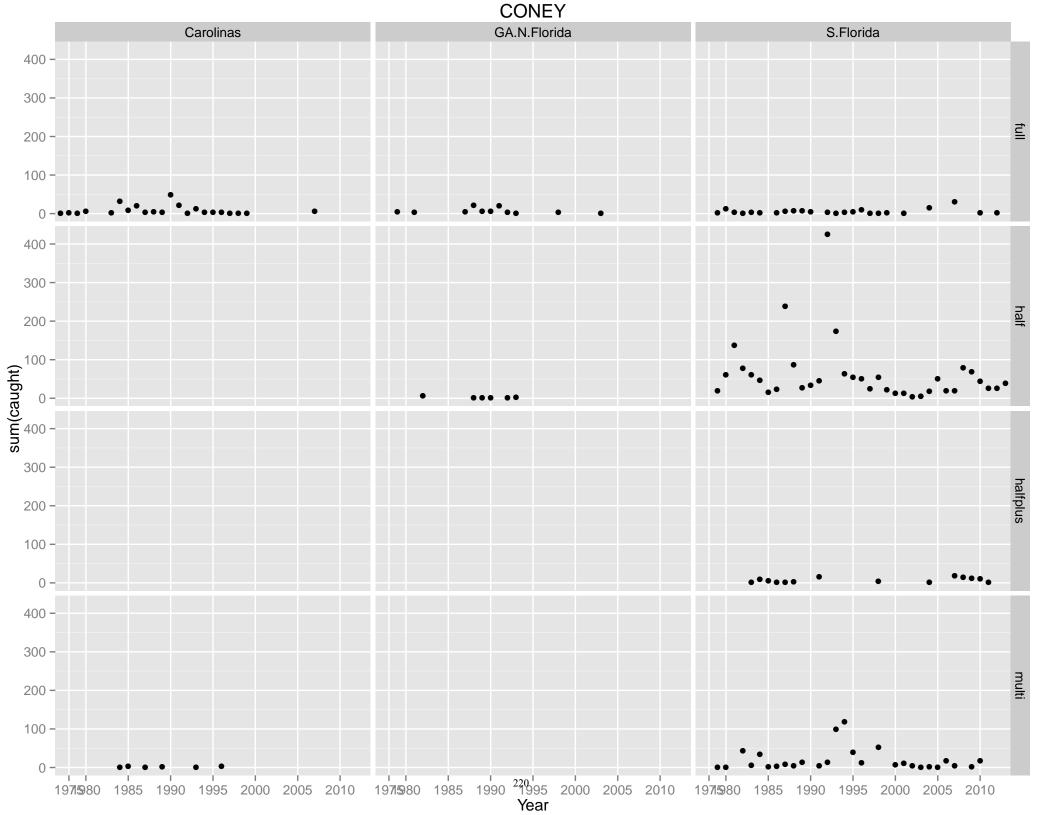
**COBIA** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 --2 **-Year** 

COBIA Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 1500 -1000 -500 -1500 -1000 -500 sum(caught) 1000 -500 -1500 -1000 -500 -1985 1990 <sup>2</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

CONEY GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 20 -15 -10 -5 -20 -15 -10 -5 caught 020 15 -10 -5 -20 -15 -10 -5 -<sup>2</sup>17<sup>1</sup>995 **Year** 19**7/5**980 1985 1990 1995 19**7/5**980 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

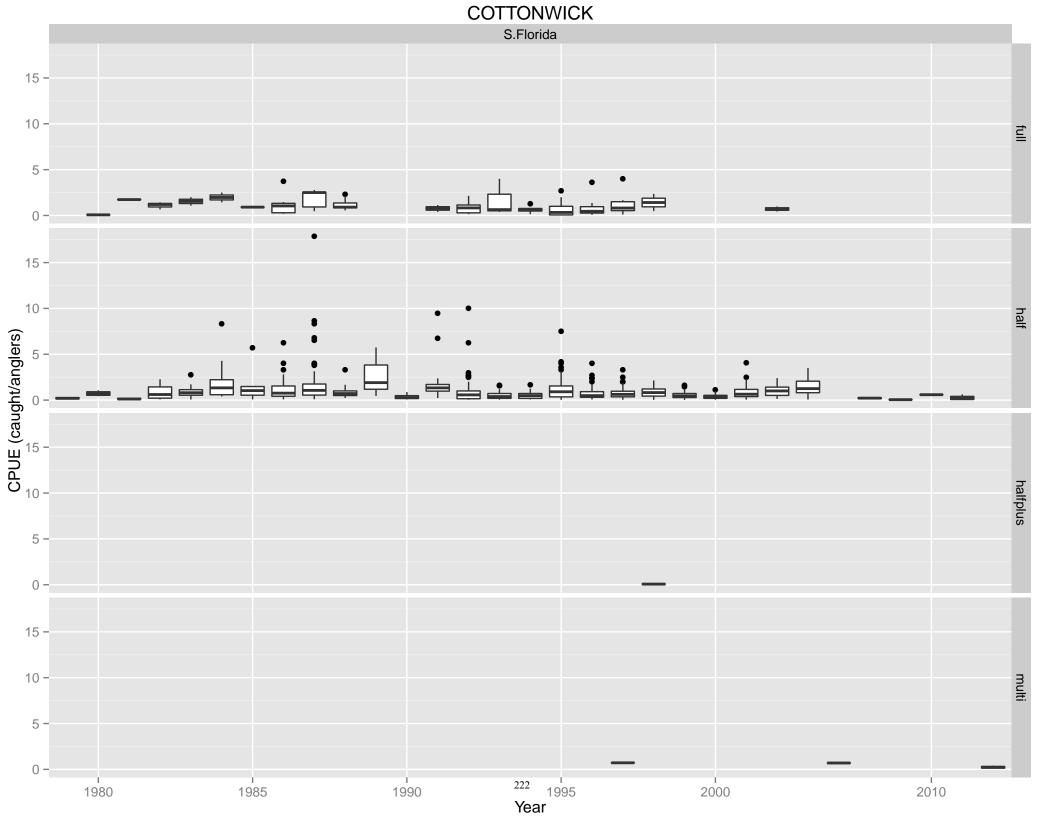
**CONEY** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -1.5 -1.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) - 5.0 - 0.1 - 0.1 - 0.1 0.5 -0.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -1985 1990 <sup>2</sup>1895 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 19715980 19**7/5**)80 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**CONEY** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -3 -0 --2 --3 **-**<sup>219</sup>1995 **Year** 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 197/5980 1985 1990 1995 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 19715980 2000



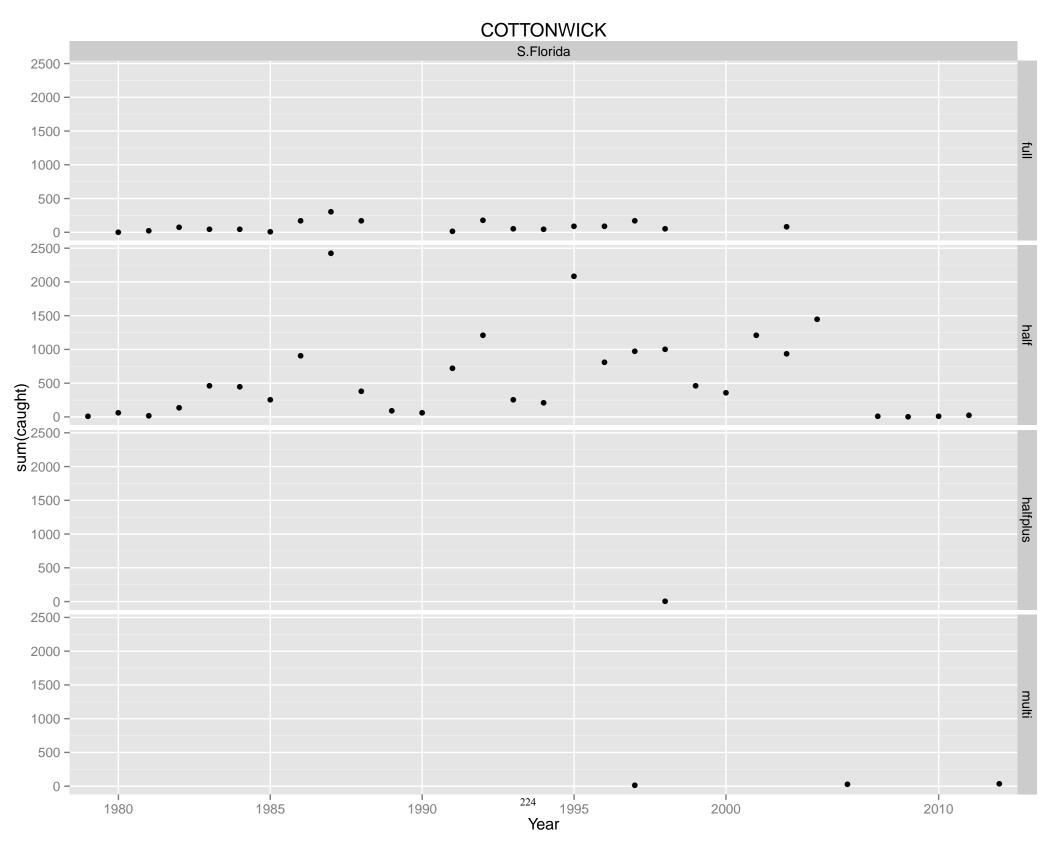
COTTONWICK S.Florida 125 -100 -75 -50 -25 -0 -125 -100 -75 -50 -25 canght 100 halfplus 75 -50 -25 -0 -125 -100 -75 multi 50 -25 - $\rightleftharpoons$ 0 -2000 1990 2010 1995 1980 1985 Year

S.Florida



COTTONWICK S.Florida 2 -0 --2 -2 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -2 - $\rightleftharpoons$ 2 -0 --2 **-**1985 2000 2010 1980 1995 1990

Year



**CREVALLE JACK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 80 -60 -40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 caught - 08 60 -40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 -0 -1980 1985 1990 <sup>225</sup> 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**CREVALLE JACK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 5 -3 -2 -3 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -4 -3 -2 -0 -

1980 1985 1990 1995

Year

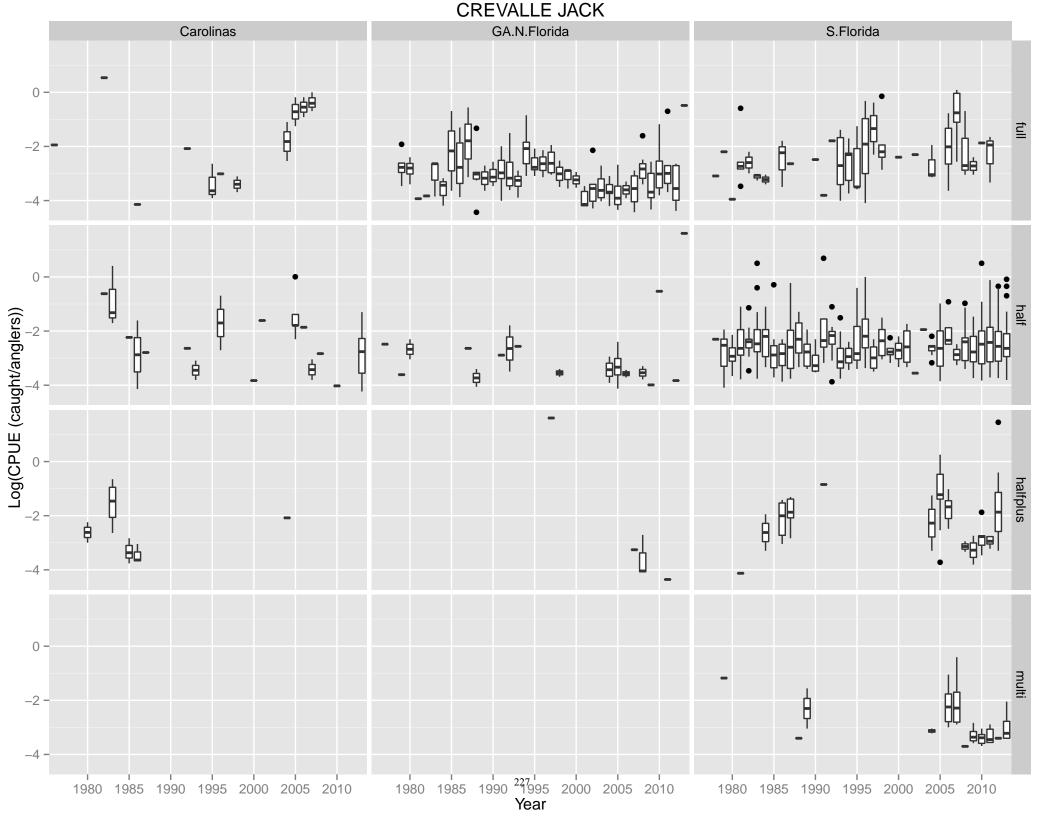
1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

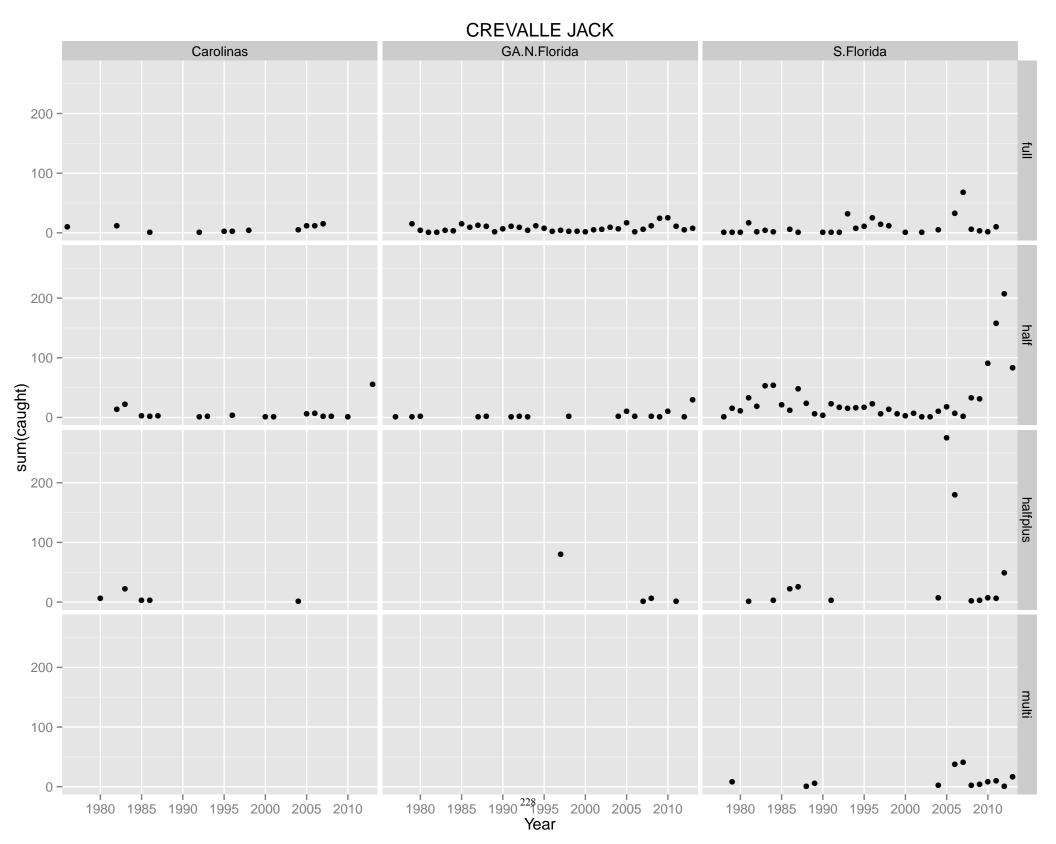
2000 2005 2010

1985 1990 1995 2000

1980

CREVALLE JACK





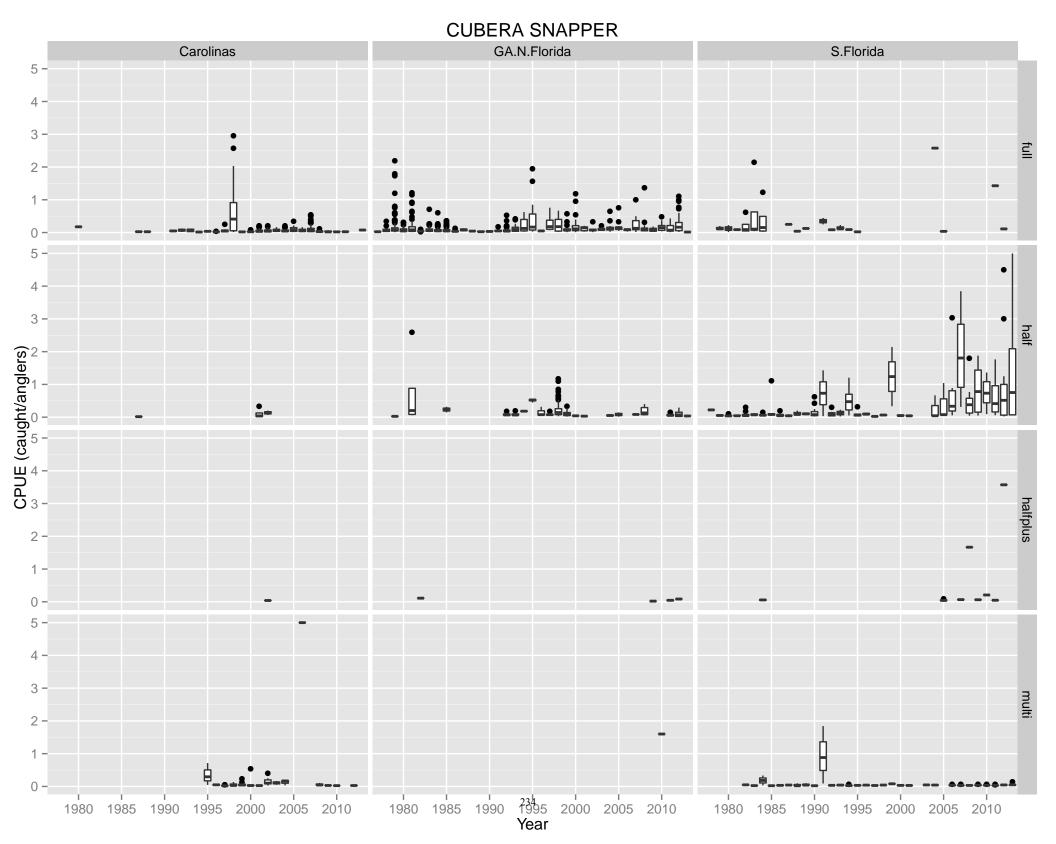
CROAKER, ATLANTIC GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 300 -200 -<u>f</u> 100 -0 -300 -200 caught 100 -0 -300 -200 halfplus 100 -0 -2000 Year 2010 1990 1995 2005 1 1995 2000 2005 2010 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 1990

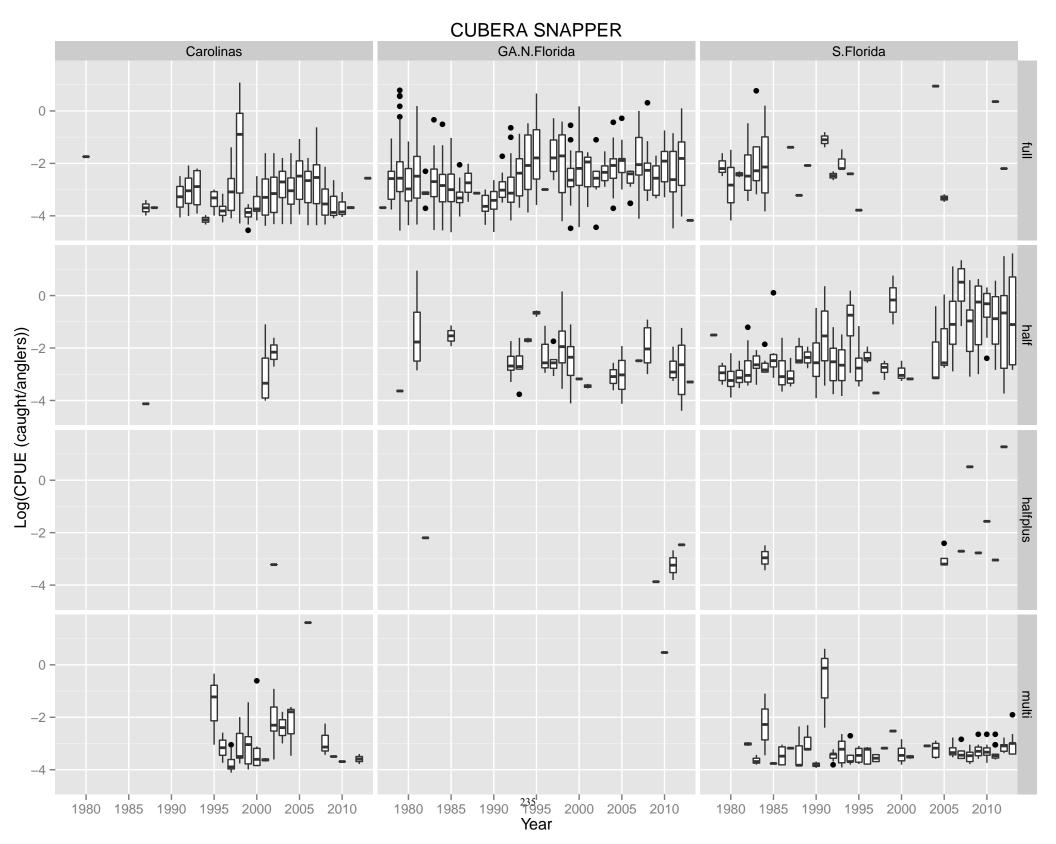
CROAKER, ATLANTIC Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 7.5 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 halfplus 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 2300 2000 Year 1995 2000 2005 1990 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2005 2010

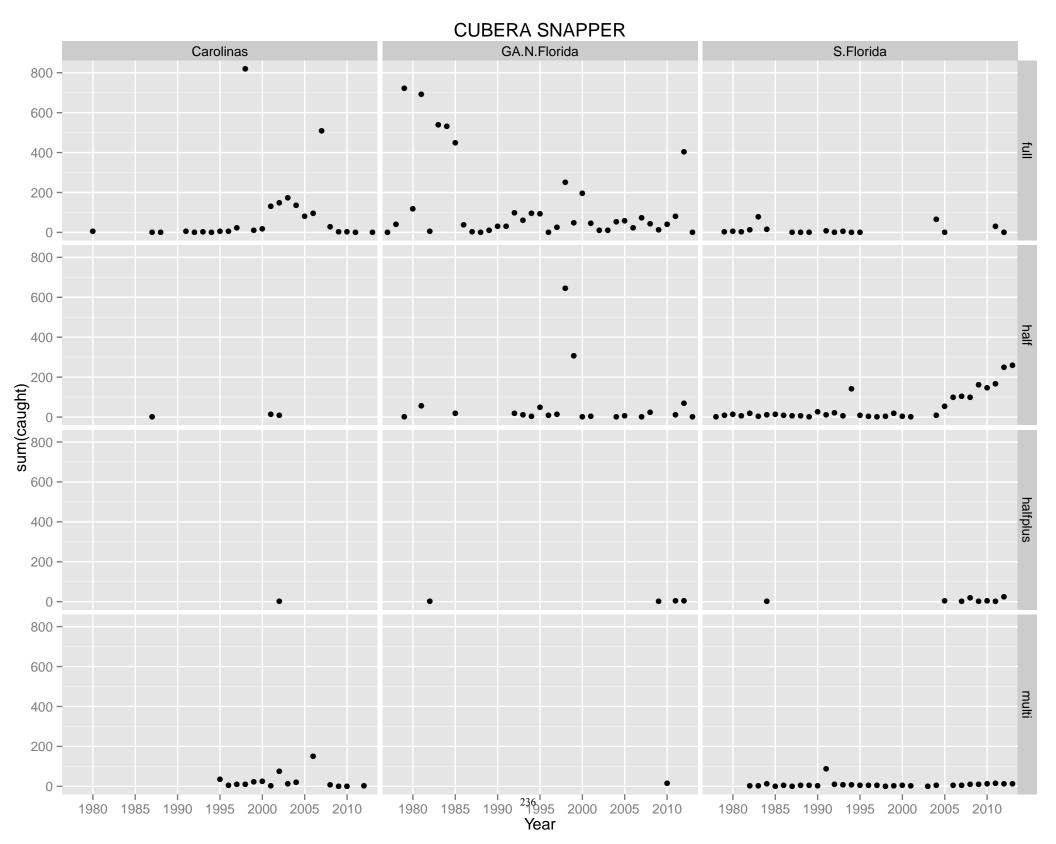
CROAKER, ATLANTIC GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2 -0 --2 --4 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) þ 2 -0 halfplus -2 **-**2000 Year 2010 1 1995 2005 2010 2000 2010 2005 1990 1995 2000 2005 1990 1990 1995

CROAKER, ATLANTIC Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -0 -600 sum(caught) - 0004 0 600 -400 halfplus 200 -0 -2000 Year 1990 2005 1 1995 2010 1995 2010 2000 1990 2000 2005 1990 2005 2010 1995

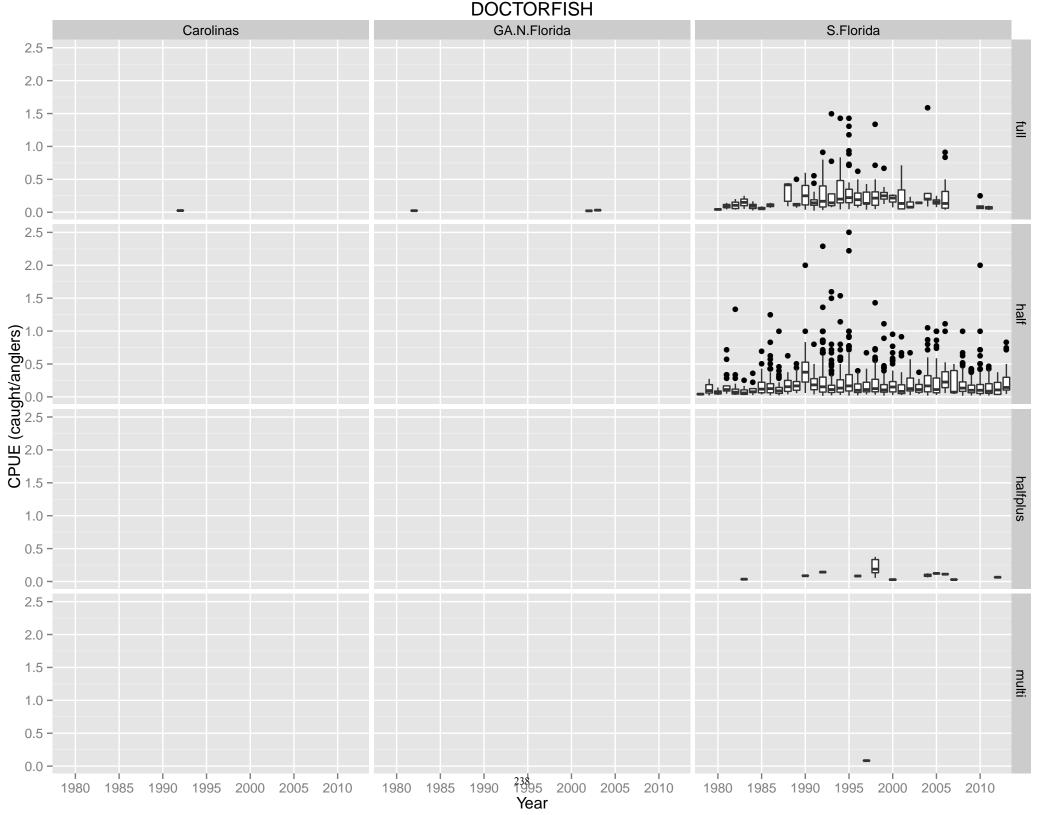
CUBERA SNAPPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 canght - 0 - 150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 -0 -<sup>233</sup>1995 2000 2005 **Year** 1985 1990 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010



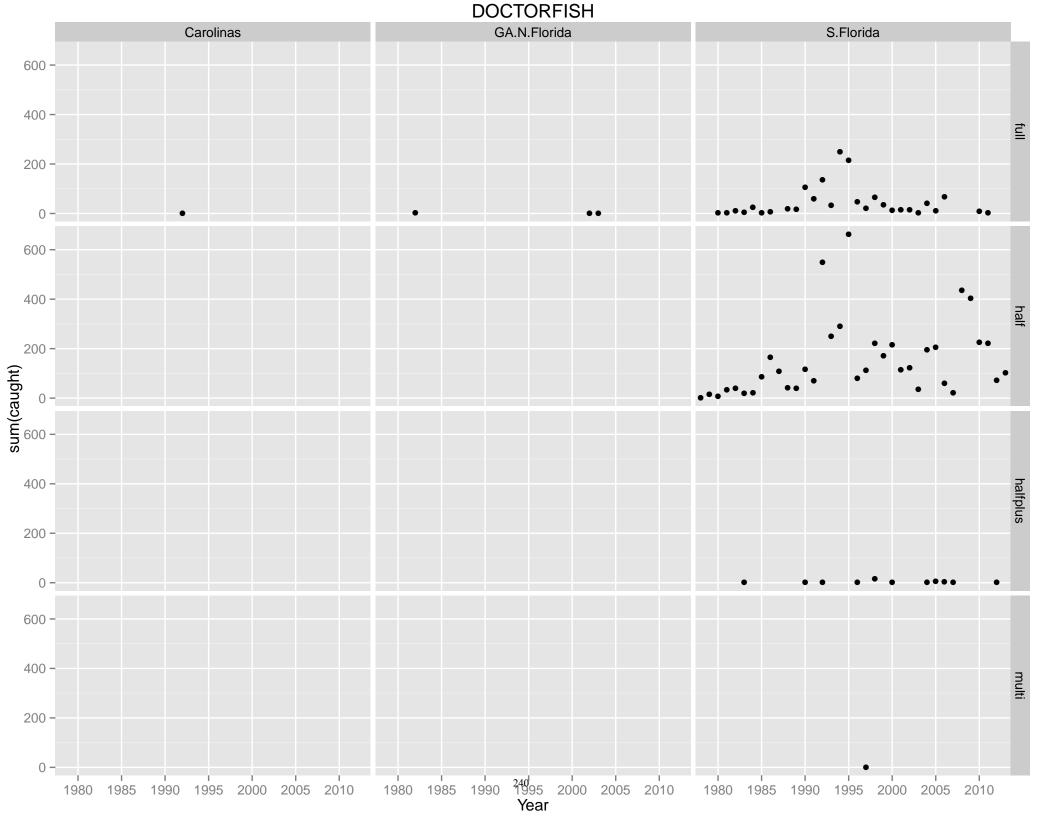


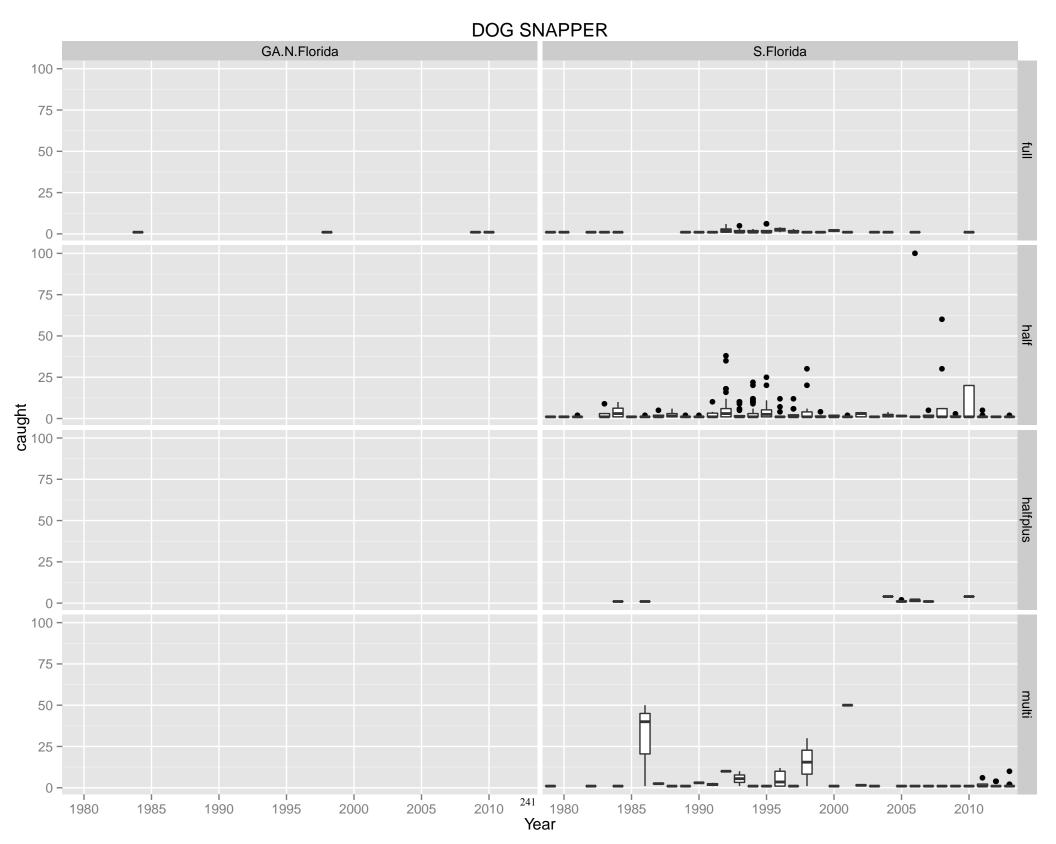


**DOCTORFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 40 -30 -20 -10 -0 -40 -30 -20 -10 caught - 04 30 -20 -10 -0 -40 -30 -20 -10 -0 -1995 2000 2005 2010 Year 1980 1985 2010 1990 1980 ı 1985 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 1990 1995 2000 **DOCTORFISH** 



**DOCTORFISH** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 0 --1 --2 --3 **-**-4 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -3 þ 0 --1 --2 --3 **-**-4 -1995 2000 Year 2010 1985 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2005 1980 1985 1990 1995 2010 1980 1990 1995 2000 2005





DOG SNAPPER GA.N.Florida S.Florida 5 -3 -2 -0 -4 -3 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 2 -5 -4 -3 -2 -0 -2005 1995 2000 2010 <sup>242</sup> 1980 1995 2010 1990 2005 1985 1990 1985 1980 2000 Year

DOG SNAPPER GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 -申 -2 **-**0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus 0 --2 **-**-4 -1990 1995 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2000 1995 1980 1985 2000 2005 2010 Year

DOG SNAPPER GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 sum(caught) sum(caught) 100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -1980 2005 1990 2000 1995 2010 1985 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**DOLPHIN** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 500 -400 -300 -200 -100 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 caught - 005 400 -300 -200 -100 -0 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 -1995 2000 **Year** 1980 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995

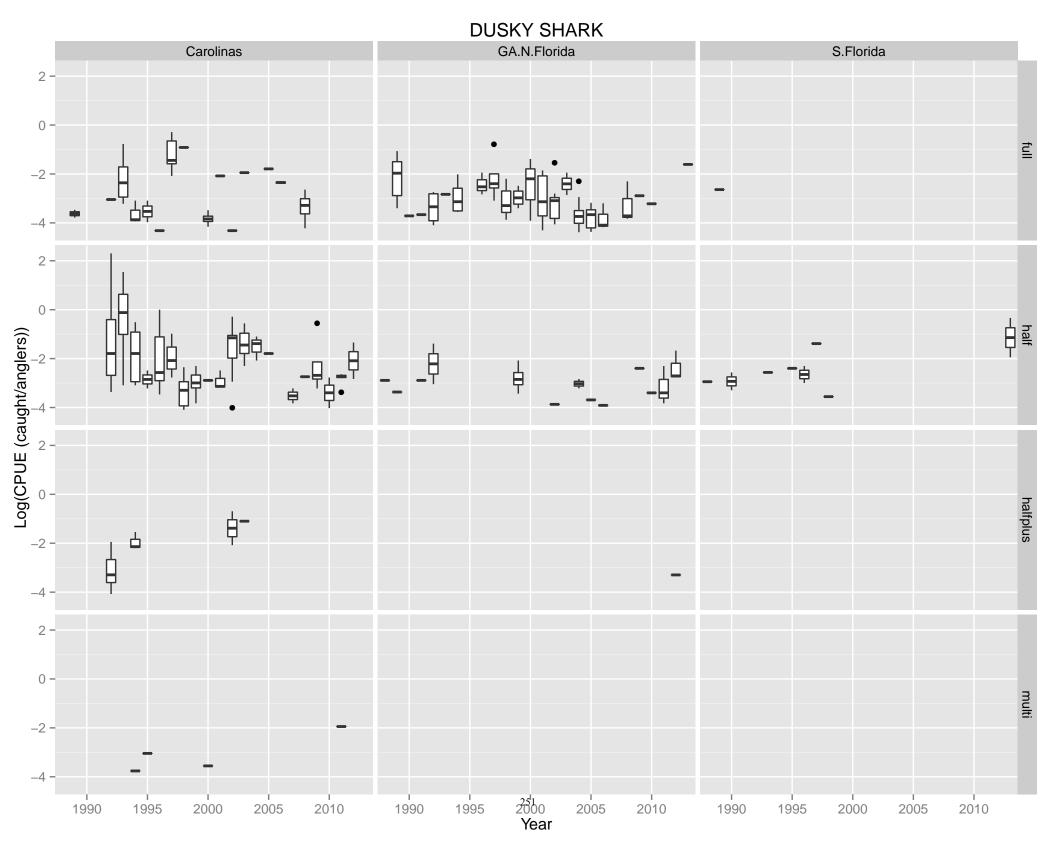
**DOLPHIN** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 20 -10 -20 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 -20 -10 -1995 **Year** 1990 2005 1995 2000 2005 1980 1985 2000 2010 1980 1990 1995 1990 2010 1985

**DOLPHIN** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 -0 -19<sup>9</sup>5 Year 2005 1980 1990 2000 2005 2010 1980 2010 1990 1995 2010 1985 1985 1990 1995

**DOLPHIN** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 4000 -2000 -4000 -2000 sum(caught) 4000 -2000 -4000 -2000 -1995 2000 **Year** 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990

**DUSKY SHARK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 25 -20 -15 -<u>f</u> 10 -5 -0 **-**25 **-**20 -15 half 10 -5 -阜 caught 0 - 0 25 -20 halfplus 15 -10 -5 - • 申 0 -25 -20 -15 -10 -5 -0 ı 1995 2010 1995 2005 1990 1995 1990 2010 2000 Year 2000 2005 2010 1990 2000 2005

**DUSKY SHARK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers)
- 0.0 - 0.0 - - 0.0 - 0. halfplus 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -1990 1995 <sup>250</sup>1 2000 **Year** 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1995 1990 2000 2005 2010



**DUSKY SHARK** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 250 -200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -250 -200 -150 -100 sam(candht) 0 - 0250 - 250 halfplus 150 -100 -50 -0 -250 -200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -1990 1995 1995 2005 2000 25½ 2000 **Year** 1990 2005 2010 1990 1995 2010 2005 2010 2000

FLOUNDERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 150 -100 -50 -150 -100 -50 - • caught 0 100 -50 -150 -100 -50 -1995 2000 **Year** 1995 2010 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1995 1990 2000 2005 1985 1990

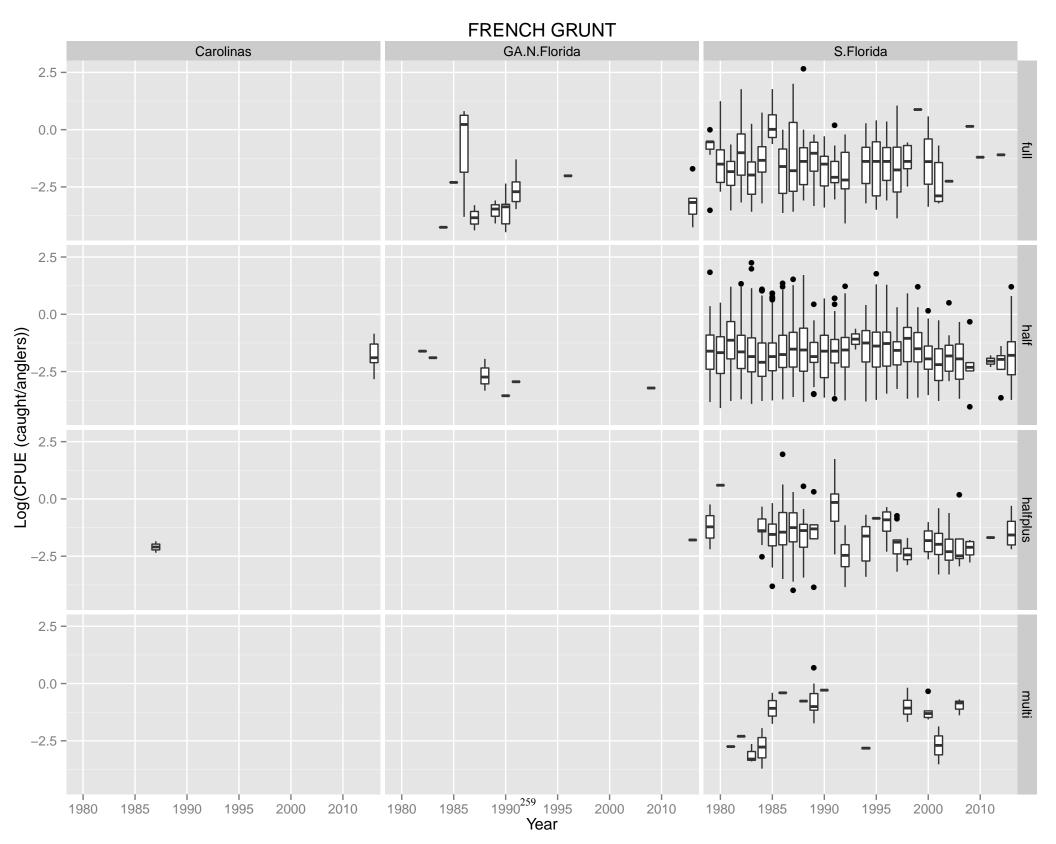
FLOUNDERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -2 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 2 -1 -**Year** 

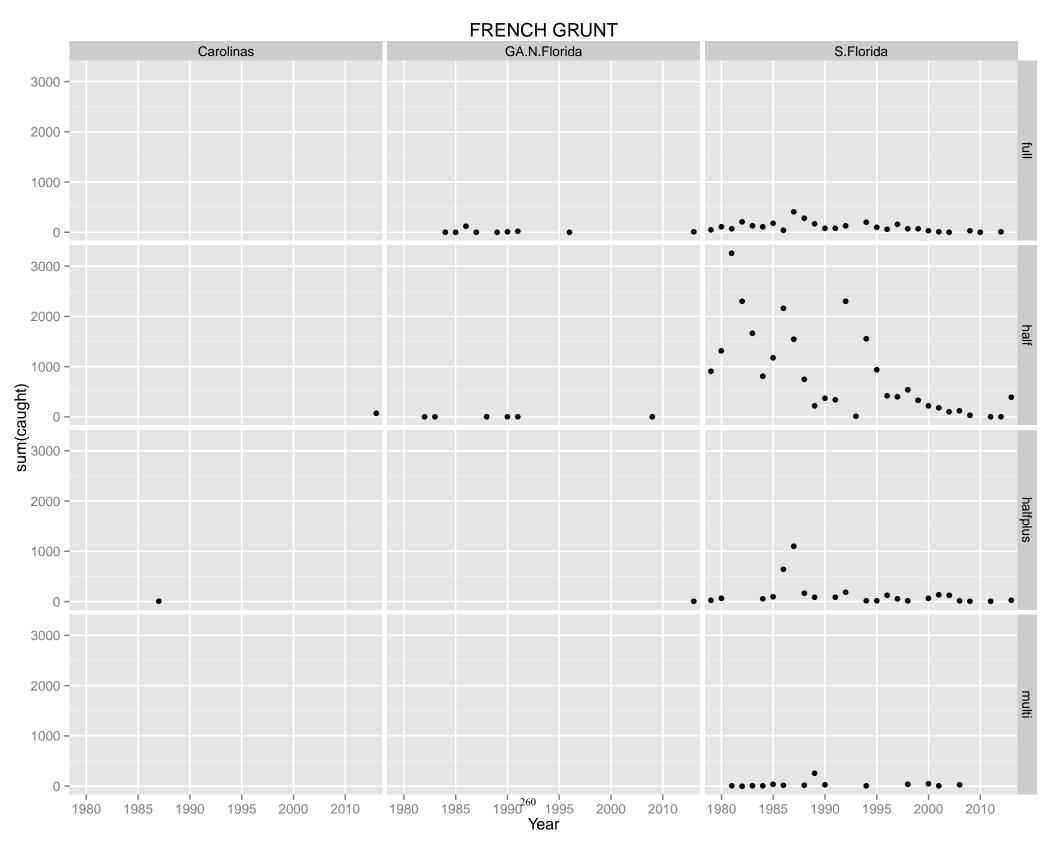
FLOUNDERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida -5 Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 halfplus -5 -2 -**−3 −** -4 --5 1<sup>2</sup>/<sub>9</sub>5 Year 

FLOUNDERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 800 -600 -400 -200 -800 -600 -400 sum(caught) 600 -400 -200 -800 -600 -400 -200 -1995 2000 **Year** 1990 2010 1980 1985 2005 2010 1980 1990 1995 2005 1985 1990 1995

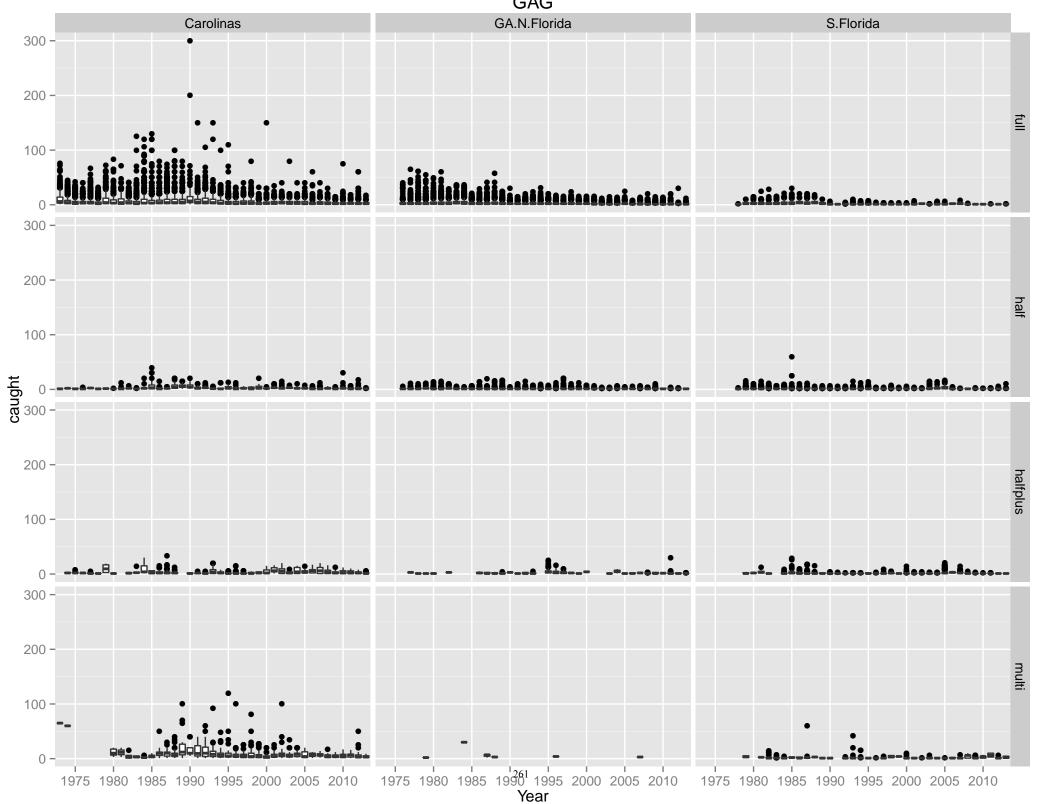
FRENCH GRUNT Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -100 -0 -200 -100 caught 200 -100 -0 -200 -100 -1990<sup>257</sup> 1995 **Year** 1980 2010 1985 2000 2000 2010 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000

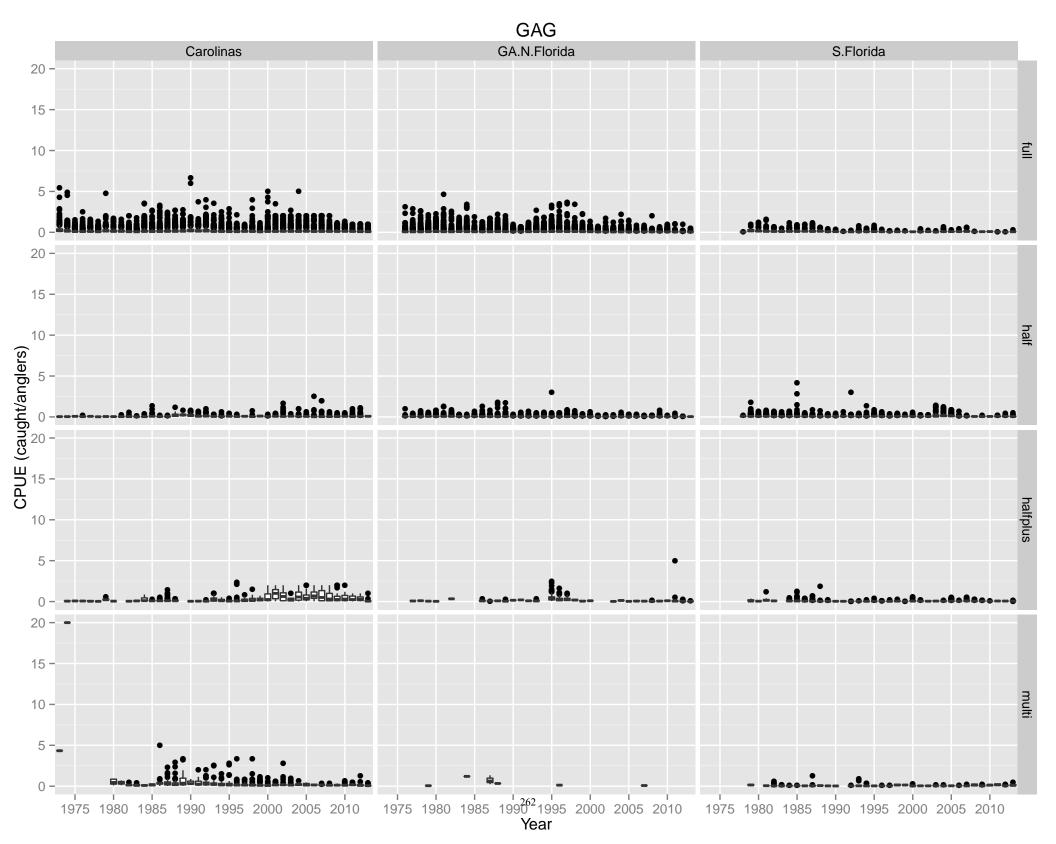
FRENCH GRUNT GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 10 -5 -0 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5 -0 -10 -5 -1990 <sup>258</sup> 1995 1980 2000 1990 1985 1990 2010 1985 1995 2000 2010 1980 1985 1995 2010 1980 2000 Year



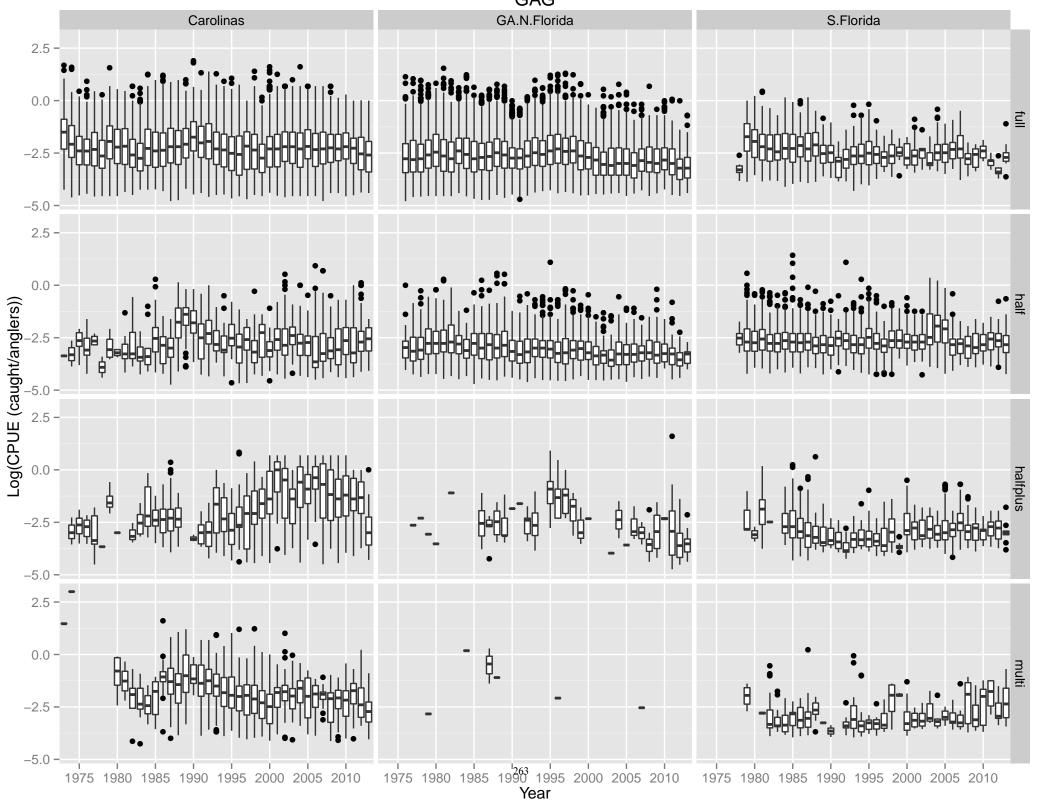


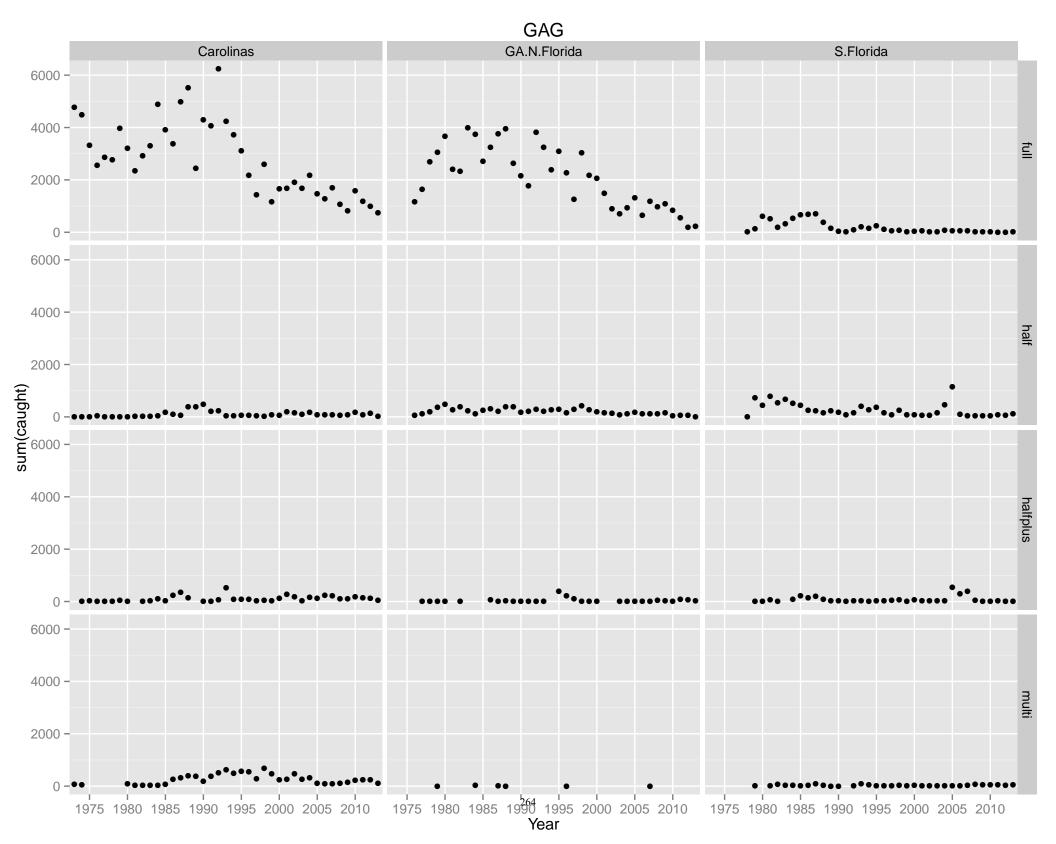


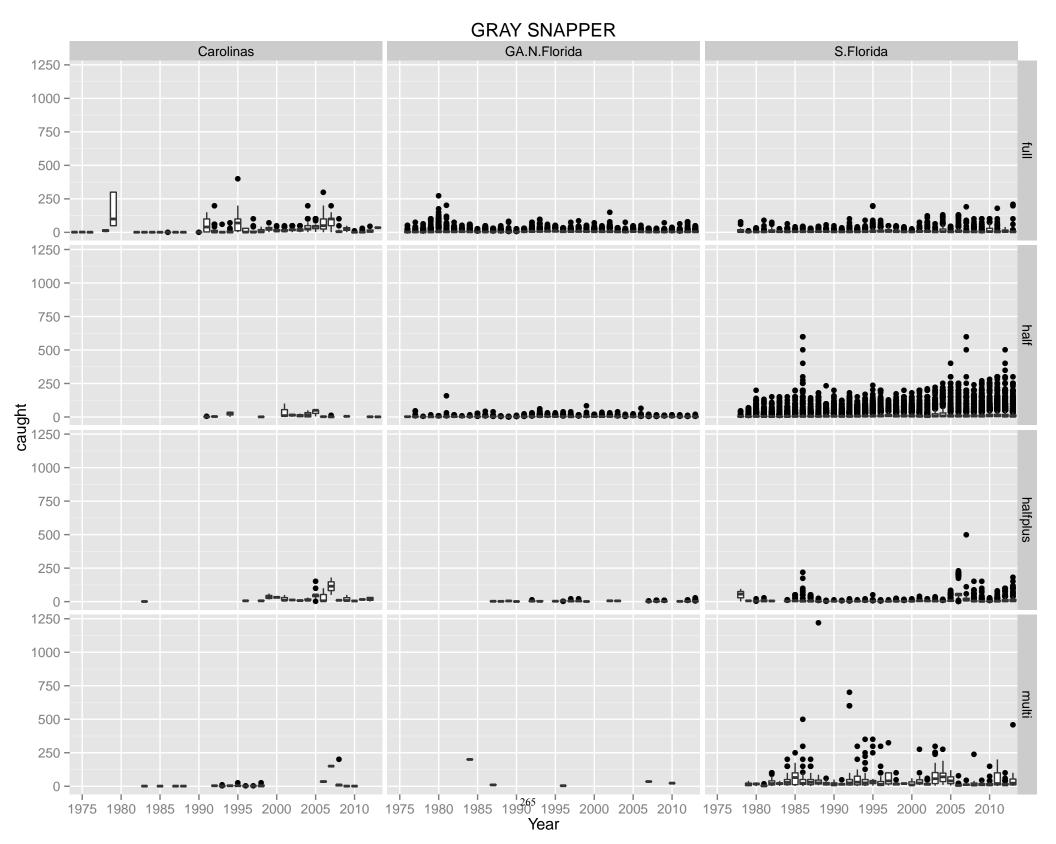


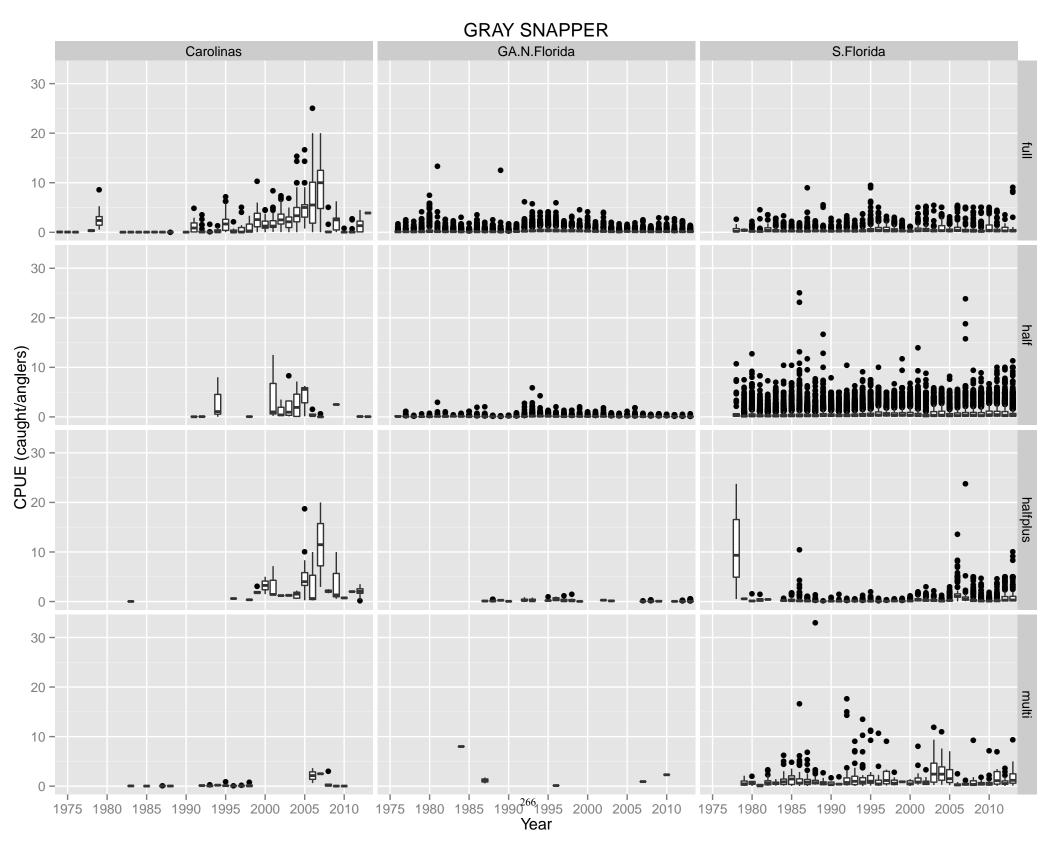




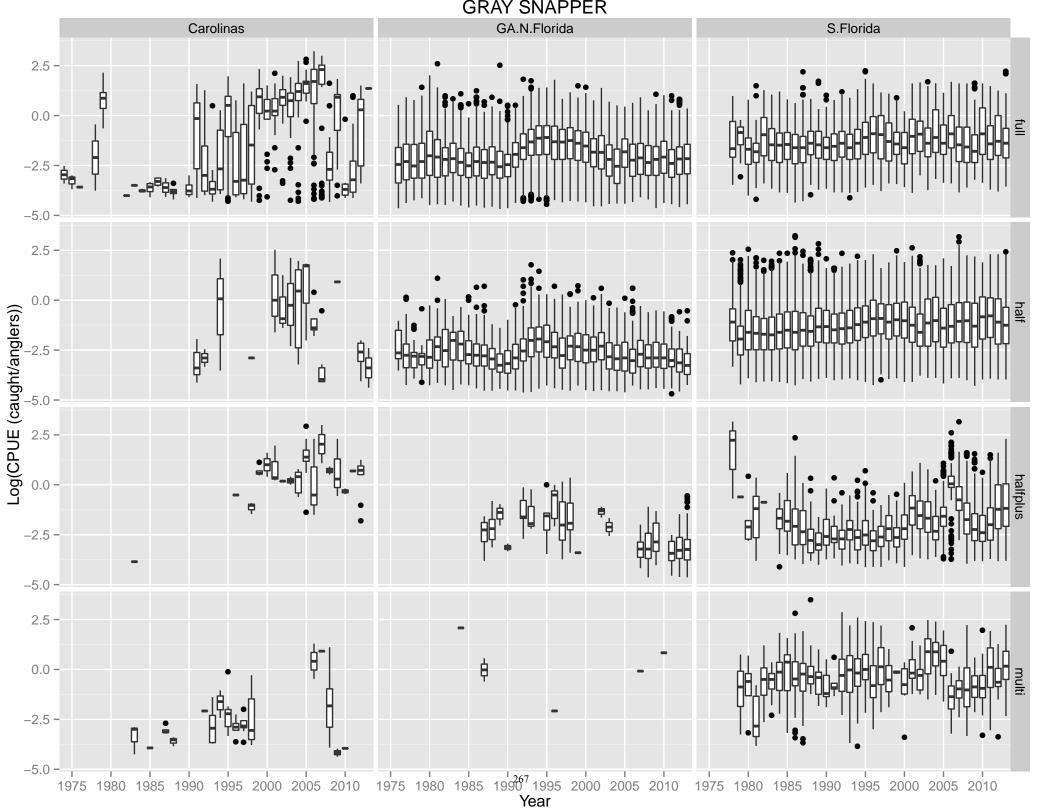


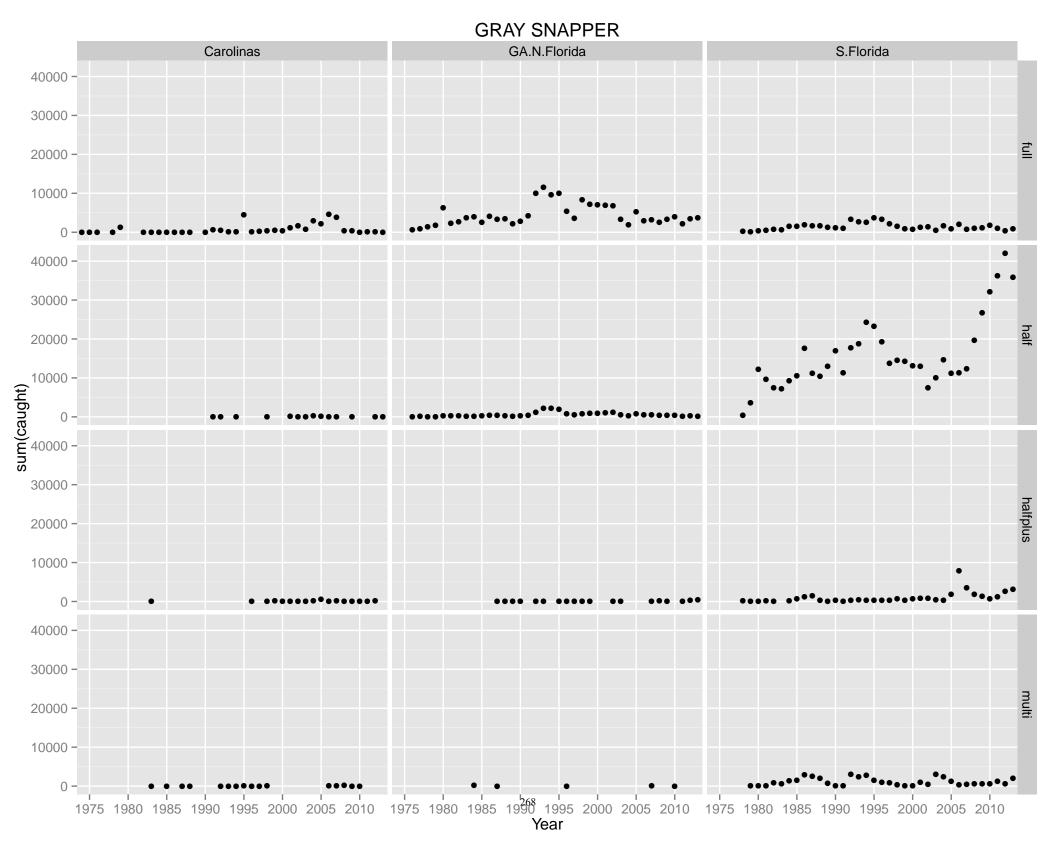


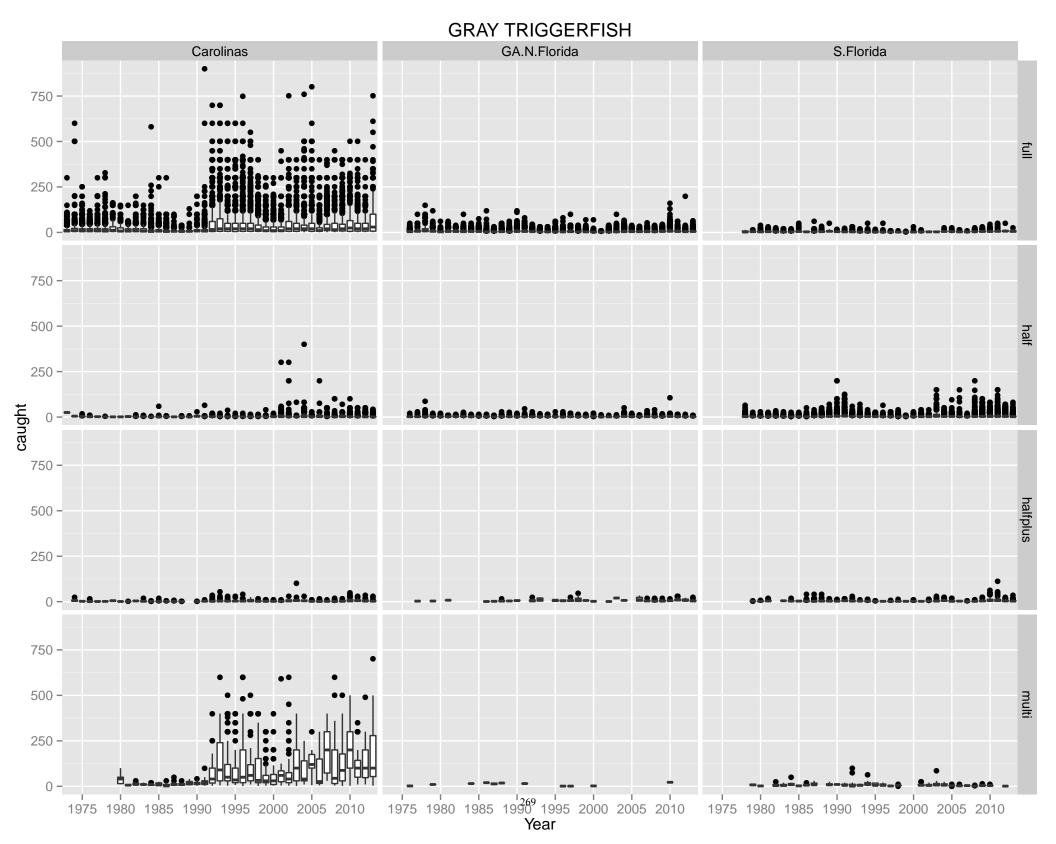


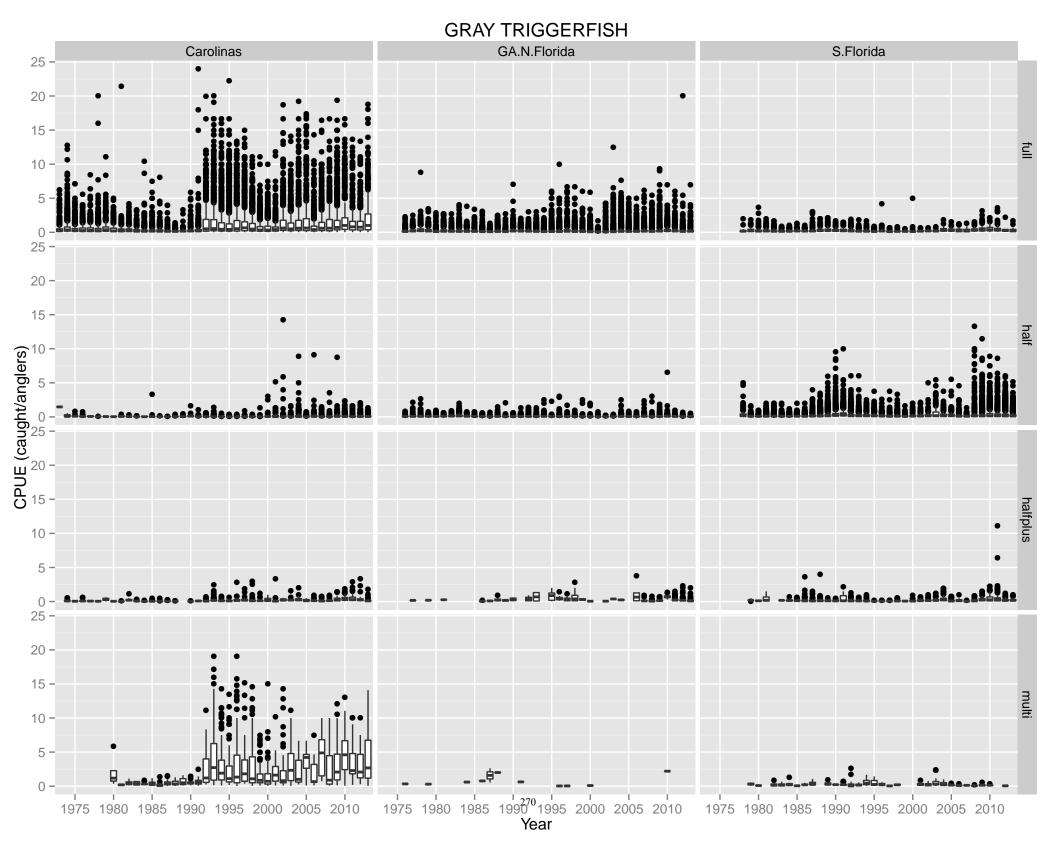


**GRAY SNAPPER** 

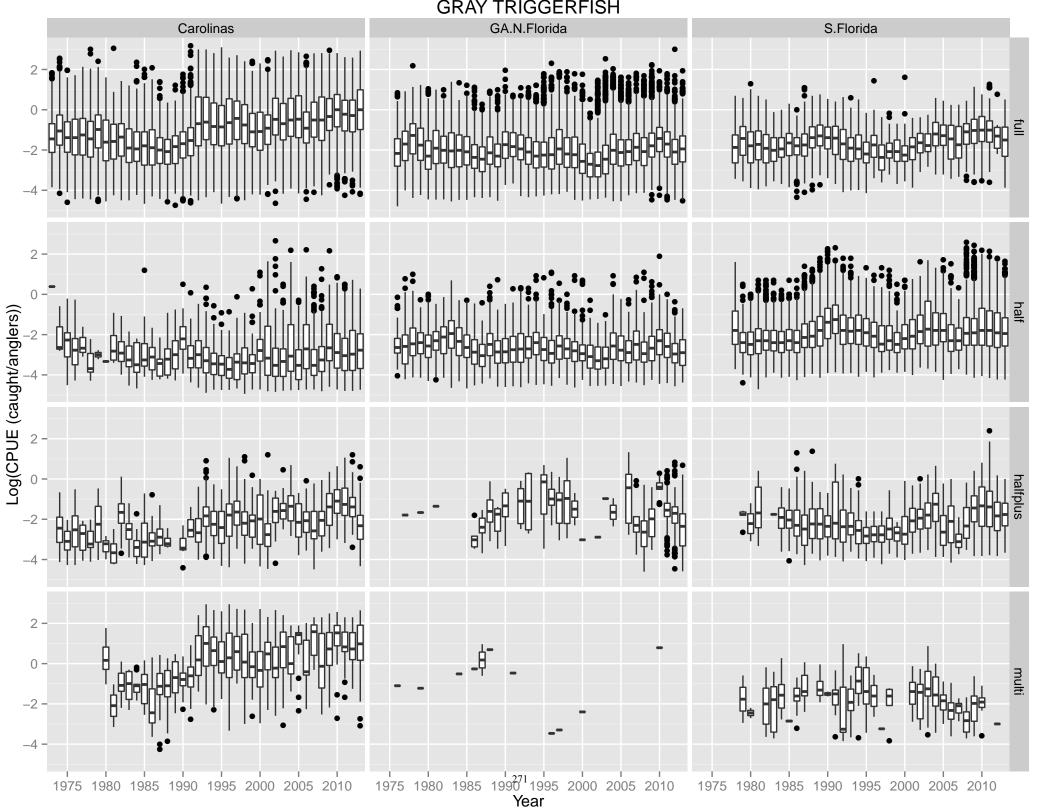








**GRAY TRIGGERFISH** 



**GRAY TRIGGERFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 60000 -40000 -20000 60000 -40000 -20000 sum(caught) 40000 -20000 -60000 -40000 -20000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

Year

1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

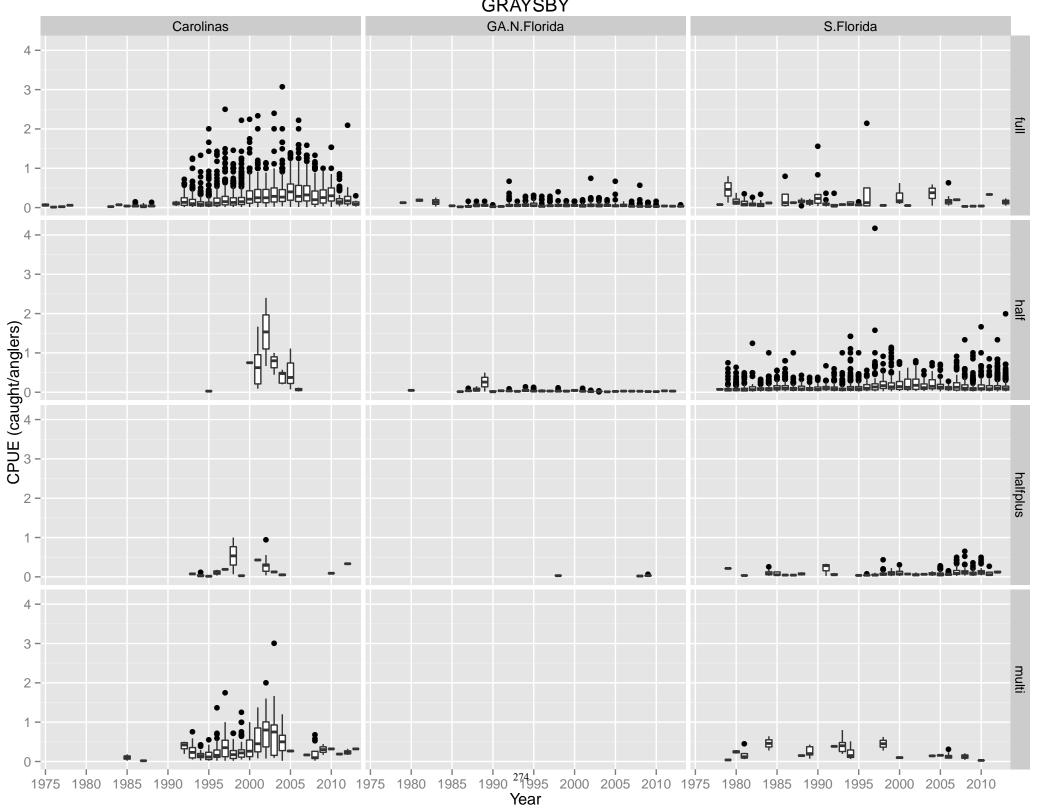
1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**GRAYSBY** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 120 90 -60 -30 -120 -90 -60 -30 canght - 0 - 120 -90 -60 -30 -0 -120 -90 -60 -

1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990<sup>273</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 

30 -

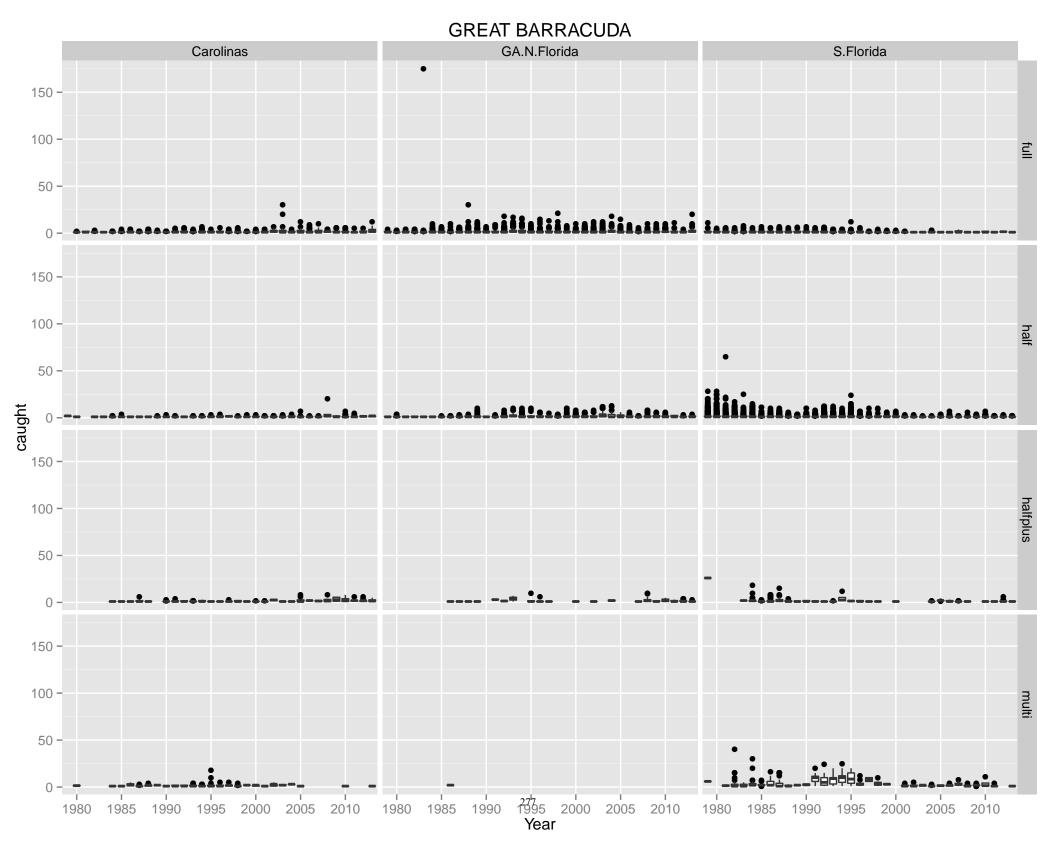
GRAYSBY

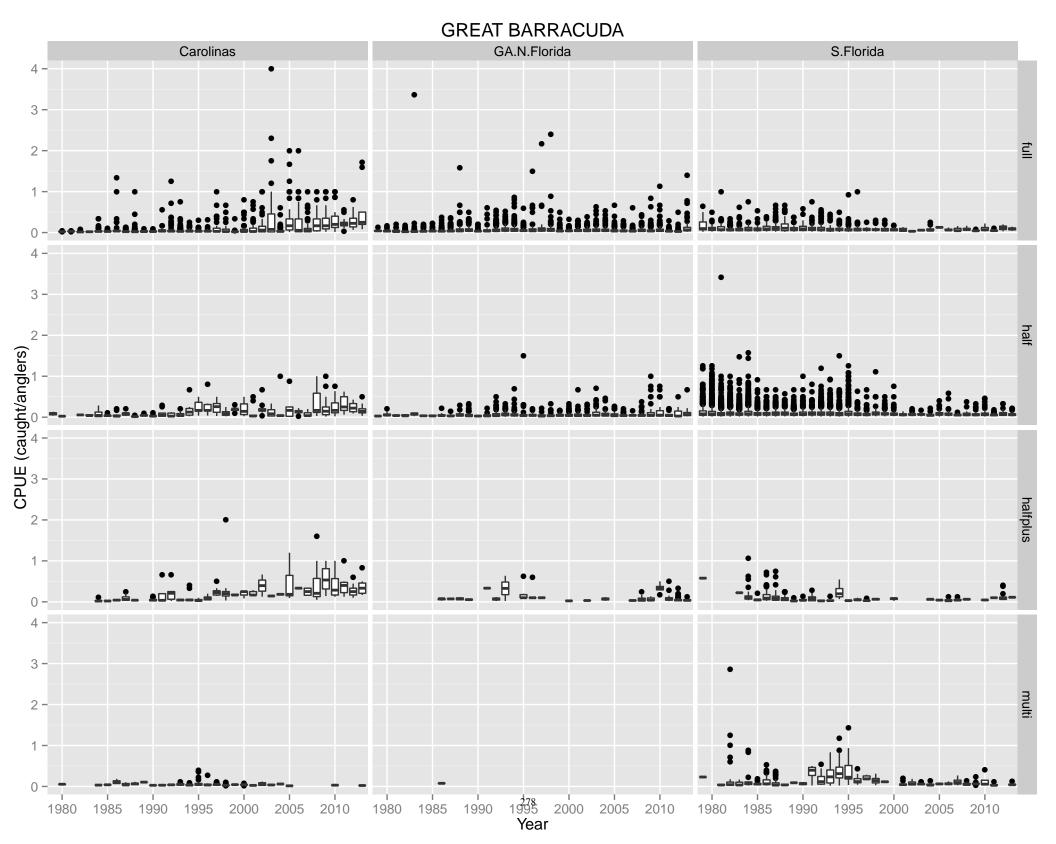


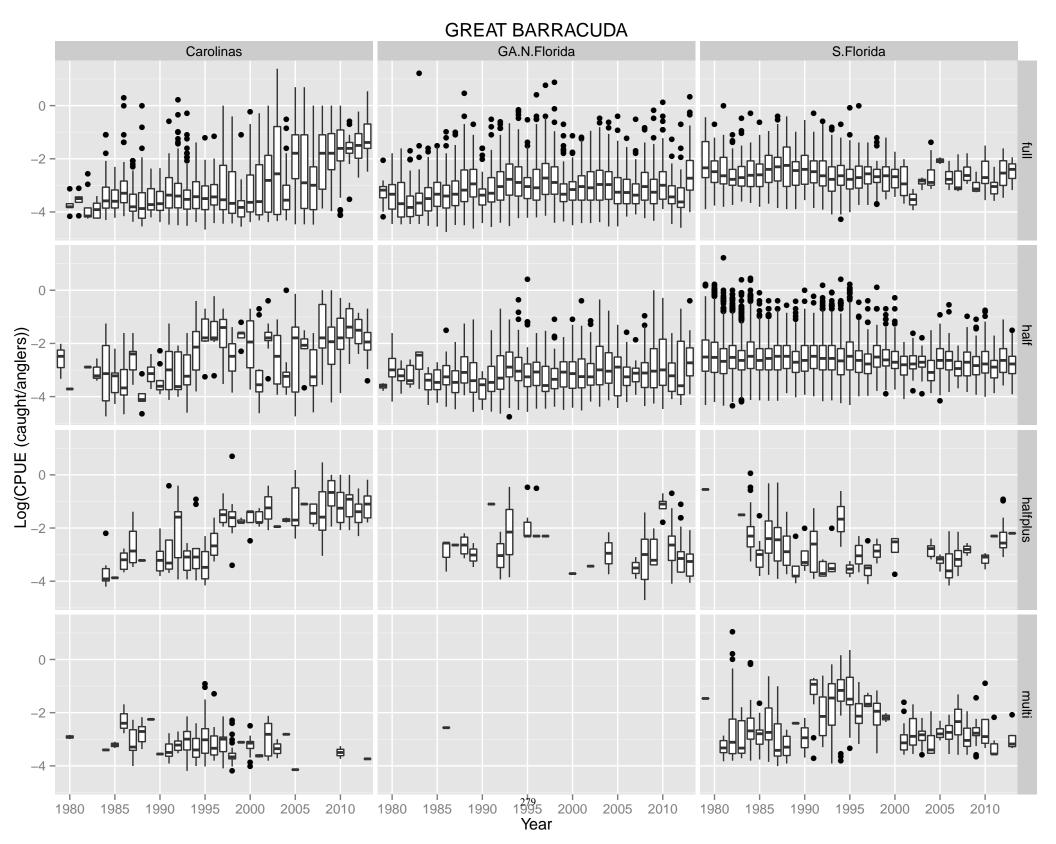
**GRAYSBY** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -4 -0 -1985 1990 <sup>275</sup> 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1990

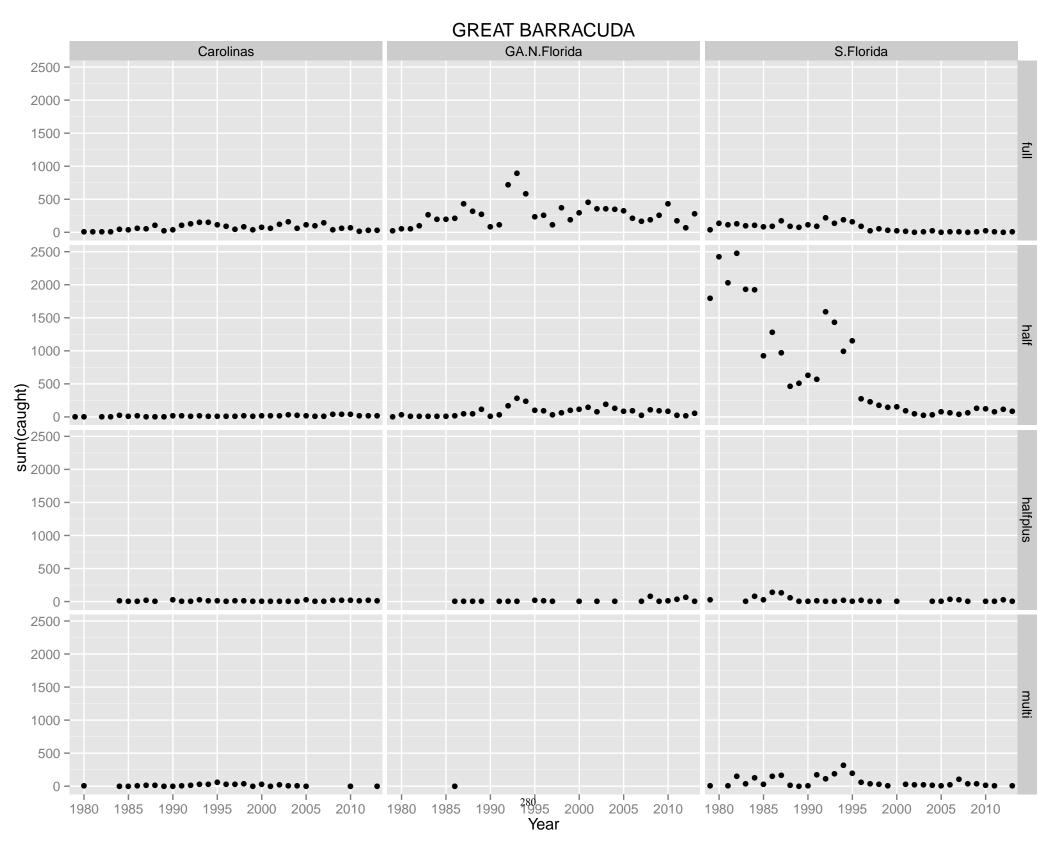
Year

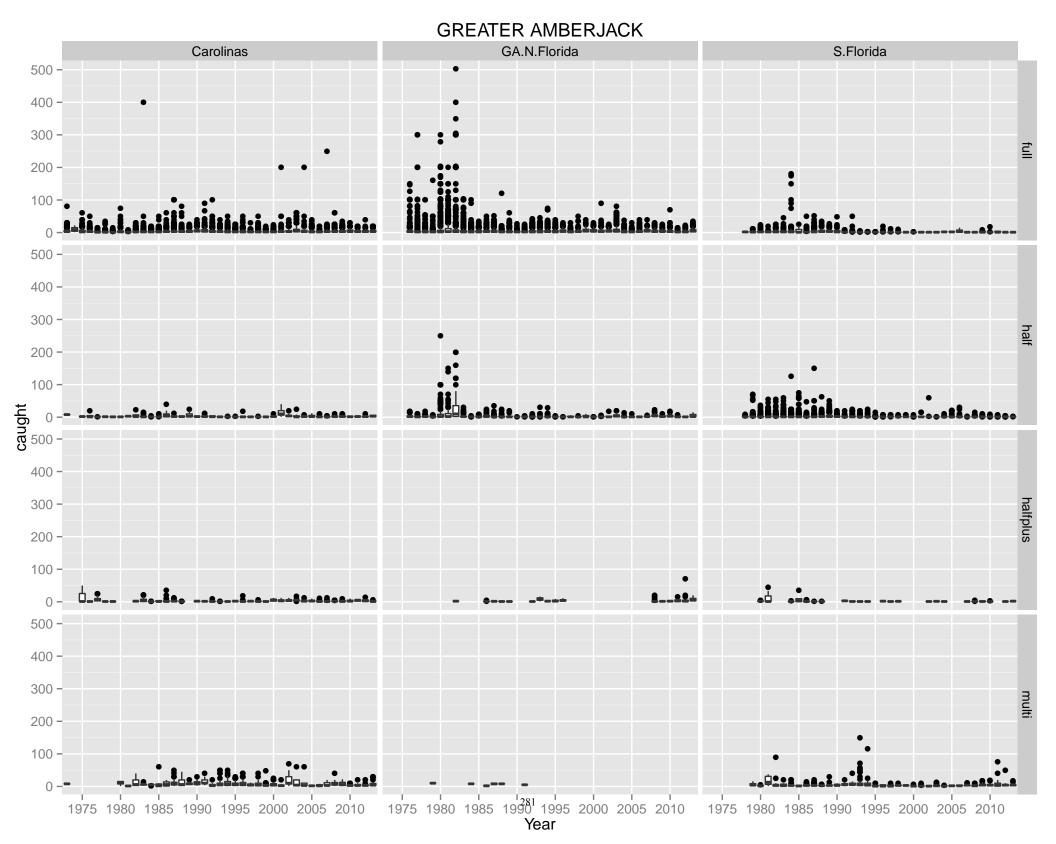
**GRAYSBY** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 sum(caught) - 0000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -0 -4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

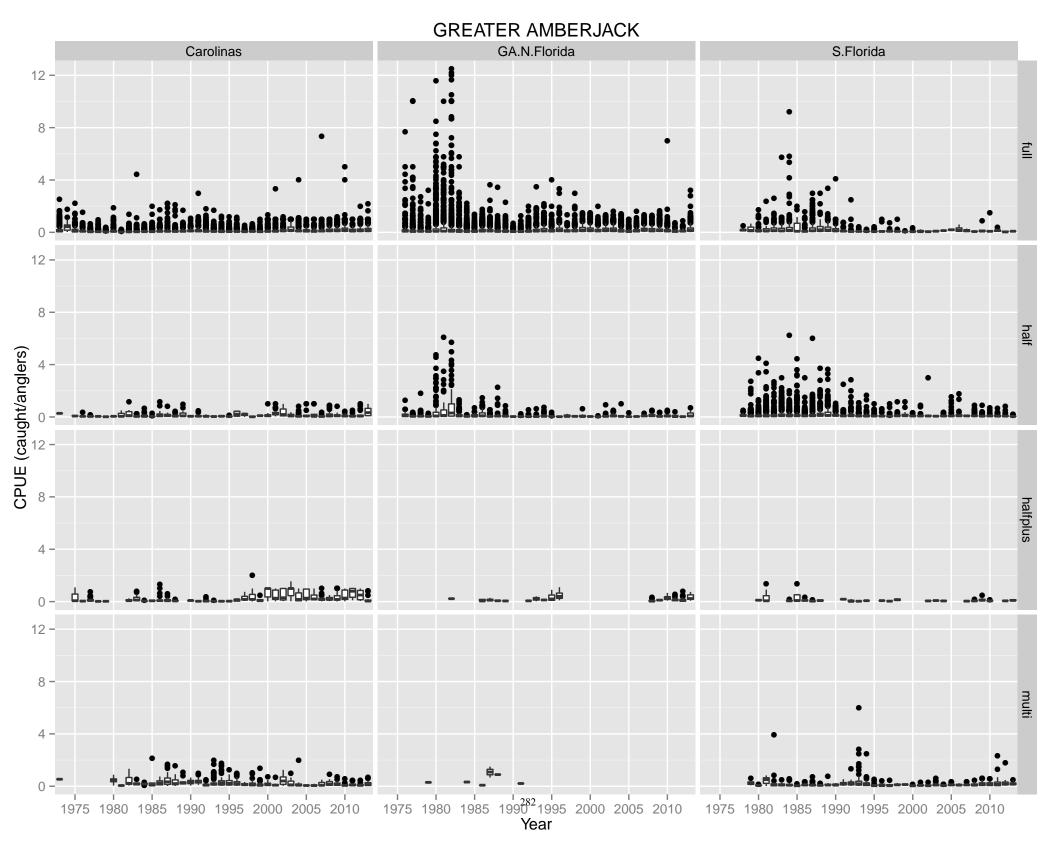


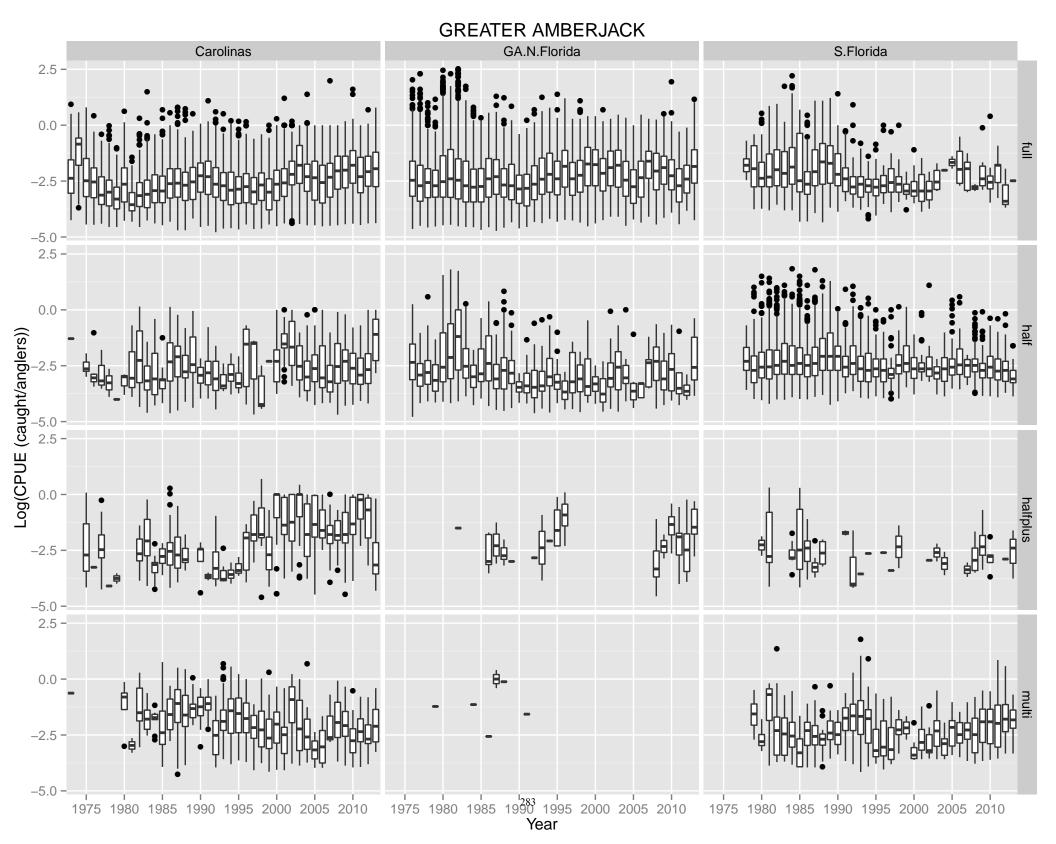


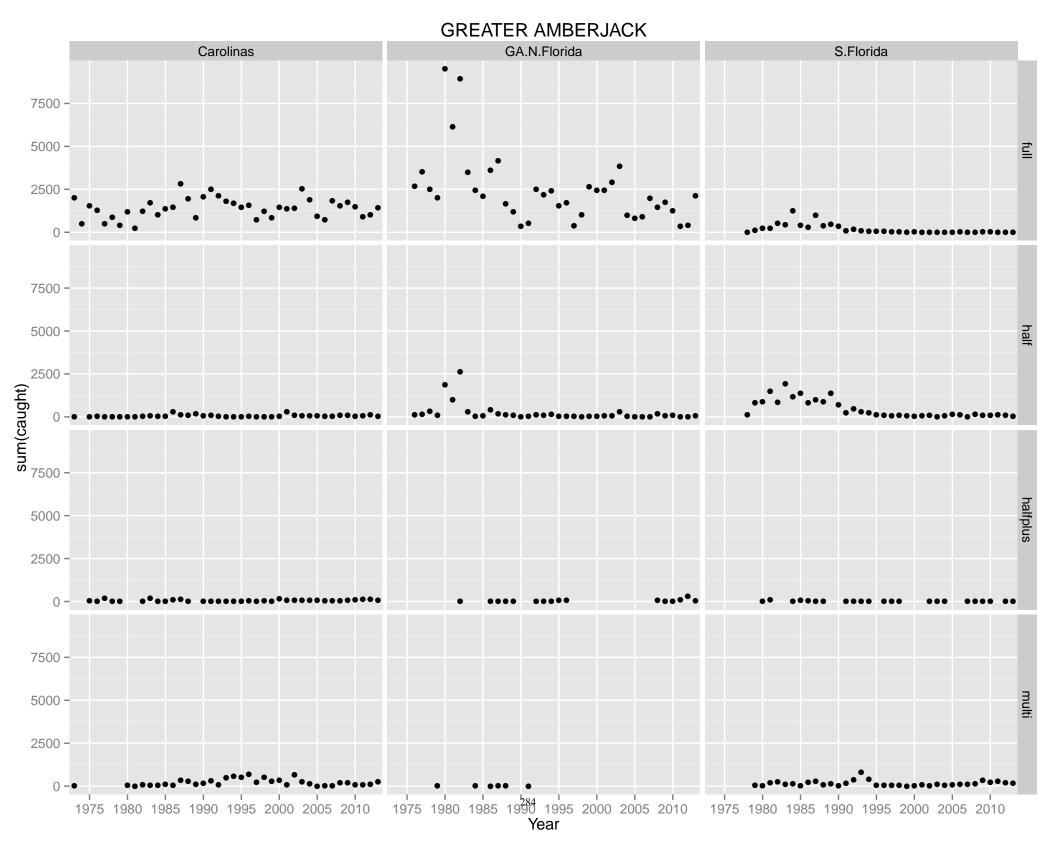












GRUNTS (UNIDENTIFIED)

GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 caught 0 200 halfplus 100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -0 -2000 285 2000 2000 Year

GRUNTS (UNIDENTIFIED)

GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 15 -10 -5 -0 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 5 -0 -15 -10 -5 -0 -2000 2000 286 2000 Year

GRUNTS (UNIDENTIFIED)

GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 half Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**287 2000 2000 2000 Year

GRUNTS (UNIDENTIFIED) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 7500 -5000 -2500 -0 -7500 -5000 -2500 sum(caught) halfplus 5000 -2500 -0 -7500 -5000 -2500 -2000 288 2000 2000 Year

**HOGFISH** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 80 -60 -40 -20 -80 -60 -40 -20 caught - 08 60 -40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

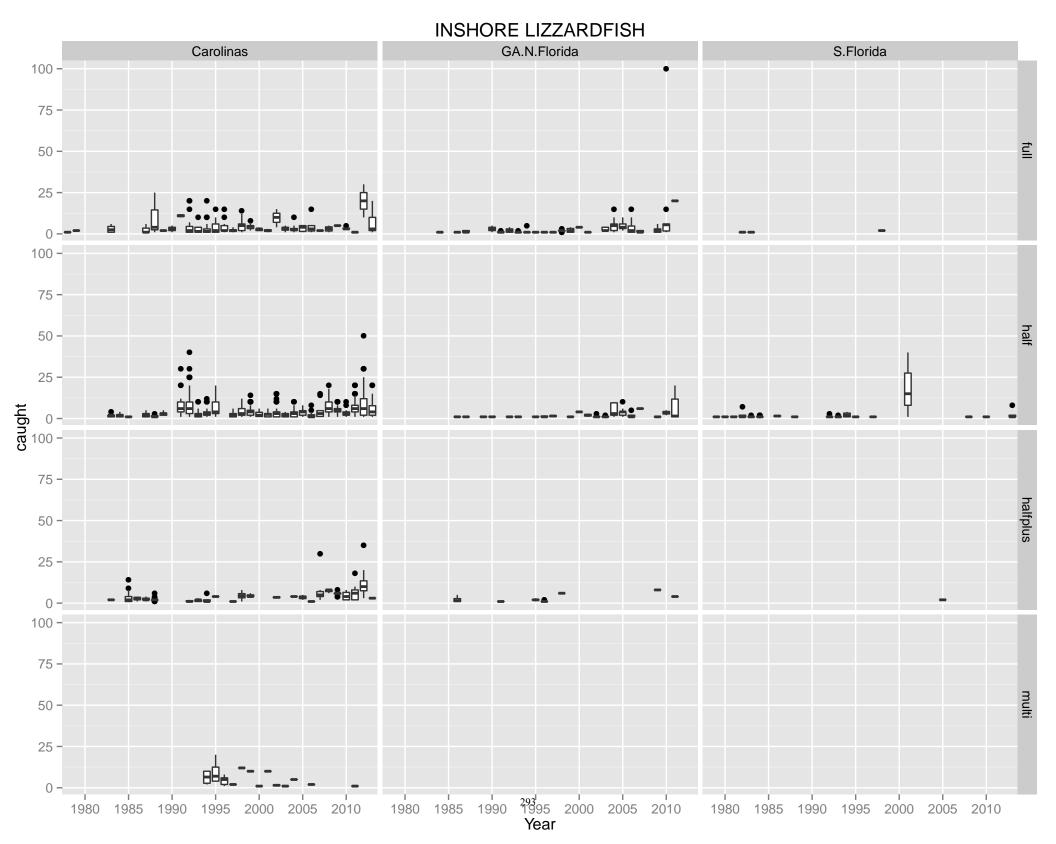
Year

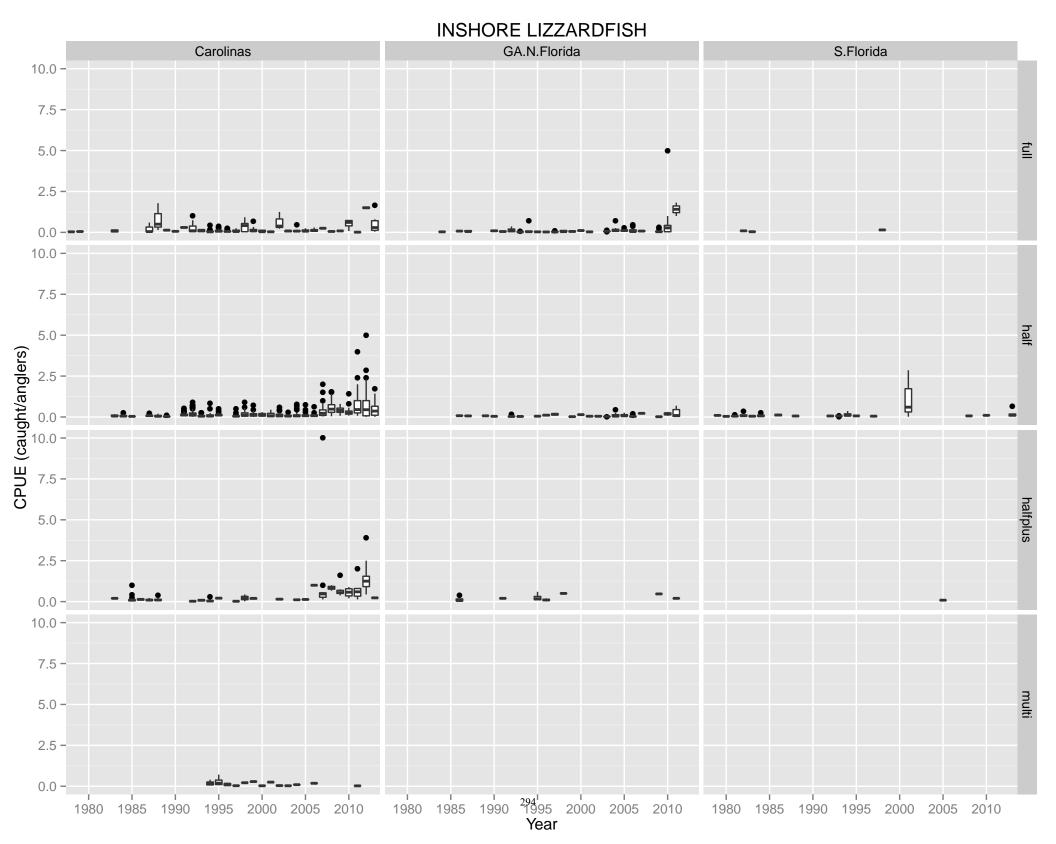
**HOGFISH** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2.5 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -2.5 -2.0 -1.5 -CPUE (caught/anglers) - 0.0 - 2.0 - - 2.0 - - 2.1 - 2.1 - - 2.1 - 2.1 - - 2.1 þ 1.0 -0.5 -0.0 -2.5 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

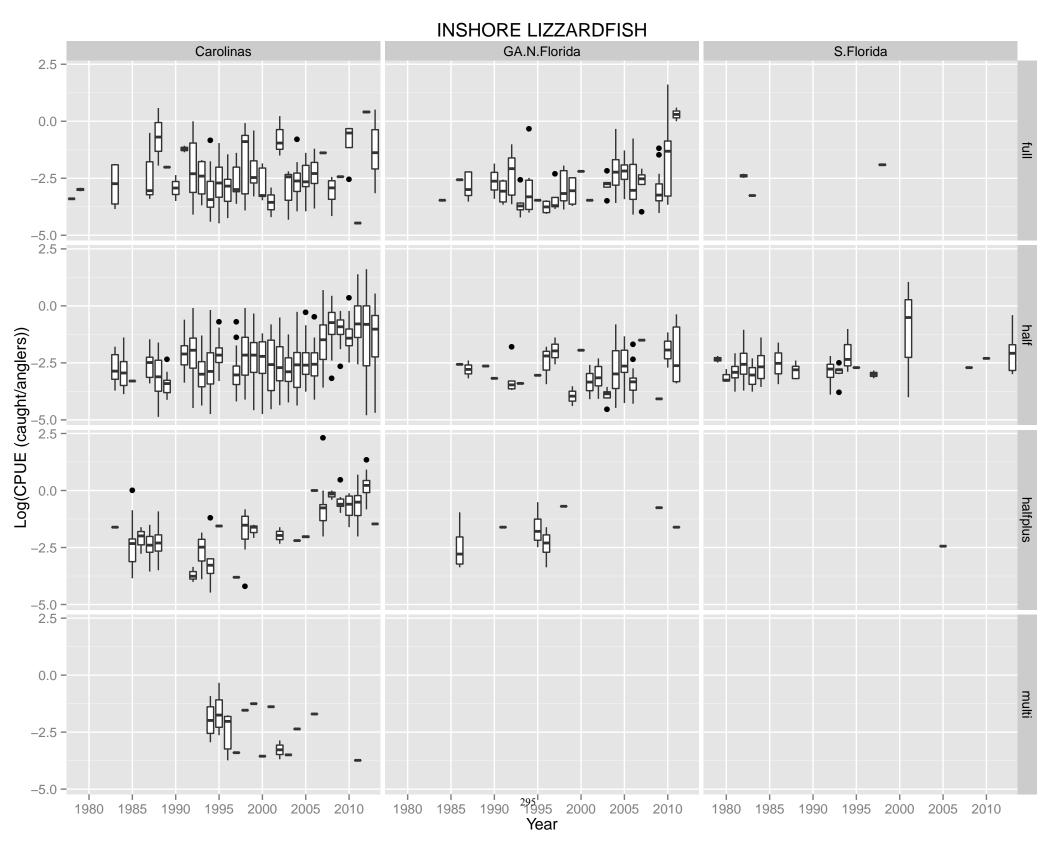
**HOGFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida þ Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 -0 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

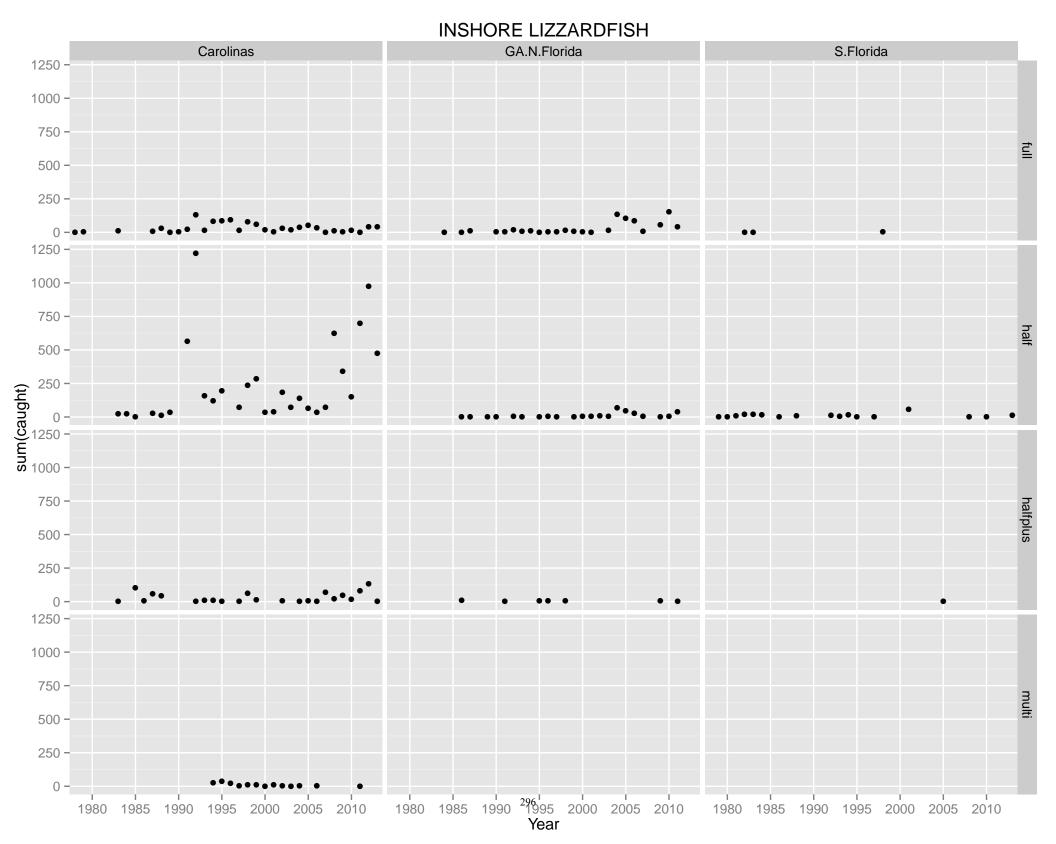
**HOGFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 400 -300 -200 -100 -400 -300 -200 sum(caught) 300 -200 -100 -0 -400 -300 -200 -100 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

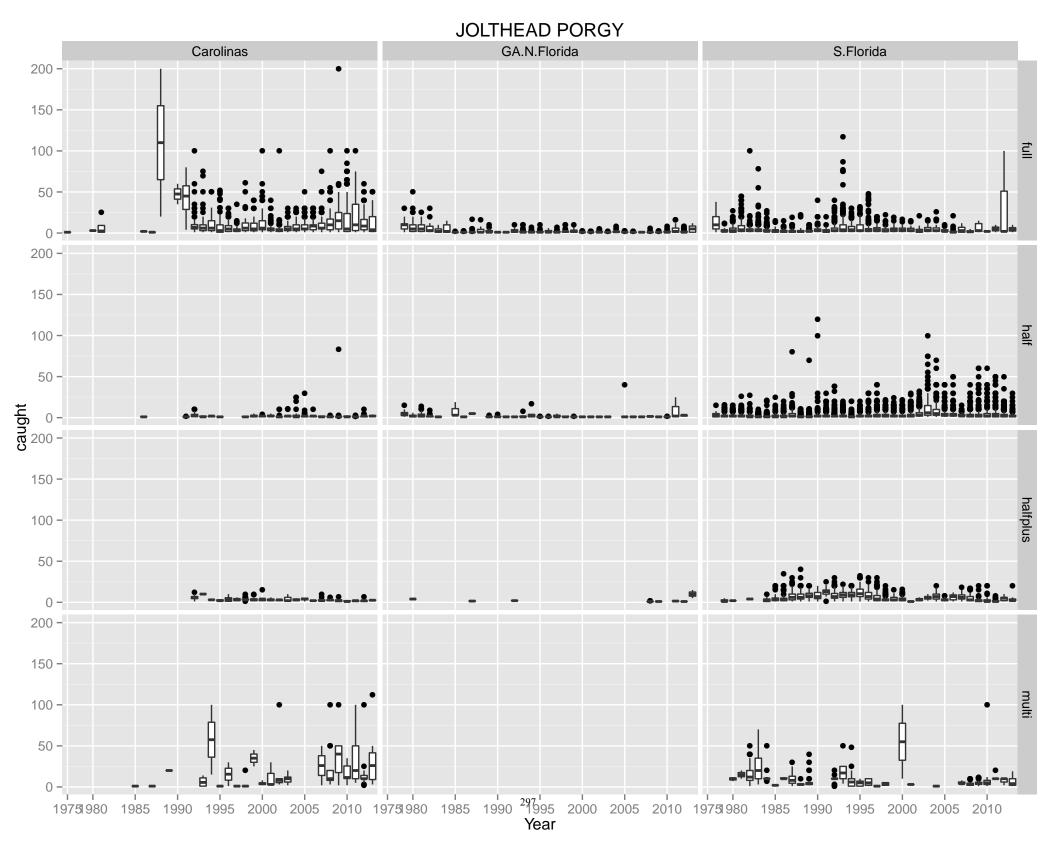
Year

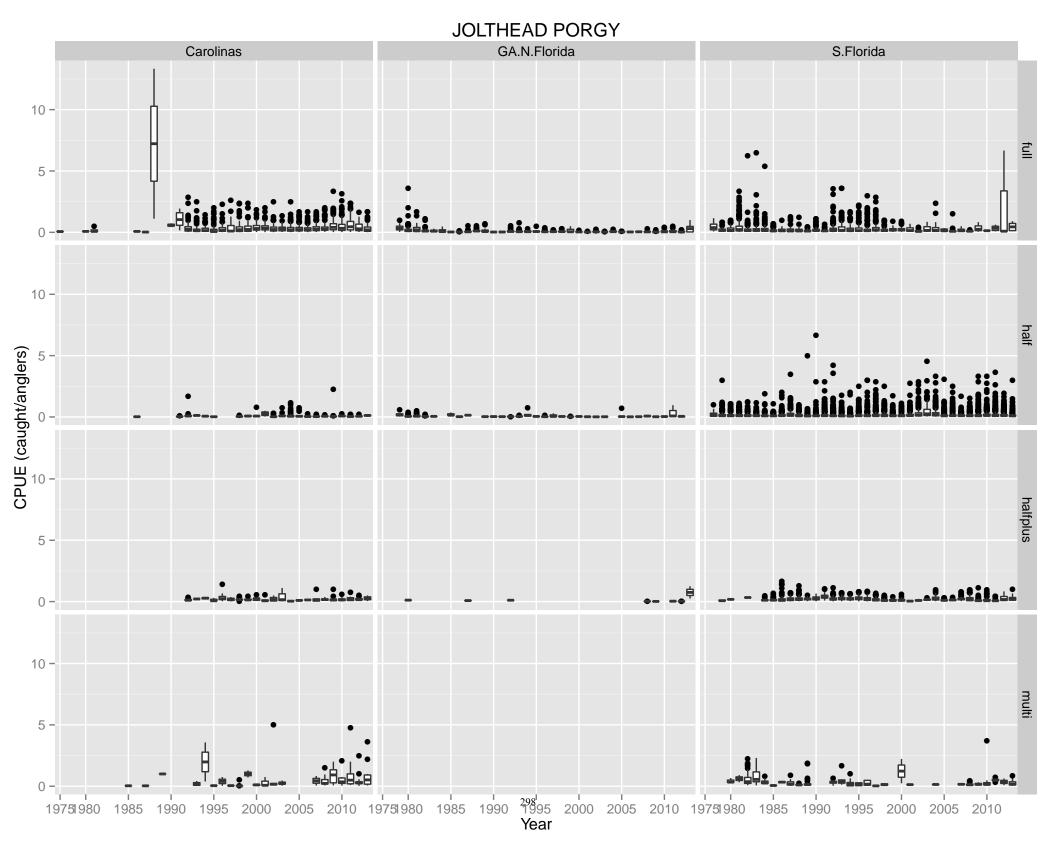




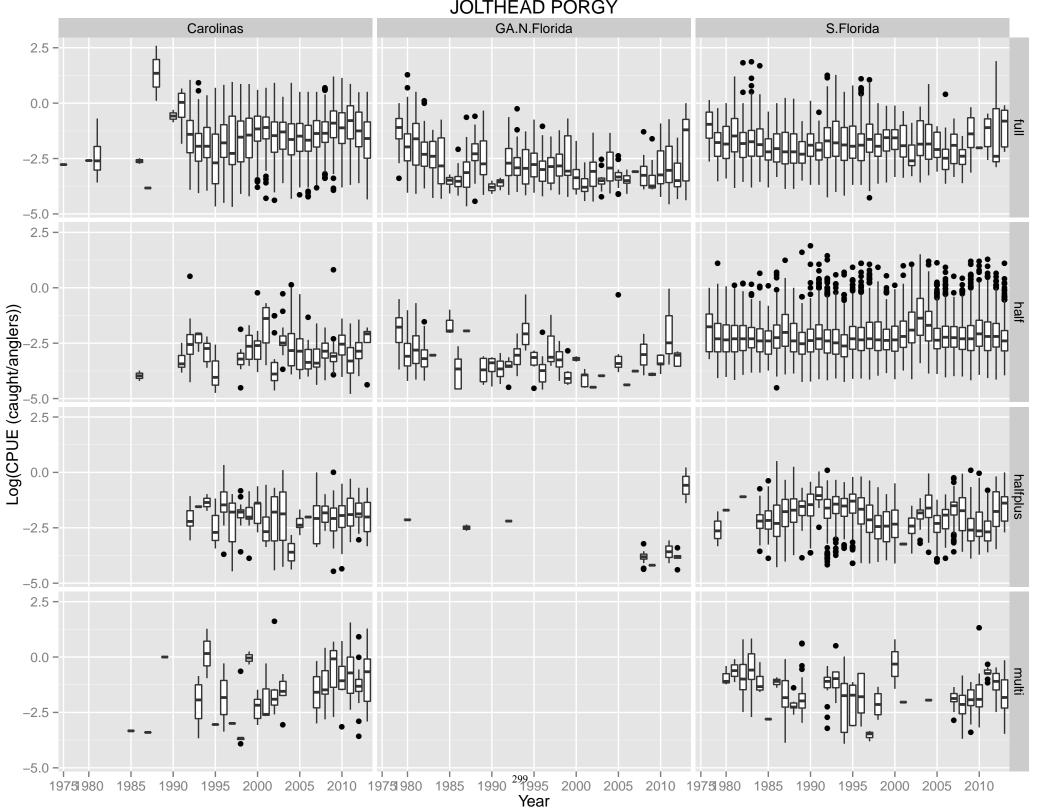




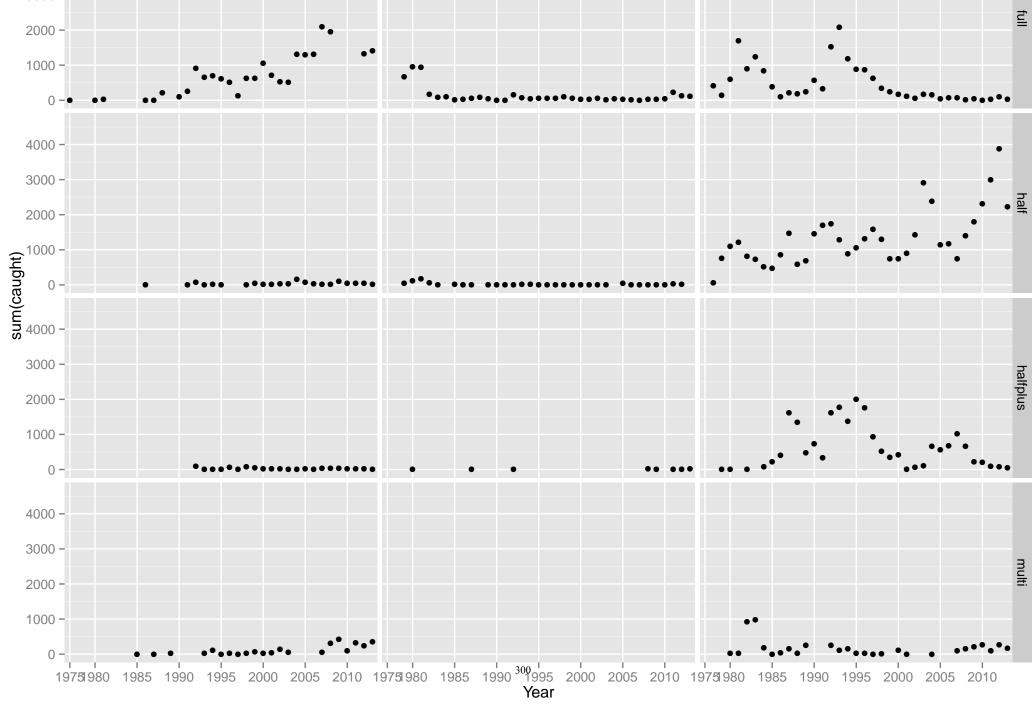




**JOLTHEAD PORGY** 



JOLTHEAD PORGY GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -

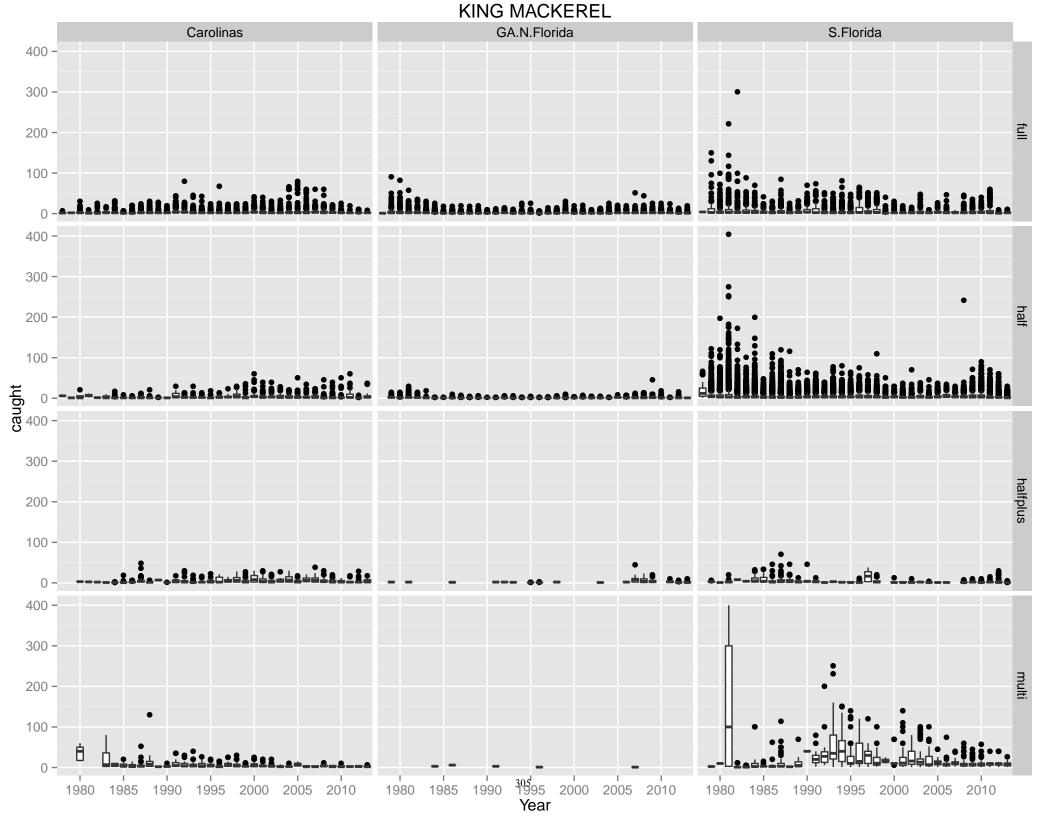


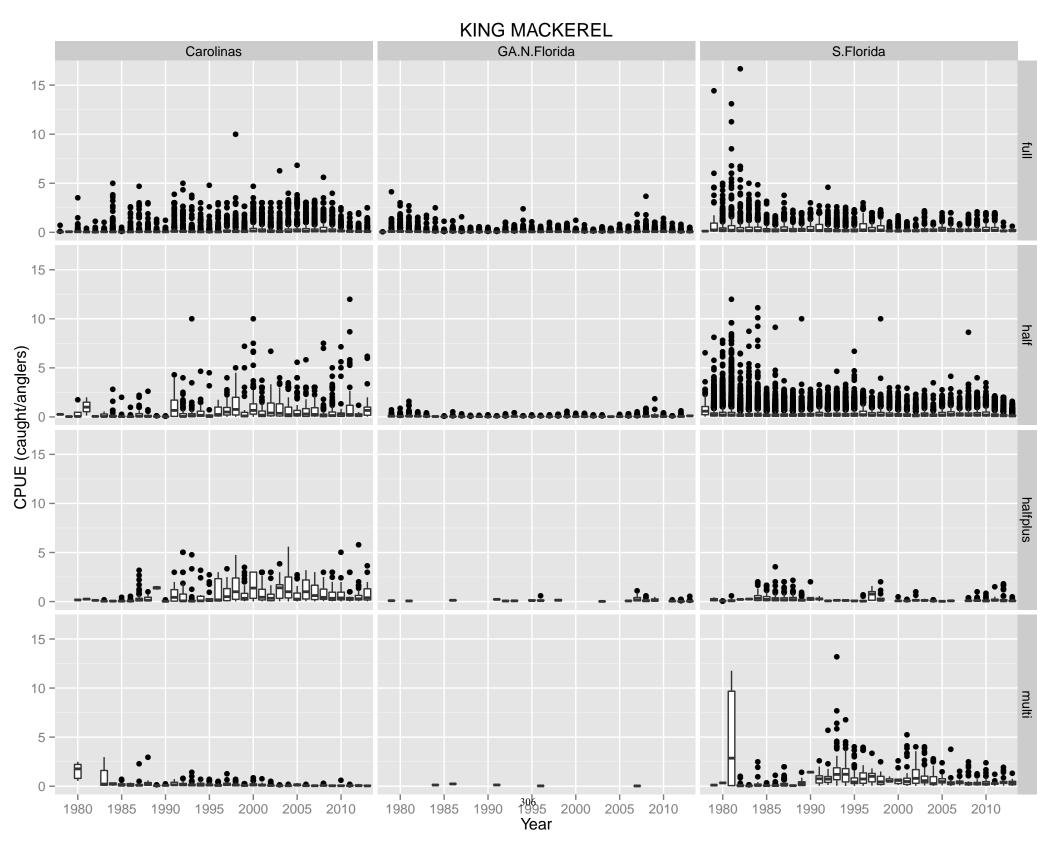
KEY WEST PORGY (KNOBBED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 900 -600 -300 900 -600 -300 caught 900 -600 -300 -900 -600 -300 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

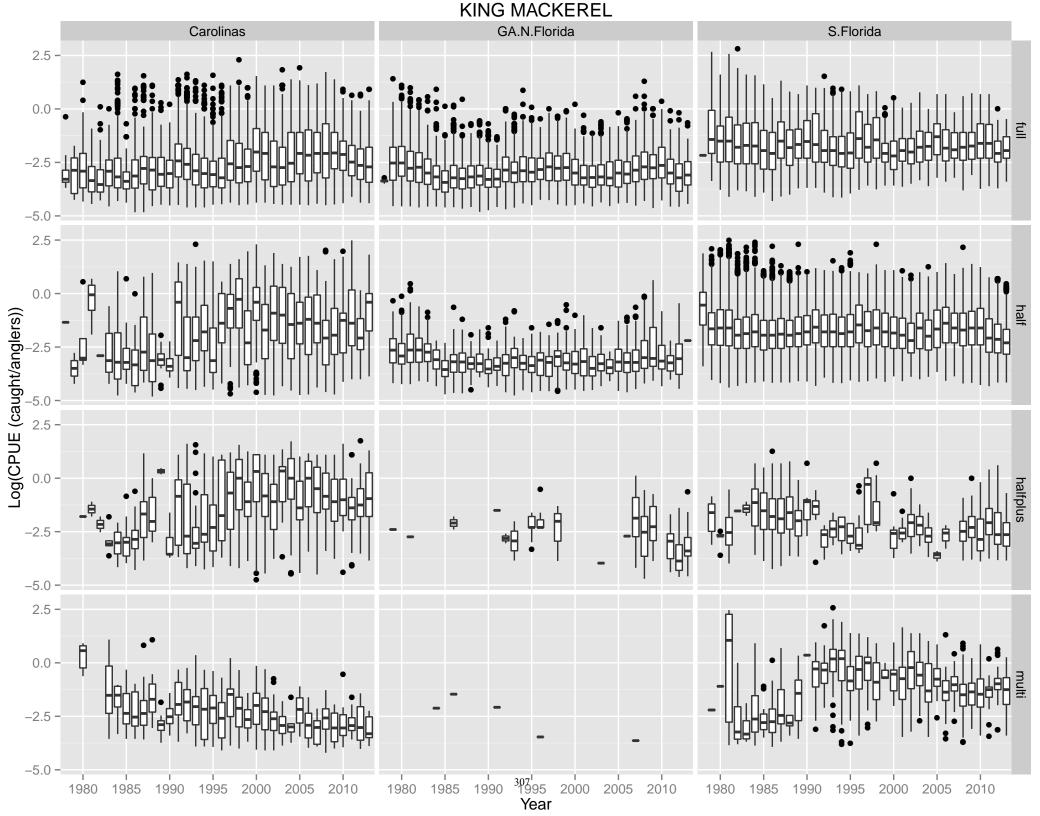
KEY WEST PORGY (KNOBBED) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 30 -20 -30 -20 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 -30 -20 -10 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

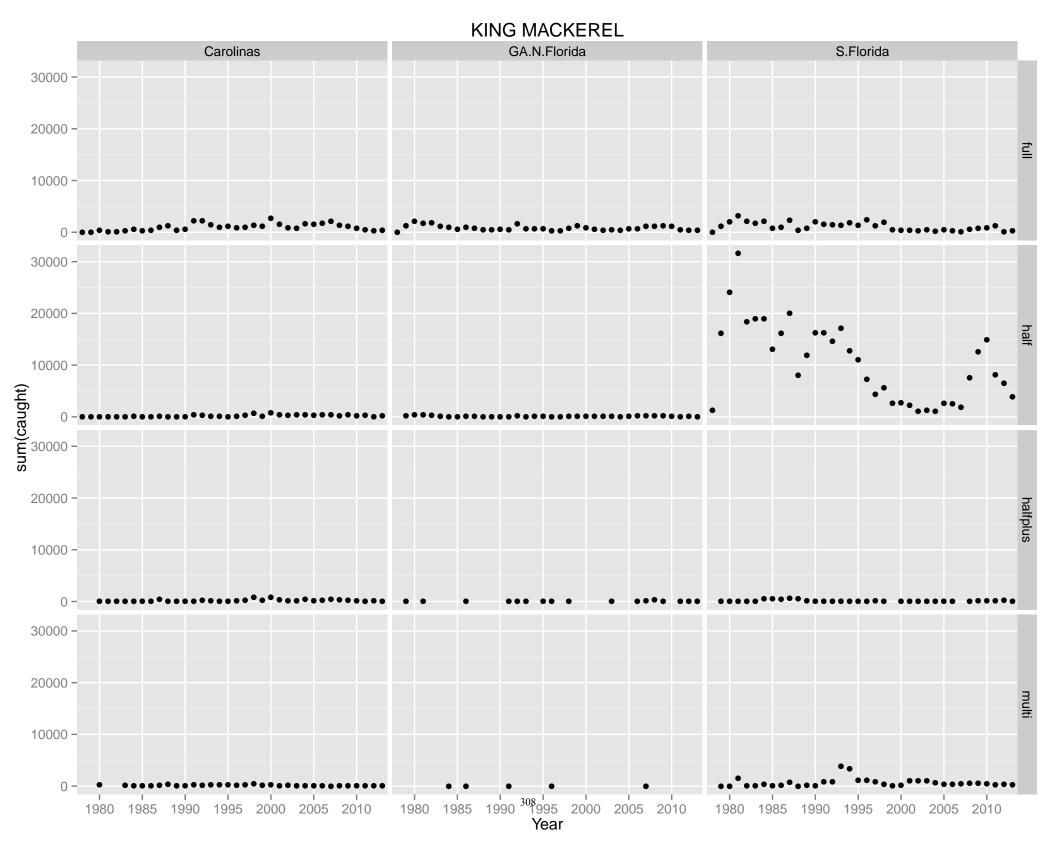
KEY WEST PORGY (KNOBBED) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2.5 -5.02.5 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 -0.0 --2.5-5.0 · 2.5 -0.0 --2.5 -5.01990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

KEY WEST PORGY (KNOBBED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 12000 -8000 -4000 12000 -8000 -4000 sum(caught) 8000 -4000 -0 -12000 -8000 -4000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year







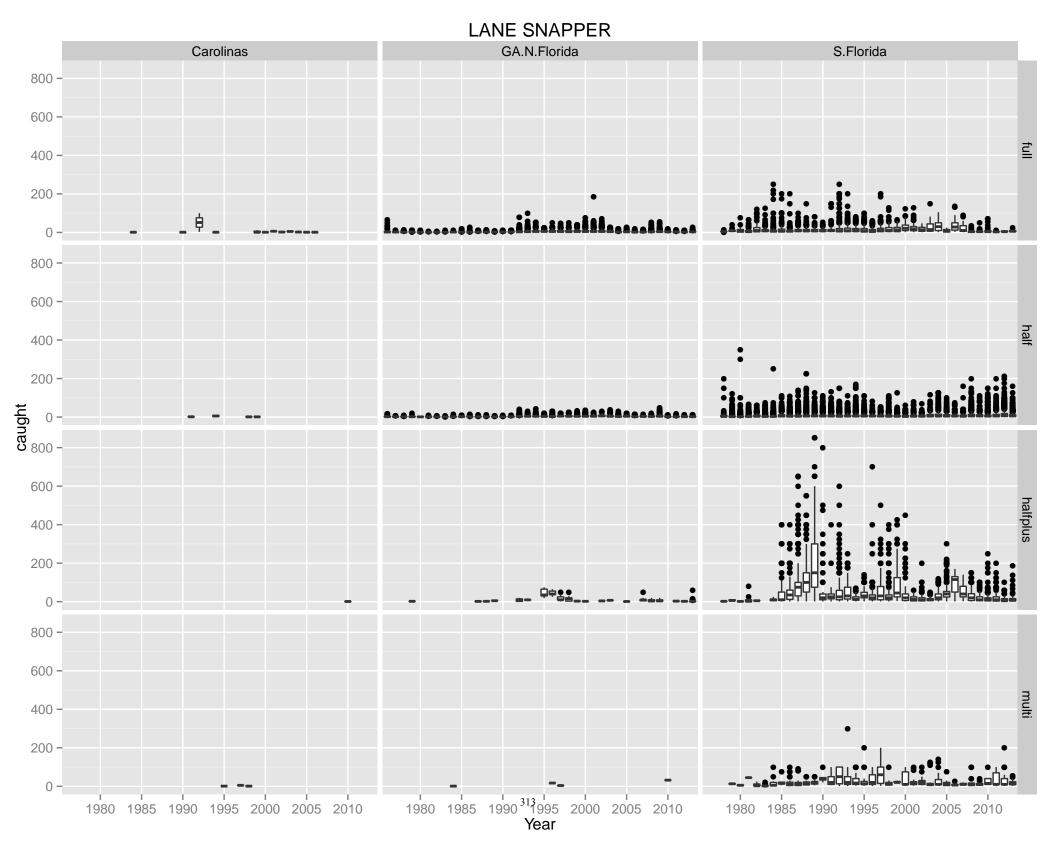


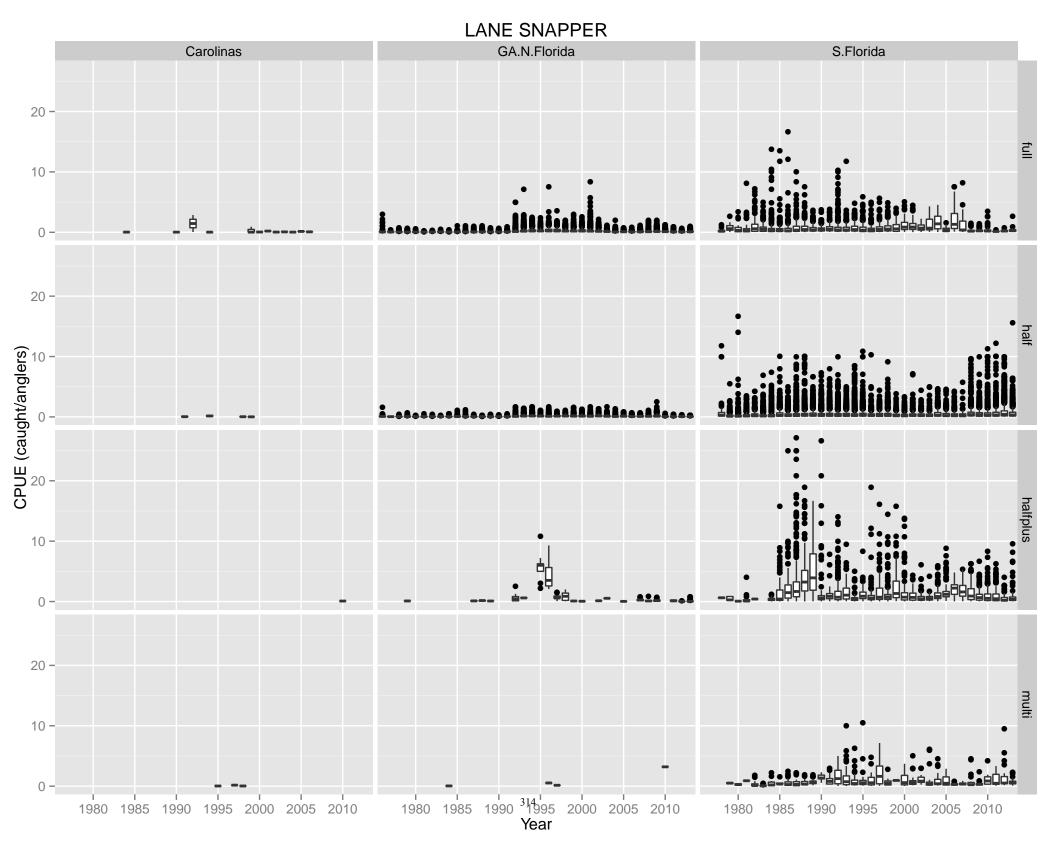
KINGFISHES UNIDENTIFIED (WHITINGS, SEA MULLET) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -100 þ 0 -300 caught 100 -0 300 halfplus 200 -100 -0 -1995 **Year** 1980 1985 2000 1980 1985 1995 2000 2005 2010 2005 2010 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1995

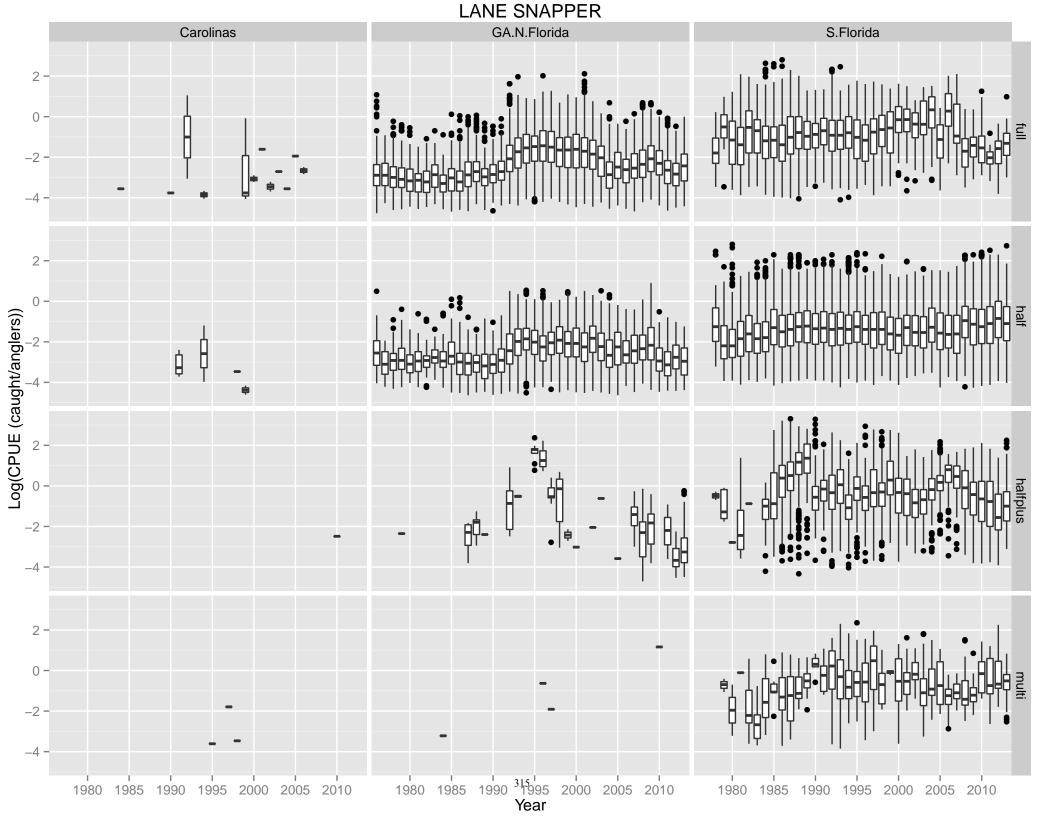
KINGFISHES UNIDENTIFIED (WHITINGS, SEA MULLET) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 20 -10 -0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 0 20 halfplus 10 -1995 2 **Year** 2000 1980 1985 1995 2005 2010 1980 1985 2005 2010 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 2000

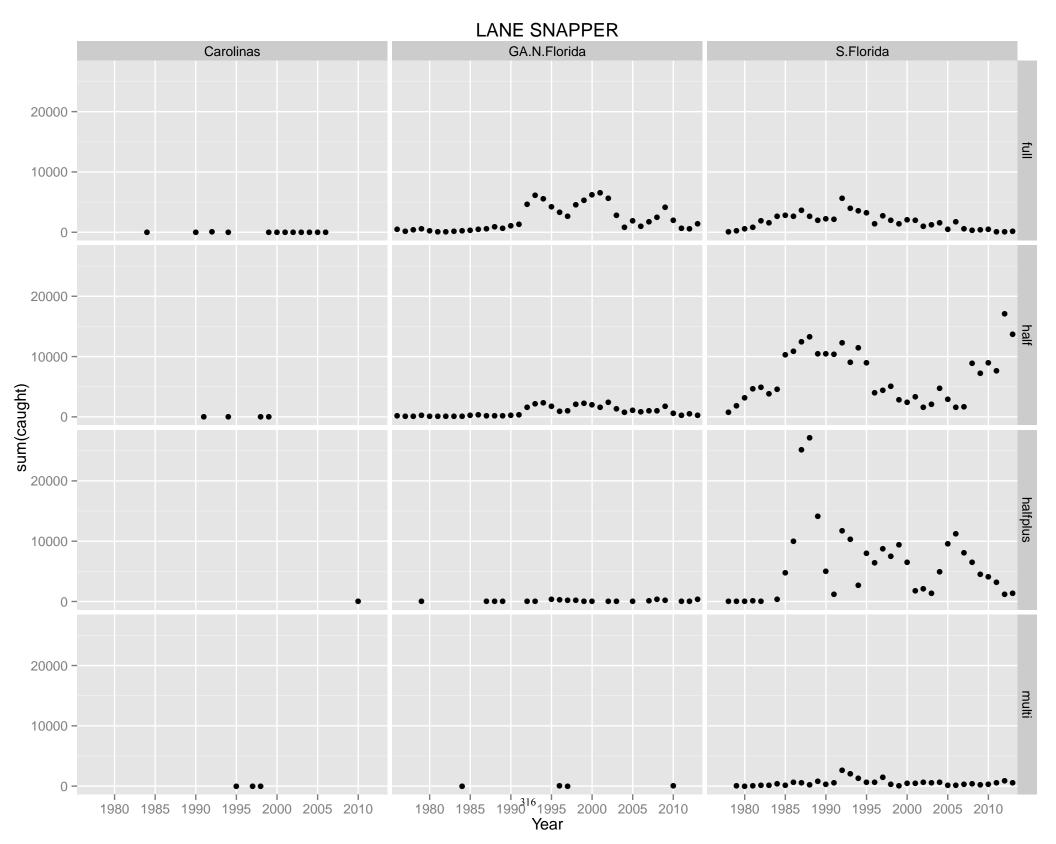
KINGFISHES UNIDENTIFIED (WHITINGS, SEA MULLET) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2 -0 þ -2 --4 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2 -0 halfplus -2 -1995 Year 2000 2005 1980 1985 1995 2005 2010 1980 1985 2010 1980 1985 1995 2010 2000 2000 2005

KINGFISHES UNIDENTIFIED (WHITINGS, SEA MULLET) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 3000 -2000 -1000 -0 -3000 sum(caught) 1000 -3000 halfplus 2000 -1000 -1995 **Year** 2000 2010 1980 1985 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1995 2010 1980 1985 1995 2005 2000 2005

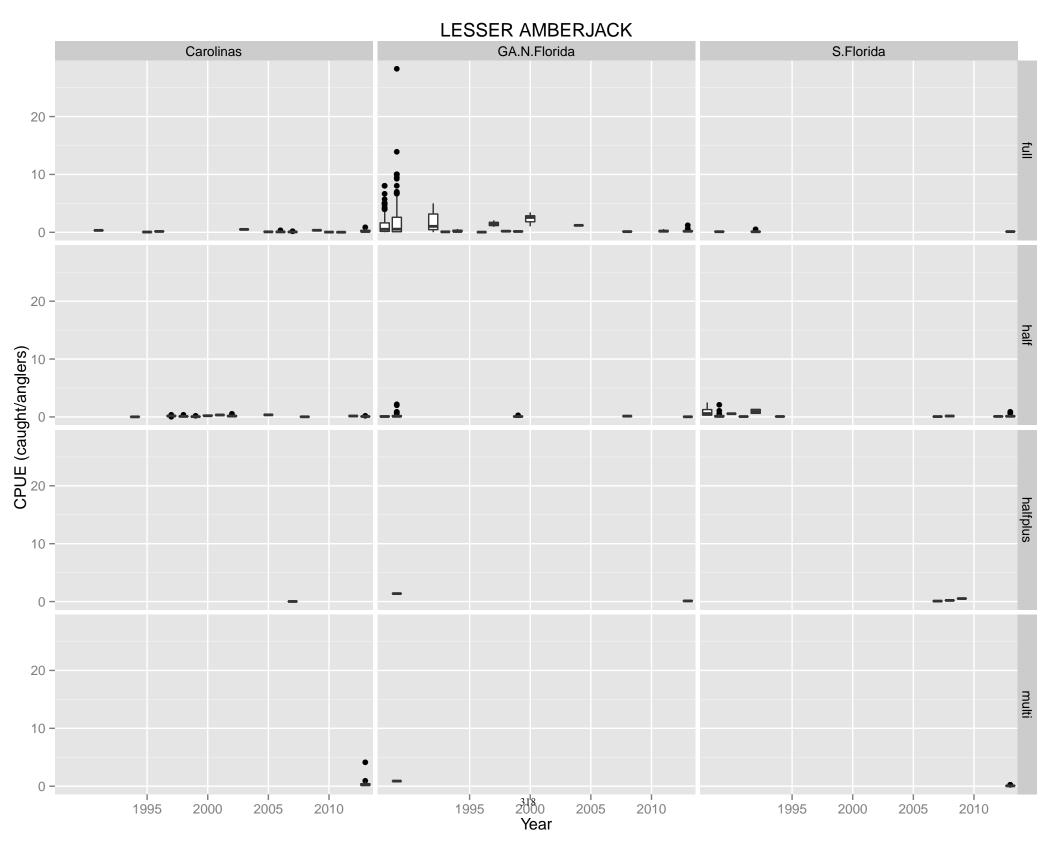








LESSER AMBERJACK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -0 -600 -400 half 200 caught 400 halfplus 200 -0 -600 -400 -200 -0 -1995 1995 3000 Year 2005 2000 2005 2010 1995 2000 2010 2005 2010



LESSER AMBERJACK Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -P þ 0 -申 申 P -2 -自 申 -4 -2 -B Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) þ 阜 halfplus -2 **-**₿ -4 -2 -0 --2 --4 -

> 2000 Year

2005

2010

1995

2000

2005

2010

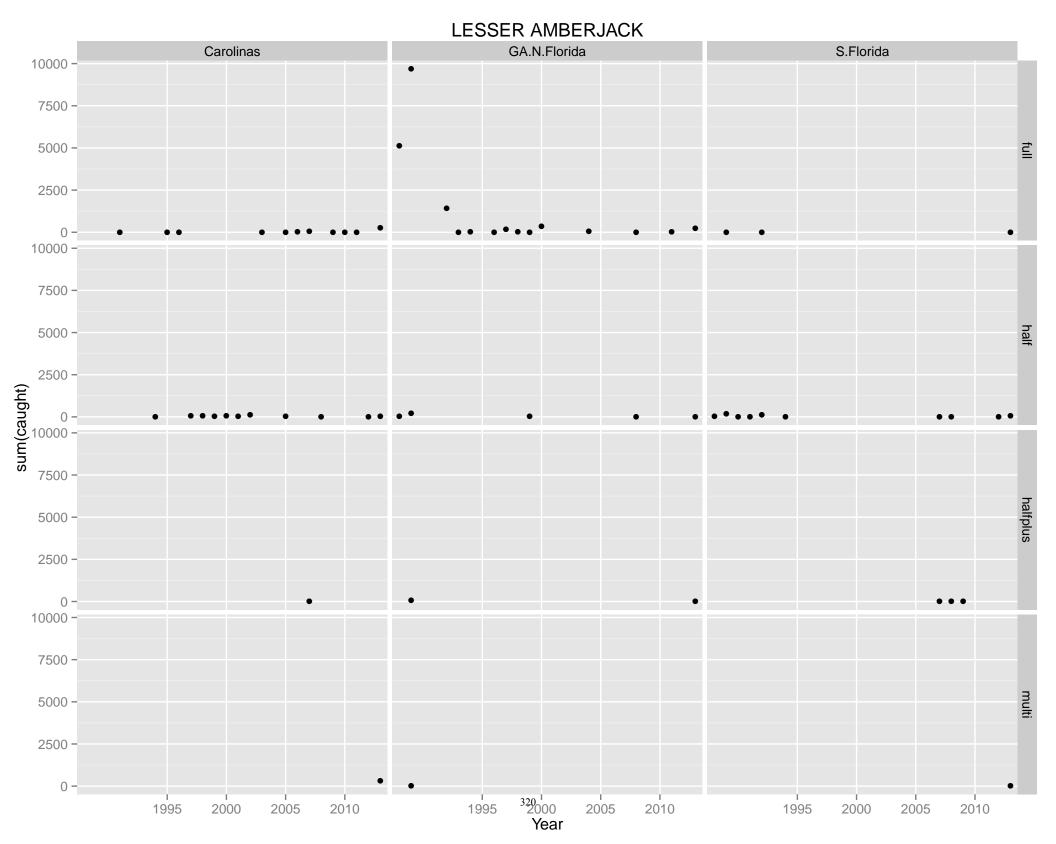
1995

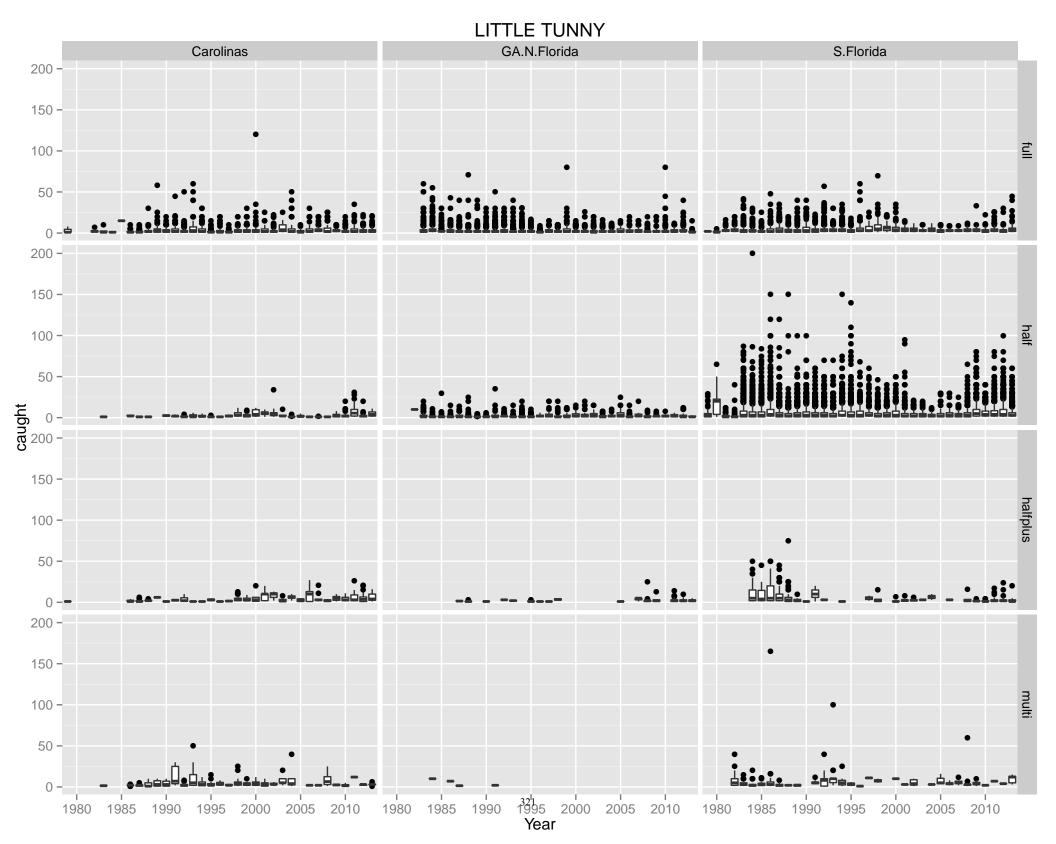
2010

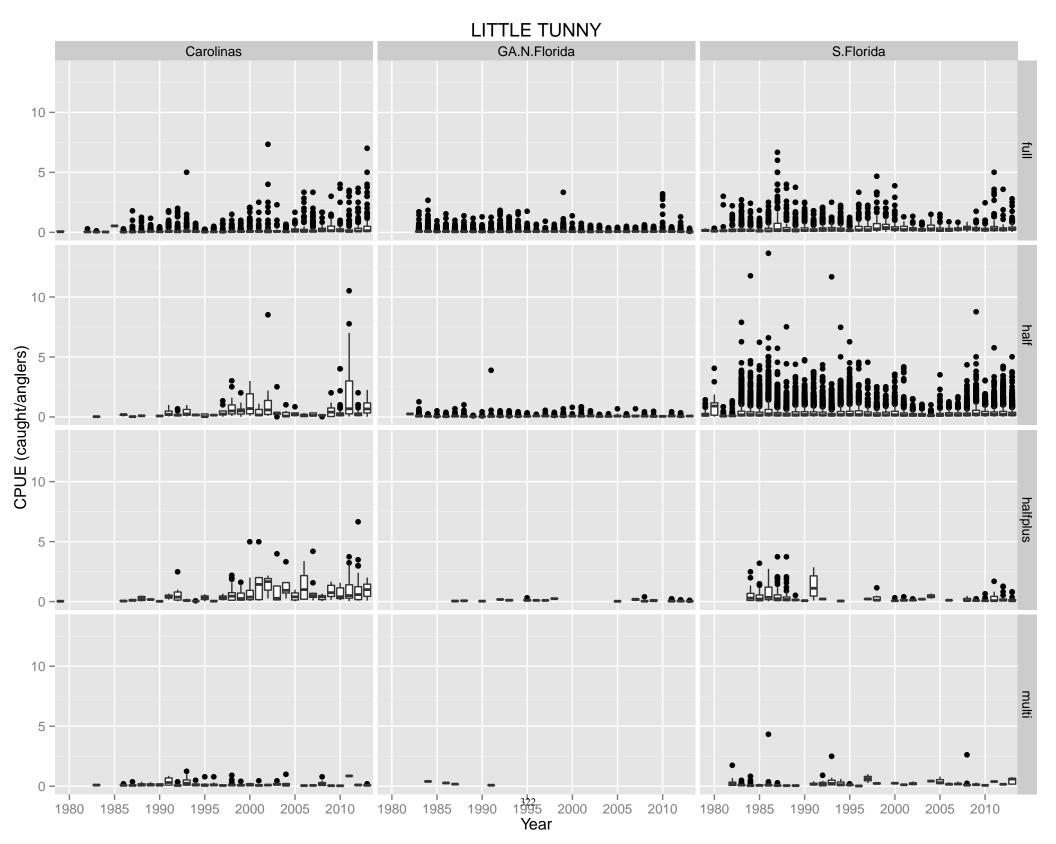
1 1995

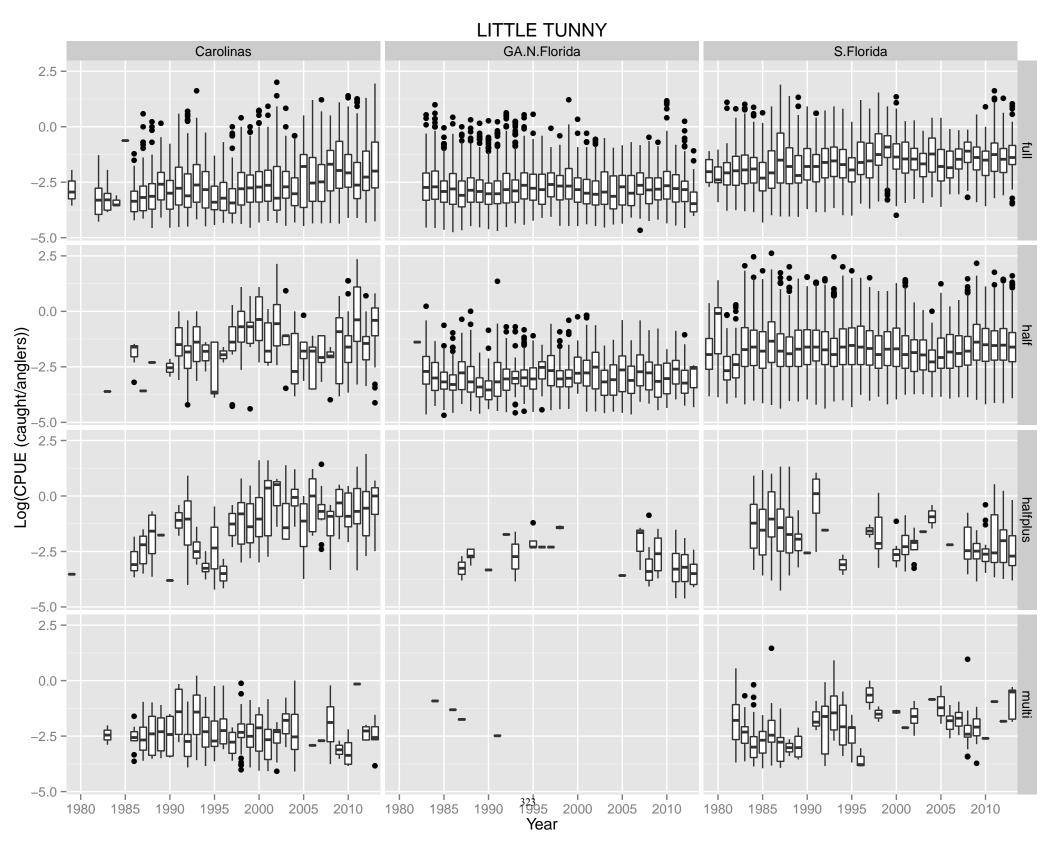
2000

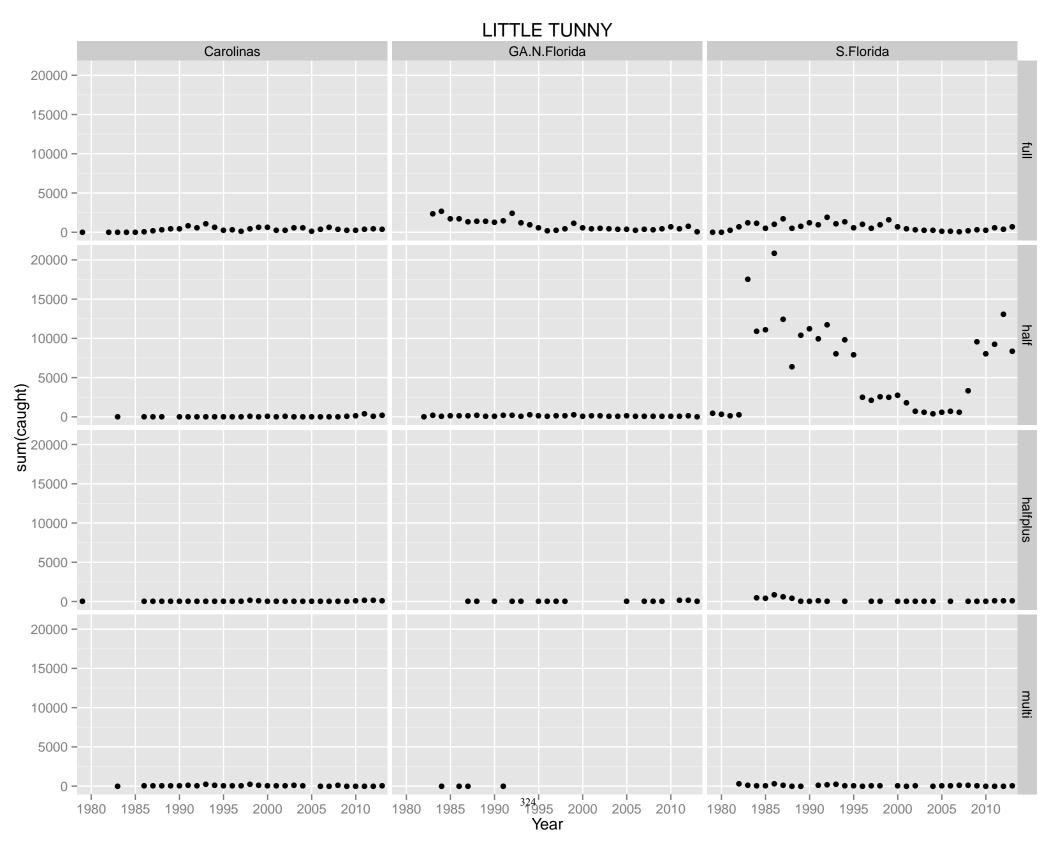
2005

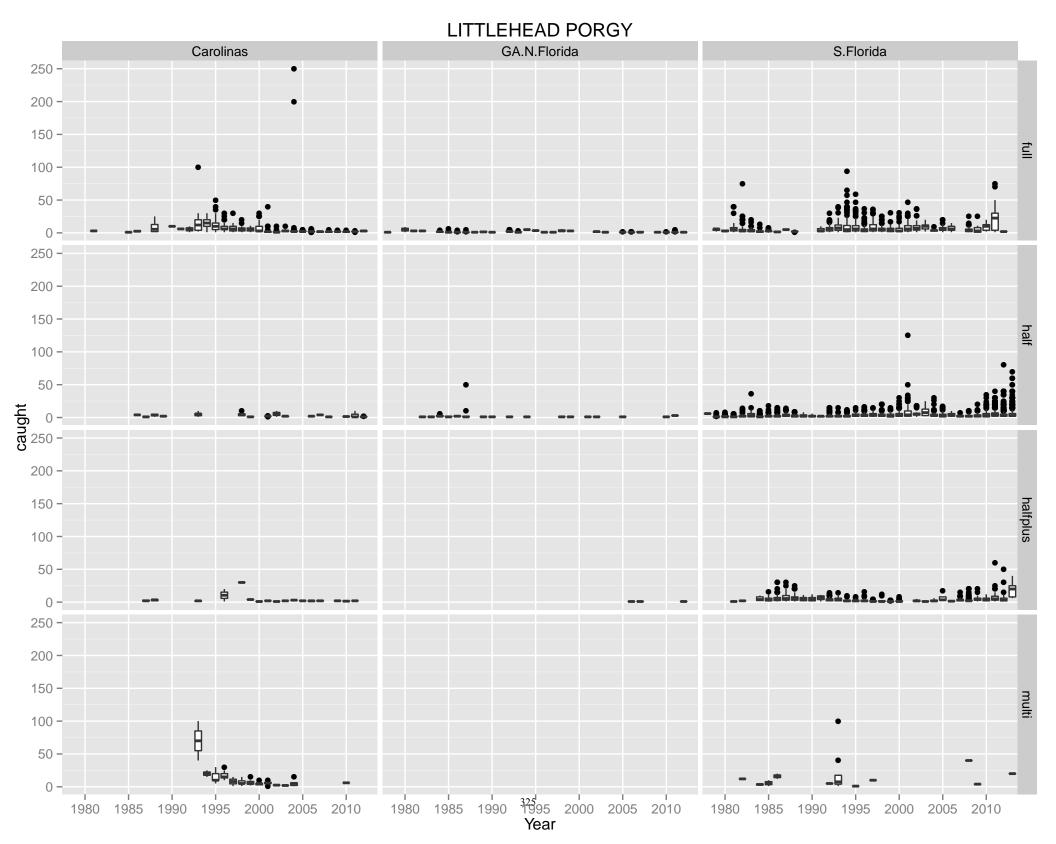


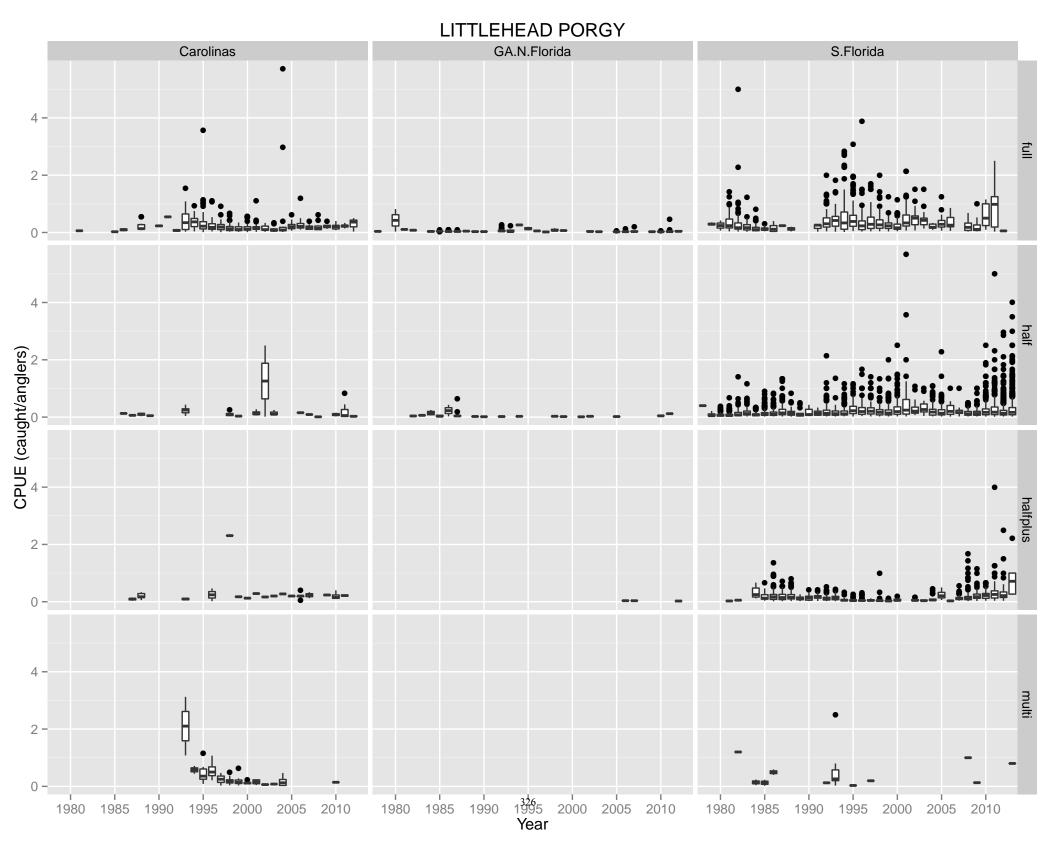


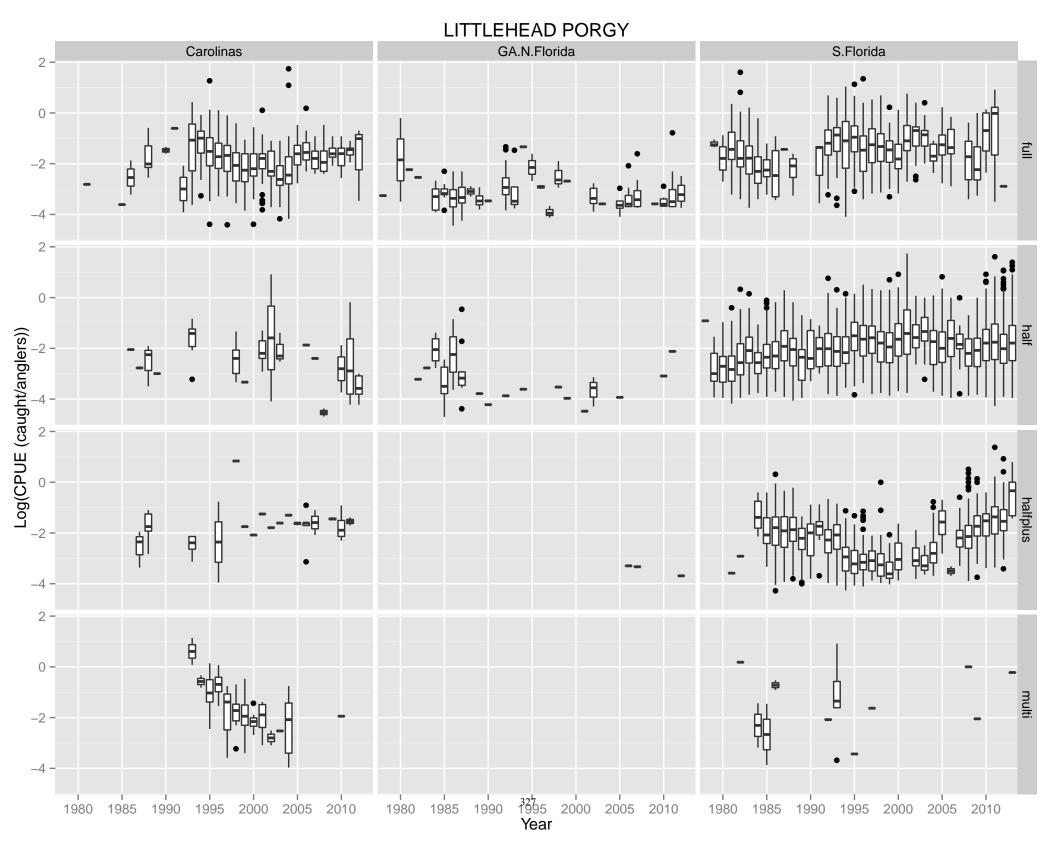


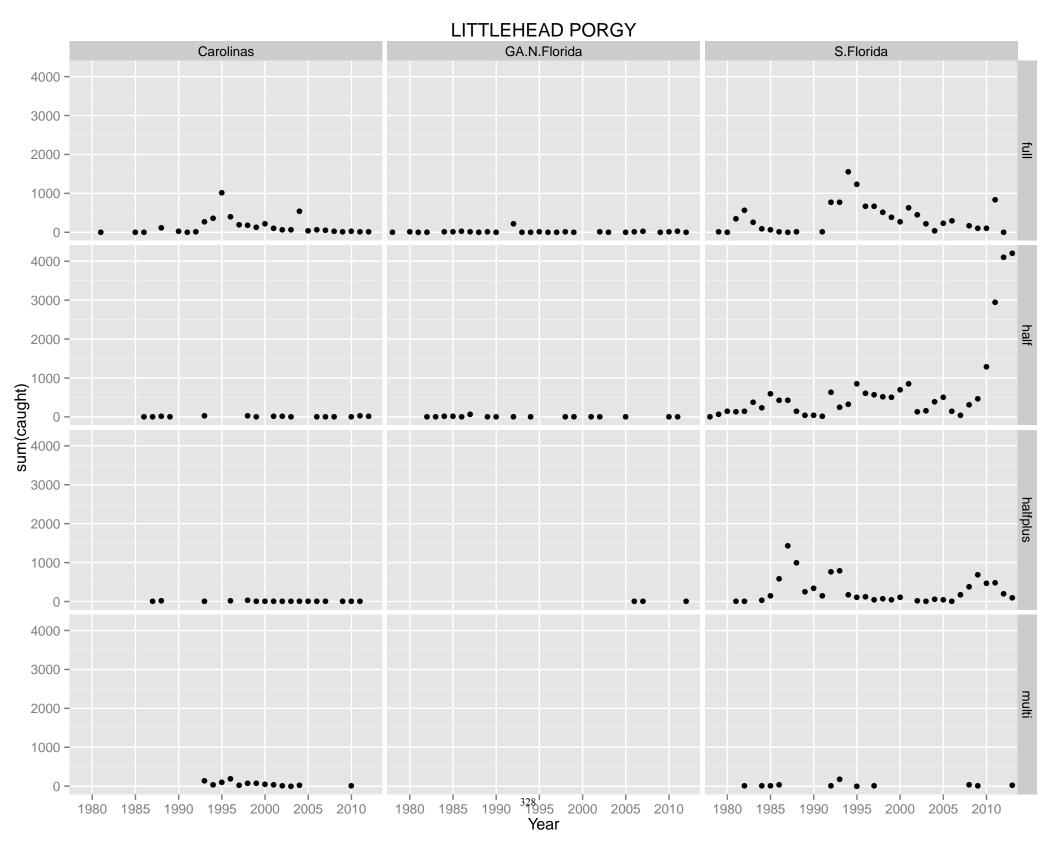


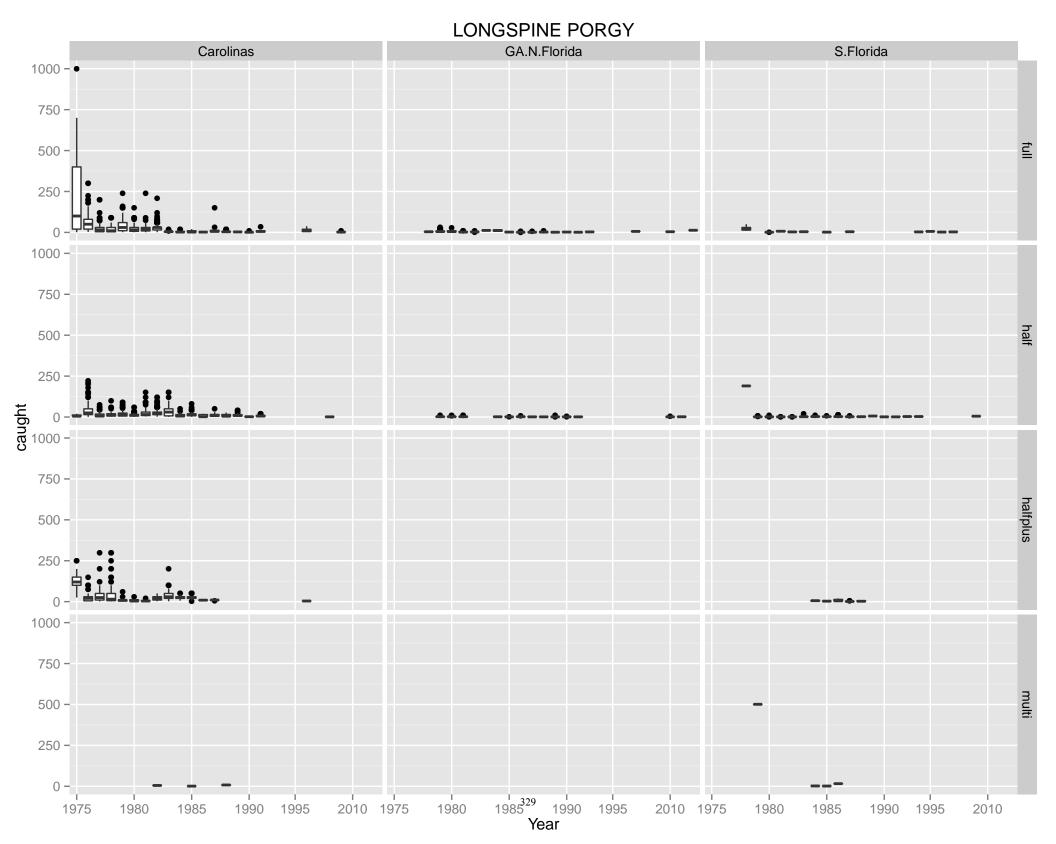












LONGSPINE PORGY GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 25 - • 20 - • 15 -10 25 -20 -15 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 10 -25 -20 -15 -

1985 <sup>330</sup> 1990

Year

1980

2010 1975

1995

2010 1975

1980

1990

1995

1985

2010

10 -

5 -

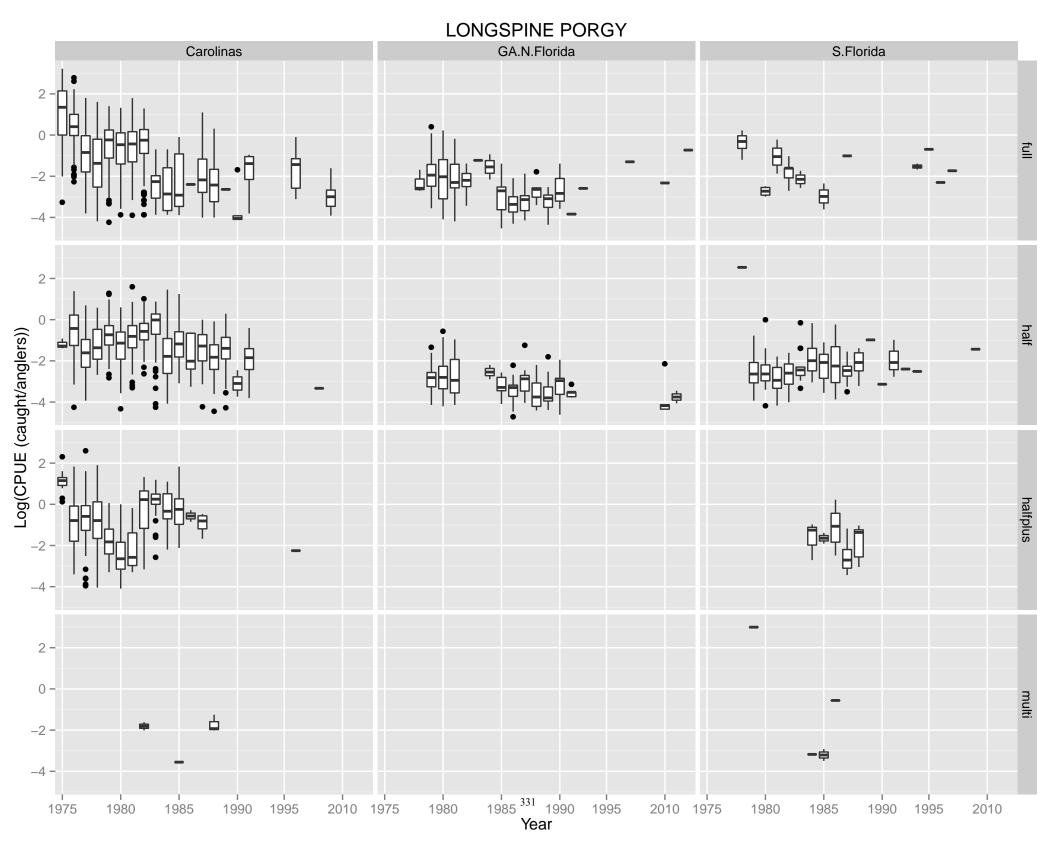
1975

1990

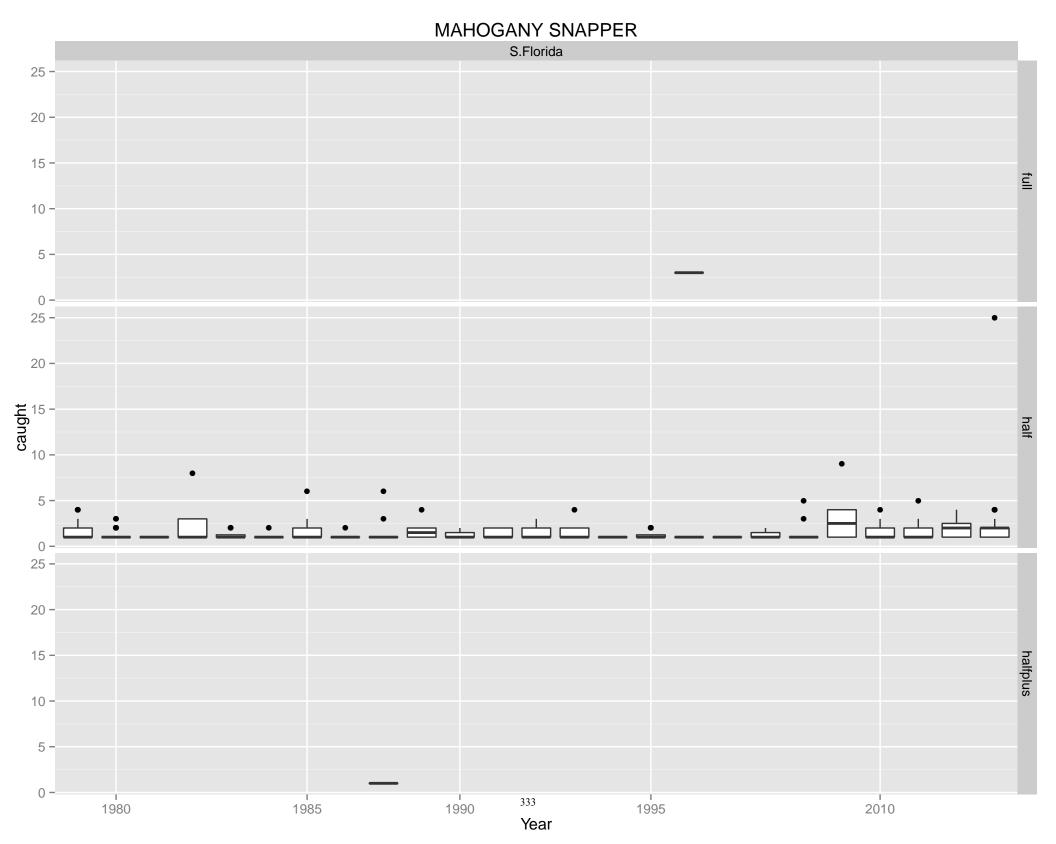
1985

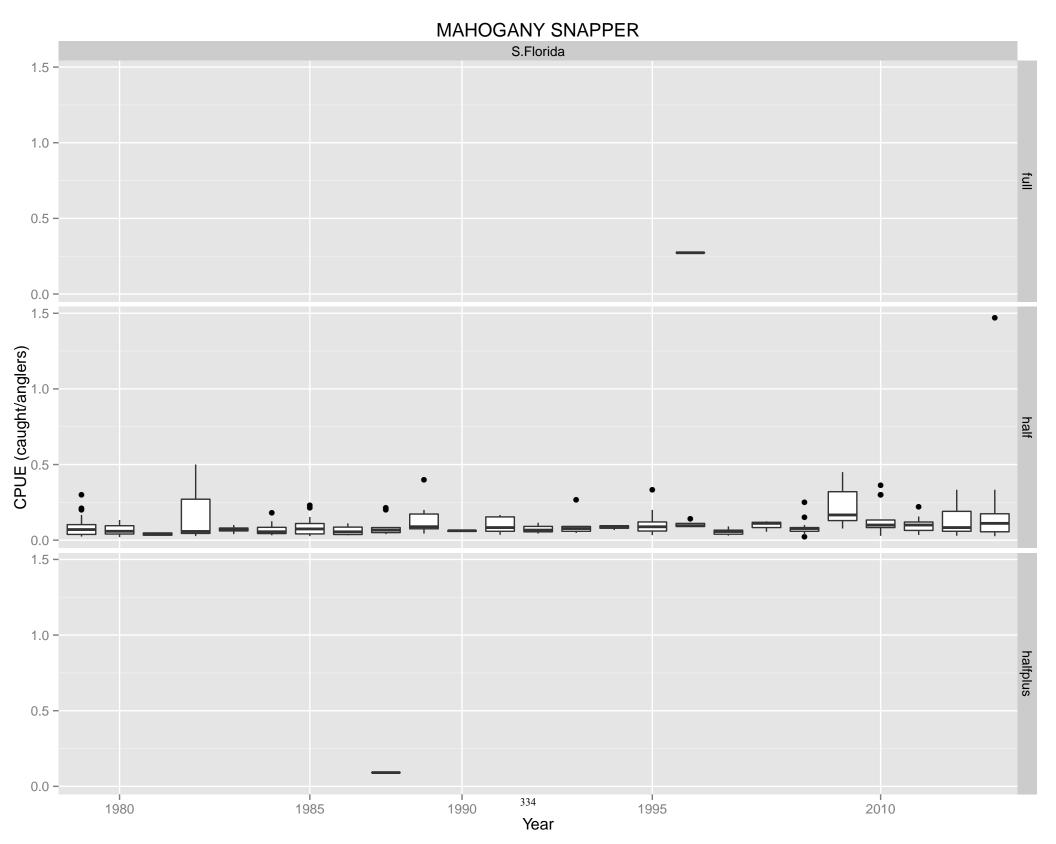
1980

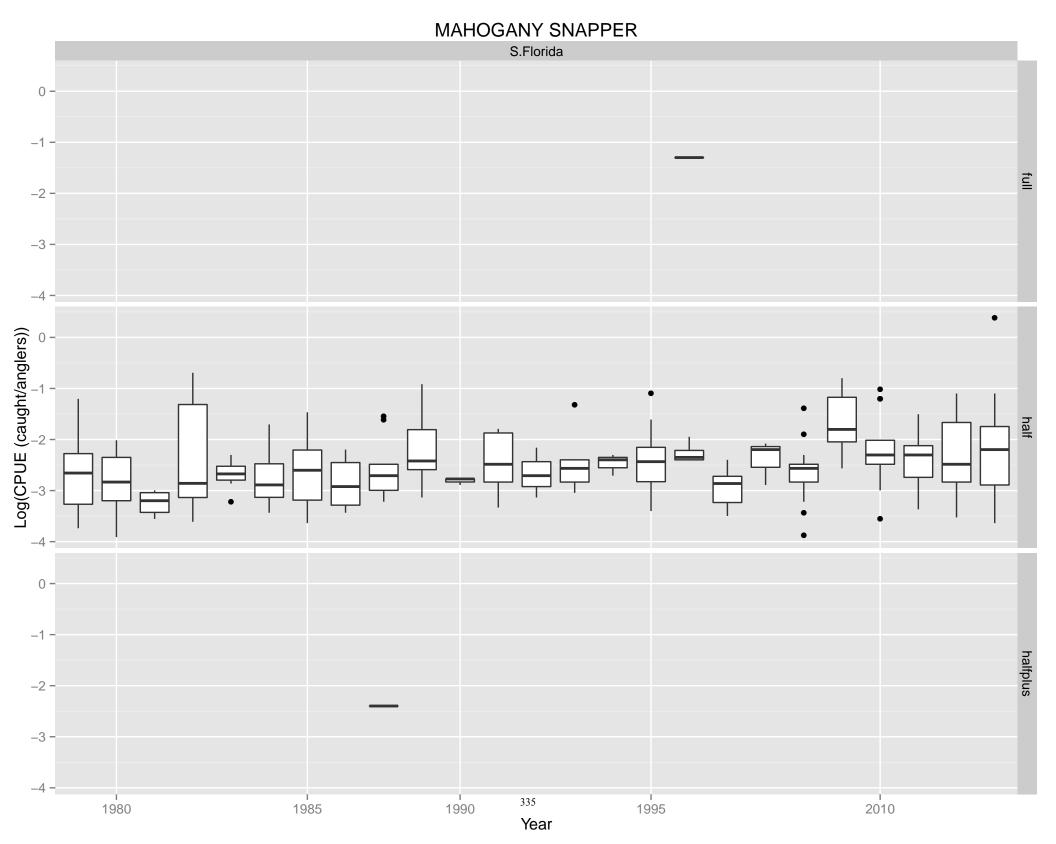
1995

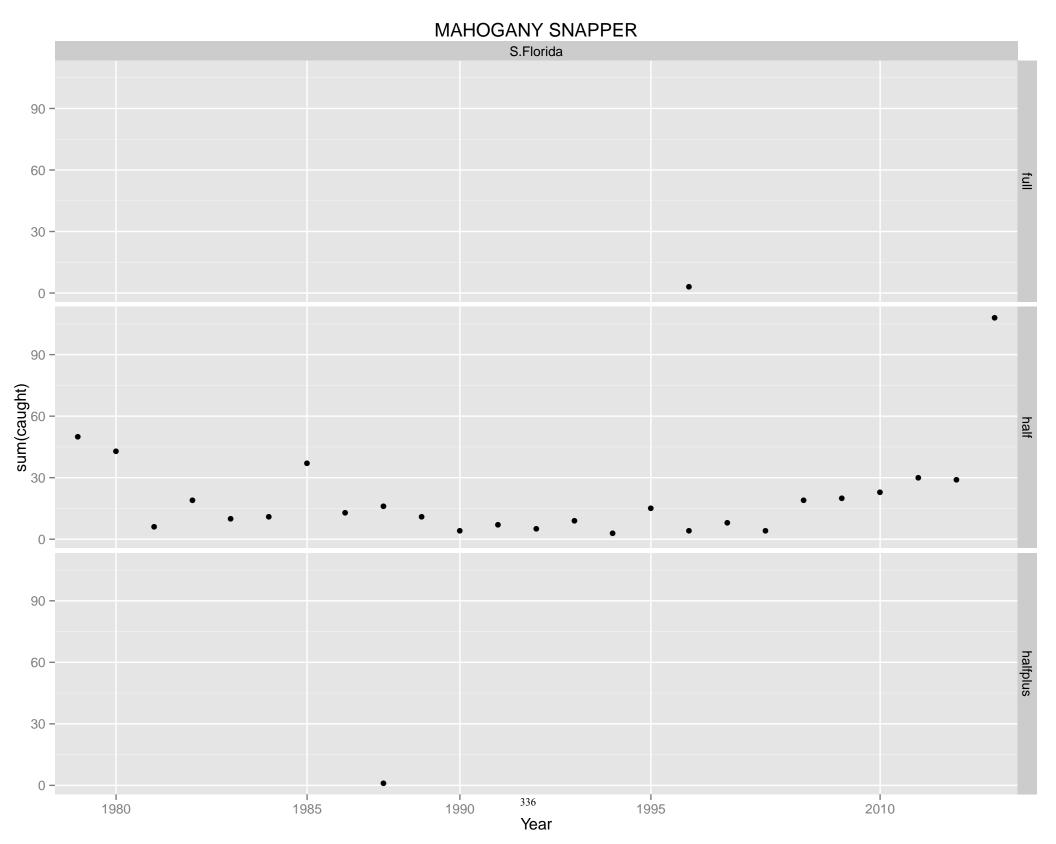


LONGSPINE PORGY Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 15000 -10000 -5000 -0 -15000 -10000 -5000 sum(caught) 10000 halfplus 5000 15000 -10000 -5000 -2010 1975 1980 1990 1995 1975 1990 1995 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2010 1980 1985 Year









**MARGATE** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -0 --300 -200 -100 caught - 0 0 -200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -0 -<sup>3</sup>37 1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1985 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980

MARGATE Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 15 -10 -5 -0 --15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5 -0 -15 -10 -5 -338<sup>l</sup> 1995 **Year** 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 1980 1985 1990 2000 2005 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2005 2010

**MARGATE** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 --2.5 **-**-5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers)) þ -5.0 · 2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**-5.0 -2.5 -0.0 --2.5 --5.0 **-**1990 <sup>339</sup>1995 **Year** 2005 2010 2000 2010

2000

1995

1980

1985

1990

2005

2010

1980

1985

2005

1980

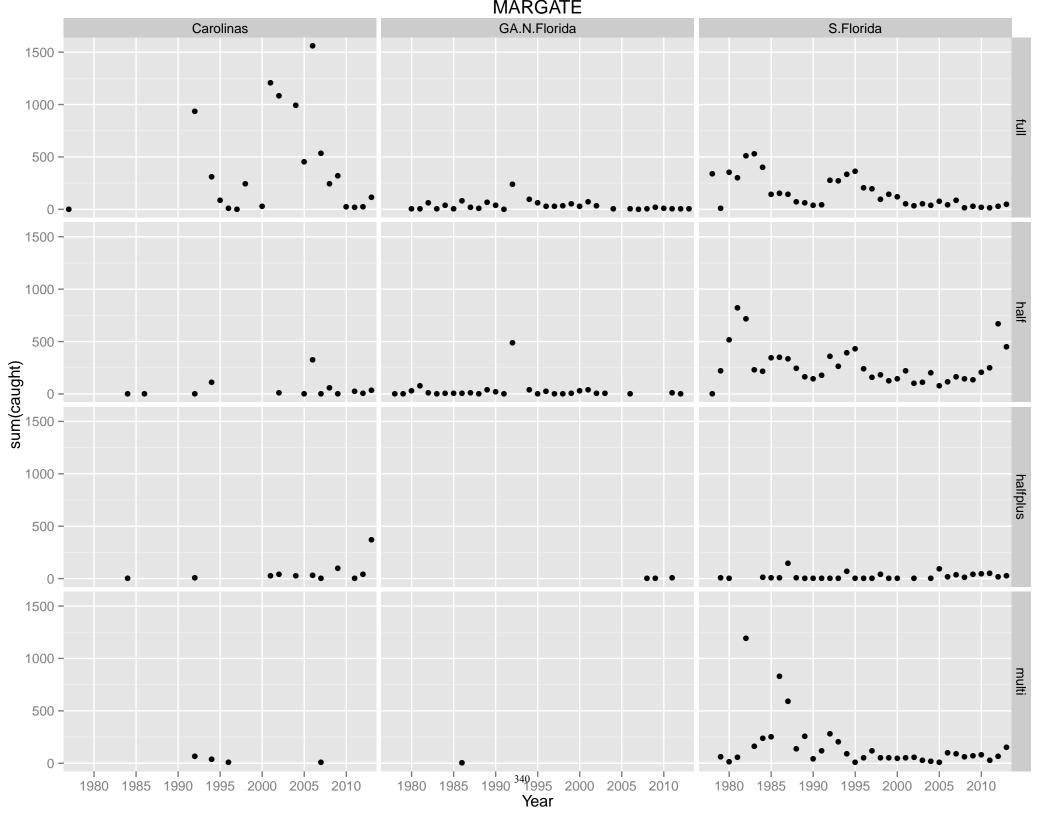
1985

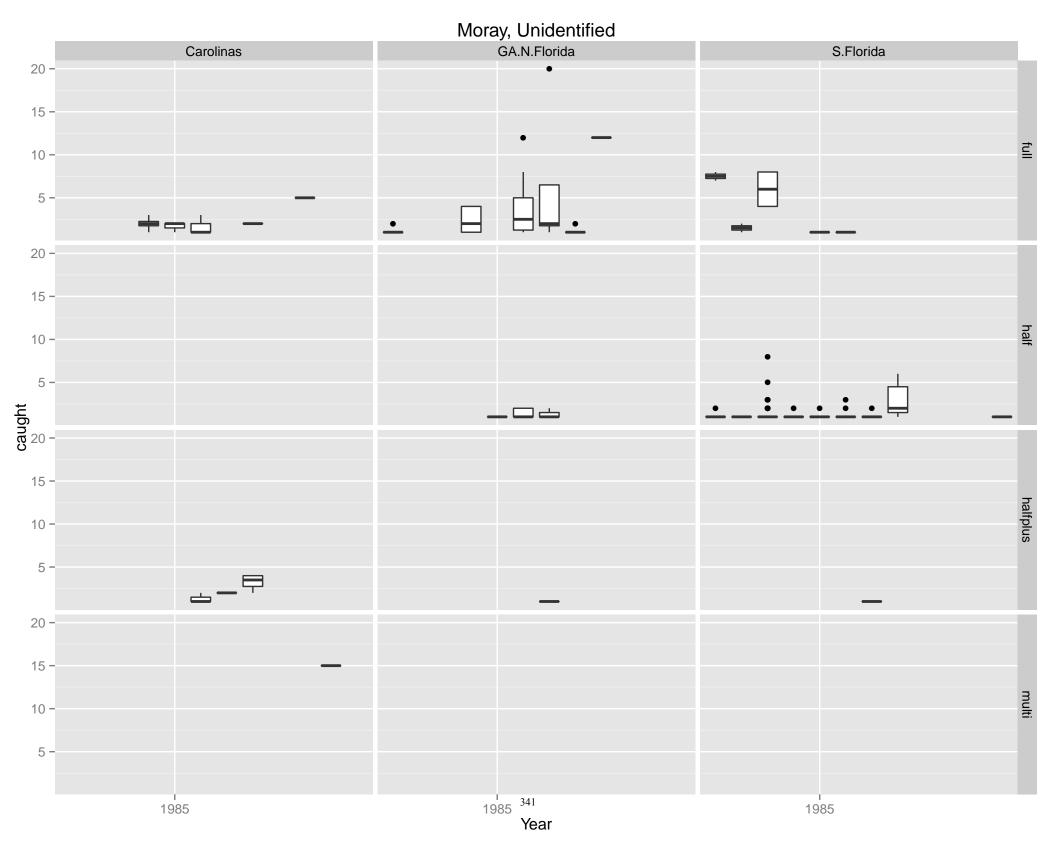
1990

1995

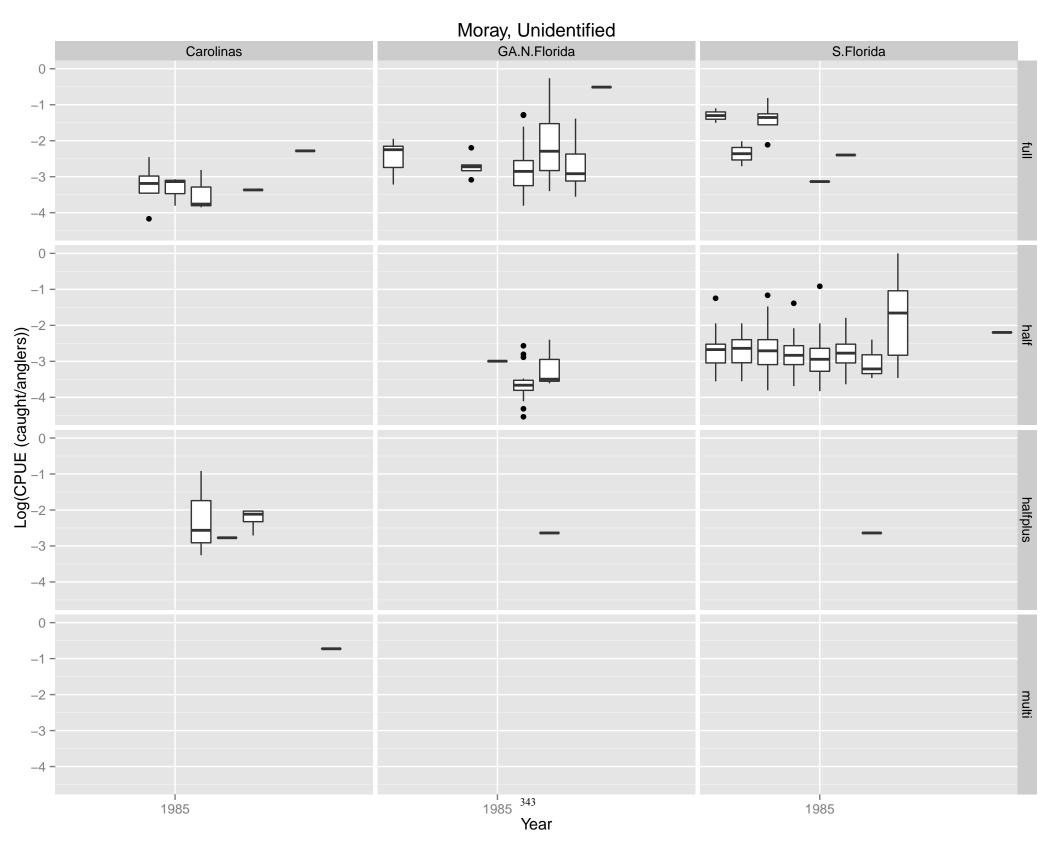
2000

MARGATE Carolinas

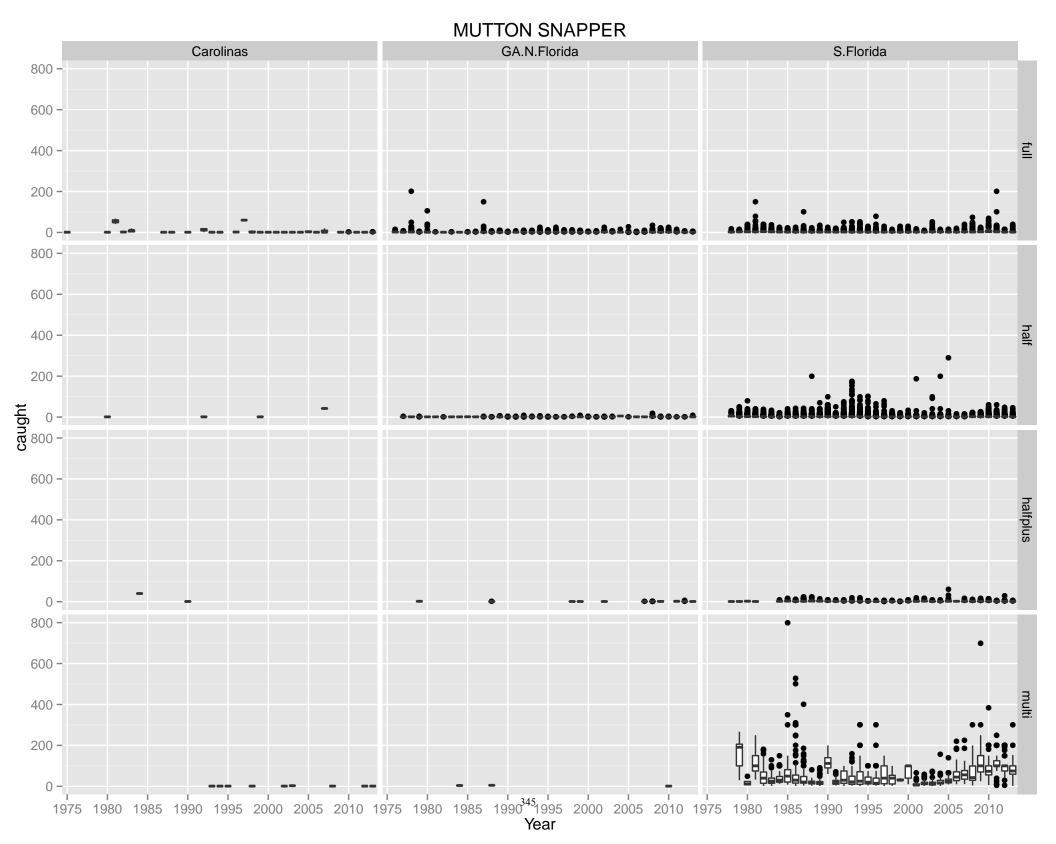


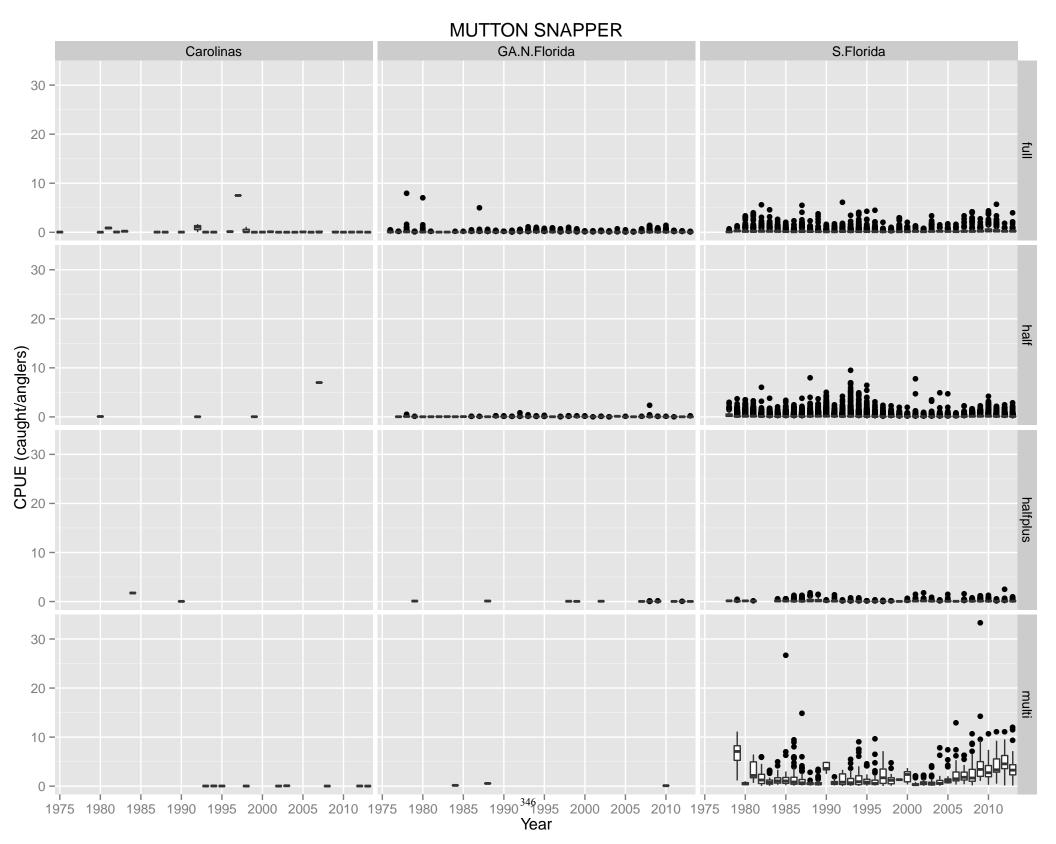


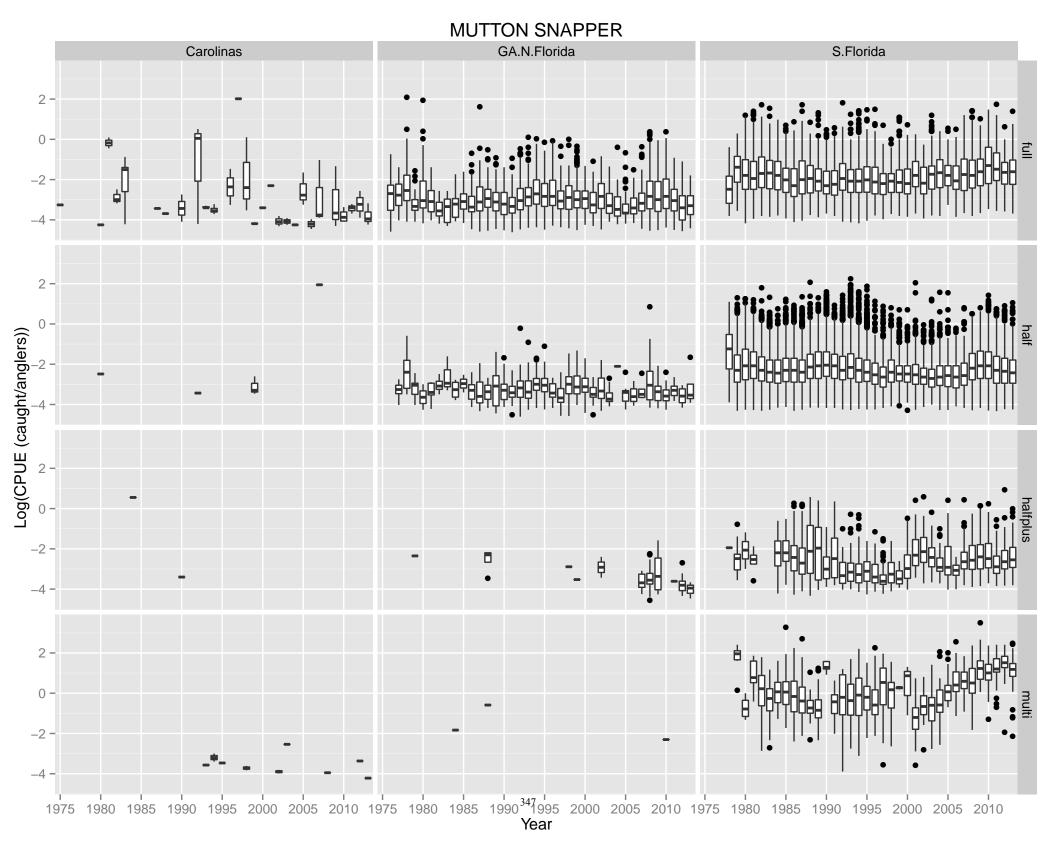
Moray, Unidentified GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 1.00 -0.75 -0.50 -0.25 - $\Rightarrow$ 0.00 -1.00 -0.75 -0.50 -CPUE (caught/anglers) - 0.50 - 0.00 - 0.75 halfplus 0.50 -0.25 -0.00 -1.00 -0.75 -0.50 -0.25 -0.00 -1985 1985 Year

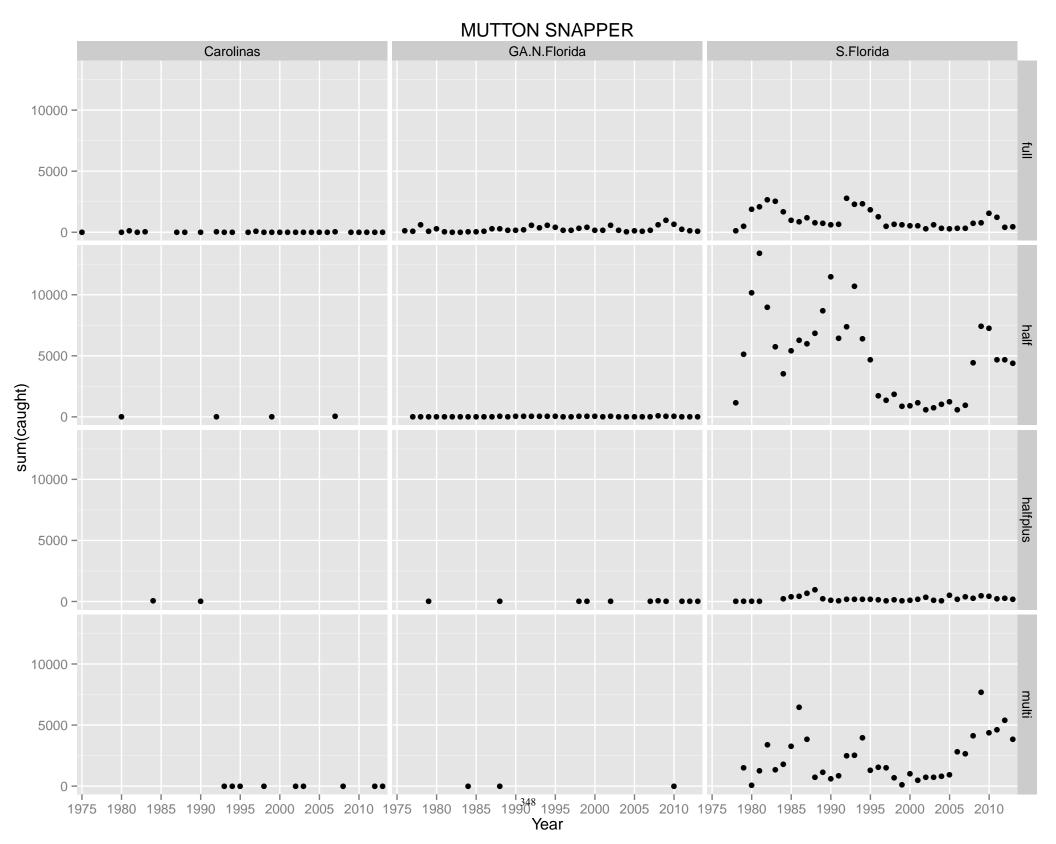


Moray, Unidentified GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 80 -60 -40 -20 -0 **-**80 **-**60 -40 sum(caught) - 08 - 08 - 08 40 -20 -0 -80 -60 -40 -20 -0 -1985 1985 Year



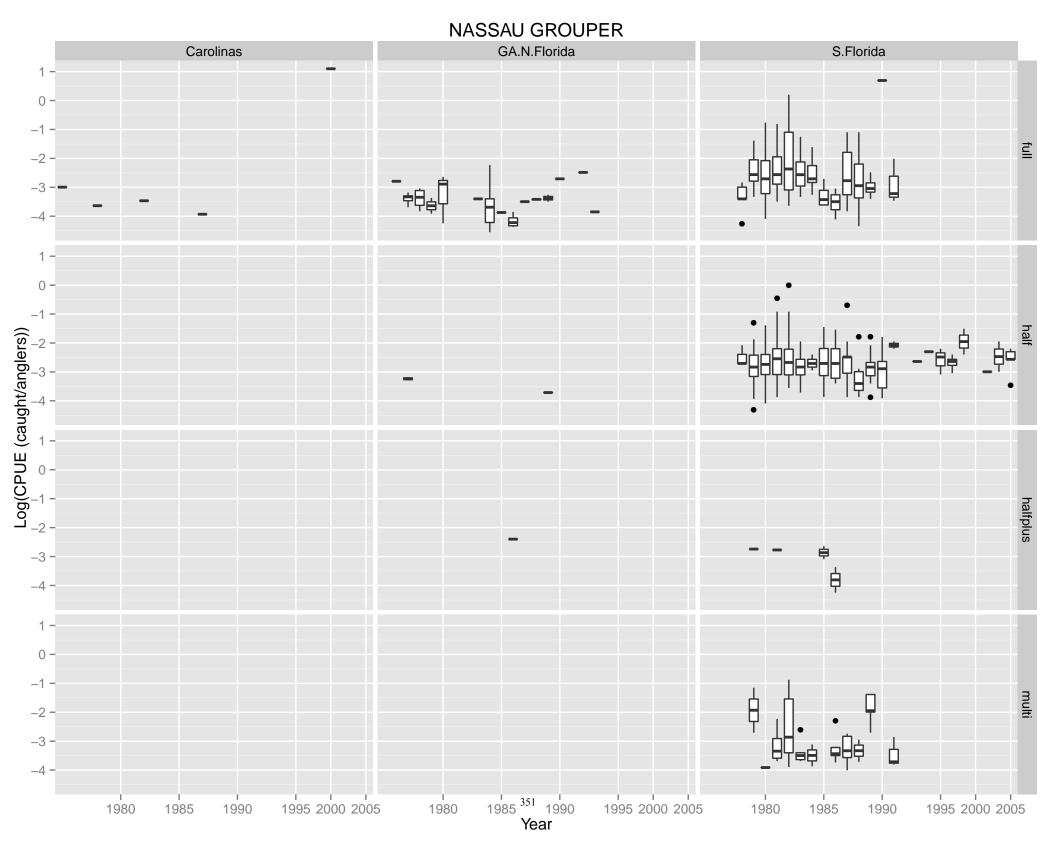






NASSAU GROUPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 25 -20 -15 -10 -5 -25 <del>-</del> 20 -15 -10 -5 caught 20 halfplus 15 -10 -5 -25 <del>-</del> 20 -15 -10 -5 -0 -1980 1995 2000 2005 1980 1985 <sup>349</sup> 1990 1995 2000 2005 1985 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 Year

NASSAU GROUPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 3 -2 -2 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 1 -0 -3 -2 -1 -0 -1995 2000 2005 1985 1980 1985 <sup>350</sup> 1990 1995 2000 2005 1990 1980 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 Year



NASSAU GROUPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 - • 200 -150 -100 -50 sum(caught) 150 halfplus 100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -

1985<sup>352</sup> 1990

Year

1980

1995 2000 2005

1985

1980

1990

1995 2000 2005

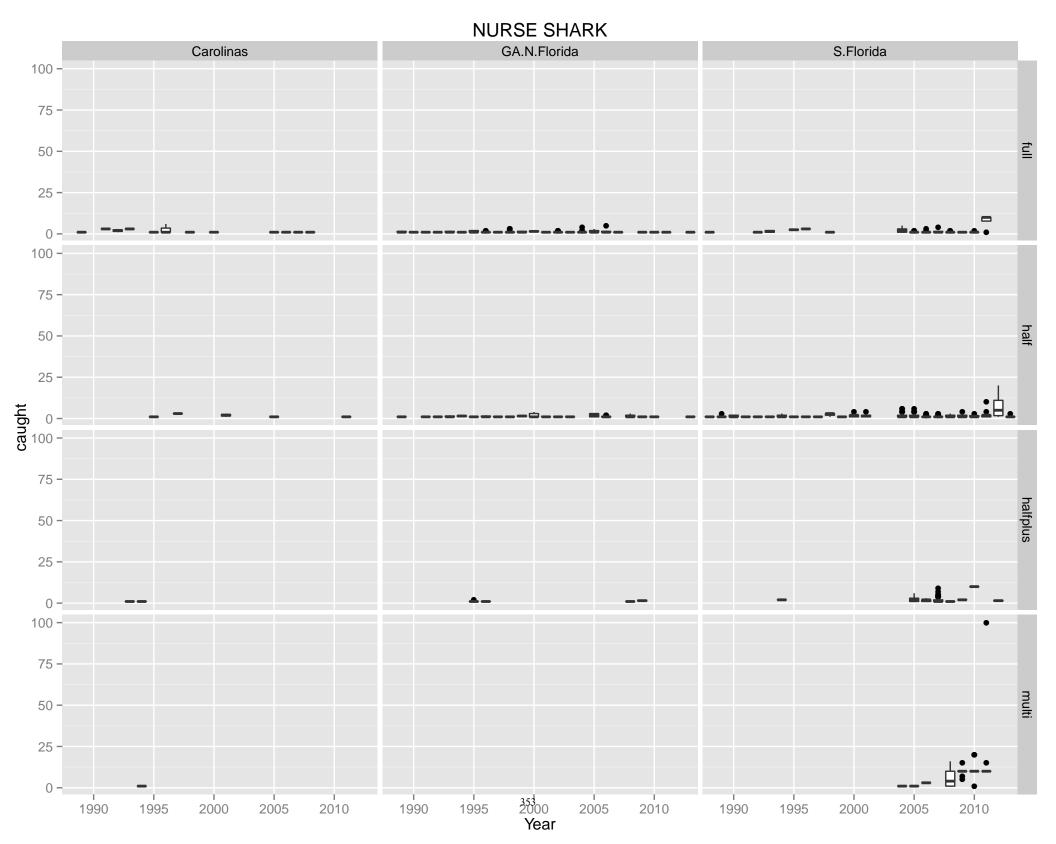
0 -

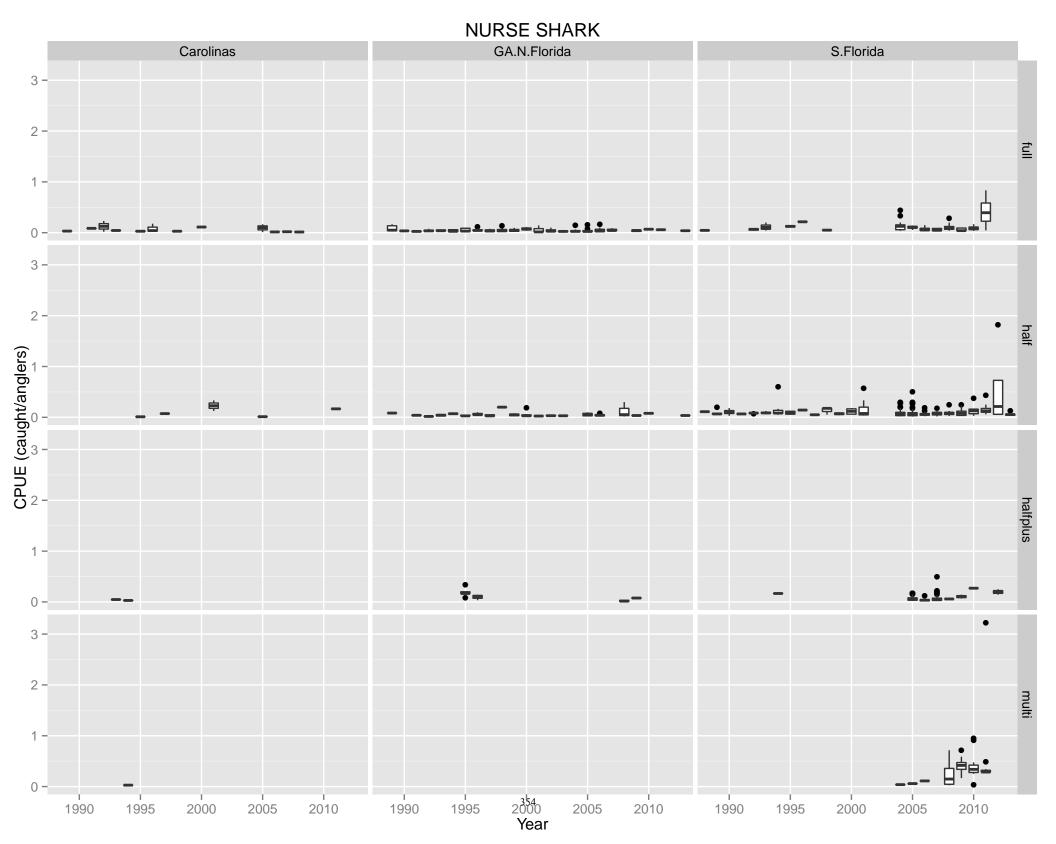
1980

1985

1990

1995 2000 2005





**NURSE SHARK** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 --2 **-**0 --1 þ Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -3 --4 -0 --1 --2 --3 **-**\_4 -

> 2000 Year

1995

1990

1990

1995

2000

2005

2010

2005

2010

1990

1995

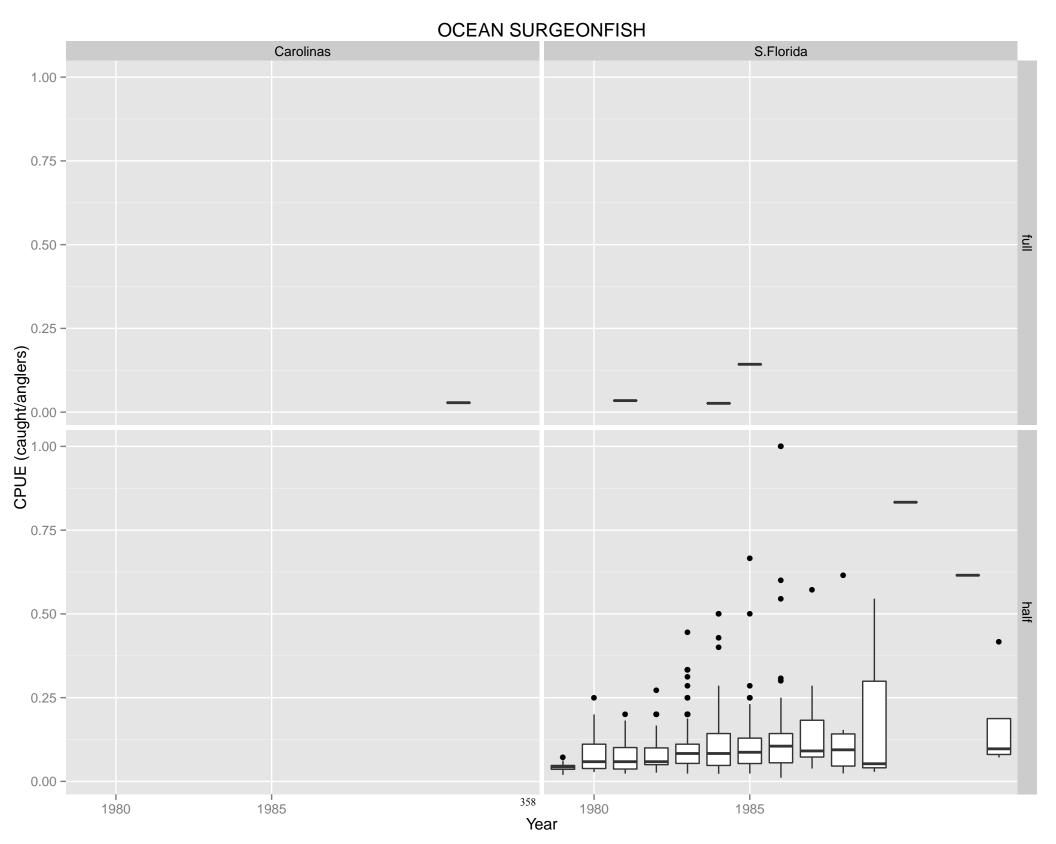
2000

2005

2010

NURSE SHARK GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 300 200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 sum(caught) 200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -0 -1995 1990 1995 356 2000 Year 2005 1990 2010 2010 2005 1990 1995 2000 2000 2005 2010

OCEAN SURGEONFISH S.Florida Carolinas 16 -12 -8 -4 canght - 91 12 -8 -4 -1985 1980 1980 1985 Year



OCEAN SURGEONFISH Carolinas S.Florida 0 --1 --2 --3 **-**Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 --3 --4 -359 1980 1980 1985 1985 Year

OCEAN SURGEONFISH Carolinas S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 sum(caught) 150 -100 -50 -0 -

360

Year

1980

1985

1980

1985

OCEAN TRIGGERFISH (OCEAN TALLY) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 candht - 002 150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -361 1995 2000 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

OCEAN TRIGGERFISH (OCEAN TALLY) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 5 -3 -2 -3 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -4 -3 -2 -0 -1995 **Year** 2000 1995 2000 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 2005 2010

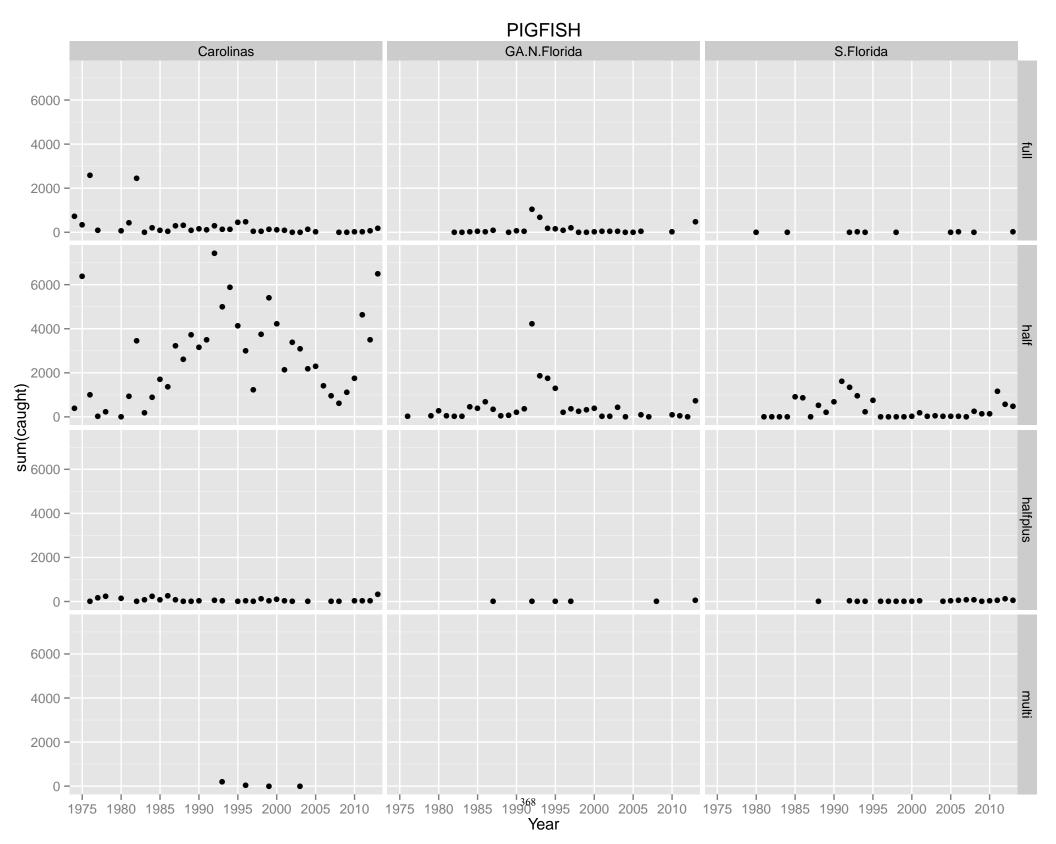
OCEAN TRIGGERFISH (OCEAN TALLY) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 --2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 -**Year** 

OCEAN TRIGGERFISH (OCEAN TALLY) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -0 - • 2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 sum(candht) - 00 - 2500 - 20000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 2000 - 200 500 -1500 -1000 -500 -0 -2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -<sup>364</sup>1995 2000 2005 1980 1985 1990 2010 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 Year

**PIGFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -300 -200 -100 caught 200 -100 -300 -200 -100 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**PIGFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10 -5 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5 -10 -5 -1975 1980 1985 1990<sup>366</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**PIGFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2.5 2.5 -5.02.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**-5.0 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 Year



**PINFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 500 -400 -300 -200 -100 -P 0 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 caught 0 400 halfplus 300 -200 -100 -0 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 -0 -1985 1990 1995 **Year** 2000 2010 1985 1990 1995 2005 2010 1985 1995 2000 2000 1990

**PINFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 15 -10 -5 þ 15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) **\_**= halfplus 5 -0 15 -10 -5 -0 -1995 Year 1990 2000 2005 2010 1995 1985 1990 2005 2010 1985 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2000

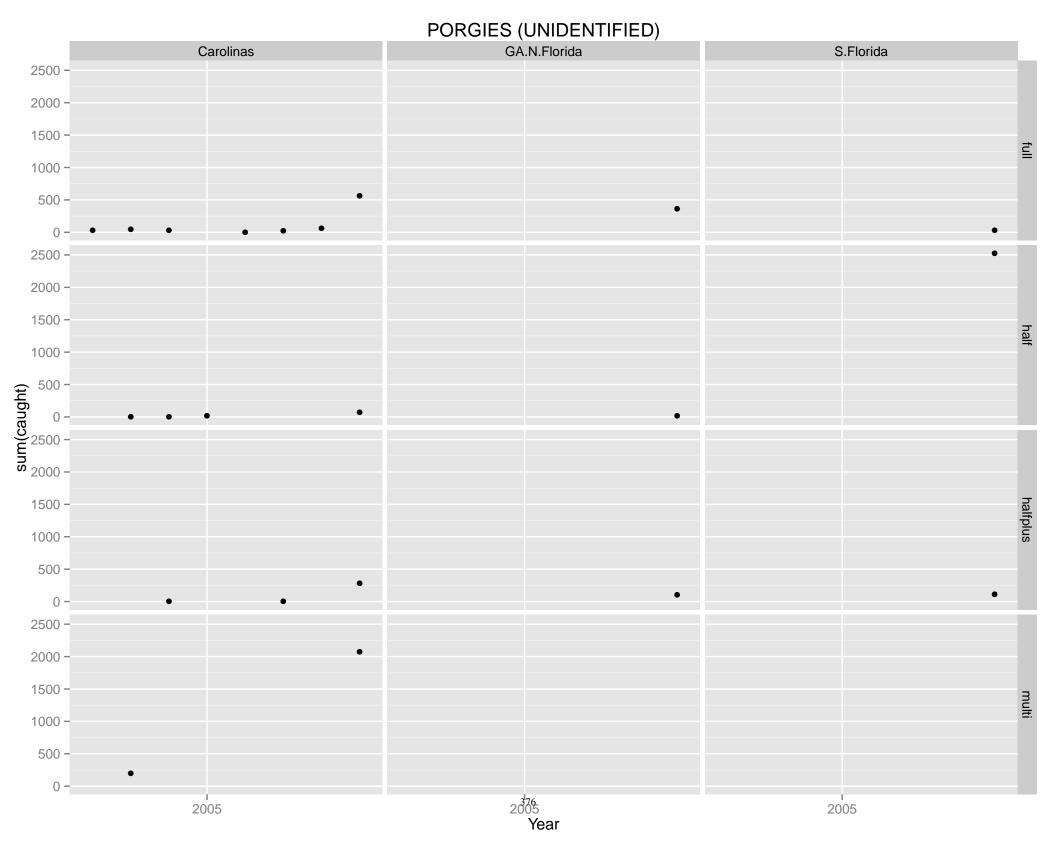
**PINFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 -4 4 0.0 --2.5 -5.0 2.5 -0.0 Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 -B 0.0 --2.5-5.0 -2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**-5.0 **-**1995 **Year** 1990 1985 2000 1990 2005 2010 1985 2005 2010 1990 1995 2005 2010 1995 2000 1985 2000

**PINFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 6000 -4000 -2000 -6000 -4000 -2000 sum(caught) 4000 -2000 -6000 -4000 -2000 ı 1985 1995 2000 2005 Year 1990 2010 1985 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990

PORGIES (UNIDENTIFIED) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 400 -300 -200 -100 -0 -400 -300 -200 -100 canght - 000 300 -200 -100 -0 -400 -300 -200 -100 -0 -2005 Year 2005 2005

PORGIES (UNIDENTIFIED) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 15 -10 -5 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5 -0 -15 -10 -5 -0 -2005 Year 2005 2005

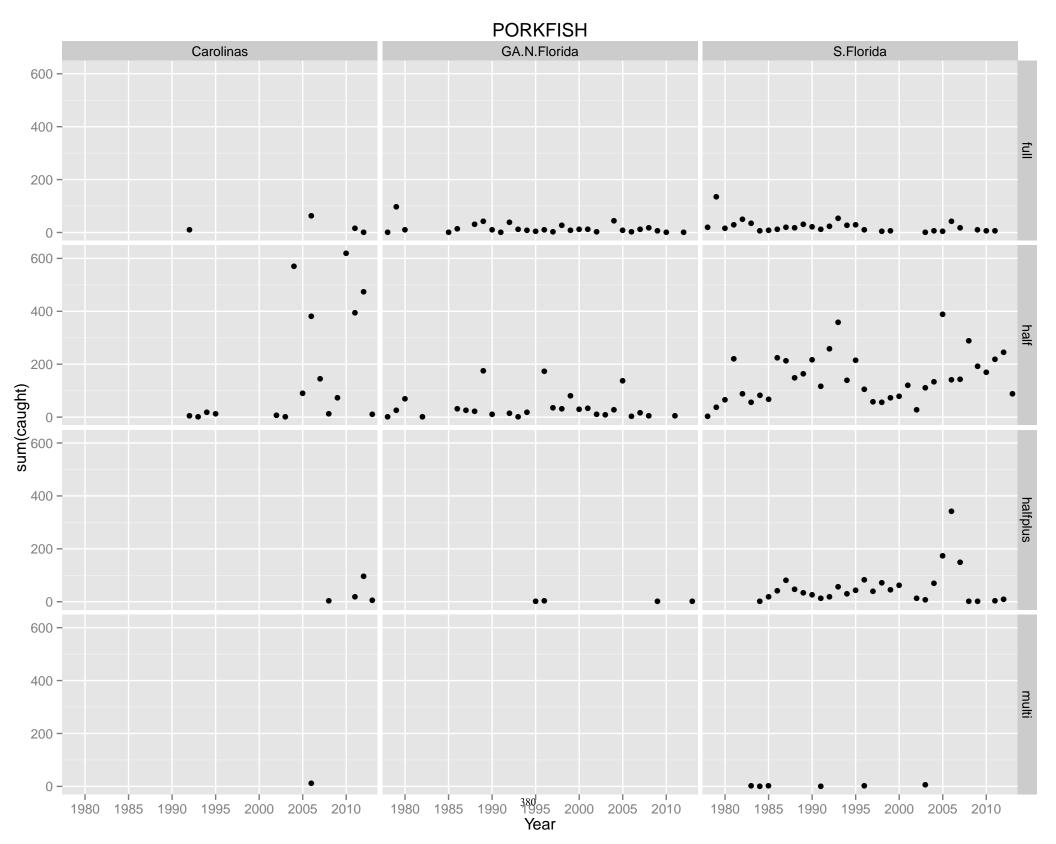
PORGIES (UNIDENTIFIED)
GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2 -2 -0 half Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -2 -2 -0 -2005 Year 2005 2005



**PORKFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 canght - 0 - 0 150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -1980 1985 1990 17995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1980 1985 1985 1990 2005 2010 1995 2000 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**PORKFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 8 -6 -2 -6 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -8 -6 -2 -0 -1980 1990 2000 2005 2010 1995 **Year** 1985 1990 1995 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 2000 2005 2010 1990

**PORKFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -0 --2 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -2 --4 -0 --2 -1995 **Year** 1985 2000 1985 1990 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1980 1990 1995 2005 2010 1980 1995 2000 2005



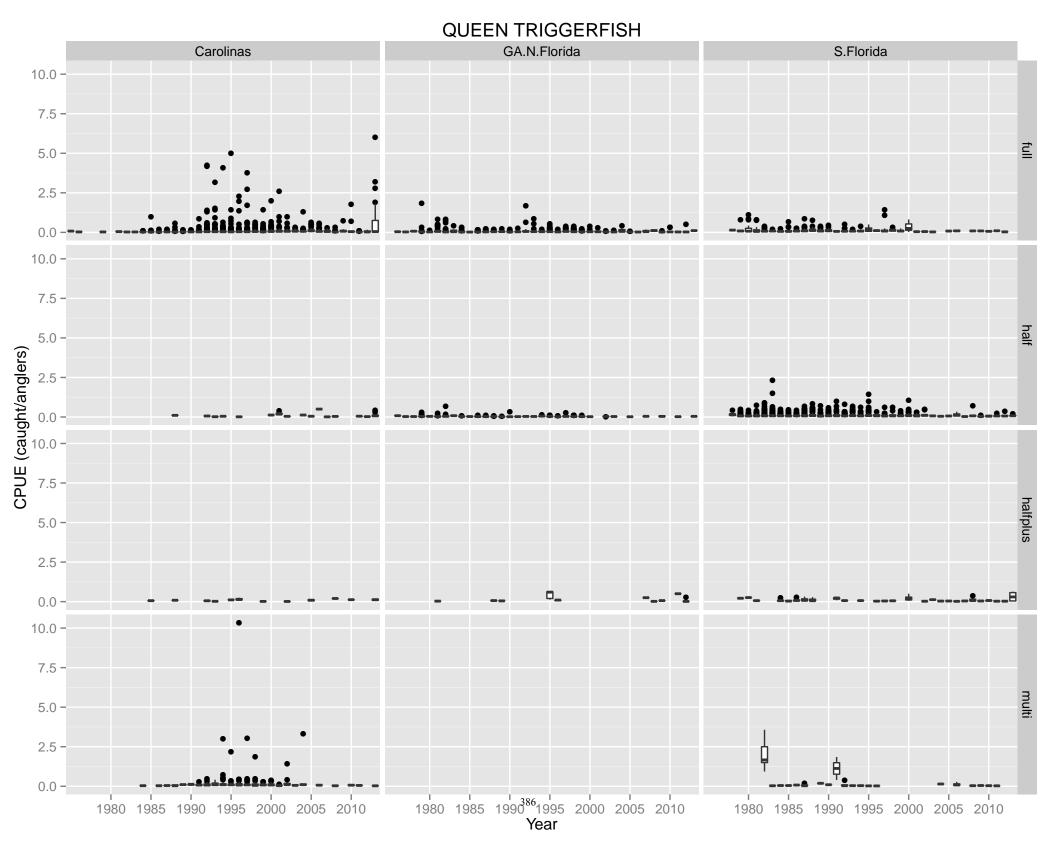
PUFFERS (UNIDENTIFIED)
GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -**\$\_\$** þ 10.0 - • 7.5 caught 5.0 -2.5 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -1990<sup>381</sup> 1995 1980 1995 2010 1985 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 1980 1985 1990 2010 Year

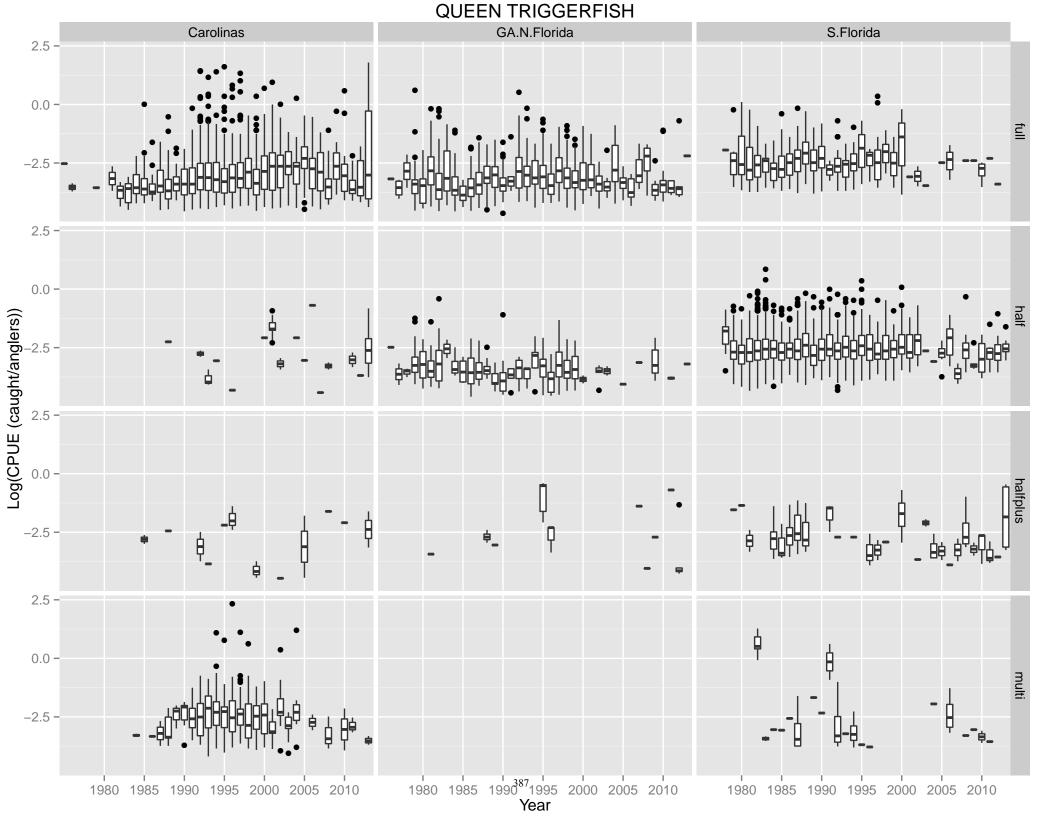
PUFFERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0.6 -0.4 -<u>f</u> 0.2 -0.0 -0.6 -CPUE (caught/anglers) half 0.0 -0.6 -0.4 halfplus 0.2 -0.0 1990 382 1995 1985 2010 1980 1980 1995 2010 2010 1990 1985 1990 1995 1985 1980 Year

PUFFERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida -1 -2 full -3 þ -5 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) þ þ -2 halfplus þ -5 1990 1990 <sup>383</sup> 1995 1990 1995 1980 1985 2010 1980 1985 1995 2010 2010 1980 1985 Year

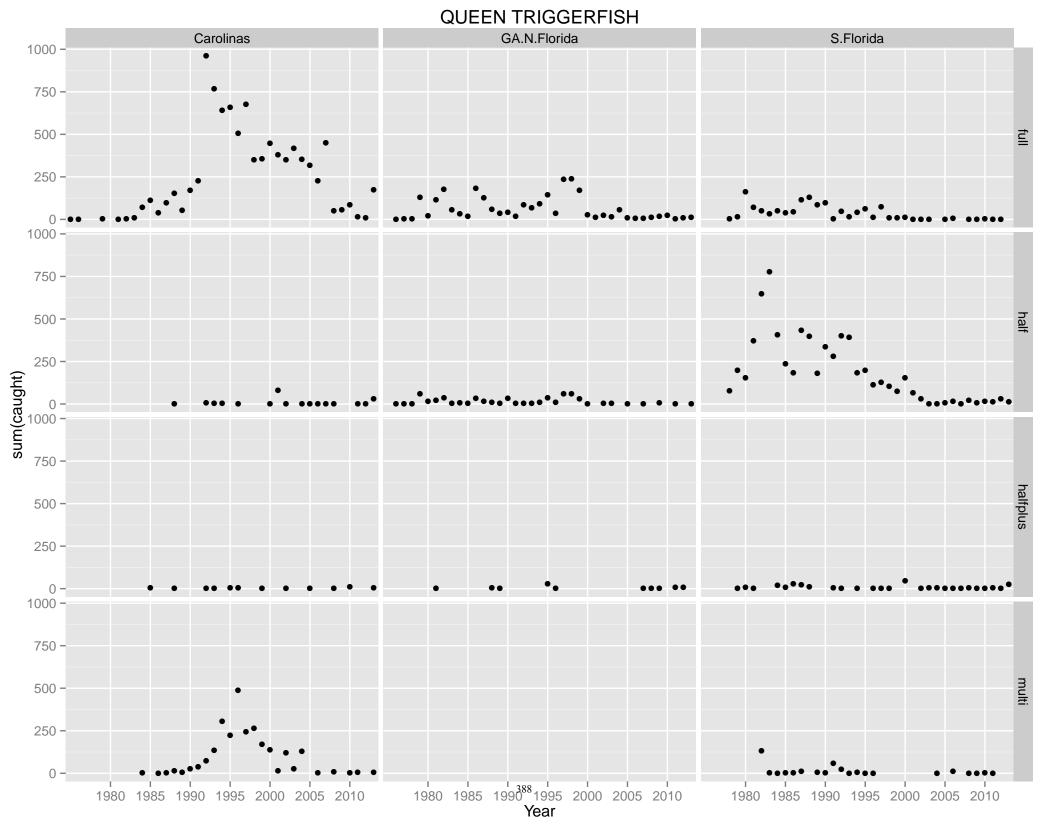
PUFFERS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 100 -75 -50 -25 -0 -100 -75 sum(caught) 50 -25 -0 -100 -75 halfplus 50 -25 -1980 1990 384 1995 2010 1985 2010 1995 1985 1990 1995 1980 1990 2010 1980 1985 Year

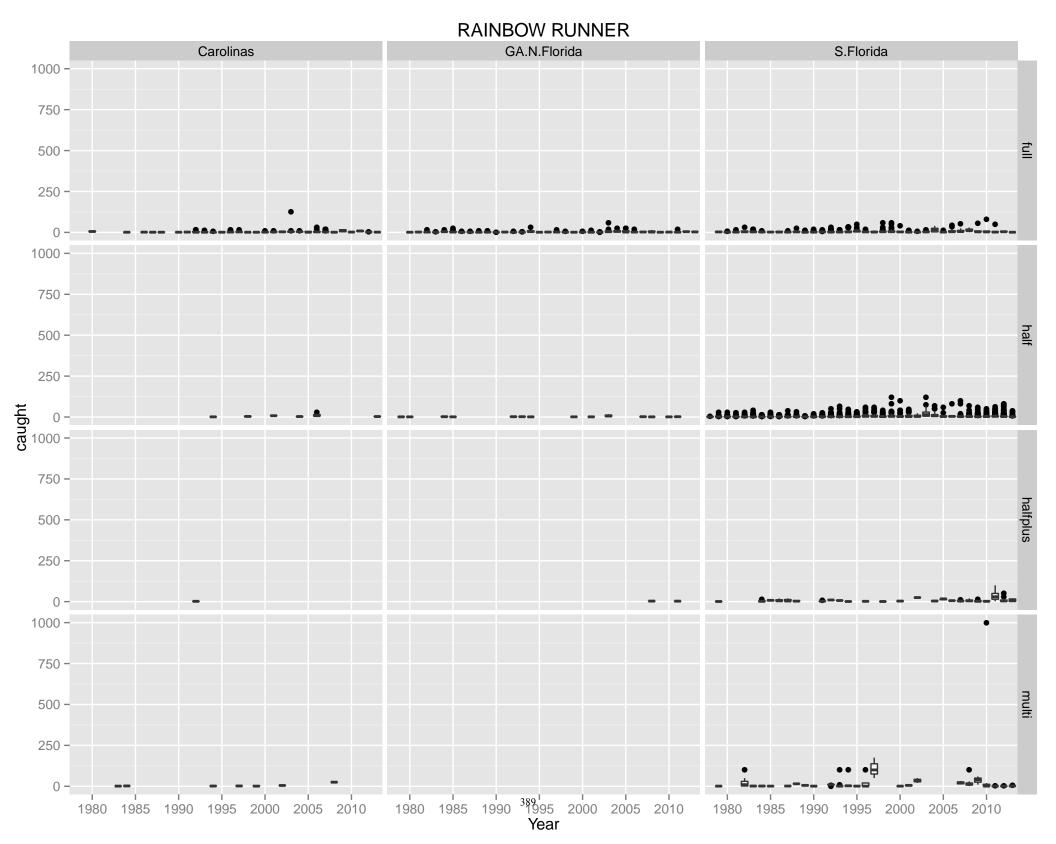
QUEEN TRIGGERFISH Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -300 -200 -100 caught - 0 - 0 200 halfplus 100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -0 -1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

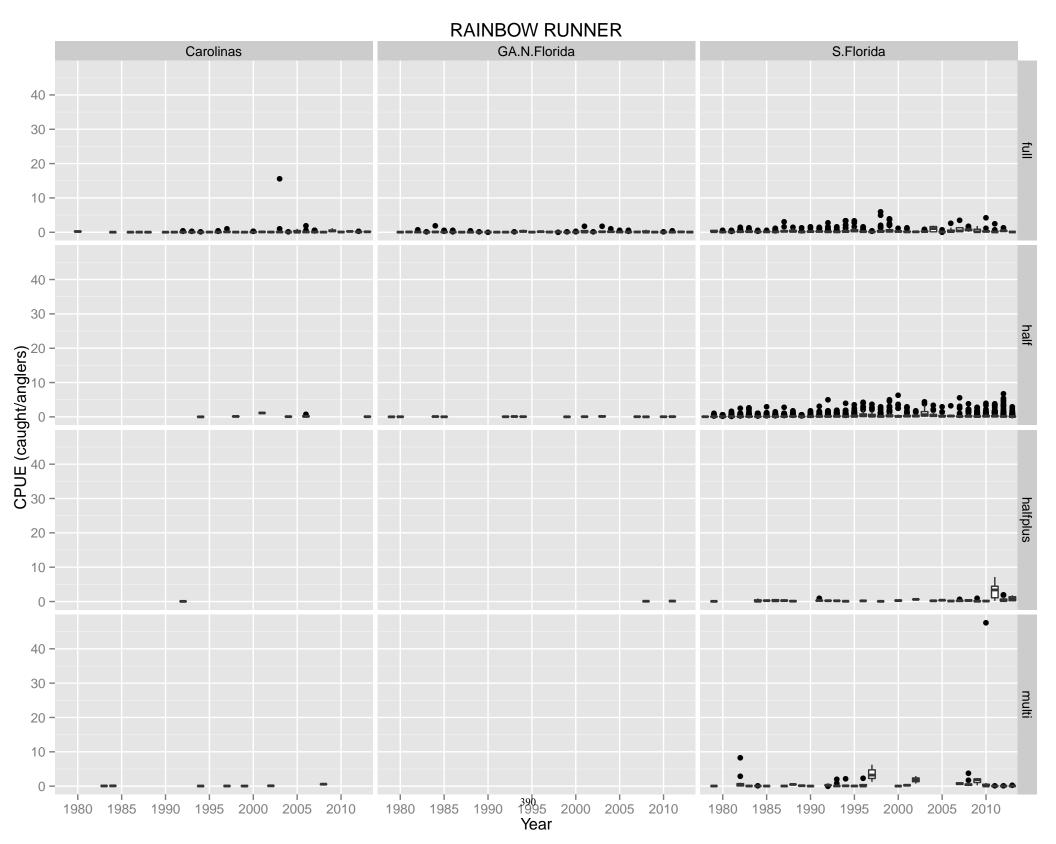


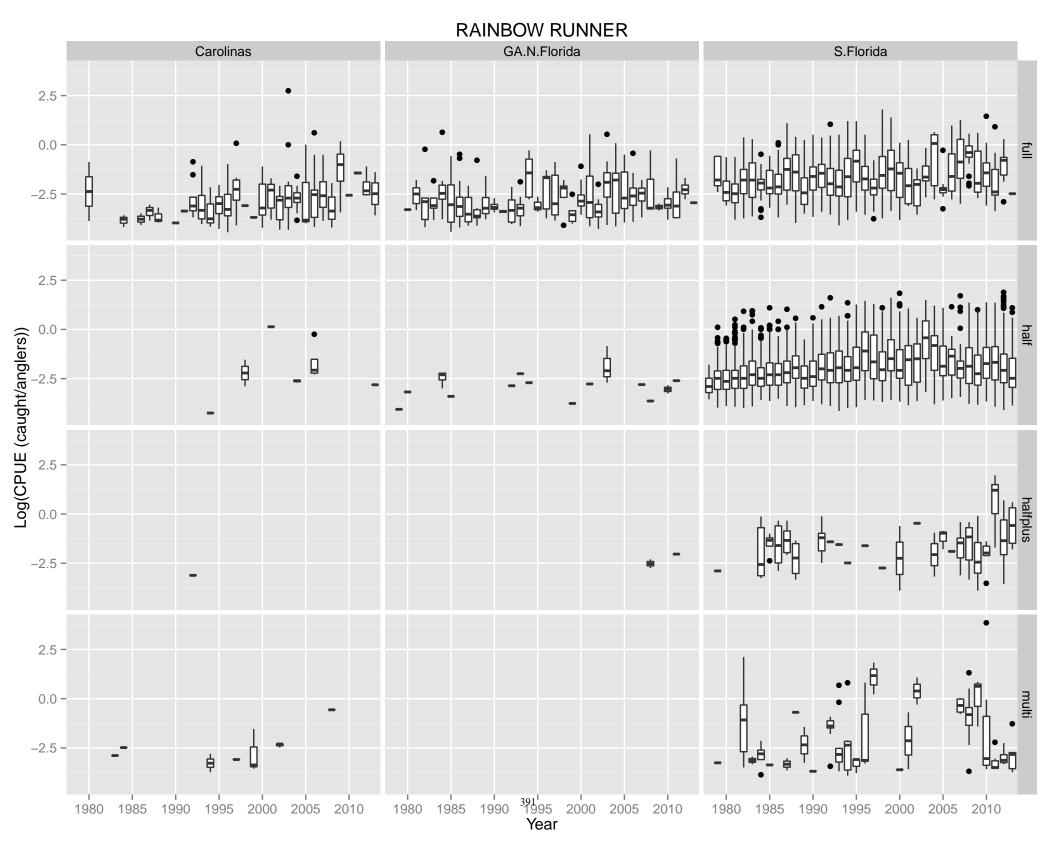


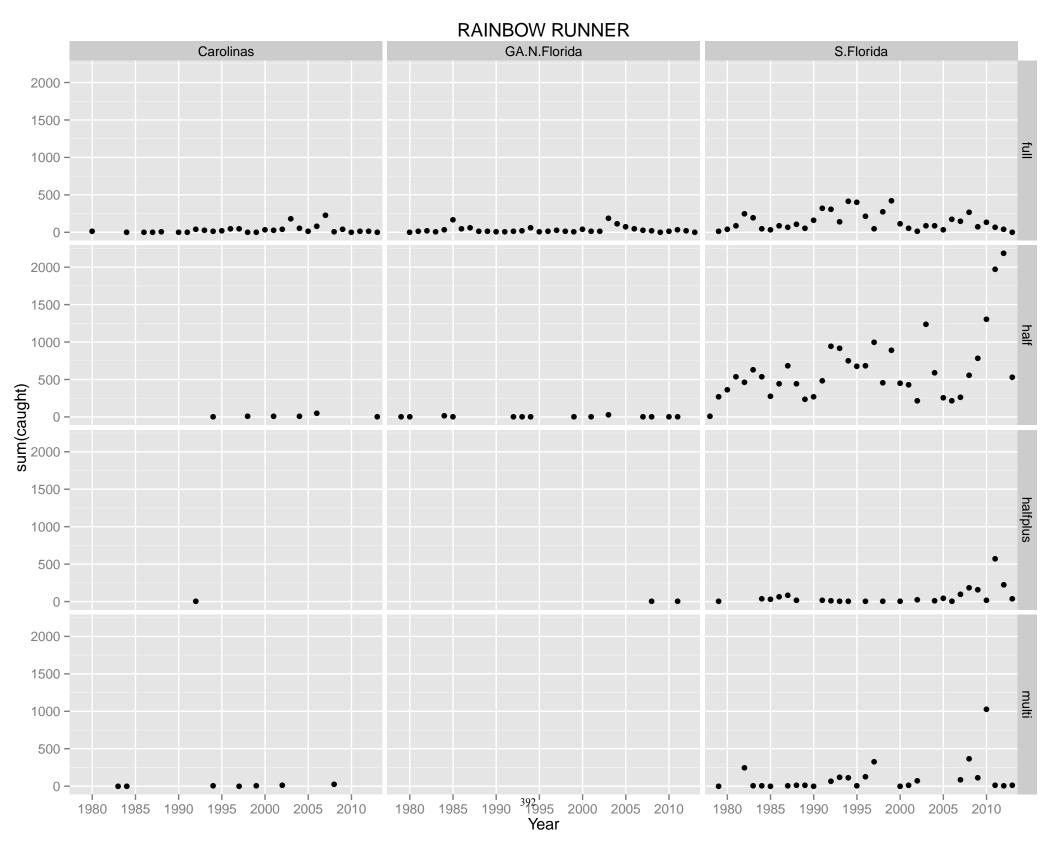
**QUEEN TRIGGERFISH** 

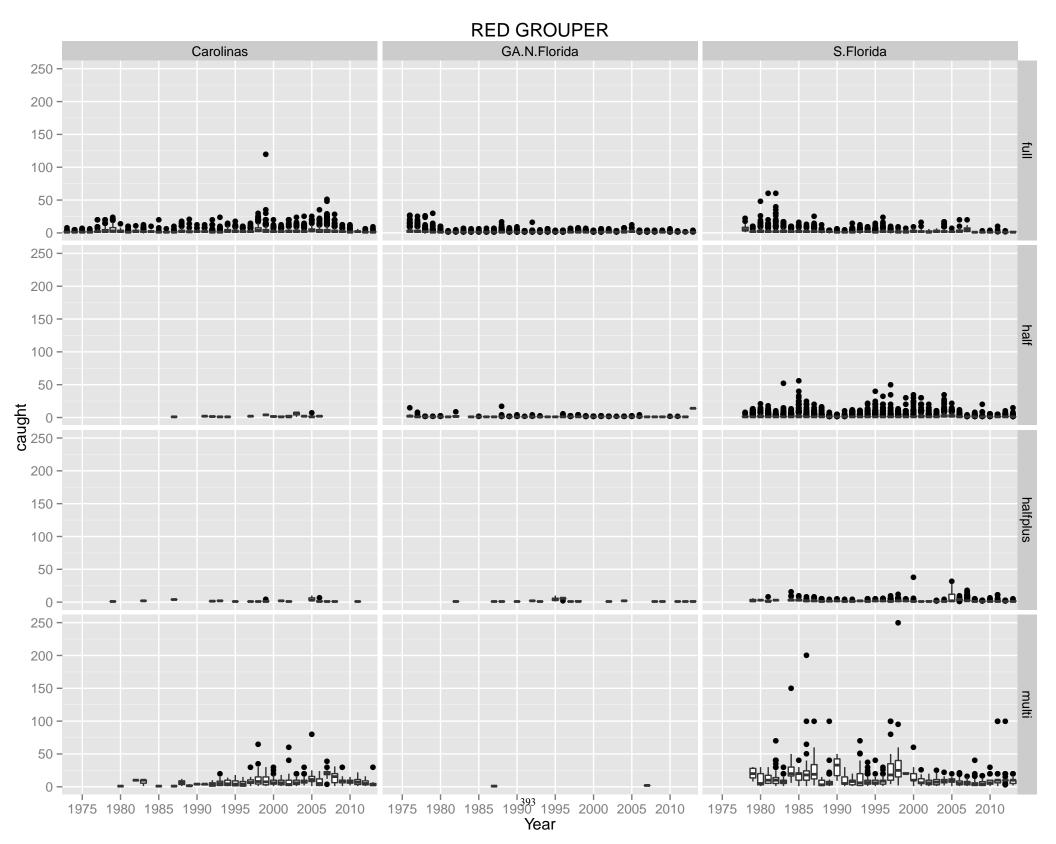


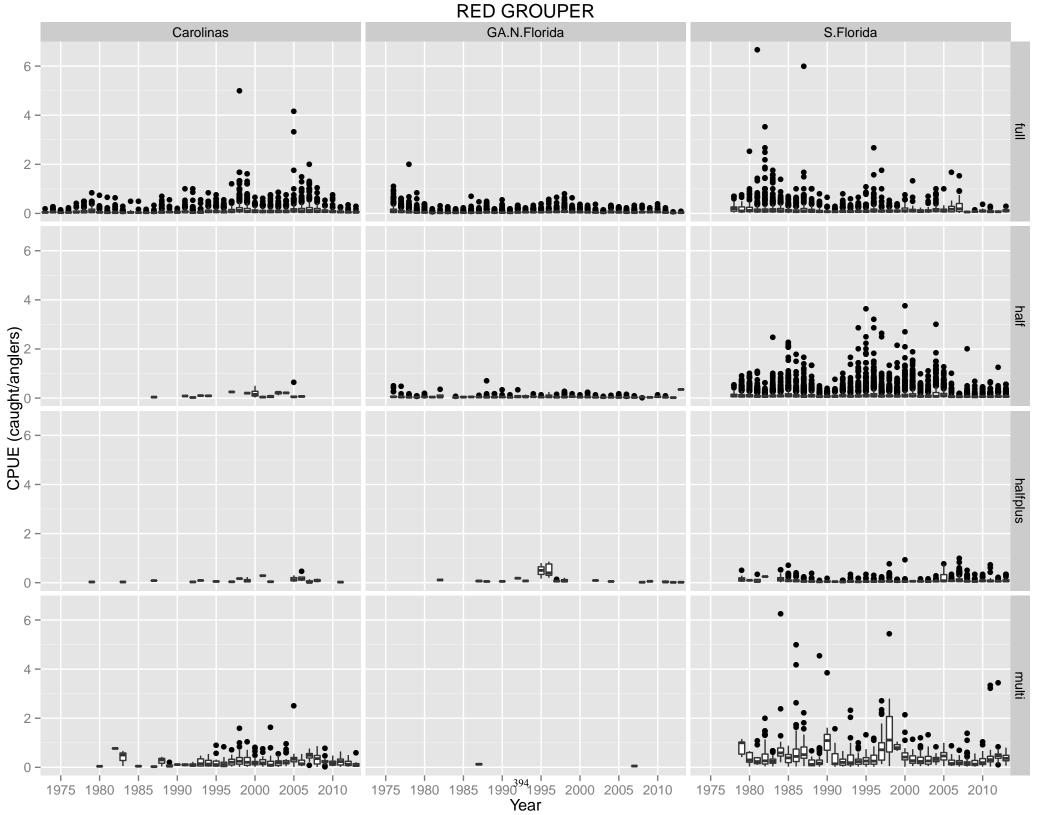




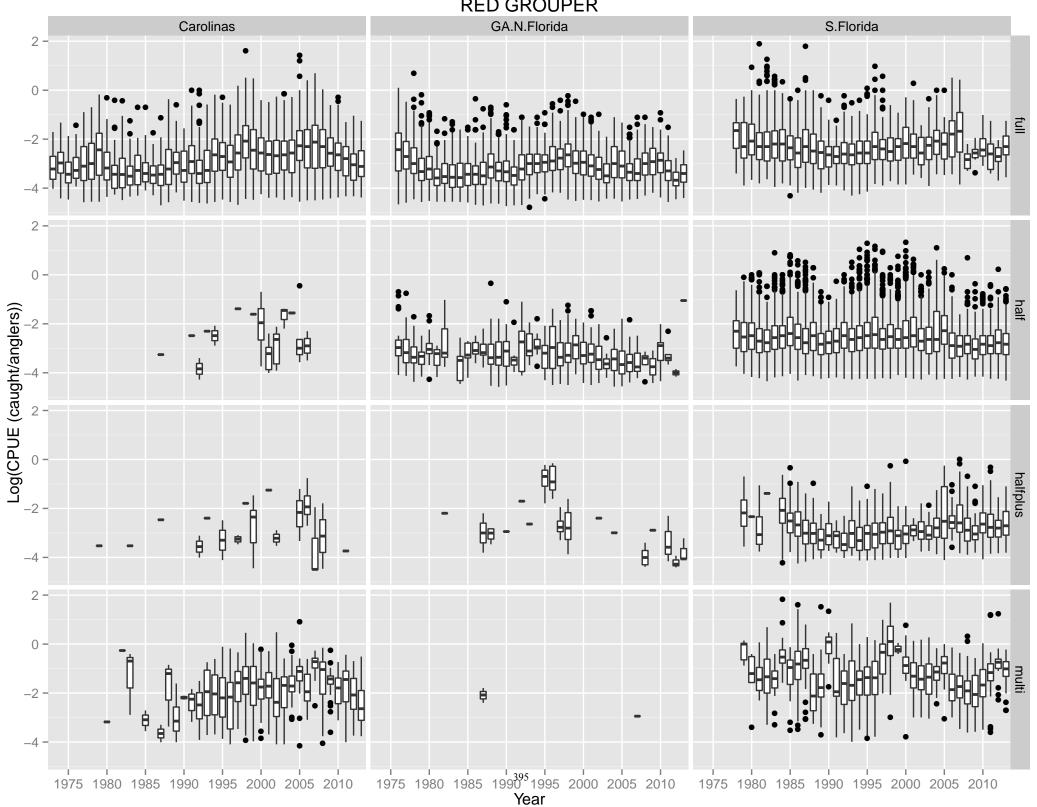


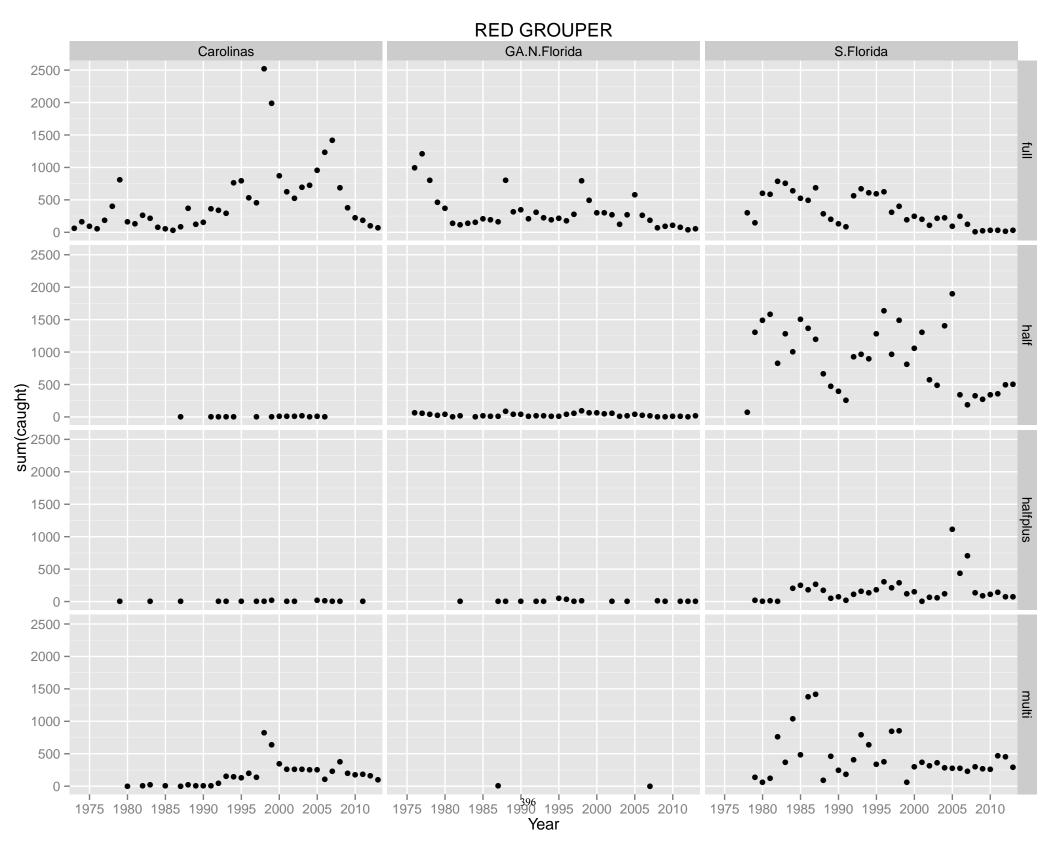






**RED GROUPER** 



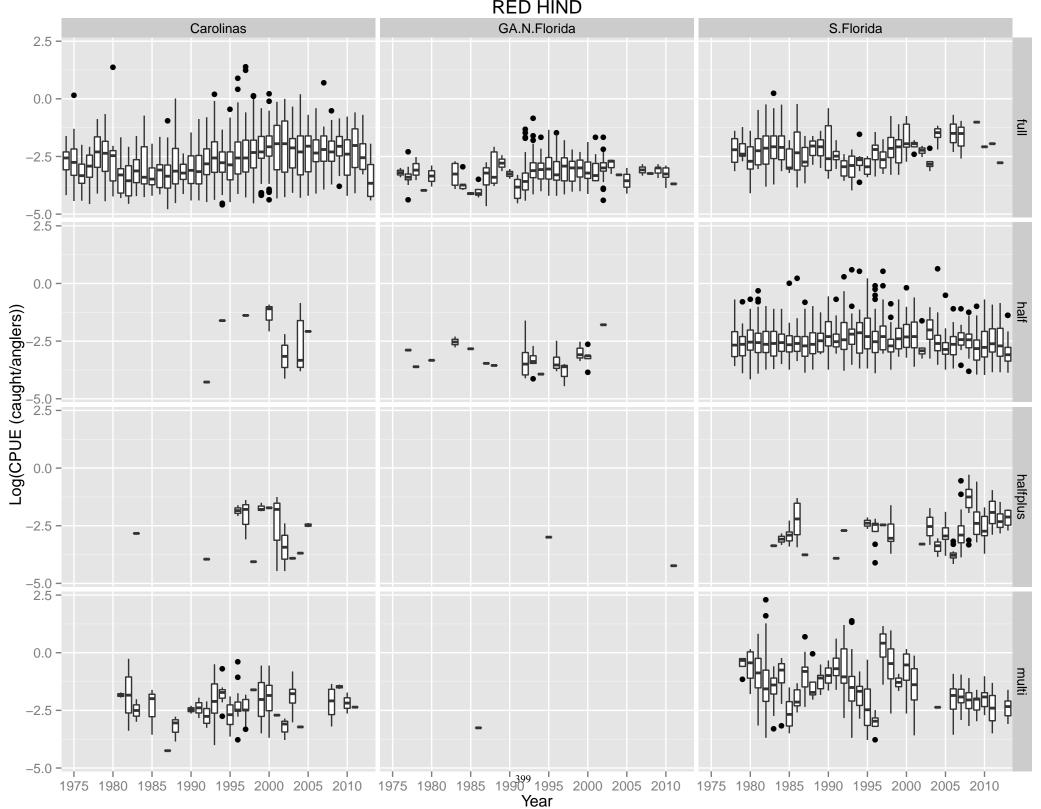


**RED HIND** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 150 -100 -50 -150 -100 -50 caught - 0 - 150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

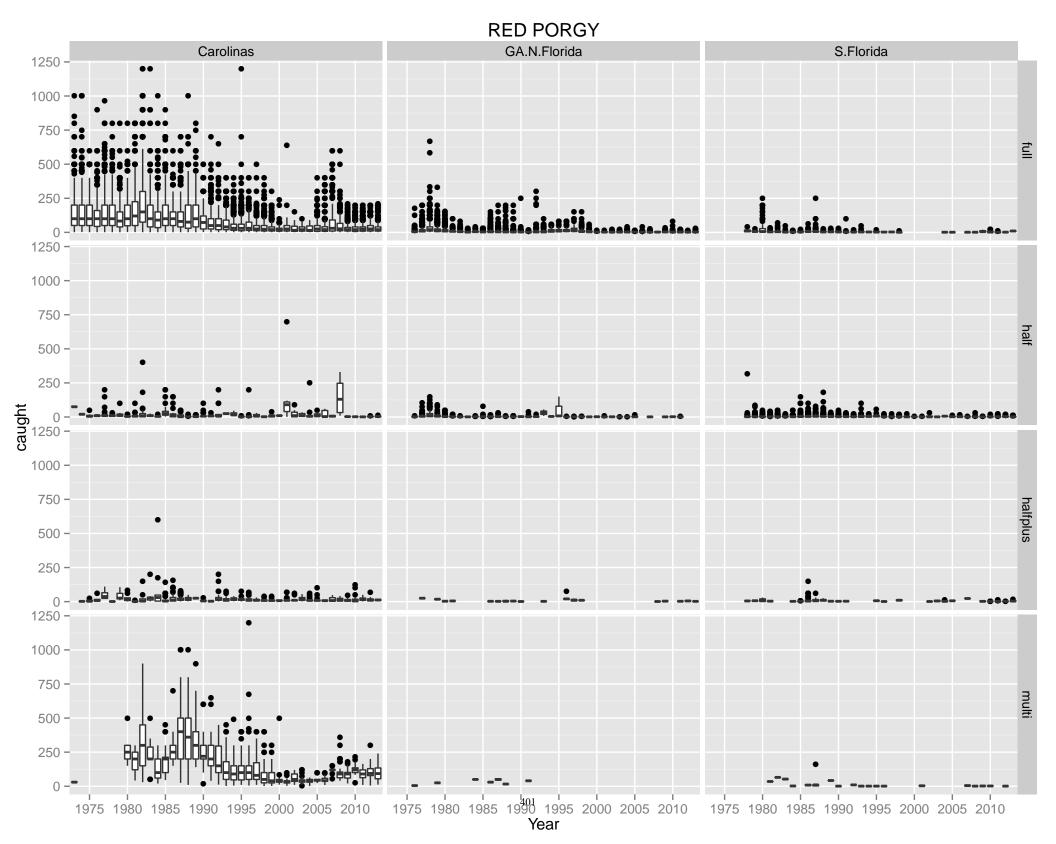
**RED HIND** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

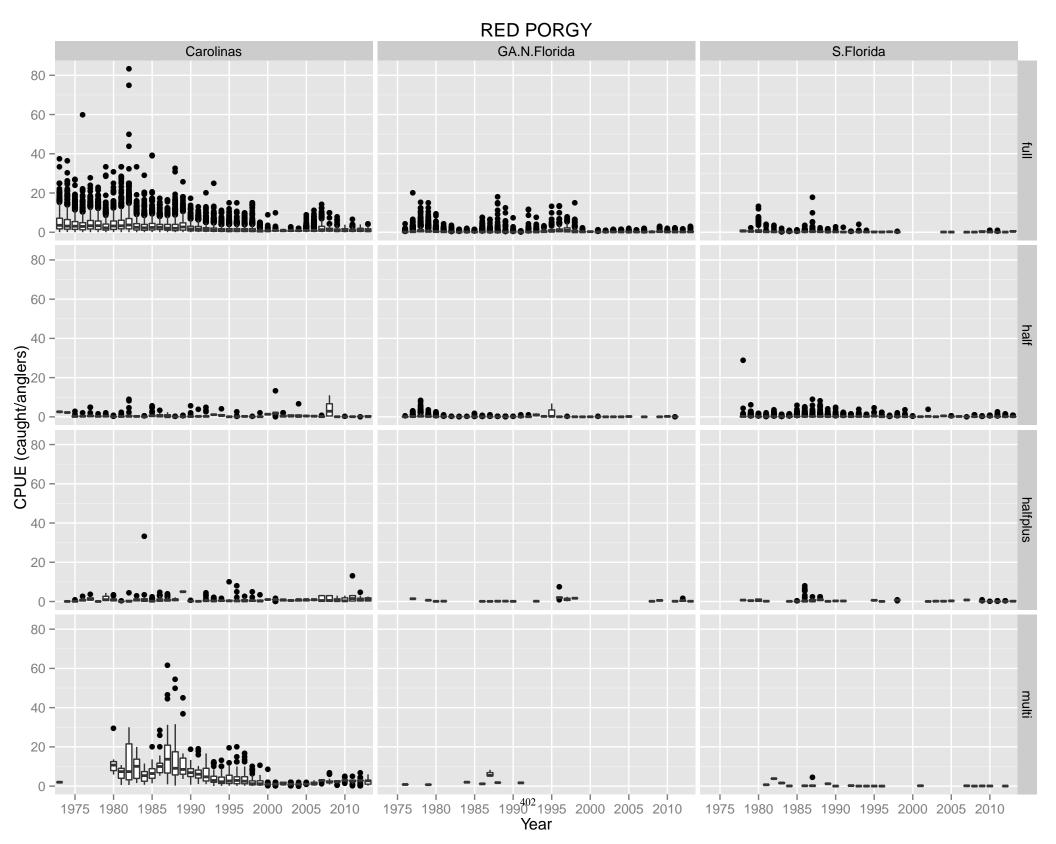
Year

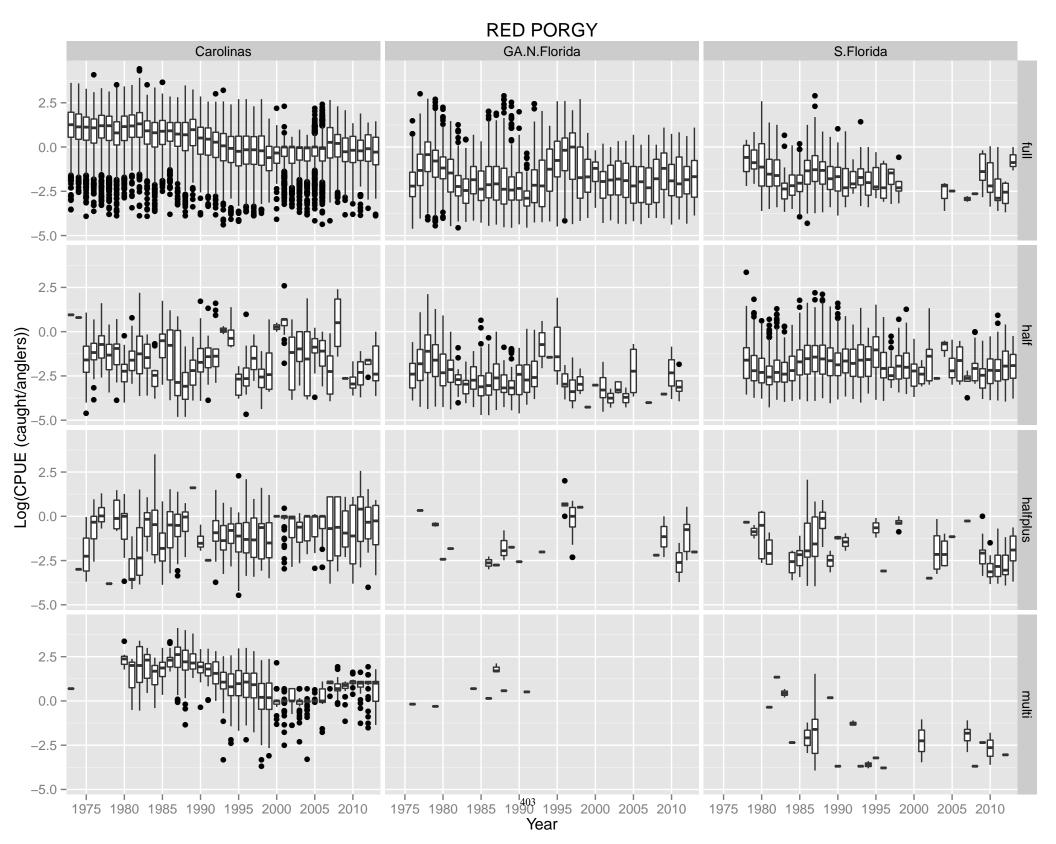
**RED HIND** 



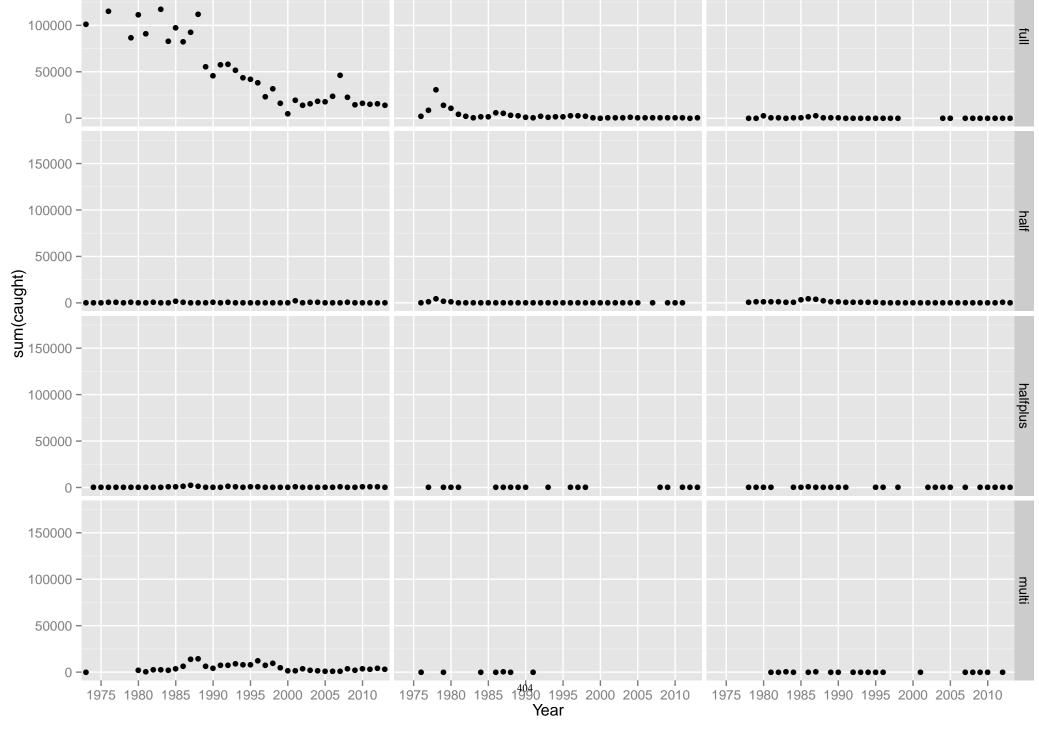
**RED HIND** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -600 -400 -200 sum(caught) 400 -200 -0 -600 -400 -200 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 **Year** 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1995 2000 2005 2010

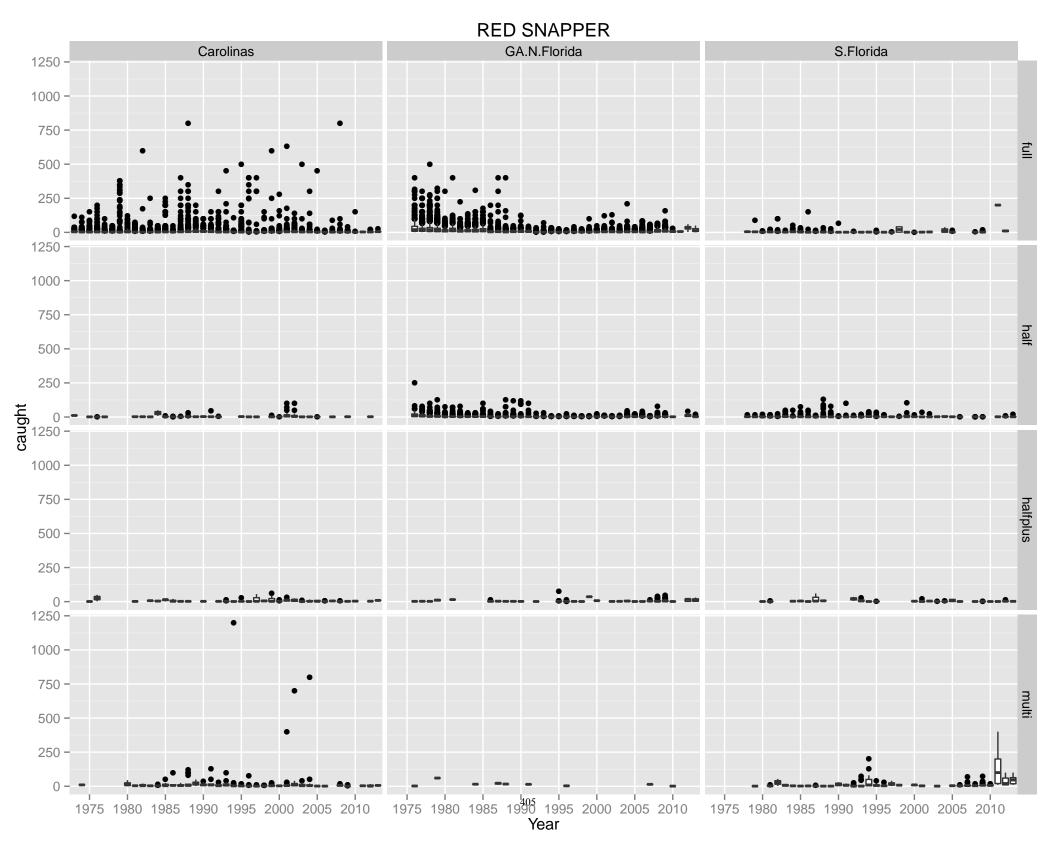


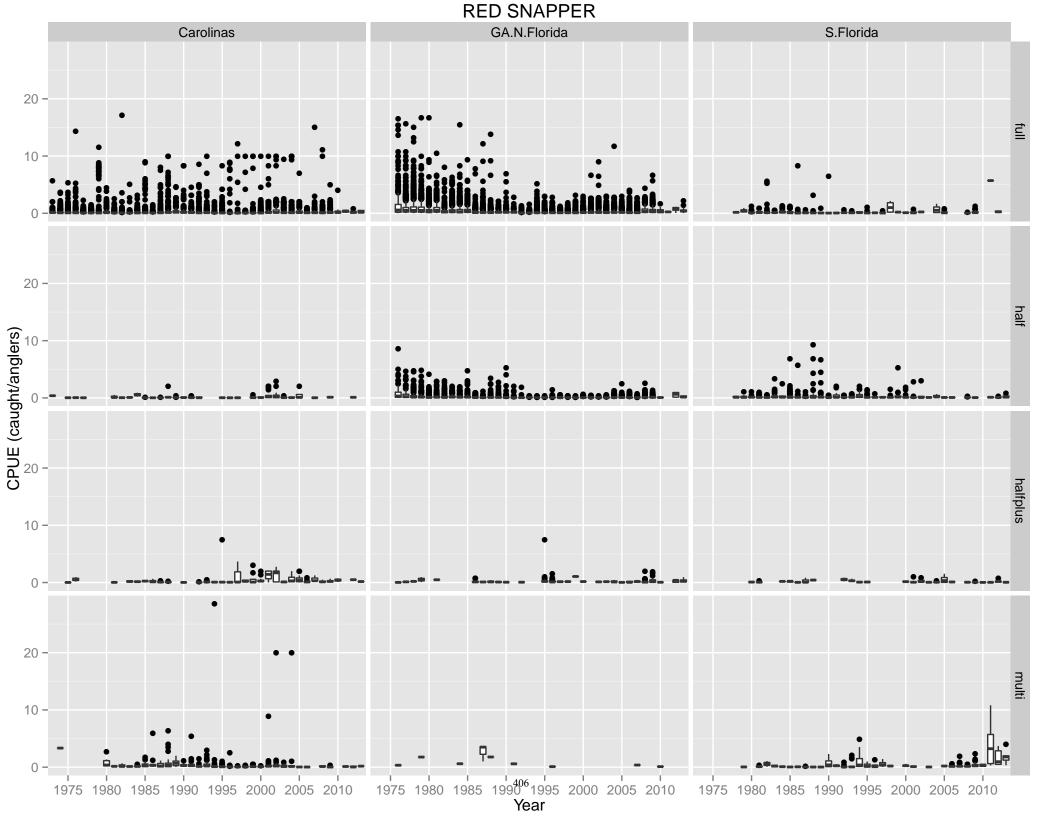




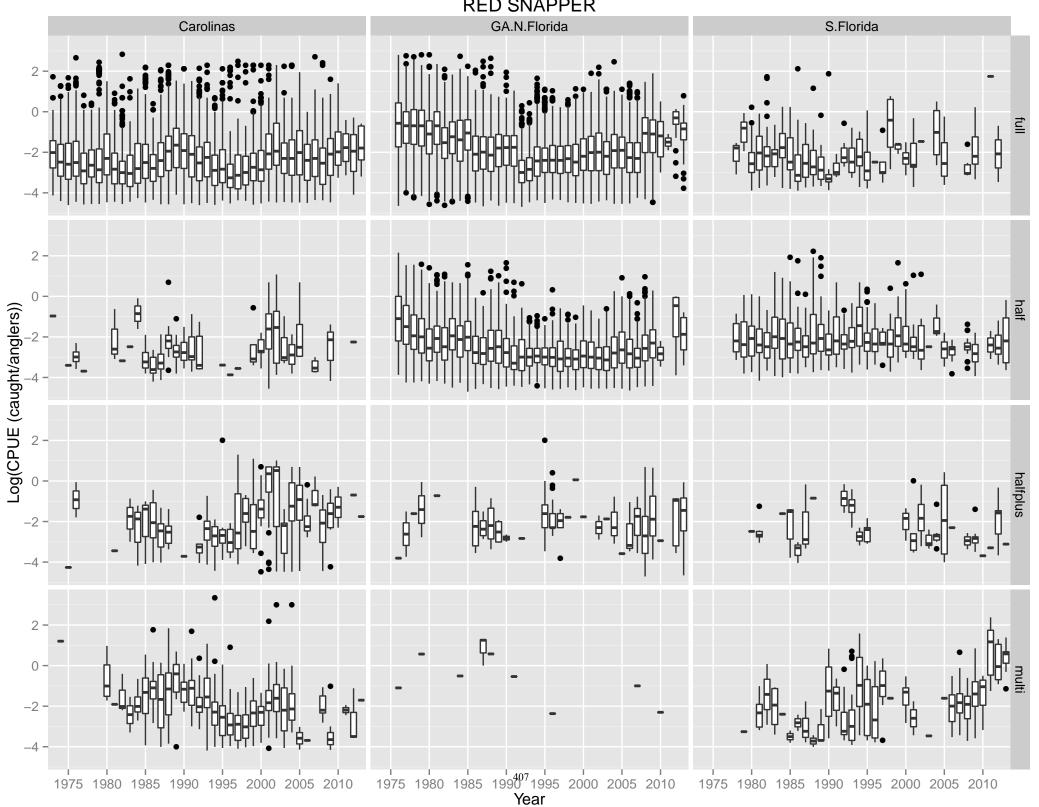
**RED PORGY** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 150000 100000 -50000 -0 -150000 -100000 -50000 -100000 -50000 -150000 -

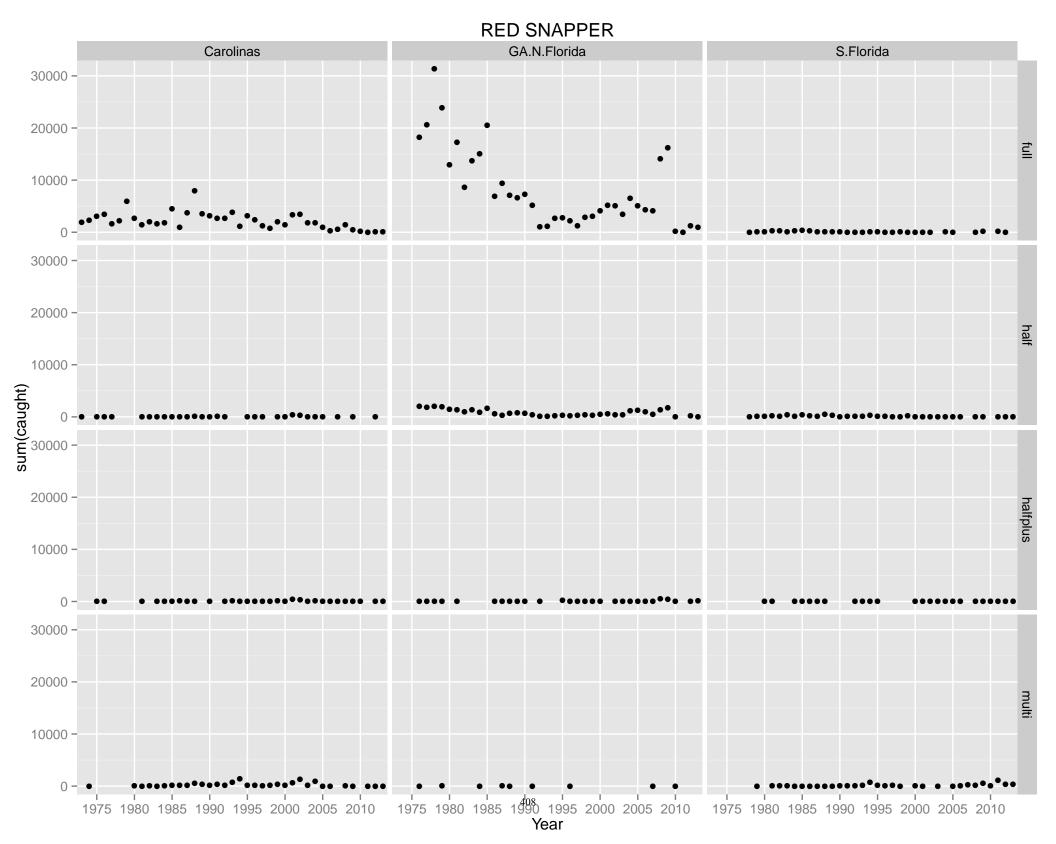


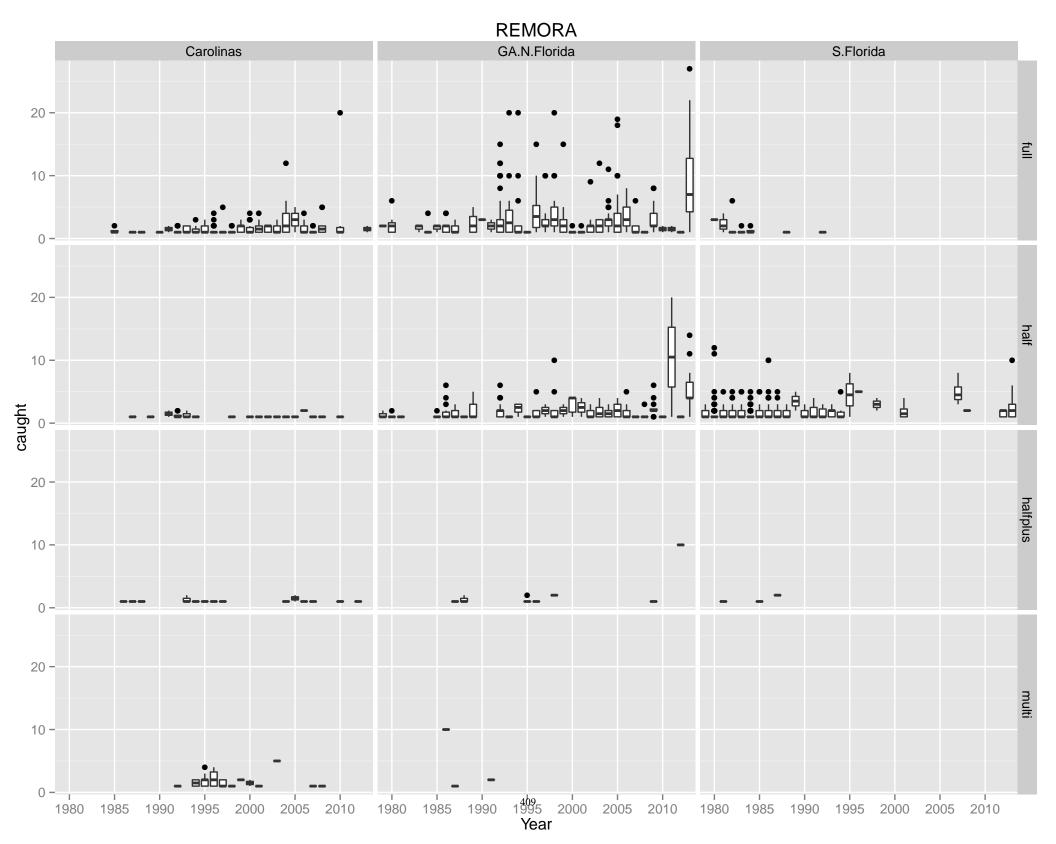




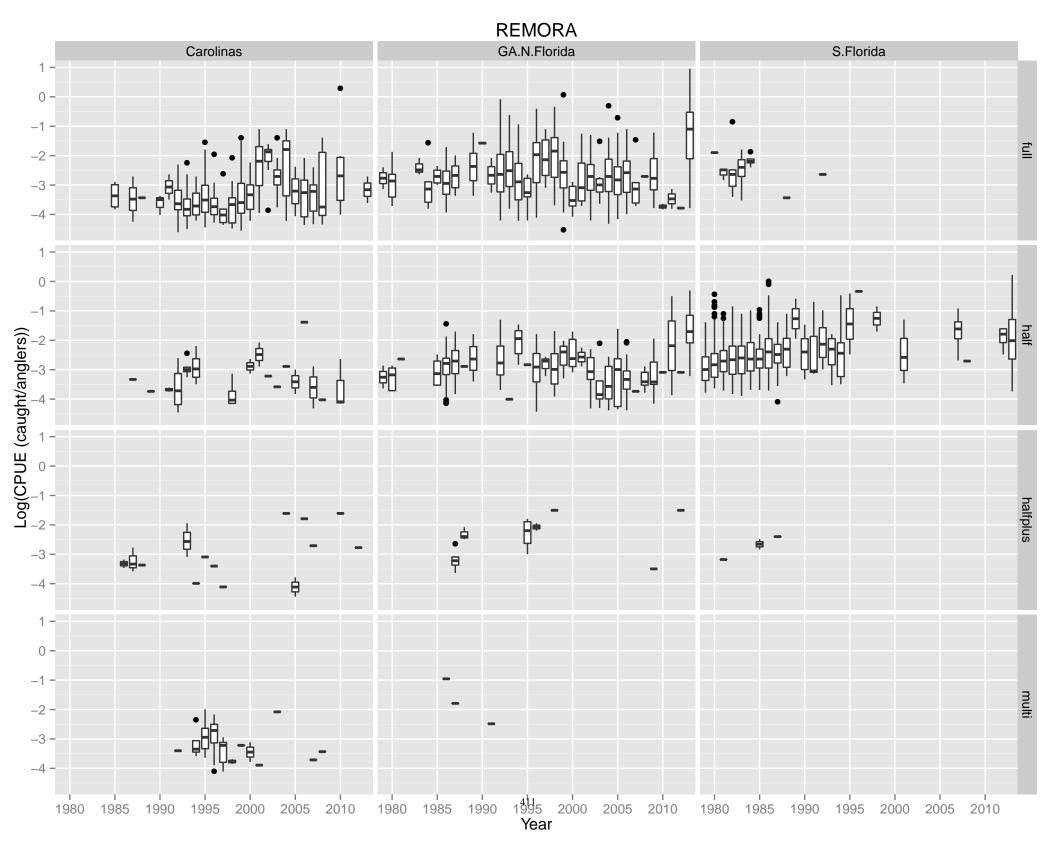
**RED SNAPPER** 

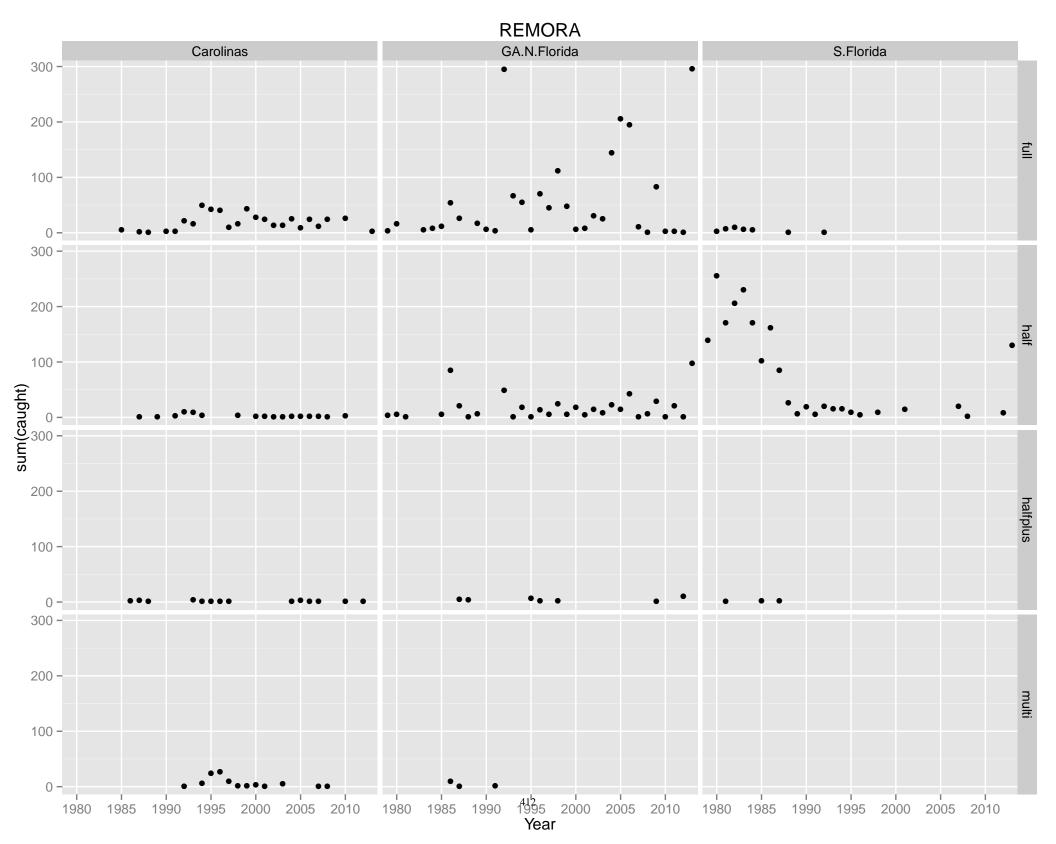


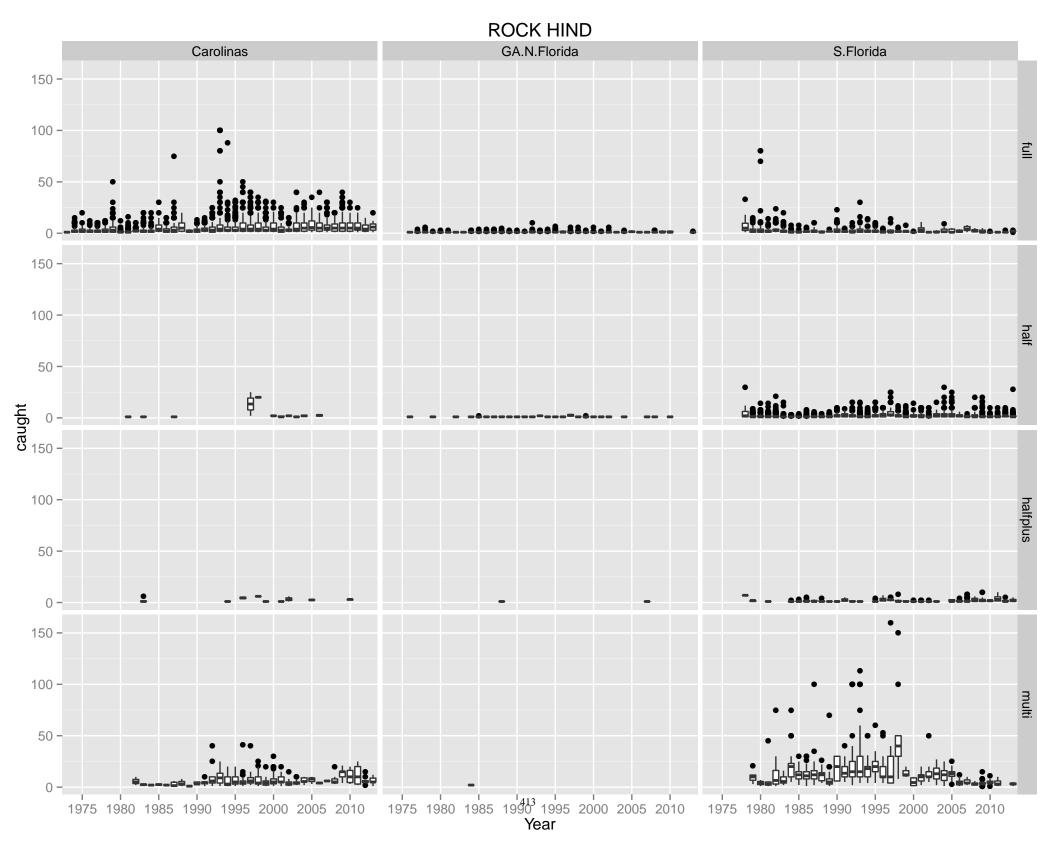


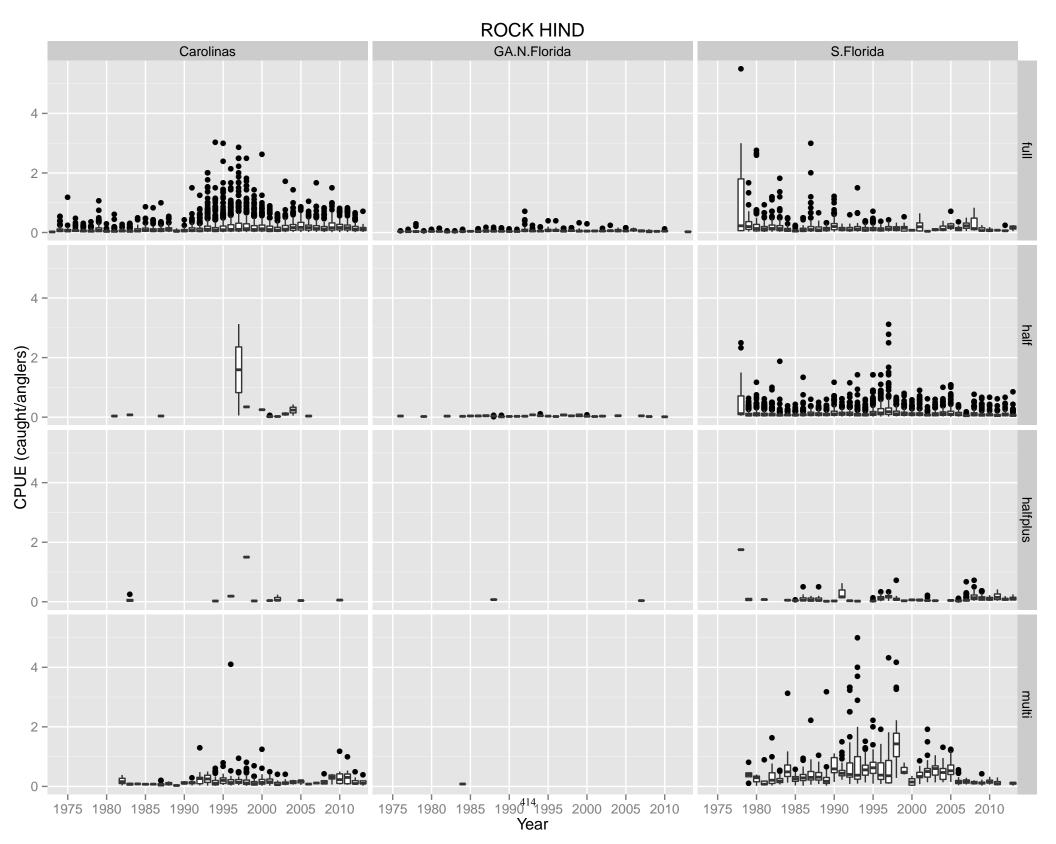


**REMORA** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -1 -0 -2 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 0 -2 -1 -1995 **Year** 1980 2000 2005 2010 1980 1990 1985 1995 2000 2005 2010 1985 1985 1990 1995 2000 1990 2005

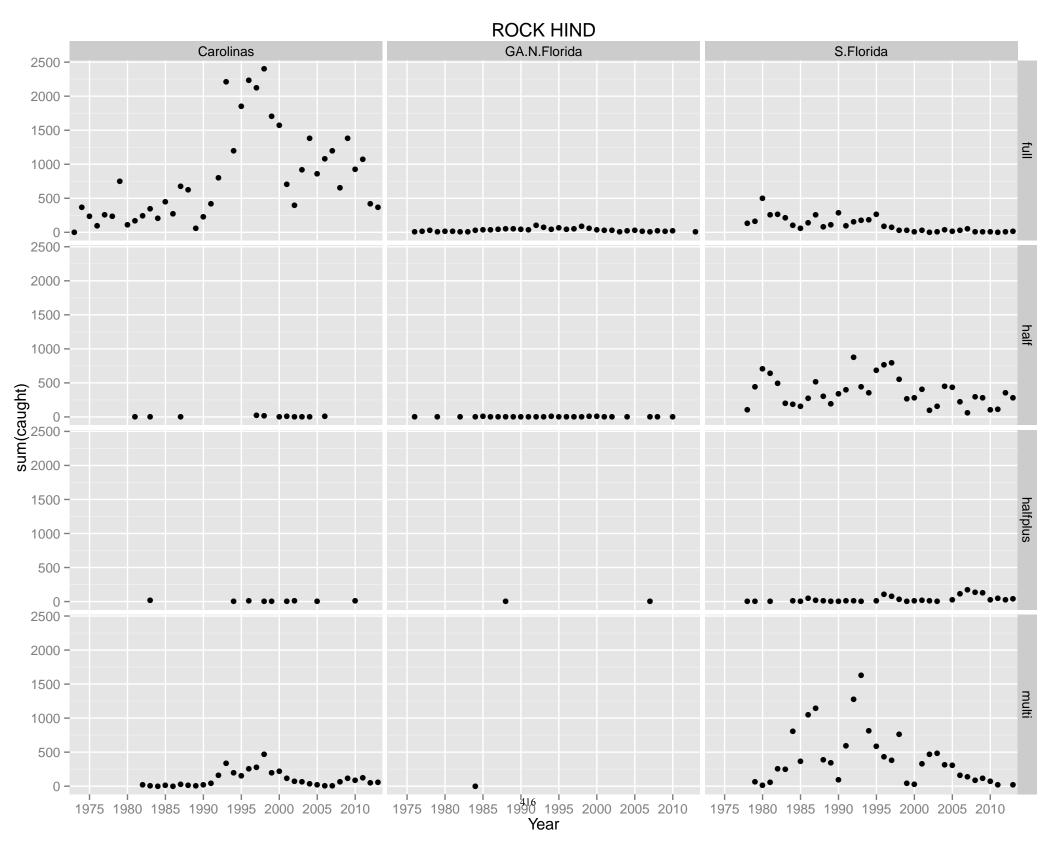


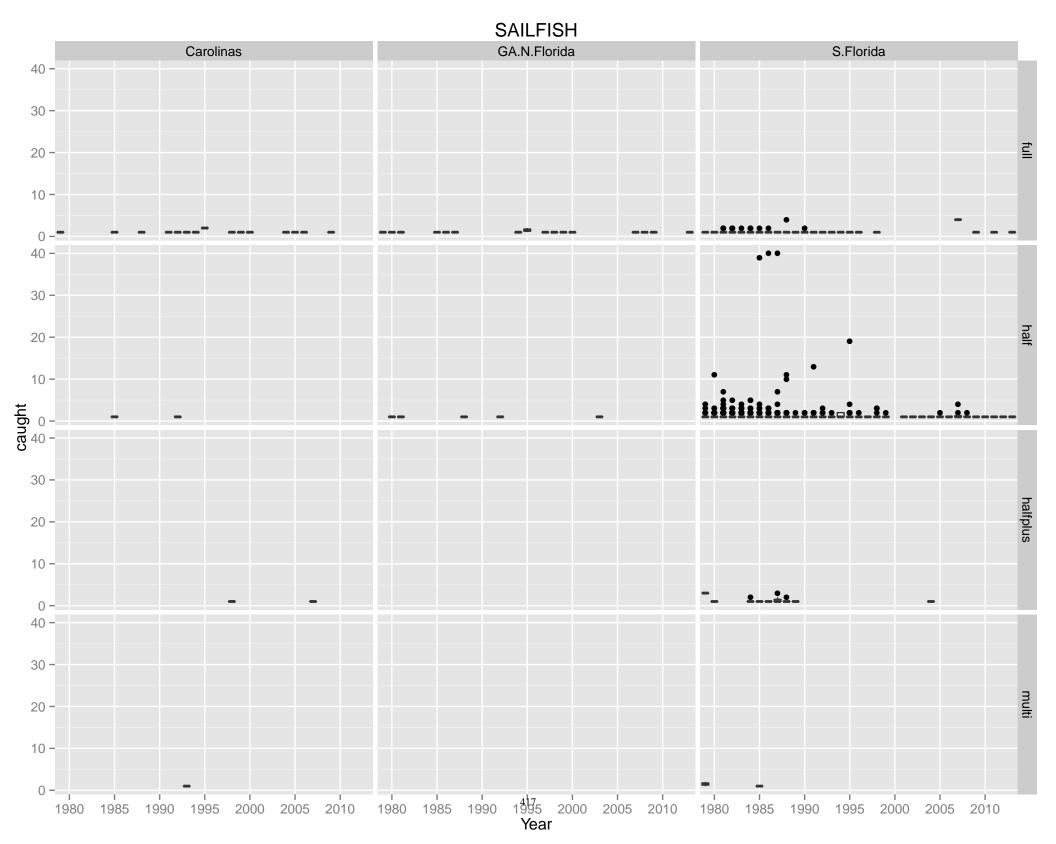






**ROCK HIND** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -4 -2 -0 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year





**SAILFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -0.0 -2.0 -1.5 -CPUE (caught/anglers) - 0.0 - 2.0 - 2.1 - 2.1 1.0 -0.5 -0.0 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -1 1980 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** ı 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**SAILFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) -3 **-**0 --2 þ -3 --4 -1995 **Year** 2000 2005 1995 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 2010 1980 1985 1995 1990 2000 1990 2000

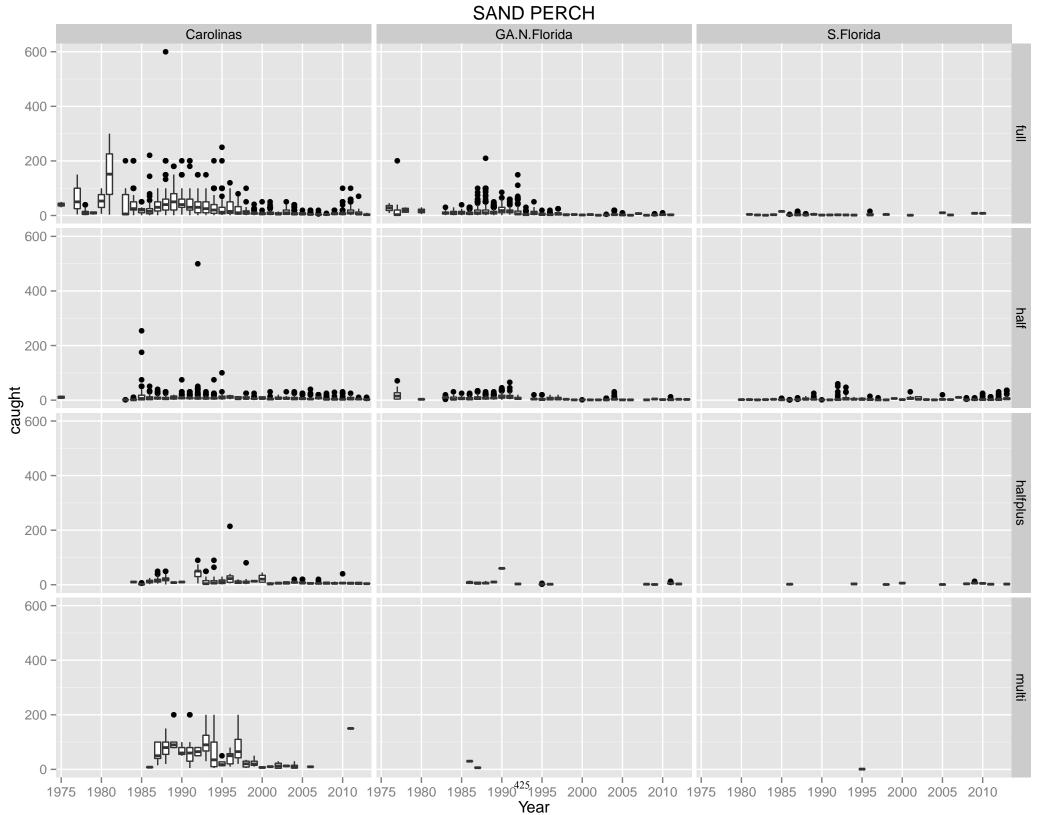
SAILFISH GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -0 -• 300 -200 -100 sum(caught) 200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1980 1985 1990 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000

SAILORS CHOICE (GRUNT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 þ \_申 150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -1980 1985 1985 1985 1995 2010 1995 2010 1995 1980 2010 1980 Year

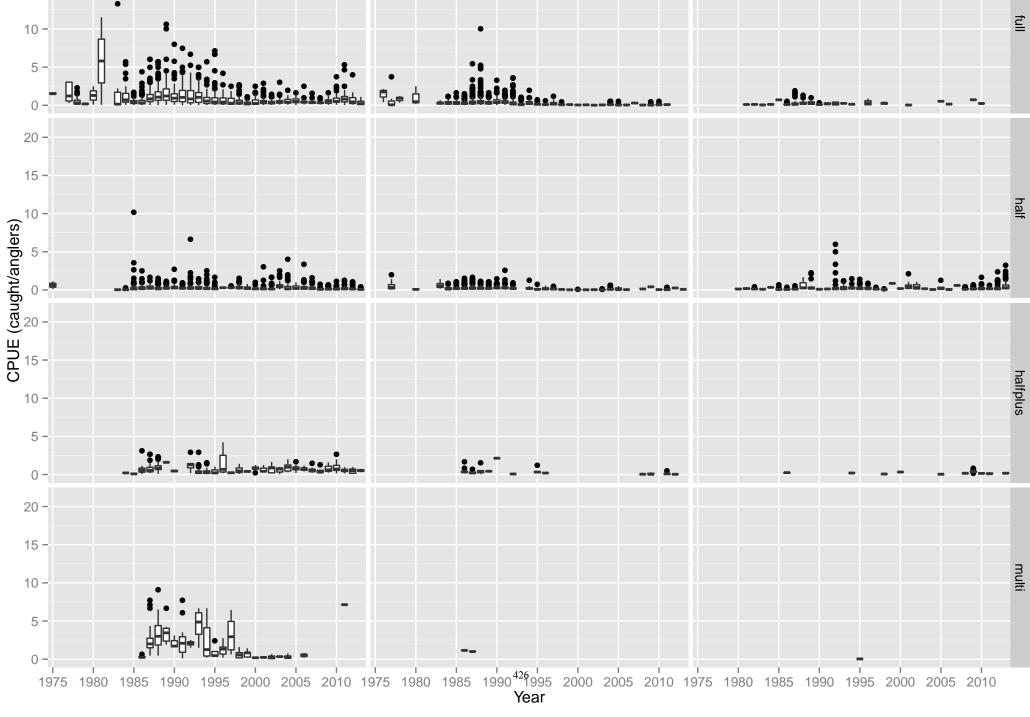
SAILORS CHOICE (GRUNT) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -1985 1985 2010 1980 1985 1995 1980 1995 2010 1980 1995 2010 Year

SAILORS CHOICE (GRUNT) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2 -0 þ -2 -2 -Ė 0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) ¢ þ halfplus þ -2 --4 -2 -0 --2 **-**1985 1985 1995 2010 1980 2010 1980 2010 1995 1980 1985 1995 Year

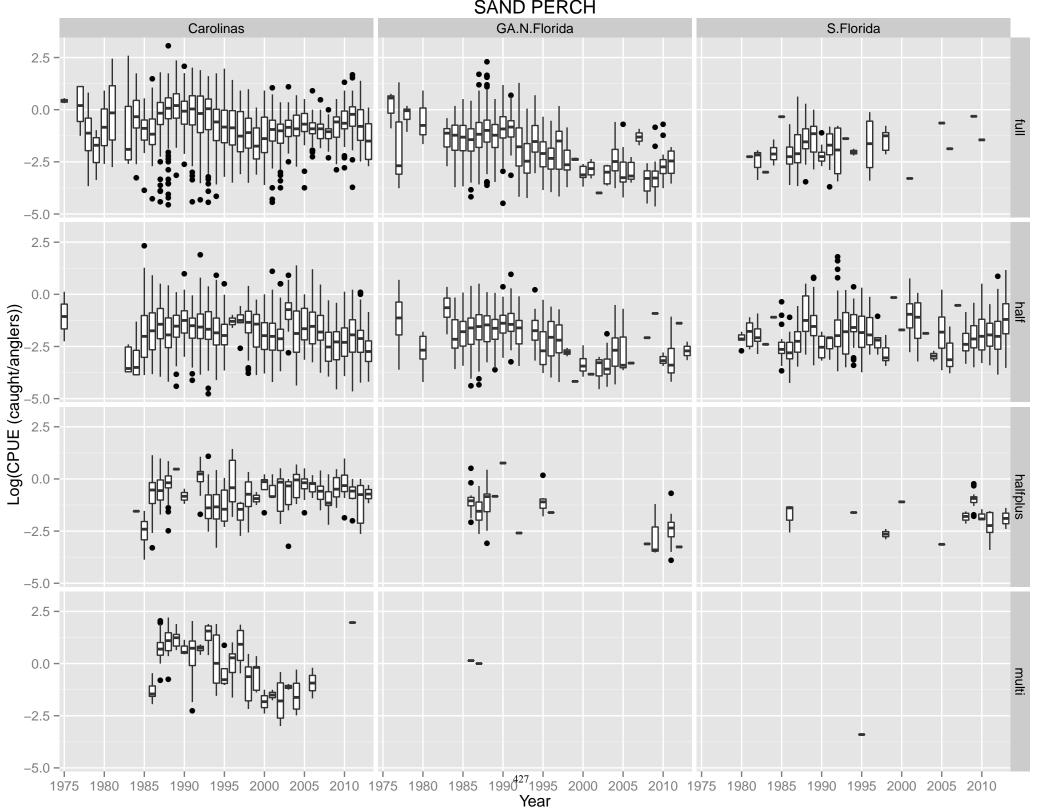
SAILORS CHOICE (GRUNT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 900 -600 -300 -0 -900 -600 -300 sum(caught) 600 -300 -0 -900 -600 -300 -0 -1980 1985 1995 2010 1985 1995 2010 1980 1995 1980 1985 2010 Year



SAND PERCH GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 20 -15 -10 -5 -0 -



SAND PERCH

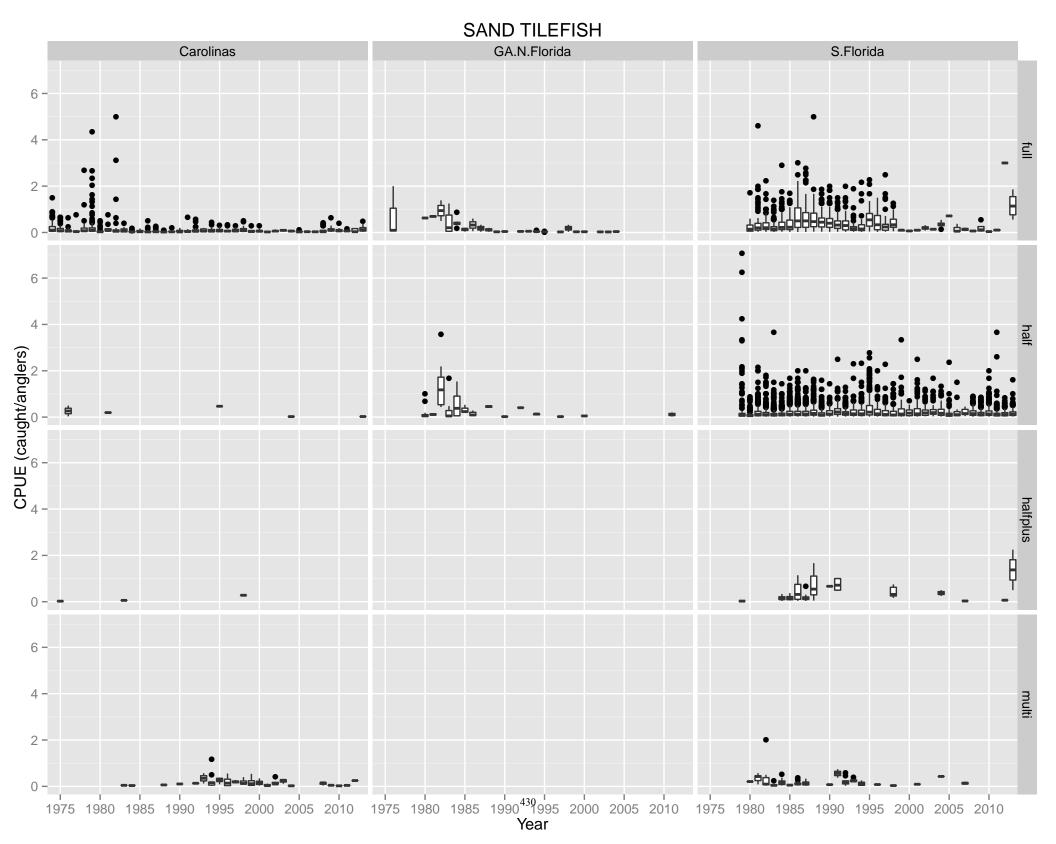


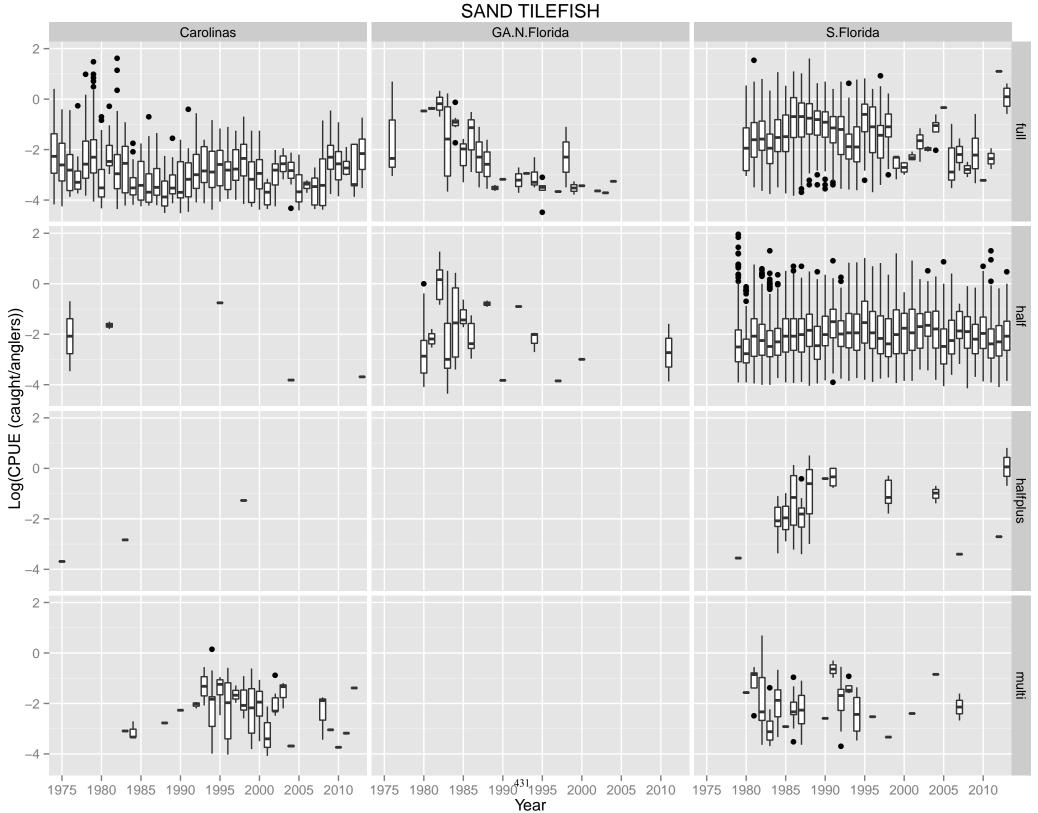
SAND PERCH GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 10000 -7500 -5000 -2500 -10000 -7500 -5000 -2500 -2500 -0 -10000 -7500 -5000 -2500 -0 -10000 -7500 -5000 -2500 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

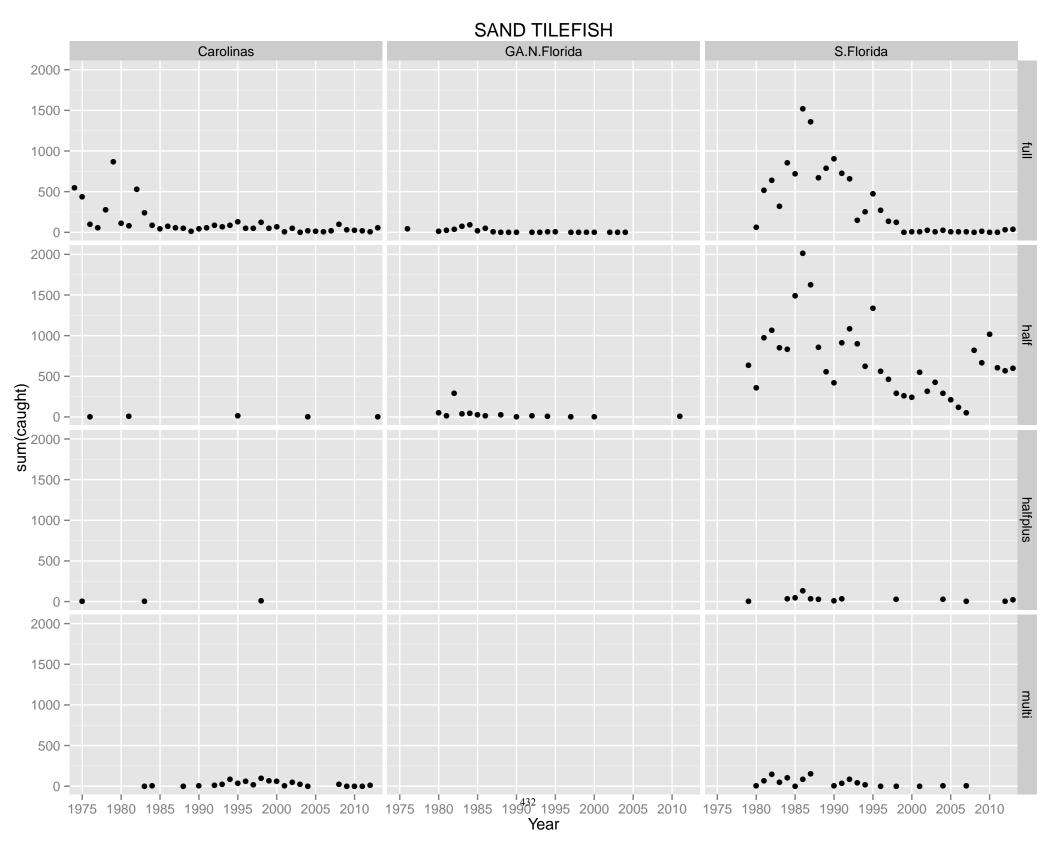
Year

SAND TILEFISH Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -200 -150 -100 -50 caught 0 150 -100 -50 -200 -150 -100 -50 -

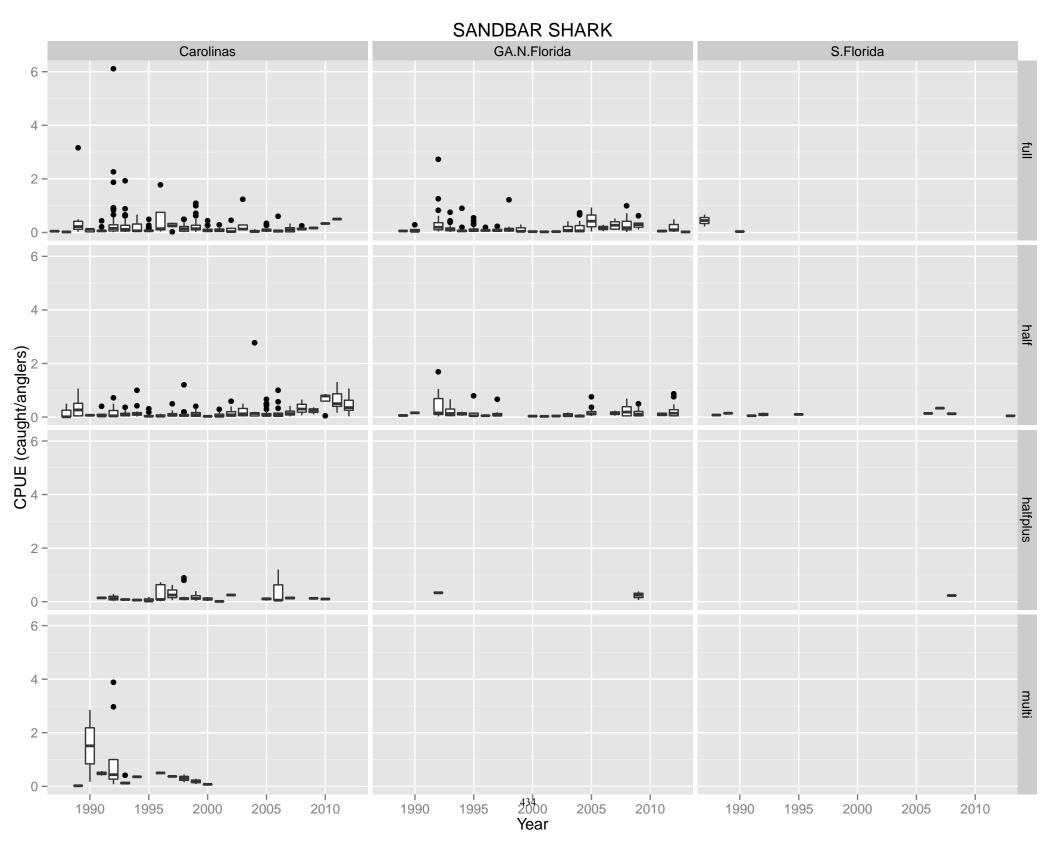
1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

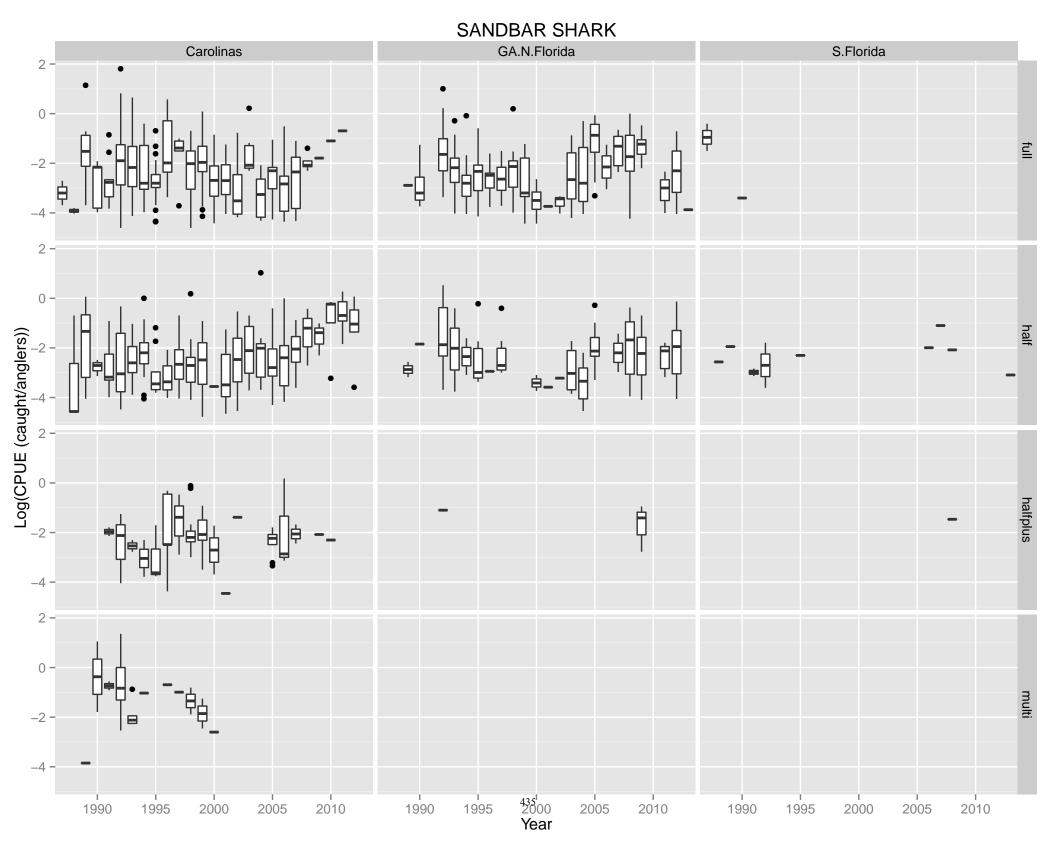






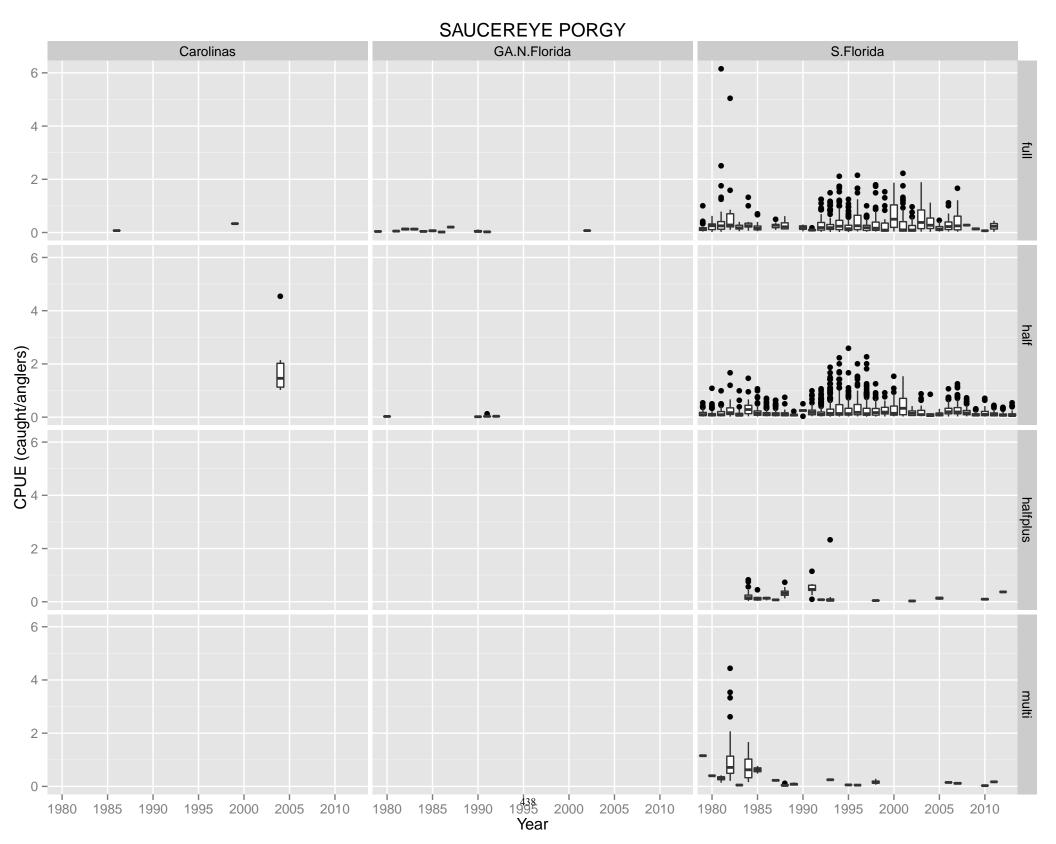
SANDBAR SHARK GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 100 -75 -50 -25 -100 -75 -50 -25 caught 0 75 halfplus 50 -25 -P 0 -100 -75 -50 -25 -0 -1995 2005 1990 433 1 2000 Year 2010 2010 2005 1990 1995 2000 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

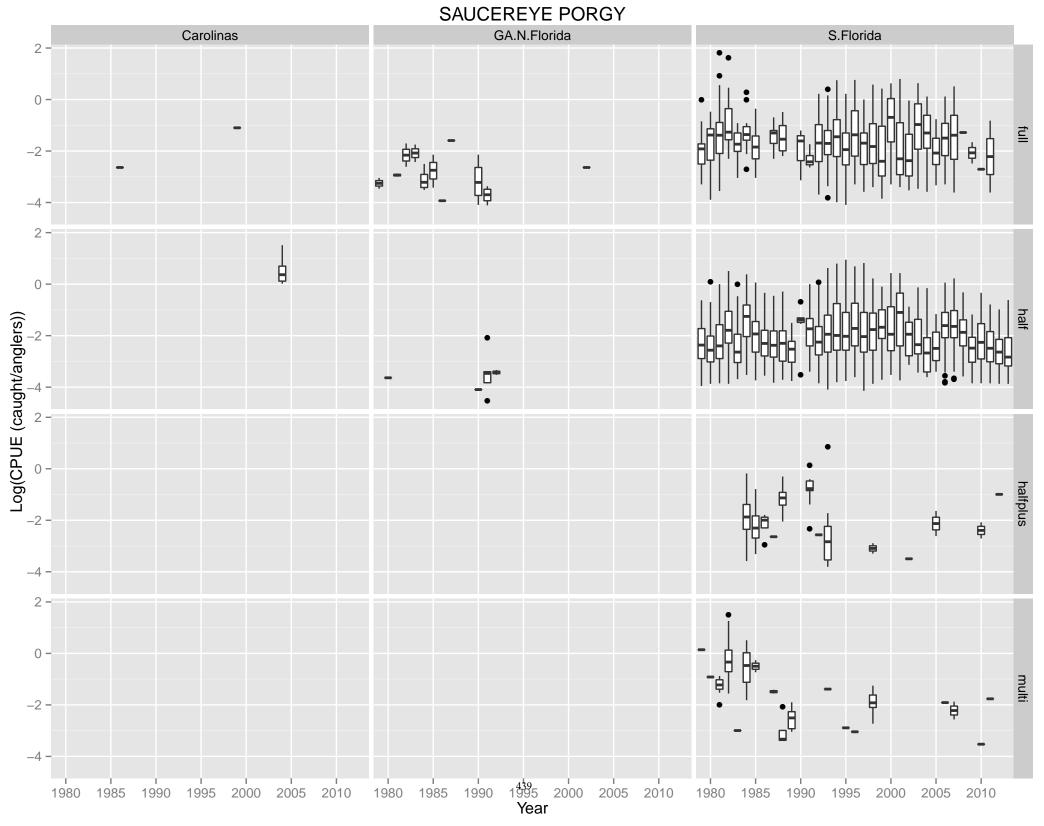


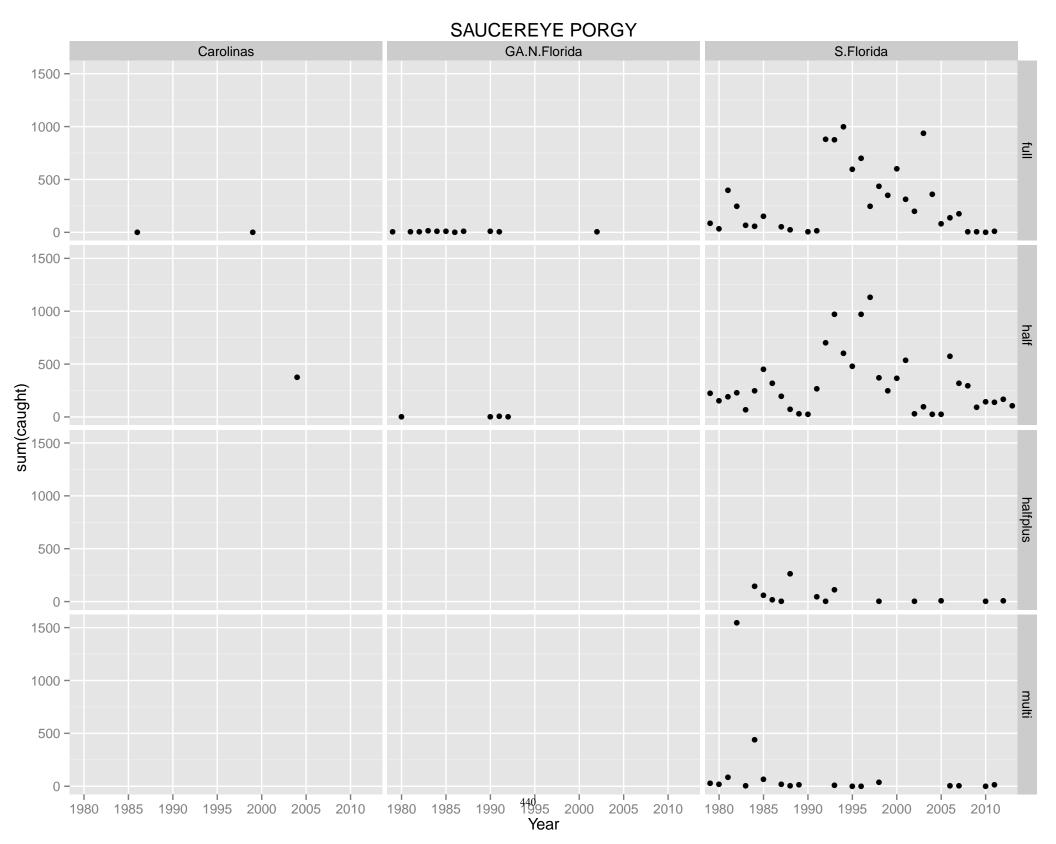


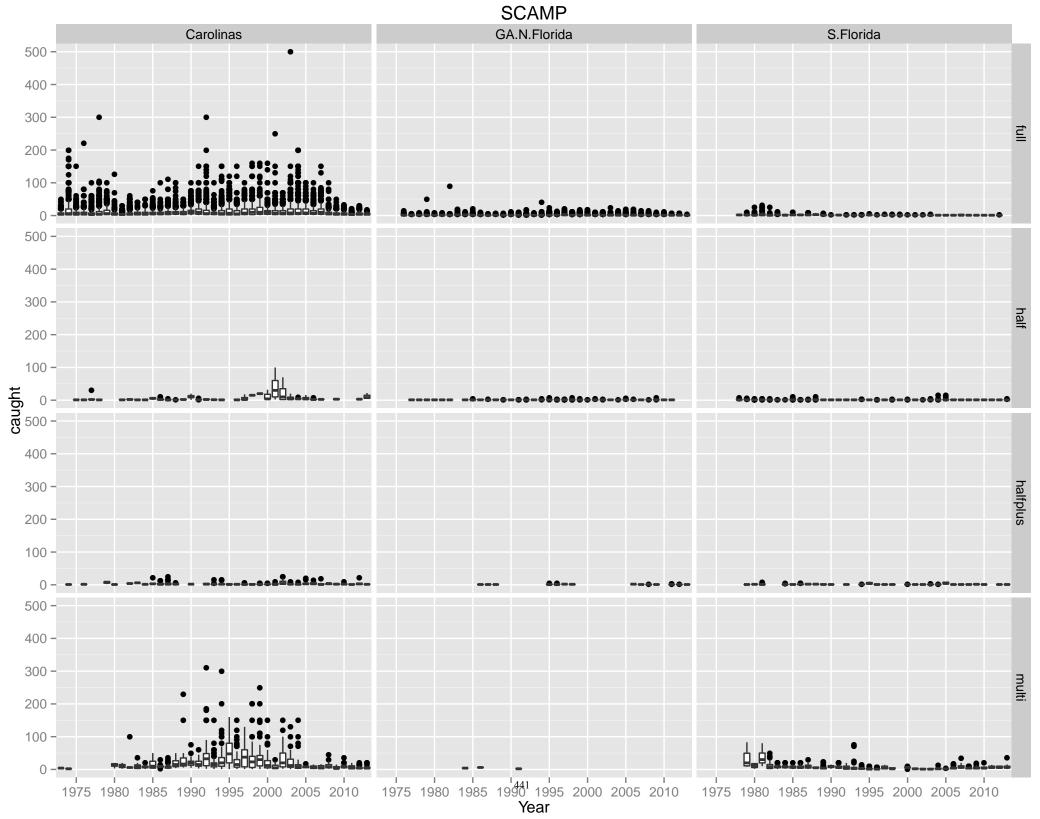
SANDBAR SHARK GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 600 -400 -200 -0 - • 600 -400 half 200 sum(caught) 400 halfplus 200 -0 -600 -400 -200 -0 -1990 1995 2005 436 1 2000 **Year** 2010 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995

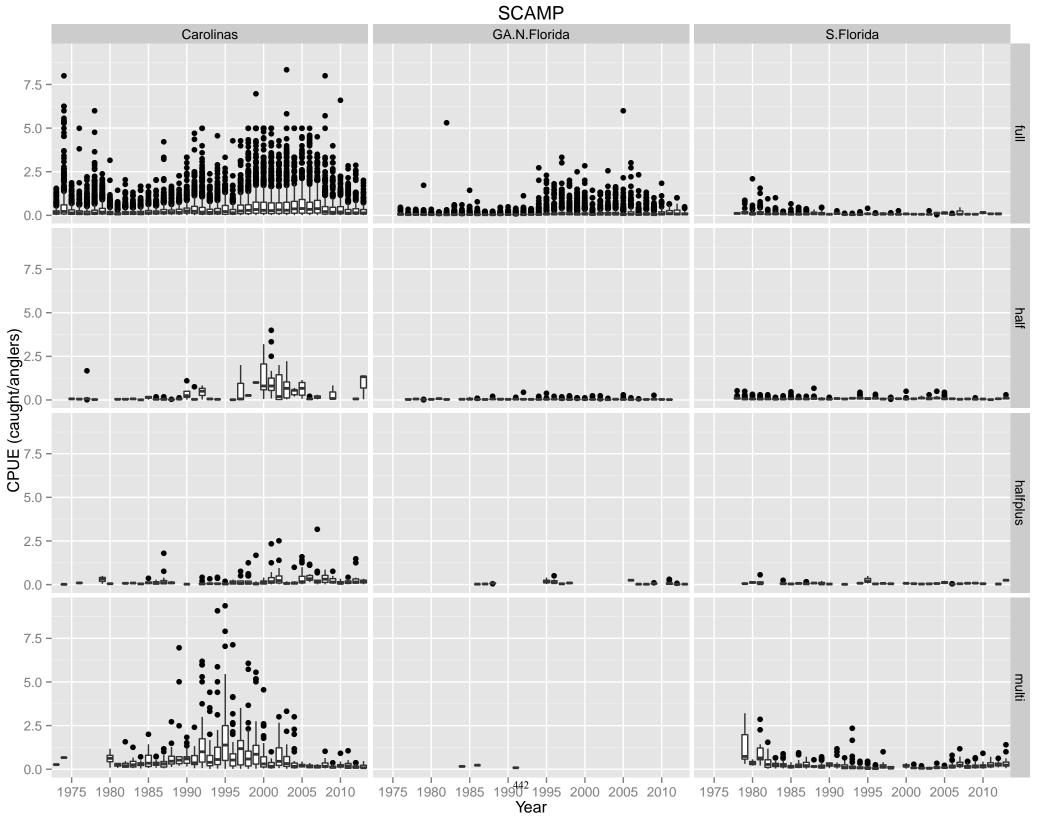
SAUCEREYE PORGY Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 100 -75 -50 -25 -0 -100 -75 -50 -25 candht - 001 75 -50 -25 -0 -100 -75 -50 -25 ı 1985 1995 2000 **Year** 2005 2010 1990 1995 2005 2010 1980 1990 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2000











**SCAMP** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 1975 1980 1985 199<sup>443</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**SCAMP** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 9000 -6000 -3000 -0 -9000 -6000 -3000 sum(caught) 6000 -3000 -9000 -6000 -3000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

Year

SCHOOLMASTER SNAPPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 canght - 0 - 150 -100 -50 -0 -150 -100 -50 -0 -1980 1985 1990 445 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SCHOOLMASTER SNAPPER GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -1980 1985 1990<sup>446</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SCHOOLMASTER SNAPPER Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 --2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 --2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**

> 1985 1990<sup>447</sup>1995 **Year**

1980

1985

1990

1995 2000 2005 2010

2000 2005 2010

1985

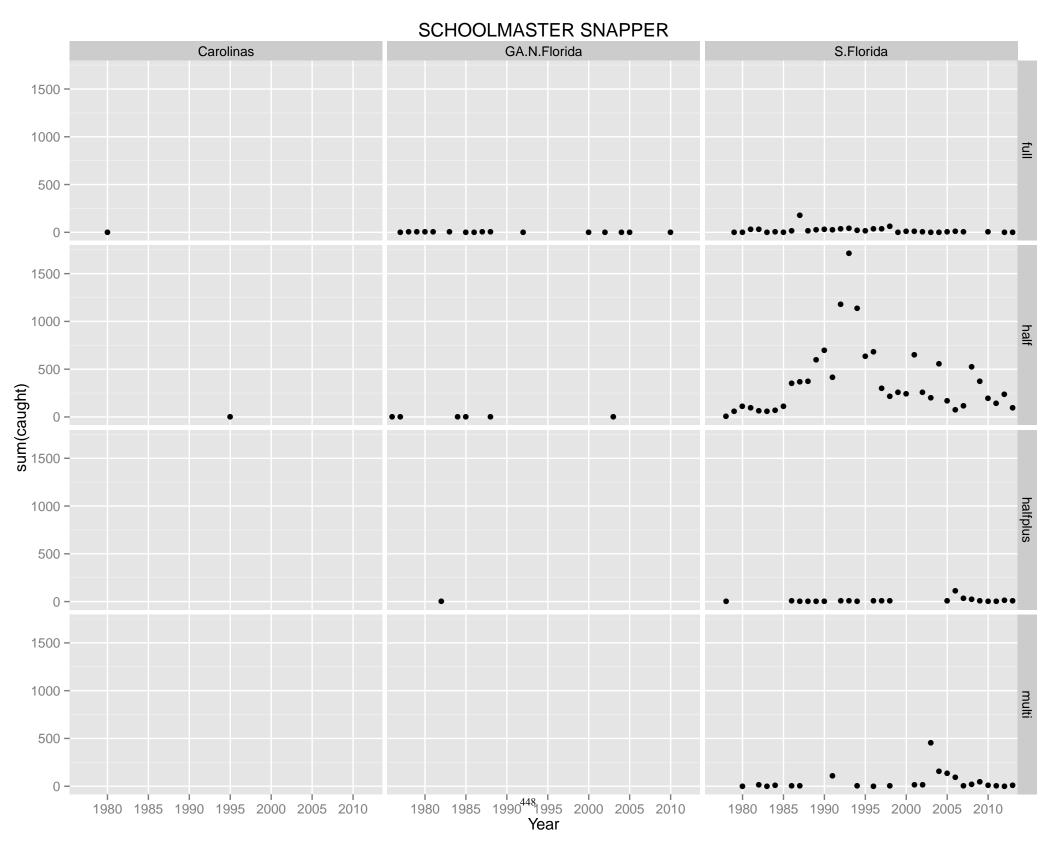
1990

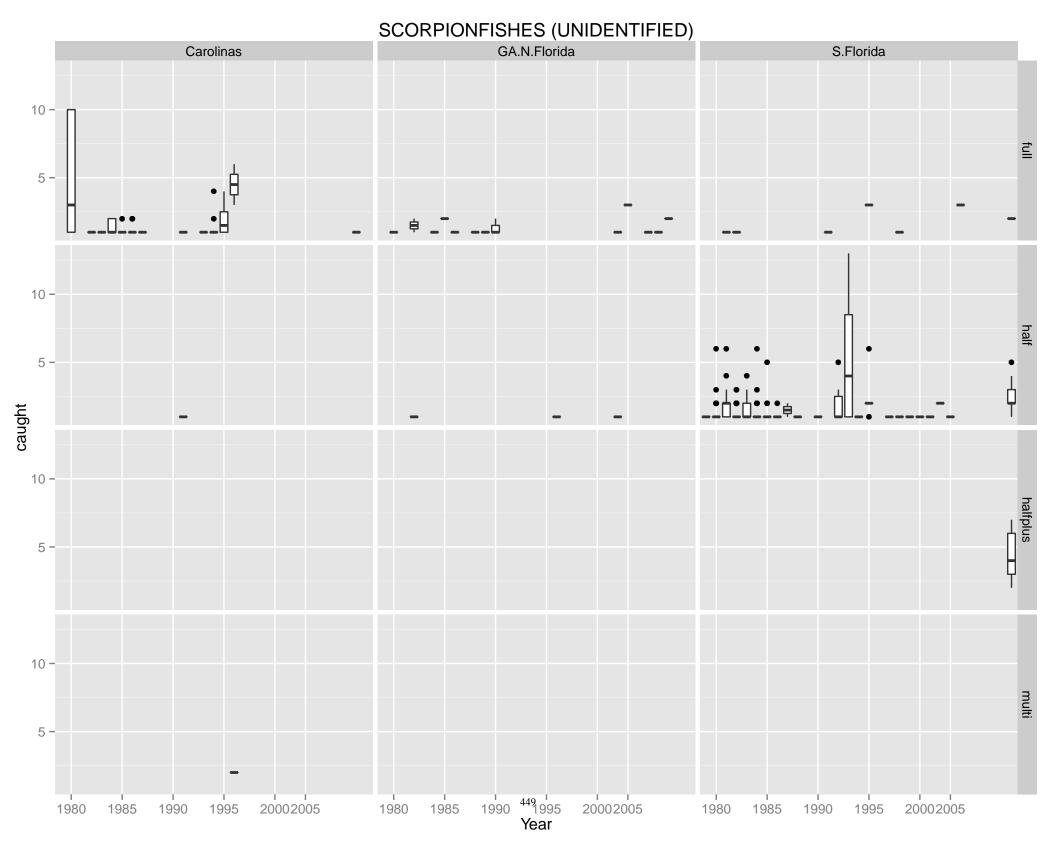
1995

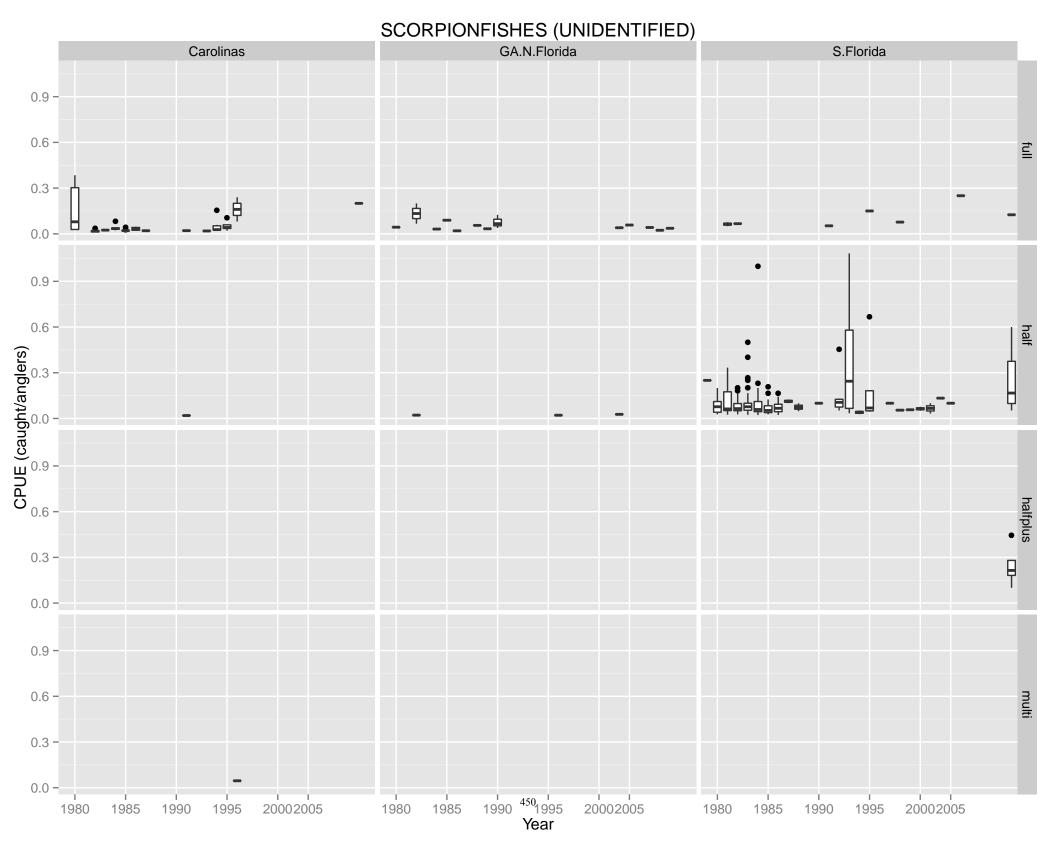
2000

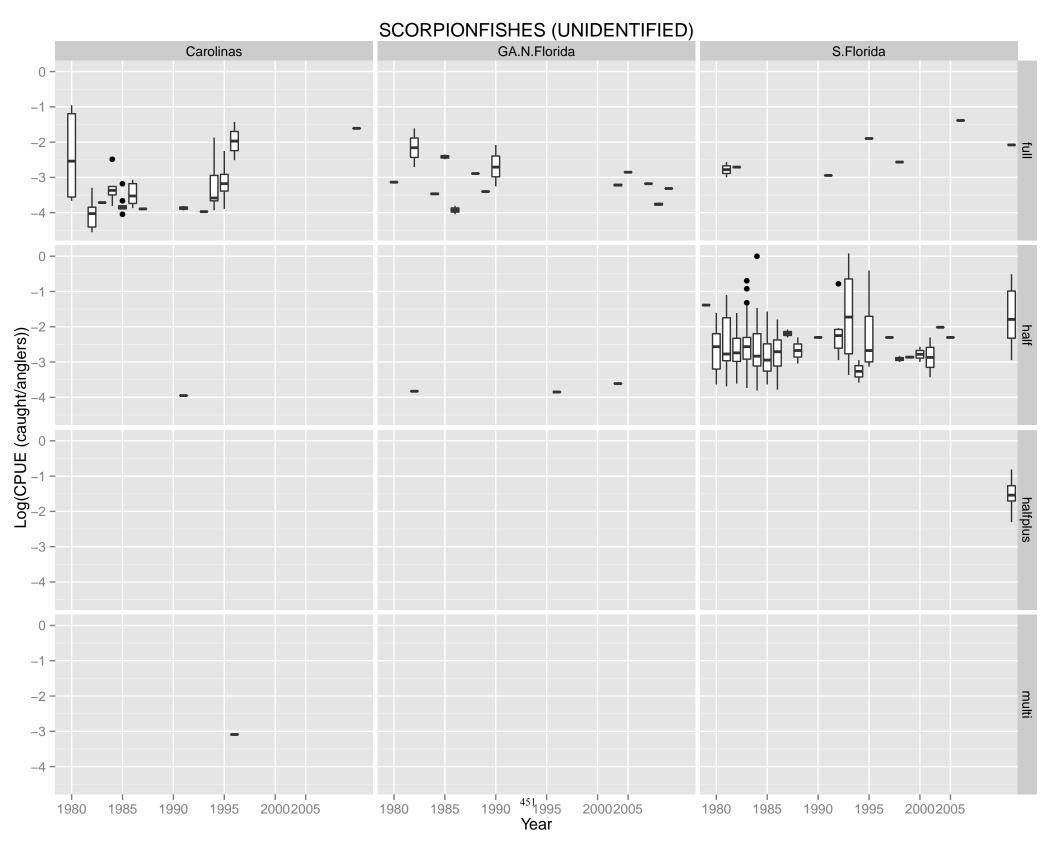
2005 2010

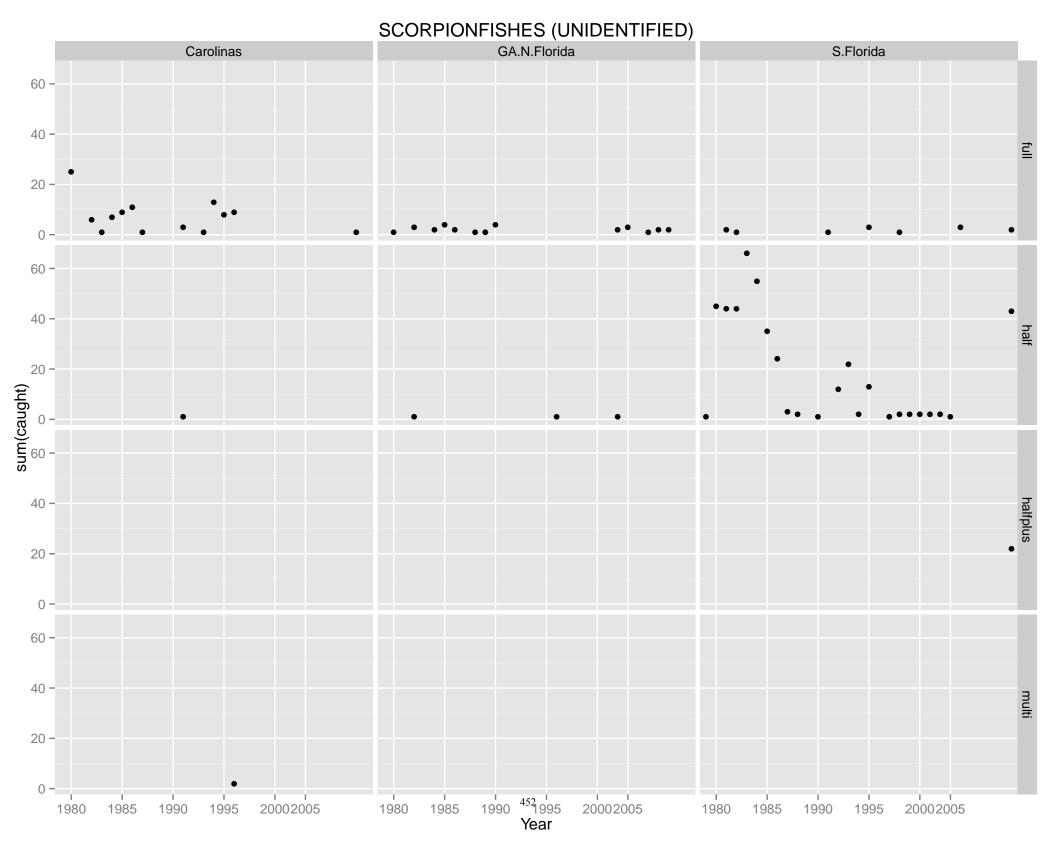
1980











**SCUP** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 1000 -750 -500 -250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 canght - 0 750 -500 -250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 -1995 2000 **Year** 2010 1990 1975 1985 2005 2010 1975 1985 1990 1990 1995 2000 2005 1995

SCUP Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10 -5 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) halfplus 5 -10 -1995 **Year** 2000 1975 1985 2005 1990 1975 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2010 1975 1985 1990 1995

**SCUP** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2.5 --5.0 · 2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -5.02.5 -0.0 --5.0 **-**1995 **Year** 1990 1975 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1985 2000 2005 2010 1975 1985 1990 2005 2010 1995 2000

SCUP Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 8000 -6000 -4000 -2000 -8000 -6000 -4000 -2000 sum(caught) 4000 -2000 -8000 -6000 -4000 -2000 -1995 2000 2005 2010 **Year** 1975 1985 1990 1975 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1995 2000 2005

SHARKS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 250 -200 -150 -100 -50 -250 -200 -150 -100 -50 caught 0 200 halfplus 150 -100 -50 -0 -250 -200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -1995 <sup>457</sup> 1990 1990 2000 2005 2010 1995 1990 2000 2005 2010 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SHARKS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -7.5 -5.0 half halfplus 2.5 -0.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -1990 1995 1995 2010 2000 2005 1990 2000 2005 2010 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

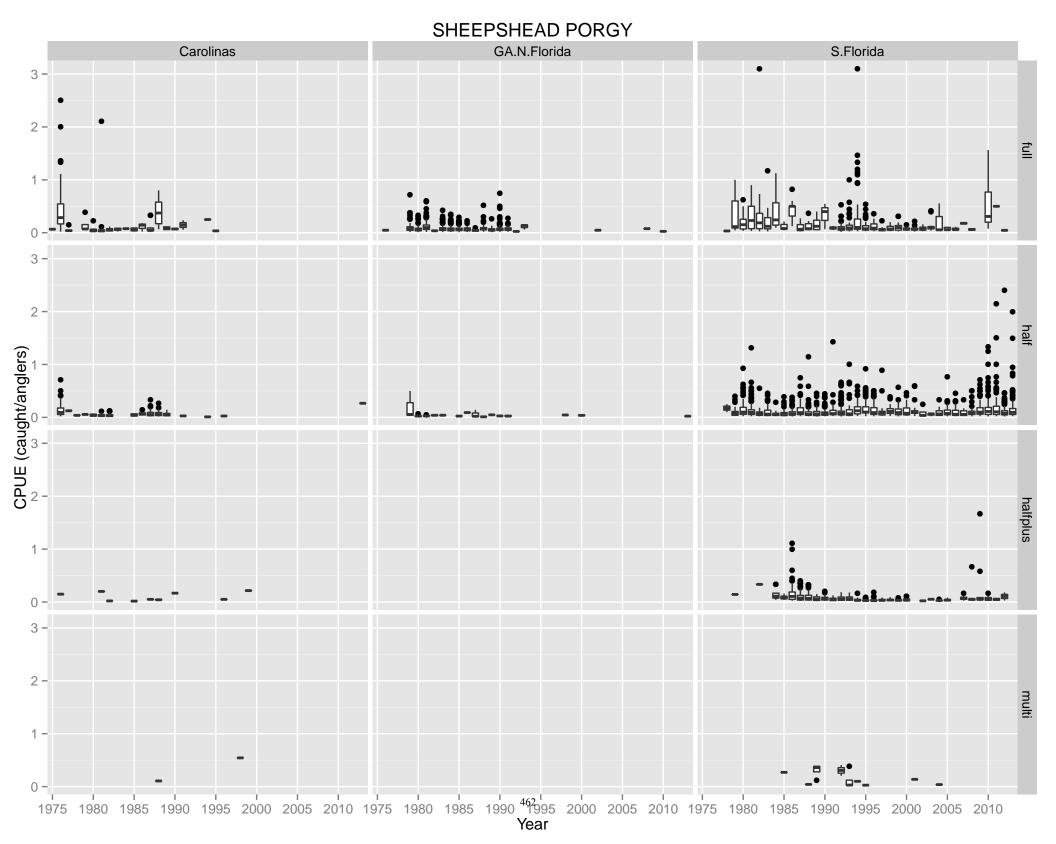
SHARKS (UNIDENTIFIED) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 -2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0.0 -中 -2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**卓 1995 <sup>459</sup> 2000 2005 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1990 2010 1990 1995 2005 2010 2000 Year

SHARKS (UNIDENTIFIED) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 1250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 -1250 1000 -750 -500 -250 -0 -1250 -1000 -250 -750 -500 -250 -0 -1250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 -1990 1995 2010 1990 2000 2005 2010 1990 2010 2000 2005 1995 2000 2005 Year

SHEEPSHEAD PORGY Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 80 - • 60 -40 -20 -80 -60 -40 -20 caught 60 -40 -20 -80 -60 -40 -20 -

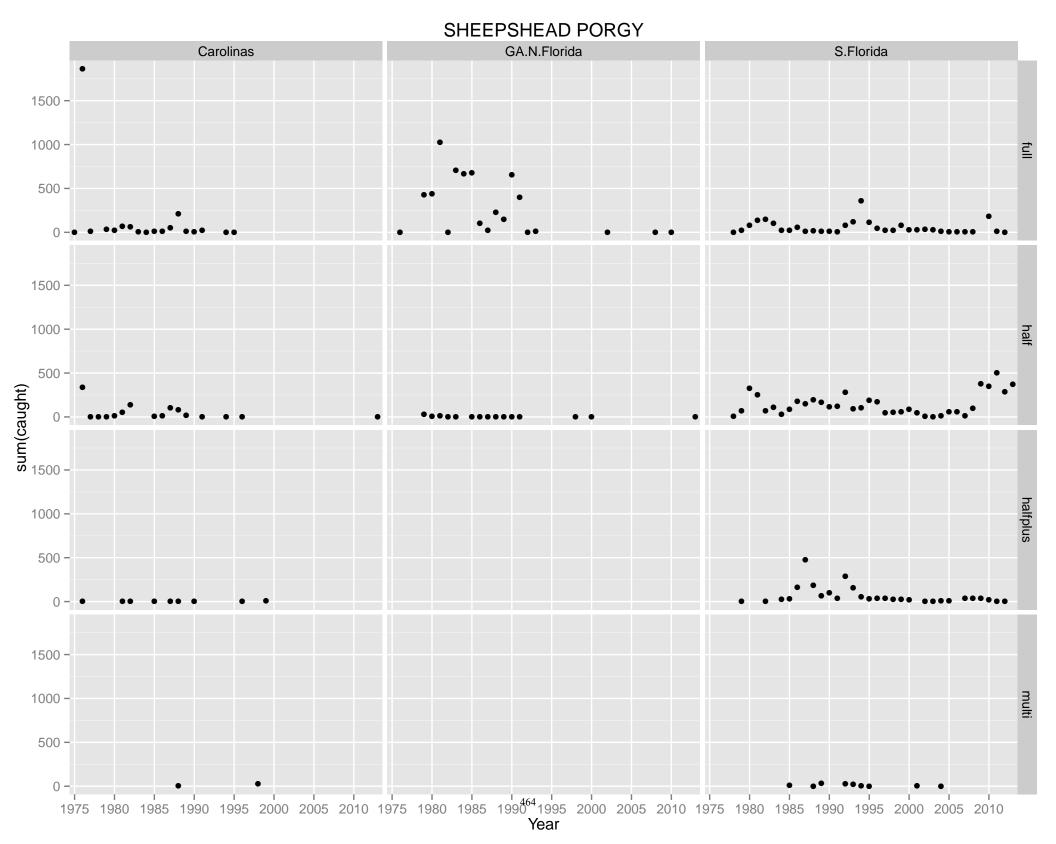
1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 <sup>46</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995

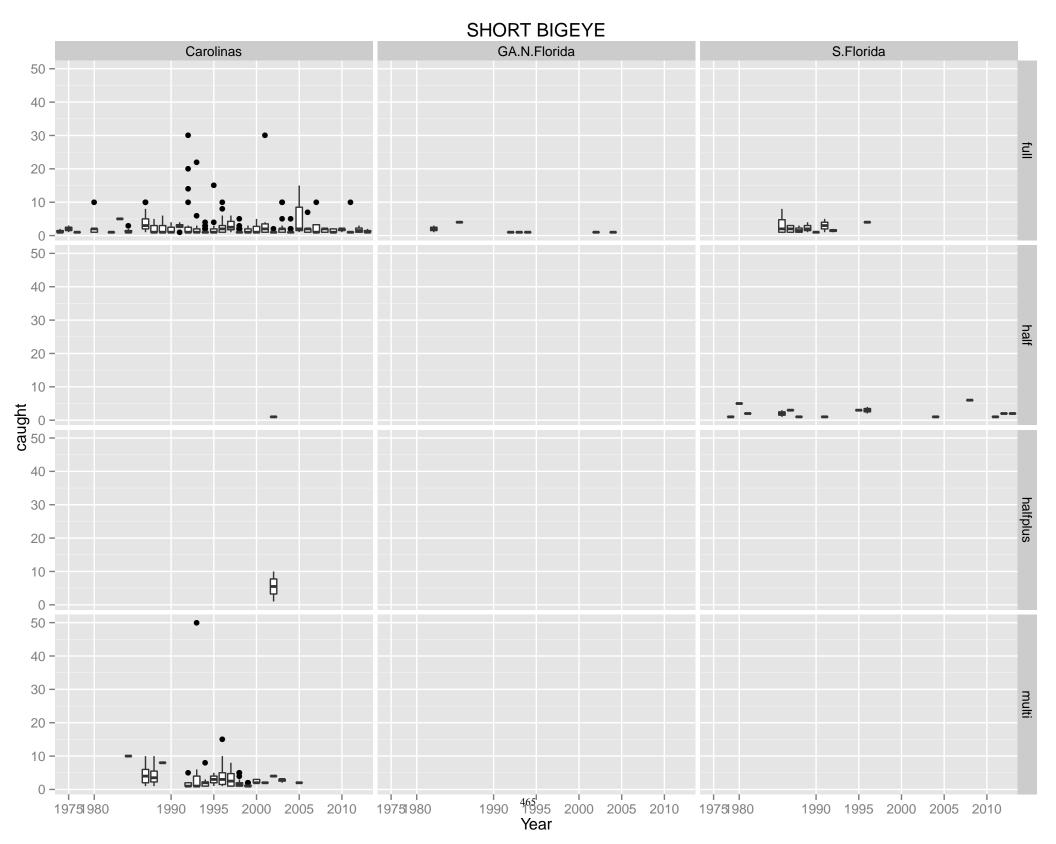
Year



SHEEPSHEAD PORGY Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 -**−3 −** -4 -1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 463 995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

Year





SHORT BIGEYE Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0.75 -0.50 -0.25 -0.75 -0.50 -CPUE (caught/anglers) - 25.0 - 0.50 halfplus 0.25 þ 0.00 -0.75 -0.50 -0.25 -0.00 -

2000 2005 2010

Year

1975 1980

1990 1995 2000

2005

2010

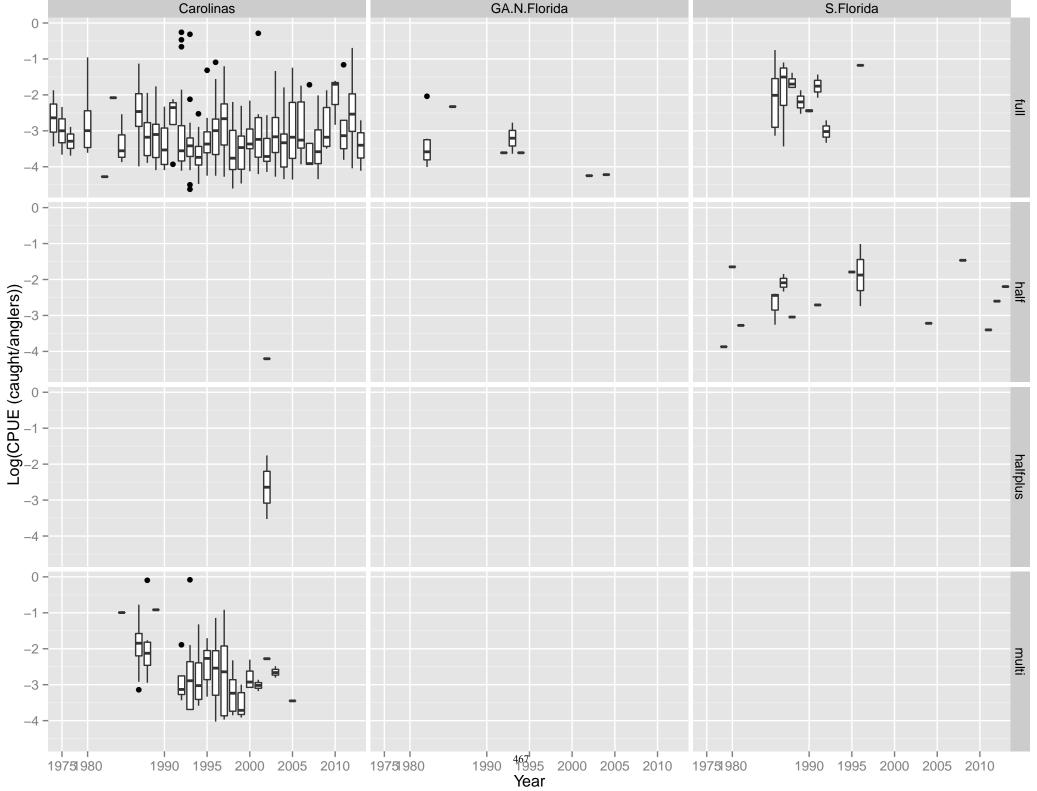
1975 980

1990

1995 2000 2005 2010

1975 1980

SHORT BIGEYE GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 -单\_ P 0 -0 -



SHORT BIGEYE Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 100 -50 -100 -50 sum(caught) 100 halfplus 50 -0 -100 -50 -

<sup>468</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010

Year

19751980

1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

1975 1980

1995

2000 2005 2010

1990

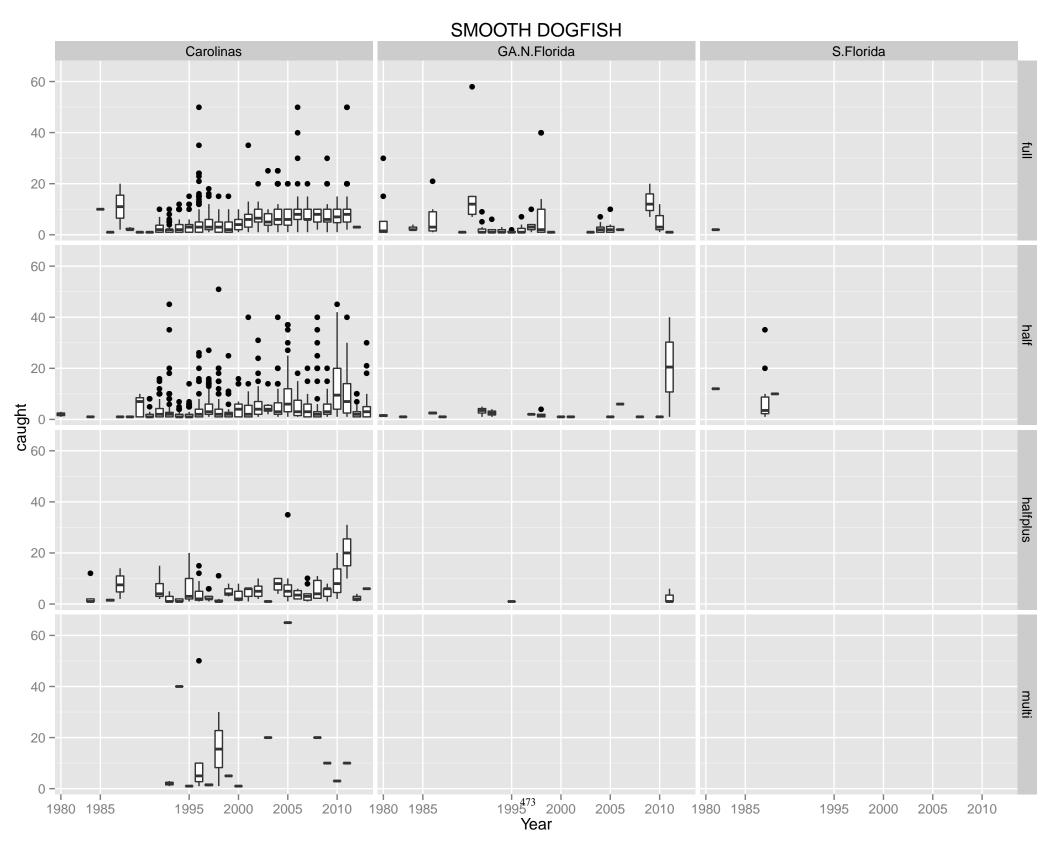
1975|980

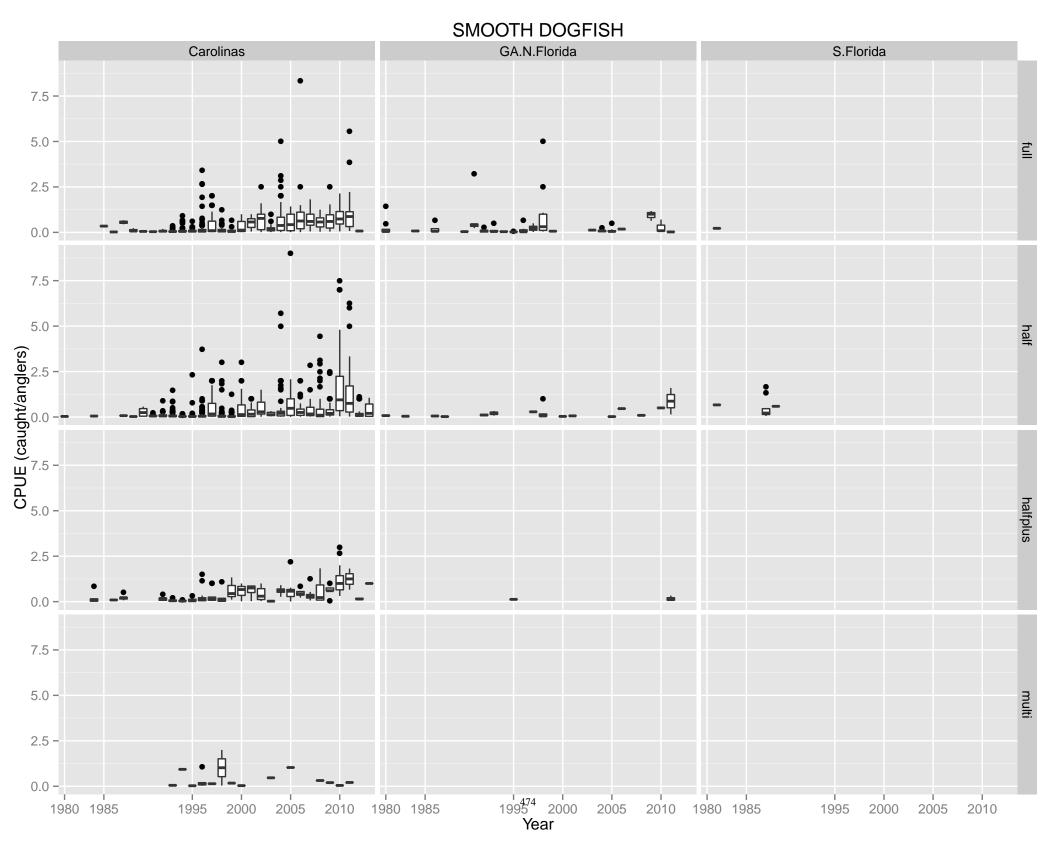
SILK SNAPPER (YELLOWEYE) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 1000 -750 -500 -250 -1000 -750 -500 -250 caught - 0 750 -500 -250 -0 -1000 -750 -500 -250 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

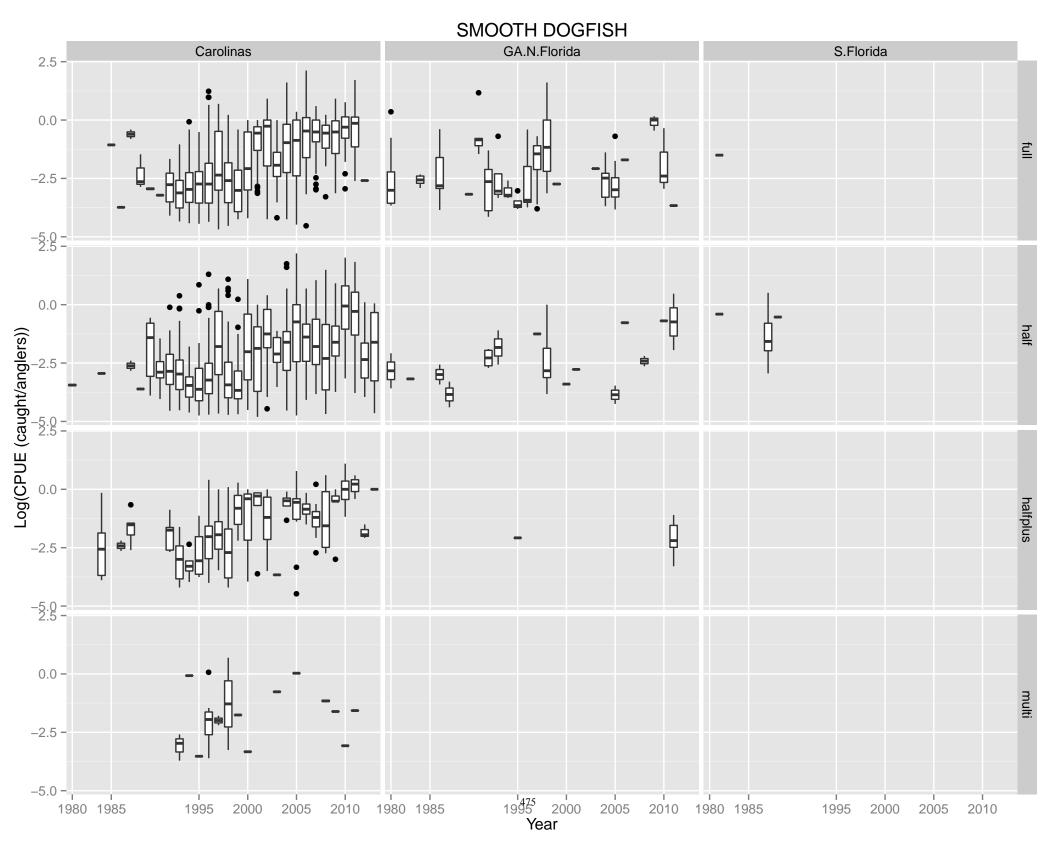
SILK SNAPPER (YELLOWEYE) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 30 -20 -10 -30 -20 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 10 -0 -30 -20 -10 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

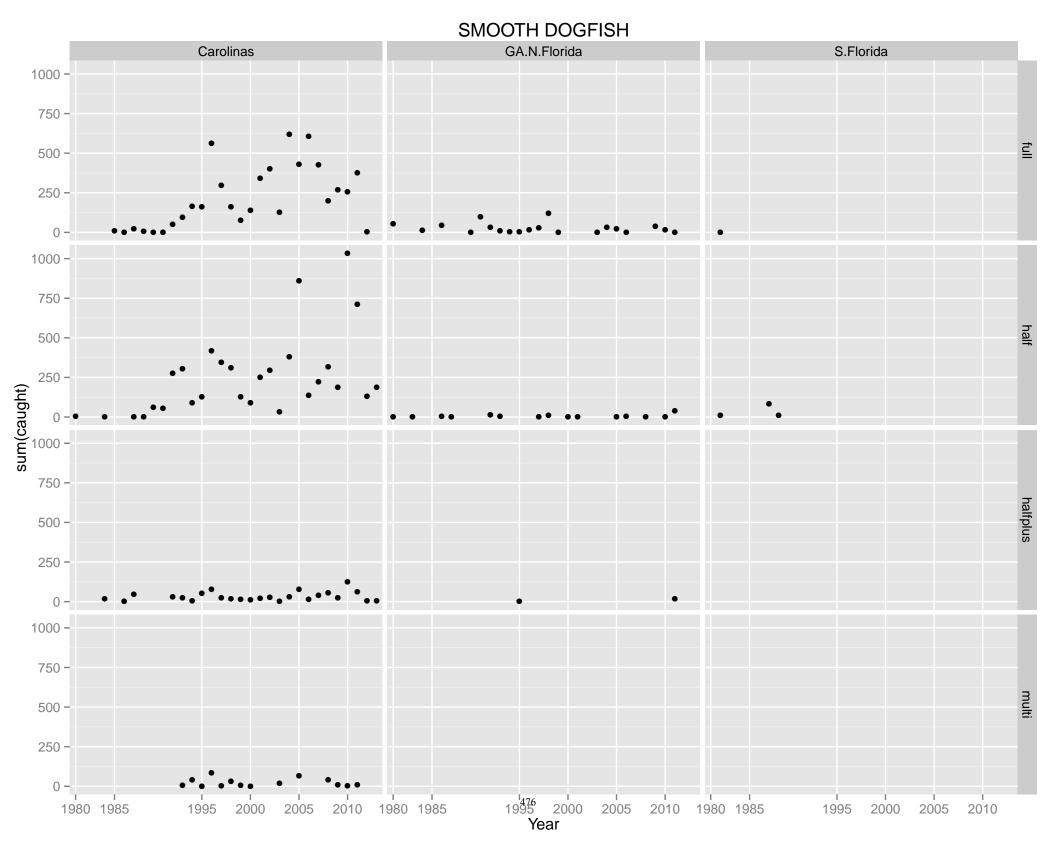
SILK SNAPPER (YELLOWEYE) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) **|**þ P -2 --4 -2 -0 -1975 1980 1985 199<sup>471</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SILK SNAPPER (YELLOWEYE) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 sum(caught) - 0 - 0000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year









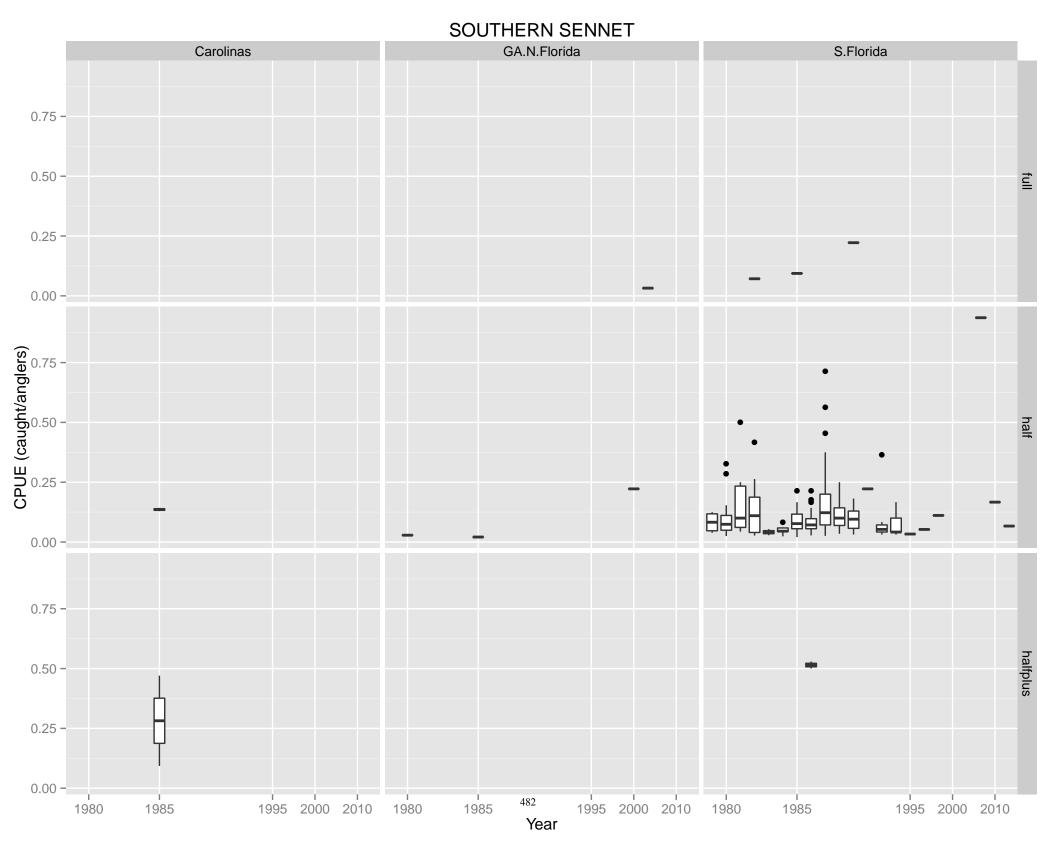
SNOWY GROUPER (CHOCOLATE) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 150 -100 200 150 -100 -50 canght 0 - 0 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SNOWY GROUPER (CHOCOLATE) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -10.0 7.5 -5.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 0.0 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -1975 1980 1985 1997 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

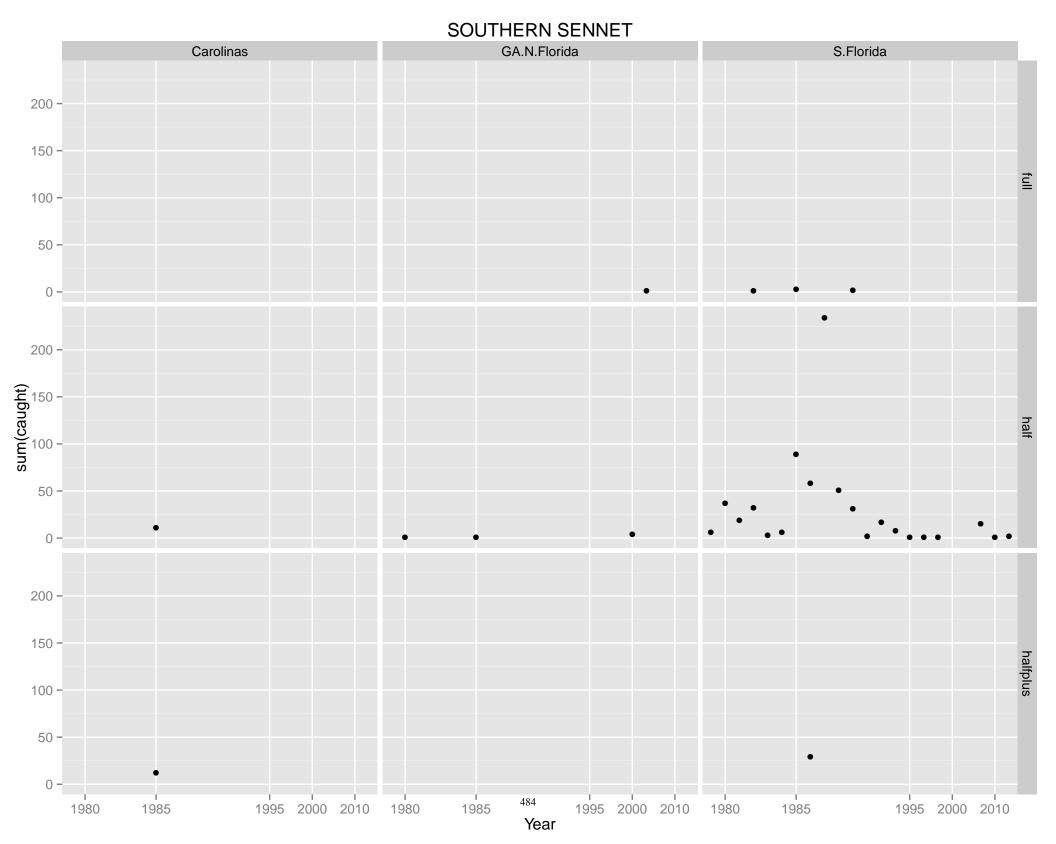
SNOWY GROUPER (CHOCOLATE) GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 2.5 2.5 -0.0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 -0.0 halfplus -2.5 **-**2.5 -0.0 -2.51997 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

**SNOWY GROUPER (CHOCOLATE)** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -• 0 -2000 -1500 -1000 sum(caught) 500 -0 -• 1500 -1000 -500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

SOUTHERN SENNET GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 20 -15 -10 -5 -20 -15 caught - 01 5 -20 -15 -10 -5 -1985 1995 2000 2010 1980 1985 1995 2000 2010 1980 1980 1985 1995 2000 2010 Year



**SOUTHERN SENNET** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 --1 --2 **-**-3 -0 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0 -\_1 halfplus -2 --3 -1 1985 1980 1985 1980 1995 2000 2010 1995 2000 1980 1995 2000 2010 1985 2010 Year



**SPADEFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 800 -600 -400 -200 -800 -600 -400 -200 caught 600 -400 -200 -0 -800 -600 -400 -200 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990<sup>485</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**SPADEFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 15 -10 -5 -15 -10 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 5 -15 -10 -5 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 <sup>486</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

**SPADEFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 0.0 --2.5-5.0 2.5 0.0 Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 0.0 halfplus -2.5-5.02.5 0.0 -2.5-5.0 **-**1985 1990 1995

Year

2000 2005 2010 1975 1980

1985 1990

1995

2005 2010

2005 2010 1975 1980

1980

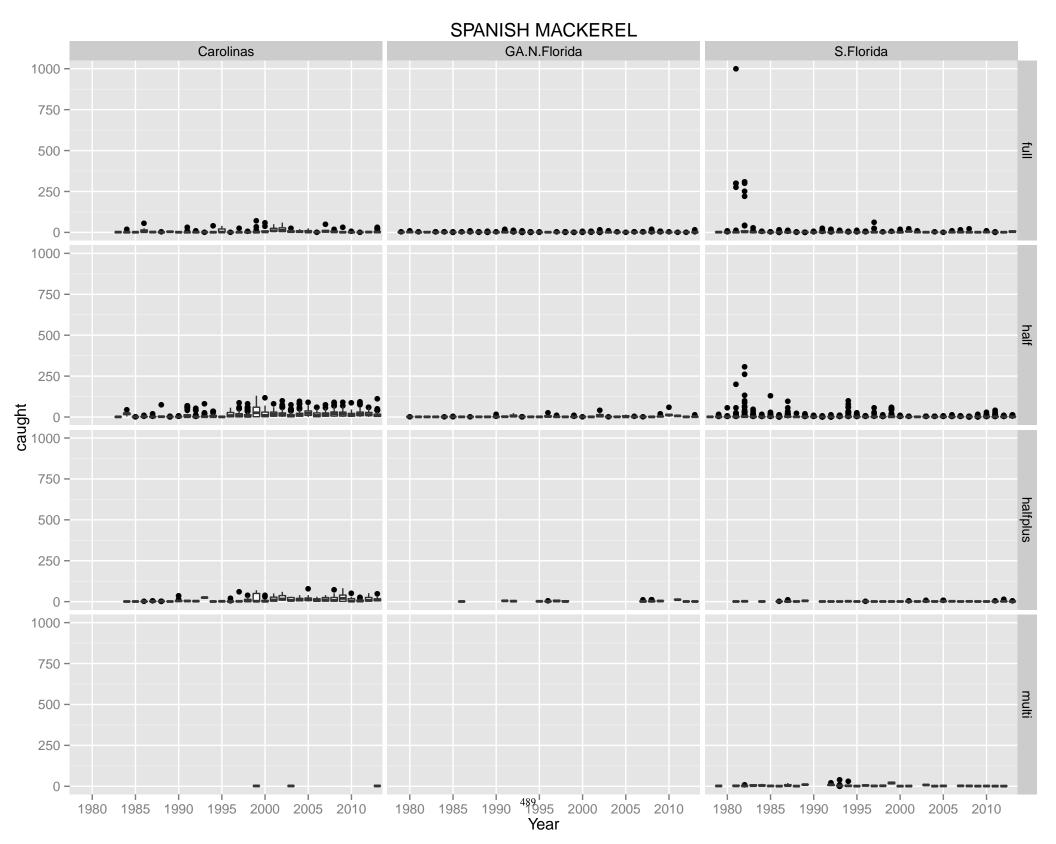
1985

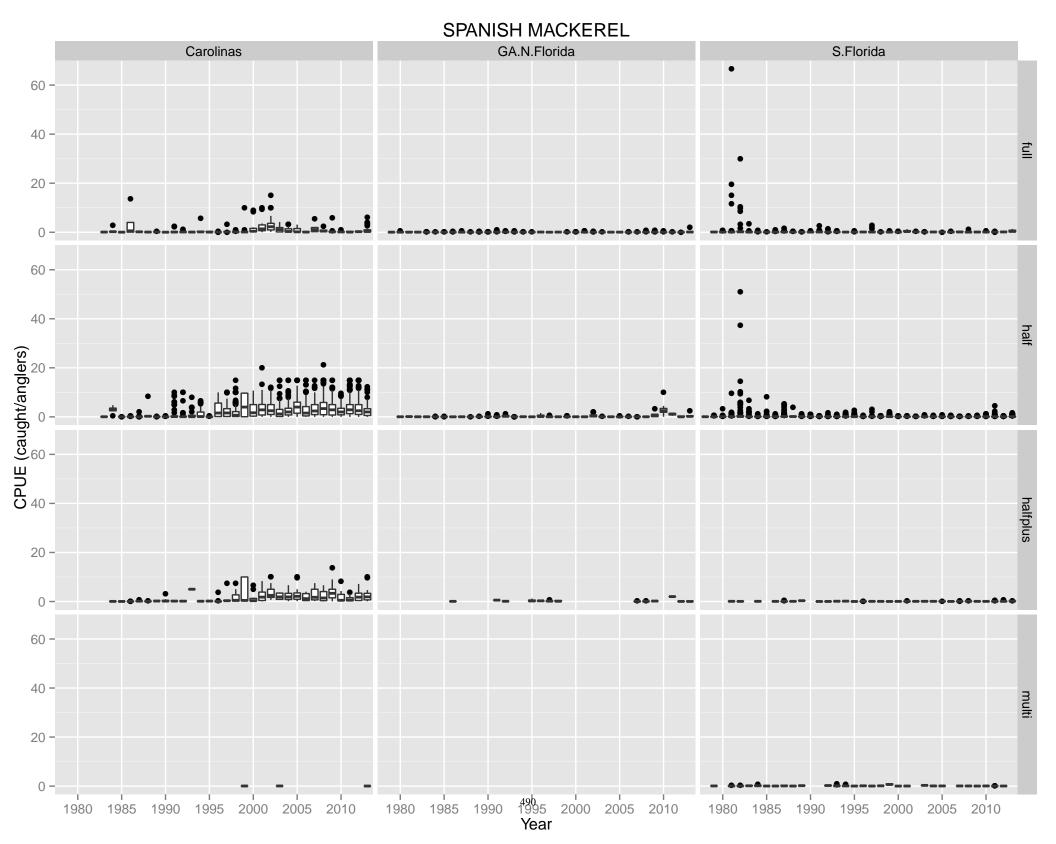
1990

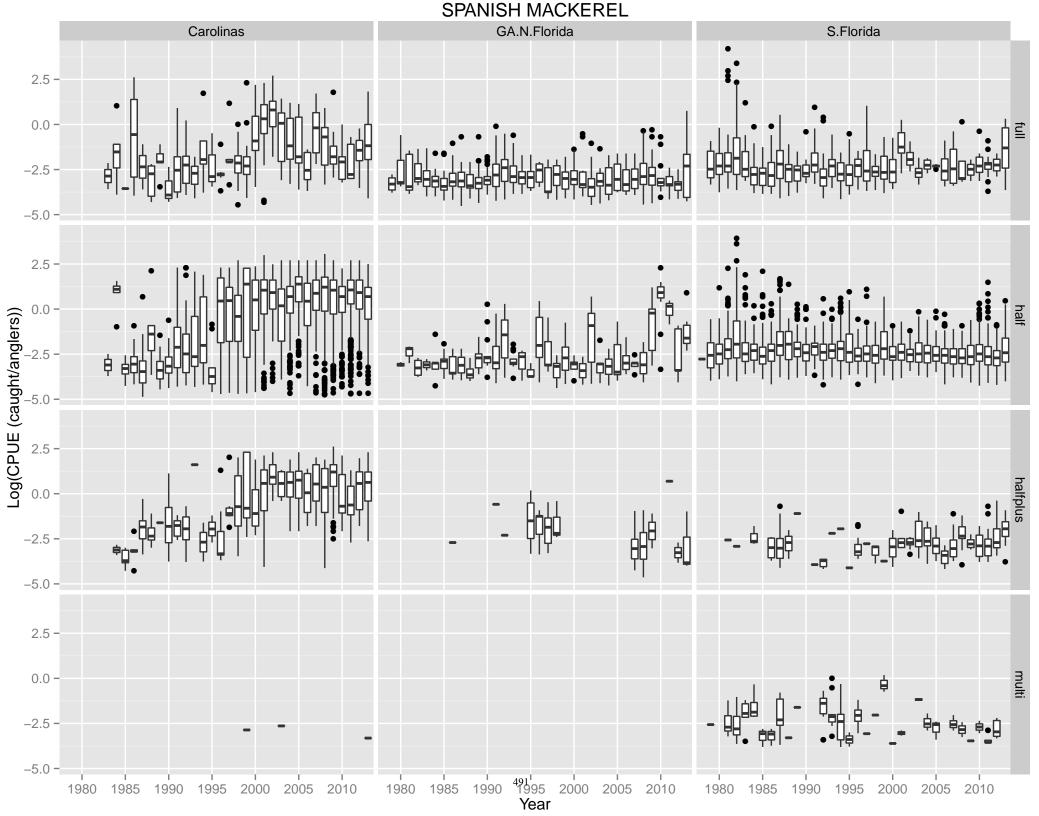
1995 2000

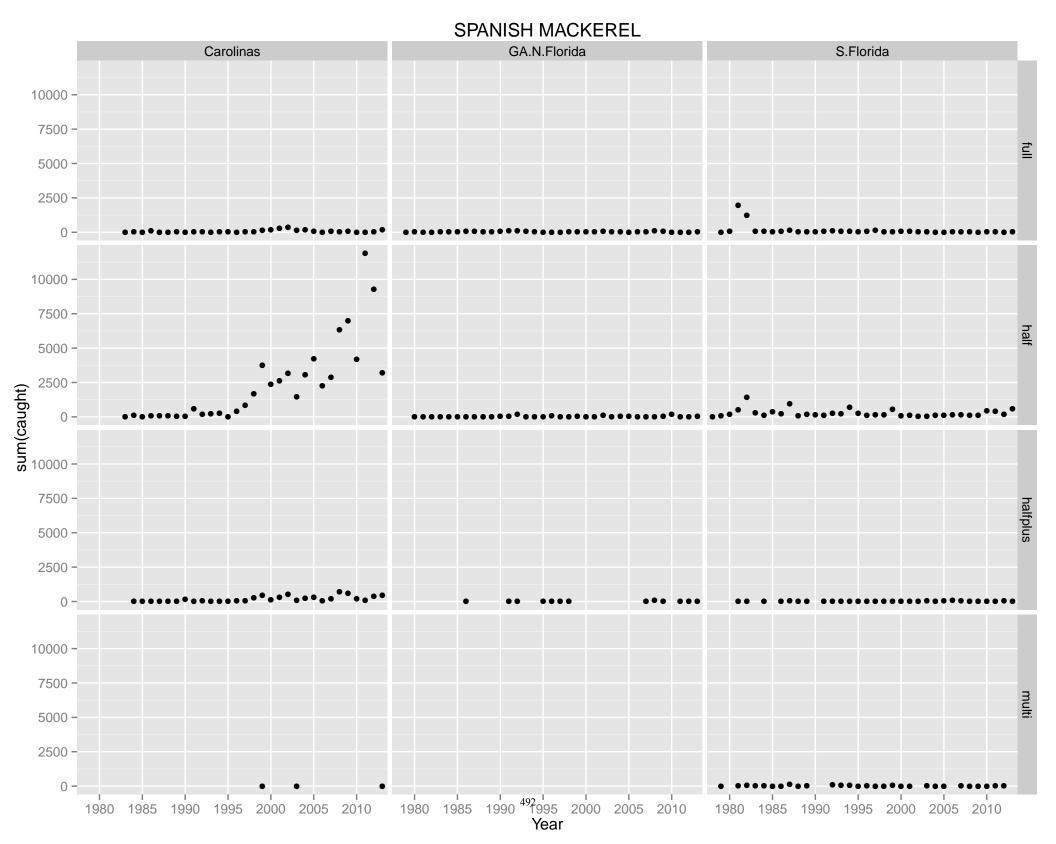
**SPADEFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 som (canght) som (canght) 1500 -1000 -500 -0 -2500 -2000 -1500 -1000 -500 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990<sup>488</sup>1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

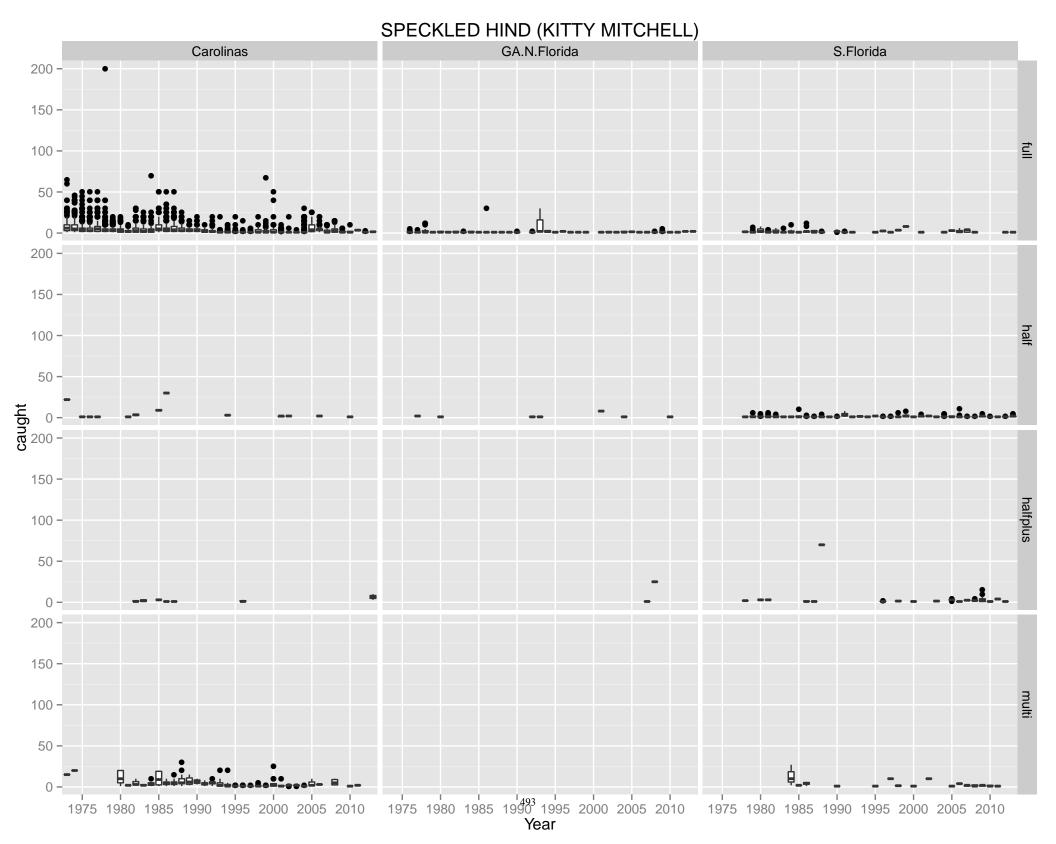
Year







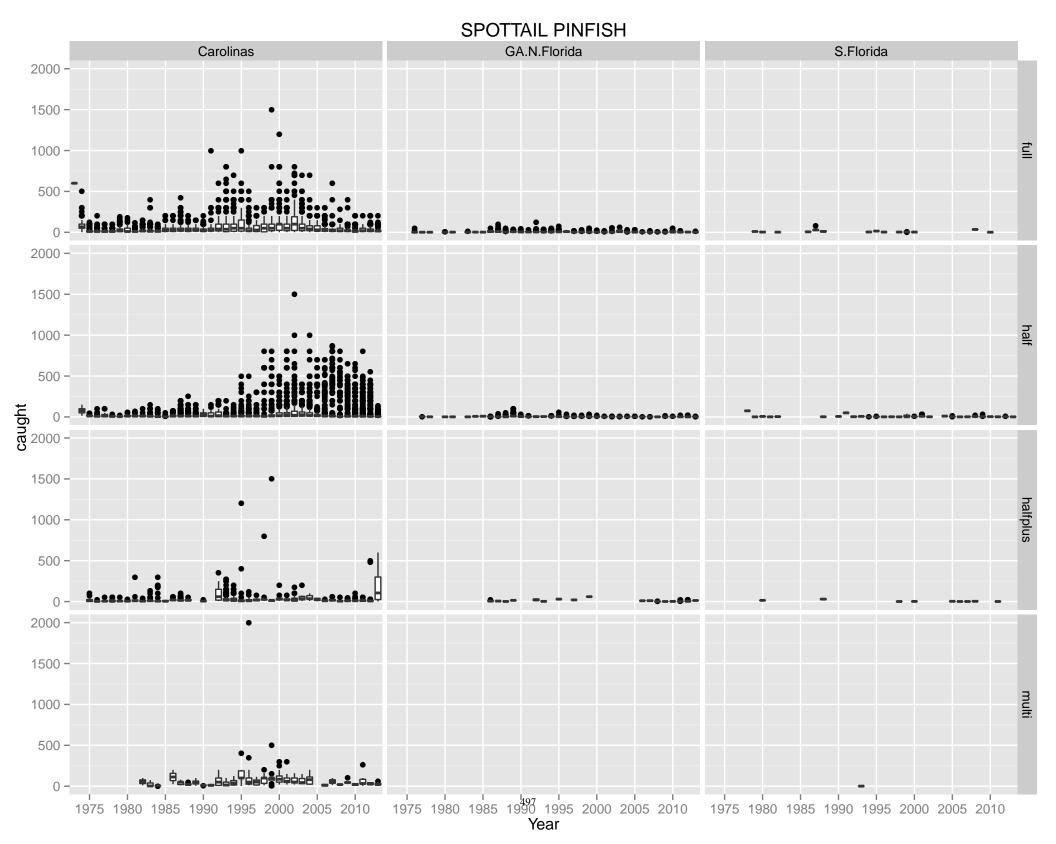


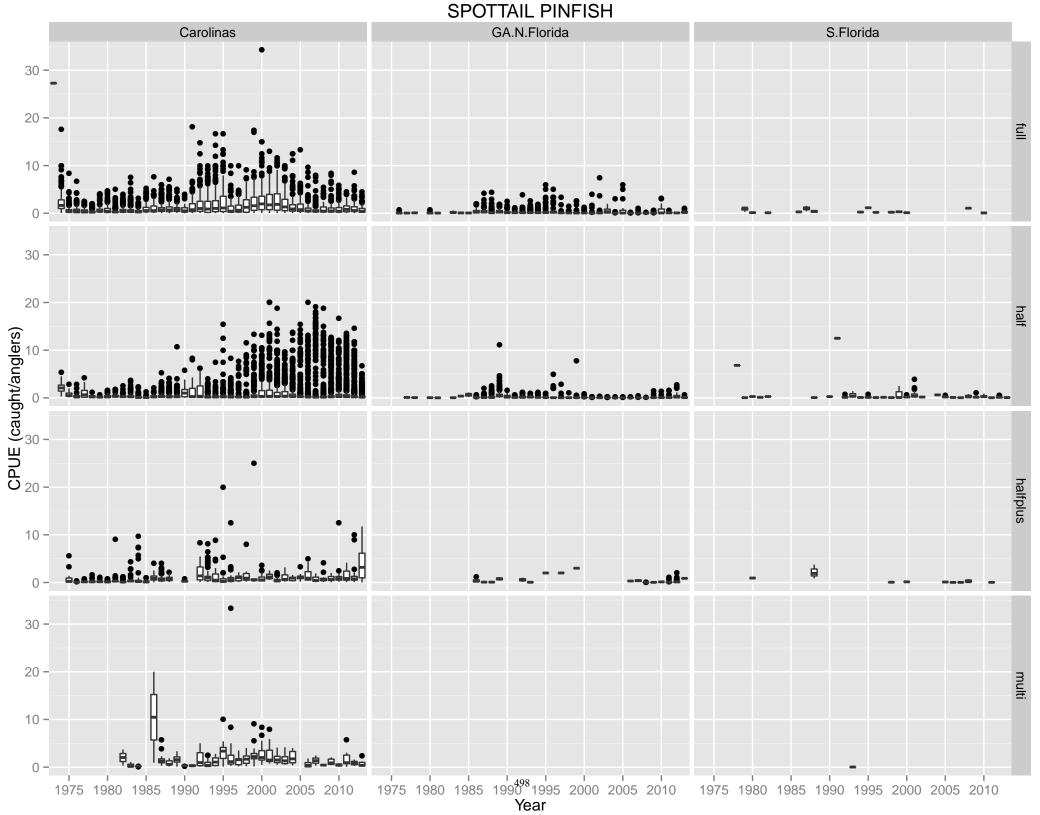


SPECKLED HIND (KITTY MITCHELL) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 6 6 -4 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 2 -6 -2 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

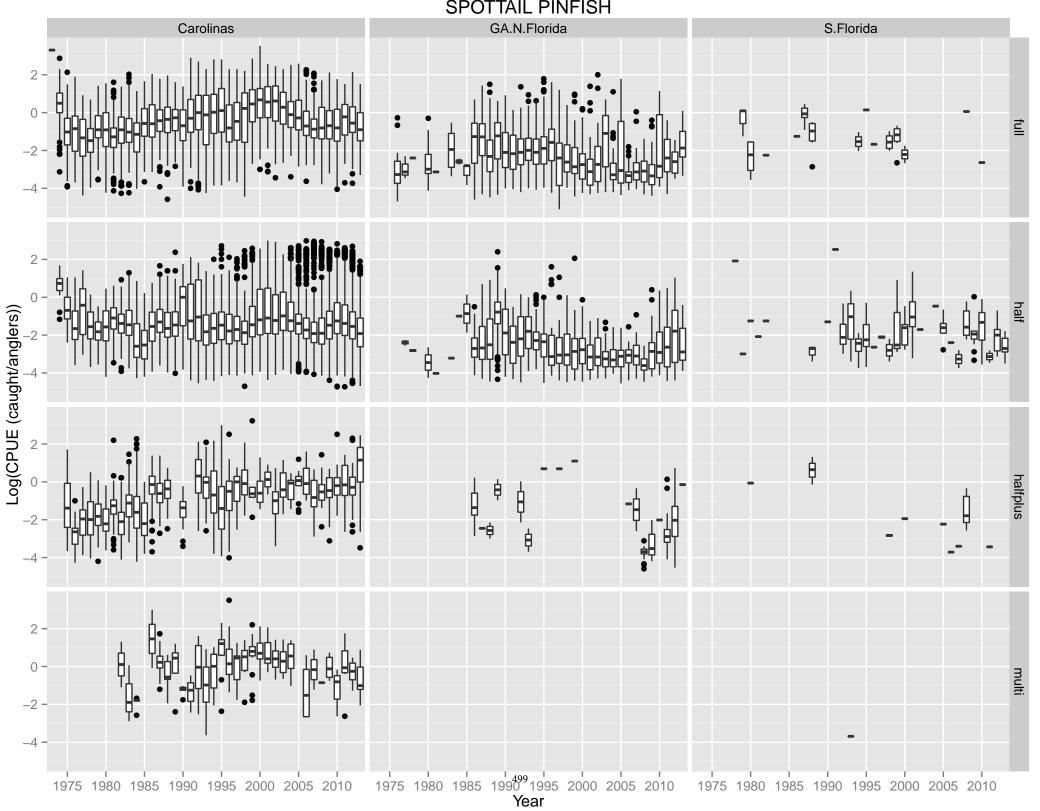
SPECKLED HIND (KITTY MITCHELL) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0.0 -\_ Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0.0 --2.5 **-**0.0 ---2.5 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

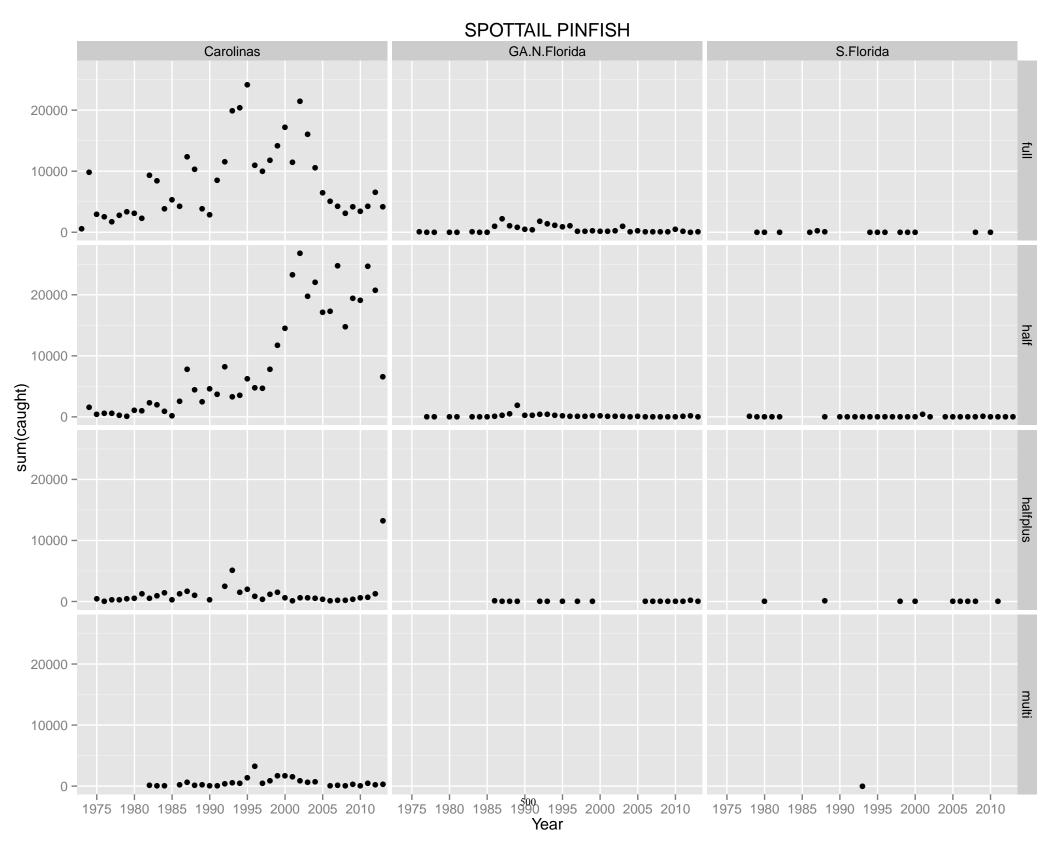
SPECKLED HIND (KITTY MITCHELL) GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 3000 -2000 -1000 -0 -3000 -2000 -1000 sum(caught) halfplus 2000 -1000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year



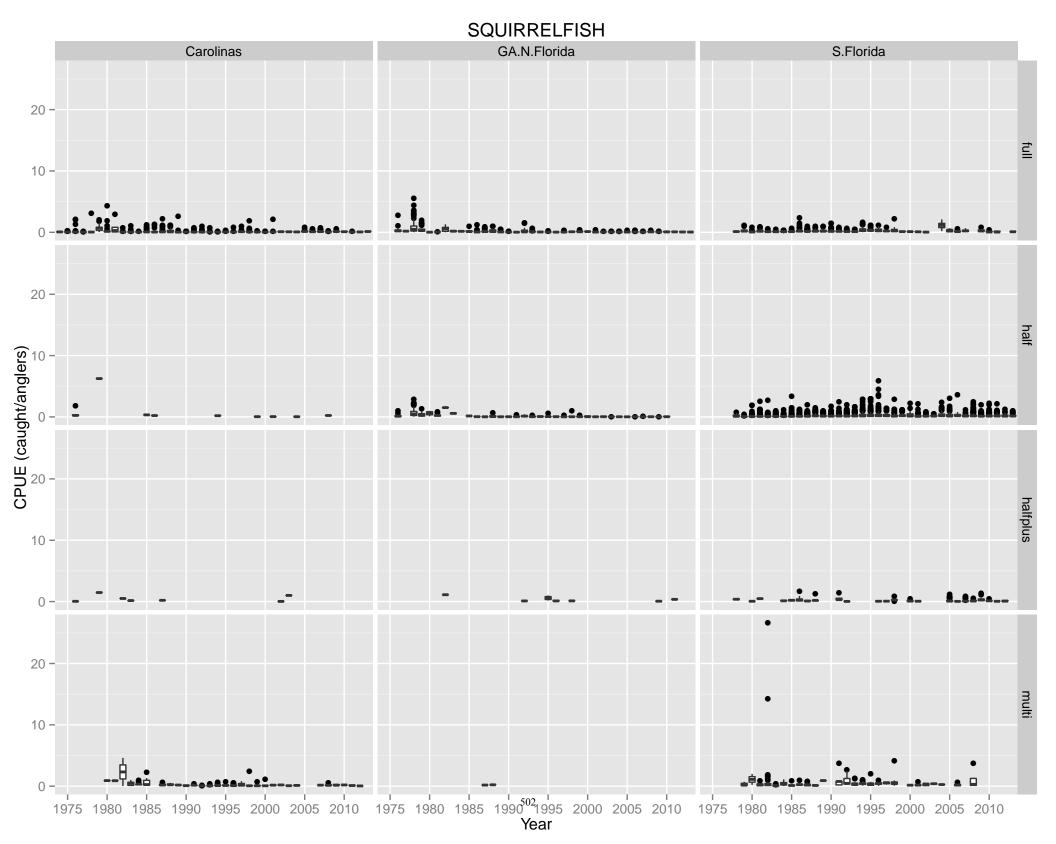


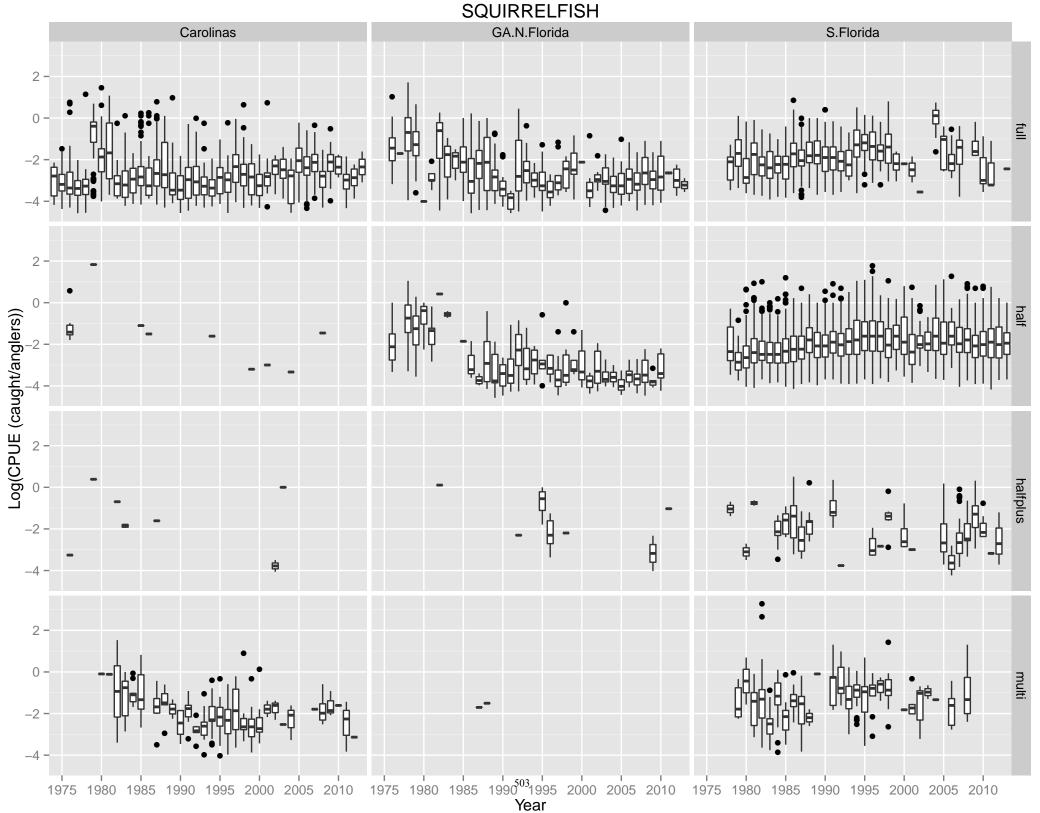
SPOTTAIL PINFISH



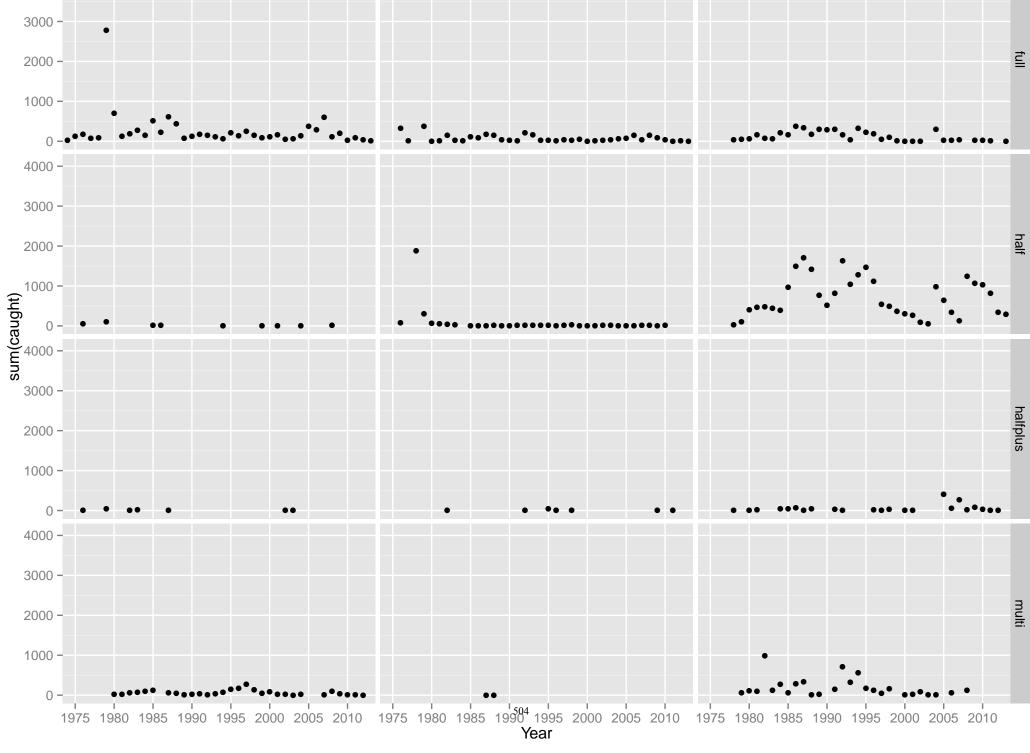


**SQUIRRELFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 400 -300 -200 -100 -400 -300 -200 -100 -300 -200 -100 -400 -300 -200 -100 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year





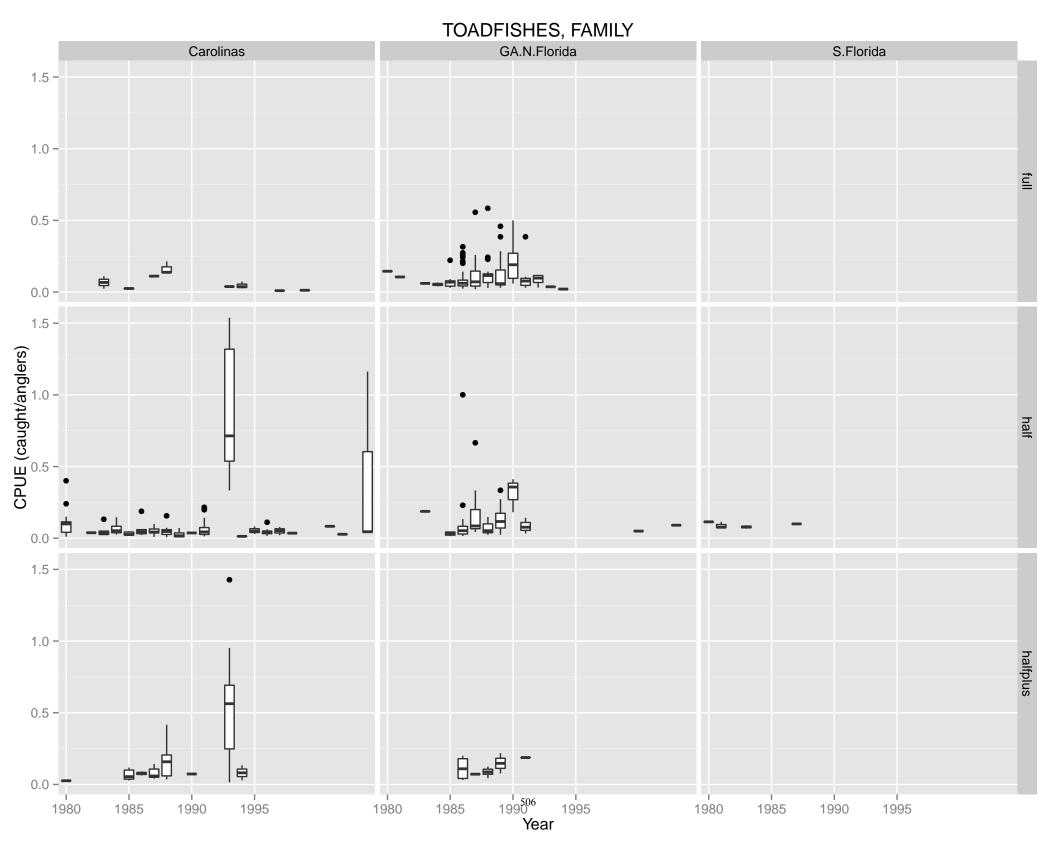
**SQUIRRELFISH** GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 4000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -3000 -2000 -3000 -2000 -1000 -4000 -



TOADFISHES, FAMILY GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 50 -40 -30 full 20 -10 -0 -50 -40 canght = 30 - 00 = 30 - 0 10 -0 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 -1990<sup>05</sup> Year 1980 1985 1980 1995 1990 1985 1995 1995 1990

1980

1985



TOADFISHES, FAMILY GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 0 - $\Box$ -2 --4 --5 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) half -5 0 halfplus -2 **-**-5 **-**1980 1990<sup>07</sup>
Year

1980

1985

1990

1995

1980

1985

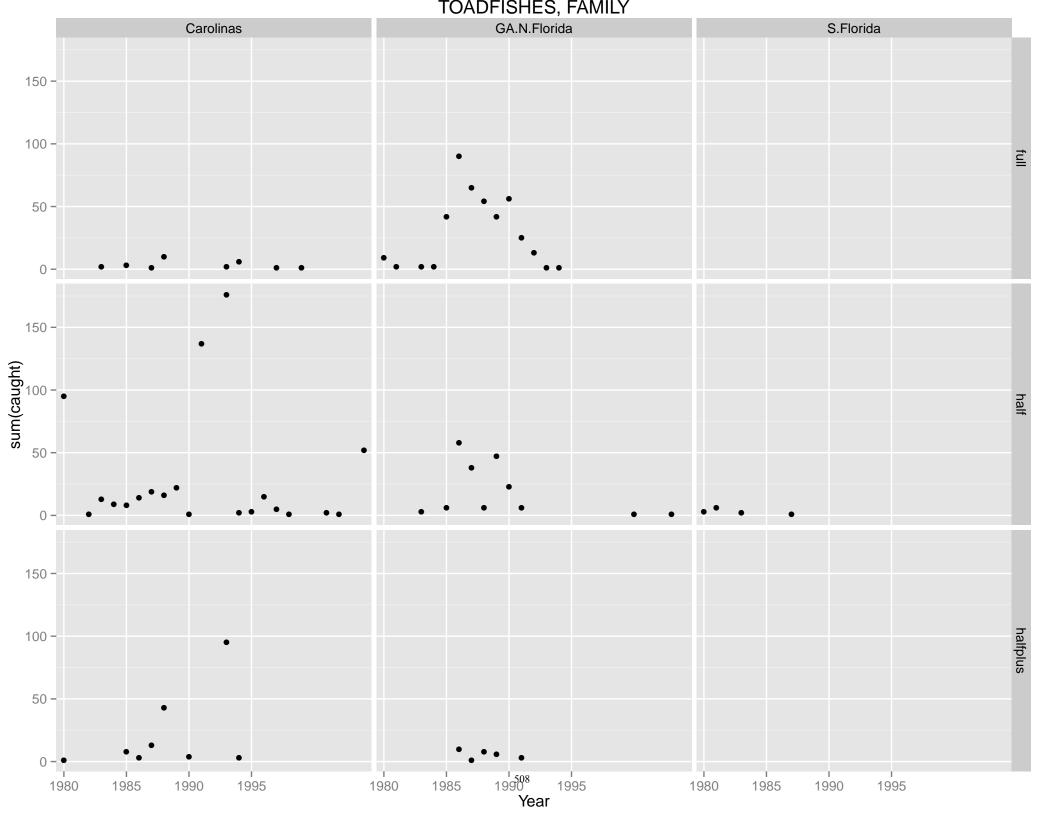
1995

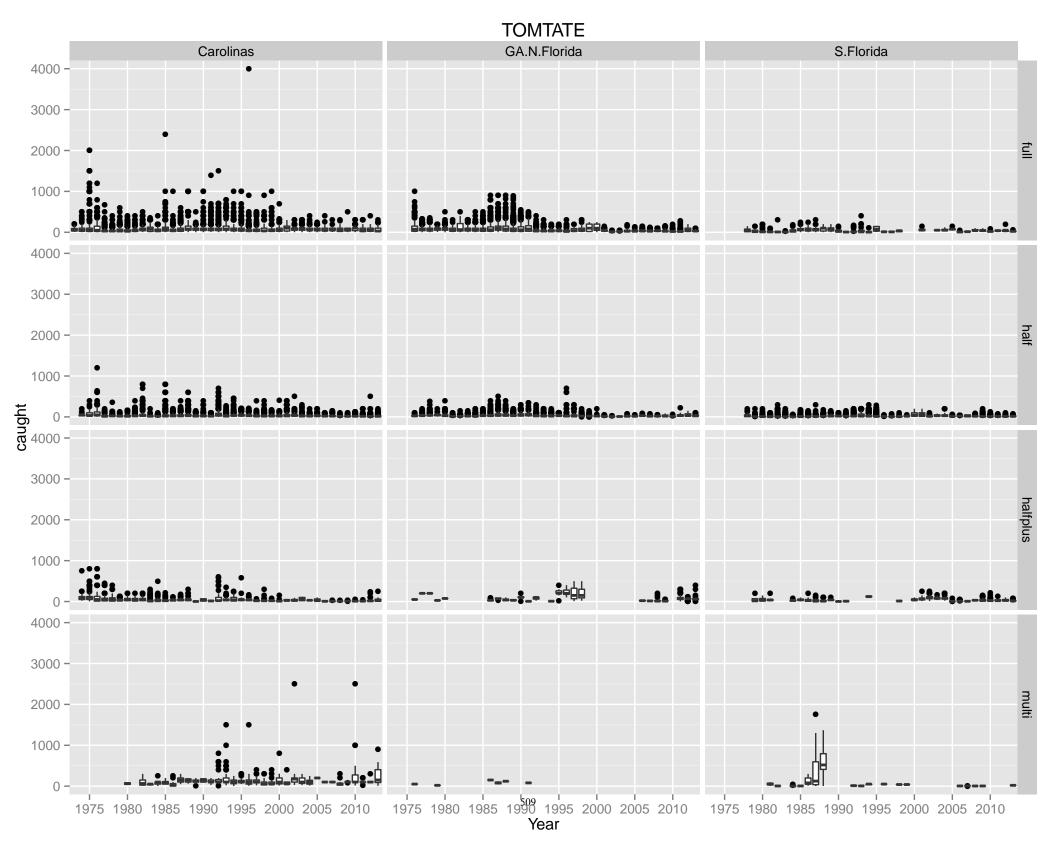
1995

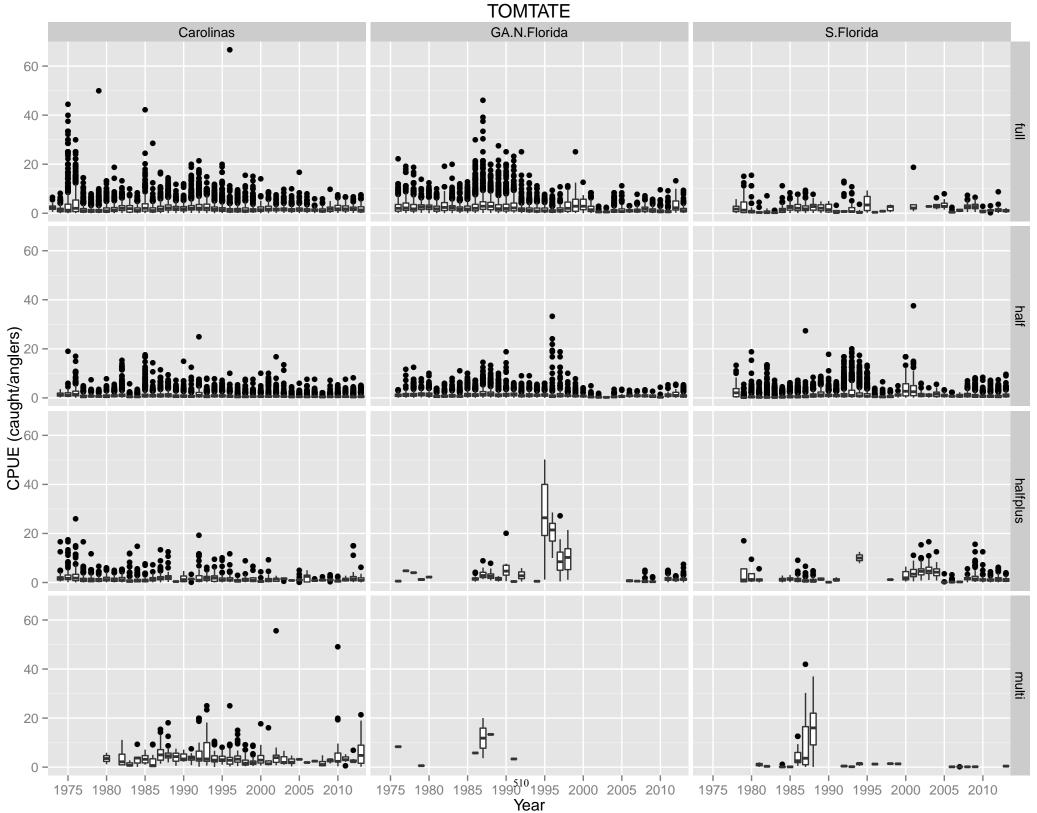
1985

1990

TOADFISHES, FAMILY







GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida -5.0 Log(CPUE (caught/anglers))

Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers))

7.0.0

7.0.0

7.0.0

7.0.0

7.0.0

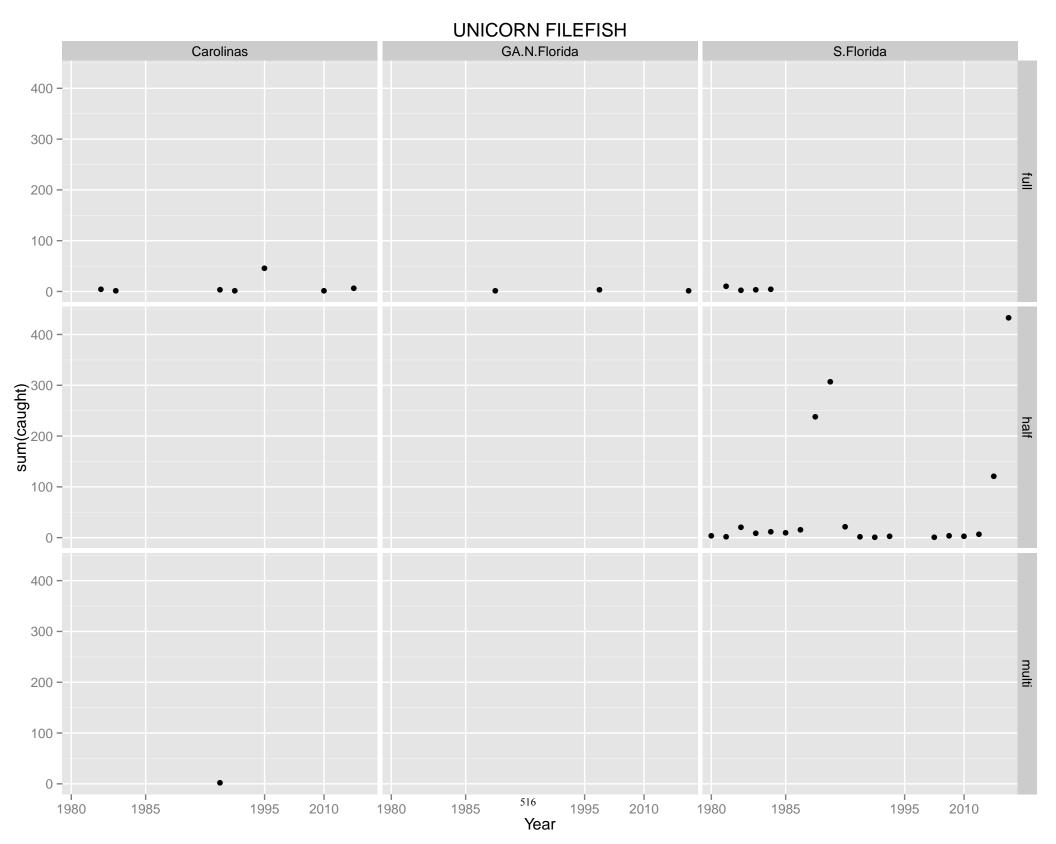
7.0.0 2.5 --5.02.5 -0.0 --2.5 --5.01990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 Year

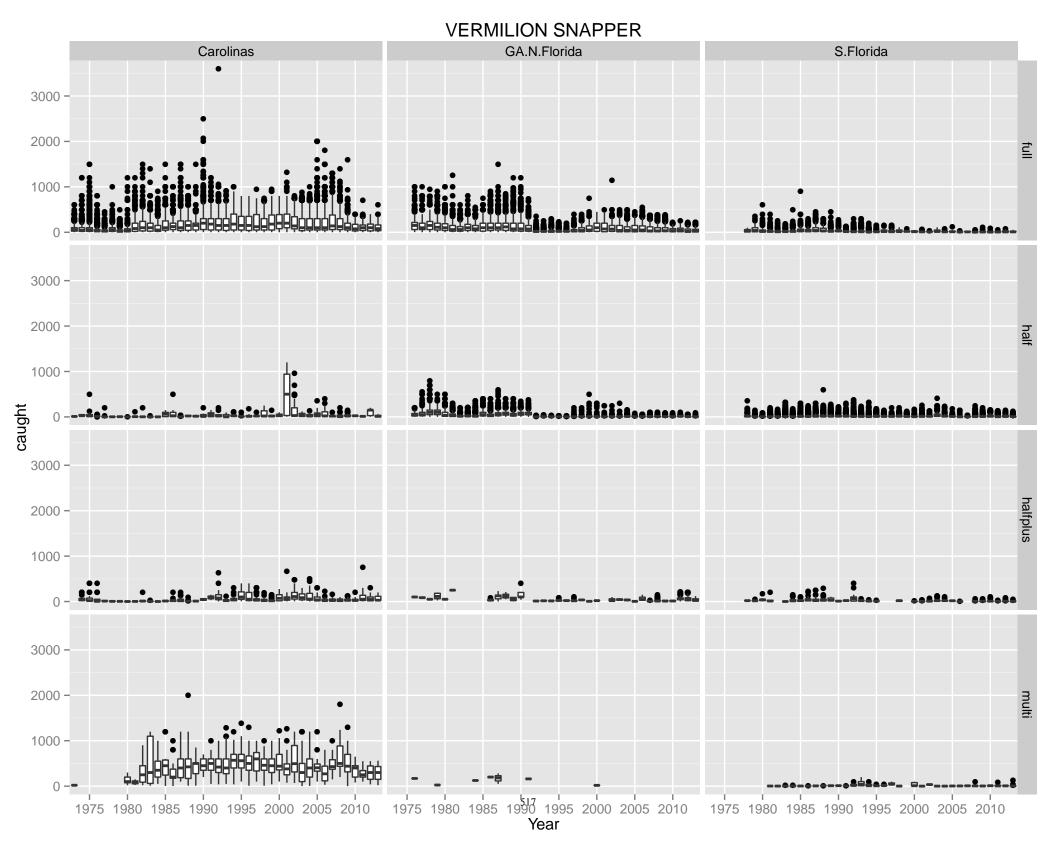
**TOMTATE** GA.N.Florida S.Florida Carolinas 150000 -100000 -50000 -150000 -100000 -50000 sum(caught) 100000 -50000 -150000 -100000 -50000 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

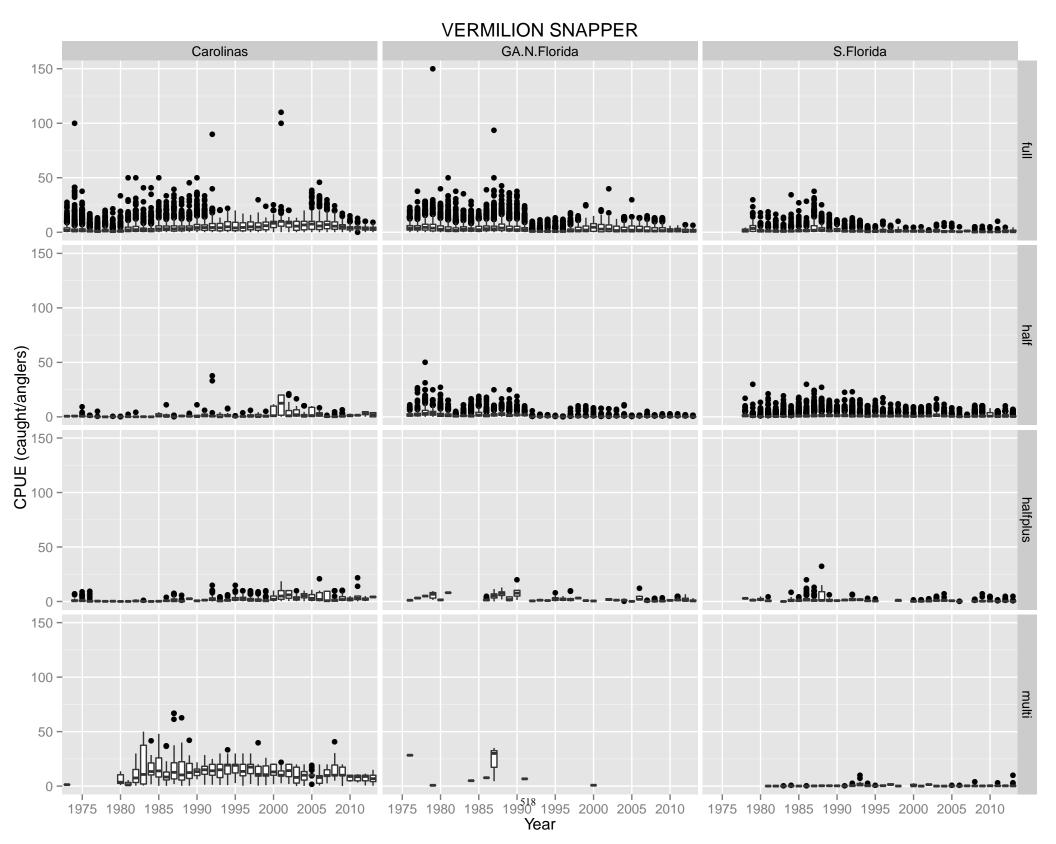
UNICORN FILEFISH GA.N.Florida Carolinas S.Florida 40 -30 -<u>f</u> 20 -10 -0 -40 -30 caught 10 -0 -40 -30 -20 -10 -0 -1980 1985 1995 1 1980 1985 1985 2010 2010 1995 2010 1995 1980 Year

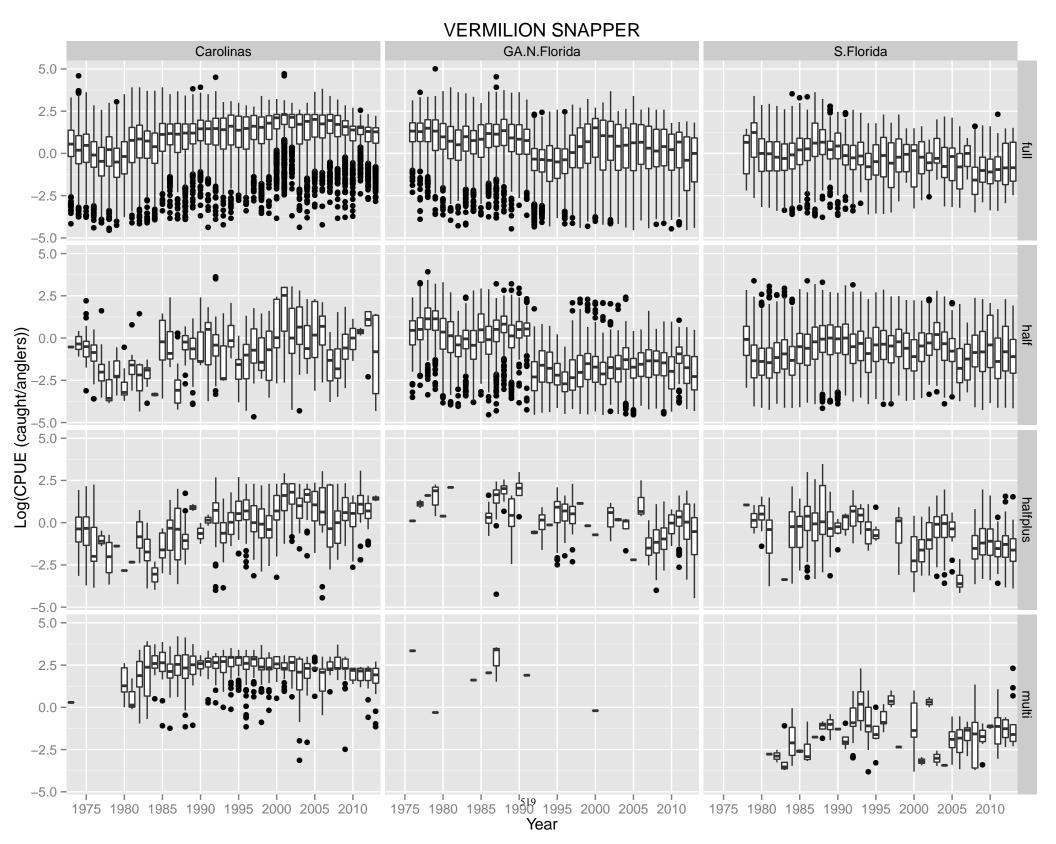
**UNICORN FILEFISH** Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -0.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 0.0 -2.0 -1.5 -1.0 -0.5 -1980 2010 1985 1995 1985 1995 1995 1985 2010 1980 2010 1980 Year

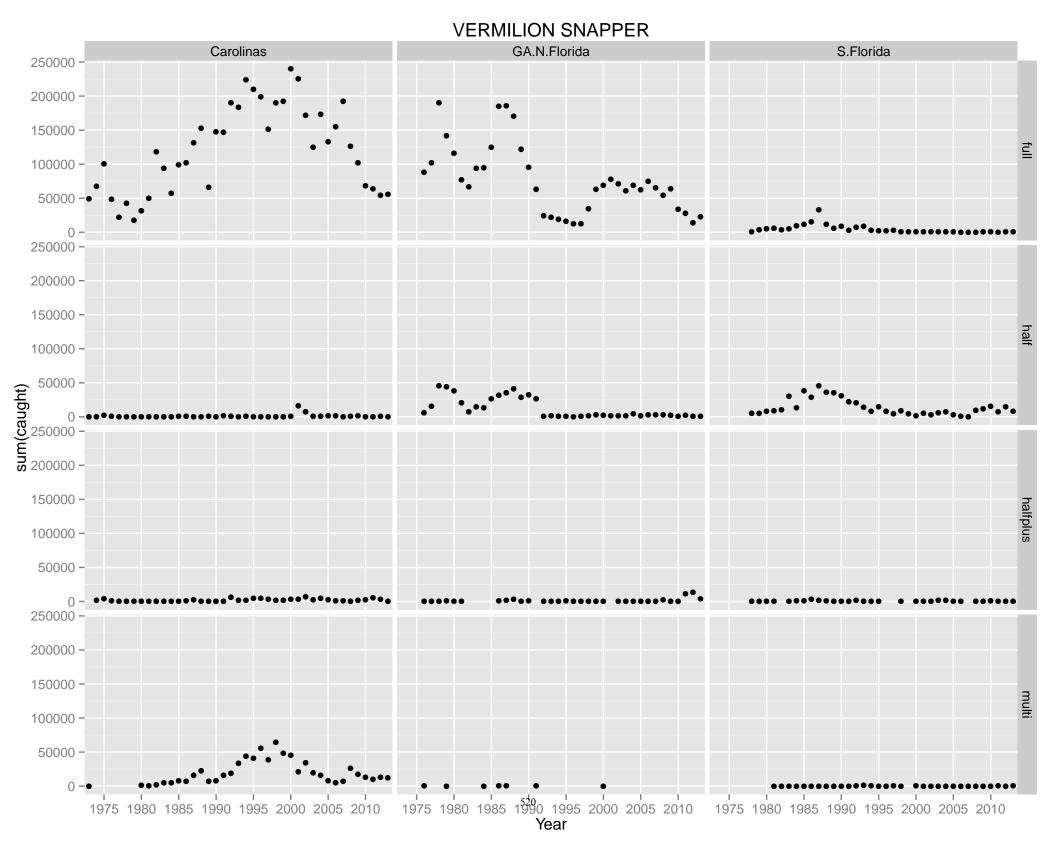
UNICORN FILEFISH Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 --1 --2 þ -3 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 申 0 --1 multi -2 --3 -申 -4 -1980 1985 1995 2010 515 2010 1 1985 1995 2010 1985 1980 1995 1980 Year

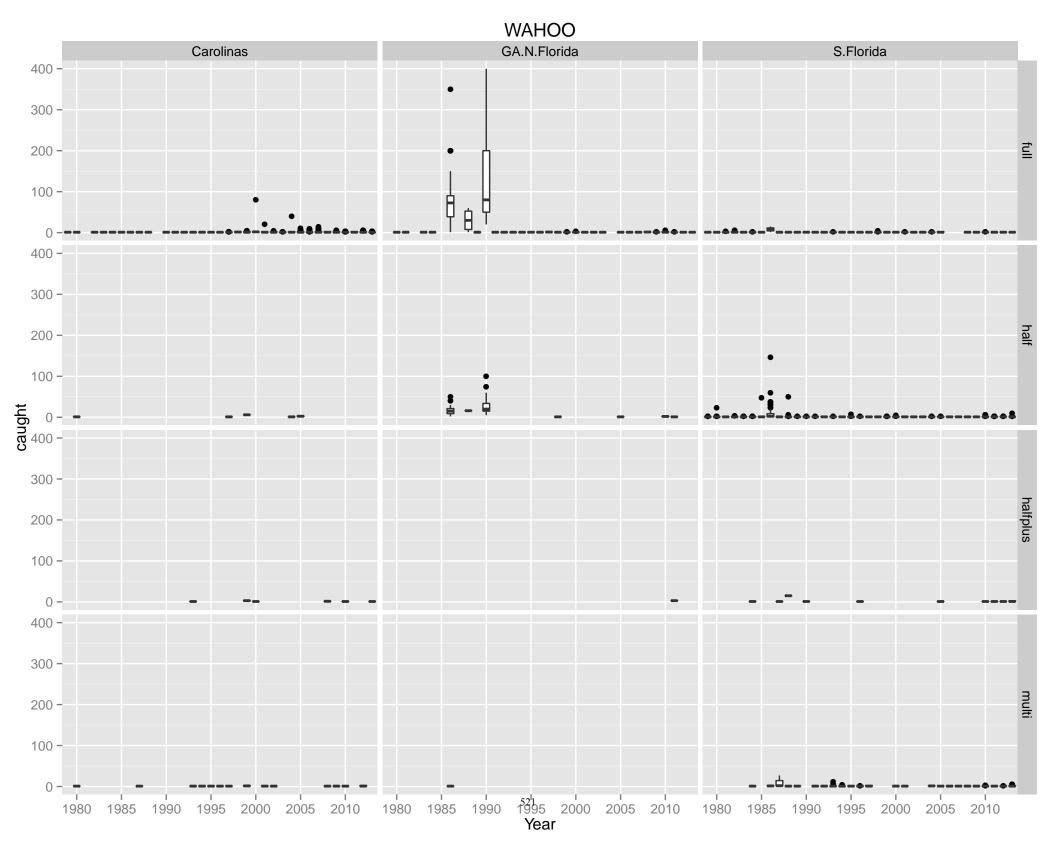


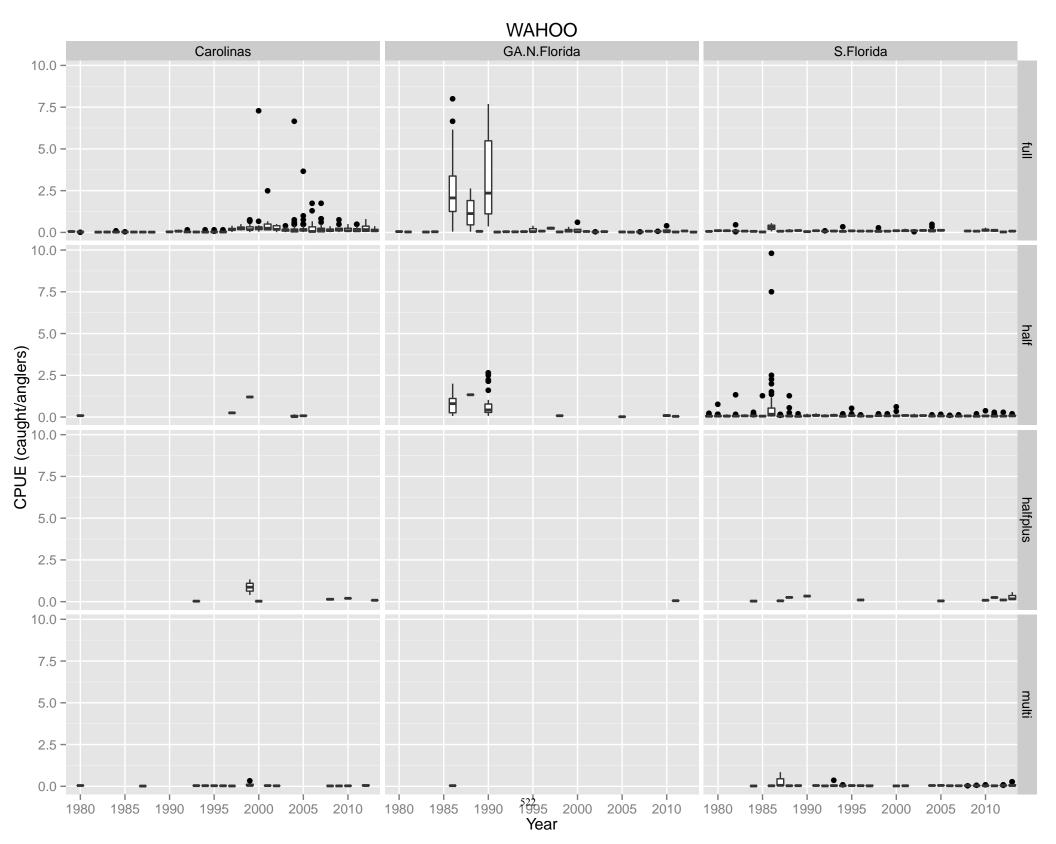


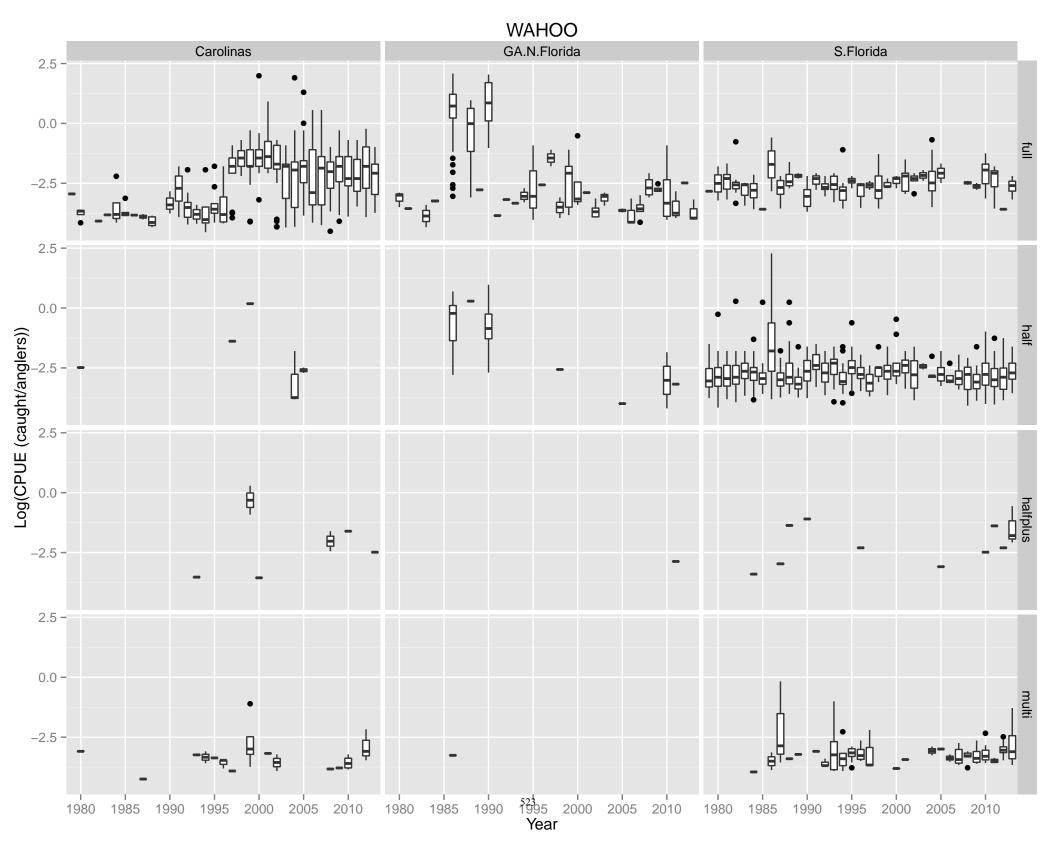


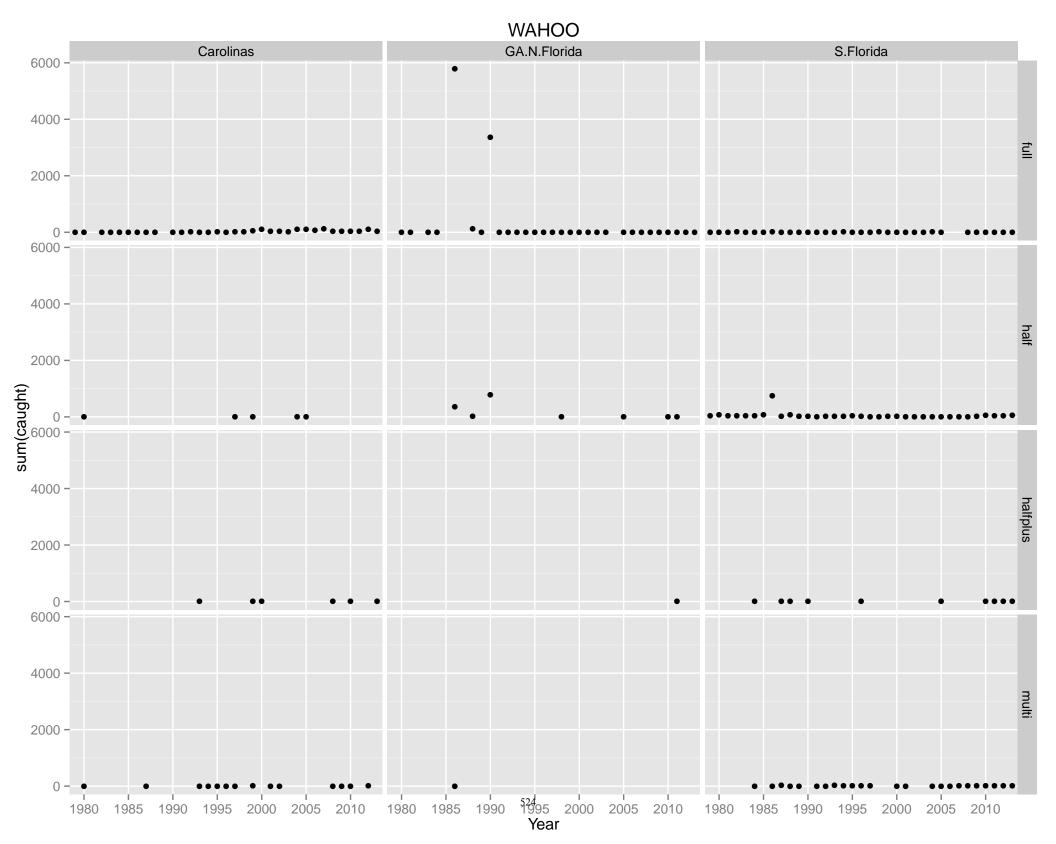












WARSAW (GROUPER) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 30 -20 -10 -30 -20 -10 caught 20 -10 -0 -30 -20 -10 -0 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

WARSAW (GROUPER) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 1.0 -0.5 -1.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 0.5 -0.0 -1.0 -0.5 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

WARSAW (GROUPER) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 0 --5 0 --1 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) halfplus -5 þ -3 --4 --5 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

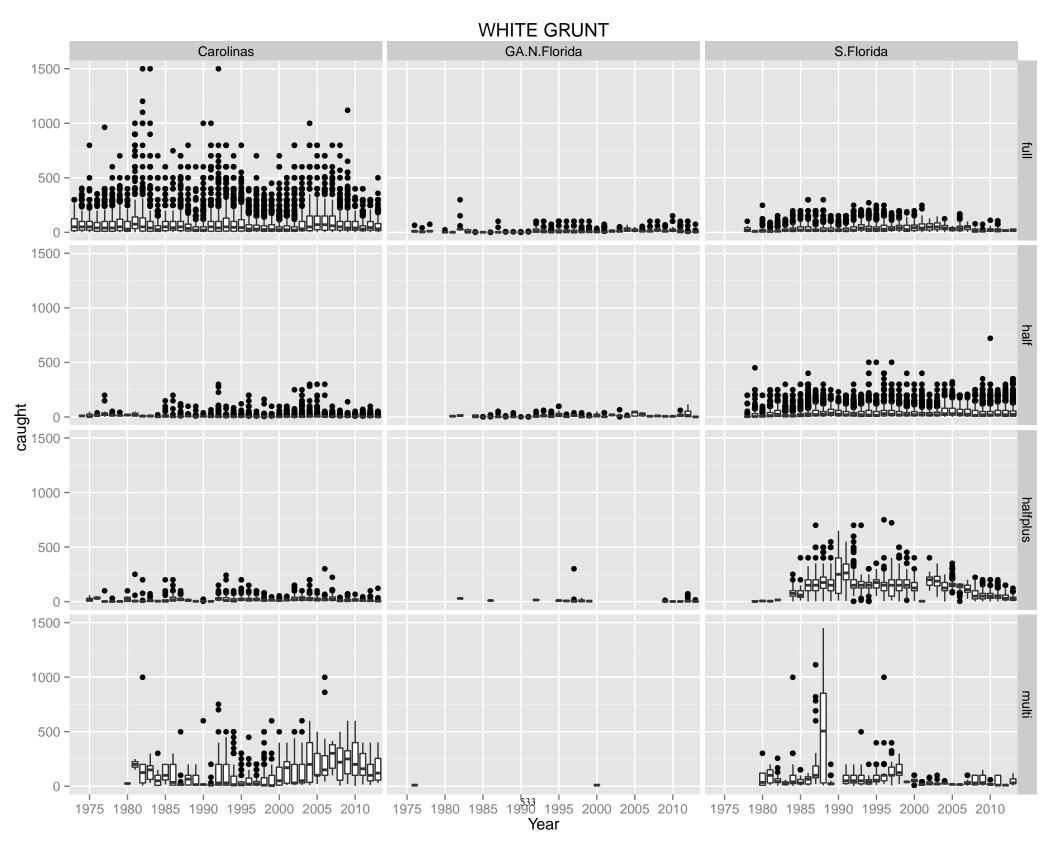
WARSAW (GROUPER) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 300 -200 -100 -300 -200 -100 sum(caught) 200 -100 -0 -300 -200 -100 -1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

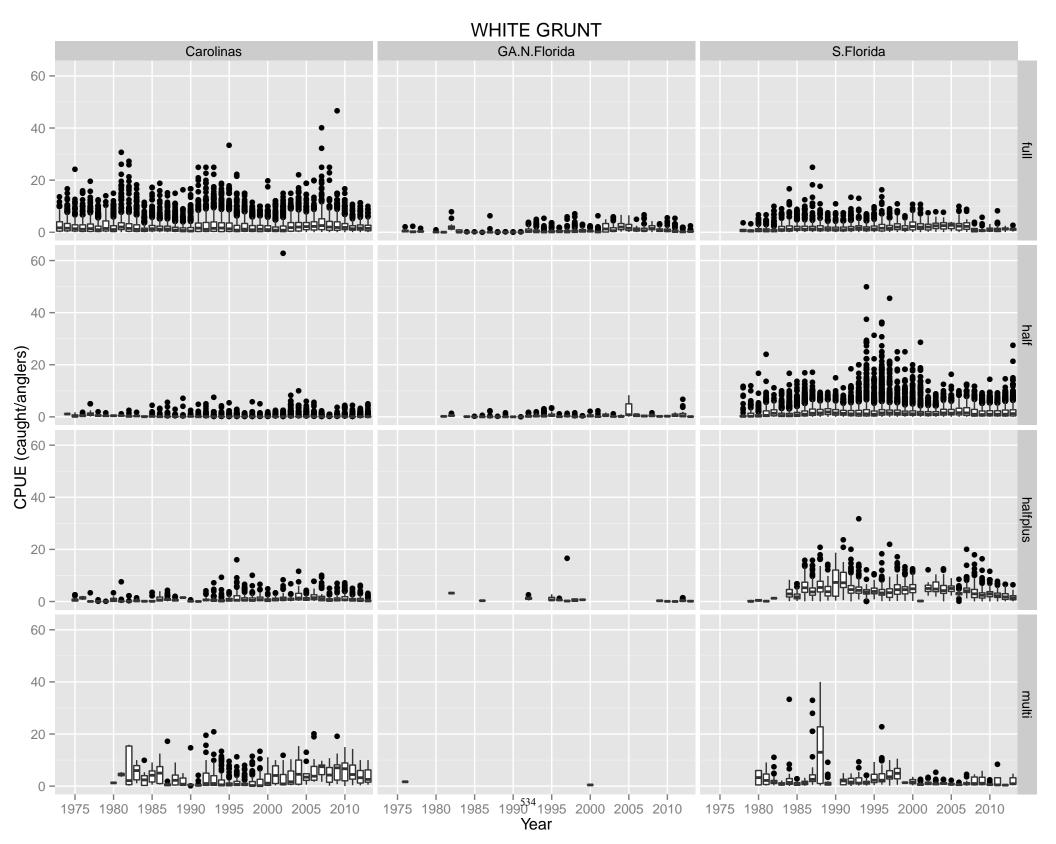
WEAKFISH (DO NOT USE #196 SEA TROUT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 200 -150 -100 -50 -0 -200 -150 caught - 001 50 -0 -200 -150 -100 -50 -0 --19952000 **Year** 2005 19952000 1985 1980 1985 19952000 2005 1980 2010 1980 1985 2005 2010 2010

WEAKFISH (DO NOT USE #196 SEA TROUT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -CPUE (caught/anglers) 7.5 -2.5 -0.0 -10.0 -7.5 halfplus 5.0 -2.5 -0.0 --19952000 **Year** 2005 1980 1985 2005 1985 2010 1980 1985 19952000 2005 2010 19952000 2010 1980

WEAKFISH (DO NOT USE #196 SEA TROUT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 2.5 -0.0 --2.5 **-**-5.0 **-** 2.5 **-**Log(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 0.0 --5.0 **-**2.5 **-**0.0 halfplus P -2.5 **-**-5.0 -19952000 **Year** 1985 2005 1980 1985 2010 2010 19952000 1980 1985 19952000 2005 2010 1980 2005

WEAKFISH (DO NOT USE #196 SEA TROUT) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 800 -600 -400 -200 -0 -800 sum(caught) - 009 200 -0 -800 -600 halfplus 400 -200 -0 - • 19952000 **Year** 2005 1980 1985 2005 1985 2010 1980 1985 19952000 2005 2010 19952000 2010 1980





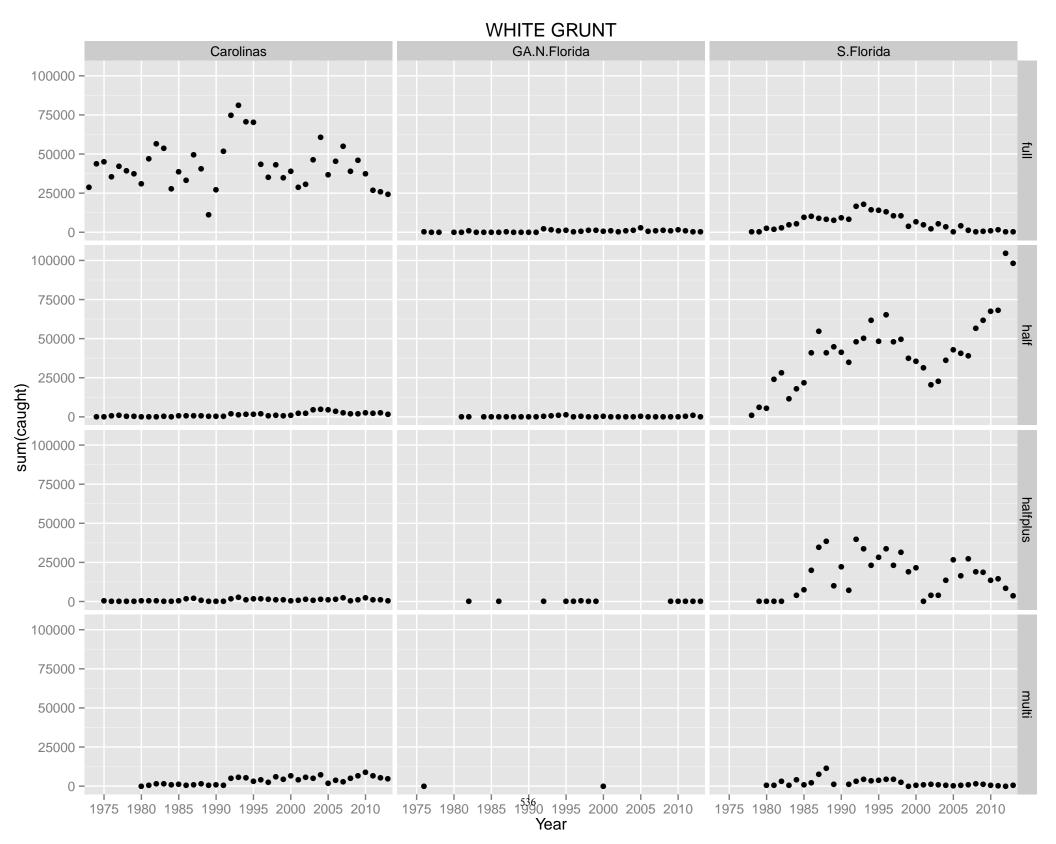
Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida -5.02.5 -Log(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers))
Cog(CPUE (caught/anglers)) 2.5 --5.0 -2.5 -0.0 --2.5

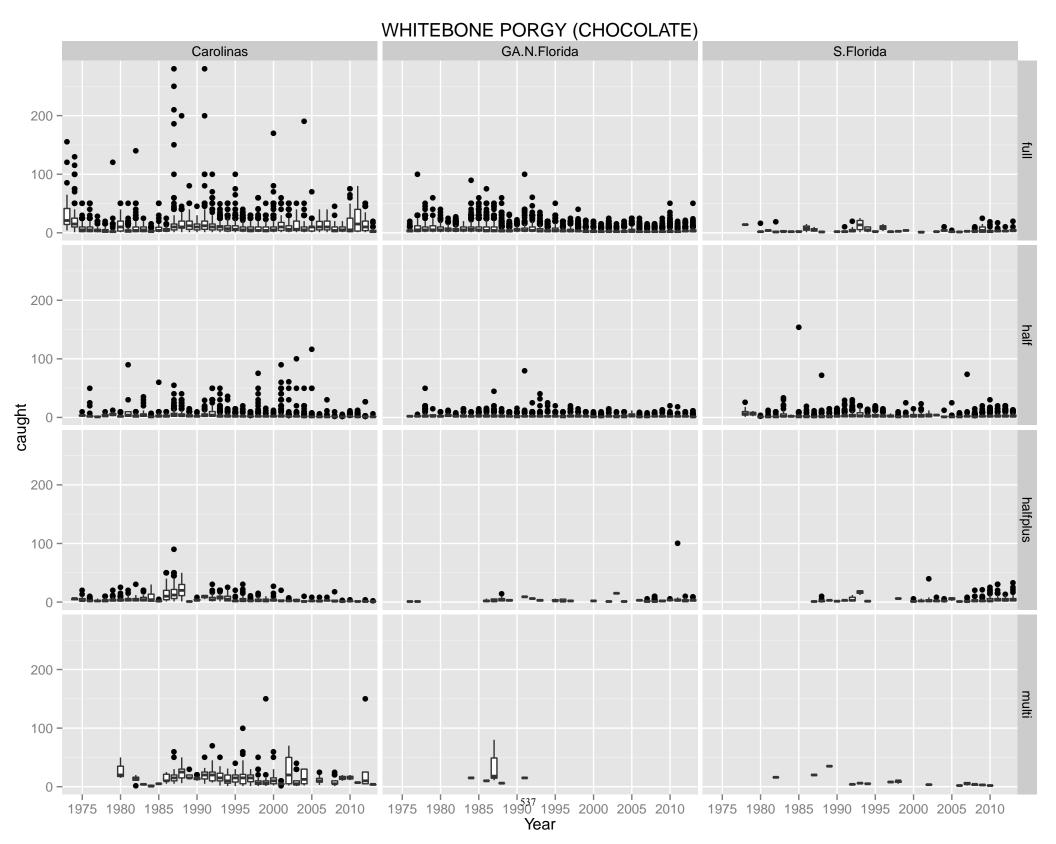
1975 1980 1985 1995 1995 2000 2005 2010

Year

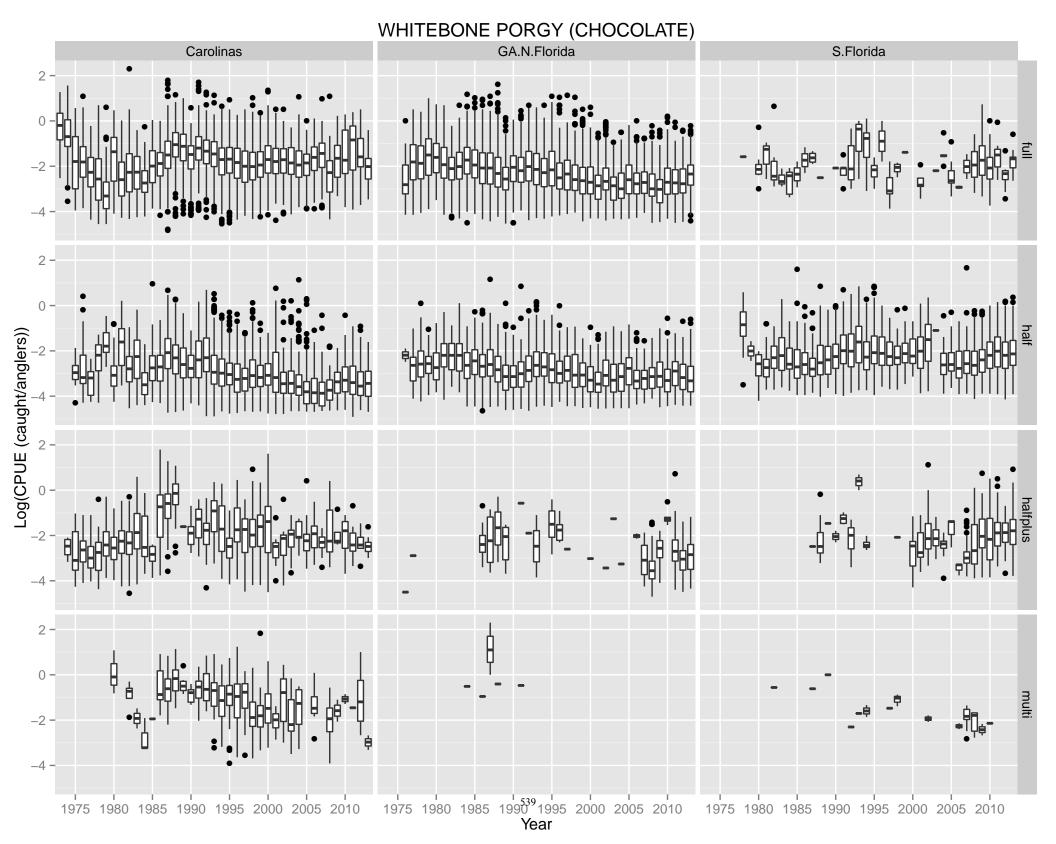
1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

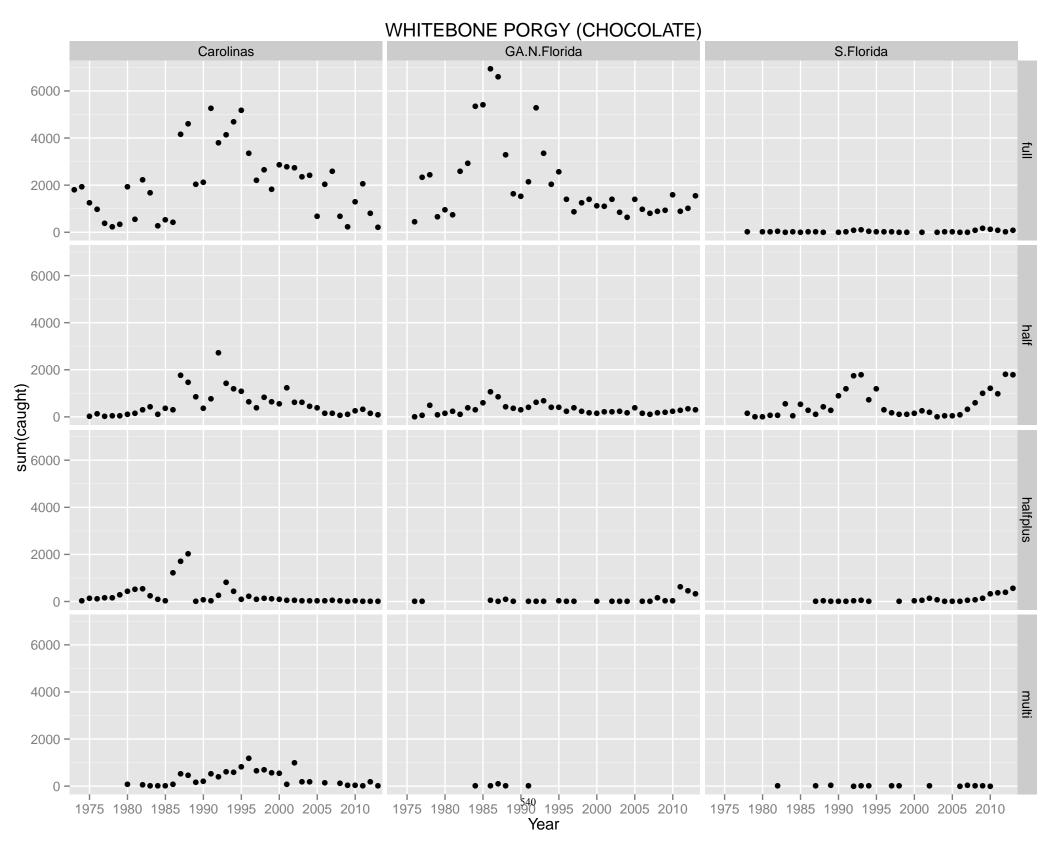
1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010

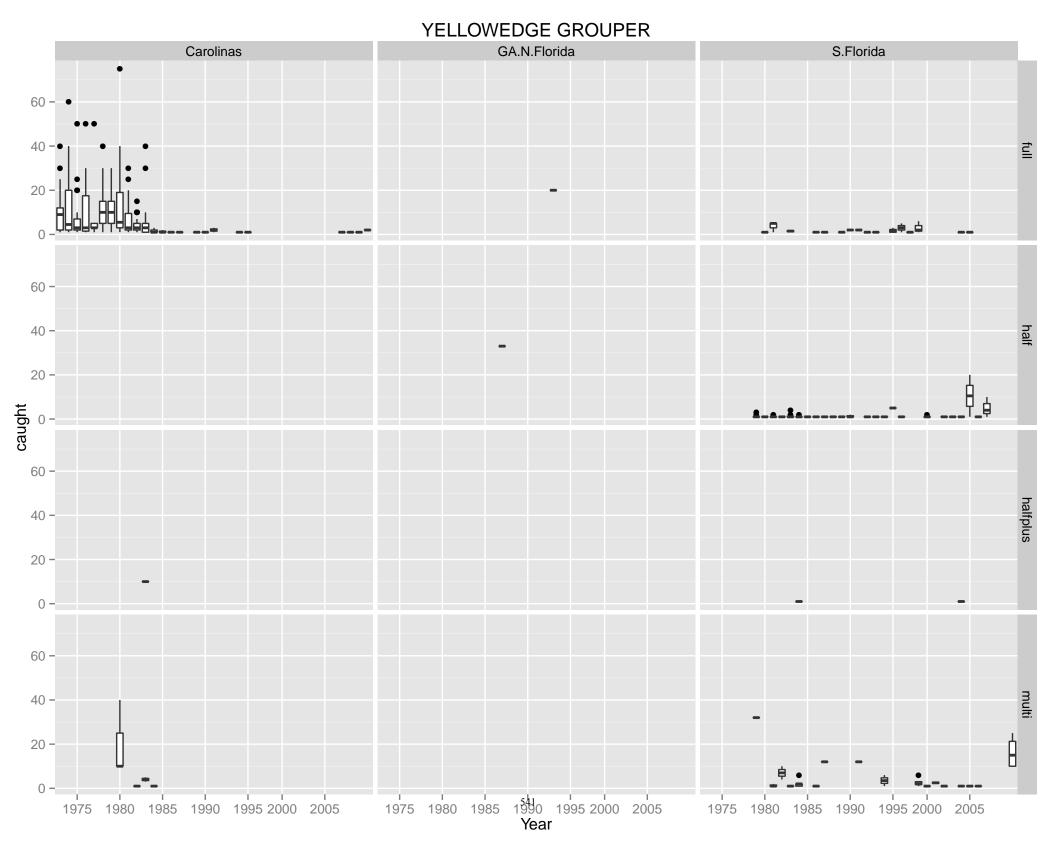


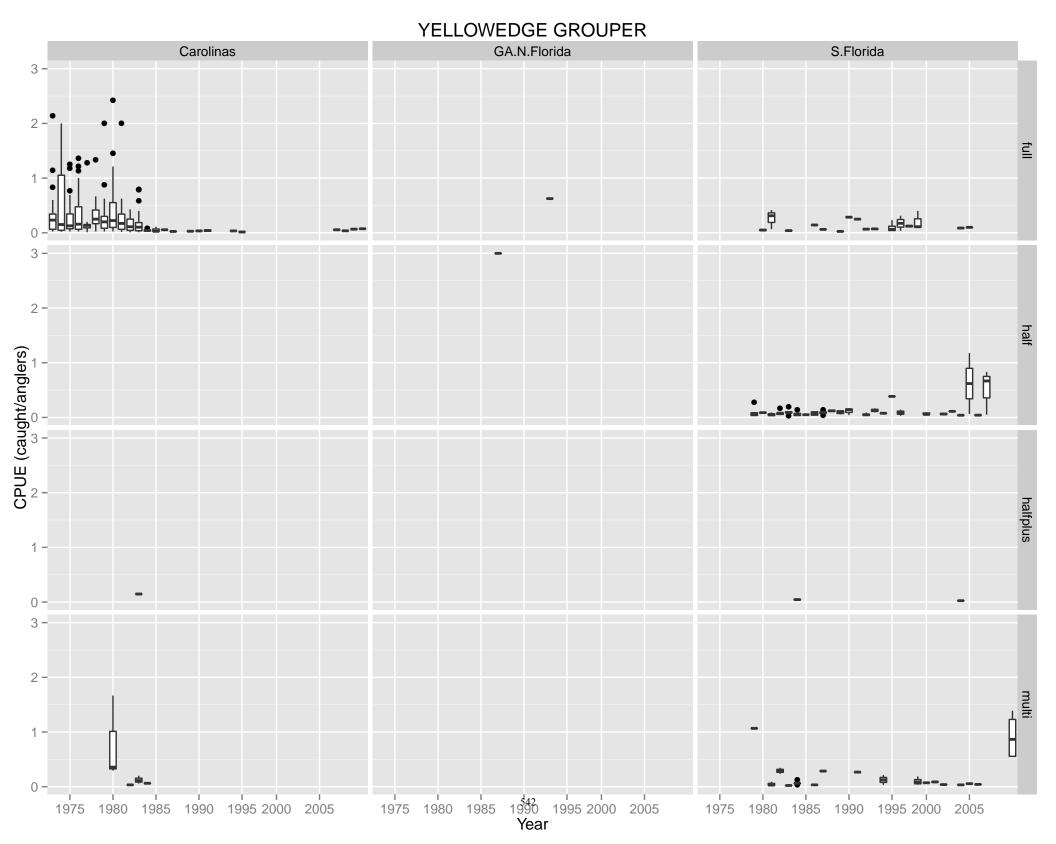


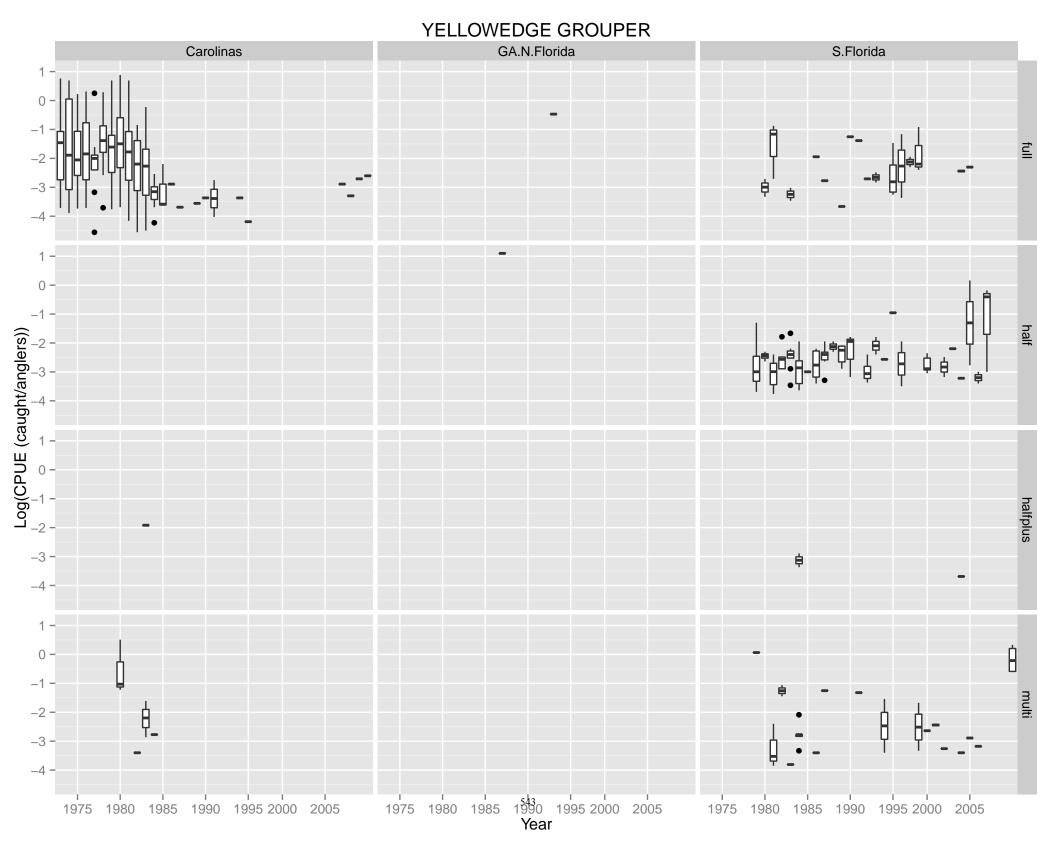
WHITEBONE PORGY (CHOCOLATE) Carolinas GA.N.Florida S.Florida 10.0 -7.5 -10.0 7.5 -5.0 -**CPUE** (caught/anglers) 0.0 0.0 10.0 7.5 2.5 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -10.0 7.5 -5.0 -2.5 -1975 1980 1985 1998 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 1975 1980 1985 1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 Year

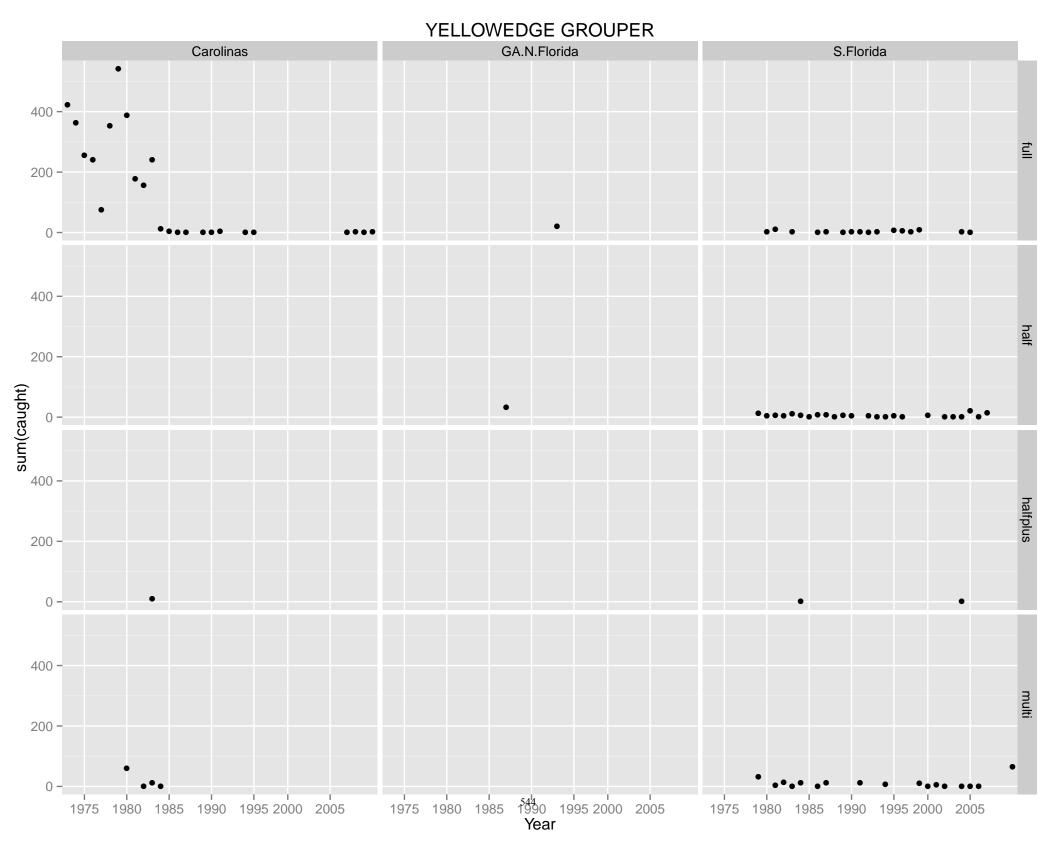


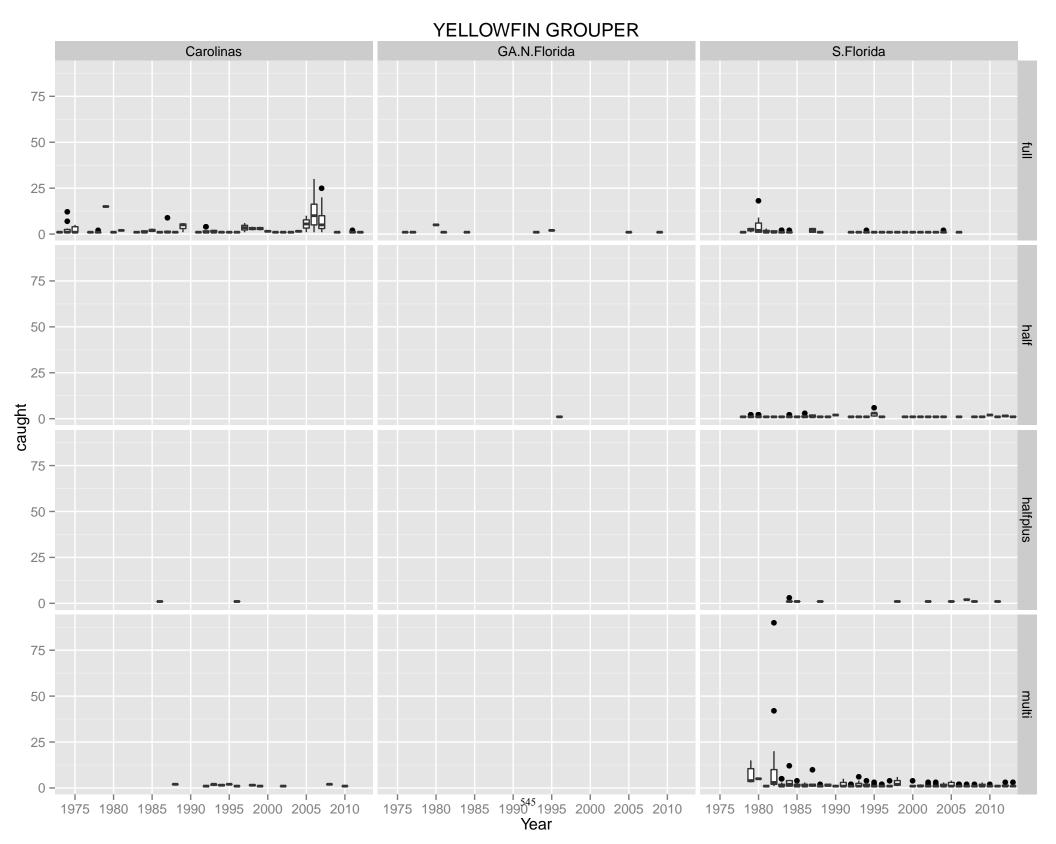


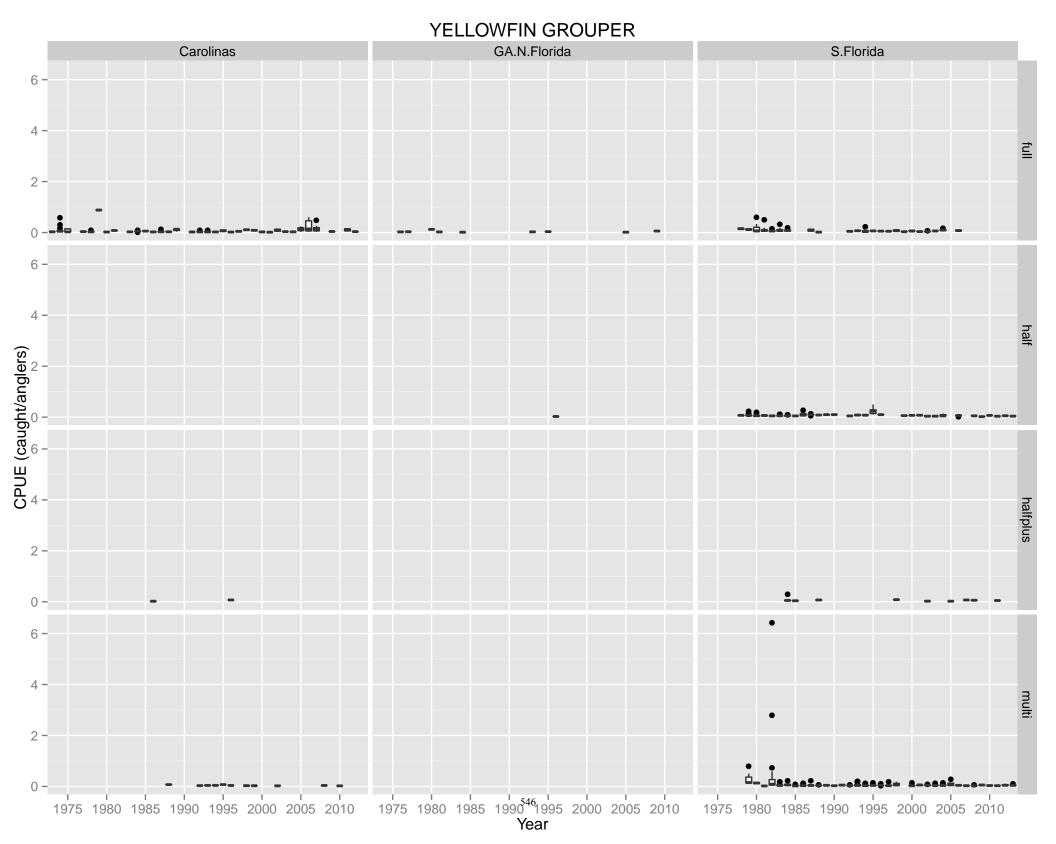


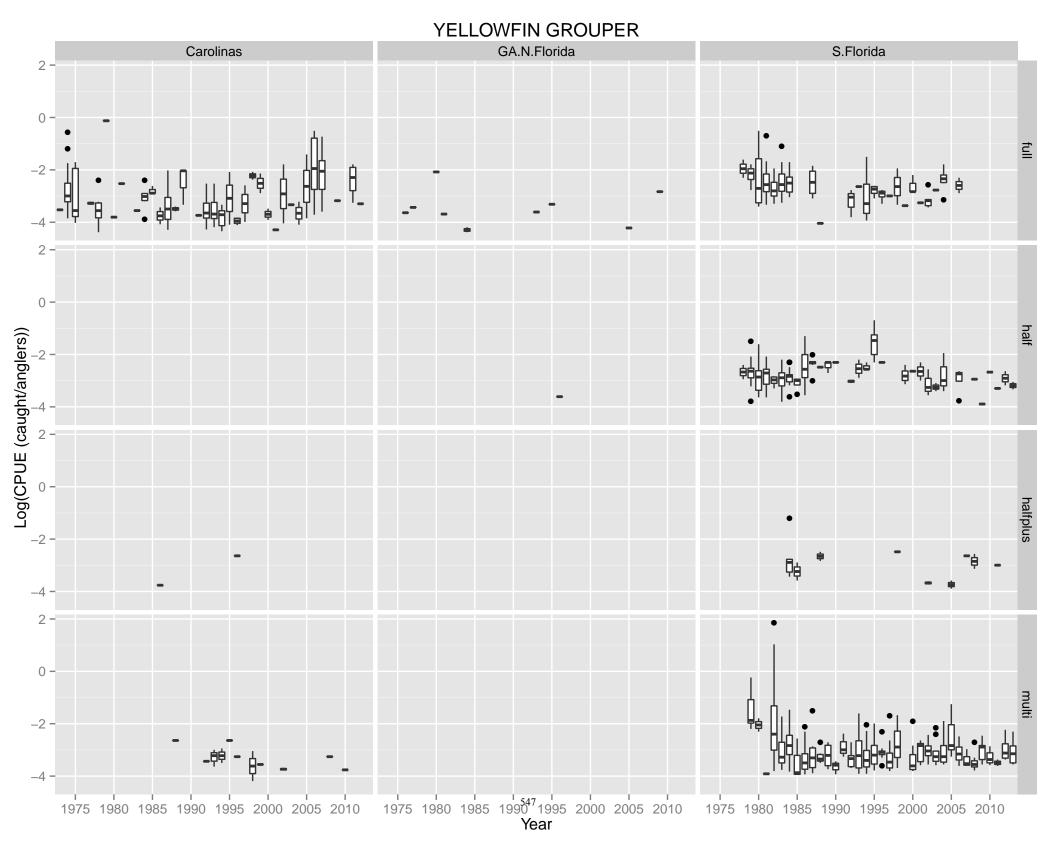


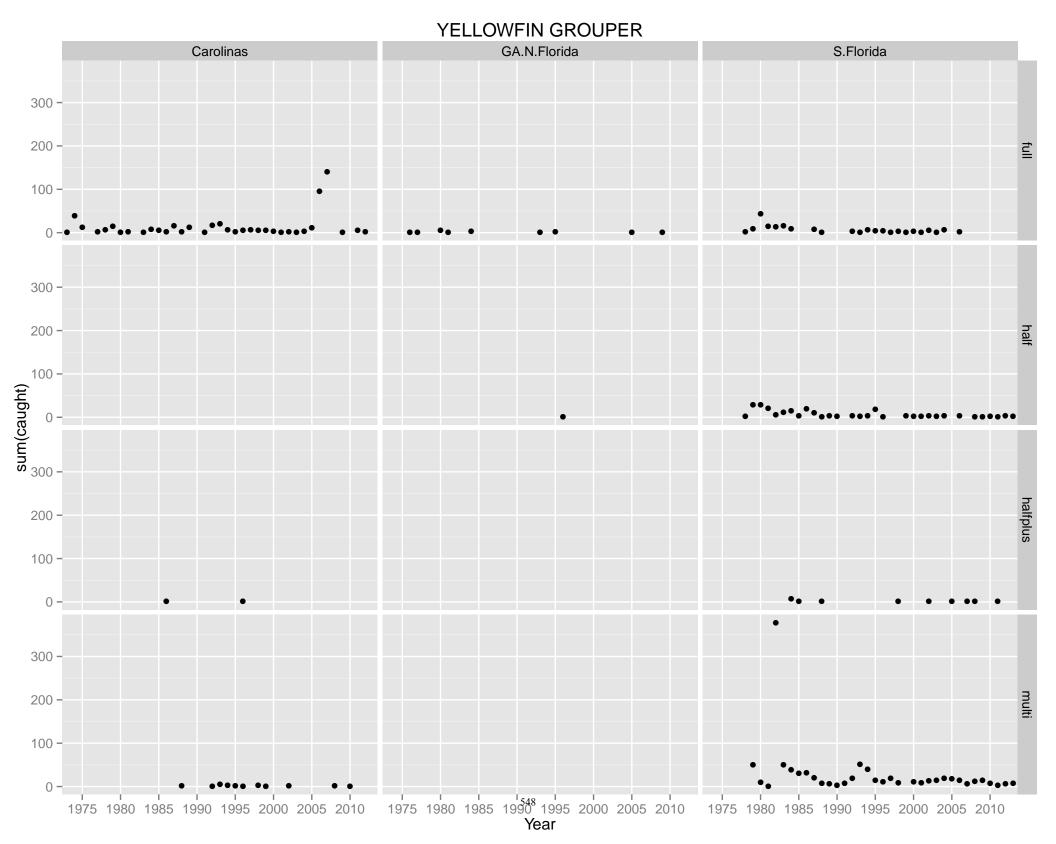


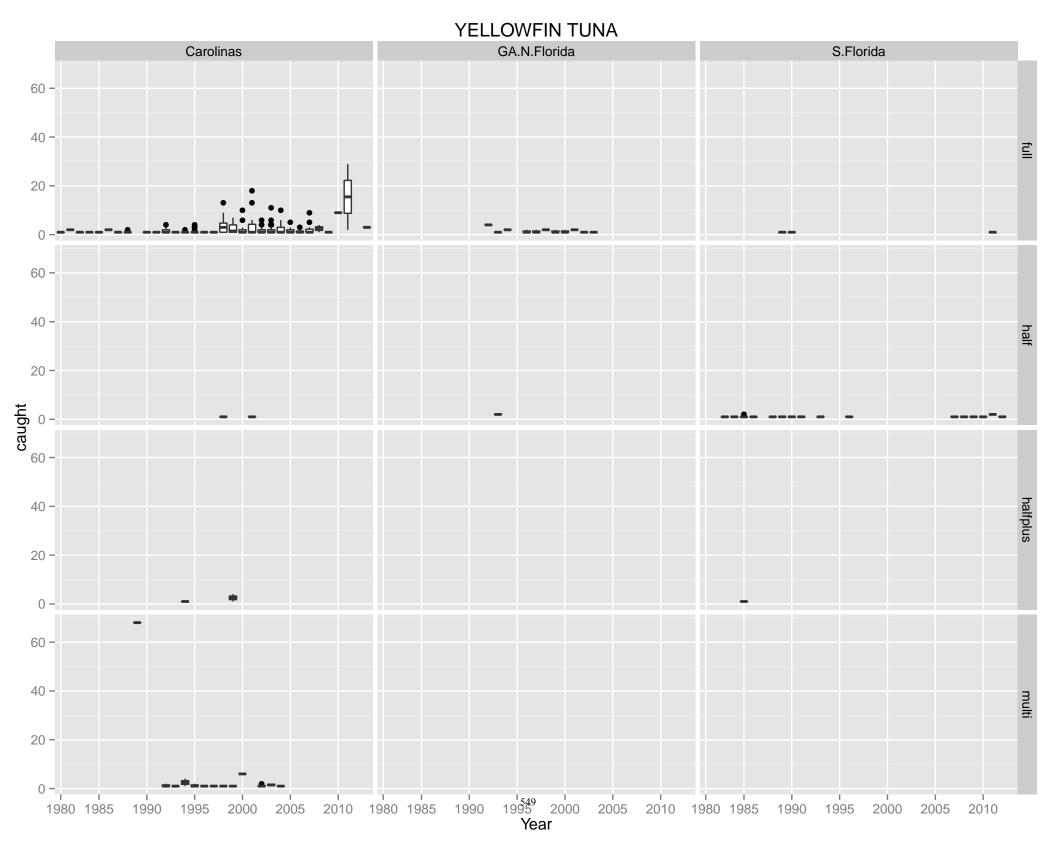


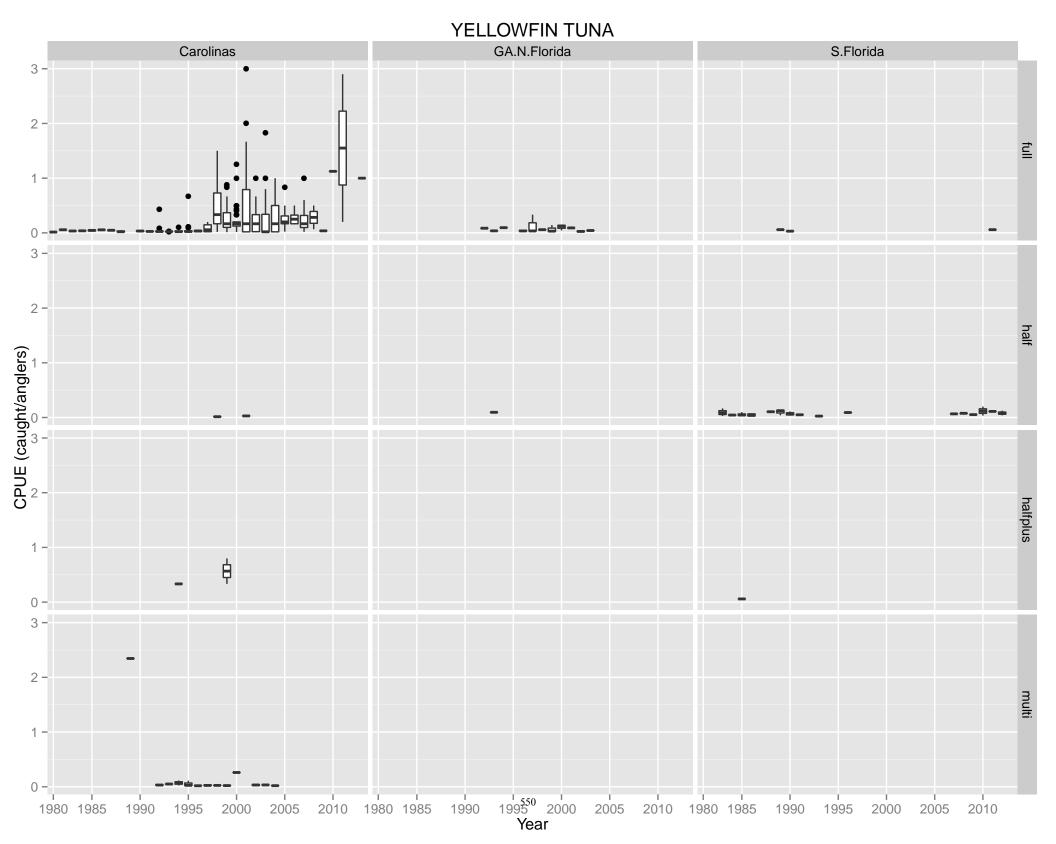


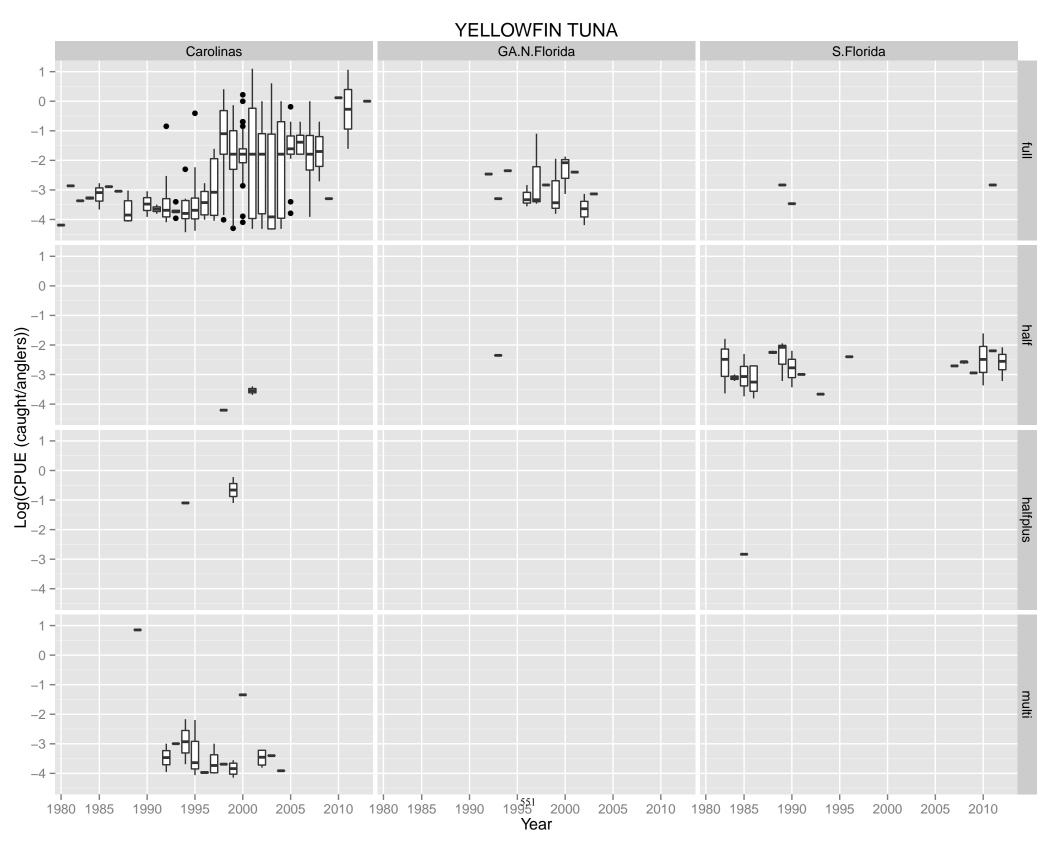


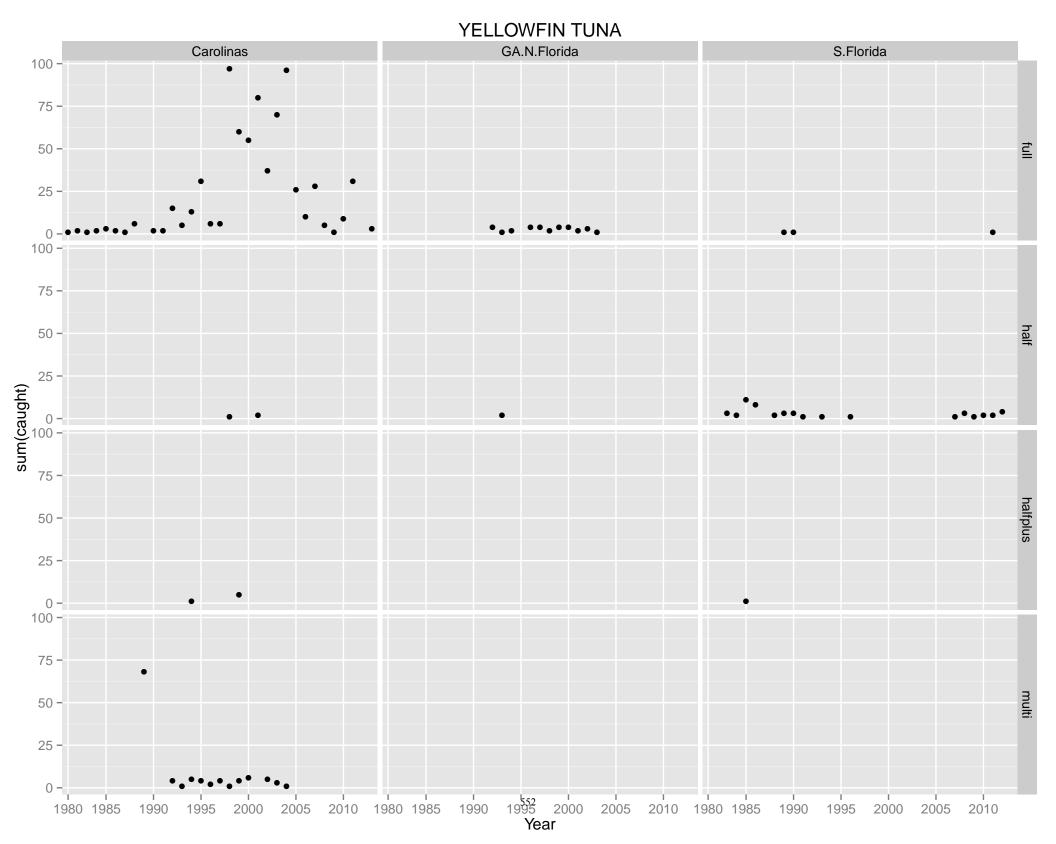


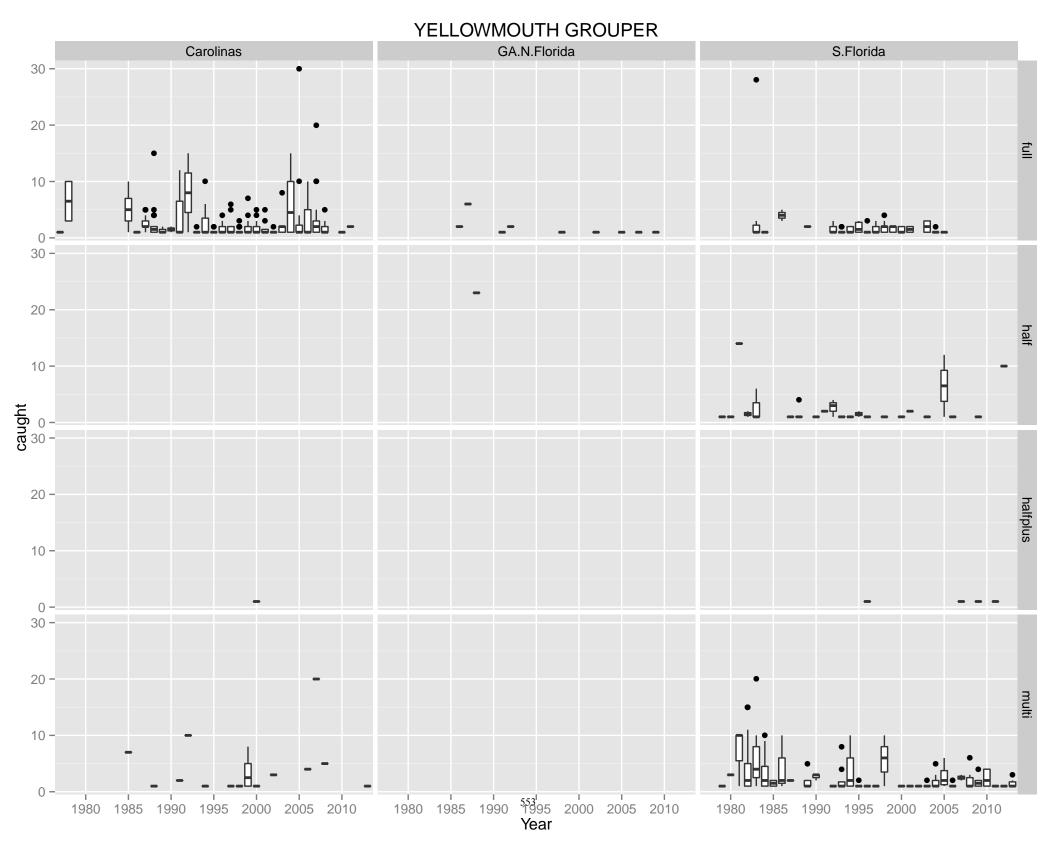


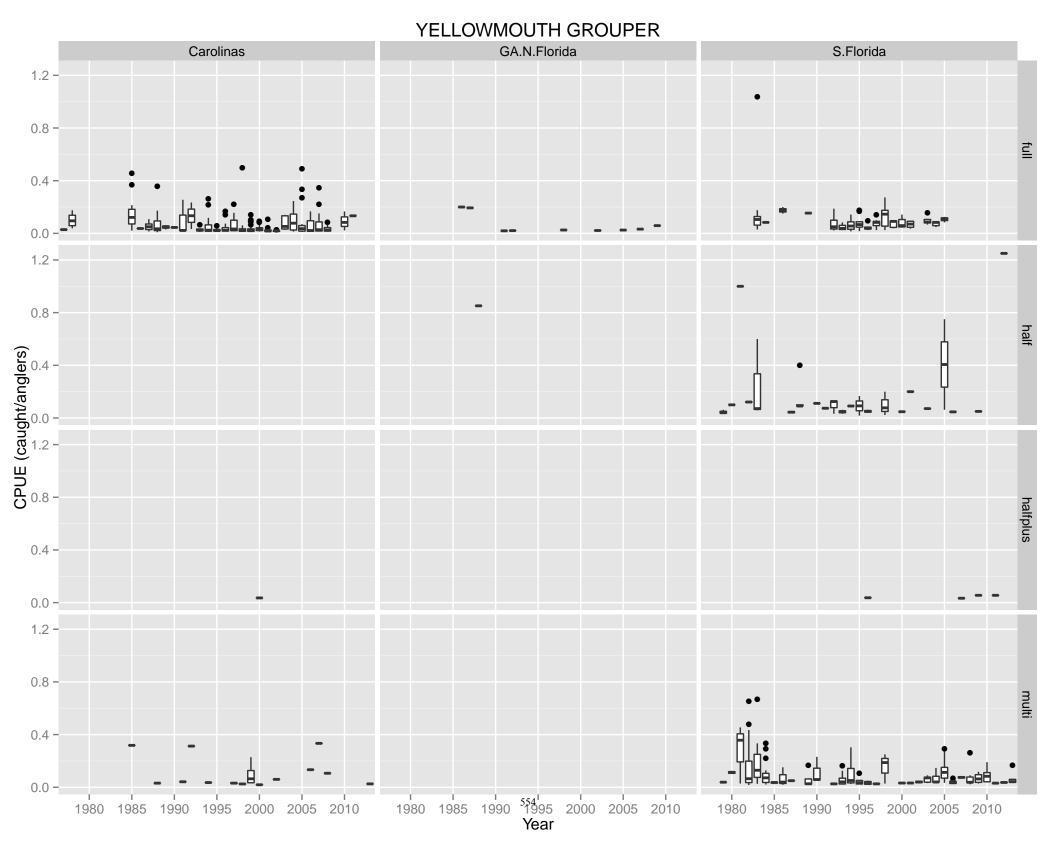


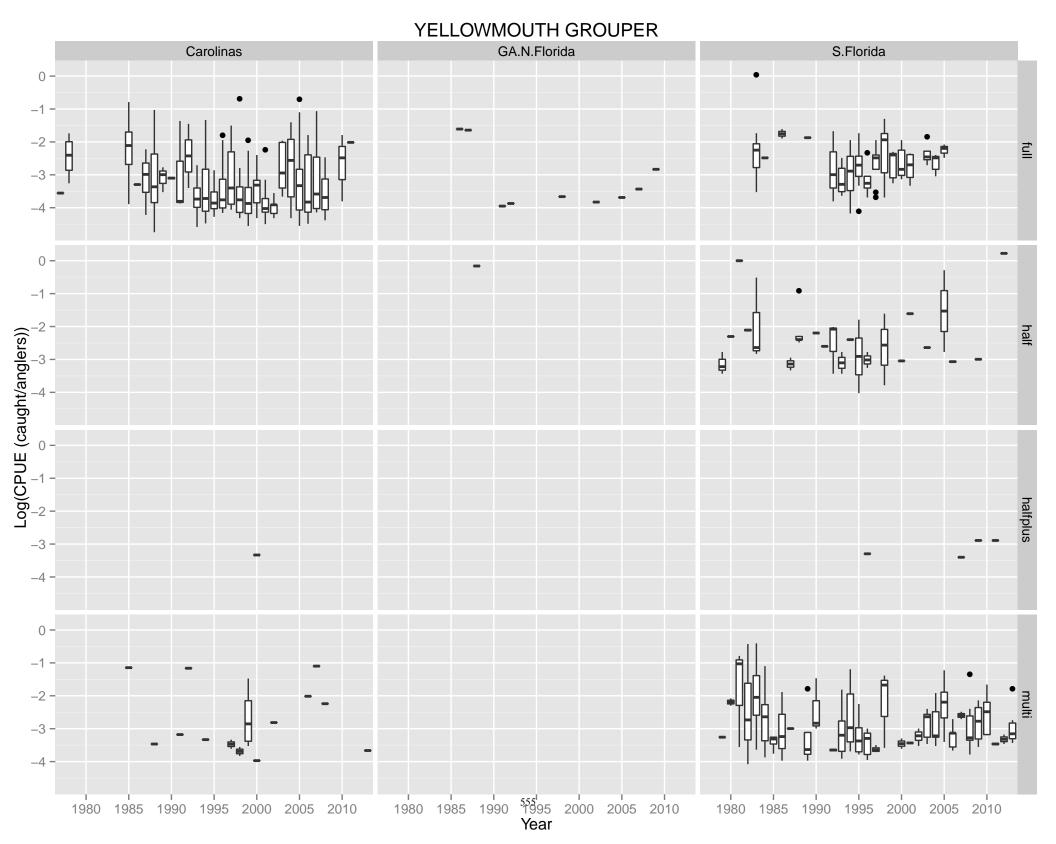


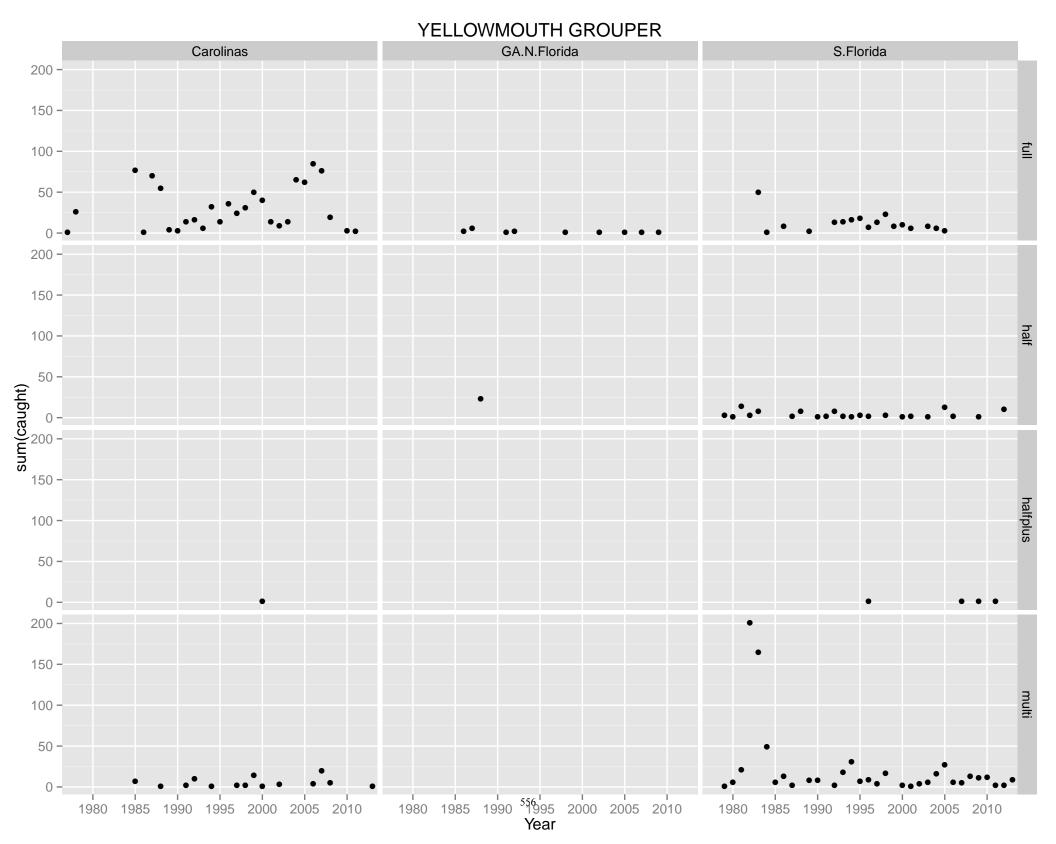


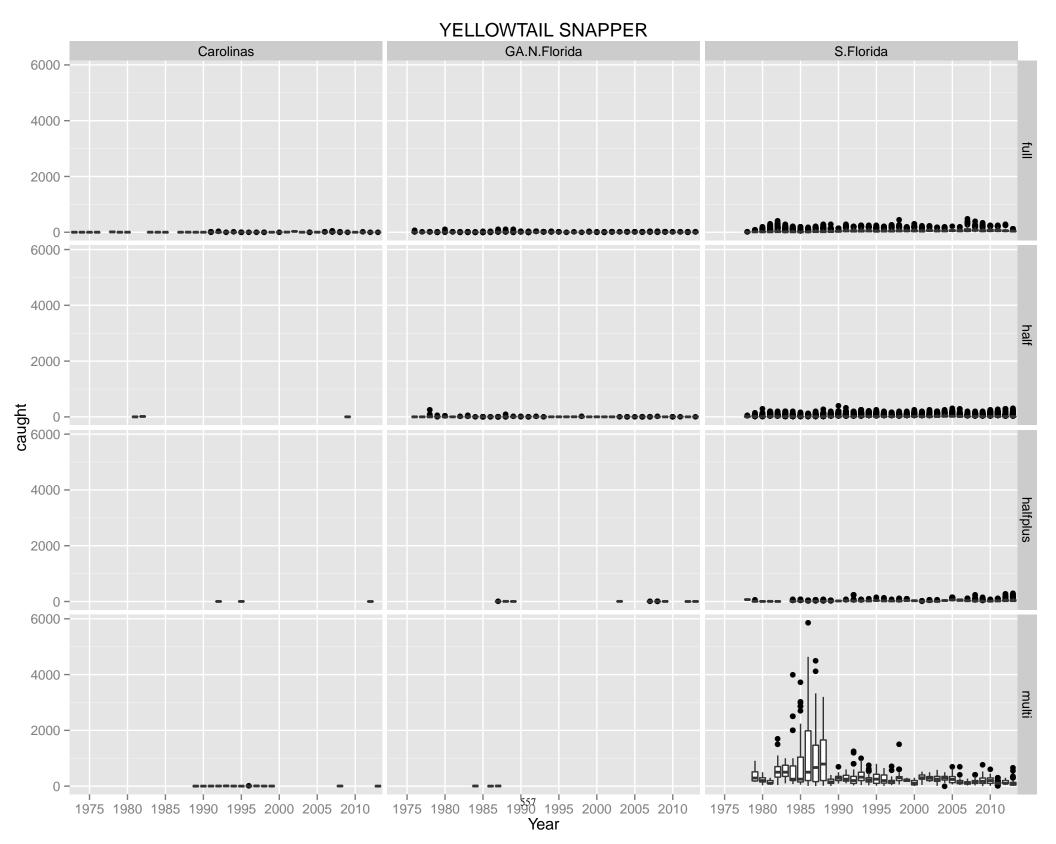


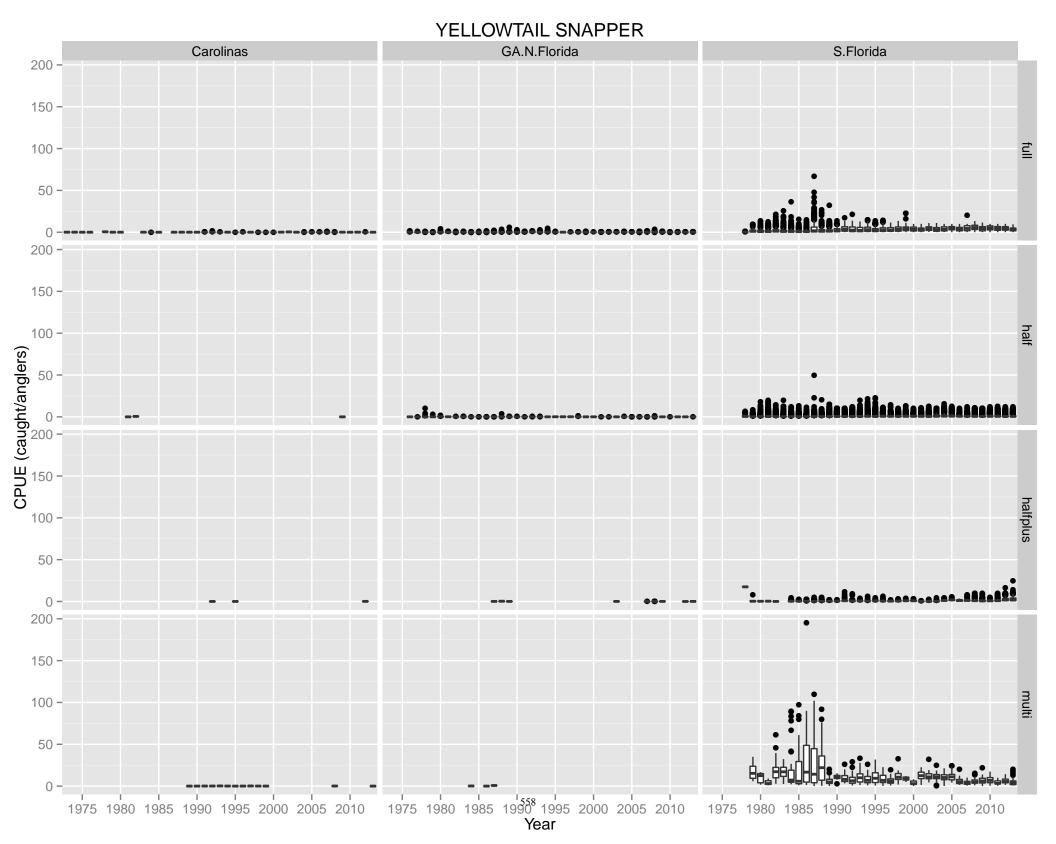


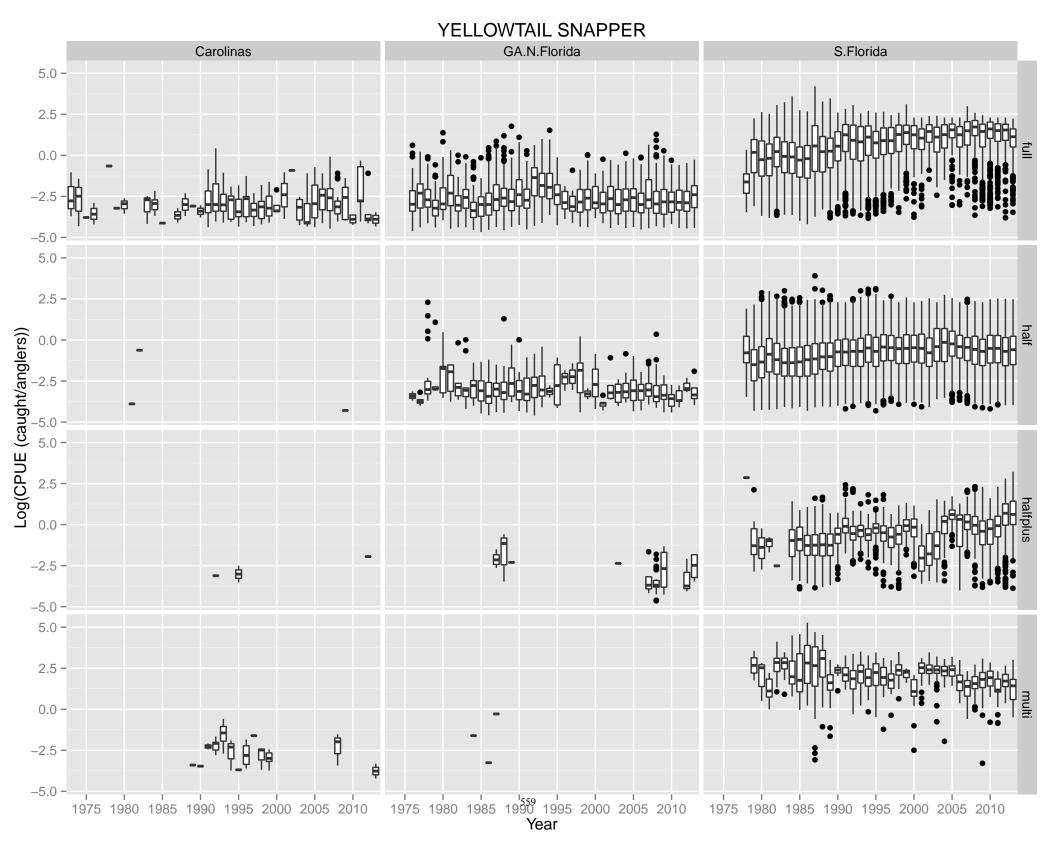


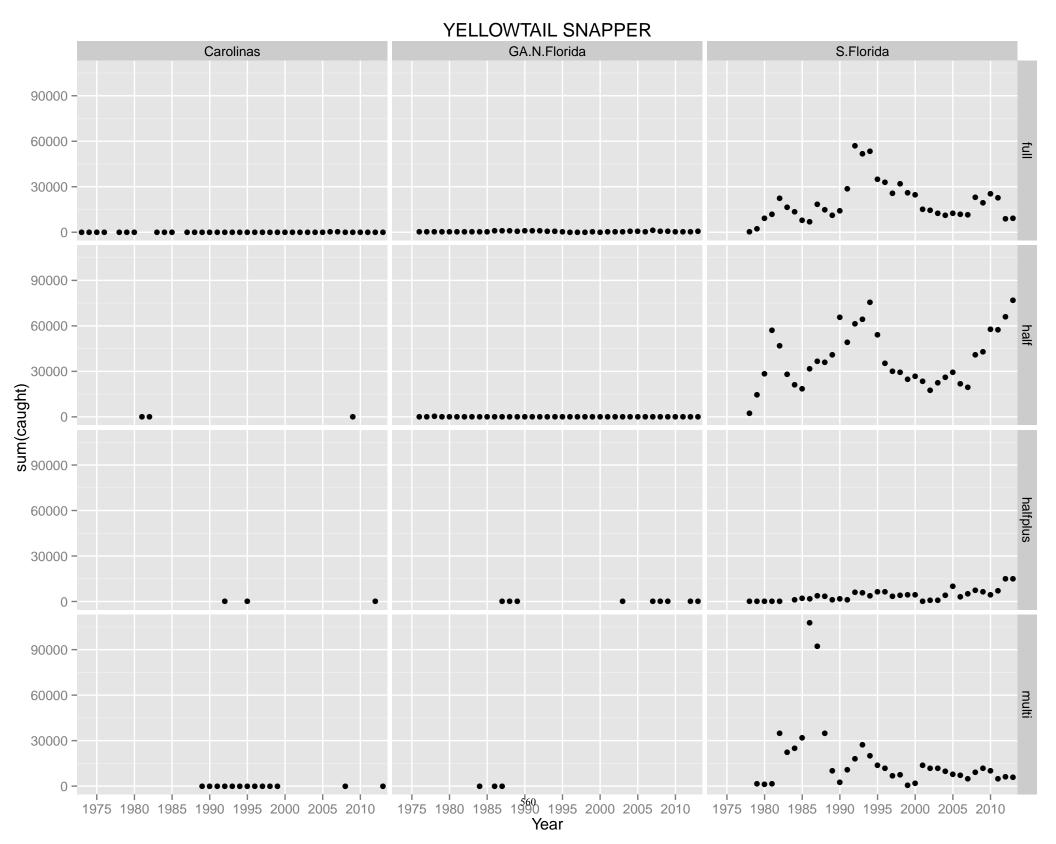






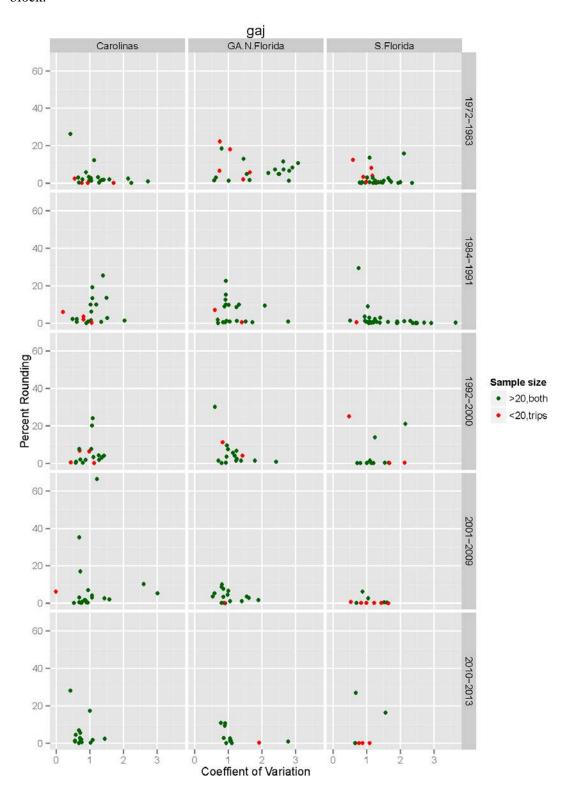


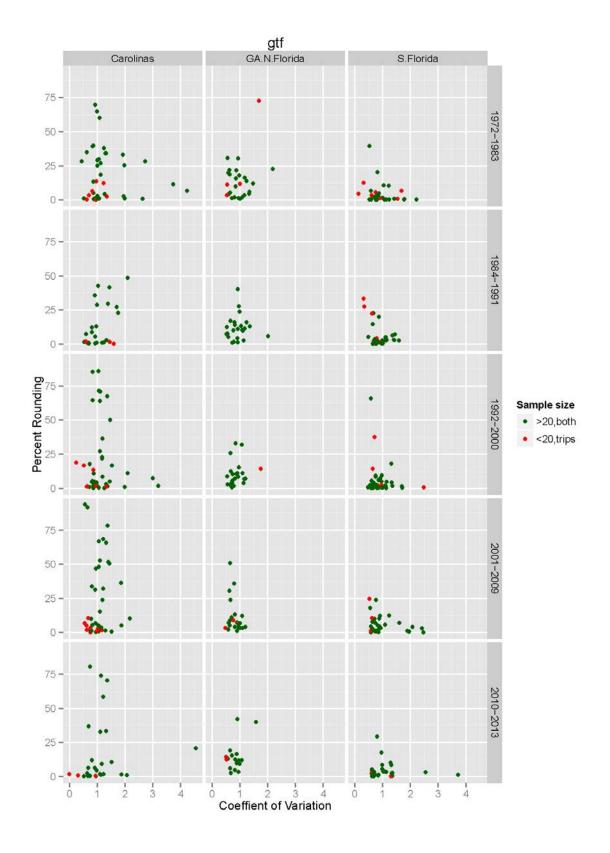


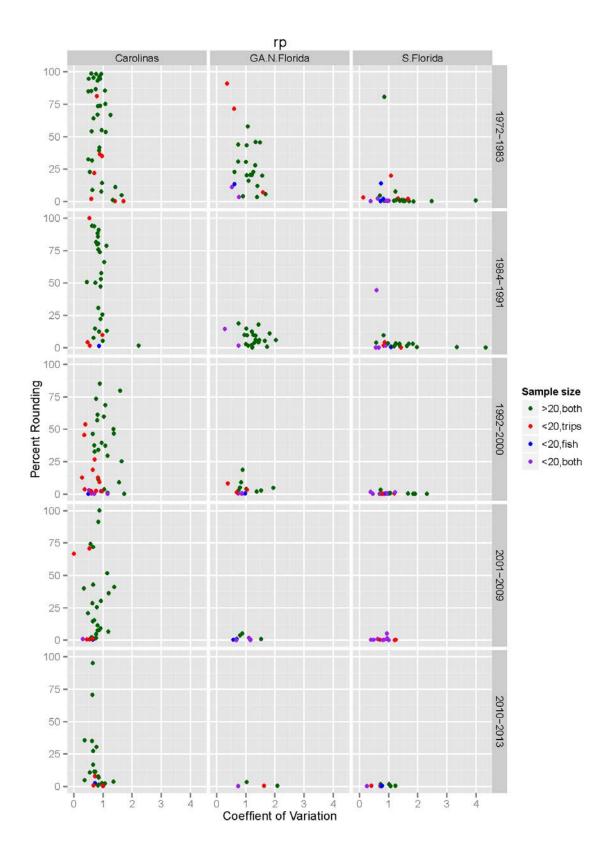


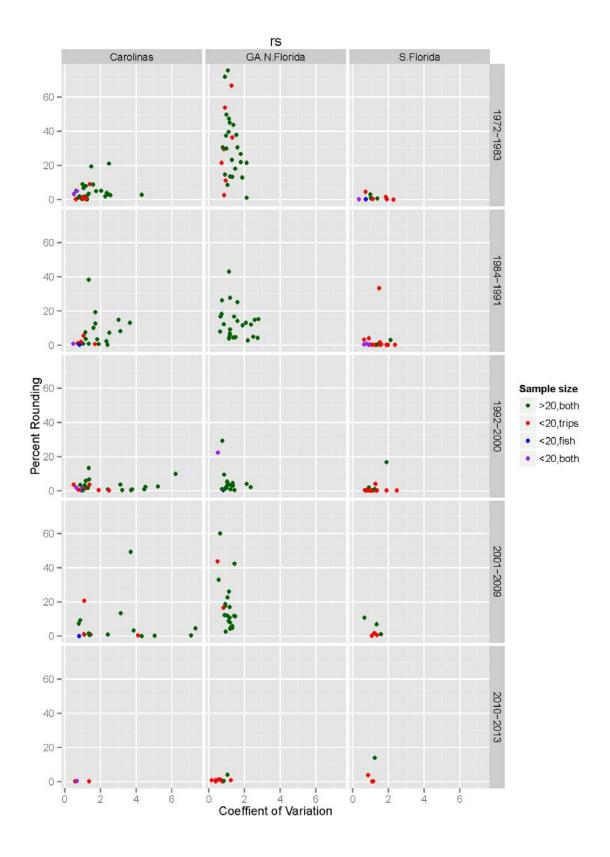
Appendix 12. **Redacted for confidentiality -** For each vessel in the fleet from each time-area block a box plot shows a single vessel's mean relative to the distribution of the surrounding fleet for each metric in the analysis.

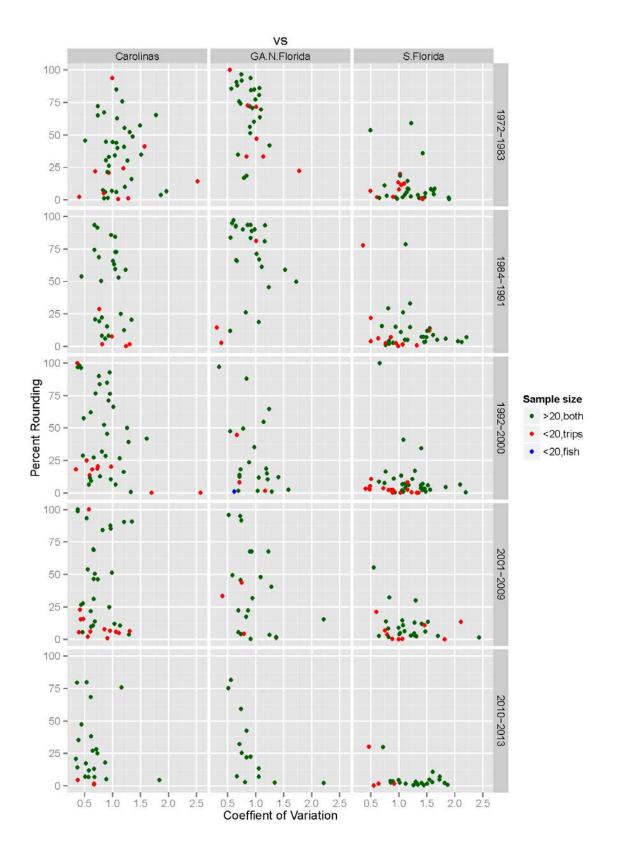
Appendix 13. Comparison of vessels' percent rounding and variance of reported caught by time area block.

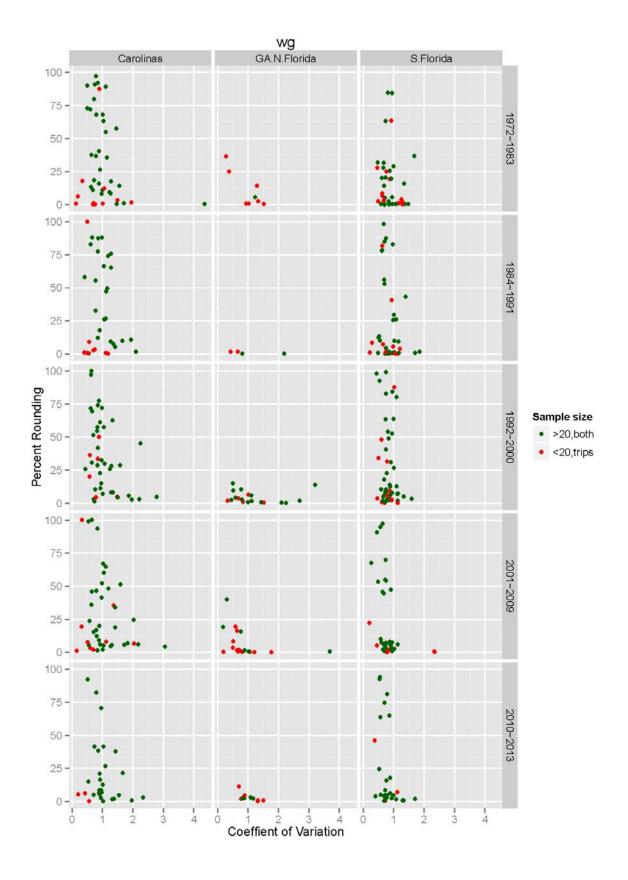


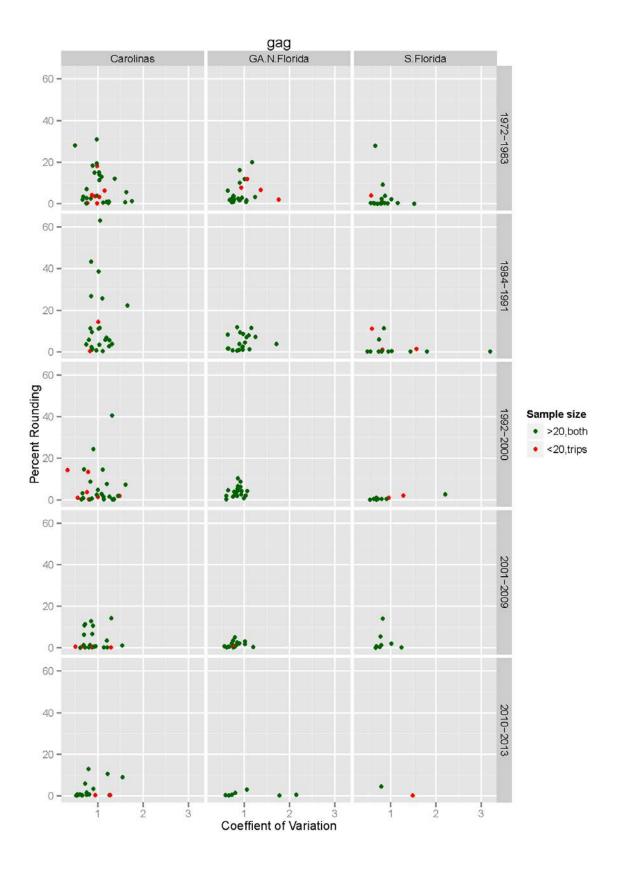


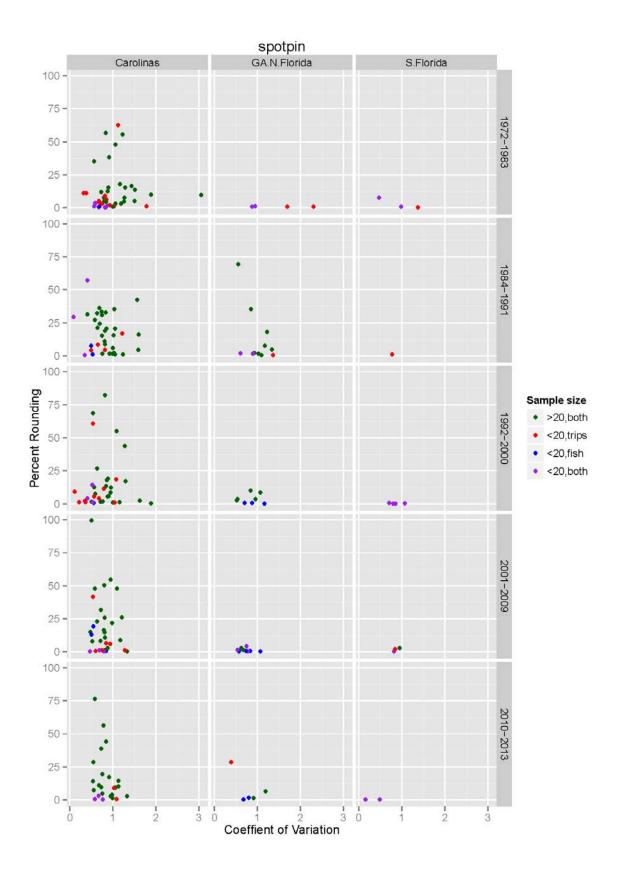


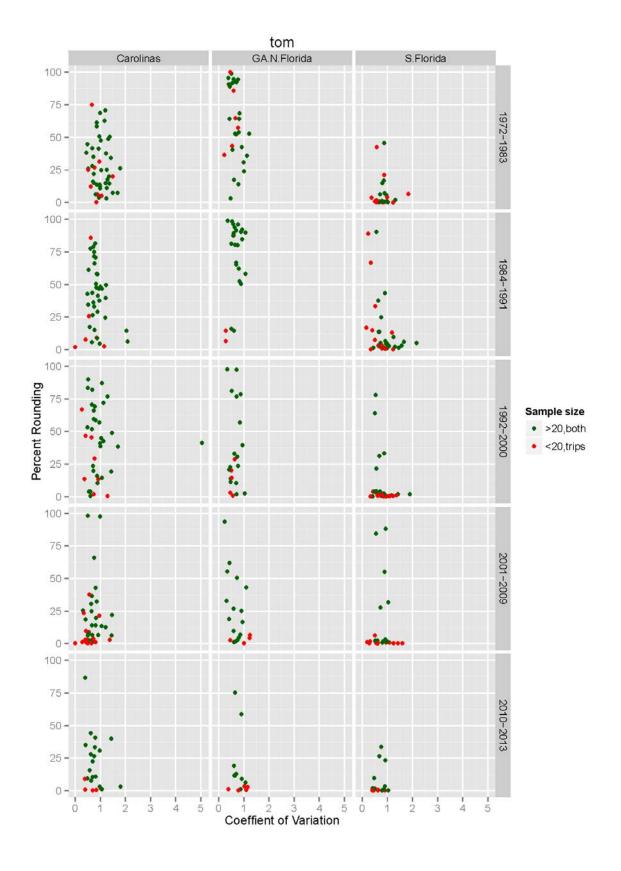


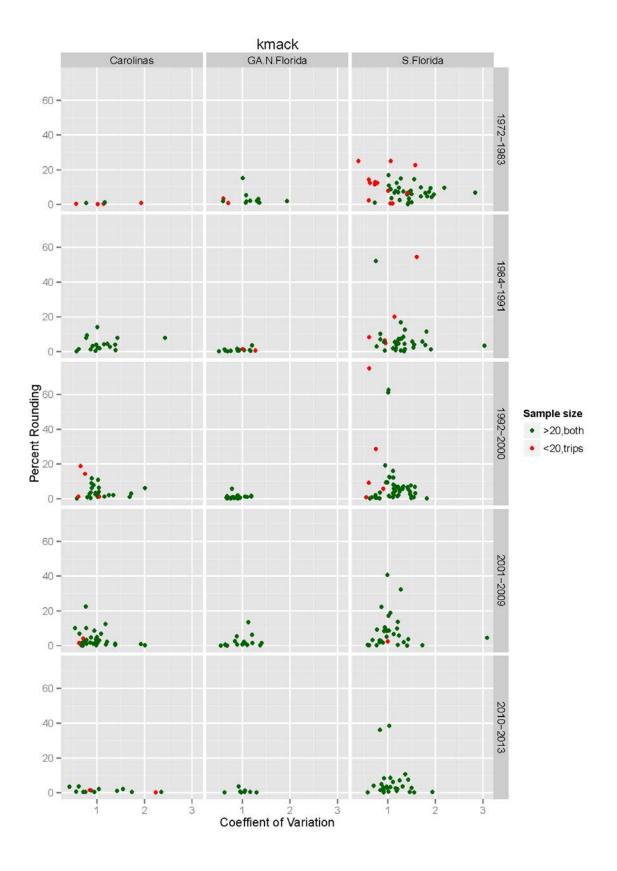


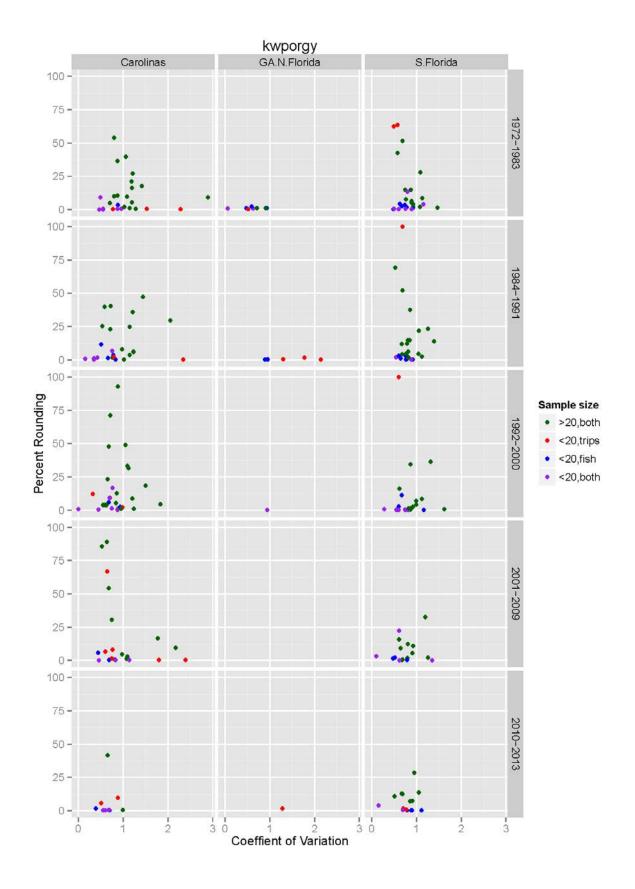


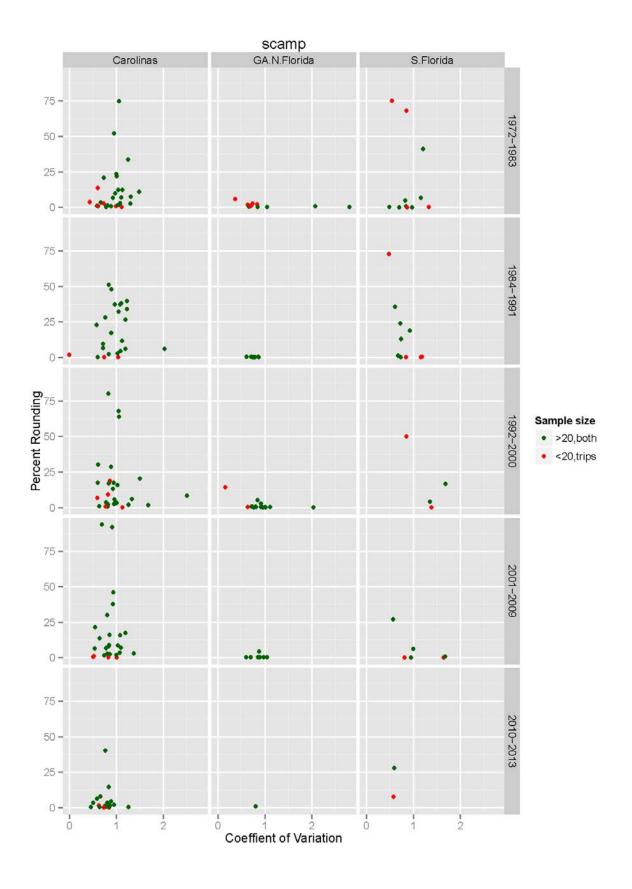


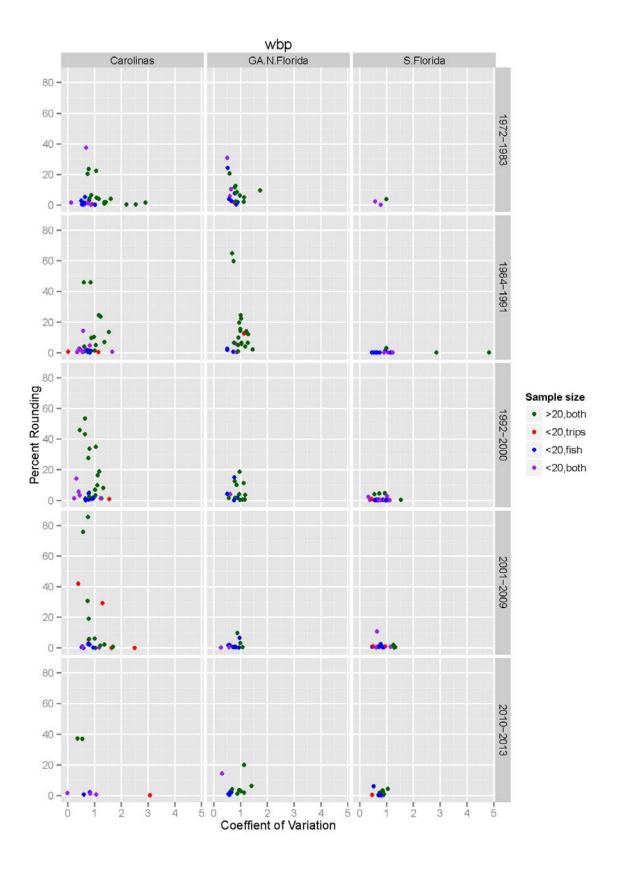


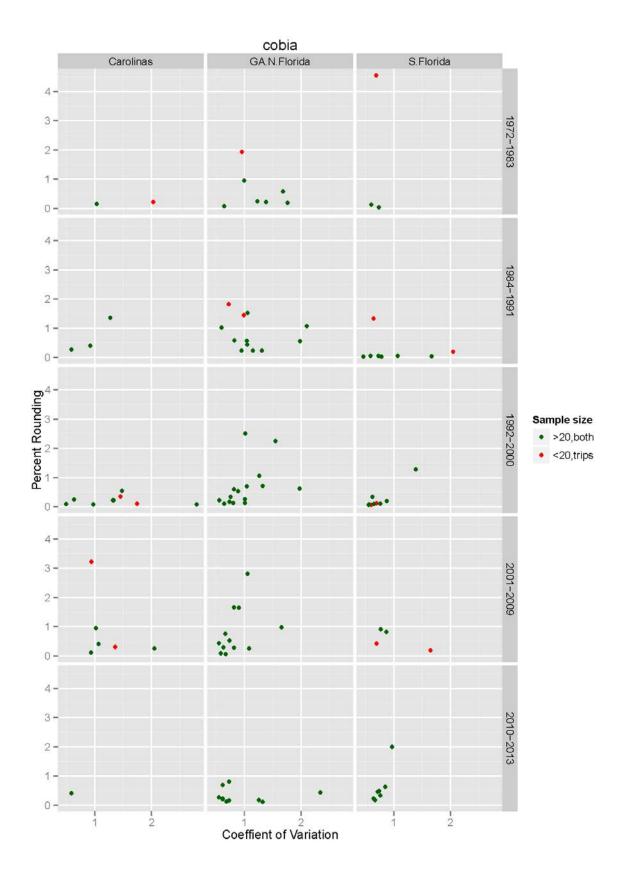


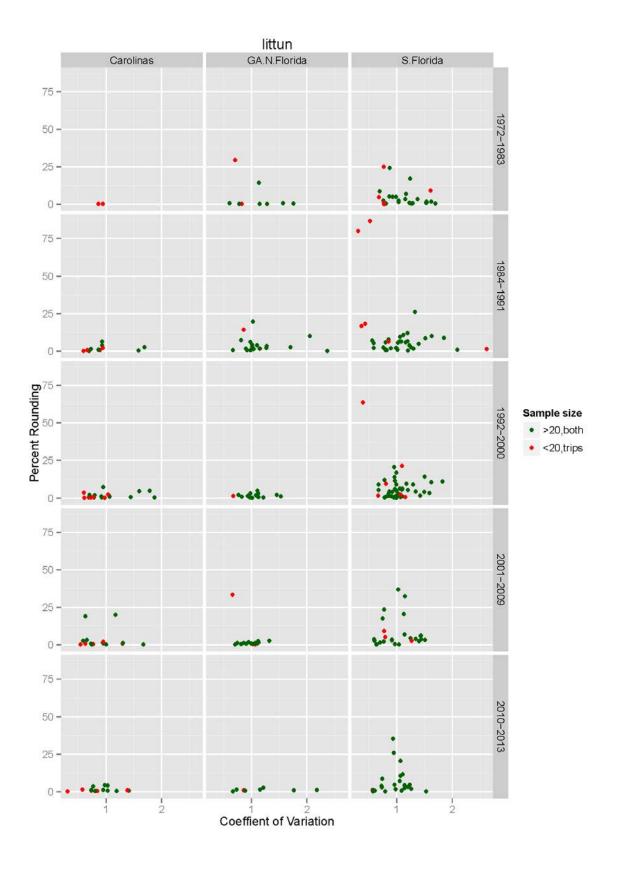


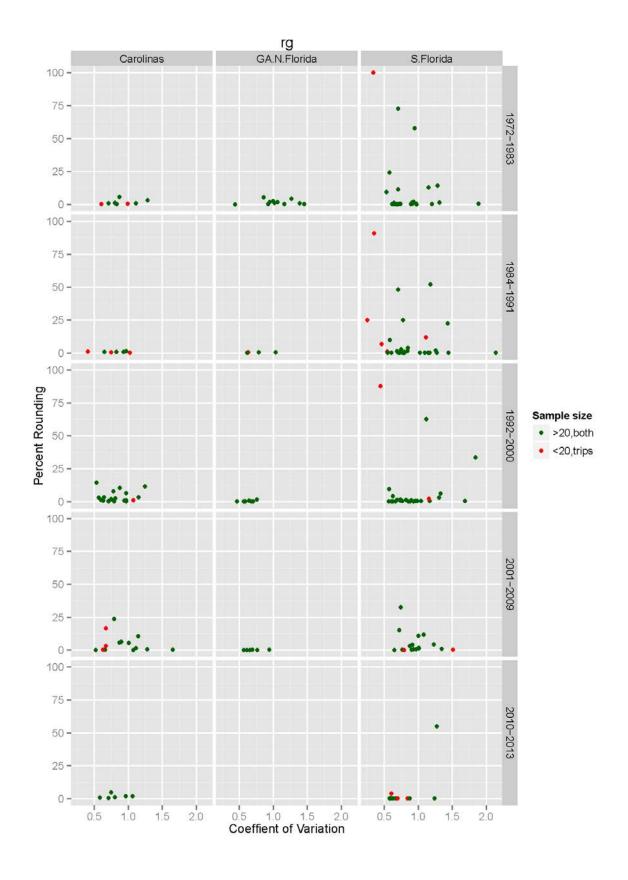


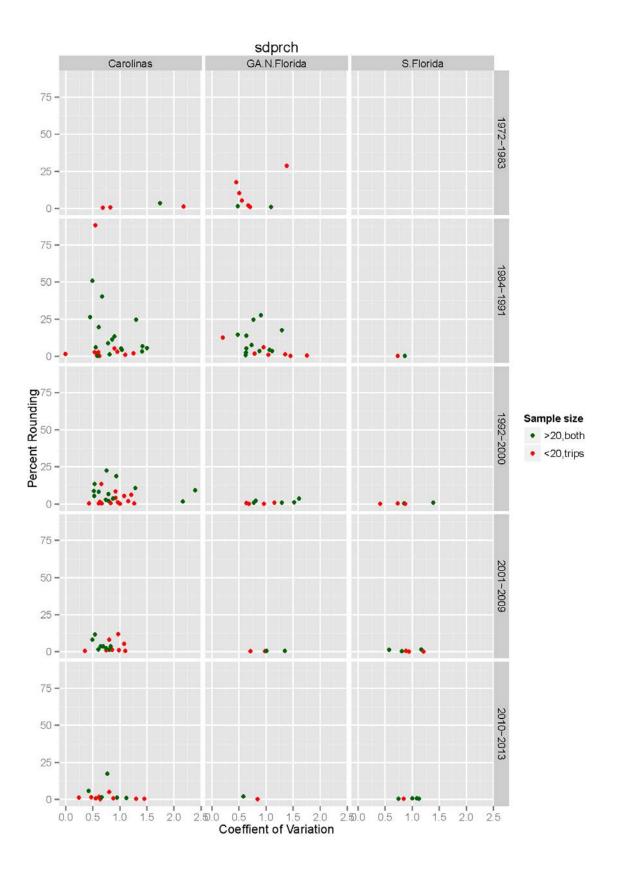


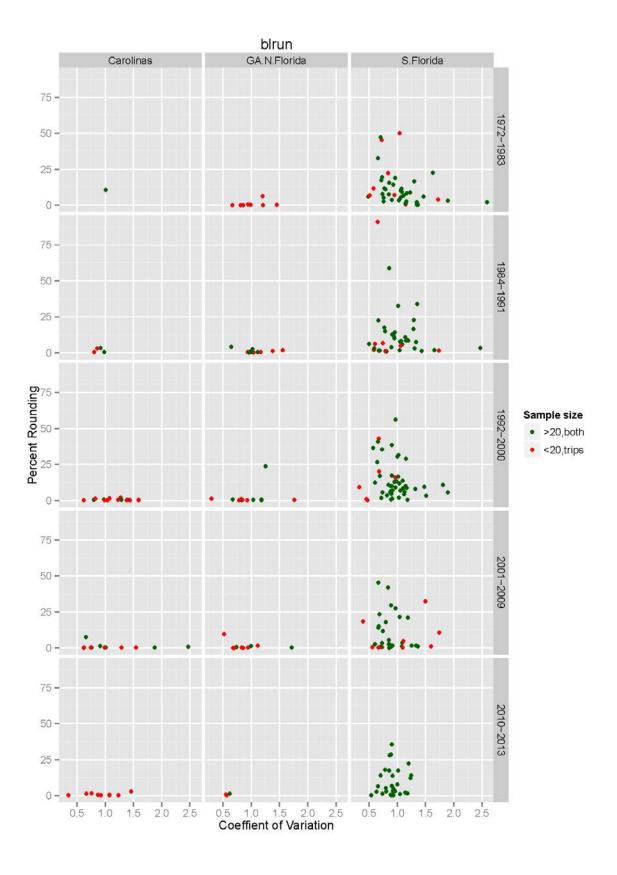


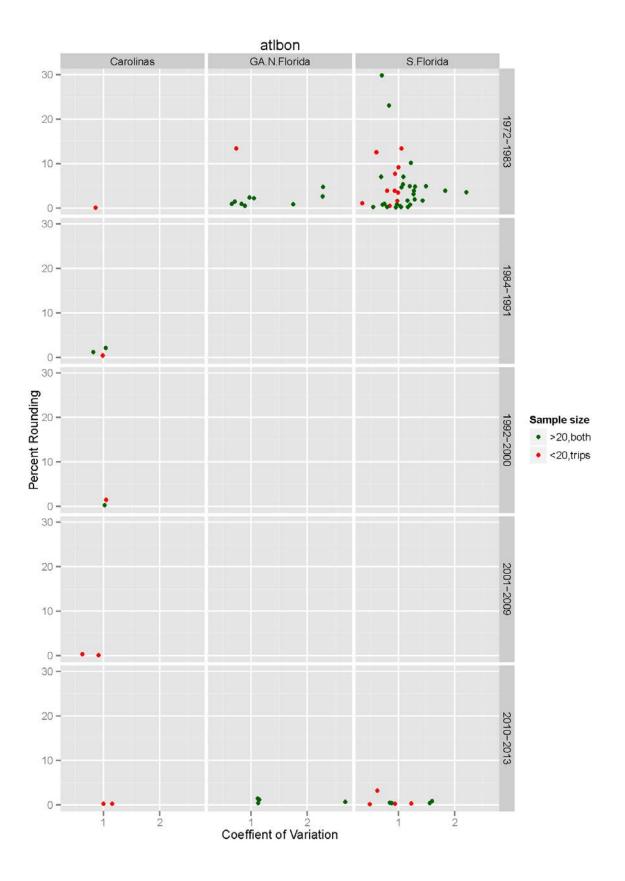


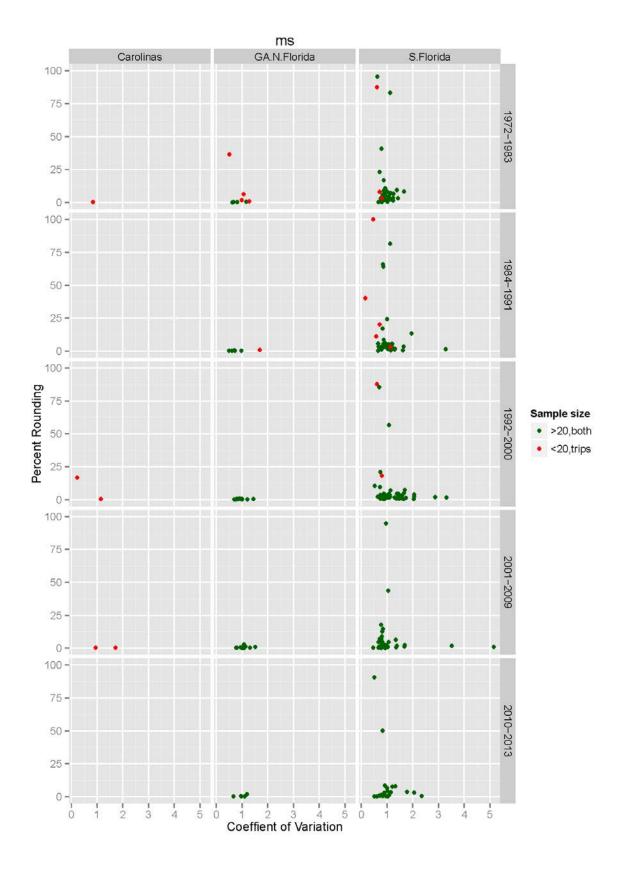


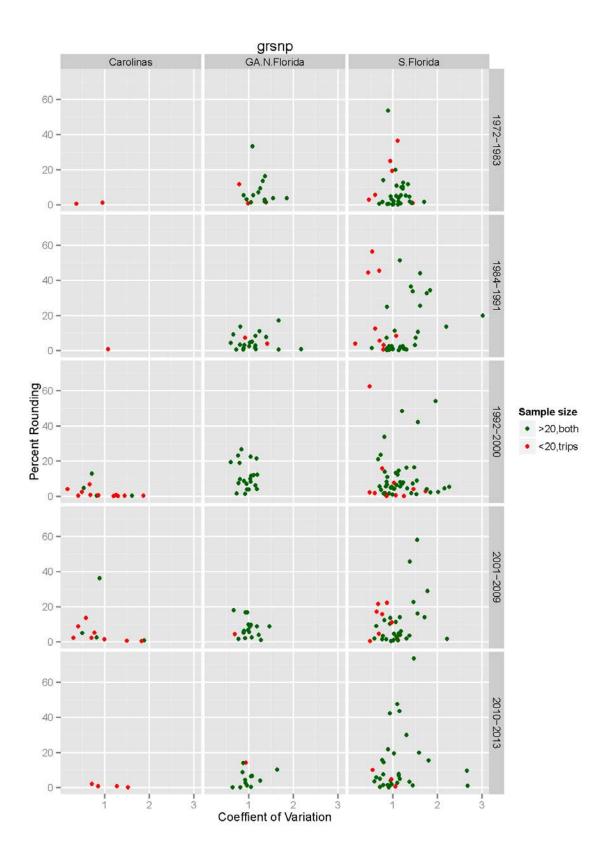


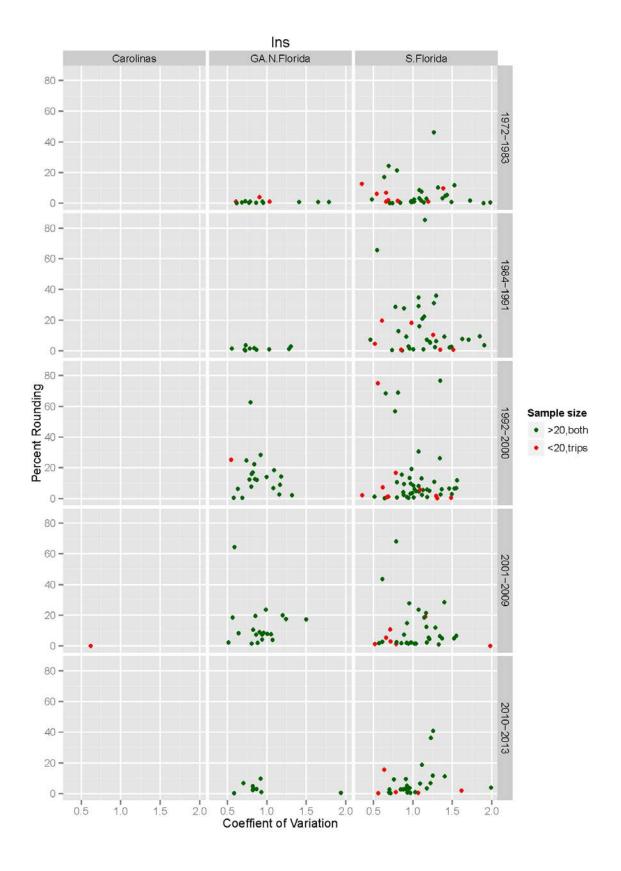


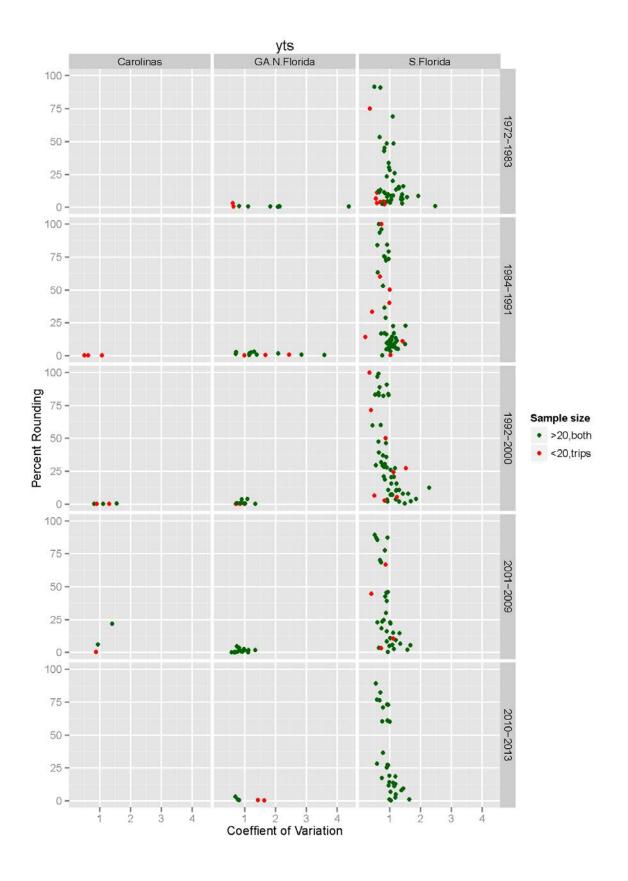


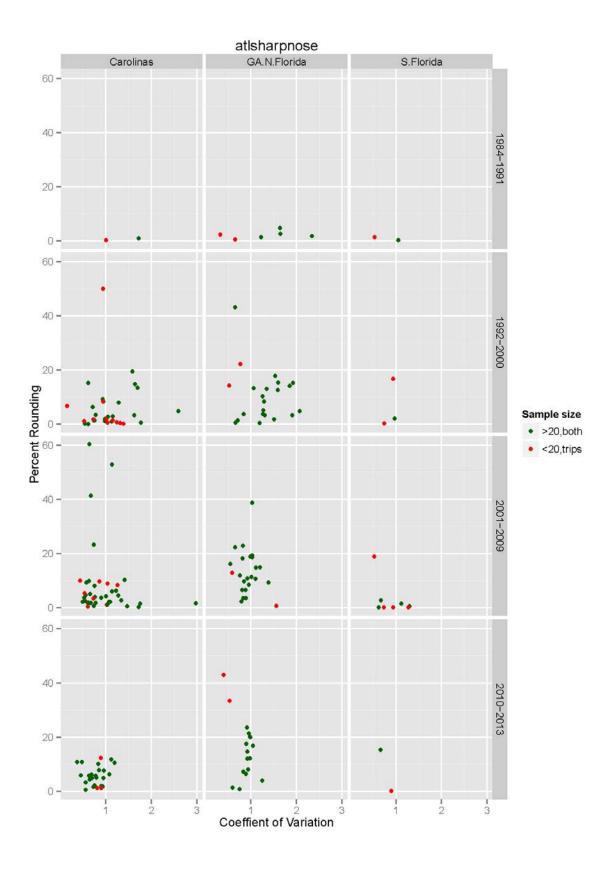




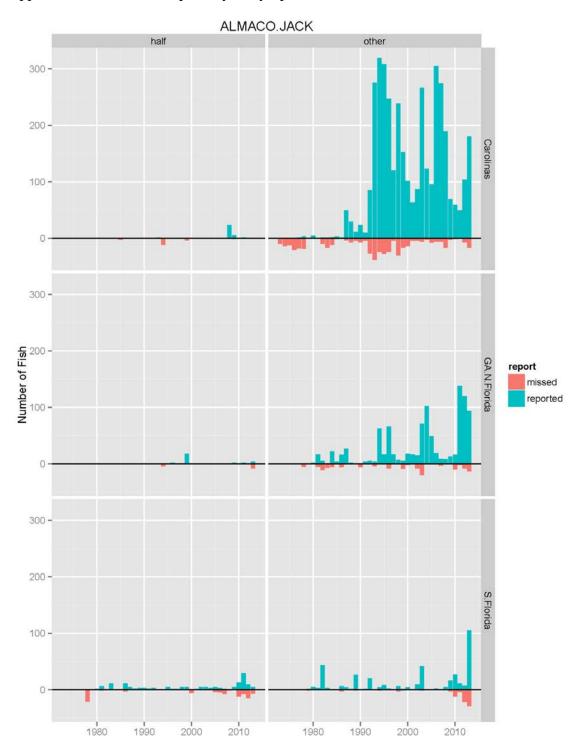


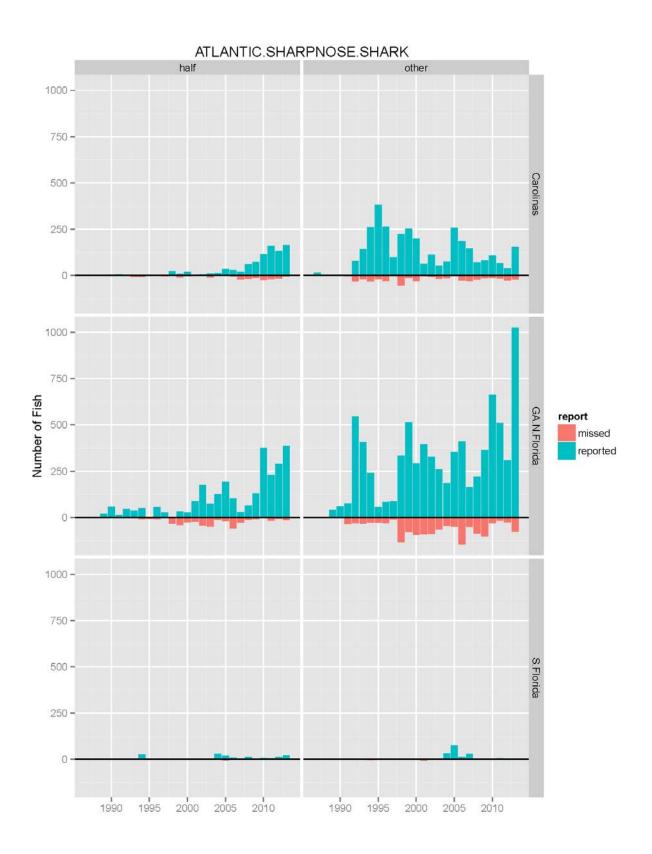


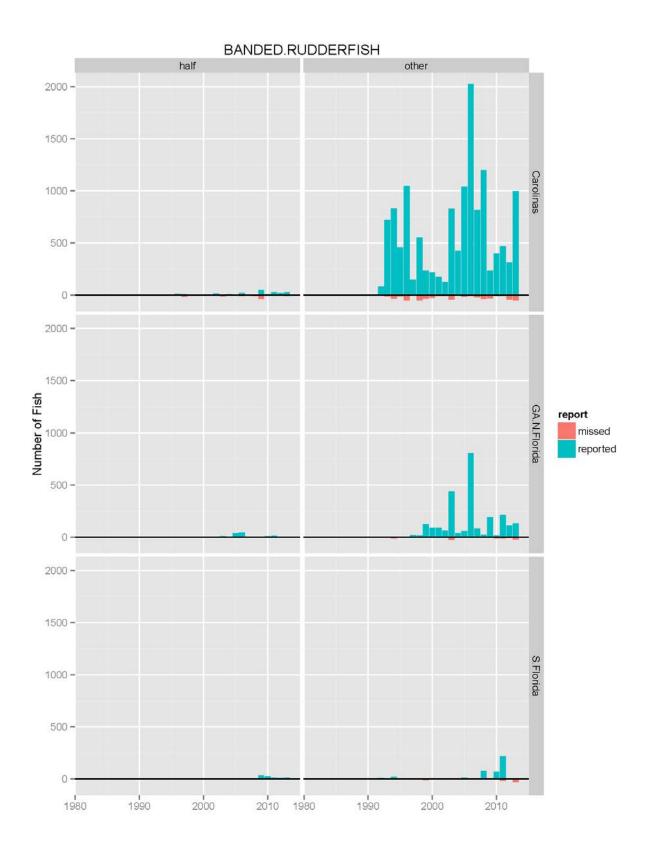


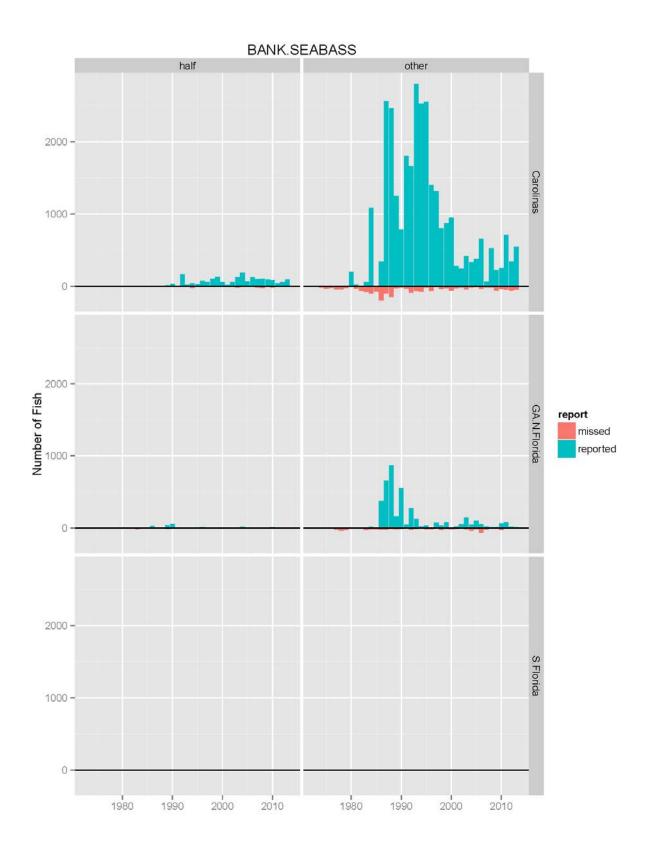


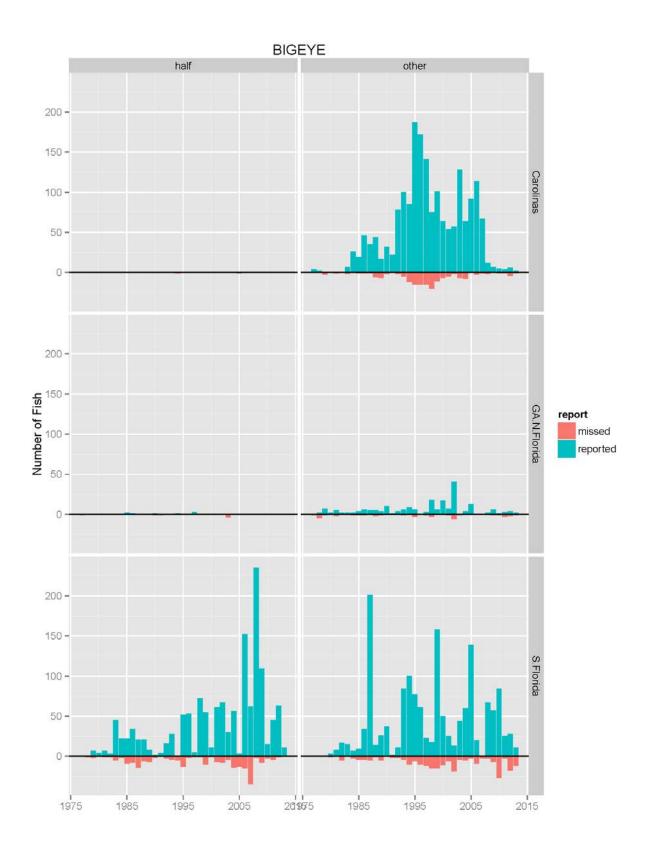
Appendix 14: Matched Trip Analysis by Species

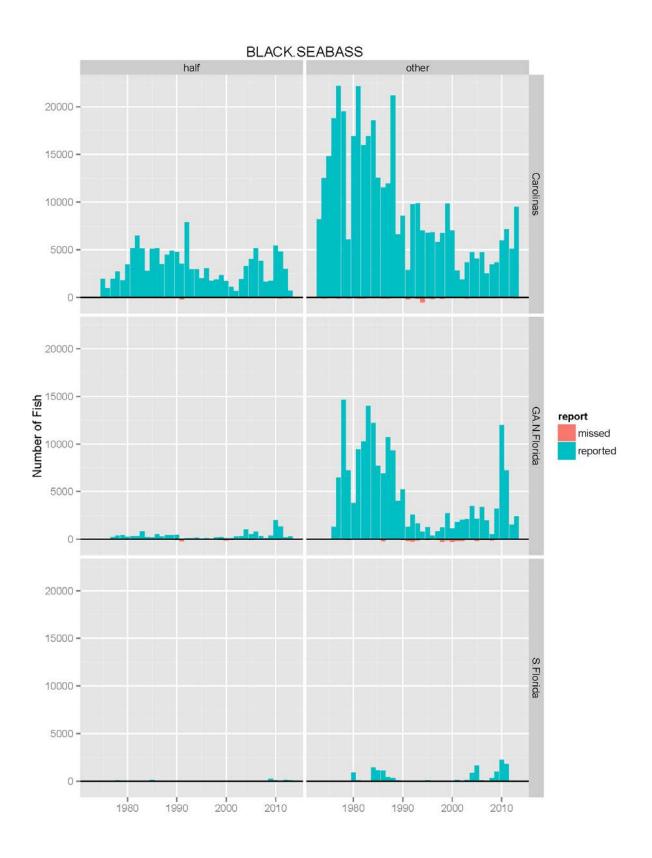


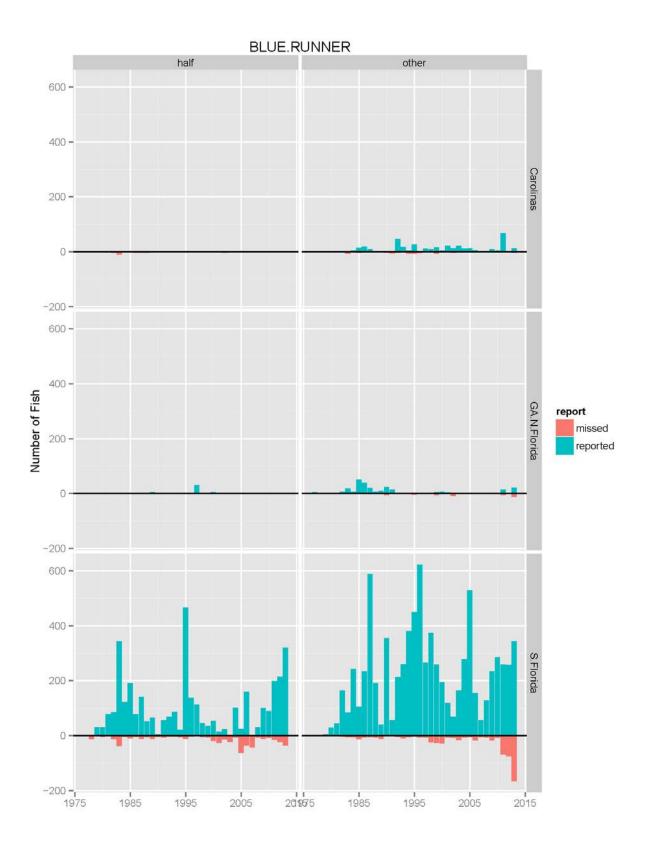


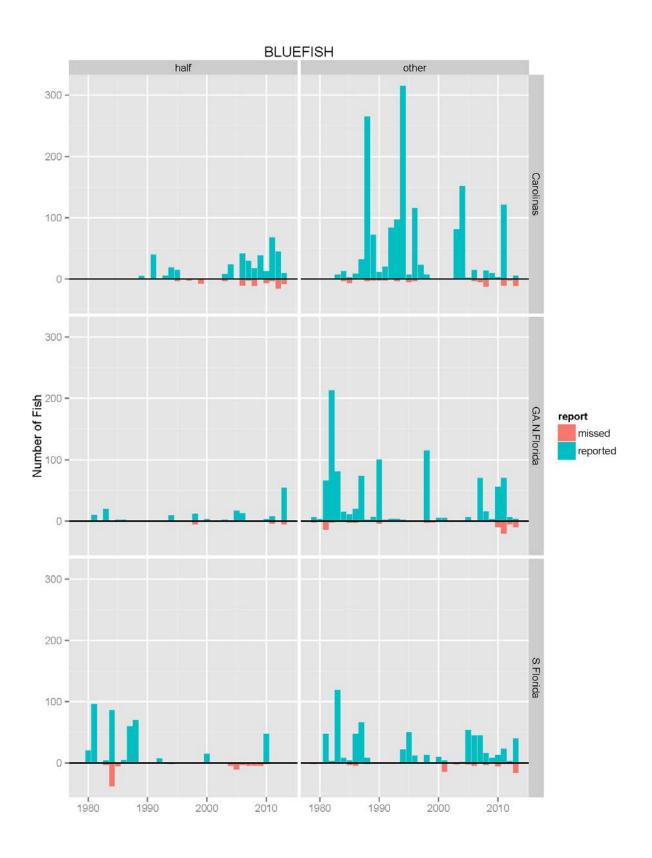


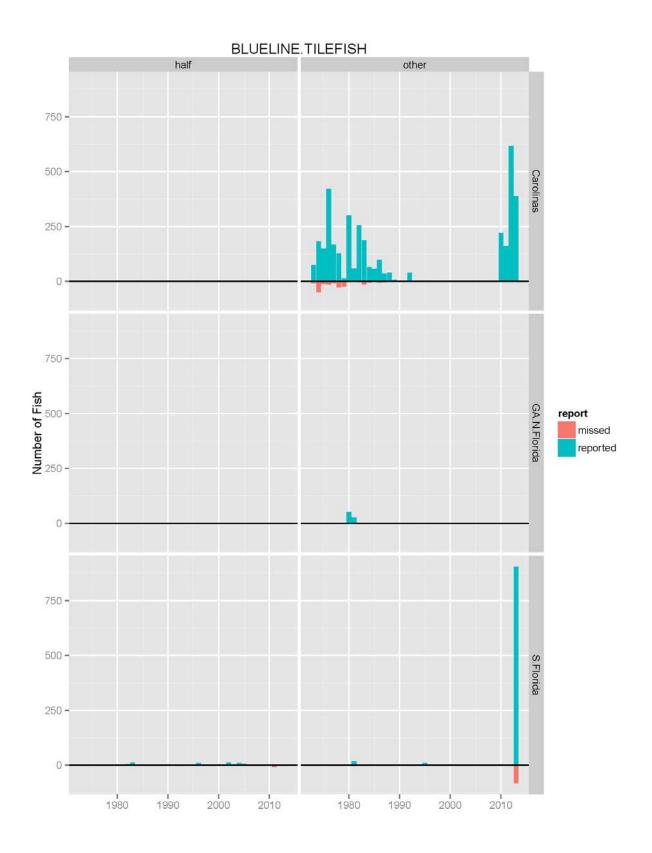


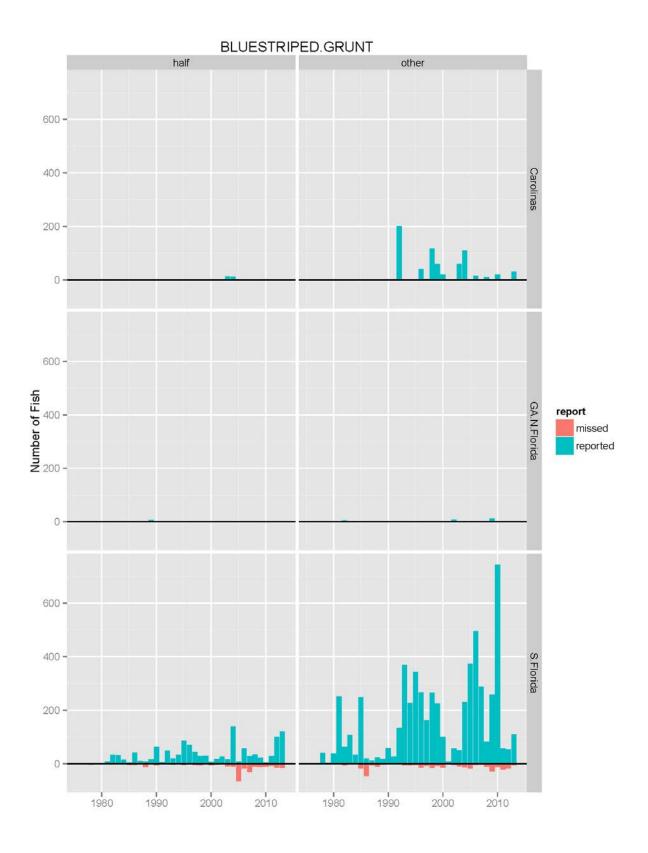


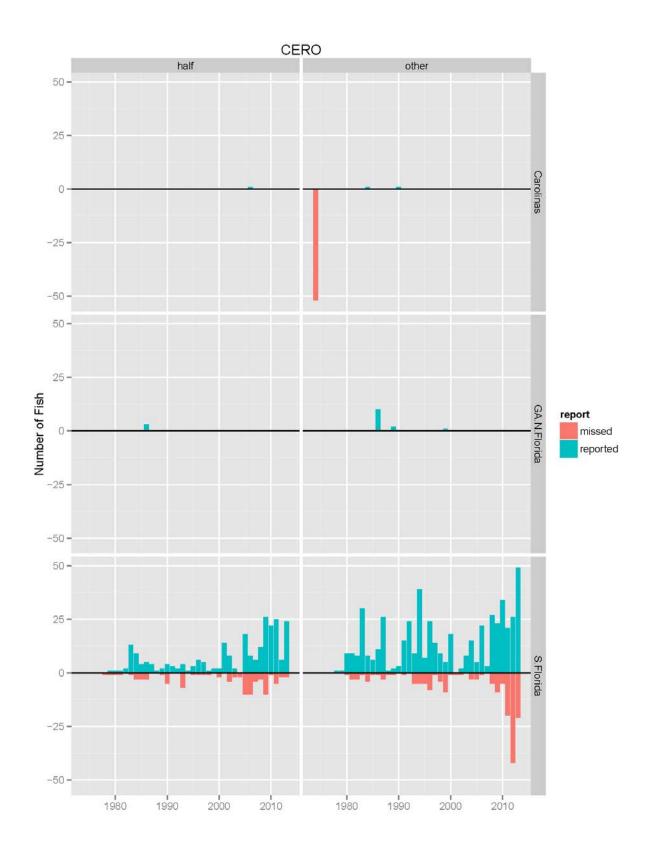


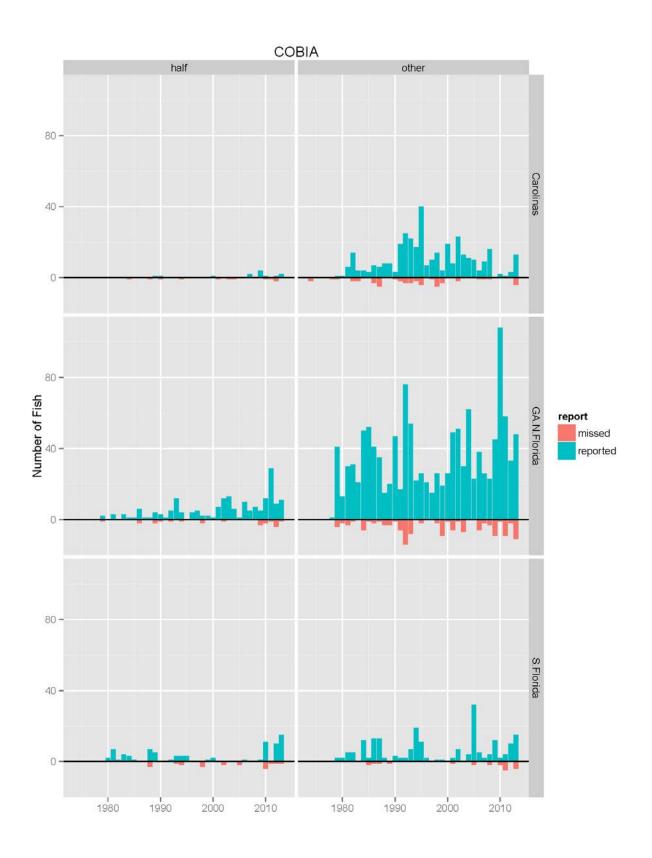


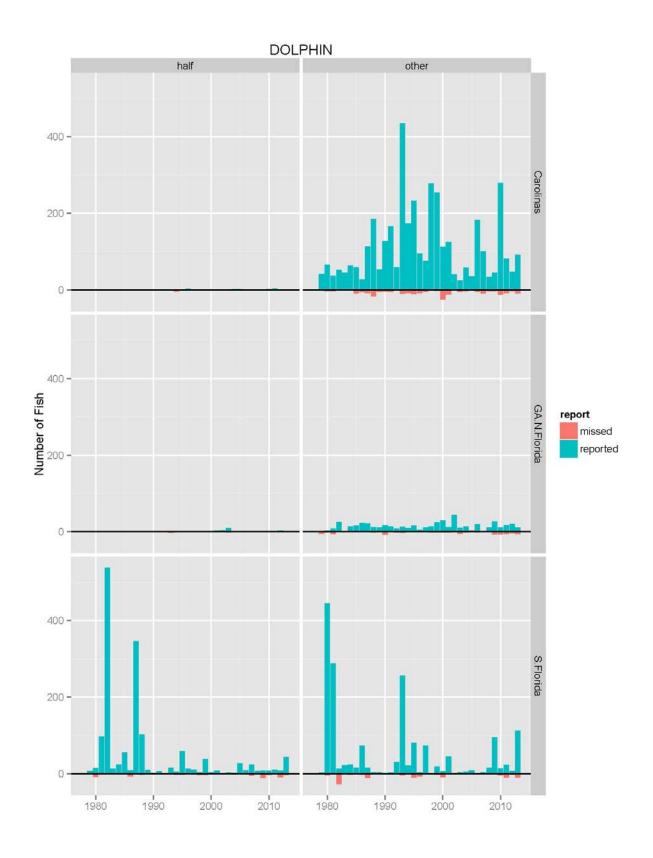


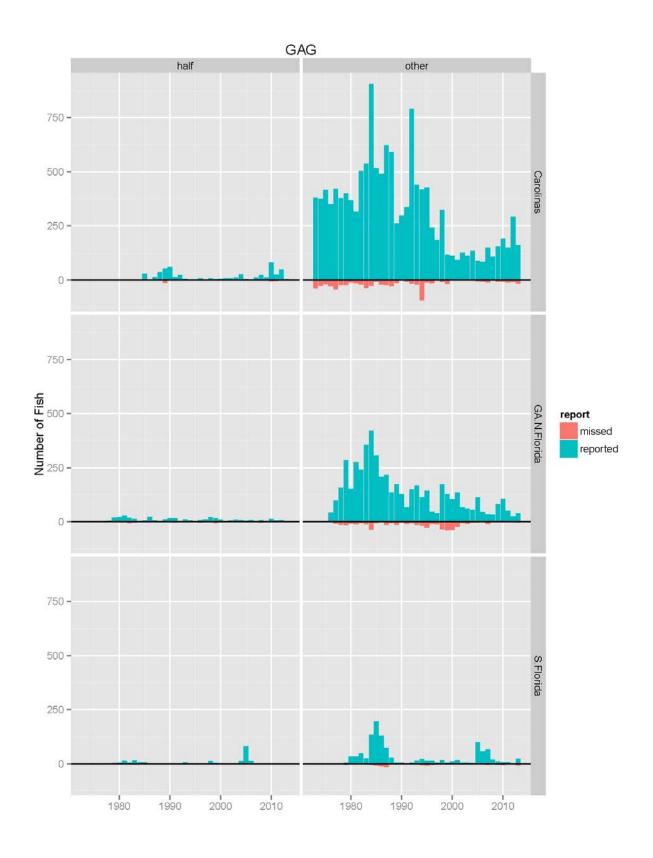


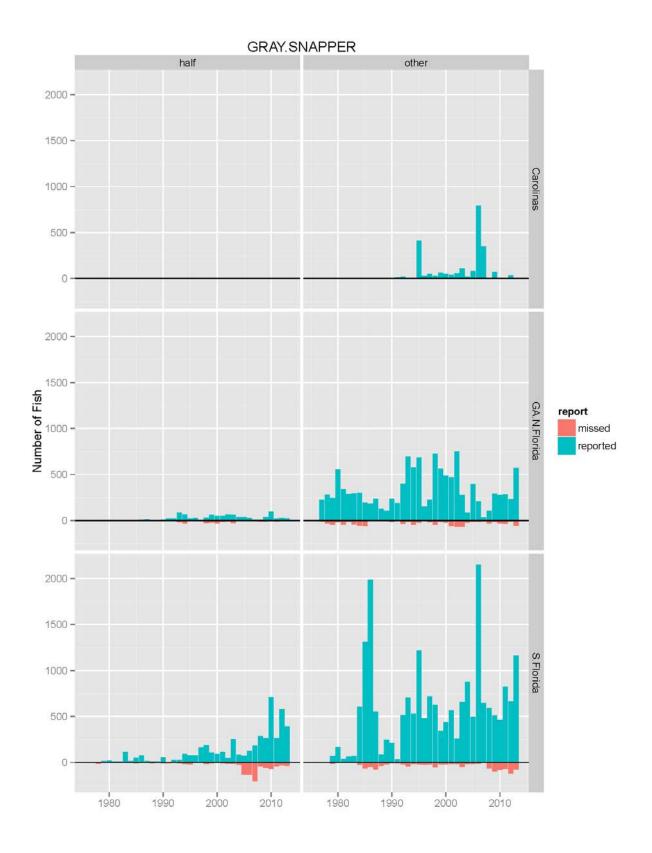


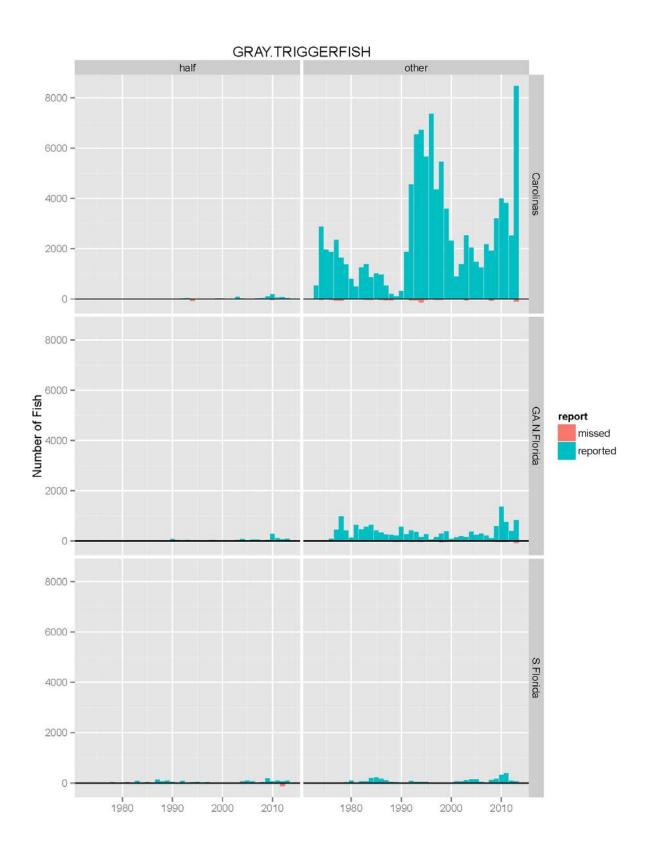


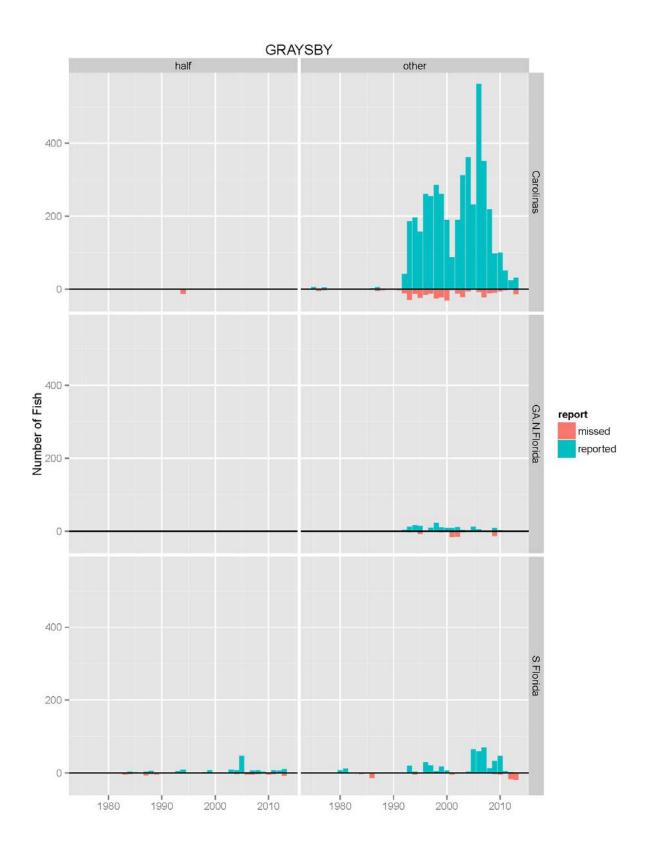


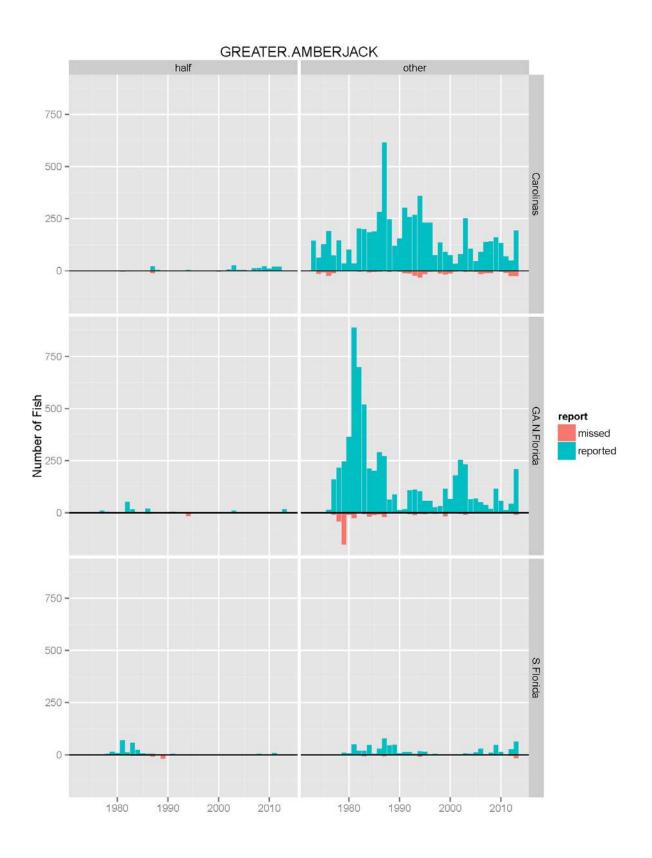


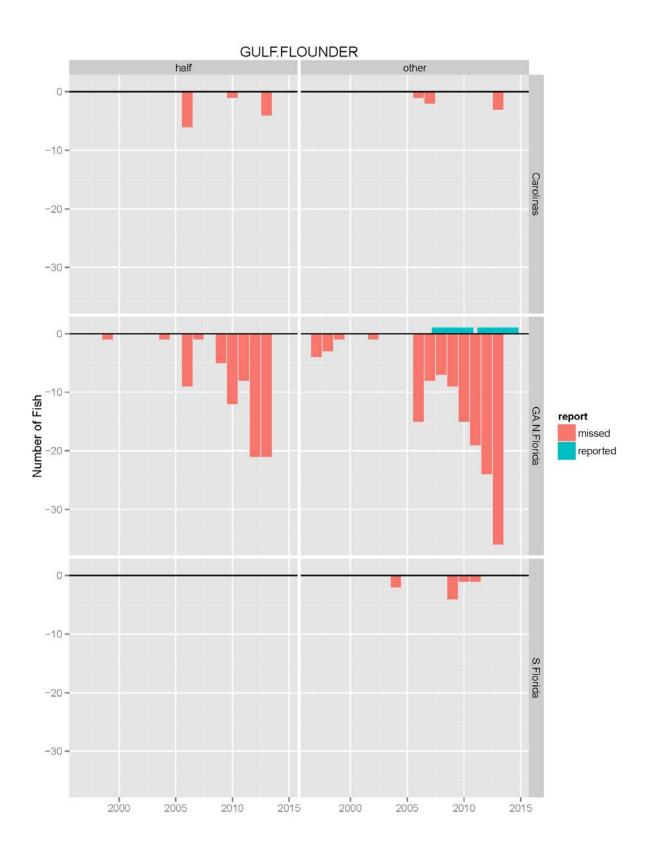


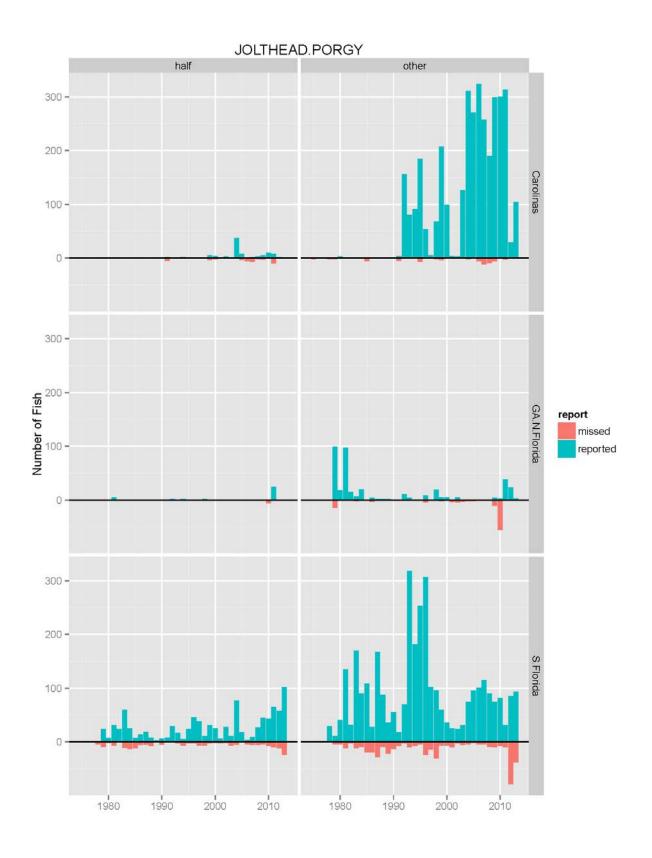


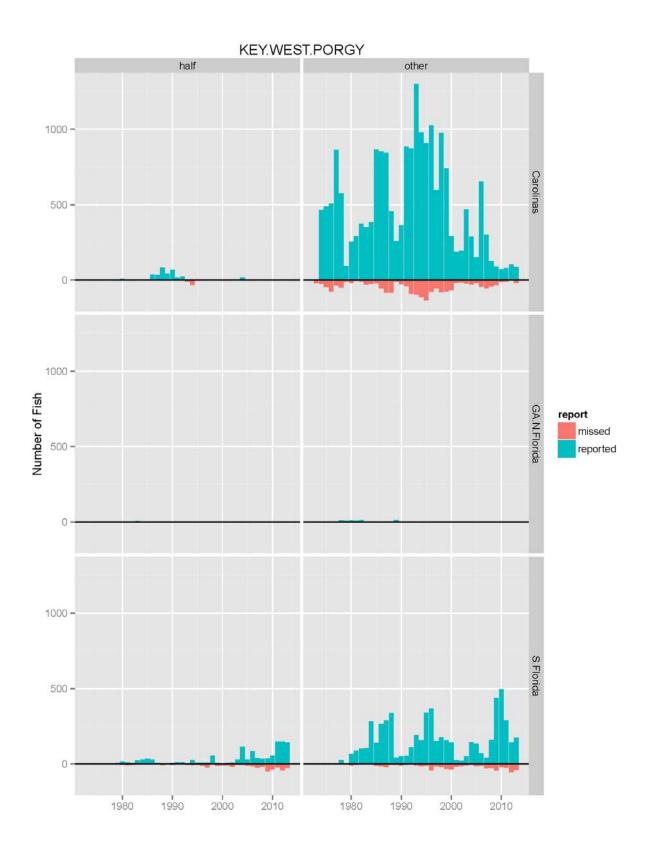


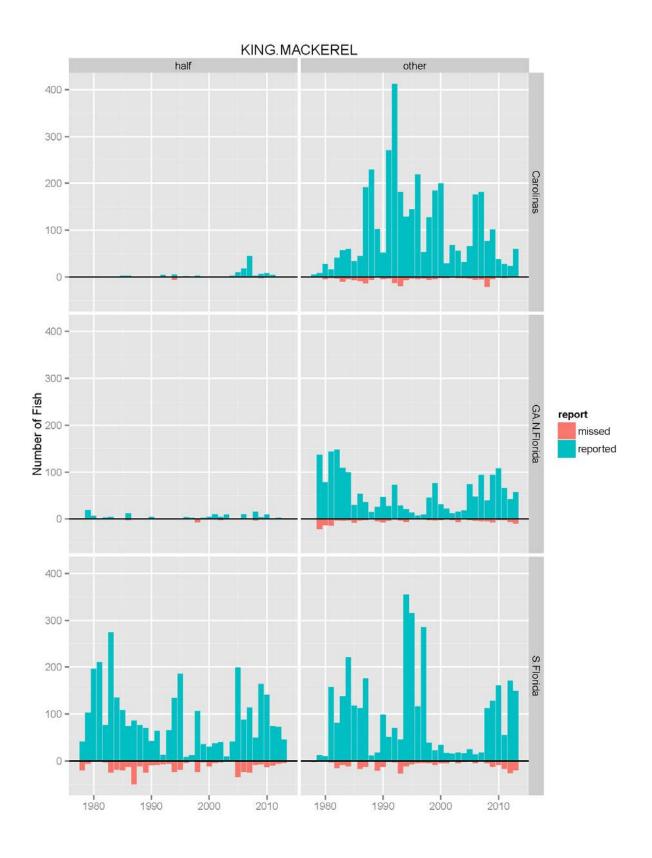


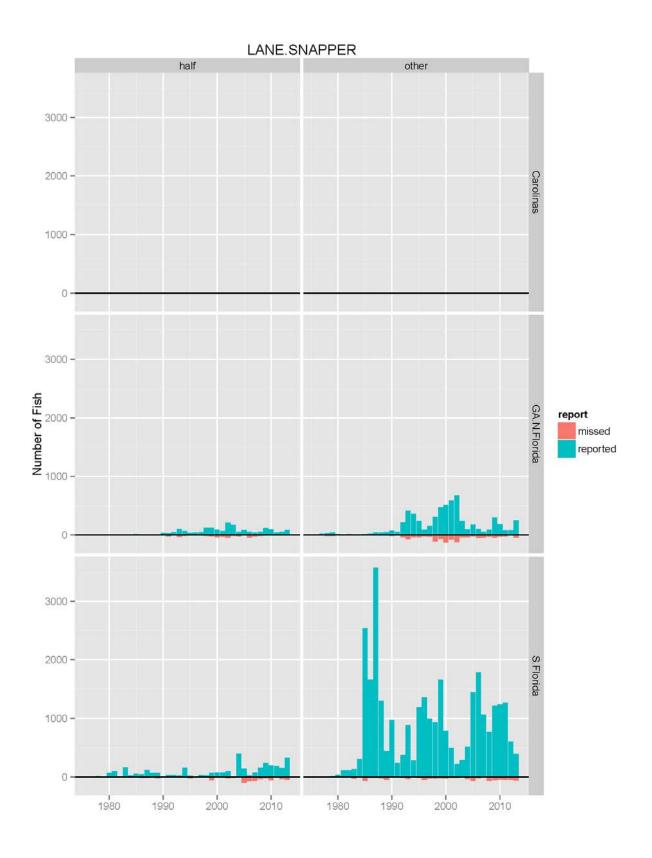


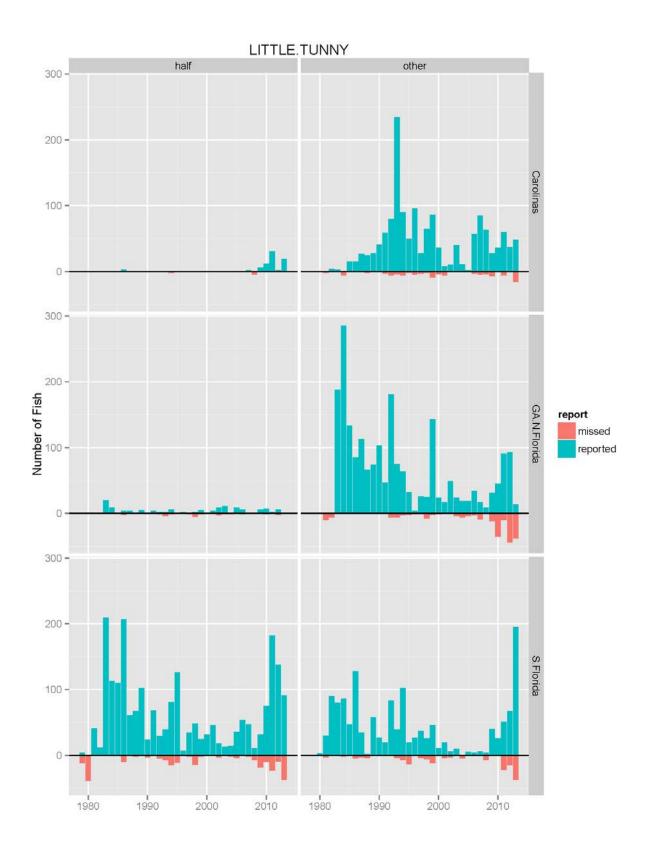


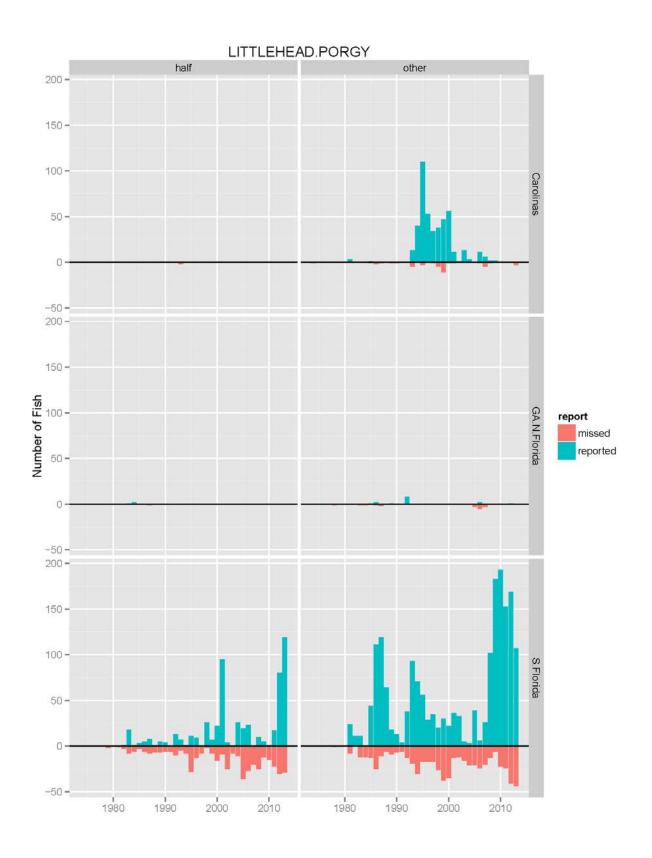


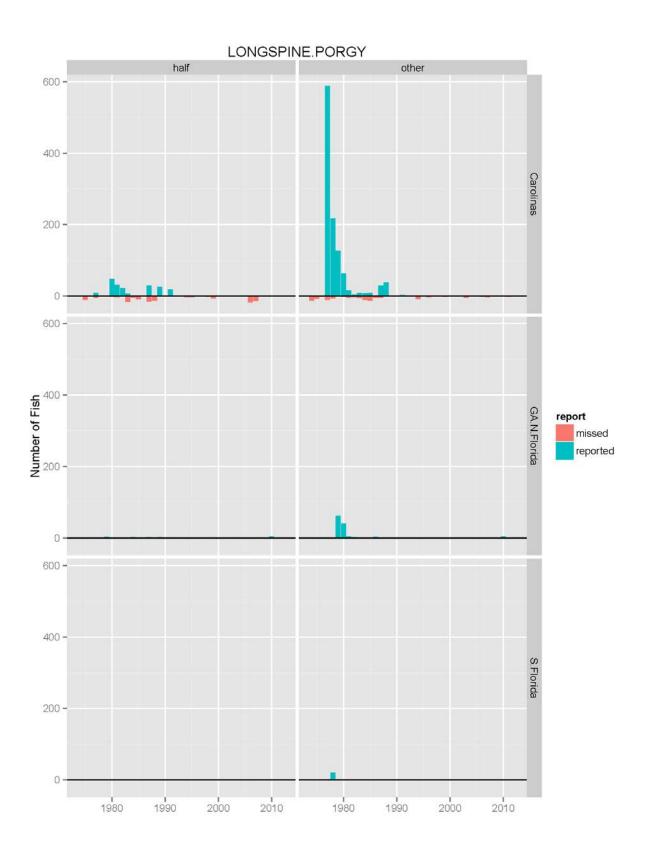


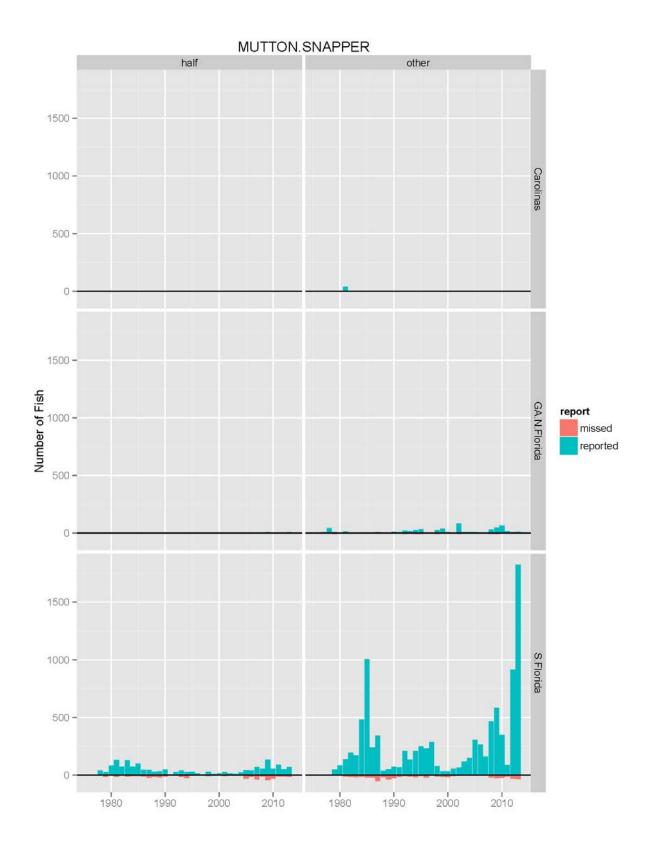


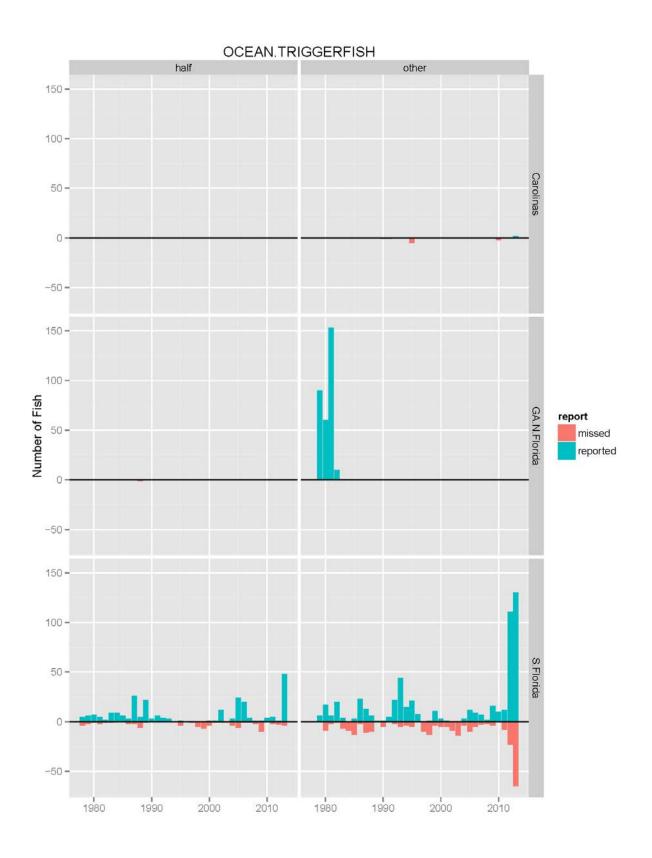


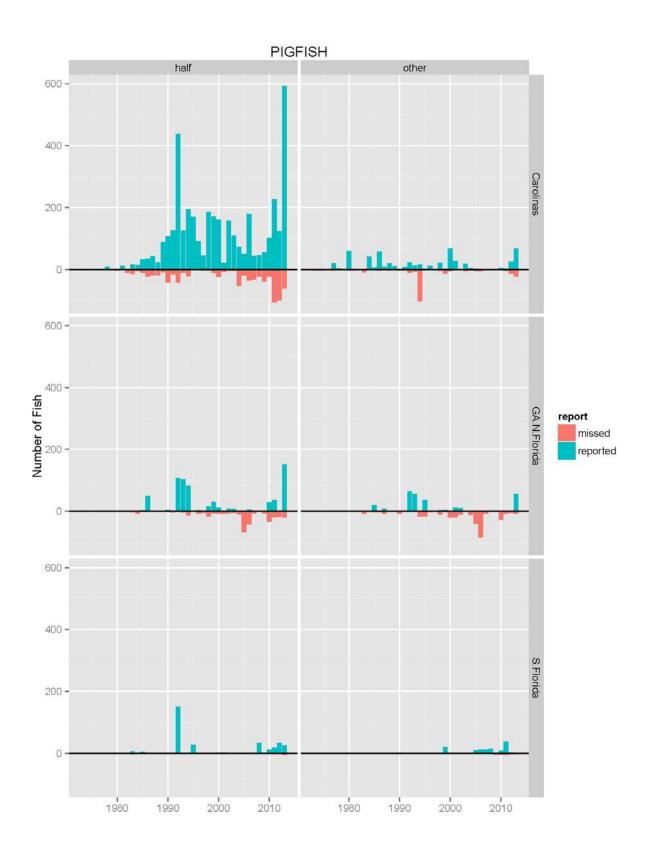


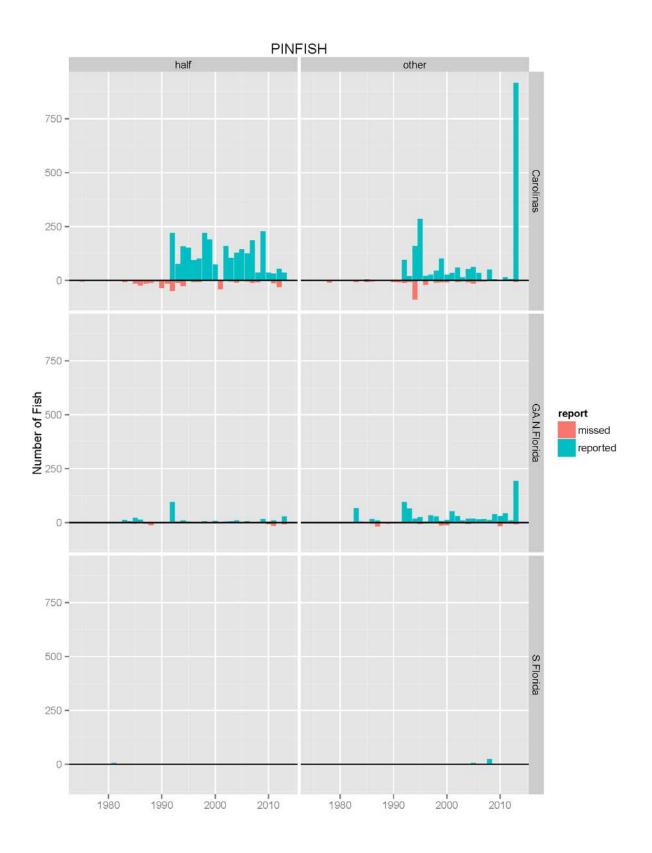


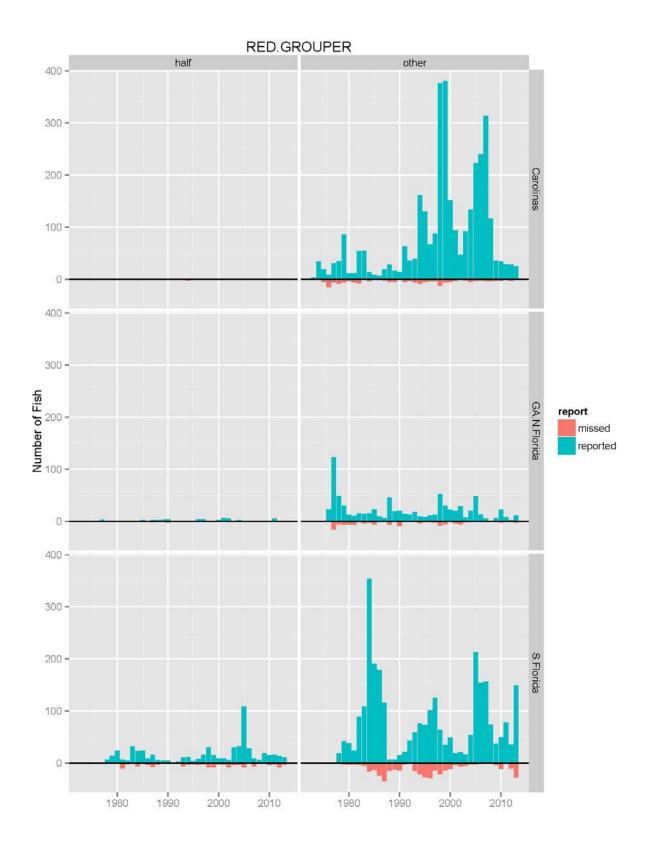


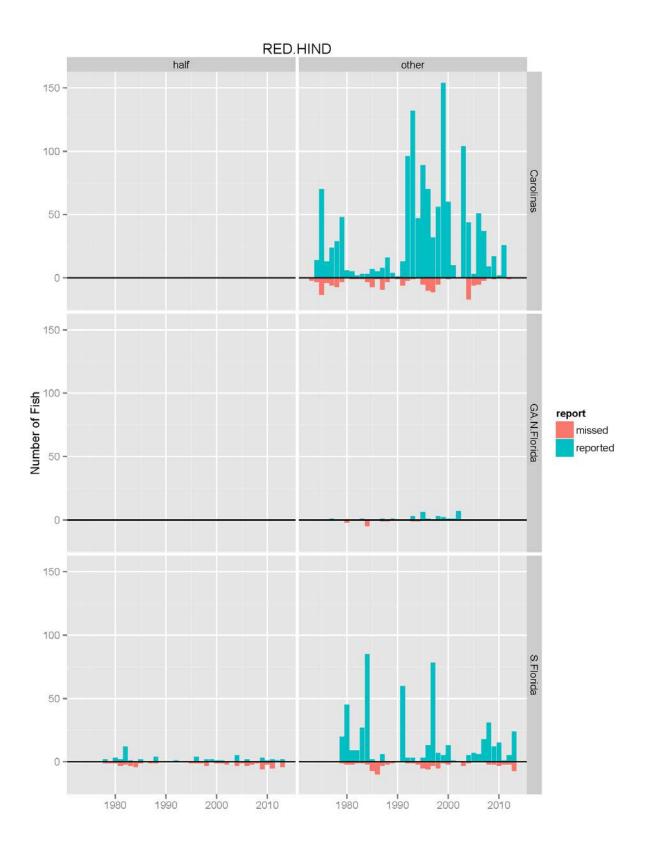


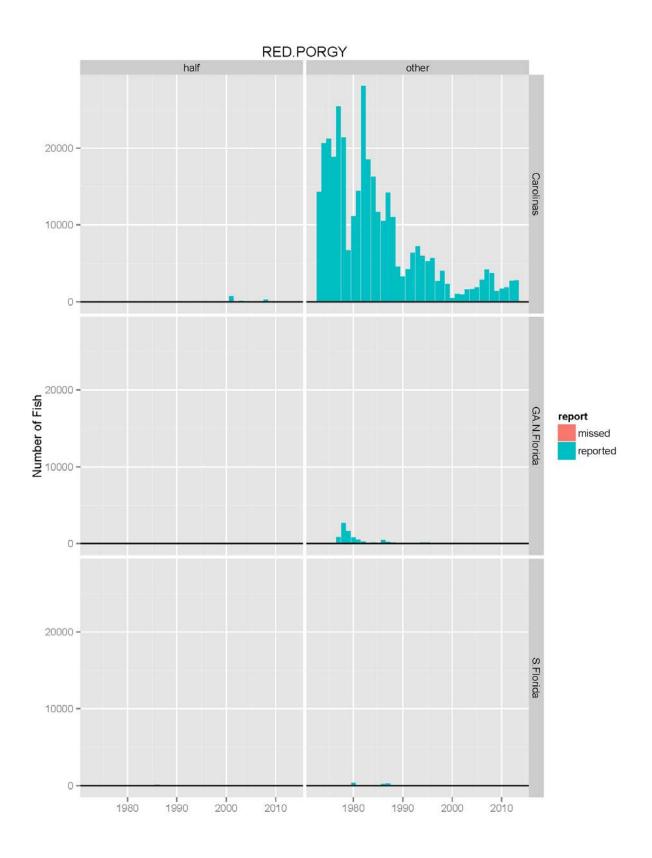


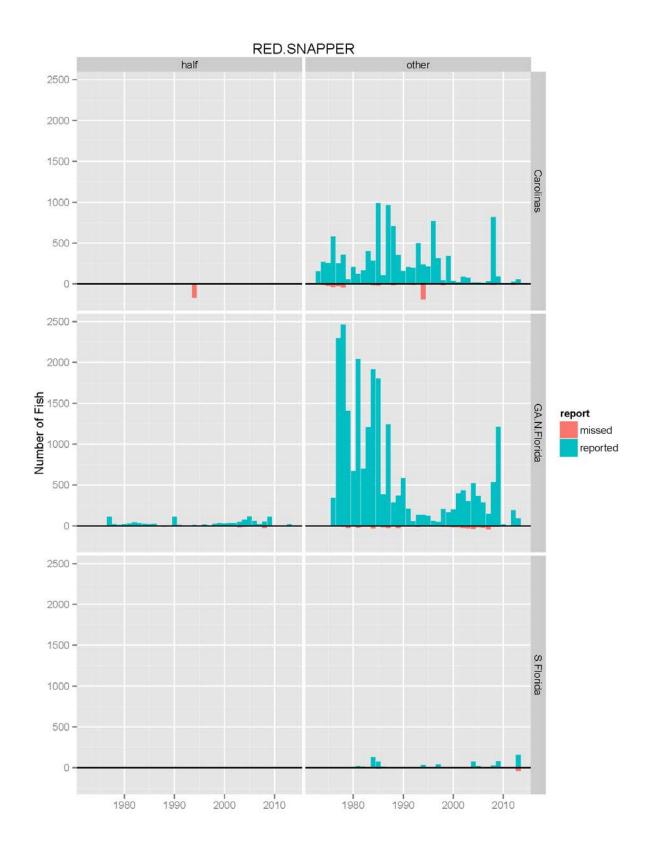


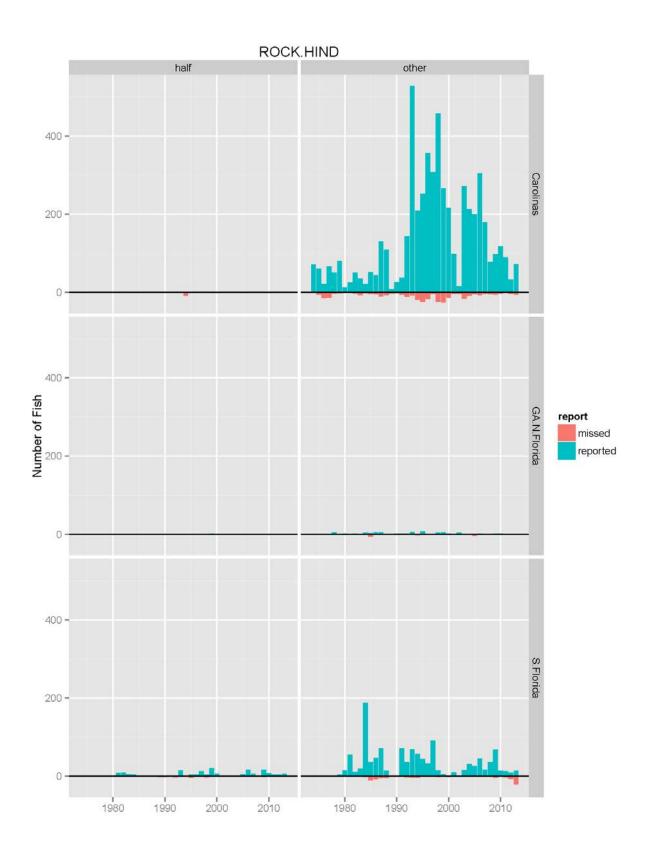


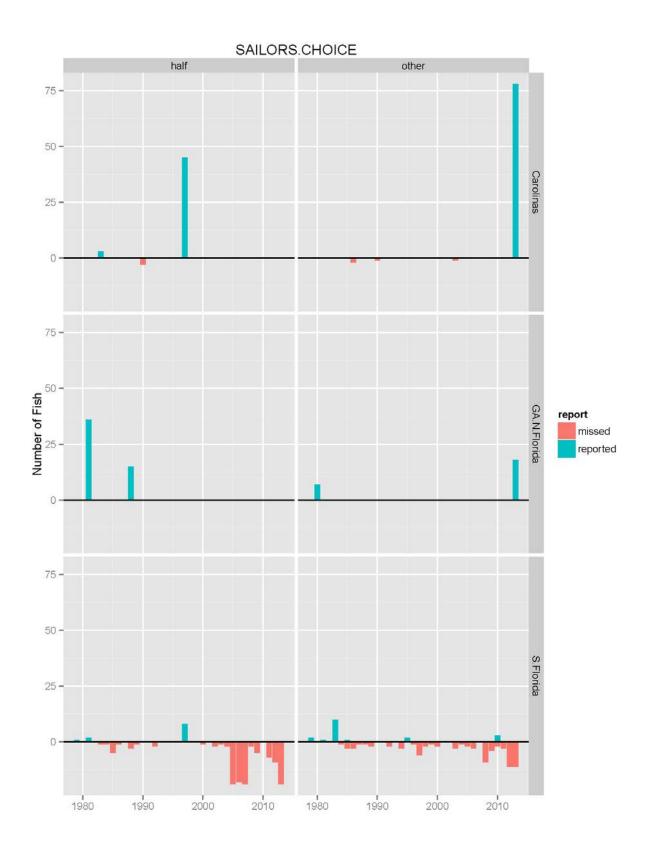


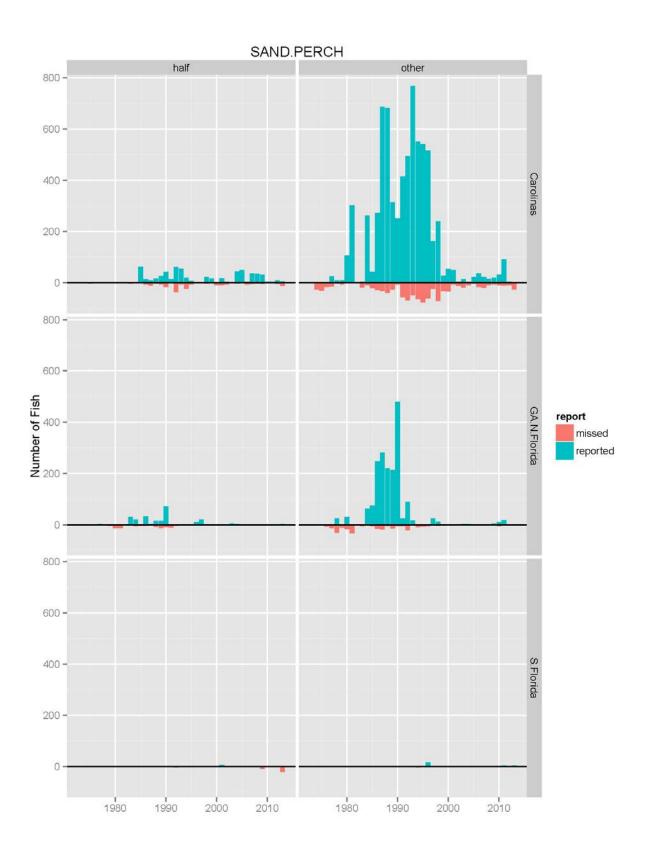


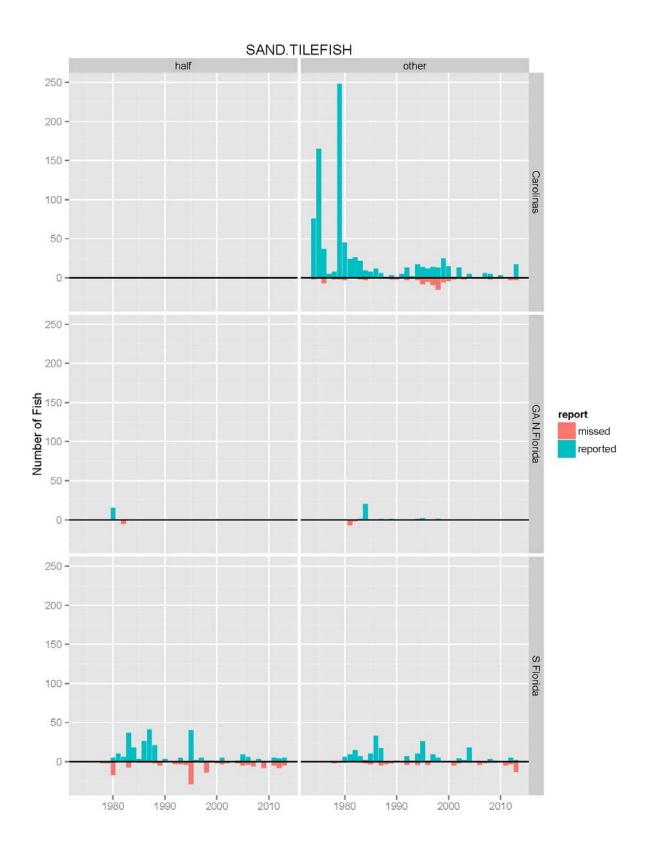


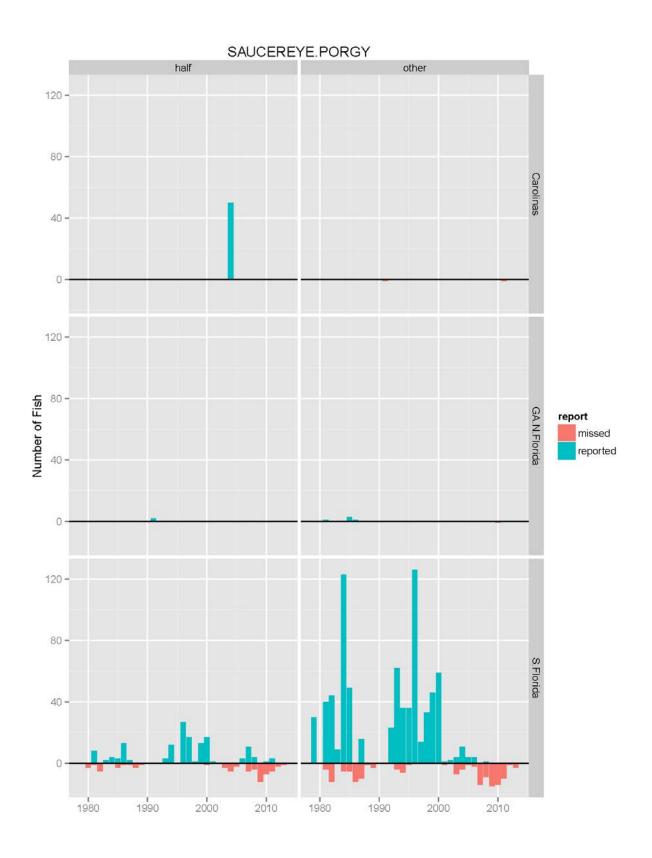


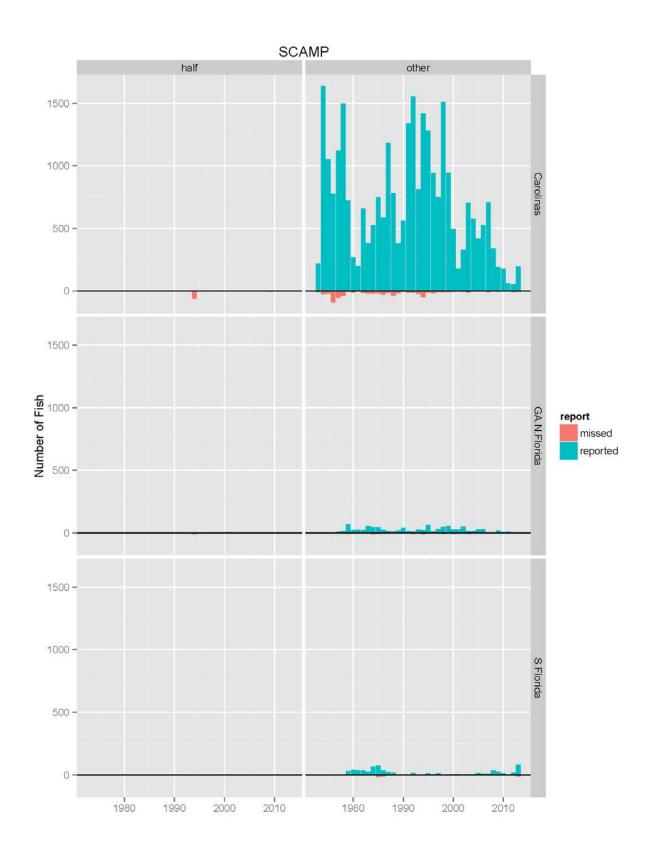


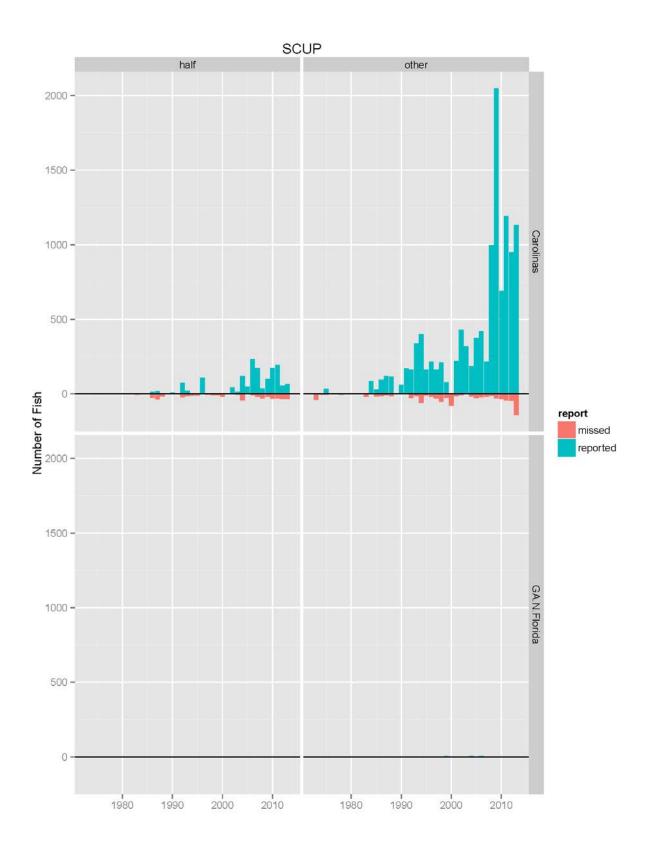


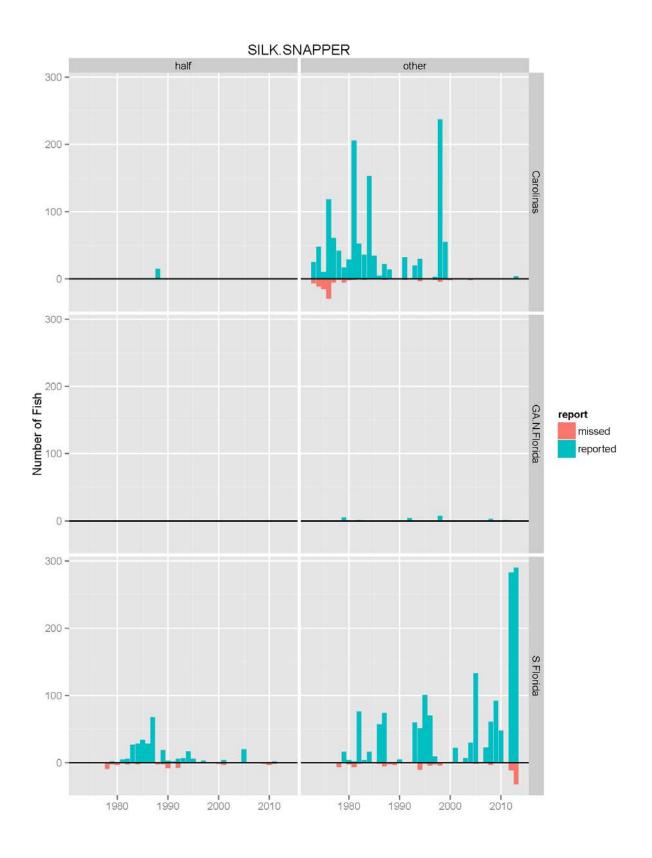


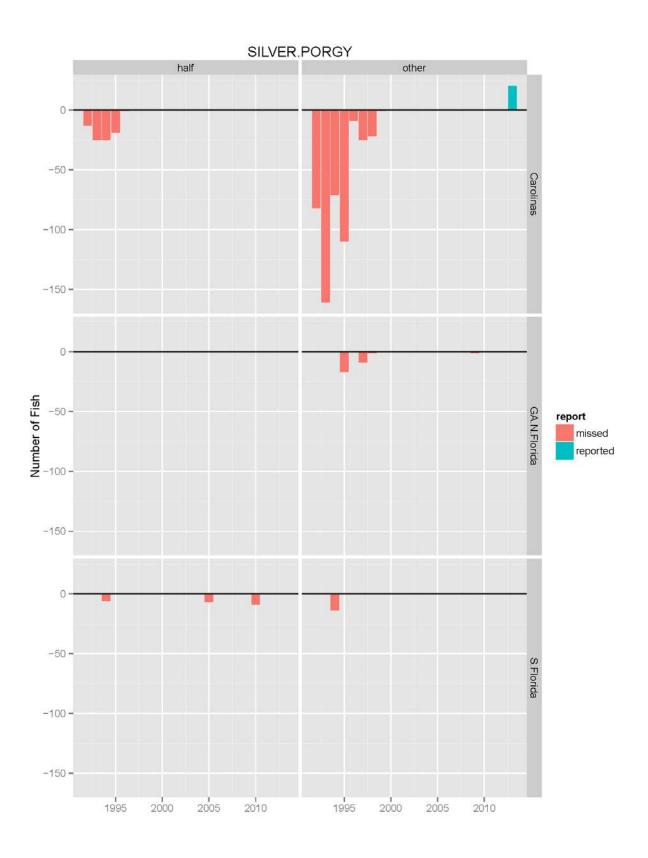


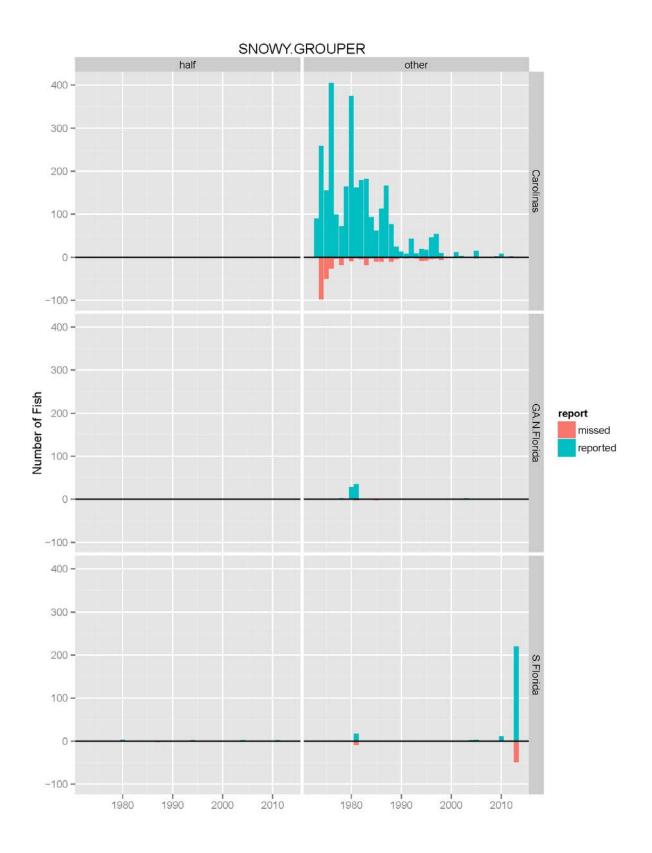


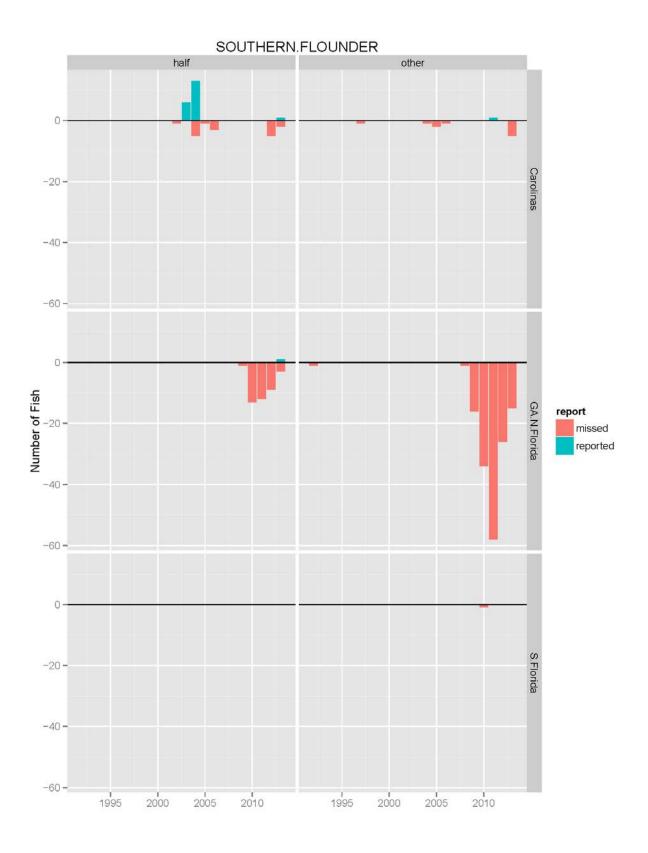


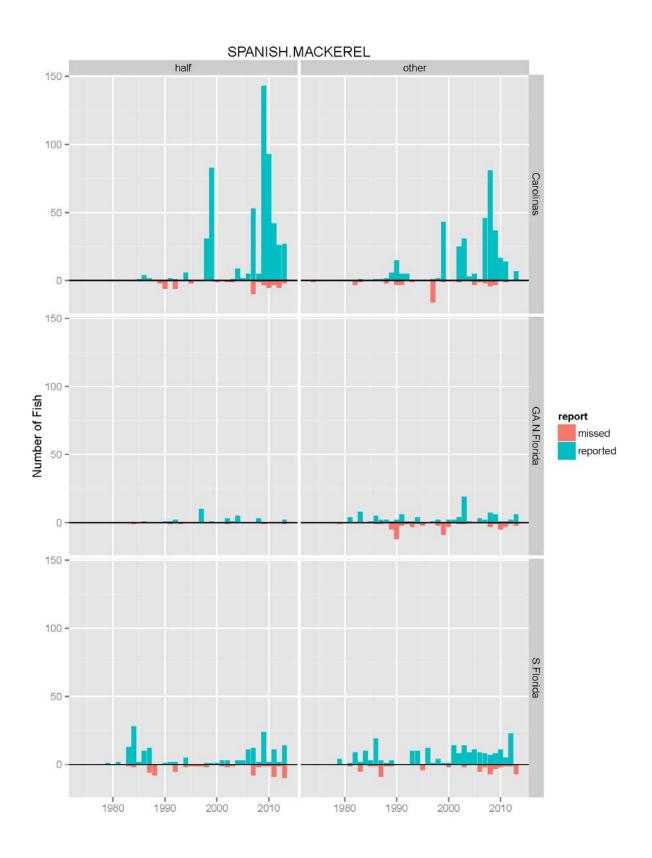


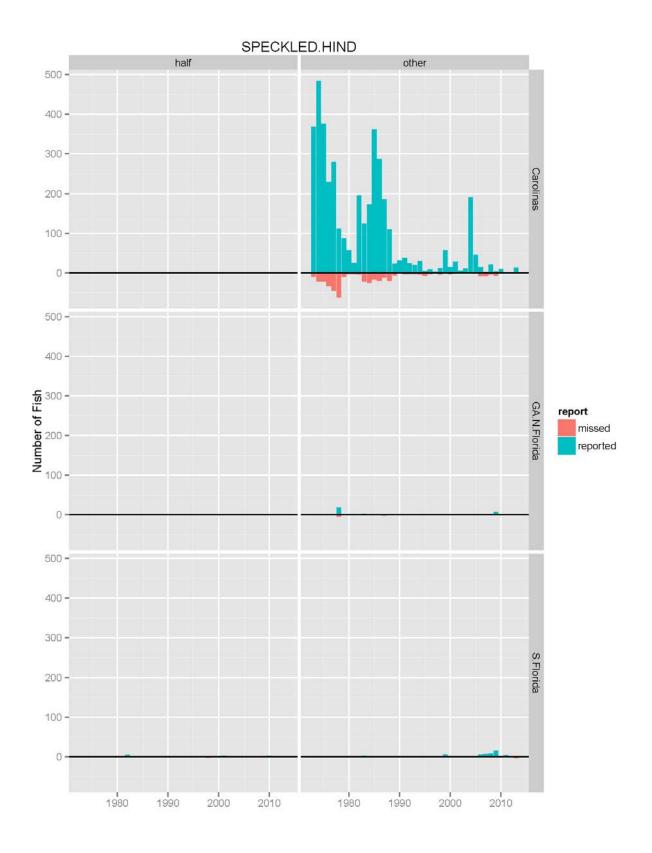


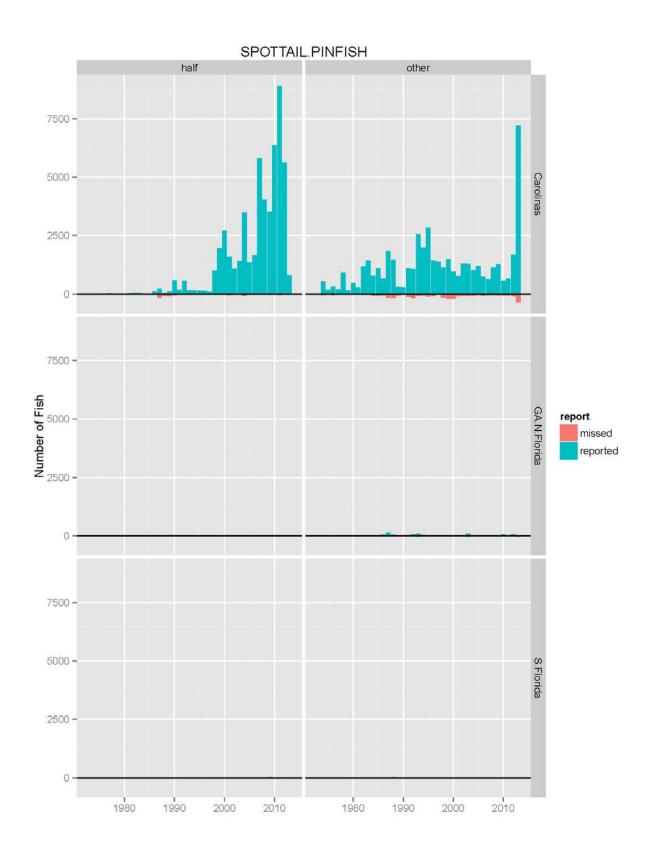


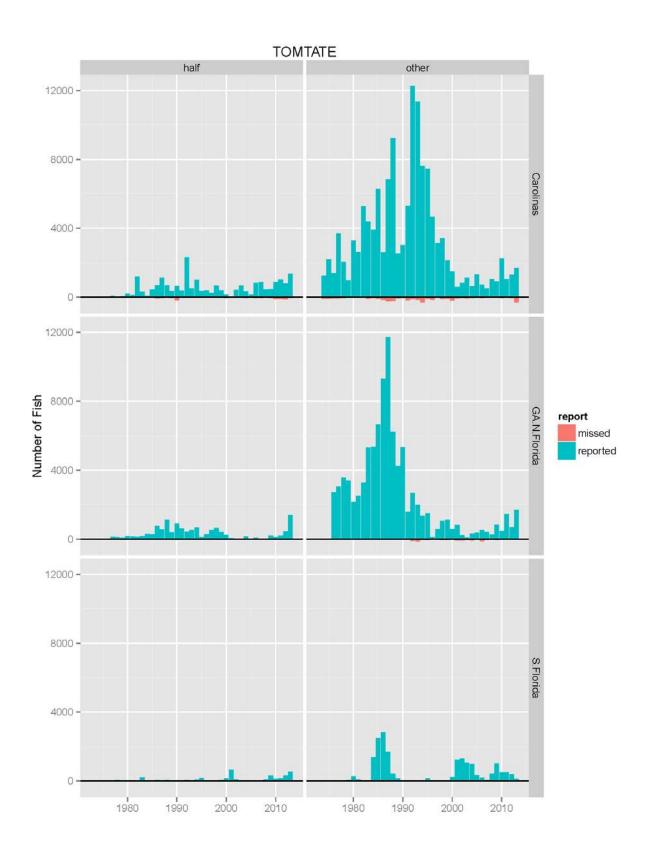


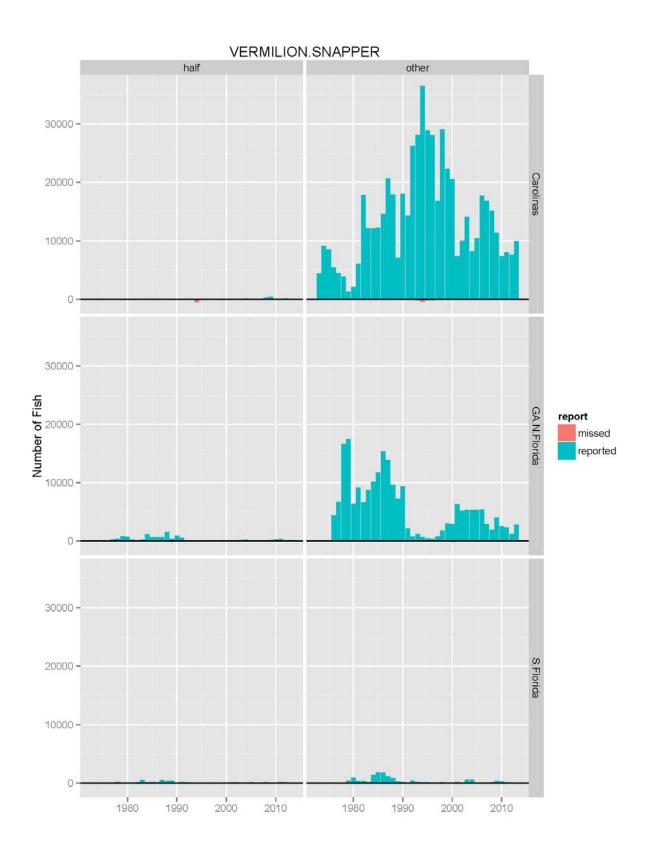


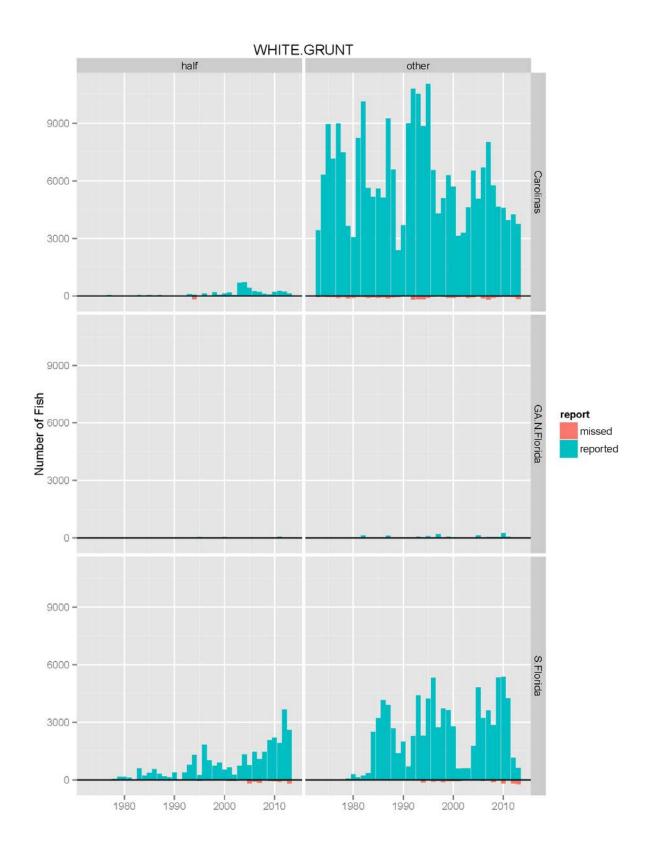


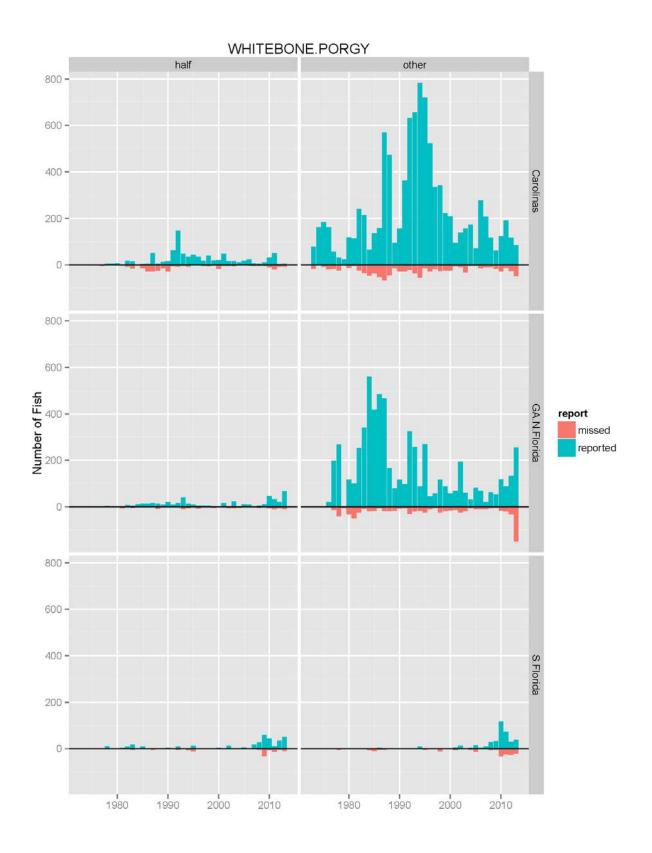


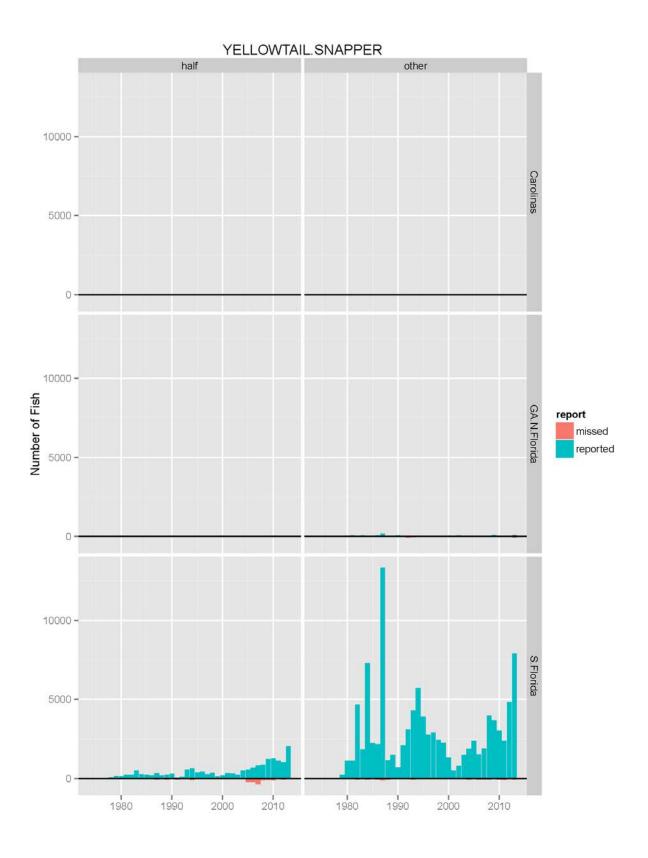












Appendix 15: Matched Landings by Species. Spearman rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  values indicate degree of correlation between landings and fish sampled.

